

# Monthly Digest of Statistics

Editor: Dilys Rosen

Office for National Statistics

© Crown copyright 2008

Published with the permission of the Controller of Her Majesty's Stationery Office (HMSO)

ISBN 978-0-230-20562-8

ISSN 0308-6666

You may re-use this publication (excluding logos) free of charge in any format for research, private study or internal circulation within an organisation. You must re-use it accurately and not use it in a misleading context. The material must be acknowledged as Crown copyright and you must give the title of the source publication. Where we have identified any third party copyright material you will need to obtain permission from the copyright holders concerned.

This publication is also available at the National Statistics website:  
[www.statistics.gov.uk](http://www.statistics.gov.uk)

For any other use of this material please apply for a Click-Use Licence for core material at [www.opsi.gov.uk/click-use/system/online/pLogin.asp](http://www.opsi.gov.uk/click-use/system/online/pLogin.asp) or by writing to:

Office of Public Sector Information  
Information Policy Team  
St Clements House  
2-16 Colegate  
Norwich NR3 1BQ  
Fax: 01603 723000  
E-mail: [hmsolicensing@cabinet-office.x.gsi.gov.uk](mailto:hmsolicensing@cabinet-office.x.gsi.gov.uk)

### Contact points

For enquiries about this publication, contact  
the Editor, Dilys Rosen  
Tel: 01633 455850  
E-mail: [monthly.digest@ons.gsi.gov.uk](mailto:monthly.digest@ons.gsi.gov.uk)

For general enquiries, contact the National Statistics  
Customer Contact Centre on: 0845 601 3034  
(minicom: 01633 812399)  
E-mail: [info@statistics.gsi.gov.uk](mailto:info@statistics.gsi.gov.uk)  
Fax: 01633 652747  
Post: Room 1015, Government Buildings,  
Cardiff Road, Newport NP10 8XG

You can also find National Statistics on the Internet at:  
**[www.statistics.gov.uk](http://www.statistics.gov.uk)**

### Subscriptions

To subscribe to this publication, contact Palgrave Macmillan at:  
[www.palgrave.com/ons](http://www.palgrave.com/ons) or on 01256 357893.

### About the Office for National Statistics

The Office for National Statistics (ONS) is the government agency responsible for compiling, analysing and disseminating many of the United Kingdom's economic, social and demographic statistics, including the retail prices index, trade figures and labour market data, as well as the periodic census of the population and health statistics. It is also the agency that administers the statutory registration of births, marriages and deaths in England and Wales. The Director of ONS is also the National Statistician and the Registrar General for England and Wales.

### A National Statistics publication

National Statistics are produced to high professional standards set out in the National Statistics Code of Practice. They undergo regular quality assurance reviews to ensure that they meet customer needs. They are produced free from any political influence.

# Contents

	Page
<b>Units of measurement</b>	vi
<b>Introduction</b>	1
<b>Tables</b>	
<b>1 National accounts</b>	
1.1 Gross domestic product and gross national income	3
1.2 Gross domestic product: by category of expenditure	5
1.3 Gross domestic product: by category of income	7
1.4 Index numbers: gross domestic product, chained volume indices at basic prices: by industry of output	8
1.5 Households sector: allocation of primary income account	9
1.6 Households sector: secondary distribution of income account	10
1.7 Households sector: use of disposable income account	11
1.8 Household final consumption expenditure	12
1.9 Change in inventories at chained volume measures	14
1.10 Gross fixed capital formation by sector and type of asset	15
1.11 Business investment by industry, chained volume measures	17
1.12 Business investment by industry at current prices	18
1.13 Private sector manufacturing business investment by industry, chained volume measures	19
1.14 Private sector manufacturing business investment by industry at current prices	20
1.15 Private sector manufacturing business investment by asset	21
<b>2 Population and vital statistics</b>	
2.1 Mid-year estimates of resident population	22
2.2 Age distribution of estimated resident population at 30 June 2005	22
2.3 Births and marriages	23
2.4 Deaths registered	23
<b>3 Labour market</b>	
3.1 Labour market activity	24
3.2 Distribution of the workforce	24
3.3 Employee jobs: all industries	25
3.4 Civil Service employment by department	27
3.5 Intake and outflow of UK Regular Armed Forces Personnel	27
3.6 UK armed forces full-time strengths	28
3.7 Number of workers employed in agriculture	29
3.8 Unemployment in United Kingdom	30
3.9 Claimant count in United Kingdom: by duration	31
3.10 Claimant count	32
3.11 Unemployed: by Government Office Regions	33
3.12 Claimant count: by Government Office Regions	34
3.13 Vacancies by industry	35
3.14 Labour disputes	36
<b>4 Social services</b>	
4.1 National Insurance and Child Benefit	37
4.2 Child and Working Tax Credit	37
4.3 Income Support/Pension Credit/Jobseeker's Allowance (income based)	38
4.4 Family health services	38
<b>5 Law enforcement</b>	
5.1 Recorded crime statistics: England and Wales	39
5.2 Crimes and offences recorded by the police: Scotland	39
<b>6 Agriculture, food, drinks and tobacco</b>	
6.1 Land use and crop areas	40
6.2 Crops: yields and production	40
6.3 Livestock	41
6.4 Animals slaughtered and meat produced	41

# Contents

	Page
6.5 Cereals and cereal products	42
6.6 Production of compound feedingstuffs	42
6.7 Potatoes and sugar	43
6.8 Production of bacon, ham and canned meat and meat stocks in cold storage	43
6.9 Fish, oils and fats	44
6.10 Milk, milk products and eggs	44
6.11 Beverages and confectionery	45
6.12 Tobacco products released for home consumption	45
6.13 Alcoholic drink	46
<b>7 Production, output and costs</b>	
7.1 Output of the production industries	47
7.2 Productivity jobs and output per filled job	52
7.3 Key productivity measures	53
<b>8 Energy</b>	
8.1 Inland energy consumption: primary fuel input basis	54
8.2 Supply and use of fuels	55
8.3 Coal supply	57
8.4 Inland use and stocks of coal	57
8.5 Natural gas production and supply	58
8.6 Fuel used by and electricity production and availability from the electricity supply industry	58
8.7 Sales by the gas and public electricity supply systems	59
8.8 Indigenous production, refinery receipts, arrivals and shipments of oil	59
8.9 Deliveries of petroleum products for inland consumption	60
<b>9 Chemicals</b>	
9.1 Fertilisers	61
9.2 Sulphur and sulphuric acid	62
9.3 Basic chemicals, pesticides and other agro-chemical products	63
9.4 Pharmaceutical products, soaps and other cleaning preparations and perfumes	63
9.5 Other chemical products	64
<b>10 Metals, engineering and vehicles</b>	
10.1 Iron and steel	65
10.2 Supplies and deliveries of steel	65
10.3 Aluminium	66
10.4 Total engineering: total turnover of UK-based manufacturers	67
10.5 Manufacture of machinery and equipment not elsewhere classified	68
10.6 Manufacture of electrical and optical equipment	69
10.7 Passenger cars	70
10.8 Commercial motor vehicles	70
<b>11 Textiles and other manufactures</b>	
11.1 Index numbers of textiles and clothing industries	71
11.2 Household textiles, non-woven products, canvas and ropes	72
11.3 Knitted and crocheted products, lace and narrow fabrics	72
11.4 Wearing apparel, dressing and dyeing of fur, leather clothes	73
11.5 Miscellaneous products: goods not classified elsewhere	73
<b>12 Construction</b>	
12.1 Volume of construction output by all agencies by type of work at constant 2000 prices	74
12.2 Value of new orders obtained by contractors for new work at current prices	74
12.3 Building materials and components	75
12.4 Permanent dwellings started and completed	76
<b>13 Transport</b>	
13.1 Motor vehicles: new registrations in Great Britain	78
13.2 Motor vehicles currently licensed as at 31 December	78
13.3 Index numbers of road traffic and goods transport by road	79
13.4 Road casualties in Great Britain	79
13.5 Local bus services: vehicle kilometres and passenger journeys	80
13.6 Local bus services: fare indices	80
13.7 National Rail and London Underground	81
13.8 National Rail: freight traffic	81

	Page
13.9 UK airlines: aircraft kilometres flown, passengers and cargo uplifted	82
13.10 Merchant vessels registered in the United Kingdom	84
13.11 UK passenger movement by sea and air	85
13.12 UK passenger movement by sea and air: analysis of countries of landing and of embarkation	86
<b>14 Retailing</b>	
14.1 Index numbers of retail sales: volume and values, seasonally adjusted	87
14.2 Index numbers of retail sales: values, not seasonally adjusted	87
<b>15 External trade in goods</b>	
15.1 Values of United Kingdom total trade in goods	89
15.2 Volume and Price index numbers	90
15.3 United Kingdom trade in goods, by commodity group	91
15.4 Volume index numbers, by commodity group	92
15.5 Price index numbers, by commodity group	93
15.6 United Kingdom exports, by commodity	94
15.7 United Kingdom imports, by commodity	95
15.8 United Kingdom exports, by area	96
15.9 United Kingdom imports, by area	97
<b>16 UK Balance of payments</b>	
16.1 Balance of payments: summary	98
16.2 Balance of payments: current account balances	99
16.3 Balance of payments: summary of financial account	100
<b>17 Government finance</b>	
17.1 Public sector finances	101
17.2 Central government transactions and fiscal balances	102
17.3 Public sector aggregates	103
17.4 Selected financial statistics	104
17.5 Monetary aggregates	105
17.6 Selected interest rates, exchange rates and security prices	105
<b>18 Prices and wages</b>	
18.1 Consumer Prices Index: by division	106
18.2 Consumer Prices Index: by division, group and classes	107
18.3 Retail Prices Index	109
18.4 Retail Prices Index: groups, sub-groups and sections	110
18.5 Retail Prices Index (All items)	112
18.6 Harmonised Indices of Consumer Prices (HICPs): international comparisons: EU countries	113
18.7 Internal purchasing power of the pound	113
18.8 Tax and Price index	114
18.9 Index numbers of producer prices	115
18.10 House Price Index, by Government Office Regions	119
18.11 Index of purchase prices of the means of agricultural production and of producer prices of agricultural products	120
18.12 Average weekly and hourly earnings and hours of full-time employees on adult rates	121
18.13 Average weekly and hourly earnings of full-time employees on adult rates by industry division	122
18.14 Average weekly and hourly earnings of full-time employees by age group	123
18.15 Average earnings index: all employee jobs: by industries	124
18.16 Average earnings index: all employees: main industrial sectors	128
<b>19 Leisure</b>	
19.1 Television licences	130
19.2 UK cinema statistics	130
19.3 Average issue readership of national daily newspapers	131
19.4 Overseas travel and tourism	131
<b>20 Weather</b>	
20.1 District summary	132
20.2 UK annual summary	132
<b>Index</b>	133

# Units of Measurement

## Length

1 millimetre (mm)	= 0.03937 inch
1 centimetre (cm)	= 0.3937 inch
1 metre (m)	= 1.094 yards
1 kilometre (km)	= 0.6214 mile
1 inch (in.)	= 25.40 millimetres or 2.540 centimetres
1 foot (ft.)	= 0.3048 metre
1 yard (yd.)	= 0.9144 metre
1 mile	= 1.609 kilometres

## Area

1 square millimetre (mm <sup>2</sup> )	= 0.001550 square inch
1 square metre (m <sup>2</sup> )	= 1.196 square yards
1 hectare (ha)	= 2.471 acres
1 square kilometre (km <sup>2</sup> )	= 247.1 acres
1 square inch (sq. in.)	= 645.2 square millimetres or 6.452 square centimetres
1 square foot (sq. ft.)	= 0.09290 square metre or 929.0 square centimetres
1 square yard (sq. yd.)	= 0.8361 square metre
1 acre	= 4,046 square metres or 0.4047 hectare
1 square mile (sq. mile)	= 2.590 square kilometres or 259.0 hectares

## Volume

1 cubic centimetre (cm <sup>3</sup> )	= 0.06102 cubic inch
1 cubic decimetre (dm <sup>3</sup> )	= 0.03531 cubic foot
1 cubic metre (m <sup>3</sup> )	= 1.308 cubic yards
1 cubic inch (cu.in.)	= 16.39 cubic centimetres
1 cubic foot (cu. ft.)	= 0.02832 cubic metre or 28.32 cubic decimetres
1 cubic yard (cu. yd.)	= 0.7646 cubic metre

## Capacity

1 litre (l)	= 1 cubic decimetre	= 0.2200 gallon
1 hectolitre (hl)	= 100 litres	= 22.00 gallons
1 pint		= 0.5682 litre
1 quart	= 2 pints	= 1.137 litres
1 gallon	= 8 pints	= 4.546 litres
1 bulk barrel	= 36 gallons (gal.)	= 1.637 hectolitres

## Weight

1 gram (g)	= 0.03527 ounce avoirdupois
1 hectogram (hg)	= 3.527 ounces or 0.2205 pound
1 kilogram (kg)	= 2.205 pounds
1 tonne (t)	= 1.102 short tons or 0.9842 long ton
1 ounce avoirdupois (oz.)	= 28.35 grams
1 pound avoirdupois (lb.)	= 0.4536 kilogram
1 hundredweight (cwt.)	= 50.80 kilograms
1 short ton	= 907.2 kilograms or 0.9072 tonne
1 long ton (referred to as ton)	= 1,016 kilograms or 1.016 tonnes
1 ounce troy	= 31.10 grams

## Energy

British thermal unit (Btu)	= 0.2520 kilocalorie	(kcal) = 1.055 kilojoule (kj)
Therm	= 10 <sup>5</sup> British thermal	units = 25,200 kcal = 105,506 kj
Megawatt hour (MWh)	= 10 <sup>6</sup> watt hours (Wh)	
Gigawatt hour (GWh)	= 10 <sup>6</sup> kilowatt hours = 34,121 therms	

## Food and drink

Butter	23,310 litres milk	= 1 tonne butter (average)
Cheese	10,070 litres milk	= 1 tonne cheese
Condensed milk	2,550 litres milk	= 1 tonne full cream condensed milk
	2,953 litres skimmed milk	= 1 tonne skimmed condensed milk
Milk	1 million litres	= 1,030 tonnes
Milk powder	8,054 litres milk	= 1 tonne full cream milk powder
	10,740 litres skimmed milk	= 1 tonne skimmed milk powder
Eggs	17,126 eggs	= 1 tonne (approximate)
Sugar	100 tonnes sugar beet	= 92 tonnes refined sugar
	100 tonnes cane sugar	= 96 tonnes refined sugar

## Shipping

Gross tonnage	= total volume of all the enclosed spaces of a vessel, the unit of measurement being a 'ton' of 100 cubic feet.
Deadweight tonnage	= Deadweight tonnage is the total weight in tons of 2,240 lb. that a ship can legally carry, that is the total weight of cargo, bunkers, stores and crew.

## **Monthly Digest Navigation Instructions**

### **Overview**

This PDF file of Monthly Digest has been created from the pages of the book. These brief instructions will help you find your way around the electronic publication.

### **Navigation**

The PDF file has a 'bookmarks' panel down the left hand side, which allows you to jump from one section to another. The main chapters have lower levels of bookmarks enabling you to jump to the tables contained in each chapter. You can show and hide the bookmarks panel using the show/hide navigation buttons on the Acrobat Reader toolbar at the top of the screen. Thumbnails (small replicas of the pages) are also available in the navigation pane. Clicking on a thumbnail of a page will allow you to jump to that page. Similarly, clicking on the Contents table will permit you to skip to any chapter or individual table.

### **Searching**

The first large binoculars (find) button at the top of the screen will do a simple search on a word in the current document. To see if the word appears again in the publication click again on the binoculars button.

### **Spreadsheets**

Clicking anywhere on a table number, table title or the main body of a table will launch an Excel file. A number of the tables in this pdf document are spread over more than page. Efforts have been made to combine these into a single worksheet in each of the corresponding Excel files. Where this has not been possible, as where units or periodicity differ from page to page, each page has been accorded its own separate worksheet within the same Excel file. The worksheet tabs and the instructions appearing in red at the top of the affected tables indicate how each has been treated. To permit the data in the Excel spreadsheets to be used in calculations, it has also been necessary to remove "flags" and footnote indicators from the numbers in the files.

In the event of differences between the data appearing in the Excel files and those presented in the corresponding pdf tables, the pdf versions are to be regarded as definitive.

### **Index**

Clicking on an index entry will take you automatically to the relevant table.

### **Screen Resolution**

Adobe Acrobat works with any screen resolution. For this product 800x600 is acceptable, but 1024x768 works better if the monitor and graphics card will support it. To change the view type to one which best suits your screen, use the View menu.

### **Other**

If the text looks blurry on screen, this may be improved by visiting File Menu, Preferences, General and switching 'Smooth Text and Monochrome images' off.

# Introduction

This publication has been prepared by the Office for National Statistics (ONS) in collaboration with a number of government departments and other organisations. The assistance provided by them is gratefully acknowledged.

The name of the department or organisation providing the statistics is shown under each table, additionally, on some tables this is followed by a contact telephone number.

All the data series published in the *Monthly Digest* are contained on an ONS database, and nearly all are stored with a four letter identification code (e.g. ABMZ). These codes appear at the start of columns or rows so that they can be quoted if you contact us requiring any further information.

The latest Annual Supplement to *Monthly Digest* was published in the January 2006 edition. This gives detailed definitions and explanatory notes and includes an index of sources.

## Definitions and classifications

The following general definitions should be noted in using the *Digest*:

**Area covered.** Except where otherwise stated, all statistics relate to the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

**Seasonality.** Except where otherwise stated, all statistics are not adjusted to take account of seasonal factors.

The UK Standard Industrial Classification 1992 is used in a number of tables in this digest to split economic activity. Full details are available from *UK Standard Industrial Classification of Economic Activities 1992*, and *Indexes to the UK Standard Industrial Classification of Economic Activities 1992*, both available from Palgrave Macmillan.

Regional classification is based on the Government Office Regions.

## Symbols and conventions used

**Change of basis.** Where consecutive figures have been compiled on different bases and are not strictly comparable, a footnote is added indicating the nature of the difference. Also, a line may be drawn across a column between two consecutive figures indicating that the figures above and below the line have been compiled on different bases.

**Units of measurement.** The various units of measurement used in this digest are listed on the opposite page.

**Symbols.** The following symbols have been used throughout:

.. = not available (also information suppressed to avoid disclosure)

- = nil or less than half the final digit shown

† = indicates that the data have been revised

p = provisional data

since the last edition: the period marked is the earliest in the table to have been revised

Also, some tables have symbols specific to them. These will be explained in the footnotes to those tables.

**Rounding of figures.** In tables where figures have been rounded to the nearest final digit, there may be a slight discrepancy between the sum of the constituent items and the total as shown.

## Provisional data

Some figures are provisional and may be subject to revision in later editions. This applies particularly to data for the most recent time periods. Where data has been revised a dagger symbol, as previously mentioned, will appear.

**National Statistics Online:** [www.statistics.gov.uk](http://www.statistics.gov.uk)

Web-based access to time series, cross sectional data and metadata from across the Government Statistical Service (GSS), available using the site search and index functions from the homepage. Download many datasets, in whole or in part, or consult directory information for all GSS statistical resources, including censuses, surveys, periodicals and enquiry services. Information is posted as PDF electronic documents or in XLS and CSV formats, compatible with most spreadsheet packages.

## Time Series Data

Access to around 40,000 time series, of primarily macro-economic data, drawn from the main tables in a range of our major economic and labour market publications. Download complete releases, or view and download your own customised selection of individual time series.

## **Introduction and Acknowledgements**

Complete copies of this publication are available to download free of charge on the following web page.

[www.statistics.gov.uk/monthlydigest](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/monthlydigest)

Web: [www.palgrave.com/ons](http://www.palgrave.com/ons), email: [ons@palgrave.com](mailto:ons@palgrave.com)

# **Acknowledgements**

### **Contributors**

The Editor wishes to thank all her colleagues in ONS, the rest of the Government Statistical Service and all contributors in other organisations for their generous support and helpful comments.

# 1 National accounts

## 1.1 Gross domestic product and gross national income

£ million

	At current prices					Chained volume measures				
	Gross national income at market prices	Net income from abroad <sup>1</sup>	Gross domestic product at market prices	less Basic price adjust- ment <sup>2</sup>	Gross value added at basic prices	Gross domestic product at market prices	less Basic price adjust- ment <sup>1</sup>	Gross value added at basic prices	Gross value added at factor cost	
	ABMZ	CAES	YBHA	NTAP	ABML	ABMI	NTAO	ABMM	YBHH	
1995	720 319	-2 761	723 080	79 331	643 749	889 041	96 324	792 949	781 429	
1996	766 606	-2 299	768 905	83 316	685 589	913 800	99 676	814 354	802 100	
1997	816 484	603	815 881	90 570	725 311	942 154	103 014	839 379	826 370	
1998	874 620	8 910	865 710	97 116	768 594	973 748	105 165	868 852	855 170	
1999	910 115	-1 830	911 945	105 956	805 989	1 003 370	107 873	895 795	881 443	
2000	959 708	777	958 931	112 248	846 683	1 041 517	112 020	929 802	914 804	
2001	1 011 623	8 326	1 003 297	114 234	889 063	1 066 217	116 584	949 755	934 443	
2002	1 076 865	21 072	1 055 793	118 470	937 323	1 088 108	121 657	966 449	950 598	
2003	1 140 887	22 642	1 118 245	124 738	993 507	1 118 245	124 738	993 507	977 016	
2004	1 209 844	25 548	1 184 296	132 362	1 051 934	1 154 685	128 660	1 026 025	1 009 050	
2005	1 258 192 <sup>†</sup>	24 216 <sup>†</sup>	1 233 976 <sup>†</sup>	137 347 <sup>†</sup>	1 096 629 <sup>†</sup>	1 175 916 <sup>†</sup>	130 432 <sup>†</sup>	1 045 484 <sup>†</sup>	1 028 035 <sup>†</sup>	
2006	1 310 415	6 842	1 303 573 <sup>†</sup>	144 702 <sup>†</sup>	1 158 871 <sup>†</sup>	1 210 122 <sup>†</sup>	133 748 <sup>†</sup>	1 076 374 <sup>†</sup>	1 058 271 <sup>†</sup>	
<b>Seasonally adjusted</b>										
1995 Q4	183 756	-180	183 936	20 362	163 574	224 250	24 664	199 640	196 622	
1996 Q1	187 808	-25	187 833	20 532	167 301	226 292	24 831	201 515	198 465	
Q2	191 307	-32	191 339	20 653	170 686	227 368	24 641	202 786	199 740	
Q3	193 005	-1 147	194 152	20 918	173 234	229 145	24 892	204 313	201 260	
Q4	194 486	-1 095	195 581	21 213	174 368	230 995	25 312	205 740	202 635	
1997 Q1	198 259	-568	198 827	21 414	177 413	232 700	25 286	207 471	204 328	
Q2	203 420	1 293	202 127	22 245	179 882	234 521	25 664	208 915	205 675	
Q3	206 905	947	205 958	23 165	182 793	236 409	26 028	210 443	207 148	
Q4	207 900	-1 069	208 969	23 746	185 223	238 524	26 036	212 550	209 219	
1998 Q1	212 468	662	211 806	24 040	187 766	240 721	26 041	214 746	211 354	
Q2	215 788	1 207	214 581	23 971	190 610	242 051	26 162	215 957	212 565	
Q3	223 002	4 353	218 649	24 341	194 308	244 595	26 396	218 266	214 835	
Q4	223 362	2 688	220 674	24 764	195 910	246 381	26 566	219 883	216 416	
1999 Q1	221 892	-976	222 868	25 385	197 483	247 270	26 682	220 652	217 152	
Q2	225 488	-905	226 393	25 813	200 580	248 905	26 642	222 346	218 761	
Q3	230 146	-79	230 225	26 913	203 312	252 204	27 005	225 279	221 672	
Q4	232 589	130	232 459	27 845	204 614	254 991	27 544	227 518	223 858	
2000 Q1	236 792	735	236 057	27 659	208 398	257 799	27 989	229 877	226 185	
Q2	238 299	-330	238 629	28 227	210 402	259 684	27 954	231 802	228 085	
Q3	242 419	1 314	241 105	28 160	212 945	261 230	27 877	233 443	229 673	
Q4	242 198	-942	243 140	28 202	214 938	262 804	28 200	234 680	230 861	
2001 Q1	249 679	1 774	247 905	28 373	219 532	265 267	28 568	236 766	232 957	
Q2	251 575	1 978	249 597	28 696	220 901	265 573	28 828	236 787	232 976	
Q3	253 999	2 971	251 028	28 492	222 536	267 163	29 323	237 858	234 018	
Q4	256 370	1 603	254 767	28 673	226 094	268 214	29 865	238 344	234 492	
2002 Q1	263 492	4 438	259 054	29 317	229 737	269 595	29 957	239 640	235 744	
Q2	266 025	3 251	262 774	29 402	233 372	271 044	30 346	240 697	236 729	
Q3	272 911	7 075	265 836	29 733	236 103	273 034	30 620	242 412	238 403	
Q4	274 437	6 308	268 129	30 018	238 111	274 435	30 734	243 700	239 722	
2003 Q1	280 395	7 442	272 953	30 341	242 612	276 082	30 740	245 344	241 284	
Q2	281 608	4 489	277 119	30 692	246 427	277 686	31 096	246 590	242 496	
Q3	286 043	4 047	281 996	31 504	250 492	280 743	31 396	249 346	245 206	
Q4	292 841	6 664	286 177	32 201	253 976	283 734	31 506	252 227	248 030	
2004 Q1	294 485	5 573	288 912	32 806	256 106	285 764	31 832	253 932	249 766	
Q2	301 239	6 173	295 066	32 972	262 094	288 357	32 148	256 209	251 969	
Q3	302 609	4 668	297 941	33 209	264 732	289 441	32 311	257 130	252 854	
Q4	311 511	9 134	302 377	33 375	269 002	291 123	32 369	258 754	254 461	
2005 Q1	310 874 <sup>†</sup>	6 878 <sup>†</sup>	303 996	33 914	270 082	291 764	32 395	259 369	255 073	
Q2	315 797	8 491	307 306	34 148	273 158	293 078	32 502	260 576	256 230	
Q3	314 090	5 575	308 515	34 839	273 676	294 588	32 747	261 841	257 473	
Q4	317 431	3 272	314 159	34 446	279 713	296 486	32 788	263 698	259 259	
2006 Q1	322 233	3 577	318 656 <sup>†</sup>	35 099 <sup>†</sup>	283 557 <sup>†</sup>	299 211 <sup>†</sup>	32 929 <sup>†</sup>	266 282 <sup>†</sup>	261 770 <sup>†</sup>	
Q2	325 342	3 199	322 143	35 911	286 232	301 439	33 285	268 154	263 622	
Q3	329 519	467	329 052	36 614	292 438	303 290	33 618	269 672	265 168	
Q4	333 321	-401	333 722	37 078	296 644	306 182	33 916	272 266	267 711	
2007 Q1	336 388	-2 320	338 708	37 964	300 744	308 532	34 139	274 393	269 844	
Q2	344 868	-516	345 384	38 360	307 024	311 126	34 517	276 609	271 983	
Q3	345 414	-4 186	349 600	38 237	311 363	313 190	34 783	278 407	273 727	

# 1.1 Gross domestic product and gross national income

continued

2003 = 100

	Value indices at current prices		Chained volume indices			Implied deflators <sup>3</sup>		
	Gross domestic product at market prices	Gross value added at basic prices	Gross domestic product at market prices	Gross value added at basic prices	Gross national disposable income at market prices	Gross domestic final expenditure	Gross domestic product at market prices	Gross value added at basic prices
1995	YBEU 64.7	YBEX 64.8	YBEZ 79.5	CGCE 79.8	YBFP 75.9	YBFV 83.9	YBGB 81.3	CGBV 81.2
1996	68.8	69.0	81.7	82.0	78.3	86.5	84.1	84.2
1997	73.0	73.0	84.3	84.5	81.9	88.1	86.6	86.4
1998	77.4	77.4	87.1	87.5	85.8	89.8	88.9	88.5
1999	81.6	81.1	89.7	90.2	87.6	91.6	90.9	90.0
2000	85.8	85.2	93.1	93.6	90.7	93.0	92.1	91.1
2001	89.7	89.5	95.3	95.6	93.7	95.2	94.1	93.6
2002	94.4	94.3	97.3	97.3	97.1	97.4	97.0	97.0
2003	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2004	105.9	105.9	103.3	103.3	103.4	102.4	102.6	102.5
2005	110.3 <sup>†</sup>	110.4 <sup>†</sup>	105.2	105.2 <sup>†</sup>	104.2 <sup>†</sup>	105.5	104.9	104.9
2006	116.6 <sup>†</sup>	116.6 <sup>†</sup>	108.2	108.3 <sup>†</sup>	105.8	108.3	107.7	107.7
<b>Seasonally adjusted</b>								
1995 Q4	65.8	65.9	80.2	80.4	76.9	84.6	82.0	81.9
1996 Q1	67.2	67.4	80.9	81.1	77.0	85.5	83.0	83.0
Q2	68.4	68.7	81.3	81.6	78.1	86.7	84.2	84.2
Q3	69.4	69.7	82.0	82.3	78.7	86.9	84.7	84.8
Q4	70.0	70.2	82.6	82.8	79.4	86.8	84.7	84.8
1997 Q1	71.1	71.4	83.2	83.5	80.3	87.1	85.4	85.5
Q2	72.3	72.4	83.9	84.1	82.1	87.6	86.2	86.1
Q3	73.7	73.6	84.6	84.7	82.5	88.7	87.1	86.9
Q4	74.7	74.6	85.3	85.6	82.8	88.9	87.6	87.1
1998 Q1	75.8	75.6	86.1	86.5	83.8	89.3	88.0	87.4
Q2	76.8	76.7	86.6	86.9	85.2	89.6	88.7	88.3
Q3	78.2	78.2	87.5	87.9	87.3	90.0	89.4	89.0
Q4	78.9	78.9	88.1	88.5	86.8	90.5	89.6	89.1
1999 Q1	79.7	79.5	88.4	88.8	86.0	90.9	90.1	89.5
Q2	81.0	80.8	89.0	89.5	87.1	91.4	91.0	90.2
Q3	82.4	81.9	90.2	90.7	88.3	91.9	91.3	90.2
Q4	83.2	82.4	91.2	91.6	88.9	92.1	91.2	89.9
2000 Q1	84.4	83.9	92.2	92.6	90.1	92.4	91.6	90.7
Q2	85.4	84.7	92.9	93.3	90.5	92.7	91.9	90.8
Q3	86.2	85.7	93.4	94.0	91.6	93.2	92.3	91.2
Q4	87.0	86.5	94.0	94.5	90.7	93.8	92.5	91.6
2001 Q1	88.7	88.4	94.9	95.3	93.1	94.5	93.5	92.7
Q2	89.3	88.9	95.0	95.3	93.4	94.8	94.0	93.3
Q3	89.8	89.6	95.6	95.8	94.4	95.5	94.0	93.6
Q4	91.1	91.0	95.9	96.0	94.1	95.8	95.0	94.9
2002 Q1	92.7	92.5	96.4	96.5	95.9	96.6	96.1	95.9
Q2	94.0	94.0	97.0	96.9	96.2	97.2	96.9	97.0
Q3	95.1	95.1	97.7	97.6	98.3	97.5	97.4	97.4
Q4	95.9	95.9	98.2	98.1	98.2	98.0	97.7	97.7
2003 Q1	97.6	97.7	98.8	98.8	99.4	98.9	98.9	98.9
Q2	99.1	99.2	99.3	99.3	98.9	99.8	99.8	99.9
Q3	100.9	100.9	100.4	100.4	100.0	100.4	100.4	100.5
Q4	102.4	102.3	101.5	101.6	101.7	100.9	100.9	100.7
2004 Q1	103.3	103.1	102.2	102.2	101.9	101.0	101.1	100.9
Q2	105.5	105.5	103.1	103.2	103.2	102.2	102.3	102.3
Q3	106.6	106.6	103.5	103.5	103.0	102.8	102.9	103.0
Q4	108.2	108.3	104.1	104.2	105.4	103.4	103.9	104.0
2005 Q1	108.7	108.7	104.4	104.4	104.2 <sup>†</sup>	104.1	104.2	104.1
Q2	109.9	110.0	104.8	104.9	105.3	105.1	104.9	104.8
Q3	110.4	110.2	105.4	105.4	103.4	106.0	104.7	104.5
Q4	112.4	112.6	106.1	106.2	104.1	106.7	106.0	106.1
2006 Q1	114.0 <sup>†</sup>	114.2 <sup>†</sup>	107.0 <sup>†</sup>	107.2 <sup>†</sup>	104.7	107.5 <sup>†</sup>	106.5 <sup>†</sup>	106.5
Q2	115.2	115.2	107.8	108.0	105.9	107.5	106.9	106.7 <sup>†</sup>
Q3	117.7	117.7	108.5	108.6	106.1	108.8	108.5	108.4
Q4	119.4	119.4	109.5	109.6	106.3	109.4	109.0	109.0
2007 Q1	121.2	121.1	110.4	110.5	106.8	110.0	109.8	109.6
Q2	123.5	123.6	111.3	111.4	108.5	111.1	111.0	111.0
Q3	125.1	125.4	112.0	112.1	108.1	111.6	111.6	111.8

1 Includes employment, entrepreneurial and property income.

2 Taxes on products less subsidies on products.

3 Derived from expenditure components.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 020 7533 6031

# 1.2 Gross domestic product: by category of expenditure

£ million<sup>1</sup>

Domestic expenditure on goods and services at market prices													
Final consumption expenditure				Gross capital formation								Statistical discrepancy (expenditure)	Gross domestic product at market prices
Households	Non-profit institutions <sup>2</sup>	General government	Gross fixed capital formation	Change in inventories <sup>3</sup>	Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	Total	Total exports	Total final expenditure	less Total imports				
<b>At current prices</b>													
1995	ABPB 441 085	ABNV 16 408	NMRK 142 898	NPQX 121 364	ABMP 4 512	NPJO -121	YBIJ 726 146	KTMW 204 151	ABMD 930 297	KTMX 207 217	GIXM -	YBHA 723 080	
1996	472 711	18 129	148 626	130 346	1 771	-160	771 423	225 158	996 581	227 676	-	768 905	
1997	501 290	19 372	150 554	138 307	4 621	-27	814 117	234 019	1 048 136	232 255	-	815 881	
1998	534 153	20 837	156 409	155 997	5 026	429	872 851	232 034	1 104 885	239 175	-	865 710	
1999	567 994	21 874	169 520	161 722	6 060	229	927 399	239 782	1 167 181	255 236	-	911 945	
2000	600 826	23 169	181 851	167 172	5 271	3	978 292	267 602	1 245 894	286 963	-	958 931	
2001	632 496	24 720	194 503	171 782	6 189	396	1 030 086	273 140	1 303 226	299 929	-	1 003 297	
2002	664 562	25 968	212 464	180 551	2 909	214	1 086 668	276 511	1 363 179	307 386	-	1 055 793	
2003	697 160	27 185	232 699	186 700	3 983	-37	1 147 690	285 397	1 433 087	314 842	-	1 118 245	
2004	732 531	28 953	250 708	202 260	4 856	-37	1 219 271	298 694	1 517 965	333 669	-	1 184 296	
2005	760 869	31 585	268 901	211 862	4 071	-377	1 276 911	326 790	1 603 701	370 968	1 243	1 233 976	
2006	794 042 <sup>†</sup>	33 966	286 256 <sup>†</sup>	232 819 <sup>†</sup>	1 259	-285 <sup>†</sup>	1 348 627 <sup>†</sup>	371 805 <sup>†</sup>	1 720 432 <sup>†</sup>	418 199 <sup>†</sup>	1 340 <sup>†</sup>	1 303 573 <sup>†</sup>	
<b>Unadjusted</b>													
2002 Q2	164 150	6 457	53 001	42 640	385	67	266 700	71 010	337 710	78 983	-		
Q3	168 281	6 510	53 530	44 773	2 690	75	275 859	71 145	347 004	79 523	-		
Q4	174 355	6 588	54 117	48 508	-2 634	13	280 947	67 694	348 641	75 754	-		
2003 Q1	164 428	6 679	56 739	47 358	2 612	-15	277 801	70 334	348 135	76 165	-		
Q2	171 826	6 731	58 158	43 897	-1 079	105	279 638	70 387	350 025	77 433	-		
Q3	177 152	6 837	58 449	45 731	3 700	-75	291 794	71 728	363 522	81 178	-		
Q4	183 754	6 938	59 353	49 714	-1 250	-52	298 457	72 948	371 405	80 066	-		
2004 Q1	173 338	7 101	61 166	50 620	3 383	107	295 715	69 837	365 552	77 865	-		
Q2	180 921	7 193	62 020	48 148	239	-80	298 441	73 410	371 851	82 348	-		
Q3	185 550	7 279	63 028	50 880	2 084	-104	308 717	76 089	384 806	86 802	-		
Q4	192 722	7 380	64 494	52 612	-850	40	316 398	79 358	395 756	86 654	-		
2005 Q1	179 978	7 747	65 457	52 960	2 071	-171	308 042	74 629	382 671	84 237	-		
Q2	187 397	7 846	67 022	49 742	-334	101	311 774	81 590	393 364	91 490	-		
Q3	192 646	7 949	67 681	53 226	3 413	-224	324 691	82 613	407 304	97 956	-		
Q4	200 848	8 043	68 741	55 934	-1 079	-83	332 404	87 958	420 362	97 285	-		
2006 Q1	187 156 <sup>†</sup>	8 292	71 348 <sup>†</sup>	57 543 <sup>†</sup>	749	90 <sup>†</sup>	325 178 <sup>†</sup>	95 248 <sup>†</sup>	420 426 <sup>†</sup>	107 108 <sup>†</sup>	-		
Q2	195 250	8 429	70 364 <sup>†</sup>	54 123	-1 797	250	326 619	101 564	428 183	111 652	-		
Q3	200 756	8 550	71 957	58 550	4 356	-45	344 124	88 069	432 193	102 251	-		
Q4	210 880	8 695	72 587	62 603	-2 049	-10	352 706	86 924	439 630	97 188	-		
2007 Q1	198 162	8 858 <sup>†</sup>	73 803	63 436	4 016	70	348 345	85 135	433 480	97 054	-		
Q2	205 807	9 097 <sup>†</sup>	75 326	58 710	-1 601	355	347 694	89 220	436 914	100 287	-		
Q3	211 971	9 248	76 231	63 644	3 730	47	364 871	90 420	455 291	106 407	-		
<b>Seasonally adjusted</b>													
2002 Q2	ABJQ 165 458	HAYE 6 455	NMRP 52 931	NPQS 44 654	CAEX 577	NPJQ 67	YBIL 270 142	IKBH 71 108	ABMF 341 250	IKBI 78 476	-	262 774	
Q3	166 634	6 517	53 589	45 557	701	75	273 073	69 926	342 999	77 163	-	265 836	
Q4	168 609	6 596	54 190	47 225	340	13	276 973	67 002	343 975	75 846	-	268 129	
2003 Q1	170 937	6 679	56 026	45 915	-457	-15	279 085	72 531	351 616	78 663	-	272 953	
Q2	173 555	6 731	57 776	46 080	-546	105	283 701	70 700	354 401	77 282	-	277 119	
Q3	175 502	6 837	58 818	46 316	2 198	-75	289 596	70 821	360 417	78 421	-	281 996	
Q4	177 166	6 938	60 079	48 389	2 788	-52	295 308	71 345	366 653	80 476	-	286 177	
2004 Q1	180 057	7 101	60 824	49 107	-217	107	296 979	71 906	368 885	79 973	-	288 912	
Q2	182 611	7 193	62 189	50 574	986	-80	303 473	74 030	377 503	82 437	-	295 066	
Q3	184 131	7 279	63 183	51 284	1 204	-104	306 977	75 188	382 165	84 224	-	297 941	
Q4	185 732	7 380	64 512	51 295	2 883	40	311 842	77 570	389 412	87 035	-	302 377	
2005 Q1	187 648	7 747	65 131	51 382	2 047	-171	313 784	77 010	390 794	87 062	264	303 996	
Q2	188 685	7 846	66 907	52 003	815	101	316 357	80 304	396 661	89 670	315	307 306	
Q3	191 217	7 949	67 829	53 782	1 050	-224	321 603	81 884	403 487	95 307	335	308 515	
Q4	193 319	8 043	69 034	54 695	159	-83	325 167	87 592	412 759	98 929	329	314 159	
2006 Q1	194 190 <sup>†</sup>	8 292	71 169 <sup>†</sup>	55 876 <sup>†</sup>	316 <sup>†</sup>	90 <sup>†</sup>	329 933 <sup>†</sup>	96 583 <sup>†</sup>	426 516 <sup>†</sup>	108 262 <sup>†</sup>	402 <sup>†</sup>	318 656 <sup>†</sup>	
Q2	197 438	8 429	70 167	56 975	14	250	333 273	99 113	432 386	110 618	375	322 143	
Q3	199 685	8 550	72 032	58 960	1 173	-45	340 355	88 694	429 049	100 320	323	329 052	
Q4	202 729	8 695	72 888	61 008	-244	-10	345 066	87 415	432 481	98 999	240	333 722	
2007 Q1	205 564	8 858 <sup>†</sup>	73 672	61 629	426	70	350 219	87 698	437 917	99 190	-19	338 708	
Q2	208 277	9 097 <sup>†</sup>	75 128	62 188	909	355	355 954	89 245	445 199	99 706	-109	345 384	
Q3	211 102	9 248	76 231	64 047	2 388	47	363 063	91 080	454 143	104 372	-171	349 600	

# 1.2 Gross domestic product: by category of expenditure

continued

£ million<sup>1</sup>

Domestic expenditure on goods and services at market prices													
	Final consumption expenditure			Gross capital formation				Total	Exports	Gross final expenditure	less Total imports	Statistical discrepancy (expenditure)	Gross domestic product at market prices
	Households	Non-profit institutions <sup>2</sup>	General government	Gross fixed capital formation	Changes in inventories <sup>3</sup>	Acquisitions less disposals of valuables							
							Total						
<b>Chained volume indices</b>													
1995	ABPF	ABNU	NMRU	NPQR	ABMQ	NPJP	YBIK	KTMZ	ABME	KTNB	GIXS	—	ABMI
1996	518 754	22 557	195 972	128 300	3 919	-60	865 578	196 507	1 058 750	181 413	—	889 041	913 800
1997	539 138	22 757	197 372	135 270	1 231	-75	892 221	213 902	1 104 754	199 172	—	942 154	973 748
1998	558 064	23 391	196 353	144 472	3 394	-35	924 100	231 494	1 155 838	218 613	—	973 48	1 003 370
1999	579 342	25 092	198 592	164 249	4 291	30	971 681	238 344	1 209 699	238 834	—	973 48	1 041 517
2000	606 648	25 023	205 853	169 117	5 803	—	1 012 457	247 289	1 259 336	257 809	—	1 066 217	1 088 108
2001	633 662	27 177	212 265	173 710	4 648	-28	1 051 600	269 830	1 321 604	281 081	—	1 118 245	1 154 685
2002	653 326	27 155	217 359	178 203	5 577	342	1 082 333	277 694	1 360 205	294 449	—	1 175 916	1 210 122
2003	676 833	27 130	224 868	184 701	2 289	183	1 116 239	280 593	1 396 862	308 706	—	1 175 916	1 210 122
2004	697 160	27 185	232 699	186 700	3 982	-37	1 147 690	285 397	1 433 087	314 842	—	1 175 916	1 210 122
2005	721 434	27 327	240 129	197 655	4 597	-42	1 191 099	299 289	1 490 388	335 703	—	1 175 916	1 210 122
2006	732 005 <sup>†</sup>	28 167 <sup>†</sup>	246 527 <sup>†</sup>	200 654 <sup>†</sup>	3 611	-354 <sup>†</sup>	1 210 610 <sup>†</sup>	323 749 <sup>†</sup>	1 534 359 <sup>†</sup>	359 626 <sup>†</sup>	1 183 <sup>†</sup>	1 175 916 <sup>†</sup>	1 210 122 <sup>†</sup>
<b>Unadjusted</b>													
2002 Q2	167 128	6 756	55 411	43 669	73	48	273 057	71 375	344 504	78 708	—	271 044	273 034
Q3	171 224	6 793	56 241	45 501	2 642	62	282 667	72 412	355 128	79 914	—	274 435	277 696
Q4	176 748	6 819	56 901	49 178	-2 601	7	287 156	69 143	356 246	76 886	—	276 082	277 283
2003 Q1	165 903	6 843	58 099	48 744	2 644	-8	282 379	70 460	352 830	77 276	—	280 743	283 569
Q2	172 040	6 779	57 436	44 085	-1 247	-12	279 814	70 218	350 037	80 480	—	283 569	286 441
Q3	176 448	6 790	58 001	45 170	3 793	-14	289 687	71 428	361 113	80 514	—	286 441	289 298
Q4	182 769	6 773	59 163	48 701	-1 208	-3	295 810	73 291	369 107	80 514	—	289 298	292 111
2004 Q1	171 913	6 830	60 335	50 699	3 248	112	293 137	71 101	364 238	79 844	—	292 111	295 000
Q2	178 308	6 805	59 021	47 144	-154	-90	291 034	73 901	364 935	83 080	—	295 000	298 885
Q3	182 480	6 826	59 766	49 352	2 385	-96	300 714	76 134	376 848	86 480	—	298 885	301 743
Q4	188 733	6 866	61 007	50 460	-882	32	306 214	78 153	384 367	86 299	—	301 743	304 626
2005 Q1	175 174	7 005	61 263	50 848	1 934	-158	296 066	73 713	369 779	83 401	—	304 626	307 534 <sup>†</sup>
Q2	180 723	6 987	61 447	47 233	-373	86	296 102	80 792	376 895	89 483	—	307 534 <sup>†</sup>	310 476
Q3	184 345	7 042	61 662	50 041	3 232	-201	306 121	83 063	389 183	93 569	—	310 476	313 321
Q4	191 763	7 133	62 155	52 532	-1 182	-81	312 321	86 181	398 502	93 173	—	313 321	316 209
2006 Q1	177 496 <sup>†</sup>	7 355 <sup>†</sup>	63 063 <sup>†</sup>	53 772 <sup>†</sup>	950	101 <sup>†</sup>	302 737 <sup>†</sup>	92 597 <sup>†</sup>	395 334 <sup>†</sup>	101 414 <sup>†</sup>	—	316 209	319 111
Q2	183 878	7 436	61 719	50 667	-1 636	229	302 293	98 486	400 779	105 476	—	319 111	322 027
Q3	187 921	7 509	63 054	54 169	4 334	-28	316 959	84 070	401 029	95 729	—	322 027	325 907
Q4	196 802	7 568	63 298	57 857	-2 411	-12	323 102	84 260	407 362	93 007	—	325 907	328 743
2007 Q1	182 803	7 628	64 146	58 693	3 861	69	317 200	82 082	399 281	92 689	—	328 743	331 463
Q2	188 557	7 698	63 371	53 721	-1 665	322	312 006	84 745	396 750	94 155	—	331 463	334 987
Q3	194 481	7 757	64 260	57 420	3 554	52	327 521	85 942	413 463	99 987	—	334 987	337 864
<b>Seasonally adjusted</b>													
2002 Q2	ABJR	HAYO	NMRY	NPQT	CAFU	NPJR	YBIM	IKBK	ABMG	IKBL	—	271 044	273 034
Q3	168 803	6 756	56 288	45 610	409	48	277 926	71 533	349 504	78 367	—	274 435	277 696
Q4	169 715	6 793	56 429	46 422	520	62	280 004	71 056	351 089	78 006	—	276 082	279 283
2003 Q1	170 727	6 819	56 395	48 107	301	7	282 495	68 564	351 013	76 624	—	277 283	280 743
2004 Q1	171 828	6 843	57 099	46 805	-477	-8	288 249	72 662	354 921	78 836	—	283 569	286 441
Q2	174 146	6 779	57 684	46 131	-635	94	284 342	70 610	354 945	77 283	—	286 441	289 298
Q3	175 140	6 790	58 445	45 964	2 223	-68	288 498	70 334	358 825	78 089	—	289 298	292 111
Q4	176 046	6 773	59 471	47 800	2 872	-55	292 601	71 791	364 396	80 634	—	292 111	295 000
2005 Q1	178 197	6 830	59 969	49 353	-439	112	294 023	73 389	367 412	81 648	—	295 000	298 885
Q2	180 362	6 805	59 530	49 159	1 042	-90	296 808	74 861	371 670	83 313	—	298 885	301 439
Q3	181 032	6 826	60 002	49 832	1 047	-96	298 644	75 097	373 741	84 300	—	301 439	304 220
Q4	181 843	6 866	60 628	49 311	2 947	32	301 624	75 942	377 565	86 442	—	304 220	307 211
2006 Q1	182 466	7 005	60 858	49 393	1 894	-158	301 458	75 952	377 410	85 888	253	291 764	294 441
Q2	182 306	6 987	61 613	49 334	797	86	301 122	79 576	380 698	87 920	300	293 078	296 486
Q3	183 174	7 042	61 885	50 642	853	-201	303 394	82 357	385 751	91 483	320	294 588	297 325
Q4	184 059	7 133	62 171	51 285	67	-81	304 636	85 864	390 500	94 325	310	297 325	300 182
2006 Q1	184 076 <sup>†</sup>	7 355 <sup>†</sup>	62 842 <sup>†</sup>	52 200 <sup>†</sup>	483 <sup>†</sup>	101 <sup>†</sup>	307 056 <sup>†</sup>	93 877 <sup>†</sup>	400 933 <sup>†</sup>	102 099 <sup>†</sup>	377 <sup>†</sup>	299 211 <sup>†</sup>	303 290
Q2	186 465	7 436	62 502	53 184	76	229	309 892	96 051	405 943	104 855	351	301 439	306 182
Q3	186 828	7 509	62 718	54 636	1 037	-28	312 700	84 680	397 379	94 387	298	303 290	307 149
Q4	188 728	7 568	63 072	56 445	-360	-12	315 442	84 805	400 248	94 285	220	307 149	310 122
2007 Q1	190 114	7 628	63 424	57 013	233	69	318 481	84 607	403 087	94 538	-17	308 532	311 126
Q2	191 491	7 698	63 740	56 582	663	322	320 498	84 813	405 312	94 088	-98	311 126	313 190
Q3	193 591	7 757	63 932	57 919	2 095	52	325 343	86 472	411 815	98 472	-153	313 190	315 864

1 Estimates given to nearest million but cannot be regarded as accurate to that degree.

2 Non-profit institutions serving households.

3 Quarterly alignment adjustment included in this series.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 020 7533 6031

# 1.3 Gross domestic product: by category of income

£ million<sup>1</sup>

Compen-sation of employees	Gross operating surplus of corporations					Gross value added at factor cost	Taxes on production less subsidies	Statistical discrepancy (income)	Gross domestic product at market prices				
	Non-financial corporations		Financial corporations	Total	Other income <sup>3</sup>								
	Public	Private <sup>2</sup>											
<b>At current prices</b>													
HAEA	NRJT	NRJK	NQNV	CGBY	CGBW	CGCA	GCSC	GIXQ	YBHA				
1995 386 035	8 902	146 226	19 058	174 186	69 372	629 593	93 487	—	723 080				
1996 403 887	8 815 <sup>†</sup>	162 704	19 826	191 345	76 301	671 533	97 372	—	768 905				
1997 429 967	7 249 <sup>†</sup>	174 906	18 504	200 659	80 449	711 075	104 806	—	815 881				
1998 466 080	7 754	178 804	19 386	205 944	81 806	753 830	111 880	—	865 710				
1999 495 793	7 678	183 283	17 010	207 971	86 723	790 487	121 458	—	911 945				
2000 532 179	7 188	189 745	13 555	210 488	87 842	830 509	128 422	—	958 931				
2001 564 194	6 892	191 062	13 242	211 196	97 352	872 742	130 555	—	1 003 297				
2002 587 396	6 657	195 548	33 614	235 819	97 468	920 683	135 110	—	1 055 793				
2003 616 893	7 265	208 945	41 419	257 629	102 494	977 016	141 229	—	1 118 245				
2004 648 717	6 653	226 203	47 324	280 180	106 183	1 035 080	149 216	—	1 184 296				
2005 686 805 <sup>†</sup>	8 494	234 129 <sup>†</sup>	39 697 <sup>†</sup>	282 320 <sup>†</sup>	114 149 <sup>†</sup>	1 083 274 <sup>†</sup>	151 618 <sup>†</sup>	-916 <sup>†</sup>	1 233 976 <sup>†</sup>				
2006 723 143 <sup>†</sup>	9 872	246 168 <sup>†</sup>	44 995 <sup>†</sup>	301 093 <sup>†</sup>	121 304 <sup>†</sup>	1 145 540 <sup>†</sup>	159 377 <sup>†</sup>	-1 344 <sup>†</sup>	1 303 573 <sup>†</sup>				
<b>Unadjusted</b>													
2002 Q2 144 631	1 727 <sup>†</sup>	48 715	5 087	55 529	28 111	228 271	33 538						
Q3 144 964	1 704	47 281	11 377	60 362	22 656	227 982	34 225						
Q4 149 508	1 469	53 672	9 180	64 321	24 401	238 230	34 810						
2003 Q1 155 541	1 888	49 097	12 484	63 469	22 576	241 586	33 231						
Q2 151 315	1 788	50 434	9 215	61 437	28 255	241 007	34 747						
Q3 153 142	1 721	52 557	11 346	65 624	23 983	242 749	35 704						
Q4 156 895	1 868	56 857	8 374	67 099	27 680	251 674	37 547						
2004 Q1 165 466	1 992	55 233	11 295	68 520	25 143	259 129	35 868						
Q2 159 003	1 514	55 577	10 884	67 975	28 258	255 236	36 907						
Q3 159 427	1 476	56 311	12 881	70 668	25 953	256 048	37 619						
Q4 164 821	1 671	59 082	12 264	73 017	26 829	264 667	38 822						
2005 Q1 174 501	2 266	56 750	10 157	69 173	27 298	270 972	35 596						
Q2 167 860	1 736	58 375	9 622	69 733	30 030	267 623	37 831						
Q3 169 326	2 235	57 966	9 437	69 638	27 821	266 785	38 927						
Q4 175 118	2 257	61 038	10 481	73 776	29 000	277 894	39 264						
2006 Q1 186 026 <sup>†</sup>	3 011	57 687 <sup>†</sup>	10 590 <sup>†</sup>	71 288 <sup>†</sup>	28 936 <sup>†</sup>	286 250 <sup>†</sup>	36 512 <sup>†</sup>						
Q2 176 863 <sup>†</sup>	2 095	61 693	9 305	73 151	32 802	282 816	39 976						
Q3 177 116	2 276	59 990	13 997	76 263	29 001	282 380	40 723						
Q4 183 138	2 490	66 798	11 103	80 391	30 565	294 094	42 166						
2007 Q1 193 443	3 197	61 653	14 570	79 420	30 095	302 958	39 916						
Q2 184 638	1 921	67 133	10 101	79 155	35 252	299 045	42 216						
Q3 185 400	2 367	67 200	13 632	83 199	33 184	301 783	42 776						
<b>Seasonally adjusted</b>													
DTWM	CAEQ	CAER	NHCZ	CGBZ	CGBX	CGCB	CMVL						
2002 Q2 146 088	1 716	48 755	7 218	57 689	25 451	229 228	33 546	—	262 774				
Q3 147 571	1 759	49 048	9 386	60 193	24 201	231 965	33 871	—	265 836				
Q4 149 755	1 468	48 502	10 171	60 141	24 077	233 973	34 156	—	268 129				
2003 Q1 150 812	1 855	50 349	11 313	63 517	24 127	238 456	34 497	—	272 953				
Q2 152 768	1 807	51 080	10 406	63 293	26 243	242 304	34 815	—	277 119				
Q3 155 699	1 802	53 940	9 809	65 551	25 128	246 378	35 618	—	281 996				
Q4 157 614	1 801	53 576	9 891	65 268	26 996	249 878	36 299	—	286 177				
2004 Q1 159 239	1 813	54 248	9 969	66 030	26 712	251 981	36 931	—	288 912				
Q2 160 899	1 524	57 001	11 997	70 522	26 509	257 930	37 136	—	295 066				
Q3 162 653	1 593	57 565	11 481	70 639	27 199	260 491	37 450	—	297 941				
Q4 165 926	1 723	57 389	13 877	72 989	25 763	264 678	37 699	—	302 377				
2005 Q1 167 734	2 316	59 011	9 756	71 083	28 211	267 028	37 159	-191	303 996				
Q2 170 293	1 834	58 576	10 971	71 381	28 041	269 715	37 821	-230	307 306				
Q3 173 209	2 072	57 740	8 079	67 891	29 112	270 212	38 550	-247	308 515				
Q4 175 569	2 272	58 802	10 891	71 965	28 785	276 319	38 088	-248	314 159				
2006 Q1 178 375 <sup>†</sup>	3 049 <sup>†</sup>	59 396 <sup>†</sup>	9 533 <sup>†</sup>	71 978 <sup>†</sup>	30 589 <sup>†</sup>	280 942 <sup>†</sup>	38 093 <sup>†</sup>	-379 <sup>†</sup>	318 656 <sup>†</sup>				
Q2 179 527	2 057	59 369	10 736	72 162	30 858	282 547	39 971	-375	322 143				
Q3 181 507	2 426	62 042	12 888	77 356	30 047	288 910	40 478	-336	329 052				
Q4 183 734	2 398	65 361	11 838	79 597	29 810	293 141	40 835	-254	333 722				
2007 Q1 185 406	3 059	63 679	13 622	80 360	31 720	297 486	41 165	57	338 708				
Q2 187 792	1 977	68 183	11 620	81 780	33 103	302 675	42 552	157	345 384				
Q3 190 031	2 338	68 350	12 594	83 282	34 142	307 455	41 919	226	349 600				

1 Estimates given to the nearest million but cannot be regarded as accurate to that degree

Source: Office for National Statistics: 020 7533 6031

2 Quarterly alignment adjustment included in this series.

3 Includes mixed income and the operating surplus of non-corporate sector less the adjustment for financial intermediation services indirectly measured (FISIM)

# 1.4 Index numbers: gross domestic product, chained volume indices at basic prices: by industry of output

2003 = 100

	Output at basic prices <sup>1</sup>												
	Agriculture, hunting forestry and fishing		Total production industries <sup>2</sup>		Construction		Distribution, hotels and catering; repairs		Transport, storage and communi- cation		Service industries		
											Business services and finance	Government and other services	Total services
2003 weights <sup>1,4</sup>	10	186	61	153	78	277	235	744	1000				
	GDQA	CKYW	GDQB	GDQE	GDQH	GDQN	GDQU	GDQS	YBEZ				
1999	101.1	101.9	89.8	86.3	83.4	85.8	91.0	87.2	89.7				
2000	100.3	103.8	90.2	89.1	92.9	90.7	93.1	91.3	93.1				
2001	90.9	102.3	92.2	92.1	97.0	94.4	95.3	94.5	95.3				
2002	102.1	100.3	95.5	96.4	98.2	96.3	97.7	96.9	97.3				
2003	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0				
2004	99.0	100.8	104.0	105.2	102.5	105.1	102.0	103.9	103.3				
2005	103.3 <sup>†</sup>	98.8	105.6	106.4 <sup>†</sup>	106.9	109.7 <sup>†</sup>	103.8	106.9	105.2				
2006	106.0 <sup>†</sup>	98.9	106.7 <sup>†</sup>	110.0 <sup>†</sup>	111.2 <sup>†</sup>	115.6 <sup>†</sup>	105.6 <sup>†</sup>	110.8	108.2				
<b>Seasonally adjusted</b>													
1998 Q2	99.3	100.6	88.5	82.9	74.9	80.8	89.5	83.1	86.6				
Q3	97.2	100.6	88.6	83.8	77.3	82.2	90.4	84.4	87.5				
Q4	96.7	100.4	89.0	84.9	79.2	83.3	90.8	85.4	88.1				
1999 Q1	101.0	100.7	89.9	85.1	80.1	84.2	90.3	85.7	88.4				
Q2	101.0	101.0	88.6	85.9	82.5	85.2	90.5	86.6	89.0				
Q3	100.7	102.8	90.5	86.8	84.8	86.0	91.2	87.6	90.2				
Q4	101.8	103.1	90.3	87.6	86.3	87.6	91.9	88.8	91.2				
2000 Q1	101.1	103.6	92.1	88.2	89.1	88.6	92.7	89.8	92.2				
Q2	100.6	104.1	89.8	88.6	92.2	90.1	92.9	90.9	92.9				
Q3	101.6	103.7	88.8	89.5	94.6	91.6	93.3	92.0	93.4				
Q4	98.0	104.0	89.9	89.9	95.6	92.4	93.5	92.5	94.0				
2001 Q1	91.6	104.0	91.5	91.2	97.2	93.5	94.3	93.7	94.9				
Q2	90.2	102.5	91.7	91.3	97.2	94.2	94.9	94.1	95.0				
Q3	89.8	102.4	92.3	92.4	96.5	94.9	95.5	94.7	95.6				
Q4	92.1	100.5	93.3	93.6	97.1	95.1	96.4	95.4	95.9				
2002 Q1	101.0	100.5	94.8	95.3	98.0	94.7	96.9	95.9	96.4				
Q2	102.6	100.5	94.4	95.5	96.9	96.1	97.5	96.5	97.0				
Q3	102.8	100.2	95.8	96.7	98.4	97.0	97.9	97.4	97.7				
Q4	102.0	100.2	97.0	98.0	99.3	97.3	98.3	98.0	98.2				
2003 Q1	99.7	99.9	97.0	98.2	99.2	98.5	98.8	98.6	98.8				
Q2	99.3	99.4	98.9	99.4	99.8	98.9	99.5	99.3	99.3				
Q3	100.1	100.0	101.7	100.6	100.3	100.4	100.3	100.4	100.4				
Q4	100.9	100.8	102.4	101.8	100.7	102.2	101.3	101.7	101.5				
2004 Q1	99.1	100.9	102.8	103.6	100.7	103.4	101.4	102.5	102.2				
Q2	98.3	101.3	103.4	105.2	102.2	104.3	102.2	103.6	103.1				
Q3	99.3	100.3	104.4	106.0	103.1	105.6	102.0	104.3	103.5				
Q4	99.2	100.6	105.4	105.9	104.1	106.9	102.5	105.0	104.1				
2005 Q1	101.3	99.6	106.0	105.8	105.9	107.7	102.8	105.6	104.4				
Q2	102.9	99.2	106.4	105.7	106.0	109.1	103.5	106.3	104.8				
Q3	103.8	98.5	105.0	106.4	106.8	110.3	104.3	107.2	105.4				
Q4	105.2	97.9	104.8	107.8	108.9	111.9	104.6	108.4	106.1				
2006 Q1	105.6 <sup>†</sup>	98.9	106.0	108.5 <sup>†</sup>	109.0 <sup>†</sup>	113.7 <sup>†</sup>	105.0 <sup>†</sup>	109.4 <sup>†</sup>	107.0 <sup>†</sup>				
Q2	105.9	98.8	106.0	109.7	110.7	115.0	105.3	110.4	107.8				
Q3	106.7	99.0	107.0	109.9	111.4	116.1	105.8	111.1	108.5				
Q4	105.8	98.8	108.0	111.8	113.7	117.6	106.3	112.4	109.5				
2007 Q1	107.0	98.7	109.0 <sup>†</sup>	112.9	116.0	118.8	107.0	113.6	110.4				
Q2	107.0	99.4	109.8	113.8	117.1	120.4	107.1	114.5	111.3				
Q3	106.3	99.4	110.7	114.7	117.7	122.0	107.4	115.4	112.0				

1 Components of output are valued at basic prices, which excludes taxes less subsidies on products, whereas GDP is valued at market prices.

2 The latest data for the index of production (series CKYW) are presented in Table 7.1. The figures given in this table are consistent with the figures for gross value added.

3 Includes an implicit discrepancy compared with the sum of the previous columns because the GDP aggregate takes account of other information based on incomes and expenditures.

4 The weights shown are in proportion to total gross value added (GVA) in 2003 and are used to combine the industry output indices to calculate the totals for 2004 and 2005. For 2003 and earlier, totals are calculated using the equivalent weights for the previous year (eg total for 2002 use 2001 weights).

Source: Office for National Statistics: 020 7533 6031

# 1.5 Households sector<sup>1</sup>: allocation of primary income account

£ million

	RESOURCES				USES				
	Gross operating surplus including gross mixed income	Wages and salaries	Employers' social contributions	Property Income received	Total resources	Property Income paid	Balance of primary incomes, gross	Total uses	Households' share of gross national income <sup>2</sup>
	RVGJ	QWLW	QWLX	QWME	QWMF	QWMI	QWMJ	QWMF	RVGG
1997	94 187	374 510	55 540	118 339	642 576	42 078	600 498	642 576	73.6
1998	100 465	406 548	59 522	124 863	691 398	51 435	639 963	691 398	73.3
1999	106 929	431 795	64 199	120 966	723 889	47 649	676 240	723 889	74.4
2000	111 765	462 505	69 824	128 800	772 894	53 090	719 804	772 894	75.0
2001	121 204	491 044	73 216	132 918	818 382	52 356	766 026	818 382	75.7
2002	128 315	508 681	78 782	119 736	835 514	51 729	783 785	835 514	72.8
2003	137 057	527 689	89 263	120 914	874 923	53 796	821 127	874 923	72.0
2004	144 667	550 654	98 134	127 180	920 635	62 901	857 734	920 635 <sup>†</sup>	70.9
2005	153 466	578 300	107 895	146 885 <sup>†</sup>	986 546 <sup>†</sup>	69 721	916 825 <sup>†</sup>	986 546 <sup>†</sup>	72.9 <sup>†</sup>
2006	161 015 <sup>†</sup>	606 720	115 688 <sup>†</sup>	149 171	1 032 594	73 759 <sup>†</sup>	958 835	1 032 594	73.2
<b>Unadjusted</b>									
2002 Q4	32 638	128 731	20 804	29 986	212 159	13 400	198 759	212 159	71.4
2003 Q1	33 249	133 142	22 310	27 438	216 139	13 340	202 799	216 139	71.9
Q2	34 137	130 600	20 754	33 397	218 888	13 264	205 624	218 888	74.3
Q3	34 577	131 180	22 053	29 536	217 346	13 417	203 929	217 346	71.0
Q4	35 094	132 767	24 146	30 543	222 550	13 775	208 775	222 550	70.8
2004 Q1	35 556	139 478	25 893	28 277	229 204	14 367	214 837	229 204	72.1
Q2	35 901	135 934	23 117	32 250	227 202	15 019	212 183	227 202	71.9
Q3	36 353	136 101	23 428	32 804	228 686	16 396	212 290	228 686	70.3
Q4	36 857	139 141	25 696	33 849	235 543	17 119	218 424	235 543	69.4
2005 Q1	37 386	146 757	27 616	34 245 <sup>†</sup>	246 004 <sup>†</sup>	17 234	228 770 <sup>†</sup>	246 004 <sup>†</sup>	74.0
Q2	38 115	142 837	24 906	38 031	243 889	17 236	226 653	243 889	72.6
Q3	38 718	142 944	26 199	38 160	246 021	17 634	228 387	246 021	72.6
Q4	39 247	145 762	29 174	36 449	250 632	17 617	233 015	250 632	72.3 <sup>†</sup>
2006 Q1	39 615 <sup>†</sup>	154 459	31 425	34 915	260 414	17 734 <sup>†</sup>	242 680	260 414	75.6
Q2	39 975	150 103	26 570 <sup>†</sup>	38 909	255 557	17 670	237 887	255 557	73.8
Q3	40 448	149 650	27 241	38 062	255 401	18 680	236 721	255 401	72.2
Q4	40 977	152 508	30 452	37 285	261 222	19 675	241 547	261 222	71.2
2007 Q1	41 805	162 526 <sup>†</sup>	30 793	37 319	272 443	20 660	251 783	272 443	74.9
Q2	42 572	156 073	28 392	42 457	269 494	20 935	248 559	269 494	73.6
Q3	43 201	156 659	28 586	41 045	269 491	22 453	247 038	269 491	71.9
<b>Seasonally adjusted</b>									
	NRJN	ROYJ	ROYK	ROYL	ROYR	ROYT	ROYS	ROYR	NRJH
2002 Q4	32 638	129 230	20 542	29 224	211 634	13 265	198 369	211 634	72.3
2003 Q1	33 358	129 933	20 894	29 701	213 886	13 292	200 594	213 886	71.5
Q2	33 938	131 181	21 610	31 556	218 285	13 422	204 863	218 285	72.7
Q3	34 479	132 790	22 920	29 360	219 549	13 328	206 221	219 549	72.1
Q4	35 282	133 785	23 839	30 297	223 203	13 754	209 449	223 203	71.5
2004 Q1	35 556	134 980	24 274	30 521	225 331	14 319	211 012	225 331	71.7
Q2	35 901	136 807	24 124	30 570	227 402	15 200	212 202	227 402	70.4
Q3	36 353	138 323	24 347	32 422	231 445	16 289	215 156	231 445	71.1
Q4	36 857	140 544	25 389	33 667	236 457	17 093	219 364	236 457	70.4
2005 Q1	37 386	142 001	25 671	36 528 <sup>†</sup>	241 586 <sup>†</sup>	17 191 <sup>†</sup>	224 395 <sup>†</sup>	241 586 <sup>†</sup>	72.2 <sup>†</sup>
Q2	38 115	143 545	26 603	36 045	244 308	17 499	226 809	244 308	71.8
Q3	38 718	145 388	27 613	37 604	249 323	17 552	231 771	249 323	73.8
Q4	39 247	147 366	28 008	36 708	251 329	17 479	233 850	251 329	73.7
2006 Q1	39 539 <sup>†</sup>	148 892 <sup>†</sup>	29 387 <sup>†</sup>	37 027	254 845	17 689	237 156	254 845	73.6
Q2	40 188	151 112	28 201	36 880	256 381	17 941	238 440	256 381	73.3
Q3	40 570	152 397	28 873	37 456	259 296	18 600	240 696	259 296	73.0
Q4	40 718	154 319	29 227	37 808	262 072	19 529	242 543	262 072	72.8
2007 Q1	41 769	156 423	28 898	39 312	266 402	20 584	245 818	266 402	73.1
Q2	42 684	157 354	30 240	40 422	270 700	21 290	249 410	270 700	72.3
Q3	43 347	159 494	30 377	40 404	273 622	22 329	251 293	273 622	72.8

1 This sector includes households and non-profit institutions serving households

Source: Office for National Statistics: 020 7533 6031

2 The balance of gross primary incomes of the households and non-profit institutions serving households sector as a percentage of gross national income.

## National accounts

# 1.6 Households sector<sup>1</sup>: secondary distribution of income account

£ million

	RESOURCES						USES						
	Gross balance of primary incomes	Social contributions	Social benefits other than social transfers in kind	Other current transfers	Total resources	Current taxes on incomes etc.	Social contributions	Social benefits other than social transfers in kind	Other current transfers	Gross disposable income	Total uses	Real households' disposable income	
1997	QWMJ	RVFH	QWML	QWMO	QWMP	QWMS	QWMY	QWMZ	QWNC	QWND	QWMP	RVGK	
1997	600 498	410	150 844	34 521	786 273	91 208	110 848	880	23 396	559 941	786 273	625 184	
1998	639 963	478	154 438	36 405	831 284	106 566	116 012	950	24 966	582 790	831 284	634 508	
1999	676 240	450	157 647	38 154	872 491	115 186	123 516	922	23 879	608 988	872 491	652 060	
2000	719 804	476	162 833	43 670	926 783	124 726	130 679	948	27 015	643 415	926 783	681 249	
2001	766 026	502	171 814	44 687	983 029	133 054	135 998	977	26 688	686 312	983 029	710 531	
2002	783 785	530	182 673	50 218	1 017 206	134 959	143 558	1 006	28 635	709 048	1 017 206	722 823	
2003	821 127	505	193 596	49 511	1 064 739	138 261	158 348	987	26 754	740 389	1 064 739	740 389	
2004	857 734	495	202 074	51 778	1 112 081	147 134	170 437	984	27 843	765 683	1 112 081	752 890	
2005	916 825 <sup>†</sup>	500	213 858	55 661	1 186 844 <sup>†</sup>	158 598	188 753	994	30 512	807 987 <sup>†</sup>	1 186 844 <sup>†</sup>	775 072 <sup>†</sup>	
2006	958 835	508	223 237 <sup>†</sup>	58 346 <sup>†</sup>	1 240 926	169 845 <sup>†</sup>	202 030 <sup>†</sup>	1 004	33 529 <sup>†</sup>	834 518	1 240 926	782 066	
<b>Unadjusted</b>													
2002 Q4	198 759	133	48 098	12 353	259 343	29 111	36 154	252	7 502	186 324	259 343	189 037	
2003 Q1	202 799	129	46 491	12 406	261 825	44 396	39 244	249	6 649	171 287	261 825	172 921	
Q2	205 624	128	47 224	12 360	265 336	29 351	38 188	248	6 728	190 821	265 336	191 101	
Q3	203 929	125	48 544	12 254	264 852	34 429	40 199	246	7 100	182 878	264 852	182 135	
Q4	208 775	123	51 337	12 491	272 726	30 085	40 717	244	6 277	195 403	272 726	194 232	
2004 Q1	214 837	123	48 626	12 786	276 372	46 462	44 785	245	6 955	177 925	276 372	176 256	
Q2	212 183	124	49 977	12 954	275 238	30 540	41 067	246	7 209	196 176	275 238	193 050	
Q3	212 290	124	50 522	13 553	276 489	37 117	41 171	246	7 089	190 866	276 489	187 382	
Q4	218 424	124	52 949	12 485	283 982	33 015	43 414	247	6 590	200 716	283 982	196 202	
2005 Q1	228 770 <sup>†</sup>	125	50 466	13 698	293 059 <sup>†</sup>	50 580	48 785	248	7 709	185 737 <sup>†</sup>	293 059 <sup>†</sup>	180 259 <sup>†</sup>	
Q2	226 653	125	52 347	14 525	293 650	33 526	45 349	248	8 140	206 387	293 650	198 435	
Q3	228 387	125	53 627	14 070	296 209	39 835	46 563	249	7 901	201 661	296 209	192 414	
Q4	233 015	125	57 418	13 368	303 926	34 657	48 056	249	6 762	214 202	303 926	203 964	
2006 Q1	242 680	127	53 235	14 136 <sup>†</sup>	310 178	54 221	53 666 <sup>†</sup>	251	8 414 <sup>†</sup>	193 626	310 178	183 123	
Q2	237 887	127	54 739 <sup>†</sup>	14 977	307 730	35 942 <sup>†</sup>	48 229	251	8 904	214 404	307 730	201 383	
Q3	236 721	127	56 737	14 943	308 528	42 707	48 740	251	8 270	208 560	308 528	194 728	
Q4	241 547	127	58 526	14 290	314 490	36 975	51 395	251	7 941	217 928	314 490	202 832	
2007 Q1	251 783	129	55 488	12 625	320 025	59 435	54 042	253	6 744	199 551	320 025	183 561	
Q2	248 559	129	57 632	13 785	320 105	38 011	51 079	253	7 596	223 166	320 105	203 802	
Q3	247 038	129	59 410	13 936	320 513	45 696	51 323	253	7 238	216 003	320 513	197 467	
<b>Seasonally adjusted</b>													
2002 Q4	ROYS	198 369	133	RPHL	RPHM	RPHP	RPHR	RPHU	RPIA	RPIB	RPHQ	RPHP	NRJR
2003 Q1	200 594	129	47 778	12 121	260 622	33 808	37 125	249	6 364	183 076	260 622	184 156	
Q2	204 863	128	47 783	12 237	265 011	34 897	38 697	248	6 605	184 564	265 011	185 216	
Q3	206 221	125	48 613	12 152	267 111	34 263	41 102	246	6 998	184 502	267 111	184 086	
Q4	209 449	123	49 422	13 001	271 995	35 293	41 424	244	6 787	188 247	271 995	186 931	
2004 Q1	211 012	123	50 048	12 565	273 748	34 979	42 135	245	6 734	189 655	273 748	187 493	
Q2	212 202	124	50 428	12 794	275 548	36 312	41 825	246	7 049	190 116	275 548	187 472	
Q3	215 156	124	50 578	13 399	279 257	37 285	42 176	246	6 935	192 615	279 257	189 038	
Q4	219 364	124	51 020	13 020	283 528	38 558	44 301	247	7 125	193 297	283 528	188 887	
2005 Q1	224 395 <sup>†</sup>	125	51 719	13 664	289 903 <sup>†</sup>	38 738 <sup>†</sup>	45 600	248	7 675	197 642 <sup>†</sup>	289 903 <sup>†</sup>	191 658 <sup>†</sup>	
Q2	226 809	125	53 198	14 213	294 345	39 519	46 793	248	7 828	199 957	294 345	192 601	
Q3	231 771	125	53 997	13 899	299 792	39 927	48 149	249	7 730	203 737	299 792	194 590	
Q4	233 850	125	54 944	13 885	302 804	40 414	48 211	249	7 279	206 651	302 804	196 223	
2006 Q1	237 156	127	54 455 <sup>†</sup>	14 021 <sup>†</sup>	305 759	41 119	50 407 <sup>†</sup>	251	8 299 <sup>†</sup>	205 683	305 759	194 448	
Q2	238 440	127	55 502	14 524	308 593	42 360	49 582	251	8 451	207 949	308 593	195 853	
Q3	240 696	127	56 915	14 864	312 602	43 066	50 517	251	8 191	210 577	312 602	196 513	
Q4	242 543	127	56 365	14 937	313 972	43 300	51 524	251	8 588	210 309	313 972	195 252	
2007 Q1	245 818	129	56 694	12 540	315 181	45 772	50 970	253	6 659	211 527	315 181	195 072	
Q2	249 410	129	58 383	13 406	321 328	44 733	52 580	253	7 217	216 545	321 328	198 431	
Q3	251 293	129	59 583	13 899	324 904	45 891	53 267	253	7 201	218 292	324 904	199 465	

<sup>1</sup> This sector includes households and non-profit institutions serving households.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 020 7533 6031

# 1.7 Households sector<sup>1</sup>: use of disposable income account

£ million

	RESOURCES			USES			
	Gross disposable income	Adjustment for the change in net equity of households in pension funds	Total resources	Individual consumption expenditure	Gross saving	Total uses	Households' saving ratio <sup>2</sup>
1997	QWND 559 941	NSSE 15 111	NSSF 575 052	NSSG 520 662	NSSH 54 390	NSSF 575 052	RVGL 9.5
1998	582 790	14 044	596 834	554 990	41 844	596 834	7.0
1999	608 988	14 016	623 004	589 868	33 136	623 004	5.3
2000	643 415	14 164	657 579	623 995	33 584	657 579	5.1
2001	686 312	16 041	702 353	657 216	45 137	702 353	6.4
2002	709 048	17 783	726 831	690 530	36 301	726 831	5.0
2003	740 389	21 377	761 766	724 345	37 421	761 766	4.9
2004	765 683	25 108	790 791	761 484	29 307	790 791	3.7
2005	807 987 <sup>†</sup>	31 210	839 197 <sup>†</sup>	792 454	46 743 <sup>†</sup>	839 197 <sup>†</sup>	5.6
2006	834 518	35 043 <sup>†</sup>	869 561	828 008 <sup>†</sup>	41 553	869 561	4.8 <sup>†</sup>
<b>Unadjusted</b>							
2002 Q4	186 324	4 217	190 541	180 943	9 598	190 541	5.0
2003 Q1	171 287	5 998	177 285	171 107	6 178	177 285	3.5
Q2	190 821	4 228	195 049	178 557	16 492	195 049	8.5
Q3	182 878	5 570	188 448	183 989	4 459	188 448	2.4
Q4	195 403	5 581	200 984	190 692	10 292	200 984	5.1
2004 Q1	177 925	7 516	185 441	180 439	5 002	185 441	2.7
Q2	196 176	5 766	201 942	188 114	13 828	201 942	6.8
Q3	190 866	5 346	196 212	192 829	3 383	196 212	1.7
Q4	200 716	6 480	207 196	200 102	7 094	207 196	3.4
2005 Q1	185 737 <sup>†</sup>	8 955	194 692 <sup>†</sup>	187 725	6 967 <sup>†</sup>	194 692 <sup>†</sup>	3.6
Q2	206 387	6 619	213 006	195 243	17 763	213 006	8.3
Q3	201 661	7 204	208 865	200 595	8 270	208 865	4.0
Q4	214 202	8 432	222 634	208 891	13 743	222 634	6.2
2006 Q1	193 626	11 367 <sup>†</sup>	204 993	195 448 <sup>†</sup>	9 545	204 993	4.7 <sup>†</sup>
Q2	214 404	7 646	222 050	203 679	18 371	222 050	8.3
Q3	208 560	7 354	215 914	209 306	6 608	215 914	3.1
Q4	217 928	8 676	226 604	219 575	7 029	226 604	3.1
2007 Q1	199 551	9 565	209 116	207 020	2 096	209 116	1.0
Q2	223 166	9 131	232 297	214 904	17 393	232 297	7.5
Q3	216 003	8 556	224 559	221 219	3 340	224 559	1.5
<b>Seasonally adjusted</b>							
2002 Q4	RPHQ 178 892	RPQJ 4 807	RPQK 183 699	RPQM 175 205	RPQL 8 494	RPQK 183 699	NRJS 4.6
2003 Q1	183 076	5 107	188 183	177 616	10 567	188 183	5.6
Q2	184 564	4 035	188 599	180 286	8 313	188 599	4.4
Q3	184 502	6 086	190 588	182 339	8 249	190 588	4.3
Q4	188 247	6 149	194 396	184 104	10 292	194 396	5.3
2004 Q1	189 655	6 273	195 928	187 158	8 770	195 928	4.5
Q2	190 116	5 788	195 904	189 804	6 100	195 904	3.1
Q3	192 615	5 892	198 507	191 410	7 097	198 507	3.6
Q4	193 297	7 155	200 452	193 112	7 340	200 452	3.7
2005 Q1	197 642 <sup>†</sup>	7 461	205 103 <sup>†</sup>	195 395	9 708 <sup>†</sup>	205 103 <sup>†</sup>	4.7 <sup>†</sup>
Q2	199 957	7 303	207 260	196 531	10 729	207 260	5.2
Q3	203 737	8 173	211 910	199 166	12 744	211 910	6.0
Q4	206 651	8 273	214 924	201 362	13 562	214 924	6.3
2006 Q1	205 683	9 666 <sup>†</sup>	215 349	202 482 <sup>†</sup>	12 867	215 349	6.0
Q2	207 949	8 297	216 246	205 867	10 379	216 246	4.8
Q3	210 577	8 467	219 044	208 235	10 809	219 044	4.9
Q4	210 309	8 613	218 922	211 424	7 498	218 922	3.4
2007 Q1	211 527	8 069	219 596	214 422	5 174	219 596	2.4
Q2	216 545	9 939	226 484	217 374	9 110	226 484	4.0
Q3	218 292	9 800	228 092	220 350	7 742	228 092	3.4

<sup>1</sup> This sector includes households and non-profit institutions serving households.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 020 7533 6031

<sup>2</sup> Households' and non-profit institutions serving households' gross saving as a percentage of total resources.

## National accounts

# 1.8 Household final consumption expenditure<sup>1</sup>

£ million

COICOP	UK National <sup>2</sup>														
	UK Domestic <sup>3</sup>														
	Net tourism	Total	Food & Drink	Alcohol & tobacco <sup>4</sup>	Clothing & footwear	Housing	Household goods & services	Health	Transport <sup>4</sup>	Communication	Recreation & culture	Education	Restaurants & hotels <sup>4</sup>	Miscellaneous	
	Total	0	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	
<b>At current prices</b>															
ABPB	ABTE	ABQI	ABZV	ADFL	ADFP	ADFS	ADFY	ADGP	ADGT	ADGX	ADGY	ADIE	ADIF	ADII	
1997	501 290	905	500 385	53 787	21 553	30 901	91 977	29 492	7 757	77 204	9 984	58 012	7 440	57 164	55 114
1998	534 153	2 369	531 784	55 162	22 459	31 947	98 114	31 002	8 306	82 506	10 902	63 246	7 814	61 807	58 519
1999	567 994	5 378	562 616	57 040	24 458	33 375	103 193	32 846	8 775	87 237	12 005	67 481	8 943	64 387	62 876
2000	600 826	6 941	593 885	58 628	24 617	35 479	108 050	35 675	9 208	93 052	13 356	70 154	9 534	68 557	67 575
2001	632 496	9 524	622 972	59 804	25 158	36 822	115 905	37 974	9 976	96 435	14 157	73 452	9 409	71 620	72 260
2002	664 562	10 563	653 999	61 310	25 966	39 092	121 238	40 448	10 778	100 147	14 675	79 122	9 381	76 426	75 416
2003	697 160	12 158	685 002	63 174	27 297	41 155	129 051	42 466	11 335	104 569	15 654	84 386	9 610	78 902	77 403
2004	732 531	12 041	720 490	65 521	27 713	42 792	138 040	44 029	11 932	109 213	16 448	91 057	9 990	83 595	80 160
2005	760 869	12 049	748 820	67 539	28 073	44 013	146 925	43 645	12 102	112 938	16 772	94 119	10 409	88 934	83 351
2006	794 042 <sup>†</sup>	11 959	782 083 <sup>†</sup>	70 927 <sup>†</sup>	28 519 <sup>†</sup>	46 150 <sup>†</sup>	158 378 <sup>†</sup>	45 287 <sup>†</sup>	12 474 <sup>†</sup>	116 185 <sup>†</sup>	17 056 <sup>†</sup>	97 744 <sup>†</sup>	10 998	92 035 <sup>†</sup>	86 330 <sup>†</sup>
<b>Percentage change, year on previous year</b>															
1997	6.0	5.9	1.4	5.5	4.6	4.9	6.2	4.4	9.7	6.7	8.3	13.3	3.8	6.9	
1998	6.6	6.3	2.6	4.2	3.4	6.7	5.1	7.1	6.9	9.2	9.0	5.0	8.1	6.2	
1999	6.3	5.8	3.4	8.9	4.5	5.2	5.9	5.6	5.7	10.1	6.7	14.4	4.2	7.4	
2000	5.8	5.6	2.8	0.7	6.3	4.7	8.6	4.9	6.7	11.3	4.0	6.6	6.5	7.5	
2001	5.3	4.9	2.0	2.2	3.8	7.3	6.4	8.3	3.6	6.0	4.7	-1.3	4.5	6.9	
2002	5.1	5.0	2.5	3.2	6.2	4.6	6.5	8.0	3.8	3.7	7.7	-0.3	6.7	4.4	
2003	4.9	4.7	3.0	5.1	5.3	6.4	5.0	5.2	4.4	6.7	6.7	2.4	3.2	2.6	
2004	5.1	5.2	3.7	1.5	4.0	7.0	3.7	5.3	4.4	5.1	7.9	4.0	5.9	3.6	
2005	3.9	3.9	3.1	1.3	2.9	6.4	-0.9	1.4	3.4	2.0	3.4	4.2	6.4	4.0	
2006	4.4 <sup>†</sup>	4.4 <sup>†</sup>	5.0	1.6 <sup>†</sup>	4.9 <sup>†</sup>	7.8 <sup>†</sup>	3.8	3.1 <sup>†</sup>	2.9 <sup>†</sup>	1.7	3.9	5.7	3.5	3.6	
<b>Not seasonally adjusted</b>															
2004 Q3	185 550	4 680	180 870	15 665	6 745	10 224	33 148	10 933	2 973	30 377	4 089	22 034	2 501	22 492	19 689
Q4	192 722	1 783	190 939	17 387	7 640	13 251	36 032	11 933	3 088	25 447	4 265	25 479	2 532	21 824	22 061
2005 Q1	179 978	2 481	177 497	16 421	6 544	9 290	37 047	10 437	2 919	27 485	4 146	21 872	2 551	19 504	19 281
Q2	187 397	3 126	184 271	17 029	6 892	10 428	35 647	10 715	2 944	28 322	4 128	22 835	2 587	22 484	20 260
Q3	192 646	4 902	187 744	16 179	6 963	10 450	35 386	10 229	3 033	31 210	4 094	22 730	2 618	23 921	20 931
Q4	200 848	1 540	199 308	17 910	7 674	13 845	38 845	12 264	3 206	25 921	4 404	26 682	2 653	23 025	22 879
2006 Q1	187 156 <sup>†</sup>	2 507	184 649 <sup>†</sup>	16 794 <sup>†</sup>	6 523 <sup>†</sup>	9 404 <sup>†</sup>	40 000 <sup>†</sup>	10 516 <sup>†</sup>	3 039 <sup>†</sup>	28 576 <sup>†</sup>	4 246	22 444 <sup>†</sup>	2 677	20 064 <sup>†</sup>	20 366 <sup>†</sup>
Q2	195 250	3 362	191 888	17 566	7 023	10 915	38 321	11 092	3 092	28 923	4 177	24 101	2 713	23 168	20 797
Q3	200 756	4 423	196 333	17 286	7 100	11 060	38 049	10 984	3 082	32 200	4 158 <sup>†</sup>	23 773	2 771	24 980	20 890
Q4	210 880	1 667	209 213	19 281	7 873	14 771	42 008	12 695	3 261	26 486	4 475	27 426	2 837	23 823	24 277
2007 Q1	198 162	2 604 <sup>†</sup>	195 558	18 514	6 932	9 975	43 374	10 999	3 230	29 264	4 348	23 475	2 969	20 943	21 535
Q2	205 807	3 548	202 259	19 017	7 387	11 516	41 060	11 556	3 340	29 830	4 345	24 730	2 997	24 278	22 203
Q3	211 971	5 322	206 649	18 561	7 415	11 575	41 108	11 509	3 402	33 297	4 416	24 456	3 020	25 378	22 512
<b>Seasonally adjusted</b>															
ABJQ	ABTF	ZAKV	ZWUM	ZAKX	ZAKZ	ZAVN	ZAVV	ZAWB	ZAWL	ZAWV	ZAWZ	ZWUS	ZAXR	ZAYF	
2004 Q3	184 131	3 121	181 010	16 285	6 918	10 734	34 668	11 294	2 995	27 407	4 166	22 936	2 501	20 999	20 107
Q4	185 732	3 040	182 692	16 644	6 944	10 705	35 215	10 981	2 982	28 009	4 098	22 919	2 532	21 242	20 421
2005 Q1	187 648	3 074	184 574	16 682	6 976	10 951	35 625	11 034	2 965	28 012	4 166	23 268	2 551	22 077	20 267
Q2	188 685	2 828	185 857	16 921	6 985	10 955	36 402	10 762	2 970	28 194	4 202	23 140	2 587	22 209	20 530
Q3	191 217	3 262	187 955	16 828	7 083	10 996	36 950	10 817	3 059	28 169	4 184	23 613	2 618	22 252	21 386
Q4	193 319	2 885	190 434	17 108	7 029	11 111	37 948	11 032	3 108	28 563	4 220	24 098	2 653	22 396	21 168
2006 Q1	194 190 <sup>†</sup>	3 079 <sup>†</sup>	191 111 <sup>†</sup>	17 025 <sup>†</sup>	6 961 <sup>†</sup>	11 163 <sup>†</sup>	38 356 <sup>†</sup>	11 077 <sup>†</sup>	3 091 <sup>†</sup>	28 870 <sup>†</sup>	4 264 <sup>†</sup>	23 802 <sup>†</sup>	2 677	22 588 <sup>†</sup>	21 237 <sup>†</sup>
Q2	197 438	3 067	194 371	17 506	7 117	11 467	39 320	11 320	3 116	29 023	4 250	24 447	2 713	22 831	21 261
Q3	199 685	2 767	196 918	17 934	7 209	11 676	39 908	11 455	3 111	29 152	4 249	24 736	2 771	23 312	21 405
Q4	202 729	3 046	199 683	18 462	7 232	11 844	40 794	11 435	3 156	29 140	4 293	24 759	2 837	23 304	22 427
2007 Q1	205 564	3 165	202 399	18 713	7 411	11 890	41 478	11 591	3 295	29 586	4 366	24 946	2 969	23 664	22 490
Q2	208 277	3 248	205 029	18 987	7 483	12 115	42 071	11 894	3 355	29 929	4 430	25 119	2 997	23 913	22 736
Q3	211 102	3 415	207 687	19 301	7 517	12 203	43 262	11 906	3 427	30 169	4 508	25 489	3 020	23 763	23 122

# 1.8 Household final consumption expenditure<sup>1</sup>

continued

COICOP	UK National <sup>2</sup>																	
	UK Domestic <sup>3</sup>																	
	Net Total tourism	Total	Food & Drink	Alcohol & tobacco <sup>4</sup>	Clothing & footwear	Housing	Household goods & services	Health	Transport <sup>4</sup>	Communication	Recreati- on & culture	Education	Restaura- nts & hotels <sup>4</sup>	Miscella- neous	10	11	12	
<b>Chained volume measures</b>																		
ABPF	ABTG	ABQJ	ADIP	ADIS	ADIW	ADIZ	ADJF	ADJM	ADJQ	ADJU	ADJV	ADMJ	ADMK	ADMN				
1997	558 064	-319	558 122	57 261	27 125	25 696	121 226	30 248	10 531	85 325	8 698	52 550	10 582	71 229	64 600			
1998	579 342	2 074	576 994	58 058	26 829	26 736	122 959	31 443	10 472	89 008	9 644	57 871	10 530	73 811	65 059			
1999	606 648	5 868	600 627	59 904	27 623	28 689	123 662	33 130	10 362	92 969	10 948	63 601	11 394	74 191	67 867			
2000	633 662	8 151	625 437	61 944	26 704	31 744	125 299	36 305	10 421	96 209	12 698	68 038	11 489	76 252	70 524			
2001	653 326	10 733	642 595	61 048	26 497	34 485	126 749	38 310	10 697	98 485	14 452	72 552	10 692	76 434	73 239			
2002	676 833	12 084	664 790	62 143	26 884	38 499	127 979	40 552	10 980	101 621	14 796	77 597	10 091	78 303	75 715			
2003	697 160	12 158	685 002	63 174	27 297	41 155	129 051	42 466	11 335	104 569	15 654	84 386	9 610	78 902	77 403			
2004	721 434	12 770	708 664	65 181	27 444	44 087	131 490	43 577	11 609	106 610	16 361	92 889	9 541	81 796	78 079			
2005	732 005	11 598	720 407	66 231	27 325	46 410	131 756	42 931	11 636	107 316	17 120	98 594	9 476	83 893	77 719			
2006	746 097 <sup>†</sup>	11 463	734 634 <sup>†</sup>	67 969 <sup>†</sup>	26 895 <sup>†</sup>	49 108 <sup>†</sup>	133 410 <sup>†</sup>	44 078 <sup>†</sup>	11 988 <sup>†</sup>	107 936 <sup>†</sup>	17 484 <sup>†</sup>	104 221 <sup>†</sup>	9 480	83 658 <sup>†</sup>	78 407 <sup>†</sup>			
<b>Percentage change, year on previous year</b>																		
1997	3.5	2.9	1.7	1.2	3.7	1.1	5.1	-1.3	3.8	9.5	7.0	7.8	-	2.8				
1998	3.8	3.4	1.4	-1.1	4.0	1.4	4.0	-0.6	4.3	10.9	10.1	-0.5	3.6	0.7				
1999	4.7	4.1	3.2	3.0	7.3	0.6	5.4	-1.1	4.5	13.5	9.9	8.2	0.5	4.3				
2000	4.5	4.1	3.4	-3.3	10.6	1.3	9.6	0.6	3.5	16.0	7.0	0.8	2.8	3.9				
2001	3.1	2.7	-1.4	-0.8	8.6	1.2	5.5	2.6	2.4	13.8	6.6	-6.9	0.2	3.8				
2002	3.6	3.5	1.8	1.5	11.6	1.0	5.9	2.6	3.2	2.4	7.0	-5.6	2.4	3.4				
2003	3.0	3.0	1.7	1.5	6.9	0.8	4.7	3.2	2.9	5.8	8.7	-4.8	0.8	2.2				
2004	3.5	3.5	3.2	0.5	7.1	1.9	2.6	2.4	2.0	4.5	10.1	-0.7	3.7	0.9				
2005	1.5	1.7	1.6	-0.4 <sup>†</sup>	5.3	0.2	-1.5	0.2	0.7	4.6	6.1	-0.7	2.6	-0.5				
2006	1.9	2.0	2.6	-1.6 <sup>†</sup>	5.8 <sup>†</sup>	1.3	2.7	3.0 <sup>†</sup>	0.6 <sup>†</sup>	2.1	5.7	-	-0.3	0.9 <sup>†</sup>				
<b>Not seasonally adjusted</b>																		
2004 Q3	182 480	4 911	177 569	15 721	6 648	10 696	31 512	10 886	2 883	29 355	4 084	22 420	2 380	21 950	19 034			
Q4	188 733	1 841	186 892	17 277	7 569	13 619	33 693	11 720	2 987	24 524	4 294	26 305	2 371	21 133	21 400			
2005 Q1	175 174	2 593	172 581	16 106	6 412	9 821	33 996	10 418	2 815	26 687	4 196	22 654	2 366	18 710	18 400			
Q2	180 723	3 043	177 680	16 636	6 698	10 914	32 203	10 526	2 831	27 318	4 200	23 532	2 366	21 294	19 162			
Q3	184 345	4 500	179 845	15 956	6 766	11 167	31 595	10 071	2 911	29 253	4 192	23 808	2 372	22 434	19 320			
Q4	191 763	1 462	190 301	17 533	7 449	14 508	33 962	11 916	3 079	24 058	4 532	28 600	2 372	21 455	20 837			
2006 Q1	177 496 <sup>†</sup>	2 396	175 100 <sup>†</sup>	16 376 <sup>†</sup>	6 229 <sup>†</sup>	10 131 <sup>†</sup>	34 388 <sup>†</sup>	10 373	2 938 <sup>†</sup>	26 984 <sup>†</sup>	4 299	23 769	2 367 <sup>†</sup>	18 530 <sup>†</sup>	18 716 <sup>†</sup>			
Q2	183 878	3 101	180 777	17 018	6 604	11 524	32 688	10 807 <sup>†</sup>	2 977	26 891	4 271	25 333 <sup>†</sup>	2 369 <sup>†</sup>	21 141	19 154			
Q3	187 921	4 147	183 774	16 511	6 654	11 908	32 269	10 699	2 956	29 537	4 296 <sup>†</sup>	25 174	2 382	22 591	18 797			
Q4	196 802	1 819	194 983	18 064	7 408	15 545	34 065	12 199	3 117	24 524	4 618	29 945	2 362	21 396	21 740			
2007 Q1	182 803	2 868 <sup>†</sup>	179 935	17 277	6 378	10 863	34 425	10 608	3 054	27 404	4 553	25 268	2 438	18 683	18 984			
Q2	188 557	3 500	185 057	17 495	6 751	12 188	32 935	10 846	3 132	27 312	4 647	26 520	2 433	21 386	19 412			
Q3	194 481	5 255	189 226	17 145	6 786	12 549	32 689	10 922	3 179	30 067	4 744	27 030	2 416	22 162	19 537			
<b>Seasonally adjusted</b>																		
ABJR	ABTH	ZAKW	ZWUN	ZAKY	ZALA	ZAVO	ZAVW	ZAWC	ZAWM	ZAWW	ZAXA	ZWUT	ZAXS	ZAYG				
2004 Q3	181 032	3 310	177 722	16 239	6 837	11 108	32 881	11 207	2 908	26 738	4 162	23 396	2 380	20 464	19 402			
Q4	181 843	3 154	178 689	16 527	6 861	11 163	32 957	10 833	2 881	27 157	4 126	23 503	2 371	20 551	19 759			
2005 Q1	182 466	3 072	179 394	16 402	6 853	11 445	32 758	10 939	2 857	26 939	4 222	24 092	2 366	21 168	19 353			
Q2	182 306	2 776	179 530	16 550	6 808	11 538	32 899	10 608	2 860	27 032	4 277	24 111	2 366	21 037	19 444			
Q3	183 174	3 048	180 126	16 514	6 898	11 620	32 832	10 601	2 939	26 592	4 282	24 894	2 372	20 876	19 706			
Q4	184 059	2 702	181 357	16 765	6 766	11 807	33 267	10 783	2 980	26 753	4 339	25 497	2 372	20 812	19 216			
2006 Q1	184 076 <sup>†</sup>	2 772 <sup>†</sup>	181 304 <sup>†</sup>	16 623 <sup>†</sup>	6 663 <sup>†</sup>	11 862 <sup>†</sup>	33 180 <sup>†</sup>	10 833 <sup>†</sup>	2 990 <sup>†</sup>	26 927 <sup>†</sup>	4 327 <sup>†</sup>	25 172 <sup>†</sup>	2 367 <sup>†</sup>	20 817 <sup>†</sup>	19 543 <sup>†</sup>			
Q2	186 465	2 877	183 588	16 978	6 721	12 187	33 398	11 100	3 004	26 858	4 347	26 144	2 369 <sup>†</sup>	20 840	19 642			
Q3	186 828	2 689	184 139	17 065	6 765	12 421	33 405	11 118	2 985	26 914	4 387	26 367	2 382	21 107	19 223			
Q4	188 728	3 125	185 603	17 303	6 746	12 638	33 427	11 027	3 009	27 237	4 423	26 538	2 362	20 894	19 999			
2007 Q1	190 114	3 323	186 791	17 487	6 843	12 754	33 406	11 082	3 116	27 340	4 587	26 809	2 438	21 038	19 891			
Q2	191 491	3 283	188 208	17 492	6 873	12 913	33 579	11 217	3 152	27 281	4 743	27 524	2 433	21 062	19 939			
Q3	193 591	3 503	190 088	17 765	6 883	13 074	34 002	11 271	3 206	27 391	4 841	28 394	2 416	20 794	20 051			

1 Until September 2001, Household Expenditure was published and broken down into 13 main headings according to existing UK National Accounts convention. From September 2001 it has been reclassified so as to conform to the European System of Accounts 1995 (ESA 95) COICOP (Classification Of Individual Consumption by Purpose).  
 2 Final consumption expenditure by UK households in the UK and abroad.  
 3 Final expenditure consumption in the UK by UK and foreign households.

4 Following reclassification to COICOP, alcohol consumed on the premises has been transferred from the "alcohol and tobacco" heading to "restaurants and hotels". Similarly, under reclassification, transport now includes purchase of bicycles.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 020 7533 6031

# 1.9 Change in inventories at chained volume measures

£ million<sup>1</sup>

	Mining and quarrying	Manufacturing industries				Elect- ricity, gas and water supply	Distributive trades			Change in inventories
		Materials and fuel	Work in progress	Finished goods	Total		Wholesale <sup>2</sup>	Retail <sup>2</sup>	Other industries <sup>3</sup>	
<b>Level of inventories held at end-December 2006</b>										
938	15 905	16 659	19 536	52 100	2 030	28 393	25 462	57 039	165 962	
1997	FADO	FBID	FBIE	FBIF	DHBH	FADP	FAJM	FBYH	DLWV	ABMQ
1997	72	254	-1 413	295	-864	54	1 703	979	1 713	3 394
1998	367	537	-703	317	151	-163	666	1 186	2 636	4 291
1999	-325	503	-259	-430	-186	-167	1 743	1 722	3 464	5 803
2000	-263	543	358	418	1 319	202	1 939	1 480	-283	4 648
2001	87	-513	369	160	16	16	887	1 113	3 458	5 577
2002	-37	-496	-149	-372	-1 017	-132	788	1 716	971	2 289
2003	-66	-198	-650	-138	-986	-13	407	1 241	3 399	3 982
2004	-46	7	-614	-296	-903	8	304	1 000	4 234	4 597
2005	-47	-179	863	56	740	586	978	-412	1 766	3 611
2006	-67	-289	588	-321	-22	197	510	673	-55	1 237
<b>Unadjusted</b>										
2003 Q2	56	86	519	-363	242	-4	-614	778	-1 705	-1 247
Q3	-89	-313	-55	113	-255	22	786	1 054	2 275	3 793
Q4	-	-313	-1 238	-710	-2 261	-66	-273	-182	1 574	-1 208
2004 Q1	-28	-512	625	-61	52	117	629	691	1 787	3 248
Q2	12	-7	-345	160	-192	-116	325	-349	166	-154
Q3	-29	551	-70	190	671	105	-177	305	1 510	2 385
Q4	-1	-25	-824	-585	-1 434	-98	-473	353	771	-882
2005 Q1	-	207	248	763	1 218	-150	-696	-966	2 528	1 934
Q2	-29	-300	372	-434	-362	228	1 100	-883	-427	-373
Q3	-11	36	219	7	262	198	666	1 525	592	3 232
Q4	-7	-122	24	-280	-378	310	-92	-88	-927	-1 182
2006 Q1	-78	-43	846	469	1 272	-299	-335	-67	460	950
Q2	18	-168	427	-566	-307	226	578	-343	-1 808	-1 636
Q3	-14	177	199	-210	166	273	543	1 560	1 806	4 334
Q4	7	-255	-884	-14	-1 153	-3	-276	-477	-513	-2 411
2007 Q1	-10	479	471	947	1 897	-133	-10	-75	2 195	3 861
Q2	-9	-71	34	-483	-520	-6	-579	-189	-362	-1 665
Q3	-57	341	-61	238	518	92	760	1 195	1 049	3 554
<b>Seasonally adjusted</b>										
2003 Q2	FAEA	FBNF	FBNG	FBNH	DHBM	FAEB	FAJX	FBYN	DLWX	CAFU
Q3	55	-8	306	-31	267	-33	-370	894	-1 448	-635
Q4	-99	-557	-243	273	-527	-44	291	445	2 157	2 223
	6	-115	-684	-144	-943	-13	378	58	3 386	2 872
2004 Q1	-27	-435	420	-1 177	-1 192	159	270	927	-576	-439
Q2	12	-76	-547	580	-43	-145	436	-128	910	1 042
Q3	-35	355	-199	283	439	39	-582	-362	1 548	1 047
Q4	4	163	-288	18	-107	-45	180	563	2 352	2 947
2005 Q1	4	246	197	57	500	-106	110	-352	1 738	1 894
Q2	-28	-186	151	-125	-160	188	496	-631	932	797
Q3	-19	-219	103	7	-109	133	157	712	-21	853
Q4	-4	-20	412	117	509	371	215	-141	-883	67
2006 Q1	-69	-189	368	66	245	-263	-333	373	530 <sup>†</sup>	483 <sup>†</sup>
Q2	16	22	127	-178	-29	191	937	67	-1 106	76
Q3	-20	7	-56	-420	-469	185	112	533	696	1 037
Q4	6	-129	149	211	231	84	-206	-300	-175	-360
2007 Q1	-7	284	158	-79	363	-54	-17	484	-536	233
Q2	-10	80	-203	-40	-163	-52 <sup>†</sup>	-347	199 <sup>†</sup>	1 036	663
Q3	-61 <sup>†</sup>	206 <sup>†</sup>	-214 <sup>†</sup>	304 <sup>†</sup>	296 <sup>†</sup>	-12 <sup>†</sup>	367 <sup>†</sup>	119 <sup>†</sup>	1 386	2 095

1 Estimates are given to the nearest £ million but cannot be regarded as accurate to this degree.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 0207 533 5934

2 Wholesaling and retailing estimates exclude the motor trades.

3 Quarterly alignment adjustment included in this series. For description see notes.

# 1.10 Gross fixed capital formation by sector and type of asset

£ million

Analysis by sector													Analysis by asset				
	Business investment <sup>2</sup>	General government <sup>3</sup>	Public corporations <sup>1</sup>			Private sector			Total	Transport equipment	Other machinery and equipment	Dwellings	Other buildings and structures	Intangible fixed assets	Total		
			Dwellings	Existing buildings and dwellings <sup>4</sup>	Dwellings	Existing buildings and dwellings <sup>4</sup>	Total										
<b>At current prices</b>																	
1997	NPEM	NNBF	DEER	DLXQ	DFDF	EQBY	NPQX	DLWZ	DLXI	DFDK	EQEC	DLXP	NPQX				
1997	97 488	10 487	1 623	-1 009	22 017	7 701	138 307	12 580	51 465	23 928	41 398	8 936	138 307				
1998	112 796	11 910	1 632	-1 162	23 317	7 504	155 997	16 113	58 915	25 222	46 286	9 461	155 997				
1999	115 795	12 599	1 529	-1 906	23 921	9 784	161 722	14 683	60 670	25 700	50 646	10 023	161 722				
2000	118 917	12 227	1 421	-2 171	25 604	11 174	167 172	13 577	63 535	27 394	51 996	10 670	167 172				
2001	118 334	13 533	2 387	-2 254	27 085	12 697	171 782	14 656	60 929	29 806	55 065	11 326	171 782				
2002	118 172	15 452	2 837	-2 764	31 455	15 399	180 551	16 314	57 152	34 499	59 972	12 614	180 551				
2003	117 167	20 509	3 509	-5 674	34 804	16 385	186 700	15 592	54 441	38 462	64 355	13 850	186 700				
2004	119 580	23 206	3 235	-5 440	40 927	20 752	202 260	14 939	57 053	44 299	71 805	14 164	202 260				
2005	139 534	7 130	3 574	-2 675	44 398	19 901	211 862	14 974 <sup>†</sup>	56 963	48 043	77 495	14 387	211 862 <sup>†</sup>				
2006	132 137 <sup>†</sup>	23 936 <sup>†</sup>	4 009 <sup>†</sup>	-2 368 <sup>†</sup>	50 466	24 639 <sup>†</sup>	232 819 <sup>†</sup>	15 378 <sup>†</sup>	59 309 <sup>†</sup>	54 483 <sup>†</sup>	88 164 <sup>†</sup>	15 485	232 819 <sup>†</sup>				
<b>Unadjusted</b>																	
2003 Q2	28 697	3 658	479	-1 123	8 724	3 462	43 897	4 134	12 519	9 231	14 578	3 435	43 897				
Q3	28 527	4 591	721	-1 124	8 835	4 181	45 731	3 941	12 818	9 608	15 866	3 498	45 731				
Q4	30 866	5 243	831	-1 306	9 788	4 292	49 714	3 564	14 859	10 668	17 087	3 536	49 714				
2004 Q1	29 818	7 250	1 157	-1 923	8 957	5 361	50 620	3 727	14 144	10 140	19 063	3 546	50 620				
Q2	28 787	4 710	520	-1 149	10 404	4 876	48 148	4 202	13 123	10 952	16 332	3 539	48 148				
Q3	30 163	5 233	708	-1 211	10 247	5 740	50 880	3 721	14 446	11 005	18 172	3 536	50 880				
Q4	30 812	6 013	850	-1 157	11 319	4 775	52 612	3 289	15 340	12 202	18 238	3 543	52 612				
2005 Q1	30 442	8 086	1 237	-1 080	10 170	4 103	52 960	3 576	14 532	11 463	19 813	3 576	52 960				
Q2	45 895	-11 858	525	-581	11 062	4 696	49 742	4 120	13 179	11 590	17 315	3 538	49 742				
Q3	31 060	5 288	860	-501	10 870	5 651	53 226	3 905	13 836	11 737	20 141	3 607	53 226				
Q4	32 137	5 614	952	-513	12 296	5 451	55 934	3 373	15 416	13 253	20 226	3 666	55 934				
2006 Q1	31 334 <sup>†</sup>	8 416 <sup>†</sup>	1 644 <sup>†</sup>	-966	10 972	6 147 <sup>†</sup>	57 543 <sup>†</sup>	3 300 <sup>†</sup>	14 801 <sup>†</sup>	12 618 <sup>†</sup>	22 988 <sup>†</sup>	3 836	57 543 <sup>†</sup>				
Q2	31 640	4 253 <sup>†</sup>	494 <sup>†</sup>	-390 <sup>†</sup>	12 800	5 331	54 123	4 266 <sup>†</sup>	13 227 <sup>†</sup>	13 292 <sup>†</sup>	19 565	3 773	54 123				
Q3	33 208	5 367	933	-469	12 972	6 540	58 550	3 897	14 719	13 910	22 124	3 900	58 550				
Q4	35 955	5 900	938	-543	13 722	6 621	62 603	3 915	16 562	14 663	23 487	3 976	62 603				
2007 Q1	34 305	9 210	1 569	-862	12 392 <sup>†</sup>	6 796	63 436	3 782	16 746	13 959	24 893	4 056 <sup>†</sup>	63 436				
Q2	34 085	4 527	551	-444	13 605 <sup>†</sup>	6 342	58 710	4 352	14 741	14 161	21 398	4 058 <sup>†</sup>	58 710				
Q3	35 845	6 430	971	-563	13 525	7 372	63 644	4 094	16 128	14 503	24 781	4 138	63 644				
<b>Seasonally adjusted</b>																	
2003 Q2	NPEK	RPZG	DKQG	TLNI	GGAG	TLOP	NPQS	TLPX	TLPW	GGAE	EQED	TLPK	NPQS				
Q3	29 419	4 658	802	-1 303	8 586	3 918	46 080	3 641	13 478	9 416	16 110	3 435	46 080				
Q4	28 852	5 073	885	-1 308	8 896	3 918	46 316	3 923	13 188	9 833	15 874	3 498	46 316				
2004 Q1	29 734	5 345	757	-1 453	9 805	4 919	49 107	3 847	13 989	10 588	17 137	3 546	49 107				
Q2	29 510	5 771	840	-1 353	10 231	5 575	50 574	3 755	14 063	11 099	18 118	3 539	50 574				
Q3	30 360	5 811	818	-1 392	10 278	5 409	51 284	3 683	14 688	11 146	18 231	3 536	51 284				
Q4	29 976	6 279	820	-1 242	10 613	4 849	51 295	3 654	14 313	11 466	18 319	3 543	51 295				
2005 Q1	30 567	5 906	769	-729	11 165	3 704	51 382	3 771	14 340	11 990	17 705	3 576	51 382				
Q2	46 615	-10 694	860	-775	10 732	5 265	52 003	3 630	14 105	11 595	19 135	3 538	52 003				
Q3	31 243	5 886	979	-620	10 903	5 391	53 782	3 886	14 131	11 889	20 269	3 607	53 782				
Q4	31 109	6 032	966	-551	11 598	5 541	54 695	3 687	14 387	12 569	20 386	3 666	54 695				
2006 Q1	31 582 <sup>†</sup>	6 011 <sup>†</sup>	1 071 <sup>†</sup>	-631 <sup>†</sup>	11 903 <sup>†</sup>	5 940 <sup>†</sup>	55 876 <sup>†</sup>	3 489 <sup>†</sup>	14 537 <sup>†</sup>	12 976 <sup>†</sup>	21 038 <sup>†</sup>	3 836	55 876 <sup>†</sup>				
Q2	32 434	5 900	881	-585	12 569	5 776	56 975	3 847	14 235	13 448	21 672	3 773	56 975				
Q3	33 278	5 837	1 063	-586	13 094	6 274	58 960	3 864	14 994	14 162	22 040	3 900	58 960				
Q4	34 843	6 188	994	-566	12 900	6 649	61 008	4 178	15 543	13 897	23 414	3 976	61 008				
2007 Q1	34 605	6 628	1 040	-541	13 428	6 469	61 629	4 030	16 334	14 466	22 743	4 056	61 629				
Q2	35 013	6 436	1 001	-632	13 366	7 004	62 188	3 943	15 923	14 372	23 892	4 058 <sup>†</sup>	62 188				
Q3	35 873	7 015	1 098	-676	13 635	7 102	64 047	4 052	16 376	14 740	24 741	4 138	64 047				

# 1.10 Gross fixed capital formation by sector and type of asset

continued

£ million

	Analysis by sector										Analysis by asset						
	Public corporations <sup>1</sup>					Private sector					Transport equipment		Other machinery and equipment		Other new buildings and structures		Total
	Business investment <sup>2</sup>	General government <sup>3</sup>	Dwellings	Existing buildings and dwellings <sup>4</sup>	Total	Dwellings	Existing buildings and dwellings <sup>4</sup>	Total	Dwellings	Other machinery and equipment	Dwellings	Other new buildings and structures	Intangible fixed assets				
<b>Chained volume measures (Reference year 2003)</b>																	
1997	NPEN	EQDN	DEEW	EQDF	DFDP	EQCY	NPQR	DLWJ	DLWM	DFDV	DLWQ	EQDT	NPQR				
1997	88 805	11 140	2 032	-2 215	31 610	18 197	144 472	12 960	38 217	33 942	54 092	10 438	144 472				
1998	105 973	12 218	1 974	-2 284	31 971	15 614	164 249	16 279	47 942	34 201	58 200	10 742	164 249				
1999	110 300	13 059	1 747	-3 141	30 928	16 821	169 117	14 602	51 667	32 863	59 956	11 079	169 117				
2000	115 194	12 665	1 552	-3 093	31 041	16 293	173 710	13 489	55 774	32 888	58 736	11 445	173 710				
2001	116 971	13 980	2 521	-2 825	31 318	16 173	178 203	14 698	56 780	34 172	59 527	11 742	178 203				
2002	118 331	15 740	2 898	-3 092	33 748	17 369	184 701	16 414	55 971	36 839	62 088	12 371	184 701				
2003	117 167	20 509	3 509	-5 674	34 804	16 385	186 700	15 592	54 441	38 462	64 355	13 850	186 700				
2004	119 928	22 266	3 161	-5 561	38 245	19 616	197 655	14 706	58 817	41 541	68 135	14 457	197 655				
2005	138 768	5 658 <sup>†</sup>	3 423 <sup>†</sup>	-2 813 <sup>†</sup>	38 845 <sup>†</sup>	16 773 <sup>†</sup>	200 654 <sup>†</sup>	14 908	58 839 <sup>†</sup>	42 337 <sup>†</sup>	70 493 <sup>†</sup>	14 077 <sup>†</sup>	200 654 <sup>†</sup>				
2006	132 303 <sup>†</sup>	21 543 <sup>†</sup>	3 772 <sup>†</sup>	-1 864 <sup>†</sup>	42 246 <sup>†</sup>	18 465 <sup>†</sup>	216 465 <sup>†</sup>	15 316 <sup>†</sup>	62 849 <sup>†</sup>	46 026 <sup>†</sup>	77 319 <sup>†</sup>	14 956 <sup>†</sup>	216 465 <sup>†</sup>				
<b>Unadjusted</b>																	
2003 Q2	28 732	3 530	479	-1 177	8 639	3 770	44 085	4 089	12 255	9 127	15 069	3 425	44 085				
Q3	28 490	4 426	717	-1 038	8 724	3 893	45 170	3 900	13 063	9 486	15 203	3 517	45 170				
Q4	30 824	5 011	822	-1 175	9 607	3 863	48 701	3 502	15 127	10 472	16 267	3 583	48 701				
2004 Q1	29 825	7 430	1 140	-2 187	8 761	5 730	50 699	3 755	14 580	9 927	18 805	3 632	50 699				
Q2	28 997	4 545	509	-904	9 584	4 414	47 144	4 151	13 633	10 121	15 618	3 621	47 144				
Q3	30 278	4 925	689	-857	9 476	4 841	49 352	3 663	14 888	10 214	16 982	3 606	49 352				
Q4	30 828	5 366	823	-1 613	10 424	4 631	50 460	3 137	15 716	11 279	16 730	3 598	50 460				
2005 Q1	30 337	7 547	1 197	-613	9 294	3 086	50 848	3 510	14 864	10 545	18 404	3 525	50 848				
Q2	45 466	-11 617	503	-588	9 554	3 914	47 233	4 135	13 720	10 060	15 855	3 463	47 233				
Q3	30 869	4 795	821	-747	9 404	4 900	50 041	3 914	14 228	10 232	18 147	3 520	50 041				
Q4	32 096	4 933	902	-865	10 593	4 873	52 532	3 349	16 027	11 500	18 087	3 569	52 532				
2006 Q1	31 313 <sup>†</sup>	7 475 <sup>†</sup>	1 554 <sup>†</sup>	-616 <sup>†</sup>	9 399 <sup>†</sup>	4 648 <sup>†</sup>	53 772 <sup>†</sup>	3 337 <sup>†</sup>	15 539 <sup>†</sup>	10 955 <sup>†</sup>	20 215 <sup>†</sup>	3 726 <sup>†</sup>	53 772 <sup>†</sup>				
Q2	31 614	4 075 <sup>†</sup>	466 <sup>†</sup>	-300 <sup>†</sup>	10 718 <sup>†</sup>	4 094 <sup>†</sup>	50 667	4 261 <sup>†</sup>	14 115	11 182 <sup>†</sup>	17 459	3 650	50 667				
Q3	33 302	4 799	880	-431	10 769	4 850	54 169	3 860	15 596	11 654	19 295	3 763	54 169				
Q4	36 074	5 194	872	-517	11 360	4 873	57 857	3 858	17 599	12 235	20 350	3 817	57 857				
2007 Q1	34 490	8 390	1 435	-551	10 204	4 725	58 693	3 778	17 927	11 637	21 466	3 884	58 693				
Q2	33 988	4 116	499	-240	11 175	4 183	53 721	4 292	15 638	11 679	18 245	3 867	53 721				
Q3	35 581	5 495	882	-482	11 080	4 865	57 420	4 030	16 764	11 968	20 732	3 926	57 420				
<b>Seasonally adjusted</b>																	
2003 Q2	NPEL	DLWF	DKQH	DLWH	DFEA	DLWI	NPQT	DLWL	DLWO	DFEG	DLWT	EQDO	NPQT				
Q3	29 361	4 507	804	-1 378	8 695	4 145	46 131	3 669	13 165	9 536	16 287	3 430	46 131				
Q4	28 749	4 999	882	-1 243	8 812	3 772	45 964	3 894	13 392	9 752	15 405	3 516	45 964				
2004 Q1	29 264	5 970	746	-1 598	9 421	5 551	49 353	3 771	14 083	10 193	17 675	3 632	49 353				
Q2	29 815	5 360	824	-1 174	9 578	4 757	49 159	3 760	14 627	10 430	16 722	3 621	49 159				
Q3	30 653	5 311	797	-1 186	9 524	4 733	49 832	3 635	15 299	10 370	16 922	3 606	49 832				
Q4	30 196	5 625	794	-1 603	9 722	4 575	49 311	3 540	14 808	10 548	16 816	3 598	49 311				
2005 Q1	30 515	5 409	746	-162	9 982	2 903	49 393	3 685	14 583	10 782	16 818	3 525	49 393				
Q2	46 218	-10 586	826	-861	9 469	4 268	49 334	3 703	14 675	10 298	17 195	3 463	49 334				
Q3	31 043	5 405	936	-936	9 474	4 720	50 642	3 866	14 618	10 417	18 221	3 520	50 642				
Q4	30 992	5 430	915	-854	9 920	4 882	51 285	3 654	14 963	10 840	18 259	3 569	51 285				
2006 Q1	31 541 <sup>†</sup>	5 312 <sup>†</sup>	1 014 <sup>†</sup>	-284 <sup>†</sup>	10 096 <sup>†</sup>	4 521 <sup>†</sup>	52 200 <sup>†</sup>	3 463 <sup>†</sup>	15 162 <sup>†</sup>	11 112 <sup>†</sup>	18 736 <sup>†</sup>	3 726 <sup>†</sup>	52 200 <sup>†</sup>				
Q2	32 417	5 351	833	-581	10 644	4 520	53 184	3 887	15 156	11 475	19 016	3 650	53 184				
Q3	33 418	5 304	999	-562	10 861	4 616	54 636	3 802	16 015	11 865	19 191	3 763	54 636				
Q4	34 927	5 576	926	-437	10 645	4 808	56 445	4 164	16 516	11 574	20 376	3 817	56 445				
2007 Q1	34 750	5 972	954	-278	10 961	4 654	57 013	3 974	17 404	11 913	19 838	3 884	57 013				
Q2	34 941	5 525	911	-506	11 093	4 618	56 582	3 922	16 871	12 009	19 913	3 867	56 582				
Q3	35 639	6 087	994	-593	11 180	4 612	57 919	3 968	17 198	12 180	20 648	3 926	57 919				

1 Remaining investment by public corporations included within business investment.

2 Not including dwellings and purchases less sales of land and existing buildings.

3 Please note that the data in the second quarter of 2005 is due to the transfer of nuclear reactors. In April 2005 British Nuclear Fuels (BNFL) transferred to the Nuclear Decommissioning Authority (NDA) nuclear reactors that were reaching the ends of their productive lives. BNFL is classified as a public

corporation in the National Accounts and the NDA as central government. This transfer does not affect whole economy gross fixed capital formation (GFCF) since it is an acquisition by one sector and a disposal by another. The value of the transfer was -£15.6 billion. The negative value reflects the fact that the reactors are at the end of their productive lives and have large decommissioning and clean-up liabilities.

4 Including costs associated with the transfer of ownership of buildings, dwellings, and non-produced assets.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 0207 533 5934

# 1.11 Business Investment<sup>1</sup> by Industry, Chained volume measures

Reference year 2003, £ million<sup>2</sup>

	Manufacturing										Non-manufacturing			
	Manufacturing			Non-manufacturing							Total		Total	
	Private Sector <sup>3</sup>		Public Corporations <sup>5</sup>	Total	Other Production <sup>4</sup>		Construction		Distribution Services	Other Services	Public Corporations	Total	Business Investment	
2003	14 503		309	14 812	11 995		3 456		13 203	69 988	3 713	102 355	117 167	
2004	13 544		262	13 806	11 946		3 770		13 202	74 070	3 134	106 122	119 928	
2005	15 211		15 133	30 344 <sup>†</sup>	10 937		2 724		14 498	76 261	4 004	108 424	138 768	
2006	15 040		-332 <sup>†</sup>	14 708 <sup>†</sup>	13 985 <sup>†</sup>		3 236		13 828	82 737 <sup>†</sup>	3 809 <sup>†</sup>	117 595 <sup>†</sup>	132 303 <sup>†</sup>	
<b>Not seasonally adjusted</b>														
2003 Q4	INKL 4 127		APIA 82	APIL 4 209	IOCQ 2 907		KWOC 1 088		IOYO 3 675	JZKH 18 213	APII 722	APIP 26 618	NPEN 30 824	
2004 Q1	2 891		77	2 968	3 070		883		3 467	18 617	820	26 857	29 825	
Q2	3 343		55	3 398	2 855		1 033		2 685	18 280	746	25 599	28 997	
Q3	3 359		55	3 414	3 043		909		3 424	18 723	765	26 864	30 278	
Q4	3 951		75	4 026	2 978		945		3 626	18 450	803	26 802	30 828	
2005 Q1	3 302		74	3 376	2 894		588		4 084	18 464	931	26 961	30 337	
Q2	3 705		15 189	18 894	2 691		662		3 149	19 069	1 001	26 572	45 466	
Q3	3 837		-66	3 771	2 720		738		3 559	19 024	1 057	27 098	30 869	
Q4	4 367		-64	4 303	2 632		736		3 706	19 704	1 015	27 793	32 096	
2006 Q1	3 521		-65	3 456 <sup>†</sup>	3 233 <sup>†</sup>		789		3 383	19 419 <sup>†</sup>	1 033 <sup>†</sup>	27 857 <sup>†</sup>	31 313 <sup>†</sup>	
Q2	3 479		-35 <sup>†</sup>	3 444 <sup>†</sup>	3 185		835		3 077	20 196	877	28 170	31 614	
Q3	3 700		-117	3 583	3 657		779		3 477	20 797	1 009	29 719	33 302	
Q4	4 340		-115	4 225	3 910		833		3 891	22 325	890	31 849	36 074	
2007 Q1	3 702		-116	3 586	3 890		760		4 005	21 335	914	30 904	34 490	
Q2	3 587 <sup>†</sup>		12	3 599	3 861		751 <sup>†</sup>		3 512 <sup>†</sup>	21 427	838	30 389	33 988	
Q3	3 741		12	3 753	4 152		874		3 757	22 050	995	31 828	35 581	
<b>Percentage change, latest quarter on previous quarter</b>														
2007 Q3	4.3		-	4.3	7.5 <sup>†</sup>		16.4 <sup>†</sup>		7.0 <sup>†</sup>	2.9 <sup>†</sup>	18.7 <sup>†</sup>	4.7 <sup>†</sup>	4.7 <sup>†</sup>	
<b>Percentage change, latest quarter on corresponding quarter of previous year</b>														
2007 Q3	1.1 <sup>†</sup>		-110.3 <sup>†</sup>	4.7 <sup>†</sup>	13.5		12.2 <sup>†</sup>		8.1 <sup>†</sup>	6.0 <sup>†</sup>	-1.4 <sup>†</sup>	7.1 <sup>†</sup>	6.8 <sup>†</sup>	
<b>Seasonally adjusted</b>														
2003 Q4	INLN 3 694		APIE 76	APIN 3 770	IOCR 2 946		KWOE 1 028		IOYQ 3 306	JZKI 18 271	APIK 740	APIT 26 301	NPEL 30 072	
2004 Q1	3 141		69	3 210	2 927		926		3 390	18 079	732	26 054	29 264	
Q2	3 530		64	3 594	2 937		1 069		3 061	18 334	820	26 221	29 815	
Q3	3 356		61	3 417	3 043		896		3 456	19 054	787	27 236	30 653	
Q4	3 517		68	3 585	3 039		879		3 295	18 603	795	26 611	30 196	
2005 Q1	3 581		66	3 647	2 776		634		3 962	18 654	842	26 868	30 515	
Q2	3 895		15 198	19 093	2 802		676		3 592	18 980	1 075	27 125	46 218	
Q3	3 835		-60	3 775	2 710		731		3 559	19 199	1 069	27 268	31 043	
Q4	3 900		-71	3 829	2 649		683		3 385	19 428	1 018	27 163	30 992	
2006 Q1	3 781 <sup>†</sup>		-67 <sup>†</sup>	3 714 <sup>†</sup>	3 122 <sup>†</sup>		852 <sup>†</sup>		3 243 <sup>†</sup>	19 640 <sup>†</sup>	970 <sup>†</sup>	27 827 <sup>†</sup>	31 541 <sup>†</sup>	
Q2	3 664		-37	3 627	3 266		847		3 462	20 278	937	28 790	32 417	
Q3	3 742		-106	3 636	3 629		763		3 504	20 893	993	29 782	33 418	
Q4	3 853		-122	3 731	3 968		774		3 619	21 926	909	31 196	34 927	
2007 Q1	3 977		-116	3 861	3 772		824		3 838	21 581	874	30 889	34 750	
Q2	3 766		9	3 775	3 970		757		3 937	21 612	890	31 166	34 941	
Q3	3 792		24	3 816	4 108		853		3 791	22 101	970	31 823	35 639	
<b>Percentage change, latest quarter on previous quarter</b>														
2007 Q3	0.7 <sup>†</sup>		166.7 <sup>†</sup>	1.1 <sup>†</sup>	3.5 <sup>†</sup>		12.7 <sup>†</sup>		-3.7 <sup>†</sup>	2.3 <sup>†</sup>	9.0 <sup>†</sup>	2.1 <sup>†</sup>	2.0 <sup>†</sup>	
<b>Percentage change, latest quarter on corresponding quarter of previous year</b>														
2007 Q3	1.3 <sup>†</sup>		-122.6 <sup>†</sup>	5.0 <sup>†</sup>	13.2 <sup>†</sup>		11.8 <sup>†</sup>		8.2 <sup>†</sup>	5.8 <sup>†</sup>	-2.3 <sup>†</sup>	6.9 <sup>†</sup>	6.6 <sup>†</sup>	

<sup>1</sup> All figures are exclusive of expenditure on land and existing buildings.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 020 7533 5934

<sup>2</sup> Estimates are shown to the nearest £ million but should not be regarded as accurate to this degree.<sup>3</sup> All private sector figures are exclusive of expenditure on dwellings.<sup>4</sup> Includes Agricultural Contractors.<sup>5</sup> Please note that the data in the second quarter of 2005 is due to the transfer of nuclear reactors. In April 2005 British Nuclear Fuels (BNFL) transferred to the Nuclear Decommissioning Authority (NDA) nuclear reactors that were reaching the end of their productive lives. BNFL is classified as a public corporation in the National Accounts and the NDA as central government. This transfer does not affect whole economy gross fixed capital formation (GFCF) since it is an acquisition by one sector and a disposal by another. The value of the transfer was -£15.6 billion. The negative value reflects the fact that the reactors are at the end of their productive lives and have large decommissioning and clean-up liabilities.

## National accounts

# 1.12 Business Investment<sup>1</sup> by Industry at Current Prices

£ million<sup>2</sup>

	Manufacturing			Non-manufacturing					Total Business Investment	
	Private Sector <sup>3</sup>	Public Corporations <sup>5</sup>	Total	Private Sector <sup>3</sup>				Public Corporations	Total	
				Other Production	Construction	Distribution Services	Other Services			
2003	14 503	309	14 812	11 995	3 456	13 203	69 988	3 713	102 355	117 167
2004	13 448	275	13 723	12 014	3 756	13 247	73 650	3 190	105 857	119 580
2005	15 195	15 447	30 642 <sup>+</sup>	11 850	2 758	14 732	75 322	4 230	108 892	139 534 <sup>+</sup>
2006	15 108	-348 <sup>†</sup>	14 760 <sup>†</sup>	14 708	3 306	14 103	81 148 <sup>†</sup>	4 112 <sup>†</sup>	117 377 <sup>†</sup>	132 137 <sup>†</sup>
<b>Not seasonally adjusted</b>										
2003 Q4	INJJ 4 137	APGG 84	APGZ 4 221	IOCP 2 926	KWOD 1 087	IOYP 3 677	JZKF 18 231	APGS 724	APHR 26 645	NPEM 30 866
2004 Q1	2 883	79	2 962	3 054	881	3 474	18 625	822	26 856	29 818
Q2	3 305	58	3 363	2 845	1 025	2 671	18 124	759	25 424	28 787
Q3	3 333	58	3 391	3 059	903	3 435	18 595	780	26 772	30 163
Q4	3 927	80	4 007	3 056	947	3 667	18 306	829	26 805	30 812
2005 Q1	3 284	79	3 363	3 052	585	4 133	18 341	968	27 079	30 442
Q2	3 698	15 510	19 208	2 932	670	3 193	18 835	1 057	26 687	45 895
Q3	3 834	-72	3 762	2 992	751	3 623	18 816	1 116	27 298	31 060
Q4	4 379	-70	4 309	2 874	752	3 783	19 330	1 089	27 828	32 137
2006 Q1	3 541	-71	3 470 <sup>†</sup>	3 445	807	3 454	19 050 <sup>†</sup>	1 108 <sup>†</sup>	27 864 <sup>†</sup>	31 334 <sup>†</sup>
Q2	3 504	-37 <sup>†</sup>	3 467 <sup>†</sup>	3 357	854	3 140	19 871	951	28 173	31 640
Q3	3 708	-121	3 587	3 808	795	3 543	20 395	1 080	29 621	33 208
Q4	4 355	-119	4 236	4 098	850	3 966	21 832	973	31 719	35 955
2007 Q1	3 725	-120	3 605	4 155	776	4 094	20 680	995	30 700	34 305
Q2	3 626 <sup>†</sup>	13	3 639	4 247 <sup>†</sup>	771 <sup>†</sup>	3 611 <sup>†</sup>	20 902	915	30 446	34 085
Q3	3 881	13	3 894	4 662	897	3 886	21 442	1 064	31 951	35 845
<b>Percentage change, latest quarter on previous quarter</b>										
2007 Q3	7.0 <sup>†</sup>	-	7.0 <sup>†</sup>	9.8 <sup>†</sup>	16.3 <sup>†</sup>	7.6 <sup>†</sup>	2.6 <sup>†</sup>	16.3 <sup>†</sup>	4.9 <sup>†</sup>	5.2 <sup>†</sup>
<b>Percentage change, latest quarter on corresponding quarter of previous year</b>										
2007 Q3	4.7 <sup>†</sup>	-110.7 <sup>†</sup>	8.6 <sup>†</sup>	22.4 <sup>†</sup>	12.8 <sup>†</sup>	9.7 <sup>†</sup>	5.1 <sup>†</sup>	-1.5 <sup>†</sup>	7.9 <sup>†</sup>	7.9 <sup>†</sup>
<b>Seasonally adjusted</b>										
2003 Q4	IOBN 3 709	APID 77	APIF 3 786	IOBM 2 968	IOYV 1 025	IOYW 3 310	JZKG 18 072	APIJ 739	APIO 26 114	NPEK 29 900
2004 Q1	3 136	71	3 207	2 917	925	3 392	18 559	734	26 527	29 734
Q2	3 471	67	3 538	2 924	1 062	3 050	18 102	834	25 972	29 510
Q3	3 336	66	3 402	3 063	890	3 470	18 730	805	26 958	30 360
Q4	3 505	71	3 576	3 110	879	3 335	18 259	817	26 400	29 976
2005 Q1	3 554	72	3 626	2 915	632	4 001	18 517	876	26 941	30 567
Q2	3 876	15 517	19 393	3 025	686	3 648	18 729	1 134	27 222	46 615
Q3	3 845	-64	3 781	2 988	745	3 625	18 972	1 132	27 462	31 243
Q4	3 920	-78	3 842	2 922	695	3 458	19 104	1 088	27 267	31 109
2006 Q1	3 809 <sup>†</sup>	-69 <sup>†</sup>	3 740 <sup>†</sup>	3 329 <sup>†</sup>	871 <sup>†</sup>	3 309 <sup>†</sup>	19 290 <sup>†</sup>	1 043 <sup>†</sup>	27 842 <sup>†</sup>	31 582 <sup>†</sup>
Q2	3 697	-43	3 654	3 443	867	3 533	19 926	1 011	28 780	32 434
Q3	3 729	-109	3 620	3 771	779	3 570	20 468	1 070	29 658	33 278
Q4	3 873	-127	3 746	4 165	789	3 691	21 464	988	31 097	34 843
2007 Q1	4 000	-117	3 883	4 035	841	3 922	20 971	953	30 722	34 605
Q2	3 815	5	3 820	4 359	777	4 048	21 043	966	31 193	35 013
Q3	3 914	26	3 940	4 614	876	3 919	21 479	1 045	31 933	35 873
<b>Percentage change, latest quarter on previous quarter</b>										
2007 Q3	2.6 <sup>†</sup>	420.0 <sup>†</sup>	3.1 <sup>†</sup>	5.8 <sup>†</sup>	12.7 <sup>†</sup>	-3.2 <sup>†</sup>	2.1 <sup>†</sup>	8.2 <sup>†</sup>	2.4 <sup>†</sup>	2.5 <sup>†</sup>
<b>Percentage change, latest quarter on corresponding quarter of previous year</b>										
2007 Q3	5.0 <sup>†</sup>	-123.9 <sup>†</sup>	8.8 <sup>†</sup>	22.4 <sup>†</sup>	12.5 <sup>†</sup>	9.8 <sup>†</sup>	4.9 <sup>†</sup>	-2.3 <sup>†</sup>	7.7 <sup>†</sup>	7.8 <sup>†</sup>

1 All figures are exclusive of expenditure on land and existing buildings.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 020 7533 5934

2 Estimates are shown to the nearest £ million but should not be regarded as accurate to this degree.

3 All private sector figures are exclusive of expenditure on dwellings.

4 Includes Agricultural Contractors.

5 The data in the second quarter of 2005 is due to the transfer of nuclear reactors. In April 2005 British Nuclear Fuels (BNFL) transferred to the Nuclear Decommissioning Authority (NDA) nuclear reactors that were reaching the ends of their productive lives. BNFL is classified as a public corporation in the National Accounts and the NDA as central government. This transfer does not affect whole economy gross fixed capital formation (GFCF) since it is an acquisition by one sector and a disposal by another. The value of the transfer was -£15.6 billion. The negative value reflects the fact that the reactors are at the end of their productive lives and have large decommissioning and clean-up liabilities.

# 1.13 Private Sector<sup>1</sup> Manufacturing Business Investment<sup>2</sup> by Industry, Chained volume measures

Reference year 2003, £ million<sup>3</sup>

Analysis by industry group								Total all manufacturing
Solid & nuclear fuels, oil refining	Metals & metal goods	Chemicals and man made fibres	Engineering and vehicles	Food, drink and tobacco	Textiles, clothing, leather and footwear	Other manufacturing		
2003	471	1 224	2 188	3 798	2 316	231	4 275	14 503
2004	402	1 198	2 192	4 181	1 950	134	3 487	13 544
2005	394	1 339	2 036	4 655	2 185	174	4 428	15 211
2006	579	1 439	1 953	4 382	2 247	129	4 311	15 040
<b>Not seasonally adjusted</b>								
	INJX	INKA	INJY	INJO	INJT	INJU	JZKL	INKL
2003 Q4	135	344	614	1 014	669	70	1 280	4 127
2004 Q1	78	230	471	836	419	37	820	2 891
Q2	82	268	514	1 135	487	37	820	3 343
Q3	100	348	573	944	531	34	829	3 359
Q4	142	352	634	1 266	513	26	1 018	3 951
2005 Q1	80	278	470	989	480	52	953	3 302
Q2	84	294	482	1 221	522	44	1 058	3 705
Q3	92	326	498	1 153	568	40	1 160	3 837
Q4	138	441	586	1 292	615	38	1 257	4 367
2006 Q1	137	336	429	1 081	515	30	993	3 521
Q2	154	380	417	919	562	39	1 008	3 479
Q3	140	345	479	1 093	537	22	1 084	3 700
Q4	148	378	628	1 289	633	38	1 226	4 340
2007 Q1	110	389	443	1 136	562	32	1 030	3 702
Q2	132	310 <sup>†</sup>	476 <sup>†</sup>	985 <sup>†</sup>	667 <sup>†</sup>	26 <sup>†</sup>	991 <sup>†</sup>	3 587 <sup>†</sup>
Q3	102	378	541	1 023	545	46	1 106	3 741
<b>Percentage change, latest quarter on previous quarter</b>								
2007 Q3	-22.7	21.9 <sup>†</sup>	13.7 <sup>†</sup>	3.9 <sup>†</sup>	-18.3 <sup>†</sup>	76.9 <sup>†</sup>	11.6 <sup>†</sup>	4.3
<b>Percentage change, latest quarter on corresponding quarter of previous year</b>								
2007 Q3	-27.1	9.6 <sup>†</sup>	12.9 <sup>†</sup>	-6.4 <sup>†</sup>	1.5 <sup>†</sup>	109.1 <sup>†</sup>	2.0 <sup>†</sup>	1.1 <sup>†</sup>
<b>Seasonally adjusted</b>								
	INKZ	INLC	INLA	INKQ	INKV	INKW	JZKM	INLN
2003 Q4	107	311	502	897	615	70	1 191	3 694
2004 Q1	92	250	540	916	453	37	853	3 141
Q2	95	283	547	1 204	499	37	865	3 530
Q3	100	347	579	941	526	34	829	3 356
Q4	115	318	526	1 120	472	26	940	3 517
2005 Q1	95	305	531	1 081	521	52	996	3 581
Q2	96	312	519	1 278	532	44	1 114	3 895
Q3	93	326	500	1 147	564	40	1 165	3 835
Q4	110	396	486	1 149	568	38	1 153	3 900
2006 Q1	158 <sup>†</sup>	367 <sup>†</sup>	488 <sup>†</sup>	1 149 <sup>†</sup>	556 <sup>†</sup>	30	1 033 <sup>†</sup>	3 781 <sup>†</sup>
Q2	160	401	461	966	554	39	1 083	3 664
Q3	144	339	481	1 123	549	22	1 084	3 742
Q4	117	332	523	1 144	588	38	1 111	3 853
2007 Q1	124	421	507	1 210	608	32	1 075	3 977
Q2	134	325	530	1 037	651	26 <sup>†</sup>	1 063	3 766
Q3	106	374	544	1 051	563	46	1 108	3 792
<b>Percentage change, latest quarter on previous quarter</b>								
2007 Q3	-20.9 <sup>†</sup>	15.1 <sup>†</sup>	2.6 <sup>†</sup>	1.4 <sup>†</sup>	-13.5 <sup>†</sup>	76.9 <sup>†</sup>	4.2 <sup>†</sup>	0.7 <sup>†</sup>
<b>Percentage change, latest quarter on corresponding quarter of previous year</b>								
2007 Q3	-26.4 <sup>†</sup>	10.3 <sup>†</sup>	13.1 <sup>†</sup>	-6.4 <sup>†</sup>	2.6 <sup>†</sup>	109.1 <sup>†</sup>	2.2 <sup>†</sup>	1.3 <sup>†</sup>

<sup>1</sup> All private sector figures are exclusive of expenditure on dwellings.<sup>2</sup> All figures are exclusive of expenditure on land and existing buildings.<sup>3</sup> Estimates are shown to the nearest £ million but should not be regarded as accurate to this degree.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 020 7533 5934

## National accounts

# 1.14 Private Sector<sup>1</sup> Manufacturing Business Investment<sup>2</sup> by Industry at Current Prices

£ million<sup>3</sup>

Analysis by industry group							
	Solid & nuclear fuels, oil refining	Metals & metal goods	Chemicals and man made fibres	Engineering and vehicles	Food, drink and tobacco	Textiles, clothing, leather and footwear	Other manufacturing
2003	471	1 224	2 188	3 798	2 316	231	4 275
2004	407	1 192	2 182	4 151	1 911	137	3 468
2005	395	1 345	2 018	4 651	2 177	175	4 434
2006	581	1 461	1 941	4 383	2 276	131	4 335
<b>Not seasonally adjusted</b>							
	INIV	INIY	INIW	INIM	INIR	INIS	JZKJ
2003 Q4	134	345	616	1 012	673	70	1 287
2004 Q1	78	229	473	833	415	37	818
Q2	83	265	512	1 122	472	39	812
Q3	102	346	571	936	519	34	825
Q4	144	352	626	1 260	505	27	1 013
2005 Q1	80	277	466	984	474	52	951
Q2	84	295	479	1 222	515	44	1 059
Q3	92	328	493	1 154	568	40	1 159
Q4	139	445	580	1 291	620	39	1 265
2006 Q1	137	341	428	1 084	520	30	1 001
Q2	154	388	414	919	570	41	1 018
Q3	140	350	475	1 091	545	22	1 085
Q4	150	382	624	1 289	641	38	1 231
2007 Q1	110	395	442	1 138†	569	32	1 039
Q2	132	316†	476†	991†	678†	26†	1 007†
Q3	103	385	541	1 031	651	46	1 124
<b>Percentage change, latest quarter on previous quarter</b>							
2007 Q3	-22.0	21.8†	13.7†	4.0†	-4.0†	76.9†	11.6†
							7.0†
<b>Percentage change, latest quarter on corresponding quarter of previous year</b>							
2007 Q3	-26.4	10.0†	13.9†	-5.5†	19.4†	109.1†	3.6†
							4.7†
<b>Seasonally adjusted</b>							
	IOAZ	IOBC	IOBA	IOAQ	IOAV	IOAW	JZKK
2003 Q4	105	313	506	901	618	70	1 196
2004 Q1	92	249	541	916	449	37	852
Q2	96	280	545	1 165	488	39	858
Q3	102	346	576	941	512	34	825
Q4	117	317	520	1 129	462	27	933
2005 Q1	95	304	525	1 072	514	52	992
Q2	96	312	516	1 259	531	44	1 118
Q3	93	329	495	1 162	561	40	1 165
Q4	111	400	482	1 158	571	39	1 159
2006 Q1	159†	373†	486†	1 155†	564†	30	1 042
Q2	160	410	458	970	570	41	1 088†
Q3	144	344	476	1 110	546	22	1 087
Q4	118	334	521	1 148	596	38	1 118
2007 Q1	125	427	505	1 210	619	32	1 082
Q2	134	331	529	1 047	674	26†	1 074
Q3	107	380	544	1 053	656	46	1 128
<b>Percentage change, latest quarter on previous quarter</b>							
2007 Q3	-20.1†	14.8†	2.8†	0.6†	-2.7†	76.9†	5.0†
							2.6†
<b>Percentage change, latest quarter on corresponding quarter of previous year</b>							
2007 Q3	-25.7†	10.5†	14.3†	-5.1†	20.1†	109.1†	3.8†
							5.0†

1 All private sector figures are exclusive of expenditure on dwellings.

2 All figures are exclusive of expenditure on land and existing buildings.

3 Estimates are shown to the nearest £ million but should not be regarded as accurate to this degree.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 020 7533 5934

# 1.15 Private Sector<sup>1</sup> Manufacturing Business Investment<sup>2</sup> by Asset

£ million<sup>3</sup>

	Chained volume measures, reference year 2003				Current prices			
	Analysis by asset			Total all manufacturing	Analysis by asset			Total all manufacturing
	New Building Work	Vehicles	Other Capital Equipment		New Building Work	Vehicles	Other Capital Equipment	
2003	1 471	551	12 481	14 503	1 471	551	12 481	14 503
2004	1 272	480	11 792	13 544	1 304	481	11 663	13 448
2005	1 635	643	12 933	15 211	1 676	647	12 872	15 195
2006	1 683	520	12 837	15 040	1 733	525	12 850	15 108
<b>Not seasonally adjusted</b>								
	IMGV	IMSG	INDR	INKL	IMDA	IMOL	IMZW	INJJ
2003 Q4	428	118	3 551	4 127	429	118	3 590	4 137
2004 Q1	242	118	2 531	2 891	247	118	2 518	2 883
Q2	312	113	2 918	3 343	322	113	2 870	3 305
Q3	325	122	2 912	3 359	332	123	2 878	3 333
Q4	393	127	3 431	3 951	403	127	3 397	3 927
2005 Q1	303	139	2 860	3 302	309	139	2 836	3 284
Q2	379	214	3 112	3 705	389	216	3 093	3 698
Q3	469	139	3 229	3 837	481	140	3 213	3 834
Q4	484	151	3 732	4 367	497	152	3 730	4 379
2006 Q1	405	110	3 006	3 521	413	111	3 017	3 541
Q2	392	121	2 966	3 479	408	123	2 973	3 504
Q3	387	150	3 163	3 700	397	151	3 160	3 708
Q4	499	139	3 702	4 340	515	140	3 700	4 355
2007 Q1	407	141	3 154	3 702	418	142	3 165	3 725
Q2	482 <sup>†</sup>	125 <sup>†</sup>	2 980 <sup>†</sup>	3 587 <sup>†</sup>	493 <sup>†</sup>	125 <sup>†</sup>	3 008 <sup>†</sup>	3 626 <sup>†</sup>
Q3	468	117	3 156	3 741	481	117	3 283	3 881
<b>Percentage change, latest quarter on previous quarter</b>								
2007 Q3	-2.9 <sup>†</sup>	-6.4 <sup>†</sup>	5.9 <sup>†</sup>	4.3	-2.4 <sup>†</sup>	-6.4 <sup>†</sup>	9.1 <sup>†</sup>	7.0 <sup>†</sup>
<b>Percentage change, latest quarter on corresponding quarter of previous year</b>								
2007 Q3	20.9 <sup>†</sup>	-22.0 <sup>†</sup>	-0.2 <sup>†</sup>	1.1 <sup>†</sup>	21.2 <sup>†</sup>	-22.5 <sup>†</sup>	3.9 <sup>†</sup>	4.7 <sup>†</sup>
<b>Seasonally adjusted</b>								
	IMKQ	IMWB	INHM	INLN	INSA	INVV	INZQ	IOBN
2003 Q4	404	120	3 141	3 694	383	121	3 205	3 709
2004 Q1	273	121	2 747	3 141	277	121	2 738	3 136
Q2	325	117	3 088	3 530	331	117	3 023	3 471
Q3	312	114	2 930	3 356	335	114	2 887	3 336
Q4	362	128	3 027	3 517	361	129	3 015	3 505
2005 Q1	335	146	3 100	3 581	346	146	3 062	3 554
Q2	390	217	3 288	3 895	399	219	3 258	3 876
Q3	460	128	3 247	3 835	487	129	3 229	3 845
Q4	450	152	3 298	3 900	444	153	3 323	3 920
2006 Q1	442 <sup>†</sup>	115	3 224 <sup>†</sup>	3 781 <sup>†</sup>	461 <sup>†</sup>	116	3 232 <sup>†</sup>	3 809 <sup>†</sup>
Q2	396	124 <sup>†</sup>	3 144	3 664	414	126 <sup>†</sup>	3 157	3 697
Q3	390	142	3 210	3 742	400	143	3 186	3 729
Q4	455	139	3 259	3 853	458	140	3 275	3 873
2007 Q1	446	149	3 382	3 977	465	151	3 384	4 000
Q2	483	128	3 155	3 766	500	127	3 188	3 815
Q3	473	111	3 208	3 792	486	111	3 317	3 914
<b>Percentage change, latest quarter on previous quarter</b>								
2007 Q3	-2.1 <sup>†</sup>	-13.3 <sup>†</sup>	1.7 <sup>†</sup>	0.7 <sup>†</sup>	-2.8 <sup>†</sup>	-12.6 <sup>†</sup>	4.0 <sup>†</sup>	2.6 <sup>†</sup>
<b>Percentage change, latest quarter on corresponding quarter of previous year</b>								
2007 Q3	21.3 <sup>†</sup>	-21.8 <sup>†</sup>	-0.1 <sup>†</sup>	1.3 <sup>†</sup>	21.5 <sup>†</sup>	-22.4 <sup>†</sup>	4.1 <sup>†</sup>	5.0 <sup>†</sup>

<sup>1</sup> All private sector figures are exclusive of expenditure on dwellings.<sup>2</sup> All figures are exclusive of expenditure on land and existing buildings.<sup>3</sup> Estimates are shown to the nearest £ million but shown not be regarded as accurate to this degree.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 020 7533 5934

## 2 Population and vital statistics

### 2.1 Mid-year estimates of resident population

	Thousands											
	England and Wales <sup>1</sup>			Scotland			Northern Ireland			United Kingdom <sup>1</sup>		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
BBAE	BBAF	BBAD	BBAH	BBAI	BBAG	BBAK	BBAL	BBAJ	BBAB	BBAC	DYAY	
1985	24 254	25 606	49 861	2 470	2 658	5 128	765	800	1 565	27 489	29 065	56 554
1986	24 311	25 687	49 999	2 462	2 649	5 112	768	805	1 574	27 542	29 142	56 684
1987	24 371	25 752	50 123	2 455	2 644	5 099	773	809	1 582	27 599	29 205	56 804
1988	24 434	25 820	50 254	2 444	2 633	5 077	774	812	1 585	27 652	29 265	56 916
1989	24 510	25 898	50 408	2 443	2 635	5 078	776	814	1 590	27 729	29 348	57 076
1990	24 597	25 964	50 561	2 444	2 637	5 081	778	818	1 596	27 819	29 419	57 237
1991	24 681	26 067	50 748	2 445	2 639	5 083	783	824	1 607	27 909	29 530	57 439
1992	24 739	26 136	50 876	2 445	2 640	5 086	792	831	1 623	27 977	29 608	57 585
1993	24 793	26 193	50 986	2 448	2 644	5 092	798	837	1 636	28 039	29 675	57 714
1994	24 853	26 263	51 116	2 453	2 649	5 102	802	842	1 644	28 108	29 754	57 862
1995	24 946	26 326	51 272	2 453	2 650	5 104	804	845	1 649	28 204	29 821	58 025
1996	25 030	26 381	51 410	2 447	2 645	5 092	810	851	1 662	28 287	29 877	58 164
1997	25 113	26 446	51 560	2 442	2 641	5 083	816	856	1 671	28 371	29 943	58 314
1998	25 201	26 519	51 720	2 439	2 638	5 077	819	859	1 678	28 458	30 017	58 475
1999	25 323	26 610	51 933	2 437	2 635	5 072	818	861	1 679	28 578	30 106	58 684
2000	25 438	26 702	52 140	2 432	2 631	5 063	820	862	1 683	28 690	30 196	58 886
2001	25 574	26 786	52 360	2 434	2 630	5 064	824	865	1 689	28 832	30 281	59 113
2002	25 704	26 868	52 572	2 432	2 623	5 055	829	868	1 697	28 964	30 359	59 323
2003	25 841	26 956	52 797	2 435	2 623	5 057	833	870	1 703	29 109	30 449	59 557
2004	25 995	27 062	53 057	2 446	2 632	5 078	836	874	1 710	29 278	30 568	59 846
2005	26 197	27 223	53 419	2 456	2 639	5 095	844	880	1 724	29 497	30 741	60 238
2006	26 371	27 358	53 729	2 469	2 647	5 117	853	888	1 742	29 694	30 893	60 587

<sup>1</sup> Data for 2002-2005 for England and Wales and United Kingdom has been revised due to improved International Migration.

Sources: Office for National Statistics;  
General Register Office (Scotland);  
Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency

### 2.2 Age distribution of estimated resident population at 30 June 2006

	Thousands											
	Resident population											
	England and Wales <sup>1</sup>		Wales		Scotland		Northern Ireland		United Kingdom <sup>1</sup>			
	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Persons	
0-4	1 595	1 520	82	78	137	131	57	55	1 790	1 706	3 496	
5-9	1 581	1 512	88	84	143	136	60	57	1 785	1 705	3 490	
10-14	1 703	1 615	97	92	157	151	64	61	1 924	1 827	3 751	
15-19	1 824	1 713	104	98	169	160	67	64	2 060	1 936	3 996	
20-24	1 812	1 746	99	97	171	168	65	62	2 048	1 976	4 024	
25-29	1 718	1 716	81	81	156	154	56	56	1 930	1 926	3 856	
30-34	1 799	1 808	83	87	154	163	58	59	2 010	2 030	4 040	
35-39	2 033	2 052	98	105	185	200	63	66	2 281	2 317	4 599	
40-44	2 047	2 081	106	111	195	210	63	66	2 305	2 358	4 663	
45-49	1 815	1 840	97	101	183	195	57	60	2 056	2 095	4 151	
50-54	1 604	1 642	91	95	165	171	51	51	1 820	1 863	3 683	
55-59	1 711	1 757	102	105	169	175	48	49	1 928	1 982	3 910	
60-64	1 407	1 466	87	90	135	145	42	45	1 584	1 656	3 240	
65-69	1 146	1 231	71	76	114	130	33	37	1 293	1 398	2 691	
70-74	965	1 102	59	67	95	118	27	33	1 086	1 252	2 338	
75-79	760	983	46	59	70	99	20	29	849	1 110	1 959	
80-84	507	796	31	50	44	75	13	22	564	892	1 456	
85-89	248	492	15	30	20	43	6	12	273	547	820	
90 and over	96	286	5	16	8	25	2	6	106	317	423	
0-14	4 880	4 648	267	254	438	418	182	172	5 499	5 238	10 737	
15-64	17 770	17 821	950	970	1 682	1 740	571	577	20 023	20 139	40 162	
65 and over	3 722	4 889	227	298	349	489	101	138	4 171	5 516	9 688	
All ages	26 371	27 358	1 445	1 521	2 469	2 647	853	888	29 694	30 893	60 587	

Sources: Office for National Statistics;  
General Register Office (Scotland);  
Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency

## 2.3 Births<sup>1</sup> and marriages

Thousands

	Live births <sup>2</sup>										Marriages				Civil Partnerships <sup>4</sup>	
	England and Wales					England and Wales					Northern Ireland		United Kingdom			
	Total	England	Wales	Scotland <sup>3</sup>	Northern Ireland <sup>3</sup>	United Kingdom <sup>3</sup>	Total	England	Wales	Scotland	Northern Ireland	United Kingdom	United Kingdom	United Kingdom		
BBCB	G8ZT	BBCC	BBCD	BBCE	BBCA	BBCG	G8ZU	BBCH	BBCI	BBCJ	BBCF	HF79				
2002	596.1	565.7	30.2	51.3	21.4	668.8	255.6	242.1	13.5	29.8	7.6	293.0	..			
2003	621.5	589.9	31.4	52.4	21.6	695.6	270.1	255.6	14.5	30.8	7.8	308.6	..			
2004	639.7	607.2	32.3	54.0	22.3	716.0	273.1	258.2	14.9	32.2	8.3	313.6	..			
2005	645.8	613.0	32.6	54.4	22.3	722.5	247.2 <sup>5†</sup>	233.2 <sup>5†</sup>	14.0 <sup>5†</sup>	30.9	8.1	285.0 <sup>5</sup>	2.0†			
2006	669.6	635.7	33.6	55.7	23.3 <sup>5</sup>	748.6 <sup>5</sup>	..	..	..	29.9	8.3 <sup>5</sup>	..	16.1			
2003 Q4	156.0	148.2	7.8	13.0	5.3	174.3	49.1	46.5	2.6	6.3	1.4	56.1	..			
2004 Q1	155.2	147.3	7.8	13.5	5.7	174.3	35.0	33.3	1.7	3.9	0.8	39.7	..			
Q2	157.4	149.6	7.8	13.3	5.4	176.2	75.0	71.0	4.0	8.7	2.4	86.1	..			
Q3	165.4	156.9	8.4	13.8	5.8	185.1	113.2	106.8	6.4	12.7	3.5	129.4	..			
Q4	161.7	153.3	8.3	13.3	5.4	180.4	49.9	47.2	2.7	6.8	1.6	58.4	..			
2005 Q1	154.3	146.4	7.8	13.4	5.5	173.2	30.3 <sup>5†</sup>	28.7 <sup>5†</sup>	1.6 <sup>5</sup>	3.8	0.9	35.1 <sup>5†</sup>	..			
Q2	159.8	151.8	7.9	13.6	5.7	179.0	68.1 <sup>5</sup>	64.2 <sup>5</sup>	3.9 <sup>5</sup>	8.6	2.2	79.0 <sup>5</sup>	..			
Q3	170.2	161.4	8.7	14.2	5.9	190.3	105.0 <sup>5</sup>	99.0 <sup>5</sup>	5.9 <sup>5†</sup>	12.3	3.5	120.8 <sup>5</sup>	..			
Q4	161.7	153.4	8.2	13.2	5.2	180.1	43.8 <sup>5</sup>	41.3 <sup>5</sup>	2.5 <sup>5</sup>	6.1	1.4	51.4 <sup>5</sup>	2.0†			
2006 Q1	159.5	151.4	8.1	13.6	5.8 <sup>5</sup>	178.9 <sup>5</sup>	..	..	..	3.5	0.9 <sup>5</sup>	..	4.9 <sup>5</sup>			
Q2	166.2	157.8	8.3	14.0	5.8 <sup>5</sup>	186.0 <sup>5</sup>	..	..	..	8.3	2.3 <sup>5</sup>	..	4.45			
Q3	174.9 <sup>+</sup>	166.0	8.8	14.2	6.1 <sup>5</sup>	195.2 <sup>5</sup>	..	..	..	12.2	3.5 <sup>5</sup>	..	4.55			
Q4	169.0 <sup>+</sup>	160.5	8.4	13.9	5.6 <sup>5</sup>	188.5 <sup>5†</sup>	..	..	..	5.9	1.5 <sup>5</sup>	..	2.45			
2007 Q1	163.5 <sup>5</sup>	155.1 <sup>5</sup>	8.1 <sup>5</sup>	14.2 <sup>5</sup>	6.1 <sup>5</sup>	183.6 <sup>5</sup>	..	..	..	3.3 <sup>5</sup>	1.0 <sup>5</sup>	..	1.7 <sup>5</sup>			
Q2	..	..	..	14.3 <sup>5</sup>	6.9 <sup>5</sup>	..	..	..	..	2.4 <sup>5</sup>	..	..	2.4 <sup>5</sup>			

Note: Figures may not add exactly due to rounding.

1 Excluding stillbirths.

2 Birth figures for England and also for Wales each exclude events for persons usually resident outside England and Wales. These events are however, included in the totals for England and Wales combined, and for the United Kingdom.

3 For England and Wales, figures relate to numbers occurring in a period; for Scotland and Northern Ireland, figures relate to those registered in a period.

4 Civil Partnerships were made legal on 5th December 2005.

5 Provisional

Sources: Office for National Statistics;  
General Register Office for Scotland;  
Northern Ireland Statistics & Research Agency.

## 2.4 Deaths registered

Thousands

	Total					Infants aged under one year					United Kingdom	
	England and Wales				Northern Ireland	England and Wales				Northern Ireland		
	Total	Wales	Scotland	Northern Ireland		Total	Wales	Scotland	Northern Ireland			
BBDB	BBDC	BBDD	BBDE	BBDA	BBDG	BBDH	BBDI	BBDJ	BBDF			
2002	535.4	33.3	58.1	14.6	608.0	3.20	0.10	0.30	0.10	3.50		
2003	539.2	33.8	58.4	14.5	612.0	3.30	0.13	0.27	0.12	3.69		
2004	514.3	32.3	56.2	14.4	584.8	3.27	0.16	0.27	0.12	3.66		
2005	513.0	32.2	55.7	14.2	583.0	3.25	0.14	0.28	0.14	3.67		
2006 <sup>1</sup>	502.6	31.1	55.1	14.5	572.2	3.37	0.14	0.25	0.12	3.74		
2003 Q3	124.3	7.7	13.3	3.5	141.0	0.80	0.04	0.07	0.04	0.91		
Q4	142.6	8.9	15.3	3.7	161.7	0.87	0.02	0.07	0.03	0.97		
2004 Q1	142.0	8.9	15.3	3.9	161.1	0.86	0.05	0.06	0.03	0.96		
Q2	122.5	7.7	13.6	3.6	139.7	0.78	0.04	0.07	0.03	0.88		
Q3	119.0	7.5	13.1	3.4	135.5	0.81	0.05	0.07	0.04	0.92		
Q4	130.6	8.2	14.2	3.5	148.3	0.82	0.03	0.06	0.02	0.91		
2005 Q1	145.3	9.2	15.6	3.8	164.7	0.82	0.03	0.07	0.03	0.91		
Q2	125.9	8.0	13.7	3.7	143.3	0.83	0.04	0.07	0.04	0.94		
Q3	115.4	7.2	12.8	3.4	131.6	0.80	0.03	0.08	0.04	0.92		
Q4	126.2	7.8	13.6	3.4	143.3	0.80	0.04	0.07	0.03	0.90		
2006 Q1 <sup>1</sup>	141.0	8.7	14.9	4.0	159.9	0.82	0.03	0.05	0.03	0.90		
Q2 <sup>1</sup>	123.9	7.6	13.9	3.6	141.4	0.84	0.03	0.07	0.03	0.94		
Q3 <sup>1</sup>	114.6	7.2	12.7	3.4	130.7	0.85	0.04	0.05	0.03	0.93		
Q4 <sup>1</sup>	123.1	7.5	13.6	3.5	140.2	0.86	0.04	0.07	0.03	0.97		
2007 Q1 <sup>1</sup>	139.2	8.8	15.8	4.2	159.2	0.80	0.05	0.07	0.04	0.88		

1 Provisional.

Sources: Office for National Statistics;  
General Register Office (Scotland);  
Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency

## 3 Labour market

### 3.1 Labour market activity

United Kingdom

Thousands, seasonally adjusted<sup>1</sup>

	Employment categories										Employment rate: aged 16 - 59/ <sup>64</sup> % <sup>2</sup>	
	Employees	Self employed	Unpaid family workers	Government training and employment programmes	Total employment	Unemployment	Total economically active	Economically inactive	Total aged 16 and over			
									MGRN	MGRQ	MGRT	MGRW
2003 Q3 Q4	24 353 24 405	3 646 3 656	108 99	107 107	28 214 28 268	1 504 1 453	29 718 29 721	17 377 17 462	47 095 47 184	74.6 74.6		
2004 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	24 565 24 523 24 662 24 756	3 625 3 678 3 585 3 641	104 98 89 97	116 123 129 125	28 410 28 423 28 466 28 619	1 433 1 434 1 402 1 413	29 843 29 857 29 868 30 033	17 429 17 504 17 589 17 534	47 272 47 361 47 457 47 567	74.8 74.7 74.7 74.9		
	2005 Q1		24 847	3 626	105	126	28 705	1 413	30 118	17 559	47 677	74.9
	Q2		24 878	3 635	101	114	28 727	1 435	30 163	17 624	47 787	74.7
	Q3		24 970	3 667	90	107	28 834	1 450	30 284	17 608	47 892	74.8
	Q4		24 898	3 705	90	109	28 803	1 557	30 359	17 630	47 990	74.5
2006 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	25 007 25 068 25 075 25 095	3 748 3 727 3 768 3 804	89 93 104 101	93 94 98 102	28 937 28 983 29 044 29 102	1 602 1 687 1 714 1 692 <sup>†</sup>	30 538 30 670 30 758 30 793	17 549 17 515 17 525 <sup>†</sup> 17 593	48 087 48 185 48 284 <sup>†</sup> 48 386	74.6 74.6 74.5 74.5		
	2007 Q1		25 000 <sup>†</sup>	3 850	104	99	29 053	1 705	30 759	17 729	48 488	74.3
	Q2		25 108	3 829	103	114	29 153 <sup>†</sup>	1 661	30 814	17 776	48 590	74.4
Q3		25 175	3 837	100	111	29 223	1 667	30 890 <sup>†</sup>	17 804	48 694	74.4	

1 Seasonally adjusted estimates are subject to periodic revision.

Source: Labour Force Survey, Office for National Statistics: 01633 456901

2 The employment rate equals those in employment aged 16-64 (male) and 16-59 (female), as a percentage of all in these age groups.

### 3.2 Distribution of the workforce<sup>1,2</sup>

United Kingdom

Thousands

Workforce jobs	Not seasonally adjusted					Seasonally adjusted					Self-employment jobs	
	Employee jobs			Self-employment jobs (with or without employees) <sup>3</sup>		HM Forces <sup>4</sup>	Workforce jobs		Employee jobs			
	Males	Females	Total									
<b>At June</b>												
DYDA <sup>†</sup>	BCAE	BCAF	BCAD <sup>†</sup>	BCAG	BCAH	DYDC <sup>†</sup>	BCAJ	DYZN <sup>†</sup>				
2001	29 914 <sup>†</sup>	13 116 <sup>†</sup>	12 861 <sup>†</sup>	25 977 <sup>†</sup>	3 629 <sup>†</sup>	214	29 923 <sup>†</sup>	26 002 <sup>†</sup>	3 608 <sup>†</sup>			
2002	30 070	13 087	12 987	26 074	3 696	214	30 078	26 096	3 677			
2003	30 357	13 181	12 957	26 139	3 908	223	30 375	26 165	3 894			
2004	30 655	13 214	13 137	26 351	3 982	218	30 683	26 383	3 974			
2005	31 004	13 370	13 366	26 736	3 966	210	31 040	26 771	3 962			
2006	31 253	13 527	13 389	26 916	4 072	204	31 294	26 953	4 072			
2007	31 482	13 546	13 484	27 030	4 204	197	31 536	27 068	4 216			
2003 Q4	30 689 <sup>†</sup>	13 198 <sup>†</sup>	13 202 <sup>†</sup>	26 399 <sup>†</sup>	3 966 <sup>†</sup>	222	30 568 <sup>†</sup>	26 261 <sup>†</sup>	3 986 <sup>†</sup>			
2004 Q1	30 537	13 122	13 109	26 231	3 981	220	30 649	26 341	3 986			
Q2	30 655	13 214	13 137	26 351	3 982	218	30 683	26 383	3 974			
Q3	30 675	13 271	13 145	26 416	3 942	215	30 685	26 425	3 942			
Q4	30 989	13 432	13 295	26 727	3 944	215	30 852	26 576	3 961			
2005 Q1	30 911	13 328	13 322	26 650	3 945	213	31 018	26 756	3 949			
Q2	31 004	13 370	13 366	26 736	3 966	210	31 040	26 771	3 962			
Q3	31 120	13 463	13 357	26 820	3 998	207	31 138	26 835	4 000			
Q4	31 400	13 568	13 483	27 051	4 054	206	31 253	26 893	4 067			
2006 Q1	31 165	13 453	13 342	26 795	4 084	206	31 276	26 901	4 092			
Q2	31 253	13 527	13 389	26 916	4 072	204	31 294	26 953	4 072			
Q3	31 298	13 528	13 364	26 892	4 150	202	31 312	26 907	4 146			
Q4	31 575	13 633	13 502	27 135	4 180	202	31 412	26 974	4 181			
2007 Q1	31 325	13 482	13 399	26 881	4 188	200	31 431	26 989	4 190			
Q2	31 482	13 546	13 484	27 030	4 204	197	31 536	27 068	4 216			
Q3	31 591	13 629	13 476	27 105	4 239	194	31 599	27 118	4 232			

1 The data in this table include revised figures for self-employment. For more information please see: <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=9765>

2 Estimates for employee jobs and workforce jobs for Great Britain use the Annual Business Inquiry as a benchmark on which the quarterly movements are based.

3 Estimates of the self-employed are based on the results of the Labour Force Survey. The estimates given in the table are unadjusted.

4 HM Forces figures, provided by the Ministry of Defence, represent the total number of UK service personnel, male and female, in HM Regular Forces wherever serving and including those on release leave. The numbers are not subject to seasonal adjustment.

Sources: Office for National Statistics;  
Department of Economic Development (Northern Ireland)

### 3.3 Employee jobs: all industries<sup>1,2</sup> Great Britain

Not seasonally adjusted

SIC 1992 Divisions or Classes	All employee jobs	Employee jobs		Manufacturing indus- tries; all jobs	Production indus- ties; all jobs	Production and construc- tion; all jobs	Production and construc- tion; male	Production and construc- tion; female	Thousands	
		male	female						G-O	
A-O				D	C-E	C-F				
2004	LMAB	DYCA	DYCB	LMAD	LMAF	LMAH	LMBL	LMBM	LMAJ	21 007 <sup>†</sup>
2004	25 671 <sup>†</sup>	12 883 <sup>†</sup>	12 788 <sup>†</sup>	3 156	3 320	4 452	3 417	1 036		
2005	26 042	13 035	13 007	3 015 <sup>†</sup>	3 166 <sup>†</sup>	4 333 <sup>†</sup>	3 342 <sup>†</sup>	991 <sup>†</sup>		21 484
2006	26 212	13 184	13 028	2 886	3 041	4 275	3 312	963		21 722
2007	26 313	13 196	13 117	2 829	2 991	4 210	3 269	941		21 875
2005 Q4	26 341 <sup>†</sup>	13 224 <sup>†</sup>	13 117 <sup>†</sup>	2 948 <sup>†</sup>	3 100 <sup>†</sup>	4 313 <sup>†</sup>	3 347 <sup>†</sup>	966 <sup>†</sup>		21 814 <sup>†</sup>
2006 Q1	26 089	13 109	12 980	2 908	3 059	4 269	3 312	956		21 610
Q2	26 212	13 184	13 028	2 886	3 041	4 275	3 312	963		21 722
Q3	26 187	13 182	13 004	2 863	3 021	4 278	3 316	962		21 679
Q4	26 421	13 285	13 136	2 845	3 003	4 266	3 306	959		21 912
2007 Q1	26 168	13 134	13 034	2 832	2 992	4 199	3 264	935		21 742
Q2	26 313	13 196	13 117	2 829	2 991	4 210	3 269	941		21 875
Q3	26 388	13 278	13 110	2 828	2 991	4 254	3 323	931		21 905
2006 Jul	..	..	..	2 879 <sup>†</sup>	3 034 <sup>†</sup>	..	..	..		..
Aug	..	..	..	2 870	3 026	..	..	..		..
Sep	..	..	..	2 863	3 021	..	..	..		..
Oct	..	..	..	2 861	3 019	..	..	..		..
Nov	..	..	..	2 853	3 012	..	..	..		..
Dec	..	..	..	2 845	3 003	..	..	..		..
2007 Jan	..	..	..	2 833	2 991	..	..	..		..
Feb	..	..	..	2 829	2 987	..	..	..		..
Mar	..	..	..	2 832	2 992	..	..	..		..
Apr	..	..	..	2 826	2 985	..	..	..		..
May	..	..	..	2 827	2 987	..	..	..		..
Jun	..	..	..	2 829	2 991	..	..	..		..
Jul	..	..	..	2 826	2 987	..	..	..		..
Aug	..	..	..	2 827	2 988	..	..	..		..
Sep	..	..	..	2 828	2 991	..	..	..		..
Oct	..	..	..	2 827	2 990	..	..	..		..

## Labour market

### 3.3 Employee jobs: all industries<sup>1,2</sup> Great Britain

continued

Not seasonally adjusted

Thousands

	Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	Mining and quarrying, electricty, gas and water supply	Food tobacco	Manufacture of clothing, textiles and leather production	Wood and wood products	Paper, pulp, printing and recording media	Chemicals, chemical products and man-made fibres	Rubber and plastic products	Non-metallic mineral products, metal and metal products	Machinery and metal equipment, nec	Electrical and optical equipment	Transport manufacturing, nec	Coke, nuclear fuel and other
SIC 1992 Divisions or Classes	A,B 01-05	C,E 10-12, 40-41	DA 15-16	DB/DC 17-19	DD 20	DE 21-22	DG 24	DH 25	DI/DJ 26-28	DK 29	DL 30-33	DM 34-35	DF, DN 23, 36-37
2004	LMAL 211	LMAM 163	LMAA 424	LMAO 147	LMAP 79	LMAQ 406	LMAR 207	LMAS 205	LMAT 521	LMAU 279	LMAV 341	LMAW 333	LMAX 216
2005	226	151 <sup>†</sup>	409 <sup>†</sup>	129	77	394 <sup>†</sup>	196 <sup>†</sup>	196 <sup>†</sup>	196	496	273	324	320
2006	215	155	399	114 <sup>†</sup>	73 <sup>†</sup>	375 <sup>†</sup>	190	189 <sup>†</sup>	480 <sup>†</sup>	263 <sup>†</sup>	305 <sup>†</sup>	306 <sup>†</sup>	201 <sup>†</sup>
2007	228	162	393	107	75	361	186	187	471	263	295	299	193
2005 Q4	215	152 <sup>†</sup>	409	122	75	387	190 <sup>†</sup>	187	484	268	317	315	195 <sup>†</sup>
2006 Q1	210	151	399 <sup>†</sup>	118 <sup>†</sup>	73 <sup>†</sup>	380 <sup>†</sup>	191	188 <sup>†</sup>	480 <sup>†</sup>	265 <sup>†</sup>	310 <sup>†</sup>	310 <sup>†</sup>	193
Q2	215	155	399	114	73	375	190	189	480	263	305	306	192
Q3	230	157	399	111	73	369	189	189	477	264	299	300	193
Q4	243	159	398	109	73	366	188	187	473	264	297	297	193
2007 Q1	227	160	391	108	74	362	188	187	471	263	298	298	193
Q2	228	162	393	107	75	361	186	187	471	263	295	299	193
Q3	229	164	394	106	75	355	185	187	475	265	293	298	195
2006 Jul	..	155 <sup>†</sup>	400 <sup>†</sup>	113 <sup>†</sup>	72 <sup>†</sup>	373 <sup>†</sup>	189 <sup>†</sup>	190 <sup>†</sup>	478 <sup>†</sup>	264 <sup>†</sup>	303 <sup>†</sup>	303 <sup>†</sup>	193
Aug	..	156	400	112	73	370	189	190	476	264	302	301	193
Sep	..	157	399	111	73	369	189	189	477	264	299	300	193 <sup>†</sup>
Oct	..	158	400	111	73	368	188	190	477	264	298	300	192 <sup>†</sup>
Nov	..	158	400	110	72	367	189	189	473	265	298	299	193
Dec	..	159	398	109	73	366	188	187	473	264	297	297	193
2007 Jan	..	158	393	108	73	365	188	188	468	263	298	297	193
Feb	..	158	392	108	72	362	188	189	469	262	298	298	193
Mar	..	160	391	108	74	362	188	187	471	263	298	298	193
Apr	..	159	391	107	73	361	187	187	471	263	296	297	194
May	..	160	391	107	74	359	186	187	472	263	296	299	193
Jun	..	162	393	107	75	361	186	187	471	263	295	299	193
Jul	..	161	394	107	74	358	186	188	471	263	294	298	193
Aug	..	161	395	107	74	358	186	188	471	264	294	298	193
Sep	..	164	394	106	75	355	185	187	475	265	293	298	195
Oct	..	163	393	106	74	357	184	187	473	265	293	300	196

	Construction	Wholesale and retail trade and repairs	Hotels and restaurants	Transport and storage	Post and telecommuni- cations	Financial intermedi- ation	Real estate	Renting, research, computer and other business activities	Public adminis- tration and defence, compulsory social security	Health and Social work activities	Education	Other community social and personal activities
SIC 1992 Divisions or Classes	F 45	G 50-52	H 55	I 60-63	J 64	K 65-67	L 70	M 71-74	N 75	O 80	P 85	Q 90-93
2004	LMAY 1 133	LMAZ 4 445	LMBA 1 798	LMBB 1 042	LMBC 500	LMBD 1 056	LMBE 402	LMBF 3 663	LMBG 1 435	LMBH 2 238 <sup>†</sup>	LOJV 3 072 <sup>†</sup>	LMBK 1 357
2005	1 166 <sup>†</sup>	4 478	1 813 <sup>†</sup>	1 074 <sup>†</sup>	491	1 044 <sup>†</sup>	441 <sup>†</sup>	3 827 <sup>†</sup>	1 460	2 282	3 189	1 385 <sup>†</sup>
2006	1 235	4 432 <sup>†</sup>	1 801	1 076	476 <sup>†</sup>	1 029	442	4 034	1 458 <sup>†</sup>	2 318	3 249	1 408 <sup>†</sup>
2007	1 219	4 459	1 800	1 070	462	1 025	449	4 159	1 454	2 322	3 275	1 400
2005 Q4	1 213 <sup>†</sup>	4 604 <sup>†</sup>	1 781	1 079 <sup>†</sup>	498	1 038 <sup>†</sup>	466 <sup>†</sup>	3 954 <sup>†</sup>	1 460 <sup>†</sup>	2 330 <sup>†</sup>	3 226 <sup>†</sup>	1 376
2006 Q1	1 210	4 445	1 768 <sup>†</sup>	1 073	483 <sup>†</sup>	1 034	452	3 955	1 458	2 329	3 241	1 374 <sup>†</sup>
Q2	1 235	4 432	1 801	1 076	476	1 029	442	4 034	1 458	2 318	3 249	1 408
Q3	1 257	4 406	1 786	1 069	470	1 024	425	4 118	1 460	2 284	3 243	1 393
Q4	1 262	4 561	1 782	1 068	484	1 026	430	4 141	1 462	2 321	3 254	1 383
2007 Q1	1 207	4 434	1 761	1 061	464	1 025	446	4 106	1 459	2 330	3 279	1 377
Q2	1 219	4 459	1 800	1 070	462	1 025	449	4 159	1 454	2 322	3 275	1 400
Q3	1 263	4 456	1 805	1 066	460	1 028	457	4 197	1 455	2 297	3 281	1 402

1 The data in this table have not been adjusted to reflect the 2001 Census population data.

Source: Office for National Statistics

2 Estimates for employee jobs and workforce jobs for Great Britain use the Annual Business Inquiry as a benchmark on which the quarterly movements are based.

## 3.4 Civil Service employment by department<sup>1</sup>

Full-time equivalents, Great Britain, not seasonally adjusted

		2006 Q2	2006 Q3	2006 Q4	2007 Q1	2007 Q2
Attorney General's Departments	GB3F	9 430	9 510	9 590	9 520	9 480
Cabinet Office	BBGD	1 620	1 610	1 660	1 410	1 430
Other Cabinet Office Agencies <sup>2</sup>	GB3G	780	780	780	1 020	940
HM Treasury	GB3H	1 160	1 130	1 110	1 130	1 170
Chancellor's other departments	GB3I	5 390	5 250	5 170	5 050	4 970
Charity Commission	GB3J	520	520	500	500	490
Communities and Local Government <sup>2</sup>	YEGA	5 610	5 560	5 520	5 400	5 370
Ministry of Justice	GB3K	34 100	33 720	33 640	33 550	81 780
Culture, Media and Sport	DMTC	620	640	630	620	620
Defence	BCDW	87 260	85 690	84 670	83 120	82 300
Education and Skills	LNFW	4 170	4 060	3 940	3 850	3 840
Environment, Food and Rural Affairs	LNFX	13 100	12 730	11 580	12 120	12 240
Export Credits Guarantee Department	GB3L	260	250	270	260	260
Foreign and Commonwealth	BCDK	6 160	6 070	6 050	6 060	6 120
Health <sup>3</sup>	BAKR	6 100	6 020	5 870	3 610	3 630
Food Standards Agency	H6NX	..	..	..	810	810
Meat Hygiene Service	H6NY	..	..	..	1 390	1 360
HM Revenue and Customs	GB3M	97 360	95 780	94 880	93 320	91 230
Home Office <sup>2</sup>	BCDL	72 990	73 560	73 490	74 270	26 670
International Development	DMUA	1 780	1 740	1 750	1 720	1 730
Northern Ireland Office	BBGG	140	140	140	140	140
Office for Standards in Education	GB3N	2 280	2 300	2 370	2 190	2 550
Security and Intelligence Services	GB3O	4 890	4 890	4 960	4 960	5 000
Business, Enterprise and Regulatory Reform	BCDQ	10 110	10 080	10 110	9 870	9 670
Transport	BCDR	19 120	18 950	18 780	18 790	18 850
Work and Pensions	LNGA	117 180	116 660	115 530	112 070	110 570
<b>Central Governments Departments Total</b>	<b>GB3P</b>	<b>502 100</b>	<b>497 620</b>	<b>493 000</b>	<b>486 740</b>	<b>483 210</b>
Scottish Executive	GB3Q	16 100	15 900	15 830	15 930	16 000
Welsh Assembly	GB3R	5 960	6 460	6 410	6 380	5 950
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>BCDX</b>	<b>524 160</b>	<b>519 980</b>	<b>515 240</b>	<b>509 050</b>	<b>505 160</b>

1 Numbers are rounded to the nearest ten. Data not available are represented by "..".

3 The Wine Standards Board (former NDPB) merged with the Food Standards Agency on 1 July 2006.

Source: Office for National Statistics

2 The Office of the Third Sector (OTS) was established in May 2006. Employee numbers for OTS will not be available until Q4. For this publication, the employees are therefore still included with their former departments.

## 3.5 Intake and outflow of UK Regular Armed Forces Personnel

	Intake <sup>1</sup>					Outflow <sup>2</sup>					
	Financial Year					12 months to 1 November 2007	Financial Year				12 months to 1 November 2007
	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07		2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	
<b>All Services<sup>3</sup></b>											
Total	26.3	23.5	17.6	18.1	19.8p	20.4p	24.1	23.4	23.4	23.3	25.2p
Male	23.1	20.8	15.7	16.4	17.8p	18.4p	21.8	21.2	21.3	21.3	23.0p
Female	3.3	2.7	1.9	1.7	2.0p	2.0p	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.2p
<b>Naval Service<sup>3,4</sup></b>											
Total	5.2	4.1	3.7	3.9	3.8p	3.6p	5.3	4.8	4.6	4.5	4.3p
Male	4.4	3.5	3.2	3.5	3.3p	3.2p	4.7	4.2	4.1	4.0	3.8p
Female	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5p	0.5p	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5p
<b>Army<sup>3</sup></b>											
Total	16.7	15.3	11.7	12.7	14.3p	14.5p	14.6	14.6	15.1	14.2	15.8p
Male	15.1	14.0	10.8	11.8	13.2p	13.4p	13.4	13.5	14.0	13.2	14.7p
Female	1.6	1.3	0.9	1.0	1.1p	1.2p	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.1p
<b>RAF<sup>3</sup></b>											
Total	4.4	4.2	2.2	1.5	1.7p	2.2p	4.2	4.0	3.7	4.6	5.1p
Male	3.6	3.3	1.6	1.2	1.4p	1.8p	3.7	3.5	3.2	4.1	4.5p
Female	0.9	0.9	0.5	0.3	0.4p	0.4p	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6p

1 Intake from civilian life, includes re-enlistments and rejoined reservists.

2 Outflow includes recalled reservists on release and outflow to the Home Service battalions of the Royal Irish Regiment.

3 Due to ongoing validation of data from the new Personnel Administration System, Naval Service statistics from 1 October 2006, Army statistics from 1 April 2007 and RAF statistics from 1 May 2007 are provisional and subject to review.

4 Naval Service comprises Royal Navy, Royal Marines and Queen Alexandra's Royal Naval Nursing Service (QARNNS).

Due to the rounding methods used, totals may not always equal the sum of the parts. When rounding to the nearest 10, numbers ending in 5 have been rounded to the nearest multiple of 20 to prevent systematic bias.

Note: 'p' denotes provisional.

Source: Defence Analytical Services Agency (Quad-Service): 0207 218 4439

## Labour market

# 3.6 UK armed forces full-time strengths<sup>1</sup>

	1 Apr 2002	1 Apr 2003	1 Apr 2004	1 Apr 2005	1 Apr 2006	1 Apr 2007	1 Nov 2007
<b>All Services<sup>2</sup></b>							
<b>Trained</b>							
Total <sup>2</sup>	187 110	188 520	190 190	188 050	183 180	177 820p	174 440p
UK regulars	181 680	182 780	184 590	182 840	178 300	172 910p	169 260p
Full Time Reserve Service <sup>2</sup>	1 980	2 360	2 220	1 690	1 540	1 590p	1 680p
Gurkhas	3 450	3 380	3 390	3 520	3 330	3 320p	3 500p
<b>Untrained</b>							
Total	23 350	24 520	22 770	18 430	17 880	17 860p	18 730p
UK regulars	23 000	24 130	22 430	18 260	17 550	17 490p	18 570p
Gurkhas	350	380	330	170	330	370p	160p
<b>Naval Service<sup>2,3</sup></b>							
<b>Trained</b>							
Total	37 490	37 610	37 510	36 400	35 620	34 920	35 030p
UK regulars	36 770	36 610	36 420	35 500	34 890	34 340	34 500p
Full Time Reserve Service	720	1 010	1 090	900	720	580	540p
<b>Untrained</b>							
Total	4 850	4 940	4 460	4 440	4 500	4 520	4 030p
UK regulars	4 850	4 940	4 460	4 440	4 500	4 520	4 030p
<b>Army<sup>2</sup></b>							
<b>Trained</b>							
Total <sup>2</sup>	100 410	102 000	103 560	102 440	100 620	99 350p	98 030p
UK regulars	96 020	97 640	99 420	98 490	96 790	95 360p	93 740p
Full Time Reserve Service <sup>4</sup>	940	990	750	430	490	670p	790p
Gurkhas	3 450	3 380	3 390	3 520	3 330	3 320p	3 500p
<b>Untrained</b>							
Total	14 380	14 880	13 650	10 970	11 260	11 180p	11 870p
UK regulars	14 030	14 490	13 320	10 800	10 940	10 810p	11 720p
Gurkhas	350	380	330	170	330	370p	160p
<b>RAF<sup>2</sup></b>							
<b>Trained</b>							
Total	49 200	48 900	49 120	49 210	46 940	43 550	41 370p
UK regulars	48 880	48 540	48 740	48 850	46 620	43 210	41 030p
Full Time Reserve Service	320	360	380	360	330	340	340p
<b>Untrained</b>							
Total	4 120	4 700	4 650	3 020	2 110	2 160	2 830p
UK regulars	4 120	4 700	4 650	3 020	2 110	2 160	2 830p

1 The full-time strength includes UK Regular Forces, Gurkhas and FTRS (Full Time Reserve Service) personnel.

2 Due to ongoing validation of data from the new Personnel Administration System, Army statistics from 1 April 2007 and Naval Service and RAF statistics from 1 May 2007 are provisional and subject to review.

3 Naval Service comprises Royal Navy, Royal Marines and Queen Alexandra's Royal Naval Nursing Service (QARNNS).

Due to the rounding methods used, totals may not always equal the sum of the parts. When rounding to the nearest 10, numbers ending in 5 have been rounded to the nearest multiple of 20 to prevent systematic bias.

Note: 'p' denotes provisional.

Source: Defence Analytical Services Agency (Quad-Service): 0207 218 4439

## 3.7 Number of workers employed in agriculture<sup>1</sup>

Thousands

	Regular workers												Seasonal or casual workers												All workers											
	Whole-time						Part-time						Seasonal or casual workers						All workers						All workers											
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total									
1992 Jun	BAMY 99.9	BAMZ 14.8	BANA 29.1	BANB 26.1	BANC 169.9	BAND 54.4	BANE 31.9	BANF 86.2	BANG 183.3	BANH 72.8	BANI 256.2																									
1993 Jun	96.5	13.7	29.8	25.3	165.3	55.0	30.4	85.4	181.3	69.4	250.7																									
1994 Jun	93.6	13.2	30.0	24.2	161.0	53.9	28.4	82.2	177.5	65.7	243.2																									
1995 Jun	90.4	13.0	30.0	24.1	157.4	56.5	27.2	83.7	176.8	64.3	241.2																									
1996 Jun	89.2	12.6	31.2	23.4	156.4	55.6	25.8	81.5	176.0	61.9	237.9																									
1997 Jun	87.5	12.6	31.2	23.1	154.4	55.3	25.5	80.9	174.0	61.2	235.2																									
1998 Jun <sup>2</sup>	88.0	13.1	29.7	24.7	155.6	55.6	23.8	79.5	172.8	62.2	235.0																									
1999 Jun	82.7	11.9	27.5	22.6	144.7	51.8	21.2	73.0	162.0	55.6	217.7																									
2000 Jun	73.4	10.3	24.6	20.6	128.9	45.9	18.5	64.4	143.9	49.4	193.3																									
2001 Jun <sup>3</sup>	69.0 70.3	10.9 11.2	22.0 22.5	18.9 19.4	120.8 123.5	44.6 45.4	18.6 18.8	63.2 64.1	135.6 138.2	48.5 49.4	184.0 187.6																									
2002 Jun	64.7	11.5	21.7	18.4	116.3	46.2	18.0	64.2	132.6	47.9	180.6																									
2003 Jun	60.4	10.0	21.0	17.0	108.4	44.8	17.8	62.6	126.2	44.8	170.9																									
2004 Jun	58.1	9.8	23.5	17.4	108.8	49.6	18.6	68.3	131.2	45.8	177.0																									
2005 Jun	57.2	10.3	24.5	17.2	109.2	46.4	18.7	65.1	128.1	46.2	174.3																									
2006 Jun	53.6	10.4	24.3	17.1	105.4	44.4	19.6	64.0	122.3	47.1	169.4																									

<sup>1</sup> Figures exclude farmers, partners, directors and their spouses, salaried managers, school children and most trainees. Includes estimates for minor holdings.

<sup>2</sup> In 1998, fundamental changes were introduced to the labour questions on the June Agricultural and Horticultural Census in England, Wales and Scotland. It appears that this change in questions may have led to the recording of additional Labour who were not previously included in the returns. The change in questions has also led to a redistribution of labour between the various categories. We therefore advise caution when comparing the results from 1998 onwards with previous years.

<sup>3</sup> Due to an English register improvement only the top figure for 2001 is directly comparable with June 2000, while the bottom figure for 2001 is only comparable with data from June 2002.

Source: Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs: 01904 455095

## 3.8 Unemployment in United Kingdom

Analysis by duration<sup>1</sup>

Thousands, seasonally adjusted<sup>1</sup>

	Males				Females			
	Up to 26 weeks	Over 26 and up to 52 weeks		Total	Up to 26 weeks	Over 26 and up to 52 weeks		Total
		MGYK	MGYM	MGYO	MGSD	MGYL	MGYN	MGYP
1993 Q4	615	339	945	1 899	495	495	163	989
1994 Q1	598	313	919	1 830	477	181	317	974
Q2	601	293	911	1 805	461	163	308	931
Q3	587	283	860	1 730	449	156	304	909
Q4	579	264	806	1 650	424	152	294	870
1995 Q1	571	247	798	1 617	446	145	286	877
Q2	551	254	776	1 581	449	143	269	861
Q3	580	229	766	1 575	462	149	257	869
Q4	559	245	708	1 512	456	154	230	840
1996 Q1	581	265	693	1 539	437	132	221	790
Q2	591	246	680	1 517	458	143	220	820
Q3	579	227	664	1 471	458	133	219	809
Q4	543	205	653	1 400	471	133	223	827
1997 Q1	512	189	597	1 297	443	126	216	785
Q2	550	178	538	1 265	459	121	203	783
Q3	533	173	491	1 197	450	116	185	750
Q4	523	175	443	1 141	439	109	171	719
1998 Q1	512	171	418	1 101	448	98	163	709
Q2	518	160	396	1 074	462	93	160	715
Q3	550	164	377	1 092	446	102	144	692
Q4	556	166	356	1 079	445	92	147	684
1999 Q1	561	165	353	1 080	450	99	147	695
Q2	536	165	359	1 059	450	102	131	684
Q3	513	160	353	1 026	438	100	138	676
Q4	504	144	355	1 002	442	108	132	682
2000 Q1	515	142	326	984	458	108	126	691
Q2	500	140	317	957	420	100	122	642
Q3	476	137	297	910	429	92	114	635
Q4	486	136	289	912	415	87	107	609
2001 Q1	475	128	283	886	400	85	101	586
Q2	481	131	269	882	396	87	107	591
Q3	504	132	261	897	401	82	104	586
Q4	529	132	253	914	432	76	101	609
2002 Q1	533	147	239	919	418	77	97	593
Q2	537	147	227	910	441	71	94	606
Q3	571	141	234	946	438	78	98	615
Q4	526	148	218	892	443	85	95	622
2003 Q1	557	131	239	927	425	83	89	597
Q2	537	131	218	886	410	74	94	578
Q3	532	145	223	900	434	75	95	604
Q4	503	146	227	877	414	74	89	577
2004 Q1	490	141	212	843	411	82	97	591
Q2	504	141	198	843	419	86	86	592
Q3	494	133	196	823	420	75	84	579
Q4	495	143	192	831	418	77	87	583
2005 Q1	491	137	205	834	415	76	89	580
Q2	488	138	210	835	425	77	98	600
Q3	502	147	213	861	410	95	84	589
Q4	536	144	239	918	440	105	94	639
2006 Q1	532	166	236	934	454	112	101	667
Q2	548	177	252	978	478	126	105	709
Q3	547	177	274	997	479	117	121	717
Q4	532	169	267	967	481	113	130	724
2007 Q1	538	163	275	976 <sup>†</sup>	495	115	120	730
Q2	528 <sup>†</sup>	154	269	951	473 <sup>†</sup>	111	127	710
Q3	525	157	268	950	480	112	125	717

<sup>1</sup> Seasonally adjusted estimates are subject to periodic revision.

Source: Labour Force Survey, Office for National Statistics: 01633 456901

# 3.9 Claimant count in United Kingdom

Analysis of claimant by duration - computerised claims only

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

	Males								Females							
	Up to 26 weeks		Over 26 and up to 52 weeks		Over 52 weeks		Total <sup>1</sup>	Up to 26 weeks		Over 26 and up to 52 weeks		Over 52 weeks		Total <sup>1</sup>		
	AGXK	ELNP	ELON	AGNG	JLGK	JLGJ	JLGL	JLGI								
2000	481.4	142.7	202.0	826.1	172.5	40.9	41.4	254.8								
2001	449.4	125.4	158.8	733.6	160.4	35.1	32.5	227.9								
2002	457.4	124.2	126.7	708.3	163.6	35.5	27.6	226.8								
2003	451.2	127.1	114.7	693.0	166.3	37.2	26.5	230.1								
2004	408.8	113.7	108.2	630.7	153.2	34.9	26.7	214.7								
2005	423.4	113.3	98.3	635.0	159.2	35.6	25.2	220.0								
2006	438.5	136.4	119.0	694.0	171.5	43.6	30.8	245.9								
2003 Jun	461.4	128.2	114.2	703.8	169.1	37.4	26.3	232.8								
Jul	455.7	128.6	113.9	698.2	167.7	38.1	26.4	232.2								
Aug	449.7	128.9	114.3	692.9	166.0	38.8	26.7	231.5								
Sep	446.8	128.5	114.0	689.3	165.2	38.7	26.7	230.6								
Oct	440.9	129.1	114.1	684.1	163.5	38.9	26.9	229.3								
Nov	436.9	126.9	113.6	677.4	161.6	38.2	26.9	226.7								
Dec	432.2	126.1	113.7	672.0	160.4	37.7	27.2	225.3								
2004 Jan	428.2	125.0	113.2	666.4	158.8	37.6	27.3	223.7								
Feb	425.7	122.5	112.9	661.1	158.1	36.8	27.2	222.1								
Mar	418.8	121.4	112.1	652.3	156.4	36.6	27.2	220.2								
Apr	416.5	118.5	111.4	646.4	154.9	36.1	27.4	218.4								
May	406.9	116.8	110.7	634.4	153.0	35.9	27.3	216.2								
Jun	402.4	113.7	109.7	625.8	151.6	35.0	27.0	213.6								
Jul	400.7	110.5	107.9	619.1	149.0	34.2	26.8	210.0								
Aug	400.2	109.8	106.7	616.7	150.5	33.8	26.5	210.8								
Sep	400.6	108.5	105.8	614.9	150.7	33.6	26.4	210.7								
Oct	403.9	105.5	104.1	613.5	151.1	32.9	25.9	209.9								
Nov	401.7	106.4	102.8	610.9	151.5	33.1	25.8	210.4								
Dec	400.2	105.4	101.4	607.0	152.2	33.1	25.4	210.7								
2005 Jan	400.3	104.2	99.4	603.9	152.7	32.9	25.5	211.1								
Feb	403.2	103.7	98.8	605.7	152.6	33.0	25.2	210.8								
Mar	409.9	104.4	98.0	612.3	154.1	33.1	25.0	212.2								
Apr	413.9	106.2	97.0	617.1	156.8	33.8	24.6	215.2								
May	426.4	106.8	96.2	629.4	158.6	33.9	24.5	217.0								
Jun	430.4	108.7	96.4	635.5	160.0	34.3	24.6	218.9								
Jul	430.3	112.1	96.5	638.9	160.5	35.2	24.7	220.4								
Aug	430.1	114.8	96.2	641.1	160.3	35.9	24.6	220.8								
Sep	429.6	119.5	97.4	646.5	160.5	37.4	25.1	223.0								
Oct	432.8	122.8	99.3	654.9	162.8	38.1	25.5	226.4								
Nov	435.9	127.4	101.2	664.5	164.8	39.5	26.3	230.6								
Dec	438.0	128.7	103.0	669.7	166.7	40.2	26.7	233.6								
2006 Jan	435.3	129.8	105.2	670.3	166.6	41.1	27.3	235.0								
Feb	441.1	133.0	108.1	682.2	168.8	41.8	28.2	238.8								
Mar	446.3	134.3	110.9	691.5	171.2	41.9	28.6	241.7								
Apr	446.1	138.1	114.0	698.2	170.5	43.5	29.6	243.6								
May	443.6	140.0	117.5	701.1	172.0	43.9	30.2	246.1								
Jun	442.2	141.4	119.7	703.3	171.6	44.7	30.9	247.2								
Jul	438.2	141.8	122.3	702.3	171.2	45.5	31.6	248.3								
Aug	435.4	139.9	124.2	699.5	172.1	45.2	32.0	249.3								
Sep	436.0	138.8	125.9	700.7	173.4	44.8	32.7	250.9								
Oct	433.8	138.1	126.9	698.8	174.2	44.6	32.9	251.7								
Nov	432.8	132.6	127.1	692.5	173.7	43.5	33.0	250.2								
Dec	431.2	129.5	126.3	687.0	172.2	42.9	32.8	247.9								
2007 Jan	421.8	126.1	125.1	673.0	170.8	42.4	32.8	246.0								
Feb	421.8	124.6	125.1	671.5	170.3	41.8	32.8	244.9								
Mar	414.2	121.9	123.5	659.6	168.4	41.2	32.6	242.2								
Apr	407.4	118.8	121.0	647.2	166.4	40.3	32.2	238.9								
May	404.2	115.3	118.1	637.6	166.1	39.1	31.5	236.7								
Jun	401.4	111.3	114.9	627.6	164.3	37.5	30.9	232.7								
Jul	402.4	109.0	112.5	623.9	162.6	37.0	29.9	229.5								
Aug	402.3	106.4	108.9	617.6	162.3	36.1	29.5	227.9								
Sep	399.4	103.1	105.4	607.9	161.4	35.0	28.6	225.0								
Oct	397.5 <sup>†</sup>	100.2 <sup>†</sup>	101.7 <sup>†</sup>	599.4 <sup>†</sup>	160.4 <sup>†</sup>	33.8 <sup>†</sup>	27.7	221.9 <sup>†</sup>								
Nov	393.9	98.3	98.5	590.7	159.3	33.2	27.0	219.5								

<sup>1</sup> Total computerised claims only.

Sources: Jobcentre Plus Administrative; Labour Market Statistics; Helpline: 01633 456901

# 3.10 Claimant count

Thousands

		United Kingdom				Great Britain	
		Not seasonally adjusted		Seasonally adjusted <sup>1</sup>		Seasonally adjusted <sup>1</sup>	
		Total	Percentage rate <sup>2</sup>	Males	Females	Total	Percentage rate <sup>2</sup>
	BCJA	BCJB	DPAE	DPAF	BCJD	BCJE	DPAG
2000	1 102.3	3.6	831.6	256.8	1 088.4	3.6	1 046.3
2001	983.0	3.2	739.6	230.3	969.9	3.1	930.5
2002	958.8	3.1	717.1	229.6	946.6	3.1	910.2
2003	945.9	3.0	700.3	232.8	933.0	3.0	898.5
2004	866.1	2.7	636.2	217.1	853.3	2.7	822.5
2005	874.4	2.7	639.7	222.0	861.7	2.7	833.1
2006	956.7	3.0	697.3	247.4	944.7	2.9	916.9
2003 Oct	893.2	2.9	690.3	231.7	922.0	2.9	887.3
Nov	884.6	2.8	683.5	229.5	913.0	2.9	878.9
Dec	889.7	2.8	677.9	228.1	906.0	2.9	872.0
2004 Jan	952.4	3.0	672.8	226.4	899.2	2.9	865.7
Feb	957.0	3.0	667.2	224.9	892.1	2.8	859.3
Mar	932.0	3.0	658.2	222.8	881.0	2.8	848.8
Apr	905.2	2.9	651.2	220.7	871.9	2.8	840.1
May	869.7	2.8	639.8	218.3	858.1	2.7	826.9
Jun	840.5	2.7	631.0	215.9	846.9	2.7	816.3
Jul	841.5	2.7	624.3	212.1	836.4	2.7	806.5
Aug	847.6	2.7	621.7	212.8	834.5	2.6	804.6
Sep	827.8	2.6	620.1	212.8	832.9	2.6	803.1
Oct	806.8	2.6	619.2	212.3	831.5	2.6	801.9
Nov	803.0	2.5	616.6	212.9	829.5	2.6	800.0
Dec	810.2	2.6	612.7	213.4	826.1	2.6	797.1
2005 Jan	872.1	2.7	609.8	213.5	823.3	2.6	794.2
Feb	885.0	2.8	611.1	212.9	824.0	2.6	795.0
Mar	882.3	2.8	617.6	214.4	832.0	2.6	803.1
Apr	871.8	2.7	622.1	217.6	839.7	2.6	810.9
May	867.6	2.7	634.7	219.3	854.0	2.7	825.3
Jun	858.2	2.7	640.4	221.0	861.4	2.7	832.7
Jul	871.0	2.7	643.3	222.4	865.7	2.7	837.3
Aug	880.7	2.8	645.5	222.8	868.3	2.7	840.1
Sep	871.5	2.7	650.9	224.9	875.8	2.7	847.7
Oct	864.8	2.7	659.1	228.3	887.4	2.8	859.3
Nov	875.3	2.7	668.3	232.2	900.5	2.8	871.9
Dec	892.7	2.8	673.3	235.1	908.4	2.9	880.1
2006 Jan	955.3	3.0	674.2	236.7	910.9	2.8	882.6
Feb	984.7	3.0	686.0	240.4	926.4	2.9	898.0
Mar	989.1	3.1	695.4	243.4	938.8	2.9	910.4
Apr	981.2	3.0	701.9	245.2	947.1	2.9	918.8
May	965.7	3.0	704.3	247.6	951.9	2.9	923.6
Jun	952.9	2.9	706.7	248.5	955.2	3.0	927.3
Jul	960.8	3.0	705.4	249.7	955.1	3.0	927.4
Aug	958.9	3.0	702.7	250.6	953.3	2.9	925.8
Sep	952.9	2.9	704.2	252.5	956.7	3.0	929.1
Oct	933.7	2.9	701.8	253.3	955.1	3.0	927.4
Nov	922.1	2.9	695.5	251.7	947.2	2.9	920.0
Dec	923.5	2.9	689.8	249.3	939.1	2.9	912.3
2007 Jan	965.1	3.0	675.8	247.3	923.1	2.9	897.0
Feb	974.9	3.0	674.0	246.0	920.0	2.8	894.2
Mar	956.0	3.0	662.3	243.4	905.7	2.8	880.0
Apr	918.5	2.8	649.6	240.1	889.7	2.8	864.4
May	889.1	2.8	639.9	238.0	877.9	2.7	853.0
Jun	855.6	2.6	630.0	233.8	863.8	2.7	839.6
Jul	854.1	2.6	626.4	230.7	857.1	2.7	833.5
Aug	857.1	2.7	619.7	228.9	848.6	2.6	825.3
Sep	827.9	2.6	609.3	225.4	834.7	2.6	811.6
Oct	801.0	2.5	600.9 <sup>†</sup>	223.2	824.1 <sup>†</sup>	2.5 <sup>†</sup>	800.9 <sup>†</sup>
Nov	785.8	2.4	592.4	220.6	813.0	2.5	789.7

1 The seasonally adjusted series relate only to claimants aged 18 or over in order to maintain the consistent series, available back to 1971 (1974 for the regions - see p.608 of the December 1990 *Employment Gazette* and pS16 of the April 1994 issue for the list of discontinuities taken into account). It also takes into account the effect of the change in benefit eligibility rules introduced with Jobseeker's Allowance (see p.219-24, Labour Market Trends, May 2000). The latest national and regional seasonally adjusted claimant count figures are provisional and are subject to revision mainly in the following month.

2 Percentage rates have been calculated by expressing the number of claimants as a percentage of the estimated total workforce (the sum of claimants, employees jobs, self-employed, HM Forces and participants on work related government training programmes) at mid-2005 estimates for 2005 and 2006 figures and at the corresponding mid-year estimates for earlier years.

Sources: Jobcentre Plus Administrative; Labour Market Statistics; Helpline: 01633 456901

# 3.11 Unemployed

## Analysis by Government Office Regions

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

	North East	North West	Yorkshire and the Humber	East Midlands	West Midlands	East London	South East	South West	England	Wales	Scotland	Great Britain	Northern Ireland	United Kingdom <sup>1</sup>	
1997 Q4	YCM98	YCMQ217	YCMR166	YCMS108	YCMT167	YCMU142	YCMV324	YCMW181	YCMX122	YCMY1 525	YCMZ88	YCN182	YCNB1 796	ZSFA67	MGSC1 860
1998 Q1	98	210	168	108	160	145	289	178	111	1 467	93	188	1 748	63	1 810
Q2	95	215	172	101	153	133	302	178	115	1 464	90	183	1 737	51	1 788
Q3	95	211	169	112	156	122	277	184	119	1 445	97	185	1 727	58	1 783
Q4	111	222	167	100	169	116	275	162	108	1 430	93	190	1 713	51	1 763
1999 Q1	109	210	161	108	182	115	282	163	120	1 447	94	181	1 723	53	1 775
Q2	110	198	150	111	180	117	272	164	109	1 411	99	176	1 686	57	1 743
Q3	113	201	143	117	165	107	272	160	107	1 385	95	171	1 650	53	1 702
Q4	98	192	145	114	172	114	260	167	101	1 364	95	175	1 635	50	1 684
2000 Q1	103	193	153	107	156	106	282	148	105	1 354	87	186	1 627	48	1 675
Q2	105	171	148	101	156	100	271	137	105	1 295	80	178	1 552	49	1 599
Q3	105	172	143	100	145	101	254	130	101	1 250	88	167	1 505	41	1 545
Q4	90	170	148	97	152	101	250	140	95	1 243	76	157	1 476	45	1 521
2001 Q1	88	167	129	97	143	97	242	140	96	1 200	79	147	1 426	46	1 472
Q2	86	171	130	105	140	100	234	133	88	1 188	80	159	1 427	46	1 472
Q3	82	163	127	97	138	110	249	143	90	1 198	72	167	1 437	46	1 483
Q4	84	172	122	96	144	109	278	143	89	1 236	76	168	1 480	44	1 523
2002 Q1	86	172	123	99	145	103	261	151	86	1 227	74	166	1 467	46	1 512
Q2	75	179	128	97	147	102	258	162	92	1 241	75	159	1 475	43	1 516
Q3	72	178	136	100	155	108	265	169	101	1 284	70	161	1 514	47	1 561
Q4	84	161	121	102	148	113	249	168	101	1 247	69	156	1 472	43	1 514
2003 Q1	77	160	130	85	158	130	264	163	97	1 263	67	151	1 481	42	1 523
Q2	70	163	125	92	146	109	272	166	86	1 229	62	134	1 425	41	1 464
Q3	77	164	121	99	153	112	273	163	82	1 244	65	150	1 460	43	1 504
Q4	74	154	122	96	147	98	260	162	77	1 190	67	148	1 405	48	1 453
2004 Q1	67	148	120	101	144	98	264	162	76	1 179	65	149	1 393	40	1 433
Q2	64	146	113	91	144	108	266	155	94	1 181	59	154	1 394	39	1 434
Q3	70	148	114	88	130	103	270	154	83	1 161	67	136	1 365	38	1 402
Q4	76	154	116	91	125	108	269	148	84	1 172	58	148	1 378	36	1 413
2005 Q1	69	159	110	94	124	110	254	157	93	1 168	64	144	1 375	37	1 413
Q2	83	147	121	92	123	111	271	163	82	1 193	63	140	1 396	39	1 435
Q3	80	151	116	99	123	120	255	172	96	1 210	65	142	1 416	34	1 450
Q4	78	162	140	104	139	131	282	181	102	1 318	68	136	1 522	35	1 557
2006 Q1	81	165	139	114	138	139	298	193	93	1 361	67	139	1 568	35	1 602
Q2	75	179	149	123	153	145	307	203	97	1 431	81	141	1 653	34	1 687
Q3	85	190	156	121	163	144	312	196	101	1 468	77	132	1 677	38	1 714
Q4	80	178	156	132	174	129	306	189	100	1 445	74	139	1 658	34	1 692 <sup>†</sup>
2007 Q1	84	194	161	125	171	138	285	200	103	1 460	79	132	1 672	34	1 705
Q2	80	197	145	113	182	134	291	182	105	1 429	80	121	1 630	31 <sup>†</sup>	1 661
Q3	79	203	143	131	173	151	244	198	107 <sup>†</sup>	1 430	76	130	1 636	31	1 667

Unemployment rate<sup>2</sup>

2007 Q3	YCN6.4	YCN6.0	YCN5.5	YCNF5.8	YCNG6.5	YCNH5.2	YCN16.2	YCNJ4.5	YCNK4.1	YCNL5.5	YCNM5.4	YCNN4.9	YCNO5.4	ZSFB3.8	MGSX5.4
---------	--------	--------	--------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------

1 Due to slight methodological differences between the way the national and regional LFS estimates have been interim adjusted for the 2001 Census, there may be small differences between the UK totals and the sum of the regional components.

2 Unemployed as a percentage of total economically active (the sum of unemployed and those in employment).

Source: Labour Force Survey, Office for National Statistics: 01633 456901

## Labour market

### 3.12 Claimant count<sup>1</sup>

Analysis by Government Office Regions

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

	North East	North West	Yorkshire and the Humber	East Midlands	West Midlands	East	London	South East	South West	Wales	Scotland	Northern Ireland
	DPDG	IBWA	DPAX	DPAY	DPBC	DPDJ	DPDK	DPDL	DPBB	DPBE	DPBF	DPBG
1999	79.9	153.8	123.0	76.2	119.7	76.5	203.1	95.3	75.3	64.1	130.4	50.7
2000	72.2	136.9	107.0	69.4	108.0	64.1	174.5	78.9	61.8	57.3	116.3	42.1
2001	62.7	123.5	96.0	63.6	99.0	55.0	154.9	66.6	52.7	51.2	105.2	39.5
2002	57.9	118.1	88.8	58.7	93.7	56.6	166.0	71.2	50.1	47.1	102.0	36.4
2003	52.8	111.7	83.7	58.9	94.7	58.1	170.7	75.6	48.3	44.6	99.5	34.6
2004	46.3	99.2	73.4	52.5	88.3	55.4	162.8	70.7	41.9	40.2	92.0	30.8
2005	45.9	101.3	76.0	54.1	93.9	58.1	162.9	71.6	42.2	41.2	85.9	28.6
2006	50.2	115.5	87.3	62.0	108.3	65.5	166.8	81.7	48.0	44.2	87.3	27.8
2004 Jun	45.6	98.3	72.7	51.8	87.7	54.7	163.2	70.2	41.0	39.8	91.3	30.6
Jul	45.4	96.7	71.6	51.1	86.7	54.6	162.0	68.5	40.4	39.5	90.0	29.9
Aug	44.9	97.0	71.9	50.8	86.0	54.7	161.0	68.6	40.3	39.4	90.0	29.9
Sep	44.8	96.9	71.4	50.8	85.8	54.8	160.1	68.6	40.4	39.3	90.2	29.8
Oct	45.1	96.5	71.1	50.9	86.0	55.0	158.8	69.2	40.6	39.2	89.5	29.6
Nov	44.8	96.4	70.5	51.4	85.8	54.9	158.8	68.8	40.8	39.0	88.8	29.5
Dec	44.7	96.0	69.8	50.9	85.9	55.2	158.6	68.2	40.7	39.1	88.0	29.0
2005 Jan	43.9	94.5	70.1	50.8	85.6	55.3	158.6	68.3	40.8	38.9	87.4	29.1
Feb	44.3	95.0	70.6	50.4	85.3	55.2	159.4	67.9	41.0	39.0	86.9	29.0
Mar	44.9	96.3	72.0	51.8	85.3	56.1	161.5	68.8	41.2	39.2	86.0	28.9
Apr	44.9	97.9	73.2	51.8	87.6	56.3	162.2	70.1	41.3	39.5	86.1	28.8
May	45.4	99.6	74.4	52.8	94.7	57.1	162.2	70.4	41.8	40.5	86.4	28.7
Jun	45.9	100.8	75.6	53.9	95.4	58.0	162.4	71.6	42.0	41.3	85.8	28.7
Jul	46.2	102.0	76.2	54.6	96.6	58.9	162.2	71.6	42.6	41.7	84.7	28.4
Aug	46.6	102.9	76.6	54.6	96.3	58.7	163.7	71.7	42.2	41.7	85.1	28.2
Sep	46.9	104.1	78.1	55.3	97.6	59.1	164.2	72.6	42.3	41.9	85.6	28.1
Oct	47.3	105.9	79.7	56.5	99.3	60.1	165.7	73.6	43.0	42.9	85.3	28.1
Nov	47.4	107.6	81.9	58.0	101.1	60.9	166.1	75.4	43.9	44.0	85.6	28.6
Dec	47.4	108.4	83.5	58.7	102.3	61.6	167.2	77.4	43.8	44.1	85.7	28.3
2006 Jan	47.2	109.1	84.0	58.7	102.6	62.3	168.0	78.0	44.0	43.8	84.9	28.3
Feb	48.7	111.9	85.3	59.9	105.0	63.1	168.1	79.9	45.3	44.3	86.5	28.4
Mar	49.3	113.7	86.5	60.9	107.1	64.3	167.8	81.7	46.3	44.9	87.9	28.4
Apr	49.7	115.0	87.1	61.9	108.7	65.5	167.8	81.7	47.9	45.2	88.3	28.3
May	50.2	115.8	87.9	62.3	108.8	65.5	167.9	82.8	48.6	45.0	88.8	28.3
Jun	50.9	116.8	88.2	62.6	108.9	65.8	168.2	83.2	49.1	44.8	88.8	27.9
Jul	50.5	116.8	88.4	62.7	109.3	65.8	168.3	83.7	49.2	44.2	88.5	27.7
Aug	50.7	116.9	88.3	63.2	109.5	65.6	166.5	83.5	49.4	44.2	88.0	27.5
Sep	51.2	117.9	88.7	63.4	110.1	66.7	167.0	83.2	49.5	44.0	87.4	27.6
Oct	51.2	118.1	88.7	63.2	109.8	67.4	165.9	82.7	49.2	44.0	87.2	27.7
Nov	51.4	117.4	87.9	62.7	109.9	67.4	164.3	80.9	48.8	43.3	86.0	27.2
Dec	51.8	117.1	87.0	62.2	110.0	66.8	161.9	79.4	48.5	42.8	84.8	26.8
2007 Jan	51.0	115.3	85.8	61.7	109.5	66.2	158.9	77.8	47.2	42.2	81.4	26.1
Feb	51.4	115.3	85.3	61.6	109.0	65.7	157.4	76.8	47.3	42.5	81.9	25.8
Mar	50.9	113.5	84.1	60.7	106.6	64.3	155.1	76.1	46.2	42.0	80.5	25.7
Apr	50.3	111.6	83.5	60.2	104.3	63.4	151.4	74.7	44.6	41.2	79.2	25.3
May	49.8	110.0	82.7	59.7	103.3	62.6	148.9	73.3	44.0	40.8	77.9	24.9
Jun	49.5	108.9	81.8	58.9	101.8	61.6	145.4	72.0	43.1	40.6	76.0	24.2
Jul	49.3	109.0	81.1	58.6	101.1	61.0	144.5	71.5	42.2	40.4	74.8	23.6
Aug	48.8	108.5	80.2	57.9	100.9	60.1	142.0	70.8	41.5	40.2	74.4	23.3
Sep	48.3	108.0	78.7	56.7	100.2	58.9	138.8	68.3	40.4	39.8	73.5	23.1
Oct	47.9†	107.3†	77.6	55.9†	99.4†	57.5†	136.0†	67.4†	39.8	39.7	72.4†	23.2
Nov	47.5	106.7	76.4	55.0	97.7	56.2	133.5	66.5	39.1	39.4	71.7	23.3

#### Claimant count rate<sup>2</sup>

DPDM	IBWC	DPBI	DPBJ	DPBN	DPDP	DPDQ	DPDR	DPBM	DPBP	DPBQ	DPBR
2007 Nov	3.8	3.1	2.9	2.5	3.5	2.0	2.7	1.5	2.7	2.6	2.7

1 The seasonally adjusted series relate only to claimants aged 18 or over in order to maintain the consistent series, available back to 1971 (1974 for the regions - see p.608 of the December 1990 *Employment Gazette* and pS16 of the April 1994 issue for the list of discontinuities taken into account). It also takes into account the effect of the change in benefit eligibility rules introduced with Jobseeker's Allowance (see p.219-24, Labour Market Trends, May 2000). The latest national and regional seasonally adjusted claimant count figures are provisional and are subject to revision mainly in the following month.

2 Percentage rates have been calculated by expressing the number of claimants as a percentage of the estimated total workforce (the sum of claimants, employees, self-employed, HM Forces and participants on work related government training programmes) at mid-2005 estimates for 2005 and 2006 figures and at the corresponding mid-year estimates for earlier years.

Sources: Jobcentre Plus Administrative; Labour Market Statistics; Helpline: 01633 456901

# 3.13 Vacancies by industry

Standard Industrial Classification (1992)

United Kingdom (thousands), seasonally adjusted

	All vacancies <sup>1</sup>	Energy and water <sup>2</sup>	Manufacturing	Construction	Distribution, hotels & restaurants	Transport & communications	Finance & business services	Education, health & public admin <sup>3</sup>	Other services <sup>2</sup>	Total services
<b>Levels (thousands)</b>										
2005 Nov	AP2Y 595.5	AP32 3.0	AP33 50.2	AP34 22.1	AP35 175.8	AP36 38.4	AP37 137.7	AP38 141.3	AP39 27.0	AP3A 520.2
Dec	596.8	2.9	49.9	22.4	173.5	36.8	139.5	142.3	29.5	521.6
2006 Jan	602.4	3.3	50.3	24.1	172.4	37.6	143.8	142.1	28.8	524.7
Feb	597.9	3.4	50.3	23.2	167.8	37.5	147.2	138.6	29.9	521.0
Mar	589.7	3.7	48.4	19.6	161.1	39.6	149.2	134.8	33.2	517.9
Apr	587.7	3.7	48.9	19.2	163.0	38.3	147.3	133.2	34.2	516.0
May	584.4	4.1	49.0	18.8	162.9	37.4	149.0	129.8	33.5	512.6
Jun	589.4	4.2	49.1	18.6	165.4	38.7	153.2	129.5	30.7	517.5
Jul	592.0	4.2	47.6	18.5	163.8	39.4	155.4	131.5	31.6	521.7
Aug	598.1	3.9	48.1	20.3	165.8	40.9	158.1	133.1	28.0	525.9
Sep	597.7	3.9	48.1	20.3	166.6	39.3	159.2	132.4	28.0	525.5
Oct	599.9	3.9	47.7	20.5	167.9	39.1	161.3	130.5	28.9	527.7
Nov	599.6 <sup>†</sup>	3.8	48.1 <sup>†</sup>	19.2 <sup>†</sup>	167.3 <sup>†</sup>	40.6 <sup>†</sup>	161.8 <sup>†</sup>	131.7 <sup>†</sup>	27.1	528.5 <sup>†</sup>
Dec	602.0	3.7	48.8	19.8	169.3	40.7	163.5	132.7	23.5	529.7
2007 Jan	606.5	3.5	50.5	19.5	171.3	42.2	165.3	134.6	19.6	533.0
Feb	617.1	3.8	52.3	19.6	177.3	41.7	164.0	136.5	21.9	541.4
Mar	636.8	4.2	54.4	20.5	183.5	42.4	165.8	139.9	26.0	557.6
Apr	638.9	4.3	53.1	19.6	185.3	41.5	167.3	138.1	29.7	561.9
May	642.4	4.1	53.3	18.1	187.0	42.2	166.4	137.9	33.4	566.9
Jun	647.5	4.0	52.1	18.9	186.5	42.8	170.2	139.9	33.1	572.5
Jul	656.2	4.0	54.3	21.5	184.5	44.2	172.8	141.7	33.2	576.4
Aug	666.2	4.0	55.1	23.1	186.8	46.6	176.6	144.8	29.3	584.1
Sep	669.2	4.0	56.7	24.4	184.4	50.0	172.5	146.2	31.1 <sup>†</sup>	584.2
Oct	672.4	3.8	57.2	24.0	185.2	48.9	169.7	151.1	32.4	587.3
Nov	680.7	3.7	56.7	23.9	188.0	48.2	170.2	156.0	34.1	596.5
<b>Ratio per 100 employee jobs</b>										
2005 Nov	AP2Z 2.3	AP3B 1.7	AP3C 1.5	AP3D 1.7	AP3E 2.7	AP3F 2.5	AP3G 2.7	AP3H 2.1	AP3I 2.0	AP3J 2.4
Dec	2.3	1.6	1.5	1.7	2.7	2.4	2.7	2.1	2.1	2.4
2006 Jan	2.3	1.9	1.5	1.9	2.7	2.4	2.8	2.1	2.1	2.5
Feb	2.3	1.9	1.5	1.8	2.6	2.4	2.8	2.0	2.2	2.4
Mar	2.3	2.1	1.5	1.5	2.5	2.5	2.9	2.0	2.4	2.4
Apr	2.3	2.1	1.5	1.5	2.5	2.4	2.8	2.0	2.5	2.4
May	2.2	2.3	1.5	1.5	2.5	2.4	2.9	1.9	2.4	2.4
Jun	2.3	2.4	1.5	1.5	2.6	2.5	3.0	1.9	2.2	2.4
Jul	2.3	2.4	1.5	1.4	2.6	2.5	3.0	1.9	2.3	2.4
Aug	2.3	2.2	1.5	1.6	2.6	2.6	3.1	2.0	2.0	2.5
Sep	2.3	2.2	1.5	1.6	2.6	2.5	3.1	2.0	2.0	2.5
Oct	2.3	2.2	1.5	1.6	2.6	2.5	3.1	1.9	2.1	2.5
Nov	2.3	2.1	1.5	1.5	2.6	2.6	3.1	1.9 <sup>†</sup>	2.0	2.5
Dec	2.3	2.1	1.5	1.5	2.6	2.6	3.2	2.0	1.7	2.5
2007 Jan	2.3	2.0	1.5	1.5	2.7	2.7	3.2	2.0	1.4	2.5
Feb	2.4	2.1	1.6	1.5	2.8	2.7	3.2	2.0	1.6	2.5
Mar	2.4	2.4	1.7	1.6	2.9	2.7	3.2	2.1	1.9	2.6
Apr	2.5	2.4	1.6	1.5	2.9	2.7	3.2	2.0	2.2	2.6
May	2.5	2.3	1.6	1.4	2.9	2.7	3.2	2.0	2.4	2.7
Jun	2.5	2.3	1.6	1.5	2.9	2.7	3.3	2.1	2.4	2.7
Jul	2.5	2.3	1.7	1.7	2.9	2.8	3.3	2.1	2.4	2.7
Aug	2.6	2.3	1.7	1.8	2.9	3.0	3.4	2.1	2.1	2.7
Sep	2.6	2.3	1.7	1.9	2.9	3.2	3.3	2.2	2.3	2.7
Oct	2.6	2.1	1.7 <sup>†</sup>	1.9	2.9 <sup>†</sup>	3.1	3.3	2.2	2.4	2.8 <sup>†</sup>
Nov	2.6	2.1	1.7	1.9	2.9	3.1	3.3	2.3	2.5	2.8

<sup>1</sup> Excludes Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing.<sup>2</sup> Not seasonally adjusted. 'Energy and water' and 'Other services' do not display seasonality. Therefore the unadjusted series is the best estimate of a 'seasonally adjusted' series.<sup>3</sup> Includes both public and private sectors.Sources: ONS Vacancy Survey;  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 01633 456901

# 3.14 Labour disputes<sup>1</sup>

Thousands

	Workers beginning involvement in period in any dispute	Total working days lost <sup>2</sup>						
		All industries and services	Manufacturing	Transport, storage and communication	Public administration and defence	Education	Health and social work	All other industries and services
SIC 1992		All classes	15-37	60-64	75	80	85	All other classes
	BBFV	BBFW	BBFX	BBFY	BBFZ	BBGA	BBGB	BBGC
2000	182	499	52	97	50	50	122	129
2001	167	525	43	107	216	43	73	44
2002	918	1 323	21	96	488	376	148	195
2003	123	499	63	126	138	131	15	25
2004	272	905	31	44	437	379	4	10
2005	92	157	16	33	23	43	—	43
2006	711	755	18	41	627	31	5	33
2004 Oct	1	7	—	4	1	—	1	1
Nov	132	114	3	4	106	1	1	—
Dec	2	3	—	1	—	1	1	—
2005 Jan	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Feb	7	8	—	—	3	4	—	—
Mar	3	4	—	—	—	3	—	—
Apr	3	6	—	3	—	1	—	1
May	26	32	2	2	5	17	—	6
Jun	2	5	2	1	—	—	—	3
Jul	5	15	4	10	—	—	—	—
Aug	5	17	1	3	3	—	—	10
Sep	4	29	6	8	1	—	—	14
Oct	4	7	—	3	2	1	—	—
Nov	19	19	—	—	3	15	—	1
Dec	13	15	—	2	5	—	—	8
2006 Jan	45	77	—	5	69	—	—	3
Feb	2	14	—	10	1	1	—	2
Mar	577	482	—	2	461	17	—	1
Apr	2	3	—	—	—	1	—	—
May	50	83	2	2	70	4	—	6
Jun	2	6	2	3	—	—	—	—
Jul	8	14	4	2	4	1	2	1
Aug	2	6	1	1	1	—	1	3
Sep	5	23	—	1	16	2	2	1
Oct	7	13	3	1	2	2	—	5
Nov	5	23	5	6	—	2	—	11
Dec	7	11	—	8	2	—	—	—
2007 Jan	135	120	—	1	115	2	1	2
Feb	3	4	—	—	3	—	—	—
Mar	10	13	5	1	4	2	—	1
Apr	3	3	2	1	—	—	—	—
May	124	111	1	—	107	1	—	2
Jun	98	90	—	88	—	—	—	1
Jul	5	187	2	181	2	—	—	1
Aug	24	85	3	62	18	—	2	1
Sep	6	8	—	6	—	2	—	—
Oct	293	327	—	308	5	13	1	—

<sup>1</sup> Excludes stoppages involving fewer than 10 workers or lasting less than one day except any in which the total number of working days lost are 100 or more. There may be some under-recording of small or short stoppages; this would have much more effect on the total stoppages than on working days lost.

<sup>2</sup> The working days lost figures relate to the total working days lost within each of the periods shown as a result of stoppages *in progress* in that period, whether the stoppages began in that period or earlier.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 01633 819205

## 4 Social services

### 4.1 National Insurance and Child Benefit Great Britain

Thousands

	National Insurance				Child Benefit <sup>1,2</sup>	
	Persons in receipt of Jobseeker's Allowance (contributions based) <sup>3</sup>	New claims Incapacity Benefit (Weekly averages) <sup>4</sup>	At end of period		Families receiving benefit	Children in families receiving benefits
			State Pension <sup>5</sup>	Widows/ Bereavement Benefit <sup>6,7</sup>		
2006 Mar	BDAD	BDA	BDAE	BMCR	BDAG	BDAH
Apr	..	13.5	..	..	..	..
May	143	10.0	..	..	..	..
Jun	..	11.8	10 587	165	7 125	12 604
Jul	..	13.3	..	..	..	..
Aug	137	12.3	..	..	..	..
Sep	..	13.6	10 626	161	7 198	12 750
Oct	..	13.7	..	..	..	..
Nov	133	14.1	..	..	..	..
Dec	..	15.3	10 669	154	..	..
2007 Jan	..	11.4	..	..	..	..
Feb	144	14.5	..	..	..	..
Mar	..	15.0	10 704	150	..	..
Apr	..	13.9	..	..	..	..
May	118	11.6	..	..	..	..
Jun	..	12.9	10 757	146	..	..
Jul	..	13.4	..	..	..	..
Aug	..	13.6	..	..	..	..
Sep	..	13.8	..	..	..	..
Oct	..	12.9	..	..	..	..
	..	13.6	..	..	..	..

1 Child Benefit figures are taken from the Child Benefit Computer System 5% scan in the months shown. Figures exclude overseas cases.

2 Child Benefit is the responsibility of HM Revenue and Customs.

3 Jobseeker's Allowance figures have been derived by applying 100% WPLS proportions to 5% data. This figure is based on Contribution Based only Jobseekers Allowance.

4 The figures for Incapacity Benefit are calculated from 100% counts but are provisional and therefore subject to amendment.

5 Excluding pensioners in receipt of non-contributory State Pension awarded

under National Insurance Acts 1970 and 1971. Also excludes overseas and Channel Islands cases.

6 Includes all Widow's Benefit and Bereavement Benefit except Widow's Payment and Bereavement Payment. Excludes overseas and Channel Island cases.

7 WB and BB figures are obtained from 100% Work and Pensions Longitudinal Data.

Sources: Department for Work and Pensions: 0191 225 9900;  
HM Revenue and Customs

### 4.2 Child and Working Tax Credit<sup>1</sup> United Kingdom

Thousands

	Families in work receiving credit:			No of children in these families
	All families <sup>2</sup>	Two-adult families	One-adult families	
2004 Dec	WMPT 4 518	WMPU 3 310	WMPV 1 209	WMPW 7 455
2005 Apr	4 638	3 378	1 260	7 624
2005 Dec	4 538	3 261	1 277	7 324
2006 Apr	4 601	3 307	1 294	7 446
2006 Dec	4 526	3 237	1 289	7 292
2007 Apr	4 619	3 296	1 323	7 425
2007 Dec	4 541	3 192	1 349	7 252

1 For further information refer to Section 4 of the Annual Supplement in the January edition of *Monthly Digest*.

Source: HM Revenue and Customs: 020 7147 3067

2 Figures are separately rounded, which can lead to the components as shown not summing to the total.

## Social services

### 4.3 Income Support/Pension Credit/Jobseeker's Allowance (income based) Great Britain

In a week in the month shown, thousands

	Aged 60 and over <sup>2,6</sup>	Income support <sup>1</sup>				Jobseeker's Allowance (income based) <sup>7</sup>		
		Inc incapacity benefits <sup>3</sup>	Lone parents <sup>4</sup>	Others <sup>5</sup>	All cases	Pension Credit <sup>6</sup>	With contribution based benefit	Without contribution based benefit
2004 Aug	BALZ	BAMD	BAME	BAMF	BAMG	A4EK	DMUB	DMUC
Nov	..	1 207	818	166	2 191	2 593	12	576
	..	1 206	797	165	2 167	2 630	13	553
2005 Feb	..	1 200	793	160	2 153	2 655	15	600
May	..	1 194	789	157	2 140	2 683	14	596
Aug	..	1 190	789	159	2 138	2 697	15	620
Nov	..	1 189	779	160	2 127	2 708	14	633
2006 Feb	..	1 188	777	158	2 123	2 709	15	702
May	..	1 183	775	157	2 115	2 717	14	690
Aug	..	1 189	783	157	2 129	2 728	13	695
Nov	..	1 193	776	164	2 132	2 739	13	673
2007 Feb	..	1 188	771	165	2 124	2 731	15	692
May	..	1 185	766	167	2 118	2 733	12	628
								640

1 IS claimants have been assigned to a statistical group according to a hierarchy. The order is as shown in the table, i.e. "Aged 60 and over", "Incapacity Benefits" etc. For example, lone parents with both Incapacity Benefits and Income Support will fall into the "Incapacity Benefits" category.

2 "Aged 60 and over" are benefit units where the claimant and/or partner is aged 60 or over.

3 "Incapacity Benefits" refer to claimants aged under 60 claiming Incapacity Benefit (IB) or Severe Disablement Allowance (SDA), including IB credits only cases.

4 "Lone Parents" are single recipients of Income Support aged under 60 with a child under 16 who are not in receipt of IB/SDA.

5 "Others" are recipients of Income Support not in one of the other categories.

6 Since 6th October 2003, Income Support for claimants aged 60 or over have been paid via the new Pension Credit. Pension Credit eligibility is also more generous than prior to 6th October 2003, increasing the numbers of pensioners in receipt.

7 JSA figures have been derived by applying 100% Works/Pensions Longitudinal Survey (WPLS) proportions to 5% totals.

Source: Department for Work and Pensions

### 4.4 Family health services

Thousands

Pharmaceut- ical services	England and Wales					Scotland					
	Number of prescriptions items dispensed by chemists etc <sup>2</sup>	Dental services		Ophthalmic services <sup>1</sup>			Pharmaceut- ical services	Completed courses of adult treatment and cases of occasional treatment <sup>3</sup>	Pairs of spectacles paid for by SHBs under the Voucher Scheme	Dental services	Ophthalmic services
		Completed courses of treatment and cases of occasional treatment <sup>3</sup>	Personal dental services	Total courses of treatment <sup>5</sup>	Sight tests	HAs under the Voucher Scheme					
2004	CKQJ	BDDB	F93Q	G92F	BDDC	BDDD	BDDE	BDDF	BDDG	BDDH	
	740 389	26 604	1 616	28 220	21 288	7 671	74 335	2 942	943	462	
2005	776 925	19 914	7 631	27 545	..	..	76 427	2 904	942	454	
2006	780 826 <sup>†</sup>	..	..	6 635	..	..	..	2 920	..	..	
2005 Q3	193 063	4 597	2 140	6 737	5 530	1 988	19 097	712	237	113	
Q4	207 119	4 385	2 473	6 858	..	..	19 685	724	226	109	
2006 Q1	196 783	4 103	2 532	6 635	5 497	1 942	..	727	252	117	
Q2	200 015	..	..	—	..	..	..	743	371	114	
Q3 <sup>9</sup>	185 304 <sup>†</sup>	..	..	—	5 659	2 051	..	710	375	104	
Q4	198 724	..	..	—	..	..	..	740	..	..	
2007 Q1	193 152	..	..	35 051	5 501	1 966	..	745	..	..	
Q2	195 275	..	..	8 902 <sup>8</sup>	..	..	..	811	..	..	
Q3	196 074	..	..	..	..	..	..	769	..	..	
2006/07 <sup>6</sup>				35 051 <sup>7</sup>							

1 Data on Ophthalmic Services are collected six-monthly and presented against the second quarter covered.

2 The data covers all prescriptions dispensed by community pharmacists and appliance contractors, dispensing doctors, and prescriptions submitted by prescribing doctors for items personally administered.

3 Number scheduled for payment in the General Dental Service.

4 Includes prescriptions dispensed by Community Pharmacies, appliance suppliers, dispensing doctors and stock orders.

5 Some early information relates only to the General Dental Service.

6 Annual data provided for the financial year 2006-07 (2006Q2 to 2007Q1) as comparable quarterly information is not available for this period.

7 A new NHS dental contract was introduced on 1 April 2006. Information based on the new contract are not comparable with information under the old contractual arrangements. Data cannot be separated between GDS and PDS contracts from 1 April 2006 and data only for England have been provided under the new contract.

8 Provisional data for England only, which may be revised to account for treatments reported late.

9 Data from 2006 Q3 onwards are England data only.

Sources: The Information Centre for health and social care; NHS Scotland and the National Assembly for Wales

## 5 Law enforcement

### 5.1 Recorded crime statistics England and Wales

Thousands

	Violence against the person	Sexual offences	Burglary	Robbery	Offences against vehicles	Other theft offences	Fraud and forgery	Drug offences	Criminal damage	Other misc. offences	Total recorded crime
2002/03 <sup>1</sup>	845.1	58.9	890.1	110.3	1 074.7	1 336.9	331.1	143.3	1 120.6	64.0	5 975.0
2003/04 <sup>2</sup>	967.2	62.5	820.0	103.7	985.0	1 327.9	319.6	143.5	1 218.5	65.7	6 013.8
2004/05 <sup>3</sup>	1 048.1	62.9	680.4	91.0	820.1	1 247.6	280.1	145.8	1 197.5	64.0	5 637.5
2005/06	1 059.6	62.1	645.1	98.2	792.8	1 226.2	232.8	178.5	1 184.3	75.6	5 555.2
2006/07	1 046.4	57.5	622.0	101.4	765.1	1 181.0	199.8	194.3	1 185.1	75.6	5 428.3
	BEAB	BEAC	BEAD	BEAE	HGW2	HGW3	BEAG	LQMO	BEAH	BEAI	BEAA
2003 Q1	207.8	14.1	216.7	27.9	264.4	319.3	81.1	36.2	291.8	15.8	1 475.2
Q2	236.3	15.4	221.6	27.6	260.4	345.4	84.6	34.2	303.7	16.4	1 545.6
Q3	253.0	16.9	208.7	26.2	243.7	348.0	81.2	36.2	281.2	16.9	1 512.0
Q4	236.9	14.7	196.4	24.6	241.6	319.1	76.2	37.4	307.7	16.0	1 470.8
2004 Q1	241.0	15.5	193.3	25.4	239.3	315.4	77.7	35.7	325.9	16.3	1 485.4
Q2	266.5	16.1	177.3	23.4	213.6	327.2	73.7	33.5	311.8	16.4	1 459.4
Q3	269.6	17.4	170.2	21.7	203.3	327.9	71.7	35.6	280.7	16.8	1 415.0
Q4	261.2	14.6	167.9	23.3	204.7	307.3	70.4	38.7	300.7	15.4	1 404.2
2005 Q1	250.7	14.7	165.0	22.6	198.6	285.2	64.2	38.1	304.3	15.4	1 358.9
Q2	277.6	16.7	162.0	24.2	195.7	320.5	63.1	41.5	302.1	19.2	1 422.5
Q3	278.2	16.6	160.7	24.0	194.1	320.4	60.9	42.0	277.7	19.8	1 394.5
Q4	262.4	15.0	164.1	24.6	200.4	303.0	55.7	46.7	305.2	18.8	1 395.9
2006 Q1	241.4	13.8	158.3	25.4	202.6	282.3	53.0	48.2	299.4	17.8	1 342.2
Q2	277.3	15.7	154.3	25.4	193.9	302.2	54.4	48.3	301.2	21.0	1 393.8
Q3	276.1	15.8	152.4	24.2	185.3	305.3	53.0	46.2	281.3	19.5	1 359.1
Q4	257.1	13.2	157.9	26.6	196.0	293.9	48.1	48.5	309.7	18.1	1 369.2
2007 Q1	236.0	12.8	157.5	25.2	189.8	279.6	44.3	51.3	292.9	17.0	1 306.3

1 The National Crime Recording Standard (NCRS) was introduced across all police forces from April 2002, therefore figures before and after that date are not directly comparable. The introduction of the NCRS has increased the recorded crime figures significantly. For 2002/03 it has been estimated that the implementation of the Standard has inflated the total number of recorded crimes by 10%, although the impact differs for each offence group. Violence against the person was particularly affected.

2 Much of the increase in violence against the person in 2003/04 is likely to be due to the continuing impact of changes in recording.

3 The Sexual Offences Act 2003, introduced in May 2004, re-defined many sexual offences. This change in legislation could, in itself, account for

much of the increase in recorded sexual offences and means figures for 2004/05 are not comparable with earlier years. Note: Includes the British Transport Police from 2002/03 onwards. Following two independent reviews of crime statistics several changes have been made to offence categories. A new group of 'offences against vehicles' has been created, bringing together the offences of 'theft of and from vehicles' with 'vehicle interference' - the rationale for the change is that vehicle interference largely consists of attempted offences very similar in character to theft of and from vehicles. A further group has been created of 'other thefts', comprising offences such as 'theft by an employee', 'shoplifting' and 'handling stolen goods'.

Source: Home Office: 020 7035 0307

### 5.2 Crimes and offences recorded by the police<sup>1, 2</sup> Scotland

Thousands

	Non-sexual crimes of violence	Crimes of indecency	Crimes of dishonesty	Fire raising, vandalism etc	Other crimes	Motor vehicle offences	Miscellaneous offences	Total crimes and offences
	BEBG	BEBD	BEDE	BEBF	BEBG	BEBI	BEBH	BEBB
2002	16.5	6.5	235.7	95.6	72.9	341.3	167.5	935.9
2003	15.2	6.6	210.8	100.1	74.3	417.8	176.7	1 001.3
2004	15.2	7.4	214.4	124.8	78.6	434.4	209.4	1 084.1
2005	13.6	6.7	191.8	128.3	79.4	387.5	216.9	1 024.2
2006	14.4	6.9	184.0	130.1	84.8	367.1	231.0	1 029.1
2003 Q3	3.8	1.6	54.6	23.4	19.7	103.3	47.1	253.6
Q4	3.6	1.7	50.0	24.7	19.2	112.9	42.5	254.6
2004 Q1	3.8	1.8	52.1	29.6	20.3	109.6	45.8	262.9
Q2	4.2	2.0	55.4	32.9	20.2	109.4	57.5	281.6
Q3	3.8	1.8	56.0	32.0	19.6	111.2	56.2	280.6
Q4	3.4	1.8	50.9	30.3	18.5	104.2	49.9	259.0
2005 Q1	3.3	1.7	48.1	33.3	18.9	99.5	50.7	255.5
Q2	3.4	1.6	48.5	32.5	20.3	99.4	56.8	262.4
Q3	3.6	1.7	48.0	29.7	19.2	90.8	53.8	246.7
Q4	3.3	1.7	47.2	32.8	21.0	97.8	55.6	259.6
2006 Q1	3.5	1.6	44.1	32.9	21.4	92.5	53.3	249.0
Q2	3.7	1.8	46.2	33.4	21.9	95.2	59.2	265.6
Q3	3.6	1.9	47.2	31.6	21.0	93.5	62.9	265.0
Q4	3.6	1.6	46.5	32.2	20.5	85.9	55.6	249.5
2007 Q1	3.2	1.5	43.8	32.5	21.5	84.7	54.7	244.7

1 Components may not add to totals due to separate rounding.

2 The introduction of the Scottish Crime recording Standard on 1 April 2004 has increased the number of minor crimes recorded, such as minor crimes of vandalism and petty thefts.

Sources: The Scottish Government - Director-General Justice and Communities Tel: 0131 244 2635

# 6 Agriculture, food, drinks and tobacco

## 6.1 Land use and crop areas<sup>1</sup>

Area at the June Survey

										Thousand hectares
		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006		
<b>Total agricultural area</b>	<b>BFAH</b>	18 311	18 594	18 537	18 464	18 432	18 502	18 713		
Crops	<b>BFAA</b>	4 665	4 493	4 604	4 475	4 589	4 437	4 340		
Bare fallow	<b>BFAB</b>	37	43	33	29	29	140	150		
All grasses	<b>BFAC</b>	6 589	6 789	6 761	6 884	6 866	6 904	7 104		
Sole right rough grazing	<b>BFAD</b>	4 445	4 435	4 488	4 329	4 326	4 354	4 491		
Set aside	<b>DMNF</b>	567	800	612	689	559	559	513		
All other land on agricultural holdings, including woodland	<b>BFAE</b>	780	801	806	820	825	872	874		
Total land on agricultural holdings	<b>BFAF</b>	17 083	17 361	17 303	17 227	17 195	17 266	17 472		
Common rough grazing (estimated)	<b>BFAG</b>	1 228	1 232	1 234	1 236	1 237	1 236	1 241		
<b>Crops</b>	<b>BFAA</b>	4 665	4 493	4 604	4 475	4 589	4 437	4 340		
Cereals	<b>BF AJ</b>	3 348	3 014	3 245	3 057	3 130	2 919	2 861		
Wheat	<b>BF AK</b>	2 086	1 635	1 996	1 837	1 990	1 867	1 833		
Barley (winter and spring)	<b>BF AL</b>	1 128	1 245	1 101	1 076	1 007	938	881		
Oats	<b>BF AM</b>	109	112	126	121	108	90	121		
Mixed corn <sup>2</sup>	<b>BF AN</b>	2	3	4	4	..	..	..		
Rye	<b>BF AO</b>	7	5	5	4	6	..	..		
Triticale <sup>2</sup>	<b>DM NH</b>	16	14	14	15	15	13	13		
Mixed corn and Triticale	<b>C6 GX</b>	..	..	..	..	15	13	13		
Mixed corn, Triticale and Rye	<b>EFO7</b>	..	..	..	..	21	13	13		
Other arable crops (excluding potatoes)	<b>DM NI</b>	979	1 141	1 024	1 098	1 136	1 211	1 172		
Oilseed rape <sup>3</sup>	<b>BF AP</b>	332	404	357	460	498	519	500		
Sugar beet, not for stock feeding	<b>BF AQ</b>	173	177	169	162	154	148	130		
Hops	<b>DM NJ</b>	2	2	2	2	2	1	1		
Peas for harvesting dry and field beans	<b>DM NK</b>	208	275	249	235	242	239	231		
Linseed	<b>DM NL</b>	71	31	12	32	30	45	33		
Other crops	<b>DM NM</b>	192	214	204	201	203	252	278		
Potatoes	<b>BF AR</b>	166	165	158	145	148	137	140		
Horticultural	<b>BF AV</b>	172	173	176	176	175	170	166		
Vegetables grown in the open	<b>DM NN</b>	119	120	124	125	125	121	119		
Orchard fruits	<b>BF BG</b>	28	28	26	25	24	23	23		
Soft fruit	<b>DM NO</b>	10	9	9	9	9	9	10		
Orchard fruits and Soft fruit	<b>EFO8</b>	..	..	..	..	..	32	33		
Ornamentals	<b>DM NP</b>	14	14	15	14	15	14	12		
Glasshouse crops	<b>DM NQ</b>	2	2	2	2	2	2	2		

<sup>1</sup> Figures include estimates for minor holdings. For further information refer to Section 6 of the *Annual Supplement* in the January edition of *Monthly Digest*.

<sup>2</sup> From 2004 onwards data for Mixed corn and Triticale amalgamated.

<sup>3</sup> Area grown not on set-aside land.

Source: Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs: 01904 455095

## 6.2 Crops: yields and production<sup>1</sup>

	Yields per hectare (tonnes)					Production (thousand tonnes)						
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006		
<b>Agricultural crops</b>												
Wheat	<b>BFBJ</b>	8.00	7.78	7.77	7.96	8.00	<b>BADO</b>	15 973	14 282	15 468	14 863	14 735
Barley (winter and spring)	<b>BF BK</b>	5.57	5.91	5.76	5.86	5.90	<b>BADP</b>	6 128	6 360	5 799	5 495	5 239
Oats	<b>BF BO</b>	6.00	6.16	5.83	5.84	6.00	<b>BADQ</b>	753	749	626	532	728
Sugar beet	<b>BF BL</b>	56.54	56.55	57.50	..	..	<b>BADR</b>	9 559	9 168	8 850	..	..
Potatoes	<b>BF BM</b>	43.96	40.74	42.47	..	..	<b>BADS</b>	6 966	5 918	6 316	..	..
	2000 /01	2001 /02	2002 /03	2003 /04	2004 /05		2000 /01	2001 /02	2002 /03	2003 /04	2004 /05	
<b>Horticultural crops<sup>2</sup></b>												
Field vegetables												
Brussels sprouts	<b>BF BR</b>	12.5	13.4	13.3	11.5	12.4	<b>BADT</b>	67.3	54.8	42.7	55.8	42.5
Cabbage, inc. savoy and spring greens	<b>BF BS</b>	86.8	88.5	88.6	80.3	94.7	<b>BADU</b>	273.2	295.4	255.2	245.6	290.9
Cauliflowers	<b>BF BT</b>	13.6	11.5	12.4	11.2	12.0	<b>BADV</b>	156.1	107.4	115.8	126.3	165.3
Carrots	<b>BF BU</b>	58.4	63.3	60.6	52.2	70.1	<b>BADW</b>	725.8	760.0	731.2	614.3	659.8
Turnips and swedes	<b>BF BV</b>	35.1	35.3	38.3	13.8	16.8	<b>BADX</b>	132.1	141.8	104.7	96.5	103.8
Beetroot	<b>BF BW</b>	35.5	36.4	33.5	34.9	41.8	<b>BADY</b>	67.1	68.6	56.3	58.8	53.9
Onions dry bulb	<b>BF BX</b>	41.9	35.5	41.8	40.7	40.8	<b>BADZ</b>	392.7	374.9	283.4	373.6	340.9
Peas green for market (in pod weight)	<b>BF BY</b>	7.4	6.7	6.8	6.5	7.9	<b>BAEA</b>	6.7	6.2	7.2	5.9	5.9
Peas green for processing (shelled weight)	<b>BF BZ</b>	4.7	4.4	4.5	4.0	3.7	<b>BAEB</b>	184.5	161.0	169.3	167.6	130.3
Lettuce	<b>BF CA</b>	21.5	23.3	23.2	22.4	18.1	<b>BAEC</b>	135.8	123.9	109.9	125.6	140.9
Protected crops												
Tomatoes	<b>BFCB</b>	422.6	412.6	425.5	437.2	416.0	<b>BAED</b>	113.0	109.1	100.9	75.6	78.5
Cucumbers	<b>BF CC</b>	447.5	431.4	435.8	557.8	472.0	<b>BAEE</b>	79.8	71.5	73.6	77.0	61.4
Lettuce	<b>BF BP</b>	35.4	43.8	33.9	39.3	37.3	<b>BAEF</b>	18.7	20.9	16.0	16.6	10.8
Fruit												
Dessert apples	<b>BA EG</b>	13.1	16.1	11.9	13.4	18.0	<b>BF CD</b>	101.3	104.4	84.0	69.0	96.3
Cooking apples	<b>BA EH</b>	18.5	23.7	17.1	18.8	27.5	<b>BF CE</b>	107.5	107.4	95.3	74.9	78.2
Soft fruit	<b>BA EI</b>	..	..	..	..	..	<b>BF CF</b>	65.4	64.6	66.7	79.6	85.9
Pears	<b>BA EJ</b>	14.4	15.3	17.1	17.0	13.6	<b>BF BQ</b>	26.6	38.5	34.2	29.6	22.7

<sup>1</sup> For further information refer to Section 6 of the *Annual Supplement* in the January edition of *Monthly Digest*.

<sup>2</sup> Yield data are marketed yield and production data are home production market-ed.

Source: Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs

## 6.3 Livestock<sup>1</sup>

Thousands

		2000 Dec	2001 Jun	2001 Dec	2002 Jun	2002 Dec	2003 Jun	2003 Dec	2004 Jun	2004 Dec	2005 Jun	2005 Dec	2006 Jun
<b>Total cattle and calves</b>	BFCG	10 878	10 602	10 159	10 345	10 381	10 508	10 519	10 588	10 425	10 392	10 160	10 270
Dairy cows	BFCH	2 339	2 251	2 203	2 227	2 229	2 191	2 207	2 129	2 152	2 063	2 074	2 066
Beef cows	BFCI	1 783	1 708	1 673	1 657	1 694	1 698	1 702	1 736	1 733	1 762	1 657	1 733
Heifers in calf	BFCJ	684	701	691	728	684	679	678	690	680	638	676	645
<b>Total sheep and lambs</b>	BFCM	27 591	36 716	24 434	35 834	24 898	35 812	24 572	35 817	24 688	35 416	23 933	34 722
Ewes and shearlings	CKUQ	18 513	17 921	16 082	17 630	16 469	17 580	16 337	17 630	16 308	16 935	15 633	16 637
Lambs under one year old	BFCP	7 769	17 769	7 219	17 310	7 233	17 322	7 078	17 238	7 067	17 488	7 146	17 058
<b>Total pigs</b>	BFCQ	5 948	5 845	5 845	5 588	5 330	5 046	4 842	5 159	4 787	4 862	4 724	4 933
Sows in pig and other sows for breeding	CKUU	497	527	482	483	446	442	444	449	413	404	376	401
Gilts in pig	CKUR	81	71	65	74	74	73	70	66	63	67	65	67
<b>Total fowls</b>	CKUS	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total table chicken	CKUT	..	112 531	..	105 137	..	116 738	..	119 888	..	111 475	..	110 672
Birds in laying flock	CKUV	..	29 895	..	28 778	..	29 274	..	29 655	..	29 544	..	28 632
Growing pullets up to point of lay	CKUW	..	9 367	..	9 784	..	8 286	..	8 156	..	10 928	..	9 625

<sup>1</sup> Figures include estimates for minor holdings. For further details refer to section 6 of the *Annual Supplement* in the January edition of *Monthly Digest*.

Source: Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs

## 6.4 Animals slaughtered and meat produced

Monthly averages or totals for four or five week periods

	Animals slaughtered (thousands)							Meat produced (thousand tonnes)						
	Steers, heifers and young bulls	Cows and adult bulls	Calves	Ewes and rams	Other sheep and lambs	Sows and boars	Other pigs	Poultry <sup>2</sup>	Beef and veal	Mutton and lamb	Pork	Poultry <sup>2</sup>	Offal <sup>3</sup>	Total
2001 <sup>1</sup>	BFHA	BFHB	BFHC	BFHD	BFHE	BFHF	BAKP	JYXD	BFHK	BFHL	BFHM	JYXE	BFHN	BFHJ
173	—	8	144	936	15	871	72 175	54.3	21.6	49.7	130.5	20.5	276.6	
2002 <sup>1</sup>	182	—	8	160	1 098	20	761	71 828	58.3	25.3	48.3	129.7	21.2	283.8
182	—	7	160	1 098	20	761	73 460	58.3	25.3	48.3	130.8	21.2	283.8	
2003 <sup>1,4</sup>	191	—	9	165	1 126	20	763	73 477	61.2	26.6	49.9	130.3	21.5	289.5
190	1	9	183	1 174	17	748	75 218	63.5	27.6	48.9	131.8	21.7	293.4	
2004 Dec <sup>4</sup>	230	—	12	209	1 446	22	890	66 120	73.6	33.3	59.5	117.5	22.8	306.7
2005 Jan	187	—	10	212	1 247	21	867	91 184	61.4	30.6	58.7	163.3	24.8	338.7
Feb	182	—	9	166	941	18	696	71 905	60.1	23.1	46.1	124.7	20.2	274.1
Mar	170	—	8	163	977	18	648	67 891	56.5	24.1	42.6	116.0	19.1	258.2
Apr	221	—	6	196	1 061	21	836	83 732	73.5	27.1	55.1	143.3	23.7	322.7
May	178	—	5	156	796	16	667	68 230	59.1	20.2	43.8	121.8	19.6	264.5
Jun	174	—	7	154	979	16	691	68 815	58.1	23.1	45.3	122.5	20.0	268.9
Jul	202	—	11	196	1 324	20	837	87 521	67.5	30.6	53.7	153.7	24.7	330.3
Aug	173	—	12	175	1 216	16	686	69 150	57.5	27.8	45.4	119.6	20.4	270.6
Sep	195	—	14	190	1 303	14	707	68 578	65.0	29.6	46.9	116.6	21.0	279.2
Oct	227	—	14	234	1 610	16	881	86 954	74.9	36.1	55.9	151.6	26.1	344.7
Nov	198	9	9	182	1 374	15	744	71 484	68.0	31.0	48.2	126.6	22.3	296.2
Dec	174	10	7	170	1 264	12	711	67 173	60.3	28.1	44.7	122.3	20.9	276.3
2006 Jan	217	18	7	221	1 341	17	818	80 586	77.7	31.7	53.8	145.0	25.0	333.3
Feb	175	19	6	173	1 052	14	685	68 195	63.8	25.1	45.7	116.1	20.3	271.1
Mar	176	21	5	172	1 039	15	681	68 295	65.0	25.4	45.5	114.6	20.4	270.9
Apr	202	24	3	199	1 090	17	783	85 971	74.3	27.1	50.3	144.7	24.1	320.5
May	179	25	2	159	831	14	665	69 034	67.5	20.3	43.4	119.8	20.3	271.3
Jun	170	26	3	163	965	14	666	67 676	64.7	22.6	42.9	120.9	20.4	271.5
Jul	202	38	5	212	1 309	20	832	83 915	78.8	30.0	53.4	149.0	25.3	336.5
Aug	152	31	4	184	1 216	15	686	67 886	59.4	27.5	44.8	118.8	20.4	270.8
Sep	177	37	4	192	1 302	17	726	68 308	69.0	29.3	48.7	117.2	21.5	285.7
Oct	217	53	4	221	1 587	21	915	84 799	86.5	35.7	58.4	153.3	27.2	361.0
Nov	183	47	3	179	1 221	17	749	69 364	74.2	28.0	48.6	124.4	22.4	297.6

<sup>1</sup> Annual averages.

Source: Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs: 01904 455097

<sup>2</sup> Includes chickens, turkeys, ducks and geese.

<sup>3</sup> Includes poultry offal.

<sup>4</sup> 2004 is a 53 week statistical year; December is a 5 week statistical month rather than the usual 4 week statistical month.

## Agriculture, food, drinks and tobacco

### 6.5 Cereals and cereal products

Monthly averages or totals for four or five week periods. Stocks refer to the end of the period

Thousand tonnes

	Wheat and flour						Oats			Barley					
	Sales of home-grown wheat for food	Wheat milled		Stocks <sup>1</sup> (including flour as wheat)		Flour produced	Flour disposals	Sales of home-grown oats for milling	Oats milled	Products of oat-milling		Sales of home-grown barley for food <sup>2</sup>	Disposals for food and brewing	Stocks	Breakfast cereals: <sup>3</sup> production
		Home-produced	Imported												
2002	BFDA	BFDB	BFDC	BFDD	BFDE	BFDF	BFDG	BFDH	BFDI	BFDJ	BFDK	BFDL	BFDM	BFDN	
2002	398	388	81	840	369	368	26	26	16	52	251	240	1 300	29	
2003	403	395	71	739	365	364	27	27	16	44	260	256	1 096	27	
2004	405	399	68	687	370	370	26	27	16	44	208	211	976	29	
2005	386	381	89	646	368	369	28	28	17	33	231	218	880	32	
2006	397	392	70	673	366	366	27	27	16	41	212	214	949	30	
2004 Q1	427	412	65	818	379	382	28	26	15	54	173	220	1 146	27	
Q2	396	393	61	685	364	363	26	26	16	45	102	193	767	29	
Q3	387	404	62	557	369	369	22	26	16	34	354	238	836	30	
Q4	408	387	82	688	369	367	30	29	17	41	201	195	1 154	29	
2005 Q1	387	376	82	735	359	361	28	28	17	40	232	265	1 000	31	
Q2	387	380	90	638	370	370	30	29	18	29	110	183	724	34	
Q3	386	385	93	567	376	375	27	27	16	29	350	206	916	31	
Q4	412	396	76	653	372	371	31	29	17	42	197	209	1 191	30	
2006 Q1	398	392	69	652	364	365	30	29	17	40	158	198	979	32	
Q2	402	394	70	554	366	364	31	32	18	28	95	175	700	32	
Q3	398	387	73	679	363	364	29	28	17	44	178	215	1 131	30	
Q4	402	394	68	614	366	365	30	30	18	36	135	186	893	31	
2006 Jan	370	363	67	689	339	344	27	26	15	42	169	212	1 062	33	
Feb	376	363	62	664	334	332	32	30	17	40	150	194	977	29	
Mar	449	450	77	604	418	418	32	31	18	37	154	189	899	33	
Apr	381	370	66	575	345	344	25	30	17	29	103	175	804	31	
May	384	376	62	562	346	344	32	31	18	27	99	173	706	30	
Jun	442	437	81	523	407	405	37	35	20	26	84	178	590	35	
Jul	361	372	73	519	349	351	22	28	16	27	148	155	644	32	
Aug	355	368	73	542	348	347	31	31	18	32	384	189	872	31	
Sep	447	441	83	550	415	414	41	37	21	44	438	218	1 172	36	
Oct	412	397	71	663	367	371	31	32	18	45	209	213	1 154	32	
Nov	386	378	72	384	357	359	34	35	21	20	223	229	889	28	
Dec	439	429	82	402	405	405	33	36	20	17	223	252	855	26	

1 Stocks held by wheat millers, feed compounders, cereal breakfast food manufacturers, brewers, maltsters and distillers, merchants and dealers.

Source: Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs: 01904 455076

2 Sales of UK grown barley to brewers, maltsters and distillers.

3 Other than oatmeal and oatmeal flakes.

### 6.6 Production of compound feedingstuffs

Monthly averages

Thousand tonnes

	Cattle feed	Calf feed	Pig feed	Poultry feed	Other compounds	Total
1997	BFFB	BFFC	BFFD	BFFE	BFFF	BFFA
1997	284.9	16.5	200.5	234.0	92.7	834.9
1998	277.1	14.3	208.0	226.1	95.3	826.9
1999	305.2	13.0	185.9	219.3	108.6	837.6
2000	286.0	13.0	160.9	214.5	97.3	776.4
2001	304.2	12.3	150.0	226.9	94.7	793.2
2002	288.3	11.8	137.1	243.2	89.0	774.5
2003	306.3	12.9	116.9	230.7	95.2	766.9
2004	299.4	12.9	121.9	229.0	99.3	767.5
2005	280.3	12.1	119.4	219.2	95.5	731.6
2006	280.9	11.9	119.4	217.8	95.4	730.4
2004 Q3	264.3	11.4	123.4	236.3	62.0	702.2
Q4	330.2	15.5	127.2	224.7	89.1	791.9
2005 Q1	311.1	14.7	116.3	211.1	150.8	808.7
Q2	243.3	10.7	116.4	219.7	80.5	675.7
Q3	254.0	10.3	119.0	231.1	60.7	680.2
Q4	312.7	12.9	125.9	214.9	90.2	761.7
2006 Q1	332.0	13.1	116.8	193.9	164.1	824.5
Q2	273.3	10.6	121.8	207.7	95.2	713.4
Q3	291.5	11.0	123.7	219.1	78.4	729.1
Q4	271.5	10.3	123.4	222.1	71.2	703.6

Source: Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs: 01904 455076

## 6.7 Potatoes and sugar<sup>1</sup>

Monthly averages, calendar months or totals for four or five week periods

Thousand tonnes

	Potatoes				Sugar (as refined)				
	Movement into human consumption in the United Kingdom				Production from home-grown sugar beet	Disposals			
	From home crop	Imports <sup>2,3</sup>	Exports <sup>3</sup>	Stocks <sup>4</sup>		Total New Supply <sup>5</sup>	For food in the United Kingdom	Stocks	Glucose production
2002	BFGA	BFGB	BFGC	BFGD	BFGF	BFGG	BFGH	BFGI	BFGK
2002	417	150	30	3 386	1 430.0	2 197.0	..	..	60.6
2003	400	142	31	2 915	1 368.0	1 800.0	..	..	61.2
2004	391	148	26	2 820	1 390.0	1 874.0	..	..	61.4
2005	361	124	27	2 509	1 300.0	1 859.0	..	..	57.9
2006	355	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	46.7
2006 Feb	343	..	..	..	0.1	144.1	143.4	731.9	44.5
Mar	377	..	..	..	2.9	151.6	151.3	627.5	50.7
Apr	301	..	..	..	3.3	165.0	164.4	525.6	47.4
May	305	..	..	..	3.1	151.9	151.3	428.9	49.7
Jun	281	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	44.8
Jul	277	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	47.6
Aug	390	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	47.8
Sep	444	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	45.7
Oct	521	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	47.7
Nov	420	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	47.0
Dec	368	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	41.2
2007 Jan	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	42.2
Feb	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	43.0
Mar	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	49.3

\*Note: The annual figures for sugar are calendar year totals, rather than 12 month averages.

1 For further information refer to Section 6 of the *Annual Supplement* in the January edition of *Monthly Digest*.

2 Includes Channel Isles exports to Great Britain.

3 Trade data provided by British Potato Council and Dept. of Agriculture and Rural Development in Northern Ireland. Figures currently unavailable for 2006.

4 Estimate of end - December stocks based on Potato Marketing returns.

5 Total New supply (including imports) for use by UK food and other industries (including sugar used in the chemical industry). For further information:

<http://statistics.defra.gov.uk/esg/publications/auk/2005/5-7.xls>

Sources: Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs;

01904 455067 (glucose);

020 7238 3279 (sugar);

01904 455068 (potatoes)

## 6.8 Production of bacon, ham and canned meat and meat stocks in cold storage<sup>1</sup>

Monthly averages or totals for four or five week periods    Monthly averages or end of period stocks

Thousand tonnes

	Bacon and ham		Meat stocks in cold storage <sup>2,3</sup>				
	Production		Beef and veal	Mutton and lamb	Pork	Offal	Total
2001	BAKQ		BFIF	BFIG	BFIH	BFII	BFIE
2001	16.9	..	..	..	..	..	..
2002	16.4	..	..	..	..	..	..
2003	16.9	..	..	..	..	..	..
2004	17.6	..	..	..	..	..	..
2005	17.8	..	..	..	..	..	..
2005 May	..						
2005 Jun	18.0	28.8	7.6	8.5	1.8	..	46.7
Jul	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Aug	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sep	17.1	26.7	8.2	9.0	2.5	..	46.5
Oct	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nov	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dec	19.0	25.2	7.7	9.4	2.1	..	44.3
2006 Jan	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Feb	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mar	16.0	26.6	6.6	10.8	1.4	..	45.4
Apr	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
May	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jun	17.0	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jul	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Aug	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sep	16.6	..	..	..	..	..	..

1 Owing to change in methodology, the data are now collected on a quarterly basis, and consequently, cannot be provided for the intermediate months.

2 Stocks held in cold stores for private concerns or in undischarged cargos are not included.

3 The stocks held in Public Coldstores in the United Kingdom survey was discontinued in March 2006. As a result, stocks data is no longer published.

Source: Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs: 01904 455096

## Agriculture, food, drinks and tobacco

### 6.9 Fish, oils and fats

Monthly averages, calendar months or totals for four or five week periods; stocks: end of period

Thousand tonnes

Fresh and frozen fish: UK landings	Oilseeds and nuts			Vegetable oil		Marine oil		Margarine: production	Solid cooking fat	Other table spreads			
	Crushed	Crude oil produced	Stocks <sup>5</sup> : crude oil equivalent	Crude oil equivalent		Crude oil equivalent							
				Disposals <sup>1</sup>	Stocks <sup>2,5</sup>	Stocks <sup>4,5</sup>							
BFJA	BFJE	BFJF	BFJG	BFJJ	BFJK	BFJL	BFJM	BFJN	BFJO	BFJP			
2002 <sup>6</sup>	..	2 332.3	804.9	10.4	2 065.9	88.9	2.1	..	114.4	114.4			
2003 <sup>6</sup>	..	2 210.3	768.9	13.2	2 213.7	86.5	2.1	..	135.9	130.9			
2004	..	2 128.2	747.5	23.1	2 058.2	170.8	1.7	..	114.5	130.5			
2005	..	..	..	..	2 043.6	166.9	1.2	..	115.9	117.0			
2006	22.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
2006 Aug	39.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
Sep	15.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
Oct	30.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
Nov	9.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
Dec	8.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
2007 Jan	64.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
Feb	72.1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
Mar	22.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
Apr	17.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
May	9.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
Jun	14.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
Jul	24.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
Aug	35.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
Sep	13.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
Oct	46.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			

1 This series contains revisions following the incorporation of revised trade figures.

2 Comprising stocks of crude and refined oils held by seed crushers, oil refiners and manufacturers of margarine, solid cooking fat and other table spreads.

3 For the manufacture of margarine, solid cooking fat and other table spreads only.

4 Including quantities held by hardeners and refiners of oil and manufacturers of margarine.

5 Figures for oil seeds and nuts, vegetable oils and marine oils from December 2002 are for 6 monthly totals.

6 Figures for 2002-2003 are shown in actual annuals totals.

Sources: Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs;  
020 7238 5913 (fish landings);  
01904 455061 (oils and fats)

### 6.10 Milk, milk products and eggs<sup>1</sup>

Monthly averages or calendar months; stocks: end of period

	Million litres			Thousand tonnes										Supply of hen eggs for human consumption (million dozen) <sup>6</sup>	
	Liquid milk <sup>2,3</sup>	Milk for manufacture <sup>3,4</sup>	Other disposals <sup>3,5</sup>	Total milk disposals	Condensed and evaporated milk				Milk powder				Butter		
					Production	Stocks	Pro-duction	Stocks	Pro-duction	Stocks	Pro-duction	Stocks	Pro-duction	Stocks	
BFKB	BFKC	JYXF	BFKA	BFKH	BFKI	BFKK	BFKL	BFKM	BFKD	BFKE	BFKF	BFKG	BFKN	BFKL	
2002	569	588	28	1 184	14.5	9.0	8.7	5.2	7.2	28.4	11.3	19.4	30.3	12.4	70.59
2003	563	606	34	1 202	13.2	7.2	8.5	3.4	9.6	50.8	10.9	17.5	28.7	7.1	72.59
2004	558	569	36	1 163	13.4	7.7	6.7	2.0	7.3	20.7	10.1	9.2	29.3	11.1	76.09
2005	554	547	53	1 155	11.9	4.8	4.5	1.9	5.8	10.1	10.8	2.9	32.0	3.3	74.52
2006	559	532	54	1 145	..	2.5	..	1.4	..	2.3	9.7	5.8	33.2	2.6	75.11
2005 Dec	580	475	61	1 117	13.0	4.8	4.3	1.9	4.7	10.1	9.6	2.9	28.7	3.3	76.85
2006 Jan	570	513	70	1 153	13.0	3.2	..	1.5	..	9.2	10.9	2.9	32.7	3.3	75.84
Feb	528	482	52	1 062	..	3.4	..	2.3	..	3.7	9.2	2.8	30.0	3.3	75.84
Mar	589	567	40	1 195	..	1.4	..	2.2	..	2.5	10.9	3.4	34.9	2.6	75.84
Apr	555	580	74	1 208	..	2.4	..	3.0	..	3.1	9.6	4.6	35.3	2.6	72.97
May	585	667	45	1 297	..	1.0	..	2.6	..	4.3	10.4	6.6	37.9	2.6	72.97
Jun	556	597	44	1 198	..	0.9	..	2.8	..	6.0	9.7	6.9	34.8	..	72.97
Jul	561	554	59	1 174	..	1.3	..	5.2	..	5.3	9.1	6.9	34.7	..	74.05
Aug	560	518	44	1 123	..	1.2	..	4.6	..	4.4	9.5	6.8	33.0	..	74.05
Sep	544	477	56	1 076	..	1.4	..	2.4	..	2.2	8.8	6.8	32.5	..	74.05
Oct	565	474	49	1 088	..	1.4	..	0.9	..	2.4	9.3	6.7	32.0	..	77.56
Nov	550	451	48	1 049	..	1.4	..	0.9	..	1.9	9.9	6.6	29.7	..	77.56
Dec	546	498	69	1 113	..	2.5	..	1.4	..	2.3	9.3	5.8	30.5	..	77.56
2007 Jan	555	518	74	1 148	..	1.2	..	0.8	..	2.8	10.7	0.4	33.0	..	77.56
Feb	504	463	70	1 037	..	1.4	..	2.1	..	2.5	8.5	..	30.1	..	77.56
Mar	557	538	74	1 169	..	1.9	..	1.8	..	1.4	9.4	..	34.4	..	77.56

1 For further information refer to Section 6 of the Annual Supplement in the January edition of Monthly Digest.

2 Includes wholesale and direct sellers utilisation of milk for liquid milk.

3 Suckled milk, milk used on farm for farmhouse consumption, milk fed to livestock and farm waste are excluded. Utilisation of imported raw milk is included.

4 Includes wholesale and direct sellers utilisation of milk for the manufacture of milk products.

5 Includes dairy wastage, stock changes and exports of raw milk.

6 Includes first and second quality eggs broken out. This survey has been revised as a result in survey methodology.

Source: Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs: 01904 455095

## 6.11 Beverages and confectionery

Monthly averages, calendar months or totals for four or five week periods; stocks: end of period

	Thousand tonnes					
	Chocolate and sugar confectionery		Tea		Raw coffee	
	Production	Disposals	Disposals <sup>1</sup>	Stocks	Disposals	Stocks
BFLG	BFLH	BFLJ	BFLK	BFLL	BFLM	
2003	65.02	88.79	10.0	24.3	9.1	8.9
2004	61.66	87.69	13.0	18.9	10.7	11.1
2005	57.08	84.87	10.0	19.0	9.5	9.9
2006	52.38	83.03	9.4	20.7	9.6	6.2
2005 Jul	47.13	71.51				
Aug	50.54	81.59	11.50	19.0	6.10	3.30
Sep	67.76	105.37	..	..	..	..
Oct	72.47	107.66	..	..	..	..
Nov	64.37	99.10	6.60	19.0	10.40	3.20
Dec	45.51	75.45	..	..	..	..
2006 Jan	41.12	65.62				
Feb	50.35	76.60	7.00	19.1	10.70	3.60
Mar	65.23	92.91	..	..	..	..
Apr	55.03	78.41	..	..	..	..
May	45.78	74.44	6.50	20.7	10.10	3.40
Jun	37.64	67.40	..	..	..	..
Jul	40.56	66.48				
Aug	51.56	83.92	10.70	22.6	9.10	4.30
Sep	57.18	96.01	..	..	..	..
Oct	64.65	115.77	..	..	..	..
Nov	61.91	95.87	13.30	20.7	8.40	5.20
Dec	57.59	83.65	..	..	..	..

1 Excluding exports.

Source: Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs: 020 7270 8560

## 6.12 Tobacco products released for home consumption

Monthly averages or calendar months

	Million			Thousand kilogrammes			Total tobacco products other than cigarettes	
	Cigarettes			Other tobacco products				
	Home-produced	Imported	Total	Cigars	Hand-rolling	Other <sup>1</sup>		
LUQN	LUQO	LUQP	LUQQ	LUQR	LUQS	LUQT		
2002	49 574	6 514	56 088	969	2 864	688	4 522	
2003	49 096	4 856	53 952	902	2 893	589	4 384	
2004	48 166	4 454	52 620	826	3 052	549	4 428	
2005	45 922	4 322	50 244	758	3 189	499	4 445	
2006	44 392	4 570	48 962	689	3 454	439	4 581	
2006 Apr	296	10	306	5	46	10	60	
May	4 847	357	5 204	40	200	34	274	
Jun	1 681	173	1 854	57	280	35	372	
Jul	3 115	349	3 464	47	255	31	333	
Aug	3 929	412	4 341	66	305	38	410	
Sep	3 916	360	4 276	55	318	33	406	
Oct	3 883	383	4 266	55	269	38	362	
Nov	2 950	356	3 306	66	272	37	374	
Dec	4 750	447	5 197	67	328	43	439	
2007 Jan	4 485	346	4 831	47	266	31	344	
Feb	1 844	265	2 109	43	277	29	348	
Mar	6 058	548	6 606	97	572	58	726	
Apr	1 572	139	1 711	16	81	12	109	
May	3 536	344	3 880	48	305	35	388	
Jun	3 789	327	4 116	52	322	33	407	
Jul	3 158	297	3 454	44	299	33	376	
Aug	3 704	314	4 018	56	317	38	411	
Sep	3 799	278	4 077	47	300	29	377	

1 Excluding snuff.

Sources: HM Revenue and Customs Statistical Bulletins at; <http://www.uktradeinfo.com/index.cfm?task=Data>

# 6.13 Alcoholic drink

Thousand hectolitres													Thousand hectolitres of alcohol		
Released for home consumption									Released for home consumption				Production of potable spirits <sup>1</sup>		
Wine of fresh grapes						Made wine			Spirits						
Still															
Beer pro- duction	Beer	Not exceeding 15% <sup>2</sup>	Over 15%	Sparkling	Total	Coolers <sup>3</sup>	Other	Cider and perry	Home- produced whisky	Spirit- based coolers <sup>4</sup>	Other <sup>5</sup>	Home- produced whisky	BAYO	BAYP	
2002	BFNK	BAYL	BFNO	BFNP	BFNS	BFNT	BAYM	BFNW	BFNX	YZUJ	BFNY	BFNY	3 905.7	602.5	
	56 672	59 384	10 318.7	325.3	577.9	11 221.9	1 606.2	339.2	5 939.2	320.7	105.2	688.9			
2003	58 014	60 301	10 646.9	296.4	640.1	11 583.5	423.2	351.4	5 876.1	318.3	124.4	744.3	3 936.6	616.0	
2004	57 459	59 195	11 768.2	297.8	675.6	12 741.5	508.0	333.9	6 138.8	319.3	114.3	792.4	3 529.4	551.5	
2005	56 255	57 572	12 117.1	305.7	720.6	13 143.4	597.5	333.9	6 376.9	300.7	84.2	821.7	3 758.6	606.0	
2006	53 763	55 748	11 655.3	301.5	715.0	13 213.0	527.8	316.7	7 522.6	282.6	65.0	766.9	3 985.7	499.5	
2004 Mar	5 168	5 446	933.0	15.7	40.8	989.5	33.7	33.9	485.9	24.0	8.6	60.4	896.6	131.9	
Apr	4 677	4 612	896.2	15.5	34.7	946.4	19.4	19.1	519.8	21.6	7.9	53.2	..	..	
May	5 196	5 264	967.9	16.1	39.3	1 023.3	31.3	24.4	553.0	25.2	11.8	62.9	..	..	
Jun	5 391	5 513	968.5	16.9	49.1	1 034.6	35.6	25.1	551.3	23.3	9.9	63.9	976.1	129.8	
Jul	4 700	4 782	1 023.1	18.2	54.6	1 095.8	35.5	36.7	541.9	23.3	10.4	57.9	..	..	
Aug	5 416	5 171	982.7	15.6	46.1	1 044.4	44.7	26.1	585.4	23.3	8.4	60.2	..	..	
Sep	4 696	5 106	985.5	20.3	44.9	1 050.7	50.6	28.5	460.4	22.1	8.8	64.4	844.0	120.4	
Oct	4 517	4 836	1 132.8	32.8	64.5	1 230.1	50.8	38.9	525.6	34.1	8.9	76.3	..	..	
Nov	5 336	5 042	1 233.5	61.2	107.6	1 402.3	62.4	42.0	579.1	48.3	12.9	101.4	..	..	
Dec	5 394	6 146	1 047.9	52.3	108.3	1 208.5	82.7	31.1	569.4	37.6	11.4	91.0	812.6	169.4	
2005 Jan <sup>6</sup>	3 072	3 094	791.4	17.0	56.8	865.2	38.1	20.7	332.7	15.6	4.6	51.9	..	..	
Feb	3 918	3 924	770.1	14.2	37.8	822.1	30.4	16.4	374.7	16.8	4.1	44.8	..	..	
Mar	5 119	5 355	1 116.7	17.8	43.4	1 177.9	53.1	32.2	532.8	22.8	7.5	64.3	854.2	134.1	
Apr	4 336	4 341	968.4	14.9	39.0	1 022.2	49.3	15.9	522.4	22.4	6.5	61.1	..	..	
May	5 072	5 190	911.0	14.7	38.4	964.2	38.4	28.2	507.3	21.7	7.2	61.1	..	..	
Jun	5 121	5 368	1 040.5	17.4	49.7	1 107.7	52.5	25.9	609.9	23.6	8.3	68.5	1 057.3	168.0	
Jul	5 012	5 054	1 077.2	14.8	55.4	1 147.4	53.6	25.8	578.1	22.6	8.0	60.1	..	..	
Aug	4 987	5 271	964.7	15.3	43.1	1 023.0	45.9	22.3	608.5	18.3	7.6	57.0	..	..	
Sep	4 612	4 603	970.3	19.2	57.6	1 047.1	47.5	30.0	577.2	24.0	5.0	62.3	863.4	133.8	
Oct	4 742	4 828	1 064.5	39.3	71.2	1 175.0	51.1	32.9	518.2	32.1	7.2	74.8	..	..	
Nov	5 284	5 367	1 316.5	60.6	114.3	1 491.4	64.1	51.2	623.8	41.9	9.1	104.1	..	..	
Dec	4 980	5 177	1 125.8	60.6	113.9	1 300.3	73.5	32.4	591.5	38.9	9.1	111.7	983.8	170.2	
2006 Jan <sup>6</sup>	3 564	3 157	693.6	11.5	46.9	751.9	24.8	19.7	359.4	13.0	3.3	32.2	..	..	
Feb	3 105	3 748	843.4	14.0	41.2	898.6	31.6	16.6	437.8	16.0	3.7	42.9	..	..	
Mar	5 218	5 492	1 095.5	18.9	41.4	1 155.8	38.1	31.9	527.8	21.6	5.0	59.4	1 019.7	140.3	
Apr	4 029	4 005	955.0	16.9	40.5	1 012.5	42.8	19.2	560.1	21.8	5.6	59.8	..	..	
May	4 784	5 394	891.6	15.9	46.5	954.0	35.2	22.2	647.9	20.1	5.1	55.0	..	..	
Jun	5 295	5 362	961.7	17.8	54.9	1 034.4	49.8	25.6	695.7	24.2	8.2	75.0	1 222.8	118.1	
Jul	4 851	4 557	980.1	13.8	57.4	1 051.4	50.1	24.2	753.5	16.8	4.5	50.5	..	..	
Aug	4 570	4 900	999.3	17.0	49.7	1 066.0	49.6	25.2	849.8	21.0	7.0	64.4	..	..	
Sep	4 204	4 331	969.1	21.6	53.8	1 044.5	39.8	27.7	690.1	20.9	4.5	61.9	909.4	110.4	
Oct	4 667	4 740	974.9	34.8	65.7	1 075.5	47.6	38.1	682.5	31.6	5.7	72.8	..	..	
Nov	4 053	4 435	1 242.6	67.5	106.9	1 417.0	53.7	42.9	695.3	38.2	4.9	100.5	..	..	
Dec	5 423	5 627	1 051.1	51.8	110.1	1 213.0	64.7	23.5	622.8	37.4	7.3	92.5	833.8	130.7	
2007 Jan <sup>6</sup>	3 241	3 221	936.1	20.1	65.0	1 021.3	41.7	22.5	520.1	19.1	4.5	61.5	..	..	
Feb	3 303	3 530	821.5	11.8	40.3	873.7	36.8	18.2	495.3	15.7	3.1	48.5	..	..	
Mar	4 926	5 342	1 059.6	16.7	56.1	1 132.4	54.4	35.7	650.1	21.6	3.9	59.6	1 265.5	75.2	
Apr	4 135	4 092	979.5	18.9	51.0	1 049.4	57.1	19.8	615.6	18.9	4.6	56.5	..	..	
May	4 862	4 902	1 014.9	15.2	48.9	1 079.1	56.2	26.6	726.1	21.4	4.1	63.6	..	..	
Jun	4 278	4 388	1 110.9	18.3	64.1	1 193.4	71.1	23.4	797.0	22.9	4.5	65.3	1 359.8	91.8	
Jul	4 388	4 179	987.7	17.1	60.0	1 064.8	53.9	30.3	608.0	18.5	2.9	54.8	..	..	
Aug	3 737	5 290	1 263.9	20.8	66.9	1 351.6	79.9	32.0	760.5	27.2	6.3	78.0	..	..	
Sep	3 703	3 924	991.0	25.3	68.5	1 084.9	55.6	29.0	852.2	20.3	4.1	60.1	1 181.0	127.8	

<sup>1</sup> Data are available only quarterly.

<sup>2</sup> Percentage alcohol by volume.

<sup>3</sup> Made wine with alcoholic strength 1.2% to 5.5%, includes alcoholic lemonade of appropriate strength.

<sup>4</sup> From 28 April 2002 duty on spirit-based ready-to-drink (RTDs) products is charged at the same rate as spirits per litre of alcohol. Spirit-based RTDs were previously dutied at the made wine rate and details on quantities can be found in made wine coolers.

<sup>5</sup> Includes imported spirits.

<sup>6</sup> Due to the effect of the holiday period, these figures are subject to greater uncertainty than usual. Also, unusually high or low figures may be changed on receipts of amendments to returns data.

Sources: HM Revenue and Customs Statistical Bulletins at:  
<http://www.uktradeinfo.com/index.cfm?task=Data>

# 7 Production, output and costs

## 7.1 Output of the production industries

Average 2003 = 100

Summary - Seasonally adjusted												
SIC 2003 Sub-section	Manufacturing industries											
	Total production industries	Mining and quarrying	Total manufactur- ing industries	Food, drink and tobacco	Textiles, leather and clothing	Coke ref petrol and nuclear fuels	Chemicals and man-made fibres	Basic metals and metal products	Engineering and allied industries	Other manufac- turing	Electricity, gas and water	
	Sect C+D+E	Sect C	Sect D	DA	DB_DC	DF	DG	DJ	DK_DM	DD_DN	Sect E	
Weights	1000	118	792	118	26	13	87	81	237	229	90	
2001	CKYW	CKYX	CKYY	CKZA	AGVO	CKZF	CKZG	CKJJ	AGXS	AGXQ	CKYZ	
2002	102.3	105.0	102.5	98.0	110.1	106.9	99.3	101.4	107.1	100.4	98.0	
2003	100.3	105.4	99.8	100.0	101.8	108.3	99.1	102.4	98.5	99.8	98.4	
2004	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
2005	100.8	92.1	102.0	101.6	90.1	105.8	103.4	103.1	104.3	100.1	101.1	
2006	98.8	83.7	100.8	102.5	88.2	110.1	103.5	102.4	103.2	96.9	100.7	
<b>Seasonally adjusted</b>												
2003 Q1	99.9	105.0	99.3	100.1	99.4	104.4	98.3	100.0	98.9	99.3	98.1	
Q2	99.4	99.8	99.4	99.4	99.5	100.7	99.4	99.5	99.4	99.1	98.9	
Q3	100.0	98.9	100.0	100.2	101.6	97.9	99.8	99.7	99.6	100.5	100.6	
Q4	100.8	96.3	101.3	100.4	99.5	97.0	102.5	100.7	102.1	101.1	102.3	
2004 Q1	100.9	94.3	101.7	100.4	93.1	108.5	104.7	101.0	102.7	101.1	102.2	
Q2	101.3	94.8	102.4	102.6	90.2	105.2	103.8	103.6	104.4	100.4	100.7	
Q3	100.3	90.9	101.6	101.3	89.3	103.4	102.1	104.1	104.6	98.9	101.0	
Q4	100.6	88.6	102.4	102.0	88.0	106.1	102.9	103.7	105.6	99.9	100.6	
2005 Q1	99.6	86.8	101.5	102.4	86.5	122.9	102.6	102.8	102.9	99.1	99.8	
Q2	99.2	86.8	100.8	103.2	89.5	110.6	102.5	102.6	103.1	96.7	101.6	
Q3	98.5	80.5	100.9	102.4	88.4	106.5	103.7	102.2	104.4	96.2	101.0	
Q4	97.9	80.6	100.2	101.9	88.5	100.4	105.1	102.1	102.6	95.5	100.4	
2006 Q1	98.9	80.7	101.4	102.1	87.8	105.0	104.2	102.9	105.6	96.4	100.7	
Q2	98.8	77.1	102.2	102.3	86.6	105.3	106.5	103.4	107.2	96.3	98.1	
Q3	99.0	75.3	102.7	102.3	86.2	104.4	108.7	103.7	108.0	96.5	97.9	
Q4	98.8	73.9	102.9	103.0	86.7	105.1	107.6	104.4	108.2	96.6	96.0	
2007 Q1	98.7	75.3	102.3	101.8	86.4	109.5	106.7	103.7	107.7	96.2	97.3	
Q2	99.4	76.1	103.1	101.8	87.3	107.5	105.7	104.5	109.2	97.4	97.2	
Q3	99.4	75.3	103.1	102.1	87.4	110.3	105.2	104.1	108.9	97.8	98.0	
2005 Dec	98.4	80.8	100.7	102.2	90.0	100.1	107.4	102.4	102.9	95.9	101.3	
2006 Jan	98.5	82.3	100.8	102.0	88.5	105.2	104.1	102.3	104.0	96.1	100.2	
Feb	98.8	80.9	101.4	102.1	88.0	107.1	103.8	102.6	105.7	96.3	99.8	
Mar	99.3	78.8	102.0	102.3	86.9	102.6	104.7	103.8	107.1	96.6	102.0	
Apr	98.7	78.6	101.6	102.3	86.2	103.4	105.0	103.3	106.9	95.7	98.7	
May	98.9	77.3	102.3	101.9	86.9	106.8	107.4	102.8	107.2	96.8	97.3	
Jun	98.9	75.5	102.5	102.7	86.7	105.8	107.2	104.0	107.6	96.5	98.2	
Jul	98.7	74.8	102.3	101.9	85.5	104.3	108.3	103.5	107.5	96.2	97.8	
Aug	99.0	74.1	102.8	102.2	86.1	105.3	108.4	104.1	108.0	96.8	97.9	
Sep	99.5	77.0	103.0	102.8	86.9	103.4	109.3	103.5	108.7	96.5	98.0	
Oct	98.6	74.2	102.8	103.4	85.7	99.7	107.5	104.5	108.3	96.5	93.4	
Nov	99.2	75.1	102.9	102.4	86.7	105.7	107.4	104.8	108.7	96.6	97.5	
Dec	98.7	72.4	102.8	103.2	87.7	110.0	107.8	103.8	107.7	96.6	97.3	
2007 Jan	98.8	74.4	102.6	102.2	86.9	111.9	107.9	103.5	108.0	96.1	97.7	
Feb	98.4	76.6	101.8	101.6	85.5	110.0	106.4	103.4	106.9	95.6	97.2	
Mar	98.7	74.8	102.5	101.6	86.9	106.4	105.8	104.2	108.2	96.7	97.1	
Apr	99.0	75.7	102.9	101.7	87.1	108.3	106.3	104.0	108.8	97.1	95.7	
May	99.6	76.6	103.1	101.9	86.7	106.1	105.9	104.4	109.1	97.8	98.3	
Jun	99.5	76.0	103.2	101.7	88.0	108.0	104.9	105.1	109.7	97.3	97.7	
Jul	99.4	76.7	103.0	102.1	88.2	107.6	104.4	104.7	108.8	97.6	97.8	
Aug	99.6	74.4	103.5	102.2	87.6	111.0	106.1	104.1	109.5	98.1	97.8	
Sep	99.1	74.6	102.8	102.1	86.4	112.5	105.2	103.5	108.5	97.6	98.5	
Oct	99.6	76.6†	103.1	101.8†	86.5†	111.5†	105.0†	103.0†	109.0†	98.6†	98.5†	
Nov	99.5	75.9	103.0	101.8	86.0	107.2	105.1	102.3	109.1	98.6	99.9	

## Production, output and costs

### 7.1 Output of the production industries

continued

Average 2003 = 100

Summary - Not seasonally adjusted											
SIC 2003 Sub-section	Manufacturing industries										
	Total production industries	Mining and quarrying	Total manufact- uring industries	Food, drink and tobacco	Textiles, leather and clothing	Coke ref petrol and nuclear fuels	Chemicals and man-made fibres	Basic metal and metal products	Engineering and allied industries	Other manufact- uring	Electricity, gas and water
	Sect C+D+E	Sect C	Sect D	DA	DB_DC	DF	DG	DJ	DK_DM	DD_DN	Sect E
Weights	1000	118	792	118	26	13	87	81	237	229	90
2001	AGVZ	AGVT	AGVV	AGUV	AGWR	AGUX	AGUZ	AGVF	AGXT	AGXR	AGVX
2002	102.3	105.0	102.5	98.0	110.1	106.9	99.3	101.4	107.1	100.4	98.0
2003	100.3	105.4	99.8	100.0	101.8	108.3	99.1	102.4	98.5	99.8	98.4
2004	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2005	100.8	92.1	102.0	101.6	90.1	105.8	103.4	103.1	104.3	100.1	101.1
2006	99.0	84.1	100.9	102.0	88.0	109.6	104.5	103.2	103.4	96.7	101.1
2007 Q1	99.2	77.4	102.5	101.8	86.9	104.9	108.2	104.6	107.4	96.4	98.7
Not seasonally adjusted <sup>3</sup>											
2003 Q1	100.8	109.6	98.2	94.1	98.6	104.1	98.9	101.7	98.9	97.8	113.3
Q2	98.0	97.2	99.0	97.5	98.7	98.3	100.0	100.2	99.2	98.9	91.1
Q3	97.6	91.7	99.8	100.3	101.4	98.9	100.5	100.0	97.4	101.7	85.6
Q4	103.5	101.5	103.0	108.1	101.3	98.7	100.5	98.1	104.5	101.7	110.0
2004 Q1	102.8	98.7	101.7	96.1	92.1	108.3	106.8	103.4	103.8	100.4	118.2
Q2	99.7	93.2	101.5	99.7	91.3	102.8	103.7	103.6	103.3	99.9	92.6
Q3	97.6	84.0	101.0	101.3	89.0	104.8	101.9	104.1	102.0	99.7	85.3
Q4	103.0	92.7	103.9	109.2	88.2	107.3	101.2	101.3	108.2	100.2	108.4
2005 Q1	100.2	90.9	99.8	96.8	83.8	122.5	103.5	104.8	101.5	96.9	116.0
Q2	98.8	86.9	101.2	100.0	89.6	107.8	105.0	104.3	104.2	96.9	93.7
Q3	96.6	74.5	101.1	102.4	89.4	107.7	106.3	102.8	102.4	97.5	86.4
Q4	100.2	84.3	101.6	108.6	89.1	100.2	103.4	100.7	105.4	95.3	108.3
2006 Q1	100.9	85.1	101.4	96.7	86.4	103.7	107.5	106.8	106.6	95.6	117.1
Q2	98.2	77.8	102.1	100.1	86.2	104.7	109.0	104.9	107.0	96.0	90.2
Q3	96.3	69.1	101.8	101.1	86.6	106.3	109.9	104.3	104.3	97.0	84.0
Q4	101.3	77.6	104.6	109.3	88.5	104.9	106.3	102.3	111.7	96.8	103.5
2007 Q1	100.3	79.2	102.0	96.3	85.5	108.1	109.9	107.7	107.6	95.7	113.1
Q2	98.5	77.2	102.7	98.8	86.8	107.0	107.4	106.4	109.1	96.7	88.9
Q3	96.6	69.4	102.2	100.6	87.0	112.4	106.8	104.4	105.5	98.2	83.5
2005 Dec	97.1	86.9	96.3	110.5	80.3	104.8	97.6	89.6	104.9	83.3	117.7
2006 Jan	95.7	88.5	94.0	90.0	80.5	101.2	104.5	101.1	96.0	88.5	120.2
Feb	96.6	79.5	96.9	91.8	82.7	107.2	101.6	103.0	100.9	92.4	116.4
Mar	110.3	87.4	113.2	108.4	95.9	102.5	116.4	116.3	122.8	105.9	114.6
Apr	93.6	82.0	94.8	94.9	80.0	95.4	100.3	99.7	97.3	90.1	97.9
May	99.7	79.1	104.0	102.2	89.8	102.9	113.7	106.3	107.2	98.8	89.1
Jun	101.1	72.5	107.4	103.3	88.9	115.6	113.0	108.6	116.4	99.3	83.5
Jul	94.1	71.3	98.8	98.2	83.1	108.5	105.7	102.7	101.8	93.1	83.2
Aug	94.3	65.3	100.0	102.4	86.5	107.0	109.9	104.1	98.9	95.8	82.7
Sep	100.5	70.8	106.6	102.6	90.2	103.6	114.0	106.0	112.2	102.2	86.2
Oct	102.6	78.1	107.5	109.9	92.2	98.8	112.9	110.2	109.2	103.7	91.9
Nov	105.8	78.2	109.9	109.4	96.5	99.7	110.5	110.1	117.5	104.1	106.0
Dec	95.5	76.3	96.4	108.6	76.9	116.1	95.6	86.7	108.4	82.7	112.7
2007 Jan	97.3	78.8	97.7	93.0	82.2	107.6	111.5	103.8	100.3	91.4	117.1
Feb	96.0	75.4	97.1	91.2	81.3	100.5	104.6	104.2	101.4	91.8	113.2
Mar	107.7	83.3	111.2	104.9	93.1	116.0	113.7	115.3	120.9	103.7	108.9
Apr	95.7	78.5	98.4	97.4	82.6	101.8	104.0	102.1	102.9	92.3	94.6
May	100.9	80.4	105.2	101.2	89.6	109.9	111.1	109.6	110.6	99.4	89.8
Jun	98.9	72.6	104.7	97.8	88.1	109.3	107.1	107.6	113.8	98.5	82.4
Jul	96.4	74.2	101.3	99.3	87.8	117.8	105.5	106.7	103.9	96.8	82.3
Aug	95.0	65.1	100.9	102.4	87.2	111.8	107.6	102.6	102.0	96.8	81.9
Sep	98.5	68.9	104.3	100.2	86.0	107.7	107.3	103.9	110.6	100.9	86.3
Oct	106.5 <sup>†</sup>	80.2	111.4 <sup>†</sup>	111.4 <sup>†</sup>	94.6 <sup>†</sup>	110.8 <sup>†</sup>	113.2 <sup>†</sup>	111.9 <sup>†</sup>	114.9 <sup>†</sup>	109.0 <sup>†</sup>	97.2 <sup>†</sup>
Nov	105.5	78.8	109.0	108.5	93.9	106.6	107.6	107.4	115.5	105.6	109.6

## 7.1 Output of the production industries

continued

Average 2003 = 100

SIC 2003 Sub-section	Detailed analysis							
	Mining and quarrying			Textiles, leather and clothing			Coke ref petrol and nuclear fuels	Chemicals and man-made fibres
	Oil and gas	Coal	Other mining and quarrying	Food, drink and tobacco	Textiles and textile products	Leather and leather products		
C_1	C_11	CB	DA	DB	DC	DF	DG	
Weights	107	3	8	118	24	3	13	87
2001	CKZO	CKZP	CKZQ	CKZA	CKZB	CKZC	CKZF	CKZG
2001	107.3	112.6	80.4	98.0	107.2	140.0	106.9	99.3
2002	105.9	105.9	98.7	100.0	99.7	122.5	108.3	99.1
2003	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2004	91.6	85.8	101.4	101.6	91.8	74.6	105.8	103.4
2005	82.0	67.2	110.0	102.5	90.2	69.8	110.1	103.5
2006	74.4	62.5	110.7	102.4	88.5	70.8	104.9	106.7
<b>Seasonally adjusted <sup>1</sup></b>								
2003 Q1	105.1	106.6	101.7	100.1	97.8	115.3	104.4	98.3
Q2	99.5	104.8	101.6	99.4	99.2	102.5	100.7	99.4
Q3	99.1	89.9	100.2	100.2	102.6	91.5	97.9	99.8
Q4	96.3	98.7	96.5	100.4	100.4	90.7	97.0	102.5
2004 Q1	94.4	85.4	95.8	100.4	94.8	76.8	108.5	104.7
Q2	94.5	84.5	101.1	102.6	91.3	79.8	105.2	103.8
Q3	90.2	89.4	100.7	101.3	91.0	72.9	103.4	102.1
Q4	87.2	83.7	108.0	102.0	90.1	68.8	106.1	102.9
2005 Q1	85.5	65.4	110.2	102.4	88.3	69.9	122.9	102.6
Q2	85.6	63.5	109.9	103.2	91.4	72.4	110.6	102.5
Q3	78.6	69.9	108.4	102.4	90.4	70.0	106.5	103.7
Q4	78.4	69.8	111.4	101.9	90.8	67.1	100.4	105.1
2006 Q1	78.7	75.5	107.1	102.1	89.5	72.3	105.0	104.2
Q2	74.5	68.9	113.4	102.3	88.6	67.7	105.3	106.5
Q3	73.1	51.0	110.7	102.3	87.6	72.2	104.4	108.7
Q4	71.4	54.7	111.6	103.0	88.4	71.0	105.1	107.6
2007 Q1	72.5	50.6	118.4	101.8	88.0	72.2	109.5	106.7
Q2	73.1	56.9	120.9	101.8	89.0	71.3	107.5	105.7
Q3	71.7	66.1	124.2	102.1	88.8	74.4	110.3	105.2
2005 Dec	78.7	70.7	111.7	102.2	92.2	69.8	100.1	107.4
2006 Jan	80.4	79.8	107.4	102.0	90.5	70.6	105.2	104.1
Feb	79.0	75.9	106.0	102.1	89.6	73.0	107.1	103.8
Mar	76.7	70.8	107.8	102.3	88.4	73.5	102.6	104.7
Apr	76.3	72.4	109.8	102.3	88.4	66.6	103.4	105.0
May	74.4	70.6	115.5	101.9	88.9	68.2	106.8	107.4
Jun	72.7	63.7	115.0	102.7	88.6	68.2	105.8	107.2
Jul	72.4	53.9	112.1	101.9	87.4	67.0	104.3	108.3
Aug	71.9	45.4	110.5	102.2	87.5	73.1	105.3	108.4
Sep	75.1	53.6	109.6	102.8	88.0	76.6	103.4	109.3
Oct	71.9	55.5	108.4	103.4	87.2	71.0	99.7	107.5
Nov	72.8	57.1	111.0	102.4	88.2	72.2	105.7	107.4
Dec	69.6	51.6	115.3	103.2	89.6	69.9	110.0	107.8
2007 Jan	71.7	53.7	115.3	102.2	88.2	74.8	111.9	107.9
Feb	73.9	50.1	119.2	101.6	87.1	70.6	110.0	106.4
Mar	71.9	48.1	120.7	101.6	88.5	71.3	106.4	105.8
Apr	72.7	52.9	121.5	101.7	88.8	71.3	108.3	106.3
May	73.8	57.1	119.4	101.9	88.5	70.1	106.1	105.9
Jun	72.9	60.8	121.6	101.7	89.7	72.6	108.0	104.9
Jul	73.5	62.8	122.5	102.1	89.7	74.4	107.6	104.4
Aug	70.4	76.7	124.5	102.2	88.9	75.6	111.0	106.1
Sep	71.0	58.9	125.5	102.1	87.8	73.2	112.5	105.2
Oct	73.5 <sup>†</sup>	42.9 <sup>†</sup>	127.0	101.8 <sup>†</sup>	87.9 <sup>†</sup>	73.3 <sup>†</sup>	111.5 <sup>†</sup>	105.0 <sup>†</sup>
Nov	72.8	51.3	123.7	101.8	87.3	73.3	107.2	105.1

## Production, output and costs

### 7.1 Output of the production industries

continued

Average 2003 = 100

Detailed analysis (continued)										
	Engineering and allied industries				Other manufacturing					
SIC 2003 Sub-section	Basic metal and metal products	Machinery and equipment	Electrical and optical equipment	Transport equipment	Wood and wood products	Pulp, paper, printing and publishing	Rubber and plastic products	Non-metallic mineral products	Other manufacturing NES	Electricity, gas and water
	DJ	DK	DL	DM	DD	DE	DH	DI	DN	Sect E
<i>Weights</i>	81	66	85	86	15	108	41	30	35	90
2001	CKZJ	CKZK	CKZL	CKZM	CKZD	CKZE	CKZH	CKZI	CKZN	CKYZ
2002	101.4	104.2	118.7	97.9	96.6	101.3	103.2	96.0	99.9	98.0
2003	102.4	98.3	102.6	94.8	99.2	101.4	99.2	94.5	100.5	98.4
2004	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2005	103.1	105.8	101.8	105.8	101.8	99.1	98.5	105.8	99.3	101.1
2006	102.4	108.7	97.3	104.9	97.8	94.0	95.1	105.4	100.2	100.7
<b>Seasonally adjusted<sup>1</sup></b>										
2003 Q1	100.0	96.6	100.5	99.0	97.6	100.0	97.8	98.3	100.2	98.1
Q2	99.5	100.1	99.5	98.8	97.1	99.6	98.2	98.4	99.8	98.9
Q3	99.7	100.8	99.8	98.6	101.2	99.9	101.5	101.0	100.7	100.6
Q4	100.7	102.5	100.2	103.5	104.1	100.5	102.5	102.3	99.2	102.3
2004 Q1	101.0	100.4	100.0	107.1	100.1	100.8	101.1	104.5	99.2	102.2
Q2	103.6	107.8	102.6	103.7	104.3	99.1	99.0	106.3	99.2	100.7
Q3	104.1	107.2	102.5	104.7	101.8	98.0	96.3	105.8	97.8	101.0
Q4	103.7	107.7	101.9	107.7	101.2	98.5	97.6	106.6	101.0	100.6
2005 Q1	102.8	109.0	97.5	103.6	101.3	96.2	96.7	109.0	101.3	99.8
Q2	102.6	108.2	97.2	105.0	96.3	94.1	94.8	104.2	100.5	101.6
Q3	102.2	108.3	98.5	107.1	98.4	93.4	94.7	103.2	99.2	101.0
Q4	102.1	109.5	95.9	103.8	95.4	92.0	94.2	105.1	99.6	100.4
2006 Q1	102.9	110.4	97.7	109.7	93.5	92.7	97.5	105.0	100.0	100.7
Q2	103.4	113.7	98.6	110.8	96.2	91.0	98.9	105.9	101.5	98.1
Q3	103.7	115.1	97.6	112.9	93.4	91.3	98.7	108.6	100.9	97.9
Q4	104.4	115.1	98.1	113.0	96.9	91.2	98.3	107.7	101.4	96.0
2007 Q1	103.7	117.6	97.5	110.1	96.1	91.2	96.9	106.2	102.0	97.3
Q2	104.5	117.8	98.3	113.3	96.6	92.6	98.1	108.7	102.1	97.2
Q3	104.1	119.4	99.1	110.6	98.2	92.3	99.8	107.5	103.7	98.0
2005 Dec	102.4	110.5	95.2	104.6	94.4	91.8	95.1	106.2	101.1	101.3
2006 Jan	102.3	110.2	96.6	106.5	93.3	92.6	96.2	106.2	99.5	100.2
Feb	102.6	110.0	98.0	110.1	93.4	92.5	97.4	105.1	100.4	99.8
Mar	103.8	111.2	98.6	112.5	93.9	93.1	98.8	103.8	100.0	102.0
Apr	103.3	112.7	98.3	110.9	95.0	91.4	97.7	104.5	99.1	98.7
May	102.8	113.8	98.6	110.7	95.5	91.2	100.2	106.0	102.6	97.3
Jun	104.0	114.6	98.8	110.8	98.1	90.3	98.7	107.2	102.8	98.2
Jul	103.5	114.8	97.6	111.8	94.1	90.9	98.5	107.6	101.1	97.8
Aug	104.1	113.8	98.3	113.0	92.0	91.6	99.3	109.4	101.4	97.9
Sep	103.5	116.8	96.9	114.0	94.2	91.5	98.5	108.9	100.1	98.0
Oct	104.5	115.1	96.9	114.4	95.7	91.4	98.4	108.2	100.5	93.4
Nov	104.8	114.9	99.0	113.6	97.0	91.0	98.4	107.6	102.0	97.5
Dec	103.8	115.5	98.3	111.0	98.0	91.3	98.1	107.3	101.6	97.3
2007 Jan	103.5	118.1	97.6	110.4	96.2	90.8	97.5	105.9	102.4	97.7
Feb	103.4	117.0	97.2	108.8	95.2	90.9	96.3	105.4	101.2	97.2
Mar	104.2	117.8	97.7	111.0	96.8	91.9	96.9	107.3	102.3	97.1
Apr	104.0	117.5	97.2	113.5	95.5	92.5	97.3	108.1	102.2	95.7
May	104.4	117.2	98.5	113.5	96.5	92.9	98.5	109.8	102.3	98.3
Jun	105.1	118.8	99.1	113.0	97.8	92.3	98.6	108.4	101.9	97.7
Jul	104.7	118.9	99.4	110.3	96.5	92.5	99.1	107.6	103.5	97.8
Aug	104.1	120.2	99.6	111.2	100.0	92.3	99.9	107.8	104.5	97.8
Sep	103.5	118.9	98.4	110.4	98.0	92.1	100.3	106.9	103.0	98.5
Oct	103.0 <sup>†</sup>	119.5	98.7 <sup>†</sup>	111.0 <sup>†</sup>	100.8 <sup>†</sup>	93.0	100.9 <sup>†</sup>	107.7 <sup>†</sup>	104.3 <sup>†</sup>	98.5 <sup>†</sup>
Nov	102.3	118.7	96.8	113.7	98.8	93.3	100.8	107.3	104.4	99.9

# 7.1 Output of the production industries

continued

Average 2003 = 100

	Market Sector analysis					
	Consumer durables	Consumer non-durables	Capital goods industries	Intermediate goods and energy		
				Total	Energy	Intermediate goods
SIC 2003 Weights <sup>2</sup>	36	272	213	478	212	266
	UFIU	UFJS	UFIL	JMOH	UFJB	UFJL
2001	101.2	99.4	106.8	102.3	103.4	101.4
2002	101.7	99.9	98.2	101.5	102.9	100.4
2003	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2004	104.6	100.0	103.7	99.7	96.4	102.3
2005	102.9	99.2	103.2	96.3	91.5	100.1
2006	104.5	99.3	107.2	94.5	86.2	101.1
<b>Seasonally adjusted<sup>1</sup></b>						
2003 Q1	99.7	99.0	98.7	101.0	102.2	99.9
Q2	99.3	99.2	99.1	99.6	99.4	99.6
Q3	99.9	100.6	99.8	99.7	99.5	99.8
Q4	101.2	101.2	102.4	99.8	98.9	100.6
2004 Q1	102.6	100.4	102.2	100.4	98.5	102.0
Q2	104.9	100.4	103.4	100.6	97.6	103.0
Q3	106.3	99.1	104.0	98.9	95.6	101.5
Q4	104.7	99.8	105.1	98.7	94.0	102.5
2005 Q1	105.8	99.4	102.5	97.9	93.6	101.4
Q2	102.4	99.3	103.1	97.2	93.6	100.1
Q3	101.5	99.1	104.7	95.2	89.7	99.6
Q4	101.7	99.2	102.6	94.7	89.0	99.4
2006 Q1	103.1	99.4	105.4	95.4	89.6	100.0
Q2	105.5	99.1	106.9	94.6	86.3	101.2
Q3	103.1	99.4	108.0	94.5	85.3	101.9
Q4	106.2	99.5	108.6	93.5	83.7	101.4
2007 Q1	103.3	98.5	108.0	94.2	85.0	101.6
Q2	102.9	98.7	109.8	94.8	85.2	102.5
Q3	105.6	98.6	109.5	94.8	85.1	102.6
2005 Dec	102.3	100.2	102.8	95.2	89.5	99.8
2006 Jan	101.7	99.3	103.7	95.6	90.3	99.8
Feb	102.7	99.3	105.7	95.2	89.5	99.7
Mar	104.8	99.5	106.8	95.4	89.0	100.6
Apr	106.4	98.9	106.3	94.5	87.4	100.2
May	105.7	99.2	107.0	94.6	86.1	101.5
Jun	104.5	99.1	107.4	94.7	85.4	102.1
Jul	102.8	98.9	107.7	94.2	84.9	101.6
Aug	102.4	99.3	107.8	94.5	84.7	102.4
Sep	104.0	99.9	108.6	94.8	86.3	101.7
Oct	104.4	99.6	109.0	92.9	82.5	101.3
Nov	106.9	99.1	108.9	94.3	85.1	101.6
Dec	107.2	99.9	107.9	93.3	83.5	101.2
2007 Jan	103.2	98.9	108.4	94.2	85.0	101.6
Feb	102.1	98.2	107.2	94.3	85.7	101.2
Mar	104.6	98.3	108.4	94.2	84.4	102.1
Apr	102.6	98.8	109.6	94.2	84.4	102.1
May	101.4	99.1	109.7	95.2	86.0	102.6
Jun	104.8	98.3	110.1	95.0	85.4	102.8
Jul	106.1	98.3	109.0	95.2	85.8	102.8
Aug	106.4	98.8	109.9	94.9	84.6	103.1
Sep	104.3	98.5	109.6	94.4	85.1	101.9
Oct	103.0 <sup>†</sup>	98.8 <sup>†</sup>	110.2 <sup>†</sup>	95.1 <sup>†</sup>	86.0 <sup>†</sup>	102.3 <sup>†</sup>
Nov	101.8	98.7	110.1	95.1	86.1	102.4

Note: The figures contain, where appropriate, an adjustment for stock changes.

2 These sum to the total of 1 000 for the production industries.

3 Includes adjustments to standardise the length of months.

1 Unadjusted data may be obtained from the Office for National Statistics, IOP Branch, Government Buildings, Cardiff Road, Newport, NP10 8XG.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 01633 812319

## Production, output and costs

# 7.2 Productivity jobs and output per filled job<sup>1</sup>

2003 = 100

S/C 1992 Sub-section	Manufacturing industries											
	Whole economy <sup>2</sup>	Total production industries	Total mining quarrying electricity gas & water supply	Total manufactur- ing indus- ties	Food, drink and tobacco	Textiles, footwear, clothing and leather	Pulp, paper & paper printing and publishing	Chemicals and man-made fibres	Other non- metallic mineral products	Basic metals and fabri- cated metal products	Engi- neering and related industries	Other manufactur- ing
		Sect C+D+E	Sect C+E	Sect D	DA	DB_DC	DE	DG	DI	DJ	DK_DM	DD+DF+DH+DN
<b>Productivity jobs</b>												
2001	LNNM	LNOJ	LOIW	LNOK	LNOL	LOIS	LOIM	LOIN	LZYL	LZYP	LOIT	LOIZ
2001	98.4	110.1 <sup>†</sup>	107.3 <sup>†</sup>	110.3 <sup>†</sup>	106.0 <sup>†</sup>	131.8 <sup>†</sup>	101.4 <sup>†</sup>	102.9 <sup>†</sup>	110.3 <sup>†</sup>	109.2 <sup>†</sup>	116.8 <sup>†</sup>	105.5 <sup>†</sup>
2002	99.1	105.2	103.9	105.3	103.3	117.1	100.3	103.5	103.2	104.8	108.2	102.9
2003	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2004	100.8	95.7	93.7	95.8	99.3	89.8	95.4	95.8	99.6	95.9	94.8	96.2
2005	101.8 <sup>†</sup>	91.7	95.7	91.5	96.9	81.1	91.5	91.1	93.6	90.1	91.7	91.0
2006	102.6	89.6	103.4	88.9	93.1	73.6	91.1	87.6	87.8	90.4	88.0	90.4
<b>Seasonally adjusted</b>												
2003 Q4	100.2	97.9 <sup>†</sup>	96.9 <sup>†</sup>	98.0 <sup>†</sup>	99.1 <sup>†</sup>	93.6 <sup>†</sup>	99.3 <sup>†</sup>	98.7 <sup>†</sup>	99.0 <sup>†</sup>	98.5 <sup>†</sup>	97.3 <sup>†</sup>	97.5 <sup>†</sup>
2004 Q1	100.6	96.9	94.4	97.0	100.0	93.1	97.1	97.1	99.4	97.0	95.8	97.6
Q2	100.7	96.2	92.9	96.3	99.8	90.6	96.4	96.6	99.9	96.4	95.1	97.0
Q3	100.8 <sup>†</sup>	95.1	93.6	95.3	99.0	88.1	94.5	95.5	99.6	95.6	94.1	95.9
Q4	101.1	94.5	94.0	94.6	98.3	87.3	93.7	93.9	99.6	94.7	94.1	94.3
2005 Q1	101.5	93.3	93.8	93.3	97.7	85.8	91.9	93.1	98.0	93.1	93.5	91.9
Q2	101.7	92.0	94.8	91.9	96.8	83.2	92.0	92.3	94.9	90.0	92.1	91.1
Q3	102.0	91.0	96.3	90.7	96.6	79.1	91.2	90.3	92.2	88.4	91.2	90.5
Q4	101.9	90.4	97.7	89.9	96.3	76.1	90.8	88.8	89.2	89.1	90.0	90.4
2006 Q1	102.2	89.9	98.3	89.6	95.0	75.2	91.1	87.9	88.5	90.6	89.1	89.9
Q2	102.5	89.7	101.3	89.1	93.2	73.8	91.3	87.6	88.3	90.8	88.3	90.2
Q3	102.7	89.7	105.9	88.8	92.1	72.9	91.3	87.2	87.8	90.9	87.7	90.6
Q4	102.9	89.3	108.0	88.2	91.9	72.7	90.8	87.8	86.6	89.5	86.8	90.9
2007 Q1	102.9	88.6	109.6	87.3	91.4	70.6	90.2	88.1	84.8	88.1	86.4	89.5
Q2	103.2	88.1	110.3	87.0	91.0	68.3	88.5	87.3	84.2	88.4	86.6	88.3
Q3	103.4	88.0	109.3	86.7	90.9	68.1	87.0	86.0	85.5	90.1	86.8	87.7
<b>Output per filled job</b>												
	LNNN	LNNW	LOJA	LNNX	LNNY	LNOG	LNOA	LNOB	LZYM	LZYQ	LNOH <sup>†</sup>	LOJD <sup>†</sup>
2001	97.1	92.9 <sup>†</sup>	95.1 <sup>†</sup>	92.8 <sup>†</sup>	92.4 <sup>†</sup>	83.4 <sup>†</sup>	99.8 <sup>†</sup>	96.4 <sup>†</sup>	87.1 <sup>†</sup>	92.9 <sup>†</sup>	91.6 <sup>†</sup>	96.4 <sup>†</sup>
2002	98.1	95.4	98.6	94.8	96.8	86.7	101.1	95.7	91.5	97.7	91.0	97.9
2003	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2004	102.4 <sup>†</sup>	105.3	102.2	106.5	102.3	100.2	103.8	107.9	106.1	107.4	110.0	104.1
2005	103.4	107.7	94.9	110.2	105.8	108.9	102.7	113.6	112.6	113.6	112.5	108.9
2006	105.6	110.3	83.0	115.0	110.1	117.6	100.5	121.8	121.7	114.5	121.9	110.2
<b>Seasonally adjusted</b>												
2003 Q4	101.3	102.9 <sup>†</sup>	102.0 <sup>†</sup>	103.3 <sup>†</sup>	101.2 <sup>†</sup>	106.1 <sup>†</sup>	101.2 <sup>†</sup>	103.8 <sup>†</sup>	103.4 <sup>†</sup>	102.2 <sup>†</sup>	104.9 <sup>†</sup>	103.4 <sup>†</sup>
2004 Q1	101.5 <sup>†</sup>	104.1	103.3	104.9	100.4	99.7	103.9	107.9	105.1	104.1	107.1	103.7
Q2	102.4	105.3	104.6	106.3	102.7	99.3	102.8	107.4	106.4	107.4	109.8	103.7
Q3	102.7	105.4	101.6	106.6	102.4	101.2	103.7	106.9	106.1	108.9	111.1	102.6
Q4	103.0	106.4	99.5	108.2	103.7	100.6	105.0	109.5	107.0	109.5	112.1	106.4
2005 Q1	102.8	106.7	98.3	108.7	104.8	100.6	104.7	110.2	111.2	110.4	110.0	111.3
Q2	103.1	107.8	98.0	109.6	106.7	107.4	102.3	111.0	109.7	114.0	111.8	108.7
Q3	103.3	108.2	92.4	111.2	105.9	111.5	102.5	114.8	111.9	115.6	114.4	108.6
Q4	104.2	108.2	90.8	111.3	105.8	116.0	101.4	118.4	117.8	114.5	113.8	107.2
2006 Q1	104.9	110.0	90.4	113.1	107.5	116.5	101.8	118.5	118.7	113.6	118.5	109.9
Q2	105.4	110.2	84.6	114.6	109.8	117.0	99.7	121.6	119.9	113.8	121.3	111.1
Q3	105.7	110.4	79.9	115.6	111.0	117.9	100.0	124.5	123.7	114.1	123.1	109.8
Q4	106.4	110.6	76.9	116.5	112.0	119.0	100.4	122.5	124.4	116.6	124.6	110.1
2007 Q1	107.3	111.3	77.0	117.1	111.3	122.2	101.1	121.1	125.2	117.7	124.6	111.9
Q2	108.0	112.8	76.9	118.4	111.8	127.5	104.7	121.0	129.2	118.2	126.1	113.8
Q3	108.4	112.9	77.5	118.8	112.3	128.0	106.1	122.3	125.7	115.5	125.4	116.6

Note: The full productivity and unit wage costs data sets with associated articles can be found on the National Statistics website at: [www.statistics.gov.uk/productivity](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/productivity).

Source: Office for National Statistics

1 Output per filled job is the ratio of the output index numbers published in Table 7.1 and productivity jobs. A monthly series for total manufacturing industries is presented in Table 7.3.

2 Whole economy output per job is based on Gross Value Added at Basic Prices.

## 7.3 Key Productivity Measures

2003=100

	Whole economy				Manufacturing industry	
	Implied GDP deflator <sup>1</sup>	Labour costs per unit of output	Wages and salaries per unit of output	Output per worker <sup>2</sup>	Wages and salaries per unit of output	Output per filled job
	YBGB	LNNL	LNNK	A4YM	LNNQ <sup>†</sup>	LNNX <sup>†</sup>
1999	90.9	88.9	90.5	93.5	101.0 <sup>†</sup>	85.1 <sup>†</sup>
2000	92.1	91.5	93.0	96.0	99.5	89.8
2001	94.1	94.9	96.6	97.2	100.4	92.8
2002	97.0	97.1	98.3	98.2	101.9	94.8
2003	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2004	102.6	102.0	101.2	102.2	97.3	106.5
2005	104.9	105.9	104.4 <sup>†</sup>	103.1 <sup>†</sup>	97.5	110.2
2006	107.7	108.5	106.6 <sup>†</sup>	105.2	98.3	115.0
2001 Q3	94.0	95.1	96.8	97.4	100.1 <sup>†</sup>	93.5 <sup>†</sup>
Q4	95.0	95.8	97.2	97.4	101.4	92.8
2002 Q1	96.1	96.1	97.4	97.9	101.6	93.6
Q2	96.9	97.0	98.3	97.8	102.7	93.7
Q3	97.4	97.3	98.5	98.5	101.1	95.9
Q4	97.7	98.2	99.0	98.5	102.0	95.9
2003 Q1	98.9	98.4	99.1	99.2 <sup>†</sup>	101.6	97.1
Q2	99.8	99.7	100.0	99.3 <sup>†</sup>	100.5	98.8
Q3	100.4	100.9	100.6	100.3	99.6	100.8
Q4	100.9	101.0	100.2	101.3	98.2	103.3
2004 Q1	101.1	101.2	100.3	101.4	97.6	104.9
Q2	102.3	101.5	100.9	102.3	97.5	106.3
Q3	102.9	101.9	101.3	102.5	97.4	106.6
Q4	103.9	103.4	102.4	102.6	96.9	108.2
2005 Q1	104.2	104.3	103.2	102.5	97.5	108.7
Q2	104.9	105.3	103.9	102.9	96.9	109.6
Q3	104.7	106.6	104.7	103.0	97.1	111.2
Q4	106.0	107.5	105.6	103.9	98.3	111.3
2006 Q1	106.5 <sup>†</sup>	108.2 <sup>†</sup>	105.6 <sup>†</sup>	104.4	98.4	113.1
Q2	106.9	108.0	106.4	105.0	98.2	114.6
Q3	108.5	108.8	106.9	105.4	98.2	115.6
Q4	109.0	109.2	107.3	106.1	98.3	116.5
2007 Q1	109.8	109.6	108.1	107.2	98.4	117.1
Q2	111.0	110.0	107.9	107.7	98.6	118.4
Q3	111.6	110.6	108.6	108.1	98.5	118.8
2005 Mar	..	..	..	..	99.0 <sup>†</sup>	107.9 <sup>†</sup>
Apr	..	..	..	..	97.3	109.2
May	..	..	..	..	96.6	109.5
Jun	..	..	..	..	96.8	110.2
Jul	..	..	..	..	96.5	111.2
Aug	..	..	..	..	97.0	111.4
Sep	..	..	..	..	97.6	111.1
Oct	..	..	..	..	98.4	110.7
Nov	..	..	..	..	98.3	111.2
Dec	..	..	..	..	98.3	112.1
2006 Jan	..	..	..	..	98.7	112.3
Feb	..	..	..	..	98.5	113.0
Mar	..	..	..	..	98.0	114.0
Apr	..	..	..	..	99.1	113.8
May	..	..	..	..	97.4	114.8
Jun	..	..	..	..	98.0	115.2
Jul	..	..	..	..	97.7	115.0
Aug	..	..	..	..	98.4	115.6
Sep	..	..	..	..	98.6	116.1
Oct	..	..	..	..	98.6	116.2
Nov	..	..	..	..	98.1	116.7
Dec	..	..	..	..	98.2	116.7
2007 Jan	..	..	..	..	98.0	117.0
Feb	..	..	..	..	98.9	116.6
Mar	..	..	..	..	98.4	117.6
Apr	..	..	..	..	98.4	118.2
May	..	..	..	..	98.8	118.2
Jun	..	..	..	..	98.6	118.9
Jul	..	..	..	..	98.6	118.8
Aug	..	..	..	..	98.0	119.3
Sep	..	..	..	..	98.8	118.4
Oct	..	..	..	..	98.8	118.7

Note: The full productivity and unit wage costs data sets with associated articles can be found on the National Statistics website at: [www.statistics.gov.uk/productivity](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/productivity).

Source: Office for National Statistics

1 Based on the sum of expenditure components of GDP at current and constant market prices.

2 Whole Economy output per worker is the ratio of Gross Value Added (GVA) at Basic Prices and Labour Force Survey (LFS) total employment.

## 8 Energy

### 8.1 Inland energy consumption: primary fuel input basis

Million tonnes of oil equivalent

Unadjusted												Seasonally adjusted and temperature corrected (annual rate)						
	Primary electricity						Primary electricity											
	Coal <sup>1</sup>	Petroleum <sup>2</sup>	Natural gas <sup>3</sup>	Nuclear	Natural flow hydro <sup>4</sup>	Net imports	Total	Coal	Petroleum	Natural gas	Nuclear <sup>5</sup>	Natural flow hydro <sup>5</sup>	Net imports <sup>5</sup>	Total				
	BHBB	BHBC	BHBD	BHBE	BHBF	BHBM	BHBA	BHBH†	BHBI	BHBJ†	BHBK†	BHBL	BHBN	BHBG†				
2002	39.3	73.5	95.4	20.1	0.5	0.7	229.5	40.2†	74.9	100.9†	20.1†	0.5	0.7	237.3†				
2003	41.9	73.0	95.9	20.0	0.4	0.2	231.4	42.7	73.9†	100.3	20.0	0.4	0.2	237.5				
2004	41.0	75.1	98.1	18.2	0.6	0.6	233.6	41.7	76.1	103.0	18.2	0.6	0.6	240.2				
2005	42.3	77.0	95.7	18.4	0.7	0.7	234.8	43.0	77.6	99.1	18.4	0.7	0.7	239.4				
2006	45.7	77.0	90.9	17.1	0.8	0.6	232.1	46.5	78.1	92.7	17.1	0.8	0.6	235.9				
2003	May	3.0	6.0	6.7	1.6	—	—	17.1	40.3	74.4	97.2	20.2	0.7	0.3	233.1			
	Jun	3.3	6.3	5.2	1.9	—	—	16.8	50.1	78.9	86.3	21.5	0.5	-0.1	237.2			
	Jul	2.8	6.1	5.2	1.3	—	—	15.4	44.0	74.4	82.7	18.1	0.5	—	219.7			
	Aug	2.6	6.1	5.0	1.4	—	—	15.1	42.7	69.7	82.8	17.7	0.5	0.3	213.7			
	Sep	3.2	6.4	5.9	2.0	—	—	17.4	39.4	77.1	91.3	23.5	0.4	-0.6	231.1			
	Oct	3.9	6.2	8.5	1.4	—	—	20.1	46.7	75.9	98.2	18.5	0.3	—	239.7			
	Nov	3.4	5.8	9.3	1.5	—	—	20.0	39.2	70.5	104.4	17.6	0.3	0.3	232.4			
	Dec	4.7	6.4	10.9	1.9	0.1	0.1	24.1	41.5	77.2	110.6	19.7	0.4	1.0	250.5			
2004	Jan	3.8	6.2	11.3	1.6	0.1	0.1	23.1	41.3	73.3	110.6	18.5	0.6	0.7	245.1			
	Feb	3.8	5.8	10.5	1.6	0.1	—	21.8	44.5	73.4	114.1	19.7	0.5	0.6	252.5			
	Mar	4.5	6.0	10.5	2.1	—	—	23.1	44.4	68.3	110.7	22.4	0.4	—	246.2			
	Apr	3.2	6.2	8.2	1.5	—	—	19.2	42.7	81.0	102.1	18.2	0.5	0.5	245.0			
	May	2.7	7.0	6.8	1.3	—	—	17.8	37.4	86.3	100.0	16.7	0.6	0.4	241.5			
	Jun	2.9	5.7	5.6	1.5	—	0.1	15.8	41.6	70.8	89.4	16.8	0.6	0.8	219.9			
	Jul	2.6	7.3	5.7	1.5	—	0.1	17.2	38.8	88.9	86.3	19.7	0.6	0.8	235.1			
	Aug	2.6	5.9	5.3	1.4	—	0.1	15.3	42.7	67.3	84.6	17.3	0.8	0.7	213.4			
	Sep	3.4	6.2	5.6	1.4	0.1	—	16.7	41.7	75.3	89.3	16.8	0.9	0.6	224.5			
	Oct	3.7	7.2	8.2	1.4	0.1	0.1	20.6	44.9	89.3	100.4	18.0	0.8	1.2	254.5			
	Nov	3.8	6.0	9.5	1.4	0.1	0.1	20.8	43.7	72.5	106.0	16.8	0.5	0.7	240.3			
	Dec	4.5	7.0	10.6	1.6	0.1	0.1	23.9	40.0	84.6	108.7	17.0	0.5	0.7	251.5			
2005	Jan	4.1	6.7	11.0	1.9	0.1	0.1	23.8	45.3	81.8	111.0	21.5	0.6	0.6	260.8			
	Feb	4.2	5.9	10.3	1.6	—	—	22.0	48.7	66.4	108.3	19.0	0.5	0.3	243.0			
	Mar	4.4	6.3	9.8	1.6	0.1	—	22.3	45.0	82.0	106.9	17.4	0.6	0.6	252.5			
	Apr	3.3	6.7	8.4	1.4	—	—	19.9	42.7	83.1	98.9	17.6	0.6	0.6	243.5			
	May	2.8	6.2	7.1	1.5	—	0.1	17.8	37.9	76.7	96.0	19.1	0.8	1.0	231.5			
	Jun	2.9	6.5	5.5	1.6	—	0.1	16.5	42.1	80.0	84.6	17.7	0.8	0.6	225.9			
	Jul	2.6	6.2	5.4	1.6	—	—	15.8	39.1	70.7	80.3	21.2	0.7	0.6	212.6			
	Aug	2.6	6.3	5.1	1.7	—	0.1	15.7	40.2	75.3	78.2	21.2	0.7	1.0	216.7			
	Sep	2.9	6.7	5.8	1.3	—	—	16.8	36.2	84.9	89.7	15.9	0.8	0.4	227.8			
	Oct	3.3	6.1	7.1	1.3	0.1	0.1	17.9	41.0	76.4	96.0	16.6	0.8	0.9	231.8			
	Nov	4.4	6.9	9.4	1.4	0.1	0.1	22.3	51.9	82.2	98.1	17.3	0.7	1.0	251.2			
	Dec	5.1	6.5	10.3	1.6	0.1	0.1	23.6	44.0	77.1	98.3	16.8	0.5	1.0	237.7			
2006	Jan	5.0	6.2	10.8	1.7	0.1	0.1	23.8	53.3	72.4	98.4	19.8	0.7	0.7	245.2			
	Feb	4.5	6.2	10.0	1.5	0.1	—	22.3	51.0	75.6	96.6	18.8	0.5	0.2	242.7			
	Mar	5.0	7.3	10.3	1.8	0.1	—	24.5	49.4	80.5	96.8	18.9	0.6	0.5	246.6			
	Apr	3.3	6.0	7.9	1.6	0.1	0.1	19.0	43.1	77.3	90.9	19.7	0.7	1.2	232.9			
	May	3.3	6.8	6.3	1.5	0.1	0.1	18.1	46.1	83.5	89.5	19.7	0.9	1.2	241.0			
	Jun	3.1	6.0	5.1	1.4	—	—	15.6	45.1	74.3	80.9	15.9	0.8	0.5	217.5			
	Jul	3.2	6.5	4.7	1.4	—	—	15.9	52.1†	79.3†	89.2†	16.6†	0.8†	0.5	239.0†			
	Aug	2.9	6.4	4.9	1.5	—	0.1	15.9	45.6†	78.6	91.0	18.6	0.7	0.7	235.4			
	Sep	3.1	6.1	5.3	1.3	0.1	—	15.8	44.1	75.3	96.5	15.5	0.9	0.4	232.6			
	Oct	3.3	6.1	7.0	1.0	0.1	0.1	17.5	43.7	79.9	97.8	14.2	0.8	0.8	237.0			
	Nov	4.4	6.8	8.8	1.1	0.1	0.1	21.3	45.0	80.3	93.9	14.2	0.9	0.7	235.0			
	Dec	4.6	6.6	9.9	1.2	0.1	—	22.5	42.7	78.7	94.7	13.9	0.9	0.2	231.1			
2007	Jan	4.6	6.7	10.2	1.2	0.1	—	22.8	44.8	79.8	94.2	13.6	0.9	0.3	233.6			
	Feb	3.6	5.6	9.7	1.1	0.1	—	20.2	39.9	75.2	96.8	13.4	9.0	0.3	226.5			
	Mar	3.7	6.6	9.8	1.1	0.1	—	21.4	37.9	77.8	98.4	12.7	1.1	0.6	228.5			
	Apr	2.8	6.2	7.2	1.1	0.1	—	17.3	40.1	79.2	97.9	13.4	0.8	-0.1	231.4			
	May	3.2	6.8	6.7	1.1	0.1	—	17.9	45.4	79.8	95.0	13.6	1.6	0.3	235.6			
	Jun	2.7	6.0	5.6	1.2	0.1	0.1	15.6	40.8	75.9	96.6	14.6	1.0	0.7	229.8			
	Jul	3.0	6.3	5.1	1.4	0.1	0.1	15.9	44.2	77.6	92.3	15.6	1.3	0.8	231.8			
	Aug	3.0	6.7	5.0	1.2	0.1	0.1	16.1†	45.7	80.3	91.7	14.8	1.2	1.1	234.9			
	Sep	3.1	6.3†	5.6	1.3	0.1	0.1	16.3†	43.1	74.3	91.6	15.4	1.1	0.8	226.4			
	Oct	3.8	6.6	7.4	1.1	0.1	—	19.0	49.6	81.3	95.0	15.7	0.7	0.4	242.7			

- 1 Include solid renewable sources (wood, straw and waste), geothermal and active solar heat, net foreign trade and stock changes in other solid fuels.  
 2 Excludes non-energy use. A statistical month adjustment has been removed.  
 3 Includes gas used during production, colliery methane, landfill gas and sewage gas. Excludes gas flared or re-injected and non-energy use of gas. A statistical month adjustment has been removed.

- 4 Includes generation at wind stations. Excludes generation from pumped storage stations.

- 5 Not seasonally adjusted or temperature corrected.

Sources: Department for Business, Enterprise and Regulatory Reform; (formerly the DTI) : 020 7215 2698

## 8.2 Supply and use of fuels<sup>1</sup>

Thousand tonnes of oil equivalent

		2005	2006	2005 Q3	2005 Q4	2006 Q1	2006 Q2	2006 Q3	2006 Q4	2007 Q1	2007 Q2
<b>Supply</b>											
Indigenous production	BHCE	216 440	196 818	46 115	54 692	56 923	49 183	42 454	48 258	49 338	46 578 <sup>†</sup>
Imports	DMNT	134 270	149 870	33 797	34 755	38 279	35 112	35 611	40 867	38 841 <sup>†</sup>	33 547
Exports	BHCH	-100 521	-97 417	-22 966	-24 478	-23 881	-25 364	-24 318	-23 853	-23 169 <sup>†</sup>	-25 576
Marine bunkers	DMNU	-2 181	-2 486	-602	-539	-548	-745	-593	-601	-478	-489
Stock change <sup>2</sup>	BHCI	-638	-2 827	-4 788	2 743	3 033	-2 445	-2 798	-616	2 539 <sup>†</sup>	-880
<b>Primary supply</b>											
Statistical difference <sup>3</sup>	LURA	247 370	243 958	51 556	67 173	73 806	55 741	50 355	64 055	67 071 <sup>†</sup>	53 180 <sup>†</sup>
BHCO		-75	-155	-150	-97	417	-212	-588	227	-311	-28 <sup>†</sup>
<b>Primary demand</b>	LURB	247 445	244 113	51 706	67 270	73 389	55 953	50 944	63 828	67 476 <sup>†</sup>	53 203
<b>Transfers<sup>4</sup></b>											
<b>Transformation</b>											
Electricity generation	LURC	-107	-75	-37	-196	72	-189	-30	72	549 <sup>†</sup>	577
Heat generation <sup>5</sup>	LURD	-54 235	-55 367	-12 290	-14 329	-15 633	-12 471	-12 604	-14 659	-14 755 <sup>†</sup>	-12 783
Petroleum refineries	LURE	-50 845	-51 566	-11 488	-13 535	-14 534	-11 782	-11 610	-13 639	-13 376 <sup>†</sup>	-11 337
Coke manufacture	SKYM	-988	-961	-187	-273	-328	-215	-174	-243	-324 <sup>†</sup>	-213
Blast furnaces	YAPL	84	-96	-8	136	-63	203	-138	-97	-320 <sup>†</sup>	-466
Patent fuel manufacture	YAPM	-42	-33	-25	-29	-10	-1	-24	2	-46	-47
Energy industry use	YAPN	-2 455	-2 719	-586	-629	-698	-680	-659	-682	-688 <sup>†</sup>	-712 <sup>†</sup>
Losses	YAPO	11	8	4	1	1	5	2	-	-1 <sup>†</sup>	-8
Final consumption	YAPP	16 661	15 197	3 738	4 270	4 012	3 771	3 627	3 787	3 773 <sup>†</sup>	3 628
Iron and steel	YAPS	1 764	1 843	404	440	483	477	426	458	470 <sup>†</sup>	445
Other industries	YAPT	31 790	30 717	6 575	8 242	10 084	6 897	6 327	7 411	8 981 <sup>†</sup>	6 765
Transport	YAPU	59 062	59 780	15 334	15 010	14 297	14 835	15 645	15 003	14 389 <sup>†</sup>	15 101
Domestic	YAPV	47 161	45 563	5 538	14 931	17 933	8 833	5 155	13 643	15 957 <sup>†</sup>	7 867
Public administration	YAPW	7 207	7 053	1 187	2 055	2 428	1 557	1 136	1 931	2 151 <sup>†</sup>	1 470
Commercial	YAPX	9 888	9 834	1 944	2 747	3 042	2 181	1 920	2 691	2 783 <sup>†</sup>	1 989
Agriculture	YAPY	995	912	218	293	318	205	166	223	247 <sup>†</sup>	208
Miscellaneous	YAPZ	2 215	2 089	327	629	806	433	283	567	734 <sup>†</sup>	381
Non energy use	BHCN	12 583	11 814	3 332	3 181	3 236	3 213	2 799	2 566	2 657 <sup>†</sup>	2 304

## Energy

# 8.2 Supply and use of fuels<sup>1</sup>

continued

Thousand tonnes of oil equivalent

		2005	2006	2005 Q3	2005 Q4	2006 Q1	2006 Q2	2006 Q3	2006 Q4	2007 Q1	2007 Q2
<b>Final consumption by user</b>											
<b>Iron and steel industry</b>											
Coal and other manufactured fuels <sup>6</sup>	YAQA	595	618	141	162	163	160	140	155	174 <sup>†</sup>	170
Petroleum products	BHTF	15	20	2	5	11	2	2	5	1 <sup>†</sup>	-6
Natural gas <sup>7</sup>	YAQB	723	703	153	166	183	190	159	170	168	155 <sup>†</sup>
Electricity	BHTE	432 <sup>†</sup>	503	108	108	125	126	124	127	127	125
Total <sup>8</sup>	YAPS	1 764	1 843	404	440	483	477	426	458	470 <sup>†</sup>	445
<b>Other industries</b>											
Coal and other manufactured fuels <sup>6</sup>	YAQC	1 412	1 365	359	389	331	365	337	331	348 <sup>†</sup>	316
Petroleum products	BHTM	7 212	7 201	1 585	1 779	2 277	1 506	1 692	1 725	1 971 <sup>†</sup>	1 876
Natural gas <sup>7</sup>	YAQD	12 435	11 659	2 084	3 347	4 703	2 462	1 729	2 764	4 007	1 974 <sup>†</sup>
Renewables and waste <sup>9</sup>	YAQE	162	159	31	42	51	37	30	41	51 <sup>†</sup>	37
Electricity	BHTL	9 760	9 498	2 313	2 482	2 512	2 316	2 329	2 340	2 391 <sup>†</sup>	2 349
Total <sup>8</sup>	YAPT	31 790	30 717	6 575	8 242	10 084	6 897	6 327	7 411	8 981 <sup>†</sup>	6 765
<b>Transport</b>											
Petroleum products	BHTQ	58 325	59 047	15 149	14 824	14 114	14 648	15 468	14 817	14 199 <sup>†</sup>	14 913
Electricity	BHTP	737	733	185	186	183	187	177	186	190	189
Total <sup>8</sup>	YAPU	59 062	59 780	15 334	15 010	14 297	14 835	15 645	15 003	14 389 <sup>†</sup>	15 101
<b>Domestic</b>											
Coal and other manufactured fuels <sup>6</sup>	YAQF	697	638	160	173	200	149	145	144	269 <sup>†</sup>	184
Petroleum products	BHTW	3 093	3 251	469	983	1 062	747	498	944	1 032 <sup>†</sup>	567
Natural gas <sup>7</sup>	YAQG	33 019	31 346	2 825	10 813	13 542	5 672	2 472	9 660	11 695 <sup>†</sup>	4 898
Renewables and waste <sup>9</sup>	YAQH	256	263	27	84	99	50	28	87	99 <sup>†</sup>	50
Electricity	BHTV	10 044	10 013	2 053	2 861	3 009	2 206	2 007	2 791	2 841 <sup>†</sup>	2 159
Total <sup>8</sup>	YAPV	47 161	45 563	5 538	14 931	17 933	8 833	5 155	13 643	15 957 <sup>†</sup>	7 867
<b>Other final users<sup>10</sup></b>											
Coal and other manufactured fuels <sup>6</sup>	YAQI	27	17	11	4	4	4	4	4	12 <sup>†</sup>	10
Petroleum products	BHNC	1 754	1 529	400	410	633	392	209	295	542 <sup>†</sup>	353
Natural gas <sup>7</sup>	YAQJ	9 275	9 048	1 209	2 796	3 377	1 832	1 177	2 663	2 885 <sup>†</sup>	1 549
Renewables and waste <sup>9</sup>	YAQK	193	181	21	66	64	35	19	62	64 <sup>†</sup>	35
Electricity	BHNB	8 680	8 727	2 000	2 322	2 363	2 047	2 061	2 257	2 251	2 032 <sup>†</sup>
Total <sup>8</sup>	BHND	20 305	19 888	3 676	5 724	6 595	4 376	3 506	5 411	5 914 <sup>†</sup>	4 048
<b>Total final users</b>	<b>BHNE</b>	<b>160 083</b>	<b>157 792</b>	<b>31 528</b>	<b>44 347</b>	<b>49 390</b>	<b>35 417</b>	<b>31 058</b>	<b>41 926</b>	<b>45 711<sup>†</sup></b>	<b>34 227</b>

1 Layout comparable with annual balances published in Table 1.1 of DUKES 2006.

2 Stock fall (+), stock rise (-).

3 Primary supply minus primary demand.

4 Annual transfers should ideally be zero. For manufactured fuels differences occur in the rescreening of coke to breeze. For oil and petroleum products differences arise due to small variations in the calorific values used.

5 Generation of heat for sale under the provision of a contract.

6 Includes all manufactured solid fuels, benzole, tars, coke oven gas and blast furnace gas.

7 Includes colliery methane.

8 Includes heat sold.

9 Includes geothermal and solar heat. Latest quarter is estimated from the previous year and adjusted according to average annual rate of change over the last three years.

10 Includes public administration, commercial, agriculture and miscellaneous use.

Sources: Department for Business, Enterprise and Regulatory Reform;  
(formerly the DTI) : 020 7215 2698

## 8.3 Coal supply

Thousand tonnes

	Production			Net imports	Imports <sup>2</sup>	Exports
	Deep-mined	Opencast	Total <sup>1</sup>			
2002	BHDC 16 391	BHDD 13 148	BHDB 29 989	BHDE 28 149	BHDF 28 686	BHDG 537
2003	15 633	12 126	28 279	31 349	31 891	543
2004	12 542	11 993	25 096	35 531	36 153	622
2005	9 563	10 445	20 498	43 433	43 968	536
2006	9 444	8 635	18 528	50 013	50 456	443
2006 May	840	757	1 636	3 931	3 955	24
Jun	940	860	1 844	3 986	4 021	35
Jul	615	497	1 151	4 471	4 512	40
Aug	326	566	925	4 094	4 108	14
Sep	692	813	1 549	3 895	3 920	25
Oct	735	717	1 492	4 132	4 216	84
Nov	754	704	1 492	4 650	4 692	42
Dec	703	672	1 404	4 365	4 395	29
2007 Jan	600	491	1 123	4 258	4 284	27
Feb	561	723	1 326	3 982	4 024	43
Mar	623	888	1 559	3 709	3 744	35
Apr	498	648	1 184	3 961	4 001	40
May	633	730	1 406	3 730	3 753	23
Jun	908	862	1 818	2 286	2 323	38
Jul	743	581	1 366	2 852	2 949	96
Aug	689	752	1 479	3 336	3 439	103
Sep	778	925	1 751	3 265	3 309	43
Oct	478	720	1 241	3 775	3 860	85

<sup>1</sup> Includes an estimate for slurry.<sup>2</sup> Figures are as recorded in the Overseas Trade Statistics of the United Kingdom (OTS) except that import and export figures for recent months are estimated on the basis of information available for the extra-EC trade until monthly statistics for Intra-EC trade become available from HM Revenue and Customs.Sources: Department for Business, Enterprise and Regulatory Reform;  
(formerly the DTI) : 020 7215 2698

## 8.4 Inland use and stocks of coal

Stocks: end of period

Thousand tonnes

	Inland use									
	Fuel producers (consumption)					Final users <sup>5</sup>				
	Secondary									
	Primary: collieries	Electricity generators <sup>1</sup>	Heat generation	Coke ovens	Other conversion industries <sup>2</sup>	Industry <sup>3</sup>	Domestic <sup>3,4</sup>	Other <sup>3,6</sup>	Total inland consumption	Stocks
2002	BHEB 9	BHEC 47 741	SKYY 717	BHED 6 533	BHEE 436	BHEF 1 809	BHEG 1 285	BHEI 22	BHEA 58 552	BHEJ 2 482
2003	6	52 463	622	6 612	396	1 856	1 042	24	63 021	1 624
2004	8	50 456	473	6 382	327	1 837	941	28	60 451	1 192
2005	6	52 061	450	6 603	266	1 792	614	39	61 831	1 101
2006	4	57 323	450	7 049	276	1 714	547	25	67 388	819
2006 May	—	4 102	32	537	24	150	45	3	4 893	920
Jun	—	3 504	40	675	26	171	42	1	4 459	928
Jul	—	3 876	28	568	20	148	40	2	4 681	815
Aug	—	3 452	28	542	22	134	45	2	4 225	754
Sep	—	3 531	35	676	31	148	44	2	4 466	898
Oct	1	4 069	37	553	16	128	37	3	4 844	1 011
Nov	—	5 810	37	540	20	140	43	3	6 594	853
Dec	1	5 956	46	682	17	137	46	1	6 886	819
2007 Jan	—	5 905	43	679	21	96	89	5	6 837	745
Feb	1	4 441	43	554	20	135	83	4	5 282 <sup>†</sup>	769
Mar	1	4 594	51	561	17 <sup>†</sup>	160	109	7	5 500 <sup>†</sup>	752
Apr	—	3 197	32	552	15 <sup>†</sup>	99	57	5	3 957	804
May	—	3 786	32	567	26	122	48	3	4 583	849
Jun	—	2 934	40	699	28	136	69	6	3 912	955
Jul	1	3 566 <sup>†</sup>	28	537	27	117 <sup>†</sup>	63	3	4 342	920
Aug	—	3 494	28	557	20	122	70	5	4 298	894
Sep	—	3 511	35	684	28	116	94	7	4 475	823
Oct	—	4 799	37	675	25	83	67	5	5 690	768

<sup>1</sup> Coal-fired power stations belonging to major electricity generating companies.<sup>4</sup> Including miners' coal.<sup>2</sup> Low temperature carbonisation and patent fuel plants.<sup>5</sup> Disposals by collieries and open cast sites.<sup>3</sup> Includes estimated proportion of total imports.<sup>6</sup> Includes public administration and commerce.Sources: Department for Business, Enterprise and Regulatory Reform;  
(formerly the DTI) : 020 7215 2698

## 8.5 Natural gas production and supply

Gigawatt hours

	Upstream gas industry						Downstream gas industry					Percentage of net gas available for consumption in the UK	
	Less			Plus			Gas available at terminals <sup>4</sup>	Gas input into transmission system <sup>5</sup>	Less			Gas output from transmission system <sup>6</sup>	Indigenous
	Gross gas production <sup>1</sup>	Producers own use <sup>2</sup>	Exports <sup>3</sup>	Imports					Operators own use	Stock changes	Metering differences		
BAWX	DMUE	BAWY	BAWZ	BAXA	DMUG	DMUH	DMUI	DMUJ	BAXD	BAXB	BAXC		
2002	1 204 713	79 364	150 731	60 493	1 035 111	1 035 236	7 017	7 356	1 821	1 019 042	94.2	5.8	
2003	1 196 931	76 848	177 037	86 298	1 029 343	1 030 732	7 475	-3 532	-874	1 027 663	91.6	8.4	
2004	1 120 447	76 982	114 112	133 033	1 062 386	1 063 926	6 560	6 235	137	1 050 994	87.5	12.5	
2005	1 025 232	73 372	96 181	173 328	1 029 007	1 029 521	6 555	-1 321	1 230	1 023 057	83.2	16.8	
2006	929 784	69 252	120 591	244 029	983 970	983 824	5 831	6 435	4 544	967 014	75.2	24.8	
2006 Nov	77 669	5 942	7 146	30 551	95 131	95 103	481	-75	342	74 383 <sup>†</sup>	67.9	32.1	
Dec	77 627	6 133	6 342	40 730	105 882	105 852	543	-2 749	368	94 355	61.5	38.5	
2007 Jan	80 626	5 858	6 962 <sup>†</sup>	39 245	107 051 <sup>†</sup>	107 097 <sup>†</sup>	529	-5 010	486 <sup>†</sup>	107 690	63.3	36.7	
Feb	72 821	5 366	6 386	38 273	99 343	99 301	597	-7 534	411	111 092	61.5	38.5	
Mar	83 853 <sup>†</sup>	6 055	9 838	36 843	104 802	104 891	609	-2 522	429	105 827	64.8	35.2	
Apr	74 261	5 750 <sup>†</sup>	15 797	29 945	82 659	82 602	422	5 013	182	106 375	63.8	36.2	
May	75 306	5 821	14 785	17 574	72 274	72 255	298	1 162	277	76 985	75.7	24.3	
Jun	56 612	4 912	9 195	17 206 <sup>†</sup>	59 712	59 717	148	842	329	70 518	71.2	28.8	
Jul	60 679	5 029	14 186	15 501	56 966	56 964	269	3 109	409	58 398	72.8	27.2	
Aug	51 319	4 553	9 715	18 716	55 767	55 762	263	2 766	163	53 177	66.4	33.6	
Sep	53 753	4 303	7 318	18 061	60 193	60 188	223	785	237	52 570	70.0	30.0	
Oct	68 725	4 503	11 973	31 378	83 626	83 528	380	3 428	263	58 943	62.5	37.5	

<sup>1</sup> Includes waste and own use but excludes gas flared.<sup>2</sup> Gas used for drilling, production and pumping operations.<sup>3</sup> Includes exports direct from the UKCS as well as others carried out by the downstream gas industry from the national transmission system.<sup>4</sup> Gas available at terminals for consumption in the UK as recorded by the terminal operators.<sup>5</sup> Gas input into inland transmission systems. It includes public gas supply, direct supply by North Sea producers, third party supplies, and

stock changes. Figures differ from gas available for consumption in the UK mainly because of additional stock changes at local distribution zones. The figures also differ from total consumption (expressed in oil equivalent in Table 8.1) because they exclude producers' and operators' own use and losses.

<sup>6</sup> Including public gas supply, direct supplies by North Sea producers, third party supplies and stock changes.

Sources: Department for Business, Enterprise and Regulatory Reform; (formerly the DTI) : 020 7215 2698

## 8.6 Fuel used by and electricity production and availability from the electricity supply industry<sup>1</sup>

	Fuel used						Electricity supplied by type of plant							Total electricity available <sup>7</sup>
	Coal <sup>2</sup>	Gas <sup>2</sup>	Nuclear electricity	Hydro-electricity	Total <sup>3</sup>	Electricity generated	Own use <sup>4</sup>	Conventional Thermal <sup>5</sup>	Combined Cycle Gas Turbine	Nuclear	Other <sup>6</sup>	Total		
FTAJ	WSFA	FTAL	FTAM	FTAN	BHFJ	BHJJ	FTAB	BAYK	FTAC	FTAD	BHKJ	BHJL		
2002	28.62	25.04	20.10	0.34	75.07	354.00	19.21	128.80	121.89	81.09	3.81	334.78	350.75	
2003	31.57	24.48	20.04	0.22	77.34	362.60	20.29	140.20	118.55	81.91	2.71	342.31	356.39	
2004	30.37	26.18	18.16	0.34	76.18	358.31	19.08	133.61	128.98	73.68	4.33	339.23	356.80	
2005	31.65	25.42	18.37	0.33	77.48	362.21	19.97	136.00	128.18	75.17	5.48	342.24	360.34	
2006	34.92	23.92	17.13	0.32	78.04	361.66	21.99	151.52	116.40	69.24	5.16	339.67	359.33	
2006 Nov	3.56	2.16	1.07	0.04	6.96	31.77	1.85	15.22	9.98	4.32	0.64	29.92	31.78	
Dec	3.63	2.17	1.21	0.06	7.19	33.52	1.92	15.52	10.65	4.90	0.78	31.59	33.00	
2007 Jan	3.62	2.19	1.24	0.06	7.25	34.16	1.93	15.56	10.99	5.03	0.85	32.23	33.86 <sup>†</sup>	
Feb	2.71	2.48	1.11	0.04	6.50	30.29	1.66	11.48	12.26	4.49	0.58	28.62	30.05 <sup>†</sup>	
Mar	2.78	2.62	1.14	0.05	6.70	31.94	1.71	12.16	12.93	4.61	0.73	30.23	32.06	
Apr	1.93	2.66	1.08	0.02	5.77	27.73	1.46	8.32	13.30	4.36	0.38	26.27	27.35	
May	2.30	2.39	1.10	0.06	5.94	28.60	1.59	10.02	11.81	4.43	0.85	27.01	28.49	
Jun	1.75	2.41	1.22	0.02	5.48	26.27	1.51	7.66	11.96	4.94	0.26	24.76	26.56	
Jul	2.18	2.02	1.37	0.03	5.69	26.85	1.68	9.34	9.99	5.55	0.39	25.18	27.18	
Aug	2.13	2.08	1.23	0.02	5.56	26.26	1.65	9.19	10.23	4.99	0.29	24.62	26.87	
Sep	2.13	2.11	1.28	0.02	5.63	26.70	1.58	8.81	10.86	5.19	0.34	25.12	27.16	
Oct	2.95	2.31	1.11	0.02	6.54	30.72	1.81	12.39	11.79	4.49	0.32	28.91	30.42	

<sup>1</sup> Fuel used and electricity generated by major power producers(National Power , PowerGen, Nuclear Electric, National Grid Company, Scottish Power, Hydro Electric, Scottish Nuclear, NIGEN, Coolkeeragh Power Ltd, Ballyumford Power Ltd, Midlands Electricity, South Western Electricity, Teeside Power Ltd, Lakeland Power Ltd, Fibropower Ltd, Corby Power Ltd, Peterborough Power Ltd , Fibrogen Ltd, and Regional Power Ltd) and electricity available through the grid in England and Wales and from distribution companies in Scotland and Northern Ireland.<sup>2</sup> Includes quantities used in the production of steam for sale.<sup>3</sup> Including oil used in gas turbine and diesel plant and for lighting up coal -fired boilers and orimulsion.<sup>4</sup> Including windpower, refuse-derived fuel, natural gas and sour gas .<sup>5</sup> Used in works and for pumping at pumped storage stations.<sup>6</sup> Coal Oil (including Orimulsion) and mixed or dual-fired (including gas).<sup>7</sup> Including gas turbine, diesel, wind and hydro-electric plant.

Sources: Department for Business, Enterprise and Regulatory Reform; (formerly the DTI) : 020 7215 2698

## 8.7 Sales by the gas and public electricity supply systems

	Gas: Gigawatt hours						Electricity: Terawatt hours				
	Electricity generators <sup>1</sup>	Heat generation	Iron and steel industry	Other industries	Domestic	Other <sup>2</sup>	Total	Industrial <sup>3</sup>	Domestic	Other <sup>4</sup>	
	BBKF	WSFM	BBKG	BBKH	BBKI	BBKJ	BBKK	FTAE	FTAG	FTAH	FTAI
2002	329 442	22 010	8 791	156 285	376 372	100 833	993 733	101.59	114.52	103.68	319.80
2003	323 926	19 830	10 327	155 814	386 488	106 737	1 003 118	103.33	115.76	105.23	324.33
2004	340 516	19 886	9 716	143 894	396 411	112 065	1 022 488	103.24	115.52	104.95	323.72
2005	333 245	20 671	8 412	140 270 <sup>+</sup>	381 879	106 653 <sup>+</sup>	991 131	105.88	116.81	106.37	329.08
2006	309 760	22 167	8 172	135 538 <sup>+</sup>	364 555	105 223 <sup>+</sup>	945 416	105.42	116.45	106.42	328.29
2003 Q3	82 069	3 300	2 339	27 391	34 288	12 661	162 047	25.31	22.81	24.74	72.87
Q4	86 133	5 893	2 713	41 178	131 802	36 099	303 816	25.42	33.47	28.18	87.07
2004 Q1	83 746	6 258	2 573	50 138	159 663	39 538	341 915	27.86	35.18	27.62	90.66
Q2	81 929	4 287	2 559	31 557	66 867	23 158	210 358	24.52	23.81	24.16	72.49
Q3	85 684	3 659	2 248	23 175	37 341	15 555	167 662	25.73	22.42	25.35	73.51
Q4	89 157	5 682	2 336	39 024	132 540	33 814	302 553	25.13	34.11	27.82	87.06
2005 Q1	79 412	6 408	2 392	48 909	155 265	37 505	329 890	27.41	33.80	28.28	89.49
Q2	86 111	4 513	2 307	30 364	68 004	22 312	213 612	26.67	25.87	25.22	77.77
Q3	89 410	3 854	1 785	23 154	32 854	15 174	166 232	24.94	23.87	24.57	73.39
Q4	78 312	5 896	1 928	37 843	125 756	31 662	281 397	26.86	33.27	28.30	88.43
2006 Q1	67 058	7 128	2 133	54 682	157 496	39 269	327 766	27.73	34.99	28.75	91.47
Q2	74 226	4 936	2 208	28 624	65 969	21 301	197 264	25.62	25.66	25.14	76.42
Q3	79 885	4 108	1 850	20 095	28 750	13 686	148 374	26.07	23.34	25.03	74.44
Q4	88 591	5 995	1 981	32 137	112 340	30 967	272 012	26.00	32.46	27.50	85.96
2007 Q1	93 848 <sup>+</sup>	7 128	1 951	46 592 <sup>+</sup>	136 015 <sup>+</sup>	33 550 <sup>+</sup>	219 085 <sup>+</sup>	26.48	33.04	27.43	86.94
Q2	94 865	4 936	1 805 <sup>+</sup>	22 946	56 966	18 011	199 529	26.01	25.11	24.79	75.91
Q3	80 588	4 108	1 835	23 852	33 112	15 671	159 167	25.77	23.60	24.29	73.65

1 Power stations belonging to major generating companies, industrial establishments and transport undertakings generating 1 gigawatt or more a year.

3 Manufacturing industry, construction, energy and water supply industries

2 Public administration, commerce and agriculture.

4 Commercial premises, public administration, transport and agriculture.

Sources: Department for Business, Enterprise and Regulatory Reform;  
(formerly the DTI) : 020 7215 2698

## 8.8 Indigenous production, refinery receipts, arrivals and shipments of oil<sup>1</sup>

	Million tonnes			Thousand tonnes									
	Indigenous production			Refinery receipts				Foreign trade <sup>2</sup>					
	Crude oil	NGLs	Total <sup>3</sup>	Total receipts <sup>4</sup>	Indigenous <sup>5</sup>	Net imports/exports <sup>6</sup>	Crude oil and NGLs	Imports	Exports	Process oils	Petroleum products		
	BHMB	BHML	BHMA	G8GZ	BHMC	G8H2	BHMF	BHMG	BHMM	BHMH	BHMI	BHJM	BHMK
2002	107.4	8.5	115.9	85 512	28 544	-38 720	52 042	85 028	4 926	2 116	14 900	23 444	1 913
2003	97.8	8.2	106.1	85 006	30 829	-27 571	48 589	72 526	5 588	2 372	16 472	23 323	1 764
2004	87.5	7.9	95.4	90 021	27 505	-13 712	55 858	63 412	6 659	1 091	18 545	30 270	2 085
2005	77.2	7.5	84.7	86 096	27 210	-2 424	52 211	52 106	6 675	1 992	22 511	29 722	2 055
2006	69.7	6.9	76.6	87 450	25 206	7 067	51 446	47 551	7 997	2 643	26 828	29 009	2 348
2006 Aug	4.8	0.5	5.2	7 539	1 883	1 213	4 744	3 050	598	232	1 804	2 651	196
Sep	5.2	0.5	5.7	7 342	1 878	807	3 969	3 654	528	194	2 463	2 304	185
Oct	5.9	0.6	6.5	7 380	2 073	920	3 848	3 545	770	300	2 721	2 574	222
Nov	5.8	0.6	6.4	7 075	2 049	782	3 915	3 770	826	165	2 456	2 480	169
Dec	5.8	0.6	6.4	7 608	2 056	440	4 305	3 935	718	199	2 132	2 580	178
2007 Jan	6.0	0.6	6.6	6 799	2 218	-12 <sup>†</sup>	4 048	3 837 <sup>†</sup>	533	187	1 874	2 444	169
Feb	6.0	0.6	6.5	5 938	2 289	-494	3 174	3 878	475	234	2 040	2 071	122
Mar	6.2	0.6	6.8	6 590	1 994	210	4 082	3 746	514	324	2 187	2 503	163
Apr	6.1	0.6	6.7	7 061	2 905	-554	4 215	601	208	2 149 <sup>†</sup>	2 437	153	
May	6.2	0.6	6.8	7 166	2 442	383	3 999	3 561	725	199	2 008 <sup>†</sup>	2 589	148
Jun	5.8	0.5	6.2	7 165	2 471	-692	3 887	4 091	806	258	1 524	2 559	163
Jul	5.8 <sup>†</sup>	0.5	6.2	7 270	2 340	47	4 178	3 974	752	254	1 763	2 417	164
Aug	4.9	0.4	5.3	8 119	1 740	2 010	5 627	3 724	751	207	1 975	2 413	151
Sep	5.4	0.4	5.8 <sup>†</sup>	6 670	1 819 <sup>†</sup>	-27	4 168 <sup>†</sup>	3 938	683	279	1 669	2 330 <sup>†</sup>	161
Oct	6.3	0.6	6.9	7 126	1 837	664	4 763	4 029	526	319	2 028	2 306	172

1 The term indigenous is used in this table for convenience to include oil from the UK Continental Shelf as well as the small amounts produced on the mainland.

6 Net imports (+) or net exports (-) of oil and oil products.

2 Foreign trade as recorded by the petroleum industry and may differ from figures published in the Overseas Trade Statistics.

7 There have been some modest changes made to this table following the review announced by DTI in the June 2006 edition of Energy Trends. The review was aimed at improving data coherency and coverage between the different quarterly and monthly DTI tables. The 'net foreign imports' column has been replaced by 'total net imports/exports' and now covers oil 'total receipts' column for refinery receipts introduced instead.

3 Crude oil plus condensates and petroleum gases derived at onshore treatment plants.

4 Crude oil, natural gas liquids (NGLs) and process oils (i.e. partly refined oils).

5 Crude oil plus NGLs.

Sources: Department for Business, Enterprise and Regulatory Reform;  
(formerly the DTI) : 020 7215 2698

# 8.9 Deliveries of petroleum products for inland consumption

Thousand tonnes

	Butane and propane <sup>1</sup>	Other Petroleum Gases <sup>2,6</sup>	Naphtha (LDF) <sup>6</sup>	Motor Spirit <sup>6</sup>	Kerosene		Gas/diesel oil				Lubricating oils	Total <sup>4</sup>		
					Aviation turbine fuel	Burning Oil <sup>6</sup>	Derv fuel	Gas/diesel oil						
								Other <sup>6</sup>	Fuel oil <sup>3</sup>	Bitumen				
2000	BHOB 2 070	G8GX 1 886	G8GY 2 070	BHOD 21 403	BHOE 10 806	BHOG 3 839	BHOI 15 632	BHOJ 7 536	BHOK 2 120	BHOL 1 975	BHOM 801	BHOA 71 945		
2001	2 097	2 077	1 592	20 940	10 614	4 236	16 059	6 959	2 579	1 935	846	71 354		
2002	2 553	2 181	1 592	20 808	10 519	3 578	16 926	6 099	1 723	2 002	829	70 557		
2003	3 019	2 114	2 332	19 919	10 764	3 567	17 712	6 326	1 540	1 959	868	71 698		
2004	3 115	1 918	2 029	19 484	11 637	3 948	18 514	6 023	2 064	1 991	914	73 642		
2005	3 554	2 021	1 916	18 731	12 497	3 869	19 436	6 797	1 965	1 906	750	75 375		
2006	3 327	1 869	2 278	18 144	12 641	4 016	20 146	6 565	2 151	1 610	713	75 262		
2004 Jun	280	157	115	1 639	1 018	202	1 646	522	267	196	100	6 265		
Jul	260	155	173	1 666	1 138	192	1 608	507	308	186	74	6 495		
Aug	229	151	134	1 690	1 159	207	1 469	463	303	184	81	6 255		
Sep	239	154	146	1 615	1 095	255	1 516	478	235	180	73	6 166		
Oct	258	140	249	1 592	1 103	294	1 655	494	210	158	69	6 339		
Nov	244	137	137	1 595	975	373	1 602	478	231	174	59	6 236		
Dec	252	141	169	1 620	757	479	1 555	464	257	131	54	6 090		
2005 Jan	297	176	196	1 560	1 051	400	1 507	587	242	112	56	6 297		
Feb	315	179	112	1 419	828	449	1 465	527	212	143	57	5 847		
Mar	346	192	128	1 574	990	438	1 655	533	169	173	70	6 463		
Apr	252	173	100	1 572	932	330	1 599	547	188	156	70	6 014		
May	289	172	218	1 479	1 006	245	1 671	549	169	161	60	6 162		
Jun	252	148	109	1 606	1 132	187	1 649	588	132	177	63	6 188		
Jul	238	158	226	1 561	1 200	144	1 639	614	140	169	62	6 323		
Aug	312	154	175	1 501	1 244	206	1 564	606	201	183	64	6 343		
Sep	288	157	191	1 584	1 136	243	1 639	568	180	171	70	6 405		
Oct	320	171	206	1 497	1 054	253	1 629	549	131	162	56	6 204		
Nov	329	167	114	1 590	831	471	1 774	585	159	171	60	6 364		
Dec	276	173	140	1 694	1 094	505	1 579	589	183	129	51	6 622		
2006 Jan	328	175	261	1 516	837	447	1 671	584	276	108	73	6 389		
Feb	267	160	186	1 339	783	413	1 589	497	251	130	57	5 755		
Mar	438	175	284	1 565	1 021	534	1 746	698	361	178	69	7 239		
Apr	279	176	110	1 438	865	344	1 592	441	209	135	54	5 801		
May	361	155	274	1 471	1 122	401	1 726	409	174	156	54	6 469		
Jun	351	134	182	1 428	1 329	147	1 675	531	153	164	64	6 347		
Jul	331	136	129	1 688	1 129	124	1 731	592	137	104	64	6 363		
Aug	247	131	129	1 429	1 291	215	1 665	585	85	138	58	6 096		
Sep	236	141	161	1 537	1 175	227	1 689	653	115	129	50	6 308		
Oct	168	169	250	1 648	1 170	340	1 776	510	137	136	65	6 496		
Nov	278	160	142	1 549	971	402	1 800	553	136	124	49	6 306		
Dec	42	157	171	1 535	949	422	1 486	511	116	108	56	5 695		
2007 Jan	355	186	144 <sup>†</sup>	1 434	1 001	422	1 732 <sup>†</sup>	482	263	95	35	6 256 <sup>†</sup>		
Feb	260	128	140	1 352	943	433	1 607	447	174	138	46	5 776		
Mar	303	155	97	1 608	927	368	1 805	666	207	158	42	6 496		
Apr	213	147	56	1 536	929	256	1 751	453	189	137	46	5 830		
May	240	152	47	1 544	1 056	223	1 830	492 <sup>†</sup>	282 <sup>†</sup>	148	83	6 235		
Jun	251	128	53	1 483	1 120	208	1 746	539 <sup>†</sup>	277 <sup>†</sup>	162	50	6 099		
Jul	247	128	19	1 519	1 205	177	1 780	526	190	173	49	6 114		
Aug	277	84	86	1 487	1 222	183	1 795	550	252	184	44 <sup>†</sup>	6 284		
Sep	266 <sup>†</sup>	62	138	1 392 <sup>†</sup>	1 021 <sup>†</sup>	230 <sup>†</sup>	1 912	531	275	166 <sup>†</sup>	44	6 128		
Oct	257	125	159	1 485	1 044	344	1 935	508	255	220	52	6 500		

<sup>1</sup> Including amounts for petro-chemicals.<sup>2</sup> Ethane and other petroleum gases (OPG)<sup>3</sup> Excluding Orimulsion and refinery fuel.<sup>4</sup> Including other petroleum gases, aviation spirit, wide-cut gasoline, industrial and white spirits, petroleum wax, non-domestic standard burning oil and miscellaneous products, but excluding refinery fuel.<sup>5</sup> Includes gas, oil, marine diesel oil and middle distillate feedstock.<sup>6</sup> There have been some modest changes made to this table following the review announced by DTI in the June 2006 edition of *Energy Trends*. The review was aimed to improve data coherency and coverage between the different quarterly and monthly tables. Other petroleum gases are now shown. Middle distillate feedstock is now included with other gas/diesel oil rather than previously being combined with naphtha. Unleaded motor spirit and premier burning oil have been discontinued.Sources: Department for Business, Enterprise and Regulatory Reform;  
(formerly the DTI) : 020 7215 2698

## 9 Chemicals

### 9.1 Fertilisers

Thousand tonnes

Deliveries to UK agriculture <sup>1</sup>						
	Straight		Compounds <sup>2</sup>			<sup>3</sup> Compounds total weight
	Nitrogen total weight	Nitrogen <sup>2</sup> six monthly	Nitrogen six monthly	P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> (phosphate) six monthly	K <sub>2</sub> O (potash) six monthly	
2002 Jan	BIAI	DMYC	DMYD	DMYE	DMYF	DMYG
Feb	131.2	..	..	..	..	201.3
Mar	120.9	..	..	..	..	255.2
Apr	159.2	..	..	..	..	402.3
May	176.8	..	..	..	..	420.2
Jun	81.8	229.7	294.0	144.9	185.5	204.2
Jul	49.8	..	..	..	..	108.3
Aug	147.3	..	..	..	..	112.8
Sep	234.2	..	..	..	..	123.8
Oct	152.1	..	..	..	..	156.7
Nov	140.6	..	..	..	..	128.2
Dec	161.1	..	..	..	..	100.3
2003 Jan	140.1	96.2	310.8	72.1	82.9	117.8
Feb	180.1	..	..	..	..	190.0
Mar	175.1	..	..	..	..	280.6
Apr	213.2	..	..	..	..	416.8
May	152.3	..	..	..	..	339.3
Jun	89.5	256.5	280.7	136.7	172.1	182.5
Jul	59.2	..	..	..	..	117.2
Aug	160.0	..	..	..	..	93.3
Sep	188.5	..	..	..	..	144.6
Oct	175.5	..	..	..	..	160.6
Nov	195.9	..	..	..	..	175.3
Dec	181.7	..	..	..	..	145.2
2004 Jan	157.3	350.2	147.1	96.6	106.5	136.8
Feb	186.2	..	..	..	..	173.0
Mar	149.1	..	..	..	..	219.9
Apr	156.6	..	..	..	..	293.4
May	148.0	..	..	..	..	258.2
Jun	69.1	..	..	..	..	174.1
Jul	55.9	..	..	..	..	102.4
Aug	333.2	..	..	..	..	95.8
Sep	147.4	..	..	..	..	111.1
Oct	136.1	..	..	..	..	137.8
Nov	150.8	..	..	..	..	136.9
Dec	176.3	..	..	..	..	169.4
2005 Jan	132.5	..	..	..	..	154.8
Feb	159.0	..	..	..	..	149.1
Mar	147.3	..	..	..	..	155.4
Apr	193.9	..	..	..	..	251.4
May	169.7	..	..	..	..	253.1
Jun	73.4	..	..	..	..	182.4
Jul	53.9	..	..	..	..	140.4
Aug	288.7	..	..	..	..	87.8
Sep	210.2	..	..	..	..	127.6
Oct	179.7	..	..	..	..	143.1
Nov	188.6	..	..	..	..	126.8
Dec	169.1	..	..	..	..	116.8
	119.8	..	..	..	..	108.9

1 Deliveries by F.M.A. members only for years ended 30 June.

2 Nutrient content.

3 Total weight of compound fertilisers.

Sources: HMRC;  
Agricultural Industries Confederation

## Chemicals

# 9.2 Sulphur and sulphuric acid

Production and consumption: monthly averages or calendar months; stocks: end of period

Thousand tonnes

	Sulphur and other materials used for sulphuric acid manufacture				Sulphuric acid (as 100 per cent acid)	
	Consumption		Stocks		Production	Consumption
	Sulphur	Zinc concentrates <sup>1</sup>	Sulphur	Zinc concentrates <sup>1</sup>		
1998	BIBA	BIBC	BIBD	BIBH	BIBF	BIBG
	30.9	14.6	75.6	34.0	95.4	95.6
1999	26.4	17.1	100.1	26.8	87.0	90.0
2000	27.0	13.2	113.5	21.2	88.2	88.9
2001	23.1	15.8	113.6	19.8	78.8	78.0
2002	14.2	15.7	106.7	24.7	52.7	55.6
1999 Mar	27.7	19.8	93.8	25.8	92.5	99.7
Apr	26.6	17.9	97.3	24.1	90.8	84.2
May	24.4	23.2	90.1	32.8	84.9	97.5
Jun	30.1	14.2	100.9	24.3	96.0	90.2
Jul	23.0	11.9	101.4	28.9	76.4	82.8
Aug	30.2	20.3	108.6	24.0	93.4	93.6
Sep	26.3	12.0	104.1	23.1	81.8	85.6
Oct	24.3	12.4	113.9	26.5	80.8	72.0
Nov	29.5	18.7	107.5	23.5	94.9	96.6
Dec	25.7	11.2	108.8	26.8	86.3	85.6
2000 Jan	27.6	12.0	115.0	26.3	90.3	77.6
Feb	26.1	16.0	106.7	23.8	85.1	91.5
Mar	30.2	17.0	113.4	20.7	97.7	103.0
Apr	25.2	11.3	106.7	21.2	82.7	78.0
May	27.4	16.7	114.6	19.0	89.6	100.2
Jun	27.8	13.8	107.6	19.8	92.1	94.3
Jul	25.2	13.2	113.7	21.5	84.7	87.4
Aug	28.8	13.5	120.5	19.0	90.9	93.2
Sep	29.3	11.7	114.8	19.5	93.3	92.2
Oct	28.1	11.6	115.9	19.5	91.6	84.7
Nov	26.0	10.4	119.1	20.3	83.9	85.1
Dec	22.4	10.6	114.1	24.2	75.9	79.1
2001 Jan	26.4	16.9	111.9	22.7	90.5	87.1
Feb	24.2	17.0	104.6	14.5	76.2	73.9
Mar	26.1	9.5	112.2	18.3	85.3	80.1
Apr	26.4	10.7	115.5	22.2	88.7	84.6
May	23.3	13.5	120.1	19.8	75.8	71.9
Jun	29.2	18.2	116.8	17.8	101.6	103.0
Jul	19.3	19.4	118.6	16.5	71.4	82.7
Aug	20.4	13.5	114.7	21.8	74.2	57.4
Sep	26.2	14.6	113.2	21.7	86.2	111.6
Oct	17.1	16.6	111.7	23.6	62.7	48.8
Nov	23.3	22.7	112.3	19.3	80.3	75.4
Dec	14.8	16.6	111.5	19.6	52.7	59.6
2002 Jan	12.0	17.6	107.7	24.7	50.7	55.1
Feb	13.0	14.6	106.9	24.7	49.1	60.5
Mar	21.6	11.0	107.6	24.7	73.2	63.8
Apr	23.9	12.2	107.1	24.7	79.5	92.4
May	10.7	19.7	106.3	24.7	48.2	54.8
Jun	11.7	17.4	106.4	24.7	43.8	51.4
Jul	12.8	15.5	106.6	24.7	48.0	51.0
Aug	12.6	21.7	106.9	24.7	55.1	51.6
Sep	14.0	15.4	106.2	24.7	49.7	42.2
Oct	13.0	16.5	105.9	24.7	44.7	62.3
Nov	12.4	15.0	106.2	24.7	46.1	32.1
Dec	12.7	11.7	106.4	24.7	43.8	49.5
2003 Jan	12.8	11.8	107.4	22.0	42.1	42.4
Feb	13.1	..	107.3	..	32.8	43.4
Mar	13.5	..	106.9	..	35.9	38.8
Apr	13.3	..	107.3	..	34.4	31.8
May	13.7	..	107.5	..	36.1	41.2
Jun	14.1	..	106.7	..	37.0	36.0
Jul	11.6	..	107.5	..	29.1	25.9
Aug	13.3	..	107.1	..	36.4	42.5
Sep	13.5	..	107.2	..	35.2	42.7
Oct	16.7	..	107.5	..	33.8	37.8

<sup>1</sup> From February 2003 these data are no longer available.

Source: National Sulphuric Acid Association

## 9.3 Basic chemicals, pesticides and other agro-chemical products<sup>1</sup>

Total UK manufacturers' sales by industry

								£ Thousand
	Industrial gases	Dyes & pigments	Inorganic basic chemicals	Organic basic chemicals	Fertilisers & nitrogen compounds	Plastics	Synthetic rubber in primary forms	Pesticides & other agro-chemical products
Subclass (SIC 92)	24110	24120	24130	24140	24150	24160	24170	24200
2002	CKOM 508 320	CKON 1 021 589	CKOO 1 108 953	CKOP 5 448 893	CKOQ 699 232	CKOR 3 426 657	CKOS	CKOT 483 274
2003	524 737	971 120	1 080 555	5 163 343	811 258	3 473 664	..	474 365
2004	528 194	935 693	1 089 852	5 824 800	786 130	3 739 668	..	470 069
2001 Q3	132 579	258 550	289 580	1 367 720	127 572	824 128	72 462	231 030
Q4	129 962	251 056	271 589	1 210 807	115 304	832 475	69 143	164 652
2002 Q1	126 078	271 288	276 965	1 444 131	240 384	804 568	75 699	142 921
Q2	129 957	267 774	291 208	1 345 502	187 600	941 368	72 897	136 247
Q3	127 322	252 441	275 448	1 469 071	135 047	863 006	80 677	99 130
Q4	124 962	230 087	265 332	1 190 189	136 202	817 716	..	104 976
2003 Q1	129 010	257 201	272 810	1 467 524	257 992	888 288	..	133 160
Q2	130 647	258 344	274 693	1 259 769	196 925	896 333	..	129 173
Q3	134 298	235 323	273 321	1 262 444	168 185	857 837	..	107 031
Q4	130 782	220 252	259 731	1 173 606	188 155	831 206	..	105 001
2004 Q1	135 245	241 672	276 144	1 581 316	253 383	935 744	..	135 681
Q2	133 256	251 657	271 560	1 557 527	190 625	970 095	..	132 577
Q3	128 752	229 504	265 429	1 380 591	168 019	928 094	..	96 243
Q4	130 941	212 860	276 719	1 305 366	174 103	905 735	..	105 568

<sup>1</sup> As from the end of 2004, quarterly data will not be collected for these industries. Annual results for the years 2005 onwards will be published on the ONS website at <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/> as and when available.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 01633 813395

## 9.4 Pharmaceutical products, soaps and other cleaning preparations and perfumes<sup>1</sup>

Total UK manufacturers' sales by industry

	Pharmaceutical products			Perfumes and essential oils	
	Basic products	Preparations	Soap & detergents, cleaning & polishing preparations	Perfumes & toilet preparations	Essential oils
Subclass (SIC 92)	24410	24420	24510	24520	24630
2002	CKOU 867 982	CKOV 8 318 855	CKOW 1 886 334	CKOX 2 377 369	CKOY 548 137
2003	748 613	9 230 833	1 718 431	2 313 845	..
2004	733 658	8 760 908	1 804 671	2 171 087	..
2001 Q3	157 878	1 996 266	493 958	686 084	137 590
Q4	192 833	2 244 546	498 112	692 288	141 500
2002 Q1	229 737	2 066 964	494 464	550 720	135 312
Q2	216 451	2 098 634	480 091	575 818	139 684
Q3	230 131	2 123 729	493 566	605 893	..
Q4	191 663	2 029 527	418 214	644 938	..
2003 Q1	193 191	2 160 693	409 896	563 410	136 823
Q2	203 869	2 285 852	423 457	552 000	140 092
Q3	171 582	2 326 716	469 822	581 783	..
Q4	179 971	2 457 573	415 255	616 652	..
2004 Q1	224 562	2 288 169	445 503	520 673	..
Q2	174 383	2 131 549	455 364	550 685	..
Q3	163 555	2 157 741	459 350	542 423	..
Q4	171 158	2 183 449	444 454	557 306	..

<sup>1</sup> As from the end of 2004, quarterly data will not be collected for these industries. Annual results for the years 2005 onwards will be published on the ONS website at <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/> as and when available.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 01633 813395

## Chemicals

### 9.5 Other chemical products<sup>1</sup>

Total UK manufacturers' sales by industry

£ Thousand

	Paints, varnishes, & similar coatings; printing ink, mastic & sealants	Explosives	Glues & gelatines	Photographic chemical materials	Prepared unrecorded media	Other chemical products	Man made fibres
Subclass (SIC 92)	24300	24610	24620	24640	24650	24660	24700
2002	CKOZ 2 725 613	CKPA ..	CKPB 357 805	CKPC 305 373	CKPD 124 354	CKUX 1 941 449	CKUY 601 807
2003	2 792 607	105 579	371 321	316 808	127 414	1 768 073	618 236
2004	2 775 868	109 706	400 400	249 915	75 297	1 992 133	586 931
2001 Q3	639 252	30 601	93 998	83 654	..	496 398	146 061
Q4	600 333	30 679	87 721	72 319	26 762	511 098	139 144
2002 Q1	663 064	..	91 933	73 174	28 553	503 830	152 738
Q2	700 851	23 388	88 789	77 156	32 122	491 787	166 738
Q3	717 210	21 454	91 637	76 799	28 940	492 446	154 579
Q4	644 487	25 649	85 446	78 244	34 740	453 386	127 751
2003 Q1	699 164	24 431	95 886	81 095	32 666	436 132	151 992
Q2	734 341	26 225	91 215	80 446	34 179	427 189	164 116
Q3	717 652	28 047	95 086	79 738	32 200	452 312	157 736
Q4	641 449	26 877	89 134	75 529	28 369	452 440	144 393
2004 Q1	685 386	25 221	100 975	65 487	26 612	501 207	160 128
Q2	712 036	27 150	95 564	63 485	..	497 776	145 842
Q3	731 486	27 665	105 216	61 747	..	486 379	144 281
Q4	646 960	29 670	98 645	59 196	..	506 771	136 680

<sup>1</sup> As from the end of 2004, quarterly data will not be collected for these industries. Annual results for the years 2005 onwards will be published on the ONS website at <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/> as and when available.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 01633 813395

## 10 Metals, engineering and vehicles

### 10.1 Iron and steel

Weekly averages Stocks: end of period

Thousand tonnes

Consumption of imported iron ore <sup>2</sup>	Iron			Stocks <sup>1</sup>		Finished steel products		
	Production in blast furnaces <sup>3</sup>	Consumption in steel-making	Total stocks <sup>4</sup>	Consumption in steel-making	Total stocks	Crude steel production	Net home and export deliveries	At producers' works <sup>5</sup>
BJAB	BJAC	BJAD	BJAE	BJAF	BJAG	BJAH	BJAI	BJAJ
2004	306.4	195.8	192.5	29.5	97.1	242.4	264.7	256.6
2005	305.9	195.9	192.0	7.3	87.1	228.4	254.6	247.6
2006	316.4	205.7	200.8	30.8	92.5	256.7	267.4	261.7
2006 Feb	326.7	210.4	204.8	8.8	90.3	245.3	269.3	265.4
Mar	329.0	216.8	210.8	11.8	101.5	245.0	284.1	276.7
Apr	319.3	207.5	203.6	7.5	106.8	237.0	282.1	277.3
May	319.7	204.5	202.5	4.7	99.0	246.9	277.0	261.4
Jun	322.1	208.8	207.3	5.1	107.9	250.1	287.8	297.4
Jul	297.7	200.5	197.6	9.1	98.7	292.4	269.4	251.6
Aug	313.4	207.2	201.5	17.1	84.5	251.1	261.2	215.9
Sep	314.6	202.4	195.8	21.8	81.2	272.5	253.0	288.5
Oct	338.1	210.4	201.4	39.3	92.9	284.5	267.1	1 717.1
Nov	288.7	184.6	181.4	29.7	84.8	295.7	242.0	279.2
Dec	304.8	205.8	197.0	30.8	81.1	256.7	253.8	228.5
2007 Jan	312.6	206.1	197.7	49.9	86.5	301.0	259.6	228.4
Feb	314.0	221.1	217.4	58.0	106.6	313.0	293.6	277.3
Mar	327.7	210.8	201.4	79.4	110.4	279.2	283.8	364.1
Apr	340.2	221.4	215.6	85.4	110.5	238.3	293.2	285.8
May	338.7	222.8	217.3	96.8	98.1	238.0	287.9	268.3
Jun	336.7	225.2	219.3	105.8	115.0	245.1	303.4	292.4
Jul	319.6	211.1	205.4	115.9	94.9	296.2	270.0	265.4
Aug	328.4	215.2	210.3	120.3	76.9	240.4	259.7	249.6
Sep	293.7	190.3	187.4	113.5	104.1	239.1	263.5	276.0

1 Excludes iron foundries and refined iron works.

2 Including manganese ore.

3 Includes blast furnace ferro-alloys.

4 Includes blast furnace ferro-alloys, but excludes iron foundries and refined iron works.

5 Stocks of ingots, semi-finished and finished steel.

Source: UK Iron and Steel Statistics Bureau

### 10.2 Supplies and deliveries of steel

Weekly averages

Thousand tonnes (crude steel equivalent)

Supply from home sources							
Crude steel production			Producers' stock changes <sup>1</sup>	Total	Imports <sup>2</sup>	Exports <sup>2</sup>	Net home disposals
Total	of which: alloy						
BJBA	BJBB	BJBC	BJBE	BJBF	BJBG		BJBH
2001	260.4	20.4	-2.6	263.0	173.6	145.1	291.5
2002	224.4	19.4	-1.1	225.5	185.8	141.4	269.9
2003	250.3	18.4	-	250.3	175.5	153.2	272.7
2004	264.7	18.4	0.7	264.0	187.4	163.7	287.8
2005	254.5	16.6	3.6	251.0	159.8	182.3	228.5
2006	267.4	14.6	-3.6	271.0	190.4	178.4	289.9
2004 Q4	253.7	16.6	4.0	249.8	195.5	165.2	280.0
2005 Q1	254.7	20.6	-5.4	260.1	191.3	180.7	270.7
Q2	271.1	20.8	14.9	256.2	175.4	194.0	237.6
Q3	238.9	12.2	-15.5	254.4	131.3	168.9	216.8
Q4	253.4	12.7	20.2	233.2	141.6	185.5	189.3
2006 Q1	273.2	13.9	-10.2	283.4	181.6	186.7	277.4
Q2	281.9	15.9	-8.7	290.6	204.8	192.0	302.6
Q3	261.2	14.0	9.6	251.6	188.8	156.8	282.4
Q4	253.3	14.7	-4.8	258.2	186.2	175.6	269.1
2007 Q1	277.5	16.6	-17.0	294.5	206.4	205.4	295.5
Q2	294.3	17.7	9.6	284.7	206.5	207.1	284.1
Q3	264.1	11.6	1.2	262.8	193.6	182.4	274.0

1 Increases in stock are shown as + and decreases in stock (ie deliveries from stock) as -.

Source: UK Iron and Steel Statistics Bureau

2 Derived from HM Customs statistics.

# 10.3 Aluminium

Monthly averages or calendar months; stocks: end of period

Thousand tonnes

	Production		Despatches to customers				
	Primary <sup>1</sup>	Secondary <sup>2</sup>	Primary <sup>1</sup>	Secondary	Rolled products	Extrusions and tubes	
						Castings	
2001	BJDH	BIDI	BJDJ	BJDK	BJDN	BJDO	BJDM
2001	28.4	20.7	28.1	20.7	32.1	14.0	10.8
2002	28.7	17.3	29.0	17.3	26.0	13.2	10.6
2003	28.6	17.2	28.3	17.2	22.9	12.4	10.6
2004	30.0	15.5	30.6	15.5	22.2	12.3	9.2
2005	30.7	11.2	30.7	11.2	22.5	11.0	8.6
2006	30.0	..	30.3	..	..	10.8	..
2003 Jan	28.8	17.2	34.9	17.2	22.9	13.2	10.6
Feb	29.7	17.2	29.8	17.2	22.9	12.3	10.6
Mar	28.7	17.2	29.0	17.2	22.9	13.1	10.6
Apr	28.0	17.2	29.7	17.2	22.9	12.4	10.6
May	31.3	17.2	32.3	17.2	22.9	12.3	10.6
Jun	28.1	17.2	28.1	17.2	22.9	12.5	10.6
Jul	28.7	17.2	26.3	17.2	22.9	13.7	10.6
Aug	29.4	17.2	27.1	17.2	22.9	10.5	10.6
Sep	25.9	17.2	27.0	17.2	22.9	13.4	10.6
Oct	26.8	17.2	28.1	17.2	22.9	14.4	10.6
Nov	29.1	17.2	27.4	17.2	22.9	13.0	10.6
Dec	28.5	17.2	20.2	17.2	22.9	8.3	10.6
2004 Jan	29.5	15.5	34.7	15.5	22.2	12.7	11.6
Feb	27.6	15.5	29.4	15.5	22.2	12.6	11.6
Mar	29.6	15.5	31.2	15.5	22.2	14.7	11.6
Apr	28.8	15.5	30.9	15.5	22.2	12.8	11.6
May	30.1	15.5	27.5	15.5	22.2	12.1	11.6
Jun	29.6	15.5	35.6	15.5	22.2	13.1	11.6
Jul	30.7	15.5	27.8	15.5	22.2	13.7	11.6
Aug	30.9	15.5	32.2	15.5	22.2	10.9	11.6
Sep	30.2	15.5	32.1	15.5	22.2	13.2	11.6
Oct	31.1	15.5	28.9	15.5	22.2	12.4	11.6
Nov	30.2	15.5	32.2	15.5	22.2	12.2	11.6
Dec	31.4	15.5	24.5	15.5	22.2	7.2	11.6
2005 Jan	31.3	11.2	30.2	11.2	22.5	11.2	8.6
Feb	28.0	11.2	26.9	11.2	22.5	11.1	8.6
Mar	31.5	11.2	29.4	11.2	22.5	12.0	8.6
Apr	30.4	11.2	30.0	11.2	22.5	12.0	8.6
May	31.1	11.2	31.3	11.2	22.5	11.6	8.6
Jun	30.4	11.2	30.3	11.2	22.5	11.8	8.6
Jul	31.5	11.2	29.8	11.2	22.5	10.8	8.6
Aug	31.2	11.2	34.2	11.2	22.5	10.8	8.6
Sep	30.5	11.2	30.3	11.2	22.5	11.9	8.6
Oct	31.1	11.2	32.1	11.2	22.5	11.3	8.6
Nov	30.4	11.2	31.8	11.2	22.5	11.1	8.6
Dec	30.8	11.2	31.8	11.2	22.5	6.9	8.6
2006 Jan	30.9	..	31.5	..	..	10.8	..
Feb	27.9	..	28.3	..	..	10.8	..
Mar	31.1	..	31.7	..	..	12.6	..
Apr	30.0	..	28.4	..	..	10.0	..
May	30.1	..	33.3	..	..	11.8	..
Jun	29.7	..	31.9	..	..	11.6	..
Jul	31.2	..	29.0	..	..	11.0	..
Aug	31.2	..	30.7	..	..	10.3	..
Sep	28.7	..	31.6	..	..	11.2	..
Oct	30.0	..	30.3	..	..	11.9	..
Nov	29.1	..	30.1	..	..	11.2	..
Dec	30.2	..	26.5	..	..	6.6	..

1 Including the pure content of primary alloys.

2 Including the primary content used in the production of secondary metal.

Source: Aluminium Federation: 0121 456 1103

# 10.4 Total engineering

## Total turnover of UK - based manufacturers<sup>1,2,3</sup>

Standard Industrial Classification 2003

Division Description		2005	2006	2006 Q2	2006 Q3	2006 Q4	2007 Q1	2007 Q2	2007 Q3	£ millions
<b>Division 29 : Manufacture of machinery and equipment not elsewhere classified</b>										
2911 Manufacture of engines and turbines except aircraft, vehicle & cycle engines										
2912 Manufacture of pumps and compressors	MXVO	1 847	1 952	483	511	515	537	528 <sup>†</sup>	564	
2913 Manufacture of taps and valves	MXXO	2 872	3 209	805	835	803	796	810 <sup>†</sup>	840	
2914 Manufacture of bearings, gears, gearing and driving elements	MXZH	1 231	1 195	302	307	285	335	321	337 <sup>†</sup>	
2922 Manufacture of lifting and handling equipment	MYCT	947	1 020	253	254	255	239	231	208 <sup>†</sup>	
2923 Manufacture of non-domestic cooling and ventilation equipment	MYLS	3 542	3 903	963	987	962	1 004	994 <sup>†</sup>	1 003	
2924 Manufacture of other general purpose machinery not elsewhere classified	MYPT	3 393	3 777	966	986	971	944	1 045	1 048 <sup>†</sup>	
2942 Manufacture of metalworking machine tools	MYRM	3 027	3 004	779	742	731	807 <sup>†</sup>	754	763 <sup>†</sup>	
2949 Manufacture of other machine tools	MYWY	730	847	214	211	224	233 <sup>†</sup>	227	255	
2952 Manufacture of machinery for mining, quarrying and construction	MYYP	699	766	198	204	191	185	191	184 <sup>†</sup>	
2953 Manufacture of machinery for food, beverage and tobacco processing	MZCE	3 098	3 235	846	768	823	927	989	919 <sup>†</sup>	
2954 Manufacture of machinery for textile, apparel and leather production	MZFS	942	975	237	246	255	241	242	269 <sup>†</sup>	
2956 Manufacture of other special purpose machinery not elsewhere classified	MZJP	123	128	32	32	36	38	40	35	
2971 Manufacture of electric domestic appliances	MZQF	2 262	2 186	546	542	556	539	529	494 <sup>†</sup>	
	MZTZ	2 642	2 744	635	689	766	701	650	729 <sup>†</sup>	
<b>Division 30 : Manufacture of electrical and optical equipment</b>										
3001 Manufacture of office machinery	MZXQ	889	1 242	321	299	295	221	213	203 <sup>†</sup>	
3002 Manufacture of computers and other information processing equipment	VBCE	4 234	2 998	776	732	603	539	458 <sup>†</sup>	555	
<b>Division 31 : Manufacture of electrical machinery and apparatus not elsewhere classified</b>										
3110 Manufacture of electric motors, generators and transformers	VBEB	2 348	2 573	605	647	679	683	693	703	
3120 Manufacture of electricity distribution and control apparatus	VBFU	3 459	3 685	957	917	883	967	951	981 <sup>†</sup>	
3130 Manufacture of insulated wire and cable	VBHW	959	1 349	326	355	367	341	377	332 <sup>†</sup>	
3140 Manufacture of accumulators, primary cells and primary batteries	VBJW	440	354	85	86	96	92	97	106	
3150 Manufacture of lighting equipment and electric lamps	VBLP	1 331	1 382	322	355	372	374	354 <sup>†</sup>	387	
3161 Manufacture of other electrical equipment for engines and vehicles not otherwise classified	VBNI	1 004	942	243	223	234	248	227	221 <sup>†</sup>	
3162 Manufacture of other electrical equipment not elsewhere classified	VBPK	2 694	2 762	666	713	681	736	701 <sup>†</sup>	693	
<b>Division 32 : Manufacture of radio, television and communication equipment and apparatus</b>										
3210 Manufacture of electronic valves and tubes and other electronic components	VBRI	3 917	3 846	953	973	924	906	850	828 <sup>†</sup>	
3220 Manufacture of television and radio transmitters and apparatus for line telephony and line telegraphy	VBTF	3 610	4 075	1 059	879	1 084	996	986	958 <sup>†</sup>	
3230 Manufacture of television and radio receivers, sound or video recording or reproducing apparatus and associated goods	VBVJ	3 229	3 702	915	832	1 059	718	675	717 <sup>†</sup>	
<b>Division 33 : Manufacture of medical, precision and optical instruments, watches and clocks</b>										
3310 Manufacture of medical and surgical equipment and orthopaedic appliances	VBXH	3 749	3 607	900	845	887	980	891	877 <sup>†</sup>	
3320 Manufacture of instruments and appliances for measuring, checking, testing, navigating and other purposes, except industrial process control equipment	VBZF	6 853	6 766	1 622	1 665	1 898	1 792	1 870	1 821 <sup>†</sup>	
3340 Manufacture of optical instruments and photographic equipment	VCCV	1 060	1 082	277	261	267	296	323	277 <sup>†</sup>	

1 The figures shown represent the output of UK - based manufacturers classified to Subsections DK and DL of the Standard Industrial Classification 2003. The figures shown are derived from the monthly production inquiry (MPI) and include estimates for non-responders and for establishments which are not sampled.

2 Orders on hand figures are given for the end of the period to which they relate.

3 The data on this table are not seasonally adjusted.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 01633 812126

# 10.5 Manufacture of machinery and equipment not elsewhere classified

Values at current prices

£ million

	Total			Home			Export		
	Orders <sup>1</sup> on Hand	New <sup>2</sup> Orders	Turnover	Orders <sup>1</sup> on Hand	New <sup>2</sup> Orders	Turnover	Orders <sup>1</sup> on Hand	New <sup>2</sup> Orders	Turnover
	JGZP	JGVN	JGWL	JGZX	JGVV	JGWT	JHAF	JGWD	JGXB
2002	11 715.9	30 144.6	29 383.8	8 120.8	19 675.5	19 069.3	3 595.1	10 469.1	10 314.5
2003	13 079.3	31 586.1	30 222.9	9 819.4	20 890.5	19 192.0	3 259.9	10 695.5	11 030.8
2004	12 520.3	31 337.8	31 896.6	9 246.9	19 377.2	19 949.7	3 273.4	11 960.4	11 946.8
2005	12 299.9	33 289.8	33 510.3	8 487.0	19 914.9	20 674.7	3 812.9	13 375.1	12 835.6
2006	12 508.3	35 686.4 <sup>†</sup>	35 465.1	8 229.5	21 458.8 <sup>†</sup>	21 703.6	4 278.8	14 227.5	13 761.5
2002 Q3	10 972.5	7 024.1	7 295.2	7 484.6	4 532.7	4 779.2	3 487.9	2 491.4	2 516.0
Q4	11 715.9	8 235.0	7 491.7	8 120.8	5 345.9	4 709.8	3 595.1	2 889.0	2 781.9
2003 Q1	12 917.0	8 382.5	7 181.5	9 130.4	5 691.4	4 681.9	3 786.6	2 691.1	2 499.6
Q2	12 725.0	7 231.9	7 423.8	8 854.8	4 394.7	4 670.3	3 870.2	2 837.1	2 753.5
Q3	12 914.7	7 761.8	7 572.2	9 309.7	5 311.1	4 856.2	3 605.0	2 450.7	2 716.0
Q4	13 079.3	8 209.9	8 045.4	9 819.4	5 493.3	4 983.6	3 259.9	2 716.6	3 061.7
2004 Q1	13 552.0	8 058.1	7 585.4	9 890.3	4 848.8	4 777.8	3 661.6	3 209.4	2 807.6
Q2	13 751.7	8 110.5	7 910.6	9 963.2	4 917.3	4 844.4	3 788.6	3 193.1	3 066.2
Q3	13 090.1	7 187.8	7 849.4	9 604.1	4 541.0	4 900.1	3 486.0	2 646.7	2 949.2
Q4	12 520.3	7 981.4	8 551.2	9 246.9	5 070.1	5 427.4	3 273.4	2 911.2	3 123.8
2005 Q1	13 194.4	8 707.5	8 033.5	9 360.4	5 177.6	5 064.0	3 833.9	3 529.9	2 969.4
Q2	13 344.1	8 485.4	8 335.7	9 339.6	5 138.4	5 159.1	4 004.5	3 347.0	3 176.5
Q3	12 661.4	7 740.3	8 423.0	8 907.8	4 717.7	5 149.5	3 753.6	3 022.7	3 273.5
Q4	12 299.9	8 356.6	8 718.1	8 487.0	4 881.2	5 302.1	3 812.9	3 475.5	3 416.2
2006 Q1	12 580.1	8 732.6	8 452.3	8 338.7	4 966.0	5 114.3	4 241.4	3 766.6	3 338.1
Q2	12 962.2	9 291.0	8 908.9	8 649.1	5 736.4	5 426.0	4 313.1	3 554.5	3 482.9
Q3	12 836.2	8 787.8	8 913.7	8 584.0	5 464.2	5 529.3	4 252.3	3 323.6	3 384.4
Q4	12 508.3	8 875.0 <sup>†</sup>	9 190.2	8 229.5	5 292.2 <sup>†</sup>	5 634.0	4 278.8	3 582.8	3 556.1
2007 Q1	12 441.1 <sup>†</sup>	9 202.7	9 269.9 <sup>†</sup>	8 411.2 <sup>†</sup>	5 890.1	5 708.4 <sup>†</sup>	4 029.9 <sup>†</sup>	3 312.6 <sup>†</sup>	3 561.6 <sup>†</sup>
Q2	12 790.8 <sup>†</sup>	9 721.7	9 372.1	8 652.0	5 896.9	5 656.2	4 138.8	3 824.7	3 715.9
Q3	12 697.8	9 287.5	9 380.4	8 602.3	5 828.9	5 878.6	4 095.5	3 458.5	3 501.8
2005 Oct	12 766.2	2 938.9	2 834.1	9 085.1	1 933.5	1 756.2	3 681.0	1 005.4	1 078.0
Nov	12 678.8	2 935.5	3 022.9	8 982.0	1 721.5	1 824.7	3 696.8	1 214.1	1 198.3
Dec	12 299.9	2 482.2	2 861.1	8 487.0	1 226.2	1 721.2	3 812.9	1 256.0	1 139.9
2006 Jan	12 401.4	2 638.4	2 536.9	8 304.8	1 344.2	1 526.3	4 096.6	1 294.2	1 010.6
Feb	12 645.5	2 899.6	2 655.5	8 493.0	1 808.0	1 619.9	4 152.5	1 091.6	1 035.7
Mar	12 580.1	3 194.6	3 259.9	8 338.7	1 813.8	1 968.1	4 241.4	1 380.8	1 291.8
Apr	12 842.3	2 945.9	2 683.8	8 454.7	1 748.9	1 632.9	4 387.6	1 197.0	1 050.9
May	12 912.5	3 081.0	3 010.7	8 522.6	1 887.7	1 819.8	4 389.9	1 193.2	1 190.9
Jun	12 962.2	3 264.1	3 214.4	8 649.1	2 099.8	1 973.3	4 313.1	1 164.3	1 241.1
Jul	12 985.5	2 935.5	2 912.1	8 679.0	1 833.4	1 803.5	4 306.5	1 102.1	1 108.6
Aug	12 940.8	2 733.8	2 778.5	8 728.6	1 824.7	1 775.1	4 212.2	909.1	1 003.4
Sep	12 836.2	3 118.5	3 223.1	8 584.0	1 806.1	1 950.7	4 252.3	1 312.4	1 272.4
Oct	12 780.4	3 007.5 <sup>†</sup>	3 050.6	8 559.9	1 841.1 <sup>†</sup>	1 852.4	4 220.5	1 166.4	1 198.1
Nov	12 578.0	2 990.4	3 192.8	8 260.6	1 671.9	1 971.3	4 317.4	1 318.5	1 221.5
Dec	12 508.3	2 877.1	2 946.8	8 229.5	1 779.2	1 810.3	4 278.8	1 097.9	1 136.5
2007 Jan	12 102.3 <sup>†</sup>	2 483.2	2 889.2 <sup>†</sup>	8 235.7 <sup>†</sup>	1 789.7	1 783.5 <sup>†</sup>	3 866.6 <sup>†</sup>	693.5 <sup>†</sup>	1 105.7 <sup>†</sup>
Feb	12 270.4	3 062.5	2 894.4	8 438.9	1 993.7	1 790.5	3 831.5	1 068.8	1 104.0
Mar	12 441.1	3 657.0	3 486.3	8 411.2	2 106.7	2 134.4	4 029.9	1 550.3	1 351.9
Apr	12 467.5	2 984.2	2 957.9	8 414.6	1 800.6	1 797.2	4 052.8	1 183.6	1 160.7
May	12 550.3	3 245.2	3 162.3	8 466.9	1 961.6	1 909.4	4 083.5	1 283.5	1 252.9
Jun	12 790.8	3 492.3	3 251.9	8 652.0	2 134.7	1 949.6	4 138.8	1 357.6	1 302.3
Jul	12 656.9	3 021.4	3 155.3	8 535.3	1 816.9	1 933.7	4 121.6	1 204.4	1 221.6
Aug	12 655.0	2 995.6	2 997.5	8 519.6	1 885.7	1 901.4	4 135.4	1 109.9	1 096.1
Sep	12 697.8	3 270.5	3 227.6	8 602.3	2 126.3	2 043.5	4 095.5	1 144.2	1 184.1
Oct	12 539.9	3 211.4	3 369.3	8 561.2	2 031.9	2 073.0	3 978.7	1 179.5	1 296.3

1 The Orders on Hand value represents the value at the end of the period, rather than the average value for that period.

2 Net of cancellations.

Source: Office for National Statistics : 01633 812126

# 10.6 Manufacture of electrical and optical equipment

Values at current prices

£ million

	Total			Home			Export		
	Orders <sup>1</sup> on Hand	New <sup>2</sup> Orders	Turnover	Orders <sup>1</sup> on Hand	New <sup>2</sup> Orders	Turnover	Orders <sup>1</sup> on Hand	New <sup>2</sup> Orders	Turnover
	JGZV	JGVT	JGWR	JHAD	JGWB	JGWZ	JHAL	JGWJ	JGXJ
2002	14 833.1	47 421.0	48 959.3	10 758.5	27 882.7	28 692.5	4 074.6	19 538.4	20 266.8
2003	13 516.6	43 434.3	44 750.6	9 753.5	25 679.3	26 684.5	3 763.2	17 755.0	18 066.5
2004	12 980.4	42 749.2	43 285.4	9 447.1	25 606.6	25 912.9	3 533.3	17 142.8	17 372.6
2005	14 359.2	42 136.1	40 757.4	10 445.4	26 135.1	25 136.8	3 913.8	16 000.9	15 620.6
2006	14 520.6	41 487.6	41 326.2	10 254.0	24 908.4	25 099.9	4 266.6	16 579.1	16 226.4
2002 Q3	15 913.9	12 006.0	11 928.1	11 498.8	7 111.7	6 976.3	4 415.1	4 894.3	4 951.8
Q4	14 833.1	11 377.3	12 458.1	10 758.5	6 663.1	7 403.4	4 074.6	4 714.1	5 054.7
2003 Q1	13 593.4	10 119.8	11 359.4	9 821.8	6 036.3	6 973.0	3 771.6	4 083.6	4 386.5
Q2	14 093.4	11 443.2	10 943.1	10 319.0	7 053.7	6 556.5	3 774.4	4 389.5	4 386.7
Q3	13 700.0	10 465.9	10 859.4	9 909.8	6 004.4	6 413.6	3 790.1	4 461.4	4 445.8
Q4	13 516.6	11 405.4	11 588.7	9 753.5	6 584.9	6 741.4	3 763.2	4 820.5	4 847.5
2004 Q1	13 686.9	11 035.4	10 865.2	9 962.3	6 698.5	6 489.6	3 724.6	4 337.0	4 375.5
Q2	13 473.9	10 346.9	10 559.8	9 664.2	5 939.1	6 237.2	3 809.7	4 407.8	4 322.6
Q3	13 004.4	10 159.6	10 629.1	9 303.1	5 993.9	6 355.0	3 701.3	4 165.7	4 274.2
Q4	12 980.4	11 207.3	11 231.3	9 447.1	6 975.1	6 831.1	3 533.3	4 232.3	4 400.3
2005 Q1	12 988.6	10 109.0	10 100.9	9 393.4	6 202.3	6 256.1	3 595.2	3 906.5	3 844.8
Q2	13 146.7	10 250.2	10 092.1	9 357.2	6 165.4	6 201.5	3 789.6	4 085.0	3 890.6
Q3	14 018.7	11 064.2	10 192.3	9 972.0	6 920.1	6 305.2	4 046.7	4 144.1	3 886.9
Q4	14 359.2	10 712.7	10 372.1	10 445.4	6 847.3	6 374.0	3 913.8	3 865.3	3 998.3
2006 Q1	14 383.0	10 502.6	10 478.8	10 519.3	6 415.2	6 341.4	3 863.8	4 087.4	4 137.5
Q2	14 745.4	10 625.9	10 263.4	10 681.4	6 425.0	6 262.9	4 064.0	4 200.7	4 000.5
Q3	14 885.0	10 143.0	10 003.5	10 628.5	6 199.3	6 252.2	4 256.5	3 943.7	3 751.4
Q4	14 520.6	10 216.1	10 580.5	10 254.0	5 868.9	6 243.4	4 266.6	4 347.3	4 337.0
2007 Q1	14 992.3 <sup>†</sup>	10 595.8 <sup>†</sup>	10 124.2 <sup>†</sup>	10 536.9 <sup>†</sup>	6 450.5 <sup>†</sup>	6 167.6 <sup>†</sup>	4 455.4 <sup>†</sup>	4 145.4 <sup>†</sup>	3 956.6 <sup>†</sup>
Q2	14 979.8	9 888.4	9 900.9	10 537.0	5 839.0	5 838.9	4 442.8	4 049.3	4 061.9
Q3	16 221.2	11 173.4	9 932.0	11 446.2	6 954.6	6 045.3	4 775.0	4 218.9	3 886.7
2005 Oct	13 965.9	3 312.9	3 365.7	9 943.9	2 073.7	2 101.8	4 021.9	1 239.2	1 264.0
Nov	13 828.2	3 490.3	3 627.9	9 860.7	2 162.3	2 245.5	3 967.5	1 327.9	1 382.4
Dec	14 359.2	3 909.5	3 378.5	10 445.4	2 611.3	2 026.7	3 913.8	1 298.2	1 351.9
2006 Jan	14 276.9	3 056.4	3 138.8	10 277.3	1 733.6	1 901.8	3 999.6	1 322.8	1 237.0
Feb	14 684.2	3 680.2	3 272.9	10 760.2	2 474.7	1 991.7	3 924.0	1 205.6	1 281.2
Mar	14 383.0	3 766.0	4 067.1	10 519.3	2 206.9	2 447.9	3 863.8	1 559.0	1 619.3
Apr	14 606.8	3 341.1	3 117.3	10 744.6	2 141.9	1 916.6	3 862.2	1 199.1	1 200.7
May	14 477.9	3 325.4	3 454.3	10 514.7	1 876.6	2 106.5	3 963.2	1 448.8	1 347.8
Jun	14 745.4	3 959.4	3 691.8	10 681.4	2 406.5	2 239.8	4 064.0	1 552.8	1 452.0
Jul	14 620.2	3 086.0	3 211.3	10 583.1	1 940.8	2 039.1	4 037.1	1 145.2	1 172.2
Aug	14 793.8	3 477.2	3 303.6	10 714.2	2 237.0	2 105.9	4 079.6	1 240.2	1 197.7
Sep	14 885.0	3 579.8	3 488.6	10 628.5	2 021.5	2 107.2	4 256.5	1 558.3	1 381.5
Oct	14 738.4	3 321.7	3 468.3	10 462.9	1 879.1	2 044.7	4 275.5	1 442.6	1 423.5
Nov	14 599.1	3 620.0	3 759.3	10 321.7	2 099.7	2 240.9	4 277.4	1 520.3	1 518.4
Dec	14 520.6	3 274.4	3 352.9	10 254.0	1 890.1	1 957.8	4 266.6	1 384.4	1 395.1
2007 Jan	14 512.0	3 145.6	3 154.3	10 198.4	1 850.7	1 906.4	4 313.6	1 294.9	1 247.9
Feb	14 498.4 <sup>†</sup>	3 113.9 <sup>†</sup>	3 127.5 <sup>†</sup>	10 135.1 <sup>†</sup>	1 842.5 <sup>†</sup>	1 905.7 <sup>†</sup>	4 363.2 <sup>†</sup>	1 271.4 <sup>†</sup>	1 221.8 <sup>†</sup>
Mar	14 992.3	4 336.3	3 842.4	10 536.9	2 757.3	2 355.5	4 455.4	1 579.1	1 486.9
Apr	15 165.2	3 223.9	3 051.0	10 611.8	1 960.4	1 885.6	4 553.5	1 263.5	1 165.4
May	15 039.1	3 178.7	3 304.9	10 597.9	1 939.9	1 953.8	4 441.2	1 238.7	1 351.0
Jun	14 979.8	3 485.8	3 545.0	10 537.0	1 938.7	1 999.5	4 442.8	1 547.1	1 545.5
Jul	16 004.6	4 325.7	3 300.9	11 203.1	2 685.0	2 019.0	4 801.6	1 640.7	1 281.9
Aug	16 179.7	3 425.6	3 250.5	11 561.4	2 352.5	1 994.1	4 618.4	1 073.2	1 256.4
Sep	16 221.2	3 422.1	3 380.6	11 446.2	1 917.1	2 032.2	4 775.0	1 505.0	1 348.4
Oct	16 150.4	3 441.2	3 512.0	11 378.7	2 072.4	2 139.9	4 771.6	1 368.8	1 372.2

1 The Orders on Hand value represents the value at the end of the period, rather than the average value for that period.

Source: Office for National Statistics : 01633 812126

2 Net of cancellations.

## 10.7 Passenger cars

Number

	Total production					Production for export				
	1000cc and under	Over 1000cc and not over 1600cc	Over 1600cc and not over 2500cc	Over 2500cc	Total	1000cc and under	Over 1000cc and not over 1600cc	Over 1600cc and not over 2500cc	Over 2500cc	Total
	GKAB	GKAD	GKAF	GKAH	JCYM	GKAC	GKAE	GKAG	GKAI	JCYL
2000	96 043	676 438	723 294	145 677	1 641 452	56 556	375 528	509 591	121 315	1 062 990
2001	93 695	632 747	634 573	131 350	1 492 365	56 426	329 944	400 648	107 236	894 254
2002	79 545	711 553	720 067	118 579	1 629 744	35 866	442 975	470 285	98 158	1 047 284
2003	23 985	750 840	740 486	142 247	1 657 558	12 380	503 950	509 050	118 379	1 143 759
2004	15 471	796 174	690 759	144 346	1 646 750	10 316	560 505	492 564	116 371	1 179 756
2005	6 111	854 687	546 744	188 155	1 595 697	4 925	625 929	405 204	148 445	1 184 503
2006	—	792 187	446 143	203 755	1 442 085	—	622 205	324 880	159 008	1 106 093
2006 Feb	—	74 048	38 871	18 274	131 193	—	53 830	27 236	14 145	95 211
Mar	—	88 834	46 000	24 154	158 988	—	67 774	32 449	19 499	119 722
Apr	—	65 103	37 156	16 313	118 572	—	52 814	28 855	13 504	95 173
May	—	74 864	39 886	17 566	132 316	—	60 704	30 835	13 901	105 440
Jun	—	78 055	42 280	18 991	139 326	—	61 508	30 749	14 566	106 823
Jul	—	66 528	37 241	14 060	117 829	—	51 223	26 995	10 692	88 910
Aug	—	35 223	23 067	14 669	72 959	—	25 963	15 333	10 810	52 106
Sep	—	67 981	37 354	16 977	122 312	—	53 839	25 365	13 083	92 287
Oct	—	66 536	35 526	14 081	116 143	—	56 995	27 157	11 620	95 772
Nov	—	68 181	38 726	21 656	128 563	—	56 623	28 557	17 085	102 265
Dec	—	44 381	29 740	10 641	84 762	—	35 789	22 513	7 615	65 917
2007 Jan	—	58 476	44 747	20 974	124 197	—	45 690	32 511	16 683	94 884
Feb	—	50 765	45 021	19 863	115 649	—	35 745	34 582	14 634	84 961
Mar	—	60 556	57 299	20 154	138 009	—	43 991	39 465	16 697	100 153
Apr	—	51 685	52 171	16 584	120 440	—	39 791	41 062	13 694	94 547
May	—	52 566	55 754	19 063	127 383	—	42 253	44 341	15 687	102 281
Jun	—	58 890	58 327	20 312	137 529	—	46 020	45 812	16 984	108 816
Jul	—	61 021	52 489	16 178	129 688	—	47 046	38 221	12 964	98 231

\*Note: The survey and publication of motor vehicle production ceased at July reference period.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 01633 812394

## 10.8 Commercial motor vehicles

Number

	Total production					Production for export						
	Gross Vehicle Weight Trucks					Gross Vehicle Weight Trucks						
	Light Commercial vehicles	Under 7.5 tonnes	Over 7.5 tonnes	Motive units	Buses, coaches and mini-buses	Total	Light Commercial vehicles	Under 7.5 tonnes	Over 7.5 tonnes	Motive units	Buses, coaches and mini-buses	Total
GKDH	GKDJ	GKDL	GKCV	GKDN	JCYG	GKDI	GKDK	GKDM	GKCW	GKDO	JCYF	
2000	145 655	5 160	6 849	2 673	12 105	172 442	65 636	1 032	3 059	129	6 325	76 181
2001	169 705	5 000	7 359	2 539	8 270	192 873	87 208	1 307	3 315	151	4 238	96 224
2002	168 311	4 600	7 357	1 795	9 204	191 267	104 902	1 157	3 474	70	4 631	114 234
2003	166 359	4 151	7 779	2 095	8 487	188 871	94 887	806	3 494	130	3 709	102 917
2004	178 887	4 977	8 537	2 558	14 334	209 293	113 076	659	3 626	164	10 582	128 107
2005	171 866	5 533	9 756	2 755	16 843	206 753	112 647	763	4 258	190	12 415	130 273
2006	175 713	4 418	11 447	2 230	13 896	207 704	118 632	844	5 523	179	11 041	136 219
2006 Feb	15 521	472	1 033	142	1 046	18 214	10 843	62	411	13	807	12 136
Mar	18 323	464	1 146	207	1 179	21 319	12 270	99	489	20	904	13 782
Apr	13 443	457	875	167	1 347	16 289	10 091	98	368	24	1 222	11 803
May	12 751	404	978	169	793	15 095	9 102	43	465	10	688	10 308
Jun	14 129	362	1 096	175	1 282	17 044	8 923	52	527	15	1 100	10 617
Jul	13 287	227	840	98	866	15 318	9 283	33	436	8	665	10 425
Aug	6 804	391	944	183	426	8 748	3 454	107	521	8	273	4 363
Sep	18 614	477	950	301	1 089	21 431	11 564	67	457	4	645	12 737
Oct	16 526	207	871	308	1 957	19 869	11 308	69	515	14	1 651	13 557
Nov	17 953	249	967	220	1 869	21 258	12 665	87	560	28	1 533	14 873
Dec	12 906	138	760	91	1 064	14 959	8 484	55	428	13	833	9 813
2007 Jan	16 611	343	931	165	1 544	19 594	9 575	65	384	47	1 348	11 419
Feb	14 841	320	802	193	1 335	17 491	8 449	111	365	31	1 081	10 037
Mar	17 273	264	1 020	199	1 534	20 290	10 476	85	532	41	1 212	12 346
Apr	14 405	275	907	126	810	16 523	9 802	66	419	17	560	10 864
May	14 664	288	870	114	991	16 927	9 290	85	462	21	683	10 541
Jun	16 057	403	883	197	1 558	19 098	9 713	59	409	17	1 197	11 395
Jul	11 483	327	916	144	1 115	13 985	7 323	42	411	10	815	8 601

\*Note: The survey and publication of motor vehicle production ceased at July reference data.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 01633 812394

# 11 Textiles and other manufactures

## 11.1 Index numbers of textile and clothing industries

Standard Industrial Classification 2003

2003=100, seasonally adjusted

Textile industry (production)								
	Man-made fibres	All textiles <sup>1</sup>	Preparation and spinning of textile fibres	Textile weaving	Manufacture of knitted and crocheted fabrics	Finishing of textiles	Manufacture of other textiles	Manufacture of made-up textile articles except apparel
SIC 2003 classification	2 470	17	171	172	176	173	175	174
	AHXI	AIMS	AOE	AIOF	AHGJ	AHGE	AHGQ	AHGF
2003	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2004	99.2	93.0	89.5	89.1	94.1	96.4	86.6	101.4
2005	80.1	91.4	66.7	90.2	86.5	91.2	87.3	101.9
2006	81.0	88.0	66.2	83.4	82.5	100.8	87.0	95.5
2004 Q1	102.1	95.4	88.7	96.1	96.1	93.5	93.1	97.8
Q2	100.7	90.6	88.7	87.0	100.4	99.0	84.3	101.3
Q3	95.5	93.6	88.2	86.0	94.4	96.6	86.1	103.7
Q4	98.3	92.5	92.5	87.2	85.7	96.5	83.1	102.7
2005 Q1	95.3	91.0	70.6	91.1	93.3	81.7	87.3	102.9
Q2	81.0	93.2	73.1	90.3	88.3	89.2	91.1	101.6
Q3	69.0	91.0	58.7	92.7	81.1	96.2	84.7	101.0
Q4	74.9	90.6	64.3	86.9	83.1	97.5	85.9	102.0
2006 Q1	71.8	89.8	70.1	86.4	88.8	105.0	83.7	96.1
Q2	81.3	87.5	65.9	89.5	81.4	98.0	85.5	93.2
Q3	87.2	87.7	65.9	83.5	80.2	101.1	89.0	94.2
Q4	83.9	87.1	63.1	74.0	79.6	99.0	89.8	98.5
2007 Q1	72.7	87.0	64.4	72.1	78.3	104.4	93.4	88.9
Q2	62.9	88.7	60.4	73.6	79.9	106.1	91.4	93.3
Q3	61.6	88.2	62.1	75.1	80.7	103.8	94.7	92.5
Clothing industry (production)								
	Manufacture of wearing apparel, dressing and dyeing of fur <sup>2</sup>		Manufacture of other outerwear		Manufacture of workwear		Manufacture of underwear <sup>3</sup>	Manufacture of other wearing apparel and accessories nec <sup>3</sup>
SIC 2003 classification	18		1822		1821		1823	1824
	AIMT		AHGU		AHGT		AHGV	AHGW
2003	100.0		100.0		100.0		100.0	100.0
2004	89.5		95.4		87.5		105.3	71.6
2005	87.9		94.0		84.9		..	..
2006	89.5		91.9		91.1		..	..
2004 Q1	93.8		97.9		83.7		103.0	85.4
Q2	92.5		101.2		90.7		108.5	69.6
Q3	86.2		92.7		86.0		102.8	66.0
Q4	85.6		89.7		89.8		107.0	65.2
2005 Q1	83.2		85.3		92.7		..	..
Q2	87.9		92.8		82.4		..	..
Q3	89.3		96.9		79.8		..	..
Q4	91.2		101.1		84.7		..	..
2006 Q1	88.9		99.2		93.9		..	..
Q2	90.7		92.4		94.4		..	..
Q3	87.5		86.3		88.9		..	..
Q4	90.6		89.9		87.0		..	..
2007 Q1	89.7		89.3		83.7		..	..
Q2	89.6		92.3		81.0		..	..
Q3	90.0		94.4		77.1		..	..

1 In addition to the sectors listed, this includes throwing, texturing, etc of continuous filament yarn; spinning and weaving of flax, hemp and ramie; jute and polypropylene yarns and fabrics, and miscellaneous textiles (ie lace; rope, twine and net; narrow fabrics and other miscellaneous textiles).

2 In addition to the sectors listed, this includes hats, caps and millinery; gloves, other dress industries (ie swimwear and foundation garments; umbrellas and miscellaneous industries).

3 For confidentiality reasons, the data for these industries have been suppressed from 2005 Q1 onwards. This suppression is required because both industries now fail ONS disclosure rules and are therefore no longer available for publication.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 01633 812319

## Textiles and other manufactures

### 11.2 Household textiles, non-woven products, canvas and ropes Total UK manufacturers' sales by industry

	£ Thousand					
	Household textiles			Non-woven excluding apparel	Canvas goods, sacks etc	Cordage rope, twine & netting
	Soft furnishings	Household textiles	Carpets & rugs			
Subclass (SIC 2003)	17401	17403	17510	17530	17402	17520
	CKPE	CKPF	CKPG	CKPH	CKPI	CKPJ
1993	329 772	570 246	..	103 128	156 655	70 950
1994	394 087	700 474	1 012 691	..	154 064	74 477
1995	384 444	887 255	1 095 811	138 380	159 022	80 079
1996	450 797	988 302	1 117 321	..	167 491	79 730
1997	466 574	902 675	1 053 675	135 127	150 931	..
1998	493 515	914 508	1 083 142	144 617	127 373	82 656
1999	443 718	941 637	1 028 911	157 963	161 172	80 103
2000	458 407	986 779	972 988	..	136 549	78 587
2001	544 307	896 819	902 029	168 546	137 455	101 626
2002	528 697	780 557	840 517	167 013	116 602	86 281
2003	592 336	730 484	750 565	152 734	112 634	87 307
2004	575 924	653 817	689 946	149 188	100 897	75 531
2005	592 548	650 192	720 140	162 059	72 955	81 611

Source: Office for National Statistics: 01633 813395

### 11.3 Knitted and crocheted products, lace and narrow fabrics Total UK manufacturers' sales by industry

	£ Thousand				
	Knitted and crocheted				
	Fabrics	Hosiery	Pullovers, cardigans & similar articles	Lace <sup>1</sup>	Narrow fabrics <sup>2</sup>
Subclass (SIC 2003)	17600	17710	17720	17541	17542
	CKPK	CKPL	CKPM	CKPN	CKPO
1994	534 979	500 554	923 760	93 000	260 000
1995	605 671	521 920	920 516	..	281 000
1996	618 808	545 469	922 387	104 000	255 000
1997	600 559	525 352	960 748	..	255 000
1998	..	451 270	771 029	62 000	236 000
1999	..	363 046	663 533	39 000	223 000
2000	374 153	..	581 936	34 000	210 000
2001	..	282 195	406 567	28 000	193 000
2002	244 325	..	351 497	23 442	186 973
2003	202 658	241 318	306 854	17 874	159 949
2004	197 031	229 958	219 492	15 709	144 529
2005	..	..	200 975	18 615	131 043
2006	..	..	181 383	15 379	124 282

1 Data prior to 2002 are estimates to two digits

2 Data prior to 2002 are estimates to three digits

Source: Office for National Statistics: 01633 813395

## 11.4 Wearing apparel, dressing and dyeing of fur, leather clothes

Total UK manufacturers' sales by industry

£ Thousand

	Workwear	Outerwear		Underwear		Hats	Other & accessories	Dressing & dyeing of fur & articles of fur	Leather clothes
		Men's	Women's	Men's	Women's				
Subclass (SIC 2003)	18210	18221	18222	18231	18232	18241	18249	18300	18100
	CKPP	CKPQ	CKPR	CKPS	CKPT	CKPU	CKPV	CKPW	CKPX
1994	275 279	937 258	1 333 773	480 660	978 381	88 146	643 684	24 018	24 018
1995	243 104	1 011 014	1 732 424	499 251	1 044 030	86 083	680 616	25 285	25 285
1996	261 516	1 020 817	1 603 330	545 995	1 013 685	93 621	737 665	24 711	..
1997	292 143	905 613	1 662 377	559 624	1 018 358	89 752	681 916	..	..
1998	290 200	759 379	1 302 131	572 157	938 045	70 986	661 375	6 635	19 786
1999	278 733	612 538	1 001 239	436 778	779 013	62 653	603 545	5 763	13 941
2000	260 798	421 406	915 310	293 713	736 768	..	568 286	4 541	15 580
2001	243 942	329 441	789 034	230 017	612 113	..	458 405	6 512	13 255
2002	270 889	283 160	876 338	220 014	552 990	45 156	420 323	6 297	10 529
2003	287 388	291 866	709 078	195 039	457 567	37 115	361 555	3 922	8 534
2004	262 704	248 638	791 793	171 318	392 406	34 712	314 666	4 467	6 678
2005	199 816	197 602	681 358	171 857	343 344	..	301 015	4 143	6 484
2006	..	..	..	..	368 053	31 574	290 194	3 333	..

Source: Office for National Statistics: 01633 813395

## 11.5 Miscellaneous products - goods not classified elsewhere

Total UK manufacturers' sales by industry

£ Thousand

		Pumps		Compressors		Taps & valves	
		Subclass (SIC 2003)	29121	CKPY	CKPZ	CKQA	..
1993			770 204	..	..	..	..
1994			783 825	769 708	1 005 968	1 005 968	..
1995			926 666	1 067 179	1 194 584	1 194 584	..
1996			1 003 912	1 082 552	1 384 408	1 384 408	..
1997			1 090 032	1 085 939	1 330 475	1 330 475	..
1998			1 023 674	1 223 879	1 377 470	1 377 470	..
1999			1 025 200	1 224 471	1 170 885	1 170 885	..
2000			1 031 341	1 352 122	1 192 583	1 192 583	..
2001			989 670	1 236 154	1 162 459	1 162 459	..
2002			1 021 177	1 087 306	1 115 055	1 115 055	..
2003			1 132 880	1 079 040	1 103 264	1 103 264	..
2004			1 156 732	1 176 542	1 164 350	1 164 350	..
2005			1 108 253	1 196 931	1 214 199	1 214 199	..

Source: Office for National Statistics: 01633 813395

## 12 Construction

### 12.1 Volume of construction output by all agencies<sup>1</sup> by type of work at constant 2000 prices (seasonally adjusted)

Great Britain

£ millions

	Repair and maintenance												All work (seasonally adjusted volume index numbers)	
	New work						Repair and maintenance							
	New housing for			Other new work for			Housing		Other work for		Total repair and main- tenance			
	Public sector	Private sector	Infrastr- ucture	Public sector	Industri- al	Commerci- al	Total new work	Public	Private	Public sector	Private sector	Total all work		
BLAC	BLAD	BAXF	BLAE	BLAF	BLAG	BLAB	BLBK	BLBL	BLAJ	BLAK	BLAH	FGAY	SFXZ	
2003	1 637	9 568	6 734	7 274	3 064	12 095	40 372	6 334	12 264	6 919	11 963	37 480	77 852	112.0
2004	1 972	10 791	5 851	8 062	3 371	12 757	42 804	6 845	12 418	6 643	11 534	37 441	80 245	115.0
2005	1 831	11 232	5 328	7 341	3 582	12 888	42 202	6 730	12 044	7 003	11 562	37 338	79 540	114.0
2006 <sup>2</sup>	2 245	11 454	4 930 <sup>†</sup>	6 969 <sup>†</sup>	3 981	14 616	44 194 <sup>†</sup>	6 527	11 674	6 483	11 576	36 260	80 454 <sup>†</sup>	115.0
2004 Q4	425	2 737	1 293	1 997	894	3 216	10 560	1 704	3 061	1 656	2 917	9 338	19 898	114.0
2005 Q1	485	2 669	1 297	1 867	819	3 053	10 189	1 930	3 015	1 905	2 902	9 752	19 941	114.0
Q2	482	2 875	1 322	1 844	874	3 221	10 618	1 778	3 069	1 712	2 872	9 432	20 049	115.0
Q3	431	2 873	1 386	1 796	909	3 241	10 636	1 530	2 941	1 711	2 958	9 140	19 776	114.0
Q4	434	2 815	1 323	1 833	980	3 373	10 758	1 492	3 019	1 674	2 830	9 015	19 773	114.0
2006 Q1 <sup>3</sup>	563	2 755	1 301	1 807	976	3 398	10 801	1 707	2 961	1 730	2 775	9 174	19 975	115.0
Q2 <sup>3</sup>	596	2 834	1 223	1 741	961	3 540	10 895	1 589	3 019	1 647	2 848	9 103	19 998	115.0
Q3 <sup>3</sup>	563 <sup>†</sup>	2 937 <sup>†</sup>	1 235	1 711	978	3 778	11 201 <sup>†</sup>	1 653	2 804	1 636	2 844	8 935	20 137 <sup>†</sup>	116.0
Q4 <sup>3</sup>	524	2 927	1 170 <sup>†</sup>	1 710 <sup>†</sup>	1 066	3 900	11 297	1 578	2 890	1 471	3 109	9 047	20 344	117.0
2007 Q1 <sup>3</sup>	676	2 823	1 142	1 660	1 037	3 869	11 206	1 712	2 886 <sup>†</sup>	1 499	3 095 <sup>†</sup>	9 191 <sup>†</sup>	20 397	117.0 <sup>†</sup>
Q2 <sup>3</sup>	676	2 824	1 219	1 634	1 024	4 045	11 423	1 542 <sup>†</sup>	3 030	1 430 <sup>†</sup>	3 064	9 066	20 489	118.0
Q3 <sup>2</sup>	625	2 829	1 313	1 722	971	4 245	11 705	1 495	2 846	1 449	3 178	8 968	20 673	119.0

1 Classified to construction in the *Standard Industrial Classification 2003*. Estimates of unrecorded output by small firms and self-employed workers, and output by the public sector's direct labour department are included.

Sources: Department for Business, Enterprise and Regulatory Reform; (formerly the DTI) : 020 7215 1953

2 Provisional.

3 Revised

### 12.2 Value of new orders obtained by contractors for new work<sup>1</sup> at current prices

Great Britain

£ millions

	New housing <sup>2</sup>				Other new work					Total	New work total
	Public and housing association	Private	Total	Infrastructure	Other public	Private industrial	Private commercial				
BLBC	BLBD	FGAU	BAWT	BAWU	BAVV	BAWW	BLBE	FHAA			
2003	1 340	9 471	10 812	4 894	6 142	2 383	9 721	23 139	33 951		
2004	1 697	12 153	13 850	3 772	6 847	2 593	12 026	25 238	39 089		
2005	1 951	13 171	15 122	5 532	6 694	3 421	13 163	28 811	43 932		
2006	2 653	13 468	16 121	4 319	6 162	3 634	17 528	31 643	47 764		
2004 Q4	368	2 858	3 226	828	1 797	735	2 719	6 078	9 305		
2005 Q1	552	3 203	3 756	1 483	1 606	679	3 283	7 052	10 807		
Q2	448	3 605	4 053	1 463	1 693	856	3 248	7 259	11 312		
Q3	390	3 626	4 016	1 488	1 867	842	3 114	7 311	11 328		
Q4	560	2 737	3 297	1 098	1 528	1 044	3 518	7 188	10 485		
2006 Q1	833	3 333	4 166	1 025	1 625	961	4 410	8 021	12 187		
Q2	586	3 704	4 290	1 279	1 375	804	5 133	8 590	12 880		
Q3	696	3 317	4 014	1 089	1 672	955	4 386	8 102	12 116		
Q4	537	3 114	3 651	926	1 491	914	3 599	6 929	10 581		
2007 Q1	1 056	3 473	4 529	1 677	1 651	876	4 189	8 393	12 922		
Q2	707	3 547	4 254	1 533	1 912	851	5 386	9 680	13 934		
Q3 <sup>3</sup>	622	3 141	3 762	1 213	1 981	741	4 542	8 476	12 239		
2007 Mar	429	1 163	1 592	402	554	278	1 526	2 760	4 352		
Apr	261	1 194	1 455	421	511	317	1 590	2 839	4 294		
May	246	1 333	1 579	638	630	261	1 807	3 336	4 915		
Jun	199	1 012	1 220	474	770	273	1 988	3 505	4 725		
Jul <sup>4</sup>	241	1 119	1 360	312 <sup>†</sup>	866	281	1 433	2 892	4 253		
Aug <sup>4</sup>	122 <sup>†</sup>	1 096 <sup>†</sup>	1 218 <sup>†</sup>	309 <sup>†</sup>	521 <sup>†</sup>	276 <sup>†</sup>	1 680 <sup>†</sup>	2 786 <sup>†</sup>	4 004 <sup>†</sup>		
Sep <sup>3</sup>	258	926	1 184	591	594	184	1 429	2 798	3 982		
Oct <sup>3</sup>	178	1 064	1 242	395	608	339	1 258	2 600	3 842		

1 Including the value of speculative building when work starts on site.

Sources: Department for Business, Enterprise and Regulatory Reform; (formerly the DTI)

2 Excluding orders for home improvement work.

3 Provisional

4 Revised

# 12.3 Building materials and components

Great Britain

Monthly averages or calendar months

	Building bricks (millions)		Concrete blocks (000 sq m)		Concrete roofing tiles (000 sq m of roof covered)		Slate <sup>1</sup> (tonnes)		Cement <sup>2,5</sup> (000 tonnes)		Sand and gravel (000 tonnes)	
	Production	Deliveries	Production	Deliveries	Production	Deliveries	Production	Deliveries	Production	Deliveries	Deliveries	Deliveries
1997	BLDA	QXIH	BLDM	QXII	BLDN	QXIJ	BLDQ	QXIK	QXIM	QXIL	BLDP	BLDS
1997	250	254	6 878	6 837	2 080	2 090	8 859	8 636	1 053	996	1 861	7 062
1998	250	248	7 055	7 041	2 082	2 132	8 742	8 546	1 034	988	1 915	7 148
1999	245	252	7 314	7 154	2 164	2 114	8 239	8 330	1 058	978	1 963	6 819
2000	239	241	7 518	7 377	2 230	2 087	7 155	7 495	1 038	988	1 920	7 322
2001	230	235	7 327	7 376	2 069	2 036	7 760	7 852	924	888	1 917	8 121
2002	229	235	7 623	7 612	2 085	2 033	7 913	7 972	924	897	1 883	7 126
2003	231	245	7 973	8 032	1 786	1 783	6 591	6 543	935	923	1 857	6 896
2004	239	236	8 021	7 905	1 728	1 617	..	..	950	923	1 905	6 779
2005	229	214	7 500	7 463	2 143	2 041	..	..	935 <sup>†</sup>	917	1 869	6 708
2006	209	200	7 292	7 251	1 978	2 010	..	..	956 <sup>†</sup>	935	1 919	6 491
2005 Q2	242	236	7 943	8 129	2 501	2 135	..	..	1 008	995	1 998	7 392
Q3	226	220	7 616	7 818	2 045	2 368	..	..	980	974	1 973	7 107
Q4	210	190	6 729	6 573	2 098	2 067	..	..	903	847	1 794	6 017
2006 Q1	206	189	7 052	6 940	2 264	2 262	..	..	882	912	1 815	5 930
Q2	219	213	7 478	7 520	2 001	1 903	..	..	994	965	1 998	7 179
Q3	213	216	7 538	7 870	1 816	2 124	..	..	997	972	2 016	6 905
Q4	199	182	7 102	6 674	1 830	1 929	..	..	950	891	1 847	5 952
2007 Q1	207	191	7 338	7 019	2 206	1 876	..	..	893	926 <sup>†</sup>	1 851	5 863
Q2	214	220	7 511	8 011	1 925	1 909	..	..	1 063	1 020	2 034	6 627 <sup>†</sup>
Q3	208	213	7 749	7 728	1 710	2 180	..	..	1 043	1 004	2 068	6 628 <sup>†</sup>
2005 Nov	219	185	7 207	6 904	..	..	..	..	925	939	..	..
Dec	182	169	5 454	5 374	..	..	..	..	770	690	..	..
2006 Jan	144	169	6 221	6 527	..	..	..	..	743	810	..	..
Feb	210	183	6 788	6 726	..	..	..	..	891	902	..	..
Mar	264	216	8 146	7 568	..	..	..	..	1 013	1 025	..	..
Apr	211	187	6 333	6 489	..	..	..	..	942	857 <sup>†</sup>	..	..
May	211	206	7 679	7 623	..	..	..	..	1 018	994	..	..
Jun	235	246	8 424	8 447	..	..	..	..	1 021	1 044	..	..
Jul	201	210	7 567	7 836	..	..	..	..	1 042	949	..	..
Aug	194	208	7 313	7 864	..	..	..	..	986	977	..	..
Sep	244	230	7 650	7 786	..	..	..	..	962	991	..	..
Oct	210	196	7 823	7 566	..	..	..	..	1 030	985	..	..
Nov	220	198	7 906	7 447	..	..	..	..	1 011 <sup>†</sup>	1 021	..	..
Dec	166	152	5 575	5 010	..	..	..	..	810 <sup>†</sup>	666	..	..
2007 Jan	176	157	6 902	6 191	..	..	..	..	762	836	..	..
Feb	196	175	6 987	6 613	..	..	..	..	860	870	..	..
Mar	250	240	8 125	8 253	..	..	..	..	1 056	1 073	..	..
Apr	200	202	6 645	7 427	..	..	..	..	1 004	939	..	..
May	209	219	7 759	8 299	..	..	..	..	1 113	1 082	..	..
Jun	232	240	8 129	8 307	..	..	..	..	1 071	1 040	..	..
Jul	193	208	8 099	7 882 <sup>†</sup>	..	..	..	..	1 089	1 012	..	..
Aug	188	204	7 021	7 739	..	..	..	..	1 017	1 013	..	..
Sep	242	228	8 128	7 564	..	..	..	..	1 024	987	..	..
Oct	203	211	7 984 <sup>4</sup>	7 812 <sup>4</sup>	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

<sup>1</sup> Excluding slate residue used as fill.<sup>2</sup> United Kingdom; Great Britain from January 2002.<sup>3</sup> United Kingdom; RMX stands for ready mixed concrete.<sup>4</sup> ProvisionalSources: Department for Business, Enterprise and Regulatory Reform;  
(formerly the DTI) : 020 7215 1555

## Construction

# 12.4 Permanent dwellings started and completed

Number

	Starts				Completions			
	Private enterprise	Registered social landlords <sup>1</sup>	Local Authorities	All dwellings	Private enterprise	Registered social landlords <sup>1</sup>	Local Authorities	All dwellings
	LMDB	LMDD	LMDE	LMDF	LMDG	LMDW	LMDY	LMDZ
<b>United Kingdom</b>								
2001/02	177 949	17 292	192	195 433	153 400	21 678	225	175 303
2002/03	178 769	16 342	185	195 296	163 938	19 586	301	183 825
2003/04	193 222	18 771	289	212 282	171 845	18 375	207	190 427
2004/05	204 850	20 665	239	225 754	183 651	22 716	131	206 498
2005/06	210 621	24 166	255	235 042	188 653	24 393	326	213 372
2004 Q3	54 199	3 811	13	58 023	47 335	5 447	19	52 801
Q4	46 965	4 664	9	51 638	50 167	5 891	27	56 085
2005 Q1	48 034	7 812	74	55 920	39 398	6 965	34	46 397
Q2	56 496	4 563	74	61 133	48 301	5 437	138	53 876
Q3	51 592	4 614	6	56 212	43 811	5 811	12	49 634
Q4	47 953	5 537	37	53 527	53 402	5 863	54	59 319
2006 Q1	54 580	9 452	138	64 170	43 139	7 282	122	50 543
Q2	57 527	4 417	121	62 065	50 635 <sup>†</sup>	5 678 <sup>†</sup>	52 <sup>†</sup>	56 365 <sup>†</sup>
Q3	47 290	4 638	38	51 966	43 392	6 200	57	49 649
Q4 <sup>2</sup>	47 647	5 704	31	53 382	48 222	7 194	52	55 468
<b>England</b>								
	BLHC	BLHM	BAEP	BLHA	BLHK	BLHO	BAEX	BLHI
2002/03	139 952	10 906	159	151 017	124 695	13 083	199	137 977
2003/04	148 769	12 347	275	161 391	130 096	13 671	191	143 958
2004/05	159 947	14 391	205	174 543	139 132	16 661	100	155 893
2005/06	167 432	17 226	248	184 906	144 937	18 162	299	163 398
2006/07	156 359	16 828	195	173 382	145 383	21 949	245	167 577
2005 Q2	44 995	4 145	74	49 214	36 712	4 096	114	40 922
Q3	40 755	4 020	5	44 780	33 545	4 372	9	37 926
Q4	38 379	4 325	31	42 735	42 011	4 768	54	46 833
2006 Q1	43 303	4 736	138	48 177	32 669	4 926	122	37 717
Q2	43 011	4 134	93	47 238	38 221	4 872	52	43 145
Q3	36 266	3 862	26	40 154	32 278	5 288	57	37 623
Q4	37 538	4 766	31	42 335	36 564	5 666	46	42 276
2007 Q1	39 544	4 066	45	43 655 <sup>†</sup>	38 320	6 123	90	44 533
Q2	39 399 <sup>†</sup>	3 565 <sup>†</sup>	86 <sup>†</sup>	43 050 <sup>†</sup>	38 874 <sup>†</sup>	4 517 <sup>†</sup>	169 <sup>†</sup>	43 560 <sup>†</sup>
Q3 <sup>2</sup>	38 245	3 951	33	42 229	33 553	4 698	57	38 308
<b>Wales</b>								
	BLIC	BLIM	BAEQ	BLIA	BLIK	BLIO	BAEY	BLII
2002/03	9 014	497	11	9 522	7 522	782	6	8 310
2003/04	9 480	566	14	10 060	7 863	417	16	8 296
2004/05	9 095	381	34	9 510	7 986	475	31	8 492
2005/06	8 613	359	1	8 973	7 883	347	27	8 257
2006/07	8 732	391	12	9 135	8 988	346	—	9 334
2005 Q1	2 413	100	—	2 513	1 474	72	29	1 575
Q2	2 215	104	—	2 319	1 975	81	24	2 080
Q3	2 328	62	1	2 391	1 877	79	3	1 959
Q4	1 683	124	—	1 807	2 085	80	—	2 165
2006 Q1	2 387	69	—	2 456	1 946	107	—	2 053
Q2	2 529	87	—	2 616	2 089	71	—	2 160
Q3	2 316	74	12	2 402	2 172	88	—	2 260
Q4	1 937	91	—	2 028	2 154	91	—	2 245
2007 Q1	1 950	139	—	2 089	2 573	96	—	2 669
Q2	2 739	238	..	2 977	2 503	72	..	2 575

# 12.4 Permanent dwellings started and completed

continued

Number

	Starts				Completions			
	Private enterprise	Registered social landlords <sup>1</sup>	Local Authorities	All dwellings	Private enterprise	Registered social landlords <sup>1</sup>	Local Authorities	All dwellings
	BLFC	BLFM	BAER	BLFA	BLFK	BLFO	BAEZ	BLFI
<b>Scotland</b>								
2001/02	18 486	4 744	43	23 273	18 054	5 479	65	23 598
2002/03	18 491	4 270	15	22 776	18 572	4 695	94	23 361
2003/04	22 302	4 718	—	27 020	19 935	3 727	—	23 662
2004/05	22 609	4 864	—	27 473	21 593	4 752	—	26 345
2005/06	20 621	5 352	6	25 979	19 205	5 102	—	24 307
2004 Q3	6 061	557	—	6 618	5 709	1 411	—	7 120
Q4	4 919	524	—	5 443	5 592	706	—	6 298
2005 Q1	5 364	3 597	—	8 961	4 941	2 016	—	6 957
Q2	5 414	311	—	5 725	5 109	1 157	—	6 266
Q3	4 917	478	—	5 395	4 677	1 170	—	5 847
Q4	4 887	867	6	5 760	4 972	888	—	5 860
2006 Q1	5 403	3 696	—	9 099	4 447	1 887	—	6 334
Q2	8 086	127	28	8 241	5 404	654	—	6 058
Q3	5 154	650	—	5 804	5 111	768	—	5 879
Q4	5 009	774	—	5 783	5 409	895	6	6 310
<b>Northern Ireland</b>								
	BLGC	BLGM	BAES	BLGA	BLGK	BLGO	BAFA	BLGI
2002/03	11 573	669	—	12 242	13 387	1 026	2	14 415
2003/04	12 671	1 140	—	13 811	13 951	560	—	14 511
2004/05	13 199	1 029	—	14 228	14 940	828	—	15 768
2005/06	13 955	1 229	—	15 184	16 628	782	—	17 410
2006/07	13 999	732	—	14 731	16 621	1 327	..	17 948
2005 Q1	3 280	766	—	4 046	3 514	578	—	4 092
Q2	3 872	3	—	3 875	4 505	103	—	4 608
Q3	3 592	54	—	3 646	3 712	190	—	3 902
Q4	3 004	221	—	3 225	4 334	127	—	4 461
2006 Q1	3 487	951	—	4 438	4 077	362	—	4 439
Q2	3 901	69	—	3 970	4 921 <sup>†</sup>	81 <sup>†</sup>	—	5 002 <sup>†</sup>
Q3	3 554	52	—	3 606	3 831	56	—	3 887
Q4	3 163	73	—	3 236	4 095	542	—	4 637
2007 Q1	3 381	538	—	3 919	3 774	648	..	4 422
Q2 <sup>2</sup>	3 324	32	—	3 356	—	..	—	—

<sup>1</sup> Includes non-registered social landlords.<sup>2</sup> Provisional

Sources: Department for Communities and Local Government;

0117 372 8055;

National Assembly for Wales;  
Scottish Development Department;  
Department for Social Development (Northern Ireland)

## 13 Transport

### 13.1 Motor vehicles: new registrations in Great Britain

Thousands

	of which:										
Private and light goods (PLG)	PLG: Bodytype cars	PLG: Others (mainly light goods)	Motorcycles	Other goods vehicles	Public transport vehicles	Agriculture machines	Other licensed vehicles	Vehicles exempt from tax	All vehicles	Of which bodytype cars	
BMAK	BMAA	BMAE	BMAL	BBJY	BBJZ	BBKA	BBKB	BBKC	BBKD	BBKE	
2002	2 815.6	2 528.9	286.9	162.3	44.9	7.7	23.1	8.5	167.2	3 229.5	2 682.1
2003	2 820.7	2 497.1	323.5	157.3	48.4	8.4	24.1	9.5	163.5	3 231.9	2 646.0
2004	2 784.9	2 437.5	347.2	133.7	48.0	8.1	25.0	8.5	177.2	3 185.3	2 599.0
2005	2 603.7	2 266.2	337.0	132.1	51.3	8.9	23.5	9.2	193.2	3 021.4	2 443.5
2006	2 499.1	2 241.7	338.4	131.9	47.9	7.6	24.0	9.4	193.7	2 913.6	2 340.0
2005 Oct	163.8	138.4	25.4	9.3	4.4	0.6	1.5	0.8	16.8	197.3	153.9
Nov	172.4	146.1	26.2	8.4	4.8	0.7	1.4	0.8	15.9	204.3	160.8
Dec	170.8	147.5	23.2	6.2	3.5	0.5	1.0	0.6	12.7	195.3	159.2
2006 Jan	164.6	142.7	22.0	6.4	3.4	0.5	1.2	0.6	12.5	189.2	154.0
Feb	81.4	66.8	14.6	4.9	3.0	0.5	1.3	0.6	9.2	100.9	74.8
Mar	462.4	409.8	52.6	16.8	5.5	1.4	3.2	0.8	24.7	514.8	432.9
Apr	173.5	149.0	24.5	12.1	10.5	1.0	2.5	1.0	15.0	215.6	163.0
May	202.0	173.7	28.3	13.8	1.5	0.6	2.6	0.8	16.6	237.8	189.0
Jun	232.7	201.7	31.0	14.3	2.4	0.5	2.4	0.8	17.5	270.7	217.9
Jul	177.8	153.2	24.6	13.5	2.8	0.4	2.6	0.8	17.2	215.3	169.2
Aug	82.9	66.2	16.6	10.6	2.9	0.3	1.8	0.8	12.8	112.1	77.8
Sep	439.0	392.8	46.2	14.7	7.5	0.8	2.1	0.9	23.8	488.8	415.4
Oct	165.1	137.9	27.3	9.7	2.4	0.6	1.6	0.8	16.4	196.6	153.1
Nov	170.8	142.4	28.4	8.3	3.6	0.5	1.6	1.0	15.8	201.5	157.2
Dec	146.8	124.4	22.4	6.6	2.4	0.4	1.3	0.6	12.2	170.3	135.7
2007 Jan	170.3	148.5	21.9	6.7	2.4	0.6	1.4	0.8	14.8	197.0	161.2
Feb	76.9	62.7	14.4	5.1	1.9	0.4	1.3	0.7	10.6	96.9	71.5
Mar	472.4	420.1	52.3	19.3	4.1	1.0	3.7	1.0	27.8	529.3	445.3
Apr	178.9	152.5	26.4	14.6	3.0	0.9	2.8	0.9	17.8	218.9	167.9
May	197.2	169.3	27.9	14.3	3.1	0.9	2.5	0.9	18.4	237.2	184.8
Jun	235.5	204.0	31.5	14.3	3.5	1.0	2.5	1.0	19.2	277.0	220.6
Jul	185.9	158.2	27.7	12.3	3.3	0.7	3.1	1.0	19.7	226.0	175.3
Aug	79.8	63.8	16.0	10.8	2.7	0.6	2.3	0.8	14.7	111.7	76.2
Sep	442.0	393.5	48.6	17.8	4.8	1.2	2.5	0.9	28.0	497.3	419.1

Source: Department for Transport

### 13.2 Motor vehicles currently licensed as at 31 December<sup>1</sup>

Thousands

	Private and light goods		Motor-cycles, scooters and mopeds	Public transport vehicles <sup>1</sup>	Goods vehicles <sup>2</sup>	Special concession group <sup>3</sup>	Other vehicles <sup>4</sup>	Crown and exempt vehicles	All vehicles
	Private cars	Other vehicles							
BMBJ	BMBK	BMBB	BMBE	BMBD	BMBC	BMBF	BMBL	BMBI	
1995	20 505	2 217	594	74	421	274	115	1 169	25 369
1996	21 172	2 267	609	77	413	254	86	1 424	26 302
1997	21 681	2 317	626	79	414	249	86	1 522	26 974
1998	22 115	2 362	684	80	412	243	84	1 558	27 538
1999	22 785	2 427	760	84	415	241	83	1 573	28 368
2000	23 196	2 469	825	86	418	233	81	1 590	28 898
2001	23 899	2 544	882	89	422	233	76	1 602	29 747
2002	24 543	2 622	941	92	425	243 <sup>5</sup>	79	1 855 <sup>5</sup>	30 557
2003	24 985	2 730	1 005	96	426	258 <sup>5</sup>	78	1 887 <sup>5</sup>	31 207
2004	25 754	2 900	1 060	100	434	275 <sup>5</sup>	82	1 929 <sup>5</sup>	32 259
2005	26 208	3 019	1 075	103	433	283 <sup>5</sup>	81	1 978 <sup>5</sup>	32 897
2006	26 508	3 137	1 094	107	446	289 <sup>5</sup>	86	1 991 <sup>5</sup>	33 369

1 Taxation group now restricted to only vehicles with 9 or more seats.

2 Includes agricultural vans and lorries and showman's goods vehicles licensed to draw trailers.

3 Includes combine harvesters, mowing machines, digging machines, mobile cranes and works trucks. Taxation group subject to revision from 1st July 1995, formerly termed the "agricultural and special machines" group.

4 Includes three-wheelers, pedestrian controlled vehicles and showman's haw-lage.

5 Vehicles in this taxation class are exempt from duty and form part of the "Crown and Exempt" taxation class with effect from January 2002.

Source: Department for Transport

## 13.3 Index numbers of road traffic and goods transport by road

Average 1995=100

Index of vehicle kilometres travelled on roads in Great Britain									
Motor traffic									
	All motor traffic	Two-wheeled motor vehicles	Cars	Buses and coaches	Light vans <sup>1</sup>	Total	Articulated <sup>2</sup>	Pedal cycles	Index of tonne-kilometres of road goods transport <sup>3,4</sup>
1999	BLUV	BMCO	BMCJ	BMCP	BMCK	BMCL	BMCQ	BMCM	BMCN
1999	109	120	107	108	116	111	115	98	104
2000 <sup>4</sup>	109	122	107	105	117	111	115	100	105
2001	110	130	109	106	121	111	115	102	104
2002	113	138	112	106	124	111	116	107	104
2003	114	151	112	110	130	112	..	110	106
2004	116	141	113	106	137	116	..	102	106
2005	116	146	113	106	141	114	..	107	106
2006	118	141	115	110	144	115	..	112	108
<b>Seasonally adjusted</b>									
2004 Q4	118	..	114	..	160	99	..	90	107
2005 Q1	122	..	119	..	166	101	..	101	106
Q2	115	..	111	..	158	99	..	106	107
Q3	110	..	106	..	155	95	..	113	107
Q4	117	..	114	..	164	97	..	90	104
2006 Q1	125	..	120	..	175	103	..	..	105
Q2	115	..	111	..	163	100	..	..	106
Q3	111	..	108	..	157	95	..	..	110
Q4	120	..	117	..	165	95	..	..	112
2007 Q1 <sup>5</sup>	126	..	121	..	181	101	..	..	..
Q2 <sup>5</sup>	116	..	111	..	177	100	..	..	..
Q3 <sup>5</sup>	113	..	107	..	175	97	..	..	..

1 Not exceeding 3.5 tonnes gross vehicle weight. Includes all car based vans and those of the next larger capacity such as transit vans.

gross vehicle weight. The quarterly figures relate to 13-week periods and not three calendar months.

2 Goods vehicles up to 3.5 tonnes gross vehicle weight.

4 Figures affected by September 2000 fuel protest.

3 The figures for road goods transport are estimated from a continuing sample enquiry; excluding estimates of work done by vehicles under 3.5 tonnes

5 Provisional.

Source: Department for Transport: 020 7944 3095

## 13.4 Road casualties in Great Britain

Number

Total casualties			Severity			All severities			
All ages	Under 16 years	Killed	Seriously injured	Slightly injured	Pedestrians	Pedal cyclists	Motor cyclists and their passengers <sup>1</sup>	Other drivers and their passengers	
BMDA	BMDB	BMDC	BMDD	BMDE	BMDF	BMDG	BMDH	BMDI	
2000	320 283	39 715	3 409	38 155	278 719	42 033	20 612	28 212	
2001	313 309	38 269	3 450	37 110	272 749	40 577	19 114	28 810	
2002	302 605	34 689	3 431	35 976	263 198	38 784	17 107	28 353	
2003	290 607	31 988	3 508	33 707	253 392	36 405	17 033	28 411	
2004	280 840	31 000	3 221	31 130	246 489	34 881	16 648	25 641	
2005	271 017	28 126	3 201	28 954	238 862	33 281	16 561	24 824	
2006	258 404	25 523	3 172	28 673	226 559	30 982	16 196	23 326	
2004 Q1	65 814	6 853	703	7 096	58 015	8 833	3 168	4 794	
Q2	69 430	8 616	825	8 184	60 421	8 531	4 752	7 287	
Q3	70 743	8 400	801	7 968	61 974	7 969	5 031	7 518	
Q4	74 853	7 131	892	7 882	66 079	9 548	3 697	6 042	
2005 Q1	62 037	6 066	740	6 301	54 996	8 097	2 884	4 692	
Q2	67 547	7 787	727	7 322	59 498	8 549	4 527	7 006	
Q3	68 616	7 646	818	7 598	60 200	7 618	5 249	7 304	
Q4	72 817	6 627	916	7 733	64 168	9 017	3 901	5 822	
2006 Q1	59 358	5 283	697	6 310	52 351	7 442	3 004	4 060	
Q2	62 594	6 848	743	7 145	54 706	7 467	4 274	6 251	
Q3	67 333	7 157	838	7 626	58 869	7 243	5 179	7 271	
Q4	69 119	6 235	894	7 592	60 633	8 830	3 739	5 744	
2007 Q1	59 177	5 511	685	6 513	51 980	7 657	3 200	4 597	

1 Includes riders and passengers of mopeds, motor scooters and combinations.

Source: Department for Transport: 020 7944 6595

## Transport

# 13.5 Local (stage) bus services: vehicle kilometres and passenger journeys

Great Britain

Millions

	London <sup>1</sup>	English metropolitan areas	English shire counties	England	Scotland	Wales	All Great Britain	All outside London	All outside London and English metropolitan areas
<b>Vehicle kilometres<sup>2</sup></b>									
BAJO	BAJP	BAJQ	BAJR	BAJS	BAJT	BAJU	BAJV	BAJW	
1999/00	366	661	1 160	2 186	363	123	2 673	2 307	1 646
2000/01	373	656	1 134	2 164	369	126	2 659	2 286	1 630
2001/02	379	647	1 102	2 128	368	126	2 622	2 243	1 596
2002/03	406	631	1 082	2 119	374	123	2 616	2 210	1 579
2003/04	474	596	1 063	2 133	369	113	2 615	2 141	1 545
2004/05	470	575	1 088	2 133	366	116	2 614	2 144	1 569
2005/06	465	547	1 086	2 098	357	115	2 570	2 105	1 558
2006/07	465	584	1 113	2 162	377	124	2 663	2 198	1 614
<b>Passenger journeys<sup>2</sup></b>									
BAJX	BAJY	BAJZ	BAKA	BAKB	BAKC	BAKD	BAKE	BAKF	
1999/00	1 294	1 213	1 297	3 804	455	117	4 376	3 082	1 869
2000/01	1 347	1 203	1 292	3 842	458	119	4 420	3 073	1 869
2001/02	1 422	1 196	1 263	3 881	466	108	4 455	3 033	1 836
2002/03	1 527	1 182	1 255	3 964	471	115	4 550	3 022	1 840
2003/04	1 692	1 162	1 233	4 087	478	116	4 681	2 988	1 827
2004/05	1 777	1 131	1 213	4 121	479	118	4 718	2 941	1 809
2005/06	1 799	1 117	1 198	4 113	477	118	4 708	2 909	1 792
2006/07	1 993	1 109	1 269	4 371	482	119	4 972	2 979	1 870

1 Passenger journey statistics for London may not be consistent with those published by Transport for London.

Source: Department for Transport: 020 7944 3076

2 There have been revisions to kilometres and journeys based on new data from bus operators and local authorities.

# 13.6 Local (stage) bus services: fare indices

Great Britain

1995=100

	London	English metropolitan areas	English shire counties	England	Scotland	Wales	All Great Britain	All outside London	All outside London and English metropolitan areas
1999/00 <sup>1</sup>	117.2	124.6	122.0	121.5	125.3	122.2	122.0	123.4	122.8
2000/01 <sup>1</sup>	117.2	129.9	128.6	125.9	129.9	127.5	126.4	129.2	128.9
2001/02 <sup>1</sup>	115.5	137.4	135.1	130.3	131.8	133.5	130.6	135.3	134.4
2002/03 <sup>1</sup>	114.8	142.7	141.7	134.2	134.5	139.5	134.5	140.8	139.9
2003/04 <sup>1</sup>	116.9	148.1	148.5	139.1	136.8	145.5	139.1	146.3	145.4
2004/05 <sup>1</sup>	126.8	154.1	155.6	146.1	140.3	152.1	145.6	152.5	152.6
2005/06 <sup>1</sup>	139.7	166.1	165.4	155.4	144.3	157.3	154.2	161.9	162.9
2006/07 <sup>1</sup>	151.5	168.3	158.8	156.1	151.5	167.0	155.7	160.3	170.5
BAKG	BAKH	BAKI	BAKJ	BAKK	BAKL	BAKM	BAKN	BAKO	
2003 Q2	115.1	145.6	146.1	136.8	136.4	142.1	137.0	144.1	143.4
Q3	115.1	147.2	147.5	137.8	136.6	144.1	137.9	145.4	144.6
Q4	115.1	148.2	148.9	138.6	137.0	147.6	138.8	146.7	146.0
2004 Q1	122.2	151.3	151.4	143.0	137.3	148.3	142.5	148.9	147.6
Q2	122.2	152.2	153.1	143.9	139.7	149.5	143.6	150.4	149.4
Q3	122.2	152.8	154.2	144.5	139.7	151.9	144.2	151.3	150.4
Q4	122.2	154.6	157.0	146.0	140.8	153.1	145.7	153.4	152.2
2005 Q1	140.7	157.0	158.2	150.0	141.1	153.9	149.1	154.8	158.5
Q2	140.7	160.6	160.8	152.1	142.7	154.4	151.1	157.5	160.6
Q3 <sup>2</sup>	137.7	164.4	162.6	153.2	142.8	155.7	152.1	159.7	160.8
Q4	131.7	166.4	166.8	154.1	144.2	158.3	153.1	162.8	158.8
2006 Q1	148.7	173.1	171.3	162.3	147.6	160.9	160.6	167.6	171.4
Q2	148.7	166.2	155.6	153.3	150.7	166.1	153.2	157.9	167.9
Q3 <sup>2</sup>	147.7	166.4	157.1	153.8	150.7	166.3	153.8	158.8	167.4
Q4	145.7	167.1	160.7	155.0	151.6	166.4	154.9	161.0	166.7
2007 Q1	164.0	173.4	161.8	162.2	152.7	169.3	161.1	163.7	180.0
Q2	164.0	175.6	164.0	163.9	154.1	172.9	162.9	165.7	181.3
Q3	164.0	176.0	167.5	165.9	153.7	175.4	164.8	167.8	181.7

1 Owing to rounding financial year data may differ slightly from that published by DfT.

Source: Department for Transport: 020 7944 4139

2 London bus fares reduced overall in Q3 owing to TfL's free travel scheme for children aged 11 to 15, introduced in September 2005 and students aged 16 & 17 in September 2006.

## 13.7 National Rail and London Underground

Millions

	National Rail: passenger kilometres by ticket type			London Underground: passenger journeys <sup>1,2</sup>		
	Ordinary fares	Season tickets	Total	Full and reduced fares	Season tickets	Total
1999/00	28 030	10 443	38 472	477	450	927
2000/01	27 245	10 933	38 179	486	484	970
2001/02	28 149	10 992	39 141	491	462	953
2002/03	28 394	11 284	39 678	495	446	942
2003/04	28 945	11 967	40 911	491	457	948
2004/05	29 390	12 372	41 762	486	490	976
2005/06	30 011	13 200	43 211	460	510	970
2006/07	32 526	13 971	46 497			
	BMGB	BMGD	BMGA	BMGF	BMGG	BMGE
2003 Q3	7 351	3 075	10 426	127	106	233
Q4	7 332	2 889	10 221	127	119	246
2004 Q1	6 935	3 294	10 229	117	121	238
Q2	7 233	2 945	10 177	120	119	239
Q3	7 421	3 144	10 565	124	117	241
Q4	7 721	3 038	10 759	127	125	252
2005 Q1	7 015	3 245	10 260	115	129	244
Q2	7 632	3 200	10 832	120	131	251
Q3	7 172	3 400	10 572	107	127	234
Q4	7 975	3 100	11 075	121	119	240
2006 Q1	7 231	3 500	10 731	113	133	246
Q2	7 930	3 249	11 180	119	126	245
Q3	8 062	3 472	11 534	125	125	250
Q4	8 301	3 535	11 836	128	129	256
2007 Q1	8 234	3 714	11 948	125	116	241
Q2	8 257	3 588	11 845	130	118	248

1 The annual figures are greater than the sum of the four quarters owing to year end revision by Transport for London.

2 London Underground data partly estimated.

Sources: Office of Rail Regulation: [www.rail-reg.gov.uk](http://www.rail-reg.gov.uk); Department for Transport: 020 7944 3076

## 13.8 National Rail: freight traffic

	National Rail <sup>1</sup>			
	Freight lifted: million tonnes			Freight moved <sup>4</sup> Billion net tonne kilometres
	Coal and coke	Other traffic	Total	
	BMHB	BMHD	BMHA	BMHE
2002	41.1	46.4	87.5	18 520
2003	42.4	46.9	89.3	18 874
2004	48.8	49.9	98.7	20 347
2005	53.5	49.3	102.8	21 703
2006	50.2	59.6	109.8	22 106
2003 Q3	8.6	13.8	22.4	4 737
Q4	8.9	13.0	21.9	4 642
2004 Q1	9.0	13.7	22.6	4 881
Q2 <sup>2</sup>	10.6	14.4	25.0	4 995
Q3	10.6	14.4	25.0	5 196
Q4	11.3	14.4	25.7	5 065
2005 Q1	11.4	13.9	25.4	5 091
Q2 <sup>3</sup>	9.6	16.2	25.8	5 243
Q3	8.8	15.6	24.5	5 674
Q4	10.6	17.2	27.8	5 418
2006 Q1	10.9	16.5	27.4	5 368
Q2	10.9	16.9	27.8	5 715
Q3	9.8	16.3	26.1	5 772
Q4	10.7	16.4	27.1	5 248
2007 Q1	9.9	16.6	26.5	5 371
Q2	9.5	16.0	25.5	5 480

1 Freight train traffic only.

2 There is a break in the series between 2004 Q1 and 2004 Q2, due to a change in the method of data collection.

3 There is a further break in the series between 2005 Q1 and 2005 Q2, since the 2005 Q2 figures onwards include some of the tonnes lifted by an additional Freight Operating Company.

4 The total does not include infrastructure.

Note: The freight lifted series has been revised. Previously the coal figure for one of the freight operating companies included iron ore. Iron ore has now been correctly assigned to the 'other' category. This revision did not affect the total figures, but caused a reduction in the coal and coke figures and an increase in the 'other' category.

Source: Office of Rail Regulation: [www.rail-reg.gov.uk](http://www.rail-reg.gov.uk)

## Transport

# 13.9 UK airlines: aircraft kilometres flown, passengers and cargo uplifted<sup>1</sup>

Tonne-kilometres and seat kilometres used on scheduled services

Monthly averages or calendar months: thousands or tonnes

	All services			Domestic services			International services		
	Aircraft kilometres flown (000's)	Passenger uplifted (000's)	Cargo uplifted (tonnes)	Aircraft kilometres flown (000's)	Passenger uplifted (000's)	Cargo uplifted (tonnes)	Aircraft kilometres flown (000's)	Passenger uplifted (000's)	Cargo uplifted (tonnes)
	BMIA	BMIB	BMIC	BMID	BMIE	BMIF	BMIG	BMIH	BMII
2000	1 012 008	70 066.50	897 864	120 270	17 987.90	24 361	891 738	50 120.80	873 512
2001	1 054 939	70 034.40	741 623	128 125	18 331.60	19 560	920 814	51 703.10	722 061
2002	1 047 400	72 708.90	769 519	125 758	19 992.70	16 800	921 643	52 717.60	752 713
2003	1 082 392	76 207.10	799 406	121 260	20 730.90	17 158	964 140	55 476.30	782 232
2004	1 204 698	86 048.90	905 622	138 790	22 539.70	14 928	1 065 908	63 508.60	890 720
2005	1 324 222	93 602.90	921 406	147 468	23 128.40	10 012	1 177 063	70 474.70	911 405
2006	1 400 167	97 543.37	946 267	149 582	22 852.81	8 399	1 582 588	70 330.50	940 321
2003 Mar	87 376	5 957.40	67 861	9 772	1 570.40	1 315	77 604	4 387.00	66 546
Apr	86 156	6 093.30	61 770	9 720	1 725.60	1 238	76 436	4 367.70	60 533
May	90 575	6 401.70	66 677	10 212	1 760.60	1 263	80 363	4 641.20	65 414
Jun	91 856	6 839.10	65 786	9 676	1 799.00	1 451	82 188	5 040.10	64 317
Jul	96 889	7 218.40	63 722	10 563	1 911.90	1 852	86 326	5 306.50	61 870
Aug	97 406	7 439.60	64 416	10 359	1 958.30	1 305	87 047	5 481.30	63 112
Sep	91 047	6 979.00	67 516	10 147	1 868.10	1 676	83 900	5 110.90	65 841
Oct	97 142	6 893.00	73 931	11 365	1 905.60	1 455	85 777	4 987.40	72 476
Nov	91 188	6 082.70	76 014	10 671	1 761.80	1 649	80 517	4 320.90	74 364
Dec	88 924	5 780.30	72 539	9 979	1 609.30	1 387	78 945	4 171.00	71 152
2004 Jan	92 746	5 637.40	66 296	10 547	1 507.30	1 360	82 199	4 130.20	64 937
Feb	88 947	6 028.90	72 876	10 421	1 678.80	1 328	78 526	4 350.20	71 548
Mar	96 622	6 784.00	81 275	11 550	1 853.30	1 524	85 072	4 930.10	79 751
Apr	97 529	7 063.00	71 670	11 554	1 898.00	1 402	85 975	5 165.00	70 267
May	103 598	7 270.90	77 514	11 336	1 822.30	995	92 262	5 448.60	76 518
Jun	103 317	7 893.40	73 777	11 883	1 971.00	1 209	91 434	5 922.50	72 562
Jul	106 835	8 326.10	75 298	11 741	2 098.00	1 208	95 094	6 228.00	74 090
Aug	105 970	8 234.70	71 329	11 984	2 073.60	1 341	93 986	6 161.10	69 989
Sep	111 635	7 848.40	74 822	12 730	1 997.50	1 253	98 905	5 850.90	73 570
Oct	103 048	7 602.00	79 973	11 868	1 976.10	1 559	91 180	5 625.80	78 415
Nov	96 562	6 665.70	80 749	12 000	1 875.10	858	84 562	4 790.60	79 891
Dec	97 889	6 694.40	80 043	11 176	1 788.70	891	86 713	4 905.60	79 182
2005 Jan	100 014	6 375.30	71 101	11 494	1 590.70	646	88 828	4 784.60	70 455
Feb	92 589	6 291.80	72 159	10 815	1 654.40	773	81 774	4 637.30	71 387
Mar	104 148	7 559.20	80 413	11 880	1 904.80	908	92 268	5 654.40	79 506
Apr	107 874	7 646.60	74 458	12 240	1 914.80	782	95 634	5 731.80	73 676
May	115 294	8 073.20	75 346	12 700	1 970.20	806	102 594	6 103.00	74 548
Jun	115 219	8 560.30	74 797	11 537	2 003.50	1 259	103 682	6 556.90	73 538
Jul	121 204	9 098.20	76 106	13 472	2 145.50	930	107 732	6 952.80	75 176
Aug	119 731	9 009.40	69 614	13 136	2 109.20	820	106 595	6 900.20	68 794
Sep	117 645	8 738.10	76 595	12 972	2 067.50	806	104 673	6 670.70	75 789
Oct	118 905	8 367.90	83 404	12 983	2 045.70	781	105 922	6 322.20	82 624
Nov	105 519	6 982.00	83 838	12 641	1 920.00	806	92 879	5 062.00	83 032
Dec	106 080	6 900.90	83 575	11 598	1 802.10	695	94 482	5 098.80	82 880
2006 Jan	109 075	6 609.20	77 962	12 233	1 623.60	605	96 842	4 985.60	80 358
Feb	100 291	6 663.50	73 672	11 511	1 679.70	733	420 780	4 983.90	72 939
Mar	112 867	7 766.20	87 093	12 942	1 923.80	785	99 928	5 842.30	86 308
Apr	115 300	8 344.60	78 401	12 287	1 934.90	667	103 013	6 409.80	77 734
May	123 296	8 610.70	78 236	13 276	1 997.00	673	110 020	6 613.60	77 562
Jun	122 920	9 022.30	78 635	13 388	2 026.20	824	109 532	6 996.10	77 811
Jul	127 129	9 560.00	78 551	12 358	2 110.60	733	114 771	7 449.30	77 818
Aug	125 321	9 130.70	72 886	12 664	1 985.20	706	112 657	7 145.50	72 180
Sep	122 265	8 884.61	78 162	12 372	1 963.90	735	109 893	2 560.70	77 426
Oct	122 796	8 547.26	80 873	12 833	1 998.20	696	109 963	6 549.10	80 178
Nov	109 734	7 278.19	82 498	12 746	1 909.17	661	96 988	5 369.00	81 836
Dec	109 173	7 126.11	79 298	10 972	1 700.54	581	98 201	5 425.60	78 171
2007 Jan	112 520	6 777.62	69 074	12 226	1 603.85	552	100 294	5 173.77	68 521
Feb	103 514	6 719.52	69 916	11 188	1 584.33	511	92 326	5 135.20	69 406
Mar	117 693	8 136.98	80 329	11 807	1 854.90	507	105 886	6 282.08	79 285
Apr	119 474	8 399.73	74 499	11 657	1 839.31	489	107 817	6 560.42	74 010
May	128 578	8 818.93	78 294	12 549	1 945.83	597	116 029	6 873.10	77 696
Jun	129 893	9 320.46	78 513	11 865	1 920.12	607	118 028	7 400.64	77 906
Jul	135 183	9 948.59	78 258	12 074	1 986.97	627	123 109	7 961.62	77 630
Aug	136 531	10 102.62	77 714	12 060	1 964.31	556	124 471	8 138.32	77 157
Sep	130 704	9 521.16	78 617	11 721	1 937.67	621	118 983	7 583.50	77 996

# 13.9 UK airlines: aircraft kilometres flown, passengers and cargo uplifted<sup>1</sup>

Tonne-kilometres and seat kilometres used on scheduled services

continued

Monthly averages or calendar months: thousands or tonnes

	All services (thousand tonne-kilometres)												International services (thousand tonne-kilometres)												
	Seat kilometres used (millions)				Seat kilometres used (millions)				Seat kilometres used (millions)				Seat kilometres used (millions)				Seat kilometres used (millions)				Seat kilometres used (millions)				
	Mail	Freight	Passenger		Mail	Freight	Passenger		Mail	Freight	Passenger		Mail	Freight	Passenger		Mail	Freight	Passenger		Mail	Freight	Passenger		
BMJ	BMIK	BMLI	BMIM		BMIN	BMIO	BMIP		BMIQ	BMR	BMIS	BMIT		BMIU											
2000	179 239	5 160 794	16 495 712	170 323.5	3 647	5 712	636 636	7 843.8	175 522	5 155 082	15 857 076	162 800.594													
2001	101 886	4 548 053	15 264 370	158 717.7	3 539	4 089	649 744	7 658.1	98 347	4 544 144	14 614 626	151 059.594													
2002	56 551	4 940 528	15 042 639	156 582.0	2 797	3 605	703 521	8 330.2	53 754	4 936 923	14 339 173	148 252.000													
2003	55 082	5 250 490	15 376 586	166 445.2	3 067	3 480	737 791	8 991.9	52 015	5 247 010	14 638 795	157 453.406													
2004	80 859	5 698 327	16 480 406	182 728.0	2 619	2 621	780 832	9 530.6	78 240	5 695 706	15 699 574	173 196.703													
2005	89 299	5 998 434	14 980 897	200 333.0	277	2 652	783 849	9 789.5	90 022	5 995 782	14 197 048	190 543.297													
2006	99 322	6 215 021	15 095 677	213 335.6	85	2 285	772 537	9 798.3	99 237	6 213 036	15 322 905	203 537.109 <sup>t</sup>													
2003 Mar	4 598	533 143	1 166 617	14 960.3	248	294	56 243	740.2	4 350	532 849	1 110 374	14 220.000													
Apr	3 988	406 914	1 156 061	12 905.8	238	261	62 030	764.1	3 750	406 653	1 094 031	12 141.800													
May	3 817	440 143	1 208 511	13 560.2	211	292	62 484	792.5	3 606	439 851	1 146 027	12 767.600													
Jun	3 798	421 332	1 347 807	14 704.8	258	330	63 998	812.9	3 540	421 002	1 283 809	13 892.000													
Jul	3 819	401 962	1 440 374	15 096.7	275	344	68 416	812.4	3 544	401 618	1 371 958	14 284.400													
Aug	4 239	409 606	1 496 153	15 650.2	257	235	69 041	819.3	3 982	409 371	1 427 112	14 831.000													
Sep	4 072	439 999	1 381 055	14 470.8	290	323	66 310	788.1	3 782	439 676	1 314 745	13 682.700													
Oct	4 943	480 572	1 376 472	14 477.7	224	342	67 791	805.5	4 719	480 230	1 308 681	13 672.200													
Nov	5 942	494 564	1 281 768	13 435.3	296	293	62 346	742.8	5 646	494 271	1 219 422	12 692.500													
Dec	9 248	455 395	1 297 180	13 449.3	304	258	57 589	683.8	8 944	455 137	1 239 591	12 765.500													
2004 Jan	5 761	414 252	1 267 150	13 135.4	253	239	53 713	637.9	5 508	414 013	1 213 437	12 497.500													
Feb	5 471	460 557	1 217 118	12 803.9	269	255	59 429	708.8	5 202	460 302	1 157 689	12 095.200													
Mar	5 777	517 345	1 401 143	14 742.4	303	284	65 862	784.2	5 474	517 061	1 335 281	13 958.200													
Apr	6 703	458 300	1 424 524	15 126.0	257	280	67 361	805.6	6 446	458 020	1 357 163	14 320.300													
May	7 198	498 549	1 433 682	15 158.5	229	173	64 696	769.1	6 969	498 376	1 368 986	14 389.400													
Jun	6 319	453 879	1 467 827	16 431.9	249	213	67 354	835.6	6 070	453 666	1 400 473	15 596.400													
Jul	5 769	475 814	1 561 267	17 455.4	243	171	72 371	892.5	5 526	475 643	1 488 896	16 562.699													
Aug	5 375	452 747	1 534 320	17 127.3	218	144	71 348	874.3	5 157	452 603	1 462 972	16 253.000													
Sep	6 133	454 903	1 436 946	16 150.1	236	245	67 842	841.6	5 897	454 658	1 369 104	15 308.000													
Oct	6 272	500 028	1 353 461	15 680.3	242	262	67 378	838.0	6 030	499 766	1 286 083	14 842.300													
Nov	7 895	513 126	1 170 601	14 220.2	46	182	63 090	789.4	7 849	512 944	1 107 511	13 430.700													
Dec	12 186	498 827	1 212 367	14 696.6	74	173	60 388	753.6	12 112	498 654	1 151 979	13 943.000													
2005 Jan	8 289	454 494	1 094 967	14 699.2	21	155	53 344	670.1	8 268	454 339	1 041 623	14 029.100													
Feb	8 020	447 848	966 971	13 593.9	52	194	55 423	696.1	7 968	447 654	911 548	12 897.800													
Mar	7 579	509 500	1 220 722	16 298.2	61	211	63 589	803.1	7 518	509 289	1 157 133	15 495.100													
Apr	7 218	491 439	1 217 590	16 194.3	33	188	64 716	809.8	7 185	491 251	1 152 874	15 384.500													
May	6 788	494 285	1 255 675	16 670.6	16	223	66 491	833.9	6 772	494 062	1 189 184	15 836.700													
Jun	6 316	473 969	1 346 995	17 990.4	16	297	67 803	848.8	6 300	473 672	1 279 192	17 141.600													
Jul	6 007	492 762	1 443 304	19 205.0	17	258	73 143	916.0	5 990	492 504	1 370 161	18 289.000													
Aug	5 372	461 964	1 408 459	18 659.9	18	232	71 931	893.5	5 354	461 732	1 336 528	17 766.400													
Sep	5 278	509 140	1 371 706	18 258.1	15	226	70 309	876.8	6 263	508 914	1 301 397	17 381.199													
Oct	6 827	561 179	1 330 099	17 735.2	7	240	69 946	869.6	6 820	560 939	1 260 153	16 865.600													
Nov	8 307	551 188	1 146 070	15 396.4	10	237	65 479	809.4	8 297	550 951	1 080 591	14 587.000													
Dec	13 298	550 666	1 178 339	15 631.8	11	191	61 675	762.4	13 287	550 475	1 116 664	14 869.300													
2006 Jan	7 171	511 467	1 111 055	15 538.5	7	154	55 749	686.1	7 164	511 313	1 054 801	14 852.400													
Feb	6 279	479 895	1 092 572	14 402.3	6	189	57 906	712.9	6 273	479 706	1 034 666	13 689.400													
Mar	7 034	576 299	1 277 807	16 981.8	9	193	65 822	813.3	7 025	576 106	1 211 985	16 168.500													
Apr	7 156	518 472	1 384 501	18 179.9	7	158	65 911	819.6	7 151	518 314	1 318 590	17 360.301													
May	6 964	517 240	1 387 018	18 215.0	7	178	68 700	850.1	6 957	517 062	1 318 318	17 364.801													
Jun	7 307	521 956	1 484 171	19 469.5	6	223	72 245	862.4	7 301	521 733	1 411 926	18 607.199													
Jul	6 799	519 585	1 561 182	20 625.5	6	212	65 463	900.8	6 793	519 373	1 495 719	19 724.699													
Aug	7 192	486 701	1 495 475	19 719.7	8	216	64 117	836.3	7																

# 13.10 Merchant vessels registered in the United Kingdom (500 GT and over)<sup>1</sup>

	Bulk, tanker and dry			Other			Total		
	Number	GT million	DWT million	Number	GT million	DWT million	Number	GT million	DWT million
2000	BMJG	BMJH	BMJI	BMJJ	BMJK	BMJL	BMJM	BMJN	BMJO
	167	4.8	8.6	304	4.7	3.4	471	9.5	12.0
2001	194	5.5	9.6	340	5.2	4.0	534	10.7	13.6
2002	229	6.0	10.3	381	6.5	5.3	610	12.5	15.6
2003	262	7.7	12.7	461	8.3	7.0	723	16.0	19.7
2004	293	8.5	14.0	461	8.4	7.5	754	16.9	21.6
2005	323	9.9	16.7	472	8.9	8.2	795	18.8	24.9
2006	331	10.4	17.3	483	9.4	8.7	814	19.8	26.1
<b>End Quarter</b>									
2002 Q3	225	5.9	10.2	368	6.1	4.8	593	12.0	15.0
Q4	229	6.0	10.3	381	6.5	5.3	610	12.5	15.6
2003 Q1	236	6.4	11.0	392	6.7	5.5	628	13.1	16.4
Q2	246	7.0	11.5	431	7.4	6.2	677	14.4	17.7
Q3	250	7.2	11.8	442	7.7	6.5	692	14.9	18.4
Q4	262	7.7	12.7	461	8.3	7.0	723	16.0	19.7
2004 Q1	268	8.1	13.4	475	8.9	7.7	743	17.0	21.1
Q2	279	8.3	13.8	470	9.0	7.8	749	17.3	21.6
Q3	295	8.5	14.1	465	8.7	7.7	760	17.2	21.8
Q4	293	8.5	14.0	461	8.4	7.5	754	16.9	21.6
2005 Q1	306	9.1	15.2	459	8.4	7.7	765	17.5	23.0
Q2	311	9.4	15.8	472	8.6	7.9	783	18.0	23.8
Q3	315	9.8	16.5	474	8.8	8.0	789	18.5	24.5
Q4	323	9.9	16.7	472	8.9	8.2	795	18.8	24.9
2006 Q1	326	9.8	16.4	466	8.7	7.9	792	18.5	24.3
Q2	335	10.3	17.2	467	9.0	8.3	802	19.2	25.5
Q3	334	10.4	17.3	478	9.4	8.7	812	19.8	26.0
Q4	331	10.4	17.3	483	9.4	8.7	814	19.8	26.1
2007 Q1	331	10.3	17.3	487	9.6	8.8	818	19.9	26.1
Q2	334	10.4	17.4	488	9.7	8.8	822	20.1	26.2

<sup>1</sup> Covers vessels registered within the United Kingdom, the Channel Isles and the Isle of Man.

Source: Department for Transport

# 13.11 UK passenger movement by sea and air<sup>1</sup>

Thousands

Inward											
	Sea					Air					
	Irish Republic	Other EU	Rest of Europe and Mediterranean Sea area	Rest of world	Pleasure cruises <sup>2</sup>	Total	Irish Republic	Other EU	Rest of Europe and Mediterranean Sea area	Rest of world	
2004	BMKC	BMKD	BMKE	BMKF	BMKG	BMKB	BMKI	BMKJ	BMKK	BMKL	BMKH
	1 808	10 950	119	19	384	13 279	5 423	41 729	11 215	24 903	83 268
2005	1 664	10 040	103	27	461	12 295	5 898	43 522	13 640	25 891	88 951
2006	1 574	10 006	78	29	505	12 191	6 191	44 457	15 280	26 653	92 582
2004 Q4	315	2 189	19	3	60	2 586	1 345	9 138	2 635	5 889	19 006
2005 Q1	278	1 548	18	..	11	1 854	1 310	8 072	2 644	6 004	18 030
Q2	444	2 752	34	14	151	3 395	1 502	11 633	3 471	6 693	23 299
Q3	653	3 696	41	7	221	4 618	1 627	14 446	4 439	7 167	27 679
Q4	289	2 044	10	6	78	2 428	1 459	9 371	3 086	6 027	19 943
2006 Q1	224	1 568	11	—	15	1 818	1 412	8 109	3 082	6 128	18 731
Q2	441	2 844	25	12	173	3 495	1 627	12 071	3 940	7 017	24 655
Q3	620	3 603	33	13	241	4 509	1 674	14 733	4 893	7 341	28 642
Q4	289	1 991	10	4	75	2 370	1 478	9 544	3 365	6 167	20 554
2007 Q1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1 377	8 341	3 313	6 378	19 409
Q2	..	..	..	..	..	..	1 586	12 294	4 125	7 059	25 064
Q3	..	..	..	..	..	..	1 675	15 432	5 245	7 568	29 921
Outward											
	Sea					Air					
	Irish Republic	Other EU	Rest of Europe and Mediterranean Sea area	Rest of world	Pleasure cruises <sup>2</sup>	Total	Irish Republic	Other EU	Rest of Europe and Mediterranean Sea area	Rest of world	
2004	BMKO	BMKP	BMKQ	BMKR	BMKS	BMKN	BMKU	BMKV	BMKW	BMKX	BMLT
	1 848	10 955	119	22	384	13 327	5 403	41 584	11 155	24 880	83 021
2005	1 715	10 067	104	24	474	12 384	5 894	43 400	13 556	25 788	88 637
2006	1 647	10 084	76	29	501	12 338	6 166	44 304	15 138	26 591	92 201
2004 Q4	335	2 247	20	4	69	2 675	1 350	8 862	2 618	6 341	19 171
2005 Q1	290	1 539	19	—	7	1 855	1 300	8 102	2 589	5 924	17 915
Q2	448	2 740	33	11	163	3 395	1 472	11 918	3 490	6 091	22 971
Q3	675	3 672	41	6	223	4 618	1 656	14 288	4 405	7 276	27 624
Q4	302	2 116	11	7	81	2 516	1 466	9 092	3 072	6 497	20 127
2006 Q1	239	1 508	10	—	13	1 770	1 401	7 984	2 937	5 981	18 303
Q2	458	2 919	25	11	173	3 587	1 600	12 550	4 001	6 479	24 631
Q3	639	3 568	32	13	239	4 491	1 691	14 486	4 825	7 445	28 447
Q4	311	2 089	9	5	76	2 490	1 474	9 284	3 375	6 686	20 820
2007 Q1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1 358	8 288	3 193	6 247	19 086
Q2	..	..	..	..	..	..	1 556	12 670	4 155	6 486	24 868
Q3	..	..	..	..	..	..	1 686	15 201	5 195	7 655	29 737

Note: Sea and Air passenger numbers are seasonal, which should be taken into account when comparing figures within a year.

sea on day trips and HM and other Armed Forces travelling in the course of their duties.

2 Passengers on pleasure cruises beginning or ending at UK seaports (excluding scheduled voyages between Southampton and New York which are included in rest of world).

3 Excluding oil rigs.

Sources: Department for Transport;  
Civil Aviation Authority

1 Excluding movement by land across the frontier between the Irish Republic and Northern Ireland, passengers travelling between the Channel Islands and Great Britain, passengers carried in aircraft chartered by British government departments and as far as possible, passengers travelling by

## Transport

# 13.12 UK passenger movement by sea and air

## Analysis of countries of landing and of embarkation

Thousands

	2005	2006	2006 Q1	2006 Q2	2006 Q3	2006 Q4	2007 Q1	2007 Q2	2007 Q3
<b>European continent and Mediterranean Sea area</b>									
By sea									
Belgium	BMLB	778	748	145	193	222	187	..	..
Denmark	BMDL	92	89	14	23	34	17	..	..
France <sup>1</sup>	BMLC	16 834	16 925	2 550	4 890	6 134	3 352	..	..
Germany	BMDK	98	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Irish Republic	BMDJ	3 379	3 221	463	899	1 258	600	..	..
Netherlands	BMDL	1 847	1 897	323	533	605	436	..	..
Norway	BMDO	200	149	20	48	62	18	..	..
Spain	BMDN	378	372	37	105	148	81	..	..
Sweden	BMDM	78	59	6	19	28	7	..	..
Other	BMLE	8	6	..	2	2	1	..	..
Total	A4N3	23 693	23 465	3 559	6 712	8 494	4 700	..	..
By air									
Austria	BMLH	1 797	1 788	546	409	454	379	655	406
Belgium	BMLI	1 711	1 626	401	439	389	397	372	417
Denmark	BMLJ	2 255	2 306	493	601	624	588	503	598
Eastern Europe <sup>2</sup>	BMLM	7 871	9 593	1 978	2 442	2 912	2 261	2 245	2 665
Finland	BMLK	799	930	173	204	210	343	208	198
France	BMLL	11 009	11 570	2 584	3 113	3 414	2 459	2 622	3 106
Germany	BMLN	10 912	11 504	2 442	3 060	3 187	2 815	2 539	2 976
Greece	BMLO	5 598	5 520	206	1 623	2 995	696	219	1 622
Irish Republic	BMLP	11 791	12 357	2 813	3 227	3 365	2 952	2 735	3 142
Italy	BMLQ	10 715	10 572	2 074	2 917	3 348	2 233	2 153	3 081
Malta	BMLR	1 110	1 055	183	286	349	237	191	298
Netherlands	BMLS	7 887	8 255	1 813	2 173	2 185	2 084	1 938	2 183
Norway	BMLT	1 753	1 892	435	483	514	460	431	465
Portugal	BMLU	4 088	4 295	623	1 267	1 548	857	691	1 383
Spain	BMLV	27 302	27 569	4 128	8 040	10 119	5 282	4 111	8 253
Sweden	BMLW	2 321	2 290	496	624	601	569	508	596
Switzerland	BMLX	4 502	4 958	1 558	1 172	1 146	1 082	1 628	1 180
Turkey	BMLY	3 551	3 407	206	938	1 692	571	261	1 060
Yugoslavia	BMLZ	150	166	32	45	53	36	36	46
Other <sup>3</sup>	BMMA	1 484	1 727	250	492	622	363	284	511
Total	BMLG	118 607	123 382	23 435	33 555	39 729	26 663	24 331	34 186
<b>Mediterranean area</b>									
By air									
Cyprus	BMMC	2 990	3 008	309	913	1 191	595	290	872
Near East <sup>4</sup>	BMMD	1 056	1 022	232	283	270	237	218	265
North Africa <sup>5</sup>	BMME	2 776	3 465	793	866	927	879	884	885
Total	BMMB	6 822	7 495	1 334	2 061	2 388	1 712	1 392	2 466
<b>Rest of World</b>									
By sea									
Pleasure cruises	LUQZ	935	1 006	29	347	480	151	..	..
Other long sea journeys	RVCO	52	58	—	23	26	9	..	..
Total	A4N4	986	1 064	29	369	506	160	..	..
By air									
Australia and New Zealand	BMMF	1 397	1 384	350	323	350	361	375	366
Canada	BMMQ	3 610	3 634	606	1 026	1 317	685	645	1 057
Canary Islands	BMMR	7 261	7 311	1 794	1 752	1 901	1 864	1 755	1 597
Caribbean <sup>6</sup>	BMMSS	1 824	1 893	527	442	433	491	556	445
Central Africa <sup>7</sup>	BMMT	67	69	15	18	19	17	15	18
Central America <sup>8</sup>	BMMU	1 271	1 353	259	370	429	295	255	356
East Africa <sup>9</sup>	BMMV	736	774	187	170	224	193	202	184
Far East <sup>10</sup>	BMMW	4 787	5 020	1 205	1 237	1 354	1 224	1 244	1 239
Indian Continent <sup>11</sup>	BMMX	2 691	3 475	954	789	834	898	1 058	796
Japan	BMMY	1 185	1 086	272	278	289	247	238	256
Middle East <sup>12</sup>	BMMZ	3 774	4 158	946	970	1 215	1 027	1 101	1 039
Southern Africa <sup>13</sup>	BMNA	1 733	1 771	480	381	425	485	513	398
South America <sup>14</sup>	BMNB	379	361	102	93	75	91	112	85
United States of America	BMNC	18 310	18 074	3 720	4 966	5 144	4 244	3 746	4 947
West Africa <sup>15</sup>	BMND	916	985	249	222	252	262	283	227
Other <sup>16</sup>	BMNE	852	849	208	206	222	213	225	230
Oil rigs	BMNF	627	712	154	176	188	194	184	192
Total	BMMO	51 420	52 909	12 027	13 419	14 671	12 792	12 509	13 432

Note: Sea and Air passenger numbers are seasonal, which should be taken into account when comparing figures within a year.

9 Including Burundi, Djibouti, Ethiopia, Kenya, Rwanda, Somali Republic, Sudan, Tanzania and Uganda.

10 Including Bandar Seri Begawan, Burma, China, Hong Kong, Indonesia, Kampuchea, Korea, Laos, Malaysia, Nepal, Philippines, Singapore, Taiwan, Thailand and Vietnam.

11 Including Afghanistan, Bangladesh, India, Pakistan and Sri Lanka.

12 Including Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Persian Gulf States, Republic of North Yemen, Republic of South Yemen, Saudi Arabia and United Arab Emirates.

13 Including Botswana, Lesotho, Mozambique, Namibia, South African Republic, Swaziland and Zimbabwe.

14 Including Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Ecuador, Guyana, Paraguay, Peru, Uruguay and Venezuela.

15 Including Benin, Cameroon, Equatorial Guinea, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea Bissau, Ivory Coast, Liberia, Mali, Mauritania, Niger, Nigeria, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Togo, Upper Volta and Western Sahara.

16 Atlantic Ocean Islands, Indian Ocean Islands and Pacific Ocean Islands and Madeira.

Sources: Department for Transport,  
Civil Aviation Authority

## 14 Retailing

### 14.1 Index numbers of retail sales<sup>1</sup>

Sales: weekly average 2000=100, seasonally adjusted

	Volume										Value									
	Predominantly non-food stores										Predominantly food stores									
	All retail- ers	Predomi- nantly food stores	Total	Non- special- ised stores	Textile, clothing and footwear	House- hold goods	Other stores	Non- store and repair	All retail- ers	Predomi- nantly food stores	Total	Non- special- ised stores	Textile, clothing and footwear	House- hold goods	Other stores	Non- store retail- ing and repair				
Sales in 2000 (£m)	207 149	89 041	106 359	18 781	27 880	27 699	31 999	11 749	207 149	89 041	106 359	18 781	27 880	27 699	31 999	11 749				
2002	EAPS	EAPT	EAPV	EAPU	EAPX	EAPY	EAPW	EAPZ	EAQV	EAQW	EAQY	EAQX	EARA	EARB	EAQZ	EARC				
2002	112.5 <sup>†</sup>	108.7 <sup>†</sup>	116.4 <sup>†</sup>	110.6 <sup>†</sup>	123.9 <sup>†</sup>	117.7 <sup>†</sup>	112.3 <sup>†</sup>	106.8 <sup>†</sup>	110.9 <sup>†</sup>	111.0 <sup>†</sup>	112.0 <sup>†</sup>	107.6 <sup>†</sup>	115.0 <sup>†</sup>	113.1 <sup>†</sup>	111.2 <sup>†</sup>	100.9 <sup>†</sup>				
2003	116.4	112.0	121.3	113.5	129.8	122.3	117.6	105.3	113.9	115.0	114.9	109.0	119.0	113.6 <sup>†</sup>	115.8	96.2				
2004	123.5	116.6	130.0	118.6	139.5	131.4	127.3	117.0	119.1	119.7	120.3	111.9	124.9	118.1	123.3	102.7				
2005	125.8	119.7	131.6	119.1	144.0	130.6	129.0	118.3	119.9	123.7	119.1	110.7	126.5	112.8	122.9	99.4				
2006	129.7	122.8	136.2	124.2	150.6	137.3	129.7	123.6	123.2	128.4	121.4	114.1	131.4	114.0	123.2	100.7				
2006 Q4	132.3 <sup>†</sup>	123.8 <sup>†</sup>	139.7 <sup>†</sup>	125.6 <sup>†</sup>	155.7 <sup>†</sup>	141.5 <sup>†</sup>	132.4 <sup>†</sup>	130.4 <sup>†</sup>	125.7 <sup>†</sup>	130.7 <sup>†</sup>	123.8 <sup>†</sup>	115.1 <sup>†</sup>	135.8 <sup>†</sup>	115.3 <sup>†</sup>	125.7 <sup>†</sup>	104.9 <sup>†</sup>				
2007 Q1	132.7	124.1	139.9	125.7	155.2	142.3	132.9	133.6	126.1	131.5	123.7	115.1	134.8	117.3	124.7	106.2				
Q2	134.6	123.9	143.1	130.2	157.4	144.2	137.4	137.7	128.0	132.3	126.6	119.0	137.4	118.6	128.7	107.4				
Q3	136.6	124.7	146.0	134.1	157.6	150.6	138.7	142.0	128.5	132.9	127.0	121.4	137.0	119.1	128.5	108.0				
2007 Apr	134.0 <sup>†</sup>	124.4 <sup>†</sup>	141.9 <sup>†</sup>	126.8 <sup>†</sup>	161.2 <sup>†</sup>	139.3 <sup>†</sup>	136.2 <sup>†</sup>	136.4 <sup>†</sup>	128.0 <sup>†</sup>	132.7 <sup>†</sup>	126.3 <sup>†</sup>	116.3 <sup>†</sup>	141.2 <sup>†</sup>	115.9 <sup>†</sup>	128.1 <sup>†</sup>	107.2 <sup>†</sup>				
May	134.4	124.2	142.7	129.0	155.2	144.8	138.0	137.5	127.8	132.4	126.2	117.7	135.4	119.2	129.1	107.3				
Jun	135.1	123.4	144.5	133.8	156.1	147.6	138.0	138.8	128.1	131.8	127.3	122.3	135.9	120.2	128.9	107.7				
Jul	135.9	123.5	145.7	134.7	155.2	152.9	137.5	141.8	127.8	131.2	127.0	122.2	135.3	121.2	127.8	108.7				
Aug	136.6	125.1	145.7	133.0	157.7	149.7	139.3	141.5	128.6	133.3	127.1	120.4	137.0	119.3	129.1	107.7				
Sep	137.1	125.2	146.4	134.5	159.5	149.5	139.1	142.6	128.9	134.0	127.0	121.6	138.3	117.4	128.7	107.7				
Oct	137.1	124.9	146.5	135.3	158.5	149.7	140.0	143.8	129.1	134.3	126.9	122.4	137.3	116.6	129.5	108.7				
Nov	137.7	125.4	146.4	134.5	157.7	149.3	141.1	152.3	129.5	134.9	126.7	121.4	136.5	115.8	130.7	114.1				

1 Great Britain only. The motor trades are excluded. Information for periods earlier than those shown is available from ONS Newport (tel. 01633 812713).

Source: Office for National Statistics

### 14.2 Index numbers of retail sales<sup>1</sup>

Value of retail sales at current prices

Sales: weekly average 2000=100, not seasonally adjusted

	Predominantly food stores									
	All retailing		Total value of sales	Non- specialised stores	Specialist food stores	Alcoholic drinks, other beverages and tobacco				
	All retail- ers	Predomi- nantly food stores								
Sales in 2000 (£m)	207 149	89 041		76 846		6 393				5 801
2002	EAFY	EAFS		EAGB		CY3X <sup>†</sup>				CY45 <sup>†</sup>
2002	110.6	110.4		112.4 <sup>†</sup>		100.8 <sup>†</sup>				95.2 <sup>†</sup>
2003	113.7	114.8		118.2		100.3				86.8
2004	118.7 <sup>†</sup>	119.6		123.9		101.3				82.4
2005	119.9	123.6		128.8		103.1				77.7
2006	123.3	128.3		134.5		101.6				75.8
2006 Q4	144.8	139.3 <sup>†</sup>		145.8 <sup>†</sup>		112.0				83.0
2007 Q1	115.5 <sup>†</sup>	124.8		131.9		92.1 <sup>†</sup>				67.3 <sup>†</sup>
Q2	123.9	131.9		138.9		99.7				75.6
Q3	123.2	130.2		137.1		101.4				70.5
2007 Apr	123.7	132.1 <sup>†</sup>		139.1 <sup>†</sup>		98.3 <sup>†</sup>				75.8 <sup>†</sup>
May	123.3 <sup>†</sup>	131.7		138.5		99.5				76.3
Jun	124.5	132.0		138.9		100.9				75.0
Jul	124.7	130.7		137.2		104.7				72.2
Aug	122.6	130.4		137.2		102.0				71.7
Sep	122.5	129.7		137.0		98.3				68.2
Oct	127.8	131.3		138.3		103.3				68.3
Nov	141.2	138.7		146.7		104.4				70.3

## 14.2 Index numbers of retail sales<sup>1</sup>

Value of retail sales at current prices

continued

Sales: weekly average 2000=100, not seasonally adjusted

Predominantly non-food stores											
	Textile, clothing and footwear stores					Household goods stores					
	Total	Non-specialised stores	Total	Retail sale of textiles	Retail sale of clothing	Retail sale of footwear and leather goods	Total	Retail sale of furniture, lighting, etc	Retail sale of electrical household appliances	Retail sale of hardware, paint and glass	
	Sales in 2000 (£m)	106 359	18 781	27 880	915	23 725	3 240	27 699	8 706	10 966	8 027
2002	EAFT	EAGE	EAFU	EAPG	EAGH	EAPH	EAFV	EAPI	EAPJ	EAPK	118.9†
2003	111.8	107.4	114.9	121.7†	116.5†	101.3†	113.1	113.3†	108.6†	108.6†	
2004	114.8	109.2	118.9	113.9	120.4	108.9	113.4	110.1	107.2	125.3	
2005	119.8†	111.2	124.5†	114.9	126.5	112.9	117.2	115.8	107.6	131.8	
2006	119.1	110.8	126.4	101.0	129.1	114.5	112.8	111.0	102.6	128.9	
	121.5	113.9	131.7	95.0	135.7	113.0	114.2†	115.3	104.7	125.9	
2006 Q4	151.8†	157.6†	168.3†	106.3†	175.6†	132.8†	130.9	126.9†	139.4†	123.7†	
2007 Q1	109.6	97.9	113.8	108.9	116.9	92.4	113.3	118.3	100.9	124.8	
Q2	119.6	104.1	131.3	103.9	133.7	120.9	113.4	112.5	87.5	149.6	
Q3	119.8	108.5	131.5	80.5	134.4	124.8	113.0†	114.1	95.9	135.1	
2007 Apr	119.1†	100.5†	133.5†	108.8†	135.5†	126.1†	115.5	112.4†	84.8†	160.7†	
May	118.7	101.9	129.6	101.5	132.3	117.9	113.4	114.1	85.1	151.2	
Jun	120.7	108.7	130.8	101.8	133.5	119.2	111.7†	111.3	91.7	139.4	
Jul	122.3	111.9	134.9	86.2	138.4	123.1	115.0	120.2	96.1	135.3	
Aug	118.8	107.7	127.3	82.4	128.7	129.9	112.2	111.5	92.8	139.3	
Sep	118.6	106.4	132.2	74.6	135.8	122.0	112.0	111.2	98.3	131.6	
Oct	126.1	119.8	139.3	105.3	143.0	121.6	117.1	116.2	106.4	132.6	
Nov	142.8	152.1	152.1	126.9	158.1	115.3	125.3	124.4	118.8	135.2	
Predominantly non-food stores											
	Other specialised non-food stores					Non-store retail and repair					
	Total	Pharmaceutical medical cosmetic and toilet goods	Retail sale of books, newspapers and periodicals	Retail sale of floor coverings	Photo-graphic, optical & precision equipment, office supplies	Other retail sale in specialist stores nes including secondhand	Total	Retail sale via mail order houses	Non-store retail excepting mail order		
	Sales in 2000 (£m)	31 999	3 553	5 022	1 788	4 167	17 470	11 749	8 819	2 930	
2002	EAFW	EAPQ	EAPL	EAPM	EAWH	CY4B	EAFX	EAPN	CY4H	110.3†	
2003	110.5	97.0	106.1†	116.4†	110.3†	113.9†	100.5	97.2†			
2004	115.6	103.5†	101.6	109.8	101.8	126.0	96.2	93.2	105.3		
2005	123.0	105.0	104.4	115.7	130.9	130.9	102.7	100.2	109.9		
2006	122.9†	104.2	104.3	114.2	135.6	130.0	99.1	97.9	102.6		
	123.5	100.2	94.4	123.9	131.2	134.7	100.6†	100.1	102.2		
2006 Q4	152.2†	125.2†	124.4†	129.4†	144.6†	169.9†	122.6†	126.2†	111.6†		
2007 Q1	109.7	92.9	81.1	131.4	132.6	113.7	98.7	99.5	96.2		
Q2	124.0	99.6	75.1	124.5	132.8	140.8	101.6	101.9	100.4		
Q3	122.1	102.8	82.2	135.3	134.6	133.2	101.0	104.2	91.5		
2007 Apr	120.6†	94.4†	73.2†	113.2†	122.4†	139.9†	101.2†	102.0	98.8†		
May	123.8	99.3	74.3	125.3	139.3	139.1	101.7	102.9†	98.3		
Jun	126.8	103.9	77.3	132.8	136.1	142.9	101.7	101.2	103.3		
Jul	123.6	101.9	80.0	134.1	135.1	136.8	102.2	105.0	93.8		
Aug	123.5	104.8	77.8	132.0	138.3	136.1	97.8	101.1	87.8		
Sep	119.7	101.8	87.4	138.9	131.2	128.0	102.6	106.0	92.5		
Oct	125.9	102.6	90.4	135.6	136.7	137.3	117.3	122.9	100.5		
Nov	144.4	117.8	101.8	169.6	149.2	158.3	145.4	156.9	110.9		

1 Great Britain only. The motor trades are excluded. Information for periods earlier than those shown is available from ONS Newport (tel. 01633 812713).

Source: Office for National Statistics

# 15 External trade in goods

## 15.1 Values of United Kingdom total trade in goods

£ million BOP basis seasonally adjusted

	Total trade in goods			Total excluding oil			Total excluding oil and erratics <sup>1</sup>		
	Exports	Imports	Balance	Exports	Imports	Balance	Exports	Imports	Balance
				BOKG	BOKH	BOKI	ELBM	ENXP	BQKH
2001	189 093	230 305	-41 212	174 278	220 780	-46 502	162 591	206 231	-43 640
2002	186 524	234 229	-47 705	172 203	225 016	-52 813	160 967	210 840	-49 873
2003	188 320	236 927	-48 607	173 712	225 695	-51 983	161 431	212 703	-51 272
2004	190 877	251 770	-60 893	174 677	236 463	-61 786	162 467	224 251	-61 784
2005	211 608	280 397	-68 789	191 814	258 408	-66 594	179 356	245 399	-66 043
2006	244 666	322 065	-77 399	221 347	295 335	-73 988	208 996	279 922	-70 926
2002 Q3	46 608	58 624	-12 016	43 252	56 216	-12 964	40 443	52 696	-12 253
Q4	44 432	57 747	-13 315	40 889	55 409	-14 520	38 409	51 540	-13 131
2003 Q1	48 666	59 528	-10 862	44 404	56 652	-12 248	41 386	53 304	-11 918
Q2	46 697	58 242	-11 545	43 350	55 674	-12 324	40 430	52 601	-12 171
Q3	46 338	58 640	-12 302	42 843	55 714	-12 871	39 808	52 222	-12 414
Q4	46 619	60 517	-13 898	43 115	57 655	-14 540	39 807	54 576	-14 769
2004 Q1	46 079	60 026	-13 947	42 393	57 040	-14 647	39 419	54 090	-14 671
Q2	47 137	62 384	-15 247	43 397	58 577	-15 180	40 540	55 514	-14 974
Q3	48 218	63 747	-15 529	44 145	59 699	-15 554	40 900	56 514	-15 614
Q4	49 443	65 613	-16 170	44 742	61 147	-16 405	41 608	58 133	-16 525
2005 Q1	48 574	64 802	-16 228	44 071	60 650	-16 579	40 987	57 423	-16 436
Q2	50 988	67 293	-16 305	46 299	62 301	-16 002	43 407	59 334	-15 927
Q3	54 632	72 510	-17 878	49 505	65 855	-16 350	46 195	62 475	-16 280
Q4	57 414	75 792	-18 378	51 939	69 602	-17 663	48 767	66 167	-17 400
2006 Q1	65 080	84 248	-19 168	59 275	77 417	-18 142	56 366	73 698	-17 332
Q2	67 920	86 730	-18 810	61 473	79 944	-18 471	58 050	76 083	-18 033
Q3	56 788	76 066	-19 278	50 860	68 834	-17 974	48 109	64 938	-16 829
Q4	54 878	75 021	-20 143	49 739	69 140	-19 401	46 471	65 203	-18 732
2007 Q1	54 026	74 474	-20 448	49 159	68 982	-19 823	46 189	65 015	-18 826
Q2	55 092	74 665	-19 573	49 478	68 914	-19 436	45 841	65 476	-19 635
Q3	56 644	79 281	-22 637	51 061	72 364	-21 303	47 961	68 763	-20 802
2004 Nov	16 399	21 821	-5 422	14 913	20 196	-5 283	13 933	19 315	-5 382
Dec	16 805	21 957	-5 152	15 143	20 603	-5 460	14 031	19 573	-5 542
2005 Jan	16 178	21 741	-5 563	14 635	20 353	-5 718	13 619	19 340	-5 721
Feb	15 966	21 176	-5 210	14 715	19 861	-5 146	13 645	18 910	-5 265
Mar	16 430	21 885	-5 455	14 721	20 436	-5 715	13 723	19 173	-5 450
Apr	16 674	22 638	-5 964	15 144	20 934	-5 790	14 296	19 914	-5 618
May	16 525	22 024	-5 499	14 981	20 420	-5 439	13 973	19 577	-5 604
Jun	17 789	22 631	-4 842	16 174	20 947	-4 773	15 138	19 843	-4 705
Jul	17 623	23 274	-5 651	15 768	21 324	-5 556	14 637	20 223	-5 586
Aug	18 205	24 445	-6 240	16 712	22 236	-6 524	15 610	21 016	-5 406
Sep	18 804	24 791	-5 987	17 025	22 295	-5 270	15 948	21 236	-5 288
Oct	19 023	24 628	-5 605	17 036	22 376	-5 340	16 009	21 486	-5 477
Nov	18 975	25 389	-6 414	17 299	23 283	-5 984	16 220	21 939	-5 719
Dec	19 416	25 775	-6 359	17 604	23 943	-6 339	16 538	22 742	-6 204
2006 Jan	20 520	27 054	-6 534	18 686	24 562	-5 876	17 729	23 286	-5 557
Feb	21 631	28 206	-6 575	19 871	26 218	-6 347	18 824	25 056	-6 232
Mar	22 929	28 988	-6 059	20 718	26 637	-5 919	19 813	25 356	-5 543
Apr	22 924	29 124	-6 200	20 791	27 096	-6 305	19 668	25 901	-6 233
May	23 100	29 894	-6 794	21 002	27 485	-6 483	19 935	26 068	-6 133
Jun	21 896	27 712	-5 816	19 680	25 363	-5 683	18 447	24 114	-5 667
Jul	19 055	25 392	-6 337	16 839	22 918	-6 079	15 911	21 568	-5 657
Aug	19 209	25 839	-6 630	17 333	23 311	-5 978	16 447	22 035	-5 588
Sep	18 524	24 835	-6 311	16 688	22 605	-5 917	15 751	21 335	-5 584
Oct	18 448	24 848	-6 400	16 655	22 828	-6 173	15 549	21 569	-6 020
Nov	18 413	25 147	-6 734	16 775	23 068	-6 293	15 611	21 710	-6 099
Dec	18 017	25 026	-7 009	16 309	23 244	-6 935	15 311	21 924	-6 613
2007 Jan	18 184	24 535	-6 351	16 616	22 603	-5 987	15 587	21 403	-5 816
Feb	17 660	24 633	-6 973	16 098	23 050	-6 952	15 179	21 555	-6 376
Mar	18 182	25 306	-7 124	16 445	23 329	-6 884	15 423	22 057	-6 634
Apr	18 217	24 549	-6 332	16 326	22 558	-6 232	14 712	21 481	-6 769
May	18 181	24 815	-6 634	16 397	22 988	-6 591	15 391	21 748	-6 357
Jun	18 694	25 301	-6 607	16 755	23 368	-6 613	15 738	22 247	-6 509
Jul	18 784	26 382	-7 598	16 807	24 196	-7 389	15 703	22 995	-7 292
Aug	18 932	26 014	-7 082	17 306	23 772	-6 466	16 269	22 575	-6 306
Sep	18 928	26 885	-7 957	16 948	24 396	-7 448	15 989	23 193 <sup>†</sup>	-7 204 <sup>†</sup>
Oct	19 154 <sup>†</sup>	26 506 <sup>†</sup>	-7 352 <sup>†</sup>	17 108 <sup>†</sup>	23 930 <sup>†</sup>	-6 822 <sup>†</sup>	15 994 <sup>†</sup>	22 770 <sup>†</sup>	-6 776 <sup>†</sup>
Nov	19 630	27 007	-7 377	17 428	24 142	-6 714	16 371	22 913	-6 542

<sup>1</sup> These are defined as ships, North Sea installations, aircraft, precious stones and silver.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 020 7533 6064

## External trade in goods

# 15.2 Volume and Price index numbers

Indices 2003=100 BOP basis

	Volume (seasonally adjusted)												Price index (not seasonally adjusted)			
	Total trade in goods		Total excluding oil		Total excluding oil and erratics <sup>1</sup>		Total trade in goods		Terms of trade <sup>2</sup>	Total excluding oil		Total excluding oil & erratics <sup>1</sup>				
	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports		Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports
2001	BQKU	BQKV	BQKI	BQKJ	BOMA	ELAL	BQKR	BQKS	BQKT	BQKK	BQKL	BQKM	BQAK	97.3	103.9	
2002	101.5	93.8	100.8	93.5	103.3	93.1	98.3	103.3	95.2	98.8	104.4	94.6	97.3	103.9		
2003	100.3	98.2	99.9	98.6	101.8	98.2	98.2	100.7	97.5	98.7	101.1	97.6	97.7	100.9		
2004	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
2005	101.5	106.9	102.0	106.3	102.0	106.8	100.3	99.5	100.8	98.9	98.7	100.2	99.0	99.0	99.0	
	111.0	114.7	112.5	114.5	113.1	115.3	104.3	103.7	100.6	99.9	100.7	99.2	100.1	100.1	100.8	
2006	125.8	128.3	128.4	128.6	130.3	129.3	107.5	107.5	100.0	101.2	103.1	98.2	101.4	103.2		
2002 Q3	100.5	99.0	100.6	99.5	102.6	99.1	98.1	100.2	97.9	98.2	100.3	97.9	97.3	100.2		
Q4	96.1	97.9	95.8	98.4	98.1	97.2	97.1	99.6	97.5	97.2	99.8	97.4	96.3	99.7		
2003 Q1	103.2	100.2	102.8	100.8	103.4	100.7	99.9	100.3	99.6	99.0	99.7	99.3	99.0	99.7		
Q2	99.2	98.5	99.3	98.3	99.6	98.6	100.3	99.9	100.4	101.0	100.3	100.7	101.0	100.4		
Q3	98.0	98.7	98.1	98.4	98.2	97.9	100.4	100.3	100.1	100.6	100.4	100.2	100.5	100.2		
Q4	99.5	102.6	99.7	102.5	98.8	102.8	99.3	99.6	99.7	99.4	99.7	99.5	99.5	99.8		
2004 Q1	100.1	103.6	100.0	103.4	99.8	103.7	98.1	97.7	100.4	98.0	97.8	100.2	98.1	98.1		
Q2	101.4	106.4	102.2	105.5	102.7	105.9	99.5	99.1	100.4	98.6	98.6	100.0	98.7	98.9		
Q3	101.8	107.4	102.9	107.1	102.5	107.3	100.9	100.4	100.5	98.8	99.1	99.7	99.0	99.3		
Q4	102.7	110.1	103.1	109.4	103.1	110.1	102.7	100.7	102.0	100.3	99.3	101.0	100.4	99.5		
2005 Q1	101.9	108.2	101.9	108.2	102.0	108.5	102.2	101.5	100.7	99.9	99.8	100.1	100.0	100.0		
Q2	107.5	111.6	108.7	111.2	109.5	112.3	102.9	102.2	100.7	99.3	99.8	99.5	99.5	99.9		
Q3	114.3	117.3	116.7	117.0	117.1	117.6	105.8	105.2	106.6	99.7	101.0	98.7	100.0	101.1		
Q4	120.2	121.8	122.5	121.8	123.8	122.9	106.3	105.9	100.4	100.6	102.1	98.5	100.9	102.1		
2006 Q1	135.3	133.9	138.7	134.4	142.1	135.9	108.0	107.3	100.7	102.0	103.0	99.0	102.1	102.9		
Q2	140.4	138.9	143.9	140.0	146.2	141.6	109.1	108.2	100.8	101.8	103.1	98.7	102.0	103.1		
Q3	114.4	120.2	116.3	120.0	118.2	120.0	108.2	108.1	100.1	100.9	103.1	97.9	101.3	103.3		
Q4	113.1	120.1	114.7	120.0	114.9	119.8	104.8	106.5	98.4	100.0	103.1	97.0	100.3	103.4		
2007 Q1	110.5	119.5	112.0	119.1	113.0	118.8	105.5	106.5	99.1	101.2	103.5	97.8	101.5	103.9		
Q2	110.7	118.6	112.3	118.8	111.6	119.3	107.8	108.6	99.3	101.5	104.2	97.4	101.8	104.7		
Q3	113.8	125.8	116.1	125.7	117.1	126.1	108.8	108.9	99.9	101.6	103.9	97.8	102.0	104.4		
2005 Feb	101.2	105.5	102.3	105.4	102.0	106.3	101.7	101.3	100.4	99.7	99.8	99.9	99.8	100.0		
Mar	102.4	109.8	102.1	110.2	102.3	109.5	103.4	102.2	101.2	100.2	99.8	100.4	100.4	100.0		
Apr	105.0	113.1	106.1	112.5	107.7	113.5	102.9	101.7	101.2	99.5	99.5	100.0	99.7	99.7		
May	104.3	109.7	105.1	109.2	105.4	111.1	103.0	102.1	100.9	99.9	100.0	99.9	100.0	100.1		
Jun	113.2	112.0	114.9	112.0	115.5	112.3	102.9	102.8	100.1	98.6	99.8	98.8	98.9	100.0		
Jul	109.5	113.1	110.7	113.0	110.5	113.6	105.6	105.4	100.2	100.1	101.5	98.6	100.3	101.6		
Aug	114.7	118.6	118.1	118.6	118.7	118.7	106.1	105.3	100.8	99.7	100.7	99.0	100.0	100.8		
Sep	118.7	120.3	121.3	119.3	122.1	120.4	105.8	105.0	100.8	99.3	100.7	98.6	99.6	100.8		
Oct	119.5	119.4	121.4	118.8	123.0	121.0	106.6	105.6	100.9	100.4	101.7	98.7	100.7	101.8		
Nov	119.7	122.6	122.4	122.5	123.5	122.5	106.2	106.1	100.1	100.7	102.3	98.4	100.9	102.3		
Dec	121.4	123.5	123.7	124.2	125.0	125.2	106.1	105.9	100.2	100.8	102.2	98.6	101.0	102.1		
2006 Jan	127.6	128.5	130.7	128.2	133.5	128.9	107.5	106.9	100.6	101.4	102.4	99.0	101.6	102.4		
Feb	135.6	135.0	139.5	136.2	142.5	138.4	107.9	107.4	100.5	101.9	103.1	98.8	101.9	103.0		
Mar	142.7	138.3	145.8	138.8	150.2	140.4	108.7	107.7	100.9	102.6	103.4	99.2	102.7	103.3		
Apr	142.5	139.7	146.3	141.7	149.0	144.1	110.2	109.1	101.0	102.6	103.6	99.0	102.8	103.5		
May	144.3	144.5	148.3	145.5	151.4	146.6	108.5	107.4	101.0	101.3	102.5	98.8	101.5	102.6		
Jun	134.4	132.5	137.1	132.9	138.2	134.2	108.7	108.1	100.6	101.6	103.2	98.4	101.8	103.3		
Jul	112.9	119.7	114.3	119.7	116.0	119.6	109.8	109.3	100.5	101.8	103.7	98.2	102.1	103.8		
Aug	116.8	122.1	119.4	121.9	121.7	122.1	108.3	108.0	100.3	100.5	102.6	98.0	100.9	102.8		
Sep	113.5	118.9	115.3	118.4	117.0	118.4	106.4	106.9	99.5	100.5	103.0	97.6	100.8	103.2		
Oct	113.3	119.5	114.6	119.2	114.8	119.3	105.1	106.7	98.5	100.3	103.4	97.0	100.6	103.7		
Nov	114.1	120.2	116.0	119.7	115.7	119.1	104.7	106.5	98.3	100.1	103.4	96.8	100.4	103.6		
Dec	111.9	120.5	113.4	121.2	114.1	121.1	104.6	106.2	98.5	99.6	102.6	97.1	99.9	102.9		
2007 Jan	112.1	118.3	113.7	117.1	114.5	117.3	104.4	105.3	99.1	100.8	103.0	97.9	101.0	103.4		
Feb	108.4	119.5	109.9	119.9	111.2	118.7	105.2	106.1	99.2	101.1	103.2	98.0	101.4	103.6		
Mar	111.0	120.6	112.5	120.4	113.2	120.5	106.8	108.0	98.9	101.8	104.4	97.5	102.1	104.8		
Apr	110.0	117.0	111.1	116.6	107.4	117.6	107.2	108.0	99.3	101.4	104.0	97.5	101.7	104.4		
May	109.7	117.9	111.5	118.5	112.3	118.2	107.8	108.7	99.2	101.7	104.5	97.3	102.0	105.0		
Jun	112.4	121.0	114.2	121.3	115.1	122.1	108.3	109.0	99.4	101.4	104.2	97.3	101.8	104.6		
Jul	113.4	125.9	115.3	126.4	115.6	126.8	108.4	108.8	99.6	100.9	103.6	97.4	101.3	104.1		
Aug	115.2	123.9	118.3	123.9	119.4	124.3	108.1	108.5	99.6	101.2	103.8	97.5	101.6	104.2		
Sep	112.9	127.5	114.7	126.9	116.2	127.3	110.0	109.5	100.5	102.7	104.3	98.5	103.2	104.8		
Oct	113.4†	124.5†	115.3†	124.0†	115.6†	124.5†	111.2†	110.4†	100.7†	103.0†	104.5	98.6†	103.6	105.0		
Nov	114.7	125.5	116.8	125.0	117.5	125.2	113.2	111.9	101.2	103.7	104.9	98.9	104.2	105.5		

<sup>1</sup> These are defined as ships, North Sea installations, aircraft, precious stones and silver.

<sup>2</sup> Export price index as a percentage of the import price index.

# 15.3 United Kingdom trade in goods, by commodity group<sup>1</sup>

£ million BOP basis seasonally adjusted

	Food, beverages and tobacco (SITC 0+1)			Basic materials (SITC 2+4)			Fuels (SITC 3)			Semi-manufactures (SITC 5+6)			Finished manufactures (SITC 7+8)		
	Exports	Imports	Balance	Exports	Imports	Balance	Exports	Imports	Balance	Exports	Imports	Balance	Exports	Imports	Balance
2001	BOPL	BQAR	ELBE	BOPM	BQAS	ELBF	BOPN	BQAT	ELBG	BOPO	BQUA	ELBH	BOPP	BQAV	ELBI
2001	9 630	18 485	-8 855	2 571	6 442	-3 871	16 386	10 795	5 591	50 295	52 910	-2 615	109 188	140 409	-31 221
2002	9 993	19 375	-9 382	2 855	5 958	-3 103	16 000	10 279	5 721	50 223	52 722	-2 499	106 380	144 445	-38 065
2003	10 879	21 187	-10 308	3 335	6 139	-2 804	16 558	12 311	4 247	54 492	56 045	-1 553	102 193	139 641	-37 448
2004	10 578	22 147	-11 569	3 771	6 340	-2 569	17 885	17 547	338	56 466	60 226	-3 760	101 296	143 703	-42 407
2005	10 647	23 695	-13 048	3 981	6 770	-2 789	21 496	25 921	-4 425	59 880	62 677	-2 797	114 484	159 493	-45 009
2006	10 997	25 105	-14 108	4 910	7 907	-2 997	25 460	31 658	-6 198	65 103	69 573	-4 470	136 906	185 751	-48 845
2002 Q3	2 603	4 802	-2 199	741	1 477	-736	3 722	2 653	1 069	12 578	13 018	-440	26 654	36 323	-9 669
Q4	2 533	4 978	-2 445	755	1 480	-725	4 085	2 592	1 493	12 441	13 480	-1 039	24 386	34 861	-10 475
2003 Q1	2 821	5 129	-2 308	842	1 510	-668	4 714	3 100	1 614	13 240	13 472	-232	26 814	35 944	-9 130
Q2	2 634	5 270	-2 636	813	1 506	-693	3 912	2 837	1 075	13 823	14 194	-371	25 293	34 049	-8 756
Q3	2 759	5 310	-2 551	848	1 491	-643	4 018	3 155	863	13 594	14 204	-610	24 927	34 084	-9 157
Q4	2 665	5 478	-2 813	832	1 632	-800	3 914	3 219	695	13 835	14 175	-340	25 159	35 564	-10 405
2004 Q1	2 563	5 384	-2 821	867	1 572	-705	4 028	3 500	528	13 888	14 361	-473	24 523	34 768	-10 245
Q2	2 741	5 549	-2 808	921	1 563	-642	4 170	4 263	93	13 829	14 506	-677	25 280	36 051	-10 771
Q3	2 611	5 585	-2 974	995	1 598	-603	4 603	4 626	-23	14 229	15 514	-1 285	25 573	35 998	-10 425
Q4	2 663	5 629	-2 966	988	1 607	-619	5 084	5 158	-74	14 520	15 845	-1 325	25 920	36 886	-10 966
2005 Q1	2 650	5 792	-3 142	960	1 608	-648	4 865	4 942	-77	14 649	15 661	-1 012	25 237	36 365	-11 128
Q2	2 710	5 951	-3 241	983	1 655	-672	5 199	5 663	-464	14 678	15 476	-798	27 207	38 040	-10 833
Q3	2 667	5 918	-3 251	1 031	1 769	-738	5 558	7 524	-1 966	15 323	15 572	-249	29 772	41 303	-11 531
Q4	2 620	6 034	-3 414	1 007	1 738	-731	5 874	7 792	-1 918	15 230	15 968	-738	32 268	43 785	-11 517
2006 Q1	2 662	6 239	-3 577	1 112	1 893	-781	6 302	8 468	-2 166	15 931	16 823	-892	38 695	50 279	-11 584
Q2	2 728	6 202	-3 474	1 202	1 893	-691	7 057	7 798	-741	16 453	17 070	-617	40 168	53 258	-13 090
Q3	2 757	6 252	-3 495	1 222	1 932	-710	6 559	8 358	-1 799	16 167	17 424	-1 257	29 774	41 637	-11 863
Q4	2 850	6 412	-3 562	1 374	2 189	-815	5 542	7 034	-1 492	16 552	18 256	-1 704	28 269	40 577	-12 308
2007 Q1	2 930	6 458	-3 528	1 293	2 155	-862	5 187	6 717	-1 530	16 792	18 021	-1 229	27 466	40 596	-13 130
Q2	2 915	6 534	-3 619	1 460	2 399	-939	6 099	6 764	-665	16 818	18 256	-1 438	27 548	40 166	-12 618
Q3	3 008	6 830	-3 822	1 318	2 547	-1 229	6 044	7 998	-1 954	17 382	19 239	-1 857	28 628	42 143	-13 515
2004 Dec	896	1 880	-984	321	544	-223	1 785	1 598	187	4 891	5 315	-424	8 801	12 460	-3 659
2005 Jan	884	1 968	-1 084	297	524	-227	1 647	1 688	-41	4 833	5 061	-228	8 466	12 356	-3 890
Feb	887	1 918	-1 031	307	554	-247	1 348	1 598	-250	4 976	5 294	-318	8 362	11 658	-3 296
Mar	879	1 906	-1 027	356	530	-174	1 870	1 656	214	4 840	5 306	-466	8 409	12 351	-3 942
Apr	892	2 049	-1 157	332	542	-210	1 681	1 934	-253	4 772	5 208	-436	8 924	12 744	-3 820
May	889	1 957	-1 068	324	544	-220	1 750	1 816	-66	4 842	5 050	-208	8 658	12 463	-3 805
Jun	929	1 945	-1 016	327	569	-242	1 768	1 913	-145	5 064	5 218	-154	9 625	12 833	-3 208
Jul	873	1 965	-1 092	313	569	-256	1 986	2 206	-220	4 919	5 257	-338	9 453	13 115	-3 662
Aug	885	1 992	-1 107	368	598	-230	1 612	2 514	-902	5 273	5 289	-16	9 969	13 916	-3 947
Sep	909	1 961	-1 052	350	602	-252	1 960	2 804	-844	5 131	5 026	105	10 350	14 272	-3 922
Oct	866	2 026	-1 160	321	574	-253	2 123	2 721	-598	4 950	5 059	-109	10 591	14 100	-3 509
Nov	850	1 971	-1 121	319	583	-264	1 787	2 553	-766	5 140	5 224	-84	10 777	14 884	-4 107
Dec	904	2 037	-1 133	367	581	-214	1 964	2 518	-554	5 140	5 685	-545	10 900	14 801	-3 901
2006 Jan	890	2 114	-1 224	327	623	-296	1 989	2 973	-984	5 235	5 582	-347	11 975	15 590	-3 615
Feb	887	2 043	-1 156	375	619	-244	1 916	2 535	-619	5 384	5 746	-362	12 948	17 084	-4 136
Mar	885	2 082	-1 197	410	651	-241	2 397	2 960	-563	5 312	5 495	-183	13 772	17 605	-3 833
Apr	913	2 049	-1 136	381	588	-207	2 317	2 373	-56	5 539	5 731	-192	13 677	18 204	-4 527
May	899	2 067	-1 168	400	646	-246	2 339	2 740	-401	5 505	5 716	-211	13 842	18 563	-4 721
Jun	916	2 086	-1 170	421	659	-238	2 401	2 685	-284	5 409	5 623	-214	12 649	16 491	-3 842
Jul	899	2 064	-1 165	411	610	-199	2 468	2 815	-347	5 099	5 744	-645	10 080	13 996	-3 916
Aug	930	2 111	-1 181	403	659	-256	2 056	2 915	-859	5 617	5 824	-207	10 105	14 174	-4 069
Sep	928	2 077	-1 149	408	663	-255	2 035	2 628	-593	5 451	5 856	-405	9 589	13 467	-3 878
Oct	931	2 123	-1 192	464	725	-261	1 937	2 335	-398	5 571	5 921	-350	9 447	13 559	-4 112
Nov	972	2 165	-1 193	492	701	-209	1 768	2 536	-768	5 584	6 237	-653	9 495	13 326	-3 831
Dec	947	2 124	-1 177	418	763	-345	1 837	2 163	-326	5 397	6 098	-701	9 327	13 692	-4 365
2007 Jan	981	2 178	-1 197	406	670	-264	1 688	2 338	-650	5 705	5 877	-172	9 290	13 287	-3 997
Feb	975	2 135	-1 160	451	730	-279	1 649	1 978	-329	5 482	6 031	-549	8 981	13 590	-4 609
Mar	974	2 145	-1 171	436	755	-319	1 850	2 401	-551	5 605	6 113	-508	9 195	13 719	-4 524
Apr	934	2 203	-1 269	475	776	-301	2 059	2 452	-393	5 346	5 834	-488	9 317	13 082	-3 765
May	1 015	2 194	-1 179	494	802	-308	1 972	2 117	-145	5 776	6 125	-349	8 841	13 407	-4 566
Jun	966	2 137	-1 171	491	821	-330	2 068	2 195	-127	5 696	6 297	-601	9 390	13 677	-4 287
Jul	998	2 214	-1 216	463	891	-428	2 176	2 552	-376	5 713	6 500	-787	9 347	14 044	-4 697
Aug	1 013	2 260	-1 247	430	848	-418	1 759	2 592	-833	5 888	6 296	-408	9 752	13 846	-4 094
Sep	997	2 356	-1 359	425	808	-383	2 109	2 854	-745	5 781	6 443	-662	9 529	14 253	-4 724
Oct	988 <sup>†</sup>	2 327 <sup>†</sup>	-1 339 <sup>†</sup>	452 <sup>†</sup>	809 <sup>†</sup>	-357 <sup>†</sup>	2 287 <sup>†</sup>	3 046 <sup>†</sup>	-759 <sup>†</sup>	5 721 <sup>†</sup>	6 172 <sup>†</sup>	-451 <sup>†</sup>	9 614 <sup>†</sup>	13 935 <sup>†</sup>	-4 321 <sup>†</sup>
Nov	1 025	2 319	-1 294	519	790	-271	2 457	3 465	-1 008	5 752	6 275	-523	9 779	13 956	-4 177

1 More commodity detail is available on a seasonally adjusted BOP basis in tables B1 to B

## External trade in goods

# 15.4 Volume index numbers, by commodity group<sup>1</sup>

2003=100 BOP basis seasonally adjusted

	Food, beverages and tobacco (SITC 0+1)		Basic materials (SITC 2+4)		Fuels (SITC 3)		Semi-manufactures (SITC 5+6)		Finished manufactures (SITC 7+8)		Total manufactures (SITC 5 to 8)	
	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports
	BPEM	BQBK	BAFB	BQBL	BAFC	BQBM	BAHA	BQBN	BAHY	ELAB	BOGT	ELAJ
2001	92	90	81	109	107	102	91	91	108	94	102	94
2002	96	94	90	101	103	91	94	95	103	101	101	99
2003	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
2004	99	106	105	100	93	123	104	106	101	106	102	106
2005	98	110	107	102	90	131	108	106	117	118	114	115
2006	99	114	121	110	92	135	117	112	139	137	132	130
2002 Q3	100	94	93	101	96	91	95	94	104	103	101	100
Q4	96	95	94	99	102	89	94	98	96	99	96	99
2003 Q1	106	98	102	100	105	89	98	98	105	103	103	101
Q2	95	100	97	99	100	101	101	100	99	97	99	98
Q3	101	99	101	97	98	104	101	101	97	98	98	99
Q4	98	103	100	104	96	106	102	101	99	103	100	102
2004 Q1	96	104	100	100	98	117	104	104	99	103	100	103
Q2	104	106	103	99	90	125	103	103	102	106	102	105
Q3	98	107	109	101	89	122	105	108	102	106	103	107
Q4	99	108	109	100	93	130	105	109	103	109	104	109
2005 Q1	98	108	102	100	96	121	106	107	101	108	103	107
Q2	101	110	108	100	92	127	107	105	111	113	110	111
Q3	98	109	109	106	83	133	111	106	123	122	119	118
Q4	96	111	107	100	88	142	110	107	134	129	125	122
2006 Q1	96	115	113	107	91	143	114	110	159	147	143	136
Q2	98	113	117	108	96	126	118	110	165	157	149	144
Q3	99	113	120	107	91	138	116	112	119	124	118	120
Q4	103	116	135	116	90	133	120	116	114	121	116	120
2007 Q1	104	115	127	114	87	143	121	114	109	120	113	119
Q2	103	116	138	121	90	130	120	115	109	119	113	118
Q3	104	121	133	130	84	141	124	122	114	126	117	125
2005 Feb	99	107	101	103	83	121	108	108	101	103	103	104
Mar	98	107	110	99	102	110	105	109	101	111	102	110
Apr	100	115	108	100	90	133	104	106	109	115	107	112
May	99	109	105	99	96	127	105	103	106	111	106	109
Jun	103	107	110	101	91	120	111	107	119	114	116	112
Jul	96	107	101	101	91	120	107	107	116	116	113	114
Aug	98	111	114	108	72	130	114	108	124	124	120	119
Sep	100	110	113	108	87	148	112	103	129	127	123	120
Oct	96	113	104	102	92	156	107	101	133	125	124	118
Nov	93	109	103	102	82	140	111	105	134	131	126	124
Dec	98	112	114	97	90	131	111	114	134	130	126	125
2006 Jan	96	116	102	107	86	149	112	111	147	137	135	129
Feb	96	112	114	104	85	128	115	112	160	150	144	139
Mar	97	116	122	110	101	153	114	107	170	154	151	141
Apr	99	113	110	101	93	109	118	111	169	160	152	146
May	97	113	118	113	96	134	119	111	172	165	153	150
Jun	99	112	123	111	98	135	116	109	155	146	141	135
Jul	97	112	119	102	97	131	109	110	120	124	116	120
Aug	100	114	120	110	84	140	121	113	122	126	121	122
Sep	101	114	121	110	91	143	118	112	116	121	117	118
Oct	101	115	134	115	93	133	120	113	114	122	116	119
Nov	105	117	142	112	87	147	122	119	115	119	117	119
Dec	102	116	129	122	89	119	117	116	113	123	115	121
2007 Jan	106	117	120	110	89	158	124	112	110	118	115	116
Feb	103	114	131	116	84	129	118	115	107	121	111	120
Mar	103	114	130	117	88	143	122	116	109	121	113	120
Apr	100	118	134	119	94	149	115	109	110	117	112	115
May	107	116	139	120	88	117	124	117	105	118	112	118
Jun	102	114	142	123	87	125	122	119	112	122	115	121
Jul	105	118	135	136	91	133	123	123	112	127	116	126
Aug	106	120	132	132	75	138	127	121	116	124	120	123
Sep	102	124	132	121	87	151	123	123	113	128	116	127
Oct	101 <sup>†</sup>	119 <sup>†</sup>	139 <sup>†</sup>	120 <sup>†</sup>	90 <sup>†</sup>	152 <sup>†</sup>	122 <sup>†</sup>	117 <sup>†</sup>	113 <sup>†</sup>	125	116 <sup>†</sup>	123
Nov	104	118	153	117	90	162	122	119	115	126	117	124

<sup>1</sup> Commodity volumes are shown in more detail on a seasonally adjusted BOP basis in tables C1 to C3 inclusive, and D1 to D3 inclusive, of the *Monthly Review of External Trade Statistics*.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 020 7533 6064

# 15.5 Price index numbers, by commodity group<sup>1</sup>

2003=100 BOP basis not seasonally adjusted

	Food, beverages and tobacco (SITC 0+1)		Basic materials (SITC 2+4)		Fuels (SITC 3)		Semi-manufactures (SITC 5+6)		Finished manufactures (SITC 7+8)		Total manufactures (SITC 5 to 8)	
	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports
	BPAI	ELAN	BPAW	ELAO	BPDU	ELAP	BQAA	ELAQ	BQAB	ELAR	BQAI	ELAY
2001	96	96	94	96	93	85	100	104	99	106	99	105
2002	96	97	95	96	93	92	97	99	100	103	99	102
2003	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
2004	99	98	108	103	117	118	99	102	98	97	99	98
2005	100	102	115	108	156	168	101	107	98	97	99	100
2006	102	105	122	117	182	200	102	112	99	97	100	102
2002 Q3	96	96	96	95	97	96	98	99	99	102	98	101
Q4	97	98	96	97	96	95	97	98	97	101	97	100
2003 Q1	99	98	98	98	109	112	99	99	99	100	99	100
Q2	101	100	100	100	94	91	101	101	101	100	101	101
Q3	100	101	100	100	99	98	100	100	101	100	101	100
Q4	100	101	102	98	99	99	100	99	99	99	99	100
2004 Q1	99	98	104	103	99	100	98	99	98	97	98	98
Q2	99	99	108	104	112	112	98	101	98	97	98	98
Q3	98	98	108	103	126	128	99	103	98	97	98	99
Q4	100	99	112	103	133	133	101	104	99	97	100	99
2005 Q1	99	101	113	104	130	140	101	106	98	96	99	99
Q2	99	102	114	108	144	153	100	106	98	96	99	99
Q3	100	103	115	108	175	192	101	106	98	97	99	100
Q4	100	103	118	110	175	187	101	108	98	98	99	101
2006 Q1	102	102	120	114	182	200	103	110	99	98	100	102
Q2	103	105	124	115	193	213	103	112	99	97	100	102
Q3	102	106	123	118	191	208	102	114	98	97	99	102
Q4	101	107	122	121	162	179	101	114	97	97	99	102
2007 Q1	103	107	124	122	155	171	101	114	99	97	100	102
Q2	104	108	129	129	179	197	102	116	99	97	100	102
Q3	105	110	125	126	190	212	102	115	99	97	100	102
2004 Dec	99	100	110	102	121	117	100	104	98	95	99	98
2005 Jan	99	101	112	103	123	132	101	106	98	97	99	99
Feb	99	101	112	104	127	135	101	106	98	96	99	99
Mar	99	102	115	105	141	153	101	106	99	96	100	99
Apr	99	102	116	107	142	149	101	106	98	95	99	99
May	99	102	113	108	139	146	101	107	98	96	99	99
Jun	99	103	112	108	151	165	99	105	97	96	98	99
Jul	101	105	113	110	168	185	101	107	98	98	99	100
Aug	100	102	115	108	178	199	101	106	98	97	99	100
Sep	99	102	117	107	179	193	100	106	97	97	98	100
Oct	100	102	119	109	177	187	102	108	98	98	99	101
Nov	100	103	117	111	174	186	101	108	98	98	99	101
Dec	101	104	117	111	173	188	101	108	98	98	99	101
2006 Jan	102	102	118	113	182	202	102	109	99	98	100	101
Feb	101	102	120	114	181	199	103	111	99	98	100	102
Mar	102	103	122	115	182	199	103	111	100	99	101	102
Apr	103	104	124	115	197	222	104	112	100	98	101	102
May	103	104	123	115	191	208	102	112	99	97	100	101
Jun	103	106	125	116	190	208	103	112	99	97	100	102
Jul	103	107	125	118	201	220	103	114	99	98	100	102
Aug	102	106	122	117	198	216	101	113	98	96	99	101
Sep	101	106	123	118	174	187	102	114	98	97	99	102
Oct	101	107	123	121	161	177	102	114	98	97	99	102
Nov	101	107	122	121	160	176	101	114	97	97	99	102
Dec	102	106	121	120	165	183	101	113	97	96	98	101
2007 Jan	102	105	122	120	148	159	101	113	99	97	100	101
Feb	103	107	123	122	153	169	101	113	99	97	100	102
Mar	104	108	128	125	165	184	102	115	100	98	100	103
Apr	104	108	129	128	173	193	102	115	99	97	100	102
May	104	109	130	130	177	194	102	116	99	97	100	103
Jun	105	108	128	129	186	205	102	116	99	97	100	102
Jul	105	108	125	125	192	216	101	115	99	96	99	102
Aug	105	109	125	126	186	206	102	115	99	97	100	102
Sep	106	112	126	128	193	215	103	115	100	97	101	102
Oct	107	113	125 <sup>†</sup>	129	204 <sup>†</sup>	230 <sup>†</sup>	103	115	101	97	101	102
Nov	108	115	125	130	222	252	104	116	101	97	102	102

<sup>1</sup> Commodity price indices are shown in more detail on a not seasonally adjusted BOP basis in tables C4 to C6 inclusive, and D4 to D6 inclusive, of the *Monthly Review of External Trade Statistics*.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 020 7533 6064

## External trade in goods

# 15.6 United Kingdom exports, by commodity<sup>1</sup>

		£ million BOP-consistent basis seasonally adjusted											
		2005	2006	2007 Q1	2007 Q2	2007 Q3	2007 Jun	2007 Jul	2007 Aug	2007 Sep	2007 Oct	2007 Nov	
<b>0. Food and live animals</b>	BOGG	6 552	6 808	1 827	1 879	1 852	643	623	606	623	620 <sup>†</sup>	620	
Of which:													
01. Meat and meat preparations	BOGS	729	759	203	263	203	91	75	61	67	64 <sup>†</sup>	73	
02. Dairy products and eggs	BQMS	718	716	193	195	210	70	74	59	77	71 <sup>†</sup>	73	
04 & 08. Cereals and animal feeding stuffs	BQMT	1 554	1 596	430	450	473	146	155	165	153	155 <sup>†</sup>	152	
05. Vegetables and fruit	BQMU	515	589	152	152	151	51	51	49	51	48 <sup>†</sup>	51	
<b>1. Beverages and tobacco</b>	BQMZ	4 095	4 189	1 103	1 036	1 156	323	375	407	374	368 <sup>†</sup>	405	
11. Beverages	BQNB	3 481	3 726	1 028	968	1 071	300	348	378	345	343 <sup>†</sup>	382	
12. Tobacco	BQOW	614	463	75	68	85	23	27	29	29	25 <sup>†</sup>	23	
<b>2. Crude materials</b>	BQOX	3 746	4 637	1 228	1 387	1 225	465	439	406	380	419 <sup>†</sup>	485	
Of which:													
24. Wood, lumber and cork	BQOY	131	146	38	39	36	13	12	12	12	12 <sup>†</sup>	14	
25. Pulp and waste paper	BQOZ	283	339	102	104	101	36	35	34	32	34 <sup>†</sup>	36	
26. Textile fibres	BQPA	516	544	127	125	126	42	41	44	41	39 <sup>†</sup>	42	
28. Metal ores	BQPB	1 713	2 426	658	810	651	266	256	205	190	231 <sup>†</sup>	290	
<b>3. Fuels</b>	BOPN	21 496	25 460	5 187	6 099	6 044	2 068	2 176	1 759	2 109	2 287 <sup>†</sup>	2 457	
33. Petroleum and petroleum products	ELBL	19 794	23 319	4 867	5 614	5 583	1 939	1 977	1 626	1 980	2 046 <sup>†</sup>	2 202	
32, 34 and 35. Coal, gas and electricity	BOQI	1 702	2 141	320	485	461	129	199	133	129	241 <sup>†</sup>	255	
<b>4. Animal and vegetable oils and fats</b>	BQPI	235	273	65	73	93	26	24	24	45	33	34	
<b>5. Chemicals</b>	ENDG	33 388	37 326	9 601	9 691	9 960	3 263	3 241	3 400	3 319	3 220 <sup>†</sup>	3 250	
Of which:													
51. Organic chemicals	BQPJ	6 702	8 042	1 985	2 014	1 855	647	618	593	644	584 <sup>†</sup>	639	
52. Inorganic chemicals	BQPK	1 555	2 151	582	635	764	226	187	342	235	191 <sup>†</sup>	222	
53. Colouring materials	CSCS	1 635	1 609	410	423	421	140	144	142	135	143 <sup>†</sup>	144	
54. Medicinal products	BQPL	12 320	13 835	3 595	3 538	3 776	1 185	1 248	1 247	1 281	1 232 <sup>†</sup>	1 184	
55. Toilet preparations	CSCF	3 219	3 458	921	929	948	320	314	322	312	322 <sup>†</sup>	318	
57 & 58. Plastics	BQQA	4 298	4 466	1 140	1 171	1 199	404	392	415	392	390 <sup>†</sup>	389	
<b>6. Manufactures classified chiefly by material</b>	BQQB	26 492	27 777	7 191	7 127	7 422	2 433	2 472	2 488	2 462	2 501 <sup>†</sup>	2 502	
Of which:													
63. Wood and cork manufactures	BQGC	255	275	72	68	71	22	23	25	23	23 <sup>†</sup>	23	
64. Paper and paperboard manufactures	BQGD	2 043	2 024	514	516	537	177	175	177	185	174 <sup>†</sup>	177	
65. Textile manufactures	BQGE	2 647	2 691	671	642	660	220	218	228	214	212 <sup>†</sup>	215	
67. Iron and steel	BQGF	5 183	5 153	1 455	1 507	1 449	526	492	506	451	455 <sup>†</sup>	509	
68. Non-ferrous metals	BQGG	3 862	4 846	1 376	1 417	1 539	472	499	496	544	558 <sup>†</sup>	500	
69. Metal manufactures	BQGH	4 066	4 539	1 106	1 089	1 162	374	381	365	416	386 <sup>†</sup>	431	
<b>7. Machinery and transport equipment<sup>2</sup></b>	BQGI	89 379	110 848	20 921	20 986	21 748	7 079	7 061	7 476	7 211	7 478 <sup>†</sup>	7 539	
71 - 716, 72, 73 & 74. Mechanical machinery	BQK	25 795	28 330	7 245	6 982	7 215	2 481	2 344	2 489	2 382	2 494 <sup>†</sup>	2 508	
716, 75, 76 & 77. Electrical machinery	BQQL	37 120	55 605	6 843	6 332	7 163	2 184	2 291	2 445	2 427	2 414 <sup>†</sup>	2 473	
78. Road vehicles	BQQM	19 439	19 412	4 981	5 084	5 514	1 746	1 752	1 912	1 850	1 931 <sup>†</sup>	1 847	
79. Other transport equipment	BQQN	7 025	7 501	1 852	2 588	1 856	668	674	630	552	639 <sup>†</sup>	711	
<b>8. Miscellaneous manufactures<sup>2</sup></b>	BQOO	25 105	26 058	6 545	6 562	6 880	2 311	2 286	2 276	2 318	2 136 <sup>†</sup>	2 240	
Of which:													
84. Clothing	CSCN	2 712	2 891	792	774	760	260	251	255	254	249 <sup>†</sup>	251	
85. Footwear	CSCP	470	525	133	140	137	48	45	47	45	42 <sup>†</sup>	44	
87 & 88. Scientific and photographic	BQQQ	7 245	7 364	1 759	1 742	1 710	586	559	582	569	596 <sup>†</sup>	585	
<b>9. Other commodities and transactions</b>	BOQL	1 120	1 290	358	252	264	83	87	90	87	92 <sup>†</sup>	98	
<b>TOTAL UK EXPORTS</b>	BOKG	211 608	244 666	54 026	55 092	56 644	18 694	18 784	18 932	18 928	19 154 <sup>†</sup>	19 630	

1 The numbers on the left hand side of the table refer to the code numbers of the *Standard International Trade Classification*, Revision 3, which was introduced in January 1988.

2 Sections 7 and 8 are shown by broad economic category in table G2 of the *Monthly Review of External Trade Statistics*.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 020 7533 6064

# 15.7 United Kingdom imports, by commodity<sup>1</sup>

		£ million BOP-consistent basis seasonally adjusted											
		2005	2006	2007 Q1	2007 Q2	2007 Q3	2007 Jun	2007 Jul	2007 Aug	2007 Sep	2007 Oct	2007 Nov	
<b>0. Food and live animals</b>	<b>BQQR</b>	18 593	19 891	5 125	5 168	5 389	1 701	1 749	1 811	1 829	1 888 <sup>†</sup>	1 852	
Of which:													
01. Meat and meat preparations	<b>BQQS</b>	3 619	3 817	986	982	1 015	322	330	340	345	333 <sup>†</sup>	342	
02. Dairy products and eggs	<b>BQQT</b>	1 700	1 818	442	438	462	141	148	157	157	158 <sup>†</sup>	161	
04 & 08. Cereals and animal feeding stuffs	<b>BQQU</b>	2 363	2 507	673	665	726	223	234	240	252	297 <sup>†</sup>	270	
05. Vegetables and fruit	<b>BQQV</b>	5 447	5 805	1 498	1 499	1 583	488	509	536	538	536 <sup>†</sup>	539	
<b>1. Beverages and tobacco</b>	<b>BQQW</b>	5 102	5 214	1 333	1 366	1 441	436	465	449	527	439 <sup>†</sup>	467	
11. Beverages	<b>EGAT</b>	3 625	3 715	968	982	1 067	309	338	330	399	327 <sup>†</sup>	343	
12. Tobacco	<b>EMAI</b>	1 477	1 499	365	384	374	127	127	119	128	112	124	
<b>2. Crude materials</b>	<b>ENVB</b>	6 129	7 134	1 955	2 179	2 333	752	819	775	739	728 <sup>†</sup>	710	
Of which:													
24. Wood, lumber and cork	<b>ENVC</b>	1 358	1 459	436	461	459	156	162	153	144	150 <sup>†</sup>	136	
25. Pulp and waste paper	<b>EQAH</b>	477	513	119	120	126	39	43	42	41	52 <sup>†</sup>	38	
26. Textile fibres	<b>EQAP</b>	314	298	76	74	85	24	27	28	30	27 <sup>†</sup>	26	
28. Metal ores	<b>EHAA</b>	1 999	2 675	772	978	1 087	350	394	363	330	312 <sup>†</sup>	324	
<b>3. Fuels</b>	<b>BQAT</b>	25 921	31 658	6 717	6 764	7 998	2 195	2 552	2 592	2 854	3 046 <sup>†</sup>	3 465	
33. Petroleum and petroleum products	<b>ENXO</b>	21 989	26 730	5 492	5 751	6 917	1 933	2 186	2 242	2 489	2 576 <sup>†</sup>	2 865	
32, 34 and 35. Coal, gas and electricity	<b>BPBI</b>	3 932	4 928	1 225	1 013	1 081	262	366	350	365	470 <sup>†</sup>	600	
<b>4. Animal and vegetable oils and fats</b>	<b>EHAB</b>	641	773	200	220	214	69	72	73	69	81	80	
<b>5. Chemicals</b>	<b>ENGA</b>	29 208	31 844	8 171	8 479	9 076	2 986	3 149	2 954	2 973	2 879 <sup>†</sup>	2 973	
Of which:													
51. Organic chemicals	<b>EHAC</b>	7 183	7 716	2 085	2 166	2 221	831	880	732	609	710 <sup>†</sup>	725	
52. Inorganic chemicals	<b>EHAE</b>	1 507	2 128	492	633	710	221	296	174	240	195 <sup>†</sup>	241	
53. Colouring materials	<b>CSCR</b>	1 072	1 094	285	278	319	96	100	115	104	100 <sup>†</sup>	97	
54. Medicinal products	<b>EHAF</b>	8 504	9 192	2 348	2 406	2 709	839	832	891	986	876 <sup>†</sup>	869	
55. Toilet preparations	<b>CSCS</b>	3 035	3 350	838	815	871	262	285	293	293	279 <sup>†</sup>	291	
57 & 58. Plastics	<b>EHAG</b>	5 038	5 434	1 373	1 417	1 450	484	484	488	478	477 <sup>†</sup>	480	
<b>6. Manufactures classified chiefly by material</b>	<b>EHAH</b>	33 469	37 729	9 850	9 777	10 163	3 311	3 351	3 342	3 470	3 293 <sup>†</sup>	3 302	
Of which:													
63. Wood and cork manufactures	<b>EHAI</b>	1 505	1 580	432	432	447	147	148	151	148	146 <sup>†</sup>	139	
64. Paper and paperboard manufactures	<b>EHAJ</b>	4 820	5 060	1 268	1 287	1 334	430	435	440	459	454 <sup>†</sup>	493	
65. Textile manufactures	<b>EHAK</b>	3 844	4 031	1 010	986	1 045	336	339	348	358	335 <sup>†</sup>	337	
67. Iron and steel	<b>EHAL</b>	4 402	5 001	1 469	1 523	1 525	529	494	527	504	493 <sup>†</sup>	488	
68. Non-ferrous metals	<b>EHAM</b>	3 923	6 201	1 618	1 572	1 465	528	500	469	496	478 <sup>†</sup>	476	
69. Metal manufactures	<b>EHAN</b>	5 355	5 870	1 576	1 591	1 671	543	555	550	566	558 <sup>†</sup>	560	
<b>7. Machinery and transport equipment<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>EHAO</b>	117 318	140 736	29 005	28 596	29 703	9 687	9 823	9 810	10 070	9 820 <sup>†</sup>	9 979	
71 - 716, 72, 73 & 74. Mechanical machinery	<b>EHAQ</b>	21 848	22 681	6 071	6 285	6 430	2 147	2 122	2 093	2 215	2 272 <sup>†</sup>	2 319	
716, 75, 76 & 77. Electrical machinery	<b>EHAR</b>	55 735	75 759	11 356	10 792	11 818	3 628	3 820	3 902	4 096	4 066 <sup>†</sup>	4 274	
78. Road vehicles	<b>EHAS</b>	31 436	32 830	8 982	9 219	9 230	3 168	3 153	3 039	3 038	2 720 <sup>†</sup>	2 501	
79. Other transport equipment	<b>EHAT</b>	8 299	9 466	2 596	2 300	2 225	744	728	776	721	762 <sup>†</sup>	885	
<b>8. Miscellaneous manufactures<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>EHAU</b>	42 175	45 015	11 591	11 570	12 440	3 990	4 221	4 036	4 183	4 115 <sup>†</sup>	3 977	
Of which:													
84. Clothing	<b>CSDR</b>	11 303	11 865	2 985	3 048	3 061	1 054	1 008	1 005	1 048	1 019 <sup>†</sup>	1 070	
85. Footwear	<b>CSDS</b>	2 563	2 705	663	641	679	220	217	221	241	235 <sup>†</sup>	224	
87 & 88. Scientific and photographic	<b>EHAW</b>	7 414	7 673	1 849	1 866	1 907	629	635	629	643	646 <sup>†</sup>	638	
<b>9. Other commodities and transactions</b>	<b>BQAW</b>	1 841	2 071	527	546	524	174	181	172	171	217 <sup>†</sup>	202	
<b>TOTAL UK IMPORTS</b>	<b>BOKH</b>	280 397	322 065	74 474	74 665	79 281	25 301	26 382	26 014	26 885	26 506 <sup>†</sup>	27 007	

1 The numbers on the left hand side of the table refer to the code numbers of the *Standard International Trade Classification*, Revision 3, which was introduced in January 1988.

2 Sections 7 and 8 are shown by broad economic category in table G2 of the *Monthly Review of External Trade Statistics*.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 020 7533 6064

## External trade in goods

# 15.8 United Kingdom exports, by area

		£ million BOP-consistent basis seasonally adjusted											
		2005	2006	2007 Q1	2007 Q2	2007 Q3	2007 Jun	2007 Jul	2007 Aug	2007 Sep	2007 Oct	2007 Nov	
<b>European Union:<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>LGCK</b>	121 486	153 388	31 784	31 509	33 664	10 530	11 079	11 167	11 418	11 265 <sup>†</sup>	11 620	
EMU members:	<b>QAKW</b>	108 907	135 698	28 183	27 956	29 880	9 325	9 861	9 881	10 138	9 918 <sup>†</sup>	10 352	
Austria	<b>CHMY</b>	1 332	1 710	344	349	358	122	117	128	113	126 <sup>†</sup>	127	
Belgium & Luxembourg	<b>CHNQ</b>	11 394	15 184	2 996	2 914	3 320	920	1 184	999	1 137	1 152 <sup>†</sup>	1 167	
Finland	<b>CHMZ</b>	1 514	1 885	487	578	462	187	140	142	180	175 <sup>†</sup>	163	
France	<b>ENYL</b>	19 931	28 881	4 681	4 437	4 866	1 546	1 540	1 639	1 687	1 663 <sup>†</sup>	1 765	
Germany	<b>ENYO</b>	23 025	27 791	6 154	6 163	6 342	2 032	2 104	2 062	2 176	2 119 <sup>†</sup>	2 274	
Greece	<b>CHNT</b>	1 367	1 484	353	313	340	109	117	111	112	128 <sup>†</sup>	123	
Irish Republic	<b>CHNS</b>	16 294	17 602	4 374	4 482	4 596	1 480	1 524	1 518	1 554	1 521 <sup>†</sup>	1 396	
Italy	<b>CHNO</b>	8 790	9 562	2 304	2 234	2 438	757	798	817	823	798 <sup>†</sup>	852	
Netherlands	<b>CHNP</b>	12 716	16 632	3 410	3 692	4 106	1 257	1 337	1 388	1 381	1 283 <sup>†</sup>	1 516	
Portugal	<b>CHNU</b>	1 698	2 388	407	350	407	116	153	136	118	136 <sup>†</sup>	128	
Spain	<b>CHNV</b>	10 677	12 379	2 624	2 395	2 595	782	830	927	838	798 <sup>†</sup>	822	
Non-EMU members: <sup>1</sup>	<b>BQIA</b>	12 579	17 690	3 601	3 553	3 784	1 205	1 218	1 286	1 280	1 347 <sup>†</sup>	1 268	
Of which:													
Bulgaria	<b>WYUF</b>	220	237	39	47	56	15	16	20	20	22 <sup>†</sup>	19	
Czech Rep	<b>FKML</b>	1 080	1 535	352	356	374	118	120	130	124	129 <sup>†</sup>	119	
Denmark	<b>CHNR</b>	2 314	3 738	569	533	633	179	193	224	216	238 <sup>†</sup>	210	
Hungary	<b>QALC</b>	834	860	229	213	229	75	74	73	82	72 <sup>†</sup>	69	
Poland	<b>ERDR</b>	1 653	2 724	564	574	686	223	227	224	235	245 <sup>†</sup>	200	
Romania	<b>WMDB</b>	647	644	175	160	163	54	53	58	52	62 <sup>†</sup>	55	
Sweden	<b>CHNA</b>	4 588	5 279	1 232	1 215	1 181	388	382	398	401	409 <sup>†</sup>	420	
<b>Other Western Europe:</b>	<b>HCJD</b>	9 730	9 224	2 112	2 303	2 112	900	726	719	667	805 <sup>†</sup>	872	
Of which:													
Iceland	<b>EPLW</b>	179	188	38	48	43	18	16	16	11	17	25	
Norway	<b>EPLX</b>	2 211	2 125	558	714	587	285	190	187	210	259	260	
Switzerland	<b>EPLV</b>	4 985	4 190	825	967	945	398	343	337	265	322	330	
Turkey	<b>EOBA</b>	2 160	2 426	640	509	485	168	159	161	165	182 <sup>†</sup>	229	
<b>North America:</b>	<b>HBZQ</b>	35 007	36 935	9 015	9 170	8 893	3 521	2 835	3 019	3 039	3 004 <sup>†</sup>	3 096	
Of which:													
Canada	<b>EOBC</b>	3 277	3 895	917	846	768	284	258	251	259	255 <sup>†</sup>	286	
Mexico	<b>EPJK</b>	638	747	182	185	238	57	86	84	68	63 <sup>†</sup>	61	
USA	<b>EOBB</b>	30 913	32 103	7 877	8 086	7 855	3 168	2 480	2 674	2 701	2 671 <sup>†</sup>	2 739	
<b>Other OECD countries:</b>	<b>HCII</b>	8 577	8 716	2 132	2 179	2 186	754	770	750	666	726	751	
Of which:													
Australia	<b>EPMA</b>	2 580	2 488	656	630	657	208	230	222	205	220 <sup>†</sup>	208	
Japan	<b>EOBD</b>	3 900	4 109	946	973	947	340	323	320	304	321 <sup>†</sup>	342	
New Zealand	<b>EPMB</b>	415	373	104	85	84	32	32	28	24	28	33	
South Korea	<b>ERDM</b>	1 677	1 746	426	491	494	174	185	180	129	157	168	
<b>Oil exporting countries:</b>	<b>HDII</b>	10 851	9 061	2 096	2 821	2 225	725	789	780	656	728 <sup>†</sup>	877	
Of which:													
Brunei	<b>QALF</b>	43	79	23	802	21	29	10	10	1	14 <sup>†</sup>	2	
Dubai	<b>QALI</b>	4 657	2 830	491	434	415	149	140	130	145	153 <sup>†</sup>	165	
Indonesia	<b>FKMR</b>	366	311	68	66	67	25	24	23	20	21	41	
Kuwait	<b>QATB</b>	426	438	113	123	100	34	35	34	31	39	38	
Nigeria	<b>QATE</b>	799	821	215	216	273	76	98	113	62	84 <sup>†</sup>	132	
Saudi Arabia	<b>ERDI</b>	1 559	1 644	394	487	469	175	171	168	130	151	173	
<b>Rest of the World</b>	<b>HCHW</b>	25 957	27 342	6 887	7 110	7 564	2 264	2 585	2 497	2 482	2 626 <sup>†</sup>	2 414	
Of which:													
Brazil	<b>FKMO</b>	836	918	288	276	245	104	82	83	80	90 <sup>†</sup>	98	
China	<b>ERDN</b>	2 811	3 265	786	939	978	312	341	334	303	360 <sup>†</sup>	396	
Egypt	<b>QALL</b>	543	578	161	188	142	59	50	49	43	53	67	
Hong Kong	<b>ERDG</b>	3 088	2 864	574	647	710	236	254	250	206	269	253	
India	<b>ERDJ</b>	2 798	2 695	647	726	693	231	216	258	219	265 <sup>†</sup>	321	
Israel	<b>ERDL</b>	1 352	1 308	318	341	277	116	98	108	71	107 <sup>†</sup>	105	
Malaysia	<b>ERDK</b>	1 088	877	212	242	265	83	94	93	78	79	76	
Pakistan	<b>FKMU</b>	461	488	114	108	92	44	26	31	35	34	36	
Philippines	<b>FKMX</b>	279	242	65	67	60	21	22	21	17	24	18	
Russia	<b>ERDQ</b>	1 869	2 063	635	699	683	225	253	253	177	270 <sup>†</sup>	257	
Singapore	<b>ERDH</b>	2 078	2 318	581	577	639	200	197	193	249	219	208	
South Africa	<b>EPME</b>	2 073	2 184	551	505	609	179	208	204	197	192 <sup>†</sup>	172	
Taiwan	<b>ERDP</b>	939	911	251	236	228	83	87	83	58	73 <sup>†</sup>	83	
Thailand	<b>ERDO</b>	638	567	147	141	156	49	55	54	47	55	59	

<sup>1</sup> Includes the ten countries which joined the EU on 1 May 2004; Cyprus,

Czech Republic, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Malta, Poland, Slovakia, Slovenia. Also Bulgaria and Romania which joined the EU in January 2007.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 020 7533 6064

# 15.9 United Kingdom imports, by area

£ million BOP-consistent basis seasonally adjusted

		2005	2006	2007 Q1	2007 Q2	2007 Q3	2007 Jun	2007 Jul	2007 Aug	2007 Sep	2007 Oct	2007 Nov
<b>European Union:<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>LGDC</b>	158 363	185 319	40 831	41 149	43 307	13 757	14 216	14 333	14 758	14 137 <sup>†</sup>	14 558
EMU members	<b>QAKX</b>	139 292	157 095	35 621	35 979	37 816	11 956	12 434	12 571	12 811	12 173 <sup>†</sup>	12 627
Austria	<b>CHNB</b>	2 461	2 804	620	610	639	202	217	209	213	203 <sup>†</sup>	189
Belgium & Luxembourg	<b>CHNY</b>	15 155	18 285	3 618	3 684	4 309	1 274	1 404	1 415	1 490	1 434 <sup>†</sup>	1 426
Finland	<b>CHNC</b>	2 431	3 135	627	674	646	225	224	210	212	224 <sup>†</sup>	248
France	<b>ENYP</b>	22 184	27 015	5 354	5 260	5 796	1 728	1 855	1 836	2 105	1 821 <sup>†</sup>	1 904
Germany	<b>ENYS</b>	39 169	42 926	10 926	11 086	10 791	3 650	3 648	3 655	3 488	3 375 <sup>†</sup>	3 447
Greece	<b>CHOB</b>	703	797	168	151	150	48	51	51	48	51 <sup>†</sup>	47
Irish Republic	<b>CHOA</b>	10 411	10 838	2 764	2 759	3 033	828	1 029	982	1 022	954 <sup>†</sup>	914
Italy	<b>CHNW</b>	12 673	12 857	3 162	3 184	3 320	1 058	1 063	1 129	1 128	1 117 <sup>†</sup>	1 035
Netherlands	<b>CHNX</b>	20 436	22 413	5 345	5 549	5 706	1 877	1 864	1 897	1 945	1 879 <sup>†</sup>	2 351
Portugal	<b>CHOC</b>	2 018	3 068	421	378	403	130	123	138	142	137 <sup>†</sup>	126
Spain	<b>CHOD</b>	11 450	12 216	2 525	2 560	2 901	905	923	1 003	975	934 <sup>†</sup>	893
Non-EMU members: <sup>1</sup>	<b>BQIB</b>	19 071	28 224	5 210	5 170	5 491	1 801	1 782	1 762	1 947	1 964 <sup>†</sup>	1 931
Of which:												
Bulgaria	<b>WYUT</b>	169	208	58	56	57	20	22	18	17	18 <sup>†</sup>	13
Czech Rep	<b>FKMM</b>	1 883	3 001	657	716	749	305	231	242	276	276 <sup>†</sup>	305
Denmark	<b>CHNZ</b>	4 393	6 468	886	750	964	242	296	339	329	326 <sup>†</sup>	334
Hungary	<b>QALD</b>	1 860	2 363	574	563	625	203	209	199	217	208 <sup>†</sup>	227
Poland	<b>ERED</b>	2 320	3 643	813	858	915	296	292	256	367	384 <sup>†</sup>	328
Romania	<b>WMDC</b>	803	867	204	259	220	95	78	73	69	72 <sup>†</sup>	52
Sweden	<b>CHND</b>	5 463	6 023	1 339	1 260	1 286	424	440	415	431	450 <sup>†</sup>	438
<b>Other Western Europe:</b>	<b>HBTS</b>	20 072	23 445	5 583	5 623	6 061	1 978	1 931	1 887	2 243	2 177 <sup>†</sup>	2 280
Of which:												
Iceland	<b>EPMW</b>	346	402	93	93	111	28	38	30	43	40	41
Norway	<b>EPMX</b>	12 078	14 472	3 141	3 176	3 463	1 045	1 041	1 045	1 377	1 342 <sup>†</sup>	1 445
Switzerland	<b>EPMV</b>	3 882	4 376	1 186	1 116	1 234	485	442	379	413	390 <sup>†</sup>	387
Turkey	<b>EOBU</b>	3 511	3 950	1 109	1 174	1 189	398	392	408	389	375	387
<b>North America:</b>	<b>HCRB</b>	27 128	31 439	7 727	8 160	8 443	2 800	3 011	2 672	2 760	2 759	2 677
Of which:												
Canada	<b>EOBW</b>	4 155	4 987	1 249	1 530	1 643	488	756	409	478	422 <sup>†</sup>	451
Mexico	<b>EPJY</b>	446	449	98	138	149	57	58	53	38	76	63
USA	<b>EOBV</b>	22 184	25 723	6 298	6 416	6 559	2 226	2 161	2 172	2 226	2 248 <sup>†</sup>	2 149
<b>Other OECD countries:</b>	<b>HDJQ</b>	14 426	13 710	3 428	3 313	3 472	1 148	1 125	1 152	1 195	1 247	1 207
Of which:												
Australia	<b>EPNA</b>	2 100	2 119	515	511	540	184	164	181	195	258 <sup>†</sup>	222
Japan	<b>EOBX</b>	8 670	7 902	2 006	1 929	1 956	649	640	650	666	672 <sup>†</sup>	659
New Zealand	<b>EPNB</b>	592	604	167	169	168	58	53	59	56	56	51
South Korea	<b>ERDY</b>	3 064	3 085	740	704	808	257	268	262	278	261 <sup>†</sup>	275
<b>Oil exporting countries:</b>	<b>HCPC</b>	6 017	7 011	1 435	1 351	1 820	421	611	635	574	564 <sup>†</sup>	594
Of which:												
Brunei	<b>QALG</b>	25	71	19	13	13	5	9	1	3	12 <sup>†</sup>	—
Dubai	<b>QALJ</b>	643	680	156	143	145	61	60	43	42	65 <sup>†</sup>	72
Indonesia	<b>FKMS</b>	839	960	227	229	226	81	72	74	80	83	77
Kuwait	<b>QATC</b>	367	743	149	168	185	42	60	49	76	63	69
Nigeria	<b>QATF</b>	152	206	35	42	98	17	32	28	38	35 <sup>†</sup>	2
Saudi Arabia	<b>ERDU</b>	1 714	1 234	197	161	273	42	69	112	92	62	66
<b>Rest of the World</b>	<b>HCIF</b>	54 391	61 141	15 470	15 069	16 178	5 197	5 488	5 335	5 355	5 622 <sup>†</sup>	5 691
Of which:												
Brazil	<b>FKMP</b>	1 739	1 911	456	468	531	133	169	185	177	189 <sup>†</sup>	193
China	<b>ERDZ</b>	12 963	15 292	4 678	4 389	4 586	1 512	1 514	1 489	1 583	1 580 <sup>†</sup>	1 682
Egypt	<b>QALM</b>	350	665	160	141	128	56	53	36	39	41	37
Hong Kong	<b>ERDS</b>	6 601	7 366	1 723	1 580	1 722	552	570	571	581	582 <sup>†</sup>	596
India	<b>ERDV</b>	2 783	3 133	855	959	901	372	293	318	290	323 <sup>†</sup>	354
Israel	<b>ERDX</b>	1 002	967	270	248	253	74	98	76	79	105 <sup>†</sup>	84
Malaysia	<b>ERDW</b>	1 814	1 902	456	418	419	145	129	143	147	118 <sup>†</sup>	141
Pakistan	<b>FKMV</b>	487	512	126	123	123	41	39	41	43	40 <sup>†</sup>	46
Philippines	<b>FKMY</b>	712	743	183	172	182	53	53	61	68	59 <sup>†</sup>	65
Russia	<b>EREC</b>	5 009	5 760	1 097	1 380	1 410	523	438	491	481	460	473
Singapore	<b>ERDT</b>	3 829	3 771	1 063	903	1 015	420	394	445	176	367	472
South Africa	<b>EPNE</b>	3 938	3 919	761	737	740	246	232	274	234	243	303
Taiwan	<b>EREV</b>	2 225	2 349	611	633	602	197	208	197	197	188 <sup>†</sup>	178
Thailand	<b>EREA</b>	1 719	1 929	461	501	492	177	179	150	163	181	171

<sup>1</sup> Includes the ten countries which joined the EU on 1 May 2004. Also Bulgaria and Romania which joined the EU in January 2007.

# 16 UK Balance of payments

## 16.1 Balance of payments Summary

£ million

	Seasonally adjusted (balances)				Not seasonally adjusted				
	Trade in goods and services	Income	Current transfers	Current balance	Capital balance	Current balance	Capital balance	Net financial transactions	Net errors and omissions <sup>1</sup>
	IKBJ	HBOJ	IKBP	HBOP	FNVQ	HBOG	FKMJ	HBNT	HHDH
1997	1 764	3 314	-5 918	-840	958	-840	958	-8 771	8 653
1998	-7 141	12 320	-8 374	-3 195	489	-3 195	489	9 922	-7 216
1999	-15 454	1 270	-7 533	-21 717	747	-21 717	747	21 416	-446
2000	-19 361	4 540	-10 012	-24 833	1 703	-24 833	1 703	12 604	10 526
2001	-26 789	11 664	-6 759	-21 884	1 318	-21 884	1 318	17 503	3 063
2002	-30 875	23 443	-9 081	-16 513	932	-16 513	932	7 202	8 379
2003	-29 445	24 646	-10 122	-14 921	1 466	-14 921	1 466	20 507	-7 052
2004	-34 975	26 596	-10 949	-19 328	2 063	-19 328	2 063	5 641	11 624, <sup>†</sup>
2005	-44 178	25 204 <sup>†</sup>	-12 011 <sup>†</sup>	-30 985 <sup>†</sup>	1 491	-30 985 <sup>†</sup>	1 491	33 954 <sup>†</sup>	-4 460 <sup>†</sup>
2006	-46 394 <sup>†</sup>	8 126	-11 968	-50 236	853 <sup>†</sup>	-50 236	853 <sup>†</sup>	37 933	11 450
1997 Q2	333	1 741	-1 354	720	59	-255	80	747	-572
Q3	759	1 686	-1 719	726	193	505	205	1 979	-2 689
Q4	-581	-475	-1 119	-2 175	337	-978	338	-8 134	8 774
1998 Q1	-1 066	1 700	-2 190	-1 556	30	-2 649	-2	828	1 823
Q2	-1 362	1 841	-1 600	-1 121	-65	-2 029	-39	2 502	-434
Q3	-1 776	4 854	-1 788	1 290	219	1 919	230	-1 610	-539
Q4	-2 937	3 925	-2 796	-1 808	305	-436	300	8 202	-8 066
1999 Q1	-4 467	-70	-2 039	-6 576	-1	-6 836	-29	1 188	5 677
Q2	-2 994	-110	-1 644	-4 748	205	-6 066	229	1 620	4 217
Q3	-3 110	792	-2 020	-4 338	244	-3 550	254	4 751	-1 455
Q4	-4 883	658	-1 830	-6 055	299	-5 265	293	13 857	-8 885
2000 Q1	-4 516	1 407	-1 863	-4 972	248	-4 539	222	4 677	-360
Q2	-3 889	464	-2 247	-5 672	656	-6 373	677	1 686	4 010
Q3	-5 420	2 545	-2 791	-5 666	401	-5 473	417	-3 054	8 110
Q4	-5 536	124	-3 111	-8 523	398	-8 448	387	9 295	-1 234
2001 Q1	-4 931	2 545	-1 867	-4 253	240	-2 913	221	-2 437	5 129
Q2	-6 502	3 074	-2 720	-6 148	569	-7 780	594	3 118	4 068
Q3	-9 205	3 620	26	-5 559	212	-4 822	225	3 538	1 059
Q4	-6 151	2 425	-2 198	-5 924	297	-6 369	278	13 284	-7 193
2002 Q1	-7 426	5 283	-2 298	-4 441	154	-2 990	130	-10 393	13 253
Q2	-7 368	4 270	-2 557	-5 655	158	-7 917	184	-64	7 797
Q3	-7 237	6 924	-1 519	-1 832	160	-1 305	174	3 423	-2 292
Q4	-8 844	6 966	-2 707	-4 585	460	-4 301	444	14 236	-10 379
2003 Q1	-6 132	7 932	-2 364	-564	236	535	202	-7 851	7 114
Q2	-6 582	5 098	-2 926	-4 410	208	-6 719	237	11 603	-5 121
Q3	-7 600	4 688	-2 479	-5 391	329	-4 636	348	4 628	-340
Q4	-9 131	6 928	-2 353	-4 556	693	-4 101	679	12 127	-8 705
2004 Q1	-8 067	5 825	-2 686	-4 928	735	-4 045	697	-5 552	8 900
Q2	-8 407	6 377	-2 439	-4 469	601	-6 699	634	9 386	-3 321
Q3	-9 036	4 954	-2 807	-6 889	266	-7 432	283	1 662	5 487
Q4	-9 465	9 440	-3 017	-3 042	461	-1 152	449	145	558
2005 Q1	-10 052	7 239 <sup>†</sup>	-3 637 <sup>†</sup>	-6 450 <sup>†</sup>	773	-6 755 <sup>†</sup>	732	-2 775 <sup>†</sup>	8 798 <sup>†</sup>
Q2	-9 366	8 681	-2 170	-2 855	670	-3 364	700	5 547	-2 883
Q3	-13 423	5 796	-3 437	-11 064	358	-11 674	373	17 786	-6 485
Q4	-11 337	3 488	-2 767	-10 616	-310	-9 192	-314	13 396	-3 890
2006 Q1	-11 679 <sup>†</sup>	3 805	-3 142	-11 016	617 <sup>†</sup>	-12 386	576 <sup>†</sup>	10 346	1 464
Q2	-11 505	3 444	-2 601	-10 662	-685	-9 760	-661	6 738	3 683
Q3	-11 626	785	-2 403	-13 244	426	-15 091	453	17 724	-3 086
Q4	-11 584	92	-3 822	-15 314	495	-12 999	485	3 125	9 389
2007 Q1	-11 492	-1 922	-3 138	-16 552	422	-18 653	375	6 782	11 496
Q2	-10 461	-192	-3 050	-13 703	435	-14 802	470	18 371	-4 039
Q3	-13 292	-3 756	-3 000	-20 048	516	-22 069	539	29 258	-7 728

<sup>1</sup> This series represents net errors and omissions in the balance of payments accounts. It is the converse of the current and capital balances (HBOG and FKMJ) and net financial account transactions (HBNT) and is required to balance these three accounts, not seasonally adjusted.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 020 7533 6078

# 16.2 Balance of payments

## Current account balances (seasonally adjusted)

£ million

	Trade in goods and services			Income			Current transfers				Current balance as % of GDP <sup>1</sup>
	Trade in goods	Trade in services	Total trade	Compensation of employees	Investment income	Total income	Central government	Other sectors	Total current transfers	Current balance	
	BOKI	IKBD	IKBJ	IJAJ	HBOM	HBOJ	FNSV	FNTC	IKBP	HBOP	
1997	-12 342	14 106	1 764	83	3 231	3 314	-3 087	-2 831	-5 918	-840	-0.1
1998	-21 813	14 672	-7 141	-10	12 330	12 320	-5 020	-3 354	-8 374	-3 195	-0.4
1999	-29 051	13 597	-15 454	201	1 069	1 270	-3 940	-3 593	-7 533	-21 717	-2.4
2000	-32 976	13 615	-19 361	150	4 390	4 540	-5 550	-4 462	-10 012	-24 833	-2.6
2001	-41 212	14 423	-26 789	66	11 598	11 664	-2 593	-4 166	-6 759	-21 884	-2.2
2002	-47 705	16 830	-30 875	67	23 376	23 443	-5 633	-3 448	-9 081	-16 513	-1.6
2003	-48 607	19 162	-29 445	59	24 587	24 646	-6 976	-3 146	-10 122	-14 921	-1.3
2004	-60 893	25 918	-34 975	71	26 525	26 596	-8 304	-2 645	-10 949	-19 328	-1.6
2005	-68 789	24 611	-44 178	-610	25 814 <sup>†</sup>	25 204 <sup>†</sup>	-9 427 <sup>†</sup>	-2 584 <sup>†</sup>	-12 011 <sup>†</sup>	-30 985 <sup>†</sup>	-2.5
2006	-77 399	31 005 <sup>†</sup>	-46 394 <sup>†</sup>	-735 <sup>†</sup>	8 861	8 126	-9 542	-2 426	-11 968	-50 236	-3.9 <sup>†</sup>
1997 Q2	-3 140	3 473	333	18	1 723	1 741	-1 088	-266	-1 354	720	0.4
Q3	-2 777	3 536	759	22	1 664	1 686	-843	-876	-1 719	726	0.4
Q4	-4 122	3 541	-581	42	-517	-475	-350	-769	-1 119	-2 175	-1.0
1998 Q1	-4 734	3 668	-1 066	75	1 625	1 700	-1 319	-871	-2 190	-1 556	-0.7
Q2	-4 977	3 615	-1 362	-27	1 868	1 841	-843	-757	-1 600	-1 121	-0.5
Q3	-5 782	4 006	-1 776	-29	4 883	4 854	-1 279	-509	-1 788	1 290	0.6
Q4	-6 320	3 383	-2 937	-29	3 954	3 925	-1 579	-1 217	-2 796	-1 808	-0.8
1999 Q1	-7 934	3 467	-4 467	33	-103	-70	-1 022	-1 017	-2 039	-6 576	-3.0
Q2	-6 598	3 604	-2 994	89	-199	-110	-824	-820	-1 644	-4 748	-2.1
Q3	-6 598	3 488	-3 110	47	745	792	-948	-1 072	-2 020	-4 338	-1.9
Q4	-7 921	3 038	-4 883	32	626	658	-1 146	-684	-1 830	-6 055	-2.6
2000 Q1	-7 480	2 964	-4 516	13	1 394	1 407	-1 276	-587	-1 863	-4 972	-2.1
Q2	-7 405	3 516	-3 889	82	382	464	-1 227	-1 020	-2 247	-5 672	-2.4
Q3	-8 844	3 424	-5 420	30	2 515	2 545	-1 219	-1 572	-2 791	-5 666	-2.4
Q4	-9 247	3 711	-5 536	25	99	124	-1 828	-1 283	-3 111	-8 523	-3.5
2001 Q1	-9 180	4 249	-4 931	-53	2 598	2 545	-1 037	-830	-1 867	-4 253	-1.7
Q2	-11 080	4 578	-6 502	65	3 009	3 074	-1 379	-1 341	-2 720	-6 148	-2.5
Q3	-10 481	1 276	-9 205	29	3 591	3 620	967	-941	26	-5 559	-2.2
Q4	-10 471	4 320	-6 151	25	2 400	2 425	-1 144	-1 054	-2 198	-5 924	-2.3
2002 Q1	-11 372	3 946	-7 426	8	5 275	5 283	-1 065	-1 233	-2 298	-4 441	-1.7
Q2	-11 002	3 634	-7 368	19	4 251	4 270	-1 310	-1 247	-2 557	-5 655	-2.2
Q3	-12 016	4 779	-7 237	23	6 901	6 924	-1 317	-202	-1 519	-1 832	-0.7
Q4	-13 315	4 471	-8 844	17	6 949	6 966	-1 941	-766	-2 707	-4 585	-1.7
2003 Q1	-10 862	4 730	-6 132	15	7 917	7 932	-1 600	-764	-2 364	-564	-0.2
Q2	-11 545	4 963	-6 582	23	5 075	5 098	-1 960	-966	-2 926	-4 410	-1.6
Q3	-12 302	4 702	-7 600	11	4 677	4 688	-1 639	-840	-2 479	-5 391	-1.9
Q4	-13 898	4 767	-9 131	10	6 918	6 928	-1 777	-576	-2 353	-4 556	-1.6
2004 Q1	-13 947	5 880	-8 067	15	5 810	5 825	-1 962	-724	-2 686	-4 928	-1.7
Q2	-15 247	6 840	-8 407	32	6 345	6 377	-1 906	-533	-2 439	-4 469	-1.5
Q3	-15 529	6 493	-9 036	17	4 937	4 954	-2 151	-656	-2 807	-6 889	-2.3
Q4	-16 170	6 705	-9 465	7	9 433	9 440	-2 285	-732	-3 017	-3 042	-1.0
2005 Q1	-16 228	6 176	-10 052	-62	7 301 <sup>†</sup>	7 239 <sup>†</sup>	-2 854 <sup>†</sup>	-783 <sup>†</sup>	-3 637 <sup>†</sup>	-6 450 <sup>†</sup>	-2.1 <sup>†</sup>
Q2	-16 305	6 939	-9 366	-145	8 826	8 681	-1 836	-334	-2 170	-2 855	-0.9
Q3	-17 878	4 455	-13 423	-208	6 004	5 796	-2 663	-774	-3 437	-11 064	-3.6
Q4	-18 378	7 041	-11 337	-195	3 683	3 488	-2 074	-693	-2 767	-10 616	-3.4
2006 Q1	-19 168	7 489 <sup>†</sup>	-11 679 <sup>†</sup>	-96 <sup>†</sup>	3 901	3 805	-2 451	-691	-3 142	-11 016	-3.5
Q2	-18 810	7 305	-11 505	-214	3 658	3 444	-1 912	-689	-2 601	-10 662	-3.3
Q3	-19 278	7 652	-11 626	-237	1 022	785	-2 139	-264	-2 403	-13 244	-4.0
Q4	-20 143	8 559	-11 584	-188	280	92	-3 040	-782	-3 822	-15 314	-4.6
2007 Q1	-20 448	8 956	-11 492	-85	-1 837	-1 922	-2 192	-946	-3 138	-16 552	-4.9
Q2	-19 573	9 112	-10 461	-198	6	-192	-2 093	-957	-3 050	-13 703	-4.0
Q3	-22 637	9 345	-13 292	-160	-3 596	-3 756	-2 127	-873	-3 000	-20 048	-5.7

<sup>1</sup> Using series YBHA: GDP at current market prices.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 020 7533 6078

# UK Balance of payments

## **16.3 Balance of payments**

Summary of financial account

£ million

Investment in the UK						UK investment abroad						Net transactions					
	Direct investme- nt	Portfolio investme- nt	Other investme- nt	Total		Direct investme- nt	Portfolio investme- nt	Financial derivati- ves	Other investme- nt	Reserve assets	Total		Direct investme- nt	Portfolio investme- nt	Other investme- nt	Reserve assets	Total
1997	HJYU	HHZF	XBMN	HBNS	-HJYP	-HHZC	-ZPNN	-XBMM	-LTCV	-HBNR	HJYV	HHZD	HHYR	LTCV	HBNT		
1997	22 900	26 786	196 670	246 356	37 302	51 941	-1 156	169 420	-2 380	255 127	-14 402	-25 155	27 250	2 380	-8 771		
1998	45 054	20 853	67 640	133 547	73 786	32 073	3 043	14 887	-164	123 625	-28 732	-11 220	52 753	164	9 922		
1999	55 066	114 106	55 469	224 641	125 602	21 390	-2 685	59 557	-639	203 225	-70 536	92 716	-4 088	639	21 416		
2000	80 566	164 543	267 030	512 139	155 582	65 563	-1 553	276 028	3 915	499 535	-75 016	98 980	-8 998	-3 915	12 604		
2001	37 348	48 148	223 969	309 465	42 827	86 551	-8 417	174 086	-3 085	291 962	-5 479	-38 403	49 883	3 085	17 503		
2002	16 782	51 010	71 187	138 979	35 041	1 011	-1 001	97 185	-459	131 777	-18 259	49 999	-25 998	459	7 202		
2003	16 776	95 222	245 370	357 368	40 889	36 267	5 401	255 863	-1 559	336 861	-24 113	58 955	-10 493	1 559	20 507		
2004	42 416	87 247	404 321	533 984	53 831	140 853	7 875	325 588	196	528 343	-11 415	-53 606	78 733	-196	5 641		
2005	97 845 <sup>†</sup>	130 867 <sup>†</sup>	505 711 <sup>†</sup>	734 423 <sup>†</sup>	44 005 <sup>†</sup>	160 332	-9 556	505 032	656	700 469 <sup>†</sup>	53 840 <sup>†</sup>	-29 465 <sup>†</sup>	679 <sup>†</sup>	-656	33 954 <sup>†</sup>		
2006	80 539	158 580	477 538	716 657	47 235	198 381 <sup>†</sup>	-7 449	440 983 <sup>†</sup>	-426	678 724	33 304	-39 801	36 555	426	37 933		
1997 Q1	8 798	8 031	76 114	92 943	8 815	13 891	-490	75 548	-1 458	96 306	-17	-5 860	566	1 458	-3 363		
Q2	4 803	9 191	49 657	63 651	4 304	36 374	70	21 931	225	62 904	499	-27 183	27 726	-225	747		
Q3	3 430	9 499	20 085	33 014	18 189	-2 663	-232	15 405	336	31 035	-14 759	12 162	4 680	-336	1 979		
Q4	5 869	65	50 814	56 748	5 994	4 339	-504	56 536	-1 483	64 882	-125	-4 274	-5 722	1 483	-8 134		
1998 Q1	11 004	-911	41 997	52 090	5 484	23 977	-626	23 425	-998	51 262	5 520	-24 888	18 572	998	828		
Q2	8 055	-9 451	49 236	47 840	7 107	9 160	595	28 167	309	45 338	948	-18 611	21 069	-309	2 502		
Q3	13 199	841	19 228	33 268	20 212	-17 831	1 531	30 653	313	34 878	-7 013	18 672	-11 425	-313	-1 610		
Q4	12 796	30 374	-42 821	349	40 983	16 767	1 543	-67 358	212	-7 853	-28 187	13 607	24 537	-212	8 202		
1999 Q1	12 832	19 069	68 198	100 099	8 149	15 377	-1 519	77 741	-837	98 911	4 683	3 692	-9 543	837	1 188		
Q2	5 262	84 215	61 300	150 777	84 661	12 107	441	51 746	202	149 157	-79 399	72 108	9 554	-202	1 620		
Q3	12 863	6 224	-29 530	-10 443	11 589	9 965	535	-36 524	-759	-15 194	1 274	-3 741	6 994	759	4 751		
Q4	24 109	4 598	-44 499	-15 792	21 203	-16 059	-2 142	-33 406	755	-29 649	2 906	20 657	-11 093	-755	13 857		
2000 Q1	14 601	91 753	139 095	245 449	112 991	-13 178	492	142 932	-2 465	240 772	-98 390	104 931	-3 837	2 465	4 677		
Q2	22 735	29 873	60 168	112 776	34 299	45 177	-926	31 994	546	111 090	-11 564	-15 304	28 174	-546	1 686		
Q3	43 931	12 932	29 864	86 727	5 849	19 518	-526	63 410	1 530	89 781	38 082	-6 586	-33 546	-1 530	-3 054		
Q4	-701	29 985	37 903	67 187	2 443	14 046	-593	37 692	4 304	57 892	-3 144	15 939	211	-4 304	9 295		
2001 Q1	16 426	20 888	214 849	252 163	21 156	37 299	-2 331	201 075	-2 599	254 600	-4 730	-16 411	13 774	2 599	-2 437		
Q2	12 210	7 969	-20 847	-668	11 835	30 083	1 473	-47 214	37	-3 786	375	-22 114	26 367	-37	3 118		
Q3	5 518	8 173	-549	13 142	8 648	11 046	-5 843	-3 749	-498	9 604	-3 130	-2 873	3 200	498	3 538		
Q4	3 194	11 118	30 516	44 828	1 188	8 123	-1 716	23 974	-25	31 544	2 006	2 995	6 542	25	13 284		
2002 Q1	-6 050	9 049	24 262	27 261	18 143	-6 575	-340	26 954	-528	37 654	-24 193	15 624	-2 692	528	-10 393		
Q2	15 376	22 727	-7 367	30 736	16 315	42 400	-1 968	-25 969	22	30 800	-939	-19 673	18 602	-22	-64		
Q3	1 061	2 789	-5 335	-1 485	15 331	-36 798	1 855	14 022	682	-4 908	-14 270	39 587	-19 357	-682	3 423		
Q4	6 395	16 445	59 627	82 467	-14 748	1 984	-548	82 178	-635	68 231	21 143	14 461	-22 551	635	14 236		
2003 Q1	3 656	16 431	112 428	132 515	20 994	15 526	7 677	97 795	-1 626	140 366	-17 338	905	14 633	1 626	-7 851		
Q2	5 771	12 864	122 701	141 336	14 213	25 426	-2 302	93 043	-647	129 733	-8 442	-12 562	29 658	647	11 603		
Q3	1 186	41 115	-5 094	37 207	7 323	-3 958	1 348	26 563	1 303	32 579	-6 137	45 073	-31 657	-1 303	4 628		
Q4	6 163	24 812	15 335	46 310	-1 641	-727	-1 322	38 462	-589	34 183	7 804	25 539	-23 127	589	12 127		
2004 Q1	9 292	49 901	208 542	267 735	17 558	45 902	4 504	205 848	-525	273 287	-8 266	3 999	2 694	525	-5 552		
Q2	7 558	12 011	71 679	91 248	13 609	-198	3 967	65 079	-595	81 862	-6 051	12 209	6 600	595	9 386		
Q3	9 141	16 471	63 115	88 727	19 421	47 649	1 278	18 771	-54	87 065	-10 280	-31 178	44 344	54	1 662		
Q4	16 425	8 864	60 985	86 274	3 243	47 500	-1 874	35 890	1 370	86 129	13 182	-38 636	25 095	-1 370	145		
2005 Q1	15 842 <sup>†</sup>	56 630	200 146	272 618 <sup>†</sup>	22 639 <sup>†</sup>	27 047	3 790	222 450	-533	275 393 <sup>†</sup>	-6 797 <sup>†</sup>	29 583	-22 304	533	-2 775 <sup>†</sup>		
Q2	14 525	29 618 <sup>†</sup>	131 362	175 505	2 402	52 241	-373	115 161	527	169 958	12 123	-22 623 <sup>†</sup>	16 201	-527	5 547		
Q3	70 710	5 984	109 712	186 406	9 738	48 067	-9 211	119 650	376	168 620	60 972	-42 083	-9 938	-376	17 786		
Q4	-3 232	38 635	64 491 <sup>†</sup>	99 894	9 226	32 977	-3 762	47 771	286	86 498	-12 458	5 658	16 720 <sup>†</sup>	-286	13 396		
2006 Q1	33 131	30 402	309 490	373 023	4 871	50 572 <sup>†</sup>	827	306 872 <sup>†</sup>	-465	362 677	28 260	-20 170	2 618	465	10 346		
Q2	22 010	24 741	10 382	57 133	-4 562	44 297	-174	11 044	-210	50 395	26 572	-19 556	-662	210	6 738		
Q3	18 762	55 153	68 049	141 964	10 646	23 744	2 101	87 364	385	124 240	8 116	31 409	-19 315	-385	17 724		
Q4	6 636	48 284	89 617	144 537	36 280	79 768	-10 203	35 703	-136	141 412	-29 644	-31 484	53 914	136	3 125		
2007 Q1	8 373	38 801	432 184	479 358	7 242	78 150	6 057 <sup>†</sup>	381 951	-824	472 576	1 131	-39 349	50 233	824	6 782		
Q2	43 212	79 803	121 086	244 101	19 961	74 465	2 522	128 715	67	225 730	23 251	5 338	-7 629	-67	18 371		

---

Source: Office for National Statistics: 020 7533 6078

# 17 Government finance

## 17.1 Public sector finances

£ millions<sup>1</sup>

	Public sector surplus on current budget	Public sector net investment	Net Borrowing					Public sector net debt <sup>2</sup>	Public sector net debt as percentage of GDP
			Central government	Local government	General government	Public corporations	Public sector		
2000	ANMU <sup>†</sup> 20 736 <sup>†</sup>	-ANNW <sup>†</sup> 3 747 <sup>†</sup>	-NMFJ <sup>†</sup> -16 289 <sup>†</sup>	-NMOE <sup>†</sup> 2 909 <sup>†</sup>	-NNBK <sup>†</sup> -16 073 <sup>†</sup>	-CPGM <sup>†</sup> -3 330 <sup>†</sup>	-ANNX <sup>†</sup> -16 710 <sup>†</sup>	RUTN 321.9	32.8
2001	18 423	8 780	-9 451	2 628	-9 804	-1 871	-8 694	324.2	31.6
2002	-8 180	10 173	18 959	1 222	17 287	-1 331	18 850	349.3	32.2
2003	-21 457	15 620	37 798	-819	36 284	-2 985	33 994	381.4	33.1
2004	-21 611	16 126	36 954	2 768	37 758	-3 029	36 693	425.4	35.2
2005	-20 240	21 444	37 708	4 021	42 251	75	41 804	467.1	36.9
2006	-8 145	22 067	33 330	149	34 800	-4 228	29 251	501.8 <sup>†</sup>	37.3 <sup>†</sup>
2000/01	22 991	3 328	-18 167	2 424	-19 350	-2 585	-18 328	312.4	31.4
2001/02	9 637	10 718	-363	1 978	906	-2 100	-485	315.5	30.3
2002/03	-12 717	12 075	25 143	1 130	23 134	-1 415	24 858	347.1	31.5
2003/04	-19 865	14 596	36 144	119	34 484	-3 315	32 948	382.8	32.8
2004/05	-20 353	19 188	37 971	3 254	40 234	-2 185	39 040	423.5	34.7
2005/06	-16 398	22 077	32 958	5 305	39 887	-755	37 508	463.0	36.0
2006/07	-6 100	24 232	32 079	2 441	34 800	-4 161	30 359	499.6	36.6
2001 Q3	4 705 <sup>†</sup>	1 954 <sup>†</sup>	-3 682 <sup>†</sup>	1 370 <sup>†</sup>	-2 626 <sup>†</sup>	-454 <sup>†</sup>	-2 766 <sup>†</sup>	313.6	30.9
Q4	-1 397	2 850	3 526	752	4 149	-312	3 966	324.2	31.6
2002 Q1	9 330	4 718	-5 299	-90	-4 881	-873	-6 262	315.5	30.3
Q2	-9 395	715	11 245	179	10 197	-444	10 980	322.0	30.5
Q3	-742	2 430	3 674	414	3 299	-542	3 546	325.9	30.4
Q4	-7 373	2 310	9 339	719	8 672	528	10 586	349.3	32.2
2003 Q1	4 793	6 620	885	-182	966	-957	-254	347.1	31.5
Q2	-12 010	2 200	16 408	-1 457	14 216	-678	14 273	355.8	31.8
Q3	-4 054	3 337	7 334	810	7 394	-593	7 551	361.0	31.8
Q4	-10 186	3 463	13 171	10	13 708	-757	12 424	381.4	33.1
2004 Q1	6 385	5 596	-769	756	-834	-1 287	-1 300	382.8	32.8
Q2	-11 858	2 835	16 776	-811	14 729	-629	15 336	396.5	33.5
Q3	-5 939	3 345	8 516	1 506	9 338	-633	9 389	402.8	33.7
Q4	-10 199	4 350	12 431	1 317	14 525	-480	13 268	425.4	35.2
2005 Q1	7 643	8 658	248	1 242	1 642	-443	1 047	423.5	34.7
Q2	-11 770	2 181	12 447	-1 018	11 032	3 021	14 450	439.0	35.6
Q3	-3 877	4 383	7 702	2 295	9 761	-1 336	8 661	446.9	35.8
Q4	-12 236	6 222	17 311	1 502	19 816	-1 167	17 646	467.1	36.9
2006 Q1	11 485	9 291	-4 502	2 526	-722	-1 273	-3 249	463.0 <sup>†</sup>	36.0 <sup>†</sup>
Q2	-10 827	3 802	20 966	-5 488	15 447	-784	14 694	484.4	37.2
Q3	-1 357	4 233	5 512	1 245	6 527	-853	5 904	487.5	36.8
Q4	-7 446	4 741	11 354	1 866	13 548	-1 318	11 902	501.8	37.3
2007 Q1	13 530	11 456	-5 753	4 818	-722	-1 206	-2 141	499.6	36.6
Q2	-14 430	2 741	22 648	-5 078	17 609	-362	17 208	514.5	37.1
Q3	-3 278	5 323	7 164	1 372	8 924	-363	8 173	515.9	36.7
2005 Nov	-8 367 <sup>†</sup>	2 323 <sup>†</sup>	11 552 <sup>†</sup>	-182 <sup>†</sup>	11 370 <sup>†</sup>	-680	10 690 <sup>†</sup>	451.6	35.8 <sup>†</sup>
Dec	-5 187	2 221	6 813	657	7 470	-62	7 408	467.1	36.9
2006 Jan	14 380	2 894	-13 366	1 969	-11 397	-89 <sup>†</sup>	-11 486	445.1 <sup>†</sup>	35.0
Feb	2 353	3 419	3 229	-972	2 257	-1 191	1 066	447.3	35.0
Mar	-3 620	3 551	5 635	1 529	7 164	7	7 171	463.0	36.0
Apr	488	1 832	4 627	-3 588	1 039	305	1 344	461.8	35.8
May	-6 244	1 173	9 633	-1 537	8 096	-679	7 417	469.4	36.2
Jun	-5 016	917	6 706	-363	6 343	-410	5 933	484.4	37.2
Jul	8 068	1 676	-6 396	232	-6 164	-228	-6 392	471.1	35.9
Aug	-5 329	1 281	6 083	924	7 007	-397	6 610	475.6	36.1
Sep	-3 805	1 881	5 825	89	5 914	-228	5 686	487.5	36.8
Oct	4 546	909	-4 131	993	-3 138	-499	-3 637	479.4	36.0
Nov	-7 280	1 788	9 658	393	10 051	-983	9 068	487.6	36.4
Dec	-4 074	2 397	5 827	480	6 307	164	6 471	501.8	37.3
2007 Jan	13 450	2 911	-11 942	1 749	-10 193	-346	-10 539	480.2	35.5
Feb	3 170	3 115	-1 066	1 693	627	-682	-55	482.0	35.5
Mar	-2 622	5 831	7 255	1 376	8 631	-178	8 453	499.6	36.6
Apr	-232	564	3 558	-3 157	401	395	796	496.0	36.2
May	-7 495	1 526	11 624	-1 833	9 791	-770	9 021	503.3	36.5
Jun	-6 590	801	7 466	-88	7 378	13	7 391	514.5	37.1
Jul	7 288	1 122	-6 522	970	-5 552	-614	-6 166	501.1	36.0
Aug	-6 562	1 509	7 103	1 430	8 533	-462	8 071	508.4	36.3
Sep	-3 454	2 814	6 583	-1 028	5 555	713	6 268	515.9	36.7
Oct	3 029	2 650	-950	901	-49	-330	-379	510.3	36.2
Nov	-9 121	2 087	10 974	663	11 637	-429	11 208	519.4	36.7

<sup>1</sup> Unless otherwise stated.<sup>2</sup> £ billion

Source: Office for National Statistics: 020 7533 5991

# 17.2 Central government transactions and fiscal balances

£ million

Current receipts											
	Taxes on production		of which	Taxes on income and wealth							Total
	Total	VAT		Total	Income and capital gains tax <sup>1</sup>	Other <sup>2</sup>	Other taxes	Compulsory social contributions	Interest and dividends	Other receipts <sup>3</sup>	
	NMBY	NZGF	NMCU	LIBR	LIBP	LIQR	AIH	LIQP	LIQQ	ANBV	
2001/02	133 199	64 735	145 180	111 688	33 492	9 458	63 162	7 838	7 158	365 995	
2002/03	140 152	69 087	143 238	112 373	30 865	9 588	63 529	7 935	7 377	371 819	
2003/04	148 758	76 638	145 488	115 233	30 255	10 309	75 148	7 757	7 323	394 783	
2004/05	154 963	79 978	160 479	124 477	36 002	10 950	80 923	7 461	7 486	422 262	
2005/06	159 265	81 496	180 138	135 117	45 021	11 760	85 335	7 792	7 752	452 042	
2006/07	169 727	87 728	194 469	146 754	47 715	12 516	90 701	8 030	7 957	483 400	
2006 Feb	12 639	6 227	16 412	14 979	1 433	935	7 683	553 <sup>†</sup>	646	38 868 <sup>†</sup>	
Mar	13 233	6 805	13 982	12 194	1 788	1 126	8 418	1 044	647	38 450	
Apr	13 824	7 170	15 835	10 005	5 830	977	7 110	568	662 <sup>†</sup>	38 976	
May	13 716	7 048	10 436	9 067	1 369	1 033	6 998	690	659	33 532	
Jun	13 993	7 082	11 135	9 771	1 364	1 106	7 452	606	657	34 949	
Jul	13 948	7 224	24 729 <sup>†</sup>	14 629 <sup>†</sup>	10 100	976	7 252	567	654	48 126	
Aug	14 125	7 123	12 687	11 189	1 498	1 053	7 100	552	655	36 172	
Sep	14 637 <sup>†</sup>	7 806	12 300	9 857	2 443	1 044	7 222	632	655	36 490	
Oct	14 795	7 782	19 693	9 719	9 974	1 079	7 255	830	668	44 320	
Nov	14 464	7 381	10 613	9 137	1 476	997	7 295	740	670	34 779	
Dec	14 485	7 366	13 947	11 303	2 644	995	8 081	598	668	38 774	
2007 Jan	13 598	7 155	30 984	22 382	8 602	1 015	7 161	672	670	54 100	
Feb	13 459	6 789	19 240	17 719	1 521	1 034	7 982	604	671	42 990	
Mar	14 683	7 802	12 870	11 976	894	1 207 <sup>†</sup>	9 793	971	668	40 192	
Apr	14 785	7 708	16 209	10 156	6 053	1 084	7 438 <sup>†</sup>	844	692	41 052	
May	14 476	7 359	11 141	10 038	1 103	1 105	7 311	728	692	35 453	
Jun	14 722	7 300	11 775	10 311	1 464	1 109	7 943	599	691	36 839	
Jul	14 950	7 573 <sup>†</sup>	25 741	15 746	9 995	1 138	7 561	690	657	50 737	
Aug	14 816	7 269	12 466	11 568	898 <sup>†</sup>	1 209	7 370	658	657	37 176	
Sep	15 221	8 167	13 228	10 754	2 474	1 133	7 807	738	656	38 783	
Oct	15 325	7 740	20 084	10 291	9 793	1 131	7 589	956	692	45 777	
Nov	15 320	7 837	11 694	10 135	1 559	1 104	7 582	884	691	37 275	
Current expenditure											
	Interest	Net Social Benefits	Other	Total	Saving, gross plus capital taxes	Depreciation	Surplus on current budget	Net investment	Net borrowing		
2001/02	NMFX	GZSJ	LIQS	ANLP	ANPM	NSRN	ANLV	-ANNS	-NMFJ		
2002/03	22 001	104 904	220 185	347 090	18 905	4 999	13 906	13 543	-363		
2003/04	20 915	109 144	244 535	374 594	-2 775	5 200	-7 975	17 168	25 143		
2004/05	22 280	116 926	267 625	406 831	-12 048	5 573	-17 621	18 523	36 144		
2005/06	23 934	122 624	288 144	434 702	-12 440	5 624	-18 064	19 907	37 971		
2006/07	25 807	127 304	306 883	459 994	-7 952	5 901	-13 853	19 105	32 958		
2006 Feb	27 576	132 179	323 172	482 927	473	6 112	-5 639	26 440	32 079		
Mar	2 188	9 899	26 739 <sup>†</sup>	38 826 <sup>†</sup>	42 <sup>†</sup>	497	-455 <sup>†</sup>	2 774 <sup>†</sup>	3 229 <sup>†</sup>		
Apr	1 597 <sup>†</sup>	10 562	28 620	40 779	-2 329	496	-2 825	2 810	5 635		
May	2 214	10 295 <sup>†</sup>	28 134	40 643	-1 667	502	-2 169	2 458	4 627		
Jun	2 247	10 978	27 593	40 818	-7 286	502	-7 788	1 845	9 633		
Jul	2 653	10 847	25 943	39 443	8 683	504	8 179	1 783	-6 396		
Aug	2 393	11 125	26 822	40 340	-4 168	504	-4 672	1 411	6 083		
Sep	1 365	11 133	27 455	39 953	-3 463	505	-3 968	1 857	5 825		
Oct	2 496	10 830	25 328	38 654	5 666	522	5 144	1 013	-4 131		
Nov	2 673	12 906	26 341	41 920	-7 141	522	-7 663	1 995	9 658		
Dec	2 294	11 037	28 121	41 452	-2 678	521	-3 199	2 628	5 827		
2007 Jan	3 064	11 039	25 301	39 404	14 696	509 <sup>†</sup>	14 187	2 245	-11 942		
Feb	2 733	9 975	26 270	38 978	4 012	510	3 502	2 436	-1 066		
Mar	1 619	11 287	28 897	41 803	-1 611	510	-2 121	5 134	7 255		
Apr	2 586	11 055	29 341	42 982	-1 930	530	-2 460	1 098	3 558		
May	2 842	11 786	29 719	44 347	-8 894	530	-9 424	2 200	11 624		
Jun	2 035	11 587	28 547	42 169	-5 330	529	-5 859	1 607	7 466		
Jul	2 898	11 703	27 786	42 387	8 350	534	7 816	1 294	-6 522		
Aug	3 097	11 850	27 197	42 144	-4 968	534	-5 502	1 601	7 103		
Sep	1 046	11 755	29 107	41 908	-3 125	533	-3 658	2 925	6 583		
Oct	3 058	11 589	27 388	42 035	3 742	537	3 205	2 255	-950		
Nov	3 005	13 309	28 668	44 982	-7 707	537	-8 244	2 730	10 974		

1 Includes capital gains tax paid by households. Includes income tax and capital gains tax paid by corporations.

3 Includes receipts from the spectrum.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 020 7533 5991

# 17.3 Public sector aggregates<sup>1</sup>

£ millions, not seasonally adjusted

	Surplus on current budget <sup>2</sup>		Net investment <sup>3</sup>		Net borrowing <sup>4</sup>		Net cash requirement <sup>5</sup>	
	General Government	Public Sector	General Government	Public Sector	General Government	Public Sector	General Government	Public Sector
<b>Calendar years</b>								
2000	ANLW 22 444 <sup>†</sup>	ANMU 20 736 <sup>†</sup>	-ANNV 6 371 <sup>†</sup>	-ANNW 3 747 <sup>†</sup>	-NNBK -16 073 <sup>†</sup>	-ANNX -16 710 <sup>†</sup>	RUUS -38 840	RURQ -36 869
2001	19 577	18 423	9 773	8 780	-9 804	-8 694	-3 768	-1 927
2002	-6 571	-8 180	10 716	10 173	17 287	18 850	16 421	19 153
2003	-18 330	-21 457	17 954	15 620	36 284	33 994	38 214	38 310
2004	-18 848	-21 611	18 910	16 126	37 758	36 693	41 311	42 190
2005	-24 795	-20 240	17 456	21 444	42 251	41 804	41 866	40 928
2006	-12 335	-8 145	22 465	22 067	34 800	29 251	36 648	33 008
<b>Financial years</b>								
2000/01	24 819	22 991	5 469	3 328	-19 350	-18 328	-37 862	-36 321
2001/02	10 268	9 637	11 174	10 718	906	-485	2 943	4 102
2002/03	-10 137	-12 717	12 997	12 075	23 134	24 858	21 499	24 594
2003/04	-16 947	-19 865	17 537	14 596	34 484	32 948	40 005	39 524
2004/05	-19 668	-20 353	20 566	19 188	40 234	39 040	38 724	38 435
2005/06	-21 569	-16 398	18 318	22 077	39 887	37 508	40 061	40 004
2006/07	-10 283	-6 100	24 517	24 232	34 800	30 359	36 949	35 136
<b>Quarterly</b>								
1999 Q4	5 447 <sup>†</sup>	4 883 <sup>†</sup>	1 685 <sup>†</sup>	821 <sup>†</sup>	-3 762 <sup>†</sup>	-4 523 <sup>†</sup>	2 223	2 167
2000 Q1	16 432	15 861	4 118	3 199	-12 314	-12 853	-14 072	-12 231
Q2	-1 733	-2 118	-296	-880	1 437	2 000	-12 221	-11 819
Q3	5 174	4 855	856	326	-4 318	-4 375	-16 734	-16 484
Q4	2 571	2 138	1 693	1 102	-878	-1 482	4 187	3 665
2001 Q1	18 807	18 116	3 216	2 780	-15 591	-14 471	-13 094	-11 683
Q2	-2 815	-3 001	1 449	1 196	4 264	4 577	6 246	6 353
Q3	4 790	4 705	2 164	1 954	-2 626	-2 766	-6 322	-6 102
Q4	-1 205	-1 397	2 944	2 850	4 149	3 966	9 402	9 505
2002 Q1	9 498	9 330	4 617	4 718	-4 881	-6 262	-6 383	-5 654
Q2	-8 996	-9 395	1 201	715	10 197	10 980	7 126	6 706
Q3	-412	-742	2 887	2 430	3 299	3 546	-145	1 252
Q4	-6 661	-7 373	2 011	2 310	8 672	10 586	15 823	16 849
2003 Q1	5 932	4 793	6 898	6 620	966	-254	-1 305	-213
Q2	-11 189	-12 010	3 027	2 200	14 216	14 273	16 404	16 160
Q3	-3 491	-4 054	3 903	3 337	7 394	7 551	6 036	5 817
Q4	-9 582	-10 186	4 126	3 463	13 708	12 424	17 079	16 546
2004 Q1	7 315	6 385	6 481	5 596	-834	-1 300	486	1 001
Q2	-11 096	-11 858	3 633	2 835	14 729	15 336	11 577	11 693
Q3	-5 286	-5 939	4 052	3 345	9 338	9 389	6 968	7 245
Q4	-9 781	-10 199	4 744	4 350	14 525	13 268	22 280	22 251
2005 Q1	6 495	7 643	8 137	8 658	1 642	1 047	-2 101	-2 754
Q2	-12 380	-11 770	-1 348	2 181	11 032	14 450	15 947	16 240
Q3	-5 341	-3 877	4 420	4 383	9 761	8 661	8 464	8 181
Q4	-13 569	-12 236	6 247	6 222	19 816	17 646	19 556	19 261
2006 Q1	9 721	11 485	8 999	9 291	-722	-3 249	-3 906	-3 678
Q2	-11 315	-10 827	4 132	3 802	15 447	14 694	19 274	18 908
Q3	-2 264	-1 357	4 263	4 233	6 527	5 904	5 600	5 458
Q4	-8 477	-7 446	5 071	4 741	13 548	11 902	15 680	12 320
2007 Q1	11 773	13 530	11 051	11 456	-722	-2 141	-3 605	-1 550
Q2	-14 790	-14 430	2 819	2 741	17 609	17 208	12 975	12 420 <sup>†</sup>
Q3	-4 104	-3 278	4 820	5 323	8 924	8 173	641 <sup>†</sup>	683

1 National accounts entities as defined under the European System of Accounts 1995 (ESA95).

4 Net borrowing = net investment minus surplus on current budget.

2 Net saving, plus capital taxes.

5 Previously called Public Sector Borrowing Requirement (PSBR).

3 Gross capital formation, plus payments less receipts, of investment grants less depreciation.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 020 7533 5984

## Government finance

# 17.4 Selected financial statistics<sup>1</sup>

£ million

Amount outstanding as at 31 Dec	Building societies			Net equity of households in life assurance and pension funds' reserves	
	Advances		Unit trusts <sup>3</sup>		
	Not seasonally adjusted	Seasonally adjusted			
2006	AHIF 242 498		AGXB 410 124		
<b>Transactions</b>					
2003	AAMN 23 816	AHHU <sup>†</sup> 23 725 <sup>†</sup>	AGXE 9 753	NBYD 34 654	
2004	22 078	21 864	5 718	40 582	
2005	20 419	20 411	12 030	51 994 <sup>†</sup>	
2006	27 057	27 103	20 678	59 318 <sup>†</sup>	
2006 Q4	7 317	7 730 <sup>†</sup>	4 204	15 929 <sup>†</sup>	
2007 Q1	6 319	7 296	-1 427	16 659	
Q2	6 916	6 848	3 406	12 429	
Q3	6 296	5 048	287	16 889	
2006 Nov Dec	3 152 -462	2 699 <sup>†</sup> -484	632 1 907	.. ..	
2007 Jan	2 966	2 885	681	..	
Feb	1 441	2 288	987	..	
Mar	1 912	2 123	-3 095	..	
Apr	1 797	2 284	1 738	..	
May	1 380	1 840	828	..	
Jun	3 739	2 724	840	..	
Jul	1 361	1 231	-1 842	..	
Aug	2 081	1 071	989	..	
Sep	2 854	2 746	1 140	..	
Oct	1 890	2 708	371	..	
	Banks <sup>4</sup>			of which Credit cards <sup>5</sup>	
	UK private sector deposits		Consumer credit <sup>5</sup>		
	Sterling (Not seasonally adjusted)	Other currencies	Sterling (Not seasonally adjusted)	Not seasonally adjusted	
				Seasonally adjusted	
				Not seasonally adjusted	
				Seasonally adjusted	
<b>Amount outstanding as at 31 Dec</b>	<b>AEAS 1 286 831</b>	<b>AGAK 299 498</b>	<b>AECE 1 622 353</b>	<b>AECK 396 343</b>	
2006	VZRD <sup>†</sup> 212 785 <sup>†</sup>	VZRI <sup>†</sup> 212 501 <sup>†</sup>	VZRE 55 797	VZRJ <sup>†</sup> 54 749 <sup>†</sup>	
<b>Transactions</b>			Net lending	Net lending	
2003	AEAT 60 629	AEAZ 40 328	AECF 103 591	VZQC 22 401	
2004	86 098	27 697	133 774	22 690 <sup>†</sup> 8 710	
2005	137 241	39 710	137 554	25 337 9 998	
2006	148 695	58 393	191 018	19 666 <sup>†</sup> 6 166	
2006 Q4	33 605	12 190	24 856	13 006 <sup>†</sup> 1 951	
2007 Q1	41 162	21 875	57 722	3 385 <sup>†</sup> 1 359	
Q2	51 647	40 238 <sup>†</sup>	51 411 <sup>†</sup>	3 199 <sup>†</sup> 359 <sup>†</sup>	
Q3	36 975 <sup>†</sup>	-3 944 <sup>†</sup>	81 712 <sup>†</sup>	1 359 359 <sup>†</sup>	
2006 Dec	17 607	-2 571	7 230	1 208 <sup>†</sup> 1 175	
2007 Jan	-8 749	16 810	31 805	1 160 -743	
Feb	14 394	4 986	13 562	67 -269	
Mar	35 517	79	12 355	206 -312	
Apr	11 393	28 367	17 210	1 281 482	
May	21 146	17 062	22 618	901 -235	
Jun	19 108	-5 191	11 583	827 -196	
Jul	-345 <sup>†</sup>	5 728 <sup>†</sup>	23 990 <sup>†</sup>	1 438 413 <sup>†</sup>	
Aug	17 828	-1 580	28 553	1 135 305	
Sep	19 492	-8 092	29 169	471 162	
Oct	-7 676	-887	12 722	1 041 147	
Nov	..	..	..	1 290 349	
				425 225	
				-41 225	
				351 289	

1 For further details see *Financial Statistics*, Tables 1.2E, 3.2B, 4.2A, 4.3A,  
4.3B, 5.2D, 6.2A, 10.5D.

2 Total administered by the Department for National Savings.

3 Including open ended investment companies (OEICs).

4 Monthly figures relate to calendar months.

5 Data have been revised back to February 2003 due to the inclusion of some

additional other specialist lenders and the removal of some non-resident based  
securitisation vehicles.

Sources: Office for National Statistics;

Department for National Savings;

Building Societies Commission;

Association of Unit Trusts and Investment Funds;

Bank of England;

Department for Business, Enterprise and Regulatory Reform

# 17.5 Monetary aggregates

£ million

Amount outstanding						
	Notes and coin in circulation outside the Bank of England		Retail deposits and cash in M4		M4	
	Not seasonally adjusted	Seasonally adjusted	Not seasonally adjusted	Seasonally adjusted	Not seasonally adjusted	Seasonally adjusted
	AVAA	AVAB	VQXV	VQWU <sup>†</sup>	AUYM	AUYN <sup>†</sup>
2003	38 807	38 830	777 347	775 287 <sup>†</sup>	1 081 299	1 079 632 <sup>†</sup>
2004	41 147	41 175	845 654	842 215	1 179 192	1 174 120
2005	43 034	43 001	922 687	919 419	1 328 320	1 323 257
2006	45 213	45 199	996 671	992 970	1 497 559	1 492 214
2005 Q2	42 346	42 718 <sup>†</sup>	885 405	880 363 <sup>†</sup>	1 250 541	1 240 832 <sup>†</sup>
Q3	43 230	43 268	903 201	901 636	1 277 129	1 273 030
Q4	44 359	43 524	922 687	919 419	1 328 320	1 323 257
2006 Q1	43 943	44 433	945 289	942 726	1 365 325	1 360 716
Q2	44 876	45 065	962 858	956 379	1 419 682	1 406 339
Q3	45 473	45 500	973 901	972 511	1 459 144	1 454 731
Q4	46 560	45 800	996 671	992 970	1 497 559	1 492 214
2007 Q1	45 738	46 283	1 012 198	1 008 671	1 541 901	1 535 868
Q2	46 841	47 033	1 035 709	1 028 606	1 601 919	1 587 990
Q3	47 654	47 676	1 043 364	1 041 541	1 646 596 <sup>†</sup>	1 641 365
2006 Oct	45 514	45 766 <sup>†</sup>	976 617	978 150 <sup>†</sup>	1 468 101	1 469 031 <sup>†</sup>
Nov	45 993	45 881	988 838	987 006	1 478 492	1 477 908
Dec	48 172	45 752	996 671	992 970	1 497 559	1 492 214
2007 Jan	46 145	46 032	986 037	997 234	1 490 145	1 506 233
Feb	45 350	46 271	992 051	1 003 622	1 505 120	1 520 159
Mar	45 718	46 546	1 012 198	1 008 671	1 541 901	1 535 868
Apr	46 676	46 650	1 017 522	1 014 398	1 556 142	1 555 498
May	46 890	47 066	1 025 738	1 022 810	1 577 782	1 572 942
Jun	46 956	47 382	1 035 709	1 028 606	1 601 919	1 587 990
Jul	47 292	47 417	1 034 824	1 034 740	1 603 620 <sup>†</sup>	1 605 147
Aug	47 867	47 608	1 038 288	1 038 051	1 623 603	1 625 850
Sep	47 803	48 003	1 043 364	1 041 541	1 646 596	1 641 365
Oct	47 985	48 235	1 052 952	1 055 841	1 642 016	1 643 892

Source: Bank of England

# 17.6 Selected interest rates, exchange rates and security prices<sup>1</sup>

	Selected retail banks' base rate	Average discount rate for 91 day Treasury bills	Inter bank 3 months bid rate	Inter bank 3 months offer rate	British government securities 20 years yield <sup>2</sup>	Exchange rate US spot
	ZCMG	AJNB	HSAJ	HSAK	AJLX	LUSS
2006 May	4.50	4.51	4.66	4.68	4.43	1.8712
Jun	4.50	4.54	4.71	4.73	4.46	1.8494
Jul	4.50	4.58	4.73	4.74	4.45	1.8671
Aug	4.75	4.77	4.94	4.95	4.42	1.9018
Sep	4.75	4.87	5.02	5.05	4.29	1.8682
Oct	4.75	4.98	5.14	5.16	4.35	1.9073
Nov	5.00	5.04	5.20	5.22	4.27	1.9670
Dec	5.00	5.11	5.26	5.29	4.33	1.9570
2007 Jan	5.25	5.37	5.54	5.55	4.51	1.9574
Feb	5.25	5.31	5.48	5.50	4.59	1.9600
Mar	5.25	5.38	5.56	5.58	4.52	1.9613
Apr	5.25	5.47	5.66	5.70	4.72	1.9997
May	5.50	5.59	5.76	5.78	..	1.9782
Jun	5.50	5.77	5.93	5.98	..	2.0064
Jul	5.75	5.75	6.00	6.02	..	2.0322
Aug	5.75	5.77	6.55	6.65	..	2.0171
Sep	5.75	5.61	6.18	6.28	..	2.0374
Oct	5.75	5.57	6.17	6.25	..	2.0774
Nov	5.75	5.44	6.53	6.58	..	2.0561
Dec	5.50	..	..	..	..	..

1 As from December 2003 The Financial Times Actuaries indices have been removed as The Bank of England are no longer able to provide these data

2 Average of working days.

Source: Bank of England

## 18 Prices and wages

### 18.1 Consumer Prices Index<sup>1</sup>: Detailed figures by division<sup>2</sup>

	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	Clothing and footwear	Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels	Furniture, household equipment & routine maintenance	Health <sup>3</sup>	Transport	Communication	Recreation and culture	Education <sup>3</sup>	Restaurants and hotels	Miscellaneous goods and services <sup>3</sup>	CPI (overall index)
COICOP Division	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	
Weights 2007	CHZR 103	CHZS 43	CHZT 62	CHZU 115	CHZV 68	CHZW 24	CHZX 152	CHZY 24	CHZZ 153	CJUU 18	CJUV 138	CJUW 100	CHZQ 1 000
2005 Nov	D7BU 100.1	D7BV 100.7	D7BW 100.5	D7BX 102.3	D7BY 100.5	D7BZ 101.0	D7C2 100.4	D7C3 99.6	D7C4 99.5	D7C5 103.3	D7C6 101.2	D7C7 101.4	D7BT 100.7
Dec	100.7	100.2	100.1	102.8	102.8	100.3	100.7	99.4	99.5	103.3	101.4	101.5	101.0
2006 Jan	100.4	101.0	96.0	103.3	97.8	101.0	101.2	100.9	98.6	103.3	101.5	102.0	100.5
Feb	101.0	100.8	95.9	103.6	98.5	101.1	101.4	101.0	99.4	103.3	101.9	102.1	100.9
Mar	100.4	101.1	96.5	104.5	100.3	101.0	101.4	100.9	98.9	103.3	102.2	102.4	101.1
Apr	100.2	102.3	96.5	107.3	98.5	102.2	102.9	100.9	99.1	103.3	102.5	103.3	101.7
May	101.7	102.5	97.2	108.8	99.3	102.6	103.5	99.7	98.9	103.3	103.0	103.4	102.2
Jun	102.4	103.6	96.7	109.7	100.2	102.5	103.5	100.0	98.7	103.3	103.1	103.9	102.5
Jul	102.6	103.4	92.2	110.5	98.1	103.0	105.5	99.8	98.4	103.3	103.5	104.0	102.5
Aug	103.0	103.8	94.4	110.9	99.1	103.4	105.8	99.2	98.4	103.3	103.6	104.5	102.9
Sep	103.6	103.7	96.4	111.5	100.6	103.6	102.9	99.6	98.6	107.9	103.8	104.7	103.0
Oct	104.2	103.9	96.6	112.7	99.0	104.2	101.5	100.4	98.6	117.8	104.2	105.0	103.2
Nov	105.1	103.4	97.2	113.7	100.0	104.1	101.1	100.3	98.7	117.8	104.5	105.0	103.4
Dec	105.4	103.0	96.0	114.5	103.3	104.2	102.8	99.9	99.2	117.8	104.7	104.9	104.0
2007 Jan	104.4	104.5	92.0	114.9	98.3	104.8	102.1	99.0	98.3	117.8	104.9	105.1	103.2
Feb	105.4	105.1	91.9	115.1	99.6	104.9	102.8	98.1	98.4	117.8	105.2	105.8	103.7
Mar	106.0	105.6	92.8	115.0	102.9	104.8	103.1	98.1	98.2	117.8	105.7	106.2	104.2
Apr	106.2	107.0	93.7	115.7	100.7	105.5	104.5	97.2	98.3	117.8	106.3	105.8	104.5
May	106.7	106.8	93.7	115.0	101.8	105.8	106.1	96.6	98.0	117.8	106.6	105.7	104.8
Jun	107.3	107.1	93.6	114.5	104.0	106.1	106.8	96.1	97.6	117.8	106.9	105.8	105.0
Jul	105.5	106.9	89.8	114.3	99.7	106.6	108.0	94.8	97.0	117.8	107.2	106.1	104.4
Aug	106.1	107.0	91.1	114.0	100.3	106.8	108.6	97.2	97.5	117.8	107.4	105.6	104.7
Sep	107.4	107.1	92.5	114.0	102.1	107.1	105.7	96.6	97.6	122.9	107.6	105.8	104.8
Oct	109.1	106.8	92.5	114.3	100.8	107.5	106.6	96.2	97.7	133.2	107.9	106.4	105.3
Nov	110.1	106.4	92.9	114.6	101.6	107.3	107.0	96.3	97.6	133.2	108.0	106.6	105.6
<b>Percentage change on a year earlier</b>													
2005 Nov	D7G8 1.7	D7G9 2.5	D7GA -5.1	D7GB 6.5	D7GC 0.1	D7GD 2.9	D7GE 4.1	D7GF -1.2	D7GG -1.5	D7GH 4.7	D7GI 3.5	D7GJ 4.3	D7G7 2.1
Dec	1.7	2.5	-4.2	6.4	-	2.4	2.8	-1.0	-1.7	4.7	3.5	4.2	1.9
2006 Jan	1.2	2.3	-4.7	6.3	-0.8	2.3	5.1	0.5	-2.1	4.7	3.4	3.5	1.9
Feb	1.1	1.6	-4.7	6.4	-0.5	2.3	4.2	0.4	-0.8	4.7	3.5	3.6	2.0
Mar	-0.4	2.5	-4.7	7.0	-0.4	2.1	3.5	0.5	-1.4	4.7	3.6	3.7	1.8
Apr	0.3	2.5	-4.4	7.7	-0.8	2.7	4.4	0.3	-1.6	4.7	3.0	4.0	2.0
May	1.1	2.2	-3.7	9.0	-0.8	2.9	4.0	-0.4	-1.6	4.7	3.2	4.1	2.2
Jun	1.8	3.3	-3.9	9.8	-0.1	2.7	3.9	-0.3	-1.6	4.7	3.2	4.4	2.5
Jul	3.2	2.8	-4.5	10.0	-1.3	2.4	3.3	0.3	-1.4	4.7	3.2	3.6	2.4
Aug	3.4	3.3	-3.9	10.5	-0.5	2.6	2.4	-0.7	-0.9	4.7	3.0	3.9	2.5
Sep	4.0	3.4	-3.5	10.7	0.3	2.8	0.6	-0.2	-1.0	7.1	2.9	3.9	2.4
Oct	4.7	3.2	-3.3	10.8	-0.4	3.1	-0.5	0.9	-1.1	14.0	3.0	3.8	2.4
Nov	5.0	2.7	-3.2	11.1	-0.5	3.1	0.8	0.7	-0.7	14.0	3.2	3.5	2.7
Dec	4.6	2.7	-4.1	11.4	0.6	3.9	2.1	0.5	-0.3	14.0	3.2	3.3	3.0
2007 Jan	3.9	3.5	-4.1	11.2	0.5	3.8	0.9	-1.8	-0.3	14.0	3.3	3.1	2.7
Feb	4.4	4.2	-4.2	11.1	1.2	3.7	1.4	-2.8	-1.0	14.0	3.3	3.6	2.8
Mar	5.6	4.4	-3.9	10.1	2.7	3.7	1.6	-2.8	-0.7	14.0	3.4	3.7	3.1
Apr	6.0	4.5	-2.8	7.9	2.2	3.2	1.5	-3.7	-0.8	14.0	3.8	2.4	2.8
May	5.0	4.2	-3.6	5.7	2.5	3.1	2.5	-3.2	-0.8	14.0	3.5	2.2	2.5
Jun	4.8	3.4	-3.2	4.3	3.8	3.4	3.2	-3.9	-1.1	14.0	3.7	1.8	2.4
Jul	2.8	3.4	-2.6	3.5	1.6	3.4	2.4	-5.0	-1.4	14.0	3.6	2.0	1.9
Aug	3.0	3.1	-3.5	2.8	1.2	3.3	2.6	-2.0	-0.9	14.0	3.6	1.1	1.8
Sep	3.7	3.2	-4.0	2.3	1.5	3.4	2.7	-3.0	-1.0	13.9	3.7	1.0	1.8
Oct	4.7	2.7	-4.3	1.4	1.8	3.2	5.1	-4.2	-0.9	13.2	3.5	1.3	2.1
Nov	4.8	2.9	-4.4	0.8	1.7	3.1	5.8	-4.0	-1.1	13.2	3.4	1.6	2.1

Note: Further information on the consumer prices index is available from the National Statistics website: [www.statistics.gov.uk/cpi](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cpi)

3 The coverage of these categories was extended in January 2000; further extensions to coverage came into effect in January 2001 for health and miscellaneous goods and services; the coverage of miscellaneous goods and services was further extended with effect from January 2002 (details are given in a series of Economic Trends articles available on the National Statistics website: [www.statistics.gov.uk/cpi](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cpi))

1 Prior to 10 December 2003, the consumer prices index (CPI) was published in the UK as the harmonised index of consumer prices (HICP).

2 Inflation rates prior to 1997 and index levels prior to 1996 are estimated. Further details are given in *Economic Trends* No. 541 December 1998. These details are also available on the National Statistics website: <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cci/article.asp?ID=31&Pos=3&Col-Rank=2&Rank=720>

Source: Office for National Statistics: 020 7533 5874

# 18.2 Consumer Prices Index<sup>1</sup>: Detailed figures by divisions, groups and classes

	Weights	Index (2005=100)							Percentage change over 12 months						
		2007		2007	2007	2007	2007	2007	2007	2007	2007	2007	2007	2007	2007
		Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Oct	Nov
<b>CPI (overall index)</b>	1 000	105.0	104.4	104.7	104.8	105.3	105.6	2.4	1.9	1.8	1.8	2.1	2.1		
01 Food and non-alcoholic beverages	103	107.3	105.5	106.1	107.4	109.1	110.1	4.8	2.8	3.0	3.7	4.7	4.8		
02 Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	43	107.1	106.9	107.0	107.1	106.8	106.4	3.4	3.4	3.1	3.2	2.7	2.9		
03 Clothing and footwear	62	93.6	89.8	91.1	92.5	92.5	92.9	-3.2	-2.6	-3.5	-4.0	-4.3	-4.4		
04 Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	115	114.5	114.3	114.0	114.0	114.3	114.6	4.3	3.5	2.8	2.3	1.4	0.8		
05 Furniture, household equipment and maintenance	68	104.0	99.7	100.3	102.1	100.8	101.6	3.8	1.6	1.2	1.5	1.8	1.7		
06 Health	24	106.1	106.6	106.8	107.1	107.5	107.3	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.4	3.2	3.1		
07 Transport	152	106.8	108.0	108.6	105.7	106.6	107.0	3.2	2.4	2.6	2.7	5.1	5.8		
08 Communication	24	96.1	94.8	97.2	96.6	96.2	96.3	-3.9	-5.0	-2.0	-3.0	-4.2	-4.0		
09 Recreation and culture	153	97.6	97.0	97.5	97.6	97.7	97.6	-1.1	-1.4	-0.9	-1.0	-0.9	-1.1		
10 Education	18	117.8	117.8	117.8	122.9	133.2	133.2	14.0	14.0	14.0	13.9	13.2	13.2		
11 Restaurants and hotels	138	106.9	107.2	107.4	107.6	107.9	108.0	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.5	3.4		
12 Miscellaneous goods and services	100	105.8	106.1	105.6	105.8	106.4	106.6	1.8	2.0	1.1	1.0	1.3	1.6		
<b>All goods</b>	547	103.3	101.6	101.9	102.5	102.8	103.5	1.4	0.5	0.1	0.4	1.0	1.1		
<b>All services</b>	453	107.1	107.8	108.3	107.7	108.4	108.2	3.7	3.5	3.8	3.4	3.4	3.2		
<b>01.1 Food</b>	90	107.1	105.0	105.7	107.2	109.2	110.4	4.8	2.5	2.8	3.8	5.1	5.1		
01.1.1 Bread and cereals	15	106.6	104.6	104.7	106.1	107.2	109.6	5.2	3.0	2.7	3.6	4.6	6.1		
01.1.2 Meat	21	104.3	102.6	102.9	102.0	104.8	105.0	2.6	-0.2	-0.3	-0.7	1.3	1.3		
01.1.3 Fish	4	117.9	115.8	116.7	117.2	119.6	119.7	11.1	6.3	5.2	5.2	5.2	6.0		
01.1.4 Milk, cheese and eggs	12	105.2	105.5	106.2	112.9	114.4	117.4	5.6	3.2	3.3	10.0	11.3	13.9		
01.1.5 Oils and fats	2	107.1	106.0	105.1	118.1	119.7	123.9	-0.1	-1.3	-3.0	10.4	11.2	14.3		
01.1.6 Fruit	9	103.2	96.5	98.6	102.3	108.5	109.3	2.0	-1.0	-1.2	-0.3	4.0	1.3		
01.1.7 Vegetables including potatoes and tubers	14	113.5	110.1	111.3	110.4	111.0	111.6	9.5	7.4	10.4	7.8	7.6	4.2		
01.1.8 Sugar, jam, syrups, chocolate and confectionery	11	107.3	106.8	107.7	107.9	108.1	109.2	2.7	2.8	2.6	3.0	3.4	4.4		
01.1.9 Food products nec <sup>2</sup>	2	101.4	100.4	100.0	101.1	101.1	101.5	2.4	1.9	0.8	1.9	0.6	1.8		
<b>01.2 Non-alcoholic beverages</b>	13	109.0	109.1	109.0	108.9	108.7	108.2	4.8	5.1	4.5	2.9	2.3	2.4		
01.2.1 Coffee, tea and cocoa	3	108.9	109.5	108.9	110.0	108.5	109.4	4.5	5.5	0.5	0.1	-1.4	0.9		
01.2.2 Mineral waters, soft drinks and juices	10	108.8	108.8	108.9	108.4	108.6	107.7	4.7	4.8	5.7	3.7	3.4	2.8		
<b>02.1 Alcoholic beverages</b>	18	102.2	101.7	102.1	102.1	101.3	100.5	1.3	1.4	0.9	1.1	-0.1	0.4		
02.1.1 Spirits	5	101.8	100.5	102.1	103.2	101.3	99.5	2.5	1.4	2.2	2.9	0.2	1.2		
02.1.2 Wine	9	103.2	102.7	102.1	102.1	102.5	101.8	0.9	1.5	-0.4	0.2	0.7	0.5		
02.1.3 Beer	4	100.3	100.7	101.5	100.4	98.1	98.3	0.8	1.0	2.2	1.0	-2.2	-0.8		
<b>02.2 Tobacco</b>	25	110.6	110.7	110.7	110.8	110.8	110.7	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.6		
<b>03.1 Clothing</b>	54	93.3	89.3	90.6	92.2	92.1	92.7	-3.6	-2.9	-3.9	-4.3	-4.7	-4.8		
03.1.2 Garments	50	92.6	88.4	89.9	91.5	91.4	92.0	-4.0	-3.2	-4.2	-4.6	-5.0	-5.1		
03.1.3 Other clothing and clothing accessories	3	99.7	98.1	97.9	99.2	99.3	100.2	-0.4	0.9	-1.3	-1.8	-2.1	-2.2		
03.1.4 Cleaning, repair and hire of clothing	1	108.2	108.7	108.8	109.0	109.1	109.5	3.9	3.9	3.6	3.4	3.2	3.4		
<b>03.2 Footwear including repairs</b>	8	95.7	93.5	94.2	94.5	94.8	94.6	-0.5	-0.7	-0.6	-2.1	-1.8	-2.1		
<b>04.1 Actual rentals for housing</b>	49	106.3	107.0	107.0	107.0	107.5	107.6	3.2	3.1	2.9	3.0	3.3	3.3		
<b>04.3 Regular maintenance and repair of the dwelling</b>	17	106.0	106.5	106.6	106.9	107.2	107.5	4.6	5.0	4.5	4.3	4.7	4.6		
04.3.1 Materials for maintenance and repair	10	103.8	104.5	104.6	104.9	105.0	105.2	4.5	5.3	4.4	4.3	4.7	4.6		
04.3.2 Services for maintenance and repair	7	109.2	109.3	109.6	109.8	110.5	110.8	4.8	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.6	4.7		
<b>04.4 Water supply and misc. services for the dwelling</b>	10	115.3	115.3	115.3	115.3	115.3	115.3	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5		
04.4.1 Water supply	5	115.7	115.7	115.7	115.7	115.7	115.7	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2		
04.4.3 Sewerage collection	5	114.9	114.9	114.9	114.9	114.9	114.9	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.9		
<b>04.5 Electricity, gas and other fuels</b>	39	132.6	130.6	129.4	129.2	129.2	129.9	4.9	2.2	0.5	-1.0	-4.0	-5.6		
04.5.1 Electricity	19	131.1	129.4	128.8	128.6	128.5	128.5	6.2	3.9	2.5	1.2	-1.5	-3.3		
04.5.2 Gas	18	139.5	136.5	134.6	133.6	133.1	133.2	5.2	1.9	-0.7	-3.7	-8.5	-11.3		
04.5.3 Liquid fuels	1	109.4	112.3	110.0	116.7	121.0	137.3	-8.1	-8.7	-8.5	2.5	15.8	37.6		
04.5.4 Solid fuels	1	113.2	113.0	113.1	114.4	117.7	119.9	7.9	7.8	7.0	7.0	4.7	5.5		
<b>05.1 Furniture, furnishings and carpets</b>	28	108.3	99.3	100.3	103.7	101.4	102.5	6.3	0.9	1.0	2.1	2.1	1.8		
05.1.1 Furniture and furnishings	22	110.6	99.0	100.0	104.1	101.3	103.4	8.2	0.8	1.1	2.1	2.5	2.4		
05.1.2 Carpets and other floor coverings	6	100.0	100.1	101.4	102.2	101.7	99.1	-1.0	0.6	0.1	2.0	0.7	-0.8		
<b>05.2 Household textiles</b>	8	93.7	91.0	92.7	93.7	91.6	92.7	-3.0	-2.5	-2.2	-1.5	-2.4	-3.1		
<b>05.3 Household appliances, fitting and repairs</b>	8	95.9	96.1	95.4	97.4	96.8	98.7	1.6	0.7	-1.4	-2.2	1.8	3.8		
05.3.1/2 Major appliances and small electric goods	7	95.1	95.2	94.4	96.7	96.0	98.0	1.6	0.5	-1.9	-2.7	1.8	4.0		
05.3.3 Repair of household appliances	1	102.8	103.1	103.2	103.6	103.7	104.0	1.3	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.3		
<b>05.4 Glassware, tableware and household utensils</b>	7	101.0	99.2	99.3	99.9	100.5	100.5	1.6	3.1	1.7	1.1	1.7	0.7		
<b>05.5 Tools and equipment for house and garden</b>	6	102.4	102.2	102.2	101.9	101.7	101.0	1.9	1.9	1.5	0.4	-0.2	-0.7		
<b>05.6 Goods and services for routine maintenance</b>	11	108.5	108.2	108.0	108.1	108.0	108.4	4.0	3.9	3.4	3.5	2.6	2.9		
05.6.1 Non-durable household goods	5	106.6	105.9	105.3	105.2	104.6	105.1	2.3	2.5	1.5	1.6	0.6	0.6		
05.6.2 Domestic services and household services	6	110.0	110.1	110.3	110.6	110.9	111.1	5.4	5.1	5.0	5.1	4.4	4.9		
<b>06.1 Medical products, appliances and equipment</b>	10	100.7	100.2	100.5	100.8	101.0	100.6	1.6	1.3	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9		
06.1.1 Pharmaceutical products	5	101.2	100.5	101.1	101.6	102.0	101.1	2.0	1.4	0.6	0.5	0.9	0.4		
06.1.2/3 Other medical and therapeutic equipment	5	100.5	100.2	100.2	100.3	100.4	100.3	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.2	1.4		

# 18.2 Consumer Prices Index<sup>1</sup>: Detailed figures by divisions, groups and classes

continued

	Weights	Index (2005=100)							Percentage change over 12 months						
		2007		2007		2007		2007		2007		2007		2007	
		Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Oct	Nov
<b>06.2 Out-patient services</b>	5	108.6	108.7	109.0	109.4	109.6	109.5	3.9	3.7	3.5	3.8	3.7	3.3		
06.2.1/3 Medical services and paramedical services	3	105.8	105.9	106.3	106.6	107.0	106.7	2.9	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.2		
06.2.2 Dental services	2	111.9	112.0	112.2	112.6	112.5	112.8	5.4	5.2	4.8	5.2	5.0	4.8		
<b>06.3 Hospital services</b>	9	111.8	113.8	114.0	114.2	115.0	115.0	5.3	5.7	5.7	5.9	5.5	5.4		
<b>07.1 Purchase of vehicles</b>	49	99.8	99.4	99.1	98.9	98.9	99.0	0.1	-0.1	-0.3	-0.5	-0.5	-0.4		
07.1.1A New cars	27	102.5	102.6	102.6	102.6	102.8	102.9	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.4		
07.1.1B Second hand cars	19	95.2	94.0	93.3	92.9	92.6	92.9	-2.2	-3.0	-3.4	-3.6	-3.7	-3.0		
07.1.2/3 Motorcycles and bicycles	3	99.5	99.6	100.0	98.6	98.5	98.1	0.9	0.9	1.0	-0.8	-0.8	-0.9		
<b>07.2 Operation of personal transport equipment</b>	72	110.5	110.4	110.3	109.9	111.6	113.9	2.9	1.7	1.2	3.9	8.1	10.3		
07.2.1 Spare parts and accessories	6	102.8	103.1	103.8	104.1	103.7	103.8	0.3	-0.2	0.7	0.8	0.5	0.4		
07.2.2 Fuels and lubricants	36	110.6	110.2	109.6	108.8	111.8	116.1	0.9	-1.3	-2.3	3.3	12.1	17.0		
07.2.3 Maintenance and repairs	24	111.7	111.8	112.3	112.3	112.7	112.9	5.7	5.4	5.4	5.0	4.6	3.9		
07.2.4 Other services	6	109.5	109.8	110.0	110.1	110.7	111.0	4.9	5.1	5.2	5.2	5.7	5.7		
<b>07.3 Transport services</b>	31	109.9	116.7	120.3	107.4	108.2	104.2	8.5	7.6	9.9	4.9	7.0	5.1		
07.3.1 Passenger transport by railway	8	109.4	109.7	110.1	110.0	109.6	109.6	4.8	4.6	4.3	6.1	5.8	4.8		
07.3.2 Passenger transport by road	14	107.7	108.0	108.3	108.4	108.2	108.4	6.6	6.5	6.4	5.8	5.0	4.7		
07.3.3 Passenger transport by air	7	102.9	120.2	129.1	92.8	96.9	84.0	6.5	3.4	9.1	0.5	7.0	0.8		
07.3.4 Passenger transport by sea and inland waterway	2	123.7	149.7	162.6	121.5	118.9	111.6	24.8	17.8	25.9	-2.0	10.3	13.3		
<b>08.1 Postal services</b>	1	121.5	121.5	121.5	121.5	121.5	121.5	12.6	12.6	12.6	6.3	6.3	6.3		
<b>08.2/3 Telephone and telefax equipment and services</b>	23	95.1	93.6	96.1	95.6	95.1	95.2	-4.6	-5.8	-2.6	-3.4	-4.6	-4.5		
<b>09.1 Audio-visual equipment and related products</b>	29	80.0	77.8	77.7	76.8	75.8	75.4	-9.8	-12.1	-10.6	-12.3	-12.5	-13.5		
09.1.1 Reception and reproduction of sound and pictures	6	74.9	73.6	74.5	73.5	72.6	72.5	-12.3	-13.3	-11.1	-13.3	-13.7	-14.2		
09.1.2 Photographic, cinematographic and optical equipment	4	57.1	55.0	54.9	53.7	54.2	50.9	-22.1	-26.7	-24.7	-28.2	-27.4	-30.4		
09.1.3 Data processing equipment	7	70.8	68.4	67.3	64.7	64.1	62.9	-17.5	-20.1	-22.8	-24.7	-21.7	-23.9		
09.1.4 Recording media	11	98.2	95.6	95.6	96.1	93.9	95.3	0.1	-1.8	1.8	1.5	-0.8	-1.0		
09.1.5 Repair of audio-visual equipment & related products	1	107.2	107.9	108.3	108.5	108.8	108.8	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.7	3.8	3.8		
<b>09.2 Other major durables for recreation and culture</b>	9	100.8	100.7	100.7	100.8	101.1	101.7	0.5	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	0.1	0.9		
09.2.1/2 Major durables for in/outdoor recreation	9	100.8	100.7	100.7	100.8	101.1	101.7	0.5	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	0.1	0.9		
<b>09.3 Other recreational items, gardens and pets</b>	37	96.3	95.7	96.6	97.3	97.5	97.6	-1.8	-0.8	-1.3	0.3	0.2	0.6		
09.3.1 Games, toys and hobbies	21	92.0	91.0	92.9	93.6	93.7	93.3	-4.0	-2.6	-2.8	-0.4	-0.8	-0.6		
09.3.2 Equipment for sport and open-air recreation	4	99.3	98.1	98.4	98.6	98.5	99.1	0.8	1.0	-0.6	-0.1	0.0	0.9		
09.3.3 Gardens, plants and flowers	5	99.5	99.7	99.7	100.1	100.3	100.4	-0.3	0.8	1.1	1.2	2.0	0.7		
09.3.4/5 Pets, related products and services	7	106.0	106.5	105.1	106.4	106.7	108.5	2.5	2.5	1.7	2.1	2.2	3.9		
<b>09.4 Recreational and cultural services</b>	32	109.4	108.5	109.4	110.0	110.7	110.7	4.5	3.5	4.8	3.9	3.8	4.0		
09.4.1 Recreational and sporting services	10	108.7	109.0	109.2	112.6	113.3	113.3	3.9	4.3	4.2	5.0	5.7	5.6		
09.4.2 Cultural services	22	109.8	108.4	109.5	108.8	109.5	109.6	4.7	3.1	5.0	3.3	3.0	3.2		
<b>09.5 Books, newspapers and stationery</b>	17	104.7	105.8	106.1	106.8	107.0	106.4	1.3	1.8	2.5	2.1	2.8	1.7		
09.5.1 Books	5	103.5	106.6	108.3	109.7	109.1	106.2	1.2	2.7	5.1	5.7	6.3	2.3		
09.5.2 Newspapers and periodicals	7	109.5	110.0	110.0	110.6	111.5	111.9	3.4	3.5	3.2	2.0	3.1	3.0		
09.5.3/4 Misc. printed matter, stationery, drawing materials	5	98.9	98.7	98.1	98.0	98.3	98.7	-2.0	-2.1	-1.9	-2.1	-1.8	-1.5		
<b>09.6 Package holidays</b>	29	99.5	100.1	100.4	100.4	100.7	100.8	0.4	0.8	0.9	1.3	1.4	1.1		
<b>10.0 Education</b>	18	117.8	117.8	117.8	122.9	133.2	133.2	14.0	14.0	14.0	13.9	13.2	13.2		
<b>11.1 Catering services</b>	119	106.7	107.0	107.2	107.4	107.7	107.9	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.4		
11.1.1 Restaurants & cafes	106	106.6	106.9	107.0	107.2	107.5	107.7	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.3		
11.1.2 Canteens	13	107.7	107.8	108.3	108.8	109.0	109.2	5.1	5.1	5.5	5.7	5.4	4.1		
<b>11.2 Accommodation services</b>	19	108.3	108.5	108.5	109.0	109.4	109.1	3.8	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.0	3.4		
<b>12.1 Personal care</b>	31	104.6	104.6	104.1	103.9	105.4	105.5	2.2	2.9	1.5	1.2	2.5	2.8		
12.1.1 Hairdressing and personal grooming establishments	8	107.3	107.7	107.7	108.1	108.4	108.9	3.6	3.7	3.5	3.8	3.7	3.9		
12.1.2/3 Appliances and products for personal care	23	103.6	103.5	102.8	102.5	104.3	104.3	1.7	2.7	0.9	0.3	2.1	2.4		
<b>12.3 Personal effects nec<sup>2</sup></b>	10	105.5	104.4	105.4	106.2	106.0	106.7	2.6	2.6	1.5	1.7	1.6	2.3		
12.3.1 Jewellery, clocks and watches	7	107.7	107.1	108.1	108.8	108.9	109.6	3.3	2.4	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.6		
12.3.2 Other personal effects	3	101.9	99.8	100.8	102.0	100.9	101.8	1.3	2.8	0.7	1.2	0.5	1.6		
<b>12.4 Social protection</b>	12	111.1	111.8	112.1	112.6	113.0	113.5	5.5	5.6	5.7	5.4	5.4	5.4		
<b>12.5 Insurance</b>	8	104.8	105.7	105.9	106.1	106.5	106.8	2.9	2.3	3.2	3.6	3.9	3.2		
12.5.2 House contents insurance	2	102.4	102.3	102.8	103.0	102.1	103.7	0.3	0.0	0.2	0.5	-1.2	0.8		
12.5.3 Health insurance	2	113.3	116.3	116.3	116.3	117.5	117.5	6.7	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.8	6.8		
12.5.4 Transport insurance	4	102.6	103.1	103.3	103.5	104.2	104.1	2.5	1.3	2.9	3.5	5.0	2.7		
<b>12.6 Financial services nec<sup>2</sup></b>	28	102.9	103.7	101.9	102.1	102.0	101.8	-1.6	-1.4	-3.0	-3.0	-3.5	-3.0		
12.6.2 Other financial services nec <sup>2</sup>	28	102.9	103.7	101.9	102.1	102.0	101.8	-1.6	-1.4	-3.0	-3.0	-3.5	-3.0		
<b>12.7 Other services nec<sup>2</sup></b>	11	109.3	109.6	110.1	110.4	112.0	112.4	3.3	2.9	3.1	3.0	3.7	3.8		

1 Prior to 10 December 2003, the consumer prices index (CPI) was published in the UK as the harmonised index of consumer prices (HICP).

2 nec - not elsewhere covered

# 18.3 Retail Prices Index

13 January 1987=100

ALL ITEMS (RPI)	All items excluding										All items excluding mortgage interest payments & indirect taxes (RPIY) <sup>3</sup>		
	mortgage interest payments (RPIX)	mortgage interest payments and depreciation <sup>1</sup>		housing		Food and catering		Alcohol and tobacco		Housing and household expenditure			
		seasonal food <sup>2</sup>	food	Food and catering	Alcohol and tobacco	household expenditure	Personal expenditure	Travel and leisure	Consumer durables				
<b>Weights</b>													
CZGU	CZGY	DOGZ	CZGX	CZGV	CZGW	CBVV	CBVW	CBVX	CBVY	CBVZ	CBWA		
1998 1 000	955	923	803	870	982	178	105	359	95	263	121		
1999 1 000	958	928	807	872	980	179	100	358	95	268	127		
2000 1 000	960	924	805	882	982	170	95	355	101	279	126		
2001 1 000	954	914	795	884	982	169	97	362	96	276	125		
2002 1 000	964	924	801	886	980	166	99	363	94	278	126		
2003 1 000	961	919	797	891	983	160	98	365	92	285	126		
2004 1 000	961	914	791	889	981	160	97	367	93	283	121		
2005 1 000	950	901	776	890	981	159	96	387	89	269	122		
2006 1 000	950	906	778	895	983	155	96	392	90	267	117		
2007 1 000	945	895	762	895	981	152	95	408	83	262	109		
<b>Annual averages</b>													
CHAW	CHMK	CHON	CHAZ	CHAY	CHAX	CHBS	CHBT	CHBU	CHBV	CHBW	CHBY		
1997 157.5	156.5	156.4	152.9	160.5	158.5	150.4	183.2	158.4	137.7	159.0	117.3		
1998 162.9	160.6	160.3	156.2	166.5	163.8	153.4	192.3	166.2	139.9	162.8	115.9		
1999 165.4	164.3	163.6	158.9	169.4	166.5	155.4	202.6	167.7	139.6	165.6	112.3		
2000 170.3	167.7	166.4	161.3	175.1	171.4	156.7	210.3	176.2	137.2	170.3	108.0		
2001 173.3	171.3	169.5	163.7	178.0	174.3	162.2	216.9	180.0	135.7	172.0	105.0		
2002 176.2	175.1	172.5	166.0	181.1	177.2	164.8	222.3	184.6	133.2	174.2	101.9		
2003 181.3	180.0	176.2	168.9	186.7	182.4	167.9	228.0	194.3	133.2	177.0	99.8		
2004 186.7	184.0	179.1	170.9	192.8	187.9	170.0	233.6	207.4	131.5	178.1	97.7		
2005 192.0	188.2	182.6	173.7	198.7	193.3	172.9	239.8	219.4	131.0	179.2	95.3		
2006 198.1	193.7	187.8	178.3	205.2	199.5	176.9	247.1	231.8	131.7	181.1	94.0		
<b>Monthly figures</b>													
2004 Nov 189.0	185.4	180.1	171.6	195.5	190.3	170.4	235.0	213.4	132.6	177.9	97.6		
Dec 189.9	186.4	180.9	172.5	196.4	191.2	171.2	234.7	215.6	131.8	178.6	99.1		
2005 Jan 188.9	185.2	179.8	171.2	195.2	190.1	171.6	236.0	214.3	129.4	177.1	94.5		
Feb 189.6	185.9	180.4	171.9	195.9	190.8	172.4	236.9	214.9	130.2	177.6	95.0		
Mar 190.5	186.8	181.4	173.0	196.8	191.6	173.4	236.8	216.3	131.4	178.1	96.7		
Apr 191.6	187.8	182.4	173.3	198.2	192.9	172.7	239.4	218.3	131.4	179.3	95.6		
May 192.0	188.2	182.7	173.7	198.6	193.2	173.7	240.2	219.0	131.4	179.1	95.9		
Jun 192.2	188.3	182.8	173.8	198.8	193.4	173.6	240.5	219.7	131.4	178.9	95.8		
Jul 192.2	188.3	182.7	173.5	199.1	193.7	172.4	241.0	220.2	128.8	180.2	94.0		
Aug 192.6	188.6	183.0	173.8	199.5	194.1	172.7	241.0	220.5	130.3	180.2	94.1		
Sep 193.1	189.3	183.7	174.6	200.0	194.5	172.7	241.1	220.7	131.6	181.0	95.1		
Oct 193.3	189.5	183.8	174.7	200.4	194.8	172.7	241.8	221.4	131.8	180.8	94.7		
Nov 193.6	189.7	184.0	174.9	200.5	195.0	173.4	241.9	222.5	132.2	179.6	95.4		
Dec 194.1	190.2	184.5	175.5	201.0	195.5	174.1	241.6	224.5	131.9	179.0	97.0		
2006 Jan 193.4	189.4	183.7	174.5	200.3	194.8	174.1	242.5	223.0	129.1	179.4	92.4		
Feb 194.2	190.1	184.4	175.2	201.0	195.6	174.9	242.8	224.0	130.0	179.9	93.5		
Mar 195.0	190.8	185.2	176.0	202.0	196.4	174.3	243.8	225.8	131.1	180.0	95.1		
Apr 196.5	192.3	186.7	177.0	203.8	198.0	174.2	245.8	228.3	131.7	181.6	93.6		
May 197.7	193.6	187.8	178.2	204.9	199.1	176.1	246.8	230.0	132.7	182.1	94.3		
Jun 198.5	194.2	188.4	178.9	205.7	199.8	176.8	248.3	231.6	132.6	181.9	94.7		
Jul 198.5	194.2	188.3	178.7	205.6	199.9	177.1	248.3	231.5	129.4	183.3	91.8		
Aug 199.2	194.9	188.9	179.3	206.4	200.7	177.6	249.1	232.6	131.3	183.3	93.0		
Sep 200.1	195.3	189.2	179.6	207.4	201.5	178.1	249.2	235.9	133.0	181.2	94.8		
Oct 200.4	195.5	189.3	179.7	207.5	201.7	179.1	249.7	237.3	133.4	179.6	93.7		
Nov 201.1	196.2	190.0	180.4	208.2	202.4	180.2	249.6	238.7	133.7	179.8	94.5		
Dec 202.7	197.4	191.2	181.7	210.1	204.1	180.6	249.4	242.7	132.9	181.0	96.7		
2007 Jan 201.6	196.1	189.8	180.0	208.9	203.0	180.0	251.3	240.6	130.1	180.8	91.1		
Feb 203.1	197.1	190.7	181.1	210.4	204.4	181.2	252.4	243.0	131.3	181.4	92.1		
Mar 204.4	198.3	191.9	182.4	211.7	205.7	182.1	253.8	245.3	132.5	181.6	95.1		
Apr 205.4	199.3	192.9	182.7	212.8	206.8	182.7	256.8	245.7	133.8	183.1	93.5		
May 206.2	200.0	193.6	183.4	213.6	207.5	183.6	257.0	246.5	134.0	184.3	94.4		
Jun 207.3	200.7	194.1	184.0	214.7	208.6	184.5	257.5	248.9	133.9	184.5	95.8		
Jul 206.1	199.4	192.7	182.2	213.7	207.6	182.7	257.6	247.2	131.2	184.7	91.0		
Aug 207.3	200.1	193.3	182.9	215.0	208.7	183.5	257.9	249.4	132.2	185.2	91.9		
Sep 208.0	200.8	193.8	183.5	215.5	209.4	185.2	258.2	251.3	133.7	183.7	93.7		
Oct 208.9	201.6	194.6	184.3	216.2	210.2	187.3	257.7	251.9	134.1	184.7	92.8		
Nov 209.7	202.4	195.4	185.1	216.9	211.0	188.8	257.3	253.0	134.3	185.4	93.2		

Note: Further information on the RPI is available from the National Statistics Website: [www.statistics.gov.uk/rpi](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/rpi).

1 This series has been constructed using the index for all items excluding mortgage interest payments prior to February 1995.

2 Seasonal food is defined as items of food the prices of which show

significant seasonal variations. These are fresh fruit and vegetables, fresh fish, eggs and home-killed lamb.

3 There are no weights available for RPIY.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 020 7533 5874

## Prices and wages

# 18.4 Retail Prices Index<sup>1</sup>

Detailed figures for various groups, sub-groups and sections

13 January 1987=100

		2006 Dec	2007 Jan	2007 Feb	2007 Mar	2007 Apr	2007 May	2007 Jun	2007 Jul	2007 Aug	2007 Sep	2007 Oct	2007 Nov	
		Group and sub-group weights in 2007												
<b>ALL ITEMS (RPI)</b>	<b>CHAW</b>	1000	202.7	201.6	203.1	204.4	205.4	206.2	207.3	206.1	207.3	208.0	208.9	209.7
All items excluding:														
mortgage interest payments (RPIX)	CHMK	950	197.4	196.1	197.1	198.3	199.3	200.0	200.7	199.4	200.1	200.8	201.6	202.4
mortgage interest payments and depreciation	CHON	906	191.2	189.8	190.7	191.9	192.9	193.6	194.1	192.7	193.3	193.8	194.6	195.4
mortgage interest payments and council tax	DQAD	911	194.5	193.2	194.2	195.5	196.2	196.9	197.6	196.2	197.0	197.7	198.5	199.3
housing	CHAZ	778	181.7	180.0	181.1	182.4	182.7	183.4	184.0	182.2	182.9	183.5	184.3	185.1
food	CHAY	895	210.1	208.9	210.4	211.7	212.8	213.6	214.7	213.7	215.0	215.5	216.2	216.9
seasonal food	CHAX	983	204.1	203.0	204.4	205.7	206.8	207.5	208.6	207.6	208.7	209.4	210.2	211.0
All items excluding mortgage interest payments and indirect taxes (RPIY) <sup>2</sup>	CBZW	188.6	187.3	188.4	189.5	190.0	190.7	191.4	190.1	190.9	191.6	192.3	193.2	
Food	CHBA	105	160.8	159.9	161.4	162.3	162.8	163.8	164.6	162.2	163.0	165.0	167.4	169.1
Bread	DOAA	4	170.5	170.2	171.0	174.9	176.4	176.5	176.1	174.3	174.4	180.3	181.7	189.1
Cereals	DOAB	3	145.8	143.3	145.4	146.7	146.9	148.5	150.8	146.0	147.1	149.1	149.0	152.7
Biscuits and cakes	DOAC	6	171.4	171.4	171.8	174.5	173.7	174.6	174.4	172.9	172.8	172.2	179.4	180.6
Beef	DOAD	4	141.7	143.4	141.7	143.1	141.7	141.1	142.4	141.4	141.2	139.8	139.6	140.1
Lamb	DOAE	2	190.4	189.4	188.7	190.1	186.6	192.6	191.5	191.0	191.6	186.0	183.3	183.1
of which home-killed lamb	DOAF	1	194.4	193.4	188.6	190.3	191.5	197.2	199.0	195.9	195.1	189.9	185.8	182.6
Pork	DOAG	1	156.8	159.2	157.5	157.4	157.3	159.3	158.5	153.3	153.2	160.6	160.2	159.3
Bacon	DOAH	2	190.0	189.8	190.0	188.5	188.5	182.2	185.4	181.9	182.1	176.7	190.0	188.9
Poultry	DOAI	4	109.8	107.0	112.4	110.9	114.0	111.3	114.0	111.0	112.6	110.4	116.9	118.9
Other meat	DOAJ	7	149.8	148.4	149.0	150.1	148.8	149.4	150.0	148.5	148.5	148.6	150.4	150.6
Fish	DOAK	4	169.9	170.2	173.6	173.5	173.6	173.6	175.9	173.7	173.7	174.8	178.4	179.0
of which fresh fish	DOAL	2	180.6	178.8	186.2	186.1	189.0	188.1	190.6	187.0	191.5	188.9	194.6	193.2
Butter	DOAM	1	174.1	173.9	173.8	173.9	173.5	173.6	172.7	171.2	169.8	199.8	203.5	230.4
Oils and fats	DOAN	1	145.7	146.0	144.5	144.8	143.0	143.3	143.9	142.5	141.4	154.5	156.2	154.1
Cheese	DOAO	3	176.4	176.5	174.0	176.8	176.4	177.4	176.7	176.6	177.2	182.0	185.2	191.5
Eggs	DOAP	1	179.0	178.7	179.0	181.1	181.0	180.7	181.9	181.6	190.8	197.0	214.0	231.3
Milk, fresh	DOAQ	5	189.0	188.9	188.3	192.0	193.1	193.4	194.2	193.7	194.0	217.8	219.2	220.7
Milk products	DOAR	4	147.1	145.1	145.1	148.7	148.3	150.8	151.0	152.8	153.8	156.0	156.5	161.5
Tea	DOAS	1	161.5	157.3	160.6	161.2	157.2	162.1	158.5	161.8	157.5	160.4	161.6	160.1
Coffee and other hot drinks	DOAT	1	125.9	122.4	124.7	125.7	126.1	125.4	125.3	124.5	125.8	126.1	122.6	125.3
Soft drinks	DOAU	10	193.9	193.0	196.8	197.3	199.3	200.7	201.0	201.2	201.1	200.3	200.7	199.5
Sugar and preserves	DOAV	1	160.6	161.3	163.0	162.1	162.4	163.9	165.4	163.1	162.0	163.6	164.5	166.8
Sweets and chocolates	DOAW	10	193.3	194.2	195.7	196.3	199.1	199.7	199.6	198.9	200.9	201.6	201.3	203.3
Potatoes	DOAX	4	162.0	159.0	166.1	167.8	166.5	170.5	172.1	162.7	163.3	162.5	162.5	166.5
of which unprocessed potatoes	DOAY	1	152.0	150.7	156.2	159.9	162.1	166.8	169.4	152.7	151.3	153.9	154.0	155.7
Vegetables other than potatoes	DOAZ	8	142.4	146.2	148.5	149.4	154.5	151.7	154.8	149.9	153.1	151.0	152.5	152.7
of which fresh vegetables	DOBA	6	127.6	131.9	134.4	135.3	141.1	138.0	141.3	135.9	139.8	137.1	137.6	136.9
Fruit	DOBB	7	157.1	147.4	147.8	144.8	142.9	151.0	152.1	141.9	144.7	149.7	158.9	160.6
of which fresh fruit	DOBC	6	155.3	144.0	144.4	140.9	138.8	148.1	149.3	137.8	141.4	146.7	157.5	159.3
Other foods	DOB	11	151.6	150.8	151.8	152.8	152.2	152.7	152.9	152.8	152.4	153.8	154.7	154.5
Catering	CHBC	50	249.2	249.7	250.1	250.9	251.8	252.5	253.2	253.9	254.4	255.1	256.3	257.2
Restaurant meals	DOBE	27	243.6	244.1	244.3	245.2	245.9	246.8	247.3	247.9	248.2	248.8	250.4	250.8
Canteen meals	DOBF	4	304.7	307.1	308.2	309.0	310.2	311.9	312.7	312.9	314.0	318.2	318.0	319.0
Take-away's and snacks	DOBG	19	239.1	239.3	239.9	240.3	241.5	241.8	242.7	243.6	244.1	244.5	245.4	247.0
Alcoholic drink	CHBD	67	214.3	215.1	216.0	217.6	219.2	219.4	220.1	220.2	220.5	220.8	220.2	219.8
Beer	DOBH	36	235.1	234.8	235.7	237.6	240.4	240.9	240.9	241.8	242.0	242.0	241.1	241.1
Beer on sales	DOBI	31	255.0	254.9	255.9	257.9	260.7	261.7	261.9	262.9	262.9	263.4	263.2	263.1
Beer off sales	DOB	5	148.4	147.5	147.9	149.0	151.9	150.7	150.1	150.4	151.4	149.6	146.2	146.8
Wines and spirits	DOBK	31	187.6	189.3	190.2	191.5	192.0	192.1	193.2	192.6	193.1	193.5	193.2	192.5
Wines and spirits on sales	DOB	17	238.8	239.2	239.8	240.6	242.7	243.4	244.1	244.3	244.7	245.2	245.2	245.2
Wines and spirits off sales	DOB	14	153.6	156.6	157.8	159.7	158.8	158.3	159.9	158.6	159.2	159.6	158.9	157.5
Tobacco	CHBE	29	348.1	354.0	355.5	355.7	363.5	363.6	363.6	363.8	363.9	364.2	364.3	364.1
Cigarettes	DOBN	26	355.8	361.7	363.2	363.4	371.6	371.7	371.8	371.9	372.0	372.4	372.5	372.3
Other tobacco	DOB	3	276.9	282.0	283.7	283.6	288.0	288.3	288.3	288.5	288.6	288.8	288.9	

# 18.4 Retail Prices Index<sup>1</sup>

Detailed figures for various groups, sub-groups and sections

continued

13 January 1987 = 100

		2006 Dec	2007 Jan	2007 Feb	2007 Mar	2007 Apr	2007 May	2007 Jun	2007 Jul	2007 Aug	2007 Sep	2007 Oct	2007 Nov	
Group and sub-group weights in 2007														
Housing	CHBF	222	313.8	315.7	319.4	320.4	325.5	327.0	330.8	332.7	337.0	338.4	339.6	340.6
Rent	DOB P	45	281.5	282.5	282.6	282.5	286.7	287.2	287.6	289.8	289.6	289.9	291.2	291.7
Mortgage interest payments	DOB Q	50	347.6	351.7	365.7	368.6	370.9	374.4	388.3	391.3	406.8	409.5	411.3	413.9
Depreciation (Jan 1995 = 100)	CHO O	44	281.1	282.8	285.6	287.2	288.6	290.9	293.6	296.8	300.3	302.9	304.3	305.5
Council tax and Rates	DOBR	39	280.7	280.7	280.7	280.7	292.0	292.0	292.0	292.0	292.0	292.0	292.0	292.0
Water and other charges	DOBS	12	354.1	354.1	354.1	354.1	377.2	377.2	377.2	377.2	377.2	377.2	377.2	377.2
Repairs and maintenance charges	DOBT	12	318.9	324.1	324.8	325.6	327.4	328.2	329.2	329.6	330.4	331.1	333.5	334.6
Do-it-yourself materials	DOBU	13	162.4	162.8	164.1	164.1	164.4	165.5	166.5	166.6	167.3	167.3	167.1	167.1
Dwelling insurance and ground rent	DOB V	7	279.5	281.5	283.0	281.2	280.9	283.1	282.2	282.7	289.2	292.4	291.7	292.1
Fuel and light	CHBG	33	222.7	222.6	223.6	223.1	219.7	215.1	211.2	208.2	206.2	206.1	206.3	208.1
Coal and solid fuels	DOB W	1	199.5	199.8	200.2	200.5	200.4	199.4	198.5	198.2	198.4	200.8	206.5	210.5
Electricity	DOB X	15	205.0	206.0	206.7	206.7	204.9	202.5	199.7	197.2	196.2	195.9	195.8	195.8
Gas	DOB Y	14	243.3	243.9	244.8	242.8	235.8	228.0	221.5	216.5	213.4	211.8	211.0	211.1
Oil and other fuels	DOB Z	3	249.4	235.2	240.1	247.1	256.1	255.1	260.4	267.1	262.4	276.3	285.3	319.1
Household goods	CHBH	71	154.6	144.3	147.1	153.8	149.2	151.4	156.0	147.7	148.3	151.7	149.6	151.0
Furniture	DOCA	26	187.7	162.4	165.0	185.8	169.8	174.1	191.2	166.8	168.5	177.0	171.1	175.7
Furnishings	DOCB	11	162.5	154.0	160.1	158.5	157.7	164.6	160.6	159.0	161.7	163.8	161.9	159.0
Electrical appliances	DOCC	8	73.3	71.2	72.6	74.2	74.8	74.2	73.5	72.7	72.3	73.6	73.1	73.4
Other household equipment	DOCD	5	141.8	139.0	142.6	143.1	144.7	145.9	147.1	143.9	145.6	145.2	145.8	145.2
Household consumables	DOCE	14	161.2	161.5	162.4	163.2	163.4	163.2	162.9	162.1	160.7	161.1	161.4	162.0
Pet care	DOCF	7	171.8	170.4	172.7	172.8	174.5	173.8	174.6	175.2	173.7	175.4	175.8	178.9
Household services	CHBI	66	196.3	196.3	196.0	196.5	195.0	195.0	194.8	194.4	196.2	198.0	201.3	201.8
Postage	DOCG	1	200.2	200.2	200.2	200.2	212.7	212.7	212.7	212.7	212.7	212.7	212.7	212.7
Telephones, telemessages, etc	DOCH	24	88.2	87.7	86.8	86.9	86.0	85.3	84.9	83.8	85.8	85.5	85.1	85.2
Domestic services	DOCI	12	296.6	300.2	300.3	301.1	300.1	301.0	302.8	303.8	304.8	305.9	307.9	309.3
Fees and subscriptions	DOCJ	29	291.1	291.0	292.1	293.1	290.5	291.6	290.9	292.2	292.7	298.9	310.4	311.1
Clothing and footwear	CHBJ	49	95.0	91.3	92.4	93.8	95.1	95.2	95.0	91.6	92.8	94.5	94.5	94.7
Men's outerwear	DOCK	10	97.5	92.5	94.0	95.3	97.5	97.7	97.3	93.8	94.9	96.1	96.4	96.9
Women's outerwear	DOCL	17	69.0	65.2	66.1	68.0	69.0	68.7	68.6	64.1	65.7	67.9	67.3	67.6
Children's outerwear	DOC M	6	90.8	87.4	87.2	87.3	87.6	87.8	87.5	87.9	87.8	89.9	91.5	91.7
Other clothing	DOC N	7	150.9	148.1	149.2	149.7	151.5	150.4	150.7	148.2	149.6	150.9	150.1	150.7
Footwear	DOCO	9	108.3	106.8	108.3	109.2	110.5	111.8	111.7	109.4	110.3	110.7	111.1	110.8
Personal goods and services	CHBQ	41	211.9	211.8	213.1	213.8	214.7	215.2	215.4	214.8	215.2	216.1	217.3	217.4
Personal articles	DOCP	12	138.1	136.5	138.0	139.5	139.6	140.0	140.2	138.6	139.4	140.7	140.2	140.8
Chemists goods	DOCQ	16	190.8	191.0	192.3	192.3	193.3	193.0	193.2	192.2	192.1	192.4	194.2	193.4
Personal services	DOCR	13	360.7	364.0	364.4	364.8	366.7	368.9	369.4	372.1	372.4	373.2	376.8	377.8
Motoring expenditure	CHBK	140	184.6	185.4	185.1	186.0	188.6	190.2	190.8	189.9	189.4	188.6	190.0	192.5
Purchase of motor vehicles	DOCS	56	104.5	105.5	105.8	105.0	104.9	104.9	104.1	102.9	102.1	101.8	101.4	101.8
Maintenance of motor vehicles	DOCT	20	301.4	303.8	303.9	304.8	306.2	307.3	309.4	309.8	311.4	311.8	312.4	313.3
Petrol and oil	DOCU	40	259.0	256.2	253.1	259.8	269.5	277.7	281.7	280.6	280.0	276.7	284.2	295.1
Vehicle tax and insurance	DOCV	24	285.3	289.1	289.9	290.4	295.9	294.7	296.0	297.5	297.9	298.5	299.6	299.4
Fares and other travel costs	CHBR	19	234.4	229.6	236.4	234.8	238.1	244.8	247.9	259.2	265.8	242.7	244.3	237.0
Rail fares	DOCW	5	249.4	257.4	261.9	260.6	262.6	262.1	262.7	263.6	265.0	264.8	263.3	263.3
Bus and coach fares	DOCX	4	262.3	270.0	271.1	272.2	273.5	273.2	276.2	276.3	277.4	277.0	274.5	275.3
Other travel costs	DOCY	10	208.2	195.0	203.5	201.3	205.4	216.0	219.7	236.9	246.2	210.7	214.5	203.0
Leisure goods	CHBL	41	92.2	91.0	91.6	91.1	90.5	90.2	89.3	88.7	89.2	89.1	88.9	88.6
Audio-visual equipment	DOCZ	9	16.9	16.7	16.5	15.9	15.4	15.1	14.9	14.5	14.5	14.2	14.1	13.9
CDs and tapes	DODA	4	101.8	101.3	99.9	99.8	101.1	103.7	102.7	100.3	100.5	100.7	98.4	100.4
Toys, photographic and sports goods	DODB	12	89.4	88.9	88.2	89.1	88.7	87.9	86.7	85.7	86.8	87.1	87.3	86.7
Books and newspapers	DODC	10	254.5	247.1	256.9	256.5	256.0	256.4	256.0	259.0	260.8	262.5	263.1	261.5
Gardening products	DODD	6	145.3	144.9	148.3	146.8	146.0	145.9	144.6	144.8	144.8	144.9	145.1	145.1
Leisure services	CHBM	67	271.4	271.8	272.4	272.7	273.8	274.0	274.5	274.9	276.1	278.1	279.4	279.7
Television licences and rentals	DODE	12	166.2	166.1	166.1	166.1	168.1	168.1	168.0	167.7	167.7	167.7	169.7	169.7
Entertainment and other recreation	DODF	17	362.3	359.6	363.2	364.7	366.7	367.0	370.1	367.2	371.0	379.8	379.5	379.6
Foreign holidays (Jan 1993 = 100)	CHMQ	30	170.4	171.5	171.5	171.4	171.4	171.5	171.3	172.6	173.1	173.5	174.5	174.8
UK holidays (Jan 1994 = 100)	CHMS	8	166.8	167.5	167.5	168.0	169.0	169.7	170.0	170.5	171.4	171.8	171.9	172.0

Note: Indices are given to one decimal place to provide as much information as is available but precision is greater at higher levels of aggregation, ie at sub-group and group levels. Further information on the RPI is available from the National Statistics Website: [www.statistics.gov.uk/rpi](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/rpi).

2 The taxes excluded are council tax, VAT, duties, vehicle excise duty, insurance tax and airport tax. There are no weights available for RPIY.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 020 7533 5874

<sup>1</sup> Retail Prices Index 1914-1990 contains group and sub-group indices and weights back to 1956, group indices back to 1947, together with cost of living indices as far back as 1914.

## Prices and wages

# 18.5 Retail Prices Index (All Items)

Annual average	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	
<b>January 1962=100</b>													
1962	101.6	100.0	100.1	100.5	101.9	102.2	102.9	102.5	101.6	101.5	101.4	101.8	102.3
1963	103.6	102.7	103.6	103.7	104.0	103.9	103.9	103.3	103.0	103.3	103.7	104.0	104.2
1964	107.0	104.7	104.8	105.2	106.1	107.0	107.4	107.4	107.8	107.8	107.9	108.8	109.2
1965	112.1	109.5	109.5	109.9	112.0	112.4	112.7	112.7	112.9	113.0	113.1	113.6	114.1
1966	116.5	114.3	114.4	114.6	116.0	116.8	117.1	116.6	117.3	117.1	117.4	118.1	118.3
1967	119.4	118.5	118.6	118.6	119.5	119.4	119.9	119.2	118.9	118.8	119.7	120.4	121.2
1968	125.0	121.6	122.2	122.6	124.8	124.9	125.4	125.5	125.7	125.8	126.4	126.7	128.4
1969	131.8	129.1	129.8	130.3	131.7	131.5	132.1	132.1	131.8	132.2	133.2	133.5	134.4
1970	140.2	135.5	136.2	137.0	139.1	139.5	139.9	140.9	140.8	141.5	143.0	144.0	145.0
1971	153.4	147.0	147.8	149.0	152.2	153.2	154.3	155.2	155.3	155.5	156.4	157.3	158.1
1972	164.3	159.0	159.8	160.3	161.8	162.6	163.7	164.2	165.5	166.4	168.7	169.3	170.2
1973	179.4	171.3	172.4	173.4	176.7	178.0	178.9	179.7	180.2	181.8	185.4	186.8	188.2
1974	..	191.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>January 1974=100</b>													
1974	108.5	100.0	101.7	102.6	106.1	107.6	108.7	109.7	109.8	111.0	113.2	115.2	116.9
1975	134.8	119.9	121.9	124.3	129.1	134.5	137.1	138.5	139.3	140.5	142.5	144.2	146.0
1976	157.1	147.9	149.8	150.6	153.5	155.2	156.0	156.3	158.5	160.6	163.5	165.8	168.0
1977	182.0	172.4	174.1	175.8	180.3	181.7	183.6	183.8	184.7	185.7	186.5	187.4	188.4
1978	197.1	189.5	190.6	191.8	194.6	195.7	197.2	198.1	199.4	200.2	201.1	202.5	204.2
1979	223.5	207.2	208.9	210.6	214.2	215.9	219.6	229.1	230.9	233.2	235.6	237.7	239.4
1980	263.7	245.3	248.8	252.2	260.8	263.2	265.7	267.9	268.5	270.2	271.9	274.1	275.6
1981	295.0	277.3	279.8	284.0	292.2	294.1	295.8	297.1	299.3	301.0	303.7	306.9	308.8
1982	320.4	310.6	310.7	313.4	319.7	322.0	322.9	323.0	323.1	322.9	324.5	326.1	325.5
1983	335.1	325.9	327.3	327.9	332.5	333.9	334.7	336.5	338.0	339.5	340.7	341.9	342.8
1984	351.8	342.6	344.0	345.1	349.7	351.0	351.9	351.5	354.8	355.5	357.7	358.8	358.5
1985	373.2	359.8	362.7	366.1	373.9	375.6	376.4	375.7	376.7	376.5	377.1	378.4	378.9
1986	385.9	379.7	381.1	381.6	385.3	386.0	385.8	384.7	385.9	387.8	388.4	391.7	393.0
1987	..	394.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>January 1987=100</b>													
1991	133.5	130.2	130.9	131.4	133.1	133.5	134.1	133.8	134.1	134.6	135.1	135.6	135.7
1992	138.5	135.6	136.3	136.7	138.8	139.3	139.3	138.8	138.9	139.4	139.7	139.7	139.2
1993	140.7	137.9	138.8	139.3	140.6	141.1	141.0	140.7	141.3	141.9	141.8	141.6	141.9
1994	144.1	141.3	142.1	142.5	144.2	144.7	144.7	144.0	144.7	145.0	145.2	145.3	146.0
1995	149.1	146.0	146.9	147.5	149.0	149.6	149.8	149.1	149.9	150.6	149.8	149.8	150.7
1996	152.7	150.2	150.9	151.5	152.6	152.9	153.0	152.4	153.1	153.8	153.8	153.9	154.4
1997	157.5	154.4	155.0	155.4	156.3	156.9	157.5	157.5	158.5	159.3	159.5	159.6	160.0
1998	162.9	159.5	160.3	160.8	162.6	163.5	163.4	163.0	163.7	164.4	164.5	164.4	164.4
1999	165.4	163.4	163.7	164.1	165.2	165.6	165.6	165.1	165.5	166.2	166.5	166.7	167.3
2000	170.3	166.6	167.5	168.4	170.1	170.7	171.1	170.5	170.5	171.7	171.6	172.1	172.2
2001	173.3	171.1	172.0	172.2	173.1	174.2	174.4	173.3	174.0	174.6	174.3	173.6	173.4
2002	176.2	173.3	173.8	174.5	175.7	176.2	176.2	175.9	176.4	177.6	177.9	178.2	178.5
2003	181.3	178.4	179.3	179.9	181.2	181.5	181.3	181.3	181.6	182.5	182.6	182.7	183.5
2004	186.7	183.1	183.8	184.6	185.7	186.5	186.8	186.8	187.4	188.1	188.6	189.0	189.9
2005	192.0	188.9	189.6	190.5	191.6	192.0	192.2	192.2	192.6	193.1	193.3	193.6	194.1
2006	198.1	193.4	194.2	195.0	196.5	197.7	198.5	198.5	199.2	200.1	200.4	201.1	202.7
2007	..	201.6	203.1	204.4	205.4	206.2	207.3	206.1	207.3	208.0	208.9	209.7	..

Note: Further information on the RPI is available from the National Statistics Website: [www.statistics.gov.uk/rpi](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/rpi).

Source: Office for National Statistics: 020 7533 5874

# 18.6 Harmonised Indices of Consumer Prices (HICPs) - International comparisons : EU countries

percentage changes over 12 months

Per cent

		2004	2005	2006	2006 Nov	2006 Dec	2007 Jan	2007 Feb	2007 Mar	2007 Apr	2007 May	2007 Jun	2007 Jul	2007 Aug	2007 Sep	2007 Oct	2007 Nov
<b>European Union countries</b>																	
United Kingdom <sup>1</sup>	D7G7	1.3	2.1	2.3	2.7	3.0	2.7	2.8	3.1	2.8	2.5	2.4	1.9	1.8	1.8	2.1	2.1
Austria	D7SK	2.0	2.1	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.7	2.1	2.9	..
Belgium	D7SL	1.9	2.5	2.3	2.0	2.1	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.4	2.2	..
Bulgaria	GHY8	6.1	6.0	7.4	5.9	6.1	6.8	4.6	4.4	4.4	4.5	5.3	6.8	9.3	11.0	10.6	..
Cyprus	D7RO	1.9	2.0	2.2	1.3	1.5	1.4	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.9	1.7	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.7	..
Czech Republic	D7RP	2.6	1.6	2.1	1.0	1.5	1.4	1.7	2.1	2.7	2.4	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.8	4.0	..
Denmark	D7SM	0.9	1.7	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.3	1.1	0.9	1.2	1.8 <sup>†</sup>	..
Estonia	D7RQ	3.0	4.1	4.4	4.7	5.1	5.0	4.6	5.6	5.6	5.9	6.0	6.5	6.1	7.5	8.7	..
Finland	D7SN	0.1	0.8	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.6	1.5	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.3	1.7	1.8	..
France	D7SO	2.3	1.9	1.9	1.6	1.7	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.6	2.1	..
Germany	D7SP	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.5	1.4	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.7	2.7	..
Greece	D7SQ	3.0	3.5	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.0	3.0	2.8	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.9	3.0	..
Hungary	D7RR	6.8	3.5	4.0	6.4	6.6	8.4	9.0	9.0	8.7	8.4	8.5	8.3	7.1	6.4	6.9	..
Ireland	D7SS	2.3	2.2	2.7	2.4	3.0	2.9	2.6	2.9	2.9	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.3	2.9	3.0	..
Italy	D7ST	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.0	2.1	1.9	2.1	2.1	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.7	1.7	2.3	..	..
Latvia	D7RS	6.2	6.9	6.6	6.3	6.8	7.1	7.2	8.5	8.8	7.8	8.9	9.5	10.2	11.5	13.2	..
Lithuania	D7RT	1.2	2.7	3.8	4.4	4.5	4.0	4.4	4.8	4.9	5.0	5.0	5.1	5.6	7.1	7.6	..
Luxembourg	D7SU	3.2	3.8	3.0	1.8	2.3	2.3	1.8	2.4	2.5	2.3	2.3	2.0	1.9	2.5	3.6	..
Malta	D7RU	2.7	2.5	2.6	0.9	0.8	1.2	0.8	0.5	-1.1	-1.0	-0.6	-0.2	0.6	0.9	1.6	..
Netherlands	D7SV	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.2	1.4	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.8	1.4	1.1	1.3	1.6	..
Poland	D7RV	3.6	2.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.9	2.4	2.2	2.3	2.6	2.5	2.1	2.7	3.1	..
Portugal	D7SX	2.5	2.1	3.0	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.3	2.4	2.8	2.4	2.4	2.3	1.9	2.0	2.5	..
Romania	GHY7	11.9	9.1	6.6	4.7	4.9	4.1	3.9	3.7	3.8	3.9	3.9	4.1	5.0	6.1	6.9	..
Slovakia	D7RW	7.5	2.8	4.3	3.7	3.7	2.2	2.0	2.1	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.2	1.2	1.7	2.4	..
Slovenia	D7RX	3.7	2.5	2.5	2.4	3.0	2.8	2.3	2.6	2.9	3.1	3.8	4.0	3.4	3.6	5.1	..
Spain	D7SY	3.1	3.4	3.6	2.7	2.7	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.3	2.2	2.7	3.6	..
Sweden	D7SZ	1.0	0.8	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.2	1.6	1.9	..
EICP <sup>2</sup> EU 25 average <sup>3</sup>	D7RY	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
EICP <sup>2</sup> EU 27 average <sup>3</sup>	GJ2E	..	..	..	..	..	2.1	2.1	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.0	1.9	2.2	2.7	..

Note: Further information on HICP is available from the National Statistics Website: [www.statistics.gov.uk/hicp](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/hicp).

1 Published as the Consumer Prices Index (CPI) in the UK. (UK 2005=100, others 1996=100)

2 The EICP (European Index of Consumer Prices) is the official EU aggregate. It covers 15 member states until April 2004, 25 member states from May 2004, and 27 members from Jan 2007, the new member states being

integrated using a chain index formula. The EU 25 annual average for 2004 is calculated from the EU 15 average from January to April and the EU 25 average from May to December.

3 The coverage of the European Union was extended to include Cyprus, Czech Republic, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Malta, Poland, Slovakia and Slovenia from 1 May 2004 and Bulgaria and Romania from 1 Jan 2007.

Source: Statistical Office of the European Communities (Eurostat)

# 18.7 Internal purchasing power of the pound (based on RPI)<sup>1</sup>

Pence

Year in which purchasing power was 100p																			
1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
BAMT	BAMU	BAMV	BAMW	BASX	CZVM	CBXX	DOFX	DOHR	DOLM	DTUL	CDQG	JKZZ	ZMHO	IKHI	FAUI	SEZH	C687	E9AO	GB4Y
1987	100	105	113	124	131	136	138	141	146	150	155	160	162	167	170	173	178	183	188
1988	95	100	108	118	125	130	132	135	139	143	147	152	155	159	162	165	170	175	180
1989	88	93	100	109	116	120	122	125	129	133	137	141	144	148	150	153	157	162	172
1990	81	85	91	100	106	110	112	114	118	121	125	129	131	135	137	140	144	148	157
1991	76	80	86	94	100	104	105	108	112	114	118	122	124	128	130	132	136	140	148
1992	74	77	83	91	96	100	102	104	108	110	114	118	119	123	125	127	131	135	143
1993	72	76	82	90	95	98	100	102	106	109	112	116	118	121	123	125	129	133	141
1994	71	74	80	88	93	96	98	100	103	106	109	113	115	118	120	122	126	130	137
1995	68	72	77	85	90	93	94	97	100	102	106	109	111	114	116	118	122	125	133
1996	67	70	75	83	87	91	92	94	98	100	103	107	108	112	113	115	119	122	130
1997	65	68	73	80	85	88	92	95	97	100	103	105	108	110	112	115	119	122	126
1998	63	66	71	77	82	85	86	88	92	94	97	100	102	105	106	108	111	115	118
1999	62	65	70	76	81	84	85	87	90	92	95	98	100	103	105	107	110	113	116
2000	60	63	68	74	78	81	83	85	88	90	92	96	97	100	102	103	106	110	116
2001	59	62	66	73	77	80	81	83	86	88	91	94	95	98	100	102	105	108	111
2002	58	61	65	72	76	79	80	82	85	87	89	92	94	97	98	100	103	106	112
2003	56	59	64	70	74	76	78	79	82	84	87	90	91	94	96	97	100	103	109
2004	55	57	62	68	72	74	75	77	80	82	84	87	89	91	93	94	97	100	106
2005	53	56	60	66	70	72	73	75	78	80	82	85	86	89	90	92	94	97	103
2006	51	54	58	64	67	70	71	73	75	77	80	82	83	86	87	89	92	94	97

1 To find the purchasing power of the pound in 2000, given that it was 100 pence in 1990, select the column headed 1990 and look at the 2000 row.

The result is 74 pence. These figures are calculated by taking the inverse ratio of the respective annual averages of the Retail Prices Index (RPI).

Note: Further information on the RPI is available from the National Statistics Website: [www.statistics.gov.uk/rpi](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/rpi).

Source: Office for National Statistics: 020 7533 5874

## Prices and wages

# 18.8 Tax and Price Index

### Tax and Price Index: January 1987 = 100

	DQAB														
	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
January	132.1	137.2	141.6	143.6	147.1	150.5	152.7	156.7	156.5	161.4	166.9	172.1	175.9	183.3	..
February	132.9	138.2	142.3	144.2	147.9	150.8	153.7	157.6	157.0	162.3	167.6	172.8	176.7	184.8	..
March	133.4	138.8	143.0	144.6	148.4	151.2	154.6	157.8	157.7	163.0	168.4	173.7	177.4	186.1	..
April	135.3	140.3	141.7	143.8	149.7	151.2	155.7	156.3	158.6	164.9	168.9	174.1	178.3	186.3	..
May	135.8	141.0	142.0	144.4	150.6	151.7	156.3	157.4	159.1	165.2	169.7	174.5	179.5	187.1	..
June	135.8	141.2	142.1	145.0	150.5	151.7	156.7	157.6	159.1	165.0	170.0	174.7	180.3	188.2	..
July	135.1	140.4	141.5	145.0	150.1	151.1	156.1	156.5	158.8	165.0	170.0	174.7	180.3	187.0	..
August	135.8	141.3	142.2	146.0	150.8	151.5	156.1	157.2	159.3	165.4	170.6	175.1	181.0	188.2	..
September	136.1	142.0	143.0	146.9	151.5	152.3	157.3	157.8	160.6	166.3	171.3	175.6	181.9	188.9	..
October	136.4	141.2	143.0	147.1	151.6	152.6	157.2	157.5	160.9	166.4	171.8	175.8	182.2	189.8	..
November	136.5	141.2	143.1	147.2	151.5	152.8	157.7	156.8	161.2	166.5	172.2	176.1	182.8	190.6	..
December	137.2	142.1	143.6	147.6	151.5	153.4	157.8	156.6	161.5	167.3	173.1	176.6	184.4	..	..

### Retail Prices Index: January 1987 = 100

	CHAW														
	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
January	141.3	146.0	150.2	154.4	159.5	163.4	166.6	171.1	173.3	178.4	183.1	188.9	193.4	201.6	..
February	142.1	146.9	150.9	155.0	160.3	163.7	167.5	172.0	173.8	179.3	183.8	189.6	194.2	203.1	..
March	142.5	147.5	151.5	155.4	160.8	164.1	168.4	172.2	174.5	179.9	184.6	190.5	195.0	204.4	..
April	144.2	149.0	152.6	156.3	162.6	165.2	170.1	173.1	175.7	181.2	185.7	191.6	196.5	205.4	..
May	144.7	149.6	152.9	156.9	163.5	165.6	170.7	174.2	176.2	181.5	186.5	192.0	197.7	206.2	..
June	144.7	149.8	153.0	157.5	163.4	165.6	171.1	174.4	176.2	181.3	186.8	192.2	198.5	207.3	..
July	144.0	149.1	152.4	157.5	163.0	165.1	170.5	173.3	175.9	181.3	186.8	192.2	198.5	206.1	..
August	144.7	149.9	153.1	158.5	163.7	165.5	170.5	174.0	176.4	181.6	187.4	192.6	199.2	207.3	..
September	145.0	150.6	153.8	159.3	164.4	166.2	171.7	174.6	177.6	182.5	188.1	193.1	200.1	208.0	..
October	145.2	149.8	153.8	159.5	164.5	166.5	171.6	174.3	177.9	182.6	188.6	193.3	200.4	208.9	..
November	145.3	149.8	153.9	159.6	164.4	166.7	172.1	173.6	178.2	182.7	189.0	193.6	201.1	209.7	..
December	146.0	150.7	154.4	160.0	164.4	167.3	172.2	173.4	178.5	183.5	189.9	194.1	202.7	..	..

### Percentage changes on one year earlier

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>Tax and Price Index</b>														
January	3.9	3.2	1.4	2.4	2.3	1.5	2.6	-0.1	3.1	3.4	3.1	2.2	4.2	..
February	4.0	3.0	1.3	2.6	2.0	1.9	2.5	-0.4	3.4	3.3	3.1	2.3	4.6	..
March	4.0	3.0	1.1	2.6	1.9	2.2	2.1	-0.1	3.4	3.3	3.1	2.1	4.9	..
April	3.7	1.0	1.5	4.1	1.0	3.0	0.4	1.5	4.0	2.4	3.1	2.4	4.5	..
May	3.8	0.7	1.7	4.3	0.7	3.0	0.7	1.1	3.8	2.7	2.8	2.9	4.2	..
June	4.0	0.6	2.0	3.8	0.8	3.3	0.6	1.0	3.7	3.0	2.8	3.2	4.4	..
July	3.9	0.8	2.5	3.5	0.7	3.3	0.3	1.5	3.9	3.0	2.8	3.2	3.7	..
August	4.1	0.6	2.7	3.3	0.5	3.0	0.7	1.3	3.8	3.1	2.6	3.4	4.0	..
September	4.3	0.7	2.7	3.1	0.5	3.3	0.3	1.8	3.5	3.0	2.5	3.6	3.8	..
October	3.5	1.3	2.9	3.1	0.7	3.0	0.2	2.2	3.4	3.2	2.3	3.6	4.2	..
November	3.4	1.3	2.9	2.9	0.9	3.2	-0.6	2.8	3.3	3.4	2.3	3.8	4.3	..
December	3.6	1.1	2.8	2.6	1.3	2.9	-0.8	3.1	3.6	3.5	2.0	4.4	..	..

### Retail Prices Index

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
<b>Retail Prices Index</b>														
January	3.3	2.9	2.8	3.3	2.4	2.0	2.7	1.3	2.9	2.6	3.2	2.4	4.2	..
February	3.4	2.7	2.7	3.4	2.1	2.3	2.7	1.0	3.2	2.5	3.2	2.4	4.6	..
March	3.5	2.7	2.6	3.5	2.1	2.6	2.3	1.3	3.1	2.6	3.2	2.4	4.8	..
April	3.3	2.4	2.4	4.0	1.6	3.0	1.8	1.5	3.1	2.5	3.2	2.6	4.5	..
May	3.4	2.2	2.6	4.2	1.3	3.1	2.1	1.1	3.0	2.8	2.9	3.0	4.3	..
June	3.5	2.1	2.9	3.7	1.3	3.3	1.9	1.0	2.9	3.0	2.9	3.3	4.4	..
July	3.5	2.2	3.3	3.5	1.3	3.3	1.6	1.5	3.1	3.0	2.9	3.3	3.8	..
August	3.6	2.1	3.5	3.3	1.1	3.0	2.1	1.4	2.9	3.2	2.8	3.4	4.1	..
September	3.9	2.1	3.6	3.2	1.1	3.3	1.7	1.7	2.8	3.1	2.7	3.6	3.9	..
October	3.2	2.7	3.7	3.1	1.2	3.1	1.6	2.1	2.6	3.3	2.5	3.7	4.2	..
November	3.1	2.7	3.7	3.0	1.4	3.2	0.9	2.6	2.5	3.4	2.4	3.9	4.3	..
December	3.2	2.5	3.6	2.8	1.8	2.9	0.7	2.9	2.8	3.5	2.2	4.4	..	..

Note: For further information on the TPI refer to the *Annual Supplement* in the January edition of *Monthly Digest*.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 020 7533 5874

# 18.9 Index numbers of producer prices

2000=100<sup>1</sup>

Materials and fuels purchased (input prices) SIC 1992						
	Materials & fuel purchased by manufacturing industry <sup>5</sup>	Materials	Fuel <sup>5</sup>	Materials & fuel purchased by manufacturing industry (SA) <sup>5</sup>	Materials & fuel purchased by manufacturing ind. except food, beverages, tobacco & petrol (NSA) <sup>5</sup>	Materials & fuel purchased by manufacturing ind. except food, beverages, tobacco & petrol (SA) <sup>5</sup>
<b>1992 SIC</b>						
	D				D excl DA/DF	DA
	RNNK	PLKX	RNNL	RNPE	RNNQ	RNPF
2000	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2001	98.8	98.1	107.1	98.8	98.7	98.1
2002	94.4	93.7	103.4	94.4	94.0	93.2
2003	95.7	95.2	102.1	95.7	93.7	93.0
2004	99.5	98.7	109.9	99.5	95.4	94.2
2005	111.1	108.1	152.1	111.0	103.0	103.0
2006	121.8	116.1	198.7	121.8	111.1	111.1
2004 Jun	97.7	97.6	99.3	98.4	94.0	94.8
Jul	98.7	98.7	98.3	98.7	94.4	95.3
Aug	100.8	101.0	98.7	100.3	95.3	96.3
Sep	102.5	102.2	106.5	103.1	96.9	97.6
Oct	105.0	104.1	117.0	105.6	98.2	98.4
Nov	103.4	101.5	128.6	103.0	99.1	98.2
Dec	101.3	98.7	135.8	100.6	98.5	97.2
2005 Jan	104.9	102.4	139.2	104.7	100.4	99.8
Feb	105.5	103.0	140.3	105.7	100.5	100.0
Mar	107.9	105.7	138.2	107.1	101.0	100.3
Apr	107.1	105.2	132.7	107.0	100.6	100.5
May	107.0	105.2	131.7	107.8	100.9	101.0
Jun	109.3	107.5	133.2	110.0	100.8	101.8
Jul	112.7	110.9	137.3	112.6	102.5	103.6
Aug	113.9	112.0	140.1	113.3	102.3	103.6
Sep	113.2	111.3	138.4	114.0	102.2	103.1
Oct	114.4	111.1	159.5	114.9	105.1	105.3
Nov	117.5	111.1	204.8	116.9	108.8	107.6
Dec	119.6	111.5	229.3	118.6	110.5	108.9
2006 Jan	121.4	113.7	225.7	121.2	110.8	110.0
Feb	121.3	114.0	219.9	121.6	111.2	110.6
Mar	121.7	115.1	211.7	121.0	111.1	110.3
Apr	123.4	118.3	191.9	123.4	110.5	110.6
May	121.5	117.1	181.0	122.5	109.5	109.7
Jun	121.4	117.5	174.9	122.2	109.5	110.7
Jul	124.7	120.5	181.7	124.5	111.0	112.2
Aug	123.0	118.6	181.8	122.4	110.2	111.8
Sep	119.1	114.8	176.5	120.1	109.6	110.7
Oct	119.7	114.0	196.8	120.2	111.7	111.9
Nov	121.8	114.5	219.5	120.9 <sup>†</sup>	114.3	112.9
Dec	122.6	115.1	223.2	121.6	114.1	112.3
2007 Jan	118.9	112.1	210.2	118.6	112.7	111.7
Feb	119.9	113.5	206.4	120.3	112.9	112.1
Mar	122.5	116.9	198.8	121.9	113.9	113.0
Apr	122.4	118.5	175.2	122.3	112.5	112.7
May	123.1	119.5	172.0	124.0	113.4	113.7
Jun	124.4	120.9	171.4	125.1	113.0	114.3
Jul	125.4 <sup>†</sup>	122.0 <sup>†</sup>	172.2	125.2	112.5 <sup>†</sup>	113.9 <sup>†</sup>
Aug	124.1	120.4	173.4	123.7	112.4	114.0
Sep	127.3	123.6	177.7 <sup>†</sup>	128.7	113.5	114.6
Oct	129.9p	125.6p	188.2p	131.0p	114.8p	115.0p
Nov	134.3p	129.5p	198.2p	133.2p	116.4p	114.8p

## Prices and wages

# 18.9 Index numbers of producer prices

continued

2000=100<sup>1</sup>

Materials and fuel purchased by selected sub-sections of manufacturing industry

	Textiles	Leather	Wood and wood products	Pulp, paper and paper products	Coke, refined petroleum products and nuclear fuel	Chemicals and chemical products	Rubber products	Plastic products	Other non-metallic mineral products	Manufacture of basic metals	Machinery and equipment not elsewhere classified
	DB	DC	DD	DE	DF	DG	DH	DH	DI	DJ	DK
2000	RBBR	RBBS	RBBT	RABL	RAUW	RBBW	RAZZ	RBAC	RBBY	RBBZ	RBCA
2000	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2001	100.5	101.9	99.2	100.7	92.0	101.1	100.4	98.8	100.5	98.5	98.9
2002	98.4	100.0	96.5	97.5	89.3	99.4	98.8	97.4	99.6	96.6	97.1
2003	99.2	101.1	96.8	96.5	95.4	103.0	101.8	99.1	100.7	99.8	97.8
2004	99.6	102.0	99.5	96.9	109.1	105.5	105.5	102.0	103.0	111.8	102.4
2005	103.3	105.7	104.1	100.7	150.9	114.4	113.2	110.4	111.8	123.0	109.3
2006	106.4	109.5	109.5	106.5	175.6	120.6	119.9	115.6	120.0	137.3	116.7
2004 Jun	98.5	101.3	99.2	96.4	102.6	104.0	104.1	100.4	101.9	108.6	101.2
Jul	98.8	101.4	100.0	96.4	107.8	105.1	104.8	100.9	102.0	111.7	102.5
Aug	99.5	101.9	100.2	96.6	121.2	106.2	105.3	101.5	102.4	113.7	103.2
Sep	100.1	102.8	100.6	97.3	124.3	107.6	106.3	102.7	103.6	115.0	104.1
Oct	101.1	103.5	100.8	97.8	137.6	108.6	107.9	105.2	105.2	118.6	105.4
Nov	101.6	104.1	101.2	98.4	121.5	109.6	109.1	106.6	106.8	119.7	106.1
Dec	101.3	104.2	101.4	98.5	108.3	109.7	109.7	107.8	106.9	118.3	106.0
2005 Jan	102.3	104.9	102.0	99.4	120.9	112.0	111.5	108.9	108.8	120.5	107.6
Feb	102.3	104.9	102.1	99.6	124.8	112.6	111.8	109.3	109.0	121.1	107.7
Mar	102.4	105.1	102.2	99.6	138.8	113.3	112.0	109.4	109.5	121.5	107.9
Apr	102.1	104.9	103.1	99.3	137.8	112.7	111.6	109.1	109.7	122.7	108.3
May	102.1	105.1	103.1	99.1	133.1	112.9	111.7	109.1	109.7	121.5	108.3
Jun	101.9	104.7	103.2	99.2	149.6	112.4	110.8	108.0	109.2	120.8	108.6
Jul	103.0	105.4	103.8	100.0	164.5	113.4	112.0	108.3	110.8	122.0	109.4
Aug	103.0	105.3	103.7	99.7	175.9	113.7	112.5	109.8	111.0	122.5	109.2
Sep	103.1	105.7	104.2	100.0	172.9	113.8	112.9	110.3	110.6	123.2	109.2
Oct	104.3	106.3	106.2	101.6	165.9	116.1	114.9	112.9	113.0	123.9	110.4
Nov	106.4	107.8	107.4	104.6	162.0	119.1	118.0	114.9	118.7	127.1	111.9
Dec	107.2	108.6	108.1	106.2	164.1	120.5	119.2	115.1	121.8	129.0	112.8
2006 Jan	107.2	108.5	108.5	106.9	176.4	121.2	119.2	114.9	122.3	130.0	113.4
Feb	107.1	108.5	108.5	107.5	172.9	121.5	119.3	115.0	122.4	131.1	113.9
Mar	107.0	108.5	108.3	107.2	176.1	121.4	119.6	115.1	121.8	132.0	114.3
Apr	106.4	108.9	108.2	106.2	191.5	120.7	119.3	115.1	119.7	134.4	115.1
May	105.3	108.6	107.8	105.1	184.9	119.5	118.7	114.4	117.8	136.1	115.7
Jun	105.4	109.3	108.1	104.9	182.7	119.6	119.0	114.8	117.3	136.8	116.3
Jul	106.0	110.0	108.7	105.8	196.5	120.7	119.9	115.6	118.8	139.4	117.8
Aug	105.8	109.9	108.8	105.6	190.2	120.6	119.5	115.6	118.2	139.0	117.8
Sep	105.6	109.7	109.3	105.4	164.1	119.5	119.8	115.5	117.5	139.7	117.9
Oct	106.4	110.2	111.6	106.8	156.9	120.1	120.8	116.4	119.7	142.3	119.0
Nov	107.4	111.0	112.8	108.1	154.7	121.2	122.2	117.3	122.2	144.0	120.0
Dec	107.4	111.3	112.9	108.2	160.5	121.3	122.1	117.0	122.5	143.2	119.7
2007 Jan	106.8	110.4	113.8	107.8	143.9	120.4	121.2	116.5	121.7	142.6	119.4
Feb	107.0	110.7	114.6	108.1	149.6	120.3	121.3	116.7	121.8	143.7	119.9
Mar	107.6	111.3	115.0	108.1	161.8	120.8	121.7	117.1	122.0	146.8	121.1
Apr	106.5	110.9	118.8 <sup>†</sup>	107.4	169.2	120.1	120.8	116.5	119.7	147.7	121.5
May	106.6	111.4	119.8	107.8	169.0	120.4	120.9	116.9	119.4	148.8	122.3
Jun	106.6	111.4	120.4	107.9	180.3	120.8	120.5	116.9	119.4	148.3	122.2
Jul	106.7	111.8	121.3	108.3	188.5	121.1	121.3	117.5	119.5	148.2	122.3
Aug	106.8	111.8	121.8	108.5	177.7p	121.2	121.8p <sup>†</sup>	117.7p	120.0	147.9 <sup>†</sup>	122.3 <sup>†</sup>
Sep	107.4	112.2	122.3	109.1 <sup>†</sup>	189.9p <sup>†</sup>	122.2	123.1	118.4	120.8	148.7	122.5
Oct	108.2p <sup>†</sup>	113.0p <sup>†</sup>	123.2p	110.2p	200.5p <sup>†</sup>	124.3p <sup>†</sup>	124.0p	119.1p <sup>†</sup>	122.7p <sup>†</sup>	149.4p	123.1p
Nov	109.1p	113.8p	123.6p	111.0p	218.3p	126.1p	125.3p	119.9p	124.2p	149.2p	123.7p

# 18.9 Index numbers of producer prices

continued

2000=100<sup>1</sup>

	Materials and fuel			Output of manufactured products	Products of manufacturing industries except food, beverages, tobacco & petroleum manufacturing (NSA)	Products of manufacturing industries except food, beverages, tobacco & petroleum manufacturing (SA)	Products of the food, beverages and tobacco manufacturing industries	Quarterly construction output price index <sup>2</sup>	Monthly index of average price of new dwellings - at mortgage completion stage <sup>3</sup>
	Electrical and optical equipment	Transport equipment	Manufacturing not elsewhere classified						
<b>1992 SIC</b>									
	DL	DM	DN	F	Part of F	2 to 4			
	RBCB	Rbcc	RBCD	PLLU	PLLV	PLLW	POKH	JYYC	FCBA
2000	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	120	84.6
2001	97.2	99.1	99.1	99.7	99.4	99.4	101.9	124	90.3
2002	92.5	97.3	97.8	99.8	99.3	99.3	103.3	128	108.7
2003	88.8	98.1	99.9	101.3	100.6	100.6	104.6	133	126.4
2004	87.7	100.1	104.4	103.8	102.5	102.5	106.9	143	138.6
2005	90.1	105.3	109.9	106.7	104.7	104.7	108.4	150	147.6
2006	93.9	110.4	116.4	109.3	107.1	107.1	110.7	155	156.5
2004 Jun	87.2	99.3	103.3	103.6	101.8	102.0	107.5	141	140.9
Jul	87.2	99.8	104.4	103.8	102.3	102.4	107.6	..	142.5
Aug	87.6	100.3	105.3	104.2	102.9	102.9	106.8	..	142.3
Sep	88.8	101.2	105.9	104.5	103.2	103.1	107.1	144	144.5
Oct	89.0	102.1	107.2	105.2	103.7	103.7	107.0	..	144.4
Nov	89.0	102.6	107.7	105.3	103.9	104.0	107.0	..	143.0
Dec	88.3	102.5	107.2	104.9	103.6	103.7	107.2	147	140.4
2005 Jan	89.2	104.1	108.5	104.8	104.0	104.0	107.3	..	143.9
Feb	88.9	104.2	108.6	105.1	104.1	104.1	107.7	..	144.0
Mar	89.0	104.3	108.9	105.8	104.3	104.2	108.0	148	147.4
Apr	88.9	104.4	109.3	106.5	104.5	104.3	108.3	..	144.6
May	89.2	104.7	108.9	106.3	104.4	104.4	108.3	..	146.9
Jun	89.6	104.5	108.6	106.2	104.0	104.2	108.2	149	148.0
Jul	90.5	105.5	109.5	107.0	104.6	104.7	108.5	..	149.7
Aug	90.1	105.4	109.7	107.3	104.9	104.9	108.4	..	148.8
Sep	90.1	105.4	110.2	108.0	105.4	105.3	108.7	151	148.5
Oct	91.2	106.3	111.0	107.9	105.1	105.1	108.5	..	151.1
Nov	92.1	107.3	112.2	107.7	105.3	105.4	109.2	..	146.9
Dec	92.5	107.9	112.9	107.4	105.4	105.6	109.2	151	150.9
2006 Jan	92.8	108.3	113.4	107.8	105.8	105.8	109.2	..	155.5
Feb	93.1	108.7	113.9	108.1	106.0	105.9	109.2	..	150.9
Mar	93.2	109.0	114.3	108.4	106.3	106.2	109.4	153	156.1
Apr	93.2	109.5	115.3	109.2	106.9	106.6	109.6	..	153.7
May	92.8	109.6	115.5	109.6	106.9	106.9	110.3	..	156.3
Jun	93.4	110.0	116.0	109.8	107.1	107.2	110.7	154	156.0
Jul	94.1	111.1	117.2	110.1	107.2	107.3	111.1	..	154.9
Aug	93.3	110.8	117.0	110.2	107.3	107.3	111.4	..	156.1
Sep	93.4	110.7	117.5	110.0	107.6	107.6	111.5	156	158.5
Oct	94.8	111.6	118.6	109.6	107.8	107.8	111.6	..	156.0
Nov	96.4	112.8	119.4	109.6	107.9	108.0	112.0	..	159.1
Dec	95.8	112.6	119.1	109.8	107.9	108.1	112.5	157	164.3
2007 Jan	95.2	112.4	119.3	110.2	108.4	108.4	113.2	..	164.3
Feb	95.3	112.8	120.1	110.6	108.9	108.8	113.8	..	166.6
Mar	95.5	113.8	121.4	111.3	109.3	109.2	114.5	161†	166.3
Apr	94.9	113.9	121.9	111.8	109.4	109.2	114.4	..	167.3
May	95.4	115.1	122.9	112.2	109.4	109.3	114.9	..	167.3
Jun	95.3	115.0	123.0	112.5	109.5	109.5	115.2	162	171.5
Jul	95.0	115.1	123.4	112.8	109.7	109.7	115.7	..	169.7
Aug	95.3	115.1†	123.6†	112.8†	109.8	109.9	115.9	..	168.5
Sep	95.3	115.6	124.0	113.2†	110.0	110.0	116.6	163	169.7
Oct	95.5p	116.2p	124.7p	113.9p	110.3p	110.3p	118.0p†	..	169.9
Nov	95.6p	117.0p	124.9p	114.5p	110.3p	110.4p	118.8p	..	169.2

# 18.9 Index numbers of producer prices

continued

2000=100<sup>1</sup>

Output of selected sub-sections of industry												
	Textiles and textile products <sup>4</sup>	Leather and leather products	Wood and wood products <sup>4</sup>	Pulp, paper and paper products; publishing and printing	Chemicals & chemical products; man-made fibres	Rubber and plastic products	Other non- metallic mineral products	Basic metals and fabri- cated metal products	Machinery and equipment not elsewhere classi- fied <sup>4</sup>	Elect- rical and optical equipment	Furniture and other manufactured goods n.e.s.	
<b>1992 SIC</b>												
	DB	DC	DD	DE	DG(part)	DH	DI	DJ	DK	DL	DM	DN
	POKI	POKJ	POKK	POKL	POKN	POKO	POKP	POKQ	POKR	POKS	POKT	POLS
2000	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2001	99.2	102.5	99.9	101.5	100.2	100.3	101.9	99.9	100.9	94.7	98.4	100.3
2002	98.8	102.7	100.0	102.1	100.5	100.4	105.0	99.5	101.8	90.0	98.8	100.9
2003	98.7	102.9	101.8	104.0	103.9	100.5	107.8	101.3	101.9	87.5	99.2	103.8
2004	98.5	102.9	105.2	106.0	106.7	101.5	109.6	108.8	103.3	86.6	100.3	104.4
2005	100.0	104.5 <sup>†</sup>	110.0	108.6	111.6	106.4	113.9	118.4	106.5	85.9	102.4	104.5 <sup>†</sup>
2006	101.2	106.5	113.0	110.7	115.8	109.8	118.2	125.4	109.2	86.8	103.9	105.7
2004 Jun	98.3	102.5	105.0	105.4	106.2	101.1	109.7	107.9	102.9	86.4	100.0	104.7
Jul	98.4	102.8	106.1	105.7	106.5	101.2	110.2	110.3	103.0	86.5	100.2	104.6
Aug	98.5	103.2	106.4	106.9	107.0	101.4	110.2	111.0	103.5	86.4	100.4	104.1
Sep	98.6	104.2	106.7	107.1	107.5	101.6	110.2	111.8	103.8	86.8	100.8	103.8
Oct	98.7	103.6	106.2	107.3	108.4	102.1	110.1	113.5	104.9	86.6	101.1	104.1
Nov	98.7	103.8	106.5	107.5	109.1	102.5	110.5	114.0	104.3	86.7	101.0	104.2
Dec	98.8	103.7	106.7	107.4	109.8	103.7	110.4	114.7	104.4	86.7	101.1	104.2
2005 Jan	98.9	103.8	107.2	107.8	110.4	104.6	111.8	116.9	104.9	86.7	101.5	104.3
Feb	99.5	104.4	107.9	108.2	110.7	105.0	112.2	117.4	105.1	85.7	101.9	103.8
Mar	99.7	104.4	108.1	108.3	110.6	105.2	113.0	117.4	105.5	85.8	102.0	104.7
Apr	100.0	104.4	109.6	108.2	111.0	105.4	114.3	118.3	105.8	85.7	101.9	104.5
May	100.0	104.6	110.5	108.3	111.0	105.8	114.2	118.4	106.0	85.9	102.1	103.9
Jun	100.0	104.7	110.6	108.6	110.7	105.9	115.0	118.5	106.3	86.1	102.1	104.1
Jul	100.2	104.5	110.9	108.8	111.2	106.5	114.7	118.5	107.0	86.2	102.5	104.3
Aug	100.0	104.4	110.7	108.9	111.4	106.7	114.4	118.4	107.0	86.0	102.6	104.4
Sep	100.1	104.8	110.9	108.9	111.9	107.1	114.1	118.5	107.4	85.6	102.7	104.5
Oct	100.2	104.8	111.2	109.0	112.5	107.5	114.2	118.8	107.7	85.7	103.0	104.7
Nov	100.3	104.8	111.1	109.1	113.4	108.0	114.4	119.4	107.8	85.6	103.0	105.0
Dec	100.5	105.0	111.3	109.3	113.8	108.5	114.1	119.8	107.9	85.8	103.1	105.2
2006 Jan	100.7	106.0	111.5	109.6	114.9	108.8	115.8	120.6	108.1	86.3	103.3	105.0
Feb	100.6	106.1	111.4	110.1	114.5	109.2	116.3	121.1	108.3	86.3	103.4	105.3
Mar	100.8	106.2	111.6	110.3	114.7	109.4	117.6	121.6	108.5	86.4	103.7	105.4
Apr	101.0	106.8	112.0	110.4	116.0	109.4	118.0	122.9	108.8	86.3	103.6	105.6
May	101.1	106.3	112.0	110.5	115.9	109.4	118.1	124.4	109.0	86.3	103.4	106.0
Jun	101.1	106.3	112.3	110.5	115.9	109.6	118.0	124.9	109.2	87.2	103.5	105.1
Jul	101.2	106.5	112.7	110.5	115.7	109.9	118.4	126.6	109.5	87.3	103.7	105.3
Aug	101.4	106.3	113.0	110.8	116.0	110.0	118.7	127.7	109.4	87.5	103.6	105.8
Sep	101.4	106.2	113.9	111.1	116.6	110.2	119.1	128.1	109.7	87.2	104.1	106.0
Oct	101.6	107.0	114.7	111.6	116.3	110.6	119.5	129.0	109.7	87.1	104.6	106.2
Nov	101.5	107.0	115.4	111.5	116.5	110.3	119.9	129.4	109.9	86.9	104.7	106.4
Dec	101.6	107.0	115.8	111.4	116.5	110.3	119.6	129.0	110.0	86.8	104.8	106.3
2007 Jan	101.8	106.7	117.5	111.8	116.9	110.4	122.9	129.7	110.8	86.7	105.0	106.6
Feb	101.9	107.2	119.7	112.1	117.0	110.3	123.8	130.2	111.0	86.7	105.2	106.9
Mar	102.2	107.3	121.0	112.3	116.5	110.6	123.3	131.2	111.5	86.8	105.5	107.3
Apr	102.3	107.6	121.8	112.5	117.4	110.7	124.4	131.9	112.3	86.7	104.6	107.6
May	102.3	107.0	122.5	112.7	117.6	110.8	123.4	132.4	112.4	86.9	104.7	107.7
Jun	102.4	107.3	123.7	112.7	117.8	110.7	123.3	132.9	112.3	86.6	104.8	107.8
Jul	102.6	107.1	125.0	113.0	118.5	111.1	123.7 <sup>†</sup>	133.9	112.6	86.4	104.9	108.1
Aug	102.6p	106.8	125.3	113.0p	118.6 <sup>†</sup>	111.2	123.8	134.6 <sup>†</sup>	112.8	86.6p	105.2p	108.6
Sep	102.7	106.7	125.7	113.2 <sup>†</sup>	118.5	111.3	123.7	134.3p	113.3	86.7 <sup>†</sup>	105.3	108.6
Oct	102.7p	106.6p <sup>†</sup>	127.3p <sup>†</sup>	113.7p	120.1p	111.7p	123.6p	134.4p	113.6p	86.3p	105.5p <sup>†</sup>	109.0p <sup>†</sup>
Nov	102.7p	107.3p	127.2p	113.9p	120.2p	111.8p	123.6p	134.3p	113.8p	86.3p	105.7p	109.2p

1 This month's edition contains data rebased onto 2000=100. For information the rebased back data for the headline PPI series is available under related links at [www.statistics.gov.uk/ppi](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/ppi)

2 A base weighted (1995=100) combination of the separate price indices for contractors' output in the six new work sectors. For a fuller description see *Economic Trends* No 297.

3 From August 2005, data are from the Regulated Mortgage Survey. From February 2002, data are based on a significantly enlarged return from the Survey of Mortgage Lenders and are calculated through improved methodology. Annual and quarterly data prior to February 2002 are from the 5% Survey of Mortgage Lenders, and have been rebased to Feb 2002=100.

4 Indicates values which are considered less reliable than the remainder currently published mainly due to the lack of market coverage.

5 The Climate Change Levy was introduced in April 2001. Further information on PPI is available from the National Statistics Website: [www.statistics.gov.uk/ppt](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/ppt).

Sources: Office for National Statistics: Tel 01633 455322;  
Dept. for Business, Enterprise and Regulatory Reform (JYYC): 020 7215 1953;  
CLG (FCBA): 020 7944 3303

# 18.10 House Price Index<sup>1</sup>

## Analysis by Government Office Regions

Feb 2002 = 100<sup>2</sup>

	United Kingdom	North East	North West	Yorkshire and the Humber	East Midlands	West Midlands	East	London	South East	South West	England	Wales	Scotland	Northern Ireland
	WLPE	WLPF	WLPG	WLPH	WLPI	WLPK	WLPL	WLPM	WLPN	WLPT	WLPU	WLPV	WLPX	WL PY
2005 Oct	152.7	196.2	181.4	184.9	171.3	163.1	142.2	131.7	138.4	152.5	150.4	188.9	173.6	154.8
Nov	153.4	195.1	181.8	182.2	170.7	164.9	144.2	133.5	138.7	153.9	151.2	186.6	173.4	158.1
Dec	153.3	197.0	183.6	184.9	170.2	164.4	142.8	133.7	137.7	153.3	151.1	187.7	174.0	158.4
2006 Jan	155.1	196.1	181.1	185.2	171.0	165.8	145.6	136.1	140.9	154.6	152.8	188.7	176.3	161.2
Feb	153.2	194.6	183.4	186.1	170.9	164.6	141.3	132.5	138.0	154.2	150.8	189.0	174.9	160.1
Mar	156.2	197.5	185.0	188.0	172.0	165.7	145.1	138.4	140.1	156.3	153.8	190.2	179.5	163.7
Apr	157.6	199.5	187.5	190.2	172.2	166.0	146.3	140.0	141.2	157.2	155.1	192.6	179.7	167.3
May	159.3	203.7	188.5	190.6	173.1	168.2	147.6	141.0	143.0	159.1	156.6	194.8	186.1	170.7
Jun	160.0	203.4	189.4	192.5	173.4	170.1	147.5	140.8	143.6	158.9	157.0	198.7	188.8	174.1
Jul	162.7	205.4	192.8	195.2	177.1	171.4	150.8	144.1	145.6	160.6	159.6	199.5	190.8	186.5
Aug	165.0	208.4	194.8	198.8	178.4	174.2	153.0	144.1	148.2	163.5	161.5	202.0	197.3	193.6
Sep	166.3	207.9	196.6	199.9	180.5	175.9	153.4	146.4	148.5	165.2	162.8	205.3	197.7	195.3
Oct	165.6	208.7	195.0	199.9	180.8	173.9	152.2	145.4	147.6	165.0	162.0	201.7	197.1	205.6
Nov	166.9	207.7	197.2	200.3	179.6	176.2	153.6	146.7	148.6	165.9	163.0	205.6	196.6	216.9
Dec	168.5	213.7	197.3	203.2	180.6	177.2	154.4	149.5	149.7	165.2	164.4	204.7	200.5	221.6
2007 Jan	171.9	212.0	201.5	204.6	183.9	178.3	157.6	153.8	153.1	169.6	167.7	207.2	204.2	232.0
Feb	171.3	212.3	197.8	202.2	181.9	176.8	158.2	153.8	152.7	168.5	166.9	209.2	203.9	237.8
Mar	173.2	213.1	200.6	202.7	184.0	177.4	158.2	157.6	154.1	170.9	168.8	208.7	206.1	245.8
Apr	175.0	214.9	202.2	205.5	185.9	177.5	158.7	159.0	155.8	172.4	170.2	209.3	211.4	258.1
May	176.5	215.0	203.1	207.8	184.5	178.1	160.3	161.2	157.1	173.7	171.6	211.4	215.2	261.2
Jun	179.4	219.9	206.7	210.9	188.1	182.0	161.6	165.4	159.0	173.9	174.3	213.8	218.2	271.4
Jul	182.8	223.0	207.5	211.7	188.4	183.7	165.2	171.1	162.7	178.5	177.7	214.8	222.0	275.6
Aug	183.7	222.6	208.9	213.0	191.7	185.2	167.2	168.9	164.2	179.8	178.5	217.8	223.1	281.5
Sep	184.3	223.5	208.7	214.8	192.8	184.8	166.2	170.6	165.6	180.4	179.2	218.0	222.3	278.8
Oct	184.4	219.6	209.1	214.6	192.4	185.5	166.3	171.1	164.9	180.8	179.2	221.3	224.5	272.4
Nov	182.8	223.6	208.7	211.6	191.5	183.7	167.9	167.5	164.5	178.0	177.9	217.7	224.2	255.1
<b>Percentage change on a year earlier</b>														
	WLPZ	WLQA	WLQB	WLQG	WLQH	WLQI	WLQJ	WLQK	WLQL	WLQX	WLQY	WLRE	WLRF	WLRK
2006 Oct	8.5	6.4	7.5	8.1	5.5	6.6	7.0	10.4	6.7	8.1	7.7	6.8	13.6	32.9
Nov	8.8	6.5	8.4	9.9	5.2	6.8	6.5	9.9	7.1	7.8	7.8	10.2	13.4	37.2
Dec	9.9	8.4	7.4	9.9	6.1	7.8	8.1	11.8	8.7	7.7	8.9	9.1	15.2	39.9
2007 Jan	10.8	8.1	11.3	10.5	7.5	7.5	8.3	13.0	8.7	9.7	9.8	9.8	15.9	43.9
Feb	11.8	9.1	7.8	8.6	6.4	7.4	11.9	16.1	10.6	9.3	10.7	10.7	16.6	48.5
Mar	10.9	7.9	8.4	7.8	7.0	7.1	9.1	13.9	10.0	9.3	9.8	9.7	14.8	50.1
Apr	11.1	7.7	7.8	8.0	8.0	6.9	8.5	13.6	10.4	9.7	9.8	8.7	17.6	54.3
May	10.8	5.6	7.7	9.0	6.6	5.9	8.6	14.3	9.8	9.2	9.6	8.5	15.6	53.0
Jun	12.1	8.1	9.1	9.6	8.5	7.0	9.6	17.5	10.7	9.4	11.0	7.6	15.6	55.9
Jul	12.3	8.5	7.6	8.4	6.4	7.2	9.6	18.8	11.7	11.1	11.4	7.6	16.4	47.8
Aug	11.3	6.8	7.2	7.1	7.4	6.3	9.3	17.2	10.8	9.9	10.5	7.8	13.1	45.4
Sep	10.8	7.5	6.2	7.5	6.8	5.0	8.3	16.5	11.5	9.2	10.1	6.2	12.5	42.7
Oct	11.3	5.2	7.2	7.3	6.4	6.7	9.3	17.7	11.7	9.6	10.7	9.7	13.9	32.5
Nov	9.5	7.6	5.8	5.7	6.6	4.3	9.4	14.1	10.7	7.2	9.1	5.9	14.0	17.6

<sup>1</sup> Series based on prices at the mortgage completion stage collected through the Regulated Mortgage Survey. The index takes into account the mix of properties sold.

Source: Communities and Local Government: 0207 944 3303

<sup>2</sup> The series starts at February 2002 rather than January 2002 because the required volume of completions was achieved from that date only.

## Prices and wages

# 18.11 Index of purchase prices of the means of agricultural production and of producer prices of agricultural products<sup>1,2,3</sup>

2000=100

	2006	2006	2006	2007	2007	2007	2007	2007	2007	2007	2007	2007	2007	2007	
	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct			
<b>Purchase prices<sup>4</sup></b>															
Goods and services currently consumed	BYEA	100.0	120.7	120.7	122.5	123.2 <sup>†</sup>	123.9	124.7	125.9	128.2	128.2	128.9	130.4	132.8	134.5
Seeds	BYEB	3.3	104.0	97.7	109.6	109.6	109.6	109.6	109.6	109.6	113.4	113.4	113.4	113.4	113.4
Energy, lubricants	BYED	8.1	154.4	140.4	145.2	140.8	141.9	145.2	149.8	150.6	153.7	153.8	154.3	157.1	162.3
Fertilizer and soil improvers	BYEE	9.1	151.4	150.7	150.7	150.9	150.8	152.4	158.5	161.0	165.6	166.9	170.3	175.5	179.0
Plant protection products	BYEF	7.2	103.4	103.8	104.2	104.5	104.5	104.7	104.7	104.7	104.7	104.6	104.6	104.6	104.3
Animal feedingstuffs	BYEG	26.4	108.1	114.1	114.4	116.8	118.3	119.3	120.5	122.3	123.4	125.0	129.6	134.0	137.0
Maintenance of plant	BYEI	7.9	137.8	140.8	141.2	142.3	141.4	141.8	142.3	142.3	143.4	143.6	144.2	144.6	144.9
Maintenance and repair of buildings	BYEJ	3.6	125.1	129.5	129.9	130.0	131.8	132.5	132.4	133.6	134.2	134.7 <sup>†</sup>	135.5	136.0	136.4
Veterinary services	BYEK	3.2	111.1	112.4	112.2	112.0	112.4	112.1	112.1	111.8	112.7	112.8	112.8	112.8	112.9
Other goods and services <sup>5</sup>	BYEL	31.2	115.5	116.3	117.0	117.4 <sup>†</sup>	118.0	118.2	118.5	118.7	118.8	119.0	117.8	119.1	119.4
Goods and services contributing to investment in agriculture	BYEM	100.0	111.7	113.7	113.8	114.6	115.2	115.4	115.5	115.8	115.9	115.9	116.0	116.0	116.2
Machinery and other equipment	BYEN	71.5	108.2	111.9	111.8	113.2	113.1	113.1	113.1	113.2	113.2	113.2	113.5	113.6	113.6
Buildings	BYEO	19.5	130.9	134.9	135.3	136.1	137.5	138.1	138.2	139.3	139.8	140.4	141.0	141.5	142.1
<b>Producer prices</b>															
All products	BYEP	100.0	114.9	118.5	119.2	118.4	119.5	120.8	122.9	122.6	123.8	127.8	130.8	131.5 <sup>†</sup>	135.7
All crop products	BYEQ	40.2	117.9	123.3	129.0	130.7	131.6	133.9	139.0	139.0	137.9	143.4	146.4	143.6	145.7
Cereals	BYER	13.3	110.5	124.3	127.8	132.9	135.5	133.9	136.1	134.8	137.0	144.0	166.6	180.9	189.5
Industrial crops <sup>6</sup>	AE6A	4.3	117.0	105.9	108.2	108.9	109.5	109.9	112.5	113.4	112.9	113.6	117.8	126.4	130.2
Forage plants	AE6B	1.9	104.2	105.1	111.7	122.3	127.3	128.1	127.7	129.0	128.0	131.6	116.0	130.2	130.4
Fresh vegetables	BYET	7.7	129.7	136.2	149.4	147.1	138.8	139.0	149.1	159.3	172.2	192.7	190.6	165.1	157.9
Fresh fruit	BYEU	1.9	114.6	117.6	124.5	127.7	135.4	140.1	152.9	154.8	163.1	169.4	182.8	141.9	134.7
Potatoes	AE6C	4.5	141.7	145.1	155.6	158.3	167.0	184.0	201.6	189.7	160.4	156.1	144.0	129.6	138.2
Flowers and plants	BYEW	5.9	108.3	110.2	111.9	110.4	110.7	110.1	107.2	106.1	106.3	106.5	106.5	107.1	107.1
Other crop products (including seeds)	BYEX	0.7	110.6	111.6	112.3	112.9	113.6	113.8	113.7	113.9	113.2	112.7	114.8	115.4	115.3
Animals and animal products	BYEY	59.8	112.9	114.9	114.1	112.0	113.3	114.0	114.5	114.1	116.5	119.7	122.6	125.3	130.5
Animals for slaughter	BYEZ	35.3	116.2	115.3	115.4	113.5	116.5	118.4	119.1	118.4	120.5	119.1	120.2	115.3	111.5
Milk	BYFA	20.2	106.0	112.3	109.7	106.5	105.2	104.4	103.7	103.6	106.8	116.1	122.3	136.7	156.7
Eggs	BYFB	3.2	127.4	132.4	132.4	135.1	135.1	135.1	140.4	140.4	140.4	149.9	149.9	149.9	149.9
Other animal products	BYFC	1.1	94.0	95.2	101.9	99.9	99.1	98.7	98.2	102.6	106.8	115.8	119.7	134.3	146.7

1 Index numbers for the years 1983 to 2003 on 1995 = 100 base and also at a more detailed level are available from the Department for Environment Food and Rural Affairs, Room 146, Kings Pool, 1-2 Peasholme Green, YO1 7PX. Tel 01904 455249.

2 The sum of the percentages of categories included in "Goods & Services consumed" and "All Products" do not add to 100% due to the exclusion of some minor categories.

3 All data and weights have been revised to be in line with Eurostat policy that the Agricultural Account and the API should be the same.

4 A revised feedstuffs index has been calculated and incorporated in this edition.

Further details are available on request.

5 Formerly General expenses.

6 Primarily including Oilseeds, Linseed and Protein crops.

Source: Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs

# 18.12 Average weekly and hourly earnings and hours of full-time employees on adult rates whose pay for the period was unaffected by absence: United Kingdom

April 2001 to 2007

Gross weekly earnings(£)	Total Paid Hours	Manufacturing industries <sup>1</sup>		All industries and services			
		Hourly earnings(£)		Hourly earnings(£)			
		Including overtime pay and overtime hours	Excluding overtime pay and overtime hours	Gross Weekly earnings(£)	Total Paid Hours	Including overtime pay and overtime hours	Excluding overtime pay and overtime hours
<b>Total</b>							
C7PU	C7QL	C7PV	C7PW	C7Q5	C7QX	C7Q7	C7Q9
2001	439.9	41.3	10.66	449.8	39.7	11.33	11.36
2002	455.6	41.0	11.12	472.2	39.6	11.94	11.98
2003	476.5	40.9	11.65	487.1	39.5	12.32	12.34
2004 <sup>2</sup>	493.1 <sup>†</sup>	41.0	12.03 <sup>†</sup>	506.1 <sup>†</sup>	39.5 <sup>†</sup>	12.80 <sup>†</sup>	12.84 <sup>†</sup>
2005	485.0		11.83	498.2	37.5	12.60	12.63
	508.0	40.6	12.51	516.5	39.4	13.11	13.15
2006 <sup>3</sup>	526.8	40.7 <sup>†</sup>	12.94	537.5	39.4	13.63	13.68
	524.2		12.87	535.0		13.56	13.61
2007	539.3	40.9	13.19	549.9	39.4	13.96	14.00
<b>Men</b>							
C7PX	C7QT	C7PY	C7PZ	C7QA	C7QZ	C7QC	C7QE
2001	469.5	41.9	11.21	498.6	41.0	12.16	12.24
2002	482.9	41.6	11.62	523.4	40.8	12.83	12.92
2003	503.2	41.5	12.13	539.3	40.8	13.21	13.28
2004 <sup>2</sup>	519.4 <sup>†</sup>	41.6	12.50 <sup>†</sup>	557.4 <sup>†</sup>	40.8	13.67 <sup>†</sup>	13.76 <sup>†</sup>
2005	511.2		12.30	548.1		13.44	13.51
	533.8	41.2	12.97	568.1	40.6	13.98	14.05
2006 <sup>3</sup>	553.0	41.3	13.40	592.0	40.7	14.56	14.64
	551.4		13.36	589.8		14.50	14.58
2007	568.7	41.5	13.71	606.1	40.7	14.90	14.98
<b>Women</b>							
C7Q2	C7QV	C7Q3	C7Q4	C7QF	C7SA	C7QH	C7QJ
2001	332.2	39.0	8.52	367.1	37.5	9.79	9.79
2002	350.8	38.8	9.04	386.8	37.5	10.32	10.32
2003	372.8	38.7	9.64	400.7	37.4	10.71	10.70
2004 <sup>2</sup>	388.1 <sup>†</sup>	38.7	10.02 <sup>†</sup>	422.1 <sup>†</sup>	37.5	11.26 <sup>†</sup>	11.27 <sup>†</sup>
2005	380.8		9.83	416.8		11.11	11.12
	404.3	38.4	10.52	435.7	37.4	11.64	11.65
2006 <sup>3</sup>	420.9	38.6	10.91	453.0	37.5 <sup>†</sup>	12.06	12.10
	415.9		10.78	450.0		11.99	12.02
2007	423.8	38.6	10.99	462.8	37.4	12.38	12.40

1 Results relate to Division D (SIC) 1992.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 01633 819024

2 In 2004 a number of supplementary surveys were introduced to improve the coverage of the Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings. Data for 2004 are presented including these supplementary surveys (bottom). Figures are also presented excluding supplementary surveys surveys (top) to give figures comparable with earlier years.

3 In 2006 additional methodology was introduced therefore data (bottom) is comparable with 2007. Whilst the data (top) is comparable with earlier years.

## Prices and wages

# 18.13 Average weekly and hourly earnings of full-time employees on adult rates by industry division: United Kingdom

April 2004 to 2007

£

Full time employees on adult rates whose pay was unaffected by absence

SIC 1992 Division	Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and personal goods															Real estate, renting and finan- cial business activities	Public adminis- tration and defence, and compulso- ry social security	Health and social work	Other commu- nity, social and personal service activi- ties
	Agri- culture, hunting, and forestry	Mining and quarrying	Fishing	Electric- ity, gas and water supply	Manufact- uring	Construc- tion	Hotels & household goods	Trans- port, storage and commun- ications	I	J	K	L	M	N	O				
<b>Average gross weekly earnings</b>																			
<b>Total</b>	C9EG	C9EI	C9EK	C9EM	C9EO	C9EP	C9EQ	C9ER	C9ES	C9ET	C9EU	C9EV	C9EW	C9EX	C9EY				
2004 <sup>1</sup>	362.5 <sup>†</sup>	419.0 <sup>†</sup>	633.5 <sup>†</sup>	493.1 <sup>†</sup>	591.9 <sup>†</sup>	509.4 <sup>†</sup>	433.3 <sup>†</sup>	323.8 <sup>†</sup>	504.3 <sup>†</sup>	696.3 <sup>†</sup>	590.6 <sup>†</sup>	496.6 <sup>†</sup>	493.6 <sup>†</sup>	474.9 <sup>†</sup>	515.4 <sup>†</sup>				
2005	355.8	415.7	617.1	485.0	579.2	505.1	421.3	319.1	494.4	667.5	573.9	497.6	495.9	478.9	499.5				
2006 <sup>2</sup>	364.7	440.6	657.9	508.0	612.2	524.6	425.2	323.5	508.0	701.3	589.3	525.0	518.6	503.2	503.8				
2007	379.9	450.7	753.4	526.8	625.8	554.2	447.5	344.0	526.5	723.0	616.0	540.4	533.1	518.4	525.9				
<b>Men</b>	C9F2	C9F4	C9F6	C9F8	C9FA	C9FC	C9FE	C9FO	C9FQ	C9FS	C9FU	C9FW	C9FY	C9G2	C9G4				
2004 <sup>1</sup>	375.4 <sup>†</sup>	433.2 <sup>†</sup>	653.7 <sup>†</sup>	519.4 <sup>†</sup>	626.1 <sup>†</sup>	521.5 <sup>†</sup>	483.2 <sup>†</sup>	352.5 <sup>†</sup>	522.0 <sup>†</sup>	869.2 <sup>†</sup>	652.5 <sup>†</sup>	547.9 <sup>†</sup>	536.3 <sup>†</sup>	614.8 <sup>†</sup>	593.1 <sup>†</sup>				
2005	368.8	426.6	637.1	511.2	607.9	517.8	470.2	345.9	514.0	829.8	635.3	549.0	542.2	624.3	572.1				
2006 <sup>2</sup>	381.9	445.7	675.4	533.8	647.3	537.6	469.5	357.2	527.7	872.4	654.9	583.6	568.4	669.5	563.6				
2007	395.2	433.6	787.6	553.0	668.8	570.0	493.3	381.7	544.3	888.2	683.7	593.0	589.9	695.6	582.8				
<b>Women</b>	C9G6	C9G8	C9GA	C9GC	C9GE	C9GG	C9GI	C9GK	C9GM	C9HJ	C9HL	C9HN	C9HP	C9HR	C9HT				
2004 <sup>1</sup>	297.5 <sup>†</sup>	—	511.0 <sup>†</sup>	388.1 <sup>†</sup>	453.0 <sup>†</sup>	403.8 <sup>†</sup>	339.3 <sup>†</sup>	287.2 <sup>†</sup>	439.0 <sup>†</sup>	492.5 <sup>†</sup>	474.5 <sup>†</sup>	418.9 <sup>†</sup>	460.2 <sup>†</sup>	417.9 <sup>†</sup>	405.7 <sup>†</sup>				
2005	290.9	—	496.3	380.8	464.8	392.8	330.9	283.8	423.1	474.1	461.0	420.8	461.8	419.7	398.4				
2006 <sup>2</sup>	287.6	—	552.5	404.3	490.2	411.5	343.2	282.4	432.8	500.0	472.8	440.2	484.0	440.3	417.9				
2007	316.1	—	581.4	420.9	490.7	419.3	364.1	296.8	463.3	524.2	494.3	463.4	495.7	451.4	441.8				
<b>Average hourly earnings (excluding overtime)</b>																			
<b>Total</b>	C9HV	C9HX	C9HZ	C9I3	C9I5	C9I7	C9IA	C9IC	C9IE	C9IG	C9II	C9IK	C9IM	C9IO	C9IQ				
2004 <sup>1</sup>	8.03 <sup>†</sup>	9.57 <sup>†</sup>	14.97 <sup>†</sup>	12.01 <sup>†</sup>	14.61 <sup>†</sup>	11.81 <sup>†</sup>	10.74 <sup>†</sup>	7.86 <sup>†</sup>	11.99 <sup>†</sup>	19.25 <sup>†</sup>	15.10 <sup>†</sup>	12.57 <sup>†</sup>	13.90 <sup>†</sup>	12.29 <sup>†</sup>	13.02 <sup>†</sup>				
2005	7.87	9.41	14.60	11.80	14.29	11.68	10.44	7.74	11.73	18.44	14.67	12.62	13.96	12.39	12.60				
2006 <sup>2</sup>	8.27	10.14	15.56	12.50	15.33	12.15	10.57	7.93	11.89	19.54	15.14	13.28	14.64	12.99	12.65				
2007	8.53	10.72	18.17	12.94	15.23	12.82	11.12	8.39	12.56	20.07	15.75	13.72	15.03	13.44	13.28				
<b>Men</b>	C9IS	C9IU	C9IW	C9IY	C9J2	C9J4	C9J6	C9J8	C9JA	C9JC	C9JE	C9JG	C9JI	C9JK	C9JM				
2004 <sup>1</sup>	8.11 <sup>†</sup>	9.47 <sup>†</sup>	15.16 <sup>†</sup>	12.49 <sup>†</sup>	15.29 <sup>†</sup>	11.95 <sup>†</sup>	11.71 <sup>†</sup>	8.38 <sup>†</sup>	12.20 <sup>†</sup>	23.99 <sup>†</sup>	16.39 <sup>†</sup>	13.56 <sup>†</sup>	14.79 <sup>†</sup>	15.57 <sup>†</sup>	14.68 <sup>†</sup>				
2005	7.96	9.26	14.80	12.28	14.82	11.83	11.38	8.23	11.97	22.88	15.94	13.62	14.88	15.82	14.14				
2006 <sup>2</sup>	8.46	10.13	15.72	12.98	15.96	12.30	11.42	8.56	12.12	24.19	16.52	14.43	15.64	16.91	13.83				
2007	8.71	10.01	18.66	13.42	15.90	13.04	12.00	9.14	12.71	24.54	17.14	14.76	16.21	17.64	14.44				
<b>Women</b>	C9JO	C9JQ	C9JS	C9JU	C9JW	C9JY	C9K2	C9K4	C9K6	C9K8	C9KG	C9KI	C9KK	C9KS	C9KU				
2004 <sup>1</sup>	7.55 <sup>†</sup>	—	13.73 <sup>†</sup>	10.02 <sup>†</sup>	11.83 <sup>†</sup>	10.55 <sup>†</sup>	8.82 <sup>†</sup>	7.16 <sup>†</sup>	11.22 <sup>†</sup>	13.62 <sup>†</sup>	12.58 <sup>†</sup>	11.01 <sup>†</sup>	13.22 <sup>†</sup>	10.93 <sup>†</sup>	10.60 <sup>†</sup>				
2005	7.38	—	13.31	9.84	12.17	10.25	8.60	7.07	10.80	13.10	12.22	11.07	13.26	10.97	10.39				
2006 <sup>2</sup>	7.77	—	15.54	10.51	13.13	10.82	8.92	7.12	10.99	14.00	12.59	11.57	13.92	11.49	10.90				
2007	8.24	—	17.44	10.99	12.50	11.46	9.78	7.77	12.35	15.30	13.36	12.40	14.48	12.22	11.13				

1 In 2004 a number of supplementary surveys were introduced to improve the coverage of the Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings. Data for 2004 are presented including these supplementary surveys (bottom). Figures are also presented excluding supplementary surveys (top) to give figures comparable with earlier years.

2 In 2006 additional methodology was introduced therefore data (bottom) is comparable with 2007. Whilst the data (top) is comparable with earlier years.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 01633 819024

# 18.14 Average weekly and hourly earnings of full-time employees on adult rates by age group: United Kingdom

April 2002 to 2007

£

Full time employees on adult rates whose pay was unaffected by absence							
	18-21	22-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60+	All ages
<b>Average gross weekly earnings</b>							
<b>Total</b>	C7MV	C7MX	C7NG	C7NI	C7NK	C7OW	C7NM
2002	247.7	390.8	507.5	523.6	477.2	..	472.1
2003	251.2	396.9	522.1	545.0	489.8	..	487.1
2004 <sup>1</sup>	260.7 <sup>†</sup>	410.2 <sup>†</sup>	540.7 <sup>†</sup>	567.3 <sup>†</sup>	519.0	442.3	506.1 <sup>†</sup>
	257.6	402.3	531.0	560.1			498.2
2005	266.0	411.0	556.3	582.8	544.4	470.4	516.4
2006 <sup>2</sup>	273.1	420.4	576.3	611.2	568.5 <sup>†</sup>	509.0 <sup>†</sup>	537.5
		418.8	573.5	607.7	566.5	507.7	534.9
2007	286.8	430.0	589.2	624.2	582.2	516.0	549.8
<b>Men</b>	C7NO	C7NQ	C7NS	C7NU	C7O9	C7OU	C7OB
2002	267.1	419.2	545.0	587.9	533.5	..	523.3
2003	266.3	425.0	562.5	612.0	543.4	..	539.3
2004 <sup>1</sup>	275.3 <sup>†</sup>	435.4 <sup>†</sup>	580.5 <sup>†</sup>	632.2 <sup>†</sup>	580.6	466.6	557.4 <sup>†</sup>
	272.4	426.4	568.8	623.9			548.2
2005	278.9	432.8	596.4	651.2	606.8	497.3	568.0
2006 <sup>2</sup>	288.7	442.0	615.7	686.5	634.7 <sup>†</sup>	539.7 <sup>†</sup>	592.0
	288.3	440.1	613.2	683.3	633.8	538.9	589.8
2007	302.4	450.9	630.8	701.3	653.0	546.0	606.1
<b>Women</b>	C7OD	C7OF	C7OH	C7OJ	C7OL	C7SD	C7ON
2002	225.7	356.4	436.1	410.4	371.6	..	386.8
2003	233.6	363.6	447.8	426.5	390.1	..	400.7
2004 <sup>1</sup>	243.3 <sup>†</sup>	380.5 <sup>†</sup>	468.4 <sup>†</sup>	452.6 <sup>†</sup>	417.9	361.4	422.1 <sup>†</sup>
	240.1	374.2	462.5	447.8			416.8
2005	249.8	386.2	486.0	468.8	445.8	390.3	435.6
2006 <sup>2</sup>	253.2	396.4	509.1	487.7	464.5 <sup>†</sup>	416.7 <sup>†</sup>	453.0
	253.8	395.0	505.7	484.1	460.9	413.8	450.0
2007	267.5	406.2	518.1	497.0	473.9	428.4	462.8
<b>Average hourly earnings (excluding overtime)</b>							
<b>Total</b>	C7OP	C7OR	C7OT	C7OV	C7OX	C7PA	C7OZ
2002	6.13	9.93	12.83	13.35	12.11	..	11.97
2003	6.25	10.11	13.20	13.84	12.39	..	12.34
2004 <sup>1</sup>	6.49 <sup>†</sup>	10.44 <sup>†</sup>	13.73 <sup>†</sup>	14.40 <sup>†</sup>	13.24	10.92	12.85 <sup>†</sup>
	6.42	10.22	13.47	14.20			12.63
2005	6.62	10.48	14.16	14.85	13.96	11.72	13.14
2006 <sup>2</sup>	6.79	10.71	14.68	15.57	14.54 <sup>†</sup>	12.72 <sup>†</sup>	13.68
		10.67	14.60	15.47	14.49	12.68	13.61
2007	7.14	10.91	15.01	15.91	14.95	12.89	14.00
<b>Men</b>	C7P3	C7P5	C7P7	C7P9	C7PB	C7P8	C7PC
2002	6.39	10.32	13.45	14.59	13.16	..	12.92
2003	6.40	10.48	13.85	15.12 <sup>†</sup>	13.35	..	13.28
2004 <sup>1</sup>	6.66 <sup>†</sup>	10.72 <sup>†</sup>	14.36 <sup>†</sup>	15.63 <sup>†</sup>	14.38	11.29	13.76 <sup>†</sup>
	6.57	10.48	14.05	15.40			13.52
2005	6.75	10.68	14.77	16.13	15.10 <sup>†</sup>	12.10 <sup>†</sup>	14.05
2006 <sup>2</sup>	6.97	10.90	15.27	17.00	15.76 <sup>†</sup>	13.20 <sup>†</sup>	14.64
		10.85	15.20	16.90	15.73	13.17	14.58
2007	7.28	11.08	15.64	17.35	16.22	13.36	14.98
<b>Women</b>	C7PJ	C7PL	C7PN	C7PP	C7PR	C7P6	C7PT
2002	5.82	9.43	11.61	11.04	10.01	..	10.32
2003	6.06	9.65	11.95	11.44	10.52	..	10.70
2004 <sup>1</sup>	6.29 <sup>†</sup>	10.09 <sup>†</sup>	12.52 <sup>†</sup>	12.11 <sup>†</sup>	11.26	9.59	11.27 <sup>†</sup>
	6.22	9.91	12.35	11.97			11.12
2005	6.46	10.24	13.02	12.59	12.05 <sup>†</sup>	10.48 <sup>†</sup>	11.65
2006 <sup>2</sup>	6.55	10.49	13.63	13.10	12.52 <sup>†</sup>	11.18 <sup>†</sup>	12.10
	6.56	10.45	13.53	13.00	12.42	11.09	12.02
2007	6.96	10.72	13.89	13.39	12.88	11.45	12.40

1 In 2004 a number of supplementary surveys were introduced to improve the coverage of the Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings. Data for 2004 are presented including these supplementary surveys (bottom). Figures are also presented excluding supplementary surveys (top) to give figures comparable with earlier years.

Source: Office for National Statistics: 01633 819024

2 In 2006 additional methodology was introduced therefore data (bottom) is comparable with 2007. Whilst the data (top) is comparable with earlier years.

## Prices and wages

# 18.15 Average earnings index: by industry (not seasonally adjusted)<sup>1,2</sup>

Great Britain

2000 = 100

	Agriculture, forestry and fishing	Mining and quarrying	Food products, beverages and tobacco	Textiles, leather and clothing	Chemicals and man- made fibres	Basic metals and metal products	Engineering and allied industries	Other manufacturing	Electricity, gas and water supply	Construction
SIC 1992	(A,B)	(C)	(DA)	(DB,DC)	(DG)	(DJ)	(DK, DL,DM)	(DD,DE,DF, DH,DI,DN)	(E)	(F)
2005	JVUZ 125.3	JVVA 123.1	JVVB 121.9	JVVC 119.3	JVVD 120.0	JVVE 120.9	JVVF 121.6	JVVG 120.2	JVVH 114.1	JVVI 124.0
2006	134.5	129.1	127.6	122.5	122.8	127.4	126.6	126.5	116.0	127.9
2005 Mar	124.8	120.4	121.8	118.3	122.0	118.4	120.0	117.5	110.9	121.7
Apr	124.3	123.1	120.7	119.0	118.8	120.9	121.2	118.8	113.4	122.3
May	120.9	123.3	121.8	118.1	118.3	120.0	121.3	119.3	113.4	123.1
Jun	125.9	122.4	120.7	121.0	119.4	121.4	121.3	120.4	115.6	124.4
Jul	122.2	122.1	121.2	119.1	118.5	122.2	122.7	120.3	115.3	125.1
Aug	122.5	122.5	122.0	117.0	119.7	122.2	121.7	121.0	115.2	123.3
Sep	131.7	123.5	122.6	118.9	119.2	123.2	122.5	122.1	113.7	125.7
Oct	130.3	125.2	123.1	121.6	119.4	122.9	123.6	122.3	115.2	126.2
Nov	126.8	125.6	125.2	121.9	121.1	122.1	123.1	122.9	116.1	128.1
Dec	127.6	125.1	126.2	122.4	121.3	120.0	123.6	124.2	117.8	126.4
2006 Jan	129.0	127.4	125.0	122.1	121.3	124.0	123.0	124.1	115.7	126.6
Feb	132.0	124.9	124.3	123.1	121.6	124.5	124.7	124.7	116.3	127.6
Mar	133.0	126.1	125.2	121.4	121.1	125.7	125.2	125.1	115.2	127.0
Apr	141.3	127.6	129.4	122.5	122.1	125.2	126.4	125.2	114.2	126.6
May	140.2	128.1	128.4	123.2	122.0	126.9	126.3	125.9	118.3	127.2
Jun	141.4	128.4	127.8	124.0	123.0	129.5	126.5	126.9	118.2	127.9
Jul	137.2	128.7	128.3	122.8	121.6	128.4	126.4	126.5	118.7	128.2
Aug	139.9	129.0	128.2	120.1	122.5	127.9	126.2	127.1	116.2	126.7
Sep	135.7	131.0	128.1	122.1	124.3	129.3	127.7	127.7	114.6	128.5
Oct	130.3	131.3	128.2	122.0	125.1	129.2	128.8	127.8	113.0	129.5
Nov	123.8	131.7	127.7	122.4	123.9	129.9	129.1	128.8	116.6	130.0
Dec	130.5	134.7	130.0	124.4	125.2	127.9	128.6	128.6	114.9	129.3
2007 Jan	129.5	133.1	126.7	124.2	123.2	128.0	129.6	128.7	114.3	130.6
Feb	121.7	132.5	125.2	125.6	124.9	129.4	130.6	129.8	115.1	129.7
Mar	129.8	134.0	125.4	123.5	125.6	130.0	132.6	131.4	118.9	131.5
Apr	133.3	139.6	127.5	123.0	125.0	130.3	133.3	131.7	118.6	129.8
May	132.0	140.4	130.2	124.2	127.5	128.4	133.0	131.3	122.2	129.5
Jun	124.5	141.7	128.0	129.1	128.7	131.6	133.6	132.3	122.9	130.2
Jul	124.9	140.3	128.2	127.6	127.8	130.8	134.3	132.6	124.4	131.6
Aug	127.7	141.6	128.8	127.8	127.1	130.9	132.8	132.2	121.5	129.3
Sep	126.6†	140.3†	129.1	126.4†	126.6†	131.5†	133.1	133.2†	122.5	130.8†
Oct	128.1	142.3	129.8	126.7	129.3	132.9	134.3	134.6	124.3	131.3
<b>Percentage change on the year</b>										
2006 Mar	JVVT 6.6	JVVU 4.7	JVVV 2.8	JVVW 2.6	JVVX -0.7	JVVY 6.2	JVVA 4.3	JVWA 6.5	JVWB 3.9	JVWC 4.4
Apr	13.7	3.6	7.2	2.9	2.8	3.6	4.2	5.4	0.7	3.4
May	16.0	4.0	5.5	4.4	3.1	5.8	4.1	5.5	4.4	3.3
Jun	12.3	4.8	5.9	2.5	3.0	6.7	4.2	5.4	2.3	2.8
Jul	12.2	5.5	5.8	3.1	2.6	5.1	3.0	5.1	2.9	2.4
Aug	14.2	5.3	5.1	2.7	2.3	4.7	3.7	5.1	0.8	2.8
Sep	3.0	6.1	4.5	2.7	4.3	5.0	4.2	4.6	0.8	2.2
Oct	—	4.9	4.1	0.4	4.9	5.1	4.3	4.5	-1.9	2.7
Nov	-2.4	4.8	2.0	0.4	2.3	6.4	4.9	4.8	0.4	1.5
Dec	2.2	7.6	3.0	1.6	3.2	6.6	4.0	3.5	-2.4	2.3
2007 Jan	0.4	4.5	1.3	1.8	1.6	3.3	5.4	3.7	-1.2	3.1
Feb	-7.8	6.1	0.7	2.0	2.7	4.0	4.7	4.1	-1.0	1.7
Mar	-2.5	6.3	0.2	1.7	3.7	3.5	5.9	5.0	3.2	3.5
Apr	-5.7	9.4	-1.5	0.4	2.4	4.1	5.5	5.2	3.8	2.6
May	-5.8	9.5	1.4	0.8	4.5	1.1	5.3	4.3	3.2	1.9
Jun	-11.9	10.4	0.1	4.1	4.6	1.6	5.6	4.3	4.0	1.8
Jul	-8.9	9.0	—	3.9	5.1	1.9	6.2	4.8	4.8	2.7
Aug	-8.7	9.7	0.4	6.4	3.8	2.3	5.2	4.0	4.6	2.0
Sep	-6.7†	7.1†	0.7	3.5†	1.9†	1.7†	4.2	4.4	6.9	1.8†
Oct	-1.7	8.3	1.3	3.8	3.3	2.9	4.3	5.3	10.1	1.4

# 18.15 Average earnings index: by industry (not seasonally adjusted)<sup>1,2</sup>

continued

Great Britain

2000 = 100

	Wholesale trade	Retail trade and repairs	Hotels and restaurants	Transport, storage and communication	Financial intermediation	Real estate renting and business activities	Public administration	Health and social work	Other services	
SIC 1992	(G:51)	(G:50,52)	(H)	(I)	(J)	(K)	(L)	(M)	(N)	(O)
	JVVJ	JVVK	JVVL	JVVM	JVVN	JVVO	JVVP	JVQ	JVVR	JVVS
2005	117.6	116.4	126.6	123.6	120.6	122.6	124.2	124.1	132.4	117.3
2006	121.9	118.8	133.2	126.8	125.3	127.8	128.3	128.7	137.5	121.8
2005 Mar	116.9	115.7	126.8	121.0	121.6	120.7	125.9	120.7	128.9	116.7
Apr	117.3	117.9	125.9	122.4	120.9	122.1	124.3	124.0	132.9	115.3
May	117.6	116.3	126.3	123.3	121.3	122.1	123.0	123.5	132.9	116.8
Jun	117.3	116.0	126.8	125.2	119.2	122.3	123.0	124.0	133.9	119.2
Jul	118.0	117.8	127.1	123.9	121.8	123.5	124.3	124.5	133.0	121.3
Aug	118.1	118.3	127.3	123.4	121.1	123.0	124.7	126.1	132.9	118.8
Sep	118.0	115.8	126.2	125.8	119.5	123.2	125.3	126.8	132.9	118.6
Oct	119.1	116.0	126.7	124.9	121.0	123.7	125.4	126.3	133.2	115.4
Nov	119.1	115.2	127.4	125.2	121.3	124.3	125.7	124.9	135.0	116.8
Dec	119.3	115.4	132.5	126.4	123.3	124.7	126.9	125.4	134.7	119.8
2006 Jan	119.8	117.9	127.2	124.9	123.9	126.3	126.0	124.8	135.3	120.0
Feb	119.8	115.8	127.8	124.6	123.1	125.4	129.5	125.0	135.9	118.8
Mar	119.8	116.6	130.9	125.3	123.9	126.2	127.5	125.8	136.2	120.2
Apr	120.9	117.9	131.8	127.2	126.4	127.3	127.9	127.8	136.5	122.0
May	120.9	120.0	133.1	127.5	126.5	127.3	127.9	127.1	137.2	122.3
Jun	122.1	118.5	132.1	127.9	125.7	128.0	128.4	127.6	138.7	124.6
Jul	122.0	119.2	134.0	126.8	125.8	128.0	128.5	128.8	138.7	123.0
Aug	122.1	120.1	134.1	126.8	125.6	128.1	127.2	131.6	137.7	122.7
Sep	122.4	120.5	134.7	128.3	124.9	128.3	128.4	132.2	137.7	121.4
Oct	123.6	120.5	136.2	127.0	126.3	129.3	128.2	131.3	137.8	121.2
Nov	124.4	118.7	136.1	127.4	125.8	129.4	128.8	130.9	139.4	122.3
Dec	125.3	119.7	139.8	128.0	125.8	130.1	131.4	131.4	139.2	123.3
2007 Jan	124.8	122.0	135.9	127.7	127.1	130.9	129.2	130.4	139.8	124.1
Feb	125.0	119.6	137.2	127.7	127.5	131.5	129.6	130.2	139.3	123.1
Mar	126.3	120.9	138.1	128.2	126.3	132.5	129.4	130.5	139.8	122.7
Apr	126.8	123.7	137.6	129.0	127.7	132.6	130.2	132.6	141.0	123.3
May	127.0	122.7	140.6	130.0	128.6	133.9	130.2	132.5	142.0	125.8
Jun	127.5	122.2	141.0	131.0	129.0	134.0	130.0	132.8	142.8	127.9
Jul	128.0	122.4	141.4	130.6	129.2	134.2	130.0	133.8	142.0	127.8
Aug	126.9	124.1	142.4	131.4	128.6	134.5	131.6	136.2	142.8	128.1
Sep	127.2	123.5 <sup>†</sup>	141.4 <sup>†</sup>	130.4 <sup>†</sup>	129.2	133.9	131.3	137.3 <sup>†</sup>	143.2 <sup>†</sup>	127.3 <sup>†</sup>
Oct	127.8	122.6	141.6	130.2	129.8	134.9	130.8	135.9	144.1	126.8
<b>Percentage change on the year</b>										
	JVWD	JVWE	JVWF	JVYJ	JVYK	JVYL	JVYM	JVYN	JVYO	JVYP
2006 Mar	2.5	0.8	3.3	3.6	1.9	4.6	1.3	4.3	5.7	3.0
Apr	3.0	—	4.6	3.9	4.5	4.3	2.9	3.0	2.7	5.8
May	2.8	3.1	5.4	3.4	4.2	4.2	4.0	2.9	3.3	4.8
Jun	4.1	2.2	4.2	2.2	5.4	4.7	4.3	3.0	3.6	4.5
Jul	3.3	1.2	5.4	2.4	3.3	3.7	3.4	3.5	4.3	1.3
Aug	3.4	1.5	5.4	2.8	3.8	4.1	2.0	4.3	3.6	3.3
Sep	3.7	4.0	6.8	1.9	4.5	4.2	2.5	4.3	3.6	2.4
Oct	3.8	3.9	7.5	1.7	4.4	4.5	2.3	3.9	3.4	5.0
Nov	4.4	3.1	6.8	1.8	3.7	4.1	2.4	4.8	3.3	4.6
Dec	5.0	3.7	5.5	1.3	2.0	4.4	3.5	4.7	3.3	2.9
2007 Jan	4.1	3.4	6.8	2.2	2.6	3.6	2.6	4.4	3.3	3.5
Feb	4.3	3.2	7.4	2.5	3.5	4.9	0.1	4.2	2.5	3.7
Mar	5.4	3.7	5.5	2.4	1.9	5.0	1.5	3.7	2.7	2.1
Apr	4.9	4.9	4.4	1.4	1.0	4.2	1.8	3.8	3.3	1.1
May	5.0	2.3	5.6	2.0	1.7	5.2	1.8	4.2	3.5	2.8
Jun	4.4	3.1	6.8	2.5	2.7	4.7	1.3	4.1	2.9	2.7
Jul	5.0	2.7	5.5	3.0	2.7	4.8	1.2	3.9	2.4	3.9
Aug	4.0	3.3	6.2	3.6	2.4	5.0	3.4	3.5	3.7	4.4
Sep	3.9	2.5 <sup>†</sup>	4.9 <sup>†</sup>	1.7 <sup>†</sup>	3.5	4.3 <sup>†</sup>	2.2 <sup>†</sup>	3.8	4.0 <sup>†</sup>	4.8 <sup>†</sup>
Oct	3.4	1.8	3.9	2.5	2.8	4.3	2.0	3.6	4.6	4.6

## Prices and wages

# 18.15 Average earnings index: by industry (not seasonally adjusted)<sup>1,2</sup>

continued

Great Britain

2000 = 100

	Agriculture, forestry and fishing	Mining and quarrying	Food products, beverages and tobacco	Textiles, leather and clothing	Chemicals and man- made fibres	Basic metals and metal products	Engineering and allied industries	Other manufacturing	Electricity, gas and water supply	Construction
SIC 1992	(A,B)	(C)	(DA)	(DB,DC)	(DG)	(DJ)	(DK, DL,DM)	(DD,DE,DF, DH,DI,DN)	(E)	(F)
2005	JVUF 124.5	JVUG 127.2	JVUH 117.3	JVUI 119.5	JVUJ 120.4	JVUK 124.2	JVUL 122.2	JVUM 116.8	JVUN 115.5	JVUO 124.3
2006	132.7	134.9	123.2	124.9	119.7	132.5	129.0	123.3	117.6	125.8
2005 Mar	126.0	148.9	129.2	117.2	150.3	125.0	126.2	120.3	112.0	128.8
Apr	122.0	137.9	116.9	117.1	122.5	126.3	123.4	114.2	113.6	120.5
May	118.0	119.2	114.6	116.0	115.7	119.9	119.9	115.4	114.6	122.6
Jun	122.7	120.5	113.3	120.2	116.5	121.5	121.0	115.5	124.9	123.0
Jul	119.4	117.8	117.8	120.0	115.5	126.9	121.7	116.8	115.0	124.4
Aug	120.1	120.1	116.6	117.2	115.6	122.8	119.3	115.8	112.7	120.9
Sep	143.4	125.6	118.0	118.1	115.8	125.2	120.3	116.7	110.2	124.3
Oct	127.5	121.8	115.3	126.6	115.1	128.8	121.8	118.1	112.7	124.9
Nov	125.6	123.5	116.2	121.3	116.1	124.9	122.5	119.0	111.4	127.6
Dec	125.9	124.6	122.9	126.6	122.0	124.5	126.9	124.2	130.8	132.9
2006 Jan	126.1	130.8	117.0	123.7	117.4	127.8	123.4	120.4	113.7	123.9
Feb	129.2	131.0	120.8	123.6	121.2	125.4	132.1	121.0	115.7	125.2
Mar	130.5	160.6	132.4	125.5	146.2	130.5	135.4	127.2	118.8	130.3
Apr	138.9	150.4	127.2	124.4	121.1	132.3	130.4	121.8	116.9	122.8
May	137.3	130.3	122.0	124.4	112.9	130.2	126.7	122.3	121.3	123.0
Jun	139.0	128.8	122.5	125.6	115.4	131.8	127.0	124.1	129.6	125.8
Jul	134.5	126.8	122.5	125.4	114.8	135.2	127.4	123.6	119.2	125.1
Aug	137.2	126.6	120.4	121.8	114.7	130.4	126.3	124.0	115.6	121.6
Sep	133.0	130.6	125.1	122.7	117.8	135.6	127.6	121.9	114.4	125.1
Oct	127.6	130.2	121.6	125.1	116.5	139.6	129.6	122.6	114.3	125.1
Nov	121.2	136.8	121.4	125.5	114.5	133.2	130.5	123.4	116.5	127.8
Dec	138.2	135.7	125.7	131.2	123.5	138.2	132.3	127.3	115.1	133.8
2007 Jan	127.6	137.7	117.9	128.1	116.0	132.0	130.7	123.9	114.3	126.7
Feb	120.0	141.5	119.4	130.4	120.1	135.3	138.2	126.3	115.7	128.3
Mar	135.4	177.0	128.3	134.4	152.2	135.1	141.1	134.6	136.2	135.9
Apr	133.6	147.6	125.4	126.7	124.8	140.2	134.6	127.1	124.3	125.9
May	134.9	140.1	121.2	127.7	119.1	137.5	134.0	128.1	126.4	126.6
Jun	124.9	144.1	119.1	133.9	123.1	143.0	133.6	128.0	135.8	128.3
Jul	125.3	139.0	121.0	137.2	120.0	141.9	134.3	129.9	130.2	128.2
Aug	130.8	138.3	119.9	134.7	118.6	134.8	132.3	125.5	122.9	124.2
Sep	128.4†	143.0†	122.6†	136.6†	120.1†	135.4†	132.3†	125.5	124.9	130.0†
Oct	128.6	138.6	120.6	131.5	119.6	140.8	134.0	127.6	127.0	126.8
<b>Percentage change on the year</b>										
2006 Mar	JVYQ 3.6	JVYR 7.9	JVYS 2.5	JVYT 7.1	JVYU -2.8	JVYV 4.4	JVYW 7.3	JVYX 5.8	JVYY 6.0	JVYZ 1.2
Apr	13.8	9.1	8.8	6.2	-1.2	4.8	5.7	6.6	2.9	1.9
May	16.4	9.3	6.5	7.2	-2.4	8.6	5.7	6.0	5.9	0.3
Jun	13.3	6.9	8.1	4.5	-0.9	8.4	5.0	7.4	3.8	2.3
Jul	12.6	7.7	4.0	4.5	-0.6	6.5	4.7	5.8	3.6	0.6
Aug	14.2	5.4	3.3	3.9	-0.8	6.2	5.8	7.1	2.5	0.6
Sep	-7.3	4.0	6.0	3.9	1.7	8.3	6.0	4.5	3.8	0.6
Oct	0.1	6.9	5.4	-1.2	1.2	8.4	6.4	3.7	1.4	0.2
Nov	-3.5	10.7	4.4	3.5	-1.4	6.6	6.5	3.7	4.6	0.1
Dec	9.8	8.9	2.3	3.7	1.2	10.9	4.3	2.4	-12.1	0.7
2007 Jan	1.2	5.3	0.8	3.6	-1.2	3.3	5.9	3.0	0.5	2.2
Feb	-7.2	8.0	-1.1	5.5	-0.9	7.9	4.6	4.4	-	2.5
Mar	3.8	10.2	-3.1	7.1	4.1	3.5	4.2	5.8	14.7	4.2
Apr	-3.8	-1.9	-1.4	1.8	3.1	6.0	3.2	4.3	6.4	2.5
May	-1.7	7.5	-0.7	2.6	5.6	5.6	5.8	4.7	4.2	2.9
Jun	-10.2	11.9	-2.8	6.6	6.6	8.5	5.2	3.1	4.8	2.0
Jul	-6.8	9.6	-1.2	9.4	4.5	5.0	5.5	5.1	9.2	2.5
Aug	-4.7	9.3	-0.4	10.6	3.4	3.4	4.8	1.2	6.4	2.2
Sep	-3.5†	9.5†	-2.0†	11.3†	2.0†	-0.1†	3.7†	2.9†	9.2	3.9†
Oct	0.8	6.5	-0.8	5.2	2.7	0.8	3.4	4.1	11.1	1.4

# 18.15 Average earnings index: by industry (not seasonally adjusted)<sup>1,2</sup>

continued

Great Britain

2000 = 100

	Wholesale trade	Retail trade and repairs	Hotels and restaurants	Transport, storage and communication	Financial intermediation	Real estate renting and business activities	Public administration	Health and social work	Other services	
SIC 1992	(G:51)	(G:50,52)	(H)	(I)	(J)	(K)	(L)	(M)	(N)	(O)
	JVUP	JVUQ	JVUR	JVUS	JVUT	JVUU	JVUV	JVUW	JVUX	JVUY
2005	119.3	116.6	131.5	124.6	114.4	118.4	124.1	123.8	132.5	120.3
2006	124.0	119.4	137.1	127.5	123.9	123.8	129.1	128.4	137.5	123.2
2005 Mar	126.3	118.7	134.5	121.7	156.0	124.5	125.3	120.4	129.3	123.7
Apr	120.8	119.0	129.4	122.6	101.0	117.3	123.6	123.9	133.0	118.3
May	116.6	115.9	131.5	131.6	96.2	116.9	122.3	123.2	132.9	120.2
Jun	118.1	116.9	129.9	133.3	96.9	118.3	122.2	123.6	134.0	127.8
Jul	118.7	117.2	130.2	125.5	97.0	120.7	124.2	124.3	133.0	122.2
Aug	115.3	116.9	130.9	121.4	96.1	117.1	126.4	125.9	133.0	120.3
Sep	115.5	114.1	128.5	122.8	94.8	115.3	124.6	126.5	132.8	119.7
Oct	119.9	115.6	129.8	122.0	93.1	116.0	125.2	126.0	133.4	116.3
Nov	121.3	114.3	131.7	123.6	96.4	117.1	125.6	124.5	134.9	117.2
Dec	123.8	116.1	140.5	130.4	108.1	122.8	129.0	125.1	134.8	122.8
2006 Jan	121.1	118.0	129.9	123.6	168.7	120.9	125.5	124.4	135.2	121.1
Feb	121.4	115.6	134.7	124.1	209.8	121.1	129.1	124.8	135.9	121.1
Mar	129.6	122.2	136.5	125.7	175.6	129.8	127.5	125.5	137.1	123.3
Apr	121.0	119.3	134.5	124.3	105.4	122.9	127.9	127.4	136.4	123.2
May	120.2	119.7	138.4	139.0	103.4	122.3	127.7	126.8	137.0	125.4
Jun	123.0	120.8	134.7	138.2	113.2	124.7	129.1	127.3	138.5	124.9
Jul	123.9	121.3	136.5	127.5	103.4	124.9	131.2	128.7	138.5	123.9
Aug	121.3	119.0	136.9	124.6	99.3	122.2	130.1	131.3	137.4	123.2
Sep	121.9	119.6	137.6	124.6	96.7	122.3	128.6	131.9	137.4	121.6
Oct	124.6	120.2	139.4	122.9	97.7	122.6	128.6	130.9	137.6	120.6
Nov	126.6	118.0	140.7	124.4	100.4	122.7	129.1	130.7	139.2	123.5
Dec	133.9	118.9	145.5	130.8	113.5	129.5	134.7	131.2	139.2	126.7
2007 Jan	129.1	120.5	139.3	125.5	195.0	125.3	128.9	130.0	139.8	126.8
Feb	133.7	120.0	142.5	127.5	243.1	127.4	129.6	129.9	139.5	125.1
Mar	140.6	128.4	146.3	129.7	176.0	134.4	129.3	130.3	140.5	129.2
Apr	129.9	126.4	139.3	126.3	105.1	127.5	130.4	132.3	140.7	127.8
May	128.8	124.1	145.8	140.9	108.0	127.2	130.3	132.1	141.7	127.8
Jun	132.3	126.3	142.5	145.2	106.4	130.0	131.1	132.4	142.5	132.4
Jul	130.2	126.7	142.6	129.0	104.3	132.1	130.4	133.8	141.8	133.0
Aug	129.0	122.8	144.6	130.7	102.7	129.9	134.4	135.8	142.5	131.0
Sep	131.1 <sup>†</sup>	122.4 <sup>†</sup>	143.0 <sup>†</sup>	127.9 <sup>†</sup>	106.4 <sup>†</sup>	128.1 <sup>†</sup>	131.1	136.9	143.1 <sup>†</sup>	129.3 <sup>†</sup>
Oct	130.5	124.1	143.8	127.6	99.1	127.9	130.6	135.9	143.8	128.7
<b>Percentage change on the year</b>										
	JVZA	JVZB	JVZC	JVZD	JVZE	JVZF	JVZG	JVZH	JVZI	JVZJ
2006 Mar	2.6	2.9	1.5	3.3	12.6	4.3	1.7	4.2	6.1	-0.3
Apr	0.2	0.2	4.0	1.4	4.3	4.8	3.5	2.9	2.6	4.2
May	3.1	3.3	5.2	5.6	7.6	4.6	4.4	3.0	3.1	4.3
Jun	4.2	3.3	3.7	3.7	16.7	5.4	5.6	3.0	3.4	-2.2
Jul	4.3	3.5	4.9	1.6	6.6	3.5	5.7	3.5	4.1	1.4
Aug	5.2	1.8	4.6	2.6	3.3	4.3	2.9	4.3	3.3	2.4
Sep	5.5	4.8	7.0	1.5	2.0	6.1	3.1	4.2	3.5	1.6
Oct	3.9	4.0	7.4	0.7	4.9	5.8	2.7	3.9	3.2	3.8
Nov	4.4	3.3	6.9	0.6	4.2	4.8	2.8	5.0	3.2	5.4
Dec	8.1	2.3	3.6	0.3	5.0	5.4	4.5	4.8	3.2	3.1
2007 Jan	6.6	2.2	7.3	1.5	15.6	3.6	2.7	4.5	3.4	4.7
Feb	10.1	3.8	5.8	2.8	15.9	5.2	0.4	4.1	2.6	3.3
Mar	8.5	5.0	7.2	3.1	0.2	3.5	1.4	3.8	2.5	4.8
Apr	7.3	6.0	3.5	1.6	-0.3	3.7	1.9	3.8	3.1	3.7
May	7.2	3.7	5.4	1.4	4.5	4.0	2.0	4.2	3.4	1.9
Jun	7.6	4.6	5.8	5.1	-6.0	4.2	1.6	4.0	2.9	6.0
Jul	5.1	4.5	4.5	1.2	0.9	5.7	-0.6	3.9	2.4	7.3
Aug	6.3	3.2	5.6	4.9	3.4	6.4	3.3	3.4	3.7	6.3
Sep	7.6 <sup>†</sup>	2.3 <sup>†</sup>	4.0 <sup>†</sup>	2.7 <sup>†</sup>	10.0 <sup>†</sup>	4.8	2.0	3.8	4.1 <sup>†</sup>	6.3 <sup>†</sup>
Oct	4.7	3.2	3.2	3.8	1.4	4.3	1.6	3.8	4.5	6.7

1 The above table of 20 industries was first published in the Monthly Digest in May 2002 (as table 18.11). The new set of 20 industry sectors was introduced as it better reflects the current state of the economy. Data are available in two formats: excluding bonus and including bonus, with each available as an index value and as an annual percentage change. An article covering the reasons for change can be found on our website: [www.statistics.gov.uk/labour](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/labour).

2 Users should note that the data contained in the previous set of 26 industry sectors are not comparable with the new set of 20 industry sectors.

## Prices and wages

# 18.16 Average earnings index<sup>1</sup>: main industrial sectors

Great Britain

2000 = 100

	Whole economy												Public sector												Private sector											
	Seasonally adjusted				Single month <sup>2</sup>				3 month average <sup>2</sup>				Seasonally adjusted				Single month <sup>2</sup>				3 month average <sup>2</sup>				Seasonally adjusted				Single month <sup>2</sup>				3 month average <sup>2</sup>			
	Actual	LNMM	LNMQ	LNNU	LNNC	LNNI	LNNJ	LNKW	LNNE	LNKX	LNKY	LNND	Actual	Seasonally adjusted	Single month <sup>2</sup>	3 month average <sup>2</sup>	Actual	Seasonally adjusted	Single month <sup>2</sup>	3 month average <sup>2</sup>	Actual	Seasonally adjusted	Single month <sup>2</sup>	3 month average <sup>2</sup>	Actual	Seasonally adjusted	Single month <sup>2</sup>	3 month average <sup>2</sup>	Actual	Seasonally adjusted	Single month <sup>2</sup>	3 month average <sup>2</sup>				
SIC 1992																																				
1997	86.8	86.8	..	..	89.7	89.6	..	..	86.2	86.2	..	..	86.2	86.2	..	..	86.2	86.2	..	..	86.2	86.2	..	..	86.2	86.2	..	..	86.2	86.2	..	..				
1998	91.3	91.3	..	..	92.6	92.5	..	..	90.9	91.0	..	..	90.9	91.0	..	..	90.9	91.0	..	..	90.9	91.0	..	..	90.9	91.0	..	..	90.9	91.0	..	..				
1999	95.7	95.7	..	..	96.4	96.4	..	..	95.5	95.5	..	..	95.5	95.5	..	..	95.5	95.5	..	..	95.5	95.5	..	..	95.5	95.5	..	..	95.5	95.5	..	..				
2000	100.0	100.0	..	..	100.0	100.0	..	..	100.0	100.0	..	..	100.0	100.0	..	..	100.0	100.0	..	..	100.0	100.0	..	..	100.0	100.0	..	..	100.0	100.0	..	..				
2001	104.4	104.4	..	..	105.1	105.0	..	..	104.2	104.3	..	..	104.2	104.3	..	..	104.2	104.3	..	..	104.2	104.3	..	..	104.2	104.3	..	..	104.2	104.3	..	..				
2002	108.1	108.2	..	..	109.6	109.3	..	..	107.8	107.9	..	..	107.8	107.9	..	..	107.8	107.9	..	..	107.8	107.9	..	..	107.8	107.9	..	..	107.8	107.9	..	..				
2003	111.7	111.9	..	..	115.0	114.8	..	..	111.0	111.2	..	..	111.0	111.2	..	..	111.0	111.2	..	..	111.0	111.2	..	..	111.0	111.2	..	..	111.0	111.2	..	..				
2004	116.7	116.8	..	..	120.4	119.8	..	..	115.9	116.1	..	..	115.9	116.1	..	..	115.9	116.1	..	..	115.9	116.1	..	..	115.9	116.1	..	..	115.9	116.1	..	..				
2005	121.4	121.5	..	..	125.9	125.3	..	..	120.4	120.6	..	..	120.4	120.6	..	..	120.4	120.6	..	..	120.4	120.6	..	..	120.4	120.6	..	..	120.4	120.6	..	..				
2006	126.4	126.5	..	..	130.6	130.0	..	..	125.5	125.7	..	..	125.5	125.7	..	..	125.5	125.7	..	..	125.5	125.7	..	..	125.5	125.7	..	..	125.5	125.7	..	..				
2003 Nov	111.2	113.7	3.3	3.6	116.6	116.4	4.2	4.8	110.0	112.9	3.0	3.2	110.0	112.9	3.0	3.2	110.0	112.9	3.0	3.2	110.0	112.9	3.0	3.2	110.0	112.9	3.0	3.2	110.0	112.9	3.0	3.2				
Dec	114.7	114.0	4.0	3.7	117.8	117.0	4.3	4.4	114.0	113.3	4.0	3.5	114.0	113.3	4.0	3.5	114.0	113.3	4.0	3.5	114.0	113.3	4.0	3.5	114.0	113.3	4.0	3.5	114.0	113.3	4.0	3.5				
2004 Jan	118.2	114.4	4.1	3.8	116.1	117.2	4.1	4.2	118.7	113.7	4.1	3.7	118.7	113.7	4.1	3.7	118.7	113.7	4.1	3.7	118.7	113.7	4.1	3.7	118.7	113.7	4.1	3.7	118.7	113.7	4.1	3.7				
Feb	118.1	113.9	3.8	4.0	116.5	117.8	4.4	4.3	118.5	113.0	3.5	3.9	118.5	113.0	3.5	3.9	118.5	113.0	3.5	3.9	118.5	113.0	3.5	3.9	118.5	113.0	3.5	3.9	118.5	113.0	3.5	3.9				
Mar	122.2	115.4	3.8	3.9	117.0	118.4	4.4	4.3	123.5	114.7	3.6	3.7	123.5	114.7	3.6	3.7	123.5	114.7	3.6	3.7	123.5	114.7	3.6	3.7	123.5	114.7	3.6	3.7	123.5	114.7	3.6	3.7				
Apr	115.0	115.8	4.5	4.0	119.4	118.5	4.1	4.3	114.1	115.1	4.6	4.5	114.1	115.1	4.6	4.5	114.1	115.1	4.6	4.5	114.1	115.1	4.6	4.5	114.1	115.1	4.6	4.5	114.1	115.1	4.6	4.5				
May	114.8	116.1	4.4	4.2	119.9	119.1	4.6	4.4	113.6	115.7	4.6	4.5	113.6	115.7	4.6	4.5	113.6	115.7	4.6	4.5	113.6	115.7	4.6	4.5	113.6	115.7	4.6	4.5	113.6	115.7	4.6	4.5				
Jun	116.1	116.5	4.5	4.5	122.3	119.8	4.5	4.4	114.6	115.7	4.5	4.5	114.6	115.7	4.5	4.5	114.6	115.7	4.5	4.5	114.6	115.7	4.5	4.5	114.6	115.7	4.5	4.5	114.6	115.7	4.5	4.5				
Jul	115.4	116.9	4.4	4.4	121.0	119.9	3.7	4.3	114.2	116.1	4.3	4.4	114.2	116.1	4.3	4.4	114.2	116.1	4.3	4.4	114.2	116.1	4.3	4.4	114.2	116.1	4.3	4.4	114.2	116.1	4.3	4.4				
Aug	114.8	117.5	4.6	4.5	123.0	120.7	4.5	4.2	112.9	116.7	4.7	4.5	112.9	116.7	4.7	4.5	112.9	116.7	4.7	4.5	112.9	116.7	4.7	4.5	112.9	116.7	4.7	4.5	112.9	116.7	4.7	4.5				
Sep	114.9	118.1	4.6	4.5	122.5	121.1	4.4	4.2	113.1	117.4	4.6	4.5	113.1	117.4	4.6	4.5	113.1	117.4	4.6	4.5	113.1	117.4	4.6	4.5	113.1	117.4	4.6	4.5	113.1	117.4	4.6	4.5				
Oct	115.7	118.7	4.7	4.6	121.7	121.6	4.8	4.6	114.4	118.1	4.8	4.7	114.4	118.1	4.8	4.7	114.4	118.1	4.8	4.7	114.4	118.1	4.8	4.7	114.4	118.1	4.8	4.7	114.4	118.1	4.8	4.7				
Nov	116.2	118.9	4.6	4.6	121.9	121.8	4.7	4.6	114.9	118.3	4.8	4.7	114.9	118.3	4.8	4.7	114.9	118.3	4.8	4.7	114.9	118.3	4.8	4.7	114.9	118.3	4.8	4.7	114.9	118.3	4.8	4.7				
Dec	119.5	118.9	4.3	4.5	123.3	122.2	4.4	4.7	118.6	118.1	4.2	4.6	118.6	118.1	4.2	4.6	118.6	118.1	4.2	4.6	118.6	118.1	4.2	4.6	118.6	118.1	4.2	4.6	118.6	118.1	4.2	4.6				
2005 Jan	123.3	119.4	4.4	4.4	122.1	122.7	4.7	4.6	123.7	118.6	4.3	4.5	123.7	118.6	4.3	4.5	123.7	118.6	4.3	4.5	123.7	118.6	4.3	4.5	123.7	118.6	4.3	4.5	123.7	118.6	4.3	4.5				
Feb	124.9	119.7	5.1	4.6	122.2	123.3	4.7	4.6	125.6	118.8	5.2	4.6	125.6	118.8	5.2	4.6	125.6	118.8	5.2	4.6	125.6	118.8	5.2	4.6	125.6	118.8	5.2	4.6	125.6	118.8	5.2	4.6				
Mar	127.5	120.3	4.2	4.6	123.0	123.3	4.2	4.5	128.6	119.5	4.2	4.4	128.6	119.5	4.2	4.4	128.6	119.5	4.2	4.4	128.6	119.5	4.2	4.4	128.6	119.5	4.2	4.4	128.6	119.5	4.2	4.4				
Apr	119.9	120.6	4.2	4.5	125.6	124.4	4.9	4.6	118.6	119.7	4.0	4.4	118.6	119.7	4.0	4.4	118.6	119.7	4.0	4.4	118.6	119.7	4.0	4.4	118.6	119.7	4.0	4.4	118.6	119.7	4.0	4.4				
May	119.2	120.8	4.0	4.1	128.9	124.8	4.9	4.7	117.0	119.6	3.3	3.8	117.0	119.6	3.3	3.8	117.0	119.6	3.3	3.8	117.0	119.6	3.3	3.8	117.0	119.6	3.3	3.8	117.0	119.6	3.3	3.8				
Jun	120.4	121.0	3.9	4.0	126.9	125.2	4.5	4.5	120.1	120.1	3.8	3.8	120.1	120.1	3.8	3.8	120.1	120.1	3.8	3.8	120.1	120.1	3.8	3.8	120.1	120.1	3.8	3.8	120.1	120.1	3.8	3.8				
Jul	125.2	126.7	3.8	4.4	131.7	130.8	4.1	3.8	123.6	125.8	3.7	4.6	123.6	125.8	3.7	4.6	123.6	125.8	3.7	4.6	123.6	125.8	3.7	4.6	123.6	125.8	3.7	4.6	123.6	125.8	3.7	4.6				
Aug	123.5	126.8 <sup>†</sup>	3.8	4.2	131.1	130.2	3.2	3.6	121.7	126.1	3.9	4.3	121.7	126.1	3.9	4.3	121.7	126.1	3.9	4.3	121.7	126.1	3.9	4.3	121.7											

# 18.16 Average earnings index<sup>1</sup>: main industrial sectors

Great Britain

continued

2000 = 100

SIC 1992	Production industries						Manufacturing industries						Service industries						of which Private sector services		
	Seasonal-			Seasonal-			Seasonal-			Seasonal-			Seasonal-			Seasonal-					
	Actual	Ily adjusted	Single month <sup>2</sup>	3 month average <sup>2</sup>	Actual	Ily adjusted	Single month <sup>2</sup>	3 month average <sup>2</sup>	Actual	Ily adjusted	Single month <sup>2</sup>	3 month average <sup>2</sup>	Actual	Ily adjusted	Single month <sup>2</sup>	3 month average <sup>2</sup>	Actual	Ily adjusted	Single month <sup>2</sup>	3 month average <sup>2</sup>	
LNMO	LNMS	LNMW	LNNF	LNNM	LNMR	LNMV	LNNG	LNMP	LNMT	LNMX	LNNH	JJGF	JJGH	JJGI	JJGJ						
1997	88.3	88.4	..	..	87.8	87.9	..	..	86.6	86.6	..	..	85.5	85.5	..	..					
1998	92.2	92.3	..	..	91.8	91.9	..	..	91.1	91.1	..	..	90.6	90.6	..	..					
1999	95.8	95.9	..	..	95.6	95.6	..	..	95.7	95.7	..	..	95.4	95.4	..	..					
2000	100.0	100.0	..	..	100.0	100.0	..	..	100.0	100.0	..	..	100.0	100.0	..	..					
2001	104.2	104.2	..	..	104.2	104.3	..	..	104.4	104.4	..	..	104.1	104.2	..	..					
2002	107.8	107.9	..	..	107.9	108.0	..	..	108.1	108.1	..	..	107.6	107.7	..	..					
2003	111.6	111.7	..	..	111.7	111.9	..	..	111.7	111.9	..	..	110.6	110.8	..	..					
2004	115.8	115.8	..	..	115.9	116.0	..	..	116.8	116.8	..	..	115.5	115.7	..	..					
2005	120.0	120.0	..	..	120.1	120.2	..	..	121.6	121.7	..	..	120.1	120.4	..	..					
2006	126.0	126.0	..	..	126.2	126.4	..	..	126.5	126.6	..	..	125.2	125.6	..	..					
2003 Nov	112.0	113.6	3.9	3.6	112.3	113.9	4.0	3.7	110.7	113.6	3.1	3.6	108.7	112.5	2.7	3.1					
Dec	114.9	113.5	3.4	3.6	115.4	113.7	3.4	3.6	114.3	114.0	4.2	3.7	113.0	112.9	4.1	3.4					
2004 Jan	112.6	114.1	3.6	3.6	112.8	114.3	3.6	3.7	119.8	114.4	4.2	3.8	121.0	113.3	4.2	3.7					
Feb	115.1	114.3	3.9	3.6	114.9	114.3	3.5	3.5	119.0	113.6	3.6	4.0	119.7	112.2	3.3	3.9					
Mar	122.1	114.5	3.4	3.6	122.1	114.8	3.7	3.6	122.0	115.3	4.2	4.0	123.7	114.1	4.0	3.8					
Apr	115.9	115.3	4.6	3.9	115.6	115.5	4.5	3.9	114.7	115.8	4.5	4.1	113.1	114.8	4.6	4.0					
May	115.2	116.1	4.3	4.1	115.5	116.1	4.4	4.2	114.4	116.0	4.2	4.3	112.6	115.3	4.3	4.3					
Jun	115.3	115.9	4.0	4.3	114.9	116.1	4.1	4.3	116.1	116.4	4.4	4.4	114.0	115.4	4.4	4.4					
Jul	115.7	116.0	3.7	4.0	116.1	116.2	3.8	4.1	115.1	117.0	4.3	4.3	113.1	115.8	4.2	4.3					
Aug	113.4	115.9	3.2	3.6	113.6	116.0	3.2	3.7	115.0	117.5	4.5	4.4	112.3	116.5	4.7	4.4					
Sep	113.9	116.1	3.0	3.3	114.2	116.2	3.1	3.3	114.8	118.3	4.6	4.5	112.2	117.3	4.7	4.5					
Oct	115.4	116.7	3.3	3.2	115.4	116.8	3.3	3.2	115.6	119.0	4.9	4.7	113.5	118.1	5.0	4.8					
Nov	115.6	116.9	2.9	3.1	115.7	117.2	3.0	3.1	115.7	119.1	4.8	4.8	113.6	118.1	4.9	4.9					
Dec	119.5	117.8	3.7	3.3	119.8	117.9	3.7	3.3	119.1	119.0	4.4	4.7	117.6	117.9	4.4	4.8					
2005 Jan	116.3	117.9	3.3	3.3	116.3	117.9	3.2	3.3	125.0	119.5	4.4	4.5	125.9	118.3	4.4	4.6					
Feb	119.6	118.5	3.7	3.6	119.2	118.4	3.6	3.5	126.4	119.9	5.5	4.8	127.8	118.6	5.7	4.8					
Mar	126.6	118.7	3.7	3.6	126.6	119.6	4.1	3.6	127.6	120.4	4.4	4.8	129.1	119.2	4.5	4.8					
Apr	120.2	118.8	3.0	3.5	120.0	118.9	3.0	3.6	119.8	121.3	4.8	4.9	117.9	120.2	4.7	5.0					
May	117.4	118.5	2.0	2.9	117.5	118.4	1.9	3.0	119.4	121.2	4.5	4.6	116.3	119.5	3.6	4.3					
Jun	118.5	119.0	2.7	2.6	118.2	119.4	2.8	2.6	120.7	121.2	4.1	4.4	118.7	120.0	4.0	4.1					
Jul	119.6	119.8	3.3	2.7	119.9	120.1	3.4	2.7	120.5	122.5	4.7	4.4	118.8	121.4	4.8	4.2					
Aug	117.9	120.6	4.1	3.4	118.1	120.9	4.2	3.5	119.2	122.2	4.0	4.3	116.7	121.1	4.0	4.3					
Sep	118.9	121.1	4.4	3.9	119.2	121.4	4.5	4.0	118.3	122.4	3.5	4.1	115.7	121.2	3.4	4.1					
Oct	120.1	121.6	4.3	4.2	120.4	121.9	4.4	4.4	118.5	122.5	3.0	3.5	115.9	121.1	2.6	3.3					
Nov	120.1	121.8	4.2	4.3	120.5	122.4	4.4	4.4	119.4	123.3	3.5	3.3	116.9	121.9	3.3	3.1					
Dec	125.3	123.6	5.0	4.5	125.1	123.3	4.5	4.4	123.8	123.8	4.0	3.5	122.1	122.5	3.9	3.2					
2006 Jan	121.7	123.7	5.0	4.7	121.9	124.0	5.2	4.7	128.6	123.1	3.0	3.5	129.2	121.5	2.7	3.3					
Feb	125.2	124.2	4.8	4.9	125.5	124.6	5.2	5.0	133.4	125.2	4.4	3.8	135.1	124.0	4.6	3.7					
Mar	133.0	124.3	4.8	4.8	133.0	125.1	4.6	5.0	133.5	126.0	4.6	4.0	135.3	124.9	4.8	4.0					
Apr	126.9	125.9	6.0	5.2	126.8	126.2	6.1	5.3	123.5	125.5	3.4	4.2	121.5	124.5	3.6	4.3					
May	124.1	125.4	5.8	5.5	124.1	125.2	5.7	5.5	124.6	126.2	4.2	4.1	121.6	125.0	4.6	4.3					
Jun	125.6	125.9	5.8	5.9	125.2	126.3	5.8	5.9	126.6	127.0	4.9	4.1	125.1	126.4	5.4	4.5					
Jul	125.3	125.4	4.6	5.4	125.5	125.8	4.7	5.4	125.1	127.0	3.7	4.2	123.0	125.8	3.6	4.5					
Aug	124.0	126.9	5.2	5.2	124.4	127.3	5.3	5.3	123.5	126.8	3.7	4.1	121.0	125.7	3.7	4.2					
Sep	125.2	127.5	5.3 <sup>†</sup>	5.1	125.6	128.1	5.5 <sup>†</sup>	5.2	123.3	127.4	4.1	3.8	120.8	126.4	4.3	3.9					
Oct	126.0	127.8	5.0	5.2	126.5	128.2	5.2	5.3	123.4	128.1	4.6	4.1	121.0	127.1	5.0	4.3					
Nov	125.9	127.8	4.9	5.1	126.1	128.2	4.7	5.1	124.2	128.4	4.1	4.3	121.7	127.4	4.5	4.6					
Dec	129.4	127.7	3.3	4.4	130.0	128.2	4.0	4.6	129.1	129.0	4.2	4.3	127.3	128.1	4.5	4.7 <sup>†</sup>					
2007 Jan	125.7	128.0	3.4	3.9	125.9	128.3	3.5	4.1	135.3	129.6	5.3	4.5	136.7	128.6	5.9	5.0					
Feb	129.7	128.6	3.6	3.4	130.1	129.1	3.6	3.7	141.4	131.9	5.4	5.0	144.6	131.6	6.1	5.5					
Mar	138.8	129.5	4.2	3.7	137.8	129.5	3.5	3.5	137.8	130.1	3.3	4.6	139.8	129.1	3.4	5.1					
Apr	131.0	129.9	3.2	3.7	130.8	130.2	3.2	3.4	127.5	130.0	3.6	4.1	125.5	129.0	3.6	4.4					
May	129.7	130.6	4.2	3.9	129.6	130.7	4.4	3.7	129.0	130.6	3.5	3.5	126.1	129.7	3.8	3.6					
Jun	131.0	131.1	4.1	3.9	130.4	131.2	3.9	3.8	130.6	131.1	3.2	3.4	129.1	130.4	3.2	3.5					
Jul	131.3	131.2	4.6	4.3	131.1	131.1	4.3	4.2	129.5	131.8	3.8	3.5	128.1	131.1	4.2	3.7					
Aug	127.9	130.9	3.1	3.9	127.9	130.9	2.8	3.6	129.1	132.6	4.6	3.9	127.0	131.9	5.0	4.1					
Sep	128.8 <sup>†</sup>	131.0	2.7	3.5 <sup>†</sup>	128.6 <sup>†</sup>	131.0	2.2	3.1 <sup>†</sup>	128.7	133.2	4.5	4.3	126.8 <sup>†</sup>	132.6	4.9	4.7					
Oct	130.0	131.4	2.9	2.9	129.9	131.3	2.4	2.5	127.9	133.2	4.0										

## 19 Leisure

### 19.1 Television licences

Thousands

	Television licences current			Television licences current		
	End of period		Colour	End of period		Colour
	Monochrome	Colour		Monochrome	Colour	
1999	BTAA 232	BTAB 22 205	May	57	24 144	
2000	169	22 373	Jun	56	24 170	
2001	124	22 896	Jul	56	24 173	
2002	98	23 191	Aug	55	24 202	
2003	79	23 523	Sep	55	24 249	
			Oct	54	24 300	
2004	62	23 948	Nov	52	24 168	
2005	51	24 213	Dec	51	24 213	
2006	42	24 364				
2003 Jul	88	23 483	2006 Jan	50	24 247	
Aug	86	23 490	Feb	50	24 297	
Sep	85	23 550	Mar	49	24 370	
Oct	84	23 626	Apr	49	24 377	
Nov	80	23 465	May	48	24 410	
Dec	79	23 523	Jun	47	24 442	
2004 Jan	78	23 601	Jul	47	24 460	
Feb	77	23 685	Aug	46	24 462	
Mar	75	23 824	Sep	44	24 506	
Apr	74	23 875	Oct	44	24 506	
May	73	23 897	Nov	42	24 373	
Jun	71	23 934	Dec	42	24 364	
Jul	70	23 951	2007 Jan	41	24 404	
Aug	69	23 994	Feb	41	24 440	
Sep	68	23 984	Mar	40	24 504	
Oct	67	24 051	Apr	40	24 522	
Nov	63	23 926	May	39	24 563	
Dec	62	23 948	Jun	39	24 583	
2005 Jan	61	23 977	Jul	38	24 610	
Feb	60	24 026	Aug	38	24 634	
Mar	58	24 103	Sep	37	24 504	
Apr	58	24 130	Oct	37	24 706	
			Nov	36	24 575	

Source: Capita Business Services Ltd.: 0117 3021003

### 19.2 UK cinema statistics<sup>1,2</sup>

	Sites (number)	Screens (number)	Total number of admissions (millions)	Gross box office takings (£ million)	Revenue per admission (£)	Revenue per screen (£ thousand)
1997	JMHX 747	JMHY 2 383	JMHZ 138.9	JMIA 486.2	JMIB 3.50	JMIC 204.0
1998	761	2 638	135.2	504.9	3.73	191.4
1999	751	2 825	139.1	549.7	3.95	194.6
2000	754	3 017	142.5	572.8	4.02	189.9
2001	766	3 248	155.9	645.0	4.14	198.6
2002	775	3 402	175.9	755.3	4.29	222.0
2003	776	3 433	167.3	742.0	4.44	216.1
2004	773	3 475	171.3	769.6	4.49	221.4
2005	771	3 486	164.7	770.3	4.68	221.0
2006	783	3 569	156.6	762.1	4.87	213.5

1 Includes Isle of Man and the Channel Islands.

2 Admissions are based on all cinemas taking advertising.

Source: CAA/Gallup/Nielsen EDI

## 19.3 Average issue readership of national daily newspapers rolling 12 months' periods ending

			2004 Sep	2004 Dec	2005 Mar	2005 Jun	2005 Sep	2005 Dec	2006 Mar	2006 Jun	2006 Sep	2006 Dec	2007 Mar	2007 Jun
The Sun	WSDV	8 872	8 825	8 584	8 185	8 157	8 138	8 059	8 071	7 874	7 716	7 840	7 768	
Daily Mail	WSEI	5 666	5 740	5 818	5 686	5 682	5 635	5 456	5 455	5 364	5 302	5 253	5 197	
Daily Mirror/Daily Record	WSEH	6 026	5 913	5 813	5 455	5 435	5 322	5 138	4 980	4 945	4 935	4 937	4 975	
Daily Mirror	WSEM	4 737	4 657	4 587	4 274	4 214	4 148	3 956	3 857	3 825	3 803	3 844	3 880	
The Daily Telegraph	WSEN	2 217	2 181	2 227	2 170	2 156	2 159	2 081	2 033	2 140	2 147	2 177	2 167	
Daily Express	WSEP	2 088	2 132	2 114	2 063	2 064	1 977	1 876	1 838	1 751	1 720	1 742	1 694	
The Times	WSES	1 628	1 655	1 681	1 738	1 781	1 811	1 853	1 791	1 772	1 740	1 730	1 702	
Daily Star	WSEQ	1 936	1 965	1 941	1 848	1 825	1 778	1 682	1 617	1 533	1 557	1 620	1 701	
The Guardian	WSET	1 072	1 068	1 132	1 175	1 217	1 222	1 175	1 189	1 190	1 248	1 239	1 226	
The Independent	WSEU	627	643	606	617	672	705	731	766	741	763	767	774	
Financial Times	WSEY	494	453	485	444	394	391	348	346	384	390	394	398	
Any national morning	WSEZ	23 789	23 680	23 200	22 917	23 085	23 068	22 686	22 411	22 007	21 724	21 782	21 702	

Source: National Readership Surveys Ltd.

## 19.4 Overseas travel and tourism

Not seasonally adjusted

	Visits by overseas visitors to the UK (thousands)	Expenditure by overseas visitors to the UK (£ million)	Visits by UK residents abroad (thousands)	Expenditure by UK residents abroad (£ million)	Net earnings in UK (£ million)
	GMAA	GMAK	GMAF	GMAM	GMAO
2001	22 835	11 306	58 281	25 332	-14 026
2002	24 180	11 737	59 377	26 962	-15 225
2003	24 715	11 855	61 424	28 550	-16 695
2004	27 755	13 047	64 194	30 285	-17 238
2005	29 970	14 248	66 441	32 154	-17 906
2006	32 713	16 002	69 536	34 411	-17 985
2001 Q3	7 100	3 819	19 652	8 921	-5 102
Q4	4 593	2 266	12 125	4 949	-2 683
2002 Q1	4 525	2 025	10 943	5 047	-3 022
Q2	6 375	2 885	15 611	6 945	-4 060
Q3	7 555	4 002	19 729	9 254	-5 251
Q4	5 724	2 825	13 094	5 717	-2 892
2003 Q1	4 944	2 150	11 506	5 446	-3 296
Q2	6 073	2 744	16 297	7 086	-4 342
Q3	7 534	4 041	20 330	10 018	-5 977
Q4	6 165	2 919	13 291	5 999	-3 080
2004 Q1	5 449	2 229	11 817	5 729	-3 500
Q2	7 022	3 231	16 911	7 602	-4 370
Q3	8 501	4 390	21 273	10 437	-6 047
Q4	6 783	3 196	14 194	6 517	-3 321
2005 Q1	6 172	2 644	12 821	6 411	-3 767
Q2	7 868	3 562	17 417	8 110	-4 548
Q3	8 858	4 474	21 767	10 912	-6 438
Q4	7 072	3 568	14 436	6 722	-3 154
2006 Q1	6 351	2 758	13 131	6 665	-3 904
Q2	8 476	3 970	18 738	8 765	-4 735
Q3	10 296	5 401	22 378	11 543	-6 165
Q4	7 591	3 873	15 289	7 438	-3 180
2007 Q1	6 873	3 090	13 941	7 184	-4 094
Q2	8 444	3 873	17 850	8 882	-5 010

Source: International Passenger Survey, Office for National Statistics

## 20 Weather

### 20.1 District summary<sup>1</sup> for May 2007

May 2007	Air temperature (degrees celsius)									
	Difference from average					Difference from average		Percent of average		
	Highest maximum <sup>2</sup>	Lowest minimum <sup>2</sup>	Maximum	Minimum	Mean	Mean 30cm soil temperature (degrees celsius)	Raindays <sup>3</sup>	Rainfall	Sunshine	Sunshine (hours)
<b>District:</b>										
0 Scotland N	22.1	-3.5	0.2	0.2	0.2	1.6	6	178	111	177.1
1 Scotland E	21.9	-2.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	1.7	4	129	109	177.8
2 England E & NE	22.8	-0.2	0.8	1.2	1.0	1.7	2	135	90	160.1
3 East Anglia	24.9	0.5	0.9	1.6	1.3	1.8	4	251	71	138.5
4 Midlands	23.7	0.2	0.7	1.3	1.0	1.8	4	187	87	155.5
5 England SE	25.6	1.3	1.1	1.7	1.4	1.9	4	186	90	179.1
6 Scotland W	22.0	-0.1	0.6	0.7	0.6	2.1	5	131	107	190.5
7 England NW & N Wales	22.7	-1.3	0.7	1.1	0.9	1.9	4	129	98	177.6
8 England SW & S Wales	23.8	-0.7	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.8	4	180	99	189.8
N Ireland	23.6	-1.7	1.4	0.6	1.0	1.9	2	98	130	225.4
Scotland	22.1	-3.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	1.8	5	149	109	181.3
England	25.6	-0.7	0.9	1.4	1.1	1.8	4	179	88	164.1
Wales	23.0	-1.3	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.9	4	149	101	185.5
England & Wales	25.6	-1.3	0.9	1.4	1.1	1.8	4	174	90	167.1

Anomalies are with respect to the 1961-90 averaging period.

May 2007 - Mean temperatures ranging from close to average across north-west Scotland to over 1 deg C above average across southern and eastern England. Well above average rainfall across the majority of the UK, with East Anglia experiencing its wettest May (areal series back to 1914) with over 200% of average May rainfall. Sunshine amounts varying from above average over Scotland and Northern Ireland to below average across parts of eastern England.

1 District values for each element are computed using all available climate stations, excluding rooftop sites for minimum air temperature. The values in the table may not be compatible with other time series (eg. Central England Temperature, England and Wales Rainfall).

2 Highest maximum and lowest minimum air temperatures for each district are determined by calculating 95 percentiles.

3 Raindays are the number of days during which the total precipitation is at least 0.2mm.

Source: Met Office

### 20.2 UK Annual Summary

	Max Temp		Min Temp		Mean Temp		Sunshine		Rainfall	
	Actual (degrees celsius)	Anomaly (degrees celsius)	Actual (degrees celsius)	Anomaly (degrees celsius)	Actual (degrees celsius)	Anomaly (degrees celsius)	Actual (hours/day)	Anomaly (%)	Actual (mm)	Anomaly (%)
1986	WLRL	WLRM	WLRO	WLRP	WLRR	WLRS	WLRX	WLRY	WLSH	WLSI
1986	11.2	-0.6	4.2	-0.6	7.7	-0.6	1 361.5	101.8	1 182.9	107.6
1987	11.4	-0.4	4.7	-0.2	8.1	-0.3	1 249.5	93.4	1 034.6	94.1
1988	12.2	0.3	5.4	0.6	8.8	0.5	1 324.3	99.0	1 131.2	102.9
1989	13.1	1.2	5.5	0.7	9.3	1.0	1 563.8	116.9	1 018.5	92.6
1990	13.1	1.2	5.8	0.9	9.4	1.1	1 490.7	111.4	1 172.8	106.7
1991	12.1	0.3	5.1	0.2	8.6	0.3	1 302.0	97.3	998.2	90.8
1992	12.3	0.4	5.2	0.4	8.7	0.4	1 290.8	96.5	1 186.8	107.9
1993	11.8	-0.1	5.0	0.1	8.4	..	1 218.6	91.1	1 121.1	102.0
1994	12.4	0.5	5.5	0.6	8.9	0.6	1 366.9	102.2	1 184.7	107.7
1995	13.0	1.1	5.4	0.6	9.2	0.9	1 588.5	118.7	1 023.7	93.1
1996	11.7	-0.1	4.7	-0.1	8.2	-0.2	1 403.5	104.9	916.6	83.4
1997	13.1	1.3	5.8	1.0	9.4	1.1	1 430.3	106.9	1 024.0	93.1
1998	12.6	0.8	5.8	1.0	9.1	0.8	1 268.4	94.8	1 265.1	115.1
1999	13.0	1.1	5.9	1.0	9.4	1.1	1 419.4	106.1	1 237.2	112.5
2000	12.7	0.8	5.6	0.8	9.1	0.8	1 367.5	102.2	1 335.6	121.5
2001	12.4	0.6	5.3	0.5	8.8	0.5	1 411.9	105.5	1 049.9	95.5
2002	13.0	1.1	6.0	1.2	9.5	1.2	1 304.0	97.5	1 280.5	116.5
2003	13.5	1.6	5.6	0.7	9.5	1.2	1 587.4	118.7	901.5	82.0
2004	13.0	1.2	6.0	1.2	9.5	1.2	1 361.4	101.8	1 210.1	110.1
2005	13.1	1.2	5.9	1.1	9.5	1.1	1 399.2	104.6	1 083.0	98.4
2006	13.4	1.5	6.1	1.3	9.7	1.4	1 495.9	111.8	1 175.9	106.8

Anomalies are with respect to the 1961-90 averaging period.

Source: Met Office

# Index

- figures indicate tables numbers

## **Agricultural land**, 6.1

Agriculture, 6.1 - 6.3  
employment, 3.3, 3.7  
index of producer prices, 18.11  
index of purchase prices, 18.11  
Agriculture and forestry,  
average earnings, 18.13  
Alcoholic drinks, 6.13  
retail prices index, 18.3, 18.4  
consumption expenditure, 1.8  
Aluminium, 10.3  
Animals and animal products, 6.3, 6.4, 6.8  
price indices 18.11  
Average earnings index, 18.15, 18.16  
Aviation, civil, 13.9, 13.11, 13.12

## **Bacon and ham**, 6.8

Balance of payments, 16.1 - 16.3  
Banking sector,  
private sector borrowing, 17.4  
private sector deposits, 17.4  
Barley - see Cereals  
Beer, 6.13  
Beverages, 6.11  
Births registered, 2.3  
Boats, pleasure & sporting, 11.5  
Bricks, 12.3  
British Government securities,  
20 years yield, 17.6  
Building block (concrete), 12.3  
Building materials and components, 12.3  
producer price index, 18.9  
Building societies, deposits and  
advances, 17.4  
Buildings, agricultural price indices, 18.11  
Business investment, 1.11 - 1.15  
Butter, 6.10

## **Canned meat**, 6.8

Canvas, 11.4  
Capital expenditure - see Business  
investment  
Carpets and rugs, 11.2  
Cars, Passenger 10.7  
Catering, 1.8  
Cattle, 6.3, 6.4  
price index, 18.11  
Cement, 12.3  
Central government,  
net borrowing, 17.1  
net cash requirement, 17.2, 17.3  
financial transactions, 17.2  
Cereals, 6.1, 6.5  
price index, 18.11

## **Cheese**, 6.10

Chemicals, 9.1 - 9.5  
basic, 9.3  
photographic, 9.5  
producer price index, 18.9  
Child benefit, 4.1  
Child and Working Tax Credit, 4.2  
Chocolate and sugar confectionery, 6.11  
Cinema, 19.2  
Civil Service, employment by  
department, 3.4  
Claimant count, 3.9, 3.10  
Cleaning preparations, 9.4  
Clothing, 11.1, 11.4  
employment, 3.3  
Clothing and footwear, 1.8  
producer price index, 18.9  
retail price index, 18.3, 18.4  
Coal and coal-mining, 8.3, 8.4, 8.6  
Cocoa beans, 6.11  
Coffee, raw, 6.11  
Commercial vehicles - see Motor vehicles  
Compound feedingstuffs, production, 6.6  
Compressors, 11.6  
Concrete, ready mixed, 12.3  
Confectionery, 6.11  
Construction, 12.1, 12.2  
employment, 3.3  
Consumer credit, 17.4  
Consumer Price Indices, 18.1, 18.2  
Consumers' expenditure, 1.7, 1.8  
Crime, 5.1, 5.2  
Crops 6.1, 6.2

## **Dairy products**, 6.10

Deaths registered, 2.4  
Dental services, 4.4  
Distributive trades,  
average earnings, 18.15  
Domestic appliances,  
producer price index, 18.9  
Durable goods, 1.8  
retail price index, 18.3, 18.4  
Dwellings, 12.4

## **Earnings**,

in manufacturing and other industries,  
18.12 - 18.14  
index of average earnings, 18.15 - 18.16  
Eggs, 6.10  
price index, 18.11  
Electrical engineering, 10.4 - 10.7  
producer price index, 18.9  
Electricity, 8.6 - 8.7

## **Employment**, 3.1 - 3.14

analysis by industry, 3.3  
claimant count, 3.9, 3.10, 3.12  
distribution of workforce, 3.2  
unemployment, 3.1, 3.8, 3.11  
vacancies, 3.13  
Energy, 8.1 - 8.9  
Engineering industries,  
new orders, 10.6  
orders on hand, 10.5  
producer price index, 18.9  
turnover, 10.4  
volume index numbers of turnover, 10.5  
Essential oils, 9.4  
Exchange rates,  
sterling effective, 17.6  
US Spot, 17.6  
Explosives, 9.5  
Exports, 15.1 - 15.6, 15.8  
area analysis, 15.8  
commodity groups, 15.3 - 15.6  
unit value index, 15.2, 15.5  
value, 15.1  
volume index, 15.2, 15.4

## **'Factory gate' prices** - see producer price indices

Family allowances, 4.1  
Family credit, 4.2  
Family health services, 4.4  
Fares, indices of stage bus services, 13.6  
Feedstuffs, 6.6  
price index, 18.11  
Fertilisers, 9.1  
price index, 18.11  
Fibre cement products, 12.3  
Financial services, 1.8  
Fish, 6.9  
Fixed capital formation, 1.10  
Flour, 6.5  
Flowers and plants, price index, 18.11  
Food, 6.7 - 6.11  
employment, 3.3  
producer price index, 18.9  
retail price index, 18.3, 18.4  
Foreign trade - see Imports, exports  
Forestry - see Agriculture and forestry  
Freight train traffic, 13.8  
Fuel and light, 1.8, 1.9  
retail price index, 18.3, 18.4  
Fuels, supply and use of, 8.2  
Fur, dressing and dying of, 11.4

# Index

**Gas**, 8.5, 8.7

Glucose, 6.7

Glues and gelatines, 9.5

Goods and services, 1.2

Gross fixed capital formation, 1.10

Gross domestic product, 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4

Gross national income, 1.1

**Hosiery**, 11.3

Hours worked, 18.12

House building, 12.4

Household expenditure, 1.8

Household textiles, 11.2

Households sector, 1.5 - 1.7

Housing, 1.10, 12.4

  price index, 18.3, 18.4, 18.9, 18.10

**Imports**, 15.1 - 15.5, 15.7, 15.9

  area analysis, 15.9

  commodity groups, 15.3 - 15.5, 15.7

  unit value index, 15.2, 15.5

  value, 15.1

  volume index, 15.2, 15.4

Income support, 4.3

Industrial production, 1.4

  index, 7.1

Instrument engineering, 10.4 - 10.6

  producer price index, 18.9

Insurance, banking and finance,

  average earnings, 18.15

Inter-bank, 3 month rate, 17.6

Inventories, changes in, 1.9

Iron and steel, 10.1, 10.2

**Jobseeker's allowance**, 4.1, 4.3

**Knitted products**, 11.3

**Labour market** - see Employment

Labour disputes, 3.15

Lace, 11.4

Land use, 6.1

Law enforcement, 5.1, 5.2

Leather clothes, 11.4

Life assurance and superannuation funds,

  net inflow, 17.4

Livestock, 6.3

  price index, 18.11

Local authorities,

  net borrowing, 17.1

  net cash requirement, 17.3

Local bus services, 13.5, 13.6

London Regional Transport railways,

  passenger journeys, 13.7

**Man-made fibres**, 9.5

  producer price index, 18.9

Manpower, 3.2

Manufacturing business investment, 1.14,  
  1.15

Manufacturing wages and salaries per  
  unit of output, 7.3

Margarine, 6.9

Market prices of goods and services, 1.2

Marriages registered, 2.3

Meals bought and consumed outside the  
  home, retail price index, 18.3, 18.4

Mechanical engineering, 10.4 - 10.6  
  producer price index, 18.9

Merchant shipping, 13.10

Metal goods, 10.4

  employment, 3.3

  producer price index, 18.9

Milk, and milk products, 6.10  
  price index, 18.11

Mineral water & soft drinks, 11.5

Miscellaneous goods, 11.5  
  retail price indices, 18.3, 18.4

Monetary aggregates, 17.5

Motor vehicles, 10.7, 10.8  
  licences, current, 13.2

  new registrations, 13.1

  producer price index, 18.9  
  retail price index, 18.4

**Narrow fabrics**, 11.3

National accounts, 1.1 - 1.15

National insurance, 4.1

National Loans Fund,  
  receipts and payments, 17.2

National rail, 13.7, 13.8

National savings, 17.4

Natural gas, 8.5

Newspaper readership, 19.3

Nitrogen, 9.1

Nonferrous metals, 10.3

  producer price index, 18.9

Nylon- see Man-made fibres

**Oatmeal and flakes**, 6.5

Oats - see Cereals

Oil - see Petroleum

Oils and fats, 6.9

Oilseeds and nuts, 6.9

Ophthalmic services, 4.4

Ordinary shares,

  price index, 17.6

Output, costs per unit, 7.3

  per head, 7.2

  per hour, 7.3

Overseas travel, 19.2

**Paper and board**,

  producer price index, 18.9

Paper-making materials,

  employment, 3.3

Passenger journeys, 13.5, 13.7, 13.11,  
  13.12

Pensions,  
  pension credit, 4.3

  state, 4.1

Perfumes & toilet preparations, 9.4

Pesticides and other agro chemical  
  products, 9.3

Petroleum, 8.8, 8.9

Pharmaceutical products, 9.4

Phosphate, 9.1

Pig iron, 10.1

Pigs, 6.3, 6.4

  price index, 18.4

Population, 2.1, 2.2

Potash, 9.1

Potatoes, 6.1, 6.2, 6.7

Poultry, 6.3

Pound, purchasing power of, 18.7

Price index numbers,

  agricultural, 18.11

  export unit value, 15.5

  import unit value, 15.5

  output per head, 7.2

  producer, 18.9

  production industries, output, 7.1

  productivity, 7.3

  unit labour costs, 7.3

  retail, 18.3 - 18.5

Prices, securities, 17.6

Printing and publishing,

  employment, 3.3

Private sector,

  bank deposits, 17.4

  bank lending, 17.4

Producer price index, 18.9

Production,

  indices of labour costs, 7.3

  industrial index, 7.1

  output per head, 7.2

  output per hour, 7.3

Public administration,

  average earnings, 18.15

Public corporations,

  net borrowing, 17.1

  net cash requirement, 17.3

Public road passenger transport,

  journeys, 13.5

Public sector,

  net borrowing, 17.1

  net cash requirement, 17.3

Pumps, 11.6

**Railways** - see National Rail and

London

Transport

Rayon - see Man-made fibres

Retail price index, 18.3 - 18.5, 18.8

Retail sales, 14.1, 14.2  
 Road casualties, 13.4  
 Road traffic,  
   index of vehicle miles travelled, 13.3  
 Road transport, retail price index, 18.4  
 Road vehicles - see Motor vehicles  
 Roofing tiles (concrete), 12.3  
 Root crops, price index, 18.11  
 Rope, 11.2

**Sales**, total UK manufacturers' by industry,  
   9.3 - 9.5, 11.2 - 11.5  
 Sand and gravel, 12.3  
 Securities, British Government yield, 17.6  
 Seeds, price index, 18.11  
 Selected retail banks' base rate, 17.6  
 Service personnel, 3.5, 3.6  
 Services, retail price index, 18.3, 18.4  
 Sheep, 6.3, 6.4  
 Slate, 12.3  
 Soaps and other cleaning preparations,  
   9.4  
 Soft furnishings, 11.2  
 Spirits, 6.13  
 Steel, 10.1 - 10.2  
   producer price index, 18.9  
 Sterling exchange rate index, 17.6  
 Stocks, 1.9  
 Sugar, 6.7  
 Sulphur, for sulphuric acid, 9.2  
 Sulphuric acid, 9.2  
 Superannuation and life assurance funds,  
   net inflow, 17.4  
 Supplementary benefits, 4.3  
 Syrup and treacle, 6.7

**Taps & valves**, 11.5  
 Tax and price index, 18.8  
 Tea, 6.11  
 Television licences, 19.1  
 Temporarily stopped workers, 3.13  
 Textiles, 11.1 - 11.4  
   employment, 3.3  
   producer price index, 18.9  
 Tiles, roofing, 12.3  
 Tobacco, 1.8  
   products, 6.12  
   retail price index, 18.3, 18.4  
 Tourism, 19.4  
 Trade in goods,  
   exports, 15.1 - 15.6, 15.8  
   imports, 15.1 - 15.5, 15.7, 15.9  
 Transport and vehicles,  
   consumption expenditure, 1.8  
   retail price index, 18.3, 18.4  
 Treasury bills, average discount rate, 17.6

**UK airlines**, 13.9  
 Unemployment - see employment  
 Unemployment benefit, 4.1  
 Unit trusts, 17.4  
 US \$ spot rate, 17.6

**Vacancies, at Jobcentres**, 3.13  
 Varnishes, 9.5  
 Vegetable oils, 6.9  
 Vegetables, 6.2  
 Vehicles - see Motor vehicles  
 Veterinary service, price indices, 18.11  
 Vital statistics, 2.3, 2.4

**Wages** - see also Earnings  
   per unit of output, 7.3  
 Wearing apparel, 11.4  
 Weather, 20.1, 20.2  
 Wheat - see Cereals  
 Wines, 6.13  
 Wood,  
   employment, 3.3  
   producer price index, 18.9  
 Working population, 3.2

**Zinc**, 9.2

# **Annual Supplement**

# Contents

	Page		Page
<b>Definitions and explanatory notes</b>	<b>140</b>	Crimes and offences recorded by the police (Scotland)	150
<b>Introduction</b>	<b>140</b>	Offending while on bail (Scotland)	150
<b>1: National accounts</b>	<b>140</b>		
Gross domestic product and gross national income	140		
Index numbers of output at constant market prices	140		
Households' and non-profit institutions serving households' (NPISH) sector analysis - Distribution of income accounts	141		
Households' and non-profit institutions serving households' (NPISH) consumption expenditure at current and constant prices	141	Agriculture land	151
Change in inventories	141	Agricultural crops	151
Gross fixed capital formation	141	Horticultural crops	151
Business investment	141	Livestock	152
<b>2: Population and vital statistics</b>	<b>142</b>	Animals slaughtered and meat produced	152
Population	142	Cereals and cereal products	152
Births, marriages and deaths	142	Compound feedingstuffs	152
<b>3: Labour market</b>	<b>142</b>	Potatoes	152
Impact of Census 2001 on Labour Force Survey data	142	Sugar	153
Labour market activity	142	Glucose	153
Workforce jobs	143	Bacon and ham	153
Staff employed in the Civil Service	144	Meat stocks	153
Intake and outflow of UK Regular Armed Forces Personnel	144	Fish	153
UK Armed Forces full-time strengths	144	Oilseeds and nuts	153
Local authority staffing	144	Vegetable oil	153
Numbers of workers employed in agriculture	145	Marine oil	153
Unemployment	145	Milk and milk products	153
Claimant count	145	Hen eggs	154
Vacancies by industry	145	Chocolate and sugar confectionery	154
Labour disputes	145	Tea	154
<b>4: Social services</b>	<b>146</b>	Raw coffee	154
National Insurance and Child Benefit	146	Tobacco products	154
State Pensions	147	Alcoholic drinks	154
Child and Working Tax Credit	148		
Income Support	148	<b>7: Production, output and costs</b>	
Pension Credit	148	Output of the production industries	155
Family health services	148	Output per filled job	156
Sights tests provided and vouchers issued for spectacles in Scotland	150	Productivity and unit labour costs	156
<b>5: Law enforcement</b>	<b>150</b>		
Recorded crime (England and Wales)	150	<b>8: Energy</b>	
		Inland energy consumption: primary fuel input basis	156
		Supply and use of fuels	157
		Coal: supply	157
		Coal: imports and exports	158
		Coal: inland consumption	158
		Natural gas production and supply	158
		Electricity: supply industry	158
		Sales of gas and electricity: public supply	159

	Page		Page
Petroleum	<b>159</b>	Definition of areas	<b>167</b>
<b>9: Chemicals</b>		Figures excluding oil and the more erratic items	<b>167</b>
Fertilisers	<b>160</b>	Further information	<b>167</b>
Sulphur and sulphuric acid	<b>160</b>	<b>16: UK Balance of payments</b>	
UK manufacturers' sales by industry	<b>161</b>	Balance of payments	<b>168</b>
<b>10: Metals, engineering and vehicles</b>		Summary of balance of payments	<b>168</b>
Iron and steel	<b>161</b>	Current account	<b>168</b>
Crude steel	<b>161</b>	Financial account	<b>168</b>
Alloy steel	<b>161</b>	<b>17: Government finance</b>	
Total engineering	<b>161</b>	Public sector finances	<b>168</b>
Mechanical, instrument and electrical engineering	<b>161</b>	Central government transactions and fiscal balances	<b>168</b>
Motor vehicles	<b>161</b>	Public sector aggregates	<b>169</b>
Passenger cars	<b>162</b>	Selected financial statistics	<b>169</b>
Commercial vehicles	<b>162</b>	Money stock and liquidity	<b>169</b>
<b>11: Textiles and other manufactures</b>		<b>18: Prices and wages</b>	
Indices of production in the textile and clothing industries	<b>162</b>	Consumer Prices Index (CPI)	<b>170</b>
UK manufacturers' sales by industry	<b>162</b>	Retail Prices Index (RPI)	<b>170</b>
<b>12: Construction</b>		Harmonised indices of consumer prices (HICP)	<b>170</b>
Value and volume of construction work and new orders obtained	<b>162</b>	Purchasing power of the pound	<b>171</b>
Building materials and components	<b>162</b>	Tax and price index (TPI)	<b>171</b>
Housing	<b>163</b>	Index numbers of producer prices	<b>171</b>
<b>13: Transport</b>		Construction output price index	<b>171</b>
Road vehicles in Great Britain	<b>163</b>	Monthly house price index of all dwellings, by region	<b>172</b>
Road traffic and goods transport in Great Britain	<b>164</b>	Indices of producer prices of agricultural products and of purchase prices of the means of agricultural production	<b>172</b>
Road casualties in Great Britain	<b>164</b>	Average weekly earnings and hours worked in manufacturing and certain other industries	<b>172</b>
Road passenger transport	<b>164</b>	Index of average earnings of all employees (AEI)	<b>173</b>
Passenger journeys	<b>164</b>	<b>19: Leisure</b>	
Passenger traffic	<b>164</b>	Television Licences	<b>173</b>
Freight traffic	<b>165</b>	UK cinema statistics	<b>173</b>
Civil aviation	<b>165</b>	Earnings and expenditure on overseas travel and tourism	<b>173</b>
Shipping	<b>165</b>	<b>20: Weather</b>	
UK passenger movement	<b>166</b>	District summary	<b>174</b>
<b>14: Retailing</b>		UK annual summary	<b>174</b>
Retail sales	<b>166</b>	<b>Sources</b>	<b>175</b>
<b>15: External trade in goods</b>			
Balance of payments data	<b>167</b>		
Commodity classification	<b>167</b>		
Price and volume indices	<b>167</b>		

# Definitions and explanatory notes

## Introduction

This supplement gives definitions of items and units employed in the Monthly Digest of Statistics in more detail than is possible in the headings and footnotes of the tables in the publication itself.

This issue replaces the Annual Supplement published in the January 2007 edition of the Monthly Digest of Statistics, No. 733. If further new data are added or changes are made in the content before the next edition of this supplement, the new data will be described in the Introduction and additional definitions will be given, where necessary, in the footnotes to the tables.

## 1. NATIONAL ACCOUNTS

The tables which follow are based on those in the *Blue Book 2007 Edition* and quarterly *Business Investment First Release*. Some of the figures are provisional and may have to be revised later; this applies particularly to the figures for 2006 onwards. Quarterly updates to National Accounts data are available within the *United Kingdom Economic Accounts* publication.

The accounts are based on the European System of Accounts 1995 (ESA95). The *Blue Book* contains an introduction to the system of the UK accounts outlining some of the main concepts and principles of measurement used. It explains how key economic indicators are derived from the sequence of accounts and how the figures describing the whole economy are broken down by sector and by industry. A detailed description of the structure for the accounts is provided in a separate ONS publication *United Kingdom National Accounts: Concepts, Sources and Methods* (TSO 1998). Further information on the financial accounts is given in the *Financial Statistics Explanatory Handbook*.

In the tables in this chapter on national income, analyses by industry are based, as far as possible, on the Standard Industrial Classification (Revised) 1992. The first aggregate measured in these tables is **Gross domestic product** (GDP) which measures the total economic activity taking place in UK territory. It can be viewed as incomes earned, as expenditures incurred, or as production. Adding all primary incomes received from the rest of the world and deducting all primary incomes payable to non-residents produces **Gross national income** (previously known as gross national product) representing the value of all incomes earned by UK residents.

ESA95, the standard European accounting framework, provides a systematic and detailed description of the UK economy. It includes the sector accounts which provide, by institutional sector, a description of the different stages of

the economic process from production through to income generation, distribution and use of income to capital accumulation and financing; and the input output framework, which describes the production process in greater detail. It contains all the elements required to compile such aggregate measures as GDP, gross national income (GNI) and saving.

Each table has a section giving seasonally adjusted estimates to assist in the interpretation of the unadjusted estimates.

### Gross domestic product and gross national income (Tables 1.1 - 1.3)

Table 1.1 shows the main national accounts aggregates, at current prices and chained volume measures where the reference year 2003=100.

Table 1.2, the expenditure approach to GDP at current prices and chained volume measures at 2003 prices shows consumption expenditure by households and government, gross capital formation and expenditure on UK exports by overseas purchasers. The sum of these items overstates the amount of income generated in the United Kingdom by the value of imports of goods and services; this item is therefore subtracted to produce gross domestic product at market prices.

When looking at the change in the economy over time, the main concern is usually whether more goods and services are actually being produced now than at some time in the past. Over time, changes in current price GDP show changes in the monetary value of the components of GDP and, as these changes in value can reflect changes in both price and volume, it is difficult to establish how much of an increase in the series is due either to increased activity in the economy or to an increase in the price level. As a result when looking at the real growth in the economy over time, it is useful to look at volume (or constant price) estimates of GDP. In constant price series, for all years the transactions are re-valued to a constant price level using the average prices of a selected year, known as the base year. National Accounts currently presents chained volume measures based to 2003.

Table 1.3, the income approach to GDP shows gross operating surplus, mixed income and compensation of employees (previously known as income from employment). Taxes are added and subsidies are deducted to produce the total of the income-based components at market prices.

### Index numbers of output at constant market prices (Table 1.4)

Indices of the output of individual industries and services, valued at the prices of a base year, are combined using

weights proportional to the contribution of each industry to gross domestic product in that year in order to derive an output-based assessment of GDP.

The estimates in Table 1.4 are produced only on a quarterly, seasonally adjusted basis, except for production industries which are available monthly, unadjusted and seasonally adjusted and the distributive industries, which are available monthly, seasonally adjusted only. More detailed annual information is published once a year in Table 2.4 of the *ONS Blue Book - United Kingdom National Accounts*.

The 2003 based estimates of output in Tables 1.4, 7.1 and 7.2 are classified using industrial groups from the *Standard Industrial Classification, revised 1992*.

Additional chained volume measures 2003=100 output indices are available on the ONS Databank. Telephone 020 7533 5673 for details.

#### **Households' and non-profit institutions serving households' (NPISH) sector analysis - Distribution of income accounts (Tables 1.5 - 1.7)**

The national accounts accounting framework includes the sector accounts which provide, by institutional sector, a description of the different stages of the economic process from production through income generation, distribution and use of income to capital accumulation and financing. Tables 1.5 - 1.6 show the allocation of primary income account and the secondary distribution of income account for the households sector. Additionally, Table 1.7 shows the use of income account for the households sector.

The secondary distribution of income account describes how the balance of income is allocated by redistribution; through transfers such as taxes on income, social contributions and benefits and other current transfers. The balancing item of this account is gross disposable income (B.6g). Gross disposable income at constant prices is shown as real households' disposable income.

Table 1.7 shows, for the households sector, the use of disposable income where the balancing item is saving (B.8g).

#### **Households' and non-profit institutions serving households' (NPISH) consumption expenditure at current and constant prices (Table 1.8)**

Households' and NPISHs' consumption expenditure is a major component of the expenditure measure of gross domestic product at current and constant prices (*Table 1.2*).

Households' final consumption expenditure includes the value of income-in-kind and imputed rent of owner-occupied dwellings but excludes business expenditure allowed as deductions in computing income for tax purposes. It includes expenditure on durable goods, for instance motor cars, which from the point of view of the individual might more appropriately be treated as capital expenditure. The only exceptions are the purchase of land and dwellings and costs incurred in connection with the transfer of their ownership and expenditure on major improvements by occupiers, which are treated as personal capital expenditure.

The estimates of households' consumption expenditure include purchases of second-hand as well as new goods, less the proceeds of sales of used goods.

The most detailed figures are published quarterly in *Consumer Trends*.

#### **Change in inventories (Table 1.9)**

This table gives an analysis of the values of entries into inventories (stocks) less the value of withdrawals and the value of any recurrent losses of goods held in inventories. The analysis is presented by industry with an additional asset breakdown for the manufacturing industries.

#### **Gross fixed capital formation (Table 1.10)**

Gross fixed capital formation comprises expenditure on the replacement of, and additions to, fixed capital assets located in the United Kingdom, presented as a breakdown by sector and by asset.

#### **Business Investment (Tables 1.11 - 1.15)**

The Business Investment figures are principally based on the results of the Quarterly Capital Expenditure inquiry, but also include data from HM Revenue and Customs and other government departments.

The quarterly inquiry provides estimates for the private sector (both manufacturing and non-manufacturing) component of business investment, based on information supplied to the ONS by a sample of companies. The figures for the latest complete year and succeeding quarters are based on the quarterly inquiry, but can be revised when results from the annual surveys and GDP input-output balancing process become available. Annual surveys, such as the Annual Business Inquiry, have more comprehensive coverage by industry and are used to benchmark the quarterly survey data.

The series published are net capital expenditure figures representing capital acquisitions less receipts from sales of vehicles and other capital equipment together with

## Definitions and explanatory notes

expenditure on leased assets and new building work. Spending on land and existing buildings is excluded.

The private sector estimates exclude expenditure on dwellings.

The quarterly figures at current prices are revalued in chained volume terms and are also presented as seasonally adjusted series.

## 2. POPULATION AND VITAL STATISTICS

### Population

Population Estimates for mid-2006 and revised estimates for mid-2002 to mid-2005 for the United Kingdom and England and Wales – released 22 August 2007. More information on population estimates can be found on the ONS website at: <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/statbase/product.asp?vlnk=601>

The revised 2002-2005 mid year-population estimates have been updated to include the latest revised estimates that take into account improved international migration estimates. For further details on the revisions see [www.statistics.gov.uk/imps](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/imps) under "updates".

### Definition of resident population

The estimated resident population of an area includes all people who usually live there, whatever their nationality. People arriving into an area from outside the UK are only included in the population estimates if their total stay in the UK is 12 months or more. Visitors and short-term migrants (those who enter the UK for 3 to 12 months for certain purposes) are not included. Similarly, people who leave the UK are only excluded from the population estimates if they remain outside the UK for 12 months or more. This is consistent with the United Nations recommended definition of an international long-term migrant. Members of UK and non-UK armed forces stationed in the UK are included in the population and UK forces stationed outside the UK are excluded. Students are taken to be resident at their term-time addresses.

The population estimates are updated annually. The current series are based on the 2001 Census.

Figures for the United Kingdom do not include the population of the Channel Islands or the Isle of Man.

### Births, marriages and deaths (Tables 2.3 - 2.4)

Live births for England and Wales relate to numbers occurring in a period; for Scotland and Northern Ireland, figures relate to those registered in a period. Marriages are those solemnised in England and Wales during the calendar years shown.

By law, births must be registered within 42 days in England and Wales, within 21 days in Scotland, and within 42 days in Northern Ireland. In England and Wales, where a birth is registered later than the legal time period, and too late to be included in the count for the year of occurrence, it will be included in the count for the following year.

Birth figures for England and Wales separately, exclude events for persons usually resident outside England and Wales (225 in 2006). These events are, however, included in totals for England and Wales combined, and for the United Kingdom. From 1981 births to non-resident mothers in Northern Ireland are excluded from the figures for Northern Ireland, and the United Kingdom.

Total and infant deaths figures are all those registered in the United Kingdom in each specified period.

Stillbirths are excluded throughout.

## 3. LABOUR MARKET

### The impact of Census 2001 on Labour Force Survey data (Tables 3.1, 3.9 and 3.12)

The first results of the 2001 Census, published on 30 September 2002, showed that previous estimates of the total UK population were around a million too high. This was mainly due to the overestimation of the net flow of international migrants into the United Kingdom. Estimates of employment and unemployment levels from the LFS released before 30 October 2002 are therefore too high, with rates also affected. This led to the Labour Force Survey (LFS) reweighting their estimates to the new population figures.

In September 2005, ONS published revised LFS time series which were a result of mid-year population estimates for 2004, and the seasonal adjustment review findings in 2005. For more information, see the article in Labour Market Trends, November 2005: [www.statistics.gov.uk/CCI/article.asp?ID=1237&Pos=1&ColRank=160](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/CCI/article.asp?ID=1237&Pos=1&ColRank=160).

In August 2006, ONS published the mid-year population estimates for 2005. These estimates have now been incorporated into the LFS estimates from Autumn 2004. Further details can be found at: [www.statistics.gov.uk/cci/article.asp?id=1647](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cci/article.asp?id=1647)

### Labour market activity (Table 3.1)

**Employment** – people aged 16 or over who did some paid work in the reference week of the survey whether as an employee or self-employed; those who had a job that they were temporarily away from (on holiday, for example); those on government-supported training and employment

programmes; and those doing unpaid family work.

**Employees** – the division between employees and self-employed is based on survey respondents own assessment of their employment status.

**Self-employed** – see employees.

**Unpaid family workers** – the separate identification of this group in the LFS is in accordance with international recommendations. The group comprises persons doing unpaid work for a business they own or for a business that a relative owns.

#### **Government-supported training and employment programmes**

**programmes** – comprise all people aged 16 and over, participating in one of the Government's employment and training programmes administered by Learning and Skills Council (LSCs) in England, Education and Learning Wales (ELWAs) in Wales and Enterprise Companies (LECs) in Scotland.

**Unemployment** – the International Labour Organisation (ILO) measure of unemployment used refers to people without a job who were available to start work in the two weeks following their LFS interview and who had either looked for work in the four weeks prior to interview or were waiting to start a job they had already obtained. This definition of unemployment is in accordance with that adopted by the 13<sup>th</sup> International Conference of Labour Statisticians (ICLS) further clarified at the 14<sup>th</sup> ICLS, and promulgated by the ILO in its publications.

**Economically active** – people aged 16 and over who are either in employment or unemployed.

**Economically inactive** – people who are neither in employment nor unemployed on the ILO measure. This group includes, for example, all those who are looking after a home or who are retired. Although no estimates appear in this supplement, for other LFS analyses this group would also include all people aged under 16.

#### **Workforce jobs (Tables 3.2-3.3)**

The Workforce jobs (WFJ) series provides estimates for the number of jobs in the UK economy and is the source recommended by the Office for National Statistics for both the number of jobs and the industrial composition of jobs.

WFJ is the sum of employee jobs, self-employment jobs, HM forces and government supported trainees. Total workforce jobs are available by gender and broad industry. Civilian workforce jobs are available by geographical region, gender and broad industry.

The Workforce jobs series is compiled from several sources, including both household and business surveys and administrative sources. Employee jobs is by far the largest component as it is mainly derived from business surveys. Self-employment figures are provided by the Labour Force Survey, as are employee jobs estimates for the construction and agriculture industries. Statistics on government-supported trainees and HM Forces come from administrative sources.

Statistics are available annually from 1959, quarterly from June 1978, and for the production industries monthly from September 1984. They are available from 1978 classified by Standard Industrial Classification. Results are currently available 11 weeks after the reference period. They are published in the Labour Market Statistics First Release. Further information from the series is published on the National Statistics website on NOMIS, in Labour Market Trends, and in the Labour Market Statistics Regional First Releases. Labour Market Trends has been replaced from January 2007 by a journal called the Economic & Labour Market Review (ELMR) available online and in print.

The Workforce Jobs series is designed to be comparable over its whole duration, and this, together with the accuracy of its industrial information, is its major strength. However, the series cannot provide detailed industrial breakdowns, which are best sourced from the Annual Business Inquiry (ABI). Additionally, there is no information available for geographies smaller than Government Office Regions (GORs).

**Employee jobs** – A measure of the number of jobs of employee status mainly collected from short term employment surveys. Figures on a Standard Industrial Classification basis are available from June 1978.

**Short-Term Employment Surveys (STES)** – STES has been run by the Office for National Statistics since June 1996, following on from the short period employment surveys conducted by the statistics division of the Department of Employment.

Data is collected on the number of private sector employees from a sample of approximately 9,000 businesses in production industries each month and 30,000 businesses in the service and distribution industries each quarter.

The short-term series are benchmarked annually to the latest ABI estimates.

**Annual Business Inquiry (ABI)** – The ABI samples approximately 78,000 businesses each year. The ABI replaced the Annual Employment Survey (AES) as the source of information on employee jobs from the survey year 1999. The AES (survey date in September) and ABI (survey date in December up to 2005 and moving back to September in

## Definitions and explanatory notes

2006) provides local area data down to ward level for Great Britain and the United Kingdom.

Both the ABI and STES are sampled from the Inter-Departmental Business Register (IDBR). The IDBR holds details of all businesses that run a PAYE tax system or register for VAT.

**Public Sector Employment (PSE)** - The Office for National Statistics (ONS) produces estimates of Public Sector Employment which are compiled from a multiplicity of administrative and survey information via the Quarterly Public Sector Employment Survey (QPSES). From the summer of 2005 UK Public Sector Employment Statistics have been published quarterly on the National Statistics website with breakdowns by sector (central government, local government, public corporations) and by industry (health, education, police etc.).

In December 2005 the definitive PSE series were integrated into Workforce Jobs within the Standard Industrial Classifications (SIC) sections L, M and N; public administration and defence, education and health and social work. The rest of the PSE has been taken on in part where possible i.e. within division 64 (post and telecommunications) and division 92 (recreation, cultural and sporting activities). The PSE series are not benchmarked to the ABI.

**Self-employment jobs** – The Self-Employed, and the Construction and Agriculture Employee jobs series that feed into WFJ are supplied quarterly by the Labour Force Survey (LFS).

**Labour Force Survey (LFS)** – The LFS is a survey of households, it uses definitions from the International Labour Organisation (ILO). In any three month period a sample of approximately 135,000 people aged 16 and over in around 57,000 households are interviewed. The Construction series within WFJ is benchmarked using the Annual Business Inquiry; the Agriculture series is not benchmarked.

**HM Forces** – Represent the total number of UK service personnel, male and female, in HM Forces, wherever serving and including those on release leave. Administrative sources are supplied by the MOD. HM Forces fall under section L within workforce jobs but are not counted as employee jobs.

**Government supported trainees** - This category includes all participants on government training and employment programmes who are receiving some work experience on their placement but who do not have a contract of employment (those with a contract are included in the employee jobs series). Administrative sources are supplied by the DfES, DWP, the National Assembly for Wales and the Scottish Executive.

**Northern Ireland** – Civilian jobs are provided by DETINI.

### Staff employed in the Civil Service (Table 3.4)

The table sets out Civil Service employment by government department on a full-time equivalent (FTE) basis. The estimates count all home Civil Service employees but exclude the Northern Ireland Civil Service, the Diplomatic Service and other Crown servants.

FTE estimates are based on converting part-time employees' hours into a full-time employees' equivalent and provide a better indicator of total labour input rather than a simple headcount.

Headcount statistics are available on the same basis from the regular quarterly Public Sector Employment First Release published on the National Statistics website.

### Intake and outflow of UK Regular Armed Forces Personnel (Table 3.5)

Table 3.5 shows intake to, and outflow from the UK Regular Armed Forces. This excludes all Gurkhas, the Home Service Battalions of the Royal Irish Regiment FTRS and Mobilised Reservists. Intake comprises all people joining the UK regular the armed forces. Outflow comprises all those leaving the UK regular forces, and includes amongst other things those leaving before finishing training, voluntary release and retirement at the end of a contract. Some personnel who leave have a liability to service in the reserve forces.

### UK Armed Forces Full-time Strengths (Table 3.6)

Table 3.6 shows the full-time strength of the UK armed forces and the number of untrained personnel. The figures comprise UK regular forces (including nursing services), Gurkhas and full-time Reserve Service (FTRS) personnel. FTRS personnel are reserves who have been called into full-time service for a limited period. No other reserves are included in this table. Figures exclude Home Service Battalions of the Royal Irish Regiment and Mobilised Reservists.

### Local authority staffing (Table 3.7)

Local authorities' employment figures for England and Wales are compiled using data supplied by the quarterly local authority survey conducted by ONS. Police service data for England and Wales are obtained from the Home Office. The source for Scotland is the Joint Staffing Watch survey by the Scottish Executive and COSLA (Convention of Scottish Local Authorities).

## Numbers of workers employed in agriculture (Table 3.8)

The table shows the number of persons doing agricultural work on agricultural holdings on the day of the June Survey (this includes drainage, hedging and ditching, maintenance and repair work and the marketing of produce grown), together with supervisory and office staff, seasonal or casual workers, family and hired, who are not regular workers but are working on the holding on the survey date and those supplied temporarily by agricultural contractors or gangmasters. Estimates for workers on minor holdings are included. The figures exclude gardeners, groundsmen, gamekeepers, grooms or similar estate workers, domestic staff employed in the farmhouse, schoolchildren or young workers engaged as trainees under an official scheme and not paid Agricultural Wages Board rates or more.

## Unemployment (Tables 3.9 and 3.12)

**Unemployed** – the International Labour Organisation (ILO) measure of unemployment used refers to people without a job who were available to start work in the two weeks following their LFS interview and who had either looked for work in the four weeks prior to interview or were waiting to start a job they had already obtained. This definition of unemployment is in accordance with the 13th International Conference of Labour Statisticians, further clarified at the 14th ICLS, and promulgated by the ILO in its publications.

## Claimant count (Tables 3.10, 3.11 and 3.12)

The figures published for the United Kingdom, Great Britain and Government Office Regions, relate to people claiming benefit (that is Jobseekers Allowance and National Insurance credits) at Jobcentre Plus Offices on the day of the monthly count, who on that day were signed on as unemployed and satisfied the conditions for claiming benefit. Students claiming benefit during a vacation, but intend to return to full-time education, and temporarily stopped workers are excluded.

The seasonally adjusted series of claimant count figures is adjusted to allow for discontinuities in coverage. In effect, the series takes the current coverage and estimates the position as if that coverage had been in force since 1971. The seasonally adjusted claimant count figures relate only to claimants aged 18 and over, in order to maintain a consistent series. (See the November 1995 issue of Labour Market Trends. For more detail see the December 1996 issue of the Employment Gazette, now Labour Market Trends).

## Vacancies by industry (Table 3.13)

The vacancy figures shown in Table 3.13 are derived from the ONS Vacancy Survey. The Vacancy Survey measures the total stock of job vacancies across the UK economy. For

more details about the Vacancy Survey see the June 2003 and December 2004 issues of Labour Market Trends (now Economic and Labour Market Review) or visit the National Statistics website at <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/STATBASE/Product.asp?vlnk=9390>

## Labour disputes (Table 3.14)

### Definition of disputes

The statistics cover stoppages of work in the United Kingdom caused by labour disputes between employers and workers, or between workers and other workers, connected with terms and conditions of employment.

Disputes which do not result in a stoppage of work, for example, work to rules and go slows, are not included in the statistics, as their effects are not quantifiable to any degree of certainty.

Stoppages involving fewer than 10 workers or lasting less than one day are excluded from the statistics unless the total number of working days lost in a dispute is 100 or more.

Stoppages over issues not directly linked to terms and conditions are excluded from the statistics though in most years this is not significant. For example, in 1986 one stoppage (a protest in the coal industry against the visit of an MP) was judged to be political and excluded from the figures. The total working days lost amounted to less than 1,000. The next known example was in 1991. This involved a boycott by self-employed market traders prompted by increased rent and changes to the market rules. The traders kept their stalls closed for about 20 weeks.

The statistics include 'lock-outs' (that is, where the employer prevents his employees from working by refusing entry to the place of work) and 'unlawful', i.e. unlawfully organised strikes. However, no distinction is made between a 'strike' and 'lock-out' or between 'lawful' and 'unlawful' stoppages, principally because of the practical difficulty in determining the category into which a particular stoppage falls. It was for a similar reason that the 'official/unofficial' distinction was no longer made after 1981.

### Working days lost

In measuring the number of working days lost, account is taken only of the time lost in the basic working week. Overtime work is not included, and neither is weekend working where it is not a regular practice. Where an establishment is open every day and operates two or more shifts, the statistics will record the number of working days lost for each shift. In recording the number of days lost, allowance is made for public and known annual holidays,

## Definitions and explanatory notes

for example, factory fortnights, occurring within the strike's duration. Allowance is not normally made for absence from work for such reasons as sickness and unauthorised leave, unless this information is readily available.

Where strikes last less than the basic working day, the hours lost are converted to full day equivalents, as are days lost by part-time workers. The number of working days lost in a stoppage reflects the actual number of workers involved at each point in the stoppage. This is, in general, less than the total obtained by multiplying the duration of the stoppage by the total number of workers involved at any time during the stoppage because some workers would not have been involved throughout.

In disputes where an employer dismisses his employees and subsequently reinstates them, the working days lost figure includes days lost by workers during the period of dismissal. For disputes where an employer dismisses his employees and replaces them with another workforce, the statistics cannot assume that working days being lost by the sacked workers *continue indefinitely*. In such cases the statistics measure the number of days lost in terms of the size of the replacement workforce; for example, where an employer initially recruits 100 workers and wishes to build up to a total of 300, the number of working days lost on day one will be recorded as 200 and will then be progressively reduced on subsequent days, eventually to zero when the new workforce reaches the target of 300.

### Number of stoppages

There are difficulties in ensuring complete recording of stoppages, in particular for short disputes lasting only a day or so or involving only a few workers. Because of this recording difficulty and the cut off applied in the recording process, the number of working days lost is considered to be a better indicator of the impact of labour disputes than the number of recorded stoppages.

### Workers involved

The figures for workers involved relate to persons both directly and indirectly involved at the establishments where the disputes occurred. Workers indirectly involved cover those who are not themselves parties to the dispute but are unable to work as a result of the dispute; workers at other sites who are indirectly affected because, for example, of a shortage of materials, or temporary lack of demand are excluded entirely. This is partly because of the difficulty in deciding to what extent a particular firm's production problems are due to the effects of a strike elsewhere or some other cause. Workers involved in more than one stoppage during a year will be included in the statistics for each stoppage in which they take part. Part-time workers are counted as whole units.

The statistics try to record the numbers of all workers involved at any time in the stoppage. For example, if, in a three-day strike, there were 200 workers involved on day one, 300 workers on day two of whom 100 were involved for the first time, and 200 on day three of whom 50 were involved for the first time, then the number of workers involved in the dispute is 350, the sum of all those involved on the first day, and those joining for the first time on subsequent days. However, the number of workers taking strike action for the first time during a dispute cannot always be easily ascertained and in such cases the statistics record the highest number involved at any one time (300 in the above example). Taking another example, where there are 200 workers recorded as being involved in the stoppage on each of days one, two and three it may be necessary to assume that a total of 200 workers were involved although, it is possible, but unlikely, that as many as 600 workers could have been involved. For this reason, the number of workers involved in a dispute may be under-recorded. However, the estimate of the number of working days lost will, of course, be unaffected by this consideration.

A more detailed analysis of stoppages caused by labour disputes in 2002 can be seen on pages 285 - 298 in the June 2003 issue of Labour Market Trends.

## 4. SOCIAL SERVICES

### National Insurance and Child Benefit (Tables 4.1 and 4.3)

### Unemployment Benefit/Jobseeker's Allowance (Table 4.1 and 4.3)

Jobseeker's Allowance (JSA) replaced Unemployment Benefit and Income Support for unemployed people on 7 October 1996. To be entitled to Jobseeker's Allowance, a person must: be available for work, be capable of working or be actively seeking work and enter into a Jobseeker's Agreement. Men should be aged under 65 and women under 60. You normally cannot claim Jobseekers Allowance if you are aged under 18. You also must be not currently working or if you are, be working an average of less than 16 hours a week.

Awards of JSA are either contribution-based or income-based. Those who have paid sufficient National Insurance contributions get contribution-based JSA, at a personal rate for six months. Those who do not qualify for, or whose needs are not met by contribution-based JSA may qualify for income-based JSA for themselves and their dependants according to need and their personal savings. Since April 2003, allowances for child dependants of income-based JSA claimants have increasingly been paid through the Child Tax Credit. The income-based element is paid as long as needed, provided

that the qualifying conditions continue to be met.

### **Sickness, Invalidity and Incapacity Benefit**

These benefits are payable to claimants who are incapable of work through illness or injury.

Since 6 April 1983, most people who are employed and paying National Insurance contributions receive Statutory Sick Pay (SSP) from their employer when off work sick.

SSP is payable for a maximum of 28 weeks. Those excluded from the SSP scheme, e.g. the self employed, unemployed, employees with short term contracts or those whose SSP has terminated but are still sick, may claim Incapacity Benefit (IB).

Incapacity Benefit replaced Sickness Benefit (SB) and Invalidity Benefit (IVB) from 13 April 1995. It is paid to people who are assessed as being incapable of work and have satisfied the contribution conditions. Neither SSP nor IB is payable for the first three days of any period of sickness. Those who do not satisfy the contribution conditions can still go on to receive National Insurance credits only.

To receive SB or IVB a person must have satisfied the same contribution conditions as for IB, but in addition to this, those who were incapable because of an industrial accident or prescribed disease had their contribution conditions deemed as satisfied.

Sickness Benefit was payable for the first 28 weeks of incapacity to those who satisfied the contribution conditions, but were excluded from Statutory Sick Pay (SSP). Invalidity Benefit was payable after 28 weeks SB or SSP.

Incapacity Benefit is paid at three rates: IB Short Term (Low) (IBST(L)) paid for the first 28 weeks of incapacity; IB Short Term (High) (IBST(H)) paid for the following 24 weeks; and IB Long Term (IBLT) paid after one year. People with a terminal illness or who are receiving the higher rate care component of Disability Living Allowance receive IBLT rate from week 29. For people over state pension age, the short-term rate of IB based on Retirement Pension entitlement, is paid for up to a year. The long-term rate is not paid for people over pension age.

The number of first doctors' statements measures the number of 'new claims' and self-certificates received at local DWP offices. Cases where a certificate is received but benefit is not payable are included in the statistics as they indicate incapacity for work.

A person who is long-term sick and does not satisfy the contribution conditions for IB, may be entitled to Severe Disablement Allowance (SDA). Claims to SDA are not counted in the figures for IB.

SDA is not available to new claimants from 6 April 2001. From this point, disabled people, whose period of incapacity begins before the age of 20 (or 25 if in education or training before the age of 20), may be able to receive Incapacity Benefit without having to satisfy the National Insurance contribution conditions. SDA recipients aged below 20 at the cut-off point transferred to IB at the long-term rate from April 2002. Existing recipients can continue to receive the benefit for as long as they satisfy the conditions of entitlement for the benefit.

### **State Pensions (Table 4.1)**

**State Pensions**, as the name implies, are payable on making a claim provided the state pension age (65 for men, 60 for women) has been reached and the necessary contribution conditions are satisfied.

A married woman, who does not qualify, or only partially qualified, for a pension in her own right, can receive a pension through her husband's insurance provided that the age conditions are satisfied by both and both make a claim for their pension.

### **Widows' pensions**

This is only paid to widows already claiming as of 9<sup>th</sup> April 2001 and these are payable, only subject to certain conditions, from the date of widowhood. A widow's pension can continue unless the widow remarries, cohabits or until she reaches the age of 65 when it is replaced by a State Pension. However, between age 60 and 65 a widow may choose to receive either her widow's pension or State Pension. A widowed mother's allowance continues generally speaking so long as a widow has at least one qualifying child of school age.

### **Widowed Mothers' Allowances**

Widowed Parent's Allowance – replaced Widowed Mothers Allowance and includes a basic allowance, an allowance for each dependant and an addition to the State Pension. Widowed Parent's Allowance is a weekly payment made to a widow, widower or surviving civil partner with dependent children. Your husband, wife or civil partner must usually have died on or after 9<sup>th</sup> April 2001. However, if you are a man and your wife died before this date, you were under 65 when she died and you did not re-marry before 9<sup>th</sup> April 2001, you can also claim Widowed Parent's Allowance.

### **Bereavement Benefit**

Bereavement Benefit was introduced on the 9<sup>th</sup> April 2001. It is payable to both men and women. You are entitled to a Bereavement Payment if your husband, wife, or civil partner who has died paid enough national insurance contributions. If

## Definitions and explanatory notes

they died as the result of an industrial accident or an industrial disease, it does not matter whether they paid enough contributions or not. To get Bereavement Payment you must have been below state pension age when your husband, wife or civil partner died, or – if you were over pension age – they must not have been entitled to state retirement pension, based on their own national insurance contributions, when they died. Pension age is 60 for a woman and 65 for a man. You must have been married to your husband or wife, or in a registered civil partnership with your partner when they died.

### Child and Working Tax Credit (Table 4.2)

Child and Working Tax Credits have replaced Working Families' Tax Credit.

Child Tax Credit provides support to families for children (up to 31 August after their 16<sup>th</sup> birthdays) and the "qualifying" young people (those in full-time non advanced education until their 20<sup>th</sup> birthdays) for which they are responsible.

Working Tax Credit tops up earnings of families on low or moderate incomes. People working for at least 16 hours a week can claim if they are responsible for at least one child, have an illness or disability which puts them at a disadvantage in getting a job, in the first year having returned to work aged at least 50 after a period of at least six months receiving out-of-work-benefits. Other adults also qualify if, for example, they are aged at least 25 and work for at least 30 hours a week.

A family is defined as being in work at the reference date if one of the adults, or a single adult, works for at least 16 hours per week. Figures for out of work families are not included in the table.

The figures in the table are estimates based on data for a random sample of 10% of individuals with awards at the reference date, extracted from the computer system on that date. The reference date will be as near as possible to the first Monday in April and December.

The final annual awards will generally not be known until after the end of the year when all the circumstances for the year are finally established. This table covers families with positive awards at the reference date. Families eligible for, and having claimed Child Tax Credits or Working Tax Credits but whose awards are tapered to zero are not included.

### Income Support (Table 4.3)

Income Support is an income related benefit for people aged from 16 years up to age 60 that are on a low income.

Income Support for claimants aged 60 or over was replaced by Pension Credit in October 2003.

Conditions for entitlement are set out in the Income Support Regulations. However, in general Income Support may be paid to a person in Great Britain, aged 18 or over (or in prescribed circumstances aged 16 or 17), who has left school and whose entitlement is below their applicable amount, as specified by Income Support Regulations. Income Support is not payable where the claimant, or their partner, works for 16 hours or more a week (with certain exceptions). Savings over £16,000 usually mean you cannot get income support.

Since April 2003, allowances for child dependants of Income Support claimants have increasingly been paid through the Child Tax Credit.

### Pension Credit (Table 4.3)

Pension Credit is a non-contributory, income related benefit which was introduced in October 2003 and replaced the Minimum Income Guarantee. It was designed to lift the poorest pensioners out of poverty by providing a contribution to a minimum guaranteed income for those aged 60 and over living in Great Britain and to reward those aged 65 and over who have made modest provision for their retirement.

Guarantee Credit replaced the Minimum Income Guarantee (MIG) on 6 October 2003. It provides, or contributes to, a guaranteed level of income. People aged 65 or over may be entitled to receive Savings Credit, this rewards pensioners who have modest income from savings, investments or a second pension.

### Family health services (Table 4.4)

#### Pharmaceutical services

**England and Wales.** The data up to 1990 are based on fees and include prescriptions dispensed by community pharmacists and appliance contractors only. Figures from 1991 onwards are based on items and cover all prescriptions dispensed by community pharmacists, appliance contractors, dispensing doctors and prescriptions submitted by doctors for items personally administered.

**England.** The prescription information was obtained from the Prescription Cost Analysis (PCA) system and is based on a full analysis of all prescriptions dispensed in the community in England. The vast majority of prescriptions are written by general medical practitioners in England, however prescriptions written by dentists, nurses, hospital doctors and, up to March 1994, armed services doctors and dentists are included, provided they were dispensed in the community. Also included are prescriptions written in Wales, Scotland, Northern Ireland and the Isle of Man but dispensed in England. The data do not cover drugs dispensed in hospital or private prescriptions.

Further information on prescriptions dispensed in the community in England can be obtained from the Statistical Bulletin on prescriptions. The latest version covers the period 1996 to 2006 and was published in July 2007. The bulletin gives information about the total numbers and cost of prescriptions, provides full notes on sources and definitions, and presents the statistics in the form of reference tables, charts and diagrams with commentary. The text concentrates in changes over the last year and in addition to the areas covered in the table examines free and charged prescriptions, prescriptions per head by broad age groups, trends in leading therapeutic groups and selected drug groups.

The Information Centre for Health & Social Care also produces a publication, currently Prescription Cost Analysis England 2006, giving numbers of prescription items dispensed within therapeutic class at individual presentation level.

Further details about prescription statistics can be obtained from Glen Scrivener, Prescribing Support Unit, Telephone: 0113 2547143 or by e-mailing prescribing@ic.nhs.uk

**Scotland.** From 1993 the data includes prescriptions dispensed by chemists, appliance suppliers, dispensing doctors and stock orders. Further details about prescription statistics can be obtained from the Healthcare Information Group, Information Services Division, Telephone: 0131 275 6542, Fax: 0131 275 7606.

**Wales.** Further details on the subjects in this table can be obtained from Vivien Trew, National Assembly for Wales, Telephone: 029 2082 5080.

### Dental services

The courses of treatment are for the General Dental Service (GDS) and the Personal Dental Service (PDS).

A Course of Treatment (CoT) is defined as:

- (a) an examination of a patient, an assessment of their oral health, and the planning of any treatment to be provided to that patient as a result of that examination and assessment; and
- (b) the provision of any planned treatment (including any treatment planned at a time other than the time of the initial examination) to that patient.

Each CoT was associated with a single claim form (the FP17 form) which was submitted by dentists to the BSA to perform its monitoring and payment functions. Under the old contractual arrangements, counts of dental activity (CoT) were based on per item of service. As from 1 April 2006, CoT are

based on the most complex component of the overall service provided.

### Dental services in Scotland

The NHS General Dental Service (GDS) is usually the first point of contact that patients have with dental treatment. Patients register with an NHS General Dentist (a "High Street dentist") to receive the full range of NHS treatment provided by dentists who are independent contractors working on behalf of the local NHS Boards. There are also a number of salaried dentists working in the GDS, who provide an alternative service to the contracted General Dental Practitioners in order to meet the needs of the local population. Patients register with an NHS dentist to receive the full range of dental treatment available under the NHS GDS. All registrations lapse after 36 months, unless the patient returns to the practice. Adults make no financial contribution to their registration fees, which are paid in full by the local NHS board, and children are exempt from charges altogether. Adults are charged 80% of the cost of their treatment up to a maximum amount (£384 during 2005/06), unless they are exempt or entitled to remission.

### General ophthalmic services

These services provide for the testing of sight and the issue of vouchers to certain eligible patients. The vouchers can be redeemed against the cost of glasses. These services operate in conjunction with the Hospital Eye Service which provides for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases or defects of the eyes and for the supply of optical appliances.

From 1 July 1986 the provision of glasses under the GOS ceased, and was replaced by a system of vouchers which can be exchanged for full or part payment against the cost of spectacles. People eligible for vouchers are children aged under 16, students aged 16-18 in full time education, patients requiring complex lenses and persons entitled to full or part remission of charges on the grounds of low income including those in receipt of Income Support, Tax Credit, Pension Credit guarantee credit and Income Based Job Seekers Allowance.

From 1 April 1989 GOS sight testing was restricted to those patients who were eligible for vouchers, plus those patients who are registered blind or partially sighted, patients who suffer from glaucoma or diabetes and those aged 40 and over who are close relatives of glaucoma sufferers. From 1 April 1999, eligibility for GOS sight tests was extended to all patients aged 60 or over.

## Definitions and explanatory notes

### Sights tests provided and vouchers issued for spectacles under General Ophthalmic Services (GOS) in Scotland (Table 4.4)

On 1 April 2006, a new NHS eye examination was introduced and entitlement was extended to all in Scotland. The traditional NHS "sight test" has been replaced by a comprehensive eye examination appropriate to the patient's needs. An initial eye examination is carried out (primary eye examination), and where necessary this is followed by a second eye examination (secondary eye examination). Entitlement to a voucher is, with the exception of children and those who require complex lenses, based on income.

## 5. LAW ENFORCEMENT

### Recorded crime (England and Wales) (Table 5.1)

Recorded crime statistics cover the more serious criminal offences. All offences that are triable on indictment and triable-either-way are now included as are a few summary offences which are closely linked to more serious offences (e.g. unauthorised taking of a motor vehicle; theft of a motor vehicle).

The counting rules for recorded crime were revised on 1 April 1998 with an expanded coverage of offences and the emphasis more on measurement of one crime per victim. The changes generally caused an increase in the number of crimes counted, mainly impacting on the violence against the person, fraud and forgery, drug offences and "other" offences groups.

The National Crime Recording Standard was introduced nationally on 1 April 2002, with the aims to promote greater consistency between police forces in the recording of crime, and again to take a more victim-oriented approach to crime recording. The Standard had the overall effect of increasing the number of crimes recorded. The crime category most affected was violence against the person (for further details, see figure 3.7 in 'Crime in England and Wales 2003/04', <http://www.homeoffice.gov.uk/rds/crimeew0304.html> Home Office Statistical bulletin 7/03). Some police forces adopted the principles of the Standard in advance of its national implementation, and so this will have affected figures for earlier years, particularly 2001/02. For these reasons, recorded crime data before and after April 2002 are not directly comparable. In Table 5.1, figures prior to 2002/03 have been omitted to help prevent misleading calculations being derived from them.

The Sexual Offences Act 2003, introduced in May 2004, altered the definition and coverage of sexual offences. The Act introduced several new offences and repealed some of

those which were previously in the series (for further details, see Appendix 2 in 'Crime in England and Wales 2006/07' <http://www.homeoffice.gov.uk/rds/crimeew0607.html> Home Office Statistical Bulletin 11/07). In particular, it redefined 'exposure' as a sexual offence.

Statistics of recorded crime represent those offences that have been recorded by the 43 Home Office police forces in England and Wales. Statistics from 2002/03 onwards contain figures for the British Transport Police. Offences recorded by non-Home Office forces such as the Ministry of Defence Police are not included unless they have also been recorded by a Home Office force.

### Crimes and offences recorded by the police (Scotland) (Table 5.2)

All crimes and offences involve contraventions of the criminal law; the term 'crimes' covers the more serious criminal acts (in many cases, contraventions of Scottish common law e.g. housebreaking) and 'offences' the less serious acts (often contraventions of statutory law e.g. Road Traffic legislation).

The counting system in Scotland is *offence-based* rather than incident-based. In one criminal incident, several crimes or offences may occur, e.g. a house may be broken into, vandalised and the owner assaulted. In these multiple incidents, all the offences are counted rather than simply the main offence for the incident as a whole.

The definition of serious assault was amended at the start of 1990 and further revised in 2005 to improve consistency between forces. Serious assaults are included in the category 'Non-sexual crimes of violence'; minor assaults are included in the category 'Miscellaneous offences'.

In April 2004 the police implemented the Scottish Crime Recording Standard (SCRS), which means that no corroborative evidence is required initially to record a crime related incident as a crime if so perceived by the victim. Data from 2004/05 onwards shows the impact of the implementation of the SCRS which was expected to increase the numbers of minor crimes recorded by the police, such as minor crimes of vandalism and minor thefts. However it was expected that the SCRS would not have much impact on the figures for the more serious crimes such as serious assault, sexual assault, or housebreaking.

### Offending while on bail (Scotland) (Table 5.2)

A legislative change that came into force on 1 April 1996 has altered the way in which offending while on bail is recorded in Scotland. Prior to this date offences of "offending while on bail" were recorded at the initial stage of the criminal

justice process and were included in the recorded crime figures provided by the police. The change in legislation no longer requires such offences to be recorded at this stage; offending while on bail is now regarded as an aggravating factor at the sentencing stage. The historical recorded crime data has been revised to reflect this change to enable comparisons of recorded crime figures across years.

## 6. AGRICULTURE, FOOD, DRINKS AND TOBACCO

### Agricultural land (Table 6.1)

#### **Area**

Figures relate to all registered agricultural holdings, and include estimates for those holdings not selected or not responding.

Horticultural crops include vegetables grown in the open, small fruit, hardy nursery stock, bulbs and flowers grown in the open and area under glass or plastic covered structures.

The figures for specific crops relate to those which are actually in the ground on the date of the June Survey or for which the land is being prepared at that date. Any catch crops grown for livestock feed or for ploughing-in the period between the harvest and the sowing of the next seasons main crop will not be shown in the returns of agricultural area. The case is similar for horticultural crops.

Individual crop areas are returned to the nearest 0.1 hectare and include headlands and ditches attributable to the particular crop.

### Agricultural crops (Table 6.2)

#### **Yield and production**

In England and Wales cereal production is estimated from sample surveys held in August. Production figures in Table 6.2 are rounded to the nearest 10,000 tonnes for wheat and barley and all other crops to the nearest 1,000. Sugar beet yield and production estimates are provided by British Sugar plc. Potato yield and production estimates are derived from figures provided by the British Potato Council. For remaining crops, yields are estimated by technical officers in the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA). These are combined with area figures from the annual June agricultural census to produce production estimates. Scottish and Northern Ireland figures for cereals, oil seeds and peas are based on sample surveys of farms, and other crop production figures are based on the estimated yields of crop reporters.

Provisional estimates are prepared for all countries in October. Final UK figures are normally published in early January in the year following the harvest.

### Horticultural crops (Table 6.2)

#### **Cropped area and production**

The area is the "planted" area, on which the crops are actually growing, rather than the Ordnance Survey "field" area.

The yield referred to is the average tonnage actually harvested, or yet to be harvested, for each "planted" hectare.

Harvested yields are reduced to exclude any "pre-harvest wastage" such as crops left on the trees/ in the ground, to equate to all produce that has some value. For example, crops to be sent for juicing, or for stockfeed, are included.

Production in England and Wales is calculated by multiplying the yield estimates supplied by Horticultural Crop Intelligence Committees (HCICs) by the appropriate planted area. These areas are based on one or more of the regular censuses covering horticultural crops, on estimates made by the HCICs and other horticultural advisory sources.

In Scotland the quantity harvested is calculated for four crops (raspberries, strawberries and tomatoes and peas for processing) by applying harvested yield estimates based on the results of a sample survey to areas returned at the June survey, after making adjustments where necessary for double cropping. For other fruit and vegetables yield estimates are supplied by technical officers of the department. In Northern Ireland the quantity harvested of all fruit and vegetables is calculated by multiplying yield estimates supplied by technical officers of the DEFRA by the crop areas obtained from the June survey.

In Table 6.2, yields are estimated average gross yields, i.e. the weight of crop that was available for harvesting from each hectare cropped during a single crop year. No deductions are made for the possibility that some of the crop was not harvested or for losses following harvest.

Gross production is the product of yields and field areas. For some vegetable crops, the areas under production may produce more than one crop during a single season and will therefore be greater than the areas measured by the June survey (i.e. Table 6.1) by a factor equalising the number of crops harvested in any given year. Also, some areas may be double cropped (one crop followed by a different crop). Figures represent the maximum available supply during a single crop year, nominally the period 1 June to 31 May, the period during which the bulk of the crop is harvested, although the short extension of two or three weeks that

## Definitions and explanatory notes

may occur at either end of this nominal period would also be included in the crop year totals.

### Livestock (Table 6.3)

The table shows the number of cattle, sheep, pigs and poultry as returned by occupiers of agricultural holdings defined previously under the heading 'Agricultural land'.

In Table 6.3, 'Barren sows for fattening' in Northern Ireland were included with 'All other pigs' prior to 1993.

### Animals slaughtered and meat produced (Table 6.4)

#### Animals slaughtered

The figures are those of animals and poultry slaughtered in the United Kingdom, including imported fat animals. They are derived from returns recording slaughtering in licensed slaughterhouses, including bacon factories. Unrecorded domestic slaughter and slaughtering knackeries are excluded, as are animals not slaughtered for human consumption.

#### Meat produced

The figures represent the estimated production of carcass meat and offal from slaughtering, as defined in the preceding paragraph, and from information available on dressed carcass weights. Pig meat used for the production of bacon and ham is excluded.

### Cereals and cereal products (Table 6.5)

#### Sales of home-grown grains for food

For wheat the receipts of homegrown supplies by flour millers are shown and small quantities subsequently sold again for animal feed are therefore included. For barley the receipts of home-grown supplies by brewers, maltsters, flakers, roasters, distillers and pot barley manufacturers are shown and exported supplies are included. For oats the receipts by oatmeal millers of home-grown supplies for processing into human food are shown.

#### Wheat and oat milling

The tables show the quantities of home-produced and imported wheat milled and the amount of flour produced; the resulting production of wheat offals appears in the table of animal feedingstuffs. Stocks of wheat and flour include wheat and flour expressed in terms of wheat held by flour millers, cereal breakfast foods manufacturers, and importers and dealers. Flour disposals include exports. The stocks held by importers and dealers are included.

Only the quantities of oats used in establishments milling primarily for human food are included in the series described as oats milled. The products of oat milling are similarly restricted to all cuts of oatmeal, flakes, rolled oats, oatflour, groats and any other product produced for human food. Stocks of oats are those held by main processors, including oatmeal millers, provender millers and compound feedingstuffs manufacturers. The provender millers' figures relate to Great Britain only. Stocks held by importers and dealers are also included.

#### Barley

Disposals for food and brewing refer to the quantities of home-grown and imported grain used by brewers, maltsters, flakers, roasters, distillers and pot barley manufacturers. Exports are included. Stocks are those held by main processors, including brewers, maltsters, distillers, provender millers and compound feedingstuffs manufacturers. The provender millers' and compounders' figures are in respect of Great Britain only. Stocks held by importers and dealers are also included.

#### Breakfast cereals

Figures exclude oatmeal and oatmeal flakes.

#### Compound feedingstuffs (Table 6.6)

The figures relate to the United Kingdom; only production for commercial sale is included. Compound feedingstuffs include grain balancers and concentrates.

#### Potatoes (Table 6.7)

The figures relate to the United Kingdom; those for Great Britain have been provided by the British Potato Council, and those for Northern Ireland by the Department of Agriculture for Northern Ireland.

Sales of potatoes from farms are the quantities sold for food, for processing and for export. They include an estimate for human consumption in farm households and the surplus potatoes fed to livestock or processed under the Potato Industry Development Council Order of 1997 (prior to 1997 this was the Potato Marketing Scheme implemented under the Agriculture Marketing Act, 1958). Production on allotments and gardens, potatoes used for seed, potatoes fed to livestock outside the schemes and surpluses for which compensation has been paid, are excluded.

Disposals for food in the United Kingdom are the total quantities of potatoes moving into human consumption from all recorded sources, together with estimates of unrecorded sales. Potatoes processed for export are included within the export figures.

## Sugar (Table 6.7)

Production relates to white and raw sugar (in terms of white) from home-grown sugar beet, within quota as recorded by British Sugar plc.

Disposals for food in the United Kingdom are adjusted by the net trade in imports/exports of sugar contained in processed products and refer to the total UK consumption, excluding use by non-food industries.

The "Total Disposals" figure relates to the total UK consumption, including non-food industries.

"Stocks" include imported and home-produced supplies of refined and raw sugar (in terms of refined) held in the United Kingdom.

## Glucose (Table 6.7)

The figures cover the production of liquid and solid glucose and dextrose monohydrate.

## Bacon and ham (Table 6.8)

Production figures relate to the output of curing factories from both home-killed and imported carcasses.

## Meat stocks (Table 6.8)

Beef and veal, mutton and lamb, pork and offal.

Until March 2006 the figures represent the stocks of meat from home-produced and imported sources held in public cold stores, including stocks of beef held for intervention.

No information is available on stocks of these commodities held in cold stores reserved for private concerns. Tremendous changes in the food distribution network and emergence of the very large retailing chains with their own extensive storage facilities means that the stocks held in them may be considerable.

The stocks held in Public Coldstores in the United Kingdom survey was discontinued in March 2006. As a result, stocks data is no longer published.

## Fish (Table 6.9)

Fresh and frozen UK landings of fish are expressed in terms of live weight equivalent.

## Oilseeds and nuts (Table 6.9)

**Crushed and crude oil produced.** These two columns show the quantities of oilseeds and nuts processed by crushing and

the amount of crude oil produced from the crush by expelling and extraction.

**Stocks.** Stocks of oilseeds and nuts held by crushers; (expressed as crude oil equivalent).

## Vegetable oil (Table 6.9)

**Disposals** (expressed as crude oil equivalent)

Disposals measures the amount of vegetable oil available for domestic use and for exports. Disposals are derived from production by oilseed crushers, from imports of crude and refined oils, and from changes in stocks. They include oil that will be refined and used in the manufacture of margarine, other table spreads, solid cooking fat and other food. They also include crude vegetable oil used for industrial purposes, such as the manufacture of paint, ink, pharmaceutical products and soap.

**Stocks** (expressed as crude oil equivalent)

Stocks include all manufacturers stocks of vegetable oils including those held by crushers, refiners and producers of margarine, etc.

## Marine oil (Table 6.9)

**Usage.** This column shows the quantities of marine oils used to produce margarine, other table spreads and solid cooking fats.

**Stocks.** Stocks include oil held by hardeners and refiners of oil, and manufacturers of margarine, solid cooking fat and other table spreads.

## Production of margarine, other table spreads and solid cooking fat (Table 6.9)

**Production.** These columns show the production for each of these three products.

## Milk and milk products (Table 6.10)

### Milk

The figures cover milk sold for use as liquid milk and the manufacture of milk products. The quantity consumed by farm households and used on farms for butter and cream production or calf rearing is excluded.

### Milk products

Figures for butter and cheese relate to the output of UK dairy companies and are based on the volume of whole milk and milk fractions utilised for butter and cheese production; production of butter and cheese on farms is excluded.

## Definitions and explanatory notes

Figures for processed cheese are excluded as this is the re-manufacture of home produced and imported cheese. Butter and cheese stocks represent quantities in public cold stores surveyed by DEFRA and exclude stocks in private stores which may be considerable. Please note that the public cold stores survey ceased in mid 2006 due to the unreliability of the data.

The condensed milk and milk powder figures relate to quantities produced from full-cream or skimmed milk. The condensed and evaporated milk figures are for whole and skimmed milk. Stock figures refer to manufacturers' stocks only. The figures for skimmed milk powder exclude buttermilk and whey powder.

### Hen eggs (Table 6.10)

Figures show the estimated quantities of hen eggs produced for consumption in shell and for processing for human consumption in the United Kingdom, together with imported eggs.

### Chocolate and sugar confectionery (Table 6.11)

Disposals are consumption figures combined with exports. Figures are collected by the Biscuit, Cake, Chocolate and Confectionery Alliance (BCCA). Medicated confectionery is excluded.

### Tea (Table 6.11)

Disposals are the quantities moving into consumption and exclude exports. Stocks comprise tea held in public and private warehouses and amounts held by primary wholesalers; these data are compiled by DEFRA from data supplied by the International Tea Committee (ITC).

### Raw coffee (Table 6.11)

Disposals are estimated as imports of raw coffee plus the decrease in stocks of raw coffee in public warehouses, in transit to such warehouses, in imports not landed and manufacturers' stocks. They include coffee re-exported from the United Kingdom. The data on stocks is from two DEFRA surveys of coffee stocks (relating to stocks held by manufacturers and those held in public warehouses).

### Tobacco products (Table 6.12)

The figures are supplied by HM Revenue and Customs. The statistics relate to numbers of cigarettes and weight of other tobacco products. Figures are derived from duty payment systems and therefore exclude personal importations. Data relate to releases at the time they become liable to excise duty. Products may then be stocked duty paid before consumption. Releases tend to be higher in the period immediately before the Budget and in the period before the tobacco manufacturers increase their prices.

## Alcoholic drinks (Table 6.13)

The figures are supplied by HM Revenue and Customs. Quantities are derived from duty and therefore exclude personal importations. From January 1993, as a result of the introduction of the European Single Market, data relating to imports from EC countries have had to be estimated from duty receipts and figures are therefore less reliable than previously.

### Beer

Data are shown for the quantity of beer produced in the United Kingdom and for the quantity released for home consumption, which includes commercial imports. Since June 1993 duty has been charged as beer leaves the brewery or other registered premises. Previously duty was charged at an earlier stage (the worts stage) in the brewing process, and an allowance was made for wastage.

### Wine of fresh grapes

Wine is any fermented beverage made from fresh grapes, and includes fortified wines and vermouths. The figures show the net quantities of still table and fortified wine and sparkling wine released for home consumption.

### Made-wine

Made-wine is any fermented beverage other than cider and perry, wine of fresh grapes and beer. An example is 'British sherry', which is made from imported grape concentrate. Coolers with strength of 1.2 per cent - 5.5 per cent alcohol by volume are shown separately. Coolers include alcoholic lemonade and similar products of appropriate strength. From 28 April 2002, duty on spirit-based 'coolers' is charged at the same rate as spirits per litre of alcohol. Made wine coolers include only wine based 'coolers' from this period.

### Cider and perry

This is cider and perry of strength less than 8.5 per cent of alcohol by volume obtained from the fermentation of apple or pear juice.

### Spirits

Home-produced whisky. These figures refer to spirits matured in warehouse for three years or more certified as Scotch or Northern Irish whisky released for home consumption.

**Other.** These figures relate to all other spirits released for home consumption, including imports. From 28 April 2002 Spirit-based RTD (Ready to Drink) products were dutied at the same rate as spirits per litre of alcohol. Details on clearances prior to 28 April are included in the made wine coolers products.

Production figures show the quantity of potable spirits distilled after maturation for consumption, separated into home-produced whisky and other spirits.

All figures for spirits are given in hectolitres of pure alcohol. A standard whisky is 40 per cent alcohol by volume.

### **Further references**

Monthly bulletins covering duty paid clearances and receipts for most excise goods, betting and gaming, environmental taxes, air passenger duty and VAT receipts are published and are available free from HM Revenue and Customs website at [www.uktradeinfo.com](http://www.uktradeinfo.com)

A more detailed analysis of the receipts and activities of the department are available in HM Revenue and Customs Annual Report published by The Stationery Office. Details can also be found on HMRC website at [www.hmrc.gov.uk](http://www.hmrc.gov.uk)

## **7. PRODUCTION, OUTPUT AND COSTS**

### **Output of the production industries (Table 7.1)**

This index is prepared by the Office for National Statistics with the help of statistical divisions of other government departments. From the publication of the quarterly national accounts data-set on 30 June 2006, the index has been published with the year 2003 as the reference year. The first monthly publication on this basis was in early July 2006, in respect of April 2006 data.

All series are available annually, quarterly and monthly from 1994 but most series are available for earlier years. Data are published on the National Statistics website, [www.statistics.gov.uk](http://www.statistics.gov.uk).

The index is intended to provide a general measure of monthly changes in the volume of output of the production industries, which comprise Sections C - Mining and quarrying, D - Manufacturing and E - Electricity, gas and water supply of the SIC(2003).

Currently the IoP index is a weighted average of around 230 separate indicators, each of which describes the activity of a small sector of industry. Most of the data for the manufacturing industry is compiled from a comprehensive system of monthly production inquiries (MPI) to industry conducted by the ONS. From March 2008, as part of a wider reprioritisation of ONS business, the sample size for the MPI will be reduced by 17 per cent (this reflects the changing structure of the economy and the reduction in the size of the manufacturing sector over time).

At the same time a:

number of methodological improvements will be introduced to maintain the quality of the higher level aggregates of the IoP.

new IoP industry structure will be implemented to ensure that the lowest level of detail published will consist of industries with larger sample sizes, lower standard errors and increased quality.

Further details of the planned methodological changes to the IoP can be found on the National Statistics website at: <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/statbase/Product.asp?vlnk=6230>.

This means that from March 2008 the IoP index will become a weighted average of 79 separate indicators and the level of detail published in Table 11.1 (Textiles and other manufactures) will be reduced.

Annual chain-linking is used to combine the individual production series. Each industry has been given a weight proportional to its value added in the previous year derived from the input-output tables. The latest set of weights available is for the year 2003.

The level of production is expressed as a percentage of the average monthly production in 2003. All current value data are deflated using the appropriate producer price indices and export deflators. The seasonal adjustment process ensures that different months' output can be compared by adjusting for the number of working days in each month and for the normal seasonal pattern. The program X-II ARIMA is used to carry out seasonal adjustment of the IoP. The adjustments are designed to eliminate normal month to month fluctuations and thus to show the trend more clearly.

### **Industrial classification**

The industrial analysis of the index at a published group level is consistent with the UK Standard Industrial Classification of Economic Activities – UK SIC (2003) to which reference should be made for a description of each industrial group.

### **Market sector analysis**

At the time of the introduction of the rebased, chain-linked IoP series (end September 2003), the market sector categories were revised to be consistent with the Eurostat approved 'main industrial groupings'. 'Durable goods' was replaced by 'Consumer durables', 'Non-durable goods' by 'Consumer non-durables', 'Investment goods' by 'Capital goods' and 'Intermediate goods' by 'Intermediate goods and energy'. It is important to note that this change is not simply to do with descriptions but encompasses a reallocation of four-digit industries classified to the groupings. Data on the new basis are available from 1994.

### Output per filled job (Table 7.2)

UK output per filled job is the ratio of Gross Value Added (GVA) at basic prices and productivity jobs.

The methodology used to produce the productivity jobs indices has been developed with the aim of producing a jobs measure that is consistent with the output measure used in calculating output per job estimates. Productivity jobs are calculated based on enterprise level employee jobs and self-employed jobs, including both full-time and part-time workers as full units and differ from the Workforce Jobs series. The employees' part of productivity jobs is now constrained to the employees' part of Labour Force Survey (LFS) jobs at the whole economy level. Members of HM Forces and Government-supported trainees are also included in the indices.

Productivity data are available for the UK whole economy, production and manufacturing sections. Output per job data is published on a monthly basis for manufacturing, and on a quarterly basis for the whole economy, production and manufacturing sections.

Data are also published in the Productivity First Release, Labour Market Integrated First Release, Economic Trends and Labour Market Trends. Data are published as seasonally adjusted indices, where 2003 is the base year.

The full productivity data sets and related articles can be found on the National Statistics website at [www.statistics.gov.uk/productivity](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/productivity).

### Productivity and unit labour costs (Table 7.3)

Manufacturing unit wage costs estimates are based on the seasonally adjusted monthly Average Earnings Index, manufacturing productivity jobs and the manufacturing index of production. Whole economy unit wage costs index estimates are based on GVA at basic prices, total wages and salaries, and LFS Employment. Manufacturing data are released on a monthly basis and whole economy data are quarterly.

Data are also published in the Productivity First Release, Labour Market Integrated First Release, Economic Trends and Labour Market Trends.

An index of unit labour costs is published on a quarterly basis for the whole economy. The index uses the same methodology as is applied to calculate unit wage costs, but employers' social contributions minus employment subsidies are added to the wages and salaries figure prior to calculation.

Data are published as seasonally adjusted indices, where 2003 is the base year.

The full productivity data sets and related articles can be found on the National Statistics website at [www.statistics.gov.uk/productivity](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/productivity).

## 8. ENERGY

### Inland energy consumption: primary fuel input basis (Table 8.1)

#### Coal

Consumption by fuel producers *plus* disposals (including imports) to final users, *plus* solid renewable sources of energy, and net foreign trade and stock change in other solid fuels.

#### Petroleum

Production plus net imports *minus* marine bunkers, *plus* stock change. Figures exclude petroleum used for non-energy purposes.

#### Natural gas

Includes gas used during production (e.g. waste and own use for drilling, pumping and production operations) but excludes gas flared or re-injected. Includes colliery methane, but not landfill and sewage gases. Includes net imports and stock changes. Figures exclude gas used for non-energy purposes.

#### Primary electricity - nuclear

Electricity generated (net of electricity used on works) by nuclear power stations belonging to BNFL Magnox and British Energy.

#### Primary electricity - hydro-electricity and wind

Electricity generated (net of electricity used on works) by natural flow hydro-electric power stations (i.e. excluding pumped storage stations) owned by major power producers and other generators and by wind turbines.

#### Primary electricity - net imports

Electricity imported from, less electricity exported to, countries outside the United Kingdom.

#### Conversion to oil equivalent

In expressing fuel consumption in tonnes of oil equivalent, each fuel is converted using its gross calorific value, on the basis of 1 tonne of oil equivalent being equal to 41.868 Gigajoules (GJ).

The estimated gross calorific values used to convert the statistics are published annually in the *Digest of United Kingdom Energy Statistics*.

The conversion factors used are:

$$\begin{aligned} 1 \text{ tonne of oil equivalent} &= 10^7 \text{ kilocalories} \\ &= 396.83 \text{ therms} \\ &= 41.868 \text{ gigajoules (GJ)} \\ &= 11\,630 \text{ kWh} \end{aligned}$$

Primary electricity is presented in oil equivalent as the energy content of the electricity produced (the energy supplied basis). For nuclear stations allowance is made for the thermal efficiency of nuclear stations.

#### Temperature corrections

The adjusted total inland energy consumption series includes temperature corrections for coal, petroleum and natural gas. Nuclear and hydro-electricity and net imports of electricity are not corrected for temperature.

The corrections used are

Temperature correction per degree Celsius above the long term temperature average for the month:

Coal	2.1%
Petroleum	0.7% (June-Aug)
	1.8% (Sept-May)

Natural gas is corrected based on a methodology developed by BG Transco.

### Supply and use of fuels (Table 8.2)

#### Production of primary fuel

**Coal.** Includes all grades of coal produced by all UK coal producers at mines and opencast sites. The main producers are UK Coal plc. (formerly RJB Mining), Mining (Scotland) Ltd., Celtic Energy Ltd. and Goitre Tower Anthracite Ltd. Slurry is included in the production figures.

**Petroleum,** Crude oil, condensates (C5 or heavier) and petroleum gases, ethane (C2), propane (C3), and butane (C4), obtained from the onshore processing of associated and non-associated gas.

**Natural gas.** Indigenous natural gas (methane) production includes own use for drilling, pumping and production operations but excludes gas flared, vented or re-injected.

**Primary electricity.** Nuclear and hydro-electricity and electricity from wind as described under Inland energy consumption but excluding any net imports of electricity.

#### Non-energy use

Petroleum products and natural gas not used as fuels, i.e. feedstock for petroleum chemical plants, industrial and white spirits, lubricants, bitumen, waxes, petroleum cokes and miscellaneous products.

#### Total primary energy

This assesses the energy content of the total input to the economy of primary fuels and equivalents. It includes energy used and lost in the conversion of primary fuels to secondary fuels (for example in power stations and oil refineries), energy lost in the distribution of fuels (for example in transmission lines) and energy conversion losses by final users.

The energy content of primary fuels consumed by secondary fuel producers consists of their energy inputs of coal, petroleum and natural gas *plus* the energy equivalent of the electricity produced by nuclear and hydro-electricity stations, as defined above under 'Oil equivalents'.

#### Final consumption

This measures the energy content of inputs of fuels (primary or secondary as appropriate) to final users. Thus it is net of fuel industries' own use and conversion, transmission and distribution losses, but it includes losses in conversion by final consumers. Detailed definitions of the final consuming sectors are given in the annual *Digest of United Kingdom Energy Statistics* (The Stationery Office), prepared by the Department for Business Enterprise and Regulatory Reform.

#### Coal: supply (Table 8.3)

##### Deep-mined coal

Production figures relate to saleable output from deep mines including coal obtained from working on both revenue and capital accounts. All licensed collieries (and British Coal collieries prior to 1995) are included, even where coal is only a subsidiary product.

##### Opencast coal

The figures cover saleable output and include the output of sites worked by private operators under licences as well as the output of sites licensed for the production of coal as a subsidiary to the production of other minerals.

## Definitions and explanatory notes

### Other

Estimates of slurry etc. recovered and disposed of from dumps, ponds, rivers etc.

### Coal: imports and exports (Table 8.3)

The figures are derived from returns made by importers and exporters to HM Revenue and Customs, and published in greater detail in Annex G of the Digest of UK Energy Statistics (The Stationery Office).

### Coal: inland consumption (Table 8.4)

#### Statistical Calendar

The statistical calendar determines which weeks are included in the 4 or 5 week statistical months. The newly privatised coal industry has adopted the 4-4-5 week statistical calendar formerly used by British Coal.

### Collieries

Coal used for boilers, colliery power stations and other purposes.

### Electricity generators

Coal used for all purposes at power stations belonging to major power producing companies (see Electricity supply industry below).

### Heat generation

Coal used to generate heat which is then sold under provision of a contract.

### Coke-ovens

Coal carbonised, consumed for other purposes or lost in cleaning at coke ovens.

### Other conversion industries

Consumption of coal at low temperature carbonisation plants and briquette works.

### Industry

Coal used for all purposes at other industrial establishments. Figures relate to colliery and opencast disposals, and estimated proportions of steam coal imports, and imports of anthracite.

### Domestic

**House coal:** figures relate to colliery and opencast disposals and include coal supplied free of charge or at reduced prices

to miners, officials, etc. in the coal industry. They also include estimated proportions of steam coal imports.

**Other:** figures include colliery and opencast disposals of anthracite and dry steam coal to merchants *plus* disposals of imports of anthracite.

### Miscellaneous

Colliery and opencast disposals to commercial public administration and non-industrial establishments, including agriculture.

### Electricity generators

Electricity generators covered in this table are "major power producers" i.e. companies whose prime purpose is the generation of electricity. Companies whose main business is not electricity generation, the electricity being produced mainly for that company's own use, are excluded from this definition. A full list of the generating companies covered by this table is to be found at Footnote 1 to Table 8.6.

### Natural gas production and supply (Table 8.5)

This table shows the flow of gas from the point of production to consumption in the UK. As such the data for the upstream gas industry represents the flow of gas from production at offshore and onshore fields as well as imports and exports of gas, changes in pipeline stocks, etc. to give details of net gas available at UK gas terminals for consumption within the UK. The downstream gas industry section shows the onward transmission of this gas through the high-pressure National Transmission System and other dedicated direct supply lines between producers and major consumers towards final consumption. The data are gathered from different sources, and as such, differences arise in the recording of the volumes of gas moving at the various points of the flow. More detail on the causes and size of these differences can be found in the BERR publication, the *Digest of United Kingdom Energy Statistics 2007*, Chapter 4, paragraphs 4.45 to 4.48.

### Electricity supply industry (Table 8.6)

Electricity generators covered in this table are "major power producers" i.e. companies whose prime purpose is the generation of electricity. Companies whose main business is not electricity generation, the electricity being produced mainly for that company's own use, are excluded from this definition. A full list of the generating companies covered is to be found at Footnote 1 to this table.

## Fuel used

The factors used for conversion to oil equivalent are given under 'Oil equivalents', above.

## Own use

The difference between total electricity generated and electricity supplied, and the electricity used at the works for lighting and auxiliary power, and for pumping at pumped storage stations.

## Total electricity available

Electricity supplied from major power producers plus purchases from other UK producers plus net imports from overseas.

## Sales of gas and electricity: public supply (Table 8.7)

Gas sales include adjustment to the quantities billed to allow for the estimated consumption remaining unread at the end of each period.

Sales of electricity are less than total electricity available because of losses in transmission and distribution etc., and include consumption by the supply industry's offices and retail outlets. They allow for electricity consumed but not billed in the period.

## Petroleum (Tables 8.8 - 8.9)

### Total indigenous production

This is the aggregate amount of:

- crude oil produced both onshore and offshore from the UK part of the Continental Shelf including any petroleum gases and condensates separated from the oil at subsequent processing stages (prior to refining). This quantity is as recorded before any deduction for utilities use or adjustment for stock change on platform (including tanker-loading systems) or losses;
- condensates from gas fields (production is measured at the land terminal separation plant after the gas has been processed and condensates extracted).

### Imports and exports

The information given under the headings "imports" and "exports" are the volumes recorded by importers and exporters of oil. These amounts may differ from the import and export

figures recorded by HM Revenue and Customs. These differences can arise because of timing differences between actual and declared movements. The HMRC also include re-exports. Re-exports are products that have been imported from another country, and stored in the UK prior to being exported out of the UK. Thus these exports would not have been produced in the UK.

### Inland deliveries into consumption

Deliveries of all petroleum products in the United Kingdom and the Channel Islands including petroleum substitutes marketed by the petroleum industry. Coal tar fuels, natural gas (methane) and refinery fuel are excluded. Otherwise, the figures are inclusive of the petroleum industry's own use.

Gas/diesel and fuel oils used in coastal and fishing craft are included in inland deliveries, but deliveries under contracts for ships engaged in foreign trade are excluded.

### Products used as fuel

Propane - hydrocarbon containing three carbon atoms (C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>8</sub>), gaseous at normal temperature but generally stored and transported under pressure as a liquid. Used mainly for industrial purposes and some domestic heating and cooking.

Butane - hydrocarbon containing four carbon atoms(C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>10</sub>), otherwise as for propane. Additional uses - as a constituent of motor spirit to improve volatility and as a chemical feedstock.

Naphtha (light distillate feedstock) for gasworks - petroleum distillate boiling predominantly below 200°C.

Aviation spirit - specially blended light hydrocarbons intended for use in aviation piston-engined power units, including bench testing of aircraft engines.

Motor spirit - blended light petroleum distillates used as a fuel for spark-ignition internal combustion engines other than aircraft engines.

Aviation turbine fuel - specially refined kerosene intended for use in aviation gas-turbine power units.

Burning oil (kerosene or paraffin) - refined petroleum distillate intermediate in volatility between motor spirit and gas oil, used for lighting and heating. Excluding distillates which are included under white spirit and kerosene used for lubricant blends.

Gas/diesel oil - petroleum distillate having a distillation range intermediate between kerosene and light lubricating oil.

## Definitions and explanatory notes

- Derv (Diesel Engine Road Vehicle) fuel-gas/diesel oil for use in high-speed, compression-ignition engines in road vehicles subject to Vehicle Excise Duty;
- Other - used in furnaces for the production of heat (e.g. for central heating) in engines of vehicles not subject to Vehicle Excise Duty (e.g. diesel locomotives, tractors, earth-moving equipment) and in stationary diesel engines and gas turbines (e.g. for the generation of electricity and for air compressors, etc.). Also includes marine diesel oil - a heavier type of gas oil suitable for heavy industrial and marine compression-ignition engines.

Fuel oil - heavy petroleum distillates or petroleum residues or blends of these used in furnaces for the production of heat or power. Excluding fuel oil for grease making or lubricating oil and fuel oil sold as such for road-making.

### Products not used as fuel

Feedstock for petroleum chemical plants - all petroleum products intended for use in the manufacture of petroleum chemicals. (A deduction has been made from the deliveries equal to the quantity of feedstock used in making the conventional petroleum products which are produced during the processing of the feedstock).

White spirit - a highly refined distillate with a boiling range of about 150°C to 200°C used as a paint solvent and for dry cleaning purposes, etc.

Industrial spirits - refined petroleum fractions with boiling ranges up to 200°C dependent on the use to which they are put, e.g. seed extraction, rubber solvents, perfume, etc.

Lubricating oils (and greases) - refined heavy distillates obtained from the distillation of petroleum residues. Includes liquid and solid hydrocarbons sold by the lubricating oil trade, either alone or blended with fixed oils, metallic soaps and other organic and/or inorganic bodies.

Bitumen - the residue left after the production of lubricating oil distillates. Used mainly for road-making and building construction purposes. Includes other petroleum products, creosote and tar mixed with bitumen for these purposes and fuel oil sold as such for road-making.

Petroleum waxes - includes paraffin wax, which is a white crystalline hydrocarbon material of low oil content normally obtained during the refining of lubricating oil distillate, paraffin scale, slack wax, microcrystalline wax and wax emulsions. Used for cable manufacture, polishes, food containers, wrappings, etc.

Petroleum cokes - carbonaceous material derived from hydrocarbon oils, uses for which include electrode manufacture. An unknown quantity of this product may be used as a fuel.

Miscellaneous products - includes aromatic extracts, defoamant solvents and other minor miscellaneous products.

## 9. CHEMICALS

### Fertilisers (Table 9.1)

#### Deliveries to UK agriculture

Fertiliser statistics are supplied by the Agricultural Industries Confederation and represent the deliveries made by their members only.

Natural organic manures are excluded from the statistics. Figures are of manufactured fertilisers. Manufactured fertilisers may be straight (i.e. containing only one of the three primary nutrients - N, nitrogen; P2O5, phosphate; and K2O, potash) or compound (i.e. containing either two or three of these primary nutrients).

The quality of sulphur deposited on land from the atmosphere has now been reduced to such an extent that the addition of sulphur as a fertiliser has become commonplace. Since 2001/02 the fertiliser statistics have included data on sulphur deliveries, both with straight N and in compounds but without altering the original definitions (above) of these two categories (i.e. N plus sulphur is included with straight N rather than being considered as a compound). Sulphur is a major nutrient for all crops and grass and is declared as SO3.

All figures include imported fertilisers utilised by AIC members. Up to and including June 1996 nitrogen deliveries are expressed in nutrient content terms, divided into straight nitrogen fertilisers and the nitrogen content of compounds. Phosphate and potash delivery figures show the nutrient content of these primary nutrients in compounds. The total weight of compound fertilisers delivered to UK Agriculture is stated separately. From July 1996 the deliveries are expressed in terms of the total weights of straight nitrogen fertilisers and the total weight of compound fertilisers on a monthly basis. Nutrient breakdowns in terms of nitrogen, phosphate and potash are shown six monthly.

### Sulphur and sulphuric acid (Table 9.2)

#### Sulphur, etc.

The figures relate to elemental sulphur (including oil and gas recovered) and zinc concentrates for use in the manufacture of sulphuric acid.

Stocks of sulphur and zinc concentrates are quantities at acid works.

#### **Sulphuric acid (as 100 per cent acid)**

Consumption figures include recovered sulphuric acid.

#### **UK manufacturers' sales by industry (Tables 9.3 - 9.5)**

##### **Basic Chemicals etc. (Table 9.3)**

##### **Pharmaceutical products etc. (Table 9.4)**

##### **Other chemical products (Table 9.5)**

The data in these tables are collected under the PRODCOM inquiry, which was introduced in 1993 and replaced the previous QSI/ASI inquiries. Data shown are monetary sales in £ thousand of products classified to the SIC 2003 industries that are surveyed quarterly by the PRODCOM inquiry. (Data for industries surveyed annually can be found in Table 22.2 of the *Annual Abstract of Statistics*). Detailed product sales data (values and quantities) together with exports and imports data are available in the Product Sales and Trade quarterly and annual reports (PRQ and PRA series). The quarterly series was terminated in 2005 and so quarterly backdated data is only available for periods up to the end of 2004. The annual series now incorporates the industries once covered by the quarterly series. For further information visit the Office for National Statistics website: [www.statistics.gov.uk/Statbase/Product.asp?vlnk=9660](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/Statbase/Product.asp?vlnk=9660).

## **10. METALS, ENGINEERING AND VEHICLES**

#### **Iron and steel (Table 10.1)**

The general definition of the iron and steel industry is based on groups 221 'CSC Iron and Steel', 222 'Steel Tubes' and 223 'Steel Drawing, Cold Rolling and Cold Forming' of the UK Standard Industrial Classification (1980), except those parts of group 223 which cover the manufacture of drawn wire, wire products and cold formed sections.

The definition therefore covers blast furnaces and associated preparation plant, steel melting shops, ingot casting and continuous casting plant, hot rolling mills and cold wide strip or plate mills together with associated coating plants and tinplate mills. Also included are tube and pipe mills, cold narrow strip mills and bar drawing or cold finishing plants.

The definition also includes liquid steel for castings but excludes finished steel castings. Also excluded from the definition are refined iron, steel tyres, wheels, axles and rolled rings, open and closed die forgings, colliery arches,

cold formed sections and finished wire. The definition also excludes the activities of iron foundries.

#### **Crude steel (Table 10.2)**

The total of usable ingots, usable continuously cast semi-finished products and liquid steel for castings. This definition is identical to that of the ECSC and generally measures production of crude steel at the first stage of solidification, except that steel for castings is measured at the liquid stage since solidified castings do not fall within the scope of the ECSC Treaty of Paris.

#### **Alloy steel (Table 10.2)**

Steel containing by weight at least 0.5 per cent of silicon, or 1.6 per cent of manganese, or 0.3 per cent of chromium or nickel, or 0.0008 per cent of boron, or 0.1 per cent of any other element except carbon, lead, nitrogen, phosphorus or sulphur. Alloy steels include stainless steel and heat resisting steels which contain 10.5 per cent or more of chromium, with or without other alloy elements, and less than 1.2 per cent of carbon.

#### **Total Engineering (Table 10.4)**

The table shows non-seasonally adjusted current price total turnover data of the industries classified to Divisions 29, 30, 31, 32 and 33 of the Standard Industrial Classification 2003.

The estimates are based upon the results of monthly surveys and are also published on the National Statistics website.

#### **Mechanical, instrument and electrical engineering (Tables 10.5 - 10.6)**

These tables provide non-seasonally adjusted current price turnover estimates of total, home and export sales, orders-on-hand and new orders (net of cancellations) of the industries classified to Divisions 29 and 30, of the Standard Industrial Classification 2003. The estimates for home sales and orders-on-hand are obtained by subtracting exports from totals and estimates for new orders are derived from current sales and the change in orders-on-hand.

The non-seasonally adjusted estimates data for the total engineering industries are initially published monthly on the National Statistics website. The estimates are based upon the results of monthly inquiries.

#### **Motor vehicles (Tables 10.7 - 10.8)**

The figures represent the output of United Kingdom based manufacturers classified to Class 34.10 (motor vehicles) of the Standard Industrial Classification (2003). They are derived

## Definitions and explanatory notes

from the motor vehicle production inquiry (MVPI). This enquiry ceased at July 2007.

### Passenger cars (Table 10.7)

These figures include vehicles produced in the form of kits for assembly. The value of the kit must be 50% or more of the value of corresponding complete vehicles.

### Commercial vehicles (Table 10.8)

The following types of vehicles are included: lorries and vans, motive units for articulated vehicles and special-type vehicles other than tracked armoured fighting vehicles for the Services. Chassis delivered as such by motor manufacturers are included.

## 11. TEXTILES AND OTHER MANUFACTURES

### Indices of production in the textile and clothing industries (Table 11.1)

These indices provide a general measure of the changes in the volume of production in the textile and clothing industries. For further information regarding the compilation of these indices, see Section 7.

### UK manufacturers' sales by industry (Tables 11.2 - 11.5)

#### Household textiles etc. (Table 11.2)

#### Knitted and crocheted products etc. (Table 11.3)

#### Wearing apparel etc. (Table 11.4)

#### Miscellaneous products (Table 11.5)

The data in these tables are collected under the PRODCOM inquiry, which was introduced in 1993 and replaced the previous QSI/ASI inquiries. Data shown are monetary sales in £ thousand of products classified to the SIC 2003 industries that are surveyed quarterly by the PRODCOM inquiry. (Data for industries surveyed annually can be found in Table 22.2 of the *Annual Abstract of Statistics*). Detailed product sales data (values and quantities) together with exports and imports data are available in the Product Sales and Trade quarterly and annual reports (PRQ and PRA series). The quarterly series was terminated in 2005 so quarterly backdated data is only available for periods up to the end of 2004. The annual series now incorporates the industries once covered by the quarterly series. Further information can be found on the National Statistics website [www.statistics.gov.uk/Statbase/products.asp?vlnk=9660](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/Statbase/products.asp?vlnk=9660).

## 12. CONSTRUCTION

### Value and volume of construction work and new orders obtained (Tables 12.1 - 12.2)

Figures for the construction industry are based on the 2003 Standard Industrial Classification.

The value of output represents the value of construction work done during the quarter in Great Britain and is derived from returns made by private contractors and public authorities with their own direct labour forces. The series (and the accompanying index of the volume of output) include estimates of the output of small firms and self-employed workers not recorded in the regular quarterly output inquiry.

The new orders statistics are collected from private contractors and analysed by the principal types of construction work involved. The series includes speculative work for eventual sale or lease undertaken on the initiative of the respondent where no formal contract or order is involved.

### Building materials and components (Table 12.3)

Unless otherwise stated, the figures are from returns submitted by producers.

#### Building bricks

The figures identify common, facing and engineering bricks made from clay, concrete or sandlime, but exclude both glazed bricks and all types of refractory bricks.

#### Concrete building blocks

Information refers to both dense and lightweight aggregate and to aerated concrete blocks.

#### Concrete roofing tiles

Figures refer to the area of roof covered.

#### Ready-mixed concrete

Figures are for production in the United Kingdom and are provided by the Quarry Products Association. They include production by members with an estimate for non-members.

#### Slate

The figures cover slate mined or quarried for all purposes including roofing and damp-proof courses, architectural and cladding uses.

## Sand and gravel

The figures include both land-won and marine-dredged sales and identify building sand, concreting sand, gravel and hoggin.

## Housing (Table 12.4)

The table on housebuilding relates to permanent dwellings built by private enterprise, registered social landlords (formerly Housing Associations) and local authorities. Temporary houses and mobile homes are excluded.

Figures for private enterprise and registered social landlords (excluding Scottish Homes) are each shown separately.

Figures for the public sector include houses provided by local authorities, Scottish Homes (formerly the Scottish Special Housing Association) and the Northern Ireland Housing Executive.

A dwelling is counted as started on the date work begins on the laying of foundations. A dwelling is regarded as completed when it becomes ready for occupation.

## 13. TRANSPORT

### Road vehicles in Great Britain (Tables 13.1 - 13.2)

In general the classes of vehicles are based on the taxation classes set out in schedules to the Vehicle (Excise) Act 1971, although in certain cases they have been renamed. However, extensive reforms of vehicle taxation classes were introduced from 1 July 1995, involving the abolition of a number of little used tax classes, the creation of certain new classes and revisions to some existing classes.

#### Private and light goods

Includes all vehicles used privately, mostly consists of private cars and vans. From 1 October 1990 most goods vehicles less than 3,500 kgs gross weight were transferred into this group. Further vehicles previously taxed in other groups but not exceeding 3,500 kgs were transferred into this group from 1 July 1995, for example recovery tax class vehicles not over 3,500 kgs. Other examples are described below.

#### Goods vehicles

Mostly goods vehicles greater than 3,500 kgs gross vehicle weight but up to 1 July 1995 also included farmers' and showmen's goods vehicles some of which were less than

3,500 kgs. Separate goods categories for the use of showmen and farmers were abolished from 1 July 1995 and vehicles over 3,500 kgs revenue weight were absorbed into general goods tax classes one and two. Goods vehicles not exceeding 3,500 kgs were transferred into the private and light goods group. A special taxation class solely for the use of goods vehicles based and used on certain offshore islands was established.

#### Public transport vehicles

Vehicles used to convey members of the public were taxed as hackney vehicles up to 1 July 1995, including buses, coaches, taxis and private hire cars. The previous Hackney taxation class was abolished from 1 July 1995 and replaced by a new Bus class, for the taxation of vehicles used to convey members of the public for hire or reward. These are usually vehicles with nine or more seats. Buses and coaches not licensed for public use are taxed as private vehicles. Vehicles previously in the Hackney class but with eight seats or fewer were transferred to the private and light goods group.

#### Special concession group

Until 1 July 1995 agricultural machines and other agricultural machinery were taxed at a special rate. This class also included works trucks, mobile cranes and mowing machines, vehicles making little use of public roads. This group was abolished from 1 July 1995, and replaced by a group termed 'special concessionary'. This continues to include agricultural machines, but was extended to include snowploughs, gritting vehicles, and electric vehicles among others. However, some heavy vehicles previously in the agricultural and special machines group were transferred to the 'special vehicles' group described above.

#### Special vehicles

A group established from 1 July 1995 and used primarily for the taxation of heavy vehicles, but where taxation as a standard goods vehicle would not be appropriate. Examples include showmen's haulage vehicles, mobile cranes, digging machines, road rollers, etc.

#### Exempt vehicles

Exempt vehicles pay no excise duty. Exempt vehicles are divided into two further groups, those which are registered but carry no licence, and those which renew their licence annually but pay a nil rate of duty. Vehicles owned by government departments and operating under certificates of crown ownership pay no tax under the Vehicle (Excise) Act and are termed 'Crown' vehicles, falling into the first of these categories.

## Definitions and explanatory notes

Among vehicles exempt from tax, a group covering emergency vehicles was created from 1 July 1995. This group includes ambulances, fire engines, other fire service vehicles, life boat haulage, mine rescue and police vehicles. Some changes were made to the list of exempt vehicle types. For example, electric vehicles, previously exempt, were moved to the special concessionary group.

A new tax class was introduced from 29 November 1995 for vehicles previously in private or light goods or motorcycle classes and over 25 years of age which are now exempt from duty.

### Sources

Statistics are based on licensing records held at the Driver and Vehicle Licensing Agency (DVLA) at Swansea. Before 1978, however, statistics of vehicles currently licensed were based on a combination of those records which were held at DVLA and those which were held at local taxation offices. Pre-1978 figures have been adjusted to be comparable with later figures based wholly on DVLA records.

### Road traffic and goods transport in Great Britain (Table 13.3)

The index of tonne-kilometres of road goods transport is estimated from the Continuing Survey of Road Goods Transport. Quarterly index numbers for road transport are obtained by dividing each quarter's figure of tonne-kilometres performed by road by the quarterly average in 1977. The quarterly figures relate to 13-week periods and not to three calendar months, so no adjustment for differences in the length of calendar months is necessary. Annual index numbers are obtained in a similar way by dividing the estimated annual road tonne-kilometres by the corresponding figure in 1977.

The index of vehicle kilometres travelled on roads in Great Britain is estimated from roadside traffic counts which take two forms: occasional short counts at large numbers of sites to estimate the absolute level of traffic (the DfT manual counts) and continuous automatic counts at a small number of sites (the DfT automatic counts) to estimate changes in the amount of traffic. These counts are used to derive average vehicle flow and the vehicle kilometre estimates are the product of this average flow and the total lengths of roads.

### Road casualties in Great Britain (Table 13.4)

These figures are compiled from information received by the Department for Transport, the Scottish Executive and the National Assembly for Wales from police forces throughout Great Britain. Only those casualties in road accidents

occurring on the public highway (including footways), in which a road vehicle was involved, and which became known to the police within 30 days of the accident are included.

Casualties are classified according to the degree of injury sustained. The degrees of injury are defined as follows:

**Killed:** a person who sustained injuries which caused death less than 30 days after the accident.

**Seriously injured:** a person detained in hospital as an 'in-patient', or any of the following injuries whether or not they are detained in hospital: fractures, concussion, internal injuries, crushings, severe cuts and lacerations, severe general shock requiring medical treatment, and injuries causing death 30 or more days after the accident.

**Slightly injured:** a person sustaining an injury of a minor character such as a sprain, bruise, or cut which are not judged to be severe, and do not necessarily require medical attention; or slight shock, requiring roadside attention.

### Road passenger transport (Tables 13.5 - 13.6)

The figures are derived from the annual returns of bus and coach operators. A passenger journey is defined as each single boarding of a vehicle.

### Indices of local (stage) bus fares

The information used to calculate the index of local (stage) bus fares is collected from a panel of the larger PSV operators accounting for over 85 per cent of passenger receipts from local services in Great Britain.

### Passenger journeys (Table 13.7)

On London Underground all journey figures are for complete journeys, which may include more than one stage. Return tickets are counted as two journeys. Season ticket journeys are those estimated to have been made in each year irrespective of when the ticket was sold.

### Passenger traffic (Table 13.7)

### National Rail

The figures include all Train Operating Companies (TOCs) that have been franchised to the private sector.

Passenger kilometres for season tickets are estimated on a rate of 480 journeys per year for annual season tickets and 540 journeys per year for season tickets of a duration of less than a year. Passenger kilometres are apportioned between the quarters on a pro-rata basis over the period of the season ticket.

## Freight traffic (Table 13.8)

### Rail

The figures include all revenue-earning traffic carried on freight trains in Great Britain. They include traffic carried by English, Welsh and Scottish Railways (EWS), Freightliner, Direct Rail Services (DRS) and GB Railfreight.

## Civil aviation (Table 13.9)

The statistics cover the scheduled services of major UK airlines.

Scheduled services are services performed for remuneration according to a published timetable and which are open to use by members of the public. Extra revenue flights occasioned by overflow traffic from scheduled flights are also included.

The figures refer only to revenue kilometres and traffic and therefore exclude such items as training, positioning and test flights and non-revenue passengers and cargo.

In combining kilometre statistics, distances have been calculated on the great circle distance between two traffic stops. If a technical stop intervenes the distance is the sum of the two stages caused by the technical stop.

### International services

Services flown between the United Kingdom, Isle of Man, Channel Islands and points overseas, and services flown between points outside the United Kingdom, Isle of Man and Channel Islands.

### Aircraft kilometres

Figures are calculated by multiplying the number of flights performed by the stage distance.

### Passengers uplifted

A passenger for whose transportation an air carrier receives commercial remuneration. The figures are calculated by counting each revenue passenger on a particular flight (with one flight number) once only and not repeatedly on each individual stage of that flight. Exclusions: a) persons travelling free; b) persons travelling at a fare or discount available only to employees of air carriers or their agents or only for travel on business for the carriers; c) infants who do not occupy a seat.

### Seat kilometres used

The figures are calculated by multiplying the number of revenue passengers carried on each stage flight by the stage distance.

### Cargo

The weight of property carried on an aircraft including, for example, the weight of freight, mail, excess baggage and diplomatic bags, but excluding passengers' and crews' permitted baggage.

### Freight (or mail) tonne kilometres used.

The figures are calculated by multiplying the number of tonnes of freight and diplomatic bags carried on each stage flight by the stage distance. Mail tonne kilometres are calculated in a similar way.

### Passenger tonne kilometres used

These are calculated by multiplying the weight of passengers carried on each stage flight by the stage distance.

## Shipping (Table 13.10)

Merchant vessels registered in the United Kingdom

Trading vessels of 500 gross tonnage and over registered within the United Kingdom, the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man.

### Bulk tanker and dry

The following ship types are included:

Oil tankers, oil chemical tanker, chemical tanker, liquefied gas carriers, and other specialised tankers; and dry bulk carriers including bulk carriers and bulk-oil carriers.

### Other

The following ship types are included:

General cargo roll-on/roll-off and lift-on/lift-off vessels, fully cellular container and part containerised ships, other specialised dry cargo vessels, cruise liners and other passenger carrying vessels.

### Non-trading vessels

The following vessel types are excluded:

Sailing ships, offshore supply and support vessels, special service, tugs, fishing, research, dredgers/hoppers/barques, and naval auxiliary vessels.

### Gross tonnage

Gross tonnage is the total volume of all the enclosed spaces of a vessel. Under the International Convention on the Tonnage

## Definitions and explanatory notes

Measurement of Ships, 1969, gross tonnage (GT) is defined as the following function of the total volume of all enclosed spaces in the ship (V), in cubic metres:

$$GT = K1V$$
$$\text{where } K1 = 0.2 + 0.02\log_{10}V.$$

Although the convention is fully in force, the old 'gross registered tons' measure may still be the measure recorded on Lloyd's Register-Fairplay World Fleet Database in a small proportion of cases. This was directly related to the capacity of the space within the hull, and of the enclosed spaces above the deck, which were available for cargo, stores, passengers and crew, with certain exceptions. In practice, old and new tonnage measures are fairly similar, except for ships with substantial exempt spaces under the old system, such as RO-RO vessels.

### Dead-weight tonnage

Deadweight tonnage (dwt) is the total maximum weight in tonnes that a ship can legally carry, that is, the total weight of cargo, bunkers, fuel, stores and crew. Statistics are compiled in metric units (one deadweight ton (imperial) = 1.016 deadweight tonnes).

### UK passenger movement (Tables 13.11 – 13.12)

#### Sea and cruise passengers

The tables contain international short-sea ferry passenger movements at UK ports (i.e. sailings between the UK and Belgium, Denmark, Faroe Isles, Finland, France, Germany, Ireland, Netherlands, Norway, Spain and Sweden) and international cruise or scheduled long sea voyage passengers embarking or disembarking at UK ports. Drivers of vehicles are included in the ferry passenger numbers.

Further information on sea and waterborne passengers is published in Chapters 3 and 4 of DfT's annual *Maritime Statistics*.

## 14. RETAILING

### Retail sales (Tables 14.1 - 14.2)

The monthly retail sales estimates cover the retail trades (excluding the motor trades) in Great Britain.

The inquiry provides soundly based estimates as it covers all large retailers and a random sample of smaller retailers. The sample size is approximately 5,000. The use of statutory powers means that it has been possible to improve the sample

design at the detailed level and reduce the sampling error associated with the results.

For each four or five week period, contributors report their retail sales for all their outlets, internet sites and by mail order catalogue. The statistics include VAT. Hire purchase and other instalment credit sales are valued at the credit price of the goods; that is including deposits and, where credit is provided by the shop, credit charges. Figures of credit sales relate only to the period during which the transactions took place; cash received from credit sales in previous periods is not included. Sales by chemists exclude receipts under the National Health Service. The sale of mobile phones and their accessories are included but contracts and airtime vouchers are excluded.

The retail sales index is based on the results of the 2000 annual business inquiry. From October 2003, the monthly retail index was rebased using detailed information from the larger scale 2000 annual business inquiry.

The main features of the series are:

- The reference year has been set at 2000 = 100.
- It incorporates price deflators for each SIC (92) class based on the pattern of trade shown by the 2000 annual business inquiry. These deflators are used to convert the value estimates on to a constant price or volume basis: most components of the retail sales index are deflated onto a volume basis using price data from the retail prices index.
- The index is now calculated using ratios estimation.
- The seasonal adjustment factors reappraised annually to ensure they reflect the seasonal pattern.

The latest summary statistics are published each month by First Release; more disaggregate value indices (not seasonally adjusted) are published each month in the ONS Business Monitor *SDM 28: Retail Sales* via the National Statistics website [www.statistics.gov.uk/rsi](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/rsi). Retail Sales information may also be obtained by contacting Karen Woodsford, ONS, Room 1.464, Government Buildings, Cardiff Road, Newport, NP10 8XG. Tel: 01633 812713. Alternatively e-mail [retail.sales.enquiries@ons.gov.uk](mailto:retail.sales.enquiries@ons.gov.uk)

## 15. EXTERNAL TRADE IN GOODS

Statistics of the United Kingdom's overseas trade in goods are compiled by the Office for National Statistics from information provided to HM Revenue and Customs by importers and exporters. A detailed description of the bases on which the statistics are compiled and the methodologies used is contained in a paper entitled 'Statistics on Trade in Goods'. This paper, which is Number 36 in the GSS Methodological Series, is available on the National Statistics website at <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/Statbase/Product.asp?vlnk=14943>

### Balance of Payments (BoP) Data (Tables 15.1 - 15.9)

The information included in Tables 15.1 to 15.9 inclusive is on a BoP basis with exports and imports both valued 'fob' (free on board), i.e. excluding insurance premiums and freight. For a complete description of the procedures undertaken to convert data from an OTS basis to a BoP basis, see 'Statistics on Trade in Goods' referred to above.

### Commodity classification (Tables 15.3 - 15.7)

Statistics of trade in goods are classified by commodity according to the Standard International Trade Classification (SITC Rev3), apart from defence equipment which is included in Section 9 rather than Section 8. Useful references are SITC revision 3, published in 1986 by the United Nations, and the HMRC's annual *Guide to the Classification for Overseas Trade Statistics* published as Business Monitor OTSG.

### Price and volume indices (Tables 15.4 - 15.5)

The indicators of price movement 'deflators' for individual commodities used in the calculation of price and volume indices are based in part on separately collected export and import price indices. Use is also made of adjusted producer price indices for exports and imports of manufactures. For other commodities where export and import price indices do not exist the price indices are based on the value and quantity data reported to Customs. For data prior to 1995 the calculation of price and volume indices is still based mainly on Customs data. A more detailed description of the deflation system can be found in 'Statistics on Trade in Goods' - see above

### Definition of areas (Tables 15.8 - 15.9)

As at 2004 the areas shown in Tables 15.8 and 15.9 comprised the following countries.

- Western Europe excluding the EU - Norway, Iceland, Switzerland, Andorra, San Marino, Vatican City, Turkey, Faroe Islands, Gibraltar, Liechtenstein;

- North America - United States of America, Canada, Greenland, Mexico, St. Pierre & Miquelon, Puerto Rico;
- Other OECD countries - Japan, Australia, New Zealand, Ceuta and Melilla, South Korea;
- Oil exporting countries - Abu Dhabi, Algeria, Bahrain, Brunei, Dubai, East Timor, Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Sharjah etc, Trinidad & Tobago, Venezuela;

### Figures excluding oil and the more erratic items (Tables 15.1 - 15.2)

Tables 15.1 and 15.2 show figures for trade excluding oil and the more erratic items. Oil means SITC Division 33 (petroleum and petroleum products). Experience suggests that trade in ships, aircraft, precious stones and silver can be regarded as erratic. Precious stones are classified to SITC Division 66 (non-metallic mineral manufactures), silver to Division 68 (non-ferrous metals) and the other erratic items to Division 79 (other transport equipment).

### Further Information (Tables 15.1 - 15.9)

More detailed figures on a BoP basis are shown in the *Monthly Review of External Trade Statistics*, as Business Monitor MM24. Editions of MM24 are available in electronic format and made as Adobe downloadable portable document formats (PDFs) on the National Statistics website ([www.statistics.gov.uk/bop](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/bop)). The PDF files are available free of charge. OTS figures, not seasonally adjusted, appear in *Overseas Trade Statistics of the United Kingdom*, published monthly by The Stationery Office as OTS1, which also contains further information about definition and coverage of data. From January 1993 this publication relates only to non-EU trade. There are two publications showing EU trade. The first OTS2 being a monthly summary showing data by country and by broad commodity group (SITC division), and the second OTSQ providing quarterly detailed commodity level tables. Once published the figures are still subject to revision as late returns are processed and revisions are reflected in year-to-date figures. The annual publication OTSA combines the intra-EU and non-EU data.

Unadjusted OTS figures are also available from marketing agents appointed by HM Revenue and Customs or on HMRC's website at <http://www.uktradeinfo.com>

## 16. UK BALANCE OF PAYMENTS

### Balance of payments (Tables 16.1 - 16.3)

The items in these tables are more fully described in *United Kingdom Balance of Payments 2007 edition - the ONS Pink Book*.

#### Summary of Balance of Payments (Table 16.1)

The Balance of Payments consists of the current account, the capital account and the financial account. The current account consists of trade in goods and services, income and current transfers. Income consists of investment income and compensation of employees. The capital account mainly consists of capital transfers and the financial account covers financial transactions. Every credit entry in the balance of payments accounts should, in theory, be matched by corresponding debit entry so that total current capital and financial account credits should be equal to, and therefore offset by, total debits. In practice there is a discrepancy termed net errors and omissions.

#### The current account (Table 16.2)

##### Trade in goods

The goods account covers exports and imports of goods. Imports of motor cars from Japan, for example, are recorded as debits in the trade in goods account whereas exports of vehicles manufactured in the UK are recorded as credits. Trade in goods forms a component of the expenditure measure of Gross Domestic Product (GDP).

##### Trade in services

The services account covers exports and imports of services (e.g. civil aviation). Passenger tickets for travel on UK aircraft sold abroad, for example, are recorded as credits in the services account whereas the purchases of airline tickets from foreign airlines by UK passengers are recorded as debits. Trade in services, along with trade in goods, forms a component of the expenditure measure of Gross Domestic Product (GDP).

##### Income

The income account consists of compensation of employees and investment income and is dominated by the latter. Compensation of employees covers employment income from cross-border and seasonal workers which is less significant in the UK than in other countries. Investment income covers earnings (e.g. profits, dividends and interest payments and receipts) arising from foreign investment and financial assets and liabilities. For example, earnings on foreign bonds and shares held by financial institutions based in the UK are

recorded as credits in the investment income account, whereas earnings on UK company securities held abroad are recorded as investment income debits. Investment income forms a component of Gross National Income (GNI) but not Gross Domestic Product (GDP).

##### Current transfers

Current transfers are composed of central government transfers (e.g. taxes and payments to and receipts from the European Union) and other transfers (e.g. gifts in cash or kind received by private individuals from abroad or receipts from the EU where the UK government acts as an agent for the ultimate beneficiary of the transfer). Current transfers do not form a component either of Gross Domestic Product (GDP) or of Gross National Income (GNI). For example payments to the UK farming industry under the EU Agricultural Guarantee Fund are recorded as credits in the current transfers account while payments of EU agricultural levies by the UK farming industry are recorded as debits in the current transfers account.

#### Financial account (Table 16.3)

While investment income covers earnings arising from foreign investments and financial assets and liabilities, the financial account of the balance of payments covers the flows of such investments. While earnings on foreign bonds and shares held by financial institutions based in the UK are, for example, recorded as credits in the investment income account, the acquisition of such foreign securities by UK based financial institutions are recorded as net debits in the financial account as portfolio investment abroad. Similarly the acquisitions of UK company securities held by foreign residents are recorded in the financial account as net credits as portfolio investment in the UK.

## 17. GOVERNMENT FINANCE

### Public sector finances (Table 17.1)

Table 17.1 shows information on all the key public sector finance statistics. The government's key fiscal indicators have been given far greater prominence, reflecting more closely the structure of the public sector finances and public sector accounts first releases. The statistics are used to monitor progress against the government's key fiscal rules, the 'golden rule' and the sustainable investment rule.

### Central government transactions and fiscal balances (Table 17.2)

Table 17.2 shows details of the income and expenditure

determinants of central government net borrowing and the surplus on current budget.

*Taxes on production.* This series includes Value added tax, tax on tobacco, hydrocarbon oils, stamp duties, National non-domestic rates and various other taxes. The biggest component, VAT, is also shown separately.

*Taxes on income.* Included here are taxes on income and taxes paid by corporations. This includes Capital Taxes Series.

*Other taxes.* Included in this series are motor vehicle taxes paid by households and inheritance tax.

*Compulsory social contributions.* These are National Insurance Contributions.

*Interest and dividends.* These are receipts of interest and dividends to central government.

*Other receipts.* These include rent and other current transfers, including oil royalties and the 3rd generation mobile phone spectrum net receipts.

*Interest.* This is interest paid by central government to the private sector and the rest of the world.

*Net social benefits.* Includes Social security benefits and other benefits paid to households by central government.

*Other current expenditure.* This includes current expenditure on goods and services, subsidies, current grants within general government and some other current transfers.

Gross saving is derived by subtracting total current expenditure from total current receipts, the surplus on current budget is then derived by taking account of depreciation.

### Public sector aggregates (not seasonally adjusted) (Table 17.3)

Table 17.3 show the key public sector balances drawn from national accounts, plus the public sector net cash requirement.

#### The surplus on current budget

This is net saving plus capital taxes (B8n+D91 uses from national accounts). The surplus on current budget represents the balance of revenue over current expenditure, whereas net borrowing (see below) measures the overall budget deficit, i.e. the balance of receipts over expenditure, both current and capital. This fiscal balance measures achievement against the Golden Rule, which states that over an economic cycle government should only borrow to finance investment. The

surplus on current budget therefore represents the surplus available for investment.

#### Net borrowing

(B9 from the national accounts). Net borrowing is a concept based on internationally agreed definitions. Net borrowing measures the change in the public sector's accruing net financial indebtedness. Net borrowing is an accruals concept, whereas the closely related net cash requirement is almost entirely a cash measure.

More information on the concepts in tables 17.1, 17.2 and 17.3 can be found in a guide to monthly public sector finance statistics, *GSS Methodology Series No 12*, the ONS First Releases *Public Sector Finances and Public Sector Accounts* and *Financial Statistics Explanatory Handbook*

#### Selected financial statistics (Table 17.4)

This table shows a selection of financial statistics. Further details are to be found in Financial Statistics.

#### Money stock and liquidity (Table 17.5)

There is no single, universally accepted, definition of money. Any single definition must be, to some extent, arbitrary: a range of monetary aggregates is therefore produced reflecting different bands on the spectrum of liquidity.

The current definitions of the monetary aggregates M0, M2 and M4 are detailed below, M3 formerly known as £M3, ceased to be published (along with M1 and M3c) from July 1989 following Abbey National Building Society's conversion to a public limited company (see *Bank of England Quarterly Bulletin* August 1989). NIBM1 (a measure of transactions money) ceased to be published in November 1990. M2 ceased to be published from December 1992 following the redefinition of deposits which, along with notes and coins, comprise M2.

M0 comprises notes and coins in circulation outside the Bank of England plus bankers' operational balances with the Bank. For the major components of M0, the level for each month is the average of the levels on all the Wednesdays of that month, and the change is the difference between those average levels (adjusted for any breaks in series).

M4 is made up of notes and coins in circulation with the public, together with all deposits (including certificates of deposit and other short-term paper) with banks and building societies denominated in sterling and held by the UK private sector (other than banks and building societies).

## Definitions and explanatory notes

For further details see the *Bank of England Quarterly Bulletin* March 1981, June 1982, December 1982, March 1983, March 1984, May 1987 and August 1990. A fuller analysis of the figures is shown in *Financial Statistics* and in the *Bank of England Quarterly Bulletin*.

Details of breaks in monetary series are described in Technical Series paper No 23 entitled 'Breaks in Monetary Series' published by the Bank of England Statistical Abstract, Part 2' issued in November 1993. The definitions of the monetary aggregates were considered in a Discussion paper issued by the Bank in March 1990; responses to the paper, and the Bank's reaction to the responses were described in the August 1990 *bank of England Quarterly Bulletin*, pages 336-37.

In the seasonally adjusted data, the adjustments are generally constrained to sum to zero over the financial year for the monthly and quarterly monetary aggregates and over the calendar year for sectoral data. (For further information on seasonal adjustments see page 30 of *United Kingdom Flow of Funds Accounts: 1963-1976*, published by the Bank of England in May 1978, the *Bank of England Quarterly Bulletin* June 1983, December 1986, February 1989, February 1991, August 1991 and February 1992).

### Selected interest rates, exchange rates and security prices.

Details of the series can be found in chapter 7 of *Financial Statistics*.

## 18. PRICES AND WAGES

### Consumer Prices Index (CPI) (Tables 18.1 – 18.2)

The Consumer Prices Index is the main United Kingdom domestic measure of inflation for macroeconomic purposes. Like the RPI (see below) it measures the average change from month to month in the prices of consumer goods and services purchased in the UK, but there are differences in coverage and methodology. A detailed description of these differences is given in the paper entitled "The New Inflation Target: the Statistical Perspective". This paper is available on the National Statistics website: <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=10913> Since 10 December 2003, the Government inflation target for the UK has been defined in terms of the CPI measure of inflation. Prior to that the CPI had been published in the UK as the harmonised index of consumer prices (HICP); the two remain one and the same index. For further information on HICPs see below.

CPI inflation rates prior to 1997 and index levels prior to 1996 are estimated. See article on National Statistics website: <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cci/article.asp?ID=31>. Also the coverage

of CPI categories for health, education and miscellaneous goods and services have been extended between 2000 and 2002. Details are given in articles available on the National Statistics website: <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cci/searchres2.asp?ct=6&term=HICP>

Further details on the CPI are available from National Statistics website: [www.statistics.gov.uk/cpi](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cpi)

### Retail Prices Index (RPI) (Tables 18.3 - 18.5)

The Retail Prices Index is the most familiar general purpose measure of inflation in the UK, measuring the percentage changes month by month in the average level of prices of the goods and services purchased by the great majority of households in the United Kingdom. The uses of the RPI include indexation of pensions, state benefits and index-linked gilts. The weights used for combining the indices for the various groups of items are revised annually on the basis of information from the *Expenditure and Food Survey* (EFS), for (generally) the year ended in the previous June. Further details on the EFS and the annual *Family Spending* reports are available from the National Statistics website: <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/statbase/Product.asp?vlnk=361>

The index is calculated monthly in respect of a Tuesday near the middle of each month.

Expenditure covered by the index does not include income tax payments, national insurance contributions, savings or investments (e.g. pension contributions and the capital element of mortgage payments for house purchase), gifts and donations which are not made in return for any specific service (e.g. church collections) and expenditure for which no 'unit of purchase' can be identified for purposes of price collection (e.g. on betting).

For expenditure coming within the scope of the index a representative list of items has been selected and the prices of these items are collected each month. Quotations are obtained from shops and other outlets typical of those used by the majority of households, in around 150 areas throughout the United Kingdom. The prices used are the prices actually charged. So far as possible they relate to goods of unchanged quality at successive dates.

Further details on the RPI are available from the National Statistics website: [www.statistics.gov.uk/rpi](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/rpi)

### Harmonised indices of consumer prices (HICPs) (Table 18.6)

This is calculated in each Member State of the European Union (EU), according to rules specified in a series of

European Regulations developed by the EU statistical office in conjunction with the EU Member States. The HICPs are used to compare inflation rate across the EU. Since January 1999 it has also been used by the European Central Bank (ECB) as the measure of price stability across the Euro area.

More information on HICPs is available from the National Statistics website: [www.statistics.gov.uk/hicp](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/hicp)

### Purchasing power of the pound (Table 18.7)

Changes in the internal purchasing power of a currency may be defined as the 'inverse' of changes in the levels of prices; when prices go up, the amount which can be purchased with a given sum of money goes down. From January 1962 onwards, movements in the internal purchasing power of the pound are based on the Retail Prices Index (RPI). If the purchasing power of the pound is taken to be 100p in a particular year, the comparable purchasing power in a subsequent year is:

$$100 \times \frac{\text{average price index for earlier year}}{\text{average price index for later year}}$$

### Tax and price index (Table 18.8)

The purpose and methodology of the Tax and Price Index (TPI) were described in an article in the August 1979 issue (No 310) of *Economic Trends* (HMSO 1979). The purpose is to produce a single index which measures changes in both direct taxes (including national insurance contributions and tax credits, the latter of which is treated as negative taxation) and in retail prices for a representative cross-section of taxpayers. Thus, while the Retail Prices Index may be used to measure changes in the purchasing power of after-tax income (and of the income of non-taxpayers) the Tax and Price Index takes account of the fact that taxpayers will have more or less to spend according to changes in direct taxation. The index measures the change in gross taxable income which would maintain their after-tax income in real terms. Further information on the TPI can be found in Chapter 10.6 of the CPI Technical Manual which is available on the National Statistics website: [http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme\\_economy/CPI\\_Technical\\_Manual.pdf](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme_economy/CPI_Technical_Manual.pdf)

### Index numbers of producer prices (PPI) (Table 18.9)

There are two broad groups of Producer Price Indices; output prices and input prices. Output prices are the prices of goods produced by the manufacturers and sold to the home market. Input prices are the prices of materials and fuels purchased by manufacturers in order to produce their goods.

The Producer Price Indices are calculated from the price movements of around 9,000 closely defined products. It is a base weighted index working on the basket of goods concept. A wide range of representative products are selected and the prices of these goods collected each month. The movement in these prices are weighted to reflect the relative importance of the products in a chosen year (known as the base year) currently 2000. This price data is converted into a basic set of price indices from which broad series are built up. Output prices (products destined for sale in the UK) are grouped in accordance with the Standard Industrial Classification 1992 with weighting patterns based on overall sales by manufacturers within those groupings. Input prices are grouped in accordance with Input/Output table groupings. The indices published in this monitor are widely used by business in price escalation clauses in contracts and for monitoring price movements in the products they trade.

The high level index numbers shown in Table 18.9 are constructed on a net sector basis - i.e. the index for any sector relates only to transactions between that sector and other sectors, within-sector sales and purchases are excluded. For example, the index for materials and fuel purchased by manufacturing industry is designed to reflect only changes in the prices of purchases that manufacturing industry taken as a whole obtained from the UK non-manufacturing sector and from abroad, it does not reflect changes in the prices of purchases from within the UK manufacturing sector. The index numbers for selected industries in Table 18.9 are constructed on a gross sector basis i.e. all transactions are included in deriving the weighting patterns, including sales within the same industry.

The indices relate to average prices for a month. The full effect of a price change occurring part-way through any one month will only be reflected in the index for the following month. The index numbers are compiled exclusive of VAT. Excise duties (on cigarettes, manufactured tobacco, petroleum and alcoholic liquor) are included.

### Construction output price index (column JYYC in Table 18.9)

The index relates to quarterly changes in the price actually being paid for new building and civil engineering work being carried out at the time in Great Britain, excluding repair and maintenance. It is a weighted combination of the separate tender price indices for contractors' output in six work sectors, for several previous quarters up to the quarter to which the index refers. A description of the methodology the indices was given in the *Economic Trends* No 297, July 1978.

## Definitions and explanatory notes

### Monthly house price index of all dwellings, by region (Table 18.10, series FCBA in Table 18.9)

Information on dwelling prices at national and regional levels are collected and published by *Communities and Local Government (CLG)* on a monthly basis from a survey of mortgage completions, the Regulated Mortgage Survey (RMS) which replaced the Survey of Mortgage Lenders (SML) in November 2005, consequently data for September 2005 quarter 3 2005 and annual data 2005 are based on a mixture of data from both surveys. The Survey covers banks and building societies, who supply data to the Council of Mortgage Lenders (CML)/ BankSearch.

Data prior to 2002 Q1 were derived from a 5% sample of completions data and were calculated on an old mix-adjusted methodology. As a consequence of a significantly increased sample the CLD were able to introduce a new monthly series. The mix-adjusted methodology was also enhanced. The monthly series are available back to February 2002. The quarterly series from 2002 Q2 have also been revised to reflect the monthly house price figures, and the quarterly and annual series were rebased to 2002 Q1. The RMS survey has around 60,000 cases per month.

Series FCBA provides a monthly, quarterly and annual mix-adjusted index for the average price of new dwellings at mortgage completion stage for the UK. Note that the index should be treated with caution as there are relatively small numbers of new dwellings, and prices of new homes tend to be more volatile than for existing homes, often because of variations in the additional features that are included in some new developments but not in others.

The indices in Table 18.10 are based on the mix-adjusted index average prices of all dwellings at mortgage completion stage by Government Office Region. The series are not seasonally adjusted.

Prices are based on completions (rather than mortgage approvals) which relate to dwellings actually purchased. A small but significant number of mortgage approvals do not result in completed transactions.

Why and how is the index "mix-adjusted"? If the index were based on changes in the simple average price, the movements of the index would be influenced by changes in the mix of properties bought in each period. This effect is removed by applying fixed weights at the start of each year, based on the average mix of properties purchased during the previous three years.

The mix-adjusted indices exclude sitting tenant ("right-to-buy") purchases, cash purchases, remortgages and further loans.

Further mix-adjusted average prices and indices are available on the CLG website, within the Housing Statistics section ([www.communities.gov.uk/housingstatistics](http://www.communities.gov.uk/housingstatistics)).

### Indices of producer prices of agricultural products and of purchase prices of the means of agricultural production (Table 18.11)

The monthly and annual index numbers of agricultural prices in the United Kingdom cover all the main agricultural products and also the main groups of materials currently consumed by agriculture. The indices are currently based on the calendar year 2000. They are designed to provide short-term and medium-term indications of movements in these prices. All annual series are base-weighted Laspeyres type, using value weights derived from the Economic Accounts for agriculture 2000 prepared for the Statistical office of the European Union. Monthly indices for some purchase prices and non-seasonal product prices are calculated using annual weights and base prices which are weighted means of the 2000 monthly prices. Monthly indices for seasonal product prices and the following purchase prices; Seeds, Energy & Lubricants, Fertilisers and Animal Feedstuffs are calculated using a monthly weight which is the annual weight of the product distributed over its trading months. The base prices used are weighted of the 2000 monthly prices. Prices are measured exclusive of VAT. For practical reasons, it has generally been necessary to measure the prices received by producers (outputs) at the first marketing stage and prices of materials (inputs) ex-supplier.

The construction of the indices enables them to be combined with similar indices for other member countries of the European Union to provide an overall indication of price trends within the Union which appears in the Union's Eurostat series of publications.

Index numbers at a more detailed level and for earlier based series are available from the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs, Stats SSFE FCA Div4, Room 146, Foss House, King's Pool 1-2 Peasholme Green, York, YO1 7PX. Tel: 01904 455249.

### Average weekly earnings and hours worked in manufacturing and certain other industries (Tables 18.12 - 18.14)

The *Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings (ASHE)* covers a one per cent sample of employees in employment in all sectors of the United Kingdom economy. Information is collected from employers on the earnings and hours of individual employees in the pay-period containing a particular date in April each year.

The earnings figures relate to gross pay before tax, National Insurance or other deductions, and exclude payments in

kind. They are restricted to earnings relating to the survey pay period, and so exclude payments of arrears from another period (any payments due as a result of a pay settlement but not yet paid will also be excluded). Changes in average earnings between successive surveys represent the combined effect of a number of factors, including: (a) pay settlements implemented between the April survey dates (the changes in average earnings for particular groups of employees may be affected by changes in the timing of settlement); (b) variations in the amount of overtime and other payments relative to basic pay; and (c) changes in the proportions of employees in different occupations and industries.

The survey sample is largely drawn from records of those who are members of Pay As You Earn (PAYE) schemes, and so its coverage of people with very low weekly earnings - mostly part-time employees - is incomplete. Most published results are confined to full-time employees on adult rates whose earnings for the survey pay-period were not affected by absence.

The ASHE survey provides a wealth of detailed information on the levels, distribution and make-up of earnings in the United Kingdom. The results of the survey are on the Office for National Statistics website <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=13101>

#### **Index of average earnings of all employees (AEI) (monthly inquiry) (Tables 18.15 - 18.16)**

The Average Earnings Index (AEI) is designed to measure changes in the level of earnings i.e. wage inflation in Great Britain. Average earnings are calculated as the total wages and salaries paid by firms, divided by the number of employees paid. Like all indices, changes are measured against a base year, whose index value is set to 100. The current base year is 2000 for both tables 18.15 and 18.16.

Indices are given for 20 industry groups of the Standard Industrial Classification 1992, all manufacturing industries, production industries, all service industries, public and private sectors and the whole economy. For the last six indices, actual and seasonally adjusted figures are given, together with percentage changes over the previous 12 months for seasonally adjusted and 3-month rate of average earnings. The main indicator of growth, is based on the annual change in the seasonally adjusted index values for the latest 3 months compared with the same period a year ago. The use of a 3-month average reduces the level of volatility seen in the data on a month-on-month basis.

#### **Strengths of the AEI**

The AEI, based on monthly survey data, is a timely indicator of changes in the level of earnings.

#### **Limitations of the AEI**

The index is not adjusted for any changes in the composition of the workforce such as changes in the share of full time and part time workers, or in the share of skilled and unskilled workers. Similarly, the index does not account for changes in the number of hours worked, or any temporary factors that affect earnings.

The sample of the Monthly Wages and Salaries Survey on which the AEI is based is not designed to provide information on the level of earnings. The sample is not completely representative of the economy as firms with fewer than 20 employees are excluded, as are the earnings of self employed persons.

The AEI only covers earnings in Great Britain as earnings information is not collected for Northern Ireland and regional data are not available.

## **19. LEISURE**

#### **Television Licences (Table 19.1)**

These figures are compiled by Capita Business Services Ltd. and represent the total number of annual licences in force at the end of the period. They include about 39,500 licences issued at a reduced fee to the blind but exclude an estimated 538,000 households covered by accommodation and residential care licences.

#### **UK Cinema statistics (19.2)**

Cinema admissions collected on behalf of the Cinema Advertising Association by Nielsen EDI. Admissions figures are collected on a weekly basis from virtually all cinemas in the UK.

#### **Earnings and expenditure on overseas travel and tourism (Table 19.4)**

Table 19.4 shows estimates of UK earnings from overseas visitors and expenditure by UK residents on visits abroad. The figures come from the International Passenger Survey, a sample survey of people as they enter or leave the country through the principal air, sea or tunnel routes. They exclude payments for travel to and from the UK.

## **Definitions and explanatory notes**

An overseas visitor is defined as someone who is permanently resident in a country outside the UK and who visits the United Kingdom for a period of less than 12 months. UK citizens resident abroad for 12 months or more who visit the UK for less than a year are included in this category. Similarly, visits abroad are visits for a period of less than 12 months by people permanently resident in the UK (but who may be of foreign nationality).

Until April 1999 the IPS did not cover routes to and from the Irish Republic. All current estimates are supplemented by data provided by the Central Statistical Office in Ireland to produce the figures in the table.

## **20. WEATHER**

**District summary (Table 20.1)**

**Annual summary (Table 20.2)**

Further details on weather statistics or an explanation of the methodology used in this table may be obtained from the Met Office, Fitzroy Road, Exeter, Devon, EX1 3PB. Telephone 0870 900 0100, Fax 0870 900 5050 or email: [enquiries@metoffice.com](mailto:enquiries@metoffice.com)

# Sources

<b>Subject and table number in January 2008 edition</b>	<b>Government department or other organisation</b>	<b>Further sources of information</b>
National accounts, 1.1 - 1.15	Office for National Statistics	United Kingdom National Accounts (annual) United Kingdom Economic Accounts (quarterly) Consumer Trends Economic Trends (monthly) First Releases
Population and vitalstatistics, 2.1 - 2.4	Office for National Statistics General Register Office for Scotland Northern Ireland Statistics & Research Agency	Annual Reports of the Registrars General, Population Trends Quarterly returns of births, deaths and marriages
Labour market, 3.1 - 3.3	Office for National Statistics Department of Economic Development (Northern Ireland)	Economic and Labour Market Review. Labour Force Survey Quarterly Supplement Northern Ireland: Northern Ireland Annual Abstract of Statistics
3.4	Cabinet Office	Civil Service Statistics
3.5, 3.6	Defence Analytical Services Agency (Tri-Service)	'UK Regular Forces Strengths and Changes' (monthly) United Kingdom Defence Statistics (annual)
3.7	Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA)	Agricultural Statistics, United Kingdom (annual) Agricultural Statistics, Scotland
3.8	Office for National Statistics	Economic and Labour Market Review.
3.9 - 3.14	Office for National Statistics	Labour Force Survey Quarterly Supplement
Social Services, 4.1, 4.3	Department for Work and Pensions HM Revenue and Customs	DWP Tabulation Tool and 100% counts
4.2	HM Revenue and Customs	Quarterly Enquiries
Family health service, 4.4	Health and Social Care Information Centre  National Health Service in Scotland	Health and Personal Social Services  Statistics for England Prescription Cost Analysis England (annual) Scottish Health Statistics, Statistical bulletin on prescriptions dispensed in the community
	National Assembly for Wales	Prescription Cost Analysis, Health Statistics Wales (annual)

## Sources

<b>Subject and table number in January 2008 edition</b>	<b>Government department or other organisation</b>	<b>Further sources of information</b>
Law enforcement, 5.1 – 5.2	Home Office	Crime in England and Wales 2005/06
	The Scottish Government Justice Analytical Services	Recorded Crime Statistics Scotland 2006/07
Agriculture and food, 6.1 - 6.11	Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs, Scottish Executive Environment and Rural Affairs Department, Department of Agriculture and Rural Development, Northern Ireland	Agricultural Statistics, United Kingdom Agricultural Statistics, Scotland (annual) Annual Report of HM Revenue and Customs
Tobacco products and alcoholic drinks, 6.12 - 6.13	HM Revenue and Customs	
Production, output and costs, 7.1 - 7.3	Office for National Statistics	Index of Production First Release Economic and Labour Market Review Labour Market Integrated First Release Productivity First Release
Energy, 8.1 - 8.9	Department for Business, Enterprise and Regulatory Reform (BERR)	Digest of United Kingdom Energy Statistics Energy Trends (monthly, BERR) The Energy Report Energy Paper 66 – Energy Consumption in the UK
Chemicals, 9.1	HM Revenue and Customs Agricultural Industries Confederation	
9.2	National Sulphuric Acid Association	
9.3 - 9.5	Office for National Statistics	
Metals, 10.1 - 10.3	Iron and Steel Statistics Bureau	Iron and Steel Industry Monthly and Annual Statistics published by British Steel Corporation
	Aluminium Federation	World Metal Statistics (monthly)
Engineering, 10.4 - 10.6	Office for National Statistics	
Vehicles, 10.7 - 10.8	Office for National Statistics	
Textiles and other manufactures, 11.1 11.2 - 11.5	Office for National Statistics	Index of Production First Release

<b>Subject and table number in January 2008 edition</b>	<b>Government department or other organisation</b>	<b>Further sources of information</b>
Construction, 12.1 - 12.2	Department for Business, Enterprise and Regulatory Reform (BERR)	Construction Statistics Annual
12.3	BERR	Monthly Statistics of Building Materials and Components
12.4	Department for Communities and Local Government National Assembly for Wales, Scottish Development Dept., Dept., for Social Development	Housing Statistics (quarterly) Housing Return for Scotland (quarterly) Digest of Housing Statistics for Northern Ireland (quarterly)
Transport, 13.1 - 13.4	Department for Transport	Road Accidents Great Britain (annual), Transport Statistics, Great Britain (annual)
13.5 - 13.6	Department for Transport	Road Freight Statistics
13.7 - 13.8	Office of Rail Regulation	Public Transport Statistics Bulletin Great Britain. National Rail Trends
13.9	Civil Aviation Authority	CAA Monthly Airline Statistics (UK Airline, Operating and Traffic statistics)
13.10	Department for Transport	Registry of Ships, published monthly by the Registrar of Shipping and Seamen CAA Airport Statistics
13.11 - 13.12	Civil Aviation Authority Department for Transport	Sea Passenger Statistics
Retailing, 14.1 - 14.2	Office for National Statistics	
External trade in goods, 15.1 - 15.9	Office for National Statistics	OTS2 Overseas Trade Statistics with the world (including data for countries within the European Community): Intrastat, OTS1 Extra - EU Trade, OTSQ Quarterly EU Trade, OTSA Whole World Trade by commodity and country OTS series are published by The Stationery Office

## Sources

<b>Subject and table number in January 2008 edition</b>	<b>Government department or other organisation</b>	<b>Further sources of information</b>
Balance of payments, 16.1 - 16.3	Office for National Statistics Bank of England	United Kingdom Balance of Payments Financial Statistics (monthly) Bank of England Quarterly Bulletin United Kingdom Economic Accounts (quarterly)
Public sector finances 17.1	Office for National Statistics	Public sector finances (monthly)
Central government transactions and fiscal balances 17.2	Office for National Statistics	Public sector finances (monthly)
Public sector aggregates 17.3	Office for National Statistics	Public sector accounts (quarterly) Financial Statistics (monthly) Bank of England Quarterly Bulletin
Selected financial statistics, 17.4	Department for National Savings Building Societies Commission; BERR, Association of Unit Trusts and Investment Funds Bank of England	Investment by Insurance Companies, Pension funds and trusts First Release
Monetary aggregates, 17.5	Bank of England	Bank of England Quarterly Bulletin
Selected interest rates, exchange rates and security price, 17.6	Bank of England	Financial Statistics (ONS)
Consumer prices index, 18.1 - 18.2	Office for National Statistics	Focus on Consumer Price Indices
Retail prices index, 18.3 - 18.6	Office for National Statistics Statistical Office of the European Communities (Eurostat)	First Release CPI dataset on ONS website
Purchasing power of the pound, 18.7	Office for National Statistics	Quarterly Building Price and Cost Indices
Tax and price index, 18.8	Office for National Statistics	
Producer prices, 18.9	Communities and Local Government	Construction Statistics Annual
House price index, 18.10	Communities and Local Government	House Price Index statistical release
Agricultural prices, 18.11	Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs	Agriculture Statistics, United Kingdom
Earnings, hours and wage rates, 18.12 - 18.16	Office for National Statistics	Economic and Labour Market Review. British Labour Statistics Yearbook Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings

<b>Subject and table number in January 2008 edition</b>	<b>Government department or other organisation</b>	<b>Further sources of information</b>
TV Licences, 19.1	Capita Business Services Ltd	
Cinema, 19.2	Cinema Advertising Association	
Average issue readership of national daily newspapers, 19.3	National Readership Surveys Ltd	
Overseas tourism and travel:visits and expenditure, 19.4	Office for National Statistics	Overseas travel and tourism Travel Trends News Release
Weather, 20.1, 20.2	The Met Office	<a href="http://www.metoffice.gov.uk">www.metoffice.gov.uk</a>