

BOARD OF TRADE
(ANNUAL REPORT OF LABOUR DEPARTMENT.)

THIRD ANNUAL
R E P O R T

OF THE

Labour Department of the Board of Trade
(1895-96)

WITH

ABSTRACT OF LABOUR STATISTICS.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.



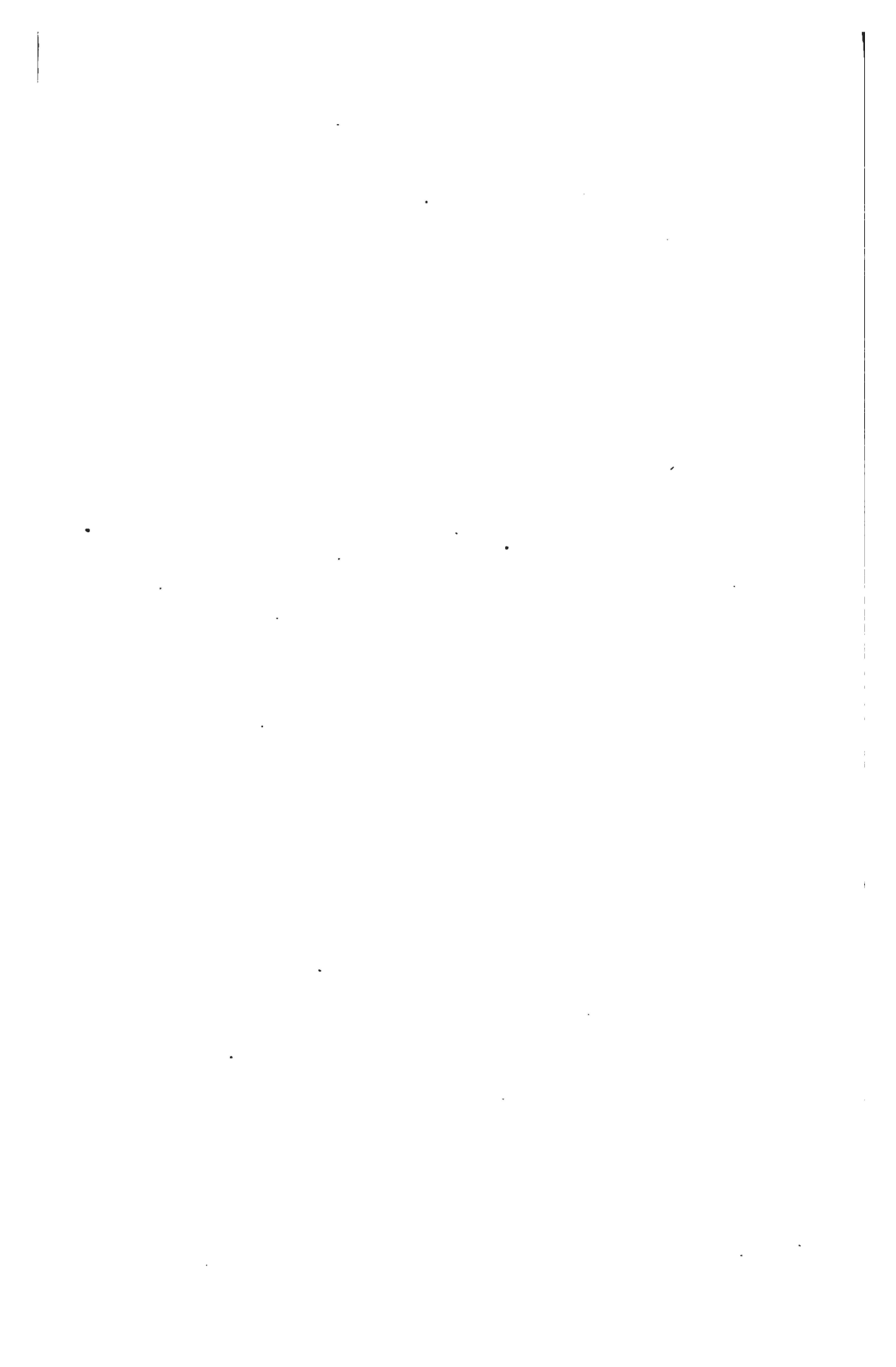
LONDON:

PRINTED FOR HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE,
BY EYRE AND SPOTTISWOODE,
PRINTERS TO THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.

And to be purchased, either directly or through any Bookseller, from
EYRE AND SPOTTISWOODE, EAST HARDING STREET, FLEET STREET, E.C., and
32, ABINGDON STREET, WESTMINSTER, S.W.; or
JOHN MENZIES & Co., 12, HANOVER STREET, EDINBURGH, and
90, WEST NILE STREET, GLASGOW; or
HODGES, FIGGIS, & Co., LIMITED, 104, GRAYTON STREET, DUBLIN.

1896.

[C.—8230.] *Price 1s.*



CONTENTS.

REPORT TO BOARD OF TRADE	Page xiii
Labour Statistics for 1895	xvi
Statistical Tables (for detailed Table of Contents, <i>see below</i>)	1
List of Board of Trade Publications on Labour Questions	195
Index to Subjects treated in Statistical Tables	197

LIST OF TABLES IN ABSTRACT OF LABOUR STATISTICS.

[N.B.—*The Tables refer to the United Kingdom unless otherwise stated.*]

No. of Table.	Trade Unions.	
1. GENERAL SUMMARY	{ Number and Membership, so far as returned, and Membership, Income, Expenditure, and Funds in Hand of 100 Principal Trade Unions in each of the Years 1892 to 1895	2
2. DETAILS OF EXPENDITURE	{ Total Expenditure on various Benefits in 1894, with the Amounts per Head in 1891, 1892, 1893, and 1894	3
TRADE UNIONS GROUPED BY INDUSTRIES:—		
3. ALL TRADE UNIONS MAKING RETURNS	{ Number and Membership in 1892, 1893, 1894, and 1895	4
4. 100 PRINCIPAL UNIONS	{ Membership, Income, Expenditure, and Balance of Funds in Hand for 1894 and 1895	5
5. PARTICULARS OF TWENTY OF THE LARGEST TRADE UNIONS	A. Membership in each of the Years 1887 to 1895	6
	B. Total Income in each of the Years 1887 to 1895	8
	C. Balance of Funds at end of each of the Years 1887 to 1895	10
	D. Details of the Expenditure per Head during 1895	12
6. PROVISION FOR OLD AGE BY TRADE UNIONS.	{ Extent of Provision for Old Age by Trade Unions, grouped by Industries, in 1894	14
7. FEDERATIONS OF TRADE UNIONS	{ Federations of Trade Unions in 1895, with date of formation, district covered, and number and membership of Unions and branches of Unions affiliated	16
8. TRADES COUNCILS	{ Number of Unions and of Local Branches of Unions affiliated to Trades Councils, together with the Membership in 1895	21
9. TRADE UNION CONGRESSES	{ Number of Delegates, Organisations and Members thereof represented, and the Income of the Congresses held in each of the Years 1893 to 1896	23

Associations of Employers.

10. ASSOCIATIONS OF EMPLOYERS	{ Number of Associations of Employers, classified according to trades, and distinguishing National and Local Associations and Federations	24
---	---	----

Workmen's Co-operative Societies.

11. GENERAL SUMMARY	{ Number of Societies, Total Membership, Capital, Sales, and Profit, together with the Percentage of Membership to the Population of the United Kingdom, in each of the Years 1891 to 1894	25
-------------------------------	--	----

Workmen's Co-operative Societies—continued.**ASSOCIATIONS FOR DISTRIBUTION.**

12.	ASSOCIATIONS FOR RETAIL DISTRIBUTION	Membership, Capital, Sales, Profit, and other Particulars (excluding the Wholesale Societies), for each of the Years 1881 to 1894:—	
		A. England and Wales	26
		B. Scotland	26
		C. Ireland	29
		D. United Kingdom	28

CO-OPERATIVE PRODUCTION.

13.	GENERAL SUMMARY	Number of Societies making returns as to Production, Number of Persons employed in Production, and Total Value of Productions in 1894 and 1895, distinguishing various classes of Societies	30
14.	PRODUCTION CARRIED ON BY SOCIETIES FOR RETAIL DISTRIBUTION	Number of Societies established primarily for Retail Distribution which were also engaged in Production, with Number of Persons employed in Production, and Total Value of Productions in 1894 and 1895; and, for 1895, the Total Amount paid in Wages for Production:—	
		A. England and Wales	31
		B. Scotland	32
		C. United Kingdom	33

ASSOCIATIONS FOR PRODUCTION.

15.	GENERAL SUMMARY	Membership, Capital, Sales, Profit and Distribution thereof, for each of the Years 1881 to 1895	34
16.	GROUPED BY INDUSTRIES	Distribution in Groups of Trades, and the Total Sales, for each of the Years 1885 to 1895	36
17.	DETAILED PARTICULARS, GROUPED BY INDUSTRIES	Membership, Capital, Sales, and Profit in 1894 and 1895:—	
		A. England and Wales	38
		B. Scotland	39
		C. Ireland	39
		D. United Kingdom	39
18.	MODE OF DISTRIBUTION OF NET PROFIT	Amount of Net Profit allotted to Shareholders, Customers, and Workers respectively in 1894 and 1895	40

WHOLESALE SOCIETIES.

19.	DISTRIBUTIVE DEPARTMENTS:—		
	ENGLISH SOCIETY	Membership, Capital, Sales, Profit, and other particulars, in each of the Years 1881 to 1895	42
	SCOTTISH SOCIETY	Membership, Capital, Sales, Profit, and other particulars, in each of the Years 1881 to 1895	42
	IRISH SOCIETY	Capital, Sales, Profit, or Loss in 1893, 1894, and 1895	42

ENGLISH WHOLESALE SOCIETY: MANUFACTURING DEPARTMENTS.

20.	GENERAL SUMMARY	Number of Workpeople employed, Amount of Capital, Value of Productions, and Amount of Expenses in each of the Years 1874 to 1895	43
21.	DETAILED STATEMENT, CLASSIFIED BY INDUSTRIES	Number of Workpeople employed, Amount of Capital, Value of Productions, and Amount of Expenses in 1894 and 1895	44

SCOTTISH WHOLESALE SOCIETY: MANUFACTURING DEPARTMENTS.

	GENERAL SUMMARY	Number of Workpeople employed, Amount of Capital, Value of Productions, and Amount of Expenses, together with the amount distributed to workers as Bonus, in each of the Years 1883 to 1895	45
22.	DETAILED STATEMENT, CLASSIFIED BY INDUSTRIES	Number of Workpeople employed, Amount of Capital, Value of Productions, and Amount of Expenses, in 1894 and 1895	46
24.	CO-OPERATIVE CORN MILLING	Membership, Capital, Sales and Profit of Corn Mills in each of the Years 1881 to 1895	47
25.	CO-OPERATIVE FARMING	Extent and Financial Results, in England and Wales, and Scotland, in 1894 and 1895	48
26.	CO-OPERATIVE CONGRESSES	Number of Delegates, and of Societies represented at each of the Congresses in the Years 1869 to 1896	49

No. of
Table.

Page

Workmen's Clubs.

27. PROGRESS OF REGISTERED WORKMEN'S CLUBS	{ Number of Clubs Registered under the Friendly Societies Act, in each of the Years 1876 to 1895, and Number remaining on Register at end of each Year	50
28. NUMBER AND MEMBERSHIP OF CERTAIN WORKMEN'S CLUBS	{ Number and Membership of Clubs affiliated to the Working Men's Club and Institute Union, at end of each of the Years 1893, 1894, and 1895, arranged by Districts	50

Friendly Societies.

29. GENERAL SUMMARY	{ Number of Societies, Membership, and Amount of Funds in 1892	51
30. PARTICULARS OF TEN OF THE LARGEST AFFILIATED ORDERS AND CENTRALISED FRIENDLY SOCIETIES	A. Adult Male Membership at end of each of the Years 1894 to 1895	52
	B. Total Income (exclusive of Female and Juvenile funds) in each of the Years 1894 to 1895	52
	C. Total Funds (exclusive of Female and Juvenile funds) at end of each of the Years 1894 to 1895	54
	D. Total Benefits paid on account of Male Adults in each of the Years 1894 to 1895	54
	E. Total Amounts of Sick Benefits paid to Male Adults in each of the Years 1894 to 1895	56
	F. Total Amounts of Funeral Benefits paid on account of Adults in each of the Years 1894 to 1895	56

Trade Disputes.

31. DISPUTES GROUPED BY TRADES	{ Number reported, and number of Workpeople affected thereby in each of the Years 1890 to 1895	58
32. DISPUTES GROUPED BY CAUSES	{ Principal Causes or Objects of Disputes, with Number of Workpeople involved in each of the Years 1891 to 1895	59
33. DURATION OF DISPUTES	{ Aggregate Number of Working Days lost through Disputes in each of the Years 1890 to 1895	60
34. DISPUTES GROUPED BY RESULTS	{ Percentage proportion of Workpeople Affected by Disputes in each of the Years 1890 to 1895, who were Successful, Partially Successful, or Unsuccessful	60
35. DISPUTES GROUPED BY LOCALITY	{ Number of Disputes, and number of Persons affected in each of the Years 1891 to 1895, arranged by Districts	61
36. DISPUTES GROUPED BY MONTHS	{ Number of Disputes beginning in each month of 1895, and number of Persons affected, classified by trades	62

Conciliation and Arbitration.

37. WORK OF TRADE AND DISTRICT BOARDS	{ Summary of the work of Boards of Conciliation and Arbitration during 1895 so far as reported, together with the number of cases settled in 1894	64
38. CONCILIATION AND ARBITRATION IN THE SETTLEMENT OF TRADE DISPUTES	{ Number of Strikes and Lock-outs reported as settled by Conciliation or Arbitration in the years 1893, 1894, and 1895	66

Fluctuations in Employment.

39. MEMBERS OF TRADE UNIONS UNEMPLOYED	{ Percentage number of Members of Trade Societies returned as Unemployed at the end of each month in the Years 1887 to 1895	67
40. SEASONAL FLUCTUATIONS	{ Percentage of Members of Unions connected with certain Groups of Trades returned as Unemployed at the end of each Month (mean of period of seven years 1888 to 1894)	68
40A. DITTO	{ Charts showing variations in Mean Percentage of Members of Unions returned as Unemployed at the end of each Month (mean of period of seven years 1888 to 1894)	69

No. of Table.		Page
Fluctuations in Employment—continued.		
41. CYCLOICAL FLUCTUATIONS	{ Mean Proportion of Members of Trade Unions connected with certain Groups of Trades returned as Unemployed for each of the years 1887 to 1895	70
41A. CYCLOICAL FLUCTUATIONS	{ Charts showing Variations in mean percentage of Members of Trade Unions returned as unemployed during each of the years 1887 to 1895	71
ENGINEERING TRADE:—		
42. AVERAGE LOSS OF TIME THROUGH WANT OF EMPLOYMENT	{ Number per Member (as regards the Members of the Amalgamated Society of Engineers in the Manchester and Leeds districts) of Working Days lost through Want of Employment, and Number and Proportion of Members returned as Unemployed during each of the years 1887 to 1895	72
43. CLASSIFICATION OF WORK-PEOPLE ACCORDING TO TIME LOST	{ Number of Individuals (as regards the Members of the Amalgamated Society of Engineers in the Manchester and Leeds districts) shown as Unemployed for some time in each of the years 1887 to 1891, classed according to amount of time lost	73
44. LONDON DOCK AND WHARF LABOUR	{ Estimated Daily Average Number of Dock and Wharf Labourers employed at the Docks and at 103 Wharves of London in each week of the year ended 25th July 1896	74
45. DAYS WORKED IN COAL MINES	{ Average number of Days per Week on which Coal was Hewn and Wound in collieries making returns during each of the months August 1894 to July 1896	76
46. NUMBER OF COAL MINERS	{ Number of Persons employed under the Coal Mines Regulation Act in the United Kingdom and in the principal Districts in each year from 1880 to 1895 inclusive	78
Production.		
47. MINERAL PRODUCTION.—GENERAL SUMMARY	{ Production of the principal Minerals in each of the years 1880 to 1895 inclusive	79
48. PRODUCTION OF COAL	{ Production of Coal from Mines under the Coal Mines Regulation Act in the United Kingdom and in the principal Districts in each of the years 1880 to 1895 inclusive	80
49. PRODUCTION OF IRON STONE AND IRON ORE	{ Production of Iron Stone and Iron Ore in the United Kingdom and in the principal Districts in each of the years 1880 to 1895 inclusive	81
50. PRODUCTION OF PIG IRON	{ Average Number of Blast Furnaces in Blast and Tonnage of Pig Iron made in each of the years 1880 to 1895 inclusive	82
51. SHIPBUILDING	{ Net Tonnage of Vessels (excluding War Vessels for Her Majesty's Government) built in the various centres and launched in each of the years 1880 to 1895 inclusive	
Coal and Iron Trades—Miscellaneous Tables.		
52. PRICES OF COAL AND IRON	{ Mean ascertained selling Price of Coal or Iron per Ton in certain Districts for each year from 1880 to 1895 inclusive	84
53. EXPORTS OF COAL	{ Exports of Coal, Coke, Cinders, and Patent Fuel from the various ports in each year from 1886 to 1895 inclusive	85
Labour Bureaux.		
54. WORK DONE BY BUREAUX	{ Work done by certain Bureaux during each month of the years 1894 and 1895	86
55. OCCUPATIONS OF APPLICANTS	{ Previous occupations of Applicants for work on registers of certain Bureaux at end of each month in 1895	90

No. of Table.		Page
	Pauperism.	
56.	ENGLAND AND WALES - { Number and Classes of Paupers in receipt of Relief on 1st January and 1st July in each Year from 1882 to 1895, and on 1st January 1896	92
57.	SCOTLAND { Number of Poor of all Classes and of Vagrants in receipt of Relief at certain dates in each of the Years 1882 to 1896	93
58.	IRELAND { Number and Classes of Paupers in receipt of Relief in January and July in each of the Years 1882 to 1895, and in January 1896	94
59.	UNITED KINGDOM . . { Number of Paupers in receipt of Relief at certain dates in each of the Years 1882 to 1895, together with the Proportion per 10,000 of Population	95

CLASSIFICATION OF PAUPERS BY AGE:—

60.	ENGLAND AND WALES - { Number of Paupers under 16 Years, of 16 and under 65 Years, and of 65 Years and upwards, in the Metropolis and in Other Parts of England and Wales, during the Year ended 25th March 1892, together with the Ratio per 10,000 of Population	96
61.	IRELAND { Number of Paupers under 16 Years, of 16 and under 65 Years, and of 65 Years and upwards, during the Year ended 25th March 1892, together with the Ratio per 10,000 of Population	97

Changes in Wages and Hours of Labour.

62.	COMPARISON OF CHANGES IN WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOUR IN 1893, 1894, AND 1895	{ Number of Separate Individuals and Total Aggregate Number affected by Changes of Wages and Hours of Labour in 1893, 1894, and 1895, also Number of Changes reported in each year and their effect on Weekly Wages	98
63.	CHANGES IN RATES OF WAGES IN 1894	{ Number of Individuals in Various Groups of Industries affected by Changes in Rates of Wages in 1894, and net effect of the Changes on Weekly Rates	99
64.	DITTO	{ Aggregate Number of Persons (not necessarily Separate Individuals) affected by Changes in Rates of Wages during 1894	99
65.	DISTRIBUTION OF CHANGES IN WAGES BY DISTRICTS	{ Number of Individuals in various Districts affected by Changes in Wages in 1894, and net effect of the Changes on Weekly Wages	100
66.	CHANGES IN HOURS OF LABOUR IN 1894	{ Number of Individual Workpeople affected by Changes in Hours of Labour during 1894, and the Average Effect of the Changes on Weekly Hours of Labour:— A. Summary B. Detailed Statement	101 101
67.	CHANGES IN RATES OF WAGES IN 1894—NET EFFECT ON WEEKLY RATES FOR VARIOUS OCCUPATIONS	{ Number of Individuals in various Occupations whose Wages were changed during 1894, and Total Amount and Average Amount per Head of such Changes, distinguishing Net Increases from Net Decreases, together with corresponding totals for 1893	102
68.	PERCENTAGE CHANGES IN COAL MINERS' WAGES	{ Percentage Increase or Decrease on the Standard Tonnage Rates for getting Coal in each year since October 1886 in the principal Coal Mining Districts of Great Britain	105

Standard Rates of Wages and Hours of Labour.

69.	RATES OF WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOUR FOR CERTAIN SKILLED TRADES IN LARGE TOWNS RECOGNISED BY VARIOUS TRADE UNIONS (1896)	{ Standard Rates of Wages and Hours of Labour recognised at certain principal Towns in the United Kingdom by various Trade Unions in 1896	106
-----	--	---	-----

No. of
Table.

Page

Average Rates of Wages in Various Industries.**SUMMARY.**

70. GENERAL SUMMARY	{ Average Weekly Rates of Wages at October 1886 of Men, Lads, and Boys, Women, and Girls respectively, employed in various Industries	112
---------------------	---	-----

METAL, MINING, TEXTILE, CLOTHING, WOODWORKING, &c. INDUSTRIES.

71. AVERAGE WEEKLY WAGES IN VARIOUS OCCUPATIONS	{ Average Weekly Rates of Wages at October 1886 in various Occupations, arranged by Districts:— Pig Iron Manufacture, Iron and Steel Ship-building - 114 Engineering and Machinery Works - 118 Coal, Iron Ore, and Ironstone Mines - 118 The Cotton Industry - 120 The Woollen Industry - 122 The Worsted and Linen Industries - 124 Dressmaking, Millinery, and Mantle Making Trades, and Baby Linen, &c. Trades - 126 Bespoke Tailoring Trade, Boot and Shoe Factories, Breweries, Distilleries - 127 Tin Plate Works, Brass Work and Metal Wares Manufacture, Saw Mills, Wood Shipbuilding, Cooperage Works - 128 Coach and Carriage Building, Railway Carriage and Wagon Building, Printing and Engraving Trades (large Works), Chemical Manure Works, Bricks, Tiles, &c. Manufacture - 129	
---	---	--

RAILWAY SERVANTS.

72. RAILWAY SERVANTS—CLASSIFICATION OF WEEKLY RATES	{ Number of Men employed in some of the largest Classes of Railway Servants, grouped according to their various Weekly Rates of Wages in 1881, with corresponding totals for 1886:— A. England and Wales - 120 B. Scotland - 131 C. Ireland - 132 D. United Kingdom - 133	
---	---	--

SEAMEN.

73. SEAMEN—CLASSIFICATION OF RATES OF WAGES	{ Number of Seamen, Firemen, &c. (excluding Officers but including Petty Officers) engaged at Ports in the United Kingdom in 1882 for employment on board Steam and Sailing Vessels classified according to the Rates of Wages:— A. Monthly Rates - 134 B. Weekly Rates - 135	
---	---	--

EMPLOYEES AT HOSPITALS AND ASYLUMS.

74. NURSES, ATTENDANTS AND OTHERS AT HOSPITALS AND ASYLUMS—CLASSIFICATION OF RATES OF WAGES	{ Number of Nurses, Attendants, and others returned as employed at Hospitals and Infirmarys and at Lunatic Asylums in 1886, grouped according to their Annual Rates of Pay, together with the Average Annual Rates of Pay for each class:— A. Hospitals and Infirmarys - 136 B. Lunatic Asylums - 137	
---	---	--

WOMEN AND GIRLS AND HALF-TIMERS IN TEXTILE TRADES.

75. SUMMARY OF RATES OF WAGES OF WOMEN AND GIRLS IN TEXTILE TRADES	{ Number and Average Weekly Wages of Women and Girls (excluding Half-Timers) employed by firms making returns in Textile Trades in various Districts at 1st October 1886 - 138	
76. SUMMARY OF RATES OF WAGES OF HALF-TIMERS IN TEXTILE TRADES	{ Number and Average Weekly Wages of Half-Timers (boys and girls) employed by firms making returns, in Textile Trades in various Districts at 1st October 1886 - 139	

Profit-Sharing.

77. NUMBER OF PROFIT-SHARING SCHEMES STARTED AND IN EXISTENCE	{ Number of Firms that have adopted the System or have since abandoned it, in each of the Years 1829 to 1890 - 140	
78. TRADES IN WHICH PROFIT-SHARING SCHEMES HAVE BEEN ADOPTED	{ Number of Businesses in which Profit-Sharing, having been instituted, no longer exists; and the number of Businesses with existing Profit-Sharing Schemes, together with Number of Persons now employed in such Businesses - 141	

No. of
Table.**Profit Sharing—continued.**

Page

79. CAUSES OF CESSATION OF PROFIT-SHARING SCHEMES	{ Number which have ceased to exist since 1829, arranged by Causes	142
80. RATIO OF BONUS TO WAGES	{ Number of Cases in which Bonus was paid in 1894 and 1895 respectively, according to Percentage of Bonus to Wages	142

Industrial Accidents.

81. GENERAL SUMMARY	{ Number of Persons of Various Classes reported as Killed or Injured by Industrial Accidents during 1894 and 1895	143
ACCIDENTS TO FACTORY AND WORKSHOP OPERATIVES:—		
82. DETAILED STATEMENT FOR 1895	{ Number of Adults, Young Persons, and Children reported as killed or injured during the Year 1895, arranged according to Nature of Injury	144
83. COMPARATIVE STATEMENT FOR SERIES OF YEARS	{ Number of Persons killed or injured in each of the Years 1881 to 1895	145
84. FATAL ACCIDENTS TO COAL MINERS	{ Number of Persons employed, Quantities of Mineral raised, and Number of Deaths caused by various classes of Accidents, in each Year from 1875 to 1895	146
85. FATAL ACCIDENTS TO METAL MINERS	{ Number of Persons employed, and Number of Deaths caused by various classes of Accidents, in each Year from 1875 to 1895	147
86. FATAL ACCIDENTS TO QUARRY-MEN	{ Number of Persons employed and Number of Deaths caused by various classes of Accidents in 1895	148
87. FATAL ACCIDENTS TO SEAMEN	{ Number of Deaths caused by Accidents to Seamen on Merchant and Fishing Vessels, and other Craft, in each of the Years 1894-5 to 1894-5	148
ACCIDENTS TO RAILWAY SERVANTS:—		
88. CONNECTED WITH THE MOVEMENT OF RAILWAY VEHICLES	{ Numbers in various Occupations Killed or Injured by Accidents connected with the Movement of Railway Vehicles during the Year 1895, classified according to Nature of Injury	149
89. NOT CONNECTED WITH THE MOVEMENT OF RAILWAY VEHICLES	{ Numbers Killed or Injured whilst upon the Companies' Premises by Accidents not connected with the Movement of Railway Vehicles, during the year 1895, classified according to the circumstances under which the accidents took place	149
90. COMPARATIVE STATEMENT FOR SERIES OF YEARS	{ Numbers killed or Injured in each of the Years 1881 to 1895, distinguishing Accidents connected with the Movement of Railway Vehicles and other Accidents	150
91. ACCIDENTS REPORTED UNDER NOTICE OF ACCIDENTS ACT, 1894.	{ Number of separate Accidents reported during year 1895, and Number of Persons killed and injured in such accidents:— A. Distinguishing nature of employment B. Distinguishing nature of injury	151 151

Industrial Actions and Prosecutions.

92. UNDER EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY ACT	{ Summary of Actions tried in England and Wales during each year from 1881 to 1894	152
93. UNDER THE MINES REGULATION ACTS	{ Summary of Actions dealt with during the Year 1895	152
94. UNDER THE FACTORY AND WORKSHOP ACTS	{ Summary of Convictions obtained by Her Majesty's Inspectors of Factories and Workshops during the Year 1895 distinguishing the offences and the industries concerned	153
95. UNDER THE MERCHANT SHIP-FILING ACTS	{ Summary of Actions dealt with during the year 1895	154

Growth and Movement of Population.

96. ESTIMATED POPULATION	{ Population of the United Kingdom, and each of its Divisions, estimated to the Middle of each of the Years 1881 to 1896	155
--------------------------	--	-----

Growth and Movement of Population—continued.

97. BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES	{ Total Number of Births, Deaths, and Marriages in England and Wales, Scotland, and Ireland, in each of the Years 1881 to 1895	- 156
98. DESTINATIONS OF EMIGRANTS	{ Number of British and Irish Passengers to non-European Countries in each of the Years 1881 to 1895	- 157
99. NATIONALITY OF EMIGRANTS	{ Number of Emigrants, distinguishing English, Scotch, Irish, and Foreign, to non-European Countries, in each of the Years 1881 to 1895	- 158
100. IMMIGRANTS FROM COUNTRIES OUT OF EUROPE	{ Number of Immigrants from non-European Countries in each of the Years 1881 to 1895, distinguishing British and Irish from Foreigners	- 159
101. BALANCE OF BRITISH AND IRISH PASSENGER MOVEMENT	{ Balance of Emigration from the United Kingdom to Places out of Europe, of Persons of British and Irish Origin only, deducting Recorded Immigration from Recorded Emigration, in each of the Years 1881 to 1895	- 159
102. ALIEN IMMIGRANTS FROM EUROPE	{ Number of Aliens (distinguishing nationality) arriving from Continental Ports, in each of the Years 1881 to 1895	- 160
103. BALANCE OF TOTAL PASSENGER MOVEMENT	{ Excess of Passengers Outwards over Passengers Inwards, and also the Balances, distinguishing Europe from Places out of Europe, in each of the Years 1881 to 1895	- 160

Foreigners in the United Kingdom.

104. NUMBER AND NATIONALITY IN 1871, 1881, AND 1891	{ Number of Foreigners, with the Total Increase or Decrease, at each of the last Three Census Enumerations, arranged by Nationalities	- 161
105. OCCUPATIONS OF RUSSIANS AND RUSSIAN POLES	{ Number of Russians and Russian Poles in East London, Manchester, and Leeds, distinguishing Males from Females, according to the 1891 Census, arranged by Occupations	- 162
106. PROPORTION OF FOREIGNERS TO TOTAL POPULATION	{ Number of Germans, Russians, Russian Poles, and Other Foreigners, with the Per-centage of the Total Number of Foreigners to the Total Population, in London and certain Provincial Towns, according to the Census Enumerations of 1881 and 1891	- 163

Housing of the People (Census of 1891).**ENGLAND AND WALES:—**

107. CLASSIFICATION OF ALL TENEMENTS	{ Total Number and Percentage of Tenements, Number of Occupants, with Percentage to Population, and Average Number of Occupants per Room, classified according to the Number of Rooms occupied	- 164
108. OVERCROWDED TENEMENTS	{ Total Number of such Tenements, and Number of Occupants, with Percentage to Population, classified according to Number of Rooms occupied	- 165

SCOTLAND:—

109. CLASSIFICATION OF TENEMENTS	{ Number and Percentage of Families, Number of Persons, with Percentage to Population, and Average Number of Occupants per Room, arranged according to the Number of Rooms occupied	- 166
----------------------------------	---	-------

IRELAND:—

110. CLASSIFICATION OF HOUSES	{ Number of Inhabited Houses, and of the Families occupying them, arranged according to the "Class" of House occupied	- 167
-------------------------------	---	-------

Ages of the People.

111. AGES OF PEOPLE IN URBAN AND RURAL DISTRICTS	{ Number and Percentage of Males and Females living in Urban and Rural Districts of England and Wales, arranged by Groups of Ages, according to the Census of 1891	- 168
--	--	-------

No. of Table.	Occupations of the People.	Page
112. SUMMARY OF CLASSES OF OCCUPATIONS	Total number of Males and Females, and the Proportion per 1,000 of all Ages, engaged in the various Classes of Occupations, in the United Kingdom and each of its Divisions, according to the 1891 Census	169
113. SUMMARY OF GROUPS OF OCCUPATIONS	Number of Males and Females, of all Ages, engaged in the various Groups of Occupations, in the United Kingdom and each of its Divisions, according to the 1891 Census	170
114. PROPORTION OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN CERTAIN OCCUPATIONS IN 1881 AND 1891 COMPARED	Increase or Decrease in the Numbers per 10,000, above 10 Years of Age, employed in certain Occupations, at the Census of 1891, as compared with the Census of 1881, in England and Wales, Scotland, and Ireland:— A. Men and Boys B. Women and Girls	172 176
115. OCCUPATIONS OF CHILDREN UNDER 15 YEARS OF AGE	Number of Boys and Girls employed at the date of the 1891 Census, arranged by Groups of Occupations	178
116. NUMBER OF HALF-TIMERS IN TEXTILE FACTORIES	Number of Boys and Girls under 13 Years of Age employed in each Branch of the Textile Industry in 1870, 1874, 1878, 1885, and 1890	182
117. HALF-TIMERS IN NON-TEXTILE FACTORIES	Number of Boys and Girls employed in Non-Textile Factories in 1890	184
118. HALF-TIME EMPLOYMENT IN CERTAIN TOWNS	Number working at various Occupations in Bradford, Blackburn, and Leicester, in February 1893	184
119. SUMMARY OF REGULATIONS AFFECTING CHILDREN'S EMPLOYMENT	Statement showing the Bearing of various Acts of Parliament on the Employment of Children at the present time (1896)	185

Married Women's Labour.

PROPORTION OF WOMEN TEXTILE WORKERS, MARRIED AND UNMARRIED	Number and Percentage of Women and Girls employed in 1894 by firms making returns who were Half-timers, Young Persons, and Single, Married, and Widowed Women respectively:— I. General Summary II. Cotton Trade (grouped by districts) III. Woollen Trade (grouped by districts) IV. Worsted Trade (grouped by districts) V. Mixed Woollen and Worsted Trades (grouped by districts)	186 187 188 189 189
--	--	---------------------------------

Building Societies.

124. LIABILITIES	Number and Amount of Liabilities of Building Societies in England and Wales, Scotland, and Ireland, in each of the Years 1881 to 1894	190
------------------	---	-----

Savings Banks.

RECEIPTS, PAYMENTS, AND CAPITAL:—

125. POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANKS	Total Amounts Received from and Paid to Depositors, and the Computed Capital at the end of the Year, for each of the Years 1882 to 1895	192
126. TRUSTEE SAVINGS BANKS	Total Amounts Received from and Paid to Depositors, and the Computed Capital at the end of the Year, for each of the Years 1882 to 1895	193

NUMBER OF ACCOUNTS OPEN:—

127. POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANKS	Number of Accounts open at the end of each Year from 1882 to 1895, for each Division of the United Kingdom	194
128. TRUSTEE SAVINGS BANKS	Number of Accounts open on 30th November, in each of the Years 1882 to 1895, for each Division of the United Kingdom	194

REPORT.

TO THE CONTROLLER-GENERAL OF THE COMMERCIAL, LABOUR,
AND STATISTICAL DEPARTMENTS OF THE BOARD OF TRADE.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to present the Third Annual Report of the Labour Department of the Board of Trade, with Abstract of Labour Statistics. During the year 1895-96 no material change has taken place in the character and scope of the work of the Department. The Conciliation Act, which became law on 7th August 1896, empowers the Board of Trade to take certain action with regard to the settlement of labour disputes, and imposes fresh work on the Department, but this change does not affect the period covered by the present report.

As in previous years, the Department has been, to some extent, concerned in facilitating the amicable settlement of certain disputes between employers and employed; but, except in the case of a question of wages and hours of labour affecting bricklayers and labourers in the Potteries district, which was referred by the parties to the decision of an umpire appointed by the Board of Trade, all action in this direction has been of an informal character, and cannot with advantage be described in detail in an official report. In the case of the dispute above referred to, Sir William Markby consented to act as umpire at the request of the Board of Trade, and his decision (of which particulars are given in the "Labour Gazette," May 1896, p. 145) was accepted by both parties. Inquiries have been made during the year with regard to the hours of labour of boys apprenticed to lightermen on the Thames in consequence of representations made to the Board of Trade on this subject, and steps are now being taken which will, it is hoped, lead to a satisfactory arrangement.

The alterations and extensions which from time to time have become expedient in the various statistical publications of the Department have been fully explained in those reports as they have appeared. It is here sufficient to say that the scope and variety of the statistics collected periodically by the Department with regard to disputes, wages, and other matters affecting labour, have been gradually extended, and it is satisfactory to be able to report that there is an increasing willingness on the part both of employers and workmen to supply information, as they become familiar with the methods of the Department and the use made of the information so supplied.

Thus, in the "Labour Gazette" for August 1896 the substance of 3,159 returns was embodied, viz., 1,379 from employers or

employers' associations, 1,511 from workmen or workmen's associations, and 269 from official and other miscellaneous sources. This total compares with 2,539 returns, viz., 1,071 from employers, 1,238 from workmen, and 230 from other sources received for the purpose of the "Gazette" a year ago.

The monthly returns, regularly received from employers and others as to the total numbers of employed now cover 494,610 persons, compared with 334,493 a year ago. These figures are exclusive of agriculture, the textile trades, and seamen, with regard to which the monthly returns received have increased from about 200 in August 1895, to 260 at the present time. The number of trade unions making monthly returns as to the proportion of unemployed has risen from 86 with a membership of 391,093 to 109 with a membership of 425,841.

The usual annual reports on changes in wages, on strikes and lock-outs, and on trade unions have been prepared. In the case of the trade unions report the great extension of the number of societies making returns has led to a modification of the scheme of the report. This has necessitated holding back the volume for 1894, which will, however, appear almost immediately, combined with the Report for 1895.

Steps have been taken which, it is hoped, will enable these annual reports to be published in future at an earlier date than has hitherto been possible.

Among the principal subjects now being investigated, in addition to those on which annual reports are regularly published are:—Fluctuations in employment in various trades; agricultural wages and earnings; the history of women's employment in certain industries; and the wages of domestic servants. Materials are also being collected with a view to the annual publication of an abstract of Foreign Labour Statistics. Mr. Schloss's report on "Contracts given out by public authorities to Associations of Workmen," undertaken at your direction in pursuance of a recommendation made by the Royal Commission on Labour, is now complete and is in the press.

With regard to the Abstract of Labour Statistics appended to this Report fewer changes have been made than last year in the substance and arrangement of the tables. The principal new features to which attention may be called are the tables on pages 79–83, showing the production of coal, iron, and the other principal minerals and the tonnage of vessels launched in each of the years 1880 to 1895. The tables on pages 78, 84, and 85, showing for a series of years the number of persons employed in coal-mining, the changes in the ascertained prices of coal and iron, the exports of coal from different groups of ports and (page 105), the percentage changes in coal miners' wages in different districts also appear in the Abstract for the first time. Though the general subjects of trade and manufactures, exports, imports, and prices hardly fall within the scope of an Abstract of Labour Statistics, yet variations in production and prices have such

a close bearing on changes in employment and wages that it has seemed desirable in the case of a few of the most important fluctuating industries for which figures are available to give some statement of these variations over a series of years. Again, the intimate connection of the growth or decline of the export coal trade with the state of employment in certain coalfields has been thought to justify the inclusion of a table on page 85, showing the variations in exports of coal from the chief groups of ports during the past ten years.

The following are among the chief alterations made in the other tables included in the volume. The tables relating to trade unions state most of the particulars up to the end of 1895. Most of last year's tables only referred to 1893, but it has been possible in the present volume to bring the information more up to date. The comparison given in the tables on pages 2 and 5 of income, expenditure on various objects, funds, &c., is confined to 100 of the principal societies, instead of extending to all unions making returns in each year, as in previous reports. Thus a more exact comparison can now be made over a period of years.

It has also been found possible in the tables on trade disputes, on pages 58-63, to give the final figures for the past year, and not only preliminary figures, as in previous reports. A new table is given on page 59, grouping trade disputes according to their causes, and another on page 60, showing the aggregate number of working days lost through disputes in each of the past six years. Among the tables on industrial accidents (pages 143-51) there is now given for the first time a table of fatal accidents to quarrymen, reported under the Quarries Act, which came into operation in 1895. The table of employment of dock labour in London (pages 74-5) has been enlarged to include those employed at the principal wharves. The table on page 153 classifies convictions under the Factory and Workshop Acts according to the main groups of trades.

In addition to the above, a considerable number of minor alterations have been made, besides the inclusion of later figures in most of the tables.

To balance the additions, the tables relating to education have been omitted, in order not unduly to increase the size of the Abstract.

It has been thought desirable to prefix to the Abstract of Labour Statistics for 1895-96 a short summary of the principal statistics therein contained, so far as they relate to the year 1895. The following summary, therefore, gives a brief account of the condition of labour in the United Kingdom in 1895, so far as recorded in the statistics collected by or available to the Department. It is to be understood that the tables which do not specially refer to 1895 are not here dealt with. More detailed information with regard to several of the subjects, *e.g.*, trade unions, trade disputes, wages, &c., can be obtained by consulting the special reports relating thereto, issued by the

Board of Trade, references to which will be found in notes to the tables.

For various reasons it is convenient to deal with the subjects in a different order from that in which they are treated in the tables.

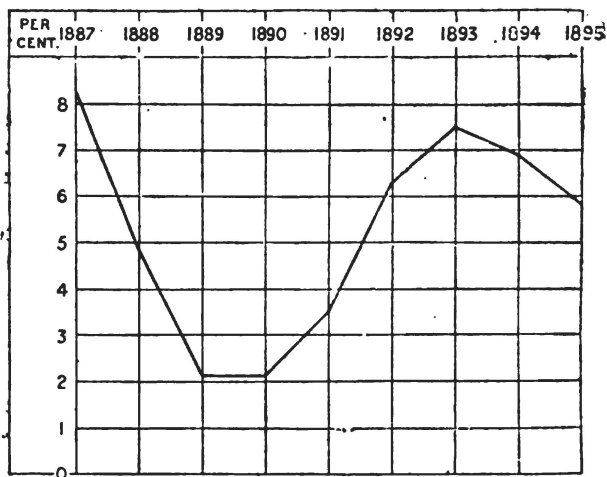
LABOUR STATISTICS FOR 1895.

I. Employment, Production, and Prices.

State of Employment.—The Tables given on pp. 67–78 under the heading “Fluctuations in Employment” show that the state of the labour market in 1895 was better than in the preceding year. The returns received from trade unions show that the average percentage of their members described as unemployed during 1895 was 5·8 compared with 6·9 in 1894 and 7·5 in 1893.

The following chart shows the variations in employment over a period of nine years (1887 to 1895), so far as indicated by the trade union returns, showing the number of their unemployed members.

CHART showing the variation in mean percentage of members of trade unions returned to the Board of Trade as unemployed during each of the years 1887 to 1895, inclusive.



On the whole, employment was better in 1895 than in 1894 and 1893, and slightly better than in 1892 (when the average percentage of unemployed was 6·3), but did not reach the level of 1891, when it stood at 3·5. The improvement was most marked in the latter half of the year. The percentage of unemployed was highest at the end of January (8·2), and lowest at the end of November (4·3).

The table on page 70 shows that the building trades continued well employed during the year (with an average proportion of 3·8 per cent. unemployed), while the engineering, metal and

shipbuilding trades showed some improvement, the percentage of unemployed having fallen from 11·3 in 1894 to 8·2 in 1895.

The state of employment in coal mines (*see* pages 76–7), showed some improvement compared with the previous year, the average number of days worked per week at collieries making returns being 4·85 in the year 1895–6 compared with 4·72 in 1894–5. The average number of days worked by the mines was greatest in South Wales (5·28 days per week), and least in the Midlands* (4·35 days per week). Every important district shared to some extent in the improvement except Northumberland, where the average fell from 4·85 to 4·76 days per week. The number of persons employed under the Coal Mines Regulation Act (page 78) was 700,284, a decline compared with the corresponding figure (705,240) for 1894. All the important districts shared in this decline except South Wales, where the number rose from 124,655 in 1894 to 126,199 in 1895.

Production.—The table on page 79 shows that in the principal branches of mineral production in the United Kingdom there was an increase in 1895 compared with 1894. The only important minerals of which the production fell off were salt, and lead, tin and zinc ores. The increase in coal production was only slight compared with 1894, the total being 189,661,362 tons compared with 188,277,525 tons in the previous year, in the early part of which production was abnormally stimulated in many districts after the great coal stoppage of 1893. The only important district which showed a marked increase of production in 1895 was the West of Scotland (22,204 thousand tons compared with 16,796), which in 1894 had been affected by a prolonged dispute.

Closely connected with the statistics of coal production are the figures showing the export of coal from various ports. On the whole, rather more coal was exported from the United Kingdom in 1895 than in 1894 (33,101 thousand tons compared with 33,074 thousand). The increase, however, was almost entirely from Scottish ports (4,728 thousand tons compared with 3,376 thousand in 1894, the year of the Scottish coal dispute). All the chief ports of England and Wales show a falling off, especially the Tyne ports, where exports fell from 8,379 thousand tons in 1894 to 7,790 thousand in 1895.

The production of iron ore and ironstone in 1895 amounted to 12,615,414 tons, compared with 12,367,308 tons in 1894. The improvement was mainly in Scotland, Yorkshire, and part of the Midlands; Cumberland and Lancashire showing a falling off. In this connection it must be remembered that the Scottish iron industry was largely affected in 1894 by the prolonged coal dispute, and the total production in Scotland in 1895 (824,673

* Including Staffordshire, Nottinghamshire, Leicestershire, Worcestershire, Shropshire, Derbyshire, and Warwickshire.

tons), though a large increase compared with 631,304 tons in 1894, was not equal to the total (847,406 tons) in 1893.

The production of oil shale rose from 1,986,385 tons in 1894 to 2,246,865 tons in 1895.

On page 82 are given statistics of pig-iron production from 1880 to 1895. It will be seen that the production of pig-iron was 7,703,459 tons in 1895, compared with 7,427,342 tons in 1894. In 1895 the total product was almost identical with the yearly average of the last 16 years (7,703,453 tons). The increase in 1895 over 1894 is more than accounted for by the great rise in Scotland, which produced 1,048,774 tons of pig-iron in 1895, compared with only 642,243 tons in 1894 (the year of the Scottish coal dispute), and 793,055 tons in 1893. In England the production fell from 6,785,099 tons in 1894 to 6,654,685 tons in 1895.

The average number of furnaces in blast throughout the year was $343\frac{1}{2}$, compared with $324\frac{1}{2}$ in 1894. The table shows in a striking way the decrease in the number of furnaces in blast since 1880, although the total production has remained about steady. Thus, in 1880, with an average of $567\frac{1}{2}$ furnaces in blast, almost exactly the same amount of pig-iron was produced as in 1895, with an average number of $343\frac{1}{2}$ furnaces, indicating an increase of production per furnace of 64 per cent.

The net tonnage of vessels built (*i.e.*, launched) in the United Kingdom (excluding war ships for Her Majesty's Government), shows a falling off compared with 1894, the total being 647,634 tons compared with 669,492 tons. The figure for 1895, however, was above the average for the last 16 years. The North-East coast showed a slight improvement, but the Clyde a falling off. In regard to the somewhat unexpected fact of the decline in the tonnage for the year 1895, it should be explained that the figure for each year represents the tonnage launched during that year, and hence is not an accurate measure of the amount of work performed during the year. It is only when the figures are taken for a period of years that their variations correspond closely to the true fluctuations in employment.

Prices of Coal and Iron.—On page 84 a table is given showing for a period of 16 years the ascertained prices of coal and iron in various districts. The figures given are in each case the mean for the year of the realised prices as ascertained periodically from an accountant's examination of certain employers' books. These prices are largely used in regulating changes of wages under sliding scales. The average price of Cleveland pig iron ("No. 3") for 1895 was 35s. 2·95d. per ton, almost exactly the same figure as for 1894, when the average was 35s. 3·08d. The lowest average price recorded during the 16 years was in 1886 (30s. 8·92d.), and the highest in 1890 (47s. 8·28d.), a difference of over 50 per cent.

Manufactured iron and steel showed a fall in price in 1895, both in the North of England and the Midlands, compared with

the previous year; the ascertained average in the former district being 4*l.* 15*s.* 4*7*³/₄*d.* compared with 4*l.* 17*s.* 6*0*¹/₄*d.*, and in the latter 5*l.* 12*s.* 11*2*²/₄*d.* compared with 5*l.* 18*s.* 2*1*⁵/₄*d.* In regard to the difference in price in the two districts, it is to be remembered that the articles on which the average is taken are not the same in the North as in the Midlands.

The ascertained prices of coal are only published for South Wales and Northumberland. The figure for South Wales was 9*s.* 6*9*⁴/₉*d.* per ton (f.o.b.) compared with 10*s.* 9*3*³/₅*d.* in the previous year. In Northumberland it was 5*s.* 6*6*⁸/₄*d.* (at pit's mouth) compared with 6*s.* 5*9*⁹/₄*d.* in 1894.

II. Wages and Hours of Labour.

Changes of Wages in 1895.—On the whole there was a fall in wages in 1895. The preliminary figures given on page 98 for 1895 show that the changes recorded in 1895 affected an aggregate of 1,014,700 persons; in which total, however, only 442,900 separate individuals are included, many persons whose wages changed more than once during the year being counted more than once in the general aggregate. Of the total number of separate individuals, 80,300 gained a net rise, 356,900 sustained a net fall of wages, while the remaining 5,700 finished the year with their wages at the same level as at the beginning. The net result of all the changes on the wages of those affected by them was an average fall of 1*s.* 4*1*¹/₄*d.* per week compared with almost exactly the same figure (1*s.* 4*1*¹/₄*d.*) for 1894, though the aggregate fall in 1894 was larger than in 1895, being spread over a greater number of persons. With regard to the fact that wages fell nearly as much during 1895 as in 1894 in spite of the improvement in the labour market, reference may be made to the "Report on Changes of Wages and Hours of Labour in 1894 with preliminary figures for 1895" issued by the Department, in which the subject is discussed, and it is shown that under the operation of sliding scales and similar methods of adjusting wages, changes in rates of wages tend to follow rather than to synchronise with changes in the labour market.

The fall of wages was mainly in the coal mining industry, in which 316,000 persons had their wages lowered. During 1895 the general rates of wages for coal miners (*see* page 105) fell 8*1*¹/₄ per cent.* in South Wales, 10 per cent. in Durham and Northumberland, and 12*1*¹/₄ per cent. in Scotland. In Yorkshire, Lancashire, and the Midlands, where they fell 10 per cent. in 1894, no further fall took place in 1895. In the building trades wages increased in 1895, as in the previous year, while in the metal, engineering, and shipbuilding group the changes were

* It is to be understood that the percentage reductions and advances are calculated on the standard wages of 1879 or 1888, and not on the wages current at the time.

fairly balanced, with a tendency to a decline. In the textile and clothing trades the increases, though not important, overbalanced the decreases.

Changes in Hours of Labour.—The changes in hours of labour in 1895 were not so important as in 1894, the year of the introduction of the "eight hours day" into Government factories. The numbers affected by changes in the two years were 22,735 and 77,158 respectively. In each year the general tendency was towards shorter hours, the net effect of all the changes being in 1895 a reduction of about 2 hours per week for the men affected by the changes; the corresponding figure for 1894 being 4 hours.

A few cases were reported in 1895 of reversions to longer hours, after unsuccessful experiments in introducing an "eight-hours day."

III. Trade Disputes, Arbitration, and Conciliation.

Trade disputes.—The tables given on pp. 58–63 show that on the whole the year 1895 has been less disturbed by trade disputes than any of the years immediately preceding it. The number of disputes recorded was 876, compared with 1,061 in 1894, and the number of persons affected 263,758, compared with 324,245 in 1894 and 636,386 in 1893, the year of the great coal dispute.

The aggregate number of working days lost owing to trade disputes in 1895 is estimated at 5,542,652, or less than half a day per head of the entire working population. This is the lowest aggregate recorded in any year during the period for which the statistics have been collected. The corresponding total in 1894 was 9,322,096; in 1893 it reached 31,205,062; in 1892 it was 17,248,376; in 1891, 6,809,371; and in 1890, 7,317,469.

While the disputes in 1895 were less extensive and less prolonged than in the previous year, the degree of success attained by the workpeople was greater, the percentage of persons engaged in disputes who were wholly unsuccessful being 27·9, compared with 42·1 in 1894. Of the remainder, 24·1 per cent. (compared with 22·1 per cent. in 1894) were wholly successful, and 47·1 per cent. (compared with 34·2 per cent.) partially so.

In the table on page 59 the trade disputes are grouped according to their causes. It appears that in 1895 out of the 263,758 persons affected by all the disputes of the year, 143,198 were concerned in wages disputes, 2,858 in disputes about hours of labour, 84,393 in disputes as to working arrangements, and 4,467 in disputes as to the employment of other classes of workpeople.

As is natural in a year of reviving trade, the more important wages disputes in 1895 were due to demands for an advance, 94,761 workpeople having struck for an increase, and only 47,038

against a decrease of wages. In the previous year the numbers were more equal (117,028 for increase and 109,302 against decrease), while in 1893 the number who resisted reductions nearly doubled those who struck for an increase.

The great bulk of the persons affected by the disputes of 1895 are accounted for by four great groups of trades, mining and quarrying (83,879), textile trades (57,415), clothing trades (57,078), and metal; engineering, and shipbuilding trades (46,314), leaving only 19,072 among all other groups of trades, including 9,898 affected by no less than 197 disputes in the building trade.

The most important dispute of the year was in the boot and shoe trade, affecting 46,000 persons, which was settled at a conference at the Board of Trade.

The months of the year most prolific in disputes were March (61,136 persons affected) and August (46,908 persons). The months most free from fresh disputes were December (6,527 persons) and February (7,634 persons).

The parts of the country most affected in proportion to population were Wales and Monmouthshire (43,222 persons out of a population of 1,776,405), and Scotland (62,770 out of a population of 4,025,647).

Arbitration and Conciliation.—Of the above trade disputes, 45 (involving 58,898 persons (or 22 per cent. of the whole number of persons affected) were settled by arbitration or conciliation through the mediation of outside parties, compared with 42 disputes, involving 18,325 persons so settled in 1894. Of the above total, 28, involving 7,945 persons, were settled by arbitration, and 17, involving 50,953 persons, by conciliation. The latter figure includes 46,000 persons involved in the great boot and shoe dispute.

Eleven of the above 45 disputes were settled by permanent trade boards, and the remaining 34 (involving no fewer than 53,354 persons) through the agency of individuals.

The table on pages 64 and 65 shows particulars of the work accomplished during 1894 and 1895 by trade and district boards of conciliation and arbitration, not only in settling actual trade disputes but in determining questions which otherwise might have led to disputes. The table records the cases dealt with by 52 trade boards and four district boards, so far as reported. In 1895, 39 of the trade boards dealt with 1,255 cases of all kinds, of which 292 were withdrawn, referred back, or settled outside, and the remaining 963 were settled, viz., 805 by the boards and 158 by arbitrators or by the casting vote of the chairman. The number of cases settled in 1894 by the boards included in the table was larger, viz., 1,365, but it is to be remembered that during the greater part of 1895 most of the local arbitration boards in the boot and shoe trade were either suspended owing to the dispute in that trade or were restricted in function pending the revision of rules under the terms of settlement of the dispute agreed to at the Board of

Trade Conference. The four district boards (only two of which did any work during the year) dealt with five questions, of which they settled four, the same number as in 1894.

IV. Workmen's Organizations.

Trade Unions.—Information has been obtained with regard to 1,250 trade unions in existence in 1895, containing 1,330,104 members. The number of unions shows a very great increase compared with 1894, when it was only 822; but the difference is not due so much to an actual increase in the number of trade unions in existence as to the improved methods adopted for collecting particulars with regard to a large number of small unregistered societies. The membership of the 822 unions for 1894 was 1,256,448.

For comparative purposes 100 of the more important unions have been selected. Their membership in 1895 was 911,866, a falling-off compared with 923,896 in 1894. Their income (1,553,705*l.* compared with 1,624,332*l.*) also shows a falling off, but as expenditure was considerably below income, viz., 1,400,336*l.* (compared with 1,436,892*l.* in 1894) the funds in hand at the end of the year show an increase from 1,551,093*l.* in 1894 to 1,706,517*l.* in 1895.

Of all the unions making returns for 1895, 78 with 268,384 members belonged to the mining and quarrying industries. Next come the metal, engineering, and shipbuilding group with 219 unions and 243,069 members. Textile unions numbered 211, with 197,035 members, building trade unions 208, with 186,605 members.

Taking the 100 selected unions, grouped according to trades for comparison between 1895 and 1894, we find that there was a growth in the unions connected with the building, metal, furnishing, and printing groups of trades, but a falling off in those connected with mining, textile and clothing industries, transport and general labour. Thus the membership of the 13 mining unions selected for comparison was 202,226 in 1894 and only 196,499 in 1895; that of 14 principal textile unions fell from 92,850 in 1894 to 90,979 in 1895, and that of six clothing trade unions fell from 71,813 to 67,710. Fifteen unions connected with transport and general labour fell in membership from 151,672 to 144,012. On the other hand, the membership of 14 principal unions in the metal and shipbuilding group rose from 184,385 to 188,149; that of 15 building trade unions from 151,602 to 152,458; and of seven printing trade unions from 34,293 to 35,994.

The table on pp. 14 and 15 gives the provision made for old age by trade unions, showing that in 1894, 105 unions, with 444,995 members, paid 129,007*l.* in superannuation to 7,671 members. The average amount paid in superannuation per head was 16*l.* 16*s.* The greater amount of the superannuation

benefit was paid by unions connected with the engineering, shipbuilding, and building trades.

Returns were received for 1895 with regard to 141 Trades Councils, embracing 3,323 unions and branches with (so far as stated) 661,826 members.

The Federations of Trade Unions known to the Department in 1895 numbered 108, with 1,151 unions or branches affiliated, containing 1,053,940 members.

Co-operation.—Though many particulars given in the Abstract with regard to workmen's co-operative societies refer to the year 1895, the complete figures for all classes of such societies (based on the Chief Registrar's figures) can only be stated up to the end of 1894. In that year, 1,589 societies made returns, with a membership of 1,245,958 persons or 3·2 per cent. of the population of the United Kingdom, compared with 1,564 societies and 1,199,106 members (3·1 per cent. of population) in 1893. The value of the total recorded sales (exclusive of transfers from productive to distributive departments of societies) was 47,147,230*l.* in 1894, compared with 47,086,233*l.* in 1893.

The sales of the 1,421 retail distributive societies, with 1,212,945 members, amounted to 32,242,394*l.* in 1894, compared with 31,925,896*l.* for the same number of societies in 1893, and their net profit, after allowing for interest on capital, and all trade charges and depreciation, to 4,460,110*l.*, compared with 4,139,606*l.* in the previous year. (Preliminary figures for 1895, obtained from a different source, give the number of societies as 1,439 with 1,302,723 members, and 34,140,768*l.* sales.)

The production carried on by co-operative societies falls under four chief heads: (1.) That of societies established mainly for the purpose of production. (2.) That carried on as part of their business by the retail stores. (3.) That of the productive departments of the wholesale societies. (4.) That of the corn-milling societies, which for various reasons are most conveniently considered separately from other productive societies. Under each of these heads an increase is shown by the returns for 1895 compared with those for 1894. The 172 societies for production making returns, employed in 1895, 7,635 workpeople and sold goods to the value of 1,618,148*l.*, compared with 1,399,772*l.*, the value of goods sold by the 157 productive societies, employing 6,580 persons, which made returns for 1894.

The productions of the productive departments of retail stores transferred to the distributive departments in 1895 were valued at 2,374,275*l.*, so far as stated in the returns; but the large increase which this figure shows over that for 1894 (1,514,529*l.*) is largely accounted for by the greater completeness of the returns.

The value of the productions of the wholesale societies transferred to their distributive departments went up from 1,105,074*l.* to 1,570,598*l.*, and the sales of corn-milling societies

from 939,685*l.* to 957,906*l.* The total number of persons employed by co-operative societies of all kinds in production was returned as 23,596 in 1895.

Sixty of the productive societies making returns devoted 9,839*l.*, out of a profit of 50,209*l.*, to their workers as a bonus on wages, of which 7,178*l.* is accounted for by societies connected with the textile, boot and shoe, and baking trades.

Taking together the societies of all classes by which production is carried on, we find that three-fourths of the total value (6,520,927*l.*) of the productions sold or transferred to distributive departments is accounted for by four branches of trade, viz., baking, corn-milling, textile, and boot and shoe trades. The bulk of the baking (value 1,207,603*l.* out of 1,577,841*l.*) is carried on by retail stores, though a considerable number of independent baking societies exist in Scotland. The corn-milling is done by independent societies (957,906*l.*), wholesale societies (615,240*l.*), and retail stores (394,921*l.*). The textile manufactures are carried on mainly by independent societies (638,956*l.* out of 725,023*l.*), while the boot and shoe trade is divided among 24 independent productive societies (171,109*l.*), 241 retail stores (218,780*l.*), and the wholesale societies with productions of the value of 431,438*l.*

The sales of the distributive departments of the English Wholesale Society to its constituent stores show a rise from 9,443,938*l.* in 1894 to 10,141,917*l.* in 1895, while those of the Scottish Society show an increase from 3,056,583*l.* to 3,449,462*l.* The Irish Co-operative Agency Society shows sales amounting to 77,606*l.* in 1895 against 64,858*l.* in 1894.

The manufacturing departments of the English and Scottish wholesale societies show a considerable growth. In 1895 they produced goods to the value of 1,598,332*l.*, and expended 277,792*l.* in productive wages to 6,684 employees compared with productions valued at 1,130,616*l.* and 212,964*l.* wages paid to 5,196 employees in 1894.

Co-operative farming shows a slight increase in 1895 compared with 1894, both in acreage and capital.

Workmen's Clubs.—Turning to workmen's clubs we find from the returns obtained from clubs connected with the "Working Men's Club and Institute Union," that such clubs increased from 439 with a membership of 103,594 in 1894 to 467 with a membership of 115,307 in 1895. The total number of registered workmen's clubs, whether connected with the union or not, at the end of 1895 was 555, compared with 543 at the end of 1894.

Friendly Societies.—Though no statistics are as yet available with regard to all friendly societies in the United Kingdom in 1895, the tables on pp. 52-7 give particulars with regard to 10 of the principal friendly societies for each year from 1884 to 1895.

From these tables it appears that the 10 societies referred to included in 1895 an adult male membership in the United Kingdom of 2,210,476, compared with 2,188,006 in 1894, an increase of 1 per cent.

Their total income, exclusive of female and juvenile funds, was 3,531,637*l.* compared with 3,398,464*l.* in 1894, and the total amount paid in benefits on account of male adults by nine of these societies which have given particulars for 1894 and 1895, was 2,346,974*l.* during 1895, compared with 2,098,552*l.* in the previous year.

The total accumulated funds of the ten societies and their branches at the end of 1895 (exclusive of female and juvenile funds for nine societies) was 17,049,303*l.* compared with 16,478,627*l.* a year before.

V. Industrial Accidents.

The table on page 143 summarises all the industrial accidents which are reported to any Government Department, including accidents to persons engaged in factories, workshops, mines and quarries, ships and fishing vessels, railway service, and in certain classes of constructive work.

In 1895, 4,493 workpeople were reported as killed by accidents, compared with 4,699 in 1894, showing a falling off. In 1894, quarrymen (102 deaths in 1895) were not included in the returns; but, on the other hand, the deaths at sea were considerably more numerous in 1894 than in 1895 (2,460 compared with 2,236). Fatal accidents to railway servants numbered 489 in 1895, compared with 522 in 1894. The number of factory and workshop operatives killed by accidents was 455 in 1895, compared with 448 in 1894; of coal miners 1,042, compared with 1,127; of metal miners 54, compared with 46.

During 1895 non-fatal accidents were reported injuring 27,421 workpeople belonging to the above-named classes, excluding seamen, for whom no returns of non-fatal accidents have been tabulated before the beginning of 1896. This total includes 575 quarrymen, for whom no returns existed in 1894. Omitting these for comparative purposes, we get 26,846 reported as injured in 1895, compared with 23,863 in the previous year.

Of the total, 10,011 were in factories and workshops (compared with 9,301 in 1894), 5,470 in and about mines (compared with 4,105), 7,480 among railway servants (compared with 7,229).

VI. Pauperism and Labour Bureaux.

Pauperism.—On the whole for the United Kingdom the mean number of paupers relieved in 1895 was about 255 per 10,000 of population, compared with 253 in 1894.

The table on p. 95 shows that the number of paupers relieved in England and Wales in 1895 was greater than in the

previous year. The total number relieved at the beginning of January 1895 was 817,481, and at the beginning of July 783,554, giving a mean of 800,493 compared with 735,880 for 1894.

The number relieved on January 1st, 1896, was 827,217, viz., 216,872 in-door and 610,345 out-door. Of these, 112,379 were adult able-bodied persons compared with 114,415 at the beginning of 1895.

In Scotland the number of paupers is counted in the middle of January and September. In 1895 the total figure for January 14th was 96,671, and for September 14th, 96,225, giving a mean of 96,448 for 1895, compared with 94,173 for 1894. The number for January 1896 was 99,261.

The numbers of paupers relieved in Ireland at the beginning and middle of 1895 were 100,596 and 96,901, respectively, giving a mean figure of 98,749 compared with 100,330 for 1894. The mean number of adult able-bodied indoor paupers (including a few casuals) was 5,448 in 1895, and 5,770 in 1894.

It should be observed that a great temporary increase in pauperism, especially out-door, took place in February and March 1895, owing to the prolonged frost. This increase, which soon subsided, is not shown in the tables, owing to the dates on which the counting takes place. Some idea of the magnitude of the increase is afforded by the following figures for the 35 districts (mainly urban) for which returns for the middle of each month are published in the "Labour Gazette":—Number of paupers, December 1894, 335,634; January 1895, 352,637; February, 406,381; March, 386,401; April, 343,688; May, 328,189.

Labour Bureaux.—The returns from eight* labour bureaux show that the number of applicants for work on their registers during 1895 at the end of each month varied from 3,309 at the end of January to 1,764 at the end of June. About 86 per cent. of those on the register were men, 6 per cent. lads and boys, and 8 per cent. women and girls.

During the year, so far as known, 19,862 fresh applications for work were registered, 5,239 employers applied for work-people, and work, either permanent or temporary, was found for 9,586 persons.

VII. Growth and Movement of Population.

In 1895 the estimated population of the British Islands was 39,124,496, viz., 30,394,078 in England and Wales, 4,155,654 in Scotland, and 4,574,764 in Ireland.

During the year, 1,154,427 persons were born, 735,017 died, and 279,208 were married in the United Kingdom, or 30, 19, and 7 per 1,000 of population respectively, compared with 29, 17, and 7 per 1,000 in 1894.

* The returns from the Salvation Army bureau were for nine months only, and have been omitted from this summary.

The number of passengers of British and Irish origin who left the United Kingdom for places out of Europe in 1895 was 185,181, a considerable increase compared with the total (156,030) in 1894, but a decrease compared with 1893, when the total was 208,814.

The total number of emigrants, British and foreign, was 271,772 in 1895, compared with 226,827 in 1894.

If the outward and inward movement of British and Irish passengers caused by emigration to and immigration from countries outside Europe be balanced one against the other, the result is a net outflow of 75,763, almost exactly double the figure (37,721) for 1894, but considerably less than that for any other year within the period of 15 years included in the table.

The number of alien immigrants from Europe in 1895 was 23,762, exclusive of 9,894 seamen and of 44,637 aliens who landed in the United Kingdom, but were known to be *en route* for other countries. The corresponding figure for 1894 was 22,066, and for 1893, 23,599. It will be understood that these "immigrants" are not known to be immigrants for permanent settlement, but include passengers who either return to the Continent or proceed to other destinations.

Of the total, 10,033, or rather less than half, were Russians and Poles, compared with 7,246 in 1894.

Finally, the balance of the total passenger movement outwards and inwards, of all nationalities, to and from all countries, gives a net outflow from the United Kingdom of 67,595 persons, compared with 28,016 in 1894, and 93,299 in 1893.

VIII. Miscellaneous Statistics.

Profit Sharing.—Information has been received of the starting during the year ended 30th June 1896, of five new profit sharing schemes of British firms, and also of the existence of a scheme of this nature started in 1865, but no particulars as to which had been known to the Department, while three are reported to have ceased to exist. Thus the number of such schemes known to be in operation at the end of June 1896 was 101, compared with 98 at the end of June 1895. These firms employed an average of 29,069 persons, compared with 28,459 in 1894-5. The greatest number of schemes at the end of June 1896 in any one trade is in the printing trade (16 firms employing 3,274 persons). The trade, however, employing the greatest number of persons under the profit-sharing system is the engineering trade (4,747 persons, employed by 7 firms) followed by gasworks (2 firms, employing 4,369 persons). During 1895 the mean bonus on wages paid by all these businesses was 4·7 per cent., compared with 4 per cent. in 1894.

Industrial Prosecutions under Statutes affecting Labour.—During 1895 there were 596 prosecutions and 555 convictions

under the Mines Regulation Acts, the total amount of fines and costs imposed being 664*l.* During the same year there were 3,038 convictions for breaches of the Factory and Workshop Acts, including 1,113 in the clothing trades, and 678 in the textile trades. Of the offences under the Factory and Workshop Acts, 2,153 related to illegal employment of protected persons, viz., the illegal employment of women (988), of young persons (1,008), and of children (157). No comparison can be made with 1894 in this case, owing to a change in the method of tabulating the statistics.

In 1895, 131 convictions, compared with 195 in 1894, were obtained for breaches of the Merchant Shipping Acts, resulting in the imposition of penalties amounting, with costs, to 835*l.* 4*s.* 0*d.*, compared with 2,172*l.* 17*s.* 4*d.* in the previous year.

As stated on a previous page, the above account is for the most part limited to the statistics of the year 1895. Many of the tables in the Abstract dealing with wages relate to the Census of Wages (1886-91), while those dealing with standard rates refer to the present year, 1896. The tables dealing with the occupations of the people being based on the Census returns of 1891 remain the same as in last year's report. These, and other sections of the Abstract, however, sufficiently explain themselves without an introduction.

I am, &c.

H. LLEWELLYN SMITH,
Commissioner for Labour.

Labour Department,
Board of Trade

ABSTRACT OF LABOUR STATISTICS.

ABSTRACT OF LABOUR STATISTICS.

TRADE UNIONS.

GENERAL SUMMARY, 1892-1895.

TABLE 1.—STATEMENT showing the NUMBER and MEMBERSHIP of TRADE UNIONS making RETURNS as to MEMBERSHIP for the Years 1892, 1893, 1894, and 1895, together with the MEMBERSHIP, INCOME, EXPENDITURE, and FUNDS in HANDS of 100 of the Principal TRADE UNIONS in the same YEARS.

[Compiled from the Annual Reports of the Chief Labour Correspondent of the Board of Trade.]

Membership, Funds, &c.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.
Number of Trade Unions making returns of membership.	594	677	823	1,250
Total membership of these Unions at end of year.	1,237,367	1,270,789	1,256,448	1,330,104
Membership, Income, Expenditure, &c. of 100 of the Principal Trade Unions :—				
Membership at end of year	903,434	899,692	923,896	911,866
	£	£	£	£
Total income - - -	1,452,886	1,618,728	1,624,332	1,553,705
„ expenditure - -	1,416,637	1,845,887	1,436,892	1,400,336
„ funds in hand at end of year.	1,588,828	1,351,406	1,551,093	1,706,517
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Income per head - -	1 12 2	1 15 11 $\frac{3}{4}$	1 15 0 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 14 1
Expenditure per head -	1 11 4 $\frac{1}{2}$	2 1 0 $\frac{1}{4}$	1 11 1 $\frac{1}{4}$	1 10 8 $\frac{1}{2}$
Funds per head - -	1 15 0 $\frac{3}{4}$	1 10 0 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 13 6 $\frac{1}{4}$	1 17 5 $\frac{1}{4}$

DETAILS OF EXPENDITURE OF TRADE UNIONS, 1891-94.

TABLE 2.—STATEMENT showing in detail the TOTAL EXPENDITURE on BENEFITS in 1894, together with the AMOUNT PER HEAD in 1891, 1892, 1893, and 1894.

[Compiled from the Annual Reports of the Chief Labour Correspondent of the Board of Trade.]

Benefit.	Societies showing Payments under the under-mentioned Heads.		Total Amount of Expenditure for each Benefit in 1894.*	Amount per Head of Expenditure by Trade Unions for each Benefit (calculated throughout on the basis of the Total Membership of all Societies, and not on the Membership of the Societies with the particular Classes of Benefits).			
	No. of Societies.	No. of Members.		1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.
			£	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Unemployed, Travel- ling, and Emigra- tion.	494	926,930	533,942	0 3 11	0 6 3	0 8 1	0 8 6
Dispute - -	374	1,056,496	231,649	0 3 7	0 7 6	0 11 5	0 3 8
Sick and Surgeon -	267	655,630	228,393	0 3 9	0 3 6	0 3 9	0 3 8
Accident - -	131	398,902	24,065	0 0 4	0 0 3	0 0 5	0 0 4
Superannuation -	105	444,995	120,007	0 1 9	0 1 9	0 1 10	0 2 1
Funeral * -	459	994,150	87,353	0 1 5	0 1 4	0 1 5	0 1 5
Other Benefits, Grants, &c. (in- cluding Grants to other Trade Unions &c.).	619	1,138,357	176,210	0 0 11	0 2 3	0 2 10	0 2 9
Working and other Expenses.	795	1,252,120	375,865	0 5 8	0 5 7	0 5 5	0 6 0
Totals -	822	1,256,832	1,786,980	1 1 4	1 8 6†	1 15 2	1 8 5

* The amounts in this column are exclusive of sums paid by 10 Trade Unions which did not report membership.

† The difference between the total expenditure per head and the sum of the items is due to a small amount of "Unspecified Expenditure."

TRADE UNIONS GROUPED

[Compiled from the Annual Reports of the Chief

I.—ALL TRADE UNIONS MAKING RETURNS IN 1892-5.

TABLE 3.—STATEMENT showing, for each of the Years 1892, 1893, 1894 and 1895, the NUMBER and MEMBERSHIP of TRADE UNIONS connected with the following GROUPS of TRADES making RETURNS to the BOARD OF TRADE.

Groups of Trades.	Number of Unions making Returns.				Membership of such Unions so far as known.			
	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.
Building - -	77	88	111	208	141,185	163,449	174,294	186,603
Metal, Engineering, and Shipbuilding.	132	141	153	219	237,235	230,819	239,471	243,069
Furnishing and Wood Working.	32	44	58	89	20,864	21,676	22,241	26,086
Mining and Quarrying -	74	75	67	78	287,558	288,337	272,159	208,384
Food and Tobacco preparation.	21	23	29	40	18,409	15,632	15,465	17,443
Glass, Pottery, India Rubber and Leather.	23	23	35	61	10,218	11,509	16,095	19,216
Paper, Printing and Book-binding.	33	35	47	53	42,259	44,451	45,933	48,674
Textile - - -	64	91	126	211	95,248	149,286	156,790	197,035
Clothing - - -	21	22	33	61	75,495	78,233	82,242	83,823
Transport (Land and Sea)	43	43	47	56	130,348	115,533	107,059	111,084
Agriculture and General Labour.	38	40	39	44	155,661	124,518	89,053	75,458
Other miscellaneous occupations.	41	62	83	130	22,917	27,346	35,696	53,229
Total - -	599	687	832	1,250	1,237,367	1,270,769	1,256,448	1,330,104

BY INDUSTRIES.*Labour Correspondent of the Board of Trade.]***II.—100 PRINCIPAL UNIONS IN 1894-95.****TABLE 4.—STATEMENT showing the MEMBERSHIP, INCOME, EXPENDITURE, and BALANCE OF FUNDS in hand of 100 PRINCIPAL TRADE UNIONS for the years 1894 and 1895 for the following GROUPS of TRADES.**

Groups of Trades.	No. of Unions.	Members.		Income.		Expenditure.		Balance of Funds in Hand.	
		1894.	1895.	1894.	1895.	1894.	1895.	1894.	1895.
		No.	No.	£	£	£	£	£	£
Building - -	15	151,602	152,458	255,973	260,451	234,571	236,400	200,331	233,332
Metal, Engineering, and Shipbuilding.	14	184,385	188,149	528,594	578,076	577,251	542,974	482,916	518,018
Furnishing and Coach-building.	6	14,850	15,214	33,158	33,781	29,954	29,425	28,518	32,763
Mining and Quarrying	13	202,226	196,409	333,974	214,553	241,741	187,755	210,874	237,672
Food and Tobacco Preparation.	3	9,208	8,918	5,654	6,613	5,365	6,059	6,439	7,039
Glass and Leather -	3	5,099	5,735	23,664	22,802	23,952	19,530	30,785	34,148
Paper, Printing and Bookbinding.	7	34,293	35,994	59,788	64,491	56,279	54,093	78,534	90,353
Textile - - -	14	92,850	90,979	166,749	152,172	96,216	102,875	206,519	235,816
Clothing - -	6	71,813	67,710	84,045	90,658	68,949	120,280	77,460	47,838
Transport (Land and Sea).	10	38,232	35,234	86,577	86,437	58,237	59,220	196,470	226,756
Labour (General) -	5	63,390	58,778	35,498	33,824	34,078	32,890	16,735	17,718
Others (Brushmakers and Enginemen).	4	6,293	6,198	10,656	9,757	10,299	8,855	3,512	4,539
Total - -	100	923,896	911,866	1,624,332	1,553,705	1,436,892	1,400,336	1,551,093	1,706,517

PARTICULARS OF TWENTY OF THE

[Compiled from the Annual Reports of the Chief

TABLE 5B.—STATEMENT showing the TOTAL INCOME of the

Trade Unions.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.
	£	£	£	£	£
Amalgamated Society of Engineers	188,805	189,782	183,651	183,469	189,774
Friendly Society of Ironfounders of England, Ireland, and Wales.	46,259	42,691	39,800	44,894	46,185
United Society of Boilermakers and Iron and Steel Ship Builders.	70,552	84,426	104,523	119,646	112,076
Associated Shipwrights' Society -	3,033	4,420	7,598	10,369	14,599
Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners.	67,819	76,469	75,069	75,312	88,214
Operative Bricklayers' Society -	10,787	11,789	12,696	18,157	26,052
Friendly Society of Operative Stonemasons of England, Ireland, and Wales.	14,917	14,070	15,076	16,343	18,320
Amalgamated Association of Operative Cotton Spinners, Self Actor Minders, and Twiners.	49,506	49,079	47,298	53,257	58,617
Blackburn and District Power-loom Weavers' Association.	7,722	7,753	7,730	7,776	8,272
Amalgamated Society of Tailors -	19,495	19,599	20,953	23,015	25,057
National Union of Boot and Shoe Operatives.	9,299	10,799	12,732	20,249	28,991
Durham Miners' Association -	42,220	37,387	38,946	47,074	56,067
Yorkshire Miners' Association -	7,272	9,402	34,309	56,069	67,455
Northumberland Miners' Mutual Confident Association.	18,719	7,205	8,594	10,579	11,101
Nottinghamshire Miners' Association	431	627	1,724	4,772	6,856
Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants of England, Ireland, Scotland, and Wales.	22,276	20,652	17,969	37,325	35,280
Typographical Association - -	8,198	8,704	9,008	9,810	10,828
London Society of Compositors -	12,384	13,082	14,242	16,533	18,254
National Union of Gas Workers and General Labourers of Great Britain and Ireland.	—	—	—	—	15,532
Dock, Wharf, Riverside, and General Labourers' Union of Great Britain and Ireland.	—	—	12,528	19,690	19,844

LARGEST TRADE UNIONS.—INCOME.*Labour Correspondent of the Board of Trade.]*

under-mentioned TRADE UNIONS during each of the Years 1887–95.

1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	Trade Unions.
£	£	£	£	
245,669	265,214	268,372	296,960	Amalgamated Society of Engineers.
47,010	50,344	57,346	62,502	Friendly Society of Ironfounders of England, Ireland, and Wales.
113,336	104,098	107,338	117,741	United Society of Boilermakers and Iron and Steel Ship Builders.
18,159	22,626	21,830	23,521	Associated Shipwrights' Society.
98,919	109,723	116,101	119,580	Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners.
32,520	42,269	37,180	37,760	Operative Bricklayers' Society.
22,135	23,577	22,278	16,525	Friendly Society of Operative Stonemasons of England, Ireland, and Wales.
90,330	119,633	98,450	83,299	Amalgamated Association of Operative Cotton Spinners, Self Actor Minders, and Twiners.
7,998	8,445	9,682	9,626	Blackburn and District Power-loom Weavers' Association.
27,488	28,691	24,775	23,830	Amalgamated Society of Tailors.
29,340	30,370	36,582	44,673	National Union of Boot and Shoe Operatives.
108,625	104,906	76,863	82,950	Durham Miners' Association.
73,245	129,088	118,342	66,016	Yorkshire Miners' Association.
16,112	18,226	19,061	11,701	Northumberland Miners' Mutual Confident Association.
9,545	25,912	40,931	14,765	Nottinghamshire Miners' Association.
35,833	38,628	47,396	47,801	Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants of England, Ireland, Scotland, and Wales.
13,488	14,724	15,676	18,474	Typographical Association.
19,555	20,985	26,970	28,519	London Society of Compositors.
12,560	10,115	8,696	7,180	National Union of Gas Workers and General Labourers of Great Britain and Ireland.
15,054	11,367	6,987	5,572	Dock, Wharf, Riverside, and General Labourers' Union of Great Britain and Ireland.

PARTICULARS OF TWENTY OF THE

[Compiled from the Annual Reports of the Chief

TABLE 5C.—STATEMENT showing AMOUNT of BALANCE OF FUNDS
Years

Trade Unions.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.
	£	£	£	£	£
Amalgamated Society of Engineers	125,120	158,770	209,780	239,509	237,251
Friendly Society of Ironfounders of England, Ireland, and Wales.	10,382	20,093	33,888	47,855	53,022
United Society of Boilermakers and Iron and Steel Ship Builders.	25,001	53,028	100,896	148,854	183,635
Associated Shipwrights' Society -	5,752	7,579	12,226	16,688	23,787
Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners.	39,927	44,235	58,922	66,360	70,936
Operative Bricklayers' Society -	26,111	28,080	30,590	33,235	43,995
Friendly Society of Operative Stonemasons of England, Ireland, and Wales.	4,829	4,616	5,457	5,370	8,897
Amalgamated Association of Operative Cotton Spinners, Self Actor Minders, and Twiners.	51,746	68,966	75,776	96,425	115,243
Blackburn and District Powerloom Weavers' Association.	12,645	13,125	13,268	14,895	16,291
Amalgamated Society of Tailors -	16,633	14,926	16,043	14,608	10,925
National Union of Boot and Shoe Operatives.	6,798	8,886	11,120	13,417	32,703
Durham Miners' Association -	27,399	36,235	42,713	46,889	55,407
Yorkshire Miners' Association -	11,705	10,901	29,608	79,057	117,822
Northumberland Miners' Mutual Confident Association.	3,588	4,017	9,420	16,113	23,682
Nottinghamshire Miners' Association	231	75	1,292	5,412	10,242
Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants of England, Ireland, Scotland, and Wales.	62,186	73,734	81,764	93,114	110,584
Typographical Association -	19,288	20,783	23,802	27,073	30,450
London Society of Compositors -	20,202	22,692	25,432	29,587	26,525
National Union of Gas Workers and General Labourers of Great Britain and Ireland.	—	—	—	—	2,789
Dock, Wharf, Riverside, and General Labourers' Union of Great Britain and Ireland.	—	—	9,955	6,285	6,809

LARGEST TRADE UNIONS.—BALANCE OF FUNDS.*Labour Correspondent of the Board of Trade.]*of the under-mentioned **TRADE UNIONS** at the end of each of the 1887-95.

1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	Trade Unions.
£	£	£	£	
214,344	185,854	184,602	206,116	Amalgamated Society of Engineers.
44,314	34,934	17,676	26,253	Friendly Society of Ironfounders of England, Ireland, and Wales.
194,071	172,558	157,547	154,046	United Society of Boilermakers and Iron and Steel Ship Builders.
27,908	29,707	33,544	39,322	Associated Shipwrights' Society.
79,010	79,449	80,989	86,578	Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners.
41,306	47,627	54,510	60,675	Operative Bricklayers' Society.
9,901	13,687	16,525	18,429	Friendly Society of Operative Stonemasons of England, Ireland, and Wales.
79,189	56,902	112,830	152,120	Amalgamated Association of Operative Cotton Spinners, Self Actor Minders, and Twiners.
17,562	12,565	15,929	16,860	Blackburn and District Power-loom Weavers' Association.
8,188	9,453	8,575	5,820	Amalgamated Society of Tailors.
40,285	46,363	61,701	31,414	National Union of Boot and Shoe Operatives.
36,361	40,605	60,823	52,412	Durham Miners' Association.
163,826	24,156	78,698	93,657	Yorkshire Miners' Association.
25,509	30,679	36,493	31,742	Northumberland Miners' Mutual Confidence Association.
13,794	826	2,467	12,299	Nottinghamshire Miners' Association.
120,827	122,871	140,254	158,726	Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants of England, Ireland, Scotland, and Wales.
35,825	37,750	39,041	42,197	Typographical Association.
21,704	23,764	24,379	32,434	London Society of Compositors.
4,644	6,217	6,883	7,947	National Union of Gas Workers and General Labourers of Great Britain and Ireland.
8,775	5,761	6,209	6,742	Dock, Wharf, Riverside, and General Labourers' Union of Great Britain and Ireland.

PARTICULARS OF TWENTY OF THE

TABLE 5D.—STATEMENT showing the EXPENDITURE per HEAD
TRADE UNIONS during the Year 1895, together with the

Trade Unions.	Unem- ployed, Travel- ling, and Emi- gration.	Dispute.	Sick.	Accident.	Super- annua- tion.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Amalgamated Society of Engineers -	1 7 6½	0 4 1½	0 11 11½	0 0 8½	0 14 11
Friendly Society of Ironfounders of England, Ireland, and Wales.	1 13 11½	0 1 11	0 10 5½	0 0 6½	0 15 1½
United Society of Boilermakers and Iron and Steel Ship Builders.	1 0 10½	0 2 3½	0 16 8½	0 4 7½	0 3 1½
Associated Shipwrights' Society - -	0 3 11½	0 2 6½	0 9 1½*	0 0 5½†	0 0 3
Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners.	0 17 6	0 4 0	0 13 0½	0 0 10½	0 4 11½
Operative Bricklayers' Society - -	0 0 4½	0 2 9½	0 12 2½	0 0 1	0 0 4½
Friendly Society of Operative Stone- masons of England, Ireland, and Wales.	0 2 8½	0 1 7	0 2 7½	0 0 8	0 6 2½
Amalgamated Association of Operative Cotton Spinners, Self Actor Minders, and Twiners of Lancashire and adjoining Counties.	1 10 7½	0 5 4	—	0 2 4	—
Blackburn and District Power-loom Weavers' Association.	0 6 9½	—	—	—	—
Amalgamated Society of Tailors - -	0 0 9½	0 2 2½	0 11 9½	—	0 7 1½
National Union of Boot and Shoe Operatives.	0 0 4½	1 8 6½	0 6 5½	—	—
Durham Miners' Association - -	0 17 7½	0 1 11½	0 7 11		
Yorkshire Miners' Association - -	0 2 7½	0 10 0½	—	—	—
Northumberland Miners' Mutual Confi- dant Association.	0 7 2½	—	0 0 7½	—	—
Nottinghamshire Miners' Association -	—	0 5 0½	—	—	—
Amalgamated Society of Railway Serv- ants of England, Ireland, Scotland, and Wales.	0 1 8½	0 1 0½	0 0 6½	—	0 0 10½
Typographical Association - - -	0 13 7½	0 1 6½	—	—	0 4 6½
London Society of Compositors - -	1 4 3	0 1 0½	0 0 6½	—	0 3 8
National Union of Gas Workers and General Labourers of Great Britain and Ireland.	—	0 1 8	—	—	—
Dock, Wharf, Riverside, and General Labourers' Union of Great Britain and Ireland.	—	0 0 2½	—	—	—

* Includes accident.

† Accident bonus.

LARGEST TRADE UNIONS.—EXPENDITURE.

on **VARIOUS BENEFITS** and **WORKING EXPENSES** by the under-mentioned corresponding **Total Expenditure per Head** in 1894.

Funeral.	Other Benefits, Grants, &c.	Working and other Expenses.	Total Expenditure per Head in 1895.	Total Expenditure per Head in 1894.	Trade Unions.
<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>	
0 3 1½	0 1 1½	0 6 1½	3 9 7½	3 14 10	Amalgamated Society of Engineers.
0 3 8½	0 0 0½	0 5 3½	3 11 0½	4 18 s½	Friendly Society of Ironfounders of England, Ireland, and Wales.
0 2 7½	0 2 9½	0 8 2½	3 1 2½	3 s 4½	United Society of Boilermakers and Iron and Steel Ship Builders.
0 1 9½	0 0 4½	0 7 4½	1 5 9½	1 6 9½	Associated Shipwrights' Society.
0 1 10½	0 0 10	0 8 8	2 11 8½	2 13 s½	Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners.
0 2 0½	0 0 2	0 8 1½	1 6 2½	1 5 s½	Operative Bricklayers' Society.
0 3 9	0 0 1	0 6 2½	1 3 9½	1 3 s½	Friendly Society of Operative Stonemasons of England, Ireland, and Wales.
0 0 11½	0 1 3½	0 7 10½	2 8 4½	2 5 s½	Amalgamated Association of Operative Cotton Spinners, Self Actor Minders, and Twiners of Lancashire and adjoining Counties.
0 1 4½	0 2 8	0 4 8½	0 15 6½	0 11 0½	Blackburn and District Power-loom Weavers' Association.
0 3 9	0 0 0½	0 7 9	1 13 4½	1 13 0½	Amalgamated Society of Tailors.
0 0 5½	0 0 0½	0 0 11½	1 16 9½	0 9 7½	National Union of Boot and Shoe Operatives.
0 1 0½	0 0 4½	0 2 4½	1 11 3½	0 19 s½	Durham Miners' Association.
0 1 5½	0 0 5	0 5 8½	1 0 3½	1 3 s½	Yorkshire Miners' Association.
0 0 4½	0 0 0½	0 7 10	0 16 0½	0 14 10½	Northumberland Miners' Mutual Confidence Association.
—	0 1 0½	0 1 3½	0 7 4½	2 7 s½	Nottinghamshire Miners' Association.
0 0 6½	0 3 2½	0 7 7	0 15 5½	0 14 7½	Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants of England, Ireland, Scotland, and Wales.
0 1 10½	0 0 0½	0 3 9	1 5 4½	1 2 11½	Typographical Association.
0 3 6	0 0 6½	0 6 3	1 19 9½	2 18 7½	London Society of Compositors.
—	0 0 4½	0 3 1½	0 5 2½	0 5 9½	National Union of Gas Workers and General Labourers of Great Britain and Ireland.
0 0 9½	0 0 1½	0 10 0½	0 11 2½	0 18 9	Dock, Wharf, Riverside, and General Labourers' Union of Great Britain and Ireland.

PARTICULARS OF TWENTY OF THE

TABLE 5D.—STATEMENT showing the EXPENDITURE per HEAD
TRADE UNIONS during the Year 1895, together with the

Trade Unions.	Unem- ployed, Travel- ling, and Emi- gration.	Dispute.	Sick.	Accident.	Super- annua- tion.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Amalgamated Society of Engineers -	1 7 6½	0 4 1½	0 11 1½	0 0 8½	0 14 11
Friendly Society of Ironfounders of England, Ireland, and Wales.	1 13 11½	0 1 11	0 10 5½	0 0 6½	0 15 1½
United Society of Boilermakers and Iron and Steel Ship Builders.	1 0 10½	0 2 3½	0 10 8½	0 4 7½	0 3 1½
Associated Shipwrights' Society - -	0 3 11½	0 2 6½	0 9 1½*	0 0 5½†	0 0 3
Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners.	0 17 6	0 4 0	0 13 0½	0 0 10½	0 4 11½
Operative Bricklayers' Society - -	0 0 4½	0 2 9½	0 12 2½	0 0 1	0 0 4½
Friendly Society of Operative Stone- masons of England, Ireland, and Wales.	0 2 8½	0 1 7	0 2 7½	0 0 8	0 6 2½
Amalgamated Association of Operative Cotton Spinners, Self Actor Minders, and Twiners of Lancashire and adjoining Counties.	1 10 7½	0 5 4	—	0 2 4	—
Blackburn and District Power-loom Weavers' Association.	0 6 9½	—	—	—	—
Amalgamated Society of Tailors - -	0 0 9½	0 2 2½	0 11 9½	—	0 7 1½
National Union of Boot and Shoe Operatives.	0 0 4½	1 8 6½	0 6 5½	—	—
Durham Miners' Association - -	0 17 7½	0 1 11½	0 7 11		
Yorkshire Miners' Association - -	0 2 7½	0 10 0½	—	—	—
Northumberland Miners' Mutual Confi- dent Association.	0 7 2½	—	0 0 7½	—	—
Nottinghamshire Miners' Association -	—	0 5 0½	—	—	—
Amalgamated Society of Railway Ser- vants of England, Ireland, Scotland, and Wales.	0 1 8½	0 1 0½	0 0 6½	—	0 0 10½
Typographical Association - -	0 13 7½	0 1 6½	—	—	0 4 6½
London Society of Compositors - -	1 4 3	0 1 0½	0 0 6½	—	0 3 8
National Union of Gas Workers and General Labourers of Great Britain and Ireland.	—	0 1 8	—	—	—
Dock, Wharf, Riverside, and General Labourers' Union of Great Britain and Ireland.	—	0 0 2½	—	—	—

* Includes accident.

† Accident bonus.

LARGEST TRADE UNIONS.—EXPENDITURE.

on **VARIOUS BENEFITS** and **WORKING EXPENSES** by the under-mentioned corresponding **Total Expenditure per Head** in 1894.

Funeral.	Other Benefits, Grants, &c.	Working and other Expenses.	Total Expenditure per Head in 1895.	Total Expenditure per Head in 1894.	Trade Unions.
<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>	
0 3 1½	0 1 1½	0 6 1½	3 9 7½	3 14 10	Amalgamated Society of Engineers.
0 3 8½	0 0 0½	0 5 3½	3 11 0½	4 18 2½	Friendly Society of Ironfounders of England, Ireland, and Wales.
0 2 7½	0 2 9½	0 8 2½	3 1 2½	3 2 4½	United Society of Boilermakers and Iron and Steel Ship Builders.
0 1 9½	0 0 4½	0 7 4½	1 5 9½	1 6 9½	Associated Shipwrights' Society.
0 1 10½	0 0 10	0 8 8	2 11 8½	2 13 2½	Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners.
0 2 0½	0 0 2	0 8 1½	1 6 2½	1 5 8½	Operative Bricklayers' Society.
0 3 9	0 0 1	0 6 2½	1 3 9½	1 3 2½	Friendly Society of Operative Stonemasons of England, Ireland, and Wales.
0 0 11½	0 1 3½	0 7 10½	2 8 4½	2 5 8½	Amalgamated Association of Operative Cotton Spinners, Self Actor Minders, and Twiners of Lancashire and adjoining Counties.
0 1 4½	0 2 8	0 4 8½	0 15 6½	0 11 0½	Blackburn and District Power-loom Weavers' Association.
0 3 9	0 0 0½	0 7 9	1 13 4½	1 13 0½	Amalgamated Society of Tailors.
0 0 5½	0 0 0½	0 0 11½	1 16 9½	0 9 7½	National Union of Boot and Shoe Operatives.
0 1 0½	0 0 4½	0 2 4½	1 11 3½	0 19 8½	Durham Miners' Association.
0 1 5½	0 0 5	0 5 8½	1 0 3½	1 3 2½	Yorkshire Miners' Association.
0 0 4½	0 0 0½	0 7 10	0 16 0½	0 14 10½	Northumberland Miners' Mutual Confidential Association.
—	0 1 0½	0 1 3½	0 7 4½	2 7 8½	Nottinghamshire Miners' Association.
0 0 6½	0 3 2½	0 7 7	0 15 5½	0 14 7½	Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants of England, Ireland, Scotland, and Wales.
0 1 10½	0 0 0½	0 3 9	1 5 4½	1 2 11½	Typographical Association.
0 3 6	0 0 6½	0 6 3	1 19 9½	2 12 7½	London Society of Compositors.
—	0 0 4½	0 3 1½	0 5 2½	0 5 9½	National Union of Gas Workers and General Labourers of Great Britain and Ireland.
0 0 9½	0 0 1½	0 10 0½	0 11 2½	0 12 9	Dock, Wharf, Riverside, and General Labourers' Union of Great Britain and Ireland.

PROVISION FOR OLD AGE

TABLE 6.—STATEMENT showing EXTENT of PROVISION for OLD AGE
[Compiled from the Annual Reports of the Chief

Trades.	Number of Unions.	Number of Members (close of 1894).	Number receiving Superannuation Benefit (close of 1894).	Superannuation Payments made during 1894.
Building Trades:				
Bricklayers - - - -	1	23,557	33	£ 388
Carpenters and joiners and packing case makers.	*4	57,271	*625	11,237
Painters and paper stainers -	*2	6,633	*19	219
Plasterers - - - -	1	7,941	47	493
Plumbers - - - -	2	8,275	23	391
Sawyers and wood-cutting machinists.	*2	2,924	*10	106
Slaters - - - -	1	112	3	13
Stonemasons - - - -	1	16,768	393	4,500
Total - - - -	14	123,481	1,153	17,874
Engineering, Metal, and Ship-building Trades:				
Engineers, &c. - - - -	*8	89,308	*2,716	58,504
Ironfounders, &c. - - - -	*4	23,128	*949	16,053
Smiths, &c. - - - -	*4	3,901	*40	475
Braziers - - - -	*3	1,282	*49	846
Miscellaneous metal trades -	*9	7,801	*84	694
Shipbuilding - - - -	*4	53,907	*436	6,165
Total - - - -	32	179,327	4,274	82,797
Paper, Printing and Bookbinding Trades:				
Paper makers - - - -	1	551	81	935
Letterpress printing - - -	*4	26,060	*308	4,849
Lithographic printing - - -	2	3,222	26	337
Bookbinding - - - -	4	5,230	36	391
Total - - - -	11	35,963	451	6,512
Furnishing and Wood-working Trades:				
Cabinet makers and upholsterers -	*2	1,758	*9	110
Coach and carriage makers -	*3	5,981	*286	4,381
Coopers - - - -	*6	1,844	*41	395
Total - - - -	11	9,583	346	4,986

* In the case of 31 societies (in groups of trades marked*) with 19,841 members, and paying cases the number has been estimated for the purposes of this table so far as the year

BY TRADE UNIONS.

by 105 TRADE UNIONS, grouped by INDUSTRIES, in 1894.

Labour Correspondent of the Board of Trade.]

Trades.	Number of Unions.	Number of Members (close of 1894).	Number receiving Superannuation Benefit (close of 1894).	Superannuation Payments made during 1894.
Textile Trades:				
Cotton manufacture, &c. - -	*5	2,394	*100	£ 892
Woollen and carpet weaving - -	*2	1,807	*66	470
Linen manufacture - - -	1	82	3	33
Total - - -	8	4,283	169	1,395
Clothing Trades:				
Hatters - - - -	*1	1,347	*83	742
Tailors - - - -	2	12,788	582	5,710
Total - - -	3	21,135	667	6,452
Glass Trades:				
Flint glass makers, glass bottle makers, and blowers.	7	7,490	310	4,079
Transport:				
Railway servants and locomotive enginemmen.	2	48,517	125	2,517
Miscellaneous Trades:				
Bakers - - - -	1	625	30	780
Brushmakers - - - -	1	1,243	31	969
Enginemmen - - - -	*6	2,861	*31	183
Farriers - - - -	1	1,345	22	225
Leather trade operatives - -	3	1,505	47	431
Other trades - - - -	*5	7,987	* 15	202
Total - - -	17	15,516	196	2,695
Grand Total for 1894* -	105	444,995	7,671	129,007
Grand Total for 1893* -	74	414,318	6,790	113,945
Grand Total for 1892* -	49	367,346	6,128	102,394

3,817, in Superannuation benefit during 1894, the number of recipients is not stated. In these 1894 is concerned, but such societies are omitted from the totals for 1893 and 1892.

FEDERATIONS OF TRADE UNIONS.

TABLE 7.—STATEMENT showing for the Year 1895 the FEDERATIONS of TRADE UNIONS in the UNITED KINGDOM (so far as reported), with the DATE of FORMATION, DISTRICT COVERED, and the NUMBER and MEMBERSHIP of TRADE UNIONS and LOCAL BRANCHES of UNIONS affiliated.

[Compiled from Information specially supplied by the Secretaries of the Federations, and from their Annual Reports.]

Name of Federation.	Date of Formation.	District Covered.	Number of Unions or Branches affiliated.	Number of Members affiliated.
Building Trades.				
Building Trades Federations:—				
Aberdeen - - - -	July, 1895	See Col. 1.	7	1,295
Barnsley - - - -	May, 1895	"	10	674
Birkenhead and District - -	May, 1893	"	16	1,506
Birmingham and District - -	Apr., 1894	"	10	4,208
Blackburn - - - -	May, 1893	"	9	721
Blyth and District - - - -	Jan., 1895	"	6	323
Bolton - - - -	Mar., 1890	"	9	891
Bradford and District - - -	June, 1894	"	6	1,015
Brighton - - - -	Mar., 1893	"	8	738
Bristol and District - - - -	May, 1894	"	7	1,061
Bury - - - -	Nov., 1892	"	8	443
Coventry and District - - -	Dec., 1894	"	7	457
Derby and District - - - -	July, 1895	"	6	459
Glasgow and Suburbs - - - -	June, 1894	"	10	3,558
Gloucester - - - -	May, 1894	"	6	336
Halifax - - - -	Apr., 1895	"	6	565
Hastings, St. Leonards, and District	Nov., 1894	"	2	90
Leeds - - - -	Apr., 1892	"	11	3,400
Leek and District - - - -	Dec., 1894	"	3	164
Leicester and District - - -	Apr., 1874	"	11	2,161
Liverpool and Vicinity - - -	Jan., 1893	"	41	About 5,000
London - - - -	May, 1892	"	28	31,141
Manchester, Salford, and District	Jan., 1893	"	16	4,115
North Staffordshire - - - -	Oct., 1894	"	6	1,380
Nottingham and District - -	Aug., 1872	"	16	2,671
Oldham and District - - - -	Nov., 1893	"	11	969
Oxford - - - -	Mar., 1893	"	7	592
Portsmouth - - - -	May, 1893	"	8	1,239
Rotherham - - - -	Feb., 1895	"	6	180
Scarborough and District - -	Sep., 1894	"	7	493
Sheffield and District - - -	June, 1893	"	9	715
Southampton and District - -	Jan., 1894	"	6	644

FEDERATIONS OF TRADE UNIONS—continued.

TABLE 7.—STATEMENT showing for the Year 1895 the FEDERATIONS of TRADE UNIONS in the UNITED KINGDOM (so far as reported), with the DATE of FORMATION, DISTRICT COVERED, and the NUMBER and MEMBERSHIP of TRADE UNIONS and LOCAL BRANCHES of UNIONS affiliated—continued.

Name of Federation.	Date of Formation.	District Covered.	Number of Unions or Branches affiliated.	Number of Members affiliated.
Building Trades—continued.				
Building Trades Federations—continued.				
Stockport and District - - -	Mar., 1893	See Col. 1	9	643
Tyne District - - -	Sept., 1891	"	8	About 5,000
Warrington - - -	Apr., 1894	"	5	233
Wolverhampton District - -	Oct., 1894	"	9	734
Scottish National Operative Plasterers' Federal Union.	Mar., 1888	Scotland - -	29	1,383
Scottish National Federation of House and Ship Painters.	Dec., 1889	Scotland - -	20	1,400
Affiliated Societies of the London and Suburban House Decorators and Painters' Trade Union.	May, 1890	London - -	11	757
Federated Labourers' Council of Labourers' Societies in the Building Trades in the London District.	Jan., 1894	London - -	6	10,232
Furnishing and Woodworking Trades.				
Furnishing Trades Federations:—				
Beith - - -	Aug., 1891	See Col. 1	2	335
Belfast - - -	May, 1894	"	4	324
Glasgow and District - -	Mar., 1893	"	10	1,961
London - - -	Apr., 1894	"	29	2,742
Manchester, Salford, and District -	Apr., 1890	"	5	590
Newcastle-on-Tyne - - -	May, 1895	"	4	271
Amalgamated Union of Upholsterers -	May, 1891	United Kingdom	23	1,687
French Polishers' Federation of Great Britain and Ireland.	Sept., 1893	"	4	319
Mutual Association of Journeymen Coopers of Great Britain and Ireland.	Sept., 1878	"	29	4,397
Operative Coachmakers and Wheelwrights' Federation.	Jan., 1891	London - -	15	1,131
Shipbuilding and Metal Trades.				
Federation of Engineering and Shipbuilding Trades of the United Kingdom.	Dec., 1890	United Kingdom -	16	159,192
Federated Ship Riggers' Associations -	Mar., 1872	Glasgow, Greenock, Dumbarton, Belfast, London.	5	890
Federation of the Sailmakers of Great Britain and Ireland.	Oct., 1890	United Kingdom	14	910
Midland Counties Trades' Federation -	May, 1886	Midland Counties	43	7,110
National Federation of Blast-furnacemen.	Aug., 1887	Cleveland, Cumberland, Lancashire, Midlands.	3	4,055

FEDERATIONS OF TRADE UNIONS—continued.

TABLE 7.—STATEMENT showing for the Year 1895 the FEDERATIONS of TRADE UNIONS in the UNITED KINGDOM (so far as reported), with the DATE of FORMATION, DISTRICT COVERED, and the NUMBER and MEMBERSHIP of TRADE UNIONS and LOCAL BRANCHES of UNIONS affiliated—continued.

Name of Federation.	Date of Formation.	District Covered.	Number of Unions or Branches affiliated.	Number of Members affiliated.
Shipbuilding and Metal Trades—continued.				
United Association of Core-makers -	Sept., 1891	Lancashire, Yorkshire.	6	291
Oldham and District Iron and Metal Workers' Association.	Apr., 1894	Oldham and District.	21	3,463
Hull Iron Trades' Council - -	Jan., 1894	Hull - -	13	2,351
Farriers' Federation of Great Britain and Ireland.	Aug., 1895	United Kingdom -	8	2,410
National Amalgamated Tin - Plate Workers of Great Britain.	Jan., 1890	United Kingdom -	6	2,500
Federated Wire Drawers of Great Britain.	July, 1891	Derbyshire, Lancashire, Warwickshire, Yorkshire.	8	1,592
United Journeymen Brassfounders, Turners, Fitters, and Finishers' Association of Great Britain and Ireland.	Oct., 1886	United Kingdom -	16	3,255
London Federal Council of Brass-workers.	Mar., 1892	London - -	6	1,560
Sheffield United Cutlery Council -	Sept., 1894	Sheffield - -	6	4,350
Kindred Trades Affiliation (Silver, Electro-plate, and Britannia Metal Industries).	Sept., 1895	Sheffield - -	6	1,610
London Silver Trades' Council - -	Nov., 1895	London - -	6	346
Mining and Quarrying.				
Durham County Mining Federation Association.	Nov., 1878	Durham - -	4	65,266
Miners' Federation of Great Britain -	Nov., 1889	United Kingdom -	12	161,971
Lancashire and Cheshire Miners' Federation.	Apr., 1881	Lancashire and Cheshire.	15	27,000
Midland Miners' Federation - -	Mar., 1886	Staffs., Salop, and Warwickshire.	6	12,972
Cumberland and North Lancashire Federation.	Mar., 1891	Cumberland and N. Lancashire.	5	4,837
South-Western Counties Miners' Federation.	Oct., 1894	Gloucestershire and Somerset.	2	4,900
Northumberland Workmen's Federation Board.	Jan., 1882	Northumberland	3	21,842
Denbighshire and Flintshire Miners' Federation.	Nov., 1892	Denbighshire and Flintshire.	18	3,023
Scottish Miners' Federation - -	Mar., 1894	Scotland - -	7	20,920
Lanarkshire Miners' Federation -	May, 1893	Lanarkshire and Dumbartonshire.	7	4,300

FEDERATIONS OF TRADE UNIONS—continued.TABLE 7.—STATEMENT showing for the Year 1895 the **FEDERATIONS OF TRADE UNIONS** in the UNITED KINGDOM (so far as reported), with the **DATE** of FORMATION, **DISTRICT COVERED**, and the **NUMBER** and **MEMBERSHIP** of TRADE UNIONS and LOCAL BRANCHES of UNIONS affiliated—continued.

Name of Federation.	Date of Formation.	District Covered.	Number of Unions or Branches affiliated.	Number of Members affiliated.
Mining and Quarrying— continued.				
Mid and West Lothian Labour Federation.	May, 1893	Mid and West Lothian.	3	1,120*
Renfrewshire Miners' Federation	July, 1893	Renfrewshire	2	150
Ayrshire Miners' Federal Union	Sept., 1893	Ayrshire	15	3,371
Federation of Salt Workers, Alkali Workers, Mechanics, and General Labourers.	Jan., 1890	Cheshire, Durham, Lancs., Worcs., and Yorks.	5	4,094
National Federation of Enginemen's Protective Associations of Great Britain.	Dec., 1873	United Kingdom	17	8,843
Printing and Bookbinding Trades.				
Printing and Kindred Trades' Federations:—				
United Kingdom	May, 1891	United Kingdom	7	25,339
London	July, 1894	London	5	1,050
Nottingham and District	Jan., 1893	Nottingham and District.	4	573
Federated Society of Electrotypers and Stereotypers of Great Britain and Ireland.	Oct., 1893	United Kingdom	8	540
Textile Trades.				
United Textile Factory Workers	July, 1883	Manchester	5	131,534
Amalgamated Association of Operative Cotton Spinners, Self-Actor Minders, and Twiners.	Sept., 1837	Lancashire and adjoining Counties.	33	18,234
Amalgamated Association of Card and Blowing-room Operatives.	Sept., 1836	Lancashire, Cheshire, Derbyshire, Yorkshire.	13	23,933
Textile Trades' Federation of Nelson, Colne, Brierfield, and District.	Oct., 1892	Nelson, Colne, and District.	6	9,182
Bolton Federation of Textile Trades	Jan., 1891	Bolton	3	5,264
Textile Manufacturing Trades' Federation of Oldham and District.	Nov., 1894	Oldham and District.	3	3,913
Stockport Textile Trades' Federation	Mar., 1894	Stockport	3	2,030
General Union of Associations of Power-loom Overlookers.	July, 1885	Lancashire and Cheshire.	22	3,596
North and North-East Lancashire Amalgamated Tape Sizers' Protective Society.	June, 1892	North and North-East Lancashire.	10	923

* Exclusive of Shale Miners.

FEDERATIONS OF TRADE UNIONS—continued.

TABLE 7.—STATEMENT showing for the Year 1895 the FEDERATIONS of TRADE UNIONS in the UNITED KINGDOM (so far as reported), with the DATE of FORMATION, DISTRICT COVERED, and the NUMBER and MEMBERSHIP of TRADE UNIONS and LOCAL BRANCHES of UNIONS affiliated—continued.

Name of Federation.	Date of Formation.	District Covered.	Number of Unions or Branches affiliated.	Number of Members affiliated.
Textile Trades—continued.				
Amalgamated Association of Beamers, Twisters, and Drawers.	—	Lancashire - -	35	3,950
Yorkshire Textile Workers' Federation.	July, 1894	Yorkshire - -	15	3,363
Hand Framework Knitters' Federation of Great Britain.	Apr., 1890	United Kingdom	15	900
National Amalgamated Hosiery Federation.	Jan., 1892	Leicestershire, Notts., and Derbyshire.	10	5,205
Midland Counties Bleachers', Dyers', Scourers', and Trimmers' Federation.	July, 1890	Leicestershire, Nottinghamshire.	6	880
Lace Trades Unions' Federation - -	June, 1892	Nottingham and District.	8	6,000
Scottish Mill, Factory, and Bleachfield Workers' Federal Union.	Mar., 1889	Scotland -	9	5,695
Clothing Trades.				
National Federation of Foreman Tailors' Societies.	Feb., 1896	United Kingdom	28	675
Seafaring, Dock Labour, and Transport.				
Federation of Trades and Labour Unions in connexion with the Shipping, Carrying, and other Industries.	Oct., 1893	Liverpool and District.	12	21,030
Federation of Flatmen, Watermen, and Canal Boatmen.*	July, 1891	Liverpool and District.	3	About 1,000
Miscellaneous.				
Northern Counties Hair Dressers' Federation.	Feb., 1892	Lancashire, Yorkshire.	14	675
United Government Workers' Federation.	Aug., 1895	London District -	7	4,883

FEDERATIONS OF TRADES COUNCILS.

Federated Trades and Labour Councils of Yorkshire.	July, 1893	Yorkshire - -	16†	44,500
Midland Trades Councils Federation -	May, 1894	Midland Counties	12†	81,137

* Dissolved October 1895.

† Number of Trades Councils.

TRADES COUNCILS IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

TABLE 8.—STATEMENT showing, for the Year 1895,* the TRADES COUNCILS (so far as known) in each DIVISION of the UNITED KINGDOM, together with the MEMBERSHIP and the NUMBER of TRADE UNIONS and LOCAL BRANCHES of UNIONS affiliated.

[Compiled from Information specially supplied by the Secretaries of the Councils, and from their Annual Reports.]

Locality.	Number of Unions and Branches affiliated.	Number of Members.	Locality.	Number of Unions and Branches affiliated.	Number of Members.
ENGLAND AND WALES.			ENGLAND AND WALES— continued.		
Accrington - - -	16	1,019	Gainsborough‡ - -	3	270
Barnsley - - -	21	1,240	Glossop, Hadfield, and District.	10	4,819
Barrow-in-Furness - -	23	2,873	Gloucester - - -	19	1,120
Barry - - -	21	2,500	Grimsby - - -	24	2,914
Bath - - -	12	2,609	Halifax - - -	36	3,529
Birkenhead - - -	16	3,928	Hartlepool - - -	21	2,654
Birmingham - - -	84	28,000	Haslingden - - -	13	2,928
Blackburn - - -	31	18,080	Heavy Woollen District -	19	2,800
Blyth - - -	16†	2,025†	Heywood District - -	18	2,222
Bolton - - -	87	18,924	Huddersfield - - -	29	2,916
Bradford - - -	39	9,397	Hull - - -	77	10,054
Brighton - - -	12	—	Ipswich - - -	12	1,142
Bristol - - -	43	10,400	Jarrow-on-Tyne and District.	23	2,391
Burnley - - -	31	15,190†	Keighley - - -	13	903
Burton-on-Trent - -	14	1,600	Kettering - - -	10	2,237
Bury - - -	33	7,000	Leamington and Warwick	5	203
Cambridge - - -	7	448	Leeds - - -	68	12,500
Cardiff - - -	45	6,500	Leicester - - -	39	19,893
Castleford - - -	12	3,473	Leigh - - -	18	3,137
Chatham and District -	12	1,282	Lincoln - - -	18	1,016
Cheltenham - - -	8	530	Liverpool - - -	47	25,705
Chester - - -	17	975	London - - -	191	58,789
Chorley - - -	12	4,659	Loughborough - - -	11	617
Coalville and District -	4	191	Macclesfield - - -	9†	700†
Colchester‡ - - -	5	282	Maidstone - - -	11	600
Colne - - -	7	2,830	Manchester and Salford -	140	22,380
Coventry - - -	13	1,800	Mexborough - - -	18	6,124
Crewe - - -	13	2,042	Middlesbrough - - -	30†	3,250†
Crook and District - -	15	2,642	Middleton - - -	12	992
Darwen and District -	21	2,541	Neath - - -	10	420
Derby - - -	19	2,761	Nelson - - -	14	6,721
Doncaster - - -	13	1,116	Newcastle, Gateshead, and District.	55	—
Douglas - - -	8	291	Newport - - -	18	3,000
Dover - - -	9	252	Normanton - - -	8	3,000
Dudley - - -	13	180	North Staffordshire -	25	4,816
Exeter - - -	7	377	Northampton - - -	11	8,000
Farnworth - - -	14	1,221			

* In a few cases the year to which the figures relate ended early in 1896.

† In these cases the particulars are for 1894, those for 1895 not being available.

‡ In 23 unions and branches.

§ Now dissolved.

|| In five branches only.

TRADES COUNCILS IN THE UNITED KINGDOM—*continued.*TABLE 8.—STATEMENT showing, for the Year 1895,* the TRADES COUNCILS (so far as known) in each DIVISION of the UNITED KINGDOM, together with the MEMBERSHIP and the NUMBER of TRADE UNIONS and LOCAL BRANCHES of UNIONS affiliated—*continued.*

Locality.	Number of Unions and Branches affiliated.	Number of Members.	Locality.	Number of Unions and Branches affiliated.	Number of Members.
ENGLAND AND WALES— <i>continued.</i>			ENGLAND AND WALES— <i>continued.</i>		
Norwich . . .	22	2,155	Walsall . . .	8†	563‡
Nottingham . . .	57	30,000	Warrington . . .	19	1,065
Oldham . . .	65	19,128	West Bromwich . . .	10	980
Oxford . . .	12	1,170	West Ham . . .	38	7,500
Padiham . . .	11	5,085	Wigan . . .	80	7,539
Plymouth (Three Towns)	15†	1,518†	Wolverhampton . . .	22	2,080
Pontypool . . .	6	305	Woolwich and District . . .	15	1,300
Pontypridd . . .	14	969†	Worcester . . .	11	839
Portsmouth . . .	22	2,903	York . . .	20	1,478
Preston . . .	36	7,252			
Radcliffe . . .	20	2,032	SCOTLAND.		
Ramsbottom . . .	14	1,658	Aberdeen . . .	44	5,883
Reading . . .	10†	458†	Arbroath . . .	12†	1,400†
Rochdale . . .	23	5,550	Dundee . . .	31	7,395
Rotherham . . .	31†	2,058†	Dunfermline . . .	12	—
Rugby . . .	4	184	Edinburgh . . .	43	10,305§
St. Helens . . .	14	1,411	Falkirk . . .	12	2,710
Scarborough . . .	14	832	Glasgow . . .	93	33,372†
Sheffield . . .	74	16,280	Govan . . .	24	7,211
Shields and District . . .	34	15,296	Greenock . . .	27†	3,579†
Shipley . . .	11	536	Hawick . . .	5	247
Shrewsbury . . .	9	500	Inverness . . .	11	830
Southampton . . .	21	1,744	Kirkcaldy . . .	6	591
Southport . . .	12	705	Montrose . . .	6	200
Sowerby Bridge . . .	9	599	Motherwell . . .	10	1,050
Spen Valley . . .	13	1,068	Paisley . . .	22†	2,512†
Stafford . . .	8	880	Port Glasgow . . .	8	1,794
Stalybridge . . .	10†	1,457†			
Stockport . . .	11	1,600	IRELAND.		
Stockton and Thornaby . . .	21	1,290	Belfast . . .	77	18,830
Sunderland . . .	40	5,973	Cork . . .	22	1,199
Swindon and District . . .	12	1,908	Drogheda and Vicinity . . .	13†	626†
Todmorden . . .	11	1,696	Dublin . . .	61	12,710
Tunbridge Wells . . .	8	276	Limerick . . .	20	1,700
Wakefield . . .	9†	1,730†	Londonderry . . .	11†	500†
Wallaseid, Willington Quay, and Howden.	12†	1,230†	Newry . . .	7	377

Notes.—About 18 other trades councils in addition to the 141 included in the table are known to exist, but complete information respecting them had not been received at the time of going to press.

* In a few cases the year to which the figures relate ended early in 1896.

† In 11 branches.

‡ In these cases the particulars are for 1894, those for 1895 not being available.

§ In 40 unions.

|| Now dissolved.

TRADE UNION CONGRESSES.

TABLE 9.—STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of DELEGATES, ORGANISATIONS and MEMBERS thereof represented, and the INCOME of the CONGRESSES held in each of the Years 1866 to 1896.

[Compiled from Official Reports issued by the Parliamentary Committee, except for the years 1868-72, the figures for which were extracted from newspaper reports.]

Year.	Town.	Number of Delegates present.	Number of Organisations represented.		Number of Members in Organisations represented		Income of the Congress and Parliamentary Committee.
			Trade Unions.	Trades Councils.	Trade Unions.	Trades Councils.	
1866*	Sheffield -	143	81	13	110,436	88,938	£ 50
1867†	London -	138	104	11	154,610	37,534	27
1868	Manchester -	34	18	11	40,623	64,336	—
1869	Birmingham -	38	25	12	Not known.		13
1871‡	London -	53	34	11	289,430		26
1872	Nottingham -	71	44	8	269,710		30
1873	Leeds -	130	88	20	508,906	225,560	359
1874	Sheffield -	165	102	21	962,038	235,174	433
1875§	Liverpool -	152	83	24	593,618	100,674	430
1875§	Glasgow -	139	87	23	413,881	116,842	474
1876	Newcastle -	140	91	22	455,460	121,996	580
1877	Leicester -	140	93	19	565,272	129,959	639
1878	Bristol -	136	92	23	465,811	136,066	693
1879	Edinburgh -	116	73	19	412,246	109,767	687
1880	Dublin -	122	89	16	380,913	94,511	727
1881	London -	154	104	18	378,883	81,914	711
1882	Manchester -	153	103	23	405,365	102,972	789
1883	Nottingham -	173	114	21	466,925	94,166	854
1884	Aberdeen -	142	95	21	488,062	109,984	837
1885	Southport -	162	110	27	500,238	131,368	849
1886	Hull -	143	98	23	515,173	122,707	771
1887	Swansea -	156	104	27	561,169	134,885	704
1888	Bradford -	163	109	29	567,572	158,630	825
1889	Dundee -	209	145	26	687,035	176,420	908
1890	Liverpool -	454	268	37	1,592,850	333,548	1,199
1891	Newcastle -	548	274	36	1,063,892	259,620	1,640
1892	Glasgow -	456	251	37	1,155,448	406,175	1,306
1893	Belfast -	376	198	28	720,873	149,877	1,307
1894	Norwich -	372	165	27	1,014,607	65,838	1,444
1895	Cardiff -	331	154		980,931		1,474
1896	Edinburgh -	360	145		1,028,104		2,677

* This Conference was called, primarily, to consider the question of lock-outs and the action of Trade Unions with regard thereto. Out of this Conference sprang the Alliance of Organised Trades.

† This Conference was called, primarily, to consider what action should be taken with respect to the proposed Royal Commission of Inquiry into Trade Unions.

‡ No Congress was held in 1870. § In 1875 two Congresses were held—in January and October.

|| Trades Councils were not represented at the 1895 and 1896 Congresses.

ASSOCIATIONS OF EMPLOYERS IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

TABLE 10.—STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of ASSOCIATIONS of EMPLOYERS in the UNITED KINGDOM so far as known to the DEPARTMENT, CLASSIFIED according to TRADES, and distinguishing National and Local Associations and Federations.

Trades.	Federa- tions.	National Asso- ciations.	Local Associations.			Total.	Total for each Group of Trades.
			England and Wales.	Scot- land.	Ire- land.		
I. Building Trades.							
Master builders - - - -	5	—	59	5	3	72	124
" painters - - - -	—	1	12	4	—	17	
" plasterers - - - -	—	—	—	4	—	4	
" plumbers - - - -	—	1	5	3	1	10	
Others - - - -	—	1	9	11	—	21	
II. Metal, Engineering, and Shipbuilding Trades.							
General iron trades - - -	—	5	10	2	—	17	61
Engineering and shipbuilding	4	1	12	9	1	27	
Miscellaneous metal trades -	—	2	14	1	—	17	
III. Mining and Quarrying.							
Coal mining - - - -	2	—	18	4	—	24	23
Other mining - - - -	—	—	2	—	—	2	
Quarrying - - - -	—	—	—	2	—	2	
IV. Textile Trades.							
Cotton trades - - - -	2	—	20	—	—	22	34
Dyeing, finishing, and bleaching	1	—	3	—	—	4	
Other textile trades - - -	—	1	5	1	1	8	
V. Clothing Trades.							
Tailoring - - - -	1	—	25	5	3	34	52
Boot and shoe manufacture - -	1	—	8	1	1	11	
Other clothing trades - - -	—	—	6	—	1	7	
VI. Wood-working and Timber Trades.							
VI. Glass and Pottery Trades -	—	—	4	—	—	4	4
VIII. Oil and Chemical Trades -	—	1	3	—	—	4	4
IX. Printing and Paper Trades -	—	—	6	3	1	10	10
X. Food Preparation.							
Master bakers and confectioners	—	2	11	5	2	20	23
Others - - - -	—	1	5	—	2	8	
XI. Shipping.							
Shipowners - - - -	1	1	5	3	—	10	12
Barge and smack owners - - -	—	—	2	—	—	2	
XII. Cab, Cart, and Car Owners -	—	—	11	—	1	12	12
XIII. Miscellaneous Industries -	—	—	6	1	—	7	7
Total Employers' Associations*	17	17	263	66	18	381	381
Chambers of Commerce							
Chambers of Commerce - - -	1	—	74	8	—	92	92
Chambers of Agriculture							
Chambers of Agriculture - - -	3	2	70	—	9	75	75
Trade Protection Societies							
Trade Protection Societies - -	2	15	145	6	3	171	171

* Associations purely for purposes of trade protection, insurance, and the diffusion of information, or the advancement of technical knowledge, are, as far as possible, excluded from the figures of Employers' Associations.

WORKMEN'S CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

TABLE 11.—STATEMENT showing, for each of the Years 1881-94, the TOTAL MEMBERSHIP, CAPITAL, SALES, and PROFITS of the WORKMEN'S CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES of the United Kingdom included in the Tables on pages 26 to 48, together with the Percentage of Membership to the Total Population.

Year.	No. of Societies making Returns.	No. of Shareholders in Societies making Returns.	Share and Loan Capital.	Amount of Sales.*	Profit.	Estimated Population of United Kingdom.	Percentage of Members to Total Population.
			£	£	£		
1881	897	559,913	7,173,862	21,420,833	1,587,008	34,934,476	1·0
1882	1,069	614,843	8,104,187	24,142,933	2,032,514	35,206,617	1·7
1883	1,082	645,500	8,512,034	25,850,970	2,247,185	35,449,721	1·8
1884	1,164	809,915	9,107,058	27,120,041	2,583,220	35,724,231	2·3
1885	1,186	765,825	10,055,827	27,574,418	2,793,643	36,015,601	2·1
1886	1,198	795,435	10,757,643	29,014,320	2,895,850	36,313,582	2·2
1887	1,205	851,211	11,544,389	30,455,603	2,972,464	36,599,143	2·3
1888	1,263	891,089	12,051,254	33,858,043	3,246,318	36,881,271	2·4
1889	1,370	958,544	12,871,734	37,130,010	3,447,362	37,173,929	2·6
1890	1,320	989,418	14,135,501	39,949,096	3,946,851	37,484,764	2·6
1891	1,408	1,070,292	15,454,588	44,707,904	4,478,604	37,797,013	2·8
1892	1,542	1,154,149	16,778,555	47,403,694	4,595,160	38,106,675	3·0
1893	1,564	1,199,100	17,350,622	47,086,233	4,409,490	38,440,371	3·1
1894	1,589	1,245,958	18,106,867	47,147,230	4,784,109	38,786,053	3·2

* The totals given in this column only include actual sales, and are exclusive of the sums (amounting to £619,6034. in 1894) representing the value of the goods produced by the wholesale and retail societies and transferred to their distributive departments.

WORKMEN'S CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATIONS

TABLE 12.—STATEMENT showing, for each of the Years 1881-94, the
the WORKMEN'S CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATIONS for DISTRIBUTION
[Compiled from an Analysis of the Annual Reports of the Chief

Year.	No. of Societies making Returns.	No. of Shareholders in the Societies making Returns.	Share and Loan Capital.	Amount of Sales.	Gross Profit.
ENGLAND AND WALES.					
			£	£	£
1881	764	475,474	5,509,465	13,140,798	2,106,541
1882	832	528,541	6,338,306	15,231,008	2,678,462
1883	804	543,910	6,427,252	15,637,038	2,907,851
1884	869	703,523	6,697,787	16,509,053	3,182,565
1885	888	644,140	7,457,698	16,576,879	3,427,506
1886	870	663,609	7,853,789	16,910,897	3,292,622
1887	874	711,835	8,402,957	17,706,597	3,443,570
1888	917	741,826	8,756,492	19,233,187	3,674,282
1889	1,008	795,987	9,205,800	21,327,972	3,856,749
1890	954	818,592	9,966,979	22,032,827	4,301,786
1891	1,016	885,606	10,821,333	25,058,124	4,894,598
1892	1,125	957,799	11,643,016	26,421,859	5,108,893
1893	1,127	990,813	11,893,401	25,974,276	5,054,940
1894	1,124	1,026,169	12,342,972	26,204,824	5,413,393
SCOTLAND.					
			£	£	£
1881	200	71,238	539,777	2,251,329	401,854
1882	202	69,319	544,487	2,330,504	408,166
1883	240	83,066	705,964	2,879,465	493,115
1884	252	92,093	792,954	3,036,958	587,090
1885	257	101,948	882,052	3,270,710	640,489
1886	269	110,022	1,016,182	3,464,373	675,461
1887	272	115,651	1,064,413	3,628,385	708,560
1888	277	124,270	1,177,644	4,719,746	773,898
1889	279	134,733	1,318,175	4,523,820	856,720
1890	275	141,758	1,472,454	4,815,910	950,346
1891	281	157,889	1,682,124	5,503,962	1,060,000
1892	284	167,757	1,888,651	5,886,421	1,183,842
1893	283	176,333	2,018,819	5,913,984	1,193,138
1894	284	184,448	2,183,220	5,992,395	1,278,992

FOR DISTRIBUTION.

MEMBERSHIP, CAPITAL, SALES, PROFIT, and other Particulars relating to in the UNITED KINGDOM (excluding the WHOLESALE SOCIETIES).

Registrar of Friendly Societies made by the Co-operative Union.]

Trade Expenses, including Interest on Capital.		Net Profit after allowing for Interest on Capital and Depre- ciation of Property.		Amount devoted to Education.	Amount of Capital invested otherwise than in Trade.	Year.
Amount.	Percen- tage on Sales.	Amount.	Percen- tage on Sales.			
ENGLAND AND WALES.						
£		£		£	£	
905,162	6·9	1,201,379	9·1	12,281	3,147,887	1881
1,046,485	6·9	1,631,977	10·7	14,037	3,447,324	1882
1,129,440	7·2	1,778,411	11·4	14,810	3,633,412	1883
1,161,210	7·0	2,021,355	12·2	17,952	3,848,859	1884
1,241,636	7·5	2,185,870	13·2	19,172	4,352,686	1885
1,073,278	6·3	2,219,344	13·1	18,324	3,337,383	1886
1,153,969	6·5	2,289,601	12·9	19,450	3,593,807	1887
1,207,392	6·3	2,466,890	12·8	22,098	3,794,831	1888
1,293,743	6·1	2,563,006	12·0	23,225	4,179,818	1889
1,365,606	6·2	2,936,180	13·3	24,660	4,410,808	1890
1,553,290	6·2	3,341,308	13·3	27,118	4,902,102	1891
1,698,520	6·4	3,410,373	12·9	28,661	5,255,757	1892
1,763,840	6·8	3,291,100	12·7	28,802	5,226,439	1893
1,863,425	7·1	3,549,968	13·5	32,209	5,239,132	1894
SCOTLAND.						
£		£		£	£	
140,364	6·2	261,490	11·6	437	270,711	1881
129,167	5·5	278,999	12·0	671	292,680	1882
157,814	5·5	335,301	11·6	874	336,427	1883
180,287	5·9	406,803	13·4	1,059	373,906	1884
196,019	6·0	444,470	13·6	1,332	516,553	1885
196,465	5·7	478,996	13·8	1,414	324,036	1886
198,850	5·5	509,710	14·0	1,644	298,692	1887
214,778	4·6	559,120	11·8	1,847	299,077	1888
235,241	5·2	621,479	13·7	2,067	381,921	1889
252,748	5·2	697,598	14·5	2,633	458,840	1890
286,736	5·2	773,264	14·0	2,865	531,417	1891
317,782	5·4	865,060	14·7	3,629	666,112	1892
346,774	5·9	846,864	14·3	3,439	695,527	1893
371,625	6·2	907,367	15·1	4,018	822,269	1894

WORKMEN'S CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATIONS**TABLE 12.**—STATEMENT showing for each of the Years 1881-94, the the WORKMEN'S CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATIONS for DISTRIBUTION in the

Year.	No. of Societies making Returns.	No. of Shareholders in the Societies making Returns.	Share and Loan Capital.	Amount of Sales.	Gross Profit.
IRELAND.*					
			£	£	£
1881	7	500	2,775	19,058	2,572
1882	9	741	2,608	24,744	3,220
1883	7	649	2,133	23,501	2,710
1884	7	666	2,220	23,929	3,238
1885	8	684	2,566	24,754	3,061
1886	10	957	9,028	31,163	4,011
1887	7	587	2,726	23,225	2,879
1888	10	1,127	9,335	34,273	4,861
1889	10	1,280	8,103	35,448	4,172
1890	11	1,266	3,895	38,901	3,582
1891	9	1,041	4,085	31,332	3,775
1892	10	1,188	4,437	35,336	4,393
1893	11	1,948	6,015	37,636	4,408
1894	13	2,328	7,828	45,175	5,551
UNITED KINGDOM.					
			£	£	£
1881	971	547,212	6,052,017	15,411,185	2,510,967
1882	1,043	598,601	6,885,401	17,586,256	3,089,848
1883	1,051	627,625	7,135,349	18,540,004	3,403,676
1884	1,123	796,282	7,492,961	19,569,940	3,772,893
1885	1,148	746,772	8,342,316	19,872,343	4,071,056
1886	1,149	774,588	8,878,949	20,406,433	3,972,094
1887	1,153	828,073	9,470,096	21,358,207	4,155,009
1888	1,204	867,223	9,943,471	22,987,206	4,453,041
1889	1,297	932,000	10,532,078	25,887,240	4,717,641
1890	1,240	961,616	11,443,328	26,887,638	5,255,714
1891	1,306	1,044,536	12,507,542	30,598,418	5,958,373
1892	1,419	1,126,744	13,536,104	32,343,616	6,296,128
1893	1,421	1,169,094	13,918,235	31,925,896	6,252,486
1894	1,421	1,212,945	14,534,020	32,242,394	6,697,936

* The information relating to the years 1881 to 1891 has been compiled from the the Reports of the Chief Registrar

FOR DISTRIBUTION—*continued.*MEMBERSHIP, CAPITAL, SALES, PROFIT, and other Particulars relating to UNITED KINGDOM (excluding the WHOLESALE SOCIETIES)—*continued.*

Trade Expenses, including Interest on Capital.		Net Profit after allowing for Interest on Capital and Depre- ciation of Property.		Amount devoted to Education.	Amount of Capital invested otherwise than in Trade.	Year.
Amount.	Perce- tage on Sales.	Amount.	Perce- tage on Sales.			
IRELAND.*						
£		£		£	£	
1,039	5·5	1,533	8·0	3	8	1881
1,758	7·1	1,462	5·9	—	—	1882
1,388	5·9	1,322	5·6	—	52	1883
2,385	10·0	853	3·6	—	57	1884
1,596	6·4	1,465	5·9	—	426	1885
1,811	5·8	2,200	7·1	—	123	1886
1,442	6·2	1,437	6·2	—	100	1887
2,286	6·7	2,575	7·5	7	122	1888
2,491	7·0	1,681	4·7	—	207	1889
2,014	5·2	1,568	4·0	—	172	1890
1,892	6·0	1,883	6·0	—	150	1891
2,173	6·1	2,220	6·3	—	1,442	1892
2,266	6·0	2,142	5·7	—	3,315	1893
2,776	6·1	2,775	6·1	—	1,397	1894
UNITED KINGDOM.						
£		£		£	£	
1,046,565	6·8	1,464,402	9·5	12,721	3,418,606	1881
1,177,410	6·7	1,912,438	10·9	14,708	3,740,004	1882
1,288,642	7·0	2,115,034	11·4	15,684	3,969,891	1883
1,343,882	6·9	2,429,011	12·4	19,011	4,222,822	1884
1,439,251	7·2	2,631,805	13·2	20,504	4,869,665	1885
1,271,554	6·2	2,700,540	13·2	19,738	3,661,542	1886
1,354,261	6·3	2,800,748	13·1	21,094	3,892,599	1887
1,424,456	5·9	3,028,585	12·6	23,952	4,094,030	1888
1,531,475	5·9	3,186,166	12·3	25,292	4,561,941	1889
1,620,368	6·0	3,635,346	13·5	27,293	4,869,820	1890
1,841,918	6·0	4,116,455	13·5	29,983	5,433,669	1891
2,018,475	6·2	4,277,653	13·2	32,290	5,923,311	1892
2,112,880	6·6	4,139,606	13·0	32,241	5,925,281	1893
2,237,826	6·9	4,460,110	13·8	36,227	6,062,798	1894

Reports published by the Co-operative Union, and that for 1892, 1893, and 1894 from of Friendly Societies.

CO-OPERATIVE PRODUCTION.—GENERAL SUMMARY.

TABLE 13.—STATEMENT showing for 1894 and 1895 the NUMBER of WORKMEN'S CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES in the UNITED KINGDOM making RETURNS as to PRODUCTION, the NUMBER of PERSONS employed in PRODUCTION, and the TOTAL VALUE of the PRODUCTIONS of these SOCIETIES, distinguishing the various CLASSES of SOCIETIES.

[Compiled from the published Accounts of the Societies, and from Special information furnished by them.]

Description of Societies.	No. of Societies to which the returns relate.		No. of Persons employed in Production in		Value of Goods sold by Productive Societies or transferred from Productive to Distributive Departments* in	
	1894.	1895.	1894.	1895.	1894.	1895.
Societies for retail distribution - -	313	404	4,581	8,873	£1,514,529	£2,374,275
Societies for wholesale distribution -	2	2	5,186	6,694	†1,105,074	†1,570,508
<i>Total: Societies established primarily for distribution.</i>	315	406	9,777	15,557	†2,619,603	†3,944,873
Societies for corn milling - -	8	9	411	404	939,085	957,906
Societies for other forms of production	157	172	6,580	7,635	1,399,772	1,618,148
<i>Total: Societies established primarily for production.</i>	165	181	6,991	8,039	2,339,457	2,576,054
TOTAL: ALL SOCIETIES - -	480	677	16,768	23,596	4,959,060	6,520,927

* So far as stated. See note (*) to Table 14 on page 33.

† In the case of the wholesale and retail distributive societies the goods are not usually sold by the productive departments, but are transferred to the distributive departments of the societies.

**PRODUCTION CARRIED ON BY WORKMEN'S CO-OPERATIVE
SOCIETIES FOR RETAIL DISTRIBUTION.**

TABLE 14.—STATEMENT showing for the years 1894 and 1895, the NUMBER of SOCIETIES established primarily for RETAIL DISTRIBUTION which were returned as also engaged in PRODUCTION,* with the NUMBER of PERSONS employed in PRODUCTION, the TOTAL VALUE of the PRODUCTIONS transferred to the DISTRIBUTIVE DEPARTMENTS of these SOCIETIES, and for 1895 the TOTAL AMOUNT paid in WAGES for PRODUCTION.

[Based on special returns made to the Department by the Societies.]

Trades.	1894.			1895.			
	No. of Societies making returns.	No. of persons employed in Production.	Total Value of Productions.	No. of Societies making returns.	No. of persons employed in Production.	Total Amount paid in Wages.	Total estimated Value of Productions.
ENGLAND AND WALES.*							
			£			£	£
Boot, shoe, and clog making.	125	890	102,250	191	1,542	86,044	192,632
Bread and confectionery making.	123	543	338,476	248	1,148	67,750	651,529
Dressmaking and millinery.	75	426	47,141	130	1,140	23,112	65,800†
Tailoring - -	64	663	101,553	119	1,477	76,246	178,727
Corn milling - -	10	127	324,334	13	142	11,197	374,615
Building trades -	7	197	28,227	23	426	24,864	43,961†
Farming and dairying	13	85	21,649	19	109	5,091	23,733
Textile - - -	—	—	—	1	220	8,619	62,772
Miscellaneous - -	3	63	11,505	17	90	4,438	64,748
TOTAL, ALL TRADES	240‡	3,003	975,144	376‡	6,354	307,361	1,658,537

* Besides the societies included in the table, returns were received from 69 societies in England and Wales in 1894, and 23 in 1895, stating that they were engaged in production but the details given were insufficient for the requirements of the table.

† In these trades the total value of goods produced is a rough estimate, the figures being stated in only about half the returns.

‡ Some societies carry on two or more trades, and are entered under several heads, consequently this column does not add up.

**PRODUCTION CARRIED ON BY WORKMEN'S CO-OPERATIVE
SOCIETIES FOR RETAIL DISTRIBUTION—continued.**

TABLE 14.—STATEMENT showing for the years 1894 and 1895, the NUMBER of SOCIETIES established primarily for RETAIL DISTRIBUTION which were returned as also engaged in PRODUCTION,* with the NUMBER of PERSONS employed in PRODUCTION, the TOTAL VALUE of the PRODUCTIONS transferred to the DISTRIBUTIVE DEPARTMENTS of these SOCIETIES, and for 1895 the TOTAL AMOUNT paid in WAGES for PRODUCTION—continued.

[Based on special returns made to the Department by the Societies.]

Trades.	1894.			1895.			
	No. of Societies making returns.	No. of Persons employed in Production.	Total Value of Productions.	No. of Societies making returns.	No. of Persons employed in Production.	Total Amount paid in Wages.	Total estimated Value of Productions.
SCOTLAND.*							
			£			£	£
Boot, shoe, and clog making.	34	165	16,523	50	284	13,867	26,148
Bread and confectionery making.	66	534	426,859	106	923	57,789	556,074
Dressmaking and millinery.	26	423	23,535	41	642	12,347	34,641
Tailoring - -	24	391	48,331	42	618	29,496	65,349
Corn milling -	2	12	29,270	1	7	678	20,306
Building trades -	2	3	317	5	32	2,905	4,968
Farming and dairying.	—	—	—	1	5	148	1,100
Miscellaneous -	—	—	—	2	8	586	7,154
TOTAL, ALL TRADES	73†	1,578	539,385	118†	2,519	117,818	715,738

* Besides the societies included in the table, returns were received from five societies in Scotland in 1894 and two in 1895, stating that they were engaged in production, but the details given were insufficient for the requirements of the table.

† Some societies carry on two or more trades, and are entered under several heads, consequently this column does not add up.

PRODUCTION CARRIED ON BY WORKMEN'S CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES FOR RETAIL DISTRIBUTION—continued.

TABLE 14.—STATEMENT showing for the years 1894 and 1895, the NUMBER of SOCIETIES established primarily for RETAIL DISTRIBUTION which were returned as also engaged in PRODUCTION,* with the NUMBER of PERSONS employed in PRODUCTION, the TOTAL VALUE of the PRODUCTIONS transferred to the DISTRIBUTIVE DEPARTMENTS of these SOCIETIES, and for 1895 the TOTAL AMOUNT paid in WAGES for PRODUCTION—continued.

[Based on Special Returns made to the Department by the Societies.]

Trades.	1894.			1895.			
	No. of Societies making returns.	No. of Persons employed in Production.	Total Value of Productions.	No. of Societies making returns.	No. of Persons employed in Production.	Total Amount paid in Wages.	Total estimated Value of Productions.
UNITED KINGDOM.*							
			£			£	£
Boot, shoe, and clog making.	159	1,064	118,782	241	1,826	99,911	218,780
Bread and confectionery making.	189	1,127	765,335	354	2,071	125,539	1,207,608
Dressmaking and millinery.	101	849	69,726	171	1,782	35,459	100,441†
Tailoring - -	88	1,054	145,384	161	2,095	105,744	244,076
Corn milling -	12	139	353,604	14	149	11,875	394,921
Building trades -	9	200	22,544	28	458	27,769	48,947†
Farming and dairying.	18	85	21,649	20	114	5,239	24,633:
Textile - -	—	—	—	1	280	8,619	62,772:
Miscellaneous -	3	63	11,505	19	98	5,024	71,902:
TOTAL, ALL TRADES	313‡	4,581	1,514,529	494‡	8,873	425,179	2,374,275

* Besides the societies included in the table, returns were received in 1894 from 69 societies in England and Wales and 5 in Scotland, and in 1895 from 22 societies in England and Wales and 3 in Scotland, stating that they were engaged in production, but the details given were insufficient for the requirements of the table.

† See note (†) to table for England and Wales on p. 51.

‡ Some societies carry on two or more trades, and are entered under several heads, consequently this column does not add up.

WORKMEN'S CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATIONS

TABLE 15.—STATEMENT showing, for each of the Years 1881-95, the the WORKMEN'S CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATIONS for PRODUCTION

[Compiled from the Returns made to the Co-operative

Year.	No. of Societies making Returns.	No. of Shareholders in the Societies making Returns.	Capital.		Amount of Sales.	Profit.	
			Share and Loan.	Reserve.		Amount.	
			£	£	£	£	
1881	15	2,560	64,843	2,666	98,137	4,473	
1882	17	2,259	89,005	3,380	144,121	5,656	
1883	19	2,808	125,401	5,182	193,407	9,512	
1884	26	4,130	249,177	8,665	407,119	13,584	
1885	28	4,600	253,076	9,965	420,309	14,451	
1886	27	5,593	286,488	10,150	465,864	18,466	
1887	41	6,151	412,974	15,279	523,627	16,058	
1888	47	6,714	343,026	15,816	562,496	18,446	
1889	61	8,775	421,280	19,040	769,083	40,876	
1890	68	10,159	473,468	22,510	872,406	32,554	
1891	91	11,590	524,617	31,627	1,094,814	48,196	
1892	111	14,002	612,374	33,270	1,241,380	47,443	
1893	130	16,329	672,642	39,102	1,307,225	46,349	
1894	157*	24,630†	772,111	47,635	1,399,772	65,707	
1895	172	28,098‡	837,384	54,913	1,618,148	93,608	

* The increase is mainly due to a larger number

† Of this number 2,529 were

‡ Of this number 2,705 were

FOR PRODUCTION.—GENERAL SUMMARY.

MEMBERSHIP, CAPITAL, SALES, and PROFIT, with the DIVISION thereof by (exclusive of Corn Mills, for which see p. 47) in the UNITED KINGDOM.

Union and the published Accounts of certain Societies.]

Profit.	Distribution of Profit by certain of the Societies.					Year.
Per-centage on Share and Loan Capital.	No. of Societies making Returns.	Amount allotted to			Total.	
		Share-holders (on Capital).	Customers (on Purchases).	Workers (on Wages).		
		£	£	£	£	
6·9	}					1881
6·4			No returns.			1882
7·6						1883
5·5	13	3,429	1,334	546	5,309	1884
5·7	16	9,506	2,126	1,470	13,102	1885
6·4	23	12,100	2,696	1,599	16,395	1886
8·9			No returns.			1887
5·4	21	6,896	3,468	1,854	12,218	1888
9·7	31	8,601	5,612	3,708	17,921	1889
8·4	36	10,777	11,333	4,747	26,857	1890
9·2	42	11,746	17,608	5,048	34,397	1891
7·7	43	12,187	19,279	5,742	37,208	1892
6·9	49	12,709	18,644	5,832	37,185	1893
8·5	51	13,283	21,553	6,388	41,174	1894
11·2	60	13,795	26,575	9,839	50,209	1895

of returns from Baking Societies than in previous years.
other societies, (see pages 38 and 39).
other societies (see pages 38 and 39).

WORKMEN'S CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATIONS**TABLE 16.**—STATEMENT showing, for each of the Years 1885-95, the DISTRIBUTION in for PRODUCTION (exclusive of Corn Mills, for which*[Compiled from the Returns made*

Trades.	1885.		1886.		1887.		1888.	
	No. of So- cieties.	Sales.	No. of So- cieties.	Sales.	No. of So- cieties.	Sales.	No. of So- cieties.	Sales.
ENGLAND AND WALES.								
Farming and dairying	4	£ 3,867	2	£ 2,210	2	£ 1,768	5	£ 4,480
Building trades	—	—	1	711	1	79	1	79
Quarrying	1	8,080	1	8,192	1	8,792	1	10,084
Metal trades	5	14,050	7	20,030	6	13,198	8	13,944
Textile trades	9	330,124	11	332,655	12	371,495	12	377,619
Printing, publishing, and bookbinding	1	28,224	1	42,684	3	51,164	3	54,721
Woodworking trades	—	—	—	—	1	5,046	2	5,129
Boot and shoe trades	2	12,927	5	16,760	7	22,412	8	32,760
Leather trades	1	92	1	894	1	1,250	—	—
Bread baking and food preparation	2	825	2	2,274	2	2,644	2	4,235
Watchmaking and jewellery	1	2,536	1	2,317	1	2,922	1	2,372
Clothing trades	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Miscellaneous	—	—	2	1,057	1	347	1	7,173
Total	26	401,675	34	431,793	38	458,125	44	521,965
SCOTLAND.								
Farming	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Textile trades	1	22,208	2	26,834	2	28,232	2	32,662
Printing, publishing, and bookbinding	1	6,426	1	7,237	1	7,220	1	8,460
Bread baking	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Quarrying	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Miscellaneous	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	2	28,634	3	34,071	3	35,512	3	40,531
IRELAND.								
Dairies	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
TOTAL UNITED KINGDOM	28	430,309	37	465,864	41	523,637	47	562,496

* The figures for 1894 and 1895 are compiled from balance sheets and

FOR PRODUCTION.—GROUPED BY INDUSTRIES.

GROUPS OF TRADES, and the TOTAL SALES of the WORKMEN'S CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATIONS see p. 47) in the UNITED KINGDOM which made RETURNS.

to the Co-operative Union.*]

1889.		1890.		1891.		1892.		1893.		1894.*		1895.*	
No. of Societies.	Sales.	No. of Societies.	Sales.	No. of Societies.	Sales.	No. of Societies.	Sales.	No. of Societies.	Sales.	No. of Societies.	Sales.	No. of Societies.	Sales.
	£		£		£		£		£		£		£
4	4,780	2	1,976	2	1,963	4	6,133	4	6,991	4	6,891	6	10,010
2	21,332	3	30,849	4	26,960	2	25,493	3	23,635	10	20,015	9	22,538
1	13,766	1	13,766	1	16,104	1	13,868	1	13,893	1	19,504	1	18,269
10	24,060	11	29,686	11	39,430	12	40,870	10	40,740	10	41,515	12	56,075
14	419,700	15	452,153	15	493,433	18	532,465	19	532,749	13	491,553	17	548,738
3	60,095	3	67,830	3	72,555	2	76,091	4	81,132	7	64,943	7	83,508
3	4,781	5	5,514	4	20,478	8	21,123	9	27,653	10	32,409	10	26,536
10	66,779	10	76,240	15	118,303	16	134,622	25	122,000	26	154,485	24	171,109
—	—	—	—	—	—	2	1,139	2	4,114	2	8,706	3	19,737
3	7,948	4	12,631	4	13,193	4	23,990	4	13,624	5	10,322	5	10,108
2	3,086	2	5,007	2	3,772	2	3,023	2	3,093	2	2,850	2	3,479
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	8,079	4	12,850
3	9,893	5	15,419	5	16,304	6	8,774	8	45,015	5	48,921	6	55,714
35	636,060	61	711,071	66	827,494	78	887,591	91	915,839	101	909,196	106	1,039,871
1	1,278	1	3,690	1	4,424	1	7,649	1	10,516	1	3,978	1	11,786
2	36,606	3	49,772	3	61,064	3	74,164	3	71,901	2	75,869	3	90,218
1	9,270	1	10,061	1	9,487	1	7,954	1	9,963	1	9,016	3	12,175
2	85,855	2	97,802	3	142,122	3	181,945	5	162,127	16	236,711	19	270,674
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	709	1	1,708	1	2,101
—	—	—	—	—	—	2	3,108	1	428	—	—	1	272
6	123,003	7	161,335	8	217,107	10	254,820	12	254,552	23	332,276	28	357,226
—	—	—	—	17	50,212	23	98,960	27	136,244	33	158,300	38	191,351
61	709,063	68	872,406	91	1,094,814	111	1,241,380	130	1,307,235	157	1,399,772	172	1,618,145

returns sent direct to the Department by the societies concerned

WORKMEN'S CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATIONS FOR PRODUCTION.—TABLE 17.—STATEMENT showing, for the Years 1894 and 1895, the MEMBERSHIP, PRODUCTION (excluding CORN MILLS, for
[Compiled from Balance Sheets and Special**ENGLAND AND WALES.**

Trades.	No. of Societies making Returns.	No. of Shareholders in Societies making Returns.		Capital.		Amount of Sales.	Profit.	
		Individuals.	Other Societies.	Share and Loan.	Reserve.		Amount.	Percentage on Share and Loan Capital.
1894.								
Farming and dairying	4	427	56	£ 4,830	£ 389	£ 6,841	£ 278	5·8
Building trades -	10	695	8	8,747	3	20,015	8,581*	40·5*
Quarrying - -	1	139	4	9,007	633	19,504	1,611	17·9
Metal trades - -	10	695	145	18,640	2,667	41,515	2,303	12·4
Textile trades -	13	3,002	798	294,966	18,384	491,553	11,873	4·0
Printing, publishing, and bookbinding.	7	775	523	43,503	8,579	64,043	3,012	6·9
Woodworking trades	10	500	47	29,193	631	32,409	631	2·2
Boot and shoe trades	26	2,333	305	34,663	1,898	154,435	5,531	16·0
Leather trades -	2	127	—	1,425	112	8,706	272	19·1
Breadbaking and food preparation.	5	447	44	5,375	423	10,323	716	13·3
Watchmaking and jewellery.	2	129	16	2,334	603	2,850	86*	1·1*
Clothing trades -	6	715	16	2,405	73	8,079	332	13·8
Miscellaneous -	5	1,076	99	31,582	205	48,921	1,913	6·1
Total, 1894 -	101	11,655	2,064	498,670	34,575	909,196	24,925	5·1
1895.								
Farming and dairying	6	582	56	£ 6,300	£ 418	£ 10,010	£ 177	2·8
Building trades -	9	1,355	14	7,041	292	22,338	963	13·5
Quarrying - -	1	139	4	8,000	645	18,369	1,616	20·2
Metal trades - -	12	816	162	22,920	2,386	56,075	3,652	15·9
Textile trades -	17	3,573	868	306,612	22,615	548,738	22,032	7·2
Printing, publishing, and bookbinding.	7	842	545	55,178	5,886	83,508	5,542	10·0
Woodworking trades	10	425	47	27,830	550	26,536	222	1·0
Boot and shoe trades	24	3,006	267	40,511	2,591	171,109	6,938	14·0
Leather trades -	3	256	3	3,626	31	19,737	263	7·3
Breadbaking and food preparation.	5	440	39	5,249	466	10,108	925	17·6
Watchmaking and jewellery.	2	124	16	2,040	535	3,479	312	10·3
Clothing trades -	4	566	40	4,417	139	13,350	824	18·7
Miscellaneous -	6	1,174	103	38,911	679	55,714	1,970	5·1
Total, 1895 -	106	13,807	2,173	537,644	37,743	1,039,571	45,366	8·4

* Loss.

DETAILED PARTICULARS, GROUPED BY INDUSTRIES.

CAPITAL, SALES, and PROFIT of the WORKMEN'S CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATIONS for which see p. 47) in the UNITED KINGDOM.

Returns sent to the Department by the Societies concerned.]

SCOTLAND.

Trades.	No. of Societies making Returns.	No. of Shareholders in Societies making Returns.		Capital.		Amount of Sales.	Profit.	
		Individuals.	Other Societies.	Share and Loan.	Reserve.		Amount.	Percentage on Share and Loan Capital.
1894.								
Farming - -	1	236	45	£ 12,568	£ 241	£ 8,978	£ 81	0·6
Textiles - -	2	1,469	312	78,601	1,838	75,869	5,340	6·8
Printing and bookbinding	1	112	27	17,331	1,000	9,016	816	4·7
Baking - -	18	6,751	73	151,358	8,129	236,711	32,657	21·6
Quarrying - -	1	41	8	200	63	1,702	231	115·5
Total, 1894 - -	23	8,639	465	260,058	11,271	332,276	39,125	15·0
1895.								
Farming - -	1	231	43	£ 13,803	£ —	£ 11,786	£ 1,115*	8·1*
Textiles - -	3	1,762	321	81,573	2,312	90,218	6,508	8·0
Printing, publishing, and bookbinding.	3	321	60	18,653	1,222	12,175	987	5·3
Baking - -	19	7,507	91	158,689	10,036	270,674	38,581	24·3
Quarrying - -	1	42	8	355	86	2,101	189	53·2
Metal trades - -	1	9	—	194	—	272	44*	22·7*
Total, 1895 - -	28	9,872	523	273,267	13,656	387,226	45,106	16·5

IRELAND.

Dairies, 1894 - -	33	1,807	—	£ 25,383	£ 1,789	£ 158,300	£ 1,637	6·
" 1895 - -	38	2,214	9	26,473	3,514	191,351	3,111	11·8

UNITED KINGDOM.

Total—1895 - -	172	25,393	2,705	£ 837,384	£ 54,913	£ 1,618,148	£ 93,603	11·2
" 1894 - -	157	22,101	2,529	772,111	47,635	1,399,772	65,707	8·5
Increase, 1895 - -	15	3,292	176	65,273	7,278	218,376	27,896	2·7

* Loss.

WORKMEN'S CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATIONS FOR PRODUCTION.—

TABLE 18.—STATEMENT showing, for the Years 1894 and 1895, the respectively, by the WORKMEN'S CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATIONS

[Compiled from Returns.]

Trades.	No. of Societies making Returns.	Amount of Net Profit allotted to			Total.
		Share-holders (on Capital).	Customers (on Purchases).	Workers (on Wages).	
1894.					
ENGLAND AND WALES.					
Building trades - - -	3	£ 39	£ 10	£ 10	£ 59
Quarrying - - - -	1	1,600	—	—	1,600
Metal trades - - -	5	778	457	391	1,626
Textile trades - - -	7	3,480	2,412	916	6,808
Printing and Bookbinding -	2	1,576	1,060	718	3,354
Woodworking trades - -	4	295	4	55	295
Boot and Shoe trades - -	11	720	1,055	1,116	2,891
Leather trade - - -	1	56	—	100	156
Clothing - - - -	1	77	126	111	314
Miscellaneous - - -	4	673	206	227	1,106
Total - - - -	39	9,204	5,330	3,639	18,173
Percentage of Total for England and Wales.	—	50·7	29·3	20·0	100·0
SCOTLAND.					
Farming and dairying - -	1	61	—	—	61
Quarrying - - - -	1	22	—	151	173
Textile trades - - -	3	2,072	1,219	302	3,593
Printing - - - -	1	613	—	153	766
Bakeries - - - -	5	1,224	15,004	2,065	18,293
Total - - - -	11	3,992	16,223	2,671	22,886
Percentage of Total for Scotland.	—	17·4	70·9	11·7	100·0
IRELAND.					
Dairies* - - - -	1*	87	—	28	115
Percentage of Total for Ireland.	—	75·7	—	24·3	100·0
Total, United Kingdom	51	13,283	21,553	6,338	41,174
Percentage of Total for United Kingdom.	—	32·2	52·3	15·4	100·0

* This society distributed in addition, 250*l.* to the persons supplying it with milk and other produce.

MODE OF DISTRIBUTION OF NET PROFIT.

AMOUNT of NET PROFIT allotted to SHAREHOLDERS, CUSTOMERS, and WORKERS for PRODUCTION (excluding Corn Mills) in the UNITED KINGDOM.

published by the Co-operative Union.

Trades.	No. of Societies making Returns.	Amount of Net Profit allotted to			Total.
		Shareholders (on Capital).	Customers (on Purchases).	Workers (on Wages).	
		1895.			
ENGLAND AND WALES.					
Farming - - - -	2	£ 79	£ —	£ —	£ 79
Building trades - -	4	120	104	256	480
Quarrying - - - -	1	1,000	—	—	1,000
Metal trades - - -	8	1,055	632	939	2,626
Textile trades - - -	9	4,667	2,811	2,087	9,515
Printing and Bookbinding -	2	1,316	906	623	2,844
Woodworking trades - -	4	91	8	11	110
Boot and Shoe trades - -	18	619	1,366	1,642	3,617
Leather trade - - -	1	33	—	43	76
Watchmaking - - -	1	84	28	28	140
Clothing trades - - -	1	54	292	238	584
Miscellaneous - - -	2	340	315	187	842
Total - - - -	48	10,068	6,462	6,023	22,533
Percentage of Total for England and Wales.	—	44·7	28·6	26·7	100·0
SCOTLAND.					
Quarrying - - - -	1	18	—	125	143
Textile trades - - -	2	1,979	2,850	701	5,530
Printing - - - -	1	613	—	153	766
Bakeries - - - -	4	972	17,273	2,798	21,043
Total - - - -	8	3,582	20,123	3,777	27,482
Percentage of Total for Scotland.	—	13·0	73·2	13·8	100·0
IRELAND.					
Dairies* - - - -	4*	155	—	39	194
Percentage of Total for Ireland.	—	79·9	—	20·1	100·0
Total, United Kingdom	60	13,795	26,575	9,839	50,209
Percentage of Total for United Kingdom.	—	27·5	52·9	19·6	100·0

* Two of these societies distributed in addition, a total of 321*l.* to the persons supplying them with milk and other produce.

CO-OPERATIVE WHOLESALE SOCIETIES.— DISTRIBUTIVE DEPARTMENTS.

TABLE 19.—STATEMENT showing, for each of the Years 1881-95, the MEMBERSHIP, CAPITAL, NET SALES and PROFIT, and other PARTICULARS relating to the CO-OPERATIVE WHOLESALE SOCIETIES in the UNITED KINGDOM.

[Compiled from the published Accounts of the Societies.]

Year.	Number of Members in Shareholding Societies.	Capital.			Net Sales.	Rate of Dis-tributive Expenses per £ of Sales.	Net Profit.*	Average Divi- dend paid per £ on Sales.	Amount trans-ferred to Reserve and In- surance Funds.
		Share and Loan.	Reserve and Insurance Funds.	Total.					
ENGLISH SOCIETY.									
1881	367,973	£ 496,506	£ 37,170	£ 532,676	£ 3,574,095	d. 3'4	£ 46,850	d. 2½	£ 7,572
1882	404,006	540,359	43,431	583,790	4,038,238	3'4	49,658	2½	3,416
1883	433,151	594,802	48,610	643,412	4,546,889	3'4	47,885	2½	3,176
†1884	469,734	646,393	59,438	705,831	4,675,571	3'5	54,491	2½	6,451
1885	507,772	693,280	82,282	775,562	4,793,151	3'6	77,630	3½	17,713
1886	558,104	768,342	106,173	874,515	5,223,179	3'7	83,328	3½	23,546
1887	604,800	812,951	125,998	938,949	5,713,235	3'9	65,141	2½	12,186
1888	634,196	860,461	149,518	1,009,979	6,200,074	4'0	82,460	2½	15,296
†1889	679,336	946,807	187,096	1,136,903	7,028,944	4'0	101,984	3½	18,907
1890	721,316	1,131,125	215,475	1,346,600	7,420,073	4'0	126,979	3½	20,962
1891	751,269	1,103,675	261,689	1,365,364	8,766,430	3'9	135,003	3½	15,847
1892	824,149	1,089,175	292,662	1,381,837	9,300,904	4'2	98,532	2½	7,511
1893	873,698	1,090,490	291,670	1,382,160	9,526,167	4'5	84,156	2½	19,556
1894	910,104	1,178,872	320,020	1,498,892	9,443,938	4'6	126,192	2½	26,062
†1895	930,985	1,155,998	365,967	1,521,965	10,141,917	4'6	192,766	3½	37,423
SCOTTISH SOCIETY.									
†1881	40,073	£ 128,914	£ 8,799	£ 135,713	£ 966,647	d. 3'8	£ 23,981	d. 6	£ 392
1882	53,684	157,142	12,287	169,429	1,100,589	4'2	23,220	5½	3,490
1883	59,529	179,437	14,559	193,996	1,253,154	4'2	28,366	5½	2,271
1884	65,331	224,275	17,473	241,748	1,300,332	4'5	29,435	5½	2,904
1885	70,066	259,767	21,255	281,022	1,438,220	4'5	30,641	6½	3,783
‡1886	79,874	294,008	25,567	319,570	1,857,152	4'7	50,399	6½	4,213
†1887	87,820	320,928	32,652	353,580	1,810,016	4'7	47,278	6½	7,085
1888	96,521	349,453	36,875	386,328	1,963,854	4'8	53,539	6½	4,223
1889	107,004	401,367	44,177	445,544	2,273,782	4'6	61,757	6½	7,308
1890	117,664	475,315	52,883	528,198	2,475,601	4'8	76,546	7	8,705
1891	131,086	531,000	64,940	595,940	2,828,037	4'8	89,091	6½	8,964
1892	139,022	603,829	73,649	677,478	3,104,768	5'0	96,027	6½	12,301
1893	149,164	647,103	85,349	732,452	3,135,562	5'5	89,116	6½	11,301
1894	159,820	626,104	65,728	691,832	3,066,583	5'9	88,452	6	19,681
1895	171,985	760,433	78,031	839,464	3,449,462	5'5	132,374	7	13,203
IRISH CO-OPERATIVE AGENCY SOCIETY.									
1893	Cannot be stated.	£ 680	£ —	£ 680	£ 45,575	d. 7'0	£ 156	d. —	£ —
1894		1,530	—	1,530	64,858	5'9	53	—	—
1895		1,934	—	1,934	77,606	6'5	77	—	—

NOTE.—The English Society is a federation which at the end of 1895 included 1,035 Co-operative Associations, comprising 930,985 members. The Scottish Society included 281 Co-operative Associations comprising 171,985 members, and the Irish Co-operative Agency, which was formed in 1893, 30 agricultural and dairying societies.

* After allowing for interest on capital and depreciation of property, except in the Irish figures, where no allowance has been made for interest on shares.

† 53 weeks.

‡ Taken from reserve and insurance funds.

§ 60 weeks.

|| Loss.

**ENGLISH CO-OPERATIVE WHOLESALE SOCIETY.—
MANUFACTURING DEPARTMENTS.**

(a.) GENERAL SUMMARY.

TABLE 20.—STATEMENT showing, for each YEAR from commencement of MANUFACTURING to 1895, the NUMBER of WORKPEOPLE, AMOUNT of CAPITAL, VALUE of PRODUCTIONS, and AMOUNT of EXPENSES of the MANUFACTURING DEPARTMENTS of the ENGLISH CO-OPERATIVE WHOLESALE SOCIETY.

[Compiled partly from the published Accounts of the Society and partly from information specially supplied by the Society.]

Year.	Number of Work-people employed in Production.	Average Amount of Capital employed.	Value of Productions at Cost.	Expenses (excluding raw materials).		
				Amount of Productive Wages.	Other Expenses.*	Total Expenses, including Productive Wages.
		£	£	£	£	£
1874	220	18,100	54,784	11,279	2,444	13,723
1875	320	25,000	76,403	18,547	3,146	21,693
1876	400	35,000	85,894	22,747	3,967	26,714
1877	450	44,800	97,642	25,111	4,769	29,880
1878	470	45,200	101,397	27,600	5,142	32,742
1879	659	45,100	103,587	29,593	4,957	34,550
1880	680	46,454	118,340	32,465	5,568	38,033
1881	689	47,370	133,106	37,747	5,847	43,594
1882	713	48,413	149,053	42,601	6,196	48,797
1883	933	47,769	144,244	38,680	8,257	46,937
1884	965	55,527	160,757	44,112	9,923	54,035
1885	979	65,613	171,441	46,689	11,584	58,273
1886	996	69,864	184,789	50,967	14,087	65,054
1887	1,110	78,093	196,448	54,151	16,386	70,537
1888	1,405	106,256	231,570	65,367	19,424	84,791
1889	1,758	114,732	282,709	79,606	21,452	101,058
1890	1,969	127,866	350,630	97,793	23,240	121,033
1891	2,823	271,033	583,480	116,617	38,122	154,739
1892	3,278	359,808	816,348	141,329	55,391	196,720
1893	3,054	397,141	729,144	124,007	60,854	184,861
1894	3,265	392,210	783,778	138,360	64,478	202,838
1895	3,933	571,613	914,048	164,582	75,783	240,365

* Including interest on capital, depreciation of property, and expenses of management, &c.

**ENGLISH CO-OPERATIVE WHOLESALE SOCIETY.—
MANUFACTURING DEPARTMENTS.**

(b.) DETAILED STATEMENT CLASSIFIED BY INDUSTRIES.

TABLE 21.—STATEMENT showing, for each of the YEARS 1894 and 1895, the NUMBER of WORKPEOPLE employed, AMOUNT of CAPITAL, VALUE of PRODUCTIONS, and AMOUNT of EXPENSES of the MANUFACTURING DEPARTMENTS of the ENGLISH CO-OPERATIVE WHOLESALE SOCIETY.

[Compiled from information specially supplied by the Society.]

Manufactures.	Number Employed in Production.*	Average Amount of Capital employed.	Value of Productions at Cost.	Expenses (excluding Raw Materials).		
				Amount of Productive Wages.	Other Expenses.†	Total Expenses, including Productive Wages.
1894.						
Biscuits and sweets, &c.	274	£ 46,551	£ 90,751	£ 10,002	£ 2,978	£ 19,980
Boots and shoes -	2,119	146,019	256,730	89,792	20,525	110,317
Boots and shoes (heavy), and currying.	359	34,006	44,415	13,431	4,792	18,223
Corn milling—flour	138	143,405	311,766	8,593	22,934	31,527
Clothing, ready made.	255	3,527	22,308‡	11,469	1,742	13,211
Woollen and worsted cloth.	103	11,373	19,141	4,019	3,004	7,023
Soap - -	17	7,329	38,067	1,054	1,503	2,557
Total - -	3,265	392,210	783,776	133,260	64,473	203,233
1895.						
Biscuits and sweets, &c.	315	£ 53,303	£ 89,456	£ 11,106	£ 10,190	£ 21,296
Boots and shoes -	2,210	172,820	280,390	93,820	22,579	116,399
Boots and shoes (heavy), and currying.	337	37,309	48,603	15,903	5,079	20,982
Corn milling—flour	161	178,023	382,661	11,896	23,732	35,627
Clothing, ready made.	608	14,598	36,208§	19,728§	3,127§	22,855§
Woollen and worsted cloth.	100	11,990	23,295	4,286	3,370	7,656
Soap - -	77	70,704	61,598§	3,647§	4,919§	7,566§
Cabinet making -	70	14,913	4,801	2,681	1,006	3,687
Printing - -	55	17,454	7,036	2,616	1,781	4,397
Total - -	3,933	571,613	914,048	164,582	75,783	240,365

* In addition to the employees shown there were 534 in 1894 and 518 in 1895 employed in the production of miscellaneous goods not included in the published tables.

† Including interest on capital, depreciation of property, and expenses of management, &c.

‡ This amount does not include the value of the cloth used, the cloth being supplied by the distributive department to whose order it is made into garments.

§ At one place the results are for six months' working only.

|| For six months' working only.

**SCOTTISH CO-OPERATIVE WHOLESALE SOCIETY.—
MANUFACTURING DEPARTMENTS.**

(a.) GENERAL SUMMARY.

TABLE 22.—STATEMENT showing, for each YEAR from the commencement of Manufacturing to 1895, the NUMBER of WORKPEOPLE, AMOUNT of CAPITAL, VALUE of PRODUCTIONS, and AMOUNT of EXPENSES of the MANUFACTURING DEPARTMENTS of the SCOTTISH CO-OPERATIVE WHOLESALE SOCIETY, together with the AMOUNT distributed to WORKERS as BONUS.*

[Compiled partly from the published Accounts of the Society and partly from information specially supplied by the Society.]

Year.	Number of Workpeople employed in Production.	Average Amount of Capital employed.	Value of Productions at Cost.	Expenses (excluding Raw Materials).			Amount distributed to Workers as Bonus on Wages.*	
				Amount of Productive Wages.	Other Expenses. †	Total Expenses, including Productive Wages.	Amount.	Amount in Pence per £ of Wages.
		£	£	£	£	£	£	d.
1883	73	1,461	4,094½	2,357	177	2,534	£	£
1884	104	2,430	4,927½	2,371	300	2,770	£	£
1885	377	7,924	21,705½	7,883	1,067	8,950	£	£
1886	427	14,063	45,646	15,401	1,761	17,162	£	£
1887	473	13,729	46,441	16,964	1,783	18,647	315	4½
1888	603	23,341	57,833	21,597	2,647	24,244	629	7
1889	783	35,078	78,047	28,130	4,229	32,359	1,017	8½
1890	1,024	47,124	112,440	38,520	5,676	44,196	1,753	11
1891	1,350	75,169	183,156	46,060	9,326	55,406	1,963	9
1892	1,700	101,017	260,270	61,293	12,643	74,936	2,331	9
1893	1,684	127,304	293,069	68,260	18,137	86,397	1,778	6½
1894	1,931	248,994	346,838	74,664	23,229	97,893	1,843	6
1895	2,751	294,906	684,264	113,210	40,802	154,012	2,275	7

* In the case of the *English Co-operative Wholesale Society* no bonus on wages is paid to workers.

† Including interest on capital, depreciation of property, and expenses of management, &c.

‡ "Making up" only for the distributive departments.

§ Previous to 1887 the amount of bonus to workers in the manufacturing departments was not shown separately from that paid to distributive employees.

**SCOTTISH CO-OPERATIVE WHOLESALE SOCIETY.—
MANUFACTURING DEPARTMENTS.**

(b.) DETAILED STATEMENT, CLASSIFIED BY INDUSTRIES.

TABLE 23.—STATEMENT showing, for each of the Years 1894 and 1895, the NUMBER of WORKPEOPLE EMPLOYED, AMOUNT of CAPITAL, VALUE of PRODUCTIONS and AMOUNT of EXPENSES of the MANUFACTURING DEPARTMENTS of the SCOTTISH CO-OPERATIVE WHOLESALE SOCIETY.

[Compiled from information specially supplied by the Society.]

Trades.	Number employed in production.*	Average Amount of Capital employed.	Value of Productions at Cost.	Expenses (excluding Raw Materials).		
				Amount of Productive Wages.	Other Expenses.†	Total Expenses, including Productive Wages.
1894.						
		£	£	£	£	£
Clothing Trades - -	470	14,018	29,350	14,710	2,806	17,516
Cabinet and Brush making	201	20,875	22,846	9,903	2,902	12,805
Boot and Shoe making -	821	44,375	100,414	35,363	5,638	41,001
Printing and Binding -	124	8,295	13,383	4,540	1,420	5,960
Preserves and Confectionery.	162	34,904	67,322	5,323	5,760	11,083
Tobacco Manufacture -	83	19,133	73,565	3,439	1,855	5,294
Corn Milling‡ - -	70	107,394	39,958	1,326	2,848	4,174
Total - -	1,931	248,994	346,838	74,604	23,229	97,833
1895.						
		£	£	£	£	£
Clothing Trades - -	644	14,591	41,305	17,921	2,981	20,902
Cabinet and Brush making	230	21,822	26,988	10,429	2,782	13,211
Boot and Shoe making -	989	51,468	122,445	40,809	6,020	46,829
Printing and Binding -	144	8,861	18,059	5,458	1,592	7,050
Preserves and Confectionery.	175	33,919	68,926	5,535	5,635	11,170
Tobacco Manufacture -	108	19,976	96,622	4,172	1,999	6,171
Corn Milling - -	75	124,966	232,579	5,419	15,791	21,210
Other Trades - -	416	19,303	77,490	23,467	4,002	27,469
Total - -	2,751	294,906	684,284	113,210	40,802	154,012

* In addition to the employees shown, there were 418 in 1894 employed in production in other trades.

† Including interest on capital, depreciation of property, and expenses of management, &c.

‡ 2½ months only.

CO-OPERATIVE CORN MILLING.

TABLE 24.—STATEMENT showing, for each of the Years 1881 to 1895, the MEMBERSHIP, CAPITAL, SALES, and PROFIT of the WORKMEN'S CO-OPERATIVE CORN MILLS in the UNITED KINGDOM (excluding the MILLS of the two CO-OPERATIVE WHOLESALE SOCIETIES).

[Based partly upon Returns made to the Co-operative Union and (since 1893) upon Balance Sheets and Returns sent direct to the Department by the Societies concerned.]

Year.	No. of Societies making Returns.	Number of Shareholders in Societies making Returns.	Capital.		Amount of Sales.	Profit.	Percentage of Profit on Share and Loan Capital.
			Share and Loan.	Reserve.			
			£	£	£	£	
1881	9	9,342	387,212	12,006	1,350,759	47,392	12·2
1882	7	13,165	383,867	9,697	1,273,729	41,542	10·3
1883	10	14,206	427,875	10,692	1,317,516	46,388	10·8
1884	8	8,601	436,286	11,347	1,167,279	56,699	13·0
1885	8	13,499	433,851	6,756	1,040,395	30,116	6·9
1886	10	14,248	445,913	7,208	1,062,192	43,117	9·7
1887	9	15,926	435,618	2,870	1,050,508	43,259	9·9
1888	10	16,047	425,246	6,165	1,144,413	63,258	14·9
1889	10	16,618	417,392	9,429	1,170,961	56,579	13·6
1890	10	16,442	437,275	13,665	1,284,378	68,426	15·6
1891	9	12,932	441,552	16,548	1,420,205	89,854	20·3
1892	10	12,127*	476,248	13,725	1,413,026	75,505	15·9
1893	10	11,879*	487,027	14,140	1,145,798	50,419	10·4
1894	8	7,071*	442,976	11,107	989,685	43,596	9·8
1895	9	7,032*	449,103	17,627	957,906	38,378	7·4

* In 1892, 423, in 1893, 422, in 1894, 405, and in 1895, 410 of these were other Societies; the figures for the previous years are not available.

CO-OPERATIVE FARMING.

TABLE 25.—STATEMENT showing for the Year 1895 the EXTENT and FINANCIAL RESULTS of CO-OPERATIVE FARMING in the UNITED KINGDOM, together with the Totals for 1894.

NOTE.—Societies farming 10 acres or less are not included.

[Based partly upon Returns made to the Co-operative Union and partly upon the published accounts of Societies.]

1895.					Total in 1894.
Societies making Profits.	Societies making Losses.	Societies making no Return as to Profit and Loss.	Total.		
Class I.—Associations for Distribution.*					
ENGLAND AND WALES.					
Number of Societies making Returns	15	11	7	33	24
Acreage	1,383	965	273	2,610	2,225
Capital	20,339	39,838	2,330	62,497	61,774
Rent (25 societies†)	2,045	851	390	3,286	3,240
Profit	1,364	—	No returns.	‡	‡
Loss	—	2,592		—	—
SCOTLAND.					
Number of Societies making Returns	—	3	—	3	2
Acreage	—	780	—	780	780
Capital	—	13,300	—	13,300	18,535
Rent	—	1,690	—	1,690	1,590
Profit	—	—	—	—	—
Loss	—	1,004	—	1,004	807
Class II.—Special Farming Associations.					
ENGLAND AND WALES.					
Number of Societies making Returns	3	—	—	3	2
Acreage	442½	—	—	442½	251
Capital	3,336	—	—	3,336	2,775
Rent	313	—	—	313	179
Profit	140	—	—	140	120
Loss	—	—	—	—	—
SCOTLAND.					
Number of Societies making Returns	—	1	—	1	1
Acreage	—	748½	—	748½	748½
Capital	—	12,551	—	12,551	11,522
Rent	—	1,792	—	1,792	1,702
Profit	—	—	—	—	395
Loss	—	1,115	—	1,115	—
Summary of Classes I. and II.					
UNITED KINGDOM.‡					
Number of Societies making Returns	18	14	7	39	39
Acreage	1,825½	2,483½	273	4,581	4,204½
Capital	23,665	65,579	2,330	91,574	90,706
Rent (31 societies†)	2,358	4,333	390	7,081	6,814
Profit	1,404	—	No returns.	‡	‡
Loss	—	4,621		—	—

* Usually termed "Distributive Societies."

† Eight societies owned their land.

‡ The total profit or loss cannot be stated, as a certain number of societies in both 1894 and 1895 omitted to furnish particulars under this head.

§ There are no Co-operative Societies engaged in Farming in Ireland.

CO-OPERATIVE CONGRESSES.

TABLE 26.—STATEMENT showing for 1869–96 (i.e., from beginning of present SERIES of ANNUAL CONGRESSES) the NUMBER of DELEGATES, and the NUMBER of SOCIETIES represented, at each of the ANNUAL CO-OPERATIVE CONGRESSES.

[Compiled from the Reports of the Co-operative Union.]

Year.	Where held.	Number of	
		Delegates.	Societies and Associations represented.
1869	London - - -	63*	58*
1870	Manchester - - -	77*	35*
1871	Birmingham - - -	113*	†
1872	Bolton - - -	98	51
1873	Newcastle - - -	132	98
1874	Halifax - - -	189	97
1875	London - - -	114	81
1876	Glasgow - - -	115	93
1877	Leicester - - -	163	109
1878	Manchester - - -	266	164
1879	Gloucester - - -	122	85
1880	Newcastle - - -	175	113
1881	Leeds - - -	272	154
1882	Oxford - - -	217	141
1883	Edinburgh - - -	383	246
1884	Derby - - -	425	235
1885	Oldham - - -	551	255
1886	Plymouth - - -	434	232
1887	Carlisle - - -	428	217
1888	Dewsbury - - -	540	246
1889	Ipswich - - -	393	206
1890	Glasgow - - -	607	311
1891	Lincoln - - -	531	256
1892	Rochdale - - -	758	346
1893	Bristol - - -	588	286
1894	Sunderland - - -	660	309
1895	Huddersfield - - -	786	346
1896	Woolwich - - -	865	413

* These figures are approximate only, the distinction between delegates and visitors not having been carefully recorded.

† No exact information obtainable.

WORKMEN'S CLUBS.

NUMBER OF REGISTERED WORKMEN'S CLUBS.

TABLE 27.—STATEMENT showing, for each of the Years 1876-95, the NUMBER of WORKMEN'S CLUBS in the UNITED KINGDOM which have been REGISTERED under the FRIENDLY SOCIETIES ACT, 1875, and the NUMBER remaining on the REGISTER at the end of each Year.

[Compiled from the Reports of the Chief Registrar of Friendly Societies.]

Years.	Number of Clubs registered during the Year.	Number of Clubs remaining on the Register at end of Year.	Years.	Number of Clubs registered during the Year.	Number of Clubs remaining on the Register at end of Year.
1876	13	13	1886	53	291
1877	31	43	1887	53	336
1878	26	68	1888	56	391
1879	29	97	1889	57	430
1880	22	118	1890	52	474
1881	28	144	1891	35	495
1882	19	154	1892	43*	512
1883	31	181	1893	51*	475
1884	41	206	1894	55*	512
1885	52	252	1895	63*	512

* In addition to the above, 14 clubs in 1892, 10 in 1893, 9 in 1894, and 12 in 1895 were registered under the Industrial and Provident Societies Acts, 1876 and 1893. None had previously been registered under these Acts. Two clubs were dissolved in 1894, leaving 43 on the register at the end of 1895.

NUMBER AND MEMBERSHIP OF CERTAIN WORKMEN'S CLUBS.

TABLE 28.—STATEMENT showing, for the YEARS 1893, 1894, and 1895, the NUMBER AND MEMBERSHIP of WORKMEN'S CLUBS affiliated to the WORKING MEN'S CLUB AND INSTITUTE UNION, so far as Returns have been made to the Union.

[Compiled from Returns collected by the Union.]

District.	Number of Clubs affiliated to Central Union making Returns.			Membership of Clubs making Returns at end of		
	1893.	1894.	1895.	1893.	1894.	1895.
ENGLAND AND WALES.						
Metropolis	144	157	152	34,956	37,909	39,179
Home Counties	48	52	51	9,515	11,295	11,141
Southern Counties	12	28	37	3,342	9,611	11,388
South-Western Counties	12	13	15	1,454†	1,493	1,338
Eastern Counties	7	10	13	3,634	3,996	4,093
East Midland Counties	26	34	40	6,186	8,550	10,759
West Midland Counties	8	8	17	784	1,755	4,646
Lancashire and Cheshire	66	84	81	13,416	19,514	15,517
Yorkshire	34	45	51	5,317	7,333	14,957
Northern Counties	2	—	—	181	—	—
Wales and Monmouth	5	6	6	1,470	1,817	1,877
SCOTLAND	—	—	2	—	—	156
IRELAND	2	2	2	383	391	456
Total United Kingdom	366	430	467	80,597	103,504	115,307

† Membership of 11 clubs only.

FRIENDLY SOCIETIES IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

TABLE 29.—STATEMENT showing for the Year 1892 (the latest year for which full particulars are available) the NUMBER of FRIENDLY SOCIETIES in existence in the UNITED KINGDOM; and the NUMBER of MEMBERS and AMOUNT of FUNDS of the SOCIETIES making RETURNS.

[Compiled from the Annual Report for 1892 of the Chief Registrar of Friendly Societies.]

	Number of Societies and Branches—		Membership and Funds of Societies and Branches making Returns.	
	In existence.	Making Returns.	Number of Members.	Amount of Funds.
I.—Non - Collecting Friendly Societies and Branches:—				
England and Wales -	26,826	22,313	3,861,519	£ 21,410,563
Scotland - -	1,350	1,325	283,512	1,218,090
Ireland - -	408	360	58,570	66,886
United Kingdom -	28,584	23,998	4,203,601	22,695,089
II.—Collecting Societies:—				
England and Wales -	39	35	3,318,942	2,289,858
Scotland - -	8	8	556,273	423,356
Ireland - -	—	—	—	—
United Kingdom -	47	43	3,875,215	2,713,214
III.—Other Societies under the Friendly Societies Acts:—				
England and Wales -	1,022	494	235,510	451,555
Scotland - -	10	10	*	61,220
Ireland - -	79†	53†	5,986	82,033
United Kingdom -	1,111	557	241,446	594,808
GRAND TOTAL -	29,743‡	24,598	8,320,262	26,003,061

* Not stated.

† Principally Societies for Loans.

‡ The Chief Registrar of Friendly Societies in his Report for 1893 gives the number of Friendly Societies in existence on 1st January 1893 (as nearly as can be ascertained) as 24,833, made up of 23,616 non-collecting societies and branches, 40 collecting, and 1,197 others.

PARTICULARS OF TEN OF THE LARGEST AFFILIATED

(UNITED

[Compiled from information

TABLE 30A.—STATEMENT showing the ADULT MALE MEMBERSHIP in
ORDERS and of certain CENTRALISED SOCIETIES

Societies.	1884.	1885.	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.
Independent Order of Odd-fellows, Manchester Unity.	531,576	542,313	550,729	558,394	568,312	579,297
Ancient Order of Foresters -	573,454	592,104	594,921	604,908	618,192	625,077
Hearts of Oak Benefit Society -	108,268	108,688	111,424	115,284	122,942	130,901
Grand United Order of Odd-fellows.	132,793	133,971	134,409	150,806	151,654	153,347
Independent Order of Rechabites, Salford Unity.	51,473	50,863	67,722	71,023	78,067	88,067
Rational Sick and Burial Association.	51,914	54,927	57,740	61,453	65,001	68,292
National Independent Order of Oddfellows.	49,659	50,961	52,201	52,739	53,922	53,984
Loyal Order of Ancient Shepherds, Ashton Unity.	64,525	66,041	66,379	67,783	83,035	88,883
National United Order of Free Gardeners.	44,768	45,795	44,709	44,629	45,069	49,447
United Ancient Order of Druids.	25,848	26,763	27,550	28,648	30,045	31,165

TABLE 30B.—STATEMENT showing, for each of the Years 1884-95, the
several branches of the following AFFILIATED ORDERS and

Societies.	1884.	1885.	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.
Independent Order of Odd-fellows, Manchester Unity.	£ 761,322*	£ 963,205	£ 969,754	£ 994,390	£ 1,020,662	£ 1,047,986
Ancient Order of Foresters -	847,170	864,417	892,613	922,405	938,163	942,235
Hearts of Oak Benefit Society -	240,297	246,116	253,085	260,774	277,218	290,174
Grand United Order of Odd-fellows.	97,948†	99,754†	108,624†	151,907†	78,810	85,442
Independent Order of Rechabites, Salford Unity.	75,321	76,550	80,539	84,976	107,141	117,476
Rational Sick and Burial Association.	52,870	56,243	53,632‡	57,532‡	59,268‡	69,519
National Independent Order of Oddfellows.	50,647	52,805	54,035	56,981	57,632	61,573
Loyal Order of Ancient Shepherds, Ashton Unity.	84,862	85,016	87,565	93,006	106,583	121,552
National United Order of Free Gardeners.	62,762	62,545	62,156	62,658	64,189	70,823
United Ancient Order of Druids.	33,026	35,267	39,062	36,067	37,790	39,330

* Management receipts not

† Including Management and

‡ Medical aid receipts not

ORDERS AND CENTRALISED FRIENDLY SOCIETIES. KINGDOM ONLY).

pecially supplied by the Societies.]

the UNITED KINGDOM of the several branches of the following AFFILIATED at the end of each of the Years 1884-1895.

1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	Societies.
594,868	612,082	627,209	637,856	653,641	665,233	Independent Order of Odd-fellows, Manchester Unity.
639,728	647,648	655,178	667,909	658,988	654,628	Ancient Order of Foresters.
140,732	153,269	168,732	184,006	200,365	205,748	Hearts of Oak Benefit Society.
173,551	174,828	174,536	174,651	240,996	241,104	Grand United Order of Odd-fellows.
93,074	103,285	113,097	120,437	100,601	103,045	Independent Order of Rechabites, Salford Unity.
72,593	75,915	80,919	84,698	75,164	77,406	Rational Sick and Burial Association.
55,006	55,576	56,232	56,674	57,329	58,283	National Independent Order of Oddfellows.
96,947	101,796	105,585	105,840	107,525	109,782	Loyal Order of Ancient Shepherds, Ashton Unity.
52,061	53,166	54,044	54,223	55,113	55,515	National United Order of Free Gardeners.
31,994	33,817	35,998	38,977	38,405	39,732	United Ancient Order of Druids.

TOTAL INCOME (exclusive of FEMALE and JUVENILE FUNDS) of the of certain CENTRALISED SOCIETIES in the UNITED KINGDOM.

1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	Societies.
£ 1,077,468	£ 1,013,229	£ 1,148,257	£ 1,162,619	£ 1,206,003	£ 1,224,048	Independent Order of Odd-fellows, Manchester Unity.
966,474	1,000,980	1,025,361	1,058,518	1,094,166	1,060,412	Ancient Order of Foresters.
312,962	337,888	363,179	396,097	432,672	458,529	Hearts of Oak Benefit Society.
86,606	85,754	90,078	89,958	102,240	102,799	Grand United Order of Odd-fellows.
123,594	154,132	164,581	172,073	131,939	203,241	Independent Order of Rechabites, Salford Unity.
77,792	82,243	91,553	96,043	99,928	103,820	Rational Sick and Burial Association.
60,786	59,097	59,990	59,399	50,513	55,217	National Independent Order of Oddfellows.
139,325	137,645	146,100	149,016	152,598	159,173	Loyal Order of Ancient Shepherds, Ashton Unity.
73,285	77,108	77,215	77,134	78,769	80,759	National United Order of Free Gardeners.
28,185	42,669	45,787	47,517	49,636	51,639	United Ancient Order of Druids.

included prior to 1895.
Medical costs in these years,
included in these years.

PARTICULARS OF TEN OF THE LARGEST AFFILIATED
(UNITED

TABLE 30C.—STATEMENT showing the TOTAL ACCUMULATED FUNDS
following **AFFILIATED ORDERS** and of certain **CENTRALISED SOCIETIES**

Societies.	1884.	1885.	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Independent Order of Odd-fellows, Manchester Unity.	5,290,194	5,500,387	5,655,379	5,850,646	6,068,276	6,304,186
Ancient Order of Foresters -	3,262,969	3,371,128	3,431,561	3,671,826	3,837,328	4,012,946
Hearts of Oak Benefit Society -	606,206	766,350	832,231	907,468	989,371	1,031,245
Grand United Order of Odd-fellows.	267,926	275,154	291,230	411,872	*307,348	554,362
Independent Order of Rechabites, Salford Unity.†	331,399	364,327	384,477	401,429	455,498	498,687
Rational Sick and Burial Association.	138,896	149,705	159,944	173,028	182,489	199,263
National Independent Order of Oddfellows.	159,871	161,456	174,525	183,016	189,305	198,769
Loyal Order of Ancient Shepherds, Ashton Unity.	170,582	178,145	186,439	197,178	219,803	330,024
National United Order of Free Gardeners.	118,615	125,549	121,990	121,168	125,481	139,940
United Ancient Order of Druids.	116,788	123,417	126,108	132,575	133,883	140,970

* Incomplete

† The amounts given relate to the Funds of

TABLE 30D.—STATEMENT showing, for each of the YEARS 1884-1895, the
in the **UNITED KINGDOM** by the several **Branches** of the following

Societies.	1884.	1885.	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Independent Order of Odd-fellows, Manchester Unity.†	547,468	576,642	597,704	606,709	613,869	598,625
Ancient Order of Foresters -	589,414	621,889	661,522	669,468	680,900	675,990
Hearts of Oak Benefit Society -	158,630	165,330	176,038	173,728	181,224	184,667
Grand United Order of Odd-fellows.	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
Independent Order of Rechabites, Salford Unity.	30,312	32,651	50,064	56,456	64,290	69,110
Rational Sick and Burial Association.	35,405	39,878	36,449§	37,005§	40,886§	44,281
National Independent Order of Oddfellows.	50,398	52,074	52,993	54,910	43,276	45,993
Loyal Order of Ancient Shepherds, Ashton Unity.	54,213	58,057	63,191	64,530	73,500	79,045
National United Order of Free Gardeners.	45,406	47,518	47,381	47,379	47,568	50,933
United Ancient Order of Druids.	23,262	24,418	25,582	26,967	28,963	28,005

* Including funeral benefits on account

† Medical aid benefits

‡ Information not available

§ Medical aid benefits not

ORDERS AND CENTRALISED FRIENDLY SOCIETIES. KINGDOM ONLY).

(exclusive of FEMALE and JUVENILE FUNDS) of the several branches of the
in the UNITED KINGDOM at the end of each of the YEARS 1884-95.

1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	Societies.
£ 6,400,680	£ 6,634,430	£ 6,882,110	£ 7,090,520	£ 7,382,203	£ 7,623,043	Independent Order of Odd-fellows, Manchester Unity.
4,155,474	4,366,552	4,423,113	4,561,530	4,775,759	4,840,762	Ancient Order of Foresters.
1,157,518	1,236,111	1,311,438	1,391,913	1,508,198	1,608,224	Hearts of Oak Benefit Society.
592,000	585,425	*496,778	514,015	829,900	882,442	Grand United Order of Odd-fellows.
531,973	583,046	639,855	687,668	730,261	787,165	Independent Order of Rechabites, Salford Unity.†
207,634	219,467	232,232	246,963	244,370	259,736	Rational Sick and Burial Association.
201,795	204,109	212,478	224,069	230,315	241,941	National Independent Order of Oddfellows.
346,503	365,503	392,124	414,605	443,936	467,856	Loyal Order of Ancient Shepherds, Ashton Unity.
142,320	146,526	151,899	157,651	163,027	162,215	National United Order of Free Gardeners.
146,877	150,697	156,368	159,275	170,658	175,929	United Ancient Order of Druids.

Returns.
the whole Order, including Juveniles.

TOTAL BENEFITS of all KINDS paid on ACCOUNT of MALE ADULTS * AFFILIATED ORDERS and of certain CENTRALISED SOCIETIES.

1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	Societies.
£ 679,179	£ 701,075	£ 713,685	£ 706,531	£ 690,802	£ 723,096	Independent Order of Odd-fellows, Manchester Unity.†
746,225	770,330	783,338	779,620	733,957	795,722	Ancient Order of Foresters.
219,688	241,552	266,609	293,534	286,486	330,567	Hearts of Oak Benefit Society.
†	†	†	†	†	134,945	Grand United Order of Odd-fellows.
77,342	88,434	92,066	104,036	77,164	142,313	Independent Order of Rechabites, Salford Unity.
57,584	61,287	68,962	70,661	69,481	78,717	Rational Sick and Burial Association.
51,331	44,946	52,704	53,130	45,589	44,907	National Independent Order of Oddfellows.
92,373	99,129	100,591	105,534	98,000	112,000	Loyal Order of Ancient Shepherds, Ashton Unity.
55,085	58,642	56,658	58,902	63,032	77,089	National United Order of Free Gardeners.
31,581	33,795	32,372	35,875	34,041	39,563	United Ancient Order of Druids.

of death of wives or widows.
not included.
prior to 1895.
included in these years.

**PARTICULARS OF TEN OF THE LARGEST AFFILIATED
(UNITED)**

**TABLE 30E.—STATEMENT showing the TOTAL AMOUNT of SICK BENEFIT
of the following AFFILIATED ORDEES and of certain**

Societies.	1884.	1885.	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Independent Order of Odd-fellows, Manchester Unity.	417,761	444,578	466,559	472,980	479,277	466,500
Ancient Order of Foresters -	395,070	421,311	452,505	456,799	467,442	468,729
Hearts of Oak Benefit Society -	100,113	106,319	116,748	115,108	122,546	124,645
Grand United Order of Odd-fellows.	40,931	42,615	48,183	63,418	49,271	50,154
Independent Order of Rechabites, Salford Unity.	20,102	21,242	33,129	40,925	47,332	49,713
Rational Sick and Burial Association.	21,647	25,311	28,263	28,314	31,403	29,911
National Independent Order of Oddfellows.	48,326*	49,497*	48,962*	50,578*	28,296	29,781
Loyal Order of Ancient Shepherds, Ashton Unity.	37,690	40,313	43,816	44,750	51,341	53,092
National United Order of Free Gardeners.	45,376*	47,508*	47,342*	47,341*	47,538*	50,903*
United Ancient Order of Druids.	14,371	15,518	16,592	17,539	18,444	17,962

* Including Funeral

**TABLE 30F.—STATEMENT showing the TOTAL AMOUNT paid for FUNERAL
Widows by the several Branches of the following AFFILIATED ORDEES**

Societies.	1884.	1885.	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Independent Order of Odd-fellows, Manchester Unity.	99,875	103,845	103,638	103,960	102,151	101,517
Ancient Order of Foresters -	96,940	100,746	104,425	104,141	104,740	99,964
Hearts of Oak Benefit Society -	23,422	24,647	24,373	24,092	25,082	26,758
Grand United Order of Odd-fellows.	17,911	18,715	20,639	29,389	20,187	21,391
Independent Order of Rechabites, Salford Unity.	—	3,418	9,994	7,110	8,686	9,187
Rational Sick and Burial Association.	6,376	6,512	6,979	7,311	7,955	7,440
National Independent Order of Oddfellows.	*	*	*	*	9,490	9,953
Loyal Order of Ancient Shepherds, Ashton Unity.	10,530	11,230	12,168	12,454	13,201	15,151
National United Order of Free Gardeners.	*	*	*	*	*	*
United Ancient Order of Druids.	5,242	5,039	5,122	5,346	5,747	5,636

* Amount of Funeral Benefit

ORDERS AND CENTRALISED FRIENDLY SOCIETIES. KINGDOM ONLY).

paid to MALE ADULTS in the UNITED KINGDOM by the several Branches
CENTRALISED SOCIETIES for each of the YEARS 1884-1895.

1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	Societies.
£	£	£	£	£	£	
523,702	533,953	554,705	547,777	544,896	594,041	Independent Order of Odd-fellows, Manchester Unity.
521,080	530,665	547,623	541,556	512,169	565,265	Ancient Order of Foresters.
155,786	169,801	194,518	211,719	205,344	244,111	Hearts of Oak Benefit Society.
51,611	55,798	55,331	54,530	80,722	74,718	Grand United Order of Odd-fellows.
56,768	68,018	70,788	81,948	57,333	98,268	Independent Order of Rechabites Salford Unity.
33,633	39,541	46,657	46,329	47,813	54,452	Rational Sick and Burial Association.
32,794	25,349	33,820	32,781	32,642	30,594	National Independent Order of Oddfellows.
61,961	67,241	69,619	73,871	67,439	78,071	Loyal Order of Ancient Shepherds, Ashton Unity.
55,600*	58,577*	56,633*	58,867*	36,137	39,909	National United Order of Free Gardeners.
20,394	22,389	21,215	24,026	22,301	26,700	United Ancient Order of Druids.

Benefit.

BENEFIT in the UNITED KINGDOM on account of MEMBERS, WIVES and
and of certain CENTRALISED SOCIETIES for each of the YEARS 1884-1895.

1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	Societies.
£	£	£	£	£	£	
116,981	124,097	117,295	119,970	107,408	119,205	Independent Order of Odd-fellows, Manchester Unity.
116,118	126,399	120,406	123,823	110,044	118,506	Ancient Order of Foresters.
31,104	35,761	34,559	40,641	38,735	40,064	Hearts of Oak Benefit Society.
21,566	23,287	21,824	21,702	25,950	23,997	Grand United Order of Odd-fellows.
9,995	10,164	9,850	11,629	9,284	14,041	Independent Order of Rechabites, Salford Unity.
8,292	10,221	10,007	11,905	9,770	10,953	Rational Sick and Burial Association.
12,536	13,171	12,358	13,654	12,947	10,886	National Independent Order of Oddfellows.
18,180	19,522	17,752	18,845	16,741	18,554	Loyal Order of Ancient Shepherds, Ashton Unity.
.	.	.	.	8,277	9,501	National United Order of Free Gardeners.
6,599	6,617	6,054	6,873	6,147	6,894	United Ancient Order of Druids.

included in Table 30B, above.

TRADE DISPUTES IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

DISPUTES GROUPED BY TRADES.*

TABLE 31.—STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of TRADE DISPUTES, and the NUMBER of WORKPEOPLE affected thereby, so far as known, reported to the BOARD of TRADE in each of the Years 1890 to 1895, classified according to GROUPS of TRADES.

	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.
I.—NUMBER OF DIS- PUTES:—						
Building trades - -	113	149	149	170	225	197
Clothing trades - -	78	66	56	80	82	53
Metal trades (including shipbuilding).	203	165	129	136	177	176
Mining and quarrying -	104	132	109	156	246	191
Textile trades - -	241	217	137	105	194	132
Seafaring, dock labour, and transport.	163	62	41	43	58	30
Miscellaneous trades -	138	115	79	92	79	97
Total - -	1,040	906	700	782	1,061	876
II.—NUMBER OF WORK- PEOPLE AFFECTED BY DISPUTES:—						
Building trades - -	12,558	25,229	18,175	17,738	15,247	9,896
Clothing trades - -	29,317	40,992	36,481	10,821	6,853	57,078
Metal trades (including shipbuilding).	51,978	60,502	39,759	30,309	27,899	46,314
Mining and quarrying -	140,342	51,427	120,826	506,182	216,880	83,879
Textile trades - -	42,065	44,537	102,722	45,274	39,025	57,415
Seafaring, dock labour, and transport.	72,920	32,499	12,878	15,589	12,041	4,263
Miscellaneous trades -	14,095	11,974	26,448	10,473	6,300	4,911
Total - -	363,245	267,460	356,799	636,386	324,245	263,758

* Compiled from the Annual Reports of the Chief Labour Correspondent of the Board of Trade on Strikes and Lock-outs.

TRADE DISPUTES GROUPED BY CAUSES.*

TABLE 32.—STATEMENT showing the PRINCIPAL CAUSES or OBJECTS of TRADE DISPUTES in each of the Years 1891 to 1895, with the NUMBER of WORKPEOPLE involved in those disputes, so far as known.

Cause or Object.	Number of Workpeople involved in Disputes.				
	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.
Wages :—					
For increase - - - -	93,932	41,616	188,578	117,028	94,761
Against decrease - - - -	28,308	163,531	368,326	109,302	47,038
Other - - - - -	7,761	1,887	10,556	8,573	1,399
Total Wages disputes - -	130,001	207,034	567,460	234,903	143,198
Hours of Labour :—					
For decrease - - - - -	13,302	2,160	370	5,884	1,420
Against increase - - - - -	—	596	821	221	606
Other - - - - -	—	—	—	—	832
Total Hours of Labour disputes -	13,302	2,756	1,191	6,105	2,858
Working arrangements :—					
For alteration or improvement - -	35,323	14,147	8,790	17,172	64,793
Against alteration - - - - -	15,462	45,961	16,068	15,293	19,176
Against fines and deductions - -	5,204	7,125	485	4,796	296
Other - - - - -	12,188	408	324	502	128
Total Working Arrangements disputes	68,176	67,641	25,667	37,763	84,393
Disputes as to employment of other classes of workpeople.	7,469	18,668	7,310	3,699	4,467
Disputes relating to trade unionism -	18,557	18,639	19,298	15,519	6,614
Other causes or objects - - - -	29,866	42,061	15,460	26,256	22,228
Grand Total - - - -	267,460	366,799	636,396	324,945	263,758

* Compiled from the Annual Reports of the Chief Labour Correspondent of the Board of Trade on Strikes and Lock-outs.

DURATION OF TRADE DISPUTES.*

TABLE 33.—STATEMENT showing the AGGREGATE NUMBER of WORKING DAYS Lost through DISPUTES, reported to the BOARD of TRADE in each of the Years 1890 to 1895, so far as known.

Groups of Trades.	1890.†	1891.†	1892.†	1893.	1894.	1895.
Building trades - -	—	—	—	840,177	350,856	370,022
Clothing trades - -	—	—	—	204,483	118,967	1,747,373
Metal trades (including shipbuilding).	—	—	—	863,578	1,097,896	1,547,212
Mining and quarrying -	—	—	—	27,977,893	6,547,683	981,392
Textile trades - -	—	—	—	422,184	768,968	793,647
Seafaring, dock labour, and transport.	—	—	—	466,589	277,019	30,053
Miscellaneous trades -	—	—	—	430,158	171,107	72,949
Total - -	7,317,469	6,809,371	17,248,376	31,205,062	9,322,096	5,542,652

* Compiled from the Annual Reports of the Chief Labour Correspondent of the Board of Trade on Strikes and Lock-outs.

† In these years the information was not tabulated according to groups of Trades.

TRADE DISPUTES GROUPED BY RESULTS.‡

TABLE 34.—STATEMENT showing PERCENTAGE PROPORTION of WORKPEOPLE affected by DISPUTES in each of the Years 1890 to 1895, who were SUCCESSFUL, PARTIALLY SUCCESSFUL, or UNSUCCESSFUL.

	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.
Successful - - - - -	54·4	25·6	27·5	62·9	23·1	24·1
Partially successful - - -	16·8	36·7	51·4	24·7	34·2	47·1
Unsuccessful - - - - -	25·9	34·8	19·9	12·1	42·1	27·9
Result indefinite or not known - -	2·0	2·9	1·2	·3	1·6	·9

‡ Compiled from the Annual Reports of the Chief Labour Correspondent of the Board of Trade on Strikes and Lock-outs.

TRADE DISPUTES GROUPED BY LOCALITY.*

TABLE 35.—STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of PERSONS affected by TRADE DISPUTES, reported to the BOARD of TRADE in each of the Years 1891 to 1895, so far as known, classified in GROUPS of COUNTIES.

Districts.	Population of District according to Census of 1891.	Number of Workpeople affected.				
		1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.
ENGLAND AND WALES.						
Metropolis - - - -	4,211,743	60,217	10,073	4,700	9,645	2,635
Home Counties - - -	3,484,300	2,954	1,109	3,102	397	1,385
Southern Counties - -	1,731,383	2,068	232	968	1,105	631
South-Western Counties -	2,013,770	990	17,596	13,998	2,580	2,965
Eastern Counties - - -	1,477,670	2,322	1,563	365	1,200	1,370
East Midland Counties -	1,431,080	7,877	13,302	4,251	7,121	9,200
West Midland Counties -	3,128,245	16,145	30,529	13,433	31,813	7,697
Lancashire and Cheshire -	4,665,884	45,062	114,706	18,608	44,637	26,551
Yorkshire - - - - -	3,218,882	27,046	15,825	28,527	34,198	22,478
Northern Counties - - -	1,863,163	42,162	101,473	24,696	21,815	14,961
Wales and Monmouthshire -	1,776,405	22,414	25,821	102,361	28,439	43,232
Ile of Man - - - - -	55,608	—	—	—	—	96
General - - - - - Extending over more than one Group of Counties.	—	—	—	300,000	3,564	46,172
TOTAL, ENGLAND AND WALES	29,058,133	229,257	332,231	515,001	186,404	179,343
SCOTLAND - - - - -	4,025,047	29,012	19,401	112,526	130,467	62,770
IRELAND - - - - -	4,704,750	9,191	5,167	5,209	7,284	12,045
GENERAL - - - - - Extending to more than one division of the United King- dom.	—	—	—	3,650	—	9,600
TOTAL, UNITED KINGDOM	37,788,530	267,460	356,799	636,386	324,245	263,758

* Compiled from the Annual Reports of the Chief Labour Correspondent of the Board of Trade on Strikes and Lock-outs.

TRADE DISPUTES OF 1895

TABLE 36.—STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of DISPUTES reported as affected, classified according to GROUPS of TRADES; together with the total

Month.	Building Trades.		Clothing Trades.		Metal (including Ship-building) Trades.		Mining and Quarrying.	
	Dis-putes.	Work-people.	Dis-putes.	Work-people.	Dis-putes.	Work-people.	Dis-putes.	Work-people.
January - - -	12	438	4	408	18	2,930	17	9,953
February - - -	6	76	6	429	25	2,362	15	3,867
March - - -	18	1,125	6	46,231	11	3,976	16	6,112
April - - -	33	2,840	2	170	17	3,926	19	6,613
May - - -	33	2,063	5	2,987	15	1,749	19	8,974
June - - -	19	872	3	463	12	1,369	16	2,038
July - - -	17	1,223	5	4,770	13	10,290	15	6,974
August - - -	8	208	2	46	13	1,139	20	10,061
September - - -	17	432	9	318	14	2,696	15	5,687
October - - -	21	394	5	442	16	8,226	13	10,671
November - - -	3	44	4	421	13	6,218	8	8,349
December - - -	10	183	2	393	9	1,394	13	3,580
Total - - -	197	9,898	53	57,078	176	46,314	191	83,379

* Compiled from the Annual Report of the Chief Labour

GROUPED BY MONTHS.*

beginning in each MONTH of 1895, and the NUMBER of PERSONS
number of disputes and of Workpeople affected for each month of 1894.

Textile Trades.		Sea-faring, Dock labour, and Transport.		Miscellaneous Trades.		Total.		Corresponding Total for 1894.	
Dis- putes.	Work- people.	Dis- putes.	Work- people.	Dis- putes.	Work- people.	Dis- putes.	Work- people.	Dis- putes.	Work- people.
10	926	1	14	6	341	68	15,010	55	6,923
5	746	2	95	3	69	63	7,634	61	7,694
8	1,335	3	2,218	14	139	76	61,136	107	16,213
6	451	2	170	11	508	90	14,673	113	22,297
11	2,429	3	504	8	1,743	94	20,449	126	60,041
15	7,675	2	300	9	780	76	14,497	90	92,745
8	996	4	49	8	74	70	24,366	69	11,470
16	34,949	2	68	7	388	68	46,908	94	30,730
13	2,818	2	314	8	96	78	12,363	75	20,742
20	3,281	7	397	10	481	97	23,902	89	20,923
15	1,104	1	24	7	128	51	16,233	59	11,337
5	705	1	120	6	162	46	6,527	49	7,209
122	57,415	30	4,263	97	4,911	876	263,758	952	302,350

Correspondent of the Board of Trade on Strikes and Lock-outs.

CONCILIATION AND CONCILIATION AND ARBITRATION.—WORK

TABLE 37.—SUMMARY of the WORK of BOARDS of CONCILIATION and ARBITRATION
the TOTAL NUMBER of

Board.	Number of cases submitted to Board.	Number of cases withdrawn, referred back, or settled outside the Board.	Number of cases settled.			Total Number of cases sub- mitted in 1894, and settled by the Board.
			By Con- ciliation and Me- diation.	By Arbi- tration.	Total Number settled.	

(a.) Trade Boards.

Mining and Quarrying:—

Federated Districts	—	—	—	—	—	2
Northumberland (Conciliation Board)	3	—	3	—	3	2
Northumberland (Joint Committee)	45	11	25	9	34	38
Durham (Conciliation Board)	16	4	9	3	12	—
Durham (Joint Committee)	701	203	413	80	493	506
Cleveland	7	1	5	1	6	12
S. Stafford and E. Worcester	—	—	—	—	—	2
S. Wales and Monmouth Sliding Scale (Joint Committee).	5	1	3	1	4	3
S. Yorkshire	5	—	5	—	5	5
W. Yorkshire	5	3	2	—	2	4

Iron and Steel Trades:—

Cleveland blast furnacemen	14	3	2	9	11	—
W. Cumberland blast furnacemen	8	—	8	—	8	—
North of England	7	—	7	—	7	23
N.E. Coast Iron Founding	—	—	—	—	—	1
Midland	23	—	23	—	23	9
W. Scotland Steel	6	3	3	—	3	1

Shipbuilding and Marine Engineering:—

N.E. Coast Marine Engineering	1	1	—	—	—	1
Wear Conciliation Board	1	—	—	—	—	1
Wear Boilermakers' Joint Committee	*	*	*	1	1	1
Tees Boilermakers' Joint Committee	1	—	1	—	1	—
Tyne Shipwrights and Joiners	14	—	14	—	14	*
Clyde Shipjoiners	†	†	†	†	†	—

Boot and Shoe Trade:—

National Conference	†	†	†	†	†	9
London Machine Sewn	32	10	20	2	22	26
London Sew Round	—	—	—	—	—	13
London Clickers and Pressmen	16	7	9	—	9	9
Leicester	21	5	15	1	16	26
Northampton	163	9	116	38	154	265
Hinckley	3	—	3	—	3	18
Kettering No. 1	5	2	3	—	3	31
Rushden, &c.	—	—	—	—	—	7
Leeds	13	2	10	1	11	14†
Bristol	*	*	*	*	*	24
Norwich	52§	6§	45§	1§	46§	37
Birmingham	5	—	5	—	5	19
East of Scotland	37	11	19	7	26	61

* Not known.

† Not in existence.

‡ Principal cases only.

§ Eleven months, February 25th, 1896, to January 27th, 1896.

ARBITRATION.

OF TRADE AND DISTRICT BOARDS.

during the Year 1895, so far as reported to the BOARD OF TRADE, together with Cases settled in 1894.

Board.	Number of cases submitted to Board.	Number of cases withdrawn, referred back, or settled outside the Board.	Number of cases settled.			Total Number of cases submitted in 1894, and settled by the Board.
			By Conciliation and Mediation.	By Arbitration.	Total Number settled.	
<i>Tailoring:—</i>						
Aberdeen -	19	—	19	—	19	21
Manchester	1	1	—	—	—	—
<i>Textile:—</i>						
N. and E. Lancashire (Weaving and Winding).	1*	—	—	1*	1*	3*
Bradford Slubbing and Yarn Dyeing	1	1	—	—	—	—
Leicester Dyeing	1	—	1	—	1	1
Leicester Trimming	2	—	2	—	2	5
Nottingham Lace Trade	3*	—	—	3*	3*	†
<i>Building (Conciliation Committees):—</i>						
Birmingham	†	†	†	†	†	3
Oxford	†	†	†	†	†	4
Dundee Joiners	1	—	1	—	1	1
Dundee Masons	2	1	1	—	1	—
Edinburgh and Leith Joiners	†	†	†	†	†	1
<i>Pottery Trades:—</i>						
Staffordshire	3	2	1	—	1	9
<i>Dock and Waterside Labour:—</i>						
Cardiff, Penarth and Barry Coal Trimmers.	1	—	1	—	1	5
Newport (Coal Tipping and Trimming)	11	—	11	—	11	12
<i>Miscellaneous:—</i>						
Northern Counties Trade and Co-operative.	—	—	—	—	—	1
Total Trade Boards	1,255	292	805	158	963	1,365

(b.) District Boards.

Blackburn	1	—	—	1	1	—
Halifax	—	—	—	—	—	1
Liverpool	—	—	—	—	—	1
London	4	1	1	2	3	2
Total District Boards	5	1	1	3	4	4

* Principal cases only.

† Not known.

CONCILIATION AND ARBITRATION IN THE SETTLEMENT OF TRADE DISPUTES.

TABLE 38.—STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of STRIKES and LOCK-OUTS settled by CONCILIATION or ARBITRATION in the YEARS 1893-95, so far as the Particulars have been ascertained.

[Based on Returns supplied by Employers and Trade Unions to the Board of Trade.]

Year and Agency of Settlement.	Settled by Conciliation.		Settled by Arbitration.		Total Number of Disputes settled by Conciliation or Arbitration.	
	Number of Disputes.	Number of Persons affected (so far as reported).	Number of Disputes.	Number of Persons affected (so far as reported).	Number of Disputes.	Number of Persons affected (so far as reported).
1893.						
By district boards - -	2	1,513	1	464	3	1,977
„ trade boards - -	2	5,235	2	215	4	5,450
„ individuals - -	1	300,000	17*	4,582	18*	304,582
Total, 1893 - -	5	306,748	20*	5,261	25*	312,009
1894.						
By trade boards - -	7	2,572	3	2,957	10	5,529
„ individuals - -	11	2,799	16	9,187	27	11,986
„ trades councils and federations of trade unions (demarcation disputes).	1	312	4	498	5	810
Total, 1894 - -	19	5,683	23	12,642	42	18,325
1895.†						
By trade boards - -	7	4,165	4	1,379	11	5,544
„ individuals - -	10	46,788	24	6,566	34	53,354
Total, 1895 - -	17	50,953	28	7,945	45	58,898

Note.—The above Table only includes actual trade disputes (strikes or lock-outs) settled, and not all the other questions dealt with by conciliation and arbitration (*see* Table 37).

* In the case of one of these the number affected is not known.

† The figures for 1895 are preliminary and subject to correction.

FLUCTUATIONS IN EMPLOYMENT.

(I.) MEMBERS OF TRADE UNIONS UNEMPLOYED.

TABLE 39.—STATEMENT showing the PERCENTAGE NUMBER of MEMBERS of the TRADE SOCIETIES in the UNITED KINGDOM rendering Returns to the BOARD of TRADE who were returned as UNEMPLOYED at the close of each Month in the under-mentioned Years.

[Compiled from Returns furnished by Trade Unions.]

At End of each Month.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.
January -	10·8	7·8	8·1	1·4	3·4	5·0	10·0	7·0	8·2
February -	8·5	7·0	2·8	1·4	2·6	5·7	9·5	6·3	7·9
March -	7·7	5·7	2·2	1·7	2·8	5·7	8·7	6·5	6·5
April -	6·8	5·2	2·0	2·0	2·7	5·4	6·9	6·1	6·5
May -	8·5	4·8	2·0	2·0	3·0	5·9	6·2	6·3	6·0
June -	8·0	4·6	1·8	1·9	2·9	5·2	5·8	6·3	5·6
July -	8·5	3·9	1·7	2·8	3·3	5·0	6·2	7·4	5·8
August -	8·3	4·8	2·5	2·3	4·2	5·1	7·1	7·7	5·2
September -	7·5	4·4	2·1	2·6	4·5	6·2	7·3	7·6	4·9
October -	8·6	4·4	1·8	2·6	4·4	7·3	7·8	7·4	4·9
November -	8·5	3·1	1·5	2·4	3·8	8·3	7·2	7·0	4·3
December -	6·9	3·3	1·7	3·0	4·4	10·2	7·9	7·7	4·8

Note.—The percentages given in the above table, while indicating with sufficient accuracy changes in employment over short periods, are not absolutely comparable throughout the whole period of nine years, owing to the fact that there is some variation in the number of unions on whose returns the figures are based.

(II).—SEASONAL FLUCTUATIONS IN EMPLOYMENT.

TABLE 40.—STATEMENT showing the mean PERCENTAGE of MEMBERS of UNIONS connected with certain GROUPS of TRADES returned to the BOARD of TRADE as UNEMPLOYED at the end of each MONTH of the year (MEAN of the period of seven years 1888-1894).

[Compiled from Returns furnished by Trade Unions.]

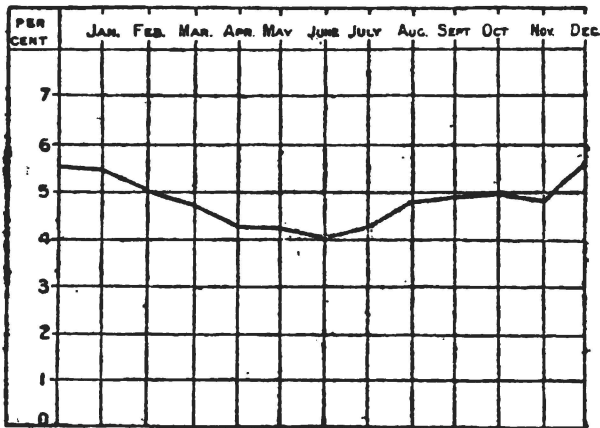
Month.	Building Trades.	Engineering, Metal, and Shipbuilding Trades.	Printing and Kindred Trades.	All Unions making Returns.
January - - -	5.5	6.5	3.2	5.4
February - - -	5.6	6.1	3.4	5.0
March - - -	5.0	5.9	2.6	4.8
April - - -	4.1	5.6	2.9	4.3
May - - -	3.0	5.8	2.5	4.3
June - - -	2.6	5.8	2.9	4.1
July - - -	2.4	6.4	3.2	4.3
August - - -	2.8	6.4	4.5	4.8
September - - -	2.4	6.8	5.5	5.0
October - - -	2.5	7.1	5.7	5.0
November - - -	2.7	7.1	3.7	4.8
December - - -	3.4	7.0	2.8	5.5

(IIA.)—SEASONAL FLUCTUATIONS IN EMPLOYMENT.

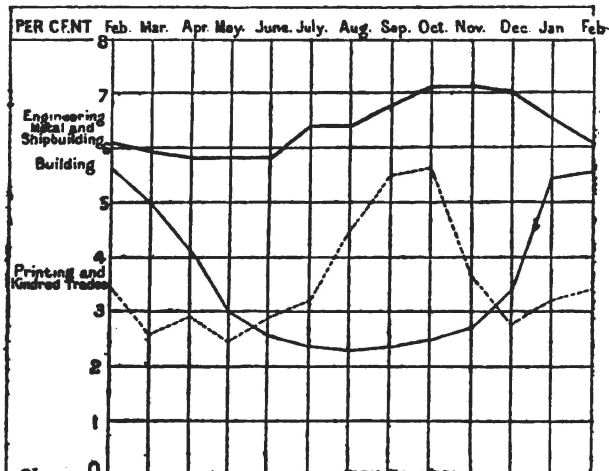
TABLE 40A.—CHARTS SHOWING VARIATIONS IN MEAN PERCENTAGE OF MEMBERS OF TRADE UNIONS RETURNED TO THE BOARD OF TRADE AS UNEMPLOYED AT THE END OF EACH MONTH (Mean of the period of seven years 1888-94).

[Based on the figures given in preceding Table.]

A.—All Unions making Returns.



B.—Certain selected Trades.



(III.)—CYCLICAL FLUCTUATIONS IN EMPLOYMENT.

TABLE 41.—STATEMENT showing MEAN PROPORTION of MEMBERS of TRADE UNIONS connected with certain GROUPS of TRADES RETURNED as UNEMPLOYED to the BOARD of TRADE for each of the years 1887–1895.

[Compiled from Returns furnished by Trade Unions.]

Note.—The mean percentage for the year is the mean of the percentages of unemployed at the end of each month.

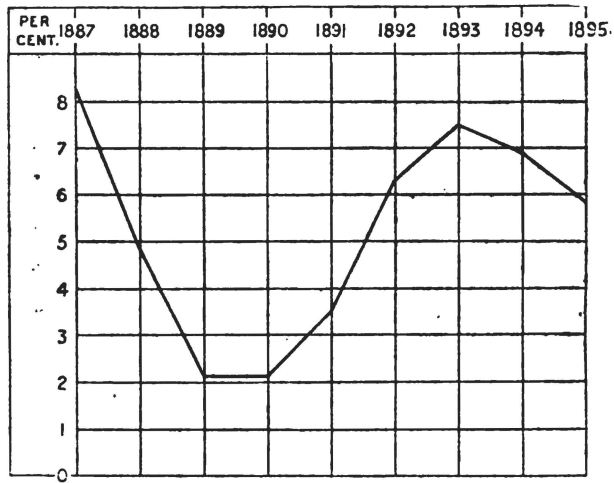
Year.	Engineering, Metal, and Shipbuilding Trades.	Building Trades.	Printing and Kindred Trades.	All Unions making Returns.
1887 - - -	9·4	5·9	2·9	8·2
1888 - - -	6·0	5·5	2·4	4·9
1889 - - -	2·3	3·3	2·5	2·1
1890 - - -	2·2	2·2	2·2	2·1
1891 - - -	4·1	2·5	4·0	3·5
1892 - - -	7·7	3·0	4·3	6·3
1893 - - -	11·4	3·8	4·1	7·5
1894 - - -	11·8	4·1	5·7	6·9
1895 - - -	8·2	3·8	4·9	5·8

(III^A).—CYCLICAL FLUCTUATIONS IN EMPLOYMENT.

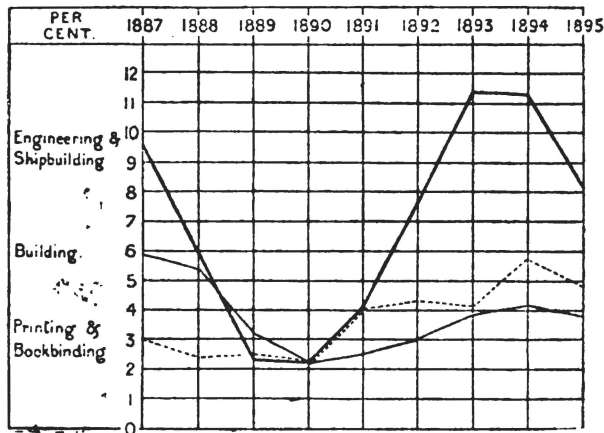
TABLE 41A.—CHARTS showing VARIATIONS in MEAN PERCENTAGE of MEMBERS of TRADE UNIONS RETURNED to the BOARD of TRADE as UNEMPLOYED during each of the YEARS 1887-95.

[Based on the figures given in preceding Table.]

A.—All Unions making Returns.



B.—Certain selected Trades.



(IV.)—FLUCTUATIONS IN EMPLOYMENT.—ENGINEERING TRADE.

(A.)—AVERAGE LOSS OF TIME THROUGH WANT OF EMPLOYMENT.

TABLE 42.—STATEMENT showing with regard to the members of the AMALGAMATED SOCIETY of ENGINEERS in the MANCHESTER and LEEDS DISTRICTS, for each of the years 1887-92, the AGGREGATE and AVERAGE NUMBER per MEMBER of WORKING DAYS lost through WANT of EMPLOYMENT, and the NUMBER and PROPORTION of MEMBERS returned as UNEMPLOYED during the year, and on an average at the same time.

[Based on the entries in the "Vacant Books" of the Amalgamated Society of Engineers.]

	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.	1892.
Mean number of Members in Districts (excluding Superannuated Members).	5,701	5,637	5,988	6,344	6,690	6,956
Number of Members who were unemployed for some time during the year.	2,408	1,943	1,188	1,559	2,923	2,938
Percentage -	42.2	34.5	19.8	24.6	43.7	42.2
Average number of Members unemployed at the same time during the year.	461	363	129	135	309	712
Percentage -	8.1	6.4	2.2	2.1	4.6	10.2
Aggregate number of working days lost through want of employment.	140,970	110,652	39,306	41,175	93,965	216,865
Number of working days lost per member.	24.7	19.6	6.5	6.5	14.0	31.2
Average number of working days lost by those Members who were unemployed for some period during the year.	58.5	56.9	33.0	26.4	32.1	73.8

(IV.) FLUCTUATIONS IN EMPLOYMENT.—ENGINEERING
TRADE.(B).—CLASSIFICATION OF WORKPEOPLE ACCORDING
TO TIME LOST.

TABLE 43.—STATEMENT showing, with regard to the MEMBERS of the AMALGAMATED SOCIETY of ENGINEERS in the MANCHESTER and LEEDS DISTRICTS, the NUMBER of SEPARATE INDIVIDUALS who lost the under-mentioned NUMBER of WORKING DAYS through WANT of EMPLOYMENT during each of the Years 1887-1891, so far as is shown by the Entries in the "VACANT BOOKS" of the SOCIETY.

	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.	Mean of Five Years.	
						Num-ber.	Percentage of Total Member-ship.
Number who lost no time - -	3,293	3,694	4,840	4,785	3,767	4,068	67.0
Number who lost 1 day and under a week -	347	320	260	414	821	432	7.1
" " 1 week and under 4 weeks	726	601	530	684	1,077	724	11.9
" " 4 weeks " 8 " -	413	813	181	221	415	309	5.1
" " 8 " " 12 " -	259	176	69	102	196	160	2.6
" " 12 " " 16 " -	171	128	43	43	139	105	1.7
" " 16 " " 20 " -	114	87	23	23	87	67	1.1
" " 20 " " 24 " -	82	68	18	23	60	50	.8
" " 24 " " 28 " -	59	69	14	17	37	39	.7
" " 28 " " 32 " -	54	34	14	11	28	28	.5
" " 32 " " 36 " -	40	30	9	4	16	20	.3
" " 36 " " 40 " -	38	38	5	6	19	21	.4
" " 40 " " 44 " -	35	27	5	2	12	16	.3
" " 44 " " 48 " -	25	27	3	3	6	13	.2
" " 48 and above - -	45	25	14	7	10	20	.3
MEAN Number of Members (exclu- sive of Superannuated Members) - }	5,701	5,637	5,968	6,344	6,690	6,073	100.0

(V.) LONDON DOCK AND

TABLE 44.—STATEMENT showing the ESTIMATED *Daily Average* NUMBER principal WHARVES of LONDON in each Week

[Compiled from Returns furnished

Week.	Labourers employed in Docks.			Labourers employed at 103 Wharves.	Total Dock and Wharf Labourers included in Returns.		
	By Dock Companies or through Contractors.	By Ship-owners, &c.	Total.				
1895.							
1st week of August	-	7,849	1,461	9,310	5,059	14,369	
2nd "	"	-	7,545	1,528	9,078	5,127	14,200
3rd "	"	-	7,111	1,746	8,857	5,345	14,203
4th "	"	-	7,122	1,584	8,706	5,344	14,050
5th "	"	-	7,161	1,510	8,671	5,262	13,933
1st "	September	-	7,648	1,348	8,996	5,517	14,513
2nd "	"	-	7,287	1,252	8,539	5,789	14,278
3rd "	"	-	7,044	1,328	8,372	5,399	13,771
4th "	"	-	7,599	1,223	8,822	5,400	14,222
1st "	October	-	8,039	1,596	9,635	5,625	15,260
2nd "	"	-	7,455	1,606	9,061	5,874	14,935
3rd "	"	-	6,764	1,392	8,156	5,959	14,115
4th "	"	-	6,965	1,612	8,577	5,700	14,277
1st "	November	-	6,803	1,510	8,313	5,982	14,295
2nd "	"	-	6,904	1,166	8,070	5,875	13,945
3rd "	"	-	7,712	1,772	9,484	5,842	15,326
4th "	"	-	7,949	1,686	9,585	5,967	15,552
5th "	"	-	8,358	1,809	10,167	5,723	15,890
1st "	December	-	8,801	1,588	10,389	5,860	16,249
2nd "	"	-	7,548	1,516	9,064	5,650	14,714
3rd "	"	-	7,315	1,713	9,028	5,731	14,759
4th "	"	-	6,822	1,254	8,076	5,314	13,390
1896.							
1st week of January	-	7,168	1,783	8,951	5,298	14,249	
2nd "	"	-	7,270	1,783	9,053	5,423	14,486
3rd "	"	-	7,291	2,050	9,341	5,702	15,043
4th "	"	-	7,000	1,770	8,770	5,548	14,318
5th "	"	-	6,806	1,593	8,399	5,684	14,033

WHARF LABOUR.

of DOCK AND WHARF LABOURERS employed at all the Docks and at the
of the Year ended 25th July 1896.

by Dock Companies, Wharfingers, &c.]

Week.	Labourers employed in Docks.			Labourers employed at 103 Wharves.	Total Dock and Wharf Labourers included in Returns.
	By Dock Companies or through Contractors.	By Ship-owners, &c.	Total.		
1896.					
1st week of February -	6,016	1,885	7,901	5,496	13,397
2nd " " -	6,641	1,748	8,389	5,457	13,846
3rd " " -	5,572	1,414	6,986	5,228	12,214
4th " " -	5,841	2,034	7,875	4,974	12,849
1st " March -	5,540	1,576	7,116	4,847	11,963
2nd " " -	6,340	1,990	8,330	4,959	13,289
3rd " " -	6,794	1,962	8,756	5,032	13,788
4th " " -	6,134	1,883	8,017	5,206	13,223
1st " April -	5,685	2,063	7,748	4,733	12,481
2nd " " -	5,621	1,899	7,520	4,820	12,340
3rd " " -	6,211	1,979	8,190	4,886	13,076
4th " " -	6,467	1,503	7,970	4,964	12,934
1st " May -	6,570	1,728	8,298	4,776	13,074
2nd " " -	7,224	1,770	8,994	4,754	13,748
3rd " " -	6,731	1,334	8,065	4,936	13,001
4th " " -	6,075	1,925	8,000	4,790	12,790
5th " " -	6,650	1,669	8,319	4,758	13,077
1st " June -	6,166	1,621	7,787	4,525	12,312
2nd " " -	5,955	1,655	7,610	4,506	12,116
3rd " " -	6,693	2,044	8,737	4,753	13,490
4th " " -	6,372	1,804	8,176	4,835	13,011
1st " July -	7,441	1,635	9,076	4,717	13,793
2nd " " -	7,225	1,668	8,893	4,645	13,538
3rd " " -	7,694	1,863	9,557	4,865	14,422
4th " " -	6,442	1,829	8,271	4,815	13,086

(VI.)—DAYS WORKED

TABLE 45.—STATEMENT showing for all the COLLIERIES in the UNITED COLLIERIES in the more important DISTRICTS, the AVERAGE NUMBER of of the MONTHS AUGUST
[Compiled from Returns furnished]

Four Weeks ending	United Kingdom.	Principal Coal Districts.						
		Yorkshire.	Lancashire and Cheshire.	Mid-lands.*	South Wales and Monmouth.	Durham.	North-umberland.	West of Scotland.
25th August 1894	4·63	4·20	4·43	3·84	5·53	5·34	5·34	5·58†
29th September „	4·88	4·77	4·82	4·26	5·53	5·59	5·57	5·09†
27th October „	4·97	4·83	4·99	4·49	5·41	5·50	5·19	4·64
24th November „	4·85	4·51	4·75	4·03	5·14	5·32	5·25	5·35
22nd December „	4·97	4·79	4·95	4·49	5·42	5·41	4·84	4·99
26th January 1895	4·70	4·64	4·64	4·47	5·29	4·80	4·58	4·34
23rd February „	5·00	4·88	5·10	4·82	5·30	4·90	4·48	5·05
23rd March „	4·93	4·59	4·99	4·38	5·55	4·99	4·60	5·23
27th April „	4·46	4·17	4·38	3·88	4·60	4·98	4·49	5·07
25th May „	4·57	4·21	4·42	4·04	4·90	4·94	5·08	5·04
29th June „	4·23	3·65	3·95	3·30	5·20	4·94	4·26	5·02
27th July „	4·53	4·38	4·22	3·96	5·18	5·09	4·73	4·66
Mean for Year -	4·72	4·47	4·64	4·17	5·26	5·15	4·85	4·84

* Staffordshire, Nottinghamshire, Leicestershire, Worcestershire, Shropshire, Derbyshire, and Warwickshire.

† Most of the collieries were idle at this time owing to wages dispute. In the figures given, collieries at which no coal was hewn and wound during the month are excluded.

IN COAL MINES.

KINGDOM from which RETURNS have been received, and also for such DAYS per WEEK on which COAL was HEWN and WOUND during each 1894 to JULY 1896.

by owners of Collieries.]

Four Weeks ending	United Kingdom.	Principal Coal Districts.						
		York- shire.	Lan- cashire and Cheeshire.	Mid- lands.*	South Wales and Mon- mouth.	Dur- ham.	North- umber- land.	West of Scot- land.
24th August 1895	4·71	4·37	4·24	4·13	5·35	5·28	4·65	5·22
28th September "	4·80	4·55	4·43	4·19	5·52	5·40	4·87	5·23
26th October "	5·03	4·93	4·89	4·81	5·20	5·41	5·10	5·23
30th November "	5·06	4·92	5·13	4·85	5·00	5·44	5·11	5·36
28th December "	4·88	4·69	5·15	4·56	4·98	5·24	4·55	5·32
25th January 1896	4·94	4·97	4·68	4·75	5·55	5·19	4·18	4·71
22nd February "	4·91	4·73	5·01	4·52	5·49	5·46	4·39	5·13
28th March "	4·81	4·64	5·17	4·42	5·23	5·13	4·41	5·04
25th April "	4·69	4·31	4·65	4·05	5·29	5·05	4·86	5·21
23rd May "	4·88	4·67	4·85	4·05	5·42	5·15	5·24	5·29
29th June "	4·58	4·14	4·36	3·62	5·23	5·02	5·03	5·21
25th July "	4·83	4·75	4·26	4·20	5·21	5·10	5·07	4·79
Mean for Year -	4·85	4·61	4·79	4·35	5·28	5·24	4·76	5·14

* Staffordshire, Nottinghamshire, Leicestershire, Worcestershire, Shropshire, Derbyshire, and Warwickshire.

(VII.) NUMBER OF COAL MINERS EMPLOYED.*

TABLE 46.—STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of PERSONS employed under the COAL MINES REGULATION ACT in the under-mentioned districts of the United Kingdom in each YEAR from 1880 to 1895, inclusive.

[Compiled from the Summaries of the Reports of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Mines issued by the Home Office.]

Year.	United Kingdom.	Principal Coal Districts.						
		York-shire.	Lanca-shire and Cheshire.	Mid-lands.†	South Wales and Mon-mouth.	Durham.	North-umber-land.	West of Scot-land.
1880	484,933	68,446	62,734	93,184	69,158	71,762	23,048	‡
1881	495,477	68,653	63,680	95,722	72,892	73,291	23,740	‡
1882	503,967	69,557	64,663	99,268	74,954	75,498	23,968	‡
1883	514,933	71,491	66,491	98,189	80,697	76,688	23,793	‡
1884	520,376	71,126	66,067	97,933	83,894	76,936	25,423	‡
1885	520,632	70,305	66,266	97,814	85,217	75,441	26,519	‡
1886	519,970	71,681	67,069	97,554	85,130	75,759	25,018	‡
1887	526,277	72,672	67,646	96,552	86,915	75,908	25,705	‡
1888	534,945	72,772	68,084	100,018	91,423	78,772	25,202	‡
1889	563,735	76,489	70,574	105,194	99,426	81,312	27,641	52,340
1890	613,233	83,376	76,479	113,626	109,035	86,799	30,041	57,091
1891	646,450	88,140	80,926	119,496	116,624	92,588	30,816	60,080
1892	664,260	91,996	84,029	123,129	117,713	92,170	31,966	63,908
1893§	683,006	93,981	86,658	128,023	117,969	99,487	32,219	65,451
1894§	705,240	96,789	88,063	131,220	124,655	102,607	33,698	67,901
1895§	700,284	94,853	87,255	128,849	126,199	102,550	33,063	67,611

* The numbers given in the table include persons employed in and about fireclay, stratified ironstone and shale mines. Such mines are included under the Coal Mines Act, and the numbers employed in them are not shown separately.

† Staffordshire, Nottinghamshire, Leicestershire, Worcestershire, Shropshire, Derbyshire, and Warwickshire.

‡ Not separately stated.

§ Up to and including 1892 the figures given in the table are exclusive of persons employed on private branch railways and tramways, and in washing and coking coal on premises adjacent to or belonging to the mines. For 1893, 1894, and 1895 these persons are included, but the number is not shown separately in the reports. In 1891 and 1892, however, the total number of such persons was 19,533 and 19,342 respectively.

PRODUCTION.

MINERAL PRODUCTION.—GENERAL SUMMARY.

TABLE 47.—STATEMENT showing the PRODUCTION of the under-mentioned MINERALS in the UNITED KINGDOM in each of the Years 1880 to 1895, inclusive.

[Compiled from the Annual Volumes of Mineral Statistics of the United Kingdom.]

Year.	Coal.	Iron Stone and Iron Ore.	Clays (except ordinary Clay).	Oil Shale.	Salt.	Slates and Slabs.	Lead Ore.	Tin Ore.	Zinc Ore.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
1880	146,969,409	18,026,410	2,402,407	837,805	2,645,000	*	72,245	13,738	27,548
1881	154,184,300	17,446,065	2,401,421	958,255	2,296,220	*	64,702	12,896	35,527
1882	156,499,977	18,031,657	2,856,276	1,030,915	2,135,499	504,780	65,001	14,045	32,539
1883	163,737,327	17,383,046	2,853,353	1,167,943	2,325,720	496,062	50,980	14,469	29,728
1884	160,757,779	16,137,887	2,695,710	1,518,871	2,332,704	485,664	54,485	15,117	25,563
1885	159,351,418	15,417,982	2,531,198	1,770,413	2,207,683	468,954	51,302	14,376	24,668
1886	157,518,482	14,110,013	2,390,440	1,728,503	2,142,220	450,208	53,420	14,232	23,156
1887	162,119,812	13,098,041	2,413,693	1,411,378	2,193,951	464,334	51,563	14,189	25,445
1888	169,935,219	14,590,713	2,562,792	2,076,469	2,305,569	471,788	51,259	14,370	26,408
1889	176,916,724	14,546,105	3,036,253	2,014,860	1,946,496	453,436	48,465	13,809	23,208
1890	181,614,288	13,790,767	3,308,214	2,212,250	2,146,840	434,352	45,651	14,911	22,041
1891	185,479,126	12,777,689	3,222,035	2,361,119	2,043,571	415,020	43,359	14,488	22,216
1892	181,786,871	11,312,675	3,103,852	2,069,937	1,956,524	418,241	40,024	14,357	23,880
1893	164,325,795	11,203,476	3,065,208	1,956,520	1,924,029	438,993	40,806	13,689	23,754
1894	188,277,525	12,367,308	3,263,768	1,986,385	2,235,912	461,673	40,590†	12,910	21,821
1895	189,661,362‡	12,615,414	9,796,066‡	2,246,865	2,173,253	581,760§	38,412	10,612	17,478

* No particulars given.

† Including 8,900 tons obtained from quarries under the Quarries Act of 1894.

‡ Including a large quantity of ordinary brick clay returned under the Quarries Act, which Act only came into operation in 1895.

§ The difference between the figures for 1895 and those for previous years is mainly accounted for by more complete returns from quarries in 1895, a result due to the passing of the Quarries Act.

PRODUCTION OF COAL.

TABLE 43.—STATEMENT showing the PRODUCTION of COAL from MINES under the COAL MINES REGULATION ACT in the under-mentioned DISTRICTS in each of the YEARS 1880 to 1895 inclusive.

[Compiled from the Annual Volumes of Mineral Statistics of the United Kingdom.]

Year.	United Kingdom.	Principal Coal Districts.						
		York-shire.	Lan-cashire and Cheshire.	Mid-lands.*	South Wales and Mon-mouth.	Durham.	North-umber-land.	West of Scotland.
	1,000's of Tons.	1,000's of Tons.	1,000's of Tons.	1,000's of Tons.	1,000's of Tons.	1,000's of Tons.	1,000's of Tons.	1,000's of Tons.
1880	146,969	17,474	19,801	29,141	21,166	28,063	6,850	14,590
1881	154,184	18,294	19,282	31,296	22,234	28,518	7,075	16,541
1882	156,500	18,530	20,536	31,473	22,817	29,239	7,061	16,571
1883	163,737	19,568	21,196	32,699	24,975	29,878	7,527	17,140
1884	160,758	19,224	20,795	31,294	25,552	28,552	7,516	17,045
1885	159,351	18,502	21,275	32,479	24,343	27,737	7,355	16,974
1886	157,518	19,393	21,269	30,833	24,204	27,481	7,305	15,999
1887	162,120	20,109	21,502	31,684	26,046	28,858	8,659†	16,664
1888	169,935	20,590	21,814	33,380	27,355	29,065	8,002	17,793
1889	176,917	21,976	22,328	35,255	28,064	30,307	8,794	18,137
1890	181,614	22,339†	22,801†	35,906†	29,415	30,265	9,446	18,747
1891	185,479	22,794	23,399	37,527	29,993	29,806	9,331	19,642
1892	181,787	23,190	23,023	37,231	31,208	28,834†	9,529	21,182
1893	164,326	15,956†	16,476†	30,521†	30,155†	30,819	9,113	19,510†
1894	188,278	23,446	23,908	36,547	33,418	32,557	9,541	16,796†
1895	186,653	22,811	22,764	35,454	33,040	31,133	8,695	22,204

* Staffordshire, Nottinghamshire, Leicestershire, Worcestershire, Shropshire, Derbyshire, and Warwickshire.

† In these years there were important labour disputes, which interfered with production in the districts referred to.

PRODUCTION OF IRONSTONE AND IRON ORE.

TABLE 49.—STATEMENT showing the PRODUCTION of IRON STONE and IRON ORE in the under-mentioned DISTRICTS in each of the Years 1880 to 1895 inclusive.

[Compiled from the Annual Volumes of Mineral Statistics of the United Kingdom.]

Year.	United Kingdom.	PRINCIPAL DISTRICTS.					
		Cum-berland and Lancashire.	Yorkshire.	Lincoln-shire and Leicester-shire.	Northamp-tonshire.	Stafford-shire and Shropshire.	Scotland.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
1880	18,026,410	2,759,465	6,773,353	1,206,971	1,550,104	1,988,187	2,664,483
1881	17,446,065	2,907,372	6,859,452	1,121,106	1,270,545	1,959,322	2,800,610
1882	18,031,957	3,136,351	6,501,995	1,555,091	1,333,085	2,265,029	2,406,064
1883	17,363,046	2,860,877	6,926,887	1,402,618	1,290,067	2,033,144	2,228,851
1884	16,137,887	2,595,375	6,220,420	1,610,530	1,279,783	2,072,445	1,885,376
1885	15,417,983	2,433,294	6,053,840	1,469,053	1,160,000	2,007,191	1,833,423
1886	14,110,013	2,477,846	5,462,564	1,584,308	996,440	1,728,955	1,507,534
1887	13,098,041	2,673,020	5,062,289	1,678,702	935,473	1,038,618	1,331,899
1888	14,590,713	2,679,817	5,463,090	1,880,932	1,066,746	1,820,868	1,233,597
1889	14,546,105	2,616,461	5,728,314	2,143,548	1,257,080	1,307,308	1,061,734
1890	13,780,767	2,399,626	5,065,006	1,662,373	1,278,331	1,271,569	996,835
1891	12,777,689	2,394,990	5,206,322	1,860,256	1,043,541	1,125,313	746,336
1892	11,312,675	2,201,333	3,493,216	2,140,389	1,120,365	1,066,684	672,435
1893	11,203,476	2,239,062	4,713,278	1,510,210	719,071	863,375	847,406
1894	12,367,308	2,157,207	5,116,157	2,122,312	1,130,773	863,155	631,904
1895	12,615,414	2,013,735	5,331,255	2,143,013	1,062,252	904,759	624,673

PRODUCTION OF PIG IRON.

TABLE 50.—STATEMENT showing the AVERAGE NUMBER of BLAST FURNACES in BLAST and the TONNAGE of PIG IRON made in the UNITED KINGDOM in each of the YEARS 1880 to 1895 inclusive.

[Compiled from the Annual Volumes of Mineral Statistics of the United Kingdom.]

Year.	ENGLAND AND WALES.		SCOTLAND.		TOTAL.— UNITED KINGDOM.	
	Average Number of Furnaces in Blast.	Tons of Pig Iron made.	Average Number of Furnaces in Blast.	Tons of Pig Iron made.	Average Number of Furnaces in Blast.	Tons of Pig Iron made.
1880	455	6,700,233	112½	1,049,000	567½	7,749,233
1881	450½	6,968,449	114½	1,176,000	565½	8,144,449
1882	460½	7,460,680	110	1,126,000	570½	8,586,680
1883	444½	7,400,300	107½	1,129,000	552½	8,529,300
1884	377½	6,823,727	98	988,000	475½	7,811,727
1885	342½	6,411,907	92	1,003,562	434½	7,415,469
1886	312½	6,073,953	86½	935,801	399	7,009,754
1887	321½	6,627,278	84	932,240	405½	7,559,518
1888	339½	6,971,195	85½	1,027,774	424½	7,998,969
1889	360½	7,344,621	84½	978,203	445	8,322,824
1890	348½	7,167,148	65½	737,066	413½	7,904,214
1891	312½	6,731,988	63½	674,076	376½	7,406,064
1892	284½	5,736,762	77½	972,493	361½	6,709,255
1893	262½	6,183,935	64½	793,055	326½	6,976,990
1894	272½	6,785,099	52½	642,243	324½	7,427,342
1895	267½	6,654,685	76½	1,048,774	343½	7,703,459

SHIPBUILDING.

TABLE 51.—STATEMENT showing the NET TONNAGE of VESSELS (including Mercantile and War Vessels for Foreigners, but excluding War Vessels for Her Majesty's Government) built at the under-mentioned Shipbuilding Centres of the UNITED KINGDOM and launched in each of the Years 1880 to 1895.

[Compiled from the *Annual Statements of the Navigation and Shipping of the United Kingdom*, issued by the Board of Trade.]

Year.	Clyde.	North-east Coast of England.	Barrow and Liverpool.	Belfast.	Other Districts.	Total United Kingdom.
	Tons net.	Tons net.	Tons net.	Tons net.	Tons net.	Tons net.
1880	147,563	228,763	25,609	8,871	62,144	472,950
1881	184,857	274,209	48,757	13,898	87,162	608,878
1882	247,612	338,531	60,522	20,198	116,188	783,051
1883	293,378	381,048	48,953	27,423	141,414	892,216
1884	201,220	233,960	47,110	22,295	83,689	588,274
1885	160,915	157,429	24,707	26,653	71,808	441,012
1886	120,128	105,291	25,538	18,678	61,893	331,528
1887	125,676	173,447	14,008	15,215	48,852	377,198
1888	151,710	302,212	14,322	31,912	73,791	573,947
1889	225,963	438,345	41,491	47,954	100,976	854,729
1890	228,427	405,499	25,319	44,677	108,716	812,638
1891	200,836	399,471	35,196	63,020	110,970	809,493
1892	233,162	377,711	33,990	64,761	91,924	801,548
1893	179,270	280,689	19,693	55,579	49,443	584,674
1894	219,925	320,929	16,983	63,000	48,655	669,492
1895	199,181	324,115	4,948	62,467	56,923	647,634
Yearly Average in 1880-95.	194,989	296,353	30,447	36,662	52,128	640,579

COAL AND IRON TRADES.—MISCELLANEOUS TABLES.

ASCERTAINED PRICES OF COAL AND IRON.

TABLE 52.—STATEMENT showing the mean ascertained SELLING PRICE per Ton of COAL or IRON in the under-mentioned DISTRICTS for each Year from 1880 to 1895 inclusive.

[The prices given below are the mean for each year of the realised prices as ascertained periodically from an examination of certain employers' books by accountants appointed by the employers and workpeople concerned. The ascertained prices are largely used in regulating changes of wages under Sliding Scales, &c.]

Year.	Coal.		Pig Iron.	Manufactured Iron and Steel.	
	North- umberland (Average for all classes of Coal per Ton at Pit's Mouth).	South Wales and Monmouth (Average for certain classes of Coal per Ton, f.o.b.).	Cleveland (Average per Ton of No. 3 Cleveland Pig Iron).	North of England (Average Selling Price of Rails, Plates, Bars, and Angles per Ton).	Midlands, South Yorkshire, and South Lanca- shire (Average Selling Price of Bars, Hoops, Sheets, Plates, and Strips per Ton).
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1880	5 0·15	8 5·51	41 7·42	6 6 5·25	—
1881	4 9·81	8 11·04	38 4·31	6 0 4·75	—
1882	4 11·22	9 5·32	42 7·74	6 6 8·75	—
1883	5 0·11	9 8·36	39 10·67	6 2 8·42	—
1884	5 1·63	9 10·47	36 4·86	5 5 8·50	—
1885	4 10·56	9 3·37	33 6·69	4 17 4·17	—
1886	4 7·23	8 4·77	30 8·92	4 12 7·50	—
1887	—	8 0·25	33 0·15	4 12 8·31	—
1888	4 4·82*	8 4·22	32 5·66	4 14 11·43	—
1889	5 4·70	10 5·38	38 2·85	5 10 4·59	6 16 9·57†
1890	7 7·65	12 0·80‡	47 8·28	6 6 6·18	7 10 5·89
1891	7 4·06	13 4·89‡	40 5·32	5 13 6·52	6 9 5·12
1892	6 6·50	11 6·84‡	38 5·01	5 7 10·24	6 7 11·05
1893	5 11·35	9 8·68	34 6·23	4 17 11·82	6 1 11·56
1894	6 5·99	10 9·335	35 3·08	4 17 6·01	5 18 2·15
1895	5 6·68	9 6·949	35 2·95	4 15 4·78	5 12 11·22§

* One ascertainment only.

† July to December only.

‡ In 1890, 1891, and 1892, the selling price of large, colliery-screened coal produced from anthracite collieries was excluded in obtaining the average ascertained selling price.

§ Average for 10 months only. The result of the audit for May and June was not published.

EXPORTS OF COAL FROM VARIOUS PORTS.

TABLE 53.—STATEMENT showing the EXPORTS of COAL, COKE, CINDERS, and PATENT FUEL from the under-mentioned PORTS during each Year from 1886 to 1895 inclusive.

[Compiled from the Annual Returns of Quantities of Coal, &c. Shipped (Parliamentary Papers).]

Ports.	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.*
ENGLAND.	1,000's of Tons.	1,000's of Tons.	1,000's of Tons.	1,000's of Tons.	1,000's of Tons.	1,000's of Tons.	1,000's of Tons.	1,000's of Tons.	1,000's of Tons.	1,000's of Tons.
Northumberland Ports (Tyne Ports).	6,098	5,118	6,512	7,096	7,441	7,851	7,016	7,451	8,379	7,790
Durham Ports (Seaham, Sunderland, Hartlepool, Middlesbrough, and Stockton).	2,041	2,279	2,211	2,257	2,038	1,930	1,603	2,062	2,334	2,119
Humber Ports (Hull, Goole, and Grimsby).	1,466	1,887	1,762	2,038	2,260	2,465	2,077	1,128	2,521	2,376
Lancashire Ports (Liver- pool and Manchester).	523	615	573	549	607	590	442	258	455	415
London - - - -	124	87	63	65	41	74	48	28	27	65
Other English Ports -	114	132	139	167	160	215	185	105	196	182
Total England -	10,306	10,118	11,260	12,172	12,547	13,125	11,571	11,032	13,962	12,947
WALES - - - -	10,021	11,206	12,338	12,883	13,262	13,483	14,120	13,368	15,735	15,423
SCOTLAND.										
Eastern Ports - -	2,144	2,296	2,466	2,962	3,281	3,546	3,627	3,640	2,593	3,005
Western Ports - -	812	837	902	935	1,051	979	1,133	976	783	1,123
Total Scotland -	2,956	3,133	3,368	3,897	4,332	4,525	4,760	4,617	3,376	4,128
IRELAND - - - -	—	—	5	4	2	1	3	5	1	3
Total United Kingdom	23,283	24,461	26,971	29,053	30,143	31,064	30,454	29,032	33,074	33,161

* The figures for 1893 have been furnished by the Customs Department.

LABOUR

I.—WORK DONE

TABLE 54.—STATEMENT showing the WORK done by certain
[Compiled from Returns furnished]

Month.	London.				Provinces.				
	Chelsea.	St. Pancras.	Battersea.	Islington.	Salford.	Ipswich.	Egham. †	Plymouth.	Liverpool.
Number of Persons on Register									
1894.									
January - -	247	534	188	1,063	12	97	32	399	‡
February - -	180	571	119	951	374	135	67	276	687
March - - -	171	489	61	845	396	147	78	296	520
April - - -	142	426	49	338	398	192	54	201	564
May - - - -	148	398	45	458	358	149	49	197	434
June - - - -	114	315	52	495	363	133	47	230	378
July - - - -	128	343	62	597	318	135	43	247	331
August - - -	140	274	89	664	331	131	41	238	362
September - -	144	295	101	539	340	159	47	231	406
October - - -	125	285	187	832	210§	188	47	268	348
November - - -	109	290	199	906	304	216	41	291	348
December - -	101	176	108	772	330	190	39	326	300
Monthly Average	146	366	105	705	310	156	48	259	425
Number of Fresh Applications									
1894.									
January - - -	485	213	345	1,331	147	90	34	620	‡
February - - -	388	203	233	472	180	70	54	296	964
March - - - -	304	195	196	275	64	49	33	147	619
April - - - -	290	300	137	204	65	71	23	243	588
May - - - - -	276	279	128	263	41	49	21	245	542
June - - - - -	262	201	120	346	73	56	19	253	332
July - - - - -	287	271	147	374	52	45	18	227	371
August - - - -	269	254	149	421	77	53	24	217	313
September - -	278	284	219	352	71	68	28	165	440
October - - -	270	323	307	510	280	75	23	252	448
November - - -	271	323	405	568	147	69	31	290	269
December - - -	182	196	275	304	58	27	10	154	183
Total for Year	3,552	3,042	2,721	5,420	1,255	722	318	3,109	—

* Chelsea Labour Bureau was closed on 25th March 1895. The numbers on the register at the end of January and February 1895 were 99 and 91 respectively. The numbers of fresh applicants were 225 in January, 148 in February, and 94 in March 1895.

† The Free Registry and Employment Agency at Egham was discontinued at the end of 1894.

‡ Cannot be stated.

§ These workpeople were all registered during October, previous applications having been cancelled.

BUREAUX.

BY BUREAUX.

LABOUR BUREAUX during each month of the Years 1894 and 1895.

by the Managers of the Bureaux.]

Month.	London.					Provinces.			
	St. Pancras.	Battersea.	Islington.	St. Martin-in-the-Fields.	Salvation Army.	Salford.	Ipswich.	Plymouth.	Liverpool.
at End of each Month.									
1895.									
January -	389	171	1,172	61	¶	412	211	530	383
February -	803	159	969	99	¶	376	110	469	285
March -	488	147	554	¶	803	390	103	290	280
April -	416	128	623	51	891	405	105	212	270
May -	344	85	508	53	721	365	94	145	246
June -	261	100	552	53	718	332	88	186	192
July -	341	187	508	61	804	318	100	135	197
August -	372	147	514	73	¶	305	113	133**	133
September -	358	158	456	106	697	292	125	151	165
October -	401	141	546	108	469	130††	146	148	156
November -	367	281	495	119	274	190	141	161	206
December -	359	166	585	80	130	177	154	138	137
Monthly Average	407	156	624	79	612	308	124	224	221

for Work during each Month.

1895.									
January -	396	342	852	131	¶	122	66	763	434
February -	664	212	407	72	¶	60	100	1,147	210
March -	368	410	294	¶	2,043	73	57	1,075	218
April -	309	260	305	50	1,777	50	66	89	239
May -	296	195	369	65	2,182	29	47	73	160
June -	217	183	254	43	1,559	23	31	72	145
July -	246	298	322	61	2,653	25	51	80	171
August -	204	278	237	61	¶	29	45	72**	192
September -	219	296	281	83	943	42	69	70	210
October -	296	314	348	89	1,111	165	75	110	243
November -	187	326	250	81	883	83	52	115	278
December -	152	276	292	59	899	24	53	126	147
Total for Year	3,554	3,422	4,311	—	—	729	712	3,792	2,647

|| No returns were received in 1894 for the St. Martin's and Salvation Army Labour Bureaux.
¶ No return was received for this month.

** The Labour Bureau at Plymouth was closed for one week during August 1895, and in consequence the return of work is for three weeks only.

†† These workpeople were all registered during October, previous applications having been cancelled.

LABOUR

I.—WORK DONE

TABLE 54.—STATEMENT showing the WORK done by certain
[Compiled from Returns furnished]

Month.	London.				Provinces.				
	Chelsea. ‡	St. Pan- cras.	Batter- sea.	Isling- ton.	Salford.	Ips- wich.	Exham. †	Ply- mouth.	Liver- pool.
Number of Employers who applied									
1894.									
January -	158	32	52	199	17	33	35	35	‡
February -	120	33	38	168	16	46	14	49	31
March -	125	43	37	215	17	40	36	41	23
April -	114	37	31	85	9	49	29	54	26
May -	121	47	28	67	11	41	35	47	16
June -	97	41	24	100	13	44	14	49	5
July -	84	34	22	80	10	35	20	36	6
August -	55	38	26	115	7	46	22	54	10
September -	78	51	37	184	10	37	17	46	8
October -	89	47	45	133	13	44	16	34	6
November -	87	72	45	215	10	22	17	33	7
December -	83	45	28	189	8	29	9	—	7
Total for Year -	1,211	520	413	1,750	145	465	254	478	—
Number of Workpeople found Work§ by									
1894.									
January -	136	43	77	268	72	34	25	110	‡
February -	88	47	58	213	87	32	19	95	45
March -	106	41	53	290	21	31	27	59	10
April -	83	60	37	173	11	31	24	60	25
May -	88	73	44	122	17	30	21	102	20
June -	70	64	41	197	23	28	19	73	5
July -	65	54	34	133	14	25	23	53	11
August -	44	72	36	113	17	27	25	63	12
September -	74	90	47	194	17	25	23	52	5
October -	87	88	75	150	47	33	19	43	43
November -	92	101	73	213	33	22	24	94	7
December -	87	83	90	179	23	22	10	74	6
Total for Year -	1,021	816	671	2,245	387	340	259	885	—

* See note (*) on p. 86.

† See note (†) on p. 86.

‡ Cannot be stated.

§ Some of the situations, including a large proportion of those obtained through the Salvation Army Bureau, were only temporary.

BUREAUX.BY BUREAUX—*continued.*LABOUR BUREAUX during the Years 1894 and 1895 respectively—*continued.*
by the Managers of the Bureaux.]

Month.	London.					Provinces.			
	St. Pancras.	Battersea.	Islington.	St. Martin-in-the-Fields.	Salvation Army.	Salford.	Liverpool.	Plymouth.	Liverpool.
1895.									
January -	79	25	181	45	7	8	28	64	10
February -	57	24	322	29	7	10	34	49	5
March -	90	30	178	7	83	13	54	76	4
April -	97	33	179	31	80	10	40	34	6
May -	82	21	252	47	113	12	50	50	7
June -	91	26	108	42	71	10	24	33	7
July -	92	26	148	50	98	13	36	52	3
August -	101	22	176	39	7	10	35	17**	3
September -	99	23	231	40	31	7	53	35	3
October -	89	28	178	06	11	15	31	43	8
November -	92	20	164	45	27	10	37	55	4
December -	89	17	116	37	10	10	27	34	3
Total for Year -	1,068	295	2,233	—	—	128	449	542	63

Bureaux during each Month.

1895.									
January -	106	63	172	41	7	35	147	17	
February -	485	109	291	33	58	181	1,340††	12	
March -	286	107	316	7	2,044	34	40	870	5
April -	219	67	160	9	1,717	10	26	105	3
May -	169	48	243	20	2,113	11	38	70	2
June -	167	48	96	22	1,527	13	20	68	1
July -	140	76	180	26	2,599	12	25	64	8
August -	158	34	127	18	7	9	17	35**	3
September -	154	46	207	22	1,941	31	37	40	1
October -	173	50	196	39	1,389	25	19	53	4
November -	228	86	155	26	1,078	12	25	64	3
December -	266	74	113	24	1,043	11	21	65	5
Total for Year -	2,541	807	2,256	—	—	233	484	2,921	64

|| No returns were received in 1894 for the St. Martin's and Salvation Army Labour Bureaux.

* No return was received for this month.

** The Labour Bureaux at Plymouth was closed for one week during August, and the return of work is consequently for three weeks only.

†† Of this number, 1,060 were employed by the Distress Committee and 180 by the Corporation.

LABOUR

II.—OCCUPATIONS

TABLE 55.—STATEMENT showing the previous OCCUPATIONS of APPLICANTS at the END of

[Compiled from Returns furnished]

Occupations.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.†	April.	May.	June.
Men.						
Building trades - - -	451	490	319	171	142	165
Engineering and metal trades -	183	204	145	147	150	134
Woodworking and furniture trades -	35	65	41	75	33	23
Printing and bookbinding trades -	35	35	19	49	24	21
Clothing trades - - -	5	10	5	8	2	1
Carmen, stablemen, horsemen, &c. -	307	309	160	177	186	158
Clerks and warehousemen - -	111	132	84	107	122	92
Porters and messengers - -	244	254	174	238	204	187
General labourers - - -	1,828	1,082	787	711	490	500
Other occupations - - -	325	414	271	203	194	140
Total, Men - - -	3,024	2,995	2,005	1,881	1,547	1,421
Lads and Boys - - -	146	123	117	165	139	112
Women and Girls.						
Laundresses - - -	2	3	—	1	4	5
Dressmakers and sempstresses -	6	8	1	6	6	7
Charwomen, daily work, &c. -	103	115	110	132	122	163
Servants - - -	17	20	6	14	10	24
Others - - -	11	6	3	11	12	32
Total, Women and Girls	139	152	120	164	154	231
GRAND TOTAL	3,309	3,270	2,242	2,210	1,840	1,764

* The workpeople on the registers of the Salvation Army Labour Bureau are not included, returns having been furnished for nine months only.

BUREAUX.**OF APPLICANTS.**

for WORK on the REGISTERS of the LABOUR BUREAUX specified in TABLE 54* each Month in 1895.

by the Managers of the Bureaux.]

July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Occupations.
Men.						
184	173	162	204	218	215	Building trades.
120	110	120	93	111	82	Engineering and metal trades.
88	84	21	12	13	8	Woodworking and furniture trades.
22	16	13	9	10	5	Printing and bookbinding trades.
1	3	3	4	4	—	Clothing trades.
161	135	144	156	153	161	Carmen, stablemen, horsemen, &c.
78	66	62	56	66	44	Clerks and warehousemen.
165	201	216	209	211	194	Porters and messengers.
549	527	550	576	721	726	General labourers.
161	181	208	150	159	150	Other occupations.
1,474	1,446	1,499	1,469	1,666	1,585	- - Total, Men.
Lads and Boys.						
130	98	108	115	107	70	
Women and Girls.						
2	—	—	—	1	1	Laundresses.
2	7	5	4	6	8	Dressmakers and sempstresses.
163	174	110	113	122	94	Charwomen, daily work, &c.
21	26	40	40	30	25	Servants.
55	39	49	35	28	13	Others.
243	246	204	192	187	141	- - Total, Women and Girls.
1,847	1,790	1,811	1,776	1,960	1,796	- - GRAND TOTAL.

† In the case of St. Martin's Labour Bureau the figures for March cannot be given.

PAUPERISM.

PAUPERS (ENGLAND AND WALES).

TABLE 56.—STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of PAUPERS in RECEIPT of RELIEF in ENGLAND and WALES, at the under-mentioned dates.

[Extracted from the Statistical Abstract for the United Kingdom.]

On the First day of—	Adult Able-bodied.			All other Paupers (exclusive of Vagrants).			Total.		
	In-door.	Out-door.	Total.	In-door.	Out-door.	Total.	In-door.	Out-door.	Total.
1882 { January	25,462	80,818	106,280	162,971	528,363	691,334	188,433	609,181	797,614
July -	18,249	74,695	92,944	148,194	514,960	663,154	166,443	589,653	756,096
1883 { January	24,867	80,490	105,357	165,519	528,391	693,910	190,386	606,781	797,167
July -	17,786	78,949	96,735	148,660	510,153	658,813	166,296	582,101	748,397
1884 { January	23,381	74,690	98,071	164,212	511,856	676,068	187,593	586,546	774,139
July -	17,461	71,798	89,259	151,554	504,061	655,615	169,015	575,839	744,854
1885 { January	23,909	78,518	102,427	166,275	515,334	681,609	190,184	593,852	784,036
July -	17,839	78,098	95,937	160,477	503,348	663,825	168,216	575,446	743,662
1886 { January	26,016	83,911	109,927	168,424	529,123	697,547	194,440	613,034	807,474
July -	18,973	78,983	97,956	151,734	518,587	670,321	170,707	594,510	765,217
1887 { January	27,032	83,197	110,229	169,821	537,139	706,960	196,853	620,336	817,189
July -	19,373	73,584	92,957	154,088	517,944	672,032	173,461	591,468	764,929
1888 { January	28,637	83,896	112,533	172,029	540,947	712,976	200,866	624,843	825,709
July -	20,008	78,813	98,821	153,705	521,574	675,279	173,708	594,587	768,295
1889 { January	27,191	77,626	104,817	171,000	534,315	705,315	198,191	611,941	810,132
July -	18,709	67,781	86,490	158,802	518,740	677,542	171,511	581,581	753,092
1890 { January	25,917	71,828	97,745	169,131	520,689	689,820	195,048	592,497	787,545
July -	18,079	64,864	82,943	150,088	501,080	651,168	168,107	565,344	733,451
1891 { January	27,834	70,960	98,794	165,108	511,003	676,111	192,942	581,935	774,877
July -	20,796	64,601	85,397	147,829	499,108	646,937	169,823	553,709	723,532
1892 { January	31,968	67,546	99,514	160,472	494,479	654,951	192,480	568,025	760,505
July -	25,652	67,207	92,859	145,317	488,143	633,460	171,969	555,330	727,300
1893 { January	34,752	72,426	107,178	165,182	504,098	669,280	199,234	576,524	775,758
July -	27,065	66,884	93,949	153,884	497,722	651,606	180,949	564,606	745,555
1894 { January	38,919	77,559	116,478	173,710	522,253	695,963	212,629	599,812	812,441
July -	29,021	66,148	95,169	156,699	507,426	664,125	185,720	573,598	759,318
1895 { January	40,330	74,085	114,415	175,218	527,798	703,016	215,548	601,893	817,441
July -	30,089	68,133	98,222	160,129	523,263	683,392	197,158	593,796	790,954
1896 January -	41,327	71,062	112,389	175,545	539,203	714,748	216,872	610,345	827,217

NOTE.—In 1871 the population of the Unions and Parishes was 22,706,031; in 1881, 25,972,119; and in 1891 the population of 648 Unions and Parishes, excluding extra-parochial places, was 29,001,348.

PAUPERS (SCOTLAND).

TABLE 57.—STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of POOR of all CLASSES and VAGRANTS in RECEIPT of RELIEF in PARISHES in SCOTLAND on the under-mentioned dates.

[Extracted from the Statistical Abstract for the United Kingdom.]

Years.	Number of Poor of all Classes.		Number of Vagrants included in preceding columns.	
	Paupers.	Dependents.	Paupers.	Dependents.
1882 { January 1st - -	64,871	36,739	146	54
August 14th - -	62,684	35,225	146	74
1883 { January 1st - -	63,992	36,161	163	55
September 14th - -	61,151	33,947	112	41
1884 { January 14th - -	62,096	34,559	186	82
September 14th - -	60,220	33,629	103	42
1885 { January 14th - -	61,969	34,984	197	51
September 14th - -	61,151	34,615	162	51
1886 { January 14th - -	63,300	36,303	233	100
September 14th - -	61,469	35,187	131	65
1887 { January 14th - -	63,408	36,326	245	123
September 14th - -	61,877	34,650	174	81
1888 { January 14th - -	63,095	35,667	181	84
September 14th - -	60,777	34,426	134	97
1889 { January 14th - -	62,242	34,847	132	50
September 14th - -	60,204	33,640	82	22
1890 { January 14th - -	61,877	33,463	111	35
September 14th - -	59,374	31,997	40	21
1891 { January 14th - -	60,244	32,578	93	40
September 14th - -	58,875	31,774	25	22
1892 { January 14th - -	60,693	32,651	151	82
September 14th - -	58,632	31,204	126	66
1893 { January 14th - -	60,734	32,762	120	31
September 14th - -	59,225	31,714	115	65
1894 { January 14th - -	61,978	33,318	109	19
September 14th - -	60,990	32,429	122	69
1895 { January 14th - -	63,307	33,611	193	54
September 14th - -	62,260	33,025	87	33
1896, January 14th - -	64,673	34,847	211	48

PAUPERS (IRELAND).

TABLE 58.—STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of PAUPERS (including Casuals) in RECEIPT of RELIEF in UNIONS in IRELAND at the Close of the First Week of January and of the First Week of July in each of the under-mentioned Years.

[Compiled from the Statistical Abstract for the United Kingdom, and from information supplied by the Local Government Board, Ireland.]

Close of First Week of—	In-door.			No. of Casuals included in the Total of In-door Paupers.	Out-door.	In Blind and Deaf- and-Dumb Asylums, Extern Hospitals, &c.†	Total.
	Adult Able- bodied.*	All other Paupers.	Total.				
1882 { January -	8,672	45,059	53,731	513	58,358	740	112,829
July -	7,089	41,677	48,766	530	61,214	745	110,695
1883 { January -	8,430	45,319	53,749	563	61,186	749	115,684
July -	6,836	40,577	47,413	490	63,123	759	110,998
1884 { January -	7,687	42,187	49,884	383	58,195	752	108,831
July -	5,969	39,089	45,058	471	60,278	797	106,133
1885 { January -	7,416	41,483	48,909	416	57,039	769	106,717
July -	5,889	38,214	44,073	417	60,967	727	105,767
1886 { January -	7,420	40,354	47,774	459	59,951	762	108,487
July -	5,745	37,330	43,295	446	123,713	807	167,318
1887 { January -	7,380	40,010	47,390	480	65,015	836	113,241
July -	5,726	37,004	42,730	421	69,001	904	112,635
1888 { January -	7,898	40,370	48,268	596	64,834	877	113,947
July -	5,714	36,222	41,936	573	65,931	823	108,690
1889 { January -	7,200	39,164	46,364	589	62,760	833	109,957
July -	5,472	35,215	40,687	801	65,006	896	104,589
1890 { January -	6,817	37,836	44,653	525	62,213	908	107,774
July -	5,243	34,878	39,621	462	62,218	1,009	102,848
1891 { January -	6,208	36,393	42,601	419	63,426	1,102	107,129
July -	4,904	34,119	39,023	329	64,370	1,115	104,708
1892 { January -	5,953	36,065	42,018	463	60,709	1,112	103,839
July -	4,987	33,198	38,185	460	60,123	1,116	99,424
1893 { January -	6,272	36,483	42,755	406	59,001	1,109	102,865
July -	4,989	33,356	38,345	419	58,784	1,137	98,666
1894 { January -	6,496	37,370	43,866	550	59,170	1,176	104,211
July -	5,044	33,833	38,877	539	57,464	1,200	97,588
1895 { January -	6,059	36,840	42,899	475	57,005	1,167	101,071
July -	4,837	32,844	37,681	604	58,462	1,262	97,505
1896, January -	6,080	36,165	42,195	621	55,019	1,413	98,627

* Exclusive of any who are temporarily disabled by sickness.

† Maintained from the Poor Rate in blind and other public institutions.

PAUPERS.—UNITED KINGDOM.

TABLE 59.—SUMMARY STATEMENT showing the NUMBERS of PERSONS in receipt of RELIEF (exclusive of VAGRANTS) in the UNITED KINGDOM, on one day in the WINTER and one in the SUMMER of each of the under-mentioned Years, together with the Proportion of Persons relieved per 10,000 of the estimated Population for each Year.

[Compiled from Tables 56 to 58.]

Year.	Number of Paupers (exclusive of Vagrants).				Population of United Kingdom, estimated to the Middle of each Year. †	Proportion of Paupers per 10,000 of estimated Population.
	England and Wales.	Scotland.*	Ireland.	United Kingdom.		
1882 { January -	797,814	101,410	112,316	1,011,540	35,206,617 {	287
July -	756,098	97,589	110,165	963,852		274
1883 { January -	799,167	99,935	115,121	1,014,223	35,449,721 {	286
July -	749,497	94,915	110,808	955,217		269
1884 { January -	774,139	96,447	108,448	979,034	35,724,231 {	274
July -	744,874	93,796	106,662	945,334		264
1885 { January -	784,036	96,705	106,901	987,042	36,015,801 {	274
July -	748,762	95,883	103,380	948,025		262
1886 { January -	807,474	90,165	108,028	1,014,667	36,313,582 {	279
July -	768,817	96,460	107,869	1,089,046		283
1887 { January -	817,189	99,361	112,761	1,029,311	36,599,143 {	281
July -	764,929	95,975	112,214	973,118		266
1888 { January -	825,509	98,487	113,351	1,037,347	36,881,271 {	281
July -	768,095	94,972	103,117	971,184		263
1889 { January -	810,132	96,707	109,368	1,016,207	37,178,929 {	273
July -	753,032	93,737	104,088	950,857		256
1890 { January -	787,545	94,894	107,240	989,688	37,484,764 {	264
July -	733,451	91,807	102,386	927,644		247
1891 { January -	774,905	93,289	106,710	974,904	37,797,013 {	258
July -	722,034	90,326	104,349	916,699		242
1892 { January -	754,485	93,051	103,376	950,912	38,106,875 {	250
July -	727,319	89,740	98,964	916,023		240
1893 { January -	776,458	93,285	102,369	972,112	38,440,371 {	253
July -	745,555	91,419	97,847	934,821		242
1894 { January -	812,441	95,068	103,661	1,011,170	38,786,063 {	261
July -	759,318	93,277	96,999	949,594		246
1895 { January -	817,431	96,671	100,596	1,014,698	39,124,496 {	259
July -	783,554	96,225	96,901	976,680		250
1896 January -	827,217	99,261	98,006	1,024,484	39,465,720	280

* In the case of Scotland, as may be seen in Table 57 the numbers are given for a day in August in 1882, and for a day in September from 1883-95, instead of a day in July, as in the cases of England and Ireland.

† For population of England and Wales, Scotland, and Ireland respectively, see Table 96, p. 156.

CLASSIFICATION OF PAUPERS BY AGE.

ENGLAND AND WALES.

TABLE 60.—STATEMENT showing, for the METROPOLIS and OTHER PARTS of ENGLAND AND WALES, the NUMBERS of SEPARATE INDIVIDUALS of the under-mentioned AGES in receipt, at any time during the Year ended Lady-day, 1892, of IN-DOOR and OUT-DOOR RELIEF (Vagrants and Lunatics not being included): Also showing the RATIO of such PERSONS per 10,000 of the Population according to the 1891 Census.

[Compiled from Parliamentary Paper No. 265 of 1892.]

Ages of Persons relieved.	Metropolis.			Other Parts of England and Wales.			Total, England and Wales.			Ratio of Persons relieved per 10,000 of the Po- pulation living at the various Ages.*
	Males.	Fe- males.	Total.	Males.	Fe- males.	Total.	Males.	Fe- males.	Total.	
IN-DOOR.										
Under 16 years†	—	—	37,155	—	—	74,627	—	—	111,782	} 125
Of 16 and under 65 years.	49,599	35,259	84,858	84,962	62,464	147,426	134,561	97,723	232,284	
Of 65 years and up- wards.	20,079	18,645	38,724	48,411	27,009	75,420	68,490	45,654	114,144	
All ages	—	—	160,737	—	—	297,473	—	—	458,210	158
OUT-DOOR.‡										
Under 16 years†	—	—	63,516	—	—	378,289	—	—	441,805	} 299
Of 16 and under 65 years.	24,908	38,600	63,208	117,218	204,873	322,091	141,826	243,473	385,299	
Of 65 years and up- wards.	7,159	18,896	26,055	87,981	173,724	261,705	95,140	192,620	287,760	
All ages	—	—	152,779	—	—	962,085	—	—	1,114,864	384
TOTAL.‡										
Under 16 years†	—	—	100,671	—	—	452,916	—	—	553,587	} 424
Of 16 and under 65 years.	74,207	73,859	148,066	202,180	267,337	469,517	276,387	341,196	617,583	
Of 65 years and up- wards.	27,238	37,541	64,779	136,892	200,733	337,125	163,630	238,274	401,904	
All ages	—	—	313,516	—	—	1,259,558	—	—	1,573,074	542

Note.—The Return states that, in order to avoid duplicate reckonings, persons relieved during the twelve months are entered in the Return according to their ages when they were last relieved during the twelve months, and as In-door or Out-door Paupers according as they received In-door or Out-door Relief last during the twelve months; non-resident Paupers are included only in the Returns of the Unions to which they were chargeable.

* The figures in this column are calculated on the population at 5th April 1891, while the numbers of persons relieved include those living at the end of the year ended Lady-day, 1892, and those who died during that year.

† The sex of persons under 16 years of age cannot be given.

‡ *Medical relief.*—Included in the numbers of out-door paupers are the following, who were in receipt of medical relief only:—

Under 16 years	—	—	12,142	—	—	56,484	—	—	68,576	—
Of 16 and under 65 years.	10,489	13,530	24,019	44,305	48,705	93,010	54,794	62,235	117,029	—
Of 65 years and upwards.	2,519	3,247	5,766	8,714	10,997	19,711	11,253	14,244	25,477	—
All ages	—	—	41,927	—	—	169,155	—	—	211,082	—

CLASSIFICATION OF PAUPERS BY AGE.

IRELAND.

TABLE 61.—STATEMENT showing, for IRELAND, the NUMBERS of SEPARATE INDIVIDUALS of the under-mentioned AGES in RECEIPT, at any time during the Year ended LADY-DAY, 1892, of INDOOR and OUT-DOOR RELIEF, together with the RATIO of such PERSONS per 10,000 of the POPULATION, according to the 1891 CENSUS.

[Compiled from Parliamentary Paper No. 360 of 1892.]

Ages of Persons relieved.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Ratio of Persons relieved per 10,000 of the Population living at the various Ages.*
IN-DOOR.				
Under 16 Years - -	20,967	20,648	41,610	} 492
Of 16 and under 65 years -	119,438	55,602	175,040	
Of 65 years and upwards -	22,720	17,446	40,166	1,336
All ages - -	163,125	93,691	256,816	546
OUT-DOOR.				
Under 16 years - -	23,424	23,005	46,429	} 188
Of 16 and under 65 years -	12,932	23,443	36,375	
Of 65 years and upwards -	12,401	28,322	40,623	1,351
All ages - -	48,757	74,670	123,427	263
TOTAL.				
Under 16 years - -	44,391	43,648	88,039	} 680
Of 16 and under 65 years -	132,370	79,045	211,415	
Of 65 years and upwards -	35,121	45,668	80,789	2,687
All ages - -	211,882	168,361	380,243	808

NOTE.—The Return states that in order to avoid duplicate reckonings, persons relieved during the 12 months are entered in the Return according to their ages when they were last relieved during the 12 months, and as in-door or out-door paupers, according as they received in-door or out-door relief last during the 12 months; non-resident paupers are included only in the Returns of the Unions to which they were chargeable.

* The figures in this column are calculated on the population at 5th April 1891, while the numbers of persons relieved include those living at the end of the year ended Lady-Day, 1892, and those who died during that year.

CHANGES IN WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOUR.

COMPARISON OF CHANGES IN WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOUR
IN 1893, 1894, AND 1895.

TABLE 62.—COMPARATIVE STATEMENT showing, for the years 1893, 1894, and 1895, the NUMBER OF SEPARATE INDIVIDUALS, and the TOTAL AGGREGATE NUMBER affected by CHANGES in WAGES and HOURS of LABOUR, of which full particulars have been reported to the DEPARTMENT; together with the TOTAL NUMBER OF CHANGES in each year and their effect on the AVERAGE WEEKLY WAGES of the PERSONS affected.

[Extracted from Board of Trade Report on Wages and Hours of Labour, C. 8075 of 1896.]

	1893.	1894.	1895.*
I. Changes in Wages.			
Total number of changes for which particulars have been obtained.	706	779	730
Aggregate number of persons affected by such changes (counting the same individual as often as his wages are changed).	1,422,508	1,288,738	1,014,700
Number of <i>separate individuals</i> :			
Who gained a net rise of wages during the year.	142,364	175,615	80,300
Who sustained a net fall of wages during the year.	256,473	488,357	356,900
Whose wages underwent changes during the year, but stood at the same level at the end as at the beginning.	151,140	6,414	5,700
Total number of <i>separate individuals</i> affected by changes of wages during the year.	549,977	670,386	442,900
Average weekly rise or fall in rates of wages of these persons.	+ 5½d.	— 1s. 4¼d.	— 1s. 4½d.
II. Changes in Hours of Labour.			
Number of changes of hours of labour reported.	164	227	141
Number of <i>separate individuals</i> :			
Whose hours of labour were increased	1,530	128	1,287
Whose hours of labour were diminished.	33,119	77,030	21,448
Total number of <i>separate individuals</i> whose hours of labour were changed during the year.	34,649	77,158	22,735
Net amount of reduction in working hours per week.	68,937	311,545	44,227
Average amount of reduction per week for all those whose hours of labour were altered.	1.99	4.04	1.95

* The figures for 1895 are preliminary estimates, and subject to revision.

CHANGES IN RATES OF WAGES IN 1894.

[Extracted from Board of Trade Report on Wages and Hours of Labour, C. 8075 of 1896.]

TABLE 63.—STATEMENT showing the NUMBER OF SEPARATE INDIVIDUALS, engaged in various groups of industries, who were affected by CHANGES in RATES of WAGES during 1894 (of which full particulars have been reported to the Department), and the net effect of the CHANGES on WEEKLY RATES of WAGES.

Groups of Trades.	Number of Workpeople whose Wages were affected during 1894 by				Net Gain (+) or Loss (−) to Weekly Wages during Year.	Corresponding Gain or Loss in 1893.
	Changes resulting in a Net Increase.	Changes resulting in a Net Decrease.	Changes leaving the level of Wages the same at end of year as at beginning.	All Classes of Changes.		
					£	£
Building - - -	32,618	101	274	32,993	+ 2,334	+ 3,303
Metal, engineering, and shipbuilding.	18,344	39,384	893	58,621	− 1,864	− 5,466
Mining - - -	98,491	437,938	2,773	539,202	− 46,746	+ 14,496
Textile - - -	8,662	8,936	2,135	14,783	+ 335	+ 96½
Clothing - - -	3,457	1,450	—	4,907	+ 335	+ 28½
Miscellaneous - -	4,894	5,468	339	10,701	− 166	− 2½
Employees of public authorities.	9,149	80	—	9,229	+ 681	+ 796
Total for above groups of trades in 1894.	175,615	488,357	6,414	670,386	− 45,091	—
Corresponding totals for 1893.	142,364	236,473	151,140	549,977	—	+ 12,426
Agricultural labourers (1894).	22,481	107,000	—	129,481	− 2,705	Not known.

TABLE 64.—STATEMENT showing the AGGREGATE NUMBER OF PERSONS (not necessarily all separate individuals) who were affected by CHANGES in RATES of WAGES during 1894, of which full particulars have been reported to the Department.

Groups of Trades.	Number of Changes for which full Particulars have been given.	Aggregate Number affected by Wages Changes during 1894 (not necessarily all separate individuals).		
		Increases.	Decreases.	All Changes.
Building - - -	254	33,443	375	33,818
Metal, engineering, and shipbuilding.	141	30,487	78,583	109,070
Mining - - -	60	228,314	824,911	1,053,225
Textile - - -	76	10,928	6,071	16,999
Clothing - - -	33	8,457	1,450	4,907
Miscellaneous - -	98	5,233	6,257	11,490
Employees of public authorities.	117	9,149	80	9,229
Total for above groups of trades in 1894.	779	321,011	917,727	1,238,738
Corresponding totals for 1893.	706	653,014	767,424	1,422,508
Agricultural labourers (1894).	91	25,957	125,575	151,533

DISTRIBUTION OF CHANGES IN WAGES BY DISTRICTS.

TABLE 65.—STATEMENT showing for each of the under-mentioned DISTRICTS the NUMBER of INDIVIDUALS AFFECTED by CHANGES in WAGES in 1894, of which full particulars have been reported, and the net effect of the Changes on Weekly Wages.

[Extracted from Board of Trade Report on Wages and Hours of Labour, C. 8075 of 1896.]

District.	Population of District according to Census. (1891.)	Number of Individuals				Net Gain (+) or Loss (−) to Weekly Wages during Year.	Corresponding Gain or Loss in 1893.
		Who had a Net Rise.	Who had a Net Fall.	Whose Wages were the same at end of Year as at beginning.	Total.		
ENGLAND AND WALES:						£	£
Northern Counties -	1,903,163	15,932*	39,904*	1,133	56,969*	— 830	— 4,162*
Yorkshire, Lancashire and Cheshire.	7,884,766	23,935	178,840	335	203,110	— 16,072	— 1,143
Eastern and Midland Counties.	8,489,912	8,399	156,197	2,148	166,744	— 12,690	+ 1,322
London - -	4,211,743	1,294	244	—	1,538	+ 85	+ 163
Southern and Western Counties.	4,776,536	7,576†	10,150	—	17,726†	— 65	+ 1,093
Wales and Monmouth.	1,776,405	18,782	18,930	180	117,892	— 104	— 2,163
SCOTLAND - -	4,025,647	15,477	81,584	2,618	99,679	— 15,891	+ 17,419
IRELAND - - -	4,704,750	3,049	2,508	—	5,557	+ 139	— 201
ISLE OF MAN - -	55,608	48	—	—	48	‡	—
Districts undistinguished.	—	1,123	—	—	1,123	+ 87	+ 206
Total - - -	37,788,530	175,615	488,357	6,414	670,386	— 45,091	+ 12,426

* Workpeople affected in the iron mining, pig-iron and iron and steel industries in Cleveland are included in the northern counties. The 1893 figures include in addition, the effect of the changes in workpeople's wages in the shipbuilding industry in Middlesbrough.

† Includes the workpeople employed at Deptford and Pembroke, who are included in the general total for the Home Dockyards and Victualling yards.

‡ This advance in rates of wages was accompanied by a reduction in hours of labour, with the result that weekly earnings remained unchanged.

CHANGES IN HOURS OF LABOUR IN 1894.

TABLE 66.—STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of INDIVIDUAL WORKPEOPLE reported as affected by CHANGES in HOURS of LABOUR during 1894, and the average effect of the Changes on their Weekly Hours of Labour.

[Compiled from Board of Trade Report on Wages and Hours of Labour, C. 8075 of 1896.]

A.—Summary.

Groups of Trades.	No. of Workpeople whose Hours of Labour at end of 1894, compared with end of 1893, showed		Total Number of Workpeople whose Hours of Labour were changed.	Decrease per Head in Average Hours of Labour for a Full Week.	Corresponding Decrease per Head in 1893.
	An Increase.	A Decrease.			
Building - - -	43	10,119	10,162	Hours. 2'38	Hours. 1'40
Metal, Engineering, and Shipbuilding.	—	4,496	4,496	7'70	2'41
Other Trades - - -	85	16,102	16,187	4'12	2'10
Employees of public authorities.	—	46,313	46,313	4'02	4'49
Total in 1894 - -	128	77,030	77,158	4'04	—
Total in 1893 - -	1,530	33,119	34,649	—	1'99

B.—Detailed Statement.

Trade.	No. of Workpeople whose average Weekly Hours of Labour throughout 1894 were changed by the under-mentioned Hours per Week.							
	Increases.		Decreases.					
	Under 2.	2 and over.	Under 1.	1 and under 2.	2 and under 4.	4 and under 6.	6 and under 8.	8 and over.
Building Trades.								
Bricklayers - - -	43	—	44	135	1,660	—	—	—
Carpenters and joiners - -	—	—	602	1,253	690	40	—	—
Plumbers - - -	—	—	1,142	28	744	30	14	—
Labourers - - -	—	—	415	150	1,330	—	—	—
Other trades - - -	—	—	230	172	1,300	140	—	—
Total - - -	43	—	2,433	1,738	5,724	210	14	—
Metal, Engineering, and Shipbuilding.								
Brass and copper - - -	—	—	—	42	425	180	400	—
Engineering - - -	—	—	—	—	96	480	650	—
Other trades - - -	—	—	—	—	585	575	370	693
Total - - -	—	—	—	42	1,106	1,235	1,420	693
Other Trades.								
Coal mining - - -	—	—	—	900	—	540	504	13
Printing - - -	—	—	—	270	734	773	70	—
Woodworking* - - -	—	—	—	641	3,510	319	200	—
Chemical workers - - -	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,500	419
Miscellaneous - - -	—	85	—	101	2,374	1,655	1,333	555
Total - - -	—	85	—	1,912	6,618	3,278	3,307	987
Employees of Public Authorities	—	—	253	440	24,087	4,813	15,763	943
Grand Total in 1894 -	43	85	2,686	4,141	37,535	9,536	20,504	2,628
Grand Total in 1893 -	1,233	247	5,538	9,800	13,058	14,911	14,111	221

* In addition 80 workpeople had their hours reduced in April, but reverted to their previous hours of labour in November.

CHANGES IN RATES OF WAGES IN 1894—

TABLE 67.—STATEMENT showing for each of the UNDER-MENTIONED OCCUPATIONS the of WAGES were CHANGED during 1894, so far as full particulars have been CHANGES, distinguishing NET INCREASES from NET DECREASES; together

[Extracted from Board of Trade Report on Wages]

Trade.	Number of Workpeople affected			Net effect of Changes on Weekly Wages.			
	By Increases.	By Decreases	Total.*	Total Amount.		Weekly Average per Head.	
				Increase.	Decrease.	Increase.	Decrease.
(1.)	(2.)	(3.)	(4.)	(5.)	(6.)	(7.)	(8.)
Building Trades.							
Bricklayers - - -	4,883	100	{ 4,983 } 18	299 5	—	1 2½	—
Masons - - -	2,697	—	2,697	195 4	—	1 5½	—
Carpenters and joiners -	9,756	1	{ 9,757 } 140	731 12	—	1 5½	—
Slaters - - -	1,044	—	1,044	114 1	—	2 2½	—
Plumbers - - -	2,246	—	2,246	154 5	—	1 4½	—
Plasterers - - -	1,440	—	1,440	90 14	—	1 3	—
Painters and decorators -	2,610	—	2,610	200 2	—	1 6½	—
Labourers - - -	7,452	—	{ 7,452 } 419	492 6	—	1 3½	—
Miscellaneous occupations -	485	—	485	56 11	—	2 4	—
Total in 1894 -	32,618	101	32,993	2,334 0	—	1 5	—
<i>Total in 1893 -</i>	<i>40,017</i>	<i>4,524</i>	<i>44,538</i>	<i>3,302 19†</i>	<i>—</i>	<i>1 5½†</i>	<i>—</i>
Metal, Engineering, and Shipbuilding.							
Pig-iron manufacture - -	4,853	1,610	{ 6,463 } 150	—	7 19	—	0 0½
Iron and steel manufacture	9,069	22,702	31,771	—	1,050 18	—	0 8
Tin-plate - - -	—	6,412	{ 6,412 } 180	—	779 4	—	2 4½
Nail, chain, and rivet -	1,145	5,800	6,945	—	147 12	—	0 5
Brass and copper - - -	202	4	206	34 18	—	3 4½	—
Other metal trades - - -	283	551	{ 834 } 213	30 2	—	0 7	—
Engineering - - -	1,697	220	{ 1,917 } 350	82 6	—	0 8½	—
Shipbuilding - - -	1,090	2,065	3,175	—	25 12	—	0 2
Total in 1894 -	18,344	39,384	58,621	—	1,863 19	—	0 7½
<i>Total in 1893 -</i>	<i>5,377</i>	<i>95,279</i>	<i>121,256</i>	<i>—</i>	<i>5,466 3</i>	<i>—</i>	<i>0 10½</i>

* The italic figures for 1894 in this column represent the number of workpeople whose wages were changed during the year, but at the end of the year stood at the same level as at the beginning. They are used in obtaining the net result in columns 7 and 8 of the table.

NET EFFECT ON WEEKLY RATES.

TOTAL NUMBER of SEPARATE INDIVIDUALS following those OCCUPATIONS whose RATES obtained, and the TOTAL AMOUNT and AVERAGE AMOUNT per HEAD of such with the corresponding TOTALS for each GROUP of TRADES in 1893.

and Hours of Labour, C. 8075 of 1896.]

Trade.	Number of Workpeople affected			Net Effect of Changes on Weekly Wages.			
	By Increases.	By Decreases.	Total.*	Total Amount.		Weekly Average per Head.	
				Increase.	Decrease.	Increase.	Decrease.
(1.)	(2.)	(3.)	(4.)	(5.)	(6.)	(7.)	(8.)
Mining and Quarrying.							
Coal mining " " "	96,268	427,054	{ 523,322 } 2,773	£ s.	£ s.	s. d.	s. d.
Iron mining " " "	180	554	734	—	46,178 17	—	1 9
Other mining " " "	—	10,330	10,330	—	90 10	—	2 5½
Quarrying " " "	2,043	—	2,043	—	745 8	—	1 5½
Total in 1894 -	98,491	437,938	539,202	—	46,745 19	—	1 8½
Total in 1893 -	75,234	103,802	309,026	14,496 6	—	0 1½	—
Textile Trades.							
Cotton " " "	2,488	365	{ 2,853 } 135	200 5	—	1 4	—
Woollen and worsted " " "	809	869	1,678	—	18 13	—	0 2½
Linen and jute " " "	802	2,140	2,942	—	40 3	—	0 3½
Minor textile " " "	61	562	{ 623 } 2,000	—	74 3	—	0 6½
Printing, dyeing, bleaching, and finishing works.	4,502	—	4,502	267 4	—	1 2½	—
Total in 1894 -	8,662	3,936	14,733	334 10	—	0 5½	—
Total in 1893 -	4,196	50,891	55,087	—	964 1	—	0 4½
Clothing Trades.							
Boot and shoe " " "	2,663	—	2,663	236 4	—	2 1½	—
Tailoring " " "	794	1,450	2,244	49 0	—	0 5½	—
Total in 1894 -	3,457	1,450	4,907	335 4	—	1 4½	—
Total in 1893 -	3,599	—	3,599	235 7	—	1 7	—

† The amounts given for 1893 for the building trades differ from those published in the previous report, owing to an alteration in the method of computing. Changes in the hourly rate of wages are sometimes accompanied by changes in hours of labour; and in the present statement such changes in hours have been taken into account in estimating the effect of the changes on weekly wages.

CHANGES IN RATES OF WAGES IN 1894—NET EFFECT ON WEEKLY RATES—continued.

TABLE 67.—STATEMENT showing for each of the UNDER-MENTIONED OCCUPATIONS the TOTAL NUMBER of SEPARATE INDIVIDUALS following those OCCUPATIONS WHOSE RATES of WAGES were CHANGED during 1894, so far as full particulars have been obtained, and the TOTAL AMOUNT and AVERAGE AMOUNT per HEAD of such CHANGES, distinguishing NET INCREASES from NET DECREASES; together with the corresponding TOTALS for each GROUP of TRADES in 1893—continued.

[Extracted from Board of Trade Report on Wages and Hours of Labour, C. 8075 of 1896.]

Trade.	Number of Workpeople affected			Net effect of Changes on Weekly Wages.			
	By Increases.	By Decreases.	Total.*	Total Amount.		Weekly Average per Head.	
				Increase.	Decrease.	Increase.	Decrease.
(1.)	(2.)	(3.)	(4.)	(5.)	(6.)	(7.)	(8.)
Miscellaneous Trades.				<i>£ s.</i>	<i>£ s.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Printing -	440	128	{ 568 } 69	31 1	—	0 11½	—
Wood-working -	537	516	1,053	—	29 12	—	0 6½
Glass manufacture -	33	4,204	4,237	—	963 13	—	4 6½
Chemical workers -	75	197	272	0 19	—	0 0½	—
Bakers and confectioners.	82	—	82	12 14	—	3 1½	—
Dock labour -	2,634	295	2,979	686 8	—	4 7½	—
Tramway service -	48	—	48	3 14	—	1 6½	—
Carters and lorrymen	427	—	427	43 16	—	2 0½	—
Pottery manufacture	—	8	{ 8 } 270	—	2 13	—	0 2½
Other trades -	568	120	688	56 11	—	1 7½	—
Total in 1894 -	4,894	5,468	10,701	—	165 15	—	0 3½
Total in 1893 -	3,270	1,944	5,404	—	23 15	—	0 1
Employees of Public Authorities.							
Government employees.	5,733	—	5,733	438 7	—	1 6½	—
Employees of Local Authorities.	3,260	80	3,340	234 19	—	1 5	—
Police -	156	—	156	7 10	—	0 11½	—
Total in 1894 -	9,149	80	9,229	680 16	—	1 5½	—
Total in 1893 -	10,131	26	10,167	795 9	—	1 6½	—
Grand Total for above Groups in 1894 -	175,615	433,357	670,386	—	45,091 3	—	1 4½
Grand Total in 1893 -	142,364	256,473	549,977	12,426 2½	—	0 5½†	—
Agricultural labourers (1894).	22,481	107,000	129,481	—	2,704 15	—	0 5

* The italic figures for 1894 in this column represent the number of workpeople whose wages were changed during the year, but at the end of the year stood at the same level as at the beginning. They are used in obtaining the net result in columns 7 and 8 of the table.

† For explanation of difference between these amounts and those given in the previous reports, see note (†) on p. 103.

PERCENTAGE CHANGES IN COAL MINERS' WAGES.

TABLE 68.—STATEMENT showing for the PRINCIPAL COAL MINING DISTRICTS in ENGLAND, WALES, and SCOTLAND, the PERCENTAGE INCREASE (+) or DECREASE (–) on the STANDARD TONNAGE RATES for getting COAL, in each YEAR between OCTOBER 1886 (the date of the Board of Trade Census of Wages) and October 1896.

Year.	Yorkshire, Lancashire, and Midland Districts.	South Wales and Monmouthshire.	Durham.	North-umberland.	West Scotland.	Fife and Clackmannan.
	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
1886 - - -	—	— 2½	—	—	—	—
1887 - - -	—	— 2½	—	— 12½	+ 4½	+ 10
1888 - - -	+ 10	+ 5	—	+ 5	+ 10¼	— 5
1889 - - -	+ 10	+ 17½	+ 21½	+ 17½	+ 41½	+ 32½
1890 - - -	+ 20	+ 27½	+ 5	+ 21½	—	+ 12½
Total percentage Increase since 1886 }	+ 40	+ 45	+ 26½	+ 31½	+ 56½	+ 50
1891 - - -	—	+ 1½	+ 5	— 1½	—	—
1892 - - -	—	— 31½	— 10	— 10	— 25	— 25
1893 - - -	—	— 2½	—	—	+ 25	+ 12½
1894 - - -	— 10	+ 1½	—	— 2½	— 25	— 12½
1895 - - -	—	— 8½	— 10	— 10	— 12½	— 12½
1896 (nine months) - -	—	— 1½	—	— 3½	— 12½	— 12½
Total percentage Decrease since 1890 }	— 10	— 41½	— 15	— 27½	— 50	— 50
Net percentage Increase since October 1886 }	+ 30	+ 3½	+ 11½	+ 3½	+ 6½	—

STANDARD RATES OF RATES OF WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOUR SKILLED TRADES IN LARGE

TABLE 69.—STATEMENT showing the STANDARD RATES of WAGES and HOURS of the UNITED KINGDOM by the under-mentioned TRADE

NOTE.—The Rates of Wages given in this Table are for large towns only, United Kingdom. In many cases the rates have been agreed

[Compiled from the periodical Reports of the Trade Societies, and, in

TOWNS.	BRICKLAYERS.			MASONS.		
	Operative Bricklayers' Society.			Operative Stonemason's Friendly Society (for England and Wales) and the United Operative Masons' Association of Scotland (for Scotland).		
	Rate per Hour.	Weekly Hours of Labour.		Rate per Hour.	Weekly Hours of Labour.	
		Summer.	Winter.		Summer.	Winter.
ENGLAND.						
Northern Counties:—	d.			d.		
Newcastle-on-Tyne	9	50	44 and 47	9	50	44
Sunderland	9	50	48	9	50	45
Yorkshire:—						
Bradford	7s½	750	Light to dark.	8½	49½	49½
Hull	8	53	47 and 50	8½	53	47
Leeds	9	49½	Light to dark.	8½	49½	41
Sheffield	9	49½	41½	9	49½	45
Lancashire:—						
Blackburn	9½	49	44	8½	49	42½
Bolton	9½	49½	44	9	48½	43
Liverpool	9	50	47½	9	49½	44
Manchester	10	54½	41½	9	49½	44½
Oldham	9	54½	44	9	48½	41½
Preston	9	49½	45½	9	49½	42
East, Midland and Western Counties:—						
Birmingham	9	54	45	9	54	48
Bristol	8	54	48	8	54	48
Leicester	8½	56½	48	8½	53½	41½
Norwich	9½	56	48	9½	56	50
Nottingham	9	54	44½ average.	9	53	45
London †	10	50	47 and 44	10	50	47 and 44
Southern Counties:—						
Brighton	8	56½	48	8	56½	50½
Portsmouth	8	55½	46½	8	55½	47
WALES.						
Cardiff	8½	54	48	8½	54	47½
SCOTLAND.						
Aberdeen	—	—	—	8	51	—
Dundee	—	—	—	8½ and 9	51	45
Edinburgh	9½	51	45	9	51	45
Glasgow	9	51	44	9	51	45
IRELAND.						
Belfast	7s½	754	745	—	—	—
Dublin	5s½	54	45½ to 52½	8	54	5½

* The figures are corrected up to the time of going to press.

† Rate recognised by the United Bricklayers' Trade, Accident, Sick, and Burial Society.

‡ The London District under the agreements regulating wages in the Building Trade includes places within a 12-mile radius of Charing Cross, except in the case of the Plumbers, who have agreed to a 6-mile radius.

WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOUR. **RECOGNISED BY TRADE UNIONS FOR CERTAIN TOWNS (1896).***

LABOUR (exclusive of Overtime) recognised at certain of the **PRINCIPAL TOWNS** UNIONS for the Occupations specified in 1896.*

and are higher on the average than would be shown for all towns in the upon between the Employers' Associations and the Unions.

some cases, from information specially furnished to the Department.]

CARPENTERS and JOINERS (House).			PLUMBERS (House).			TOWNS.
Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners.			United Operative Plumbers' Association of Great Britain and Ireland.			
Rate per Hour.	Weekly Hours of Labour.		Rate per Hour.	Weekly Hours of Labour.		
	Summer.	Winter.		Summer.	Winter.	
<i>d.</i>			<i>d.</i>			ENGLAND.
9	50	44½	8½	54	54	Northern Counties:— Newcastle-on-Tyne. Sunderland.
9	50	50	7½	53	53	
8	40½	40½	8	40½	40½	Yorkshire:— Bradford.
8	53	47	8	53	47	Hull.
8½	40½	41½	8	50	50	Leeds.
8½	40½	40½	8½	40½	40½	Sheffield.
8½	49	41½	8½	40	44	Lancashire:— Blackburn. Bolton. Liverpool. Manchester. Oldham. Preston.
9	40½	47	9	40	46½	
9	50	47½	9	50	47½	
9	40½	47	9	49½	47	
8½	51½	46½	8½	51½	46½	
8	40½	40½	3s. per week.	40½	40½	
9	54	48	9	54	45	East, Midland and Western Counties:— Birmingham. Bristol. Leicester. Norwich. Nottingham.
8	54	48	8	54	48	
8½	56½	45½	8½	54	48	
7	56	48	0½	56	48	
8½	54	47	9	54	47½	
10	50	47 and 44	11	47	44½ and 41½	
8	56½	56½	8	56½	48	Southern Counties:— Brighton. Portsmouth.
7½	55½	40½	6½ to 7½	56	50½	
8½	54	47½	8½	54	54	WALES. Cardiff.
8	51	45	7½	51	46	SCOTLAND. Aberdeen. Dundee. Edinburgh. Glasgow.
8½	51	45	8	51	45½	
8½	51	45	8	51	45	
9	51	45	8½	51	45	
7½	54	54	6s. per day	54	54	
8½	54	54½	6s. per day	51	51	

* Recognised by the Ancient Guild of Incorporated Brick and Stone Layers.

|| Recognised by the Operative Stonecutters' Society, the rate to be increased to 8½d. if full time is not worked in winter.

¶ Rate to be increased to 8½d. if full time is not worked in winter.

RATES OF WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOUR SKILLED TRADES IN LARGE

TABLE 69.—STATEMENT showing the STANDARD RATES of WAGES and HOURS of
of the UNITED KINGDOM by the under-mentioned TRADE

NOTE.—The Rates of Wages given in this Table are for large towns only,
United Kingdom. In many cases the rates have been agreed

TOWNS.	PLASTERERS.			PAINTERS.		
	National Association of Operative Plasterers (for England and Wales) and Scottish National Operative Plasterers' Federal Union (for Scotland).			—†		
	Rate per Hour.	Weekly Hours of Labour.		Rate per Hour.	Weekly Hours of Labour.	
		Summer.	Winter.		Summer.	Winter.
ENGLAND.						
Northern Counties:—	d.			d.		
Newcastle-on-Tyne -	9½	50½	49½	8½	50	34 to 44½
Sunderland -	9	50½	49½	8	53	—
Yorkshire:—						
Bradford -	8	50½	44½	7½	52	40½
Hull -	8	53	47	57½	55	547
Leeds -	8½	50½	44	7½	56	41
Sheffield -	8½	50½	44½	7	56	56
Lancashire:—						
Blackburn -	8½	50½	44½	8	54	43½
Bolton -	9	53	42	8	54	39
Liverpool -	9	50	47½	8	50	47½
Manchester -	9	52	47	8	52	38½
Oldham -	8½	49	41½	8	52	—
Preston -	8	50½	44½	7½	49½	44½
East, Midland, and Western Counties:—						
Birmingham -	9	53	44½	8	56½	47½
Bristol -	8	50½	44½	7½	54	48
Leicester -	9	54	47	8	56½	56½
Norwich -	7	56	48	5½	54 to 60	54 to 60
Nottingham -	9	54	44	8	56	38½
London -	10	59	47 and 44	8½ and 9	50	44½ and 47½*
Southern Counties:—						
Brighton -	8½	55½	47	6½	56½	56½
Portsmouth -	8	55½	47	6½	55½	55½
WALES.						
Cardiff -	8½	50½	44½	7½	54	5
SCOTLAND.						
Aberdeen -	8	51	42	7	51	40
Dundee -	8½	51	41½	7½	51	40
Edinburgh -	9	51	42½	7½	51	39
Glasgow -	9	51	42½	8	51	39
IRELAND.						
Belfast -	118½	54	51 and 48	7½	54	43
Dublin -	8	54	54	8	50	45

* The figures are corrected up to the time of going to press.

† National Amalgamated Society of Operative House and Ship Painters for Northern Counties, Yorkshire, Lancashire, Nottingham, and Ireland; Amalgamated Society of House Decorators and Painters for Eastern and Midland Counties (except Nottingham), London, Southern Counties and Wales; Scottish National Federation of House and Ship Painters for Scotland.

‡ The hours of labour of ironfounders are generally 53 or 54 per week. In the north of England 53 hours is the rule. It is stated that at a few shops the men work 48 and at some others 60 hours per week.

RECOGNISED BY TRADE UNIONS FOR CERTAIN TOWNS (1896)*—continued.

LABOUR (exclusive of Overtime) recognised at certain of the PRINCIPAL TOWNS UNIONS for the Occupations specified in 1896*—continued.

and are higher on the average than would be shown for all towns in the upon between the Employers' Associations and the Unions.

PATTERNMAKERS.		IRON-FOUNDERS.	ENGINEERS.			TOWNS.
United Pattern Makers' Association.		Friendly Society of Iron-founders of England, Ireland, and Wales.	Amalgamated Society of Engineers.			
Weekly Rates of Wages.	Weekly Hours of Labour.	Weekly Rates of Wages.	Weekly Rates of Wages.			
			Turners.	Fitters.	Smiths.	
<i>s. d.</i>		<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	
35 6	53	34 6	33 6	33 6	33 6	53
35 6	53	33 6	33 6	33 6	33 6	53
36 0	53	36 0	32 0	32 0	32 0	53
36 0	53	36 0	32 0	32 0	32 0	53
36 0	54	36 0	32 0	32 0	33 0	54
36 0	54	38 0	36 0	36 0	36 0	54
36 0	53	36s., 38s., 40s.	34 0	34 0	36 0	53
36 0	53	38 0	34 0	34 0	34 0	53
37 0	54	38 0	34 0	34 0	36 0	54
38 0	53	39 0	33 0	33 0	35 0	53
37 0	53	38 0	30 0	30 0	32 0	53
34 0	53	38 0	32 0	32 0	32 0	53
38 0	53	38 0	34 0	34 0	34 0	53
34 0	54	34 0	33 0	33 0	33 0	54
34 0	54	36 0	32 0	32 0	34 0	54
—	—	26 0	—	—	—	54
36 0	54	36 0	34 0	34 0	36 0	54
42 0 and 42 9	54	40 0	38 0	38 0	38 0	54
35 0	54	34 0	35 0	35 0	35 0	54
36 0	54	34 0	36 0	36 0	36 0	54
	dockyard, 48					dockyard, 48
36 0	54	34 0	36 0	36 0	36 0	54
31 0	54 and 52	34 10 †	28 0	28 0	28 0	54 and 56
30 0	54	35 0 †	28 0	27 0	28 0	54
33 9	54	34 6 †	33 9	33 2	—	54
36 0	54	36 0 †	33 9	33 9	33 9	54
36 0	54	35 0	35 0	34 0	32 0	54
34 0	54	34 0	32 0	32 0	34 0	54
ENGLAND.						
Northern Counties:—						
Newcastle-on-Tyne.						
Sunderland.						
Yorkshire:—						
Bradford.						
Hull.						
Leeds.						
Sheffield.						
Lancashire:—						
Blackburn.						
Bolton.						
Liverpool.						
Manchester.						
Oldham.						
Preston.						
East, Midland, and Western Counties:—						
Birmingham.						
Bristol.						
Leicester.						
Norwich.						
Nottingham.						
London.						
Southern Counties:—						
Brighton.						
Portsmouth.						
WALES.						
Cardiff.						
SCOTLAND.						
Aberdeen.						
Dundee.						
Edinburgh.						
Glasgow.						
IRELAND.						
Belfast.						
Dublin.						

ENGLAND.

Northern Counties:—
Newcastle-on-Tyne.
Sunderland.

Yorkshire:—

Bradford.
Hull.
Leeds.
Sheffield.

Lancashire:—

Blackburn.
Bolton.
Liverpool.
Manchester.
Oldham.
Preston.

East, Midland, and Western Counties:—

Birmingham.
Bristol.
Leicester.
Norwich.
Nottingham.

London.

Southern Counties:—

Brighton.
Portsmouth.

WALES.

Cardiff.

SCOTLAND.

Aberdeen.
Dundee.
Edinburgh.
Glasgow.

IRELAND.

Belfast.
Dublin.

* Recognised by the Hull and District Operative Painters' Society.

|| The wages of ironfounders and engineers at Manchester will be increased 1s. per week from 1st January 1897.

† These wages and hours of labour are recognised by the Amalgamated Society of Engineers.

** The hours given are those of the old agreement, which expired on 1st May 1896. During the present winter some of the painters are continuing to work these hours, while others are conforming to the hours worked by other branches of the Local Building Trade.

RATES OF WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOUR **SKILLED TRADES IN LARGE**

TABLE 69.—STATEMENT showing the STANDARD RATES of WAGES and HOURS of
of the UNITED KINGDOM by the under-mentioned TRADE

NOTE.—The Rates of Wages given in this Table are for large towns only,
United Kingdom. In many cases the rates have been agreed

TOWNS.	BOILER MAKERS AND IRON AND STEEL SHIPBUILDERS.						Weekly Hours of Labour.
	United Society of Boiler Makers and Iron and Steel Shipbuilders.						
	Weekly Rates of Wages. (New work.)						
	Platers (Heavy).		Platers (Light).		Rivettters.		
	Boiler Shops.	Ship Yards.	Boiler Shops.	Ship Yards.	Boiler Shops.	Ship Yards.	
ENGLAND.							
Northern Counties:—							
Newcastle-on-Tyne	s. d. 39 0	s. d. 35 6	s. d. 37 0	s. d. 35 6	s. d. 36 0	s. d. 33 6	53 and 54
Sunderland	39 6	35 6	37 6	35 6	36 0	33 6	53
Yorkshire:—							
Bradford	35 0	—	—	—	32 0	—	53
Hull	37 6	37 6	37 6	37 6	32 6	32 6	53
Leeds	37 0	—	34 0	—	30 0	—	54
Sheffield	38 0	—	38 0	—	34 0	—	54
Lancashire:—							
Blackburn	38 0	—	38 0	—	34 0	—	53
Bolton	38 0	—	38 0	—	34 0	—	53
Liverpool	41 0	39 0	39 0	37 6	35 6	33 6	54
Manchester	38 0	—	38 0	—	34 0	—	53
Oldham	38 0	—	38 0	—	34 0	—	53
Preston	38 0	38 0	38 0	38 0	34 0	33 0	53
East, Midland, and Western Counties:—							
Birmingham	38 0	—	36 0	—	30 0 to 32 0	—	53
Bristol	36 0	36 0	36 0	36 0	32 0	32 0	54
Leicester	36 0	—	36 0	—	30 0	—	54
Norwich	—	—	—	—	34 0	—	54
Nottingham	33 0	—	33 0	—	32 0	—	54
London	{ 42s. to 45s. }	45 0	{ 38s. to 42s. }	45 0	{ 36s. to 39s. }	{ 36s. to 42s. }	{ 54 148 }
Southern Counties:—							
Brighton	42 0	—	39 0	—	36 0	—	54
Portsmouth	36s. to 38s. }	—	33s. to 34s. }	—	33 0	—	43 in Dockyard
WALES.							
Cardiff	45 0	43 0	45 0	42 0	42 0	39 0	Summer, 54 Winter, 43
SCOTLAND.							
Aberdeen	32 3	30 9	32 3	30 9	32 3	29 3	54
Dundee	39 0	33 9	37 0	33 9	35 0	31 6	54
Edinburgh	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Glasgow	40 0	31 3	36 6	31 3	35 0	31 3	54
IRELAND.							
Belfast	39 0	37 0	39 0	37 0	33 6	33 0	54
Dublin	36 0	36 0	36 0	36 0	32 0	32 0	51

* The figures are corrected up to the time of going to press.

† Old work.

RECOGNISED BY TRADE UNIONS FOR CERTAIN TOWNS (1896)*—continued.

LABOUR (exclusive of Overtime) recognised at certain of the PRINCIPAL TOWNS UNIONS for the Occupations specified in 1896*—continued.

and are higher on the average than would be shown for all towns in the upon between the Employers' Associations and the Unions.

SHIP- WRIGHTS.	COMPOSITORS.						TOWNS.
Associated Ship- wrights' Society.	Typographical Associations.						
	Minimum Weekly Rate of Wages.			Maximum Weekly Hours of Labour.			
	Weekly Rates of Wages (New Work).	Book and Jobbing.	Weekly, Bi-Weekly, Tri-Weekly News- papers.	Daily News- papers.	Book and Jobbing.	Weekly, Bi-Weekly, Tri-Weekly News- papers.	
<i>s. d.</i> 37 6 — — 35 6 — — — — 30 0 42 0† — 32 0 — 36 0 — — — 42 0 — 31s. to 34s. 30 0 30 9 34 10½ — 36 0 35 9 36 0†	<i>s. d.</i> 33 6 32 0 32 0 31 6 34 0 33 0 31 6 33 0 35 6 35 0 32 0 31 6 33 0 30 0 32 0 25 0 32 0 30 0 27 0 30 0 30 0 30 0 32 6 32 6 34 0 32 6 35 0	<i>s. d.</i> 35 0 32 0 33 0 32 0 35 0 33 0 31 6 35 0 35 6 35 0 32 0 — 33 0 32 0 — 32 0 30 0 32 0 30 0 32 6 32 6 — 32 6 —	<i>s. d.</i> 42 0 38 0 42 0 42 0 46 0 36 0 34 0 35 0 45 0 42 0 32 0 — 45 0 40 0 35 0 — 36 0 — 37 0 — 40 0 42 0 40 0 40 0 42 0 —	53 54 52½ 54 54 54 54 52 51 52½ 51½ 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 60 54 54 51 51 52½ 52½ 54 54	52 54 52½ 54 54 54 54 52 51 52 48 51½ — 52 — — 54 54 54 54 54 54 60 58 54 54 52½ — 54 —	50 50 51 50 48 53 52 52 50 48 51½ — 50 54 54 54 53 — 56 — 54 51 51 51 51 54 —	ENGLAND. Northern Counties:— Newcastle-on-Tyne. Sunderland. Yorkshire:— Bradford. Hull. Leeds. Sheffield. Lancashire:— Blackburn. Bolton. Liverpool. Manchester. Oldham. Preston. East, Midland, and Western Counties:— Birmingham. Bristol. Leicester. Norwich. Nottingham. London. Southern Counties:— Brighton. Portsmouth. WALES. Cardiff. SCOTLAND. Aberdeen. Dundee. Edinburgh. Glasgow. IRELAND. Belfast. Dublin.

† Repair work; all repairs are done on time work, no piecework is allowed.

AVERAGE RATES OF WAGES

GENERAL

TABLE 70.—STATEMENT showing for the under-mentioned TRADES in the
(exclusive of OVERTIME) at OCTOBER, 1886, of MEX,

[Extracted from Reports by Board of Trade on Rates of Wages in the

Trades.	MEN.	LADS and BOYS.	WOMEN.	GIRLS.
Metal Trades :—	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Pig iron (blast furnaces) -	24 6	10 8	—	—
Iron and steel shipbuilding -	29 3	12 2	—	—
Engineering, &c. -	25 9	9 1	—	—
Tinplate workers -	33 5	11 3	10 4	6 11
Brass work and metal wares -	29 7	8 5	12 11	6 2
Mining and Quarrying :—				
Coal, iron ore, and ironstone mines.	22 11	10 9	8 2	5 7
Metalliferous mines -	16 6	7 0	5 10	4 9
Shale mines and paraffin oil works.	25 0	10 6	—	—
Slate mines and quarries -	22 1	8 0	—	—
Granite quarries and works -	21 11	8 3	—	—
Stone quarries -	23 10	9 10	—	—
China clay and china stone works.	18 8	8 9	6 9	—
Textile Trades :—				
Cotton manufacture -	25 3	9 4	15 3	6 10
Woollen manufacture -	23 2	8 6	13 3	7 5
Worsted and stuff manufac- ture.	23 4	6 6	11 11	6 2
Linen manufacture -	19 9	6 3	8 11	4 11
Jute manufacture -	19 4	6 8	9 7	4 8
Hemp, manilla, cocoa fibre, &c. manufacture.	23 6	6 0	9 8	5 1
Silk manufacture -	22 3	7 2	10 1	5 8
Carpet manufacture -	26 7	8 4	11 1	6 11
Hosiery manufacture -	24 5	9 6	11 6	8 3
Lace manufacture -	27 3	9 4	12 8	6 2
Smallwares manufacture -	20 2	6 9	10 9	5 9
Flock and shoddy manufac- ture.	21 2	10 5	9 9	4 6
Hair, elastic web, and lamp and candle wick manufac- ture.	25 0	7 5	9 10	5 11

IN VARIOUS INDUSTRIES.

SUMMARY.

UNITED KINGDOM the AVERAGE RATES of WAGES for a full WEEK'S WORK
LADS and BOYS, WOMEN and GIRLS respectively.

United Kingdom.—C. 5807, C. 6161, C. 6455, C. 6715, and C. 6889.]

Trades.	MEN.	LADS and BOYS.	WOMEN.	GIRLS.
Woodworking Trades:—	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Saw mills - - -	24 8	8 10	—	—
Wood shipbuilding - -	28 4	6 5	—	—
Cooperage works - -	30 5	7 9	—	—
Coach and carriage building	26 6	6 8	—	—
Railway carriage and waggon building.	25 2	10 6	13 3	7 0
Printing and Engraving Trades:—				
Large works - - -	33 8	8 7	11 9	5 7
Small works - - -	29 2	7 0	10 7	6 2
Newspaper printing works -	37 1	8 4	12 2	6 6
Miscellaneous Trades:—				
Boot and shoe factories -	24 3	8 4	12 6	5 6
Breweries - - -	24 3	9 9	—	—
Distilleries - - -	20 4	9 10	9 5	—
Chemical manure works -	23 0	9 10	8 9	—
Brick and tile works -	22 10	9 0	9 4	7 7
Employees of Local Autho- rities, Gas and Water Companies:—				
Police - - -	27 5	—	—	—
Roads, pavements, and sewers	20 9	9 6	9 0*	—
Gasworks - - -	27 2	12 3	—	—
Waterworks - - -	24 9	11 1	—	—

* Women and girls.

PIG IRON MANUFACTURE AND

TABLE 71.—STATEMENT showing the AVERAGE RATES of WAGES in various Overtime) in the following

Compiled from Report by Board of Trade on the Wages of the

(A.) MANUFACTURE OF PIG

District.	No. of Shifts per Week for which the Rates were paid.	Keepers.		Slaggers.	
		Time.	Piece.	Time.	Piece.
		<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Cleveland (a)	7½ (a)	43 8	52 7	28 2	33 1
Cumberland (a)	7½ (a)	40 9	—	32 2	—
Lancashire	7	44 8	—	31 11	—
Derbyshire, Nottinghamshire, and North Staffordshire.	7	36 3	42 11	26 7	33 10
South Staffordshire	7	28 0	29 3	19 1(c)	24 6(c)
Monmouthshire and Glamorganshire.	7	—	34 3	—	23 3
Scotland	7	—	32 11	19 1(c)	23 0(c)

(B.) IRON AND STEEL

District.	Platers.		Riveters.		Helpers.
	Time.	Piece.	Time.	Piece.	Time.
	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Northumberland and Durham .	—	61 6	30 0	40 8	—
Lancashire	33 6	41 0	30 3	43 0	20 0
London	44 9	—	36 11	—	—
South Wales	41 2	—	39 1	—	—
The Clyde	28 9	48 3	24 3	36 4	16 4
East Coast of Scotland . . .	—	—	24 8	—	—

(a) In this district all the above classes of men worked alternately 6 and 8 shifts per week and, being paid an extra shift for Sunday work, the rates have been calculated on the basis of 7½ shifts per week.

(b) Some of the fillers or chargers were also coke, mine, lime, and coal fillers.

IRON AND STEEL SHIPBUILDING.

DISTRICTS in the UNITED KINGDOM for a full WEEK'S WORK (exclusive of OCCUPATIONS at October, 1886.

Manual Labour Classes in the United Kingdom.—C. 6389 of 1893.]

IRON (BLAST FURNACES)—MEN.

Helpers. <i>Time.</i>	Fillers or Chargers.		Coke Fillers.	Mine Fillers.	District.
	<i>Time.</i>	<i>Piece.</i>	<i>Time.</i>	<i>Time.</i>	
<i>s. d.</i> 22 11	<i>s. d.</i> 33 2	<i>s. d.</i> 38 8	<i>s. d.</i> 24 10	<i>s. d.</i> 26 5	Cleveland. (a)
—	32s. 9d. (Coal fillers included in this average).				Cumberland. (a)
—	34 10	—	29 8	29 6	Lancashire.
23 10	27 0 (b)	31 8 (b)	24s. (including some lime fillers) (b).		Derbyshire, Nottinghamshire, and North Staffordshire.
— (c)	25 8	26 0	21s. 3d. (including lime and coal fillers).		South Staffordshire.
23 9	—	29 7	17s. (including lime fillers).	—	Monmouthshire and Glamorganshire.
— (c)	22 4 (b)	26 11 (b)	— (b)	—	Scotland.

SHIPBUILDING—MEN.

Helpers.	Fitters (d).	Ship Carpenters.	Joiners.	Labourers.	District.
<i>Piece.</i>	<i>Time.</i>	<i>Time.</i>	<i>Time.</i>	<i>Time.</i>	
<i>s. d.</i> 24 8	<i>s. d.</i> 29 4	<i>s. d.</i> 33 1	<i>s. d.</i> 30 3	<i>s. d.</i> 19 1	Northumberland and Durham.
26 8	30 4	32 11	30 1	17 11	Lancashire.
—	38 0	42 0	39 2	23 10	London.
—	35 8	38 10		23 4	South Wales.
25 0	27 3	30 10	28 4	16 0	The Clyde.
—	26 2	29 0	25 9	15 2	East Coast of Scotland.

(c) The helpers are included with the slagers.

(d) Some firms of "Shipbuilders and Engineers" did not distinguish in their returns between the rates paid to ship and engine fitters. The average given above, therefore, depends partly on rates paid to engine fitters.

ENGINEERING AND MACHINERY WORKS,

TABLE 71.—STATEMENT showing the AVERAGE RATES of WAGES in various Overtime) in the following OCCUPATIONS

[Compiled from Report by Board of Trade on the Wages of the

District.	Pattern Makers. Time.	Iron Moulders. Time.	Fettlers or Dressers. Time.	Turners. Time.	Fitters. Time.
ENGLAND AND WALES.					
	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Northumberland, Durham, and N. Riding of Yorks (Cleveland).	29 11	28 5	22 2	29 6	29 0*
W. Riding of Yorks (except Shef- field).	29 3	30 2	20 10	26 11	27 2
Sheffield - - - -	33 9	36 1	23 9	32 5	31 9
Cumberland, Westmoreland, and N. Lancs.	29 5	30 2	20 2	29 4	29 3*
Manchester and Neighbourhood -	34 8	35 7	24 4	31 6	31 11
S. Lancs (except Manchester) -	30 9	32 3	20 3	29 0	29 5*
Salop, Gloucestershire (except Bristol), Herefordshire, and N. Wales.	26 9	25 9	16 5	27 1	25 8
Cheshire, Staffs, Warwickshire, and Worcestershire.	32 0	32 3	21 4	30 1	30 5*
Notts, Derbyshire, and Lincolnshire	23 5	27 8	20 10	26 1	27 8*
Leicestershire, Northants, Hunts, Herts, Beds, and Oxon.	31 4	28 4	17 8	26 10	27 5
Norfolk, Suffolk, and Essex - -	28 7	23 8	16 4	25 3	24 10
London - - - -	39 5	37 10	26 4	38 1	37 6
Kent and Surrey (Extra Metro- politan), and Berks and Hants.	30 9	29 8	20 10	29 1	30 2*
Wilt, Somerset, Dorset, Devon, and Cornwall.	24 2	24 3	16 0	25 3	24 8
Bristol, Monmouthshire, and S. Wales	29 8	27 5	20 2	26 4	28 3*
SCOTLAND.					
Glasgow - - - -	29 10	30 4	22 10	28 6	27 6*
Lanark (except Glasgow) and Dumbartonshire.	28 3	30 5	23 1	23 4	27 1
Renfrew and Ayrshire - -	28 3	30 11	21 0	28 6	27 11*
Stirlingshire, Edinburghshire, Lin- lithgow, Selkirkshire, and Berwick.	28 2	29 2	21 7	26 10	28 0
E Counties of Scotland (N. of the Firth of Forth).	27 7	30 7	18 0	26 2	26 2
IRELAND.					
Belfast - - - -	29 1	29 10	13 8	27 1	27 1*
Dublin - - - -	34 0	34 0	19 2	33 1	32 0
Other Places in Ireland - -	27 8	27 10	17 0	28 7	28 0

* Fitters and Erectors.

† Drillers only.

INCLUDING IRON AND BRASS FOUNDRIES—MEN.

DISTRICTS in the UNITED KINGDOM for a full WEEK'S WORK (exclusive of at October 1886—*continued*).

Manual Labour Classes in the United Kingdom.—C. 6889 of 1893.]

Drillers and Screwers. <i>Time.</i>	Smiths. <i>Time.</i>	Smiths' Strikers. <i>Time.</i>	Riveters. <i>Time.</i>	Labourers. <i>Time.</i>	District.
<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	ENGLAND AND WALES.
22 8	28 3	19 10	31 10	18 10	Northumberland, Durham, and N. Riding of Yorks (Cleveland).
21 5	29 4	19 4	29 0	18 10	W. Riding of Yorks (except Sheffield).
22 7	31 10	21 5	—	19 3	Sheffield.
20 11	28 5	18 4	31 8†	17 11	Cumberland, Westmoreland, and N. Lancs.
21 9	32 11	20 2	31 7	17 11	Manchester and Neighbourhood.
Drillers, 19s. 6d.; Screwers, 19s. 1d.	30 1	18 9	31 1	17 6	S. Lancs (except Manchester).
—	23 9	15 4	26 5	16 1	Salop, Gloucestershire (except Bristol), Herefordshire, and N. Wales.
Drillers, 20s. 2d.; Screwers, 17s. 11d.	30 6	19 6	28 7	18 2	Cheshire, Staffs, Warwickshire, and Worcestershire.
18 8	27 2	18 10	27 7	18 2	Notts, Derbyshire, and Lincolnshire.
18 10†	29 0	17 5	26 3	16 6	Leicester, Northants, Hunts, Herts, Beds, and Oxon.
16 3	22 8	16 7	25 4†	15 7	Norfolk, Suffolk, and Essex.
26 3	33 7	25 6	36 3	23 3	London.
18 5	28 7	17 7	29 0	18 4	Kent and Surrey (extra Metropolitan), and Berks and Hants.
—	23 7	15 1	—	14 10	Wilts, Somerset, Dorset, Devon, and Cornwall.
20 2†	28 4	16 7	26 3	17 2	Bristol, Monmouthshire, and S. Wales.
Drillers, 20s.; Screwers, 20s. 4d.	28 9	18 6	28 0	17 0	SCOTLAND. Glasgow.
20 4†	26 6	17 8	23 11	17 4	Lanark (except Glasgow) and Dumbartonshire.
Drillers, 18s. 8d.; Screwers, 18s. 6d.	28 3	17 4	27 11	17 0	Renfrewshire and Ayrshire.
20 7	26 5	18 5	27 7	18 2	Stirlingshire, Edinburghshire, Linlithgow, Selkirkshire, and Berwick.
19 3	24 10	16 9	25 2	16 10	E. Counties of Scotland (N. of the Firth of Forth).
15 4	26 10	14 11	—	13 0	IRELAND. Belfast.
—	31 6	17 4	—	16 4	Dublin.
—	24 9	13 7	—	13 9	Other Places in Ireland.

† Platers and Riveters.

COAL, IRON ORE, AND

TABLE 71.—STATEMENT showing the AVERAGE RATES of WAGES in various Overtime) in the following

[Extracted from Report by Board of Trade on Rates of Wages in

Districts.	MEN.			
	Deputy Overmen and Firemen.	Coal Hewers.	Shifters, Timbermen or Setters.	Putters and Trammers.
	Time.	Piece.	Time.	Piece.
ENGLAND AND WALES.				
	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Northumberland and Durham - -	28 11	26 0	20 9	19 8
Cumberland and N.W. Lancashire (Furness).	26 1	{ 24 8 (a) 23 7 }	21 9	(c) 19 3
South Lancashire - - - -	23 7	25 0	24 11	19 1
Yorkshire (Cleveland ironstone mines) -	26 0	(b) 23 0	21 5	—
Yorkshire (West and South) - -	29 3	28 0	25 4	22 9
Mid-Derbyshire and Nottinghamshire -	26 8	26 8	(d) 23 11	(c) 17 2
North Staffordshire - - - -	29 4	25 5	23 2	(e) 17 3
South Stafford, South Derby, Warwick, Leicester, and N. Worcester.	27 0	28 5	21 11	17 6
South Shropshire and South Worcestershire.	22 5	(c) { 18 6 (b) 16 8 }	17 4	(c) 16 3
North Somersetshire and Forest of Dean	20 4	22 1	—	21 1
Flintshire, Denbighshire, and North Shropshire.	—	21 5	19 10	—
South Wales and Monmouthshire -	27 6	22 7	23 1	24 8
SCOTLAND.				
Lanarkshire, Stirlingshire, and Dumbartonshire.	22 3	22 8	20 8	20 3
Ayrshire, N.-W. Dumfries-shire and Cantire.	22 8	21 3	—	(c) 19 1
Fife-shire and the Lothians - -	21 7	21 8	—	19 11
IRELAND.				
Counties Tipperary, Antrim, and Sligo -	—	{ 15 9 (a) 12 5 }	—	—

* For percentage changes on the standard tonnage

(a) Iron ore miners.

(b) Ironstone miners.

(c) Some time workers included.

IRONSTONE MINES.*

DISTRICTS in the UNITED KINGDOM for a full WEEK'S WORK (exclusive of OCCUPATIONS at October 1886—*continued*).

Mines and Quarries in the United Kingdom.—C. 6455 of 1891.]

MEN.				LADS AND BOYS.		Districts.
Banks-men.	Screen-men.	Engine Tenters or Brakes-men.	General Labourers (Surface).	Drivers.	Bank and Screen Lads and Boys.	
<i>Time.</i>	<i>Time.</i>	<i>Time.</i>	<i>Time.</i>	<i>Time.</i>	<i>Time.</i>	
<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	ENGLAND AND WALES.
20 7	17 2	24 5	18 2	7 6	8 5	Northumberland and Durham.
20 4	18 8	23 1	18 7	—	10 7	Cumberland and N.W. Lancashire (Furness).
20 8	18 0	27 9	19 0	9 0	—	South Lancashire.
22 0	19 3	23 8	17 8	12 0	—	Yorkshire (Cleveland ironstone mines).
20 11	(d) 19 1	25 8	19 6	10 10	8 2	Yorkshire (West and South).
18 3		25 9	17 11	9 9	9 8	Mid-Derbyshire and Nottinghamshire.
18 11	18 4	24 11	17 4	9 1	10 9	North Staffordshire.
17 11	18 0	26 8	17 10	11 9	10 9	South Stafford, South Derby Warwick, Leicester, and N. Worcester.
17 8	(f) 15 3	19 4	—	8 7	—	South Shropshire and South Worcestershire.
16 11		21 1	14 6	—	—	North Somersetshire and Forest of Dean.
16 9		22 9	16 0	—	9 2	Flintshire, Denbighshire, and North Shropshire.
19 1	18 3	23 2	17 3	10 0	9 10	South Wales and Monmouthshire.
SCOTLAND.						
17 8	16 1	21 5	15 9	12 6	11 11	Lanarkshire, Stirlingshire, and Dumbartonshire.
19 1	(d) 17 9	22 8	16 8	11 7	9 9	Ayrshire, N.-W. Dumfriesshire and Cantire.
18 6	16 4	23 1	16 4	10 5	—	Fifehire and the Lothians.
IRELAND.						
—	—	—	11 2	—	—	Counties Tipperary, Antrim, and Sligo.

rates since October 1886, see Table 68, p. 105.

(c) Time workers.

(d) Some piece workers included.

(f) Screenmen and tipperers.

THE COTTON

TABLE 71.—STATEMENT showing the AVERAGE RATES of WAGES in various Overtime) in the following

[Extracted from Report by Board of Trade on Rates of Wages

Districts.	MEN.		LADS AND BOYS.		WOMEN.
	Self-acting Mule Mindors, Counts not exceeding 80's.	Cotton Cloth Four- Loom Weavers.	Self-acting Mules.		Slubbing, Inter- mediate, Roving Frame Tenters, &c.
			Big Piecers (c).	Little Piecers.	
	Piecs.	Piece.	Time.	Time.	Piece.
ENGLAND AND WALES.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Ashton and Stalybridge -	30 10	21 5	14 2	9 8	15 10
Manchester - - -	33 11	—	15 3	10 10	14 5
Oldham - - -	33 2	—	15 2	11 0	16 7
Rochdale and Heywood -	31 3	19 7	14 11	9 11	14 5
Bolton - - -	34 5	18 10	12 9	8 7	14 1
Stockport - - -	(a)31 2	19 8	13 4	9 1	14 0
Mid-Derbyshire - -	(b)29 10	—	15 3	8 10	11 8
Halifax - - -	28 6	—	12 10	8 6	13 4
Blackburn - - -	25 2	21 0	(d)13 7	—	16 0
Burnley and Colne -	27 2	21 7	16 6	11 0	16 5
Darwen, Accrington, and Clitheroe.	29 6	22 2	14 9	8 0	18 3
Todmorden and Bacup -	24 8	19 5	15 3	10 8	14 0
Bury - - -	29 8	19 2	14 0	9 3	14 10
Preston - - -	28 11	21 11	(d)13 7	—	15 9
Carlisle, Lancaster, and North Lancashire.	26 9	22 2	(d)11 0	—	12 4
Lancashire—not otherwise specified.	32 11	20 0	13 0	8 4	14 0
SCOTLAND - - -	25 5	—	—	—	10 1

(a) Counts 4's to 180's.

(b) Counts 4's to 140's.

INDUSTRY.

DISTRICTS in the UNITED KINGDOM for a full WEEK'S WORK (exclusive of OCCUPATIONS at October 1886—*continued*).

in the Principal Textile Trades of the United Kingdom.—C. 5807 of 1889.]

WOMEN.			GIRLS.		Districts.
Bobbin Winders.	Cotton Cloth.		Little or Back Tenters and Sweepers.	Cotton Cloth Two-Loom Weavers.	
	Three-Loom Weavers.	Four-Loom Weavers.			
Piece.	Piece.	Piece.	Time.	Piece.	
s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	ENGLAND AND WALES.
12 10	16 10	20 4	7 5	11 1	Ashton and Stalybridge.
11 7	14 9	17 9	7 7	9 11	Manchester.
13 8	14 10	19 9	8 4	—	Oldham.
12 4	14 9	19 0	8 5	9 8	Rochdale and Heywood.
13 0	15 9	17 4	6 9	9 7	Bolton.
11 1	15 11	18 4	7 6	10 1	Stockport.
—	—	—	7 11	—	Mid-Derbyshire.
12 3	—	—	7 3	—	Halifax.
13 9	16 6	20 8	8 9	10 11	Blackburn.
—	15 3	21 4	—	10 7	Burnley and Colne.
13 1	16 5	20 11	8 5	10 10	Darwen, Accrington, and Clitheroe.
13 4	14 9	19 4	8 1	9 8	Todmorden and Bacup.
12 0	14 7	18 11	9 2	9 9	Bury.
—	17 11	20 9	8 5	12 3	Preston.
—	14 2	17 11	6 4	9 5	Carlisle, Lancaster, and North Lancashire.
12 9	15 11	18 4	7 5	9 9	Lancashire — not otherwise specified.
—	13 2	—	5 11	8 7	SCOTLAND.

(c) Young men.

(d) Piecers.

THE WOOLLEN

TABLE 71.—STATEMENT showing the AVERAGE RATES of WAGES in various Overtime) in the following

[Extracted from Report by Board of Trade on Rates of Wages in the

Districts.	MEN.				LADS AND BOYS.
	Scrib- blers.	Spinners.	Hand Loom Weavers.	Power Loom Weavers.	Spinners' Piecers.
	Time.	Piece.	Piece.	Piece.	Time.
ENGLAND AND WALES.	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Leeds - - -	22 0	33 10	(a)18 9	15 9	9 5
Halifax - - -	20 0	25 0	—	14 8	8 7
Dewsbury and Batley (coatings)	22 1	31 1	(b)24 8	15 10	10 1
Dewsbury (blankets) - -	19 10	(a)28 7	17 8	13 4	(a)9 11
Huddersfield and suburbs -	20 10	28 5	(b)21 2	22 10	9 3
Neighbourhood of Huddersfield	20 11	26 0	24 4	22 6	8 1
Yeadon and Calverley - -	19 10	(a)31 4	—	19 0	8 2
Cleckheaton and Mirfield -	21 5	26 10	17 5	14 5	8 10
Rochdale and Dobcross -	20 4	22 6	—	17 2	8 2
West of England - -	16 11	(a)21 10	19 8	22 3	—
English towns—not otherwise specified.	18 4	25 11	19 0	10 5	6 8
Wales - - -	19 0	(b)22 3	15 11	18 3	6 1
SCOTLAND.					
(Yarn) - - -	17 8	24 3	—	—	6 8
(Tweeds) - - -	18 5	28 3	22 7	—	7 4
(Shirtings, blankets, &c.).	16 5	(a)23 2	15 0	—	5 2
(Shawls) - - -	—	—	19 7	—	—
IRELAND - - -	—	(b)18 11	—	—	5 8

(a) Time and Piece.

INDUSTRY.

DISTRICTS in the UNITED KINGDOM for a full WEEK'S WORK (exclusive of OCCUPATIONS at October 1886—*continued*).

Principal Textile Trades of the United Kingdom—C.—5907 of 1889.]

WOMEN.			GIRLS.	Districts.
Scribblers' Feeders and Condensor Minders.	Winders.	Power Loom Weavers.	Spinners' Piecers.	
Time.	Piece.	Piece.	Time.	
<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	ENGLAND AND WALES.
10 8	—	13 7	8 3	Leeds.
12 0	—	13 1	7 11	Halifax.
12 3	—	14 4	—	Dewsbury and Batley (coatings).
12 1	—	14 5	—	Dewsbury (blankets).
12 2	(a) 9 9	15 6	7 6	Huddersfield and suburbs.
10 6	12 2	17 10	—	Neighbourhood of Huddersfield.
11 1	—	15 3	—	Yeadon and Calverley.
11 11	—	14 1	—	Cleckheaton and Mirfield.
13 10	13 9	15 1	8 3	Rochdale and Dobcross.
7 9	9 2	13 9	6 7	West of England.
8 3	10 4	11 2	5 9	English towns — not otherwise specified.
8 5	—	12 2	6 3	Wales.
				SCOTLAND.
7 8	—	—	5 2	(Yarn).
8 6	13 5	15 11	5 6	(Tweeds).
—	10 3	11 6	—	(Shirtings, blankets, &c.).
—	(a) 11 9	13 5	—	(Shawls).
—	—	10 6	—	IRELAND.

(b) Time rates.

THE WORSTED AND

TABLE 71.—STATEMENT showing the AVERAGE RATES of WAGES in various Overtime) in the following

[Extracted from Report by Board of Trade on Rates of Wages in the

(A.) THE WORSTED

Districts.	MEN.			LADS AND BOYS.	
	Wool Sorters.	Weaving Over-lookers.	Weavers.	Doffers.	
	Piece.	Time.	Piece.	Full Time.	Half Time.
ENGLAND AND WALES.	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Bradford - - - - -	28 5	31 4	14 7	7 10	3 0
Halifax - - - - -	24 7	31 0	16 4	7 0	2 11
Keighley - - - - -	27 2	29 3	16 11	8 4	3 5
Places in West Riding—not otherwise specified.	27 7	28 10	14 0	7 2	3 3
Places in England outside Yorkshire -	23 7	30 9	—	—	—
SCOTLAND - - - - -	27 3	—	—	—	—

(B.) THE LINEN

Districts.	MEN.			LADS AND BOYS.	WOMEN.
	Roughers or Hacklers.	Sorters.	Tenters or Turners.	Hackling Machine Attendants.	Drawers and Back-Minders.
	Piece.	Piece.	Time and Piece.	Time.	Time.
ENGLAND.	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Leeds, Barnsley, and other places in West Riding.	19 4	22 8	26 5	6 10	7 8
Places in England—not otherwise specified.	19 8	—	31 6	6 7	7 3
SCOTLAND.					
A.—Towns of above 5,000 persons -	18 7	16 3	23 11	6 7	8 0
B.—Towns of less than 5,000 persons -	19 0	19 3	23 7	5 11	7 2
IRELAND.					
Belfast - - - - -	18 6	23 1	37 6	6 3	6 10
Ulster, exclusive of Belfast district -	16 8	20 7	30 5	5 2	6 1

LINEN INDUSTRIES.

DISTRICTS of the UNITED KINGDOM for a full WEEK'S WORK (exclusive of OCCUPATIONS at October 1886—*continued*).

Principal Textile Trades of the United Kingdom—C.—5807 of 1889.]

INDUSTRY.

WOMEN.			GIRLS.		Districts.
Drawers.	Spinners.	Weavers.	Spinners.		
<i>Time.</i>	<i>Time.</i>	<i>Piece.</i>	<i>Full Time.</i>	<i>Half Time.</i>	
<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	ENGLAND AND WALES.
10 3	9 0	13 9	8 2	3 1	Bradford.
10 8	—	13 6	7 6	2 10	Halifax.
10 10	8 7	14 1	8 8	3 6	Keighley.
10 6	9 1	13 4	7 1	3 3	Places in West Riding—not otherwise specified.
9 8	14 6	10 2	—	—	Places in England outside Yorkshire.
6 4	6 1	—	—	—	SCOTLAND.

INDUSTRY.

WOMEN.			GIRLS.		Districts.
Spinners.	Winders.	Weavers.	Doffers.	Weavers.	
Time.	Piece.	Piece.	Time.	Piece.	
<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	ENGLAND.
7 7	10 8	11 6	5 5	6 3	Leeds, Barnsley, and other places in West Riding.
7 7	9 1	12 11	4 10	—	Places in England—not otherwise specified.
					SCOTLAND.
8 4	10 11	9 10	5 7	5 6	A.—Towns of above 5,000 persons.
7 8	9 9	9 6	4 5	5 7	B.—Towns of less than 5,000 persons.
					IRELAND.
8 5	9 3	9 5	5 11	—	Belfast.
7 10	7 7	8 1	4 8	6 9	Ulster, exclusive of Belfast district.

CLOTHING AND

TABLE 71.—STATEMENT showing the AVERAGE RATES of WAGES in various Overtime) in the following OCCUPATIONS

[Compiled from Report by Board of Trade on the Wages of the DRESSMAKING, MILLINERY, AND * MANTLE-MAKING TRADES.]

Name of District.	DRESSMAKING.			MILLINERY.			MANTLE-MAKING.		
	WOMEN.		GIRLS.†	WOMEN.		GIRLS.†	WOMEN.		GIRLS.†
	Fitters.	Other Women		Heads of Tables.	Other Women		Cutters.*	Other Women	
WITH FULL BOARD AND LODGING.									
1. London - -	s. d. 38 0	s. d. 11 2	s. d. —	s. d. 20 0	s. d. 13 6	s. d. —	s. d. 37 0	s. d. —	s. d. —
2. Lancashire and Yorkshire.	41 6	16 10	—	23 6	20 0	—	—	—	—
3. Other parts of England.	27 1	—	—	21 9	12 1	5 8	19 8	12 6	—
Total England -	31 4	12 2	—	20 9	13 9	5 8	26 7	12 6	—
4. Scotland - -	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total England } and Scotland }	31 4	12 2	—	20 9	13 9	5 8	26 7	12 6	—
WITH PARTIAL BOARD (usually Dinner and Tea).									
1. London - -	s. d. 46 0	s. d. 11 1	s. d. —	s. d. —	s. d. —	s. d. —	s. d. 34 4	s. d. —	s. d. —
2. Lancashire and Yorkshire.	60 0	20 0	—	21 0	—	—	40 0	—	—
3. Other parts of England.	—	15 10	—	—	—	3 9	—	—	—
Total England -	46 0	12 8	—	21 0	—	3 9	35 9	—	—
4. Scotland - -	32 7	9 6	—	26 9	—	—	32 3	21 0	—
Total England } and Scotland }	40 4	12 3	—	24 10	—	3 9	34 0	21 0	—
WITHOUT BOARD OR LODGING.									
1. London - -	s. d. —	s. d. 14 1	s. d. 2 8	s. d. —	s. d. 14 3	s. d. 3 7	s. d. 40 0	s. d. 15 6	s. d. 2 0
2. Lancashire and Yorkshire.	50 0	14 7	5 1	30 0	12 6	—	—	13 11	4 3
3. Other parts of England.	—	10 7	3 11	—	11 1	4 9	—	9 1	3 11
Total England -	50 0	13 5	3 11	30 0	13 2	4 2	40 0	13 2	3 11
4. Scotland - -	25 0	12 8	4 8	22 6	11 7	4 3	26 0	14 8	4 7
Total England } and Scotland }	41 8	13 2	4 1	23 7	12 6	4 3	33 0	14 2	4 4

BABY LINEN AND LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING TRADES (*Indoor Workers only*).

Name of District.	WOMEN.		GIRLS.	
	Machinists.	Other Women.	Full Timers.	Half Timers.
Lancashire - -	s. d. 14 4	s. d. 14 10	s. d. 4 4	s. d. 2 8
Glasgow - -	9 3	9 11	3 11	—
Totals - -	13 0	11 8	4 0	2 8

* Rates were also returned for a few men employed as mantle cutters at an average wage of 45s. 6d. per week.

† The returns also included a number of unpaid girls (apprentices and improvers). These numbered 42·6 per cent. of the total number of girls returned under "Dressmaking," 47·0 per cent. under "Millinery," and 14·3 per cent. under "Mantle-making." Very few of these girls had board or lodging provided by employers, and about one-sixth of them paid their employers small premiums.

MISCELLANEOUS TRADES.

DISTRICTS in the UNITED KINGDOM for a full WEEK'S WORK (exclusive of at October 1886—*continued*).

Manual Labour Classes in the United Kingdom.—C. 6889 of 1893.]

BESPOKE TAILORING TRADE (Indoor Workers only).†

Occupations.	London.	Lancashire and Yorkshire.	Other Parts of England.	Total, England.	Edinburgh, Leith, and Glasgow.	Total, England and Scotland.
MEN.	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Cutters - - -	85 6	55 1	54 0	67 2	55 4	65 3
Coat makers - -	36 1	31 4	29 7	33 1	33 0	33 0
Trouser and vest makers -	29 2	19 7	19 11	24 6	26 3	24 10
General journeymen tailors and other workers -	32 10	28 7	23 7	28 9	26 0	27 1

BOOT AND SHOE FACTORIES (Indoor Workers only).

Occupations.	London.	Leicester.	Northampton.	Scotland.
MEN.	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Clickers - - Time	31 5	24 6	24 9	24 5
Pressmen - - Time	21 11	21 1	20 6	24 5
Fitters-up, Lasters, and Rivetters - - Time	—	26 1	—	—
- - Piece	—	26 0	22 10	20 3
Finishers - - Time	—	27 0	—	—
- - Piece	—	32 2	30 8	25 8
WOMEN.				
Fitters - - Time	—	15 2	10 8	11 7
- - Piece	—	16 0	13 2	—
Machinists - - Time	—	15 4	10 11	12 8
- - Piece	—	16 7	—	—

MISCELLANEOUS TRADES.**BREWERIES.**

Occupations.	London.	Burton.	Lancashire.	S.E. Counties of England.	S.W. Counties of England.	Edinburgh.
MEN.	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Maltmen - Time	26 3	21 3	23 1	23 2	18 11	22 3
Cellarmen - Time	27 7	19 4	22 7	20 4	18 2	20 2
Coopers - Time	40 4	32 7	35 9	32 1	33 0	27 1
- Piece	41 0	35 4	39 0	—	—	—
Draymen - Time	26 11	18 0	24 5	22 2	18 0	22 0
Labourers - Time	23 9	18 0	22 0	18 11	15 6	17 7

DISTILLERIES.

Occupations.	London and Liverpool.	Edinburgh.	Glasgow.	Fife and Clackmannan.	Northern Counties of Scotland.	Ireland.
MEN.	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Foremen - Time	30 2	27 2	30 1	26 0	27 10	28 7
Maltmen - Time	—	18 7	19 8	18 3	19 0	16 0
Coopers - Time	35 2	26 11	30 11	25 11	27 7	34 10
Labourers, &c. - Time	19 8	17 4	18 4	16 9	16 10	14 9

† The averages given for this industry are as at 1st November 1886.

MISCELLANEOUS

TABLE 71.—STATEMENT showing the AVERAGE RATES of WAGES in various Overtime) in the following

[Compiled from Report by Board of Trade on the Wages of the

TIN PLATE WORKS.

Occupations.	South Wales and Monmouthshire.	Occupations.	South Wales and Monmouthshire.
MEN.	<i>s. d.</i>	WOMEN.	<i>s. d.</i>
Rollers - - - Piece	47 0	Openers - - - Piece	11 8
Doublers - - - Piece	40 0		
Heaters - - - Piece	34 3	Picklers - - - { Time	10 0
Shearers - - - Piece	44 4	{ Piece	12 0
Tinmen - - - Piece	42 4		
Washmen - - - Piece	41 1	Rubbers - - - Piece	9 8
Engine Drivers - - - Time	27 4		
Labourers - - - Time	17 5		

MANUFACTURE OF BRASS WORK AND METAL WARES.

Occupations.	London.	Midlands.	Lancashire and Yorkshire.	Scotland.
MEN.	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Moulders and Casters - Time	36 8	31 9	30 11	30 5
Brass Finishers - - - Time	37 3	27 5	29 6	29 1
Coppersmiths - - - Time	—	—	30 8	30 6

SAW MILLS.

Occupations.	London.	Lancashire.	Southern Counties of England.	Scotland.
MEN.	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Machinists - - - Time	36 10	31 7	28 0	26 8
Mill Sawyers - - - Time	32 2	28 2	27 6	25 2
General Labourers - - - Time	23 10	21 1	18 10	18 2

WOOD SHIPBUILDING.

Occupation.	North of England.	Norfolk, Suffolk, and Essex.	Thames and South Coast of England.
MEN.	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Shipwrights - - - Time	33 6	29 7	26 8

COOPERAGE WORKS.

Occupation.	Liverpool.	Scotland (Glasgow, Edinburgh, Leith, and Aberdeen).
MEN.	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Coopers - - - { Time	33 9	26 10
{ Piece	39 2	27 6

TRADES—continued.

DISTRICTS in the UNITED KINGDOM for a full WEEK'S WORK (exclusive of OCCUPATIONS at October 1886—continued.

Manual Labour Classes of the United Kingdom.—O. 6889 of 1893.]

COACH AND CARRIAGE BUILDING (including Van, Cart, Wagon, and Wheel Works).

Occupations.	London.*	Midlands, S. Lancs, and Yorkshire.	West Scotland.	Dublin and Belfast.
MEN.	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Body Makers - { Time	33 10	31 8	28 7	28 7
- { Piece	40 3	44 8	—	38 5
Carriage Makers - { Time	31 10	33 4	28 9	28 0
- { Piece	35 8	33 4	29 0	34 8
Smiths - { Time	37 4	—	—	—
- { Piece	34 0	29 7	28 10	29 9
Wheel Makers - { Time	41 9	—	—	—
- { Piece	—	—	—	—

RAILWAY CARRIAGE AND WAGON BUILDING WORKS.			PRINTING AND ENGRAVING TRADES (LARGE WORKS).†			CHEMICAL MANURE WORKS.	
Occupations.	Birming- ham.		Occupations.	London.	Scotland.	Occupations.	N. and E. Counties of England.
MEN.	<i>s. d.</i>		MEN.	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	MEN.	<i>s. d.</i>
Coach makers { Time	32 0		Composi- tors. { Time	36 3	30 11	Phosphatic Department.	
- { Piece	33 11			33 7	29 3	Millers - Time	26 8
Coach finishers { Time	30 0		Readers - Time	40 7	38 7	Mixers - Time	22 2
- { Piece	31 6			—	—	Labourers Time	19 1
Wagon makers { Time	30 0		Pressmen Time	36 6	30 4	Acid Department.	
- { Piece	29 7			—	—		
Smiths - { Time	31 6		Machine minders { Time	40 1	31 11	Skilled labourers { Time	25 8
- { Piece	31 9			—	—	Labourers Time	20 4
Smiths' strikers { Time	21 7						
- { Piece	20 8						
Labourers Time	17 10						

MANUFACTURE OF BRICKS, TILES, &c.‡

Occupations.	Lancashire.	Midlands.	South-East England.	South-West England.	Scotland.
MEN.	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Claygetters and clay- holemen - { Time	22 8	18 1	—	17 1	18 3
- { Piece	26 5	—	—	—	23 1
Brick moulders - - Piece	26 3	23 11	27 8	21 3	25 4
Kilnmen - - { Time	25 9	18 11	23 8	18 5	20 8
- { Piece	—	28 6	30 1	—	27 4

* The rates of wages may have been slightly higher in London, as many of the principal firms did not furnish returns.

† Exclusive of newspaper works.

‡ The averages given for this industry are as at 7th May 1887.

RAILWAY SERVANTS—CLASSIFICATION

TABLE 72.—STATEMENT showing the NUMBERS of MEN in the under-mentioned and WALES, SCOTLAND, and IRELAND, respectively, classified according corresponding TOTAL FIGURES

[Compiled from Report by Board of Trade on the Wages of the
ENGLAND AND WALES.

Occupation.	Number paid at Rates falling within the under-mentioned Limits.								Total.
	Over 40s.	Over 35s. and up to 40s.	Over 30s. and up to 35s.	Over 25s. and up to 30s.	Over 20s. and up to 25s.	Over 15s.* and up to 20s.	Over 10s. and up to 15s.*	Up to 10s.	
Coaching Dept.:									
Foremen - -	—	24	125	537	1,008	213	—	—	1,902
Porters - -	—	—	1	38	1,043	12,542	54	—	13,678
Shunters - -	—	—	10	164	1,168	1,053	—	—	2,395
Passenger guards, goods guards and brakemen.	52	163	858	5,508	3,988	271	—	—	10,820
Ticket collectors and examiners.	—	—	1	86	1,288	568	—	—	1,943
Signalmen - -	—	5	236	3,281	9,896	2,351	—	—	15,759
Goods Dept.:									
Checkers - -	—	9	45	1,136	3,453	1,006	—	—	5,648
Shunters - -	—	—	13	753	2,025	1,339	—	—	4,180
Goods guards and brakemen.	—	—	288	1,160	464	44	—	—	1,955
Porters - -	—	—	108	394	5,420	10,390	12	—	16,324
Carmen and draymen	—	—	—	620	5,547	2,638	28	—	8,833
Locomotive, Carriage, and Wagon Dept.:									
Engine Drivers -	9,126	2,370	2,021	11	—	—	—	—	13,528
Firemen - -	—	—	130	4,674	7,231	1,579	—	—	13,623
Labourers - -	—	7	151	1,049	6,949	18,497	137	—	26,790
Mechanics (metal) -	224	2,367	5,930	5,151	2,026	386	—	—	16,084
„ (wood) -	10	194	1,640	3,879	967	210	—	—	6,909
Machinists and turners.	7	153	627	832	1,571	1,553	—	—	4,723
Painters, polishers, plumbers, and carriage trimmers.	5	43	245	1,333	793	438	—	—	2,877
Engineer's Dept.:									
Gangers, platelayers, and packers.	3	18	84	1,163	8,673	23,392	61	—	33,394
Carpenters - -	9	144	838	1,194	483	87	—	—	2,805
Labourers - -	—	—	4	121	3,541	15,203	128	—	18,999
Total for above occupations, 1891.	9,436	5,407	13,403	33,103	67,518	93,742	420	—	223,119
Percentage - -	4'2	2'5	6'0	14'8	30'3	42'0	'2	—	100'0
Total for above occupations, 1886	6,927	4,714	9,181	25,745	54,428	80,097	369	—	181,461
Percentage - -	3'8	2'6	5'1	14'2	30'0	44'1	'2	—	100'0

* Often 15s. was the minimum rate paid to men, and the numbers paid at this rate

OF WEEKLY RATES OF WAGES.

OCCUPATIONS in the EMPLOYMENT of the PRINCIPAL RAILWAY COMPANIES of ENGLAND to their various WEEKLY RATES of WAGES in 1891, together with the for the year 1886.

Manual Labour Classes in the United Kingdom.—C. 6889 of 1893.]

SCOTLAND.

Occupation.	Number paid at Rates falling within the under-mentioned Limits.								Total.
	Over 40s.	Over 35s. and up to 40s.	Over 30s. and up to 35s.	Over 25s. and up to 30s.	Over 20s. and up to 25s.	Over 15s.* and up to 20s.	Over 10s. and up to 15s.*	Up to 10s.	
Coaching Dept.:									
Foremen - -	—	3	5	17	64	34	—	—	123
Porters - -	—	—	—	15	84	1,874	—	—	1,973
Shunters - -	—	—	51	224	117	53	—	—	445
Passenger guards, goods guards and brakemen.	14	6	2	1,278	905	37	—	—	2,239
Ticket collectors and examiners.	—	—	1	5	47	99	—	—	152
Signalmen - -	—	—	6	45	1,713	665	—	—	2,429
Goods Dept.:									
Checkers - -	—	—	2	19	304	125	—	—	450
Shunters - -	—	—	5	60	147	160	4	—	376
Goods guards and brakemen.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Porters - -	—	—	4	35	472	1,038	10	—	1,559
Carmen and draymen	—	—	—	85	769	226	—	—	1,080
Locomotive, Carriage, and Wagon Dept.:									
Engine Drivers -	175	862	445	650	—	—	—	—	2,132
Firemen - -	—	—	—	—	1,365	751	—	—	2,116
Labourers - -	—	—	2	22	290	2,442	315	—	3,071
Mechanics (metal) -	7	36	350	1,056	215	51	—	—	1,715
" (wood) - -	—	1	57	723	170	17	—	—	968
Machinists and turners.	—	—	29	169	191	184	—	—	563
Painters, polishers, plumbers, and carriage trimmers.	—	1	6	256	52	34	—	—	349
Engineer's Dept.:									
Gangers, platelayers, and packers.	—	—	4	34	964	5,483	5	—	6,510
Carpenters - -	4	10	66	134	62	35	—	—	311
Labourers - -	—	—	—	1	84	453	45	—	538
Total for above occupations, 1891.	200	919	1,035	4,818	8,032	13,766	379	—	29,149
Percentage - -	.7	3.2	3.5	16.5	27.6	47.2	1.3	—	100.0
Total for above occupations, 1886.	162	652	803	3,877	6,344	13,407	563	—	25,907
Percentage - -	.6	2.5	3.1	15.0	24.6	52.0	2.2	—	100.0

as a minimum are included with the numbers paid over 15s. and up to 20s.

RAILWAY SERVANTS—CLASSIFICATION

TABLE 72.—STATEMENT showing the NUMBERS of MEN in the under-mentioned and WALES, SCOTLAND and IRELAND, respectively, classified according corresponding TOTAL FIGURES

IRELAND.

Occupation.	Number paid at Rates falling within the under-mentioned Limits.								Total.
	Over 40s.	Over 35s. and up to 40s.	Over 30s. and up to 35s.	Over 25s. and up to 30s.	Over 20s. and up to 25s.	Over 15s. and up to 20s.	Over 10s. and up to 15s.	Up to 10s.	
Coaching Dept.:									
Foremen - -	—	—	—	2	27	125	—	—	154
Porters - -	—	—	—	—	—	412	824	7	1,243
Shunters - -	—	—	—	—	9	43	5	—	57
Passenger guards, goods guards and brakemen.	—	—	—	29	166	87	8	—	290
Ticket collectors and examiners.	—	—	1	1	13	71	17	—	103
Signalmen - -	—	—	—	1	148	355	46	—	550
Goods Dept.:									
Checkers - -	—	—	—	7	71	88	25	—	191
Shunters - -	—	—	—	1	38	70	8	—	117
Goods guards and brakemen.	—	—	—	2	95	34	—	—	131
Porters - -	—	—	—	—	13	576	361	—	950
Carmen and draymen	—	—	—	—	7	6	15	—	28
Locomotive Carriage and Wagon Dept.:									
Engine drivers -	253	91	118	24	7	—	—	—	493
Firemen - -	—	—	—	—	257	229	9	—	495
Labourers - -	—	—	—	4	47	479	468	1	999
Mechanics (metal) -	2	79	373	114	77	50	—	—	694
„ (wood) - -	—	5	26	155	83	11	—	—	253
Machinists and turners.	—	1	47	36	53	92	—	—	229
Painters, polishers, plumbers, and carriage trimmers.	—	—	8	60	28	14	—	—	119
Engineer's Dept.:									
Gangers, platelayers, and packers.	—	3	—	2	36	763	2,931	—	3,735
Carpenters - -	—	3	35	71	39	7	—	—	155
Labourers - -	—	—	—	2	3	66	1,079	16	1,166
Total for above occupations, 1891.	255	182	607	520	1,220	3,878	5,796	24	12,182
Percentage -	2'1	1'5	5'0	4'3	10'0	29'4	47'6	*2	100'0
Total for above occupations, 1886.	208	128	556	480	886	2,882	5,854	52	11,041
Percentage -	1'8	1'2	5'0	4'4	8'0	26'1	53'0	*5	100'0

* Often 15s. was the minimum rate paid to men, and the numbers paid at this rate

OF WEEKLY RATES OF WAGES.—*continued.*

OCCUPATIONS in the EMPLOYMENT of the principal RAILWAY COMPANIES of ENGLAND to their various WEEKLY RATES of WAGES in 1891, together with the for the year 1886.—*continued.*

UNITED KINGDOM.

Occupation.	Number paid at Rates falling within the under-mentioned Limits.								Total.
	Over 40s.	Over 35s. and up to 40s.	Over 30s. and up to 35s.	Over 25s. and up to 30s.	Over 20s. and up to 25s.	Over 15s.* and up to 20s.	Over 10s. and up to 15s.*	Up to 10s.	
Coaching Dept.:									
Foremen - -	—	27	130	556	1,004	372	—	—	2,179
Porters - -	—	—	1	53	1,127	14,828	878	7	16,894
Shunters - -	—	—	61	388	1,294	1,140	5	—	2,897
Passenger guards, goods guards and brakemen.	66	169	840	6,815	5,056	395	8	—	13,349
Ticket collectors and examiners.	—	—	3	92	1,348	738	17	—	2,196
Signalmen - -	—	5	242	3,527	11,747	3,371	46	—	18,738
Goods Dept.:									
Checkers - -	—	9	47	1,162	3,827	1,219	25	—	6,289
Shunters - -	—	—	18	814	2,210	1,560	12	—	4,623
Good guards and brakemen.	—	—	283	1,161	559	78	—	—	2,086
Porters - -	—	—	112	429	5,905	12,004	333	—	18,833
Carmen and draymen	—	—	—	705	6,323	2,870	43	—	9,941
Locomotive Carriage and Wagon Dept.:									
Engine drivers -	9,554	3,323	2,584	685	7	—	—	—	16,153
Firemen - -	—	—	139	4,674	8,853	2,559	9	—	16,234
Labourers - -	—	7	153	1,075	7,286	21,413	920	1	30,860
Mechanics (metal) -	233	2,462	6,652	6,321	2,318	487	—	—	18,463
" (wood) -	10	200	1,732	4,757	1,223	238	—	—	8,160
Machinists and turners.	7	154	703	1,027	1,815	1,800	—	—	5,515
Painters, polishers, plumbers, and carriage trimmers.	5	44	259	1,673	873	486	—	—	3,245
Engineer's Dept.:									
Gangers, platelayers, and packers.	3	21	88	1,199	9,693	29,638	2,997	—	43,639
Carpenters - -	13	157	969	1,399	584	129	—	—	3,271
Labourers - -	—	—	4	124	3,628	15,729	1,232	16	20,753
Total for above occupations, 1891.	9,891	6,596	15,045	38,441	76,770	111,096	6,595	24	264,450
Percentage -	3'8	2'5	5'7	14'5	29'0	42'0	2'5	'0	100'0
Total for above occupations, 1886.	7,292	5,494	10,540	30,102	61,658	96,336	6,785	52	218,309
Percentage -	3'3	2'5	4'8	13'8	28'3	44'2	3'1	'0	100'0

as a minimum are included with the numbers paid over 15s. and up to 20s.

SEAMEN—CLASSIFICATION

TABLE 73.—STATEMENT of the NUMBER of PETTY OFFICERS, SEAMEN, FIREMEN, UNITED KINGDOM, in 1892,* for employment on board PASSENGER and of WAGES.

[Extracted from Report by Board of Trade on the Wages of the

(A.)—Monthly Rates.—Food provided by the Owners of the Vessels.

Limits of Monthly Rates.	Men.		Lads and Boys.†		Women.		Total.	
	No. employed.	Average Monthly Rate.	No. employed.	Average Monthly Rate.	No. employed.	Average Monthly Rate.	No. employed.	Average Monthly Rate.
		<i>s. d.</i>		<i>s. d.</i>		<i>s. d.</i>		<i>s. d.</i>
Of and above 170s.	17	198 10	—	—	—	—	17	198 10
„ 160s. and under 170s.	38	160 3	—	—	—	—	38	160 3
„ 150s. „ 160s.	21	150 11	—	—	—	—	21	150 11
„ 140s. „ 150s.	69	140 2	—	—	—	—	69	140 2
„ 130s. „ 140s.	107	130 3	—	—	—	—	107	130 3
„ 120s. „ 130s.	441	120 7	—	—	—	—	441	120 7
„ 110s. „ 120s.	420	110 6	—	—	—	—	420	110 6
„ 100s. „ 110s.	1,214	100 8	—	—	—	—	1,214	100 8
„ 90s. „ 100s.	2,219	91 4	—	—	—	—	2,219	91 4
„ 80s. „ 90s.	3,085	82 6	—	—	21	80 0	3,106	82 6
„ 70s. „ 80s.	652	71 3	—	—	10	70 0	662	71 3
„ 60s. „ 70s.	1,444	61 11	—	—	38	60 0	1,482	61 10
„ 50s. „ 60s.	351	50 11	—	—	18	50 0	369	50 11
„ 40s. „ 50s.	341	41 1	7	41 5	8	40 8	356	41 1
„ 30s. „ 40s.	38	38 6	139	30 10	—	—	177	31 3
„ 20s. „ 30s.	—	—	117	21 6	—	—	117	21 6
„ 10s. „ 20s.	—	—	15	12 0	—	—	15	12 0
Totals and Averages	10,457	84 7	278	26 2	95	61 11	10,830	82 10

* The averages in the Table are derived from the rates of wages given in agreements entered into between 19th September and 1st October 1892 for seamen employed on vessels engaged in the foreign trade, and from agreements entered into for the first voyage made in 1892, prior to 30th June for seamen employed on vessels engaged in the home trade.

OF RATES OF WAGES.

and other PERSONS below the grade of OFFICERS engaged at PORTS in the CARGO STEAMERS and SAILING VESSELS,† classified according to the RATES

Manual Labour Classes in the United Kingdom.—C. 6889 of 1893.]

(B.)—Weekly Rates.†—The Crews of the Vessels providing their own Food.

Limits of Weekly Rates.	Men.		Lads and Boys.‡		Women		Total.	
	No. employed.	Average Weekly Rate.	No. employed.	Average Weekly Rate.	No. employed.	Average Weekly Rate.	No. employed.	Average Weekly Rate.
		<i>s. d.</i>		<i>s. d.</i>		<i>s. d.</i>		<i>s. d.</i>
At 50s. - - -	1	50 0	—	—	—	—	1	50 0
Of 42s. 6d. and under 45s.	1	42 6	—	—	—	—	1	42 6
Of 40s. „ 42s. 6d.	5	40 0	—	—	—	—	5	40 0
„ 37s. 6d. „ 40s.	14	38 0	—	—	—	—	14	38 0
„ 35s. „ 37s. 6d.	55	35 8	—	—	—	—	55	35 8
„ 32s. 6d. „ 35s.	177	32 10	—	—	—	—	177	32 10
„ 30s. „ 32s. 6d.	844	30 3	—	—	—	—	844	30 3
„ 27s. 6d. „ 30s.	231	28 2	—	—	—	—	231	28 2
„ 25s. „ 27s. 6d.	143	25 8	—	—	—	—	143	25 8
„ 22s. 6d. „ 25s.	19	23 7	—	—	—	—	19	23 7
„ 20s. „ 22s. 6d.	80	20 9	—	—	—	—	80	20 9
„ 17s. 6d. „ 20s.	23	17 11	1	18 0	—	—	23	17 11
„ 15s. „ 17s. 6d.	2	16 6	22	15 2	—	—	24	15 3
„ 12s. 6d. „ 15s.	—	—	9	13 3	5	12 11	14	13 1
„ 10s. „ 12s. 6d.	—	—	17	11 4	4	10 6	21	11 2
„ 7s. 6d. „ 10s.	—	—	9	8 11	—	—	9	8 11
„ 5s. „ 7s. 6d.	—	—	7	5 1	1	5 0	8	5 1
Totals and Averages	1,600	29 4	65	12 0	10	11 2	1,675	28 7

† No returns of weekly rates of wages paid on sailing vessels were received.

‡ For the purpose of this Table, all male stewards paid 36s. and less per month are taken to be "lads and boys."

§ For the purpose of this Table, all male stewards paid 16s. or less per week are taken to be "lads and boys."

NURSES, ATTENDANTS, AND OTHERS AT HOSPITALS AND**TABLE 74.—STATEMENT showing the NUMBERS of PERSONS of the under-INFIRMARIES, and at LUNATIC ASYLUMS in the UNITED KINGDOM, the AVERAGE ANNUAL RATE***[Compiled from Report by Board of Trade on the Wages of the***A.—HOSPITALS AND INFIRMARIES.****Annual Rates of Pay in addition to Board and Lodging.***

Limits of Annual Rates.	Number paid at Rates falling within the Limits stated.					
	WOMEN.*				MEN.†	*TOTAL MEN AND WOMEN.
	Nurses.	Probationers.	*+Other Women.	Total.		
Of and above 120 <i>l</i> . - -	3	—	—	3	—	3
" 110 <i>l</i> . and under 120 <i>l</i> . - -	—	—	—	—	—	—
" 100 <i>l</i> . " 110 <i>l</i> . - -	24	—	—	24	—	24
" 90 <i>l</i> . " 100 <i>l</i> . - -	3	—	—	3	—	3
" 85 <i>l</i> . " 90 <i>l</i> . - -	3	—	—	3	—	3
" 80 <i>l</i> . " 85 <i>l</i> . - -	18	—	—	18	—	18
" 75 <i>l</i> . " 80 <i>l</i> . - -	6	—	—	6	—	6
" 70 <i>l</i> . " 75 <i>l</i> . - -	11	—	—	11	—	11
" 65 <i>l</i> . " 70 <i>l</i> . - -	2	—	—	2	—	2
" 60 <i>l</i> . " 65 <i>l</i> . - -	44	—	—	44	2	46
" 55 <i>l</i> . " 60 <i>l</i> . - -	7	—	—	7	—	7
" 50 <i>l</i> . " 55 <i>l</i> . - -	38	—	1	39	—	39
" 45 <i>l</i> . " 50 <i>l</i> . - -	19	—	—	19	2	21
" 40 <i>l</i> . " 45 <i>l</i> . - -	45	—	8	53	4	57
" 35 <i>l</i> . " 40 <i>l</i> . - -	28	—	9	37	8	45
" 30 <i>l</i> . " 35 <i>l</i> . - -	190	—	23	213	13	226
" 25 <i>l</i> . " 30 <i>l</i> . - -	351	—	55	406	33	439
" 20 <i>l</i> . " 25 <i>l</i> . - -	661	21	133	815	35	850
" 15 <i>l</i> . " 20 <i>l</i> . - -	357	85	387	829	14	843
" 10 <i>l</i> . " 15 <i>l</i> . - -	78	425	835	1,338	5	1,343
" 5 <i>l</i> . " 10 <i>l</i> . - -	9	53	127	189	—	189
Unpaid - - -	—	229	—	229	—	229
Totals - -	1,897	813	1,578	4,288	116	4,404
Average Annual Rates - -	26<i>l</i>. 16<i>s</i>.	8<i>l</i>. 14<i>s</i>.	14<i>l</i>. 11<i>s</i>.	18<i>l</i>. 17<i>s</i>.	25<i>l</i>. 13<i>s</i>.	19<i>l</i>. 1<i>s</i>.

* About three-fifths of the "Nurses" and "Probationers," and nearly a third of the remainder ("Other Women" and "Men") were provided with some kind of uniform.

† The men were mainly porters, and the "Other Women" principally housemaids, cooks, kitchen and laundry maids.

Notes.—Tables giving the Average Rates of Wages at October 1896 of Police, Employees at and Sewers, will be found in the Abstract of Labour Statistics, pp. 96-101, accompanying the

ASYLUMS—CLASSIFICATION OF RATES OF WAGES.

mentioned CLASSES returned as EMPLOYED in 1886 at HOSPITALS and grouped according to their ANNUAL RATES of PAY, together with of PAY for each CLASS.

Manual Labour Classes in the United Kingdom.—C. 6889 of 1893.]

B.—LUNATIC ASYLUMS.**Annual Rates of Pay in addition to Board and Lodging.***

Limits of Annual Rates.	Number paid at Rates falling within the Limits stated.						*TOTAL MEN AND WOMEN.
	MEN.*			WOMEN.*			
	Attendants.	Others.†	Total.	Attendants.	Others.‡	Total.	
Of 110 <i>l.</i> and under 120 <i>l.</i>	1	3	4	—	—	—	4
" 100 <i>l.</i> " 110 <i>l.</i>	3	3	6	1	—	1	7
" 90 <i>l.</i> " 100 <i>l.</i>	2	1	3	2	1	3	6
" 85 <i>l.</i> " 90 <i>l.</i>	1	1	2	—	—	—	2
" 80 <i>l.</i> " 85 <i>l.</i>	4	3	7	2	—	2	9
" 75 <i>l.</i> " 80 <i>l.</i>	4	4	8	3	—	3	11
" 70 <i>l.</i> " 75 <i>l.</i>	16	5	21	2	—	2	23
" 65 <i>l.</i> " 70 <i>l.</i>	14	5	19	3	3	6	25
" 60 <i>l.</i> " 65 <i>l.</i>	29	5	34	5	4	9	43
" 55 <i>l.</i> " 60 <i>l.</i>	7	9	16	4	1	5	21
" 50 <i>l.</i> " 55 <i>l.</i>	47	43	90	7	6	13	103
" 45 <i>l.</i> " 50 <i>l.</i>	66	33	99	23	2	25	124
" 40 <i>l.</i> " 45 <i>l.</i>	226	83	309	25	12	37	346
" 35 <i>l.</i> " 40 <i>l.</i>	532	87	619	15	19	25	644
" 30 <i>l.</i> " 35 <i>l.</i>	807	124	931	77	54	131	1,062
" 25 <i>l.</i> " 30 <i>l.</i>	667	63	730	221	87	308	1,038
" 20 <i>l.</i> " 25 <i>l.</i>	182	41	223	965	197	1,162	1,385
" 15 <i>l.</i> " 20 <i>l.</i>	117	21	138	1,449	544	1,993	2,181
" 10 <i>l.</i> " 15 <i>l.</i>	22	4	26	339	344	683	709
Under 10 <i>l.</i>	—	2	2	37	38	75	77
Totals -	2,747	540	3,287	3,180	1,303	4,483	7,770
Average Annual Rates	32 <i>l.</i> 9 <i>s.</i>	36 <i>l.</i> 19 <i>s.</i>	33 <i>l.</i> 3 <i>s.</i>	19 <i>l.</i> 15 <i>s.</i>	18 <i>l.</i> 3 <i>s.</i>	19 <i>l.</i> 6 <i>s.</i>	23 <i>l.</i> 3 <i>s.</i>

* More than two-thirds of the "Attendants" and about one-third of the "Others" were provided with uniform.

† The men included in this column principally consisted of porters, tailors, shoemakers, bakers, farm-servants, gardeners, &c.

‡ The women included in this column mainly consisted of cooks, kitchenmaids, housemaids, laundrymaids, dairymaids, &c.

Gas and Water Works, and workpeople engaged in making and cleansing Roads, Pavements, First Annual Report of the Labour Department [C. 7565 of 1894.]

**SUMMARY OF RATES OF WAGES OF WOMEN AND GIRLS
(EXCLUDING HALF-TIMERS) IN TEXTILE TRADES.**

TABLE 75.—STATEMENT showing the NUMBER and AVERAGE WEEKLY WAGES of WOMEN and GIRLS (excluding Half-Timers) employed on 1st October 1886 in various DISTRICTS by TEXTILE SPINNERS and MANUFACTURERS who made RETURNS to the BOARD of TRADE.

[Compiled from Report of Labour Department, Board of Trade, on the Statistics of Employment of Women and Girls. C. 7564 of 1894.]

Districts.	Number of Women and Girls employed (exclusive of Half-Timers).	Average Weekly Wage.
Cotton Trade.		
Ashton-under-Lyne, Stalybridge, and neighbourhood.	10,527	s. d. 15 0
Salford, Manchester, and neighbourhood	5,386	11 11
Oldham and neighbourhood - -	4,657	14 1
Rochdale, Heywood, and neighbourhood.	3,159	13 5
Bolton and neighbourhood - -	5,427	12 1
Stockport and neighbourhood - -	3,295	13 5
Blackburn - - - -	8,117	16 5
Burnley, Colne, Nelson, and Barrowford.	3,255	18 2
Darwen, Accrington, Clitheroe, and neighbourhood.	3,246	16 10
Todmorden, Bacup, and Haslingden -	3,805	15 3
Bury and neighbourhood - -	3,861	14 8
Preston - - - -	4,787	15 5
Lancaster and the northern portion of Lancashire.*	1,429	11 9
Places in Lancashire other than those included in previous Districts.	7,442	12 9
Woollen Trade.		
Yorkshire and Lancashire - -	10,909	13 2
West of England - - -	1,757	10 8
Worsted and Stuff Trade.		
Bradford and neighbourhood - -	9,860	11 8
Other places in West Riding (Yorks) not included in previous district.	8,995	11 0

* Including the town of Carlisle.

SUMMARY OF RATES OF WAGES OF HALF-TIMERS IN TEXTILE TRADES.

TABLE 76.—STATEMENT showing the NUMBER and AVERAGE WEEKLY WAGES of HALF-TIMERS (Boys and Girls) employed on 1st October 1886 in various DISTRICTS by TEXTILE SPINNERS and MANUFACTURERS who made RETURNS to the BOARD OF TRADE.

[Compiled from Report of Labour Department, Board of Trade, on the Statistics of Employment of Women and Girls. C. 7564 of 1894.]

Districts.	Boys.		Girls.	
	Number employed.	Average Weekly Wage.	Number employed.	Average Weekly Wage.
Cotton Trade.				
Ashton-under-Lyne, Stalybridge, and neighbourhood.	627	s. d. 3 2	824	s. d. 2 9
Salford, Manchester, and neighbourhood.	67	2 11	112	2 5
Oldham and neighbourhood -	363	3 9	356	2 11
Rochdale, Heywood, and neighbourhood.	235	3 1	195	3 1
Bolton and neighbourhood -	256	3 0	513	2 6
Stockport and neighbourhood -	236	2 10	544	2 6
Blackburn - - -	1,085	2 9	1,201	2 9
Burnley, Colne, Nelson, and Barrowford.	472	3 0	411	3 0
Darwen, Accrington, Clitheroe, and neighbourhood.	361	2 8	474	2 7
Todmorden, Bacup, and Haslingden.	421	2 11	379	2 8
Bury - - - -	201	2 6	423	2 5
Preston - - - -	338	2 10	660	2 9
Lancaster and the northern portion of Lancashire.*	113	2 2	227	2 2
Places in Lancashire other than those included in previous districts.	358	3 0	705	2 6
Woollen Trade.				
Yorkshire and Lancashire -	345	3 6	299	3 5
Worsted and Stuff Trade				
Bradford and neighbourhood -	797	3 0	1,034	3 1
Halifax and neighbourhood -	374	2 11	516	2 10
Keighley and neighbourhood -	361	3 4	376	3 4
Other places in West Riding (Yorks) not included in previous districts.	416	3 8	492	3 3

* Including the town of Carlisle.

THE PROFIT-SHARING SYSTEM.

NUMBER OF PROFIT-SHARING SCHEMES STARTED.*

TABLE 77.—STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of BRITISH FIRMS that adopted PROFIT-SHARING SCHEMES in each Year since 1829, the NUMBER of such PROFIT-SHARING SCHEMES that have now ceased to exist, and the NUMBER that are still in operation, so far as PARTICULARS could be obtained.†

Year.	Profit-Sharing Schemes.		
	Total Number started in each Year.	Number that have since ceased to exist.	Number still in operation.
1829	1	1	—
1865	5	4	1
1866	6	5	1
1867	4	3	1
1868	1	1	—
1870	1	1	—
1871	2	2	—
1872	4	4	—
1873	2	1	1
1874	1	1	—
1876	3	1	2
1878	2	—	2
1880	2	1	1
1881	2	—	2
1882	2	1	1
1883	3	2	1
1884	3	—	3
1885	3	2	1
1886	6	1	5
1887	7	3	4
1888	6	—	6
1889	19	4	15
1890	32	13	19
1891	16	5	11
1892	15	7	8
1893	5	1	4
1894	5	—	5
1895	5	—	5
1896 (6 months)	2	—	2
Total	165	64	101

* From Report on Profit-Sharing, by the Labour Department of the Board of Trade (Parliamentary Paper C. 7458 of 1894), with additions and corrections based upon later information [see *Labour Gazette*, Vol. III., pp. 207-8, (July, 1895), and Vol. IV., p. 208 (July 1896), and p. 275 (September 1896).]

† Of the firms included in the figures in relation to Profit-Sharing schemes given in last year's Abstract of Labour Statistics, 16 (9 of which sent returns last year) sent no returns in 1896. These 16 firms are, for the present, assumed to still practise Profit-Sharing.

TRADES IN WHICH PROFIT-SHARING SCHEMES HAVE BEEN ADOPTED.*

TABLE 78.—STATEMENT showing NATURE of BUSINESSES in which PROFIT-SHARING SCHEMES have been adopted by BRITISH FIRMS, and the NUMBER of PERSONS employed in the BUSINESSES in which such Schemes are now in operation, so far as PARTICULARS could be obtained.

Nature of Business.	Number of Businesses in which Profit-sharing having been instituted no longer exists.	Number of Businesses in which Profit-sharing now exists.	Number of Persons employed in Businesses in which Profit-sharing now exists.†
Printing and publishing	7	16	3,274
Paper making	—	1	161
Manufacture of stationery	—	1	232
House building, decorating, &c.	4	1	11
Cabinet making and shop fitting	—	2	420
Colour and varnish manufacture	—	1	450
Brick and tile making	—	1	149
Engineering	7	7	4,747
Metal trade	6	1	40
Agriculture	5	9	453
Manufacture of oil cake and manure	—	1	68
Corn, flour, and forage merchants	1	2	87
Corn milling	—	1	161
Provision trade	4	10	1,149
Bakers and biscuit manufacturers	2	2	125
Manufacture of confectionery	—	1	1,513
Brewing	—	2	292
Mineral water manufacture	—	1	500
Textile trades	3	6	2,920
Clothing	6	3	1,568
Drapery	—	3	325
Leather trade (making and working up)	1	2	94
Tobacco manufacture	1	2	2,239
Soap and candle making	1	1	263
Brushmaking	—	1	98
Laundries	2	1	17
Manufacturing chemists	—	2	432
Pottery	1	1	410
Mining and quarrying	3	1	332
Gasworks	—	2	4,369
Tar distilling	—	1	147
Glassmaking	1	—	—
Bookbinding	1	1	101
Mathematical instrument making	1	—	—
Frame making	1	—	—
Tramways	1	—	—
Trained Nurses' Institution	—	1	85
Miscellaneous	5	13	1,836
Total	64	101	29,069

* From Report on Profit-Sharing, by the Labour Department of the Board of Trade (Parliamentary Paper C. 7458 of 1894), with additions and corrections based upon later information [see *Labour Gazette*, Vol. III., pp. 207-8 (July, 1895), and Vol. IV., p. 208 (July, 1896).]

† The numbers employed in some of the businesses vary from seasonal and other causes. The figures given above are a mean between the maximum and minimum numbers employed. In regard to 22 firms, as to which later particulars could not be obtained, the numbers given are, as to 7, those appearing in the Report published in 1894, and as to 15 those supplied by the firms in 1895.

CAUSES OF CESSATION OF PROFIT-SHARING SCHEMES.*

TABLE 79.—STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of PROFIT-SHARING SCHEMES (adopted by BRITISH FIRMS) that have ceased to exist since 1829, owing to the under-mentioned Causes, so far as PARTICULARS could be obtained.

Causes of Cessation.	Number of Cases.
Death of employer - - - - -	2
Job finished - - - - -	2
Enterprise abandoned - - - - -	2
Liquidation or dissolution - - - - -	11
Losses or want of success - - - - -	11
Diminution of profits - - - - -	2
Apathy of employees - - - - -	4
Dissatisfaction of employees and grant of increased wages. - - - - -	1
Disputes with employees - - - - -	3
Dissatisfaction of employers with results - - - - -	15
Grant of shorter hours - - - - -	1
Substitution of fixed rate of interest - - - - -	1
Special circumstances - - - - -	4
Cause not known - - - - -	5
Total - - - - -	64

* From Report on Profit-Sharing, by the Labour Department of the Board of Trade (Parliamentary Paper C. 7429 of 1894), with additions based upon later information [see *Labour Gazette*, Vol. III., pp. 207-8 (July, 1895), and Vol. IV., p. 208 (July, 1896)].

RATIO OF BONUS TO WAGES UNDER PROFIT-SHARING SCHEMES.

TABLE 80.—STATEMENT showing RATIO between BONUS and WAGES in 1894 and 1895 respectively, in BRITISH FIRMS having in operation PROFIT-SHARING SCHEMES, so far as PARTICULARS could be obtained.

Ratio of Bonus to Wages in Cases referred to in Cols. 2-7.	1894.			1895.		
	Number of Cases.†	Number of Em-ployees.‡	Number of Par-ticipants.	Number of Cases.†	Number of Em-ployees.‡	Number of Par-ticipants.
(1.)	(2.)	(3.)	(4.)	(5.)	(6.)	(7.)
Nil - - - - -	25	3,053	—	18	3,092	—
Under 1 per cent. - - - - -	3	1,814	1,613	2	1,322	1,205
1 and under 3 per cent. - - - - -	12	1,443	1,192	17	4,975	3,243
3 " 5 " - - - - -	9	4,444	2,148	6	2,430	1,548
5 " 7 " - - - - -	17	5,154	3,960	13	6,467	3,787
7 " 9 " - - - - -	3	100	85	5	273	202
9 " 11 " - - - - -	11	1,966	889	4	757	661
11 " 13 " - - - - -	—	—	—	2	37	31
13 " 15 " - - - - -	—	—	—	2	195	199
15 " 16 " - - - - -	2	1,879	1,666	1	17	16
17 per cent. - - - - -	1	83	10	—	—	—
21 and under 22 per cent. - - - - -	—	—	—	1	1,792	1,792
36 " 37 " - - - - -	—	—	—	1	85	15
Total - - - - -	83	19,936	11,593	72	21,443	12,639
MEAN BONUS, in all cases.	4.0 per cent. on wages.			4.7 per cent. on wages.		
AVERAGE BONUS in the cases in which bonus was paid, taking into account the number of participants in each case.	6.1 per cent. on wages.			6.7 per cent. on wages.		

† In a few cases in which the bonus is calculated separately for distinct branches of a business the ratios are stated separately for each branch.

‡ The numbers employed by some of the firms vary from seasonal and other causes. The figures given above are a mean between the maximum and minimum numbers employed.

INDUSTRIAL ACCIDENTS IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

TABLE 81.—STATEMENT showing for the UNITED KINGDOM the NUMBER of PERSONS of the under-mentioned CLASSES reported as **KILLED** or **INJURED** by INDUSTRIAL ACCIDENTS during the years 1894 and 1895.

[Compiled from the following Tables 82 to 91, from the Annual Summaries of Mineral Statistics issued by the Home Office, and from the LABOUR GAZETTE.]

Classes of Persons.	1895.		1894.	
	Number reported as killed.	Number reported as injured.	Number reported as killed.	Number reported as injured.
<i>Factory and Workshop Operatives</i> - -	455	10,011	448*	9,301*
<i>Miners :—</i>				
Underground Workers { Coal - -	923	4,713	1,015	} 3,685
{ Metal - -	47	183	40	
Surface Workers { Coal - -	119	525	112	} 470
{ Metal - -	7	49	6	
<i>Quarrymen :—</i>				
Employed inside quarries - -	82	428	} No returns.	
Employed outside quarries - -	20	147		
<i>Seamen :—†</i>				
In Merchant Vessels - - -	1,721	} No returns.	2,022	} No returns.
In Fishing Vessels, &c. - -	515		438	
<i>Railway Servants :—</i>				
In accidents connected with the movement of Railway Vehicles.	442	2,654	479	2,711
In other accidents - - -	47	4,826	43	4,518.
<i>Persons engaged in :—</i>				
Construction or repair of Bridges, Docks, Railways, and other works, &c. (see Table 91).	57	1,281	45‡	933‡
Use or working of Bridges, Docks, Railways, and other works, &c.	33	1,741	33‡	1,510‡
Other employments within scope of Notice of Accidents Act.	25	913	18‡	785‡
Totals - - -	4,493	27,421§	4,699 	23,863¶

* Year ended 31st October 1894.

† Year ended 30th June.

‡ Year ended 31st July 1895.

§ Total, exclusive of Seamen.

|| Total, exclusive of Quarrymen.

¶ Total, exclusive of Quarrymen and Seamen.

ACCIDENTS TO FACTORY AND WORKSHOP OPERATIVES.

DETAILED STATEMENT FOR YEAR 1895.

TABLE 82.—STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of ACCIDENTS to FACTORY and WORKSHOP OPERATIVES, distinguishing MALES (M.) and FEMALES (F.), in the UNITED KINGDOM reported to H.M. CHIEF INSPECTOR OF FACTORIES, by certifying FACTORY SURGEONS, during the YEAR ended 31st December 1895.

[Extracted from the Appendices to the Annual Report of H.M. Chief Inspector of Factories and Workshops. (C.—8068 of 1896.)]

	Adults (over 18).		Young Persons (13 to 18).		Children (11 to 14).		Total.		
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.&F.
Causing Death -	355	14	72	9	4	1	431	24	455
Causing Injury:—									
Amputation of right hand or arm.	29	6	11	4	1	—	41	10	51
Amputation of left hand or arm.	20	3	8	2	—	—	28	5	33
Amputation of part of right hand.	428	110	280	97	19	11	727	218	945
Amputation of part of left hand.	369	70	217	82	12	5	618	157	775
Amputation of any part of leg or foot.	33	—	14	—	1	—	48	—	48
Loss of sight of one or both eyes.	17	10	4	5	—	—	21	15	36
Fracture of limbs or bones of trunk.	276	14	118	24	17	2	411	40	451
Fracture of hand or foot.	201	38	109	28	8	2	318	68	386
Injuries to head and face.	399	89	120	64	7	6	526	159	685
Lacerations, contusions, and other injuries not enumerated above.	3,471	556	1,892	506	180	46	5,493	1,108	6,601
Total Injured -	5,263	896	2,773	812	195	72	8,231	1,780	10,011
Grand Total for 1895 -	5,618	910	2,845	821	199	73	8,662	1,804	10,466
Grand Total for 1894*	5,204	842	2,725	769	162	47	8,091	1,658	9,749

* Twelve months ended 31st October, 1894.

ACCIDENTS TO FACTORY AND WORKSHOP OPERATIVES.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT FOR SERIES OF YEARS.

TABLE 83.—STATEMENT showing, for each of the Years 1881–95, the NUMBER of PERSONS KILLED or INJURED in FACTORIES and WORKSHOPS in the UNITED KINGDOM, distinguishing MALES (M.), and FEMALES (F.).

[Compiled from the Appendices to the Annual Reports of H.M. Chief Inspector of Factories and Workshops.]

Year.*	Killed.			Injured.			Total.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Grand Total M. & F.
1881 - -	392	17	409	5,891	1,299	7,190	6,283	1,316	7,599
1882 - -	425	19	444	6,596	1,461	8,057	7,021	1,480	8,501
1883 - -	396	5	401	7,218	1,377	8,595	7,614	1,382	8,996
1884 - -	382	21	403	7,075	1,486	8,561	7,457	1,507	8,964
1885 - -	356	23	379	5,830	1,414	7,244	6,186	1,437	7,623
1886 - -	309	7	316	5,013	1,327	6,340	5,322	1,334	6,656
1887 - -	359	9	368	5,137	1,322	6,459	5,496	1,331	6,827
1888 - -	369	17	386	5,589	1,462	7,051	5,958	1,479	7,437
1889 - -	432	11	443	5,967	1,557	7,524	6,399	1,568	7,967
1890 - -	436	48	484	6,238	1,489	7,727	6,674	1,537	8,211
1891† - -	405	15	420	6,502	1,605	8,107	6,907	1,620	8,527
1892‡ - -	403	23	426	6,654	1,563	8,217	7,057	1,586	8,643
1893§ - -	403	19	422	6,332	1,432	7,764	6,735	1,451	8,186
1894 - -	430	18	448	7,661	1,640	9,301	8,091	1,658	9,749
1895¶ - -	431	24	455	8,231	1,780	10,011	8,662	1,804	10,466

Note.—From a Parliamentary Paper (No. 402 of 1890) it appears that the number of persons actually at work in factories when the returns were furnished to the Home Office was 3,270,835, but there are no figures available as to the number of persons employed in workshops, although the number is very large.

* Up to and including 1894, the twelve months covered by each report ended on 31st October; in 1895 the period is from January to December.

† In 1891 the total number of factories registered was 67,991, of workshops 77,963.

‡ In 1892 " " " " 71,851.

§ In 1893 " " " " 74,059, of workshops 86,915.

|| In 1894 " " " " 77,712, " 92,141.

¶ In 1895 " " " " 79,110, " 105,116.

FATAL ACCIDENTS TO COAL MINERS.

TABLE 84.—STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of PERSONS employed, and the NUMBER of DEATHS resulting from ACCIDENTS, in and about the MINES of the UNITED KINGDOM under the COAL MINES REGULATION ACT, with the QUANTITIES of MINERAL raised, in each of the Years 1875-95.

[Compiled from the Annual Returns issued by the Home Office.]

Year.	Total Number of Persons employed in and about Coal Mines.*	Tons of Mineral raised.	Number of Deaths resulting from—					Grand Total of Deaths.
			Ex-plosions of Fire-damp or Coal Dust.	Falls of Ground.	Acci-dents in Shafts.	Miscel-laneous Acci-dents Under-ground.	Acci-dents on Surface.	
1875	535,845	147,720,313	238	458	172	227	99	1,244
1876	514,523	148,989,385	95	449	129	149	111	933
1877	494,391	148,346,260	345	448	129	187	99	1,208
1878	475,329	145,798,138	536	469	111	161	86	1,413
1879	476,810	145,366,969	184	426	120	172	71	973
1880	484,933	161,436,793	499	462	91	178	89	1,318
1881	495,477	168,959,981	116	450	110	190	88	954
1882	503,987	171,334,032	250	468	116	208	84	1,126
1883	514,933	178,763,390	134	469	97	246	108	1,054
1884	520,376	174,872,759	65	482	88	213	94	942
1885	520,632	173,223,960	341	439	76	219	75	1,150
1886	519,970	170,006,959	129	461	86	188	89	953
1887	526,277	173,049,795	149	470	84	213	79	995
1888	540,184	182,660,163	49	471	75	209	102	906
1889	581,309	189,663,656	138	465	74	292	143	1,112
1890	632,380	194,605,887	290	434	88	245	137	1,194
1891	667,983	197,693,592	51	476	119	236	123	1,005
1892	683,642	191,954,908	123	435	91	255	112	1,016
1893	683,008	175,236,857	160	412	103	283	120	1,060
1894	705,240	199,451,015	317	444	77	177	112	1,127
1895	700,284	201,738,351	55	426	97	345	119	1,042

Note.—The number of men and boys employed *underground* in mines under the Coal Mines Regulation Act in the United Kingdom, in 1895, was 564,638. (See Summaries of Statistics relating to Mines and Minerals.—C. 8113 of 1896.)

* Or other mines under the Coal Mines Regulation Act.

FATAL ACCIDENTS TO METAL MINERS.

TABLE 85.—STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of PERSONS employed, and the NUMBER of DEATHS resulting from ACCIDENTS, in and about the MINES of the UNITED KINGDOM, under the METALLIFEROUS MINES REGULATION ACTS, in each of the Years 1875-95.

[Compiled from the Annual Returns issued by the Home Office.]

Year.	Total Number of Persons employed.	Number of Deaths resulting from—					Grand Total of Deaths.
		Ex- plosions of Fire- damp.	Falls of Ground.	Acci- dents in Shafts.	Miscel- laneous Acci- dents Under- ground.	Acci- dents on Surface.	
1875	58,073	—	32	35	33	19	119
1876	57,407	—	25	16	23	6	70
1877	57,395	—	41	21	24	11	97
1878	51,458	—	27	19	23	8	77
1879	47,060	—	24	16	16	8	64
1880	52,908	—	31	21	19	13	84
1881	54,942	—	36	22	32	9	99
1882	55,506	—	30	27	17	18	92
1883	50,235	—	31	27	21	7	86
1884	44,120	—	22	12	16	6	56
1885	41,044	—	31	8	19	6	64
1886	41,122	—	21	11	23	10	65
1887	41,749	5	23	18	14	1	56
1888	43,472	1	25	14	25	7	72
1889	43,420	—	28	12	15	9	64
1890	42,054	—	14	10	14	8	46
1891	39,428	—	24	13	9	5	51
1892	38,166	—	19	12	13	8	52
1893	35,789	—	23	12	27	3	65
1894	33,867	—	13	16	11	6	46
1895	33,373	—	21	13	13	7	54

Note.—The number of persons employed *underground* in mines under the Metalliferous Mines Regulation Acts in the United Kingdom, in 1895, was 19,660. (See Summaries of Statistics relating to Mines and Minerals. C.—8113 of 1896.)

FATAL ACCIDENTS TO QUARRYMEN.

TABLE 86.—STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of PERSONS employed, and the NUMBER of DEATHS resulting from ACCIDENTS in and about the QUARRIES (more than 20 feet deep) of the UNITED KINGDOM, under the QUARRIES ACT and FACTORY AND WORKSHOP ACTS, during the Year 1895.*

[Compiled from the Annual Summaries of Statistics relating to Mines and Quarries issued by the Home Office.]

	Inside the Quarries.	Outside the Quarries.	Total.
Number of persons employed - - - -	53,915	50,710	104,625
Number of deaths by each of the following classes of accidents:—			
Falls of ground - - - - -	43	—	43
By blasting - - - - -	8	—	8
During ascent or descent - - - -	1	—	1
Machinery - - - - -	—	6	6
Tramways, sidings, or railways - -	—	8	8
Miscellaneous - - - - -	30	6	36
Total deaths by accidents in 1895 - - -	82	20	102

* The Quarries Act only came into operation in 1895. Figures for previous years are not available.

FATAL ACCIDENTS TO SEAMEN.

TABLE 87.—STATEMENT showing for each Year from 1884–85 to 1894–95 the NUMBER of DEATHS by WRECKS, CASUALTIES, or other ACCIDENTS, amongst SEAMEN employed, or on ARTICLES of AGREEMENT for EMPLOYMENT in REGISTERED MERCHANT VESSELS, FISHING VESSELS, and other BOATS and CRAFT belonging to the UNITED KINGDOM (excluding the CHANNEL ISLANDS)

[Compiled from the Annual Returns issued by the Board of Trade.]

Years ending 30th June.	MERCHANT VESSELS registered in the United Kingdom.			FISHING VESSELS and other Boats and Craft belonging to the United Kingdom.			Grand Total of Deaths by Accident.
	Deaths by Wrecks or Casualties.	Deaths by Accidents other than Wreck or Casualty.	Total.	Deaths by Wrecks or Casualties.*	Deaths by Accidents other than Wreck or Casualty.	Total.	
1884–85 - - -	1,194	701	1,895	185	114	299	2,194
1885–86 - - -	863	663	1,516	177	99	276	1,792
1886–87 - - -	1,364	693	2,047	235	108	343	2,390
1887–88 - - -	1,176	772	1,948	204	212	416	2,364
1888–89 - - -	968	841	1,809	273	178	451	2,260
1889–90 - - -	914	870	1,784	228	124	352	2,136
1890–91 - - -	1,210	789	1,999	149	91	240	2,239
1891–92 - - -	1,106	810	1,915	257	103	360	2,275
1892–93 - - -	971	649	1,620	145	85	230	1,850
1893–94 - - -	1,220	802	2,022	342	96	438	2,460
1894–95 - - -	967	764	1,721	419	96	515	2,236

NOTE.—The returns of the number of seamen employed in British registered vessels (excluding Channel Islands) in 1895 give 239,612 persons, all grades being included.

* The difference between some of the figures entered in this column and those published in previous reports is due to the elimination of the number of lives lost in vessels of the Royal Navy.

ACCIDENTS TO RAILWAY SERVANTS, 1895.

[Compiled from the Annual Report issued by the Board of Trade.
C.-8007 of 1896.]

(A) CONNECTED WITH MOVEMENT OF RAILWAY VEHICLES.

TABLE 88.—STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of SERVANTS of RAILWAY COMPANIES and CONTRACTORS, grouped by OCCUPATIONS, who were KILLED or INJURED by ACCIDENTS connected with the movement of RAILWAY VEHICLES on RAILWAYS in the UNITED KINGDOM during the Year ended 31st December 1895, and classifying their INJURIES as far as practicable.*

Class of Service.	Killed.	Injured.						Total Killed and Injured.
		Causing Amputations.	Dislocations and Fractures.	Contusions, &c.	Cuts, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, &c.	Unspecified and Miscellaneous Injuries.	Total.	
Brakemen and goods' guards.	35	9	41	60	137	240	487	522
Engine drivers	22	6	12	12	76	133	239	261
Firemen	30	5	18	36	111	191	361	391
Guards, passenger	2	1	5	4	35	32	77	79
Labourers	37	4	5	9	15	40	73	110
Mechanics	18	1	3	4	8	16	32	50
Permanent-way men	117	9	17	7	43	60	136	253
Porters	49	12	30	77	96	183	398	447
Shunters	26	9	16	65	74	168	332	358
Signalmen	6	1	1	2	3	7	14	20
Miscellaneous (including contractors' servants).	100	30	39	71	112	253	505	605
Total, 1895	442	87	187	347	710	1,323	2,654	3,096
Total, 1894	479	98	203	396	675	1,399	2,771	3,190

* See note, p. 150.

(B) NOT CONNECTED WITH MOVEMENT OF RAILWAY VEHICLES.

TABLE 89.—STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of RAILWAY SERVANTS reported, during the Year ending 31st December 1895, as having been KILLED or INJURED whilst upon the COMPANIES' PREMISES, by ACCIDENTS not connected with the movement of Railway Vehicles, classified according to the circumstances under which the ACCIDENTS took place.†

[Compiled from the Annual Report issued by the Board of Trade.
C.-8007 of 1896.]

	UNITED KINGDOM.	
	Killed.	Injured.
Whilst loading, unloading, or sheeting waggons	10	1,385
Whilst moving goods and luggage in stations or sheds	3	350
Whilst working at cranes or capstans	4	119
By the falling of wagon doors, lamps, bales of goods, &c.	2	183
From falling off, or when getting on or off, engines or vehicles at rest	2	457
From falling off platforms, ladders, scaffolds, &c.	11	447
By stumbling whilst walking on the lines or platforms	1	424
Whilst attending to stationary engines in sheds, &c.	4	296
By being trampled on or kicked by horses	—	48
Whilst working on the line or in sidings	2	610
Miscellaneous	8	518
Total for 1895	47	4,826
Total for 1894	43	4,518

† See note p. 150.

ACCIDENTS TO RAILWAY SERVANTS, 1880-95.

(C)—COMPARATIVE STATEMENT FOR SERIES OF YEARS.

TABLE 90.—STATEMENT showing, for each of the Years 1881-95, the NUMBER OF SERVANTS of RAILWAY COMPANIES and CONTRACTORS who were KILLED or INJURED on Railways or on the Premises of the COMPANIES in the UNITED KINGDOM, distinguishing ACCIDENTS connected with the movement of RAILWAY VEHICLES and other classes of ACCIDENTS.

[Compiled from the Annual Reports issued by the Board of Trade.]

Year.	(A) By Accidents connected with the movement of Railway Vehicles.			(B) By other Accidents.		
	Killed.	Injured.	Total Killed and Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Total Killed and Injured.
1881*	521	2,446	2,967	41	3,734	3,775
1882	553	2,576	3,129	27	3,987	4,014
1883	554	2,460	3,014	48	3,576	3,624
1884	546	2,819	2,865	39	3,588	3,627
1885	451	2,117	2,568	19	3,208	3,227
1886	425	2,010	2,435	34	3,480	3,514
1887	422	2,075	2,497	34	3,708	3,737
1888	396	2,193	2,589	46	4,392	4,438
1889	435	2,769	3,204	41	5,598	5,634
1890	499	3,122	3,221	37	6,287	6,324
1891	549	3,161	3,710	54	5,995	6,049
1892	534	2,915	3,449	41	5,510	5,551
1893	460	2,631	3,091	56	4,204	4,260
1894	479	2,711	3,190	43	4,518	4,561
1895	442	2,654	3,096	47	4,826	4,873

NOTE.—The number of persons employed on 31st December 1895 by Railway Companies in the United Kingdom is given as 465,112 in the General Report upon Railway Accidents in 1895 (C.—8246).

ACCIDENTS REPORTED UNDER NOTICE OF ACCIDENTS ACT, 1894.*

TABLE 91.—STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of separate ACCIDENTS reported to the BOARD of TRADE under the NOTICE of ACCIDENTS ACT* during the year ended 31st DECEMBER 1895, and the NUMBER of PERSONS KILLED and INJURED in such ACCIDENTS.

[Compiled from particulars supplied by the Railway Department of the Board of Trade.]

A.—DISTINGUISHING NATURE OF EMPLOYMENT.

Group.	Nature of Works, &c.	Construction or Repair.			Use or Working.		
		No. of Accidents.	No. of persons killed.	No. of persons injured.	No. of Accidents.	No. of persons killed.	No. of persons injured.
I.	Bridge - - - -	26	1	28	—	—	—
	Canal - - - -	7	—	7	132	7	127
	Dock† - - - -	318	6	321	1,130	18	1,126
	Gaswork† - - -	28	5	23	228	3	234
	Harbour† - - -	44	1	43	4	—	4
	Pier† - - - -	34	1	33	24	—	24
	Port† - - - -	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Quay† - - - -	4	—	4	57	1	56
	Railway - - - -	399	29	399	1	—	1
	Tramroad - - -	2	—	2	10	1	11
	Tramway - - -	8	1	7	121	1	120
	Tunnel - - - -	200	10	192	—	—	—
	Other Works† - -	167	3	173	39	2	38
II.	Buildings† - -	87§	19§	84§	821	5	817
III.	Traction or other steam engine or machine in the open air.	Act does not apply.			13	1	12
	Totals - - - -	1,324	76	1,315	2,560	39	2,570

B.—DISTINGUISHING NATURE OF INJURY.

(The Groups are the same as in Table A.)

Nature of Injury.	Group I.		Group II.		Group III.
	Construction or Repair.	Use or Working.	Construction or Repair.	Use or Working.	Use or Working.
Fractures - - - -	118	136	19	22	3
Dislocations - - -	15	16	—	3	—
Ruptures and other severe injuries to body - - -	164	206	11	63	2
Injuries to eye - -	27	37	1	82	—
Other injuries to head or face - - - -	197	200	13	47	—
Other injuries to arms or hands - - - -	277	380	14	353	4
Other injuries to legs or feet - - - -	389	634	17	206	3
Miscellaneous injuries - - - -	44	132	9	41	—
Totals - - - -	1,231	1,741	84	817	12

Note.—As this Act only came into operation on July 20th, 1894, and was probably imperfectly known in 1895, the number of accidents reported to the Board of Trade is doubtless below the total number which have occurred in all works included in its provisions during that year.

* Section 6 of the Act states that "Nothing in this Act shall apply to any employment which is for the time being regulated by any Act of Parliament administered by the Secretary of State, or by inspectors appointed by him, or shall require notice to be given of any accident of which notice is required by any other Act to be given to the Board of Trade."

† The Factory and Workshop Act, 1895, provides that accidents occurring in these employments on and after the 1st January 1896, shall be reported to the Inspector of Factories for the District (and in certain cases also to the Certifying Surgeon) instead of to the Board of Trade.

‡ Authorised by any local or personal Act of Parliament.

§ On buildings more than 30 feet high, by means of scaffolding.

|| In buildings more than 30 feet high in which more than 20 persons, not being domestic servants, are employed for wages.

INDUSTRIAL ACTIONS AND PROSECUTIONS.

UNDER THE EMPLOYERS LIABILITY ACT.

TABLE 92.—SUMMARY of ACTIONS tried in ENGLAND and WALES during each of the Years 1881 to 1894.

[Compiled from Home Office Returns.—Parliamentary Papers Nos. 151 of 1884, 320 of 1885, 226 of 1886, 290 of 1888, 357 of 1892, and 301 of 1895.]

Year.	Total Number of Cases tried in the County Courts during year.	Amount of Compensation claimed.	Amount Awarded.	Year.	Total Number of Cases tried in the County Courts during year.	Amount of Compensation claimed.	Amount Awarded.
		£	£			£	£
1881	443*			1888	161	25,668	8,069
1882		73,337*	18,124*	1889	155	24,551	7,930
1883				1890	191	30,664	8,320
1884	99	30,845	8,882	1891	204	28,914	8,730
1885	340	49,466	7,366	1892	186	26,806	8,230
1886	161	28,559	4,791	1893	250	37,008	9,418
1887	170	31,196	6,669	1894	230	33,206	11,343

* Not separately stated for 1881, 1882 and 1883.

UNDER THE MINES REGULATION ACTS.

TABLE 93.—SUMMARY of ACTIONS dealt with in the UNITED KINGDOM during the Year ended 31st December 1895.

[Compiled from Returns furnished by the Home Office.]

Nature of Offence.	Number of Prosecutions.	Number of Convictions.	Amount of Fines and Costs imposed on Defendants.
<i>By Owners, Managers, &c. :—</i>			£
Fencing - - -	20	19	21
Ventilation - - -	14	8	22
Shafts and manholes - -	17	16	55
Miscellaneous - - -	67	49	134
<i>By Workmen :—</i>			
Safety lamps - - -	63	60	54†
Shot-firing and explosives -	46	44	49
Timbering - - -	60	58	53
Lucifer matches, &c. - -	113‡	111	110
Riding on Trams - - -	60	59	38
Miscellaneous - - -	136	131	128
Total for 1895 - - -	596	555	664
Total for 1894 - - -	608	557	664§

† In one case defendant was sentenced to 7 days' imprisonment.

‡ One of these cases was not heard, the workman having absconded.

§ In the case of three of the defendants sentences were passed of 2 months', 30 days', and 14 days' imprisonment respectively, without the option of a fine.

UNDER THE FACTORY AND WORKSHOP ACTS.

TABLE 94.—SUMMARY OF CONVICTIONS obtained by HER MAJESTY'S INSPECTORS OF FACTORIES and WORKSHOPS in the UNITED KINGDOM during the YEAR ended 31st DECEMBER 1895, distinguishing the NATURE of the OFFENCE and the INDUSTRY with which it was connected.

[Compiled from the Appendices to the Annual Report of Her Majesty's Chief Inspector of Factories and Workshops. C.—8068 of 1896.]

	Number of Convictions in under-mentioned Groups of Trades.						Total.
	Building and Furnishing, Wood and Stone Working.	Metal, Engineering, and Ship-building.	Textile Trades.*	Clothing Trades.	Paper and Printing.	Other Trades.	
Offences in connexion with:—							
Forms, Abstracts, and Administration.	62	56	35	238	37	159	637
Insanitary or dangerous conditions (general).	10	26	34	26	17	25	138
Illegal employment of—							
Children - -	8	12	74	19	13	31	157
Young persons -	68	136	201	241	88	274	1,008
Women - -	15	24	239	539	38	103	968
Neglect of Special Rules, &c. for unhealthy industries.	—	2	36	—	—	43	81
Particulars clause -	—	—	26	—	—	—	26
Truck Acts - -	—	—	2	—	—	—	2
Elementary Education Acts.	—	—	1	—	—	—	1
Totals for 1895	163	256	678	1,113	193	635	3,038

* Including Print, Bleach, and Dye Works.

UNDER THE MERCHANT SHIPPING ACTS.

TABLE 95.—SUMMARY of ACTIONS instituted by the BOARD OF TRADE and dealt with in the UNITED KINGDOM under the above Acts during the year ended 31st December 1895.

[Compiled from Returns furnished by the Solicitor's Department of the Board of Trade.]

Nature of Offence.	Number of Prosecutions.	Number of Convictions.	Total Penalties.	Total Costs.
<i>By Owners or Masters of Ships:—</i>			<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>
Allowing centre of disc to be submerged -	18	18	193 3 0	33 6 0
Carrying excessive deck cargoes - -	4	4	12 10 0	3 4 6
Carrying grain in bulk between decks -	10	10	135 0 0	27 5 0
Offences connected with passengers' certificates.	19	19	51 4 2	13 10 10
Acting as skipper without certificate -	2	2	*7 11 0	*2 9 0
Not providing lights or look-out or life-saving appliances.	11	11	73 0 0	5 2 0
Other offences - - - -	21	21	87 19 6	34 6 2
Total for 1895 - -	85	85	500 7 8	119 3 6
" " 1894 - -	147	143	1,283 10 4	350 12 6
<i>By Seamen:—</i>				
Frauds in connexion with discharge note {	2	2	7 0 0	1 14 0
	1	1	One month's imprisonment.	
Other offences - - - -	3	3	Six months' imprisonment with hard labour in each case.	
Total for 1895 - -	6	6	7 0 0	1 14 0
" " 1894 - -	23	24	26 17 6	11 14 0
<i>By Boarding-House Keepers:—</i>				
Illegal boarding - - - -	6	5	12 0 0	22 17 4
Illegal supply - - - -	6	6	12 0 0	2 9 0
Miscellaneous - - - - {	2	2	0 10 0	1 8 6
	1	1	10 0 0	Included in fine.
Total for 1895 - -	15	14	34 10 0	26 14 10
" " 1894 - -	29	27	124 9 0	50 9 0
<i>By other Persons:—</i>				
Illegal boarding - - - -	2	2	6 0 0	—†
Illegal supply - - - -	8	8	40 0 0	4 0 0
Misdealing with wreck - - - -	6	6	2 10 0	1 1 0
Receiving remuneration for procuring employment as seamen.	5	5	9 0 0	110 10 0
Offences by passage brokers and their agents.	5	5	6 0 0	6 13 0
Total for 1895 - -	26	26	63 10 0	22 4 0
" " 1894 - -	1	1	120 0 0	5 5 0
Grand Total for 1895 - -	132	131	665 7 8	169 16 4
" " 1894 - -	203	195	1,534 16 10	519 0 6

* One defendant, who in default of payment, was sent to prison for two months with hard labour.

† One defendant was sent to prison for one month and the other for 14 days.

‡ In default of payment defendant went to prison for three weeks.

GROWTH AND MOVEMENT OF POPULATION.

ESTIMATED POPULATION OF THE UNITED KINGDOM.

TABLE 96.—STATEMENT showing the TOTAL POPULATION of each DIVISION of the UNITED KINGDOM, ESTIMATED to the MIDDLE of each YEAR from 1881 to 1896 (exclusive of the Army, Navy, and Merchant Seamen abroad).

[Extracted from the Statistical Abstract for the United Kingdom.]

Years.	England and Wales.	Scotland.	Ireland.	Total for United Kingdom.	Years.
1881	26,046,142	3,742,564	5,145,770	34,934,476	1881
1882	26,334,942	3,770,657	5,101,018	35,206,617	1882
1883	26,626,949	3,798,961	5,023,811	35,449,721	1883
1884	26,922,192	3,827,478	4,974,561	35,724,231	1884
1885	27,220,706	3,856,807	4,938,588	36,015,601	1885
1886	27,522,532	3,885,155	4,905,895	36,313,582	1886
1887	27,827,706	3,914,318	4,857,119	36,599,143	1887
1888	28,136,258	3,943,701	4,801,312	36,881,271	1888
1889	28,448,239	3,973,805	4,757,385	37,178,929	1889
1890	28,763,673	4,003,132	4,717,959	37,484,764	1890
1891	29,082,585	4,033,180	4,681,248	37,797,013	1891
1892	29,405,054	4,063,452	4,638,169	38,106,675	1892
1893	29,731,100	4,093,959	4,615,312	38,440,371	1893
1894	30,060,763	4,124,691	4,600,599	38,786,053	1894
1895	30,394,078	4,155,654	4,574,764	39,124,496	1895
1896	30,731,092	4,186,849	4,547,779	39,465,720	1896

BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES.

TABLE 97.—STATEMENT showing, for each of the Years 1881 to 1895, the TOTAL NUMBER OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, and MARRIAGES, in ENGLAND and WALES, SCOTLAND and IRELAND.

[Compiled from the Statistical Abstract for the United Kingdom.]

Years.	England and Wales.	Scotland.	Ireland.	Total:— United Kingdom.
BIRTHS.				
1881	883,642	126,171	125,847	1,135,660
1882	889,018	126,158	122,648	1,137,824
1883	890,722	124,458	118,163	1,133,343
1884	906,750	129,157	118,875	1,154,782
1885	894,270	126,100	115,951	1,136,321
1886	903,866	127,890	113,927	1,145,683
1887	886,331	124,418	112,400	1,123,149
1888	879,868	123,269	109,557	1,112,694
1889	885,944	122,733	107,841	1,116,568
1890	869,937	121,526	105,254	1,096,717
1891	914,157	125,986	108,116	1,148,259
1892	897,957	125,043	104,234	1,127,234
1893	914,542	127,110	106,082	1,147,734
1894	890,289	124,367	105,354	1,120,010
1895	921,860	126,454	106,113	1,154,427
DEATHS.				
1881	491,935	72,325	90,035	654,295
1882	516,654	72,989	88,500	678,143
1883	522,997	76,891	96,228	696,116
1884	530,828	75,168	87,154	693,150
1885	522,750	74,607	90,712	688,069
1886	537,276	73,640	87,292	698,208
1887	530,758	74,546	88,585	693,889
1888	510,971	71,174	85,868	668,013
1889	518,353	73,238	82,908	674,499
1890	562,248	79,004	85,850	727,102
1891	587,925	83,578	85,999	757,497
1892	559,684	75,545	90,044	725,273
1893	569,958	79,670	82,821	732,449
1894	498,827	71,112	83,528	653,467
1895	568,758	81,864	84,395	735,017
MARRIAGES.				
1881	197,290	26,004	21,826	245,120
1882	204,405	26,596	22,029	253,030
1883	206,384	26,869	21,368	254,621
1884	204,301	26,106	22,585	252,992
1885	197,745	25,304	21,177	244,226
1886	196,071	24,515	20,594	241,180
1887	200,518	24,876	20,945	246,339
1888	203,821	25,305	20,060	249,186
1889	213,865	26,344	21,521	261,730
1890	223,028	27,469	20,990	271,487
1891	226,526	27,989	21,475	275,970
1892	227,135	28,670	21,530	277,335
1893	218,689	27,145	21,714	267,548
1894	226,449	27,604	21,602	275,655
1895	227,865	28,380	22,963	279,208

EMIGRATION.—DESTINATION OF EMIGRANTS.

TABLE 98.—STATEMENT showing, for each of the YEARS 1881 to 1895, the NUMBER of PASSENGERS, of BRITISH and IRISH ORIGIN, from the UNITED KINGDOM to COUNTRIES out of EUROPE.

[*Extracted from Annual Report of Board of Trade on Emigration and Immigration.—Parliamentary Paper No. 130 of 1896.*]

Years.	To United States.	To British North America.	To Australia and New Zealand.	To Other Places.	Total.
1881	176,104	23,912	22,682	20,304	243,002
1882	181,903	40,441	37,289	19,733	279,366
1883	191,573	44,185	71,264	13,096	320,118
1884	155,280	31,134	44,255	11,510	242,179
1885	137,687	19,338	39,395	10,724	207,644
1886	152,710	24,745	43,076	12,369	232,900
1887	201,526	32,025	34,183	13,753	281,487
1888	195,986	34,853	31,127	17,962	279,928
1889	168,771	28,269	28,294	28,461	253,795
1890	152,413	22,520	21,179	22,004	218,116
1891	156,395	21,578	19,547	20,987	218,507
1892	150,039	23,254	15,950	20,799	210,042
1893	148,949	24,732	11,203	23,980	208,814
1894	104,001	17,459	10,917	23,653	156,030
1895	126,502	16,622	10,567	31,490	185,181

EMIGRATION.—NATIONALITY OF EMIGRANTS.

TABLE 99.—STATEMENT showing, for each of the YEARS 1881 to 1895, the NUMBER of ENGLISH, SCOTCH, IRISH, and FOREIGN EMIGRANTS that left the UNITED KINGDOM for COUNTRIES out of EUROPE.

[Compiled from the Annual Report of Board of Trade on Emigration and Immigration.—Parliamentary Paper No. 130 of 1896.]

Years.	English.	Scotch.	Irish.	Total of British and Irish.	Foreigners.	Nationality not Distinguished.	Total.
1881	139,976	26,826	76,200	243,002	144,881	5,131	393,514
1882	162,992	32,242	84,132	279,366	180,029	3,893	413,288
1883	183,236	31,139	105,743	320,118	73,260	3,779	397,157
1884	147,660	21,953	72,566	242,179	57,783	3,989	303,951
1885	126,260	21,367	60,017	207,644	53,783	2,958	264,385
1886	146,301	25,323	61,276	232,900	94,370	3,531	330,801
1887	168,221	34,365	79,901	281,487	108,572	6,485	396,494
1888	170,822	35,873	73,233	279,928	118,230	5,336	398,494
1889	163,518	25,354	64,923	253,795	83,466	5,390	342,651
1890	139,979	20,653	57,484	218,116	94,515	3,349	315,980
1891	137,881	22,190	58,436	218,507	112,273	3,761	334,543
1892	133,815	23,325	52,902	210,042	107,351	4,004	321,397
1893	134,045	22,637	52,132	208,814	95,123	3,696	307,633
1894	99,590	14,432	42,008	156,030	67,032	3,785	226,847
1895	112,538	18,294	54,349	185,181	82,518	3,773	271,772

IMMIGRANTS FROM COUNTRIES OUT OF EUROPE.

TABLE 100.—STATEMENT showing, for each of the YEARS 1881 to 1895, the NUMBER of IMMIGRANTS that entered the UNITED KINGDOM from COUNTRIES out of EUROPE.

[Compiled from the Annual Report of Board of Trade on Emigration and Immigration.—Parliamentary Paper No. 130 of 1896.]

Years.	British and Irish.	Foreigners.	Nationality not distinguished.	Total.
1881	52,707	24,398	—	77,105
1882	54,711	22,582	5,511	82,804
1883	73,804	26,699	—	100,503
1884	91,356	32,007	103	123,466
1885	85,468	27,006	1,075	113,549
1886	80,018	28,474	387	108,879
1887	85,475	32,008	1,580	119,018
1888	94,133	33,895	851	128,879
1889	103,070	43,122	1,206	147,398
1890	109,470	44,663	1,777	155,910
1891	108,037	47,197	1,135	151,369
1892	97,780	44,673	1,294	143,747
1893	102,119	37,634	1,301	141,054
1894	118,309	66,129	1,361	185,799
1895	109,418	64,803	1,453	175,674

BALANCE OF BRITISH AND IRISH PASSENGER MOVEMENT.

TABLE 101.—STATEMENT showing, for each of the YEARS 1881 to 1895, the BALANCE of EMIGRATION from the UNITED KINGDOM to Places out of EUROPE, of PERSONS of BRITISH and IRISH Origin only, deducting RECORDED IMMIGRATION from RECORDED EMIGRATION of such PERSONS.

[Extracted from Annual Report of Board of Trade on Emigration and Immigration.—Parliamentary Paper No. 130 of 1896.]

Years.	Emigration.	Immigration.	Net Emigration.	
			Numbers.	Proportion per Cent. of Total Population of United Kingdom.
1881	243,002	52,707	190,295	0·54
1882	279,366	54,711	224,655	0·64
1883	320,118	73,804	246,314	0·69
1884	242,179	91,356	150,823	0·42
1885	207,644	85,468	122,176	0·34
1886	222,900	80,018	152,882	0·42
1887	281,487	85,475	196,012	0·54
1888	279,928	94,133	185,795	0·50
1889	253,795	103,070	150,725	0·41
1890	218,116	109,470	108,646	0·29
1891	218,507	103,037	115,470	0·31
1892	210,042	97,780	112,262	0·29
1893	208,814	102,119	106,695	0·28
1894	156,030	118,309	37,721	0·10
1895	185,181	109,418	75,763	0·19

ALIEN IMMIGRANTS FROM EUROPE.

TABLE 102.—STATEMENT showing, for each of the YEARS 1891 to 1895, the NUMBER of ALIENS who arrived at PORTS* of the UNITED KINGDOM, from CONTINENTAL PORTS, as shown in the ALIEN LISTS obtained under Act 6 Will. 4. c. 11., deducting ALIENS known to be *en route* to Places out of EUROPE, and also deducting SEAMEN.

[*Extracted from Annual Report of Board of Trade on Emigration and Immigration.—Parliamentary Paper No. 130 of 1896.*]

Nationality.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.
Russians and Poles - - -	12,807	7,538	7,731	7,246	10,033
Norwegians, Swedes, and Danes - -	4,647	4,367	4,597	4,139	3,670
Germans - - - - -	5,817	5,765	6,563	5,917	5,391
Dutch - - - - -	911	839	880	1,068	1,261
French - - - - -	1,463	910	977	819	627
Austrians and Hungarians - - -	463	470	785	790	772
Italians - - - - -	734	783	641	660	653
Other Nationalities - - - -	1,638	1,465	1,436	1,507	1,455
Total - - - - -	23,270†	22,137†	23,69†	22,06†	23,76†
Seamen - - - - -	9,797	10,349	9,689	9,634	9,894
Aliens known to be <i>en route</i> to places out of Europe.	93,706	93,801	79,618	36,511	44,667

* Excluding Newhaven (in order to make the table a comparative one), for which port complete returns of the number of aliens arriving were first obtained for 1893, in which year there were 7,457 (excluding 171 seamen) not stated to be *en route* to places out of Europe. In 1894 the total was 6,816 (excluding 187 seamen), and in 1895, 6,786 (excluding 292 seamen).

† These are the numbers shown in the alien lists and comprise practically all the aliens from Europe that might settle in the United Kingdom, but it will be understood that only a fraction do settle here.

BALANCE OF TOTAL PASSENGER MOVEMENT.

TABLE 103.—STATEMENT showing, for each of the YEARS 1891 to 1895, the TOTAL EXCESS of the NUMBER of PASSENGERS OUTWARDS from the UNITED KINGDOM over the NUMBER of PASSENGERS INWARDS, and also the BALANCES, distinguishing EUROPE from PLACES out of EUROPE.

[*Compiled from the Report of the Board of Trade on Alien Immigration. C.—7113 of 1894, and from the Annual Report of Board of Trade on Emigration and Immigration.—Parliamentary Paper No. 130 of 1896.*]

—	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.
EUROPE.					
Total number of Passengers :—					
To the United Kingdom from Europe -	504,445	490,165	488,642	490,339	522,449
From the United Kingdom to Europe -	418,003	405,998	396,363	477,318	493,946
Excess to the United Kingdom from Europe.	86,442	84,167	73,280	13,021	28,503
COUNTRIES OUT OF EUROPE.					
Total number of Passengers :—					
From the United Kingdom to Countries out of Europe.	334,543	321,397	307,633	226,827	271,772
To the United Kingdom from Countries out of Europe.	151,369	143,747	141,054	185,799	175,674
Excess from the United Kingdom to Countries out of Europe.	183,174	177,650	166,579	41,028	96,098
EUROPE AND OTHER PARTS.					
Total number of Passengers :—					
From the United Kingdom - - -	752,546	727,395	702,995	704,145	765,718
To the United Kingdom - - - -	655,814	633,912	609,896	676,129	698,123
Excess from the United Kingdom -	96,732	93,483	93,299	28,016	67,595
Excess of British and Irish Emigrants over Immigrants, as on other side (p. 159).	115,470	112,862	105,693	87,791	73,763

FOREIGNERS IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

NUMBER AND NATIONALITY OF FOREIGNERS IN THE
UNITED KINGDOM IN 1871, 1881, AND 1891 COMPARED.TABLE 104.—STATEMENT showing the NUMBER and NATIONALITY of the
FOREIGNERS in the UNITED KINGDOM, as enumerated at the CENSUSES
of 1871, 1881, and 1891, together with the TOTAL INCREASE or
DECREASE in each Decade.[Compiled from the Report of the Board of Trade on Alien Immigration.
C.—7406 of 1894.]

Country of Birth.	1871.	1881.	1891.	Increase from 1871 to 1881.	Increase from 1881 to 1891.
France - - - -	19,618	16,184	22,475	- 3,464*	6,281
German Empire - - -	35,141	40,371	53,591	5,230	13,220
Holland - - - -	6,504	5,609	6,715	- 895*	1,106
Italy - - - -	5,973	7,194	10,921	1,221	3,727
Norway, Sweden, and Denmark	8,978	9,671	16,542	693	6,871
Russia - - - -	9,974	15,271	25,736	5,297	32,424
Russian Poland - - -			21,050		
United States - - -	9,467	20,014	22,838	10,547	2,824
"America" - - - -	3,551	5,137	5,061	1,586	- 76*
	90,203	119,461	185,838	20,255	66,377
Other Countries - - -	14,773	16,179	33,685	1,406	17,506
Total Number of Foreigners†	113,979	135,640	219,523	21,061	83,883
Total Population of the United Kingdom‡	31,484,661	34,884,848	37,732,922	3,400,187	2,848,074

* Decrease.

† Not including the Isle of Man or the Channel Islands.

OCCUPATIONS OF RUSSIANS AND RUSSIAN POLES IN CERTAIN DISTRICTS.

TABLE 105.—STATEMENT showing the OCCUPATIONS of RUSSIANS and RUSSIAN POLES in EAST LONDON and HACKNEY, MANCHESTER, and LEEDS, according to the CENSUS of 1891.

[Compiled from the Report of the Board of Trade on Alien Immigration, C.—7406 of 1894.]

Occupations.	Russians and Russian Poles in								
	East London and Hackney.			Manchester.			Leeds.		
	Males.	Fe- males.	Total.	Males.	Fe- males.	Total.	Males.	Fe- males.	Total.
Building Trades - -	299	—	299	113	—	113	50	—	50
Engineering and Metal Trades.	80	1	81	10	—	10	6	1	7
Textile Trades - -	7	—	7	2	—	2	—	—	—
Printing Trades - -	54	—	54	1	1	2	2	—	2
Clothing Trades:—									
Boot and Shoe Makers	1,560	31	1,591	65	2	67	138	7	145
Slipper Makers - -	164	8	172	164	7	171	175	10	185
Tailors and tailoresses	4,431	1,296	5,727	870	253	1,123	1,435	447	1,882
Cap makers - -	320	86	406	132	140	281	6	1	7
Furriers - -	285	124	409	3	2	5	—	—	—
Dress and mantle makers.	109	193	302	7	46	53	9	19	28
Others - -	74	82	156	206*	38*	247*	4	8	12
Cabinet makers and wood-workers.	681	9	690	139	—	139	10	—	10
Food and drink preparation trades:—									
Bakers, confectioners, &c.	138	5	143	23	—	23	26	—	26
Butchers - -	95	9	104	13	1	14	9	—	9
Others - -	45	6	51	8	1	9	—	1	1
Watchmakers, &c. (jewellers).	133	—	133	43	—	43	17	1	1
Miscellaneous skilled occupations.	174	4	178	23	2	25	5	—	5
Seamen - -	69	—	69	—	—	—	—	—	—
General labourers, carmen, and railway workers.	12	—	12	5	—	5	2	—	2
Clerks and warehousemen	23	1	24	5	—	5	3	1	4
Retail tradesmen, shop assistants, &c.	375	135	510	97	31	128	67	19	76
Hawkers, &c. - -	185	13	198	238	4	242	87	2	89
Hairdressers - -	165	2	167	4	—	4	4	—	4
Cigar makers, &c. - -	251	113	364	22	15	37	7	11	18
Stick makers, &c. (umbrellas).	198	2	200	35	2	37	—	—	—
Rag sorters, &c. (merchants).	37	4	41	16	3	19	9	—	9
Domestic servants, waiters, &c.	27	349	376	—	50	50	4	24	28
Scholars - -	740	744	1,484	115	103	218	153	122	255
Miscellaneous - -	801	72	873	113	11	124	88	20	108
Unspecified - -	1,321	7,399	8,720	233	1,611	1,844	184	1,353	1,537
Own means - -	37	88	125	6	29	35	7	16	23
Totals - -	12,890	10,776	23,666	2,719	2,381	5,080	2,477	2,053	4,540

* Nearly all Waterproof Garment Makers.

PROPORTION OF FOREIGNERS TO TOTAL POPULATION.

TABLE 106.—STATEMENT showing, for LONDON and the PROVINCIAL TOWNS most affected, the NUMBER of GERMANS, RUSSIANS, RUSSIAN POLES, and other FOREIGNERS, the TOTAL NUMBER of FOREIGNERS, and the TOTAL POPULATION, as enumerated at the CENSUS of 1881 and that of 1891; together with the PERCENTAGE of FOREIGNERS to TOTAL POPULATION.

[Compiled mainly from the Report of the Board of Trade on Alien Immigration.
C.—7406 of 1894.]

Urban Sanitary District.	Germans.	Russians.	Russian Poles.	Other Foreigners.	Total Number of Foreigners.	Total Population.	Percentage of Foreigners to Total Population.
1881.							
London† . -	21,968	1,778	6,931	29,577	60,252	3,816,463	1.58
Liverpool . -	1,734	406	542	4,176	6,858	552,508	1.24
Manchester . -	691	126	762	1,226	2,805	341,414	.82
Salford . -	103	9	9	378	499	176,235	.28
Hull . -	1,006	128	217	900	2,251	154,240	1.46
Leeds . -	310	342	1,046	436	2,134	309,119	.69
Birmingham . -	295	60	104	634	1,153	400,774	.29
Cardiff . -	185	83	37	868	1,173	82,761	1.42
Newcastle-on-Tyne . -	284	24	81	635	1,024	145,359	.70
South Shields . -	168	55	13	463	719	56,875	1.26
Sunderland . -	260	35	46	342	683	116,546	.59
1891.							
London† . -	26,920	12,034	14,708	41,391	95,053	4,211,743	2.26
Liverpool . -	1,779	1,047	630	3,946	7,402	517,580	1.43
Manchester . -	1,331	3,379	1,701	2,540	8,941	505,368	1.77
Salford . -	227	229	177	589	1,222	198,139	.62
Hull . -	906	340	316	1,180	2,742	200,044	1.37
Leeds . -	581	3,120	1,420	806	5,927	367,503	1.61
Birmingham . -	442	268	378	878	1,966	478,113	.41
Cardiff . -	317	191	77	2,102	2,687	128,915	2.08
Newcastle-on-Tyne . -	306	186	130	977	1,715	186,300	.92
South Shields . -	334	93	12	1,009	1,448	78,301	1.85
Sunderland . -	410	187	64	632	1,293	131,015	.99

* The populations given are for the same areas as those for which the numbers of foreigners are returned; but the areas in 1891 are not in all cases quite the same as in 1881, more particularly in the case of Manchester.

† Registration Division.

‡ Registration Division and County.

HOUSING OF THE PEOPLE.

ENGLAND AND WALES.

Classification of all Tenements.*

TABLE 107.—STATEMENT showing, for the whole of ENGLAND and WALES and for the URBAN and RURAL DISTRICTS† separately, the TOTAL NUMBER and PERCENTAGE of TENEMENTS* of 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 or more Rooms respectively, the NUMBER of OCCUPIERS of such TENEMENTS with PERCENTAGE to POPULATION, and the average NUMBER of OCCUPANTS per Room in each of the First Four Groups, according to the CENSUS of 1891.

Tenements with	Total Number of Tenements.	Per- centage of all Tenc- ments.	Total Number of Occupants.	Percentage of Population in each Group of Tenements.	Average Number of Occupants per Room.
<i>Urban Districts.†</i>					
1 room‡ - -	270,252	6·16	604,355	2·89	2·24
2 rooms - -	552,516	12·59	1,958,933	9·38	1·77
3 rooms - -	552,679	12·60	2,411,589	11·54	1·45
4 rooms - -	981,665	22·38	4,684,913	22·42	1·19
5 or more rooms -	2,030,199	46·27	11,235,714	53·77	—
Total in Urban Districts }	4,387,311	100·0	20,895,504	100·0	—
<i>Rural Districts.†</i>					
1 room‡ - -	16,694	0·96	36,055	0·44	2·16
2 rooms - -	144,806	8·80	457,684	5·65	1·58
3 rooms - -	204,077	11·70	815,875	10·06	1·33
4 rooms - -	483,016	27·70	2,129,156	26·26	1·10
5 or more rooms -	895,097	51·34	4,668,251	57·59	—
Total in Rural Districts }	1,743,690	100·0	8,107,021	100·0	—
<i>Summary for All Districts.</i>					
1 room‡ - -	286,946	4·7	640,410	2·2	2·23
2 rooms - -	697,322	11·4	2,416,617	8·3	1·73
3 rooms - -	756,756	12·3	3,227,464	11·1	1·42
4 rooms - -	1,464,681	23·9	6,814,069	23·5	1·16
5 or more rooms -	2,925,296	47·7	15,903,965	54·9	—
Total in All Districts }	6,131,001	100·0	29,002,525	100·0	—

* *i.e.*, "any house or part of a house separately occupied by the owner or by a tenant" (General Report on Census, Vol. IV.).

† All Urban Sanitary Districts or Rural Sanitary Districts respectively.

‡ Persons returned as living in barns, sheds, caravans, or barges, were classed as occupying tenements of 1 room.

ENGLAND AND WALES—*continued.*

Overcrowded Tenements.*

TABLE 108.—STATEMENT, showing for the whole of ENGLAND and WALES and for the URBAN and RURAL DISTRICTS† separately, the NUMBER of OVERCROWDED TENEMENTS* of 1, 2, 3, and 4 Rooms respectively, and the NUMBER of OCCUPIERS of such TENEMENTS, with PERCENTAGE to TOTAL POPULATION, according to the CENSUS of 1891.

Tenements with				Number of Overcrowded Tenements.	Number of Occupiers of such Tenements.	Percentage of Population in each District in such Tenements.
				<i>Urban Districts.†—Total Population, 20,895,504.</i>		
1 room‡	-	-	-	87,535	337,107	1·61
2 rooms	-	-	-	151,603	922,964	4·42
3 rooms	-	-	-	91,206	722,532	3·46
4 rooms	-	-	-	60,876	589,810	2·82
Total in Urban Districts -				391,220	2,572,413	12·31
				<i>Rural Districts.†—Total Population, 8,107,021.</i>		
1 room‡	-	-	-	4,724	20,600	0·25
2 rooms	-	-	-	32,628	201,092	2·48
3 rooms	-	-	-	28,825	229,345	2·83
4 rooms	-	-	-	24,256	234,594	2·90
Total in Rural Districts -				90,433	685,631	8·46
				<i>Summary for All Districts.—Total Population, 29,002,525.</i>		
1 room‡	-	-	-	92,259	357,707	1·23
2 rooms	-	-	-	184,231	1,124,055	3·88
3 rooms	-	-	-	120,031	951,877	3·28
4 rooms	-	-	-	85,132	824,404	2·84
Total in All Districts -				481,653	3,258,044	11·23

* This table is taken from the General Report on the Census (Vol. IV.), in which "ordinary tenements which have more than two occupants per room, bedrooms and sitting rooms included," are considered to be overcrowded. (For definition of "tenement" see note on previous page.)

† All Urban Sanitary Districts or Rural Sanitary Districts respectively.

‡ Persons returned as living in barns, sheds, caravans, or barges were classed as occupying tenements of 1 room.

SCOTLAND.

Classification of Tenements.*

TABLE 109.—STATEMENT showing, for the whole of Scotland and for the URBAN† and RURAL DISTRICTS separately, the NUMBER and PERCENTAGE of FAMILIES* occupying TENEMENTS of 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 or more ROOMS respectively, the NUMBER of PERSONS in the FAMILIES, with PERCENTAGE to POPULATION, and the AVERAGE NUMBER of OCCUPANTS per ROOM in the first Four Groups, according to the CENSUS of 1891.

Description of Tenement.	Number of Families.*	Percentage of Families in each Group.	Number of Persons in the Families.	Percentage of Persons in each Group.	Average Number of Occupants per Room.
<i>Urban Districts.†</i>					
Rooms without windows -	8	·00	15	·00	1·88
Rooms with windows:—					
1 room -	146,963	25·36	431,003	16·75	2·93
2 rooms -	232,655	40·15	1,089,961	42·87	2·34
3 rooms -	90,226	15·57	465,189	18·08	1·72
4 rooms -	40,475	6·98	205,611	7·99	1·27
5 or more rooms -	69,187	11·94	380,988	14·81	—
Total in Urban Districts }	579,514	100·0	2,572,767	100·0	—
<i>Rural Districts.</i>					
Rooms without windows -	390	·13	1,132	·08	2·90
Rooms with windows:—					
1 room -	46,368	15·83	142,384	10·45	3·07
2 rooms -	109,134	37·27	497,059	36·49	2·28
3 rooms -	53,092	18·13	256,156	18·80	1·61
4 rooms -	25,179	8·60	127,218	9·34	1·26
5 or more rooms -	58,680	20·04	338,418	24·84	—
Total in Rural Districts }	292,843	100·0	1,362,367	100·0	—
<i>All Districts.</i>					
Rooms without windows -	398	·0	1,147	·0	2·88
Rooms with windows:—					
1 room -	193,331	22·2	578,387	14·6	2·97
2 rooms -	341,789	39·2	1,587,020	40·3	2·32
3 rooms -	143,318	16·4	721,345	18·3	1·68
4 rooms -	65,654	7·5	332,829	8·5	1·27
5 or more rooms -	127,867	14·7	719,406	18·3	—
Total in all Districts	872,357	100·0	3,935,134	100·0	—

NOTE.—The definition of a Room, for the purposes of the Scotch and English Censuses respectively, not being identical, the above table cannot be compared accurately with the corresponding table for England on p. 164. For the same reason no table for overcrowded tenements can be given for Scotland, the definition of such tenements given in a footnote on p. 165 not being applicable to Scotland.

* For the purposes of this table families consisting of from 1 to 15 persons only are included, as the original figures do not show the exact number of persons in larger families. In the whole of Scotland the number of separate families of more than 15 persons was 1,650, with 78,305 persons, making (with vagrants and persons on board training ships and shipping belonging to the Royal Navy or merchant service which have also been excluded from the Table) a grand total of 876,089 families, with 4,025,647 persons.

† Comprising all towns with a population of 2,000 and upwards.

IRELAND.

Classification of Houses.

TABLE 110.—STATEMENT showing, for the whole of IRELAND and for the CIVIC* and RURAL DISTRICTS separately, the NUMBER of INHABITED HOUSES of each CLASS,† and of the FAMILIES occupying them, according to the CENSUS of 1891.

Description of House.	Number of Houses.	Number of Families occupying the Houses.	Average Number of Families to each House.
<i>Civic Districts.*—Total Population, 1,244,115.</i>			
4th class† - - - -	856	861	1·01
3rd „ - - - -	26,137	26,847	1·03
2nd „ - - - -	139,909	166,704	1·19
1st „ - - - -	33,659	57,700	1·71
Total in Civic Districts -	200,561	252,112	1·26
<i>Rural Districts.—Total Population, 3,460,637.</i>			
4th class† - - - -	19,761	19,868	1·01
3rd „ - - - -	286,452	288,187	1·01
2nd „ - - - -	326,723	332,329	1·02
1st „ - - - -	37,081	39,617	1·07
Total in Rural Districts -	670,017	680,001	1·01
<i>All Districts.—Total Population, 4,704,750.</i>			
4th class† - - - -	20,617	20,729	1·01
3rd „ - - - -	312,589	315,034	1·01
2nd „ - - - -	466,632	499,033	1·07
1st „ - - - -	70,740	97,317	1·38
Total in all Districts -	870,578	932,118	1·07

* Comprising all municipal boroughs, townships, and towns of 2,000 inhabitants and upwards.

† The following definitions of the four classes into which the houses are divided are taken from the General Report on the Census of Ireland:—

4th Class.—Houses built of mud or perishable material, having only one room and window.

3rd Class.—A better description of house, varying from one to four rooms and windows.

2nd Class.—What might be considered a good farm-house, having from five to nine rooms and windows.

1st Class.—All houses of a better description than the preceding.

AGES OF THE PEOPLE.

ENGLAND AND WALES.

TABLE 111.—STATEMENT showing for the URBAN and RURAL DISTRICTS of ENGLAND and WALES the NUMBER and PERCENTAGE of MALES and FEMALES in various GROUPS of AGES, according to the CENSUS of 1891.

Groups of Ages.	Urban Sanitary Districts.		Rural Sanitary Districts.		All Districts.	
	Number.	Per-centage.	Number.	Per-centage.	Number.	Per-centage.
Males.						
Under 5 years -	1,272,666	12·7	494,896	12·3	1,767,562	12·6
5 and under 10 years -	1,199,986	12·0	463,386	12·2	1,663,372	12·0
10 " 15 "	1,131,467	11·3	479,391	11·9	1,610,858	11·5
15 " 20 "	1,041,953	10·4	423,232	10·5	1,465,175	10·4
20 " 30 "	1,754,367	17·5	603,619	15·0	2,358,486	16·8
30 " 40 "	1,368,917	13·7	474,484	11·7	1,843,401	13·2
40 " 50 "	1,003,546	10·0	334,210	9·5	1,387,756	9·9
50 " 60 "	659,085	6·6	303,754	7·5	962,839	6·8
60 " 70 "	388,624	3·9	227,915	5·6	616,539	4·4
70 years and upwards -	193,433	1·9	153,480	3·8	346,913	2·4
Total Males -	10,014,544	100·0	4,038,357	100·0	14,052,901	100·0
Females.						
Under 5 years -	1,287,540	11·8	498,388	12·2	1,785,928	11·9
5 and under 10 years -	1,210,157	11·1	491,649	12·1	1,701,806	11·4
10 " 15 "	1,154,612	10·6	458,067	11·3	1,612,709	10·8
15 " 20 "	1,110,245	10·3	366,445	9·0	1,485,690	9·9
20 " 30 "	2,013,949	18·5	624,236	15·3	2,638,185	17·7
30 " 40 "	1,473,450	13·6	492,408	12·1	1,965,858	13·1
40 " 50 "	1,091,433	10·0	404,069	9·9	1,496,102	10·0
50 " 60 "	759,269	7·0	322,048	7·9	1,081,317	7·3
60 " 70 "	488,022	4·5	240,266	6·0	728,288	4·9
70 years and upwards -	283,283	2·6	170,458	4·2	453,741	3·0
Total Females -	10,890,960	100·0	4,068,664	100·0	14,949,624	100·0
Males and Females.						
Under 5 years -	2,560,206	12·3	993,284	12·3	3,553,490	12·3
5 and under 10 years -	2,410,143	11·6	985,035	12·1	3,395,178	11·7
10 " 15 "	2,286,079	10·9	937,488	11·6	3,223,567	11·1
15 " 20 "	2,161,198	10·3	789,667	9·7	2,950,865	10·2
20 " 30 "	3,768,816	18·0	1,227,855	15·1	4,996,671	17·2
30 " 40 "	2,842,367	13·7	966,892	11·9	3,809,259	13·1
40 " 50 "	2,094,979	10·0	788,879	9·8	2,883,858	9·9
50 " 60 "	1,418,354	6·8	625,802	7·7	2,044,156	7·1
60 " 70 "	876,646	4·2	468,181	5·8	1,344,827	4·7
70 years and upwards -	476,716	2·3	323,638	4·0	800,654	2·7
Grand Total -	20,895,504	100·0	8,107,021	100·0	29,002,525	100·0

NOTE.—The classification according to "Age" of the total number of persons living in urban and rural districts respectively is not shown in the census volumes for Scotland and Ireland.

OCCUPATIONS OF THE PEOPLE.

(A).—SUMMARY OF CLASSES OF OCCUPATIONS.

TABLE 112.—STATEMENT showing the TOTAL NUMBER of MALES and FEMALES, and the PROPORTION per 1,000 of ALL AGES, engaged in the following CLASSES of OCCUPATIONS in each DIVISION of the UNITED KINGDOM,* according to the CENSUS of 1891.

Class.	ENGLAND AND WALES.		SCOTLAND.		IRELAND.		UNITED KINGDOM.*	
	Total Number.	Per 1,000.	Total Number.	Per 1,000.	Total Number.	Per 1,000.	Total Number.	Per 1,000.
Males.								
Occupied :								
Professional† - -	520,900	37	59,053	30	86,118	37	666,071	36
Domestic - -	140,773	10	13,102	7	17,568	8	171,463	9
Commercial - -	1,364,377	97	170,676	88	93,234	40	1,628,337	89
Agricultural and fishing.‡	1,284,919	92	219,042	113	849,527	366	2,353,488	129
Industrial - -	5,495,446	391	742,036	382	404,899	175	6,642,381	363
Unoccupied § - -	5,246,486	373	738,806	380	867,537	374	6,852,831	374
GRAND TOTAL OF MALES - - }	14,052,901	1,000	1,942,717	1,000	2,318,953	1,000	18,314,571	1,000
Females.								
Occupied :								
Professional† - -	257,743	17	23,061	11	25,947	11	306,741	16
Domestic - -	1,759,535	118	190,061	91	220,627	92	2,170,233	112
Commercial - -	35,358	2	10,276	5	2,162	1	47,796	2
Agricultural and fishing.‡	52,026	4	30,062	15	91,094	38	173,202	9
Industrial - -	1,840,898	123	290,368	139	252,255	106	2,383,521	123
Unoccupied § - -	11,004,044	736	1,530,102	739	1,793,712	752	14,336,858	738
GRAND TOTAL OF FEMALES - - }	14,949,624	1,000	2,082,930	1,000	2,383,797	1,000	19,418,351	1,000

* Excluding the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man.

† Including immediate subordinates, but excluding students.

‡ Including those dealing in or with animals.

§ Including children of no stated occupation and students in all three countries; and in England and Wales, pensioners, persons living on their own means, and persons retired from business (except those retired from the church and medical profession, who are classed according to the occupation they previously followed); in Scotland, pensioners, persons living on their own means, and persons retired from business (except those retired from the various professions); in Ireland, pensioners, persons living on their own means, and persons retired from business. In all cases persons retired from the army or navy are included with the effective members, and appear under the "Professional" class.

(B.)—SUMMARY OF GROUPS

TABLE 113.—STATEMENT showing, for ENGLAND AND WALES, SCOTLAND, IRELAND, engaged in the under-mentioned GROUPS of OCCUPATIONS,

[Compiled from the Census]

GROUPS OF OCCUPATIONS (being the 23 "Orders" given in the Census).	ENGLAND AND WALES.			SCOTLAND.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Civil service or local government.	129,260	15,040	144,300	16,657	1,828	18,485
Defence of the country at home.	126,473	—	126,473	7,588	—	7,588
Professional occupations†	265,167	242,703	507,870	34,808	21,223	56,031
Domestic offices or services	140,773	1,759,555	1,900,328	13,102	190,051	203,153
Commercial occupations	396,535	20,830	416,365	53,594	4,995	58,589
The conveyance of men, goods, and messages.	968,842	14,528	983,370	117,082	5,251	122,333
Agriculture‡	1,260,024	51,696	1,311,720	190,769	29,216	219,985
Fishing	24,895	330	25,225	28,273	866	29,139
Working and dealing in:—						
Books, prints, and maps	121,572	23,735	145,307	14,659	5,658	20,317
Machines and implements	323,327	18,904	342,231	50,368	1,038	51,426
Houses, furniture, and decorations.	798,982	21,600	820,582	97,753	3,605	101,358
Carriages and harness	104,633	4,147	108,780	6,929	92	7,021
Ships and boats	70,291	226	70,517	23,433	85	23,518
Chemicals and compounds	48,547	7,500	56,047	6,820	1,006	7,826
Tobacco and pipes	14,574	16,567	31,141	1,629	2,150	3,779
Food and lodging	599,137	198,852	797,989	78,005	30,056	108,061
Textile fabrics	500,588	628,001	1,128,589	73,333	133,217	206,550
Dress	408,392	691,441	1,099,833	46,415	76,649	123,064
Skins, hair, bone, and other animal substances.	58,388	18,178	76,566	5,512	1,183	6,695
Wood, paper, oil, and other vegetable substances.	144,143	52,746	196,889	26,433	10,452	36,885
Mineral substances	1,430,878	72,347	1,503,225	211,250	4,860	216,110
General or unspecified commodities.	855,722	84,598	940,320	98,043	19,205	117,248
Refuse matters	16,272	2,050	18,328	1,434	512	1,946
Total Occupied persons of all Ages.	8,806,415	3,945,580	12,751,995	1,203,909	543,828	1,747,737
Percentage of total	68·7	26·4	44·0	62·0	26·1	43·4
Total Unoccupied persons of all Ages.	5,246,486	11,004,044	16,250,530	738,808	1,539,102	2,277,910
Percentage of total	37·3	73·6	56·0	38·0	73·9	56·6
Grand Total, Population *	14,052,901	14,949,624	29,002,525	1,942,717	2,082,930	4,025,647

* Excluding the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man.

† Including immediate subordinates, but excluding students.

‡ Including those dealing in or with animals.

OF OCCUPATIONS.

and the UNITED KINGDOM,* the number of MALES and FEMALES, of all ages, at the date of the CENSUS on 6th April 1891.

Reports for 1891.]

IRELAND.			UNITED KINGDOM.*			GROUPS OF OCCUPATIONS (being the 23 "Orders" given in the Census).
Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
27,072	2,530	29,611	172,989	19,407	192,393	Civil service or local government.
31,203	—	31,203	165,354	—	165,354	Defence of the country home.
27,753	23,408	51,161	327,728	287,334	615,062	Professional occupations.†
17,583	220,627	238,215	171,463	2,179,233	2,341,693	Domestic offices or services.
27,580	1,609	29,189	476,709	27,434	504,143	Commercial occupations.
65,704	553	66,257	1,151,628	20,362	1,171,990	The conveyance of men, goods, and messages.
838,326	91,017	929,343	2,289,119	171,929	2,461,048	Agriculture.‡
11,201	77	11,278	64,360	1,273	65,642	Fishing.
						Working and dealing in:—
6,146	1,576	7,722	142,377	30,960	173,346	Books, prints, and maps.
8,142	117	8,259	381,857	20,059	401,916	Machines and implements.
50,505	897	51,762	947,600	26,102	973,702	Houses, furniture, and decorations.
5,743	37	5,780	117,305	4,276	121,581	Carriages and harness.
4,282	2	4,284	98,000	313	98,319	Ships and boats.
1,659	128	1,787	57,026	8,634	65,660	Chemicals and compounds.
900	606	1,506	17,103	19,323	36,426	Tobacco and pipes.
53,218	18,284	70,502	729,300	247,792	977,152	Food and lodging.
46,309	83,513	129,884	620,290	844,733	1,465,023	Textile fabrics.
37,695	115,734	153,429	402,502	883,824	1,376,326	Dress.
2,083	645	2,728	65,083	20,006	85,089	Skins, hair, bone and other animal substances.
9,340	2,319	11,659	179,916	65,517	245,433	Wood, paper, oil, and other vegetable substances.
40,671	740	41,420	1,682,790	77,956	1,760,735	Mineral substances.
137,836	27,406	165,232	1,001,601	131,299	1,223,900	General or unspecified commodities.
950	150	1,100	18,656	2,718	21,374	Refuse matters.
1,451,416	592,085	2,043,501	11,461,740	5,081,493	16,543,233	Total Occupied persons of all Ages.
68·6	24·8	43·4	62·6	26·8	43·8	Percentage of total.
867,537	1,793,712	2,661,249	6,852,831	14,336,856	21,189,689	Total Unoccupied persons of all Ages.§
37·4	75·2	56·6	37·4	73·8	56·2	Percentage of total.
2,318,953	2,385,797	4,704,750	18,314,571	19,418,351	37,732,922	Grand Total, Population.*

§ Including children of no stated occupation and students in all three countries; and in England and Wales, pensioners, persons living on their own means, and persons retired from business (except those retired from the Church and Medical profession who are classed according to the occupation they previously followed); in Scotland, pensioners, persons living on their own means, and persons retired from business (except those retired from the various professions); in Ireland, pensioners, persons living on their own means, and persons retired from business. In all cases persons retired from the Army or Navy are included with the effective members, and appear under "the defence of the country."

(C).—PROPORTION OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN CERTAIN

(i.) MEN

TABLE 114.—STATEMENT showing, for ENGLAND AND WALES, SCOTLAND, and IRELAND mentioned OCCUPATIONS per 10,000 of the MALE POPULATION of and above 10

[Compiled from the Census]

OCCUPATIONS.	ENGLAND AND WALES. Per 10,000 males of and above 10 years.				SCOTLAND. Per 10,000 males of	
	1891.	1881.	Increase.	Decrease.	1891.	1881.
Occupations employing upwards of 50 per 10,000 males of and above 10 years of age in each country in 1891 or 1881:—						
Farmer, grazier	191	218	—	27*	329	366
Farmer's, grazier's—son, grandson, brother, nephew.	64	81	—	17*	118	123
Agricultural labourer, farm servant.	694	867	—	173*	590	699
Shepherd	—	—	—	—	70	78
Gardener, nurseryman, seedsman .	165	156	9	—	111	114
Fisherman	—	—	—	—	193	219
§Housebuilding trades (Ord. XI. 1)	641	714	—	73	601	769
Cabinet-maker, upholsterer, furniture dealer, French polisher.	74	70	4	—	60	56
Coal miner	485	407	78	—	510	406
Ironstone miner	—	—	—	—	20	80
Stone-quarrier, cutter, dresser .	—	—	—	—	64	49
§Machine makers (Ord. X. 1) .	197	173	24	—	300	246
Shipwright; ship, barge, &c. builder. Ship-rigger, fitter; mast, yard, oar, block, maker; and ship chandler.	63	54	9	—	155	134
Blacksmith, whitesmith; nail, anchor, chain, and other iron and steel manufactures.	330	357	—	27	443	482
Cotton, cotton goods manufacture .	201	199	2	—	—	—
Woollen cloth, worsted, stuff, manufacture.	96	100	—	4	94	104
Flax and linen manufacture .	—	—	—	—	48	67
Jute manufacture	—	—	—	—	54	28
Shoe, boot, patten, clog, maker .	191	202	—	11	129	170
Tailor	113	116	—	3	150	157
Printer	77	63	14	—	61	53
§Earthenware and glass (Ord. XXI. 4.)	60	57	3	—	—	—
§On railways (Ord. VI. 1) . .	176	149	27	—	181	141
Coachman, cabman, groom, horse-breaker.	166	155	11	—	91	87

NOTE.—A blank in the columns headed 1891 and 1881 does not imply that there were no males following the occupation against which it appears; but merely that the number following such occupation was not 50 per 10,000 of the whole number of males of and above 10 years of age.

* An actual decrease as well as a relative one.

† An actual increase as well as a relative one.

‡ The majority of the general labourers in Ireland may be assumed to be agricultural labourers although not returned as such. (See Census of Ireland, 1891, Part II., p. 118.)

OCCUPATIONS IN 1891 AND 1881 COMPARED.

AND BOYS.

respectively, the INCREASE or DECREASE in the NUMBERS employed in the under-
Years of Age at the CENSUS of 1891 as compared with the CENSUS of 1881.

Reports for 1881 and 1891.]

SCOTLAND. and above 10 years.		IRELAND. Per 10,000 males of and above 10 years.				OCCUPATIONS.
Increase.	Decrease.	1891.	1881.	Increase.	Decrease.	
—	37*	1,913	1,965	—	7*	Occupations employing upwards of 50 per 10,000 males of and above 10 years of age in each country in 1891 or 1881:— Farmer, grazier.
—	6*	1,168	964	184†	—	Farmer's, grazier's—son, grandson, brother, nephew.
—	109*	1,382†	1,522†	—	140	Agricultural labourer, farm ser- vant.
—	8*	—	—	—	—	Shepherd.
—	3	—	—	—	—	Gardener, nurseryman, seedsman.
—	24*	61	56	5†	—	Fisherman.
—	168*	260	256	4	—	§Housebuilding trades (Ord. XI. 1).
4	—	—	—	—	—	Cabinet-maker, upholsterer, furni- ture dealer, French polisher.
104	—	—	—	—	—	Coal miner.
—	60*	—	—	—	—	Ironstone miner.
15	—	—	—	—	—	Stone-quarrier, cutter, dresser.
52	—	—	—	—	—	§Machine makers (Ord. X. 1).
21	—	—	—	—	—	Shipwright; ship, barge, &c. builder. Ship-rigger, fitter mast, yard, oar, block, maker; and ship Chandler.
—	39	104	102	2	—	Blacksmith, whitesmith; nail, an- chor, chain, and other iron and steel manufactures.
—	—	—	—	—	—	Cotton, cotton goods manufacture.
—	10*	—	—	—	—	Woollen cloth, worsted, stuff, mann- facture.
—	19	166**	151**	15†	—	Flax and linen manufacture.
26	—	—	—	—	—	Jute manufacture.
—	41*	112	131	—	19	Shoe, boot, patten, clog, maker.
—	7	62	61	1	—	Tailor.
8	—	—	—	—	—	Printer.
—	—	—	—	—	—	§Earthenware and glass (Ord. XXI. 4).
40	—	52	43	9†	—	§On railways (Ord. VI. 1).
4	—	93	65	28†	—	Coachman, cabman, groom, horse breaker.

§ For the purposes of the Census, all occupations are grouped into Sub-orders, and these again into Orders, of which there are 23. In the above table, when the whole of the occupations forming a Sub-order have been grouped together, the number of the Order, and the title and number of the Sub-order are given.

† The dealers in the articles are included in the figures for 1881, but not in those for 1891.

** Dealers included in both years.

(C.)—PROPORTION OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN CERTAIN

(i.) MEN

TABLE 114.—STATEMENT showing, for ENGLAND AND WALES, SCOTLAND, and IRELAND mentioned OCCUPATIONS per 10,000 of the MALE POPULATION of and above 10 Years

OCCUPATIONS.	ENGLAND AND WALES. Per 10,000 males of and above 10 years.				SCOTLAND. Per 10,000 males of	
	1891.	1881.	Increase.	Decrease.	1891.	1881.
Occupations employing upwards of 50 per 10,000 males of and above 10 years of age in each country in 1891 or 1881—continued.						
Carman, carrier, haulier, carter, waggoner (not farm).	160	134	26	—	183	165
Merchant service; seaman, pilot; boatman on seas, &c.	101	114	—	13	124	126
Dock labourer, wharf labourer, harbour, dock, wharf, lighthouse, officials and servants.	60	46	14	—	55	40
Engine driver, stoker, fireman (not railway, marine, or agricultural).	77	71	6	—	86	78
Messenger, porter, watchman (not railway or Government).	166	139	27	—	117	109
Platelayer, railway labourer, navy.	69	63	6	—	68	54
General labourer - - -	561	598	—	37	449	509
Innkeeper, hotel keeper, publican -	52	62	—	10*	—	—
Butcher, meat salesman - -	88	84	4	—	65	54
Baker - - - -	70	68	2	—	107	107
Grocer; tea, coffee, chocolate, maker, dealer.	123	111	17	—	143	140
General shopkeeper, dealer -	—	—	—	—	—	—
Draper, linen draper; mercer -	57	58	—	1	78	71
Domestic—indoor servant - -	55	60	—	5	—	—
Soldier and non commissioned officer.	74	61	13	—	—	—
Police - - - -	—	—	—	—	—	—
Commercial clerk - - -	217	188	29	—	225	192
Schoolmaster, teacher, professor, lecturer.	—	—	—	—	49	53
Total for above occupations - -	5,919	5,995	—	76	6,123	6,328
In occupations employing under 50 per 10,000 males of and above 10 years of age in each country in 1891 and 1881 - -	2,385	2,329	66	—	2,202	1,974
Total occupied per 10,000 males of and above 10 years of age - -	8,314	8,324	—	10	8,325	8,302
Total male population of and above 10 years of age - - -	10,591,967	9,313,666	1,278,301	—	1,446,209	1,313,267

NOTE.—A blank in the columns headed 1891 and 1881 does not imply that there were no males following the occupation against which it appears; but merely that the number following such occupation was not 50 per 10,000 of the whole number of males of and above 10 years of age.

* An actual decrease as well as a relative one.

† An actual increase as well as a relative one.

OCCUPATIONS IN 1891 AND 1881 COMPARED—*continued.*AND BOYS—(*continued from last two pages.*)respectively, the INCREASE or DECREASE in the NUMBERS employed in the under-
of Age at the CENSUS of 1891 as compared with the CENSUS of 1881—*continued.*

SCOTLAND. and above 10 years.		IRELAND. Per 10,000 males of and above 10 years.				OCCUPATIONS.
Increase.	Decrease.	1891.	1881.	Increase.	Decrease.	
18	—	40	53	—	13	Occupations employing upwards of 50 per 10,000 males of and above 10 years of age in each country in 1891 or 1881— <i>continued.</i> Carman, carrier, haulier, carter, waggoner (not farm).
—	2	61	66	—	5	Merchant service; seaman, pilot; boatman on seas, &c.
15	—	—	—	—	—	Dock labourer, wharf labourer, harbour, dock, wharf, lighthouse officials and servants.
8	—	—	—	—	—	Engine driver, stoker, fireman (not railway, marine, or agricul- tural).
8	—	64	40	24†	—	Messenger, porter, watchman (not railway or Government).
14	—	—	—	—	—	Platelayer, railway labourer navvy.
—	60*	626‡	696‡	—	70	General labourer.
—	—	—	—	—	—	Innkeeper hotel keeper, publican.
11	—	—	—	—	—	Butcher, meat salesman.
—	—	—	—	—	—	Baker.
3	—	72	61	11†	—	Grocer; tea, coffee, chocolate maker, dealer.
—	—	68	66	2	—	General shopkeeper, dealer.
7	—	—	—	—	—	Draper, linen draper; mercer.
—	—	72	98	—	26	Domestic—indoor servant.
—	—	142	137	5†	—	Soldier and non-commissioned officer.
—	—	77	87	—	10	Police.
33	—	86	59	27†	—	Commercial clerk.
—	4	—	—	—	—	Schoolmaster, teacher, professor, lecturer.
—	205	6,701	6,734	—	33	Total for above occupations.
228	—	1,267	1,169	98†	—	{ In occupations employing under 50 per 10,000 males of and above 10 years of age in each country in 1891 and 1881.
23	—	7,068	7,903	835	—	{ Total occupied per 10,000 males of and above 10 years of age.‡
132,942	—	1,821,644	1,928,553	—	101,909	{ Total male population of and above 10 years of age.

† The majority of the general labourers in Ireland may be assumed to be agricultural labourers,
although not returned as such. (See Census of Ireland, 1891, Part II., p. 110.)‡ Excluding students at all ages and in other respects bringing the Census returns of 1881 and 1891,
into line with each other as far as possible.

(C).—PROPORTION OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN CERTAIN

(ii.) WOMEN

TABLE 114.—STATEMENT showing, for ENGLAND AND WALES, SCOTLAND, and IRELAND mentioned OCCUPATIONS per 10,000 of the FEMALE POPULATION of and above

[Compiled from the Census]

OCCUPATIONS.	ENGLAND AND WALES. Per 10,000 females of and above 10 years.				SCOTLAND. Per 10,000 females of	
	1891.	1881.	Increase.	Decrease.	1891.	1881.
Occupations employing upwards of 1 per cent. of occupied females in each country in 1891 or 1881:—						
Domestic—indoor servant -	1,209	1,231	—	22	1,031	909
Milliner, dressmaker, stay-maker.	363	358	5	—	351	298
Cotton, cotton goods manufacture.	290	303	—	13	82	175
Cotton, calico printer, dyer, bleacher.	—	—	—	—	30	42
Flax and linen manufacture -	—	—	—	—	120†	136†
Thread manufacture -	—	—	—	—	41	32
Woollen cloth, worsted, stuff, manufacture.	115	123	—	8	115	111
Silk, satin, velvet, ribbon, manufacture.	23	41	—	18*	—	—
Jute manufacture -	—	—	—	—	135	85
Fancy goods -	—	—	—	—	—	—
Knitter (woollen articles) -	—	—	—	—	39	30
Weaver, factory hand (textile), undefined.	—	—	—	—	145	191
Washing and bathing service -	162	177	—	15	83	83
Nun -	—	—	—	—	—	—
Schoolmistress, teacher, professor, lecturer.	126	123	3	—	81	71
General shopkeeper, dealer -	—	—	—	—	40	48
Charwoman -	92	92	—	—	36	17
Tailor -	78	53	25	—	35	22
Sick nurse, midwife, invalid attendant, and subordinate medical service.	47	38	9	—	—	—
Shirt maker, seamstress -	46	82	—	36*	43	68
Shoe, boot, patten, clog, maker	40†	36†	4	—	—	—
Draper, linen draper; mercer -	40	29	11	—	—	—
Grocer: tea, coffee, chocolate, maker, dealer.	40	26	14	—	38	41
Lodging, boarding house keeper.	39	33	6	—	23	35
Inn, hotel servant -	39	26	13	—	—	—
Farmer, grazier -	—	—	—	—	43	48
Agricultural labourer, farm servant.	21	40	—	19*	138	302
General labourer -	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total for above occupations -	2,775	2,811	—	36	2,658	2,744
In occupations employing under 1 per cent. of occupied females in each country in 1891 and 1881 -	667	594	73	—	742	569
Total occupied per 10,000 females of and above 10 years of age† -	3,442	3,405	37	—	3,400	3,313
Total female population of and above 10 years of age -	11,461,890	9,992,513	1,469,377	—	1,599,453	1,461,691

NOTE.—A blank in the columns headed 1891 and 1881 does not imply that there were no females following the occupation against which it appears; but merely that the number following such occupation was not 1 per cent. of the whole number of occupied females.

* An actual decrease as well as a relative one.

† An actual increase as well as a relative one.

‡ Dealers included in both years.

OCCUPATIONS IN 1891 AND 1881 COMPARED—*continued.*

AND GIRLS.

respectively, the INCREASE or DECREASE in the NUMBERS employed in the under-10 Years of Age at the CENSUS of 1891 as compared with the CENSUS of 1881.

Reports for 1881 and 1891.]

SCOTLAND. and above 10 years.		IRELAND. Per 10,000 females of and above 10 years.				OCCUPATIONS.
Increase.	Decrease.	1891.	1881.	Increase.	Decrease.	
122	—	1,039	1,133	—	94	Occupations employing upwards of 1 per cent. of occupied females in each country in 1891 or 1881:—
53	—	246	209	37†	—	Domestic—indoor servant.
—	93*	—	—	—	—	Milliner, dressmaker, stay-maker.
—	18*	—	—	—	—	Cotton, cotton goods, manufacture.
—	16*	307‡	244‡	63†	—	Cotton, calico printer, dyer, bleacher.
9	—	—	—	—	—	Flax and linen manufacture.
4	—	—	—	—	—	Thread manufacture.
—	—	—	—	—	—	Woollen cloth, worsted, stuff, manufacture.
50	—	—	—	—	—	Silk, satin, velvet, ribbon, manufacture.
—	—	20	31	—	11	Jute manufacture.
9	—	—	—	—	—	Fancy goods.
—	45*	16	50	—	34	Knitter (woollen articles).
—	—	64	63	1	—	Weaver, factory hand (textile), undefined.
—	—	35	26	9†	—	Washing and bathing service.
10	—	63	63	6†	—	Nun.
1	—	83	75	7†	—	Schoolmistress, teacher, professor, lecturer.
19	—	—	—	—	—	General shopkeeper, dealer.
13	—	—	—	—	—	Charwoman.
—	—	—	—	—	—	Tailor.
—	—	—	—	—	—	Sick nurse, midwife, invalid attendant, and subordinate medical service.
—	25*	335	345	—	10	Shirt maker, seamstress.
—	—	—	—	—	—	Shoe, boot, patten, clog, maker.
—	—	—	—	—	—	Draper, linen draper; mercer.
—	8	—	—	—	—	Grocer: tea, coffee, chocolate, maker, dealer.
—	12*	—	—	—	—	Lodging, boarding house keeper.
—	—	—	—	—	—	Inn, hotel servant.
—	5*	360	291	69†	—	Farmer grazier.
—	164*	115**	175**	—	60	Agricultural labourer, farm servant.
—	—	26**	47**	—	21	General labourer.
—	86	2,713	2,751	—	38	Total for above occupations.
173	—	397	350	47†	—	{ In occupations employing under 1 per cent. of occupied females in each country in 1891 and 1881.
87	—	3,110	3,101	9	—	
137,762	—	1,903,961	2,050,663	—	146,702	{ Total occupied per 10,000 females of and above 10 years of age.††
						{ Total female population of and above 10 years of age.

‡ Excluding 64 females, who were described as "medical students, assistants."

* The dealers in the articles are included in the figures for 1881, but not in those for 1891.

** The majority of the general labourers in Ireland may be assumed to be agricultural labourers, although not returned as such. (*See Census of Ireland, 1891, Part II., p. 118.*)

†† Excluding students at all ages, and in other respects bringing the Census returns of 1881 and 1891 into line with each other as far as possible.

(D.)—OCCUPATIONS OF CHILDREN

TABLE 115.—STATEMENT showing for ENGLAND and WALES, SCOTLAND, IRELAND, and engaged in the under-mentioned GROUPS of OCCUPATIONS,

[Compiled from the Census

GROUPS OF OCCUPATIONS (arranged in descending order of magnitude).	ENGLAND AND WALES.			SCOTLAND.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Textile trades:—						
Cotton - -	39,956	52,451	92,407	799	2,303	3,102
Wool and worsted -	16,681	19,567	36,248	1,125	1,610	2,744
Mixed or unspecified materials.	3,372	3,896	7,268	1,913	2,911	4,824
Flax and linen -	206	484	690	747	2,072	2,819
Hemp and other fibrous materials.	1,731	514	2,245	2,027	2,428	4,455
Silk - - -	1,926	3,685	5,611	125	338	463
Total textile trades	63,872	80,597	144,469	6,736	11,671	18,407
Domestic and personal service.	8,667	110,198	118,865	475	10,524	10,999
Conveyance of goods and messages, &c.	96,576	2,576	99,152	11,692	3,010	14,702
Agriculture - - -	71,519	1,517	73,036	6,439	984	7,423
Clothing trades - -	16,819	35,020	51,639	1,732	3,755	5,487
Mining { Coal - -	31,318	240	31,567	5,411	41	5,452
{ Other minerals -	1,308	175	1,583	548	4	552
Provision of food and lodging.	18,393	3,246	21,639	3,648	962	4,610
Building and furnishing trades.	14,005	1,183	15,188	2,223	217	2,440
General labourers -	13,081	95	13,176	967	23	990
Iron and steel manufac- ture.	10,501	472	10,973	2,242	18	2,260
Commercial and other clerks.	9,732	523	10,255	2,549	263	2,812
Machine and implement making.	8,605	1,307	9,912	1,131	71	1,202
Printing trades - -	6,780	1,942	8,722	684	527	1,211
Workers in copper, tin, lead, and other minerals.	7,037	1,532	8,569	468	49	517
Teaching and school ser- vice.	1,574	5,937	7,511	86	270	356
Earthenware and glass manufacture.	5,307	2,508	7,715	264	191	455

* Excluding the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man.

UNDER 15 YEARS OF AGE IN 1891.

the UNITED KINGDOM,* the NUMBER of Boys and Girls under 15 Years of Age at the Date of the Census, on 6th April 1891.

Returns for 1891.]

IRELAND.			UNITED KINGDOM.*			GROUPS OF OCCUPATIONS (arranged in descending order of magnitude).
Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	
125	167	292	40,880	54,921	95,801	Textile trades:—
106	98	204	17,912	21,284	39,196	Cotton.
345	859	1,204	5,630	7,668	13,298	Wool and worsted.
2,196	4,486	6,682	3,149	7,042	10,191	Mixed or unspecified materials.
114	54	168	3,872	2,996	6,868	Flax and linen.
1	1	2	2,052	4,024	6,076	Hemp and other fibrous materials.
2,887	5,665	8,552	73,495	97,933	171,428	Silk.
						Total textile trades.
1,227	9,407	10,634	10,369	130,129	140,498	Domestic and personal service.
3,246	63	3,309	111,514	5,649	117,163	Conveyance of goods and messages, &c.
12,801†	1,390†	14,191†	90,759	3,891	94,650	Agriculture.
829	8,546	4,375	19,180	42,321	61,501	Clothing trades.
21	—	21	36,750	290	37,040	} Mining { Coal.
18	—	18	1,774	179	1,953	
763	161	924	22,804	4,369	27,173	Provision of food lodging.
545	12	557	16,773	1,412	18,185	Building and furnishing trades.
2,142†	143†	2,285†	16,090	261	16,351	General labourers.
327	5	332	13,070	495	13,565	Iron and steel manufacture.
433	33	466	12,714	819	13,533	Commercial and other clerks.
122	2	124	9,853	1,380	11,233	Machine and implement making.
224	66	290	7,668	2,535	10,223	Printing trades.
73	3	76	7,598	1,584	9,182	Workers in copper, tin, lead, and other minerals.
118	234	352	1,778	6,441	8,219	Teaching and school service.
25	5	30	5,496	2,704	8,200	Earthenware and glass manufacture.

† The majority of the 'General Labourers' may be assumed to be 'Agricultural Labourers' although not returned as such. (See Census of Ireland, 1891, Part II., p. 116.)

(D.)—OCCUPATIONS OF CHILDREN

TABLE 115.—STATEMENT showing for ENGLAND and WALES, SCOTLAND, IRELAND, and engaged in the under-mentioned GROUPS of OCCUPATIONS,

GROUPS OF OCCUPATIONS (arranged in descending order of magnitude).	ENGLAND AND WALES.			SCOTLAND.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Hawking, pawnbroking, general dealing, &c.	4,236	1,055	5,291	349	501	850
Paper making and allied trades.	2,104	3,180	5,284	319	790	1,109
Quarrying, brickmaking, and road and railway making.	5,340	79	5,419	514	24	538
Wood, cane, straw, &c., working.	2,960	440	3,400	531	33	554
Carriage and harness manufacture.	2,842	354	3,196	193	4	197
Tobacco and pipe manu- facture.	597	1,773	2,370	50	155	205
Professional occupations (including subordinates).	1,375	602	1,977	174	100	274
Chemicals, colouring matter, and explosives manufacture.	1,138	549	1,687	223	116	339
Ship and boat building and allied trades.	1,285	8	1,293	465	2	467
Workers in hair, bone, soap, and other animal substances.	1,025	676	1,701	49	37	86
Workers in oils, colours, india-rubber, and other vegetable substances.	745	376	1,121	319	58	377
Leather and skin dressing	840	411	1,251	96	21	117
Miscellaneous and un- specified trades.	9,228	3,614	12,842	1,332	697	2,029
Total Occupied children of 10 and under 15 years of age.	419,209	262,194	681,403	51,819	35,118	86,937
Total Unoccupied chil- dren of 10 and under 15 years of age.	1,191,649	1,350,515	2,542,164	177,418	187,885	365,303
Grand total number of children of 10 and under 15 years of age.	1,610,858	1,612,709	3,223,567	229,237	223,003	452,240

Note.—The figures that relate to occupied children are for all such children of 10 and under 15 years were returned as following occupations are also included. Since, however, in 1891, the employment of substantially comparable. See also Table on page 135.

UNDER 15 YEARS OF AGE IN 1891—(continued from last two pages).

the UNITED KINGDOM* the NUMBER of BOYS and GIRLS under 15 Years of Age at the Date of the Census, on 6th April 1891—continued.

IRELAND.			UNITED KINGDOM.*			GROUPS OF OCCUPATIONS (arranged in descending order of magnitude).
Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	
888	174	562	4,973	1,730	6,703	Hawking pawnbroking, general dealing, &c.
29	141	170	2,453	4,111	6,563	Paper making and allied trades.
115	3	118	5,969	106	6,075	Quarrying, brickmaking, and road and railway making.
106	16	122	3,587	489	4,076	Wood, cane, straw, &c., working.
104	—	104	3,139	358	3,497	Carriage and harness manufacture.
42	31	73	669	1,959	2,628	Tobacco and pipe manu- facture.
58	33	91	1,607	735	2,342	Professional occupations (including subordinates).
25	3	38	1,396	668	2,064	Chemicals, colouring matter, and explosives manufacture.
50	—	50	1,900	10	1,910	Ship and boat building, and allied trades.
31	19	50	1,105	732	1,837	Workers in hair, bone, soaps, and other animal substances.
1	—	1	1,065	434	1,499	Workers in oils, colours, india-rubber, and other vegetable substances.
13	—	13	949	432	1,381	Leather and skin dressing.
1,250	464	1,714	12,510	4,775	17,285	Miscellaneous and un- specified trades.
28,023	21,619	49,642	499,051	318,931	817,982	Total Occupied children of 10 and under 15 years of age.
252,334	247,946	500,280	1,631,401	1,786,346	3,407,747	Total Unoccupied chil- dren of 10 and under 15 years of age.
280,357	269,565	549,922	2,120,452	2,105,277	4,225,729	Grand total number of children of 10 and under 15 years of age.

of age; but in Scotland any children of 5 and under 10 years, and in Ireland children of any age, who children under 10 years of age was prohibited in the United Kingdom generally, the figures are

* Excluding the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man.

COMPARISON OF NUMBER OF HALF-TIMERS IN TEXTILE

TABLE 116.—STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of BOYS and GIRLS under
TRADES in the UNITED KINGDOM in[Compiled from the Home Office Returns, Parliamentary Papers, No. 440
No. 328]

Branch of Industry.	BOYS.				
	1870.	1874.	1878.	1885.	1890.
Cotton	23,142	33,672	29,663	23,904	22,761
Woollen	3,325	4,977	5,194	2,916	2,767
Worsted	8,663	14,169	10,112	8,624	8,251
Shoddy	225	187	158	67	84
Flax	1,822	3,689	2,909	3,589	3,467
Hemp	3	84	225	421	283
Jute	151	1,418	1,542	2,000	1,423
Silk	2,272	2,324	1,440	1,243	1,152
Hosiery	72	130	170	123	135
Hair	3	12	18	22	21
Elastic	4	25	62	26	15
Lace	433	512	393	313	172
TOTALS	40,120	61,209	51,186	43,308	40,531

FACTORIES IN 1870, 1874, 1878, 1885, AND 1890.

13 YEARS OF AGE employed in FACTORIES in each BRANCH of the TEXTILE each of the under-mentioned Years.

of 1871, No. 393 of 1875, No. 324 of 1879, No. 340 of 1885, and of 1890.]

GIRLS.					TOTAL CHILDREN.				
1870.	1874.	1878.	1885.	1890.	1870.	1874.	1878.	1885.	1890.
20,139	33,228	33,260	26,088	25,432	43,281	66,900	61,923	46,998	43,133
2,310	3,289	4,216	2,316	2,167	5,635	8,266	9,410	5,232	4,934
9,643	15,859	11,428	9,623	9,621	18,306	29,828	21,540	18,312	17,872
161	135	147	25	50	386	323	305	92	124
3,139	5,376	4,323	5,356	4,754	4,961	9,065	8,032	8,925	8,221
—	39	123	170	186	3	123	248	591	469
447	1,875	1,960	2,321	1,465	598	3,293	3,522	4,321	2,948
4,656	4,547	2,320	1,952	1,737	6,923	6,971	4,260	3,195	2,339
34	108	236	201	262	106	233	406	324	417
1	13	14	5	4	4	30	32	27	25
12	10	45	62	52	16	45	107	88	6
182	393	307	239	187	620	905	700	552	359
40,724	64,677	59,399	49,343	45,937	80,844	125,886	110,585	91,651	85,498

HALF-TIMERS IN NON-TEXTILE FACTORIES IN 1890.**TABLE 117.—STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of CHILDREN working HALF-TIME in NON-TEXTILE FACTORIES in the UNITED KINGDOM in 1890.**[*Extracted from the Report on the Conditions of School Attendance and Child Labour (Parliamentary Paper 311 of 1893).*]

Occupation.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Building trades, including saw mills and lime and cement manufacture.	218	30	248
Engineering and metal trades - -	1,872	136	1,508
Printing, bookbinding, and paper, and paper-box making trades.	743	317	1,060
Clothing trades - - - -	664	798	1,462
Woodworking trades - - - -	322	15	337
Preparation of food and drink, and manufacture of cigars and tobacco.	440	193	633
Chemical and allied trades - - - -	66	36	102
Glass, bricks, and earthenware manufacture -	1,919	678	2,597
Leather, leather goods, india-rubber, and rope manufacture.	409	142	551
Dyeing, bleaching, and finishing works -	2,354	776	3,130
Jewellery, gold, silver, and electro plate, clocks and watches, musical instruments, and articles from bone, ivory, jet, &c., manufacture.	43	31	74
Miscellaneous - - - -	495	192	687
Total - - - -	9,045	3,344	12,389

HALF-TIME EMPLOYMENT IN CERTAIN DISTRICTS IN 1893.**TABLE 118.—STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of HALF-TIMERS working at OCCUPATIONS of all kinds in CERTAIN SELECTED DISTRICTS, viz., Bradford, Blackburn, and Leicester, in February 1893.**[*Extracted from the Report on the Conditions of School Attendance and Child Labour (Parliamentary Paper 311 of 1893).*]

Occupation.	No.	Occupation.	No.	Occupation.	No.
A.—FACTORIES:		B.—WORKSHOPS:		C.—MISCELLANEOUS EMPLOYMENTS:	
Cotton - - -	4,499	Milliners and dress-makers.	48	Domestic - - -	1,304
Worsted - - -	3,934	Rope - - -	43	Newsvendors and errand boys.	485
Wool - - -	9	Bakers and confectioners.	25	Office boys and shop assistants.	274
Silk - - -	98	Paper bag - - -	14	Milk boys - - -	36
Hosiery - - -	44	Shoe - - -	139	Other employments.	148
Dyeing - - -	13	Ironfounders - -	15		
Shoes - - -	119	Machinery - - -	21		
India-rubber -	23	Cigars - - -	13		
Others - - -	27	Fire-light - - -	20		
		Machine stocking	27		
		knitting.			
		Hosiery - - -	26		
		Others - - -	157		
TOTAL FACTORIES -	8,768	TOTAL WORKSHOPS	548	TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS EMPLOYMENTS.	2,347

SUMMARY OF REGULATIONS AFFECTING EMPLOYMENT OF CHILDREN.

TABLE 119.—STATEMENT showing briefly the bearing of various Acts on the EMPLOYMENT of CHILDREN at the present time (1896).

[*Extracted from the Report on the Conditions of School Attendance and Child Labour (Parliamentary Paper No. 311 of 1893).**]

	AGE. (Under 11 years of age employment is prohibited.)		
	11 to 12.	12 to 13.	13 to 14.
1. Education Acts -	Half-time employment allowed on passing half-time (bye-law) standard. Full-time employment allowed on passing full-time (bye-law) standard.†		Employment, full-time or half-time, allowed if Standard IV. has been passed, or if certificate of due attendance obtained.
2. Factories, Work-shops, and Quarries.	Half-time employment allowed if half-time (bye-law) standard has been passed, and if children are actually attending school half-time for specified hours. Full-time employment prohibited.		Half-time employment allowed without educational test if children are actually attending school half-time for specified hours. Full-time employment allowed if Standard V. has been passed, or certificate of due attendance obtained.
3. Coal mines -	Employment prohibited.	Employment of girls below ground prohibited. Employment of boys below ground and of girls and boys above ground, as in No. 1, except that hours of employment above ground are regulated so as to prevent employment beyond half-time.	Employment of girls below ground prohibited: otherwise as under Education Acts.
4. Metalliferous mines.	Employment below ground prohibited; above ground as in No. 2.	Employment of girls below ground prohibited; of boys, as in No. 1. Employment above ground, as in No. 2.	Employment of girls below ground prohibited; of boys, as in No. 1. Employment above ground as in No. 2.
5. Employment in streets, public houses, and places of amusement.‡	Prohibited between 9 p.m. and 6 a.m., with power to local authority to extend these hours by <i>bye-law</i> (in addition to all regulations in Education Acts).‡		

* The table has been amended so as to bring it into accord with the Elementary Education (School Attendance) Act, 1883, the Quarries Act, 1894, and the Prevention of Cruelty to Children Act, 1894, and other changes since the issue of the Report quoted.

† In the few cases where the age fixed by the bye-laws is lower than 13, children under 13 to whom the bye-laws do not apply are subject to the same conditions as children between 13 and 14.

‡ For the purpose of singing, playing, or performing for profit, or offering anything for sale. In the case of girls this prohibition extends up to the age of 16.

MARRIED WOMEN'S LABOUR.

PROPORTION OF WOMEN TEXTILE WORKERS, MARRIED AND UNMARRIED.

I. GENERAL SUMMARY.

TABLE 120.—STATEMENT showing the NUMBER and PERCENTAGE of the WOMEN and GIRLS employed in 1894 by TEXTILE SPINNERS and MANUFACTURERS, so far as Returns have been received, who were HALF-TIMERS, YOUNG PERSONS under 18, and SINGLE, MARRIED, and WIDOWED WOMEN respectively.

[Compiled from Report on the Statistics of Employment of Women and Girls by Labour Department of Board of Trade, C. 7564 of 1894.]

Name of Trade.	Girls (under 18 Years of Age).		Women (18 Years of Age and upwards).					Grand Total, Women and Girls.
	Half-Timers.	Young Persons.	Un-married.	Married or Widowed.			Total Women.	
				Married.	Widowed	Total Married or Widowed.		
	NUMBER.							
Cotton - - -	12,536	45,398	79,531	34,150	4,841	38,991	118,522	176,456
Woollen - - -	200	3,364	11,575	4,062	844	4,906	16,481	20,045
Worsted - - -	3,944	13,288	23,039	5,158	1,111	6,269	29,308	46,540
Mixed woollen and worsted	83	792	2,223	578	108	686	2,909	3,784
Total - - -	16,763	62,842	116,368	43,948	6,904	50,852	167,220	245,825
	PERCENTAGE.							
Cotton - - -	7'1	25'7	45'1	19'4	2'7	22'1	67'2	100
Woollen - - -	1'0	16'8	57'7	20'3	4'2	24'5	82'2	100
Worsted - - -	8'5	28'5	49'5	11'1	2'4	13'5	63'0	100
Mixed woollen and worsted	2'2	20'9	58'8	15'3	2'8	18'1	76'9	100
Total - - -	6'8	25'5	47'1	17'8	2'8	20'6	67'7	100

PROPORTION OF WOMEN TEXTILE WORKERS, MARRIED AND UNMARRIED—continued.

II. COTTON TRADE.

TABLE 121.—STATEMENT showing for the PRINCIPAL DISTRICTS in LANCASHIRE and CHESHIRE, so far as RETURNS have been received, the NUMBER of GIRLS (HALF-TIMERS and YOUNG PERSONS) and SINGLE, MARRIED, and WIDOWED - WOMEN employed in 1894 in COTTON SPINNING and MANUFACTURE by Firms making RETURNS.

[Compiled from Report on the Statistics of Employment of Women and Girls by Labour Department of Board of Trade, C. 7564 of 1894.]

Districts.	Girls (under 18 Years of Age).		Women (18 Years of Age and upwards).					Grand Total, Women and Girls.
	Half-Timers.	Young Persons.	Un-married.	Married or Widowed.			Total Women.	
				Married.	Widowed.	Total Married or Widowed.		
Stockport - - -	280	938	1,706	875	159	1,034	2,740	5,938
Neighbourhood of Stockport.	235	780	1,737	434	76	510	2,247	3,863
Ashton-under-Lyne and neighbourhood.	782	3,768	6,972	3,376	567	3,943	10,915	15,465
Salford - - -	42	1,513	2,176	709	154	863	3,039	4,224
Neighbourhood of Salford and Manchester.	222	1,071	2,121	565	109	674	2,795	4,083
Leigh and neighbourhood	359	1,671	2,349	516	76	592	2,941	4,971
Wigan - - -	205	1,902	2,653	255	33	288	2,941	5,048
Bolton - - -	1,137	4,247	6,750	1,390	354	1,744	8,494	13,278
Neighbourhood of Bolton -	384	1,530	2,453	627	158	785	3,238	5,133
Bury - - -	431	1,491	2,825	1,323	233	1,561	4,386	6,303
Neighbourhood of Bury -	200	719	1,796	682	97	779	2,575	3,494
Oldham - - -	395	2,729	4,723	2,085	235	2,370	7,093	10,217
Neighbourhood of Oldham	476	2,003	3,490	1,337	169	1,506	4,996	7,475
Rochdale - - -	344	1,259	2,606	939	135	1,074	3,680	5,283
Neighbourhood of Rochdale.	276	971	2,073	823	126	949	3,022	4,269
Todmorden, Bacup, Haslingden, and neighbourhood.	837	2,311	4,567	1,838	263	2,100	6,667	9,215
Chorley - - -	429	1,384	2,402	835	120	955	3,357	5,150
Preston - - -	953	3,130	5,155	2,792	412	3,204	8,359	12,449
Blackburn - - -	1,344	3,590	5,939	4,062	460	4,552	10,551	15,483
Darwen, Accrington, Clitheroe, and neighbourhood.	1,539	3,453	6,865	3,745	377	4,122	10,987	15,974
Burnley - - -	847	2,275	3,643	2,690	251	2,941	6,584	9,706
Neighbourhood of Burnley.	663	1,870	3,153	1,759	158	1,917	5,070	7,608
Miscellaneous places in Lancashire.	181	811	1,317	458	70	528	1,845	2,827
Lancashire and Cheshire -	12,536	45,398	79,531	34,150	4,841	38,991	118,523	176,430
Percentage - - -	7.1	25.7	45.1	19.4	2.7	22.1	67.2	100

PROPORTION OF WOMEN TEXTILE WORKERS, MARRIED AND UNMARRIED—continued.

III. WOOLLEN TRADE.

TABLE 122.—STATEMENT showing for the PRINCIPAL DISTRICTS of YORKSHIRE and for LANCASHIRE and the WEST of ENGLAND so far as Returns have been received, the NUMBER of GIRLS (HALF-TIMERS and YOUNG PERSONS) and SINGLE, MARRIED, and WIDOWED WOMEN employed in 1894 in WOOLLEN SPINNING and MANUFACTURE by firms making Returns.

[Compiled from Report on the Statistics of Employment of Women and Girls by Labour Department of Board of Trade, C. 7564 of 1894.]

Districts.	Girls (under 18 Years of Age).		Women (18 Years of Age and upwards).					Grand Total, Women and Girls.
	Half-Timers.	Young Persons.	Un-married.	Married or Widowed.			Total Women.	
				Married.	Widowed.	Total Married or Widowed.		
Leeds - - -	1	386	1,567	607	113	720	2,287	2,674
Neighbourhood of Leeds	2	324	1,134	396	50	446	1,580	1,906
Halifax and neighbourhood.	37	167	742	160	42	202	944	1,148
Dewsbury, Batley, and neighbourhood.	—	962	3,615	1,211	224	1,435	5,050	6,032
Huddersfield - -	5	191	789	236	86	322	1,111	1,307
Neighbourhood of Huddersfield.	19	224	884	237	54	291	1,175	1,416
Yeadon, Calverley, and neighbourhood.	6	155	423	119	38	157	580	741
Mirfield and neighbourhood.	2	138	410	146	28	174	584	724
Dobcross and neighbourhood.	21	106	360	72	19	91	451	578
Miscellaneous places in Yorkshire.	7	174	431	181	34	215	646	827
Total Yorkshire -	100	2,847	10,355	3,365	638	4,053	14,408	17,355
Miscellaneous places in Lancashire.	74	184	493	149	55	204	697	955
West of England - -	26	333	727	548	101	649	1,376	1,733
Total - -	200	3,364	11,575	4,062	844	4,906	16,481	20,045
Percentage - -	1'0	16'8	57'7	20'3	4'2	24'5	82'2	100

PROPORTION OF WOMEN TEXTILE WORKERS, MARRIED AND UNMARRIED—continued.

IV. AND V.—WORSTED AND MIXED WOOLLEN AND WORSTED TRADE.

TABLE 123.—STATEMENT showing for the PRINCIPAL DISTRICTS of YORKSHIRE and LANCASHIRE, so far as returns have been received, the NUMBER of GIRLS (HALF-TIMERS and YOUNG PERSONS) and SINGLE, MARRIED, and WIDOWED WOMEN employed in 1894 in WORSTED, and in MIXED WOOLLEN and WORSTED SPINNING and MANUFACTURE respectively by firms making Returns.

[Compiled from Report on the Statistics of Employment of Women and Girls by Labour Department of Board of Trade, C. 7564 of 1894.]

Districts.	Girls (under 18 Years of Age).		Women (18 Years of Age and upwards).					Grand Total. Women and Girls.
	Half-Timers.	Young Persons.	Un-married.	Married or Widowed.			Total Women.	
				Married.	Widowed.	Total Married or Widowed.		
IV. Worsted Trade.								
Keighley - - -	323	767	1,231	206	47	253	1,534	2,624
Neighbourhood of Keighley.	317	892	1,691	467	103	575	2,266	3,475
Shipley and North Bierley District.	343	1,152	2,031	553	100	653	2,684	4,179
Bradford - - -	1,091	3,451	6,069	1,727	381	2,108	8,177	12,719
Neighbourhood of Bradford.	275	1,165	2,593	691	141	832	3,425	4,865
Halifax - - -	690	1,779	2,993	421	116	537	3,530	5,999
Neighbourhood of Halifax	541	1,592	2,110	315	48	263	2,373	4,505
Huddersfield - -	31	875	517	69	23	97	614	1,080
Neighbourhood of Huddersfield.	46	352	752	115	16	131	883	1,281
Wakefield and Horbury -	3	306	411	23	6	34	445	755
Dewsbury District - -	38	191	310	73	12	85	395	624
Leeds - - - -	16	364	815	221	35	256	1,071	1,451
Skipton District - -	46	145	243	79	16	95	338	529
Miscellaneous places in Yorkshire.	146	592	898	150	34	184	1,062	1,823
Total Yorkshire -	3,906	13,125	22,714	5,015	1,088	6,103	28,817	45,848
Colne and Nelson - -	38	163	325	143	23	166	491	698
Total Yorkshire and Lancashire.	3,944	13,288	23,039	5,158	1,111	6,269	29,308	46,540
Percentage - - -	8.5	23.5	40.5	11.1	2.4	13.5	63.0	100
V. Mixed Woollen and Worsted Trade.								
Leeds - - - -	—	149	596	193	26	219	815	964
Other places in Yorkshire	83	643	1,627	385	82	467	2,094	2,829
Leeds and other places in Yorkshire.	83	792	2,223	578	109	686	2,909	3,793
Percentage - - -	2.2	20.9	58.8	15.3	2.8	18.1	76.9	100

BUILDING

NUMBER OF SOCIETIES AND

TABLE 124.—STATEMENT showing, for each of the under-mentioned Years, the under the BUILDING SOCIETIES ACTS of 1874 and 1875), which made SOCIETIES in ENGLAND and

[Extracted from the Statistical

	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.	1885.	1886.
ENGLAND AND WALES - - -						
Number of Societies making Returns.	1,300	1,528	1,697	1,838	1,953	1,992
Liabilities:—	£	£	£	£	£	£
On Shares - - -	25,402,908	29,331,245	31,066,887	32,235,452	33,479,246	33,929,716
To depositors and other creditors.	14,801,700	16,351,611	16,253,437	15,655,162	15,385,503	15,272,075
For balance of unappropriated profit.†	1,246,032	1,510,589	1,617,996	1,582,213	1,691,617	1,675,420
Total Liabilities -	41,250,640	47,193,445	48,938,320	49,472,827	50,556,366	50,877,211
SCOTLAND - - -						
Number of Societies making Returns.	48	46	46	46	48	46
Liabilities:—	£	£	£	£	£	£
On shares - - -	914,158	732,392	661,470	696,833	695,974	725,702
To depositors and other creditors.	471,812	268,611	303,924	278,120	267,921	242,549
For balance of unappropriated profit.†	44,395	49,852	19,411	40,232	37,092	37,602
Total Liabilities -	1,430,365	1,050,755	984,805	1,015,235	1,000,987	1,005,853
IRELAND - - -						
Number of Societies making Returns.	28	32	36	35	40	41
Liabilities:—	£	£	£	£	£	£
On shares - - -	615,009	683,926	686,582	672,535	704,130	699,970
To depositors and other creditors.	417,504	433,056	441,077	416,065	377,874	322,439
For balance of unappropriated profit.†	17,322	44,672	10,599	24,276	44,543	34,402
Total Liabilities -	1,049,835	1,161,654	1,138,258	1,112,926	1,126,547	1,056,811
UNITED KINGDOM - - -						
Number of Societies making Returns.	1,376	1,606	1,779	1,919	2,041	2,079
Liabilities:—	£	£	£	£	£	£
On shares - - -	26,932,075	30,747,563	32,414,989	33,664,870	34,879,350	35,355,398
To depositors and other creditors.	15,491,016	17,053,178	16,998,438	16,349,347	16,631,293	15,837,063
For balance of unappropriated profit.†	1,307,749	1,605,113	1,648,006	1,646,771	1,773,252	1,747,424
Total Liabilities -	43,730,840	49,405,854	51,061,383	51,660,988	52,883,900	52,939,875

NOTE.—The figures in the Table are taken from returns compiled by the Registrar of Friendly Societies from the last accounts of the Building Societies received prior to the Order of the House of Commons in each year for the return.

SOCIETIES.

AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES.

NUMBER and AMOUNT of LIABILITIES of BUILDING SOCIETIES (Incorporated RETURNS of their LIABILITIES and ASSETS to the REGISTRARS of FRIENDLY WALES, SCOTLAND, and IRELAND.

Abstract for the United Kingdom.]

1887.	1888.*	1890.	1891.*	1893.	1894.	
- - - ENGLAND AND WALES.						
2,109	2,157	2,333	2,262	2,158	2,213	Number of Societies making Returns.
£	£	£	£	£	£	Liabilities:—
34,902,341	34,705,963	34,031,541	33,345,012	29,710,729	29,063,343	On shares.
15,103,899	14,734,511	14,689,499	14,551,531	11,145,153	10,448,329	To depositors and other creditors.
1,727,759	1,778,349	1,861,325	1,816,459	1,827,390	1,869,961	For balance of unappropriated profit.†
51,733,999	51,318,823	50,582,365	49,713,002	42,683,271	41,401,633	Total Liabilities.
- - - SCOTLAND.						
45	45	43	61	89	123	Number of Societies making Returns.
£	£	£	£	£	£	Liabilities:—
725,580	729,970	713,224	737,256	745,637	809,879	On shares.
221,313	242,198	228,939	208,704	220,788	194,274	To depositors and other creditors.
53,743	40,163	26,703	30,295	38,627	34,015	For balance of unappropriated profit.†
1,005,636	1,012,331	968,866	976,255	1,005,052	1,038,168	Total Liabilities.
- - - IRELAND.						
43	44	46	59	50	54	Number of Societies making Returns.
£	£	£	£	£	£	Liabilities:—
685,594	680,316	552,034	647,698	576,730	476,869	On shares.
231,196	248,314	146,811	151,279	124,641	42,151	To depositors and other creditors.
53,790	33,299	32,304	50,457	31,837	5,293	For balance of unappropriated profit.†
1,020,580	962,429	731,649	849,434	733,208	524,313	Total Liabilities.
- - - UNITED KINGDOM.						
2,197	2,246	2,422	2,382	2,297	2,390	Number of Societies making Returns.
£	£	£	£	£	£	Liabilities:—
36,313,515	36,116,749	35,296,799	34,729,966	31,033,096	30,370,091	On shares.
15,806,408	15,225,023	15,003,249	14,911,514	11,490,581	10,684,754	To depositors and other creditors.
1,840,292	1,851,811	1,920,832	1,897,211	1,897,854	1,909,289	For balance of unappropriated profit.†
53,760,215	53,193,583	52,282,880	51,538,691	44,421,531	42,964,114	Total Liabilities.

* Figures for 1889 and 1892 cannot be given.

† Including reserve funds.

SAVINGS BANKS IN RECEIPTS, PAYMENTS,

(i.) POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANKS.

TABLE 125.—STATEMENT showing, for each of the Years 1882 to 1895, the TOTAL AMOUNTS RECEIVED from, and PAID to, DEPOSITORS in the POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANKS, and of the COMPUTED CAPITAL of those SAVINGS BANKS at the end of each Year.

[Extracted from the Statistical Abstract for the United Kingdom.]

Years.	England and Wales.£	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.£
1882 - { Received* - - -	£ 12,593,617	£ 324,406	£ 794,746	£ 13,712,859
Paid† - - -	10,083,835	245,018	592,681	10,869,534
Capital‡ - - -	36,331,194	781,167	1,925,460	39,037,821
1883 - { Received* - - -	13,413,984	330,516	786,648	14,531,158
Paid† - - -	10,872,570	267,549	660,052	11,800,171
Capital‡ - - -	38,872,618	844,134	2,052,066	41,768,808
1884 - { Received* - - -	14,331,386	350,596	853,546	15,535,528
Paid† - - -	11,558,017	291,291	681,253	12,530,563
Capital‡ - - -	41,646,967	908,439	2,224,347	44,773,753
1885 - { Received* - - -	14,614,915	366,159	945,733	16,126,807
Paid† - - -	12,171,087	299,807	731,908	13,202,742
Capital‡ - - -	44,289,875	969,791	2,438,172	47,697,838
1886 - { Received* - - -	15,468,426	384,935	1,018,061	16,869,442
Paid† - - -	12,636,813	299,953	753,178	13,689,944
Capital‡ - - -	47,116,488	1,064,774	2,703,075	50,874,337
1887 - { Received* - - -	16,305,994	414,104	1,059,906	17,780,006
Paid† - - -	13,524,074	326,253	829,951	14,680,278
Capital‡ - - -	49,898,408	1,148,625	2,983,033	53,974,065
1888 - { Received* - - -	18,743,829	450,057	1,191,178	20,385,064
Paid† - - -	14,572,033	340,214	890,488	15,802,735
Capital‡ - - -	54,070,304	1,353,468	3,233,722	58,556,394
1889 - { Received* - - -	19,572,041	500,607	1,184,845	21,257,493
Paid† - - -	15,404,853	375,899	943,546	16,814,367
Capital‡ - - -	58,147,393	1,377,206	3,475,021	62,999,620
1890 - { Received* - - -	20,769,803	558,307	1,215,967	22,544,047
Paid† - - -	16,495,802	436,429	977,229	17,908,860
Capital‡ - - -	62,421,994	1,499,084	3,713,729	67,634,807
1891 - { Received* - - -	21,170,281	560,964	1,261,805	22,993,050
Paid† - - -	17,574,047	445,242	1,000,566	19,019,855
Capital‡ - - -	66,018,228	1,614,906	3,974,968	71,608,002
1892 - { Received* - - -	22,653,356	635,237	1,302,651	24,591,244
Paid† - - -	18,798,013	481,227	1,066,977	20,346,217
Capital‡ - - -	69,973,571	1,768,966	4,310,943	76,053,479
1893 - { Received* - - -	24,352,782	741,479	1,414,867	26,509,128
Paid† - - -	19,940,063	530,120	1,235,353	21,704,536
Capital‡ - - -	74,277,260	1,980,225	4,540,156	80,597,641
1894 - { Received* - - -	29,602,953	938,234	1,864,165	32,455,352
Paid† - - -	21,919,341	638,445	1,325,641	23,783,427
Capital‡ - - -	81,060,372	2,330,014	4,975,690	89,266,066
1895 - { Received* - - -	31,071,405	1,236,373	1,993,428	34,301,205
Paid† - - -	23,611,750	721,680	1,564,896	25,898,226
Capital‡ - - -	89,420,027	2,844,706	5,604,242	97,868,975

* Including interest credited to depositors and dividends on stock held for depositors; deposits for immediate investment in stock and for purchase of annuities and insurances; sums credited in respect of stock sold for depositors, and, since 1884, in respect of payments under annuity and insurance contracts.

† Including withdrawals for investments in stock and for purchase of annuities and insurances; withdrawals consequent on sale of stock, and, since 1884, in respect of payments to annuitants and insurants and their representatives.

‡ Exclusive of Government Stock held for depositors.

§ Including Islands in the British Seas.

THE UNITED KINGDOM. AND CAPITAL.

(ii.) TRUSTEE SAVINGS BANKS.

TABLE 126.—STATEMENT showing, for each of the Years 1882 to 1895, the TOTAL AMOUNTS RECEIVED and PAID by TRUSTEES of SAVINGS BANKS from and to DEPOSITORS in each Year, and of the COMPUTED CAPITAL of TRUSTEE SAVINGS BANKS at the end of each Year.

[Compiled from the Statistical Abstract for the United Kingdom.]

Years ended 30th November.		England.£	Wales.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.£
		£	£	£	£	£
1882	{ Received*	7,667,514	216,770	2,451,787	464,188	10,800,259
	{ Paid†	7,447,146	202,876	2,197,231	460,481	10,327,734
	{ Capital‡	34,346,897	1,062,970	7,091,300	2,062,414	44,612,581
1883	{ Received*	7,567,882	217,055	2,495,664	482,651	10,763,252
	{ Paid†	7,471,992	206,824	2,227,378	482,518	10,388,710
	{ Capital‡	34,441,787	1,103,201	7,569,686	2,082,649	44,997,123
1884	{ Received*	7,887,839	226,084	2,578,053	506,162	11,197,138
	{ Paid†	7,404,528	242,231	2,228,168	468,447	10,343,374
	{ Capital‡	34,925,086	1,087,054	7,709,471	2,119,264	46,840,887
1885	{ Received*	7,909,701	229,249	2,525,285	458,076	11,022,311
	{ Paid†	7,472,592	215,820	2,259,924	538,863	10,507,239
	{ Capital‡	35,262,207	1,100,463	7,974,832	2,018,367	46,355,909
1886	{ Received*	7,981,717	212,599	2,613,147	462,776	11,260,230
	{ Paid†	7,712,729	261,392	2,266,758	441,274	10,772,153
	{ Capital‡	35,531,195	961,690	8,331,221	2,029,899	46,843,905
1887	{ Received*	7,820,949	147,122	2,697,166	461,592	11,126,829
	{ Paid†	7,766,255	183,641	2,340,053	428,673	10,708,602
	{ Capital‡	35,596,889	915,171	8,688,364	2,062,908	47,263,232
1888	{ Received*	7,690,296	141,646	2,820,421	460,682	11,053,045
	{ Paid†	8,827,596	166,554	2,440,034	476,425	11,910,679
	{ Capital‡	34,398,619	890,263	9,068,741	2,047,065	46,404,688
1889	{ Received*	7,183,027	133,734	2,900,045	455,830	10,672,636
	{ Paid†	8,765,323	151,071	2,596,011	437,069	11,949,504
	{ Capital‡	32,316,323	872,926	9,372,745	2,065,226	44,627,220
1890	{ Received*	7,023,329	145,031	3,051,633	429,139	10,649,132
	{ Paid†	8,607,201	165,502	2,870,407	483,290	12,126,400
	{ Capital‡	31,232,451	852,455	9,553,971	2,011,675	43,650,552
1891	{ Received*	6,677,100	143,420	3,065,386	428,900	10,314,706
	{ Paid†	7,694,740	144,537	2,796,920	451,496	11,089,693
	{ Capital‡	30,214,811	851,838	9,820,437	1,968,979	42,875,565
1892	{ Received*	6,571,315	128,150	3,068,595	419,918	10,187,978
	{ Paid†	7,288,846	145,486	2,870,979	422,783	10,678,064
	{ Capital‡	29,547,280	834,002	10,018,053	1,966,114	42,385,449
1893	{ Received*	6,406,291	110,739	3,222,590	401,160	10,142,770
	{ Paid†	6,819,096	203,111	2,761,860	500,553	10,284,619
	{ Capital‡	29,136,475	741,630	10,478,773	1,886,722	42,243,600
1894	{ Received*	7,078,696	105,055	3,736,662	487,910	11,408,343
	{ Paid†	6,827,435	147,508	2,824,964	377,137	10,177,039
	{ Capital‡	29,387,736	699,182	11,390,491	1,997,496	43,474,904
1895	{ Received*	7,266,262	93,107	4,310,987	506,367	12,177,423
	{ Paid†	6,676,659	145,214	3,101,306	416,465	10,339,646
	{ Capital‡	29,978,039	647,075	12,600,170	2,037,397	45,312,681

NOTE.—The amount of the computed capital of Penny Banks, Charitable Institutions, and Friendly Societies included above was in—

1882	2,930,450	140,637	200,597	34,961	3,306,645
1895	2,266,969	76,579	415,551	52,768	2,809,867

* Including Interest and sums received for Government Stock sold for Depositors and also credit of dividends on Government Stock held for Depositors.

† Including sums paid for Government Stock purchased for Depositors.

‡ Exclusive of Government Stock held for Depositors.

§ Including Channel Islands.

NUMBER OF ACCOUNTS OPEN.

(i.) POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANKS.

TABLE 127.—STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of ACCOUNTS REMAINING OPEN in POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANKS in the UNITED KINGDOM on 31st December in each of the under-mentioned Years.

[Extracted from the Statistical Abstract for the United Kingdom.]

Years.	England.*	Wales.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.*
1882	2,544,817	98,968	106,701	106,400	2,856,886
1883	2,768,418	108,040	116,206	114,976	3,107,640
1884	2,970,839	115,290	122,573	124,973	3,333,675
1885	3,150,863	121,838	127,172	135,777	3,535,650
1886	3,321,567	130,783	131,873	147,193	3,731,421
1887	3,513,468	139,744	139,681	158,843	3,951,741
1888	3,750,048	150,386	148,288	172,305	4,220,927
1889	3,999,273	163,256	159,920	185,380	4,507,829
1890	4,456,066		172,438	196,790	4,825,294
1891	4,723,929		182,390	212,076	5,118,395
1892	5,027,431		199,062	225,823	5,452,316
1893	5,292,178		220,117	235,944	5,748,239
1894	5,610,032		238,961	259,870	6,108,863
1895	5,912,466		260,602	280,469	6,453,537

* Including Islands in the British Seas.

(ii.) TRUSTEE SAVINGS BANKS.

TABLE 128.—STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of ACCOUNTS REMAINING OPEN in TRUSTEE SAVINGS BANKS in the UNITED KINGDOM on 20th November in each of the under-mentioned Years.

[Extracted from the Statistical Abstract for the United Kingdom.]

Years.	England.*	Wales.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.*
1882	1,185,840	31,591	308,391	52,161	1,577,983
1883	1,171,191	32,138	310,961	51,894	1,566,184
1884	1,181,890	31,628	316,311	52,655	1,582,474
1885	1,190,502	31,796	320,473	50,236	1,593,997
1886	1,187,726	27,389	325,914	49,775	1,590,804
1887	1,193,563	25,941	335,112	49,994	1,604,610
1888	1,158,739	25,439	346,126	49,242	1,579,546
1889	1,116,569	24,391	359,679	50,455	1,551,094
1890	1,089,099	24,120	372,920	49,843	1,536,982
1891	1,055,186	23,830	381,940	49,276	1,510,232
1892	1,041,544	23,480	387,891	49,005	1,501,920
1893	1,027,132	21,447	376,062	46,505	1,471,146
1894	1,018,071	20,175	385,190	47,510	1,470,946
1895	1,013,841	18,791	435,474	43,123	1,510,229

NOTE.—The number of accounts of Penny Banks, Charitable Institutions, and Friendly Societies included above was in—

1882	25,634	1,137	3,323	467	30,561
1895	21,858	615	5,951	606	29,030

* Including Channel Islands.

APPENDIX.

PRINCIPAL BOARD OF TRADE PUBLICATIONS ON LABOUR QUESTIONS.

The following are among the Parliamentary Reports and Returns relating to Labour Questions, which have been, or are about to be, published by the Board of Trade. They may all be obtained through any bookseller, or direct from Messrs. Eyre & Spottiswoode, East Harding Street, E.C.

Title.	Official Number to be quoted on Ordering.	Price.
WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOUR.		
Annual Reports on Changes in Wages and Hours of Labour :—		<i>s. d.</i>
1893 - - - - -	C.—7,567	1 3
1894 - - - - -	C.—8,075	1 9
1895 (<i>in the Press</i>).		
Standard Piece Rates (1893) - - - -	C.—7,567-I.	1 0
Standard Time Rates (1893) - - - -	C.—7,567-II.	1 3
Rates of Wages paid in the United Kingdom in 1886 :—		
Principal Textile Trades - - - -	C.—5,807	1 6
Minor " " - - - -	C.—6,161	0 9½
Mines and Quarries - - - -	C.—6,455	1 0
Police, Gas, and Water, and Corporation Employees. - - - -	C.—6,715	1 3
General Report* - - - -	C.—6,889	4 3
Weekly Hours of Labour in 1850, 1860, 1870, 1880, and 1890.	P.P.—375 of 1890	0 7½
LABOUR DISPUTES.		
Strikes and Lock-outs, 1st Report on (1888) -	C.—5,809	0 10
" " " 2nd " (1889) -	C.—6,176	1 3
" " " 3rd " (1890) -	C.—6,476	2 11
" " " 4th " (1891) -	C.—6,890	4 4
" " " 5th " (1892) -	C.—7,408	3 3
" " " 6th " (1893) -	C.—7,566	2 4
" " " 7th " (1894) -	C.—7,901	2 9
" " " 8th " (1895)	C.—8,231	2 4
TRADE UNIONS.		
Trade Unions, 1st Report on - - - -	C.—5,104	0 7½
" " 2nd " (1887) - - - -	C.—5,505	2 5
" " 3rd " (1888) - - - -	C.—5,808	2 1½
" " 4th " (1889 and 1890) -	C.—6,475	5 1½
" " 5th " (1891) - - - -	C.—6,990	2 4
" " 6th " (1892) - - - -	C.—7,436	2 8
" " 7th " (1893) - - - -	C.—7,808	2 3
" " 8th " (1894 and 1895) (<i>in the Press</i>).	C.—8,232	

* Some of the figures in this volume relate to 1901.

APPENDIX—continued.

PRINCIPAL BOARD OF TRADE PUBLICATIONS ON LABOUR
QUESTIONS—continued.

Title.	Official Number to be quoted on Ordering.	Price.
OTHER REPORTS.		
Work of the Labour Department of the Board of Trade, Report on, with Abstract of Labour Statistics :—		s. d.
1893-4 - - - - -	C.—7,565	0 9
1894-5 - - - - -	C.—7,900	0 10½
1895-6 - - - - -	C.—8,230	1 0
Profit-sharing, Report on (1894) - -	C.—7,458	0 10
"Gain-sharing" and certain other systems of Bonus on Production, Report on (1895).	C.—7,848	0 6½
Report on Contracts given out by Public Authori- ties to Associations of Workmen (<i>in the Press</i>).	C.—8,233	
Cost of Production in relation to Wages in certain Industries (1891).	C.—6,535	1 7
Sweating in East End of London (1887) - - -	P.P.—331 of 1887	0 2½
" Leeds (1888) - - -	C.—5,513	0 1
Women and Girls, Report on the Statistics of Employment of (1894).	C.—7,564	0 8
Unemployed, Report on the Agencies and Methods for dealing with the (1893).	C.—7,182	1 11
Alien Immigration :—		
Alien Immigration into United States (1893) -	C.—7,113	1 7
Recent Immigration from Eastern Europe, Reports on the Volume and Effects of (1894).	C.—7,406	1 0
Nail and Chain Makers in South Staffordshire, &c. (1888).	P.P.—385 of 1888	0 6

	Page		Page
A.		CHILDREN:	
ACCIDENTS, INDUSTRIAL:		Half-timers in—	
Notice of Accidents Act, Number reported under - - -	151	Non-textile Factories - - -	184
Summary of - - -	148	Textile Factories - - -	182-3
To Factory and Workshop Operatives - - -	144-5	" Wages of - - -	139
To Miners - - -	146-7	Various " Occupations in selected Districts - - -	184
" Quarrymen - - -	148	Occupations of Children under 15 - - -	178-81
" Railway Servants - - -	149-50	Regulations affecting Employment of - - -	185
" Seamen - - -	148	CLAYS, PRODUCTION OF - - -	79
ACTIONS AND PROSECUTIONS, INDUSTRIAL:		CLOTHING TRADES, RATES OF WAGES - - -	126-7
Under Employers' Liability Act	152	CLUBS, WORKMEN'S - - -	50
" Factory and Workshop Acts - - -	153	COACH AND CARRIAGE BUILDING (INCLUDING VAN, CART, &c., WORKS), RATES OF WAGES - - -	129
" Merchant Shipping Acts -	154	COAL AND COAL MINES. (See MINING.)	
" Mines Regulation Acts -	152	CONCILIATION AND ARBITRATION:	
AGES OF THE PEOPLE - - -	168	Disputes settled by - - -	66
ALIEN IMMIGRATION - - -	160	District Boards of - - -	65
ARBITRATION. (See Conciliation and Arbitration.)		Trade Boards of - - -	64-5
B.		CONGRESSES, CO-OPERATIVE - - -	49
BABY LINEN, &c., TRADES, RATES OF WAGES - - -	126	TRADE UNION - - -	23
BIRTHS - - -	156	COOPERAGE WORKS, RATES OF WAGES - - -	128
BLAST FURNACES:		CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES, WORKMEN'S:	
Number in Blast - - -	82	Associations for Distribution -	26-9
Rates of Wages - - -	114-5	" Production - - -	34-41
BOOT AND SHOE FACTORIES, RATES OF WAGES in - - -	127	Congresses - - -	49
BOYS, OCCUPATIONS OF - - -	178-84	Corn Milling - - -	47
HALF-TIMERS - - -	182-4	Farming - - -	48
HALF-TIMERS IN TEXTILE TRADES, WAGES OF - - -	139	Production by distributive Societies - - -	30-3
IN VARIOUS INDUSTRIES, WAGES OF - - -	112-3	Summary (Number, Membership, Capital, &c.) - - -	25
BRASS WORK AND METAL WARES, MANUFACTURE OF, RATES OF WAGES - - -	128	Wholesale Societies—	
BREWERIES, RATES OF WAGES - - -	127	Distributive Departments -	42
BRICKS, TILES, &c., MANUFACTURE OF, RATES OF WAGES - - -	129	Manufacturing " - - -	43-6
BUILDING SOCIETIES, NUMBER AND LIABILITIES OF - - -	190-1	COTTON INDUSTRY, RATES OF WAGES	120-1
C.		D.	
CHANGES IN WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOUR - - -	98-105	DEATHS - - -	156
		DISPUTES, TRADE:	
		Arbitration and Conciliation in settlement of - - -	66
		Grouped by:	
		Causes - - -	59
		Duration - - -	60
		Locality - - -	61
		Months - - -	62-3
		Results - - -	60
		Trades - - -	55

	Page
DISTILLERIES, RATES OF WAGES	- 127
DOCK AND WHARF LABOUR IN	
LONDON	- 74-5
DRESSMAKING, RATES OF WAGES	- 126

E.

EMIGRATION. (<i>See also</i> Immigration):	
Destination of Emigrants	- 157
Nationality "	- 158
EMPLOYERS, ASSOCIATIONS OF	- 24
EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY ACT, AC-	
TIONS UNDER	- 152
EMPLOYMENT OF CHILDREN. (<i>See</i>	
CHILDREN.)	
EMPLOYMENT, FLUCTUATIONS IN :	
Coal Mines, Days worked in	- 76-7
Cyclical fluctuations	- 70-1
Dock and Wharf Labour in	
London	- 74-5
Engineering Trade	- 72-3
Seasonal fluctuations	- 68-9
Trade Union members unemployed	67
ENGINEERING AND MACHINERY	
WORKS, RATES OF WAGES	- 116-7
EXPORTS OF COAL	- 85

F.

FACTORY AND WORKSHOP ACTS,	
PROSECUTIONS UNDER	- 153
FACTORY AND WORKSHOP OPERA-	
TIVES, ACCIDENTS TO	- 144-5
FARMING, CO-OPERATIVE	- 48
FEDERATIONS OF TRADE UNIONS	- 16-20
FOREIGNERS IN UNITED KINGDOM:	
Number and Nationality	- 161
Occupations of Russians and	
Poles	- 162
Proportion to Total Population	- 163
(<i>See also</i> IMMIGRATION.)	
FOUNDRIES, RATES OF WAGES	- 116-7
FRIENDLY SOCIETIES:	
Particulars of Ten of the	
Largest Societies	- 52-7
Summary (Number, Membership,	
Funds)	- 51

G.

Girls, OCCUPATIONS OF	- 178-89
— HALF-TIMERS	- 182-9
— IN TEXTILE TRADES, WAGES	
OF	- 188-9
— IN VARIOUS INDUSTRIES,	
WAGES OF	- 112-3

H.

HALF-TIME EMPLOYMENT:	
In Non-textile Factories	- 184
" Textile Factories	- 182-9
" " Rates of Wages.	139
" Various Occupations in selected	
Towns	- 184
Regulations affecting	- 185

	Page
HOSPITAL EMPLOYEES, RATES OF	
WAGES	- 136
HOURS OF LABOUR:	
Changes in	- 101
In certain skilled trades in large	
Towns, Trade Union	- 106-11
HOUSING OF THE PEOPLE:	
Classification of Houses (Ire-	
land)	- 167
Classification of Tenements—	
England and Wales	- 164
Scotland	- 166
Overcrowded Tenements in Eng-	
land and Wales	- 165

I.

IMMIGRATION:	
Aliens from Europe	- 160
Balance of British and Irish	
Passenger Movement	- 159
Balance of Total Passenger	
Movement to and from United	
Kingdom	- 160
From countries out of Europe	- 159
IRON, PRICES OF	- 84
IRON MINES. (<i>See</i> MINING.)	

L.

LABOUR BUREAUX	- 86-91
LEAD ORE, PRODUCTION OF	- 79
LINEN INDUSTRY, RATES OF WAGES	124-5
LUNATIC ASYLUM EMPLOYEES,	
RATES OF WAGES	- 137

M.

MACHINERY WORKS, RATES OF	
WAGES	- 116-7
MANTLE MAKING, RATES OF WAGES	126
MANURE WORKS, CHEMICAL, RATES	
OF WAGES	- 129
MARRIAGES	- 156
MERCHANT SHIPPING ACTS, PROSE-	
CUTIONS UNDER	- 154
MILLINERY TRADE, RATES OF	
WAGES	- 126
MINING:	
Accidents to Coal Miners	- 146
" Metal "	- 147
Changes (Percentage) in Coal	
Miners' Wages	- 105
Days worked in Coal Mines	- 76-7
Exports of Coal	- 85
Number of Coal Miners	- 78
Production of Coal	- 80
" Ironstone and Ore	- 81
" Other Minerals	- 79
Prices of Coal and Iron	- 84
Prosecutions under Mines Regu-	
lation Acts	- 152
Rates of Wages in Coal and	
Iron Mines	- 118-9

	Page		Page
N.		PRICES OF COAL AND IRON	84
NURSES, &c., RATES OF WAGES :		PRINTING AND ENGRAVING TRADE	
Hospitals, Infirmarys, &c.	186	(LARGE WORKS), RATES OF	
Lunatic Asylums	187	WAGES	129
		PRODUCTION :	
O.		By Workmen's Co-operative	
OCCUPATIONS OF THE PEOPLE :		Societies	80-47
Children under 15	178-81	Mineral	79-81
Females—Proportion employed		Pig Iron	82
in certain Occupations	176-7	Shipbuilding	83
Half-timers in—		PROFIT-SHARING :	
Non-textile Factories	184	Causes of Cessation of Schemes	148
Textile Factories	182-9	Number of Schemes started and	
Various Occupations in se-		in existence	140
lected Towns	184	Ratio of Bonus to Wages	142
Males—Proportion employed in		Trades in which adopted	141
certain Occupations	172-5	PROSECUTIONS, INDUSTRIAL. (See	
Regulations affecting Employ-		ACTIONS AND PROSECUTIONS.)	
ment of Children	185		
Russians and Russian Poles in		Q.	
the United Kingdom	162	QUARRYMEN, ACCIDENTS TO	148
Summary of Classes of	169		
" Groups of	170-1	R.	
OIL SHALE, PRODUCTION OF	79	RAILWAY CARRIAGE AND WAGON	
OLD AGE, PROVISION FOR, BY TRADE		BUILDING, RATES OF WAGES	129
UNIONS	14-5	RAILWAY SERVANTS :	
OVERCROWDED TENEMENTS IN ENG-		Accidents to	149-50
LAND AND WALES	165	Rates of Wages	130-3
P.		S.	
PAUPERISM :		SALT, PRODUCTION OF	79
Classification of Paupers by Age—		SAVINGS BANKS :	
England and Wales	96	Number of Accounts open—	
Ireland	97	Post Office	194
Number and Classes in receipt		Trustee	194
of Relief—		Receipts, Payments, and Capital—	
England and Wales	92	Post Office	192
Ireland	94	Trustee	193
Scotland	93	SAW MILLS, RATES OF WAGES AT	128
United Kingdom	95	SEAMEN :	
PIG IRON MANUFACTURE, RATES OF		Fatal Accidents to	148
WAGES	114-5	Rates of Wages	134-5
PIG IRON, PRICES OF	84	SHIPBUILDING, RATES OF WAGES :	
PRODUCTION OF	82	Iron and Steel	114-5
POPULATION, GROWTH AND MOVE-		Wood	128
MENT OF :		SHIPBUILDING, TONNAGE OF VESSELS	
Balance of Passenger Movement:		BUILT	83
British and Irish	159	SLATES AND SLABS, PRODUCTION OF	79
Total	160	STEEL, PRICES OF	84
Births	156	STRIKES AND LOCK-OUTS. (See	
Deaths	156	Disputes, Trade.)	
Emigrants :		T.	
Destinations	157	TAILORING TRADE (BESPOKE), RATES	
Nationality	158	OF WAGES	127
Estimated Population	155	TENEMENTS, NUMBER OF OCCU-	
Immigrants :		PIANTS IN EACH CLASS OF :	
From Countries out of Europe	159	England and Wales	164-5
" Europe (aliens only)	160	Scotland	166
Marriages	156		
POPULATION, PROPORTION OF			
FOREIGNERS TO TOTAL	163		
POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANKS	192, 194		

	Page	WAGES, RATES OF—cont.	Page
TEXTILE FACTORIES :		Cooperage Works -	128
Half-time employment in -	182-9	Cotton Industry -	120-1
Rates of Wages -	120-5	Distilleries -	127
Wages of Women, Girls, and		Dressmaking -	126
Half-timers in -	138-9	Engineering and Machinery	
Women, married and unmarried		Works -	116-7
in -	186-9	Foundries -	116-7
TIN ORE, PRODUCTION OF -	79	Hospital Employees -	136
TIN PLATE WORKS, RATES OF WAGES	128	Linen Industry -	124-5
TRADE DISPUTES. (See Disputes,		Lunatic Asylum Employees	137
Trade.)		Machinery Works -	116-7
TRADE UNIONS :		Mantle Making -	126
Congresses -	23	Manure Works, Chemical -	129
Federations of -	16-20	Millinery Trade -	126
Members unemployed of -	67	Mines, Coal and Iron -	118-9
Membership, Income and Ex-		Pig Iron Manufacture -	114-5
penditure, Particulars of -	2-13	Printing and Engraving	
Provision for Old Age by -	14-5	Trade (Large Works) -	129
Rates of Wages and Hours of		Railway Carriage and Wagon	
Labour for certain Skilled		Building -	129
Trades in Large Towns -	106-11	Railway Servants -	130-3
TRADES COUNCILS, LIST OF -	21-2	Saw Mills -	128
TRUSTEE SAVINGS BANK -	193-4	Seamen -	184-5
		Shipbuilding, Iron and Steel	114-5
		Wood -	128
U.		Tailoring Trade (Bespoke) -	127
UNEMPLOYED, THE. (See Employ-		Textile Trades (Women and	
ment, Fluctuations in, and Labour		Girls) -	138
Bureaux.)		" " (Half-timers) -	139
		Tin Plate Works -	128
		Woollen Industry -	122-3
		Worsted Industry -	124-5
V.		Summary of, for Various Indus-	
VESSELS BUILT, TONNAGE OF -	83	tries -	112-3
		Trade Union, for certain skilled	
		Trades in large Towns -	106-11
W.		WHARVES, EMPLOYMENT AT LONDON	74-5
WAGES, RATES OF :		WOMEN :	
Bonus paid by Profit-Sharing		Employment of -	169-71 ; 176-7
Firms, Ratio of, to Wages -	142	In Textile Trades, Wages of -	138
Changes in -	98-105	In Various Industries, Wages of	112-3
Percentage Changes in Coal		Married and Unmarried in Tex-	
Miner's Wages -	105	tile Factories, Proportion of -	186-9
Principal Occupations, Average		WOOLLEN INDUSTRY, RATES OF	
Rates for :		WAGES. -	122-3
Baby Linen, &c. Trades -	126	WORKMEN'S CLUBS :	
Boot and Shoe Factories -	127	Number and Membership of	
Brass Work and Metal		Clubs affiliated to Union -	50
Wares, Manufacture of -	128	Number of Clubs registered	
Breweries -	127	under Friendly Societies	
Bricks, Tiles, &c., Manu-		Act -	50
facture of -	129	WORSTED INDUSTRY, RATES OF	
Coach and Carriage Building		WAGES -	124-5
(including Van, Cart, &c.			
Works) -	129		
		Z.	
		ZINC ORE, PRODUCTION OF -	79