

## CENTRAL STATISTICAL OFFICE

# MONTHLY DIGEST OF STATISTICS 

No. 2
FEBRUARY 1946

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## No. 2. FEBRUARY 1946

## I. Introductory Notes

This Digest, which is published monthly, has been prepared by the Central Statistical Office in collaboration with the Statistics Divisions of Government Departments. The Departments and organisations responsible for providing each series of statistics are stated underneath each table.

The scope of the Digest will be revised from time to time to include new statistical information as it becomes available. Many of the series appearing in the Digest are given in greater detail in other official publications. In particular, reference should be made to the Board of Trade Journal, the Ministry of Labour Gazette, and the Trade Accounts, where some of the statistics given in this Digest appear regularly in greater detail.

The following tables contain information which was not included in Issue No. I:-

| Tables 1 and 2 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | Estimated civilian population |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Table 3 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| Births and marriages registered |  |  |  |
| Table 32 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| Tables 70 and 71 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | Stews of steel |
| Tabermane houses completed and under construction |  |  |  |
| Table $105 \ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | Currency circu ation |
| Table 106 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | Bank of Eng'and |
| Table $107 \ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | Security prices |

## II. General Notes

I. A Supplement was published with the first issue of the Digest giving in detail the definitions of the items and units employed. Copies of this Supplement can be obtained from H.M. Stationery Office (price 6d.). There are, however, a number of points of general importance which should be borne in mind.
2. Consumption. Figures of consumption particularly should be used with caution. Changes in consumption from month to month may be explained by seasonal factors. Figures given under the headings of "consumption" or "disposals" are usually derived from statistics of releases from stocks by Controls or manufacturers, and include the amount delivered for export. Where exports form a significant proportion of total disposals, however, the amount made available for consumption within the United Kingdom is shown separately in the tables.
3. Stocks. Figures of stocks should also be used with caution, since changes in stocks from month to month may likewise be explained by seasonal factors. Moreover, figures of stocks often relate to only part of the total stocks in the country. The definitions of figures of stocks are given either in footnotes to each table, or in more detail in the Supplement to the Digest.
4. Figures of stocks relate either to the end of a calendar month or to the end of a four or five weekly period. Where the information for this date cannot be obtained the figures relate to the date nearest to the end of the month for which figures are available. If this date is more than seven days from the end of the month the day of the month is stated in a footnote.
5. Area covered. Except where otherwise stated, all statistics relate to the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.
6. Revisions. Some of the figures included in this Digest are regarded by Departments as provisional only and may be revised in later issues. Each issue contains all the revisions made in the figures up to the date of publication of the Digest.
7. Symbols employed. The following symbols have been used throughout the Digest :-
$\cdots=$ not available
$\cdots=$ nil or less than half the final digit shown
$*=$ average of five weeks
8. Where necessary, each figure has been rounded off to the nearest final digit. For this reason there may be in some tables an apparent slight discrepancy between the sum of the constituent items and the total as shown.
9. A line drawn across a column between two consecutive figures indicates that the figures above and below the line have been compiled on different bases and are not strictly comparable. In each case a footnote is added indicating the nature of the difference.

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## I. POPULATION <br> Estimated Population of the United Kingdom ( ${ }^{1}$ )

TABLE I


## Estimated Civilian Population of the United Kingdom at 30 June 1945

TABLE 2
Thousands


TABLE 3


# II. EMPLOYMENT <br> Distribution of total manpower in Great Britain ( ${ }^{( }$) 

Thousands

$\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ Males aged 14-64 and females 14-59. The figures include employers and self-employed as well as employees, but exclude private domestic service. Women in part-time paid

Source : Ministry of Labour and National Service employment (estimated at 620,000 in December 1945) are included, two being counted as one unit.
$\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ Including British civilian staffs of U.N.R.R.A. and Allied Control Commissions.

## Estimated numbers employed in all manufacturing industries ( ${ }^{( }$)

TABLE 5

| Total | Males aged 14-64 | Of insurable age ( ${ }^{2}$ ) |  |  |  |  |  | Over insurable age |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Females aged 14-59 |  |  | Employed on orders for |  |  | Males aged 65 and over | Females aged 60 and over |
|  |  | Total | Fulltime | Parttime | Supply ( ${ }^{( }$) departments | Home market | Export |  |  |
| 6,527-4 | 4,304•8 | 2,222-6 | 2,222 - 6 | - | 1,202.4 | 4,395.0 | $930 \cdot 0$ |  |  |
| 7,578.9 | 4,280-5 | 3,298.4 | 3,129.5 | $335 \cdot 8$ | 5,070-5 | 2,263.9 | 244.5 |  |  |
| 6,661-4 | 3,868•7 | 2,792.7 | 2,625-1 | $335 \cdot 2$ | 3,791-4 | 2,461-9 | 408.1 | $222 \cdot 0$ | 56.0 |
| $6,488 \cdot 5$ $6,320 \cdot 9$ | $3,803 \cdot 3$ $3,740 \cdot 9$ | $2,685 \cdot 2$ $2,580 \cdot 0$ | $2,532 \cdot 0$ $2,438 \cdot 2$ | $306 \cdot 3$ 283.5 | $3,312 \cdot 7$ $2,819 \cdot 4$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,678 \cdot 9 \\ & 2,895 \cdot 9 \end{aligned}$ | 496.9 605.6 | 205.0 | 51.0 |
| 6,191.9 | 3,695 3 | 2,496.6 | 2,365.9 | $261 \cdot 4$ |  |  | 704.6 |  |  |
| 6,145•7 | 3,693-0 | 2,452 $\cdot 7$ | 2,327-2 | $251 \cdot 0$ | $\therefore$ (4) | $\cdots\left({ }^{4}\right)$ | 785.1 |  |  |
| 6,088-1 | 3,701•8 | 2,386-3 | 2,268-3 | 236.1 | 1,724.0 | 3,487-5 | 876.6 | 195.0 | 51.0 |

${ }^{(1)}$ Great Britain. Excluding non-manual workers earning over $£ 420$ per annum.
Source : Ministry of Labour and National Service
(2) Including part-time female workers, two such workers being counted as one full-time worker in arriving at the totals.
$\left.{ }^{(3}\right)$ Mainly equipment and stores for the Armed Forces. The figures include some employment, which cannot be separately distinguished, on a limited range of goods which are put to civilian use, but as far as possible persons producing goods for civilian use ordered by the Supply Departments are included in "Home market" or "Export."
${ }^{(4)}$ The provisional figures for October and November given in the January issue of the Digest have been omitted as it was found that they were not strictly comparable with those now given for December.

## Estimated numbers employed in the metal and chemical industries ( ${ }^{( }$) <br> Analysis by destination of product

Thousands
TABLE 6

| TABLE 6 |
| :--- | :--- |

( ${ }^{1}$ ) Great Britain. Males aged 14-64 and females aged 14-59, but excluding non-manual workers earning over $£ 420$ per annum. Part-time female workers are included, two such workers being counted as one unit.
$\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ For details of industries see Table 10.
${ }^{(3)}$ ) For details of industries see Table II(a) and II(b).
${ }^{(4)}$ See footnote ( ${ }^{3}$ ) to Table 5.
${ }^{(5)}$ See footnote $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$to Table 5.

Source : Ministry of Labour and National Service

## Estimated numbers employed in the textile and clothing industries ( ${ }^{( }$) <br> Analysis by destination of product

Thousands

## TABLE 7




Textile industries ( ${ }^{2}$ )

Clothing industries $\left({ }^{3}\right)$
${ }^{(1)}$ See footnote ( ${ }^{1}$ ) to Table 6.
${ }^{2}$ ) For details of industries see Table 13(a) to $13(\mathrm{~g})$.
${ }^{(3)}$ For details of industries see Table 14.
$\left(^{4}\right)$ See footnote $\left({ }^{3}\right)$ to Table 5.


## Estimated numbers employed in

and paper industries $\left({ }^{1}\right)$
Analysis by destination of product

| Building materials ( ${ }^{2}$, pottery and glass industries ( ${ }^{3}$ ) |  |  |  |  |  | Thousands |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | Leather, wood and paper industries ( ${ }^{4}$ ) |  |  |  |  |
| Total | Males | Females | Employed on orders for |  |  |  | Males | Females | Employed on orders for |  |  |
|  |  |  | depts.(5) | market | Export |  |  |  | Supply depts.(5) | Home market | Export |
| 259.7 | $203 \cdot 5$ | $56 \cdot 2$ |  |  |  | $788 \cdot 4$ | $535 \cdot 4$ | $253 \cdot 0$ | $\cdots$ |  |  |
| 166.1 | $108 \cdot 1$ | $58 \cdot 0$ | $76 \cdot 3$ | $75 \cdot 5$ | $14 \cdot 3$ | $502 \cdot 8$ | $288 \cdot 3$ | 214.5 | 194.9 | $280 \cdot 5$ | $27 \cdot 4$ |
| 153.5 | $97 \cdot 7$ | $55 \cdot 8$ | $34 \cdot 7$ | $97 \cdot 0$ | $21 \cdot 8$ | 516.6 | $295 \cdot 6$ | 221.0 | $178 \cdot 2$ | $302 \cdot 3$ | 36.1 |
| 156.0 158.8 | 99.2 101.3 | $56 \cdot 8$ $57 \cdot 5$ | 32.9 30.9 | $\begin{aligned} & 97 \cdot 6 \\ & 98 \cdot 0 \end{aligned}$ | 25.5 29.9 | 521.8 526.6 | 299.5 305.4 | $222 \cdot 3$ 221.2 | 162.8 142.1 | $318 \cdot 8$ 336.5 | 40.2 48.0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 164.6 \\ & 169.1 \\ & 173.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 105.7 \\ & 109.4 \\ & 112.9 \end{aligned}$ | 58.9 59.7 60.5 | 31.0 29.4 26.3 | $\begin{aligned} & 103.5 \\ & 107.9 \\ & 113.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30 \cdot 1 \\ & 31 \cdot 8 \\ & 34 \cdot 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 532 \cdot 6 \\ & 537 \cdot 2 \\ & 547 \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$ | 311.1 317.2 329.1 | 221.5 220.0 218.1 | 123.8 108.5 98.1 | $355 \cdot 0$ $369 \cdot 3$ $382 \cdot 0$ | 53.8 59.4 67.1 |

${ }^{(1)}$ See footnote $\left(^{1}\right)$ to Table 6.

Source : Ministry of Labour and National Service Leather, wood and paper industries ( ${ }^{4}$ )
( ${ }^{2}$ ) Cement, cast stone, concrete, bricks, pipes, tiles, etc.
${ }^{(3)}$ For details of industries see Table 15.
${ }^{( }{ }^{4}$ ) Industries shown in Tables II (c) and (d) and Table I2, together with wallpaper making and stationery (other than paper).
$\left({ }^{5}\right)$ See footnote $\left({ }^{3}\right)$ to Table 5.

## Estimated numbers employed in the food, drink, tobacco and other manufacturing industries ( ${ }^{1}$ ) <br> Analysis by destination of product

Thousands
TABLE 9

|  |  | Food, drink and tobacco industries ( ${ }^{2}$ ) |  |  |  |  |  | Other manufacturing industries ( ${ }^{3}$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Males | Females | Employed on orders for |  |  | Total | Males | Females | Employed on orders for |  |  |
|  |  | Supply depts.( ${ }^{4}$ ) |  |  | Home market | Export | Supply depts.(4) |  |  |  | Home market | Export |
| 1939 | June |  | $591 \cdot 8$ | $339 \cdot 5$ | $252 \cdot 3$ |  | .. | . | $267 \cdot 4$ | 152.9 | 114.5 |  |  |  |
| 1943 | June | $487 \cdot 9$ | $239 \cdot 6$ | $248 \cdot 3$ | $71 \cdot 5$ | $404 \cdot 2$ | $12 \cdot 2$ | $205 \cdot 6$ | $87 \cdot 2$ | 118.4 | 121.4 | 74.0 | $10 \cdot 2$ |
| 1945 | June | $485 \cdot 2$ | $243 \cdot 5$ | $241 \cdot 7$ | 79.0 | 388.9 | $17 \cdot 3$ | $217 \cdot 8$ | $97 \cdot 5$ | $120 \cdot 3$ | 117.9 | $82 \cdot 8$ | 171 |
|  | August September | $490 \cdot 4$ 494.6 | 246.5 248.9 | $243 \cdot 9$ $245 \cdot 7$ | $69 \cdot 0$ $68 \cdot 0$ | $402 \cdot 3$ $407 \cdot 4$ | 19.1 19.2 | $220 \cdot 0$ $225 \cdot 5$ | 98.6 101.7 | 121.4 123.8 | 103.7 85.3 | 95.1 110.5 | 21.2 29.7 |
|  | October ... <br> November <br> December | $\begin{aligned} & 504 \cdot 1 \\ & 507 \cdot 2 \\ & 507 \cdot 0 \end{aligned}$ | 256.0 259.4 264.2 | $248 \cdot 1$ $247 \cdot 8$ $242 \cdot 8$ | $67 \cdot 0$ $66 \cdot 7$ $59 \cdot 2$ | $417 \cdot 8$ $421 \cdot 0$ $427 \cdot 0$ | 19.3 19.5 20.8 | $230 \cdot 4$ $236 \cdot 2$ $242 \cdot 1$ | 105.1 108.1 113.4 | 125.3 128.1 128.7 | $\begin{aligned} & 76.0 \\ & 67.1 \\ & 60 \cdot 3 \end{aligned}$ | 117.4 123.7 128.7 | 37.0 45.4 53.1 |

[^0]Source : Ministry of Labour and National Service

## EMPLOYMENT

## Estimated numbers employed in the metal manufacture, metal goods, engineering, vehicle, aircraft and shipbuilding industries (')

Thousands
TABLE 10


Source : Ministry of Labour and National Service

TABLE 10 (continued)
Thousands

|  |  | General engineering, engineers' iron and steel founding, etc. |  |  | Marine engineering |  |  | Electrical engineering |  |  | Constructional engineering |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females |
| 1939 | June | $704 \cdot 7$ | $637 \cdot 4$ | 67-3 | $52 \cdot 2$ | 51.1 | $1 \cdot 1$ | 133.9 | $105 \cdot 9$ | 28.0 | 49.0 | $47 \cdot 1$ | 1.9 |
| 1943 | June | 1,459•8 | 928.6 | $531 \cdot 2$ | $88 \cdot 9$ | $75 \cdot 8$ | 13.1 | $193 \cdot 3$ | 114.4 | $78 \cdot 9$ | $48 \cdot 9$ | $40 \cdot 9$ | $8 \cdot 0$ |
| 1944 | June | 1,354.5 | 871.3 | $483 \cdot 2$ | $87 \cdot 4$ | $73 \cdot 6$ | $13 \cdot 8$ | 184.7 | $107 \cdot 9$ | $76 \cdot 8$ | $46 \cdot 7$ | $38 \cdot 8$ | $7 \cdot 9$ |
| 1945 | June | 1,139.8 | $777 \cdot 9$ | $361 \cdot 9$ | $80 \cdot 5$ | $70 \cdot 1$ | $10 \cdot 4$ | $175 \cdot 8$ | 106.1 | 69.7 | $41 \cdot 9$ | $35 \cdot 7$ | 6.2 |
|  | August September | $\begin{aligned} & 1,083 \cdot 5 \\ & 1,028 \cdot 1 \end{aligned}$ | 757.9 737.7 | $325 \cdot 6$ $290 \cdot 4$ | $\begin{aligned} & 79 \cdot 2 \\ & 77 \cdot 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 69 \cdot 3 \\ & 68 \cdot 8 \end{aligned}$ | 9.9 9.0 | 169.8 163.0 | 104.1 101.3 | $65 \cdot 7$ $61 \cdot 7$ | $41 \cdot 1$ $39 \cdot 3$ | $35 \cdot 2$ $34 \cdot 5$ | $5 \cdot 9$ $4 \cdot 8$ |
|  | October ... <br> November <br> December | $\begin{aligned} & 969 \cdot 4 \\ & 941 \cdot 8 \\ & 917 \cdot 1 \end{aligned}$ | 712.6 701.8 693.7 | $256 \cdot 8$ $240 \cdot 0$ $223 \cdot 4$ | 76.6 74.9 73.6 | 68.4 67.6 66.8 | $8 \cdot 2$ $7 \cdot 3$ 6.8 | 158.7 156.7 153.6 | 100.5 $100 \cdot 2$ 99.7 | 58.2 56.5 53.9 | 37.5 39.6 39.4 | 33.5 35.1 35.0 | $4 \cdot 0$ 4.5 4.4 |
| ${ }^{(1)}$ See footnote ( ${ }^{1}$ ) to Table 6. The figures for particular industries do not necessarily include the whole of the employment in the manufacture of the final product. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Estimated numbers employed in the metal manufacture, metal goods, engineering, vehicle, aircraft and shipbuilding industries (')
TABLE 10 (continued)
Thousands

|  |  | Motor vehicles, cycles and aircraft |  |  | Shipbuilding and shiprepairing |  |  | Construction and repair of railway and other carriages and wagons, etc. |  |  | Bolts, nuts, screws, hand tools, cutlery and miscellaneous metal goods |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females |
| 1939 | June ... | $473 \cdot 3$ | $428 \cdot 1$ | $45 \cdot 2$ | 144.7 | $141 \cdot 8$ | $2 \cdot 9$ | $65 \cdot 6$ | $62 \cdot 3$ | $3 \cdot 3$ | $378 \cdot 1$ | $241 \cdot 3$ | 136.8 |
| 1943 | June | $1,121 \cdot 8$ | $711 \cdot 7$ | $410 \cdot 1$ | $272 \cdot 3$ | $246 \cdot 7$ | $25 \cdot 6$ | 59.1 | $49 \cdot 5$ | $9 \cdot 6$ | $447 \cdot 8$ | $233 \cdot 7$ | 214.1 |
| 1944 | June | 1,116.9 | $709 \cdot 2$ | $407 \cdot 7$ | $271 \cdot 1$ | $243 \cdot 6$ | $27 \cdot 5$ | $61 \cdot 2$ | $51 \cdot 2$ | $10 \cdot 0$ | $440 \cdot 4$ | $229 \cdot 5$ | $210 \cdot 9$ |
| 1945 | June | $876 \cdot 2$ | 597-2 | $279 \cdot 0$ | $252 \cdot 3$ | $230 \cdot 4$ | 21.9 | $61 \cdot 2$ | $52 \cdot 0$ | $9 \cdot 2$ | $405 \cdot 7$ | $215 \cdot 9$ | 189.8 |
|  | August ... <br> September | 816.2 $738 \cdot 8$ | $\begin{aligned} & 567 \cdot 3 \\ & 526 \cdot 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 248 \cdot 9 \\ & 212.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 249 \cdot 8 \\ & 245 \cdot 0 \end{aligned}$ | 229.2 $225 \cdot 4$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20.6 \\ & 19.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 61 \cdot 4 \\ & 61 \cdot 7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 52.5 \\ & 53.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8.9 \\ & 8.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 395 \cdot 0 \\ & 383 \cdot 5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 213 \cdot 3 \\ & 209.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 181 \cdot 7 \\ & 173.9 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | October ... <br> November <br> December | $\begin{aligned} & 670 \cdot 5 \\ & 629 \cdot 7 \\ & 592 \cdot 6 \end{aligned}$ | $491 \cdot 7$ $469 \cdot 6$ $449 \cdot 6$ | $\begin{aligned} & 178.8 \\ & 160.1 \\ & 143.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 239 \cdot 2 \\ & 235 \cdot 2 \\ & 233 \cdot 6 \end{aligned}$ | 221.5 219.4 218.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 17.7 \\ & 15.8 \\ & 15.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 62 \cdot 3 \\ & 67 \cdot 1 \\ & 68 \cdot 0 \end{aligned}$ | 54.1 58.6 60.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 8.2 \\ & 8.5 \\ & 8.0 \end{aligned}$ | 379.9 381.6 383.2 | $\begin{aligned} & 208.9 \\ & 211.1 \\ & 214.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 171.0 \\ & 170.5 \\ & 168.3 \end{aligned}$ |

Source : Ministry of Labour and National Service

## TABLE 10 (continued)

Thousands

|  |  | Electric cables, apparatus, etc. |  |  | Scientific instruments |  |  | Watches, clocks, plate, jewellery, etc. |  |  | General ironfounding, heating and ventilating apparatus |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females |
| 1939 | June | 195.9 | 116.4 | 79.5 | $48 \cdot 3$ | $34 \cdot 0$ | 14.3 | $38 \cdot 7$ | $20 \cdot 8$ | 17.9 | $117 \cdot 3$ | 106.1 | $11 \cdot 2$ |
| 1943 | June | 291.0 | 118.8 | $172 \cdot 2$ | 81.2 | $42 \cdot 1$ | 39.1 | $18 \cdot 2$ | $9 \cdot 2$ | 9.0 | $85 \cdot 8$ | $64 \cdot 6$ | $21 \cdot 2$ |
| 1944 | June | $295 \cdot 0$ | 114.7 | $180 \cdot 3$ | $82 \cdot 3$ | $41 \cdot 4$ | $40 \cdot 9$ | $14 \cdot 6$ | 7-2 | $7 \cdot 4$ | 74.8 | $56 \cdot 3$ | $18 \cdot 5$ |
| 1945 | June | 279.9 | 112.2 | $167 \cdot 7$ | $76 \cdot 8$ | $38 \cdot 1$ | $38 \cdot 7$ | $14 \cdot 2$ | 7-3 | 6.9 | $72 \cdot 2$ | $55 \cdot 1$ | 17.1 |
|  | August ... <br> September | $\begin{aligned} & 270 \cdot 0 \\ & 261 \cdot 9 \end{aligned}$ | 110.6 110.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 159.4 \\ & 151.4 \end{aligned}$ | 74.4 71.0 | $37 \cdot 3$ $36 \cdot 0$ | $\begin{aligned} & 37 \cdot 1 \\ & 35 \cdot 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 13.8 \\ 13.2 \end{array}$ | 7.2 6.9 | 6.6 6.3 | $72 \cdot 8$ $73 \cdot 3$ | $\begin{aligned} & 56 \cdot 0 \\ & 57 \cdot 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16.8 \\ & 16.3 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | October ... November December | $\begin{aligned} & 249 \cdot 7 \\ & 244 \cdot 2 \\ & 240 \cdot 3 \end{aligned}$ | 109.6 109.2 110.9 | $\begin{aligned} & 140 \cdot 1 \\ & 135 \cdot 0 \\ & 129 \cdot 4 \end{aligned}$ | $66 \cdot 5$ $64 \cdot 9$ $64 \cdot 0$ | $34 \cdot 9$ $34 \cdot 4$ $34 \cdot 1$ | 31.6 30.5 29.9 | 14.0 14.9 17.2 | 7.3 7.7 9.1 | 6.7 7.2 8.1 | $74 \cdot 6$ $75 \cdot 8$ 77.5 | $58 \cdot 0$ $59 \cdot 2$ $61 \cdot 0$ | 16.6 16.6 16.5 |

$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{1}\right)$ See footnote $\left(^{1}\right.$ ) to Table 6. The figures for particular industries do not necessarily include the whole of the employment in the manufacture of the final product.

Thousands

## TABLE II

|  |  | Explosives, chemicals, coke ovens and by-product works <br> (a) |  |  | Oils, greases, paints, varnish, etc. <br> (b) |  |  | Leather, leather goods and fur <br> (c) |  |  | Sawmilling, wooden-box and packing case making and other woodworking <br> (d) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females |
|  | 相 | $174 \cdot 3$ | $130 \cdot 1$ | $44 \cdot 2$ | 110.1 | $80 \cdot 4$ | 29.7 | $73 \cdot 0$ | $45 \cdot 1$ | $27 \cdot 9$ | $101 \cdot 6$ | $90 \cdot 0$ | $11 \cdot 6$ |
|  |  | $466 \cdot 0$ | $213 \cdot 7$ | $252 \cdot 3$ | $99 \cdot 3$ | $59 \cdot 2$ | $40 \cdot 1$ | $53 \cdot 3$ | $28 \cdot 2$ | $25 \cdot 1$ | 118.9 | $82 \cdot 5$ | $36 \cdot 4$ |
| 1944 | ne | $408 \cdot 7$ | $198 \cdot 7$ | $210 \cdot 0$ | $97 \cdot 6$ | $57 \cdot 6$ | $40 \cdot 0$ | $49 \cdot 5$ | $27 \cdot 0$ | $22 \cdot 5$ | $127 \cdot 8$ | $84 \cdot 6$ | $43 \cdot 2$ |
| 1945 | June | $338 \cdot 9$ | $182 \cdot 1$ | $156 \cdot 8$ | $99 \cdot 2$ | $58 \cdot 3$ | $40 \cdot 9$ | $51 \cdot 6$ | $27 \cdot 6$ | $24 \cdot 0$ | 124.9 | $83 \cdot 6$ | $41 \cdot 3$ |
|  | August ... September | $294 \cdot 3$ $271 \cdot 3$ | $\begin{aligned} & 164.5 \\ & 158.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 129.8 \\ & 112.8 \end{aligned}$ | 100.4 101.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 59 \cdot 1 \\ & 59.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41 \cdot 3 \\ & 41 \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 51 \cdot 7 \\ & 51 \cdot 9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 27 \cdot 7 \\ & 28 \cdot 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \cdot 0 \\ & 23 \cdot 9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 124 \cdot 3 \\ & 121 \cdot 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 83 \cdot 7 \\ & 83 \cdot 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \cdot 6 \\ & 37 \cdot 7 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | October ... November December | $255 \cdot 2$ $249 \cdot 0$ $238 \cdot 4$ | $149 \cdot 1$ $147 \cdot 5$ $143 \cdot 1$ | 106.1 101.5 95.3 | 102.4 103.6 103.9 | $60 \cdot 9$ $62 \cdot 4$ $63 \cdot 7$ | $41 \cdot 5$ <br> $41 \cdot 2$ <br> $40 \cdot 2$ | $52 \cdot 6$ $53 \cdot 5$ $54 \cdot 0$ | 28.4 29.0 29.8 | $24 \cdot 2$ $24 \cdot 5$ $24 \cdot 2$ | 117.5 116.9 116.0 | $82 \cdot 8$ $83 \cdot 5$ $84 \cdot 5$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34 \cdot 7 \\ & 33 \cdot 4 \\ & 31 \cdot 5 \end{aligned}$ |

$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{1}\right)$ See footnote $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ to Table 6.
Source : Ministry of Labour and National Service

Estimated numbers employed in the furniture and paper industries (')
TABLE 12

|  |  | Furniture, upholstery, shopfitting, etc. <br> (a) |  |  | Paper and paper boardmaking, paper coating and enamelling <br> (b) |  |  | Cardboard box, paper bag, paper stationery and other paper goods(c) |  |  | Printing, publishing, bookbinding and photography <br> (d) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females |
| 1939 | June | 138.4 | $111 \cdot 5$ | 26.9 | $69 \cdot 8$ | $50 \cdot 7$ | 19.1 | $82 \cdot 3$ | 29.0 | $53 \cdot 3$ | $304 \cdot 3$ | 198.9 | $105 \cdot 4$ |
| 1943 | June | $61 \cdot 5$ | $37 \cdot 5$ | $24 \cdot 0$ | $49 \cdot 0$ | $30 \cdot 7$ | $18 \cdot 3$ | $48 \cdot 8$ | 14.4 | $34 \cdot 4$ | 165.0 | 92.9 | $72 \cdot 1$ |
| 1944 | June | $57 \cdot 8$ | $35 \cdot 4$ | $22 \cdot 4$ | 48.8 | 29.9 | 18.9 | $49 \cdot 0$ | 14.2 | $34 \cdot 8$ | $162 \cdot 5$ | $90 \cdot 6$ | $71 \cdot 9$ |
| 1945 | June | 62.4 | 39.8 | $22 \cdot 6$ | $48 \cdot 7$ | $30 \cdot 8$ | 17.8 | $49 \cdot 5$ | $14 \cdot 6$ | 34.9 | $173 \cdot 4$ | $97 \cdot 0$ | 76.4 |
|  | August September | $\begin{aligned} & 64 \cdot 1 \\ & 68 \cdot 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41 \cdot 4 \\ & 44 \cdot 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22 \cdot 7 \\ & 23 \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 48 \cdot 9 \\ 49.4 \end{array}$ | 31.0 31.6 | 17.9 17.8 | $49 \cdot 9$ 49.8 | 14.8 14.9 | 35.1 34.9 | 176.7 179.3 | 98.7 $100 \cdot 0$ | $\begin{aligned} & 78.0 \\ & 79.3 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | October ... November December | 69.6 70.1 74.5 | 46.8 48.0 51.9 | $22 \cdot 8$ $22 \cdot 1$ $22 \cdot 6$ | 50.5 51.1 52.7 | $32 \cdot 5$ 33.3 34.9 | 18.0 17.8 17.8 | $50 \cdot 2$ 50.6 50.8 | 15.1 15.5 16.0 | $35 \cdot 1$ 35.1 34.8 | 182.6 185.5 187.9 | 101.8 104.0 107.2 | 80.8 81.5 80.7 |

[^1]
## EMPLOYMENT

## Estimated numbers employed in the textile and rubber industries ( ${ }^{1}$ )

TABLE 13


Source: Ministry of Labour and National Service

$\left(^{1}\right)$ See footnote ${ }^{(1)}$ to Table 6.

TABLE 14

|  |  | Tailoring |  |  | Shirt, collar, overall, blouse, scarf, tie, etc., making |  |  | Boots and shoes |  |  | Other clothing industries |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females |
| 1939 | June | $234 \cdot 6$ | $66 \cdot 6$ | $168 \cdot 0$ | $93 \cdot 5$ | $10 \cdot 1$ | $83 \cdot 4$ | $135 \cdot 0$ | $78 \cdot 4$ | $56 \cdot 6$ | 168.0 | $30 \cdot 0$ | 138.0 |
| 19 | ne | 178.1 | 38.0 | 140.1 | $55 \cdot 1$ | $4 \cdot 7$ | $50 \cdot 4$ | $96 \cdot 3$ | 51.1 | $45 \cdot 2$ | $81 \cdot 2$ | 11.8 | $69 \cdot 4$ |
| 1944 | June | $158 \cdot 5$ | $34 \cdot 9$ | $123 \cdot 6$ | $49 \cdot 6$ | $4 \cdot 4$ | $45 \cdot 2$ | $92 \cdot 2$ | $49 \cdot 5$ | $42 \cdot 7$ | $76 \cdot 3$ | 10.9 | $65 \cdot 4$ |
| 1945 | June | 172.2 | $37 \cdot 4$ | $134 \cdot 8$ | $52 \cdot 5$ | $4 \cdot 2$ | $48 \cdot 3$ | $95 \cdot 3$ | 51.1 | $44 \cdot 2$ | $82 \cdot 8$ | $13 \cdot 2$ | $69 \cdot 6$ |
|  | August September | $\begin{aligned} & 175 \cdot 2 \\ & 177 \cdot 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 37 \cdot 7 \\ & 37 \cdot 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 137.5 \\ & 139.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 53 \cdot 9 \\ & 55 \cdot 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \cdot 2 \\ & 4 \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 49 \cdot 7 \\ & 50 \cdot 9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 95 \cdot 8 \\ & 96 \cdot 5 \end{aligned}$ | $51 \cdot 2$ $51 \cdot 5$ | $\begin{aligned} & 44 \cdot 6 \\ & 45 \cdot 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 85 \cdot 4 \\ & 87 \cdot 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13.4 \\ & 13.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 72 \cdot 0 \\ & 73 \cdot 5 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | October ... <br> November <br> December | $\begin{aligned} & 180.7 \\ & 183.5 \\ & 184.0 \end{aligned}$ | 38.2 38.9 39.7 | $\begin{aligned} & 142.5 \\ & 144.6 \\ & 144.3 \end{aligned}$ | $55 \cdot 9$ 56.4 56.7 | 4.3 4.4 4.6 | $51 \cdot 6$ $52 \cdot 0$ $52 \cdot 1$ | 97.5 98.9 99.4 | $51 \cdot 8$ $52 \cdot 5$ $53 \cdot 2$ | $45 \cdot 7$ $46 \cdot 4$ $46 \cdot 2$ | 90.1 91.5 91.7 | 14.0 14.5 14.9 | $\begin{aligned} & 76 \cdot 1 \\ & 77 \cdot 0 \\ & 76 \cdot 8 \end{aligned}$ |

$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{1}\right)$ See footnote ${ }^{(1)}$ ) to Table 6.
Source : Ministry of Labour and National Service

Estimated numbers employed in the building materials, pottery, and glass industries ( ${ }^{1}$ )

Thousands
TABLE 15

|  |  | Cement manufacture, lime- <br> kilns, cast stone and concrete, patent fuel, etc. |  |  | Bricks, tiles, pipes and fire-clay goods |  |  | Pottery, earthenware, china, porcelain and glazed tiles |  |  | Glass and glass bottles (excluding scientific glass) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females |
| 1939 | June | 48.1 | 44.9 | $3 \cdot 2$ | $96 \cdot 4$ | $90 \cdot 7$ | $5 \cdot 7$ | $67 \cdot 0$ | $30 \cdot 0$ | $37 \cdot 0$ | $48 \cdot 2$ | $37 \cdot 9$ | $10 \cdot 3$ |
| 1943 | June | $43 \cdot 4$ | $32 \cdot 7$ | 10.7 | $40 \cdot 6$ | $34 \cdot 4$ | $6 \cdot 2$ | $36 \cdot 7$ | $14 \cdot 6$ | $22 \cdot 1$ | $45 \cdot 4$ | $26 \cdot 4$ | 19.0 |
| 1944 | June | $40 \cdot 0$ | $30 \cdot 2$ | $9 \cdot 8$ | $35 \cdot 6$ | $30 \cdot 2$ | $5 \cdot 4$ | $36 \cdot 2$ | $14 \cdot 3$ | 21-9 | $44 \cdot 5$ | $25 \cdot 9$ | 18.6 |
| 1945 | June | $34 \cdot 4$ | $26 \cdot 3$ | $8 \cdot 1$ | $34 \cdot 3$ | 29.0 | $5 \cdot 3$ | $39 \cdot 0$ | $14 \cdot 7$ | $24 \cdot 3$ | $45 \cdot 8$ | $27 \cdot 7$ | 18.1 |
|  |  |  | $26 \cdot 7$ | 7.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $18 \cdot 2$ |
|  | September | $35 \cdot 2$ | $27 \cdot 4$ | $7 \cdot 8$ | $35 \cdot 8$ | $30 \cdot 4$ | $5 \cdot 4$ | $41 \cdot 3$ | $15 \cdot 3$ | $26 \cdot 0$ | $46 \cdot 5$ | $28 \cdot 2$ | $18 \cdot 3$ |
|  | October ... | 36.0 | 28.4 | 7.6 | $37 \cdot 4$ | 31.9 | $5 \cdot 5$ | $42 \cdot 6$ | $15 \cdot 7$ | $26 \cdot 9$ | $48 \cdot 6$ | 29.7 | 18.9 |
|  | November | $37 \cdot 0$ | 29.4 | 7.6 | $39 \cdot 3$ | 33.5 | $5 \cdot 8$ | 43.7 | $16 \cdot 2$ | $27 \cdot 5$ | 49.1 | $30 \cdot 3$ | 18.8 |
|  | December | $37 \cdot 8$ | $30 \cdot 1$ | $7 \cdot 7$ | 41.0 | 35.0 | 6.0 | 44.9 | $16 \cdot 8$ | 28.1 | 49.7 | 31.0 | 18.7 |

[^2]Estimated numbers employed in the food industries $\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{1}\right)$

${ }^{(1)}$ See footnote $\left(^{1}\right)$ to Table 6.

## Estimated numbers employed in the drink, tobacco, linoleum and brush industries $\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{1}\right)$

| Drink industries <br> (a) |  |  | Tobacco, cigars, cigarettes and snuff <br> (b) |  |  | Oilcloth, linoleum, etc.(c) |  |  | Brushes and brooms <br> (d) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females |
| $120 \cdot 9$ | $95 \cdot 0$ | ${ }^{2} \mathbf{2 5} \mathbf{5}$ 9 | $42 \cdot 3$ | $15 \cdot 5$ | $26 \cdot 8$ | $13 \cdot 3$ | 11.0 | $2 \cdot 3$ | $12 \cdot 3$ | 6.1 | $6 \cdot 2$ |
| 110.9 | $70 \cdot 7$ | $40 \cdot 2$ | $43 \cdot 4$ | 13.0 | $30 \cdot 4$ | $5 \cdot 8$ | $3 \cdot 9$ | 1.9 | $10 \cdot 0$ | $3 \cdot 9$ | 6.1 |
| $107 \cdot 5$ | $69 \cdot 7$ | $37 \cdot 8$ | 44.4 | $13 \cdot 5$ | $30 \cdot 9$ | $5 \cdot 9$ | $4 \cdot 0$ | 1.9 | 10.1 | $4 \cdot 5$ | $5 \cdot 6$ |
| 109.1 | 71.0 | $38 \cdot 1$ | $45 \cdot 5$ | 14.4 | 31.1 | $6 \cdot 3$ | $4 \cdot 2$ | $2 \cdot 1$ | 10.8 | $4 \cdot 3$ | $6 \cdot 5$ |
| 110.8 112.1 | 72.1 73.1 | 38.7 39.0 | $46 \cdot 5$ $47 \cdot 5$ | 14.8 15.3 | $31 \cdot 7$ $32 \cdot 2$ | $6 \cdot 5$ $7 \cdot 0$ | $4 \cdot 4$ 4.6 | 2.1 2.4 | 11.0 11.3 | $4 \cdot 4$ $4 \cdot 5$ | $6 \cdot 6$ 6.8 |
| 112.8 113.3 113.9 | 74.1 74.9 76.5 | $38 \cdot 7$ $38 \cdot 4$ $37 \cdot 4$ | $48 \cdot 1$ $47 \cdot 9$ $47 \cdot 9$ | 15.9 16.2 16.8 | $32 \cdot 2$ 31.7 $31 \cdot 1$ | 7.4 7.7 8.7 | 5.0 5.4 6.4 | 2.4 2.3 2.3 | 11.7 11.8 11.8 | 4.7 $4 \cdot 7$ 4.8 | 7.0 $7 \cdot 1$ $7 \cdot 0$ |

Estimated numbers employed in certain non-manufacturing industries (') Gas, electricity, water, road transport, distribution

Thousands

$\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ Great Britain. Males aged 14-64 and females aged 14-59, but excluding non-manual workers earning over $£ 420$ per annum. Part-time female workers are included, two such workers being counted as one unit. The figures exclude working proprietors, who form a considerable proportion of the total labour force in some of the industries mentioned.

## Estimated numbers employed in commerce and finance, catering and laundries ( ${ }^{1}$ )

 TABLE 19|  |  |  | Commerce, banking, insurance and finance |  |  | Hotels, boarding houses, public houses, restaurants, clubs, etc. |  |  | Laundries, job dyeing, dry cleaning, carpet beating, etc. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females |
| 1939 | June |  | $315 \cdot 1$ | $216 \cdot 5$ | $98 \cdot 6$ | $453 \cdot 4$ | 172.7 | $280 \cdot 7$ | $193 \cdot 2$ | 43.9 | 149.3 |
| 1943 | June |  | 246.4 | 94.2 | $152 \cdot 2$ | $368 \cdot 0$ | $76 \cdot 0$ | 292.0 | 164.5 159.7 | $27 \cdot 3$ $27 \cdot 0$ | 137.2 132.7 |
| 1944 | June |  | $235 \cdot 2$ | $85 \cdot 9$ | 149.3 148.0 | $376 \cdot 3$ $378 \cdot 7$ | $76 \cdot 7$ 82.1 | 299.6 296.6 | 159.7 154.8 | $27 \cdot 0$ $26 \cdot 7$ | $128 \cdot 1$ |
| 1945 | June |  | $231 \cdot 9$ | $83 \cdot 9$ | 148.0 | $378 \cdot 7$ |  | $296 \cdot 6$ |  |  |  |
|  | August |  | $235 \cdot 5$ | $86 \cdot 2$ | 149.3 | $383 \cdot 6$ | 84.9 | 298.7 | 153.6 | $27 \cdot 1$ | 126.5 |
|  | September |  | $238 \cdot 9$ | 88.8 | $150 \cdot 1$ | 386.5 | $86 \cdot 4$ | $300 \cdot 1$ | 154.5 | $27 \cdot 3$ | $127 \cdot 2$ |
|  | October |  | $242 \cdot 3$ | 91.5 | $150 \cdot 8$ | 386.9 | 87.4 | 299.5 | 156.2 157.3 |  | 128.6 129.4 |
|  | November |  | $246 \cdot 7$ | $94 \cdot 6$ | 152.1 | 388.0 | 89.0 | 299.0 | 156.3 129.8 | $27 \cdot 6$ 22.5 | 128.4 107.3 |
|  | December |  | $248 \cdot 0$ | $100 \cdot 3$ | $147 \cdot 7$ | $387 \cdot 0$ | 91.2 | 295.8 |  |  |  |

$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{1}\right)$ See footnote $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ to Table 18 .
Source : Ministry of Labour and National Service
Nursing and domestic staffs of hospitals and other institutions and services (')
TABLE 20

|  |  | Total |  |  | Hospitals |  | Mental hospitals, nursing homes, etc. |  | Other institutions and services ( ${ }^{2}$ ) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Nursing | Domestic | Nursing | Domestic | Nursing | Domestic | Nursing | Domestic |
| 1943 | December 31. | $293 \cdot 6$ | 189.7 | $104 \cdot 0$ | 109.9 | 68.1 | $44 \cdot 4$ | $20 \cdot 4$ | $35 \cdot 4$ | $15 \cdot 4$ |
| 1944 | April 15 | $300 \cdot 0$ | 193.4 | 106.6 | $112 \cdot 3$ | 70.0 | $44 \cdot 5$ | $20 \cdot 8$ | $36 \cdot 6$ | 15.8 |
|  | July I ... | $303 \cdot 8$ | . 194.3 | 109.5 | 112.6 | $72 \cdot 3$ | 44.4 | 21.1 | $37 \cdot 3$ | 16.1 |
|  | October 1 | 302.1 | 192.9 | 109.2 | 111.3 | 71.9 | $44 \cdot 3$ | 21.1 | $37 \cdot 3$ | $16 \cdot 2$ |
|  | December 30 | 298.8 | $190 \cdot 2$ | 108.6 | 109.5 | 71.7 | $43 \cdot 7$ | 20.9 | $37 \cdot 1$ | $16 \cdot 1$ |
| 1945 | March 31 | 298.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 36.9 | 16.1 |
|  | June 30... ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 294.4 | 186.5 | 107.9 | $107 \cdot 2$ | 71.4 | $42 \cdot 8$ | 20.7 | $36 \cdot 5$ | 15.9 |
|  | September $29 \ldots$ | 288.5 | 181.5 | 107.0 | 104.0 |  | 42.0 | $20 \cdot 4$ | $35 \cdot 5$ | $15 \cdot 2$ |

[^3]Numbers employed in agriculture
Thousands

${ }^{(1)}$ Workers on holdings above one acre in extent. They exclude the occupier, his wife and domestic servants but include relatives of the occupier (or of his wife) who work on the holding, members of the Women's Land Army, members of H.M. Forces, prisoners of war, etc. (but not school children).
$\left({ }^{2}\right)$ Workers on holdings above one quarter of an acre in extent, excluding the occupier but including all members of his family.
$\left({ }^{3}\right)$ Great Britain. The figures include all those in full-time employment in agricultural, horticultura and timber work.

Non-industrial staff employed in the Civil Service ( ${ }^{1}$ )
TABLE 22
Thousands


[^4]
## EMPLOYMENT

## Number of insured workers registered as unemployed ( ${ }^{1}$ )

Thousands
TABLE 23

${ }^{(1)}$ In addition to the number of unemployed shown in the table other
Source: Ministry of Labour and National Service persons, mainly juveniles, were also registered at Employment Exchanges as being in search of work. These numbered 7,036 males and 8,344 females in Great Britain, and 7,267 males and 8,594 females in the United Kingdom at January 1946.
( ${ }^{2}$ ) From July 1940, excluding men in attendance at Government Training Centres. The number so excluded at July 1940 was 7,800 .
$\left(^{3}\right)$ From July 1942 excluding men and women in Great Britain classified as unsuitable for ordinary employment. The number so excluded in July 1942 was 21,837 males and 854 females.

## Insured workers registered as unemployed in the United Kingdom (') <br> Analysis by Regions

TABLE 24

${ }^{(1)}$ The figures for Great Britain, exclude those classified as unsuitable for ordinary employment and also claimants for benefit under the special schemes for the banking and insurance industries, who are included in Table 23 but cannot be allocated to Regions in Great Britain.

## Persons in training at Government training centres (')

TABLE 25
Source : Ministry of Labour and National Service


[^5]
## III. FUEL AND POWER

Coal : production, consumption and stocks

Production and consumption : weekly averages. . Stocks : end of period
Thousand tons

|  |  | Production( ${ }^{1}$ ) |  |  | Consumption (including exports) |  |  | Stocks( ${ }^{1}$ ) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Saleable mined coal | Opencast coal $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | Total | Inland consumption | Overseas shipments and foreign bunkers | Distributed | Opencast on sites or central stocking grounds | Colliery stocks held on pitbanks and in trucks $\left({ }^{( }\right)$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1935 \\ & 1936 \\ & 1937 \\ & 1938 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 4,262 \\ & 4,369 \\ & 4,610 \\ & 4,353 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,262 \\ & 4,369 \\ & 4,610 \\ & 4,353 \end{aligned}$ | = | $\begin{aligned} & 4,262 \\ & 4,369 \\ & 4,610 \\ & 4,353 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,277 \\ & 3,475 \\ & 3,610 \\ & 3,463 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 985 \\ 894 \\ 1,000 \\ 890 \end{array}$ | $\cdots$ | - |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 4,437 \\ & 4,290 \\ & 3,957 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,437 \\ & 4,290 \\ & 3,957 \end{aligned}$ | E | $\begin{aligned} & 4,437 \\ & 4,283 \\ & 3,950 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,543 \\ & 3,771 \\ & 3,775 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 894 \\ & 512 \\ & 175 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14,550 \\ & 16,850 \\ & 18,850 \end{aligned}$ | I | $\begin{aligned} & 5,186 \\ & 4,497 \\ & 3,353 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1939 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1940 1941 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1942 \\ & 1943 \\ & 1944 \\ & 1945 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3,930 \\ & 3,815 \\ & 3,688 \\ & 3,500 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,905 \\ & 3,730 \\ & 3,521 \\ & 3,344 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 25 \\ 85 \\ 167 \\ 156 \end{array}$ | 3,948 <br> 3,815 <br> 3,720 <br> 3,597 | $\begin{aligned} & 3,808 \\ & 3,675 \\ & 3,612 \\ & 3,440 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 140 \\ & 140 \\ & 108 \\ & 157 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18,648 \\ & 17,576 \\ & 16,033 \\ & 12,442 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 254 \\ 1,602 \\ 2,324 \\ 716 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,950 \\ & 3,064 \\ & 2,552 \\ & 2,232 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $\ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1944 | January | $\begin{aligned} & 3,793 \\ & 3,847 \\ & 3,634^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,705 \\ & 3,738 \\ & 3,508^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 88 \\ 109 \\ 126^{*} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,114 \\ & 4,134 \\ & 4,055 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,969 \\ & 4,002 \\ & 3,932^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 145 \\ & 132 \\ & 123^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16,047 \\ & 14,727 \\ & 13,134 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,716 \\ & 1,854 \\ & 1,953 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,041 \\ & 2,997 \\ & 2,820 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | February |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | March |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3,460 \\ & 3,969 \\ & 3,749 * \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,338 \\ & 3,772 \\ & 3,538^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 122 \\ & 197 \\ & 211^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,582 \\ & 3,705 \\ & 3,454 * \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,488 \\ & 3,618 \\ & 3,368^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 94 \\ & 87 \\ & 86 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12,699 \\ & 13,643 \\ & 15,017 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,956 \\ & 1,526 \\ & 1,721 \end{aligned}$ | 2,7142,7132,701 |
|  | May |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | July | $\begin{aligned} & 3,686 \\ & 3,185 \\ & 3,819^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,447 \\ & 3,944 \\ & 3,622^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 239 \\ & 241 \\ & 197^{*} \end{aligned}$ | 3,3063,072$3,45 *$ | 3,2253,006$3,386 *$ | 81 <br> 66 <br> 8 | 16,37316,886 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,931 \\ & 2,155 \\ & 2,284 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,733 \\ & 2,620 \\ & 2,646 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | August |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | September |  |  |  | 3,485* | 3,386* | 99* | 18,072 |  |  |
|  | October | $\begin{aligned} & 3,876 \\ & 3,911 \\ & 3,538^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,680 \\ & 3,744 \\ & 3,425 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 196 \\ & 167 \\ & 113^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,724 \\ & 3,981 \\ & 3,968^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,636 \\ & 3,866 \\ & 3,857 * \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 88 \\ 115 \\ 111 * \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18,457 \\ & 18,017 \\ & 16,033 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,327 \\ & 2,323 \\ & 2,324 \end{aligned}$ | 2,6482,6022,552 |
|  | November |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | December .. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1945 | January | $\begin{aligned} & 3,506 \\ & 3,693 \\ & 3,718^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,385 \\ & 3,578 \\ & 3,529 * \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 121 \\ & 115 \\ & 189 * \end{aligned}$ | 4,1224,171 | 4,0054,0293,783 | 117142152 | 13,20511,37210,376 | 2,3672,3602,402 | 2,7322,6122,550 |
|  | February |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | March |  |  |  | 3,935* | 3,783* |  |  |  |  |
|  | April | $\begin{aligned} & 3,591 \\ & 3,161 \\ & 3,778^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,414 \\ & 3,010 \\ & 3,599 * \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 177 \\ & 151 \\ & 179 * \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,628 \\ & 3,364 \\ & 3,480 * \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,483 \\ & 3,231 \\ & 3,330^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 145 \\ & 133 \\ & 150^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10,142 \\ & 10,079 \\ & 11.562 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,353 \\ & 2,197 \\ & 1,917 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,516 \\ & 2,394 \\ & 2,374 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | May |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | June |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | July ... | $\begin{aligned} & 3,386 \\ & 2,501 \\ & 3,633^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,222 \\ & 2,363 \\ & 3,466^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 164 \\ & 138 \\ & 167^{*} \end{aligned}$ | 3,1722,8543, | 3,0072,698 | 165156 | 12,64412,05813069 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,640 \\ & 1,358 \\ & 1,032 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,401 \\ & 2,286 \\ & 2,317 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | August |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | September |  |  |  | 3,364* | 3,169* | 195* |  |  |  |
|  | October . | $\begin{aligned} & 3,742 \\ & 3,733 \\ & 3,420^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,567 \\ & 3,594 \\ & 3,277^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 175 \\ & 139 \\ & 143^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,499 \\ & 3,750 \\ & 3,800^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,332 \\ & 3,562 \\ & 3,625^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 167 \\ & 188 \\ & 175^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13,778 \\ & 13,767 \\ & 12,442 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 959 \\ & 865 \\ & 716 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,393 \\ & 2,378 \\ & 2,232 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | November. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | December. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1946 | January | 3,410 | 3,288 | 122 | 3,960 | 3,796 | 164 | 9,888 | 587 | 2,167 |

${ }^{1}$ ) Great Britain.
Source : Ministry of Fuel and Power
$\left({ }^{2}\right)$ The opencast production figures have not been adjusted to allow for subsequent losses in stocking nor for some coal of inferior quality not included in the stock figures for the later periods.
$\left({ }^{3}\right)$ A large proportion of the coal held by collieries in recent years is of very inferior quality. * Average of five weeks.

# Coal: Inland consumption <br>  <br> Weekly averages 

TABLE 27
FUEL AND IPOWER
boilad to bn:

$\left(^{1}\right)$ Exeluding consumption of coal at waterworks, which amounts on average to 8,000 tons per week.
$\left(^{2}\right)$ Undertakings with an annual consumption of 100 tons or more of coal and/or coke.
$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{3}\right)$ Agthorised electricityoundertakings and railway and transport authorities only.

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| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Source : Ministry of Fuel and Power
${ }^{\left({ }^{4}\right)}$ Including disposals to shops, offices and other establishments, partly or entirely
non-residential, with an annual consumption of less than 100 tons of coal and/or coke.
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* Average of five weeks.

Coal : distributed stocks
End of period
Thousand tons
TABLE 28


[^6]Source : Ministry of Fuel and Power

Coal : Productivity
FUEL AND POWER

$\left(^{1}\right)$ The introduction of a revised form of return resulted in a net increase of about
Source : Ministry of Fuel and Power 1,250 wage-earners in 1943.
$\left({ }^{2}\right)$ Calculated on a revised basis. The figures for 1943 on the old basis were : shifts worked, $5 \cdot 24$; shifts possible, $5 \cdot 96$; absenteeism percentage, $12 \cdot 06$.
${ }^{(8)}$ From the end of 1942 certain additional categories were included as workers at the coal face. On the old basis the figures for 1943 were : average output at the face $2 \cdot 86$, elsewhere below ground, $2 \cdot 66$; percentage of shifts at the coal face, $35 \cdot 94$.
${ }^{(4)}$ Owing to the varying practice by collieries in recording men on colliery books, it has been decided to adopt a standard method of recording wage-earners as from the beginning of 1946. The effect of this is to reduce the number on colliery books by approximately 2,500 and absenteeism by 0.30 per cent The effect of the change on the average number of shifts worked and possible is very small.

* Average of five weeks.
(9044)

Intake and outflow of man-power in coal-mining

${ }^{(1)}$ Excess of new compensation and medical cases over recovered compensation and medical cases.
( ${ }^{2}$ ) Estimate for twelve months, based on returns for the last nine months of the year.

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Coke, gas and electricity: Production in Great Britain

$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{1}\right)$ Statutory and non-statutory undertakings.
$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{2}\right)$ Authorised undertakings only.

* Average of five weeks.

Source : Ministry of Fuel and Power

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[^7]
## IV. RAW MATERIALS

Production of iron ore, pig-iron, iron castings and steel, consumption of scrap and stocks of steel


[^8]Source: Ministry of Supply and Aircraft Production

Finished steel : Production
Weekly averages

${ }^{(1)}$ Figures exclude armour plate, except from 1935 to 1938 when it is included.

* Average of five weeks.

$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{1}\right)$ Including the pure content of virgin alloys.
$\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ Including scrap recovery.
$\left({ }^{3}\right)$ Despatches to consumers.
${ }^{(4)}$ In terms of high grade bauxite.

Source : Ministry of Supply and Aircraft Production

Non-ferrous metals: Consumption

TABLE 35

${ }^{(1)}$ Includes English refined lead from the beginning of 1942.
${ }_{(3)}^{(2)}$ For home consumption or export.
$\left(^{3}\right)$ From January 1942, includes consumption other than for zinc production.

## Non-ferrous metals: Stocks



[^9]$\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ The metal content of stocks of tin ore, stocks of tin metal (including the Government reserve) and from December 1941, consumers' stocks of tin metal $(3,251$ tons in December, 1941).
${ }^{(3)}$ In terms of high grade bauxite. Includes stock in transit in the United Kingdom.
${ }^{(4)}$ Includes stock in transit in the United Kingdom.

Softwood and hardwood : Production and consumption
Monthly averages or calendar months

${ }^{(1)}$ Deliveries.

Pitwood and plywood : Production and consumption
TABLE 38

${ }^{1}$ ) Despatches by the trade or the Home Timber Production Department.
Source: Board of Trade
$\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ Deliveries to collieries, adjusted by changes in collieries' stocks.
${ }^{(3)}$ Deliveries from National Stock adjusted by changes in private stocks.

Textiles : Production

${ }^{(1)}$ Greasy basis. Wool used in the United Kingdom is mainly imported.
$\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ Excluding staple fibre, mixed and waste yarns.
${ }^{(3)}$ Mule equivalent. Spindles running on cotton, spun rayon and mixtures.
(4) Includes staple fibre.
${ }^{(5)}$ Million square yards.
${ }^{(9)}$ Monthly average.

* Average for five weeks.


## RAW

MATERIALS
Textiles : Consumption and stocks
TABLE 40

${ }^{1}{ }^{1}$ Consumption by weavers of cotton and waste yarns.
Source: Board of Trade
$\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ Consumption by weavers of continuous filament and spun rayon.
$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{3}\right)$ Stocks held by the Wool Control only before July 1945. The figure on the old basis for July 1945 is $547 \cdot 9$ million lbs.
$\left.{ }^{( }\right)$For home consumption or export.

- Average of five weeks.

Textiles: Consumption and stocks
TABLE 41

|  |  | Consumption |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Stocks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Raw jute |  | Imported jute goods |  | Flax | Soft hemps |  |  | Raw silk |  |
|  |  | Total disposais( ${ }^{(1)}$ | Home consumption |  | Home |  |  | - |  |  | Raw silk |
|  |  |  |  | $\text { disposals }\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | consumption |  |  | Total disposals( ${ }^{1}$ ) | Home consumption |  |  |
|  |  | Weekly averages |  | Calendar months or monthly averages |  |  |  |  |  |  | End of period <br> Thousand lbs. |
|  |  | Thousand tons |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Thousand lbs. |  |
| 1940 | ... ... | 3.05 | $2 \cdot 89$ | $4 \cdot 74$ | $4 \cdot 74$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2.02 \\ & 1.65 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8.14 \\ & 6.36 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.85 \\ & 6.29 \end{aligned}$ | $165 \cdot 2$ | 1,754 |
| 1941 | - ... ... | $2 \cdot 16$ | $2 \cdot 15$ |  |  | 2-39 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1942 | ... ... | 1.94 | 1.90 | $4 \cdot 88$ | $4 \cdot 86$ | $2 \cdot 19$ | 1.87 | $6 \cdot 50$ | $6 \cdot 50$ | $135 \cdot 4$ | 506 |
| 1943 | $\cdots$ | 1.60 | 1.58 | 5. 25 | $5 \cdot 22$ | $2 \cdot 80$ | 1.72 | 6.06 | $5 \cdot 78$ | $32 \cdot 7$ | 452 |
| 1944 | ... ... | 1.49 | 1.42 | $7 \cdot 82$ | 7.51 | 3.08 | ${ }^{6} 1.62$ | $5 \cdot 72$ | $5 \cdot 49$ | 28.7 | 579 |
| 1945 |  | 1.67 | $1 \cdot 38$ | 7-81 | 6.99 | 2.97 | 2.02 | 6.99 | $5 \cdot 44$ | $27 \cdot 7$ | 788 |
| 1944 | January February March $\qquad$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.44 \\ & 1.52^{*} \\ & 1.65 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.34 \\ & 1.50^{*} \\ & 1.52 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8.07 \\ & 8.06 \\ & 9.68 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8.07 \\ & 8.05 \\ & 9.67 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.82 \\ & 2.94 \\ & 3.58 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.52 \\ & 1.69 \\ & 1.80 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \cdot 48 \\ & 5 \cdot 87 \\ & 6 \cdot 52 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \cdot 24 \\ & 5 \cdot 63 \\ & 6 \cdot 28 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30 \cdot 6 \\ & 30 \cdot 2 \\ & 34 \cdot 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 428 \\ & 509 \\ & 495 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | April $\ldots$ <br> May $\ldots$ <br> June $\ldots$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.46 * \\ & 1.60 \\ & 1.60 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.46 * \\ & 1.54 \\ & 1.59 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7.13 \\ 6.99 \\ 11.69 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7.12 \\ 6.98 \\ 11.69 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.31 \\ & 3.05 \\ & 3.02 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.37 \\ & 1.83 \\ & 1.70 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \cdot 20 \\ & 6 \cdot 10 \\ & 6 \cdot 03 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.93 \\ & 5 \cdot 84 \\ & 5.77 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \cdot 0 \\ & 23 \cdot 4 \\ & 22 \cdot 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 504 \\ & 551 \\ & 559 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | July August September | $\begin{aligned} & 1.24^{*} \\ & 1.49 \\ & 1.51^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.10^{*} \\ & 1.49 \\ & 1.41^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \cdot 22 \\ & 6 \cdot 64 \\ & 4 \cdot 64 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \cdot 21 \\ & 5 \cdot 76 \\ & 4 \cdot 60 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.73 \\ & 2.91 \\ & 3.00 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.32 \\ & 1.63 \\ & 1.62 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \cdot 20 \\ & 5 \cdot 20 \\ & 5 \cdot 53 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \cdot 97 \\ & 5 \cdot 18 \\ & 5 \cdot 51 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \cdot 4 \\ & 30 \cdot 4 \\ & 31 \cdot 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 562 \\ & 541 \\ & 582 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | October ... November December | $\begin{aligned} & 1.46 \\ & 1.63 \\ & 1.40^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.46 \\ & 1.45 \\ & 1.31 * \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \cdot 22 \\ & 9 \cdot 40 \\ & 9 \cdot 12 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \cdot 22 \\ & 7 \cdot 86 \\ & 7.98 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.19 \\ & 3.02 \\ & 3.35 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.77 \\ & 1.75 \\ & 1.52 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \cdot 67 \\ & 6 \cdot 16 \\ & 5 \cdot 72 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.40 \\ & 5.87 \\ & 5.34 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33.6 \\ & 31.7 \\ & 27.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 579 \\ & 554 \\ & 579 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1945 | January ... <br> February <br> March | $\begin{aligned} & 1.44 \\ & 2.13 \\ & 1.98 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.39 \\ & 1.43 \\ & 1.45 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7.64 \\ 8.99 \\ 10.79 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \cdot 82 \\ & 7 \cdot 27 \\ & 7 \cdot 37 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \cdot 87 \\ & 2 \cdot 89 \\ & 3 \cdot 63 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.64 \\ & 1.62 \\ & 1.56 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.90 \\ & 5.77 \\ & 6.04 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.96 \\ & 5.73 \\ & 5.99 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22 \cdot 8 \\ & 24 \cdot 3 \\ & 25 \cdot 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 682 \\ & 725 \\ & 792 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | April <br> May <br> June | $\begin{aligned} & 1.72 \\ & 1.42 \\ & 1.85 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.40^{*} \\ & 1.33 \\ & 1.48 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9.90 \\ & 6.46 \\ & 7.90 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.99 \\ & 6.45 \\ & 7.79 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.42 \\ & 2.77 \\ & 2.97 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.01\left({ }^{2}\right) \\ & 1.85\left(^{2}\right) \\ & 1.85\left(^{2}\right) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9.78 \\ & 5.72 \\ & 6.99 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.59 \\ & 5.63 \\ & 5.44 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26.5 \\ & 27.3 \\ & 18.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 752 \\ & 726 \\ & 800 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | July <br> August ... <br> September | $\begin{aligned} & 1.15 * \\ & 1.26 \\ & 2.36 * \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.08^{*} \\ & 1.22 \\ & 1.45^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.40 \\ & 6.38 \\ & 7.09 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \cdot 38 \\ & 6 \cdot 29 \\ & 6 \cdot 51 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.60 \\ & 2.51 \\ & 2.77 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \cdot 73\left({ }^{2}\right) \\ & 1 \cdot 33 \\ & 2.05\left({ }^{2}\right) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8.34 \\ & 4.87 \\ & 5.80 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \cdot 12 \\ & 4 \cdot 82 \\ & 5 \cdot 09 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 32 \cdot 0 \\ & 28 \cdot 9 \\ & 33 \cdot 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 789 \\ & 785 \\ & 788 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | October ... November December | $\begin{aligned} & 1.46 \\ & 1.74 \\ & 1.53 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.46 \\ & 1.54 \\ & 1.43^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.73 \\ & 7.91 \\ & 7.53 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.07 \\ & 7.57 \\ & 7.44 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.88 \\ & 3.22 \\ & 3.09 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.97\left({ }^{2}\right) \\ & 1.63\left({ }^{2}\right) \\ & 2.05\left({ }^{2}\right) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.64 \\ & 8.55 \\ & 6.46 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \cdot 47 \\ & 5 \cdot 89 \\ & 4 \cdot 58 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30 \cdot 2 \\ & 33 \cdot 3 \\ & 30 \cdot 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 729 \\ & 707 \\ & 788 \end{aligned}$ |

$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{1}\right)$ For home consumption or re-export.
$\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ Includes exports ('000 tons) :-April 3.6, May 0.3 , June 0.5 , July 0.5 ,
September 0.8 , October 0.3 , November 0.05 , December 0.55 .

* Average of five weeks.

Hides, skins and finished leather : Production

${ }^{1}$ Wet.
$\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ Pelts and woolled for dressing.
(3) Leather sold by weight.
$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{4}\right)$ Leather sold by area.
${ }^{(5)}$ In January 1943, the coverage was extended to include certain classes of light leather previously excluded. On the old basis the figure for January was 2,240 tons.

Finished leather $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ : Consumption

| TABLE 43 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

TABLE 43
Monthly averages or calendar months

${ }^{(1)}$ Arrivals, plus deliveries by producers, adjusted by changes in stocks held by factors,
Source : Board of Trade merchants, boot manufacturers and in the Government reserve.
${ }^{(2)}$ Leather sold by weight.
${ }^{(3)}$ Leather sold by area.

End of period
Thousand tons

(1) Wet, dry and dry salted cattle and buffalo hides. Excludes calfskins before 1944.
(2) Pelts and woolled for dressing.
${ }^{3}$ ) Including rough tanned kips.
${ }^{(4)}$ Tanned undressed leather.
${ }^{(5)}$ Leather sold by weight.
(6) Leather sold by area.
$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{( }\right)$From January, 1943, includes classes of rough leather not previously included. On the old basis the figures for January were : heavy rough leather, I, 240 tons; light rough leather, 1,920 tons.

## Rubber : Production, consumption and stocks

TABLE 45

(1) Including crumb from January 1943 to July 1944. The comparable figure for July 1944, excluding crumb, was 0.57 thousand tons.
$\left({ }^{2}\right)$ Figures for crumb are included under waste rubber in 1942. From January 1943 to July 1944 they are included under recovered rubber, and thereafter they are excluded from the table. The comparable figure for recovered rubber for July 1944, excluding crumb, was 0.51 thousand tons.
${ }^{(3)}$ Figures for crumb are included under waste rubber in 1942. From January 1943 to July 1944 they are included under recovered rubber and thereafter they are excluded from the table. The comparable figure for recovered rubber for July 1944, excluding crumb, was 9.92 thousand tons.
${ }^{(5)}$ Excluding Ministry of Supply lend-lease stocks.
(5) Including exports amounting to a weekly average of 30 tons in 1944. Exports averaged 320 tons weekly in December 1944 and 20 tons weekly in April 1945.
${ }^{(6)}$ From July 1944, Ministry of Supply dumps only. The corresponding figure for June was 0.86 thousand tons.
${ }^{(7)}$ From July 1944 the figures relate only to issues from Ministry of Supply dumps. The corresponding figure for June 1944 consumption was 170 tons a week, and stocks 92.8 thousand tons.

* Average of five weeks.


[^10]Molasses and chemicals : Consumption
Monthly averages or calendar months
Thousand tons

${ }^{(1)}$ In terms of blackstrap containing 52 per cent. sugars.
${ }^{(2)}$ Cattle feed, silage and sweetened pulp.
$\left.{ }^{(3}\right)$ Including recovered and consumed.
${ }^{4}$ ) Used in the manufacture of sulphuric acid
${ }^{(6)}$ As 70 per cent. acid.
${ }^{(6)}$ Includes exports and from January 1941, including acid made at Government factories.

## Chemicals and fertilizers: Consumption

Monthly averages or calendar months
TABLE 48

${ }^{1}$ ) Ethyl alcohol as 68 O.P. spirit. Before December 1940 the figures include industrial methylated spirit.
${ }^{\left({ }^{2}\right)}$ Deliveries to consumers in the United Kingdom and exports.
${ }^{(3)}$ Excluding ammonia produced in by-product factories and converted directly into ammonium sulphate.
${ }^{4}$ ) Deliveries to consumers and used in compounds.
${ }^{(5)}$ Ammonium sulphate, nitro-chalk, compound and concentrated compound fertilizers and nitrate of soda (synthetic and Chilean).
${ }^{(6)}$ Deliveries to farms.
${ }^{(7)}$ Includes exports to U.S.S.R. of $\mathbf{2 . 4 6}$ million bulk gallons.

## Chemicals and fertilizers: Stocks

TABLE 49

(1) Excluding ammonia produced in by-product factories and converted directly into ammonium sulphate. From December 1942 figures include consumers' stocks. These amounted to 2,701 tons in December.
$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{2}\right)$ Ammonium sulphate, nitro-chalk, compound and concentrated compound fertilizers and nitrate of soda (synthetic and Chilean).

Paper-making materials, wood-pulp, newsprint and paper and board : Production and consumption

TABLE 50
Weekly averages
Thousand tons

|  |  |  |  | Consumption |  |  |  |  |  |  | Production |  | Consumption |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Paper-making materials other than wood-pulp |  |  |  |  |  | Woodpulp for papermaking $\left({ }^{3}\right)$ |  | Other paper and board | Newsprint | Other paper and board |
|  |  |  |  | Pulpwood ${ }^{1}$ ) | Straw for papermaking | Rags, waste ropes, etc. | Waste paper | Total ${ }^{2}$ ) (paper equivalent) | Industrial woodpulp |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 |  | $\ldots$ | ... | 3.72 |  | 1.80 | 12.8 |  |  | 29.13 | . | . | 23.1 | $74 \cdot 6$ |
| 1940 |  | ... | $\ldots$ | 3.07 |  | 2.07 | 14.5 |  |  | 17.15 | $5 \cdot 73$ | 29.3 | 9.4 | 38.6 |
| 1941 |  |  | $\ldots$ | 2.45 | $2 \cdot 71$ | $2 \cdot 85$ | $16 \cdot 6$ | 18.14 | $1 \cdot 17$ | 8.73 | $2 \cdot 88$ | 23.9 | $5 \cdot 7$ | 27-2 |
| 1942 |  | $\ldots$ | $\because$ | 2.97 | $4 \cdot 76$ | 2.51 | 15.7 | 17.91 | 0.78 | 7-18 | $2 \cdot 69$ | $22 \cdot 1$ | $4 \cdot 7$ | 23.0 |
| 1943 |  |  | $\ldots$ | $3 \cdot 77$ | $5 \cdot 81$ | $2 \cdot 21$ | 13.7 | 16.57 | 0.76 | $6 \cdot 16$ | 2.49 | 19.8 | $4 \cdot 8$ | $21 \cdot 2$ |
| 1944 |  |  | ... | $3 \cdot 20$ | $6 \cdot 30$ | $2 \cdot 24$ | 12.9 | 15.93 | 0.96 | $7 \cdot 70$ | $2 \cdot 85$ | $20 \cdot 6$ | $5 \cdot 3$ | 22.5 |
| 1945 |  |  | $\ldots$ | 2.69 | 6.66 | $2 \cdot 22$ | 11.8 | 14.55 | 1.02 | 9.93 | $3 \cdot 11$ | 21.5 | $5 \cdot 8$ | $23 \cdot 7$ |
| 1944 | January <br> February March ... |  | . $\ldots$ $\ldots$ | 3.22* $3 \cdot 33$ $3 \cdot 30$ | $6.04 *$ 6.71 6.59 | 2.15* 2.36 2.19 | $12.5 *$ 13.5 13.2 | 15.39* 16.65 16.28 | $0.87 *$ 0.98 1.00 | 6.89* 7.81 7.80 | $\begin{aligned} & 2.80 * \\ & 2.98 \\ & 3.12 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19.0 * \\ & 21.6 \\ & 20.9 \end{aligned}$ | $5 \cdot 0 *$ $5 \cdot 2$ $5 \cdot 2$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \cdot 0^{*} \\ & 24 \cdot 5 \\ & 23 \cdot 0 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | April <br> May <br> June | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 3.17* 3.25 3.24 | 6.22* 6.33 6.18 | 2.19* 2.36 2.18 | $12.8 *$ 13.2 13.5 | $15.24 *$ 16.19 16.27 | $0.87 *$ 0.88 0.97 | $\begin{aligned} & 7.37 * \\ & 8.14 \\ & 7.96 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.82^{*} \\ & 3.05 \\ & 2.80 \end{aligned}$ | 20.0* 21.3 20.7 | 5.2* $5 \cdot 3$ $5 \cdot 4$ | $20.9 *$ 22.0 25.1 |
|  | July ... <br> August <br> September |  | .. $\cdots$ $\ldots$ | 3.14* 2.63 3.22 | $5.69 *$ 5.63 6.33 | 1.99* 2.05 2.28 | $12.6 *$ 10.9 13.2 | $15.16 *$ 13.60 16.17 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.00^{*} \\ & 0.73 \\ & 1.03 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.51 * \\ & 6.29 \\ & 8.26 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.03 * \\ & 2.06 \\ & 2.88 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19.5^{*} \\ & 18.1 \\ & 21.8 \end{aligned}$ | $5 \cdot 5 *$ $5 \cdot 5$ $5 \cdot 5$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \cdot 3 * \\ & 19.3 \\ & 23.5 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | October November December |  | $\ldots$ $\ldots$ $\ldots$ | $3 \cdot 42 *$ $3 \cdot 30$ $3 \cdot 17$ | $6.40 *$ 6.73 6.94 | $2 \cdot 32 *$ 2.38 $2 \cdot 53$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14.0 * \\ & 13.7 \\ & 13.5 \end{aligned}$ | $16.96 *$ 16.79 16.73 | 1.08* 1.07 1.11 | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \cdot 07 * \\ & 8 \cdot 01 \\ & 8 \cdot 39 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.92^{*} \\ & 3.01 \\ & 2.72^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $21 \cdot 3^{*}$ $22 \cdot 0$ $22 \cdot 0$ | $5 \cdot 5^{*}$ $5 \cdot 5$ $5 \cdot 2^{*}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \cdot 0^{*} \\ & 24 \cdot 4 \\ & 23 \cdot 3 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1945 | January <br> February <br> March .. |  | .. $\cdots$ $\cdots$ | 2.77* 3.14 3.79 | 6.32* 6.88 7.29 | 2.06* 2.34 2.39 | $11.9 *$ 13.6 14.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 14.72^{*} \\ & 16.71 \\ & 17.43 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.08 * \\ & 1.11 \\ & 0.97 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.86 * \\ & 9.02 \\ & 8.62 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.88 \\ & 3.01 \\ & 3.19 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19 \cdot 6^{*} \\ & 22 \cdot 6 \\ & 23 \cdot 0 \end{aligned}$ | 5.5 $5 \cdot 5$ 5.5 | 20.8 24.8 26.1 |
|  | April <br> May <br> June |  | .. $\cdots$ $\ldots$ | $3.74 *$ 2.77 3.11 | 6.92* 6.13 7.08 | 2.15 2.13 2.52 | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \cdot 4^{*} \\ & 11 \cdot 2 \\ & 13 \cdot 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15.80 * \\ & 14.09 \\ & 16.59 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.96 * \\ & 0.89 \\ & 1.16 \end{aligned}$ | 8.25* 7.66 9.54 | 2.96* 2.54 2.85 | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \cdot 7 * \\ & 19 \cdot 2 \\ & 24 \cdot 0 \end{aligned}$ | $5.5^{*}$ 5.5 5.9 | 23.1 $22 \cdot 3$ $28 \cdot 0$ |
|  | July ... <br> August <br> September |  | $\cdots$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.45 * \\ & 1.93 \\ & 2.26 * \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.37 * \\ & 5.08 \\ & 6.93^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.97 * \\ & 1.77 \\ & 2.28^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \cdot 6 * \\ 9.4 \\ 11 \cdot 5^{*} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14.59 * \\ & 11.07 \\ & 12.22^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.91 * * \\ & 0.88 \\ & 0.89 * \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 9.31 * \\ 7.52 \\ 11.43^{*} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \cdot 90^{*} \\ & 2 \cdot 32 \\ & 3 \cdot 20^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19 \cdot 6^{*} \\ & 16 \cdot 5 \\ & 22 \cdot 4^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \cdot 1^{*} \\ & 6 \cdot 0 \\ & 6 \cdot 0^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22 \cdot 2^{*} \\ & 20 \cdot 1 \\ & 24 \cdot 4^{*} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | October <br> November <br> December |  | $\ldots$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.14 \\ & 2.12 \\ & 2.06^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.93 \\ & 7.11 \\ & 6.85^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \cdot 33 \\ & 2.45 \\ & 2.31^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 12.1 \\ 10.9 \\ 9.8^{*} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14.97 \\ & 14.08 \\ & 12.96^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.30 \\ & 1.23 \\ & 0.97 * \end{aligned}$ | 11.90 $14 \cdot 12$ 13.73* | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \cdot 32 \\ & 3 \cdot 53 \\ & 4 \cdot 36 * \end{aligned}$ | $23 \cdot 8$ <br> $24 \cdot 7$ <br> 22.5* | 6.1 <br> 6.1 <br> 5•8* | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \cdot 1 \\ & 28 \cdot 1 \\ & 22 \cdot 4^{*} \end{aligned}$ |

${ }^{(1)}$ ) Includes wood waste and chippings.
(2) Including esparto.
$\left({ }^{3}\right)$ Including cellulose wadding.

* Average of five weeks.

Paper-making materials, wood-pulp, newsprint and paper and board : Stocks
TABLE 5I

|  |  |  | End of period |  |  |  |  | Thousand tons |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Paper-making materials, other than wood-pulp |  |  |  |  | Industrial wood-pulp( ${ }^{4}$ ) | Wood-pulp for papermaking( ${ }^{5}$ ) | Newsprint | Other paper and board( ${ }^{6}$ ) |
|  |  |  | Pulpwood ${ }^{1}$ ) | Straw for papermaking $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | Rags, waste ropes, etc. | Waste paper | Total $\left({ }^{3}\right)$ (paper equivalent) |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 |  | $\cdots$ | 104.2 |  | $37 \cdot 2$ | $65 \cdot 0$ |  |  | $410 \cdot 5$ | $261 \cdot 5$ | $388 \cdot 8$ |
| 1940 |  | $\ldots$ | $81 \cdot 2$ | $9 \cdot 2$ | $55 \cdot 9$ | $114 \cdot 9$ |  | $30 \cdot 5$ | $148 \cdot 3$ | 213.0 | $323 \cdot 8$ |
| 1941 | ... ... | $\ldots$ | $38 \cdot 7$ | $57 \cdot 4$ | $52 \cdot 0$ | 61.8 | $125 \cdot 5$ | 6.9 | $73 \cdot 3$ | $181 \cdot 4$ | $221 \cdot 8$ |
| 1942 |  | $\cdots$ | 66.0 | $36 \cdot 1$ | $47 \cdot 3$ | $122 \cdot 2$ | 176.1 | $8 \cdot 8$ | $171 \cdot 6$ | $133 \cdot 5$ | $246 \cdot 1$ |
| 1943 |  | ... | $54 \cdot 0$ | $24 \cdot 0$ | $47 \cdot 6$ | $101 \cdot 8$ | $148 \cdot 5$ | $21 \cdot 5$ | 192.8 | $102 \cdot 1$ | $223 \cdot 0$ |
| 1944 | January | $\ldots$ | 53.4 | $23 \cdot 4$ | 44.4 | 97.5 | 142.1 | 19.0 | 192.4 |  |  |
|  | February March | $\ldots$ | $53 \cdot 7$ $53 \cdot 0$ | $22 \cdot 8$ 24.6 | $47 \cdot 0$ 47.6 | 97.1 | $143 \cdot 3$ | 16.1 | $177 \cdot 3$ | $106 \cdot 6$ | $222 \cdot 0$ 214 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | April | $\ldots$ | 51.9 | $25 \cdot 6$ $25 \cdot 6$ | $47 \cdot 1$ | $98 \cdot 3$ | 153.1 | 14.7 | $147 \cdot 3$ | $101 \cdot 6$ | 209.5 |
|  | May June | ... | $53 \cdot 2$ $53 \cdot 0$ | 25.6 25.9 | $46 \cdot 4$ $45 \cdot 5$ | $98 \cdot 7$ 103.7 | $145 \cdot 8$ | $15 \cdot 8$ | $132 \cdot 6$ | 112.7 | 212.8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 196.7 |
|  | July ... | $\cdots$ | $52 \cdot 1$ | $23 \cdot 2$ | $44 \cdot 6$ | 101.9 | 145.1 | 15.9 | $127 \cdot 6$ | $113 \cdot 2$ | 197.5 |
|  | August | $\ldots$ | 52.5 53.5 | 21.8 20.4 | 44.0 43.1 | 104.2 | 146.4 | 19.8 | 131.6 153.3 | 112.6 | 196.0 |
|  | September |  | $53 \cdot 5$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | October | $\ldots$ | $52 \cdot 9$ | 19.2 | $42 \cdot 5$ | 97.2 | 138.6 | 22.9 | $156 \cdot 3$ | 109.3 |  |
|  | November | $\ldots$ | $50 \cdot 0$ | 17.7 | $41 \cdot 6$ | 93.0 | 132.5 | 20.6 | $160 \cdot 2$ | 114.6 | 183.7 |
|  | December |  | $47 \cdot 2$ | $16 \cdot 2$ | $41 \cdot 1$ | 86.4 | $125 \cdot 2$ | 19.6 |  |  |  |
| 1945 | January | $\cdots$ | $42 \cdot 5$ | 13.2 | $39 \cdot 3$ | 77.9 | 114.0 | $17 \cdot 7$ | $143 \cdot 2$ | 106.4 |  |
|  | February | $\ldots$ | $38 \cdot 5$ $35 \cdot 8$ | 11.0 14.7 | $37 \cdot 8$ $38 \cdot 0$ | 67.4 59.1 | 101.6 94.9 | 18.5 21.7 | 127.4 110.0 | $109 \cdot 7$ 114.3 | $201 \cdot 9$ $201 \cdot 6$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | April | $\cdots$ | $32 \cdot 9$ | $20 \cdot 9$ | 39.1 | 57.1 | $94 \cdot 8$ | 21.4 | 98.8 | 114.4 | 206.4 |
|  | May | $\ldots$ | $30 \cdot 3$ | $22 \cdot 0$ | $40 \cdot 1$ | $55 \cdot 4$ | $93 \cdot 3$ | $23 \cdot 8$ | $95 \cdot 4$ | 114.5 | $205 \cdot 4$ |
|  | June .. |  | $28 \cdot 1$ | 21.8 | $40 \cdot 3$ | $52 \cdot 5$ | 90.1 | $25 \cdot 7$ | 102.1 | $120 \cdot 8$ | $203 \cdot 1$ |
|  | July ... | $\ldots$ | $27 \cdot 3$ | $18 \cdot 8$ | $40 \cdot 7$ | $50 \cdot 8$ | $87 \cdot 6$ | 26.1 | 167.6 | 124.4 | $204 \cdot 3$ |
|  | August | $\ldots$ | $26 \cdot 5$ | 14.9 | $40 \cdot 6$ | $53 \cdot 8$ | $88 \cdot 3$ | $28 \cdot 8$ | $221 \cdot 0$ | 126.8 | $204 \cdot 5$ |
|  | September |  | $25 \cdot 1$ | 13.4 | $40 \cdot 7$ | $53 \cdot 5$ | 87.1 | $33 \cdot 7$ | $288 \cdot 2$ | 137.9 | $206 \cdot 4$ |
|  | October |  | $25 \cdot 6$ | 13.9 | $42 \cdot 0$ | $54 \cdot 3$ | 89.0 | 36.4 | $282 \cdot 9$ | 141.4 | $216 \cdot 6$ |
|  | November | $\ldots$ | $24 \cdot 0$ | 13.9 | $41 \cdot 3$ | $58 \cdot 7$ | 91.6 | 37.8 | $291 \cdot 3$ | $146 \cdot 0$ | 219.1 |
|  | December |  | 21.4 | $14 \cdot 2$ | $38 \cdot 2$ | $61 \cdot 1$ | $90 \cdot 7$ | $38 \cdot 7$ | 289.7 | $154 \cdot 1$ | $237 \cdot 0$ |

(1) Includes wood waste and chippings.

Source: Board of Trade
${ }^{2}$ ) Held at mills.
${ }^{(3)}$ Including stocks of esparto
(4) Held by manufacturers of artificial silk and for transparent wrappings.
${ }^{(5)}$ Including cellulose wadding.
${ }^{(6)}$ ) In the hands of paper-mills, merchants and certain large converters and consumers (other than publishers).
${ }^{7}$ ) From January 1945, includes National Stock of building boards, which amounted to 14,000 tons at the end of that month.

## V. MANUFACTURED GOODS

Deliveries of British-built machine tools and ancillary equipment

${ }^{1}$ ) Nearly all British-built.
(2) From January 1943 the figures include roller box tools.
${ }^{( }{ }^{3}$ From January 1944 the figures include balancing and testing machines. The value of these amounted to $£ 95,000$ in January.

Monthly averages or calendar months
Number
Commercial vehicles (including omnibuses)

|  |  |  |  |  |  | ars (inclu |  |  |  | Numb |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Comm | cles (inc | nibuses) |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total | Service | Other | Total | Service | Other |
| 1935 | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | $\ldots$ | 27,263 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1944 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4,201 | . |  |
| 1944 | ... ... | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | 175 | 149 | 26 | 10,904 | 8,421 |  |
| 1945 | January | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 534 | 362 |  |  | 8,421 | 2,483 |
|  | February March ... | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 565 669 | 420 | 145 | 10,908 9,847 | 7,731 | 3,177 |
|  |  |  |  | ... |  | 647 | 22 | 10,928 |  | 2,963 3,571 |
|  | April May | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | 648 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | May ... | ... | ... | ... | 569 | 380 | 122 | 12,097 8,857 | 7,611 | 4,486 |
|  | June ... | ... | $\cdots$ | ... | 508 | 388 | 120 |  | 5,349 5,695 | 3,508 |
|  | July ... | $\ldots$ | ... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | August |  | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $566$ | 144 | 258 | 11,079 6,591 | 5,966 |  |
|  | September |  |  |  | $1,043$ | 209 | 834 | 11,591 11,195 | 3,672 | 2,919 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5,734 |
|  | November | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | 2,399 | 196 | 1,672 2,203 | 9,255 | 3,556 | 5,699 |
|  | December |  |  | $\ldots$ | 6,904 |  | 6,203 | 7,967 13,923 | 3,014 | 4,953 |
| 1946 | January | ... | ... |  | 6,319 | 134 |  |  | 3,180 | 10,743 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6,185 | 9,800 | 1,601 | 8,199 |

Source : Ministry of Supply and Aircraft Production

## Passenger cars : Production

TABLE 54

|  |  |  |  | Service |  |  |  | Other |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Total | $\begin{gathered} 8 \\ \text { to } \\ 12 \text { h.p. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 16 \\ \text { to } \\ 20 \text { h.p. } \end{gathered}$ | Over $20 \text { h.p. }$ | Total | Not exceeding 8 h.p. | $\begin{gathered} 8 \\ \text { to } \\ 12 \text { h.p. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 12 \\ \text { to } \\ 16 \mathrm{~h} . \mathrm{p} . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 16 \\ \text { to } \\ 20 \text { h.p. } \end{gathered}$ | Over $20 \text { h.p. }$ |
| 1945 | June | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 388 | 312 | - | 76 | 120 | - | 120 | - | - | - |
|  | July . | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 453 | 387 | - | 66 | 258 |  |  | - |  | ? |
|  | August | ... | ... | 144 | 98 | 33 | 46 | 422 | 133 | 289 | - | - | - |
|  | September | ... | $\ldots$ | 209 | 113 | 33 | 63 | 834 | 407 | 425 | - | - | 2 |
|  | October | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 150 | 42 | 61 | 47 | 1,672 | 651 | 1,018 | - | 2 | 1 |
|  | November | ... | ... | 196 | 57 | 91 | 48 | 2,203 | 1,002 | 1,151 | 4 | 30 | 16 |
|  | December | $\ldots$ | ... | 231 | 50 | 104 | 77 | 6,673 | 2,772 | 3,622 | 187 | 43 | 49 |
| 1946 | January | ... | $\ldots$ | 134 | 12 | 78 | 44 | 6,185 | 2,478 | 3,271 | 327 | 62 | 47 |

Source : Ministry of Supply and Aircraft Production
Commercial motor vehicles: Production
TABLE 55
Number


## MANUFACTURED GOODS

Supply of woven cloth (') and of knitting yarn for home civilian clothing
TABLE 56

$\left(^{1}\right)$ Includes all supplies by manufacturers or merchant converters except those for direct orders by a Government Department or for export. Deliveries for certain civilian uniforms (e.g., railway uniforms) are excluded in the case of woven wool cloth, but included for woven non-wool cloth.
$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{2}\right)$ Actual production. All hand-knitting yarn (including yarn of Service shades and mending yarn) produced on wool machinery.

Supplies of hosiery for home civilian use (')
TABLE 57
Monthly averages
Millions

|  |  |  | Men's and youths' |  |  |  | Women's and maids' |  |  | Children's ( ${ }^{2}$ ) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Socks and stockings (pairs) | Pullovers and cardigans | Vests | Pants and trunks | Stockings and socks (pairs) | Jumpers and cardigans | Vests | Socks and stockings (pairs) | Underwear |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1937 \\ & 1944 \end{aligned}$ | (approximate) | $\ldots$ | $7 \cdot 5$ |  |  |  | 25:0 |  |  | $6 \cdot 0$ | . |
|  | January to February |  | 1.6 |  |  | 0.77 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | March to April | $\ldots$ | 1.6 | 0.17 | 0.59 | 0.77 0.62 | 10.9 10.7 | 0.48 0.48 | 1.3 1.3 | 5.5 5.3 | 2.4 |
|  | May to June | ... | 1.9 | $0 \cdot 20$ | 0.80 | 0.86 | 11.5 | 0.55 | 1.3 | 5.2 | $2 \cdot 2$ |
|  | July to August <br> September to October | $\ldots$ | 1.4 | $0 \cdot 20$ | $0 \cdot 70$ | 0.75 | 10.4 | 0.45 | 1.3 | 4.9 | $2 \cdot 1$ |
|  | September to October ... November to December |  | 1.7 | 0.22 | 0.82 | 0.84 | 12.0 | 0.53 | 1.6 | $5 \cdot 4$ | $2 \cdot 7$ |
|  |  |  | 1.4 | $0 \cdot 18$ | $0 \cdot 57$ | $0 \cdot 68$ | 10.0 | 0.43 | 1.2 | $4 \cdot 7$ | $2 \cdot 1$ |
| 1945 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | March to April May to June | $\ldots$ | 1.5 | 0.14 | 0.65 | 0.84 0.68 | 11.8 10.2 | 0.52 0.44 | 1.5 1.2 | 5.4 4.6 | 2.4 2.0 |
|  | May to June ... | $\ldots$ | 1.7 | 0.21 | 0.78 | 0.90 | 11.4 | $0 \cdot 52$ | 1.4 | $5 \cdot 1$ | $2 \cdot 4$ |
|  | July to August September to October ... | $\ldots$ | 1.8 2.1 | 0.16 0.24 | 0.63 0.77 | 0.71 | 10.2 | 0.42 | 1.2 | 4.7 | 2.0 |
|  |  | ... |  |  | 0.77 | 0.85 | 12.0 | 0.62 | 1.6 | $5 \cdot 6$ | $2 \cdot 6$ |

[^11]Supplies of household textiles and floor coverings for the home civilian market
Monthly averages or calendar months


MANUFACTURED GOODS

${ }^{( }{ }^{1}$ ) Excluding rubber footwear.
Source: Board of Trade
$\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ Number of pairs transferred to warehouse stock. Includes all production except that for export or for which leather is procured under permit from the Director Service Footwear; thus production of footwear for the Home Guard, Civil Defence Services and theWomen's Land Army is excluded. In 1935 retained Imports, amounting in total to 0.2 million pairs
monthly, are included.

## Supplies of household appliances, MANUFACTURED GOODS


${ }^{1}$ ) Trunks, suitcases, attaché-cases, etc.
${ }^{(2)}$ These figures are based on rather uncertain data.
${ }^{(3)}$ May to October.
$\left.{ }^{4}\right)$ Year ending October.
$\left.{ }^{(5}\right) 15$ months ending January, 1945.
${ }^{(6)}$ November to April.
( $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$May 1944 to January 1945.
Supplies of miscellaneous goods for the home civilian market


October to December
All war-time figures for fountain pens relate to periods beginning and ending one month later than those shown, except that those for 1942 relate to the 9 months beginning with May.

## MANUFACTURED GOODS

| TABLE 62 |
| :--- |

(1) Sales by manufacturers
(2) Over 8 -in. in diameter.
${ }^{(3)}$ Includes all supplies except those for direct orders by a Government Department or for export ; thus supplies to N.A.A.F.I. and local authorities are included, while those for the Ministry of Works are excluded.

## Supplies of hollow-ware

TABLE 63
Monthly averages
Thousand pieces


[^12]Source: Board of Trade

# MANUFACTURED GOODS 

## Supplies of utility furniture(')

|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { unit } \end{aligned}$ $\text { values }\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | Wardrobes | Dressing chests and tallboys | Single bedsteads | Double bedsteads | Sideboards | Dining tables | Kitchen tables | Easy chairs and fireside chairs | Dining chairs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Thousands |  | Number |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1943 |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 5,124 \\ & 5,724 \\ & 4,955 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,873 \\ & 4,098 \\ & 2,917 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,963 \\ & 6,655 \\ & 4,945 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,431 \\ & 4,039 \\ & 3,043 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,423 \\ & 4,203 \\ & 3,090 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,094 \\ & 1,456 \\ & 1,089 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,144 \\ & 7,540 \\ & 7,105 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12,696 \\ & 14,438 \\ & 15,765 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | July | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 289 | $3,122$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 244 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | October | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $325{ }^{(2)}$ | 4,085 4,603 | 7,774 7,971 |  | 5,646 | 4,344 | 4,533 | 1,424 | 7,887 | 23,747 |
|  | November |  | $\ldots$ | 386 | 4,750 | 8,856 | 5,308 5,783 | 6,760 7,347 | 4,496 5,466 | 4,820 | 1,287 | 8,940 | 25,741 |
|  | December |  | $\ldots$ | 388 |  | 9,100 | 5,783 $\mathbf{5 , 6 7 0}$ | 7,347 7,345 | 5,466 6,076 | 5,613 | 1,410 | 9,040 | 28,039 |
| 1944 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | 418 427 |  |  | 5,743 | 7,206 | 6,194 | 6,875 | 1,060 | 9,134 | 27,929 |
|  | February | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 427 472 |  | 9,466 10,822 | 6,097 7 | 8,432 | 6,142 | 6,770 | 964 | 9,291 | 32,794 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 35,851 |
|  | April | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 401 | 4,901 | 8,488 | 5,536 | 7,993 | 5,487 | 6,318 | 770 |  |  |
|  | May ... | $\ldots$ | ... | 470 | 5,635 | 9,995 | 7,062 | 9,974 | 6,458 | 7,249 | 842 | 11,363 | 34,712 35,873 |
|  | June | ... | $\cdots$ | 493 | 5,855 | 10,428 | 7,200 | 9,492 | 6,524 | 7,323 | 1,142 | 12,422 | 35,873 42,735 |
|  | July . | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | - 448 | 5,353 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | August | ... | ... | 412 | 4,681 | 8,270 | 7,025 | 8,841 | 4,754 | 6,290 | 264 864 | 10,854 11,342 | 41,119 36,069 |
|  | September | $\ldots$ | ... | 525 | 6,176 |  |  |  |  |  | 1,114 | 13,572 | 46,848 |
|  | October | ... | $\ldots$ | 595 | 7,155 | 12,493 | 10,279 | 12,930 | 7,049 |  |  |  |  |
|  | November | ... | $\ldots$ | 651 | 7.611 | 13,230 | 10,777 | 13,348 | 8,239 | 9,649 | 1,269 | 17,280 | 48,510 |
|  | December | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 604 | 6,906 | 12,172 | 11,245 | 14,105 | 7,073 | 8,285 | 1,171 | 15,747 | 44,701 |
| 1945 | January | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 661 | 7,277 | 12,930 | 11,698 | 14,538 | 7,468 | 8,833 | 1,453 | 19,503 | 50,673 |
|  | February | $\ldots$ | ... | 731 | 7,933 | 14,597 | 13,081 | 16,154 | 8,098 | 9,664 | 1,381 | 22,067 | 54,647 |
|  | March ... | ... | ... | 840 | 9,030 | 16,478 | 15,105 | 20,659 | 8,920 | 10,961 | 1,724 | 24,956 | 63,398 |
|  | April ... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 856 | 9,372 | 16,539 | 16,618 | 21,176 | 9,190 | 11,020 | 1,519 | 24,323 | 64,426 |
|  | May ... | $\ldots$ | ... | 959 | 10,696 | 18,900 | 20,065 | 26,971 | 9,280 | 11,431 | 1,540 | 27,319 | 72,178 |
|  | June ... | $\ldots$ | ... | 1,119 | 12,543 | 22,405 | 24,086 | 31,471 | 11,769 | 14,416 | 2,001 | 29,684 | 82,149 |
|  | July |  | $\ldots$ | 1,200 | 14,169 | 25,669 | 28,167 | 32,181 | 12,950 | 15,483 | 2,322 | 29,872 | 79,890 |
|  | August |  | $\ldots$ | 1,009 | 11,504 | 19,928 | 21,577 | 30,073 | 11,073 | 13,853 | 1,698 | 25,276 | 67,881 |
|  | September |  | ... | 1,393 | 16,707 | 30,212 | 30,524 | 36,749 | 15,269 | 18,269 | 3,320 | 32,584 | 89,449 |
|  | October |  | $\ldots$ | 1,874 | 23,605 | 43,259 | 36,347 | 50,290 | 22,211 | 25,751 | 3,454 | 39,635 | 122,436 |
|  | November |  |  | 2,114 | 28,318 | 49,569 | 38,228 | 55,272 | 24,199 | 28,516 | 4,030 | 52,273 | 128,261 |
|  | December |  | ... | 1,879 | 25,620 | 45,739 | 30,985 | 46,550 | 20,898 | 24,935 | 3,839 | 52,192 | 115,144 |

${ }^{(1)}$ Sales by manufacturers in Great Britain.
Source: Board of Trade
$\left({ }^{2}\right)$ Based on number of "units" required for each article under the distribution scheme. The series covers other articles not shown but excludes nursery furniture which requires no "units."
$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{3}\right)$ Calculated from values as amended in S.R. \& O. 1943, No. 1205. On the old basis, the figure for September would have been 327.

Miscellaneous

${ }^{(1)}$ Total net quantity of beer duty paid.
$\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ Total of (a) home-made spirits and (b) imports, duty paid retained for consumption.
$\left.{ }^{(3}\right)$ Net clearances mainly by manufacturers for home consumption.
(4) Including in each month about 50,000 free licences issued to the blind
(5) Great Britain.
(9) The monthly averages for the years 1935 to 1945 relate to the twelve months ended September.

Value of wholesale textile sales and stocks and retail sales (')

${ }^{1}$ ) Great Britain.
Source: Board of Trade and Bank of England
${ }^{2}$ ) At selling value, excluding purchase tax.
${ }^{3}$ ) At selling value.
${ }^{(4)}$ Including other goods.
${ }^{(5)}$ Including exports, which form only a small part of the total.
${ }^{8}$ ) These figures were raised by the abnormal number of holidays,

## VI. BUILDING

## Estimated number of male employees in the building and civil engineering industries in Great Britain

TABLE 67

${ }^{1}$ ) These figures are based on returns collected by the Ministry of Works. They are not strictly comparable with those in the second column of this table since they include operatives aged 65 and over but exclude (a) clerical and administrative workers and (b) some workers who are classified in the building and civil engineering industries for the purpose of Unemployment Insurance, but are not covered by the returns collected by the Ministry of Works.
$\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ Including insured clerical and administrative workers and men in transit from one job to another.
${ }^{(3)}$ Preparation of sites and building of permanent and temporary houses, but excluding private enterprise housing under Local Authorities' licences.
${ }^{(4)}$ Including private enterprise housing under Local Authorities' licences.
${ }^{(5)}$ Factories and storage, shops and commercial premises, docks, public utilities, farms and agricultural premises.
${ }^{(6)}$ Including maintenance and repair of houses and new construction and maintenance of other buildings not included elsewhere.

## Production of building materials and components

Monthly averages or calendar months

${ }^{(1)}$ ) Figures relate to nearly all the firms in the industry.
${ }^{(2)}$ Great Britain.
$(3)$ Up to and incl
Source : Ministry of Works and Ministry of Supply
and Aircraft Production
$\left({ }^{3}\right)$ Up to and including July, the figures relate to deliveries ; from August, to production. On the old basis the figure for August was 1,738 .

Temporary houses in Great Britain( ${ }^{( }$)
Number of houses
TABLE 69

${ }^{(1)}$ The provisional figures up to the end of November 1945, which were given in the January issue of the Digest have been revised and included in the totals to the end of December 1945, published in Cmd. 6744 and Cmd. 6745.

New permanent houses under Local Authorities' schemes in Great Britain(')

${ }^{(1)}$ See footnote $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ to Table 69. Houses built by the Scottish Special Housing Association are included.
$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{2}\right)$ Including sites developed before the war.
( ${ }^{( }$) This figure is believed to be incomplete because some authorities in England and Wales appear to have omitted sites approved but not acquired.
${ }^{(4)}$ In addition, layout plans have been approved for about 80,000 houses the site development of which will be concurrent with house construction.

Other permanent houses in Great Britain
TABLE 71
Source : Health Departments and Ministry of Works

| Hulls <br> produced | Hulls <br> imported <br> from U.S.A. | Houses <br> completed | Houses <br> under <br> construction <br> at end of <br> period |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25,518 | 8,150 | 9,376 | 13,556 |
| 7,446 | - | 3,375 | 15,546 |
| 32,964 | 8,150 | 12,751 | 15,546 |

## VII. AGRICULTURE AND FOOD

Acreage of crops and grass and estimated quantity harvested (')

${ }^{(1)}$ Excludes agricultural holdings of one acre or less in extent in Great Britain and
Source : Agricultural Departments one quarter of an acre in Northern Ireland.
${ }^{(2)}$ Revised figures subject to further slight amendment.
${ }^{(3)}$ Clover and rotation grasses.

Number of cattle and sheep on agricultural holdings ( ${ }^{1}$ )

${ }^{1}$ ) Excluding livestock on holdings of one acre or less in extent in Great Britain and one quarter of an acre in Northern Ireland.

Number of pigs and poultry on agricultural holdings (')
Thousands
TABLE 74

|  |  |  |  | Total | Pigs |  |  |  | Poultry |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Sows for breeding | Other pigs |  |  | Total | Total fowls | Fowls in Great Britain |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Five months old and over | Two months and under five | Under two months | Total |  |  | Six months and above | Under six months |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1939 \\ & 1940 \\ & 1941 \\ & 1942 \end{aligned}$ | June |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 4,394 \\ & 4,106 \\ & 2,558 \\ & 2,143 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 542 \\ & 468 \\ & 244 \\ & 250 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 801 \\ & 951 \\ & 730 \\ & 631 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,872 \\ 1,778 \\ 1,114 \\ 812 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,179 \\ 909 \\ 469 \\ 451 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 74,357 \\ & 71,243 \\ & 62,059 \\ & 57,813 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 69,530 \\ & 66,754 \\ & 58,083 \\ & 53,502 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 60,234 \\ & 58,545 \\ & 46,233 \\ & 40,160 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26,610 \\ & 29,554 \\ & 28,418 \\ & 20,446 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33,624 \\ & 28,991 \\ & 17,815 \\ & 19,714 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | June | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | June | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | June |  | $\ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1943 | March ... |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,874 \\ & 1,829 \\ & 1,830 \\ & 1,811 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 178 \\ & 186 \\ & 191 \\ & 198 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 751 \\ & 629 \\ & 708 \\ & 717 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 638 \\ & 667 \\ & 589 \\ & 612 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 307 \\ & 347 \\ & 342 \\ & 284 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50,729 \\ & 36,129 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 46,371 \\ & 33,034 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24,642 \\ & 32,241 \\ & 29,437 \\ & 23,692 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19,495 \\ & 16,247 \\ & 16,862 \\ & 19,510 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,148 \\ 15,994 \\ 12,576 \\ 4,182 \end{array}$ |  |
|  | June ... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | September | ... | ... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | December |  | $\ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1944 | March ... June September December |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,696 \\ & 1,867 \\ & 2,162 \\ & 2,217 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 221 \\ & 253 \\ & 258 \\ & 240 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 606 \\ & 537 \\ & 685 \\ & 785 \end{aligned}$ | 521 <br> 663 <br> 701 <br> 82 | $\begin{aligned} & 349 \\ & 415 \\ & 517 \\ & 371 \end{aligned}$ | 55,127 | 50,242 | 26,38234,98631,09425,257 | $\begin{aligned} & 18,873 \\ & 15,976 \\ & 17,148 \\ & 00,886 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7,509 \\ 19,010 \\ 13,946 \\ 4,371 \end{array}$ |  |
|  |  |  | $\ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | ... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | ... | .. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 35,507 |  |  |  |  |
| 1945 | March ... June September |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2,069 \\ & 2,152 \\ & 2,257 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 241 \\ & 246 \\ & 239 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 766 \\ & 679 \end{aligned}$$807$ | $\begin{aligned} & 665 \\ & 802 \\ & 7012 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 396 \\ & 425 \\ & 466 \end{aligned}$ | 62,296 | 56,845 | $\begin{aligned} & 28,437 \\ & 40,795 \\ & 37,058 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20,454 \\ & 17,649 \\ & 19,715 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7,983 \\ 23,146 \\ 17,344 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | ... | $\ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

$\left(^{1}\right)$ See footnote $\left(^{1}\right.$ ) to Table 73.
Source : Agricultural Departments

${ }^{1}$ ) Receipts by flour millers.
$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{2}\right)$ Receipts by maltsters, distillers, pot and pearl barley manufacturers and the Ministry of Food.
$\left.{ }^{(3}\right)$ Receipts by oatmeal millers, brewers and the Ministry of Food.
( $)$ Great Britain only.
${ }^{(5)}$ Excludes milk sold outside the Milk Marketing Schemes.
${ }^{(6)}$ Excluding fat animals imported from Eire and Northern Ireland.
(7) Average of period from 1936/7 to 1938/9.

* Average of five weeks.

Processing of oilseeds, oils, wheat and oats

TABLE 76

${ }^{(1)}$ As crude oil.
( ${ }^{2}$ ) Used by millers, flakers and maltsters.

* Average of five weeks.

Flour milling, seed crushing and production of meat and bacon

TABLE 77
Weekly averages
Thousand tons
${ }^{1}$ ) Including production from imported Eire fat cattle and Eire fresh meat and offal.
( ${ }^{2}$ ) Excluding castor meal.
$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{3}\right)$ Average of 1934 to 1938.

* Average of five weeks.

Source : Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries and Ministry of Food

## AGRICULTURE AND FOOD

Fish, sugar, margarine, cooking fat, jam, biscuits, chocolate, beer and spirits : Production


[^13]AGRICULTURE AND FOOD
Flour, rice, sugar, syrup, starch, oatmeal and other breakfast cereals :
Consumption


[^14]Source: Ministry of Food

## AGRICULTURE AND FOOD <br> Meat, canned meats, bacon, fish and canned fish : Consumption



[^15]AGRICULTURE AND FOOD
Milk : Consumption

TABLE 81

$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{1}\right)$ Manufacture into milk products together with the quantity used on farms for cheese-making.
Source : Ministry of Food

AGRICULTURE AND FOOD
Butter, cheese, condensed milk, milk powder, eggs, margarine and cooking fat : Consumption


[^16]Source : Ministry of Food

[^17]Fruit, jam, potatoes, canned and dried vegetables, chocolate, biscuits, tea, cocoa and coffee: Consumption

TABLE 83

${ }^{(1)}$ Great Britain only.
${ }^{(2)}$ Excluding beans transferred to oilseed stocks. Computed from figures for calendar months.
${ }^{(3)}$ Excludes damaged ware potatoes fed to livestock on farms.

* Average of five weeks.

Barley, maize, oilcake and milling offals : Consumption
Weekly averages
Thousand tons
TABLE 84


[^18]VIII. EXTERNAL TRADE

Value and volume of external trade of the United Kingdom
TABLE 85
Monthly averages or calendar months

${ }^{(1)}$ Percentage of the monthly average in 1938 valued at 1935 prices.
Source: Board of Trade
(2) Aircraft and other vehicles (except tyres and tubes for road vehicles) and arms, ammunition and military and naval stores imported or exported by Government Departments.

## EXTERNAL TRADE <br> Exports of produce and manufactures of the United Kingdom ( ${ }^{\text {' }}$ ) <br> Monthly averages or calendar months

TABLE 86

| TABLE 86 |
| :--- |

$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{1}\right)$ Excluding munitions, i.e., aircraft and other vehicles (except tyres and tubes for road vehicles) and arms, ammunition and military and naval stores exported by Government Departments.
$\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ Percentage of the monthly average in 1938 valued at 1935 prices.

Imports into the United Kingdom
Monthly averages or calendar months

${ }^{(1)}$ All British countries (except Canada, Newfoundland and Hong Kong), together with Egypt, Iraq, Iceland and the Faroes.
$\left({ }^{2}\right)^{\mathbf{y}}$ Including munitions.

## TABLE 88

## United Kingdom exports

Monthly averages or calendar months
$£$ million

|  |  | Sterling countries <br> ${ }^{1}$ ) | Nonsterling countries | British countries | Foreign countries | North America | Australia and New Zealand | Europe | Africa | Asia |  | South and Central America and West Indies |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | India and Western Asia | Rest of Asia |  |
| 1935 | $\ldots$ | 15.8 | $\begin{aligned} & 19.7 \\ & 20 \cdot 0 \end{aligned}$ | $17 \cdot 0$ | 18.5 | $3 \cdot 8$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1936 |  |  |  | 18.1 | 18.6 | $4 \cdot 3$ | 4.1 | 13.1 | 5.9 | 3.6 | $2 \cdot 3$ | $3 \cdot 3$ |
| 1937 |  |  |  | 21.0 | $22 \cdot 5$ | $5 \cdot 0$ | $4 \cdot 8$ | 15.5 | $6 \cdot 7$ | 4.1 | 3.0 | $4 \cdot 2$ |
| 1938 | ... | 18.2 | 21.0 | 19.5 | 19.7 | $3 \cdot 7$ | 4.8 | 14.4 | $6 \cdot 1$ | 4.0 | $2 \cdot 5$ | $3 \cdot 7$ |
| $1939\left({ }^{2}\right)$ |  | $16 \cdot 8$ | 19.8 | 18.0 | $18 \cdot 6$ | $4 \cdot 3$ | 4.0 | $13 \cdot 2$ | $5 \cdot 6$ | $3 \cdot 5$ | $2 \cdot 2$ | $3 \cdot 6$ |
| $1940\left({ }^{2}\right)$ |  | 18.6 | $15 \cdot 7$ | $20 \cdot 6$ | 13.7 | $5 \cdot 5$ | $5 \cdot 2$ | 7.9 | $5 \cdot 8$ | $3 \cdot 7$ | $2 \cdot 4$ | 3.7 |
| $1941\left({ }^{(2)}\right.$ | $\ldots$... | $17 \cdot 1$ | $13 \cdot 3$ | 19.3 | 11.1 | $5 \cdot 9$ | 4.4 | $5 \cdot 5$ | $5 \cdot 9$ | $3 \cdot 4$ | $2 \cdot 3$ | 3.0 |
| 1942 |  | $13 \cdot 6$ | 9.0 | 14.6 | 8.0 | 4.1 | $3 \cdot 7$ | $3 \cdot 8$ | $5 \cdot 1$ | $2 \cdot 6$ | 0.3 | $2 \cdot 8$ |
| 1943 | ... ... | 11.1 | $8 \cdot 3$ | 12.4 | 7.0 | $3 \cdot 6$ | $3 \cdot 3$ | 3.1 | $4 \cdot 7$ | $2 \cdot 1$ | 0.1 | 2.4 |
| 1944 |  | 13.0 | 9.1 | 14.1 | 8.0 | $3 \cdot 3$ | 3.9 | 4.9 | $5 \cdot 5$ | 3.0 | 0.1 | $1 \cdot 4$ |
| 1945 | ... ... | $17 \cdot 2$ | $15 \cdot 6$ | 17.8 | 15.0 | $3 \cdot 5$ | $4 \cdot 1$ | 11.5 | 6.9 | 4.4 | 0.3 | $2 \cdot 0$ |
| 1944 | January ... February March .. | $\begin{array}{r} 13.7 \\ 9.7 \\ 12.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \cdot 5 \\ & 7.4 \\ & 7 \cdot 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14.7 \\ & 11.4 \\ & 14.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \cdot 5 \\ & 5 \cdot 7 \\ & 5 \cdot 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.6 \\ & 3.6 \\ & 4.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.4 \\ & 2 \cdot 1 \\ & 4.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.1 \\ & 3.5 \\ & 2.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \cdot 9 \\ & 3 \cdot 7 \\ & 4 \cdot 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.0 \\ & 2.8 \\ & 2.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.1 \\ & 0.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.0 \\ & 1.0 \\ & 1.3 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { April } & \ldots \\ \text { May } & \ldots \\ \text { June } & \ldots\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14.3 \\ & 13.6 \\ & 12.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 8 \cdot 2 \\ 17 \cdot 1 \\ 5.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15.1 \\ & 14.4 \\ & 13.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7.4 \\ 16.3 \\ 4.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.1 \\ & 2.9 \\ & 3.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \cdot 1 \\ & 4 \cdot 2 \\ & 4 \cdot 7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3.7 \\ 14.2 \\ 1.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.6 \\ & 5.4 \\ & 4.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.1 \\ & 2.7 \\ & 2.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.1 \\ & 0.1 \\ & 0.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.6 \\ & 0.8 \\ & 1.4 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | July  <br> August .. | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \cdot 8 \\ & 10.4 \\ & 12 \cdot 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4.3 \\ 3.5 \\ 10 \cdot 8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13.0 \\ & 10.1 \\ & 14.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.1 \\ & 3.8 \\ & 8.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.3 \\ & 1.0 \\ & 5.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.3 \\ & 3.2 \\ & 3.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.2 \\ & 2.7 \\ & 5.0 \end{aligned}$ | 6.0 2.7 | $3 \cdot 1-$3.52.3 | 0.1 0.1 | 0.7 0.4 |
|  | September |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.1 | 1.9 |
|  | October <br> November <br> December | $\begin{aligned} & 13.4 \\ & 16.6 \end{aligned}$ $14 \cdot 2$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11.4 \\ & 13.2 \\ & 11.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \cdot 8 \\ & 17 \cdot 2 \\ & 15 \cdot 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9.0 \\ 12.6 \\ 9.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.8 \\ & 3.8 \\ & 3.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.9 \\ & 3.5 \\ & 4.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \cdot 2 \\ & 6 \cdot 8 \\ & 7 \cdot 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \cdot 3 \\ & 9.5 \\ & 6.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.6 \\ & 3.5 \\ & 2.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{0.1}{0.1}$ | 1.4 2.4 0.7 |
| 1945 | January... February March $\qquad$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17.1 \\ & 14.2 \\ & 13.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 8.6 \\ 8.9 \\ 11.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17.4 \\ & 14.7 \\ & 14.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \cdot 3 \\ & 8.4 \\ & 9.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.4 \\ & 2.8 \\ & 4.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.6 \\ & 3.9 \\ & 3.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \cdot 9 \\ & 5 \cdot 2 \\ & 6 \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \cdot 9 \\ & 7 \cdot 1 \\ & 3 \cdot 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.7 .7 \\ & 2.6 \\ & 3.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \overline{0.1} \\ & 0.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.8 \\ & 1.2 \\ & 1.8 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { April } \\ \text { May } & . . \\ \text { June } & \ldots \\ \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16.9 \\ & 13.9 \\ & 19.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19.4 \\ & 14.7 \\ & 19.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17.4 \\ & 15.4 \\ & 20.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18.9 \\ & 13.2 \\ & 18.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \cdot 2 \\ & 3 \cdot 6 \\ & 4 \cdot 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.9 \\ & 2.9 \\ & 5.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15.4 \\ & 10.2 \\ & 14.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.4 \\ & 7.1 \\ & 8.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \cdot 1 \\ & 2 \cdot 8 \\ & 4 \cdot 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.1 \\ & 0.1 \\ & 0.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.7 \\ & 1.7 \\ & 1.5 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 16.7 \\ & 18 \cdot 3 \\ & 15 \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16.3 \\ & 18.7 \\ & 14.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16.9 \\ & 19.5 \\ & 15.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16.1 \\ & 17.5 \\ & 14.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \cdot 5 \\ & 4 \cdot 2 \\ & 3 \cdot 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.9 \\ & 4.5 \\ & 2.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10.8 \\ & 14.3 \\ & 11.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.4 \\ & 7.8 \\ & 4.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.3 \\ & 3.6 \\ & 5.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.1 \\ & 0.1 \\ & 0.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.6 \\ & 2.0 \\ & 2.2 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | October <br> November <br> December | $\begin{aligned} & 23 \cdot 7 \\ & 15 \cdot 6 \\ & 22 \cdot 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19.4 \\ & 14.3 \\ & 21.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23 \cdot 8 \\ & 15 \cdot 7 \\ & 23 \cdot 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19 \cdot 3 \\ & 14 \cdot 2 \\ & 20 \cdot 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.0 \\ & 3.1 \\ & 4.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \cdot 8 \cdot 8 \\ & 2 \cdot 7 \\ & 5 \cdot 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13.9 \\ & 12.6 \\ & 16.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9.4 \\ & 4.8 \\ & 7 \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.4 \\ & 4.6 \\ & 6 \cdot 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.7 \\ & 0.5 \\ & 1.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.8 \\ & 1.2 \\ & 2.5 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1946 | January ... | 29.0 | 28.1 | 28.8 | $28 \cdot 3$ | $4 \cdot 8$ | $5 \cdot 8$ | 18.9 | 11.4 | $8 \cdot 6$ | $1 \cdot 3$ | 4.6 |

[^19]Imports of principal items of food
Monthly averages or calendar months
Thousand tons


Monthly averages or calendar months
Thousand tons

${ }^{(1)}$ Unrefined.
Source : Board of Trade
$\left({ }^{2}\right)$ Unrefined, excluding liver oils.
$\left(^{3}\right)$ Beef, veal, mutton, lamb, pork and offal : fresh, salted, chilled and frozen.

## Imports of principal items of food

Monthly averages or calendar month
59 3 18 A


## Imports of ores and metals

TABLE 92
Monthly averages or calendar months
Thousand tons

|  |  | Bauxite | Aluminium | Unwrought copper( ${ }^{1}$ ) | Lead | Tin ore and concentrates | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Iron } \\ & \text { ore }\left({ }^{2}\right) \end{aligned}$ | Pig iron | Scrap ${ }^{(3)}$ | Steel ingots | Semifinished steel ( ${ }^{4}$ ) | Finished steel ${ }^{(5)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1935 | $\ldots$ | $16 \cdot 2$ | $1 \cdot 50$ | $22 \cdot 7$ | 26.4 | $3 \cdot 8$ | $375 \cdot 2$ | $7 \cdot 0$ | $36 \cdot 5$ | 0.5 | $30 \cdot 1$ | $50 \cdot 2$ |
| 1936 | ... | $19 \cdot 3$ | 1.81 | 18.7 | 29.6 | $4 \cdot 3$ | $493 \cdot 3$ | $20 \cdot 6$ | $90 \cdot 6$ | 0.5 | $45 \cdot 7$ | $46 \cdot 4$ |
| 1937 |  | $18 \cdot 3$ | $2 \cdot 63$ | 24.4 | 31.1 | $4 \cdot 2$ | 579.4 | 53.2 | 79.6 | $2 \cdot 7$ | $49 \cdot 0$ | $50 \cdot 8$ |
| 1938 |  | $20 \cdot 8$ | $3 \cdot 85$ | $21 \cdot 6$ | 33.9 | $4 \cdot 6$ | $425 \cdot 2$ | $32 \cdot 9$ | 52.7 | 1.9 | 29.2 | 39.7 |
| 1939 | .. | $25 \cdot 2$ | $4 \cdot 82$ | $25 \cdot 6$ | $28 \cdot 3$ | 4.5 | $436 \cdot 7$ | 29.5 | $50 \cdot 4$ | $2 \cdot 0$ | $67 \cdot 2$ | 43.0 |
| 1940 |  | 9.4 | $5 \cdot 52$ | 39.4 | 28.1 | $7 \cdot 0$ | 379.1 | $56 \cdot 3$ | $78 \cdot 1$ | $40 \cdot 7$ | 132.9 | $67 \cdot 6$ |
| 1941 |  | $7 \cdot 3$ | $11 \cdot 47$ | $37 \cdot 5$ | 11.6 | $5 \cdot 5$ | $190 \cdot 3$ | 81.0 | $45 \cdot 7$ | $46 \cdot 8$ | $150 \cdot 2$ | $58 \cdot 2$ |
| 1942 |  | $4 \cdot 0$ | $11 \cdot 34$ | $36 \cdot 7$ | 19.6 | $3 \cdot 7$ | $160 \cdot 1$ | 29.7 | $1 \cdot 3$ | $40 \cdot 0$ | $101 \cdot 2$ | 31.8 |
| 1943 |  | 20.1 | $17 \cdot 75$ | $41 \cdot 2$ | 18.9 | $4 \cdot 3$ | 157.9 | $30 \cdot 2$ | 0.4 | $41 \cdot 5$ | $88 \cdot 5$ | 61.5 |
| 1944 | ... | 14.3 | 12.64 | $37 \cdot 6$ | 18.7 | $2 \cdot 7$ | 181.0 | 23.8 | $2 \cdot 7$ | 24.8 | 59.5 | $32 \cdot 1$ |
| 1945 |  | 13.5 | 1.81 | $12 \cdot 5$ | 14.7 | $3 \cdot 7$ | 339.5 | 9.0 | 15.0 | $3 \cdot 0$ | $6 \cdot 7$ | $2 \cdot 8$ |
| 1944 | January <br> February. <br> March | 17.7 38.6 13.4 | $\begin{aligned} & 19.17 \\ & 11.48 \\ & 16.27 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34 \cdot 7 \\ & 64 \cdot 0 \\ & 34 \cdot 7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16.9 \\ & 24.8 \\ & 21.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.8 \\ & 1.9 \\ & 0.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 200 \cdot 1 \\ & 206.2 \\ & 179.9 \end{aligned}$ | 15.1 17.3 32.2 | 0.6 2.0 0.3 | $38 \cdot 3$ $43 \cdot 9$ 24.5 | 116.9 80.2 89.2 | 57.8 <br> 41.1 <br> $51 \cdot 5$ |
|  | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { April } & . . \\ \text { May } & \ldots \\ \text { June } & \ldots\end{array}$ | 19.6 10.6 14.7 | 15.80 11.32 29.01 | 55.2 40.5 49.1 | 12.0 15.9 17.7 | 2.8 5.3 2.5 | 228.1 231.1 166.9 | $\begin{aligned} & 17 \cdot 7 \\ & 27 \cdot 6 \\ & 12 \cdot 9 \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{0.3}{1.2}$ | 13.9 6.4 6.0 | $48 \cdot 7$ 31.8 $37 \cdot 6$ | 36.4 $34 \cdot 1$ 49.7 |
|  | July $\quad \ldots$ August $\ldots$ September | 7.8 5.7 | 15.27 1.69 2.71 | 16.1 $43 \cdot 7$ 31.5 | 11.0 24.0 20.4 | 1.4 7.3 1.3 | 154.4 125.3 109.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 21 \cdot 0 \\ & 20 \cdot 4 \\ & 22 \cdot 4 \end{aligned}$ | 1.1 2.0 2.5 | 17.4 29.0 30.9 | 38.0 39.0 33.4 | 28.7 34.5 14.9 |
|  | October ... <br> November <br> December | 13.6 23.6 12.6 | $\begin{array}{r} 12.23 \\ 14.46 \\ 3.14 \end{array}$ | 28.5 40.3 26.9 | $\begin{array}{r} 17.4 \\ 9.1 \\ 34.6 \end{array}$ | 5.8 1.8 1.2 | $203 \cdot 7$ $185 \cdot 9$ 176.2 | $30 \cdot 7$ $23 \cdot 5$ $44 \cdot 2$ | 2.2 0.2 0.3 | $36 \cdot 3$ $24 \cdot 0$ $28 \cdot 2$ | 76.0 68.4 57.7 | 16.9 10.1 12.9 |
| 1945 | January <br> February... <br> March | $3 \cdot 0$ 27.8 12.6 | 1.80 4.15 0.64 | $52 \cdot 6$ $34 \cdot 9$ $5 \cdot 3$ | $20 \cdot 7$ $26 \cdot 5$ $17 \cdot 2$ | 6.9 4.2 2.7 | 199.9 244.0 288.5 | 27.0 19.9 17.1 | 0.4 6.7 | 20.9 5.6 1.0 | 33.1 12.6 0.2 | 14.0 3.1 1.1 |
|  | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { April } & . . \\ \text { May } & \ldots \\ \text { June } & \text {... }\end{array}$ | 16.3 9.3 $5 \cdot 7$ | 0.85 0.37 0.28 | 6.0 9.4 22.3 | 19.1 14.3 15.4 | 4.5 6.1 2.2 | $263 \cdot 2$ $335 \cdot 7$ $451 \cdot 5$ | 10.7 14.5 9.6 | 31.7 $7 \cdot 2$ 11.3 | $\bar{\square} 1.7$ | 0.1 | 0.7 0.9 0.2 |
|  | July <br> August September | 27.7 11.9 9.9 | 0.14 0.11 0.69 | 11.8 12.4 12.3 | 15.9 25.6 13.2 | 0.4 5.3 2.9 | 426.6 387.4 397.5 | 1.0 2.5 0.1 | 16.9 22.3 15.0 | 1.4 0.3 | 0.8 1.0 2.8 | 8.1 1.2 0.1 |
|  | October ... <br> November <br> December | 15.8 14.4 10.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 5.99 \\ & 6.11 \\ & 0.82 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10.0 \\ 7.9 \\ 9.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.4 \\ & 0.4 \\ & 2.9 \end{aligned}$ | 1.7 6.2 1.6 | 373.4 395.4 311.1 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.3 \\ & 1.6 \\ & 2.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \cdot 4 \\ & 24.2 \\ & 22 \cdot 7 \end{aligned}$ | 2.2 1.8 1.5 | 9.8 16.1 5.9 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.2 \\ & 1.0 \\ & 2.0 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1946 | January ... | 8.5 | 0.96 | 9.0 | 16.7 | 6.9 | $410 \cdot 6$ | $2 \cdot 7$ | 26.9 | - | $17 \cdot 3$ | 4.7 |
| ${ }^{(1)}$ Retained imports. <br> ${ }^{(2)}$ Other than manganiferous ore. <br> ${ }^{(3)}$ As from 1938, excludes ships intended for breaking up. <br> (4) Blooms, billets, slabs, sheet bars and tinplate bars. <br> ${ }^{(5)}$ Including wire rods. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Imports of miscellaneous raw materials

${ }^{(1)}$ Retained imports.
${ }^{(2)}$ Re-exports in excess of imports.

TABLE 94
Monthly averages or calendar months

$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{1}\right)$ From 1942 excludes exports by Government Departments.
Source : Board of Trade.
(2) Including exports to Ryssia made in previous months but recorded in May 1944. 1.01
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${ }^{3}$ ) Including some relief exports to Europe.

2ग) Exports of textileso
Monthly averages or calendar months

${ }^{(1)}$ ) Including small (cotton) or negligible (wool) quantities of knitted, netted or crocheted piece goods.
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## Other selected exports

TABLE 96
Monthly averages or calendar months


|  |  | 3,226 | 1,044 | 13.2 | 2.40 | 16.3 | $2 \cdot 38$ | 107 | 21 | $35 \cdot 7$ | $6 \cdot 60$ | 533 | 0.82 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1935 |  | 3,226 | , 956 | 13.2 | 2.36 | 17.3 | 2.48 | 104 | 18 | $32 \cdot 6$ | 6.70 | 710 | 0.90 |
| 1937 |  | 3,362 | 975 | 16.3 | 2.86 | 18.3 | 2.65 | 115 | 26 | 38.9 | $7 \cdot 33$ | 795 | 1.02 |
| 1938 | $\ldots$ | 2,988 | 874 | 14.7 | 2.81 | 14.7 | $2 \cdot 55$ | 102 | 26 | 29.7 | $6 \cdot 30$ | 760 | 0.98 |
| 1939 |  | 3,076 | 800 | 13.8 | 2.86 | 13.0 | 2.36 | 92 | 24 | 37.5 | $6 \cdot 16$ | 876 | 0.93 |
| 1940 |  | 1,637 | 582 | 12.7 | $4 \cdot 12$ | 12.4 | 1.45 | 75 | 14 | 39.9 | $5 \cdot 90$ | 1,030 | 0.83 |
| 1941 | ... ... | 424 | 333 | 11.8 | $5 \cdot 71$ | $6 \cdot 0$ | 0.91 | 55 | 1 | 36.8 | 5.93 | 788 | 0.91 |
| 1942 |  | 298 | 257 | 8.1 | 4.57 | $3 \cdot 1$ | 0.54 | 10 | 3 | $39 \cdot 2$ | $3 \cdot 38$ | 592 | 0.56 |
| 1943 |  | 302 | 209 | $6 \cdot 6$ | $3 \cdot 48$ | $2 \cdot 3$ | 0.50 | 18 | 1 | $34 \cdot 5$ | $2 \cdot 80$ | 476 | 0.63 |
| 1944 |  | 217 | 161 | $6 \cdot 6$ | $3 \cdot 17$ | $2 \cdot 2$ | 0.55 | 16 | 11 | 28.8 | 2.71 | 388 | 0.61 |
| 1945 | ... $\quad$. | 277 | 229 | $7 \cdot 3$ | 3.09 | 2.9 | 0.60 | 19 | 21 | 36.8 | $3 \cdot 77$ | 441 | $1 \cdot 26$ |
| 1944 | January | 283 | 153 | 6.9 | 3.39 | 2.5 | 0.52 | 29 | - | 44.8 | 2.54 | 532 | 0.80 |
|  | February ... | 335 | 154 | $5 \cdot 7$ | $2 \cdot 77$ | 1.9 | 0.45 | 22 | - | $35 \cdot 2$ | $2 \cdot 47$ | 297 | 0.77 |
|  | March . | 279 | 196 | $6 \cdot 3$ | 6.00 | 2.4 | $0 \cdot 50$ | 18 | - | $22 \cdot 6$ | 2.83 | 340 | 0.59 |
|  | April | 243 | 162 | $8 \cdot 6$ | $2 \cdot 90$ | $2 \cdot 2$ | 0.53 | 37 | 1 | 37.0 | $3 \cdot 61$ | 459 | 0.72 |
|  | May | 174 | 144 | $4 \cdot 9$ | 2.92 | $2 \cdot 3$ | 0.69 | 14 | 25 | 11.2 | $2 \cdot 23$ | 374 | 0.34 |
|  | June | 234 | 161 | $7 \cdot 1$ | $3 \cdot 20$ | 1.9 | 0.66 | 5 | 22 | $24 \cdot 5$ | 2.51 | 422 | 0.36 |
|  | July | 200 | 151 | $2 \cdot 8$ | 2.09 | $2 \cdot 1$ | 0.66 | 11 | 13 | $17 \cdot 1$ | $2 \cdot 11$ | 126 | 0.53 |
|  | August ... | 160 | 141 | 2.9 | 0.92 | $2 \cdot 1$ | 0.32 | 14 | 7 | $32 \cdot 3$ | 1.95 | 146 | 0.50 |
|  | September | 170 | 184 | 9.9 | $3 \cdot 60$ | 1.8 | $0 \cdot 52$ | 13 | 23 | 27.1 | $2 \cdot 55$ | 299 | 0.37 |
|  | October | 153 | 155 | $7 \cdot 2$ | 4.31 | $2 \cdot 3$ | 0.66 | 10 | 16 | $40 \cdot 4$ | 4.19 | 684 | 0.51 |
|  | November | 166 | 171 | $11 \cdot 3$ | $3 \cdot 33$ | $2 \cdot 9$ | 0.55 | 10 | 18 | $37 \cdot 2$ | 2.71 | 533 | 0.85 |
|  | December | 215 | 131 | 6.1 | $2 \cdot 66$ | 1.9 | 0.56 | 8 | 9 | 15.9 | $2 \cdot 87$ | 443 | 0.94 |
| 1945 | January | 192 | 147 | $6 \cdot 2$ | 3.09 | $2 \cdot 7$ | 0.43 | 4 | 6 | $30 \cdot 5$ | $3 \cdot 15$ | 360 | $1 \cdot 10$ |
|  | February ... | 111 | 133 | $5 \cdot 2$ | $2 \cdot 53$ | $2 \cdot 3$ | 0.35 | 9 | 13 | $30 \cdot 0$ | $2 \cdot 81$ | 392 | 0.90 |
|  | March ... | 180 | 185 | 5.9 | 2.89 | $2 \cdot 3$ | 0.61 | 10 | 20 | 37.8 | 2.90 | 481 | 0.78 |
|  | April | 215 | 221 | 9.4 | 3.23 | $3 \cdot 3$ | 0.52 |  | 43 | 28.9 | 4.07 | 354 | 1.52 |
|  | May ... | 152 | 179 | 6.1 | 3.24 | $2 \cdot 2$ | 0.51 | 9 | 21 | 29.7 | $2 \cdot 44$ | 426 | 1.24 |
|  | June ... | 174 | 179 | $7 \cdot 0$ | 3.83 | 4.0 | 0.65 | 20 | 2 | $30 \cdot 7$ | $4 \cdot 18$ | 523 | $1 \cdot 33$ |
|  |  | 251 | 248 | 8.0 | 3.50 | $3 \cdot 4$ | 0.44 | 66 | 19 | 46.4 | $4 \cdot 20$ | 411 | $1 \cdot 21$ |
|  | August ... | 206 | 242 | 8.8 | 4.09 | $3 \cdot 0$ | 0.71 | 14 | 19 | $41 \cdot 2$ | $3 \cdot 69$ | 567 | 1.47 |
|  | September | 481 | 303 | $6 \cdot 7$ | $2 \cdot 46$ | $2 \cdot 3$ | 0.54 | 24 | 10 | $50 \cdot 1$ | 4.85 | 424 | $1 \cdot 39$ |
|  | October . | 503 | 251 | $10 \cdot 6$ | 3.69 | $3 \cdot 5$ | 0.98 | 35 | 39 | 41.4 | 4.68 | 536 | 1.64 |
|  | November | 361 | 327 | $5 \cdot 7$ | 2.00 | $2 \cdot 3$ | 0.63 | 10 | 40 | $36 \cdot 0$ | 3.92 | 397 | 1.02 |
|  | December | 494 | 334 | $7 \cdot 5$ | $2 \cdot 50$ | 4.0 | 0.86 | 24 | 20 | $38 \cdot 8$ | $4 \cdot 33$ | 425 | 1.57 |
| 1946 | January ... | 485 | 341 | 11.7 | $6 \cdot 37$ | $4 \cdot 7$ | 0.65 | 37 | 6 | $64 \cdot 2$ | $6 \cdot 56$ | 608 | $1 \cdot 77$ |

## IX. MERCHANT SHIPPING

Merchant ship building, repair, conversion and re-conversion in the
TABLE 97
United Kingdom (')

${ }^{(1)}$ ) This table includes merchant type vessels building for the Navy. The quantity of such shipping completed was as follows:-In 1941, 4,000 gross tons non-tanker (all of $100-1,599$ g.t.) and 20,000 gross tons tanker (all of over 1,600 g.t.) ; in 1942, 8,000 gross tons (all non-tankers of 100-1,599 g.t.) ; and in 19431,000 gross tons tanker and 63,000 gross tons non-tanker.
$\left({ }^{2}\right)$ Including troop transport and hospital ships and naval and military supply and service ships other than H.M. Commissioned Ships and Royal Fleet Auxiliaries.
$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{3}\right)$ These figures have been taken from Lloyd's Register and are not strictly comparable with the figures shown in the rest of the table. The Lloyd's figures relate to the United Kingdom and Eire and include certain non-propelled lighters, etc.

## $\left.{ }^{4}\right)$ Monthly averages.

${ }^{(5)}$ Commenced
${ }^{(6)}$ Launched.
(?) Including one suction dredger of 3,944 gross tons.
${ }^{(8)}$ Including one suction dredger of 1,747 gross tons.

MERCHANT SHIPPING

## Merchant Vessels＇registered ûder the British Flag，excluding temporary registrations of foreign vessels on bareboat charter or requisition <br> Te 3．J8AT <br> revo bris znot ezoyg 001

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TABLE 98
1,600 gross tons and over
Thousand gross tons

（ ${ }^{1}$ ）Throughout 1944 and 1945 there was a substantial amount of tonnage at 1 ni bns ；（． 1.8 Pec，I－Source ：Ministry of War Transport British disposal on bareboat charter or on requisition from other flags．At 31 January 1946 this amounted to approximately 2,120 thousand gross tons of non－tankers and 36 thousand gross tons of tankers．

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 boat charter or on requisition from foreign countries．
$\left({ }^{3}\right)$ Including vessels on the United Kingdom register on bareboat charter from the Dominions but excluding vessels on bareboat charter or on requisition from foreign countries．
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## X. INLAND TRANSPORT <br> Traffic receipts and freight train traffic originating (Great Britain) <br> Weekly averages

TABLE 99

Traffic receipts of main line railways
and L.P.T.B.
$\xrightarrow{1}$

| 1935 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1936 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| 1937 | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| 1938 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| $1939\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| $1940\left({ }^{3}\right)$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| 1941 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| 1942 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| 1943 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| 1944 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| 1945 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| Four weeks ended Sunday $\left({ }^{4}\right):-$ |  |  |  |  |

Four weeks ended Sunday ( ${ }^{4}$ ) :-

| February 20 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| March 19 | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
|  |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |

1945

1946
${ }^{(1)}$ On Ist October, 1937, charges for passengers (except in the London area, and the L.P.T.B. Railways) were increased by $5 \%$. In the case of workmen's fares, a fractions rule was imposed so as to avoid increases in fares below 5d.
$\left({ }^{2}\right)$ On IIth June, 1939, local fares of Main Line Railways in the London area were increased by $5 \%$. Fares on the Board's Railways were revised with the object of removing anomalies and discrepancies and bringing them nearer to a uniform standard of Id. per mile.
$\left(^{3}\right)$ On Ist May, 1940, charges for passengers were increased by $10 \%$, both on the Main Lines and on the Board's Railways. On 3rd July, 1940, ordinary fares on the Board's Railways were raised as follows:-Id. fare increased to $1 \frac{1}{2} d$., $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$. fare increased to 2d. On Ist December, 1940, the $10 \%$ increase imposed on Ist May was raised to $16 \frac{2}{3} \%$ for ordinary fares on the Main Line Railways and for cheap-day return fares on the Board's Railways.
$\left({ }^{4}\right)$ The figures of freight train traffic originating are for periods of four weeks ending on the preceding Saturday.

# Passenger journeys originating on main line railways ( ${ }^{( }$) 

TABLE 100
Monthly averages or calendar months
Millions

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

[^20]
# Loaded train-miles, loaded wagon-miles, estimated ton-miles and average length of haul run by main line railways(') 

TABLE 101

${ }^{1}$ ) Great Britain.
$\left.{ }^{(2}\right)^{2}$ Twenty weeks to December 27.
${ }^{(3)}$ Sixteen weeks to August 9.
(4) Forty weeks to December 27.
${ }^{(5)}$ Thirty-six weeks to December 27.

# Motor vehicles for which licences were current under the Roads Act, 1920 (') 

TABLE 102

${ }^{1}$ ) Great Britain.
(2) This class includes locomotive ploughing engines, tractors, agricultural tractors, other agricultural engines which are not used on roads for hauling anything except their own equipment and supplies, etc., vehicles designed for trench digging or any kind of excavating, and mowing machines.
${ }^{(3}$ ) This class includes tractors, agricultural tractors and engines (other than vehicles subject to a duty of 5 s .) which are registered in the name of a person engaged in agriculture and which are solely used on roads for the haulage of the produce or requirements of the agricultural land of that person.
${ }^{(4)}$ Excluding vehicles of showmen and of local authorities (watering and cleansing) and other vehicles propelled by electricity, steam or coal gas.
${ }^{(5)}$ Ambulances, road-rollers, fire engines and appliances, etc., and vehicles owned by the Crown (excluding Service vehicles).

## XI. FINANCE

Exchequer issues and receipts

|  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

${ }^{(1)}$ ) Ordinary expenditure plus other expenditure (net) (excluding sinking funds but including expenditure of a capital nature).
$\left({ }^{2}\right)$ The difference between total expenditure and ordinary revenue. Figures in italics show a surplus of revenue over expenditure. Other figures indicate a deficit.

Central Government net borrowing
TABLE 104
Weekly averages
$£$ thousand


[^21]
## Currency circulation

FINANCE

${ }^{(1)}$ Average of Wednesdays.
${ }^{(2)}$ Months: Average of Saturdays in the consecutive four-week periods as published in The London Gazette or in The Belfast Gazette with as close a correspondence as possible to the Calendar month. Years: Average of the thirteen published figures.
${ }^{(3)}$ ) Excluding Silver Coin in the Bank of England Issue Department.
${ }^{(4)}$ Published by permission of "The Committee of London Clearing Bankers." Ten banks until December 1935, and subsequently eleven.
${ }^{(5)}$ For comparability this index number has been calculated after adjustment for eleven clearing banks.
${ }^{(6)}$ Including, in September to December 1939, postal orders held by London Clearing Banks.


## Bank Clearings and Security Prices

TABLE 107


${ }^{1}$ ) Owing to changes in the composition of the Clearing when the Clearing Banks' emergency operations came into force in September 1939, the figures for 1939 onwards are not strictly comparable with those for earlier years.
$\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{2}\right)$ Average of working days, allowing for accrued interest. For $2 \frac{1}{2} \%$ Consols, a flat yield is taken irrespective of price. For $2 \frac{1}{2} \%$ National War Bonds, redemption is assumed in 1951 if price below par and in 1949 if price above par. For $3 \%$ Savings Bonds, redemption is assumed in 1965 if price below par and in 1955 if price above par. For $3 \frac{1}{2} \%$ War Loan, a flat yield is taken if price below par and redemption is assumed in 1952 if price above par. Income tax is neglected in calculating the yields.
$\left({ }^{3}\right)$ Yield assuming redemption in 1951, 2•24.

London clearing banks( ${ }^{1}$ )
TABLE 108
£ million

|  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

${ }^{(1)}$ Until August 1939, average weekly balances: subsequently (except in June and December) balances on a day, varying from bank to bank, towards the end of the month. The figures relate to 10 banks in 1935 and to 11 banks thereafter.
${ }^{(2)}$ Balances with, and cheques in course of collection on other Banks in Great Britain and
Ireland.
${ }^{(3)}$ England and Wales only.
${ }^{(4)}$ The average of six months, July to December, was $£ 145$ million.

## XII. WAGES AND PRICES

## Average weekly earnings in manufacturing and certain other industries in the United Kingdom( ${ }^{1}$ )

TABLE 109

|  |  |  |  | All operatives |  |  | Men (aged 21 and over) |  |  | Youths and boys |  | Women (aged 18 and over) |  | Girls |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Earnings |  | Percentage increase over 1938 | Earnings |  | Percentage increase over 1938 | Earnings | Percentage increase over 1938 | Earnings | Percentage increase over 1938 | Earnings | Percentage increase over 1938 |
|  |  | $\cdots$ |  | s. d. |  | - | s. d. |  | - | s. d. | - | s. d. | - | s. d. | - |
| 1938 | October |  |  | $53 \quad 3$ |  |  | 690 |  |  | $26 \quad 1$ |  | 326 |  | $18 \quad 6$ |  |
| 1940 | July | ... | ... |  |  | 30 | 890 |  | 29 |  | 35 | 3811 | 20 | 224 | 21 |
| 1941 | July | $\cdots$ | ... |  |  | 42 | 995 |  | 44 | 4111 | 61 | 43 11 | 35 | 250 | 35 |
| 1942 | January | ... | ... | $77 \quad 9$ |  | 46 | 1020 |  | 48 | 426 | 63 | 476 | 46 | 2610 | 45 |
|  | July | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  |  | 60 | 111 | 5 | 61 | 462 | 77 | 542 | 67 | $30 \quad 3$ | 64 |
| 1943 | January | ... $\quad$. |  | 87 11 |  | 65 | 1139 |  | 65 |  | 73 | 586 | 80 | 32 I | 73 |
|  | July | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  | 7 | 76 | 121 | 3 | 76 | 472 | 81 | $62 \quad 2$ | 91 | 3310 | 83 |
| 1944 | January | $\ldots$ |  | $95 \quad 7$ |  | 79 | 1238 | 8 | 79 | 4610 | 80 | 639 | 96 | 343 | 85 |
|  | July |  |  | 968 |  | 82 | 124 | 4 | 80 | $47 \quad 4$ | 81 | 643 | 98 | 3411 | 89 |
| 1945 | January | $\cdots$.... |  |  | 9 | 76 | 119 | 3 | 73 | 44 | 69 | 632 | 94 | 338 | 82 |
|  | July ... |  | $\ldots$ |  | I | 80 | 121 | 4 | 76 | 456 | 74 | 632 | 94 | 35 I | 90 |

${ }^{(1)}$ The figures represent the average earnings, including bonus, overtime, etc., and before deduction of income tax or insurance contributions, in one week in the months indicated. and National Service Administrative and clerical workers and other salaried persons have been excluded. The figures are subject to certain qualifications which are contained in a full account of the enquiry relating to July 1945, published in the Ministry of Labour Gazette for February 1946.

Average weekly hours worked(')
TABLE 110

(1) The figures include overtime and correspond with those for average earnings in Table 109.

## WAGES AND PRICES

Average weekly earnings in certain industries in the United Kingdom( ${ }^{1}$ )
TABLE III


[^22]
## Wage rates and cost of living( ${ }^{1}$ )

TABLE 112

${ }^{(1)}$ The figures are based on prices at the beginning of each month, and wage rates at the end of the preceding month.
$\left({ }^{2}\right)$ The estimates cover all industries for which information is available, but omit some small industries.

## Wholesale prices

TABLE 113
August $1939=100$

${ }^{(1)}$ The greater rise in the basic materials index is essentially due to its containing various items, such as paper-making materials, which have risen very greatly in price and for which there are no corresponding quotations available under manufactured articles; similarly the index for intermediate products is raised above that for manufactured articles mainly because it includes timber.
${ }^{(2)}$ Selected items included in the indices for industrial materials and manufactures.

## Agricultural and fertilizer prices ( ${ }^{( }$)

TABLE 114
August $1939=100$


[^23]Source: Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries
$\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ From August 1943, includes acreage payment based on the estimated quantities sold.
$\left.{ }^{(3}\right)$ From July 1941, includes acreage payment based on the estimated quantities sold.
${ }^{(4)}$ ) The annual indices for agricultural prices include some items (viz.: lambs, wool, sugar beet, hops, fruit and vegetables) which are not included in the monthly indices.


## INDEX-continued






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[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ ) See footnote ( ${ }^{1}$ ) to Table 6.
    $\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ For details of industries see Tables $16,17(a)$ and $17(b)$.
    $\left.{ }^{(3}\right)$ Rubber (Table 13(h)), oilcloth, linoleum, etc. (Tabie 17(c)), brushes and brooms (Table 17(d) ),
    musicai instruments, toys, games and miscellaneous small manufacturing industries.
    ${ }^{(4)}$ See footnote ${ }^{( }{ }^{3}$ ) to Table 5.

[^1]:    $\left(^{1}\right)$ See footnote ( ${ }^{1}$ ) to Table 6.

[^2]:    $\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{1}\right)$ See footnote ${ }^{1}$ ) to Table 6.

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ ) Great Britain. Two part-time workers are counted as one full-time worker,
    $\left(^{2}\right)$ Including district nursing and child welfare.

[^4]:    ${ }^{(1)}$ Established and unestablished staff in all Departments, including Reserved and Agency Services, Northern Ireland.
    Source : Treasury
    $\left(^{2}\right)$ In arriving at the totals two part-time workers are counted as equivalent to one full-time worker.

[^5]:    $\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{1}\right)$ Including those in training under Government schemes at technical and commercial colleges and employers' establishments.

[^6]:    ${ }^{1}$ ) Undertakings with an annual consumption of 100 tons or more of coal and/or coke.
    ${ }^{2}{ }^{2}$ ) Including coal held by Service Departments.

[^7]:    

[^8]:    ${ }^{1}$ ) The ferrous content of home produced iron ore is about 30 per cent.
    ${ }^{2}$ ) Deliveries.
    ${ }^{(3)}$ At steelworks and steel foundries
    ${ }^{(4)}$ Stocks held at producers' works and in British Iron and Steel Corporation stockyards, including material in transit. Consumers' stocks, which are excluded, amounted to 2,785 thousand tons at the end of December 1944

    * Average of five weeks.

[^9]:    ${ }^{1}$ ) Including English refined lead from the beginning of 1942.

[^10]:    $\left.{ }^{1}{ }^{1}\right)$ In terms of blackstrap containing 52 per cent. sugars.
    $\left.{ }^{2}{ }^{2}\right)$ As 70 per cent. acid. Including acid made at Government factories.
    $\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{3}\right)$ Ammonium sulphate, nitro-chalk, compound and concentrated compound fertilizers and synthetic nitrate of soda.
    (4) Ethyl alcohol as 68 O.P. spirit.
    ${ }^{(5)}$ Years ended 30 September.

[^11]:    $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$Figures are based on actual production covering all firms. Garments made up from rayon locknit, and those made up from other knitted
    ) Unric by firms not operating knitting, machines are excluded.
    $\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ Under 14 years, i.e., including infants' wear.

[^12]:    $\left.{ }^{(1}\right)$ Includes all production except that for direct orders by a Government Department or for export ; thus production for N.A.A.F.I. and local authorities is included, while that for the Ministry of Works is excluded.

[^13]:    ${ }^{(1)}$ Landed weight. Computed from figures for calendar months.
    (2) Refined value. Production from home-grown sugar beet.
    ${ }^{(3)}$ Including, since June 1940, spirits re-distilled from imported spirits.
    ${ }^{(4)}$ Averages relate to twelve months from March to February
    (5) Year ended June 30.

    * Average of five weeks.

[^14]:    ${ }^{(1)}$ Refined value.
    $\left.{ }^{( }{ }^{2}\right)$ Including sugar used in the manufacture of other foods.

    * Average of five weeks.

[^15]:    ${ }^{(1)}$ Before October 1941, canned corned beef only. Subsequent figures include canned corned mutton and pork.
    ${ }^{(2)}$ Computed from figures for calendar months.

    * Average of five weeks.

[^16]:    ${ }^{(1)}$ Computed from figures for calendar months.

[^17]:    * Average of five weeks.

[^18]:    ${ }^{1}$ ) Barley meal and imported barley.
    (2) Average of period from July 1936 to June 1939.
    ${ }^{(3)}$ Years ended June 30.
    Average of five weeks.

[^19]:    ${ }^{1}$ ) All British countries (except Canada, Newfoundland, and Hong Kong) together with Egypt, Iraq, Iceland and the Faroes.
    $\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ Including munitions.

[^20]:    (1) Great Britain.
    (2) Includes traffic paid by Service and other Government departments by means of vouchers (e.g., military, naval, evacuees, etc.) ; tickets issued under bulk travel arrangements; sports clubs' tickets ; etc.

[^21]:    ${ }^{(1)}$ These figures correspond with the surplus or deficit shown in the first column of
    Table 103. Figures preceded by a minus sign indicate a surplus, i.e. an excess of repayments over new borrowing.

[^22]:    ${ }^{1}$ ) See footnote (1) to Table 109.
    ${ }^{(2)}$ Excluding railways.

[^23]:    ${ }^{1}{ }^{1}$ England and Wales.

