

Labour Market Trends

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Next issue: 9 August 2001

Labour Market Update

Data released on or before 13 June 2001

All figures are seasonally adjusted and for UK unless otherwise stated. For detailed figures, definitions and concepts see the Labour Market Data section.

Headlines

❶ **Rising employment** indicated by February-April 2001 Labour Force Survey (LFS) results.

❷ **ILO unemployment rate down** in February-April 2001 LFS. Fall in May 2001 claimant count.

Employment has continued to grow and there were falls in both the ILO unemployment rate and the number of people claiming unemployment-related benefits. The whole economy headline average earnings growth rate has increased.

Labour Force Survey data for February to April 2001 show that the working age employment rate was 74.8 per cent, a rise of 0.1 percentage point over the preceding three months. Survey estimates indicate that employment rose by 67,000 over the quarter and by 261,000 over the year.

The ILO unemployment rate was 5.0 per cent, down 0.2 percentage points from the preceding three months and down 0.7 percentage points from a year earlier. The claimant count fell by 3,200 in May 2001. The average monthly fall in the claimant count has been 6,600 over the past three months and 10,500 over the past six months.

The headline rate of growth of average earnings in April was 5.2 per cent, up 0.2 percentage points from March 2001.

New this month

February-April 2001: Latest LFS three-month average results, earnings;

May 2001 data: Claimant count, vacancies and placings;

April 2001 data: Manufacturing productivity and unit wage costs, manufacturing jobs, labour disputes;

March 2001 data: Workforce jobs.

Figure 1 Working-age employment rate

Sampling variability $\pm 0.4\%$

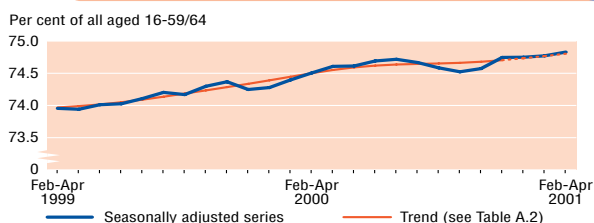


Figure 2 ILO unemployment rate

Sampling variability $\pm 0.2\%$

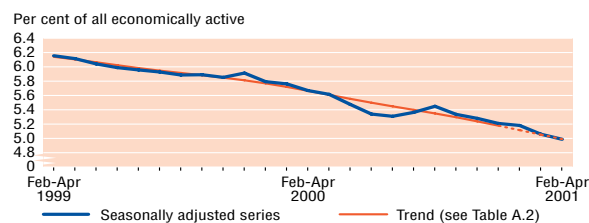
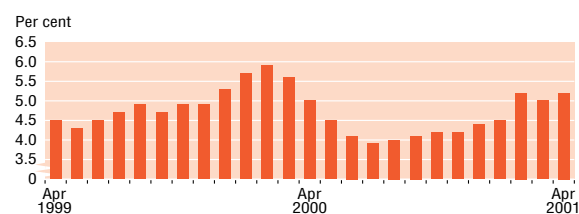


Figure 3 GB headline average earnings growth

Whole economy, percentage change over 12 months



SUMMARY

❶ **Employment rate** was 74.8 per cent among people of working age in the February-April 2001 period, up 0.1 percentage point from November 2000-January 2001 and up 0.3 percentage points on the same period a year earlier (Figure 1, Table A.1).

❷ **ILO unemployment rate** was 5.0 per cent in the February-April 2001 period, down 0.2 percentage points from November 2000-January 2001 and down 0.7 percentage points on the same period a year earlier (Figure 2, Table A.1).

❸ **Employment** was 28.14 million in February-April 2001, up 261,000 on the same period year earlier (Table A.1).

❹ **Workforce jobs** rose by 119,000 over the year to 29.15 million in March 2001; this comprised a rise of 5,000 male jobs and a rise of 114,000 female jobs (Table A.3).

❺ **ILO unemployment level** was 1.48 million in February-April 2001. This is 198,000 lower than the same period a year earlier (Table A.1).

❻ **Claimant count** down 3,200 on the month to May 2001 to 976,800. Claimant count rate in May 2001 was 3.2 per cent, unchanged from April 2001 (Table A.3).

❼ **Economic activity rate** was 78.8 per cent among people of working age in February-April 2001, down 0.1 percentage point from November 2000-January 2001 and down 0.2 percentage points from February-April 2000 (Table A.1).

❽ **Economic inactivity rate** was 21.2 per cent among people of working age in the February-April 2001 period, up 0.1 percentage point from November 2000-January 2001 and up 0.2 percentage points from February-April 2000 (Table A.1).

❾ **GB headline rate for average earnings** was 5.2 per cent in April 2001, up 0.2 percentage points on the same period a year earlier. This is up 0.2 percentage points from the March 2001 rate (Figure 3, Table A.3).

❿ **New vacancies notified to Jobcentres** up 8,600 in May 2001 to 246,200 (Table A.3).

⓫ **Stock of unfilled vacancies** up 8,100 in May 2001 to 395,900 (Table G.1).

EMPLOYMENT

- ① **Men in employment** up 42,000 since November 2000-January 2001 to 15.52 million in February-April 2001, and **women** up 26,000 in the same period to 12.62 million (Figures 4 and 5, Table B.1).
- ① People in **full-time employment** up 88,000 since November 2000-January 2001 to 21.13 million in February-April 2001. People in **part-time employment** down 21,000 over the same period to 7.01 million (Table B.1).
- ① **Manufacturing employee jobs** down by 107,000 in the three months to April 2001 compared with the same three months a year ago, at 3.87 million (Table B.12).
- ① The LFS estimate of the total number of **actual hours worked** per week was 920.6 million during February-April 2001, up 0.7 per cent from February-April 2000. This is due to an increase in total employment of 0.9 per cent over the year combined with a decrease of 0.2 per cent in average actual weekly hours (Table B.21).

UNEMPLOYMENT

- ① Number of people **ILO unemployed** for between **six and 12 months** down 30,000 over the year to stand at 222,000 in February-April 2001 (Table C.1).
- ① **ILO unemployment over 12 months** fell 60,000 over the year to stand at 390,000 in February-April 2001 (Figure 6, Table C.1).
- ① **ILO unemployment for those aged 18 to 24 years** fell 15,000 over the year to stand at 395,000 in February-April 2001 (Table C.1).
- ① **ILO unemployment rate for UK government office regions** down in all regions over the year. The highest rate is in the North East at 7.7 per cent and lowest is in the South East region at 3.3 per cent (Figure 7, Table A.11).
- ① **Claimant count over 12 months** (computerised claims only, unadjusted) shows a fall of 54,200 over the year to stand at 197,300 in May 2001 (Table C.12).
- ① **Total claimants aged 18-24** (computerised claims only, unadjusted) stood at 233,000 in May 2001, a fall of 18,600 since May 2000 (Table C.12).
- ① **Claimant count aged 18 to 24 over 12 months** (computerised claims only, unadjusted) stood at 4,300 in May 2001, a fall of 1,900 since May 2000 (Table C.12).
- ① **Number of people in categories affected by New Deal** (computerised claims only, unadjusted):

	May 2001	Change on year
18-24 over six months	41,201	-11,873
25 and over more than two years	95,019	-29,732
Total	136,220	-41,605

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

- ① Number of **economically active people** was 29.62 million in February-April 2001. Of this total, 16.41 million were men and 13.21 million were women (Table D.1).
- ① Number of **economically inactive people of working age** was 7.74 million in February-April 2001. Of this total 5.50 million people did not want a job and 2.01 million wanted a job, but had not actively looked for one (Figure 8, Table D.2).
- ① The LFS shows that the net increase of the number in employment was 261,000 in the year to February-April 2001. This was balanced by a decrease in the ILO unemployed of 198,000, an increase in the number of economically inactive of 180,000, and an increase in the total population aged 16 and over of 243,000 (Table A.1).
- ① **Economic activity rate** for men of working age was 84.3 per cent in February-April 2001, down 0.1 percentage point from November 2000-January 2001, while the rate for women was 72.8 per cent for the same period, down 0.1 percentage point from the November 2000-January 2001 period (Table D.1).
- ① **Economic inactivity rate** for men of working age was 15.7 per cent in February-April 2001, up 0.1 percentage point from November 2000-January 2001, while the rate for women was 27.2 per cent for the same period, up 0.1 percentage point from the November 2000-January 2001 period (Table D.3).

Figure 4 Male employment

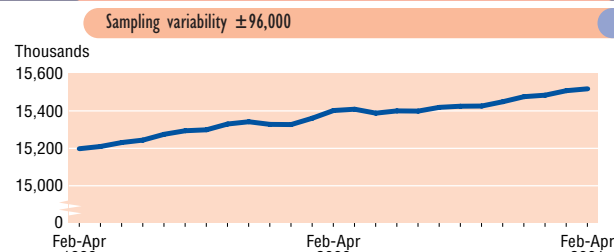


Figure 5 Female employment

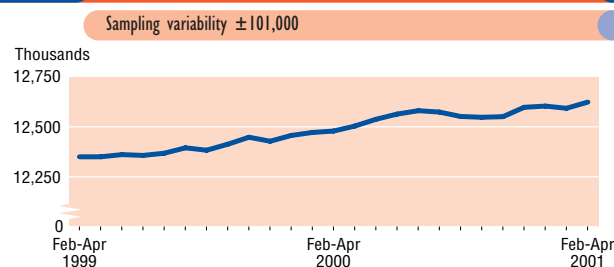


Figure 6 ILO unemployed for more than 12 months

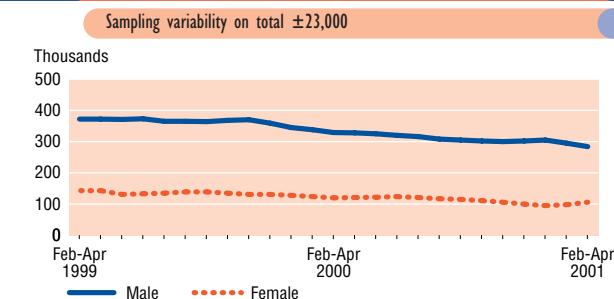


Figure 7 ILO unemployment rates: UK regions (GORs)



Figure 8 Economic inactivity (working age)

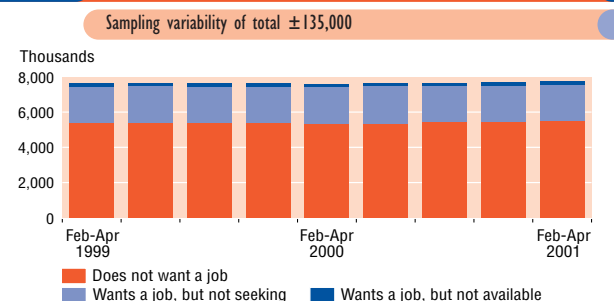
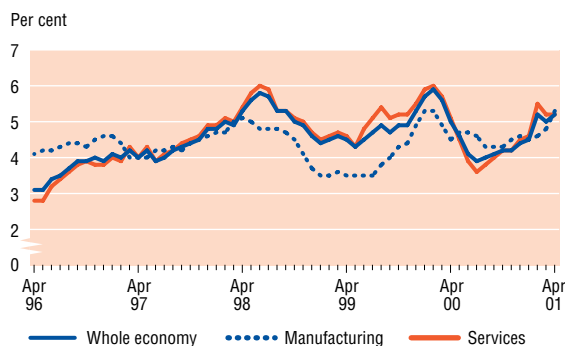
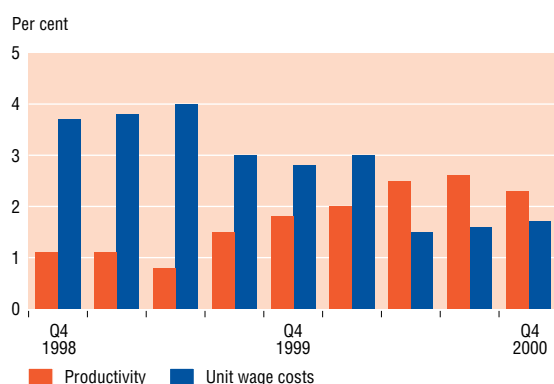
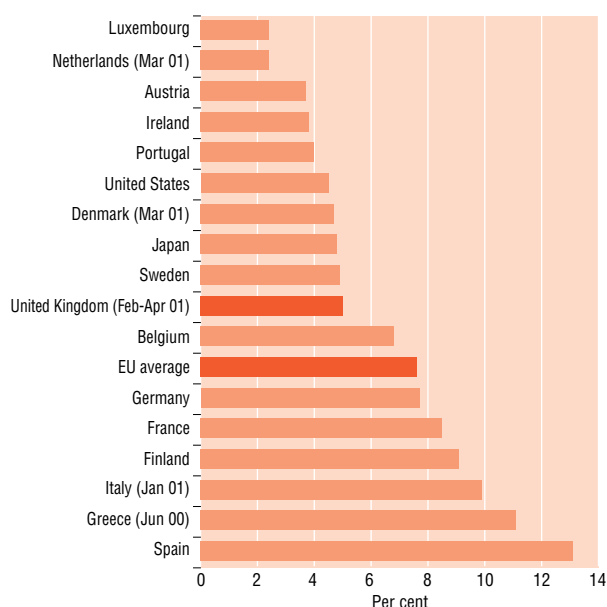


Figure 9 **Headline average earnings growth: Great Britain**Figure 10 **Whole economy productivity and unit wage costs**

Percentage change over 12 months

Figure 11 **ILO unemployment rates**

International comparisons, April 2001 (source: UK LFS and Eurostat)

**REDUNDANCIES (not seasonally adjusted)**

- There were 167,000 people made **redundant** in winter 2000/2001 (December to February). This compares with 193,000 in winter 1999/2000 (Table C.41, May 2001).
- Results for winter 2000/2001 show that 8 per thousand of male employees and 5 per thousand of female employees had been made redundant in the three months prior to the interview. Of those made redundant, 43 per cent were back in employment at the time of the interview (Table C.41, May 2001).

GB AVERAGE EARNINGS

- Headline (three-month average) rate of increase** in average earnings for the whole economy in the year to April 2001 was provisionally estimated to be 5.2 per cent, up 0.2 percentage points from the revised March 2001 rate (Figure 9, Table E.1).
- The **actual increase in whole economy** average earnings in the year to April 2001 was 4.6 per cent, up 0.4 percentage points from the revised March 2001 rate (Table E.1).
- In the **manufacturing industries**, the headline (three-month average) increase for April 2001 was 5.3 per cent, up 0.5 percentage points from the revised March 2001 rate (Figure 9, Table E.1).
- The **private sector services** headline (three-month average) increase was 5.5 per cent for April 2001, down 0.2 percentage points from the revised March 2001 rate (Table E.1).
- In the **service industries** the headline (three-month average) increase was 5.2 per cent in April 2001, unchanged from the revised March 2001 rate (Figure 9, Table E.1).
- Public sector headline** (three-month average) increase for April 2001 was 4.3 per cent compared with a year earlier, up 0.7 percentage points from the revised March 2001 rate (Table E.1).
- Private sector headline** (three-month average) increase for April 2001 was 5.4 per cent compared with a year earlier, up 0.1 percentage point from the revised March 2001 rate (Table E.1).

PRODUCTIVITY AND UNIT WAGE COSTS

- Manufacturing output** was 0.6 per cent higher in the three months ending April 2001, compared with a year earlier (Table B.32).
- Manufacturing productivity** in terms of output per filled job was 4.8 per cent higher in the three months ending April 2001, compared with a year earlier (Table B.32).
- Manufacturing unit wage costs** were 0.5 per cent higher in the three months ending April 2001, compared with a year earlier (Table E.21).
- Whole economy output per filled job** was 2.3 per cent higher in the fourth quarter of 2000, compared with a year earlier (Figure 10, Table B.32).
- Whole economy unit wage costs** were 1.7 per cent higher in the fourth quarter of 2000, compared with a year earlier (Figure 10, Table E.21).

INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS

- UK ILO unemployment rate** in February-April 2001 was 5.0 per cent, below the EU average of 7.6 per cent in April 2001 and lower than all EU countries except Austria, Denmark, Luxembourg, Ireland, the Netherlands, Portugal and Sweden (Figure 11, Table C.51).
- UK ILO unemployment rate among under 25s** at 11.9 per cent in February-April 2001 was lower than all EU countries except Austria, Denmark, Germany, Ireland, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Portugal and Sweden.
- In EU countries there was an average increase in **consumer prices** of 2.6 per cent (provisional) over the 12 months to April 2001, compared with 1.1 per cent in the UK. Over the same period consumer prices rose in France by 2.0 per cent (provisional) and in Germany by 2.9 per cent.

VACANCIES

- ① **New vacancies** notified to Jobcentres in May 2001 were 33,000 higher than the same month last year (Figure 12, Table G.1).
- ① **Stocks of unfilled vacancies** at Jobcentres in May 2001 were 41,600 higher than the same month last year (Table G.1).
- ① **Placings by Jobcentres** down by 2,000 in May 2001 to stand at 115,500 (Table G.1).

LABOUR DISPUTES (not seasonally adjusted)

- ① Number of **working days lost** in the 12 months to April 2001 is provisionally estimated to be 602,000, from 229 stoppages. Some 21 per cent of the days lost were in transport, storage and communication group and 28 per cent were lost in health and social work.
- ① Number of working days lost to labour disputes in April 2001 is provisionally estimated to be 15,000, from 25 stoppages (Figure 13, Tables G.11 and G.12).

Figure 12 Notified vacancies at Jobcentres

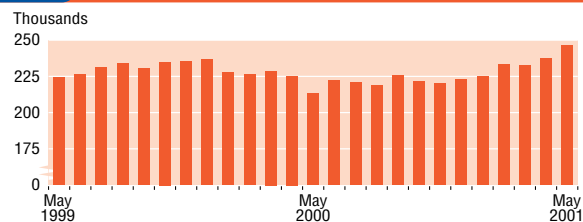
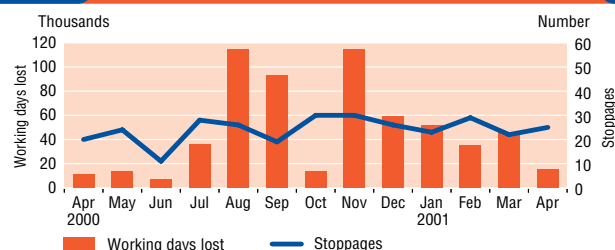


Figure 13 Working days lost due to labour disputes



GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING MEASURES (not seasonally adjusted)

- ① The number of young people in **Work-based training for young people** in England and Wales as at 22 December 2000 was 308,100, 2 per cent higher than 12 months earlier (Table F.1, May 2001).
- ① The number of starts on **Work-based training for young people** in the past 12 months in England and Wales has increased by 8 per cent, made up of an increase in starts on **Foundation Modern Apprenticeships** of 28 per cent, a small increase of 5 per cent on **Advanced Modern Apprenticeships** and a decrease on **Other Training** of 31 per cent.
- ① **Foundation Modern Apprenticeships** now contributes the greatest number of starts on **Work-based training for young people** (41 per cent over period Jan-Dec 2000) (Table F.2, May 2001).
- ① Achievement of qualifications at level 3 or above in England increased in the year to 1999/2000 by 12 percentage points to 48 per cent for **Advanced Modern Apprenticeships**, and by 6 percentage points to 23 per cent for **Work-based training for young people**. The rate of achievement of any full qualification on **Work-based training for young people** also increased from 49 per cent to 52 per cent (Table F.5, May 2001).
- ① The level of **Work-based training for young people** trainees entering employment in the year 1999/2000 has increased to 71 per cent, 2 percentage points higher than in the previous 12 months (Table F.6, May 2001).
- ① The number participating in **Work-based learning for adults** in England and Wales as at 22 December 2000 was 32,900; 5 per cent less than 12 months earlier (Table F.1, May 2001).
- ① The number of starts on **Work-based learning for adults** in the past 12 months has increased by 6 per cent compared with the previous year, with a 16 per cent increase in those identified as having basic employability needs (Table F.2, May 2001).
- ① Some 610,900 **18 to 24-year-olds** had started on New Deal in Great Britain by the end of February 2001 – 510,800 had left, leaving 100,000 participants at the end of February 2001 (Table F.11).
- ① Some 39 per cent of these leavers entered sustained unsubsidised jobs, 12 per cent transferred to other benefits, 21 per cent left for other known reasons and 29 per cent for unknown reasons (Table F.14).
- ① By the end of February 2001, 348,600 **people aged 25 or more** had started on New Deal for the Long-Term Unemployed in Great Britain – 284,800 had left, leaving 63,800 participating at the end of February 2001 (Table F.16).
- ① In all, 54,410 people had entered sustained jobs in Great Britain by the end of February 2001, of which 42,270 were unsubsidised and 12,140 were subsidised (Table F.19).

ECONOMIC BACKGROUND

- ① **Gross domestic product (GDP)** at constant market prices in the first quarter of 2001 grew by 0.3 per cent, down from 0.4 per cent in the previous quarter. Compared with the first quarter of 2000, GDP has grown by 2.6 per cent.
- ① **Retail sales volumes** in the three months to April 2001 were 1.4 per cent higher than in the previous three months and 5.4 per cent higher than in the same period a year earlier.
- ① **Manufacturing output** in the three months to April 2001 was 1.1 per cent lower compared with the previous three months but 0.6 per cent higher than the same period a year earlier.
- ① The total volume of **construction output** in the first quarter of 2001 was 1.8 per cent higher compared with the previous quarter and 1.5 per cent lower than the same quarter a year earlier.
- ① **Business investment** in the first quarter of 2001 was 0.8 per cent higher than the previous quarter and 9.9 per cent higher than the first quarter of 2000.
- ① **Government consumption** in the fourth quarter of 2000 was up 0.3 per cent on the previous quarter and 2.9 per cent higher than a year earlier.
- ① The **balance of trade in goods** in the three months to March 2001 was in deficit by £7.7 billion, up from a deficit of £7.6 billion in the previous three months and up from a deficit of £6.6 billion a year earlier.
- ① Excluding oil and erratics, **export volumes** in the three months to March 2001 were 1.3 per cent higher than the previous three months and 9.5 per cent higher than the same period a year earlier.
- ① Excluding oil and erratics, **import volumes** in the three months to March 2001 were 2.8 per cent higher than the previous three months and up 11.0 per cent on the same three months last year.
- ① The all items retail prices index (RPI) stood at 174.2 for May 2001, a rise from 173.1 in April.
- ① In the 12 months to May, the all items RPI rose by 2.1 per cent, up from 1.8 in April.
- ① Over the same period, the all items excluding mortgage interest payments index (RPIX) rose by 2.4 per cent, up from 2.0 in the previous month.
- ① The largest upward effect on the all items 12-month rate came from changes in food prices. A further large upward effect came from changes in costs for motoring expenditure. Changes in prices for household goods also had a large upward effect. Further small upward effects came from fuel and light. The largest downward effect came from changes in housing costs. A small downward effect came from changes in prices for alcoholic drinks.

If you have any comments or suggestion on the Labour Market Update please e-mail labour.market@ons.gov.uk.

Next month

The next Labour Market Update, as well as containing the usual monthly labour market statistics, will also include the latest **whole economy unit wage costs and productivity and redundancies** data.

New ethnicity and occupation data in the LFS

THE SPRING 2001 Labour Force Survey dataset will be released on 18 July and will contain some new classifications. The ethnicity questions have been changed to allow greater comparability with the new classification used in the 2001 Census. The new Standard Occupational Classification (SOC2000) will replace SOC90 and the National Statistics socio-economic classification (NS-SEC) will be used in place of social class (SC) and socio-

economic group (SEG). Additionally, the new concept of household reference person has been introduced to replace the head of household concept, although head of household data will still be available.

Information about household reference person was given in an earlier article (see p181, *Labour Market Trends*, April 2001). For further details of SOC2000, see pp357-64 in this issue and also pp563-72, *Labour Market Trends*, December 2000.

For further information about the National Statistics ethnic classification and NS-SEC, see the National Statistics website: http://statbase/nsbase/themes/compendia_reference/articles/ns_ethnic_classification.asp and http://statbase/methods_quality/ns_sec/default.asp.

More details about the impact of these classifications on LFS data will be published on the National Statistics website at the time of release.

OTHER NEWS

Childminding work

EMPLOYMENT AMONG women with a child under five has increased significantly in the past 20 years. The demand for childcare has grown yet the number of childminders has fallen over recent years. Childminders are still the main providers of formal childcare accounting for nearly a quarter of children receiving non-parental care.

Research undertaken by the Thomas Coram Institute has shown that most childminders were women with a partner in full-time employment. Women entered childminding usually at a time in their life when they had young children at home. When they started childminding over 90 per cent had their own children, of whom three-quarters were under the age of five. They did so mainly as a way of staying at home and caring for their own children while contributing to the family budget.

The research, carried out between 1999 and 2000 has been published in a report *Who cares? Childminding in the 1990s* and involved secondary analysis of the Family Resource Survey and a questionnaire survey of a nationally representative sample of 1,050 childminders drawn from eight English authorities as well as case studies.

The study showed that care by relatives was still the most common form of childcare for children whose parents worked, but parents using childminders and day nurseries were much more likely to be working full-time and be working in professional and managerial jobs. Parents using relatives or friends were less likely to work in professional and managerial jobs and more likely to be working part-time.

Childminders worked an average of 34 hours a week, but a third worked between 41 and 50 hours a week. The average gross weekly income, according to the report, was £103. Three-quarters did not get paid when they took a holiday. The majority of childminders nevertheless found their work satisfying, and when asked about their current employment preferences more than half said they wanted to be childminding. More than half either saw childminding as their chosen career or as a stepping-stone to related work. Two-fifths, however, saw childminding as convenient while their children were young and still at home.

The research found that although there was no requirement for childminders to be trained or qualified, around three-quarters had undertaken some non-qualification

training related to their work. But only a third thought that it was very important to attend training courses. Lack of career progression and the fact that childcare experience gained little recognition within the wider labour market contributed to the problems that some childminders had in seeing childminding as a career.

The report found that the number of childminders had declined over the past few years due to factors such as: changing demographics; improved flexible working opportunities; lack of support at the local authority level; low pay and poor status; and increased regulatory demands.

- *Who cares? Childminding in the 1990s* by Ann Mooney, Abigail Knight, Peter Moss and Charlie Owen, published for the Joseph Rowntree Foundation by the Family Policy Studies Centre in association with The Industrial Society. ISBN 1 901455 62 9, price £13.95 (plus £2 postage), available from York Publishing Services, 64 Hallfield Road, Layerthorpe, York YO31 7ZQ, tel. 01904 430033, e-mail orders@yps.ymn.co.uk.

A selection of recent Parliamentary Questions concerning labour market statistics answered in letters from Len Cook, National Statistician. The date on which the answer was given is at the end of each PQ.

Disabled people (unemployment)

PAUL MARSDEN (Shrewsbury & Atcham) asked the Chancellor of the Exchequer what the (a) percentage and (b) numerical change in the number of unemployed disabled people was between (i) 1 May 1997 and (ii) the latest date for which figures are available.

KAREN DUNNELL: I am replying in the National Statistician's absence. The available data from the Labour Force Survey (LFS) are on a consistent basis only from spring (March to May) 1998.

Between spring 1998 and spring 2000, the number of employed disabled people increased, so that the International Labour Organization (ILO) unemployment rate for disabled people (the proportion of economically active working-age people who are ILO unemployed) fell from 11.3 per cent in spring 1998 to 10.3 per cent in spring 2000. During the same period, the number of ILO unemployed people in the UK of working age with a disability increased by 17,000 (4.8 per cent).

This information has been taken from the Labour Force Survey, National Statistics' main source of labour market data on individuals. The LFS identifies whether respondents have a current long-term disability covered by the Disability Discrimination Act (DDA) or a work-limiting disability. Both categories have been included to give a comprehensive and coherent coverage of disability.

The measure of unemployment derived from the LFS is defined on a consistent and internationally recognised basis set out by the ILO. It counts as unemployed people who are (a) without a paid job, (b) available to start work within the next two weeks, and (c) have either looked for work in the last four weeks or are waiting to start a job already obtained.

(11 May)

Family statistics

EDWARD LEIGH (Gainsborough) asked the Chancellor of the Exchequer what percentage of (a) families with dependent children are headed by (i) married couples, (ii) cohabiting couples and (iii) a lone parent by each type and (b) dependent children live in families which are headed by (1) a married couple, (2) a cohabiting couple, (3) a parent who has never married, (4) a widowed parent, (5) a divorced parent and (6) a separated parent.

LEN COOK: Estimates of marital status and household composition are available from the Labour Force Survey (LFS) household datasets, which are available for the spring and autumn

quarters of each year. The latest available LFS estimates of the marital status of heads of households are for the autumn (September to November) quarter of 2000 and are given in the following tables.

The first table gives non-seasonally adjusted LFS estimates of families with dependent children by the marital status of the head of the family unit; the second gives estimates of dependent children by the marital status of the head of the family unit.

Table 1 Families with dependent children^a by marital status of head of family; United Kingdom; autumn 2000, not seasonally adjusted

	Per cent
Percentage of which headed by:	
Married couple	67.3
Cohabiting couple	10.8
Male lone parents	2.3
Female lone parents	19.7
All families with dependent children (thousands=100 %)	7,400

Source: Labour Force Survey

a Dependent children are defined as all 0-15 year olds and 16-18 year olds in full-time education.

Table 2 Dependent children^a by marital status of head of family; United Kingdom; autumn 2000, not seasonally adjusted

	Percentage
Percentage of dependent children in families headed by:	
Married couple	70.7
Cohabiting couple	9.5
Single parent, never married	7.2
Widowed parent	1.2
Divorced parent	6.5
Separated parent	5.0
Dependent children in all family units (thousands=100 %)	14,463

Source: Labour Force Survey

a Dependent children are defined as all 0-15 year olds and 16-18 year olds in full-time education.

(11 May)

Earnings

BARBARA FOLLETT (Stevenage) asked the Chancellor of the Exchequer (1) what the average hourly earnings were of female part-time employees as a percentage of (a) total female full-time hourly earnings and (b) total male hourly earnings in each year from 1975 to 2000; (2) what the median hourly earnings were of female part-time workers as a

percentage of (a) female full-time workers and (b) male full-time workers at the latest date for which figures are available.

LEN COOK: The tables attached provide information on average and median hourly earnings of female part-time employees as a percentage of both female and male full-time hourly earnings, drawing upon the New Earnings Survey (NES). Percentages based on total male earnings, (as opposed to full-time male earnings), are not available on a consistent basis back to 1975.

Table 1 Average hourly earnings of female part-time employees as a percentage of:

	Female full-time hourly earnings	Male full-time hourly earnings
1975	83	58
1976	81	59
1977	82	60
1978	81	59
1979	81	58
1980	81	58
1981	79	58
1982	79	57
1983	79	57
1984	78	57
1985	78	57
1986	76	57
1987	76	56
1988	75	56
1989	75	57
1990	75	57
1991	75	58
1992	74	59
1993	74	59
1994	74	59
1995	75	60
1996	72	58
1997	73	59
1998	73	59
1999	74	60
2000	75	61

Source: New Earnings Survey

Notes: 1984-2000 full-time females and full-time males aged 16 and over; 1975-1983 full-time females aged 18 and over and full-time males aged 21 and over.

Table 2 Median hourly earnings of female part-time workers as a percentage of:

	Female full-time hourly earnings	Male full-time hourly earnings
2000	69	58

Source: New Earnings Survey

(23 April)



Labour Market Spotlight

Every month Labour Market Spotlight highlights statistics of topical or general interest in a clear and straightforward presentation. It aims to foster awareness and understanding of labour market statistics from a range of sources. If you have any comments or suggestions for topics to be included please contact the Labour Market Trends editorial office, e-mail labour.market.trends@ons.gov.uk, tel. 020 7533 5293.

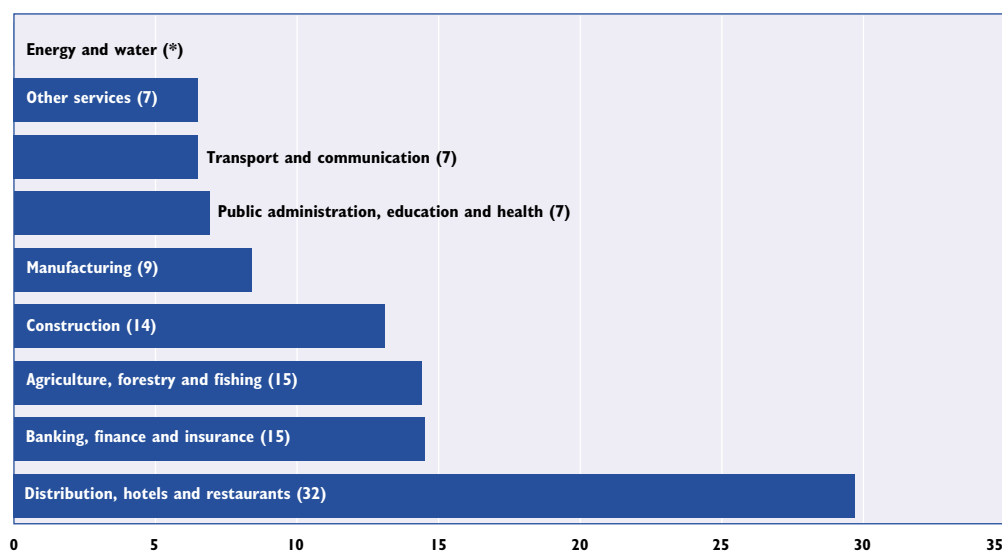
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Source of data shown in brackets. For more information, see 'Sources' (pS2) and 'Definitions' (pS3).

1 Unpaid family workers

Figure | Unpaid family workers by industry,^a United Kingdom; average of spring 2000 to winter 2000/2001; not seasonally adjusted



Source: Labour Force Survey

^a Industries are coded according to the Standard Industrial Classification.

() The figures in brackets are the numbers (in thousands) of unpaid family workers in each industry.

* Sample size too small for a reliable estimate.

Unpaid family workers are identified by the Labour Force Survey (LFS) as a separate group. Although they make up a small proportion of those in employment, by averaging over one year it is possible to analyse their employment patterns (see red box). **Figure 1** shows the distribution of unpaid family workers across different industry groups.

- ① On average over the year spring 2000 to winter 2000/2001, 106,000 people were unpaid family workers (70,000 women and 36,000 men).
- ① Almost one-third of unpaid family workers had jobs in the distribution, hotels and restaurant industry group, just over half of whom worked in the retail trade.
- ① The highest rate of unpaid family working occurred in the agriculture and fishing industry sector with 36 people per thousand compared with between 1 and 7 per thousand in other industries.

Unpaid family workers

Unpaid family workers are people who work in an unpaid capacity for a business that either they or a relative own. Since they are a very small group in the labour market, in order to examine their characteristics it is necessary to improve the reliability of estimates by combining LFS samples over several quarters. Averaging LFS estimates over four quarters reduces the minimum publication threshold to 6,000. For more information see 'Averaging Labour Force Survey data over several quarters', pp17-22, *Labour Market Trends*, January 1998.

2 People who have never had a paid job

The winter 2000/2001 LFS recorded almost 2.1 million adults (1.3 million women and 0.8 million men) in the United Kingdom who had never had a paid job. **Table 1** provides information about the education and labour market status of these people.

- ❶ Full-time students accounted for 42 per cent of all people who had never had a paid job.
- ❷ For men, 19 per cent of those who had never had a paid job were ILO unemployed and 81 per cent were economically inactive. Of these economically inactive men 66 per cent were full-time students.
- ❸ For women, over 93 per cent of those who had never had a paid job were economically inactive. Here the pattern is reversed with around two-thirds not in full-time education.

In winter 2000/2001 there were around 1.2 million people not in full-time education who had never had a paid job, representing 2.7 per cent of all people not in full-time education. **Figures 2a** and **b** give the corresponding proportions for different age groups.

- ❶ Not surprisingly, 16 to 17-year-olds are the most likely to have never had a paid job (about 26 per cent for both men and women).
- ❷ The proportions decreased rapidly with age for both men and women, though less rapidly for women. Motherhood is likely to be a factor in this.
- ❸ The proportion of women who have never had a paid job also rises after retirement: nearly 1 in 25 women compared with 1 in 50 for women aged 35-59.
- ❹ The rates for different ages not only reflect how long people have been of working age, but also historical changes in attitudes towards, for example, women working.

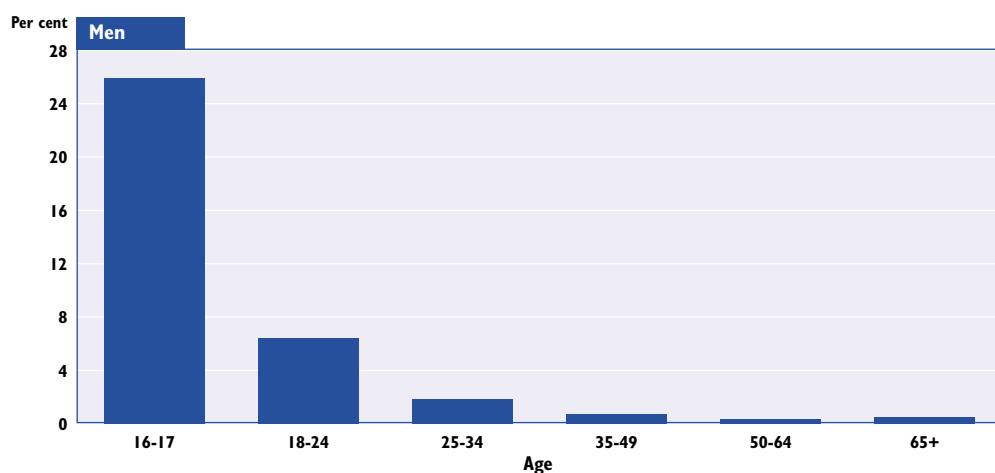
Table 1 People who have never had a paid job, by whether full-time student or not; United Kingdom; winter 2000/2001, not seasonally adjusted

	Full-time student	Not full-time student	Thousands
All			
ILO unemployed	65	181	246
Inactive	808	1,004	1,813
Total	873	1,186	2,059
Men			
ILO unemployed	37	114	151
Inactive	411	214	625
Total	447	329	776
Women			
ILO unemployed	28	67	95
Inactive	398	790	1,188
Total	426	857	1,282

Source: Labour Force Survey

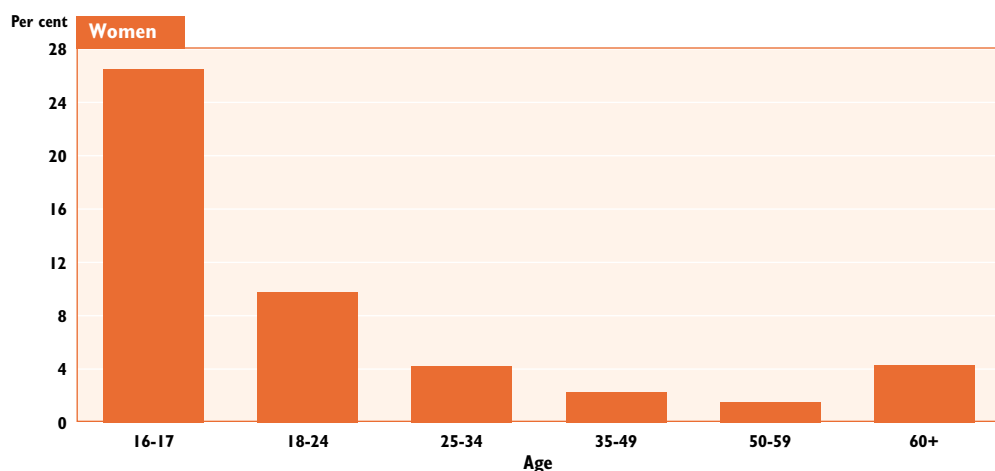
Note: Figures exclude people currently in employment, including casual workers, unpaid family workers, those on college-based government schemes and those still at school.

Figure 2a Proportion of men in full-time education who had never had a paid job, by age group, United Kingdom; winter 2000/2001, not seasonally adjusted



Source: Labour Force Survey

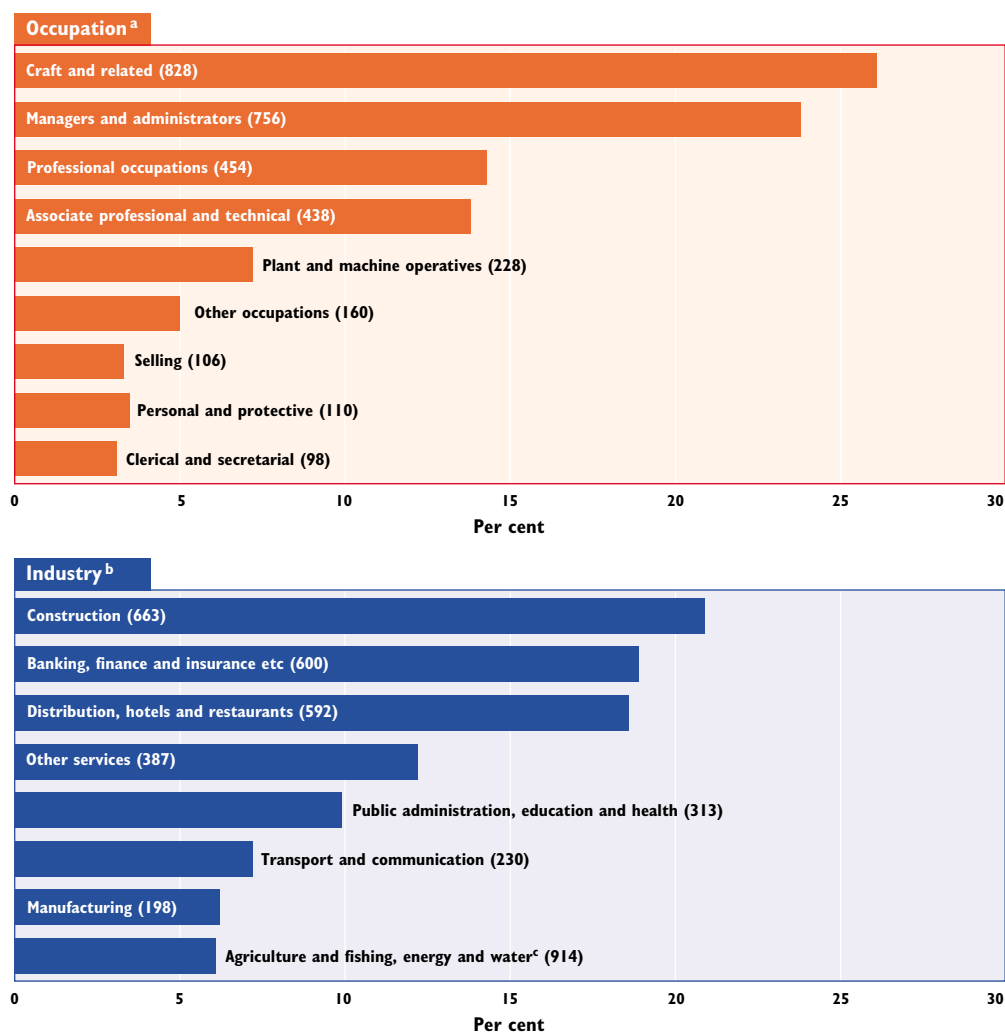
Figure 2b Proportion of women in full-time education who had never had a paid job, by age group, United Kingdom; winter 2000/2001, not seasonally adjusted



Source: Labour Force Survey

3 Self-employed by sex and occupation

Figure 3 Distribution of self-employed people by occupation^a and industry,^b United Kingdom; winter 2000/2001; not seasonally adjusted



Source: Labour Force Survey

a Occupations are coded according to the 1990 Standard Occupational Classification.

b Industries are coded according to the 1992 Standard Industrial Classification.

c Grouped together as sample sizes for the separate industrial sectors are too small to produce reliable estimates.

() The figures in brackets are the numbers (in thousands) of self-employed in each category.

Table 2 Reasons for not being paid a salary or wage; self-employed people by sex; United Kingdom; winter 2000/2001, not seasonally adjusted

	Per cent ^a		
	All	Men	Women
<i>Paid salary or wage by agency</i>	2	2	2
<i>Sole director of own ltd business</i>	5	6	4
<i>Running a business or professional practice</i>	26	26	26
<i>Partner in business or professional practice</i>	20	20	23
<i>Working for self</i>	66	65	68
<i>Sub-contractor</i>	14	18	4
<i>Freelance work</i>	13	12	15
All who gave a valid response (thousands)^b	4,631	3,478	1,153
All self-employed (thousands)	3,179	2,358	821

Source: Labour Force Survey

a Columns do not sum to 100 per cent because respondents can give up to four reasons.

b Percentages are based on those who gave a valid response to the LFS question about payment other than by salary or wage direct from an employer.

In winter 2000/2001, 3.2 million people in the UK were self-employed. **Figure 3** shows those who are self-employed by occupation and industry.

- ① Just over a quarter of all those who were self-employed were in craft and related occupations. Of these, 96 per cent were men, the majority of whom worked in the construction trade.
- ① Two-thirds of those in the managers and administrators group were managers in the service industry, which included those managing newsagencies, hairdressers' and restaurants etc. Of these, two-thirds were in the distribution, hotels and restaurants group.
- ① A third of those self-employed in the banking, finance and insurance industry group worked in legal, accounting and auditing occupations.

Since spring 1999, the LFS asks all those who are self-employed whether they are paid a salary or wage. **Table 2** shows the reasons given by those who were not.

- ① Working for self was the most common reason for not being paid a salary or wage (66 per cent). However, as respondents can give up to four responses, this was often given alongside the responses of sub-contracting and freelancing.
- ① Working as a sub-contractor was the reason showing the greatest difference between the sexes (18 per cent of men compared with 4 per cent of women gave this reason). Nearly two-thirds of men in this category were in the construction industry.
- ① Two-fifths of those who were freelancing were in associate, professional and technical occupations. Women were more likely than men to be in this category (46 per cent compared with 36 per cent).

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¹ These standards appear in February, May, August and November each year from May 1998 to present unless otherwise stated.

² These standards appear in March, June, September and December each year from June 1998 to present unless otherwise stated.

The last index for the LFS Help-Line appeared in April 1998.

Changing to Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) 2000 – dual coding on the Labour Force Survey

By Roeland Beerten, Laura Rainford and Adrian Jones, Labour Market Division, Office for National Statistics

Key points

- This year has seen the introduction of SOC2000 (the revised Standard Occupational Classification) to the Labour Force Survey (LFS).
- The summer 2000 LFS was dual coded to both SOC90 (the original classification) and SOC2000, with the aim of providing up-to-date information on the impact of the revision.
- The main features of the revision of SOC90 included a tighter definition of managerial occupations; and an overhaul of new occupations introduced as a result of new technology (covering areas such as computing; the environment and conservation; and customer service occupations).
- There is no exact correspondence between SOC90 and SOC2000 at any level. At the least detailed level 73 per cent of occupations fell into the same SOC major group in both classifications in England and Wales (using the summer 2000 LFS).
- Most of the major groups have been renamed, and all have a different composition in SOC2000 compared with SOC90.
- Overall, the size of all but one of the major groups was affected by the reclassification. There were also differences by sex, age, employment status and industry sector at the major group level.
- While the levels in major groups are different between the two classifications, the pattern of change from 1991 through 1996/7 to 2000 was similar for SOC90 and SOC2000.
- ONS will be producing some backcasted time series on SOC 2000 later in July.

Image not available

This article gives an assessment of the impact of the revision to the Standard Occupational Classification on the Labour Force Survey, using a dual-coded dataset from summer 2000.

Introduction

IN JUNE 2000 ONS published the *Standard Occupational Classification* (SOC2000) which is a revision of the classification introduced in 1990 (SOC90). The Labour Force Survey (LFS) will publish estimates based on SOC2000 for the first time in the spring 2001 dataset released in July 2001, with tables published in *Labour Market Trends* and the *Labour Force Survey Quarterly Supplement* in August 2001.

The revision of SOC90 to produce SOC2000 necessarily means that a discontinuity is introduced in occupation data classified using the SOC. This article describes the work done to code the LFS to both SOC90 and SOC2000 for the summer quarter of 2000. It provides a descriptive analysis of the distributions of the two classifications

from this dual coding. Furthermore, in a follow-up to the analysis in an earlier article (see pp563-72, *Labour Market Trends*, December 2000) this article explores the extent to which SOC2000 highlights changes in the occupational structure of employment.

Background

SOC90, SOC2000 and the main changes to the classification

A consultation with users of occupational information in 1996 revealed some of the deficiencies of SOC90. For example, users found it difficult to classify job titles to SOC90; and the broad nature of certain occupational categories meant that the Employment

Service experienced problems matching job seekers with job vacancies. Added to this was the need to keep the classification up to date by taking account of technological change, which introduced new occupations while making older ones redundant. These reasons prompted the extensive revision of the classification and the publication in June 2000 of SOC2000.¹

Box 1 lists the main benefits of SOC2000 compared with SOC90. SOC2000 has adopted a new four-digit numbering system to identify major, sub-major, minor and unit groups. *Table 1* shows the sub-major group structure of the SOC2000, comparing it with SOC90. A number of new minor and unit groups were introduced to define jobs created by new technology and changing consumer demand and many job titles were redistributed to other major groups, reflecting changing

Box 1 Main features of revision of SOC90 to produce SOC2000

- a tighter definition of managerial occupations;
- a thorough overhaul of computing and related occupations;
- the introduction of specific occupations associated with the environment and conservation;
- changes linked to the upgrading of skills but the de-skilling of manufacturing processes; and
- the recognition of the development of customer service occupations and the emergence of remote service provision through the operation of call centres.

skill levels. The main areas of change are given below.

Managerial occupations

One problem under SOC90 was that the reported number of managers in the UK was greater than that of other EU countries. Therefore, major group 1

(managers and senior officials) is now more narrowly defined than under SOC90, and a number of the job titles once classified to this group were moved elsewhere, for example, high level clerical jobs have been moved to major group 4 (administrative and secretarial occupations).

Table 1 Sub-major groups of SOC90 and SOC2000

SOC90		SOC2000	
Skill level			
Level 4			
1a	Corporate managers and administrators	11	Corporate managers
2a	Science and engineering professionals	21	Science and technology professionals
2b	Health professionals	22	Health professionals
2c	Teaching professionals	23	Teaching and research professionals
2d	Other professional occupations	24	Business and public service professionals
Level 3			
1b	Managers/proprietors in agriculture and services	12	Managers and proprietors in agriculture and services
3a	Science and engineering associate professionals	31	Science and technology associate professionals
3b	Health associate professionals	32	Health and social welfare associate professionals
6a	Protective service occupations	33	Protective service occupations
3c	Other associate professional occupations	34	Culture, media and sports occupations
7a	Buyers, brokers and sales representatives	35	Business and public service associate professionals
9a	Other occupations in agriculture, forestry and fishing	51	Skilled agricultural trades
5b	Skilled engineering trades	52	Skilled metal and electrical trades
5a	Skilled construction trades	53	Skilled construction and building trades
5c	Other skilled trades	54	Textiles, printing and other skilled trades
Level 2			
4a	Clerical occupations	41	Administrative occupations
4b	Secretarial occupations	42	Secretarial and related occupations
6b	Personal service occupations	61	Caring personal service occupations
		62	Leisure and other personal service occupations
7b	Other sales occupations	71	Sales occupations
		72	Customer service occupations
8a	Industrial plant and machine operators, assemblers	81	Process, plant and routine operatives
8b	Drivers and mobile machine operators	82	Transport and mobile machine drivers and operatives
Level 1			
9b	Other elementary occupations	91	Elementary trades, plant and storage related occupations
		92	Elementary administrative and service occupations

Source: Office for National Statistics

Note: Sub-major groups of SOC90 have been listed in the order that best approximates their equivalent position in SOC2000. It must be stressed however that there is no exact correspondence at this level.

Occupational upgrading and downgrading

Many job titles have been moved between major groups 5 (craft and related occupations) and 8 (plant and machine operatives). There has been a change in the treatment of protective service personnel, leading to changes to major groups 3 (associate professional and technical occupations), 6 (personal and protective service occupations) and 9 (other occupations). Major group 6 under SOC90 has been redefined as personal service occupations. Armed forces, and most of the emergency services occupations previously classified to major group 6, have been repositioned in major groups 3 or 9, depending upon the skill levels required. A new minor group was created in major group 5 (skilled trades occupations) to place farmers from major group 1 and skilled farm workers from major group 9.

Information and communication technology (ICT)-related occupations

New unit groups have been introduced in major group 2 (professional occupations) including 'ICT-professionals'. Further, software and programming occupations (which were previously classified to major group 3) have been moved to major group 2, reflecting the high level of knowledge involved in these occupations.

Leisure-related occupations

To reflect the growth in this area, new minor and unit groups have been

introduced in major group 3 (associate professional and technical occupations) and in major group 6 (personal service occupations).

Customer service occupations

Changing consumer demand has led to a growth in the after-sales and customer care sectors, which was not covered by SOC90. A new minor group has been added into major group 7 (Sales and customer service occupations).

All of these changes necessarily introduce some discontinuity between SOC90 and SOC2000. Most of the nine major groups have been renamed and all have a different composition in SOC2000 compared with SOC90. The summer 2000 quarter of the LFS was dual coded to both SOC90 and SOC2000, with the aim of investigating the possibility of a bridge between the classifications and to provide up-to-date information on the impact of the revision.

The dual coding exercise

In September 2000, a team of coders started work on coding the job descriptions from the June-August 2000 quarter of the LFS to SOC 2000. These jobs had also been coded to SOC90 by interviewers as part of the normal processing for the June-August quarter. The dual coding exercise² produced a dataset with over 111,000 individuals³ aged 16 and over for England and Wales. From these individuals there were approximately 63,000 occupations (for current

main jobs) coded to both classifications.

The dual-coded summer 2000 LFS is the latest dataset to be produced to show the impact of changing to the new system. The Occupational Information Unit reclassified a half per cent sample of the 1991 Census of Population for England and Wales that was originally coded to SOC90. In addition, the winter 1996/97 quarter of the LFS was also recoded on a SOC2000 basis. In the earlier article (see pp563-72, *Labour Market Trends*, December 2000), analysis was presented on the impact of changing to the new system on example occupations (from the customer service, leisure, fitness and sport and ICT-related sectors) using the 1991 Census and winter 1996/97 LFS datasets.⁴ The dual coded summer 2000 LFS presents a similar picture to that found previously, and the next section describes the main differences observed between SOC90 and SOC2000 at the major group level in summer 2000.

Analysis from the summer 2000 LFS

Comparing the distributions of SOC90 and SOC2000 in summer 2000

Table 2 shows the distributions of people in employment according to SOC90 and SOC2000. For all persons, 73 per cent of occupations fall into the same SOC major group for both classi-

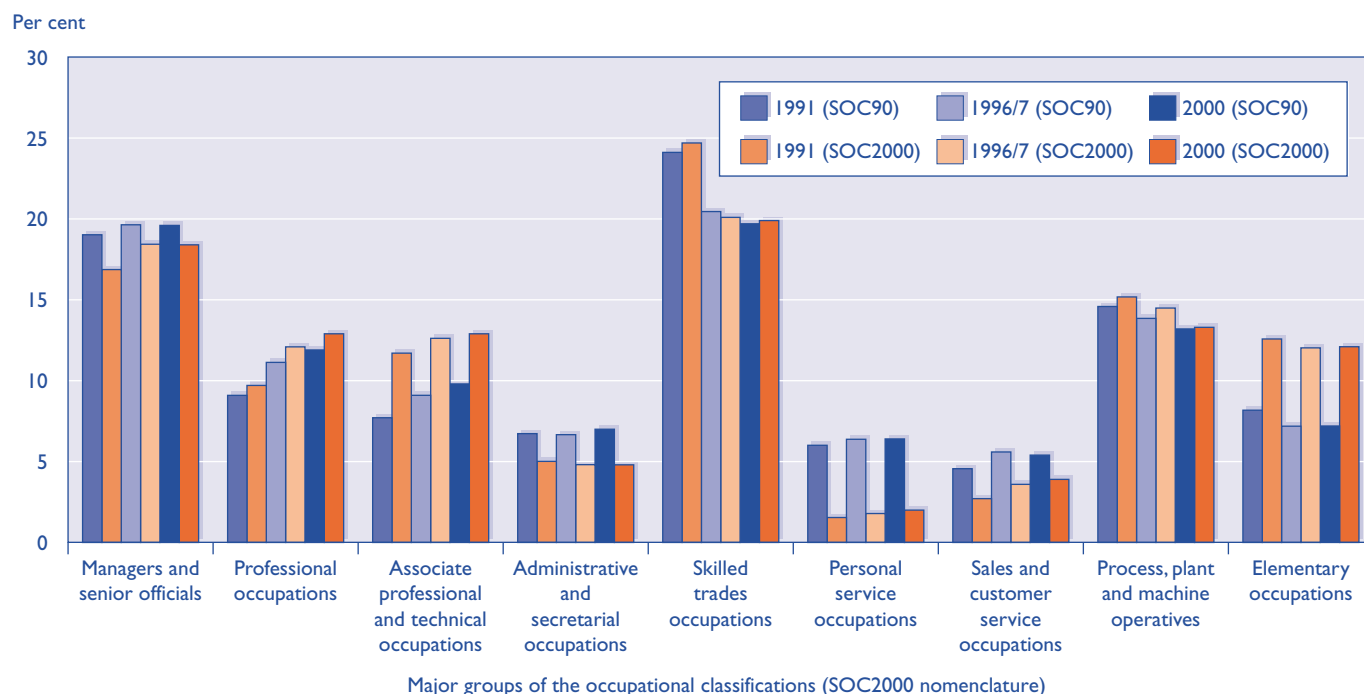
Table 2

Comparison of SOC90 and SOC2000 distributions for current main job; England and Wales; summer 2000

	Per cent					
	All		Men		Women	
	SOC90	SOC2000	SOC90	SOC2000	SOC90	SOC2000
Major groups – SOC2000						
1 Managers and senior officials	16.4	14.4	19.6	18.4	12.5	9.6
2 Professional occupations	10.9	11.5	11.9	12.9	9.7	9.8
3 Associate professional and technical occupations	10.8	13.3	9.8	12.9	12.0	14.0
4 Administrative and secretarial occupations	14.8	12.8	7.0	4.8	24.4	22.6
5 Skilled trades occupations	11.7	12.0	19.7	19.9	1.9	2.4
6 Personal service occupations	10.9	7.1	6.4	2.0	16.4	13.3
7 Sales and customer service occupations	8.3	7.4	5.4	3.9	11.8	11.7
8 Process, plant and machine operatives	8.8	8.8	13.2	13.3	3.4	3.4
9 Elementary occupations	7.5	12.6	7.2	12.1	7.9	13.2
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100
Major groups – SOC90						
Managers and administrators						9.6
Professional occupations						9.8
Associate professional and technical occupations						14.0
Clerical and secretarial occupations						22.6
Craft and related occupations						2.4
Personal and protective occupations						13.3
Selling occupations						11.7
Plant and machine operatives						3.4
Other occupations						13.2

Source: Labour Force Survey

Figure 1 Comparison of SOC90 and SOC2000 for main job of men in employment; England and Wales; 1991, 1996/97 and 2000



Sources: Census of Population, Labour Force Survey

fications (however, the level of correspondence reduces as the level of detail increases).

As would be expected from the classification revisions described earlier in the article, all but one of the major groups showed some difference when reclassified. The largest percentage increase from SOC90 to SOC2000 was for major group 9 (other occupations in SOC90, elementary occupations in SOC2000), which rose from 7.5 per cent of the total occupations under SOC90 to 12.6 per cent under SOC2000. This is due to the reclassification of groups such as waiters, waitresses and bar staff, and some emergency service occupations. Major groups 2 (professional occupations), 3 (associate professional and technical occupations), and 5 (craft and related occupations renamed skilled trades occupations) were also increased by the move to SOC2000. Major group 6 (previously personal and protective services, becoming personal service occupations) was reduced by almost 4 percentage points by the revision of the classification. There was a 2 percentage point reduction in the occupations coded under SOC90 to major groups 1 (managers and senior officials

– previously managers and administrators) and 4 (administrative and secretarial occupations). It should be stressed that all of these changes are the net effect of coding the occupations reported in the summer 2000 quarter of the LFS using a different classification system. They are illustrative of the effect of the reclassification to SOC2000. The previous recoding exercises for 1991 and 1996/7 showed similar changes (see *Figures 1 and 2*).

Comparison by sex

The direction of change between the two classifications for each major group was the same for both sexes. However, the reduction in the size of major group 1 was greater for females than for males (falling by around 1 percentage point for males but by 3 percentage points for females). Conversely, major groups 6 and 7 fell by a larger percentage for males (by 4.4 percentage points and 1.5 percentage points respectively for males, and by only 3.1 percentage points and 0.1 percentage point for females).

Comparison by age

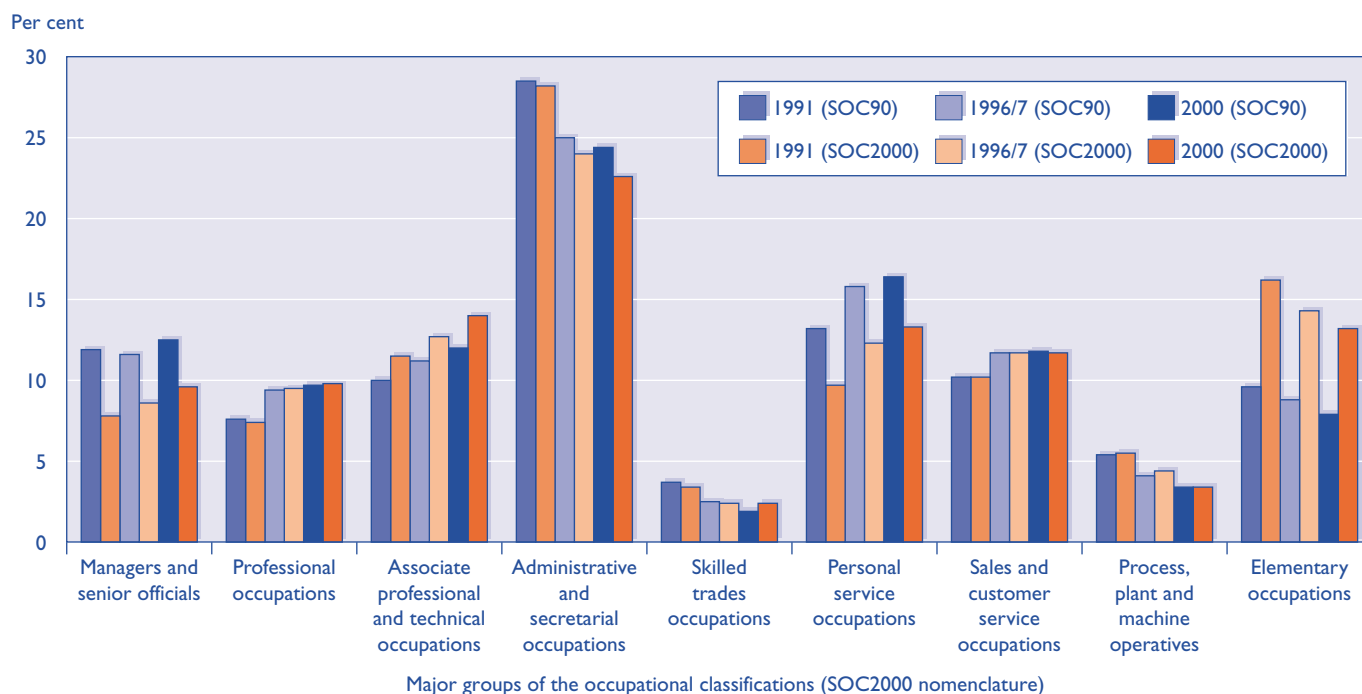
The direction and magnitude of changes seen at major group level between the two classifications are also

broadly reflected across most age groups. Some exceptions are for major groups 3, 4, 6 and 9 where the impact was greatest among the younger population.

Comparison by industry sector

Table 3 compares the distributions of the two classifications by industry sector. All major industry sectors experienced a reduction in the size of major group 1 (managers and senior officials) – with the exception of the construction industry, which had a very slight increase. Most notably, the percentage of occupations coded to major group 1 for the agriculture and fishing sector fell from 34 per cent to 8 per cent under SOC2000. This was a result of the move of farmers from major group 1 and skilled farm workers from major group 9 to the new minor group of skilled agricultural trades in major group 5. Correspondingly, this industry sector also saw an increase of over 20 percentage points in the size of major group 5 and a reduction in the size of major group 9. The manufacturing sector saw an increase in the size of category 3 (associate professional and technical occupations) of around 3 percentage points – very similar to the decrease in

Figure 2 Comparison of SOC90 and SOC2000 for main job of women in employment; England and Wales; 1991, 1996/97 and 2000



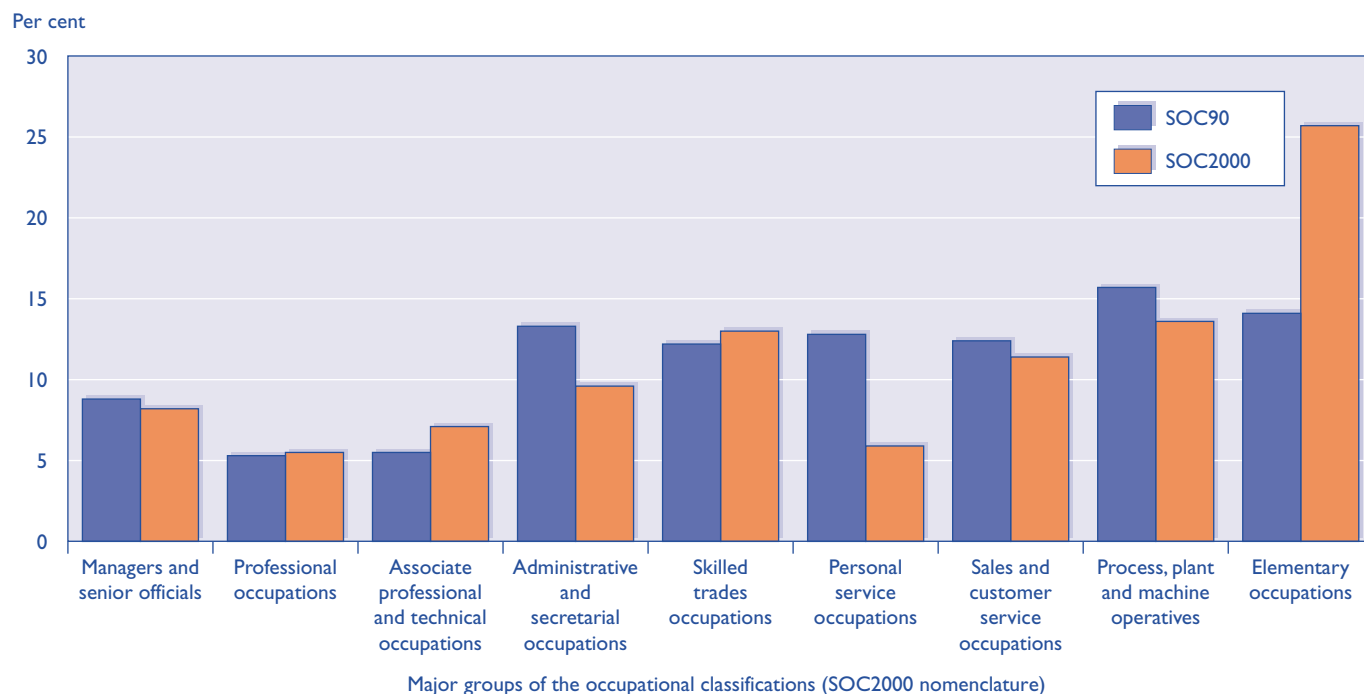
Sources: Census of Population, Labour Force Survey

Table 3 Comparison of SOC90 and SOC2000 distributions for current main job by industry sector; England and Wales; summer 2000

		Major group									Per cent
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Total
Industry											
Agriculture and fishing	SOC90	34.1	1.0	1.2	4.6	21.3	1.1	1.6	3.4	31.8	100
	SOC2000	8.2	2.9	2.2	4.8	43.6	3.3	1.0	4.9	29.3	100
Energy and water	SOC90	15.3	12.7	9.6	24.4	17.5	1.2	5.0	11.8	2.7	100
	SOC2000	12.7	12.4	11.5	14.6	16.2	0	14.2	15.1	3.2	100
Manufacturing	SOC90	16.5	6.9	7.2	10.5	25.1	0.5	3.7	26.2	3.5	100
	SOC2000	15.6	7.2	10.3	8.3	22.3	0.1	1.5	26.0	8.8	100
Construction	SOC90	11.6	4.6	3.9	7.8	55.6	0.2	1.4	6.4	8.5	100
	SOC2000	11.8	5.7	3.9	7.1	52.8	0.1	0.9	9.3	8.3	100
Distribution, hotels and restaurants	SOC90	21.9	1.2	1.8	11.1	7.5	10.0	32.4	4.5	9.7	100
	SOC2000	21.6	1.4	4.2	7.8	10.4	0.5	29.3	4.4	20.3	100
Transport and communication	SOC90	15.7	2.6	4.6	20.2	5.9	4.0	3.2	29.9	14.0	100
	SOC2000	13.7	3.1	6.7	11.6	5.7	7.2	4.0	28.5	19.6	100
Banking, finance and insurance etc	SOC90	21.3	16.7	17.2	26.6	2.7	3.2	4.0	2.2	6.2	100
	SOC2000	19.3	19.2	18.4	23.8	2.5	1.0	4.3	1.4	10.1	100
Public administration, education and health	SOC90	9.3	23.3	18.5	14.3	1.4	27.0	0.3	0.6	5.3	100
	SOC2000	6.8	23.4	22.8	15.3	2.1	20.3	0.3	1.0	8.0	100
Other services	SOC90	16.0	7.5	19.1	11.7	6.5	22.6	2.1	3.3	11.2	100
	SOC2000	11.1	6.7	21.1	11.4	6.3	20.6	2.1	3.1	17.6	100
Outside UK	SOC90	61.6	10.7	27.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
	SOC2000	46.1	10.7	43.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	100

Source: Labour Force Survey

Figure 3 Comparison of SOC90 and SOC2000 for last job of ILO unemployed; England and Wales; summer 2000



Source: Labour Force Survey

Table 4 Comparison of SOC90 and SOC2000 distributions for current main job; England and Wales; summer 2000

		Major group									Per cent
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Total
Employee	SOC90	15.6	10.6	10.4	16.1	9.7	11.9	8.9	9.1	7.9	100
	SOC2000	14.2	11.3	13.1	13.9	9.7	7.2	8.1	9.0	13.5	100
Self-employed	SOC90	22.5	14.2	14.4	3.2	26.7	3.5	3.6	6.9	5.0	100
	SOC2000	16.3	14.0	15.5	3.2	29.3	5.8	2.5	8.0	5.5	100
Government training scheme	SOC90	2.9	2.4	4.8	21.2	35.7	12.7	7.8	2.2	10.3	100
	SOC2000	1.7	4.6	6.0	15.8	35.6	14.4	7.3	3.8	10.8	100
Unpaid family workers	SOC90	19.7	2.9	3.5	43.4	5.0	3.4	9.3	2.1	10.7	100
	SOC2000	13.4	2.4	5.3	42.8	9.4	1.9	8.5	2.5	13.8	100

Source: Labour Force Survey

major group 5 – reflecting the move of occupations which are now technically qualified out of the craft and related occupations group (see p568, *Labour Market Trends*, December 2000). There were also increases in the size of major group 9 (elementary occupations) for a number of industries, as a result of the repositioning of unit groups to this category. For example, the percentage classified to this group for the distribution, hotels and restaurants sector increased from 9.7 per cent under SOC90 to 20.3 per cent under SOC2000, reflecting the

repositioning of bar and waiting staff to this major group.

Comparison by employment status

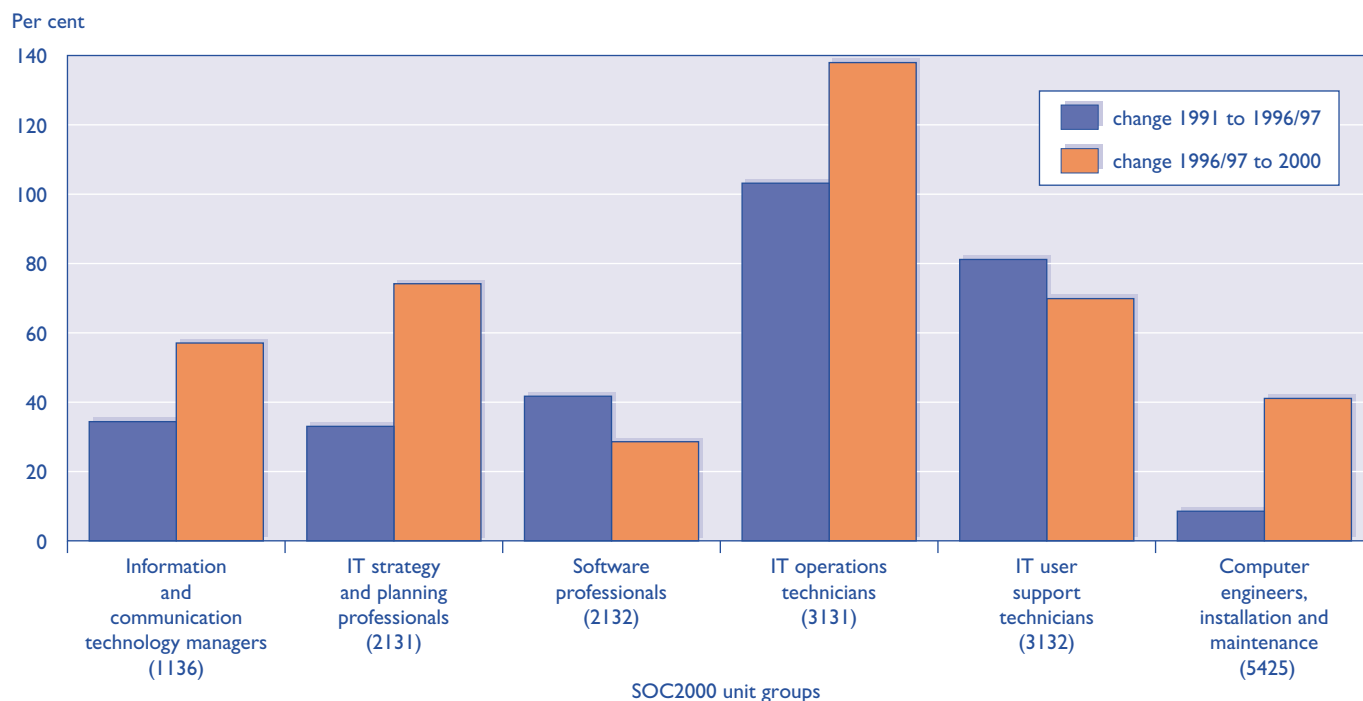
Table 4 presents the distributions of the two classifications by employment status. All categories of employment status saw decreases in major group 1 and increases in major group 9. The self-employed distribution fell in major group 1 from 22.5 per cent to 16.3 per cent and was also affected by the move of farmers to major group 5, which

increased by 2.6 percentage points. The biggest change in the distribution of employees was in major group 9, which rose from 7.9 per cent to 13.5 per cent.

Comparison of ILO unemployed – occupation of last job

The preceding comparisons all relate to the occupational distribution of employment. The LFS also collects the occupation last worked in by the unemployed individual. Figure 3 presents the

Figure 4 Growth of employment in ICT-related occupations; England and Wales; April 1991 to winter 1996/97 and winter 1996/97 to summer 2000



Sources: Census of Population, Labour Force Survey

distributions of SOC90 and SOC2000 by the last job of ILO unemployed. For this group, the revision of the classification produced the most change at the lower skill levels. The proportion of ILO unemployed coded to major group 9 (elementary occupations) rose from 14.1 per cent to 25.7 per cent, whereas the reduction in the size of major group 1 (managers and senior officials) was only 0.6 percentage points. There were reductions in the size of major groups 6, 4 and 8 which fell by 6.9, 3.7 and 2.1 percentage points respectively.

Changes in the structure of employment (1991, 1996/97 and 2000)

This section updates the information provided in the December 2000 article on the changes in occupational structure as a result of moving from SOC90 to SOC2000.

Male and female employment

Figures 1 and 2 show the changes in the occupational structure of male and female employment at the major group level, in England and Wales. In both charts, the bars represent the percentage of total employment by SOC90 and then by SOC2000 (in April 1991,

winter 1996/97 and summer 2000) for each major group.

While the levels for male and female employment at major group level are different between the two classifications, the pattern of change from 1991 through 1996/7 to 2000 was similar for SOC90 and SOC2000. However, at minor and unit group levels, where there is less correspondence between the two classifications, there will be differences in the pattern of change, particularly where the classification has changed to reflect new occupations such as ICT-related occupations.

Between 1991 and 1996/97, there were substantial decreases in the levels of employment in skilled trades occupations for males and in administrative, clerical and secretarial occupations for females. For females, there was a decline in the proportion of employment in major group 1 (managers and senior officials) between 1991 and 1996/97.

Figures 4 and 5 show the estimated percentage change in employment in England and Wales for several unit groups covering two occupations that have been revised most in the new classification: ICT-related occupations and customer service occupations. This

is shown for two time periods: April 1991 compared with winter 1996/97, and winter 1996/97 compared with summer 2000.

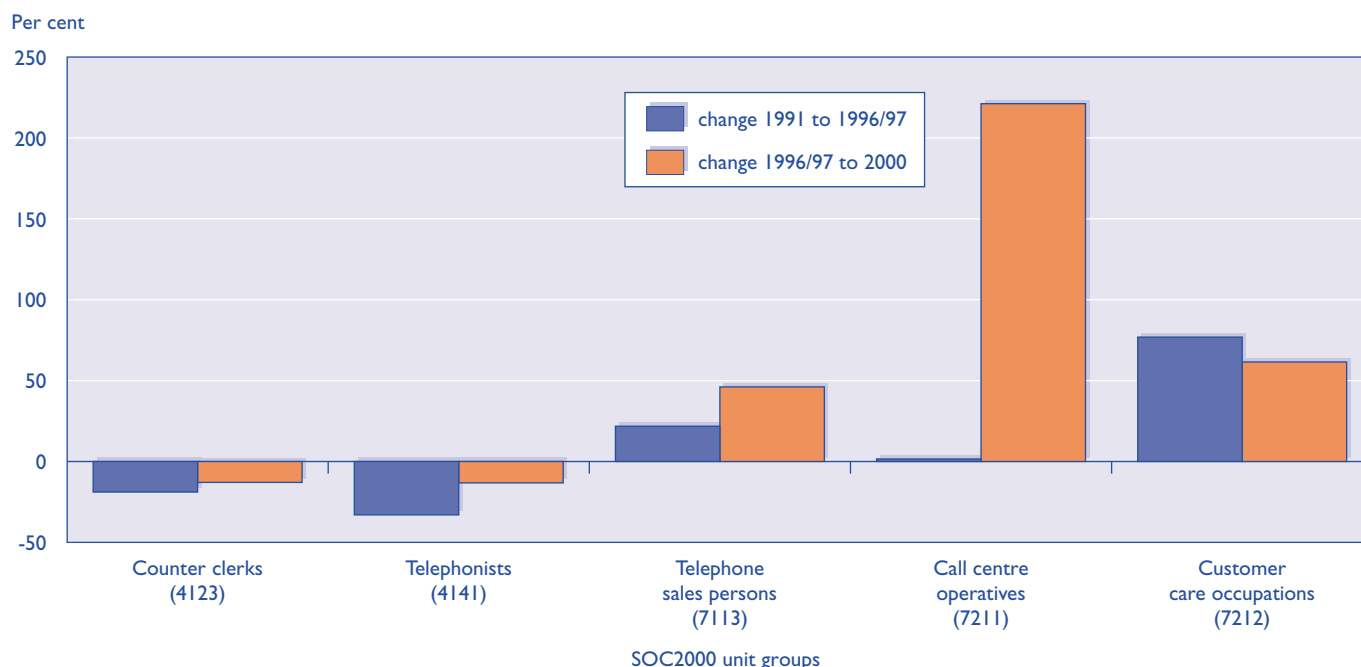
Growth of IT-related occupations

Figure 4 looks at the change in ICT-related occupations in six unit groups, all of which showed an increase in employment in both time periods. The unit group 'IT operations technicians' showed the greatest estimated change in employment. In the first time period, there was an increase of over 100 per cent in employment in this sector, but between winter 1996/97 and summer 2000 the growth was even greater at a further 138 per cent. Two categories showed a much smaller increase in the period to 2000: 'software professionals', which grew by 29 per cent (compared with over 40 per cent between 1991 and 1996/97), and 'IT user support technicians', which increased by 70 per cent (compared with over 80 per cent in the earlier period).

Changes in customer service occupations

Figure 5 presents the changes in estimated employment in five occupations

Figure 5 Change in employment in customer service occupations; England and Wales; April 1991 to winter 1996/97 and winter 1996/97 to summer 2000



Sources: Census of Population, Labour Force Survey

for customer service occupations. The earlier article (see pp563-72, *Labour Market Trends*, December 2000) highlighted a difference between 'traditional' customer service occupations and newer occupations. The traditional occupation categories of counter clerks and telephonists continued to show a decline in the period to summer 2000 (both fell by 13 per cent). (Between April 1991 and winter 1996/97 the former fell by an estimated 19 per cent and the latter by 33 per cent.) In the article mentioned above, it was explained that there was little growth in the unit group 'call centre operatives' because this sector had only experienced growth after 1996/97. This is borne out by the coding of the summer 2000 LFS data, which showed a remarkable estimated growth between

1996/97 and 2000 of over 220 per cent for call centre operatives.

Future work on SOC2000 coding of the LFS

ONS is producing a limited set of historic time-series estimates on a SOC2000 basis to meet users' needs. These estimates will be based on the dual coded data, because there is no direct mapping between the two classifications. Tabulations will be available on the National Statistics website www.statistics.gov.uk around the time of release (18 July). They will also be available in some other formats on request (see 'further information').

A future article will explore SOC2000 on the LFS further using the spring 2000 dataset. Further informa-

tion on the impact of this classification change and guidance for users will be published on the National Statistics website at the time of release.

Further information

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General information on the SOC 2000

classification can be found on the website page
[http://statbase/nsbase/methods_quality/
ns_sec/soc2000.asp](http://statbase/nsbase/methods_quality/ns_sec/soc2000.asp).

For information about tabulations in paper or
other formats, contact:

Kim Johnson,
tel. 020 7533 5263.

Notes

- Table 1* is reproduced from, and the details of the revision of SOC90 in this article are a summary of those found in: *Standard Occupational Classification 2000, Vol. 1: Structure and description and Vol. 2: The coding index*, The Stationery Office (2000).
- The dual coding exercise also included the LFS in Scotland but, in order to maintain comparability with the 1996/97 LFS dataset, these cases are excluded from the analysis presented here. Northern Ireland data were not dual coded.
- This figure includes approximately 16,000 respondents (and 8,000 occupations) from the Local Labour Force Survey for England, whose occupational details are not included in the following analysis in order to maintain comparability with the 1996/97 LFS dataset.
- The data from the 1996/97 winter LFS used on pp563-72, *Labour Market Trends*, December 2000 and reproduced here were weighted using the grossing factors used prior to the spring 2000 regrossing exercise. The data from the summer 2000 LFS were weighted using the grossing factors resulting from the spring 2000 regrossing exercise. It was not possible to weight both datasets using the same factors. However, applying the grossing factors to the summer 2000 data does not appear to produce a significant change in the proportions in each occupational major group, which is the main focus of this analysis.

Analysis of the claimant count by age and duration including clerical claims

By **Mick McDonough** and **Andrew Machin**, Labour Market Division, Office for National Statistics

Key points

- Since April 1999 the regular monthly age and duration analysis of the claimant count has been available for computerised claims only and has excluded clerically processed claims.
- To meet customer needs and quality assure the monthly data, ONS has produced a full age and duration analysis for April 2001 including clerical claims.
- The coverage provided by the computerised count was 99.4 per cent for the main published age and duration categories in April 2001. Where the coverage was less than 99 per cent the number of claimants was relatively small.
- The analysis for April 2001 confirms that the monthly age and duration data will be sufficiently accurate for most uses. The findings are similar to those from analysis of the October 2000 data.
- It is planned to provide this analysis on an annual basis in future.

Image not available

This article presents the analysis of the complete claimant count, including clerical claims, for April 2001 by age and duration.

Introduction

THE MONTHLY claimant count is a full count of the number of people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance (JSA) each month. However, more detailed monthly analysis of claimants by their age and the duration of their claim (as published for example in Table C.12 of *Labour Market Trends* and Table 11 of the national labour market statistics First Release) is only produced for those whose records are held on the Benefits Agency computer system. Currently, less than 1 per cent of total claimants are excluded from these detailed age and duration figures. These claims are dealt with manually outside the computer system. To provide information about the effect on the quality of the monthly data of omitting these cler-

ical claims, ONS has produced a full age and duration analysis (including these clerical claims) for April 2001. This article presents the data, updating analysis that was previously provided in respect of October 2000.

Background

The monthly count of JSA claimants is mostly derived directly from the Benefits Agency computer records. For various reasons, for example when a claimant's National Insurance number is not known, a small proportion of claims has to be dealt with manually by local offices. To get a complete count of claimants it is therefore necessary to obtain separate returns for these. For

the past seven years, the number has consistently represented 1 per cent or less of the total.

Currently, to get the full monthly count of JSA claimants the numbers of clerically operated claims are obtained by simple returns (just the total for each sex) from local offices using a telephone data entry system. Up until April 1999 a quarterly analysis of these clerical claims by age and duration was produced. However, it was abandoned as part of the restructuring of the claimant count processing system. Given the small proportion of claimants involved, the value of having these data by age and duration on a regular basis in the detailed analysis was not considered to be worth the extra work required by local offices to provide the data and work involved in processing the information. Analysis by age and duration is available monthly for computerised claims.

Some customers require knowledge of the total numbers in all age and duration categories including clerical claims for policy design and monitoring purposes. ONS has produced a full analysis covering 100 per cent of claimants, for April 2001. This is simi-

lar to analysis previously produced in respect of October 2000 (see pp67-71, *Labour Market Trends*, January 2001). It is planned to continue to provide such analysis on an annual basis in future, assuming that the numbers warrant continued monitoring.

The full 100 per cent age and duration analysis is clearly to be preferred to the incomplete monthly analysis and may be important, for example, for assessing fully the impact of policies such as New Deal. It is nevertheless an occasional supplementary analysis, provided primarily for the purposes of gauging the accuracy of the regular monthly data. Use of the monthly data has the advantage that it is conveniently available in a wide variety of detail down to small local areas via Nomis®. While the 100 per cent analysis provided here is available in further detail, based on local offices, analysis is not available in the same geographical detail as the regular monthly data.

Results

Table 1 shows the full age and duration analysis for the clerical claims for UK, of which there were 6,434 in April

2001. *Tables 2* and *3* are similar to Table C.12 in *Labour Market Trends*, but give data for both the UK and Great Britain respectively, for April each year, where available, from April 1996 to April 2001. (Data for April 2000 are not available.) They show total claimants including the clerical ones, for the main age and duration categories. More detailed information is available on request, including data for individual local offices.

Table 4 shows that the coverage of the monthly age and duration data is close to complete for most of the main published categories. The coverage is 99.4 per cent on average. While there is some variation, the coverage is approximately 99 per cent or greater for most of the main age and duration categories. Where the coverage is rather less than 99 per cent, e.g. for 18 to 24-year-olds unemployed for more than 24 months (about 96 per cent), the number of claimants is relatively small. This analysis suggests that for most purposes, especially for the general monitoring of trends, the monthly age and duration data will be sufficiently accurate.

Table 1 Clerical claims in the claimant count by age and duration; April 2001

	Under 17	17	18	19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65 and over	Total all ages
Claim duration in weeks															
I week or less	1	2	8	13	49	27	20	15	6	9	4	3	2	0	159
Over 1 and up to 2	4	11	33	31	159	76	51	36	19	12	14	13	4	0	463
Over 2 and up to 4	11	18	86	89	399	190	111	86	56	33	19	15	9	0	1,122
Over 4 and up to 6	7	13	26	35	140	103	87	62	41	37	23	21	9	0	604
Over 6 and up to 8	4	9	22	33	110	113	70	54	37	25	17	10	2	0	506
Over 8 and up to 13	1	16	38	50	226	165	119	84	60	49	46	27	14	0	895
Over 13 and up to 26	0	8	34	58	230	181	148	109	86	67	55	45	29	0	1,050
Over 26 and up to 39	0	1	18	32	94	82	64	56	44	45	36	22	18	0	512
Over 39 and up to 52	0	0	3	7	42	47	35	35	24	25	22	15	5	0	260
Over 52 and up to 65	0	0	3	6	23	24	32	27	18	21	13	11	10	0	188
Over 65 and up to 78	0	0	1	4	9	23	16	12	15	16	10	15	3	0	124
Over 78 and up to 104	0	0	0	3	12	25	14	30	24	20	14	12	2	0	156
Over 104 and up to 156	0	0	0	0	17	23	24	13	21	20	29	21	2	0	170
Over 156 and up to 208	0	0	0	2	1	10	11	18	13	11	11	5	0	0	82
Over 208 and up to 260	0	0	0	0	2	4	15	16	10	15	15	15	1	0	93
Over 260	0	0	0	0	1	3	10	4	6	5	8	12	1	0	50
Total	28	78	272	363	1,514	1,096	827	657	480	410	336	262	111	0	6,434

Source: Benefits Agency administrative system

Table 2 Full claimant count by age and duration (including clerical claims), United Kingdom; April 1996 to April 2001

	Thousands and percentages													
	All ages							18 to 24						
	All	Up to 13 weeks	Over 13 weeks and up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	Over 12 and up to 24 months	Per cent claiming over 12 months	All over 24 months	All	Up to 13 weeks	Over 13 weeks and up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	Over 12 and up to 24 months	Per cent claiming over 12 months	All over 24 months
All														
April 1996	2,223.9	596.4	375.7	445.5	348.3	36.3	458.1	558.3	177.6	114.8	135.9	82.6	23.3	47.4
April 1997	1,688.0	512.2	271.8	287.5	256.9	36.5	359.6	421.7	160.1	83.1	87.7	57.7	21.5	33.0
April 1998	1,389.9	499.6	264.1	255.4	160.2	26.7	210.6	345.9	149.4	76.5	69.9	33.8	14.5	16.2
April 1999	1,320.1	504.6	253.8	231.6	168.2	25.0	161.9	300.5	157.9	71.8	54.6	12.2	5.4	4.1
April 2001	1,006.4	429.4	204.8	172.1	102.5	19.9	97.6	243.9	141.9	60.9	36.7	3.8	1.8	0.5
Males														
April 1996	1,695.5	422.4	279.7	329.9	274.9	39.1	388.6	393.3	119.9	80.8	94.6	60.8	24.9	37.2
April 1997	1,298.8	369.9	204.1	217.2	203.2	39.1	304.5	299.0	110.4	59.3	61.3	42.5	22.8	25.5
April 1998	1,061.5	360.2	200.0	195.7	127.6	28.8	178.0	245.0	103.3	54.8	49.7	24.8	15.2	12.4
April 1999	1,010.3	365.8	192.4	178.2	136.5	27.1	137.4	212.5	110.7	51.5	38.4	8.9	5.6	3.0
April 2001	769.1	313.5	155.7	133.5	83.7	21.6	82.8	171.9	99.4	43.7	25.7	2.7	1.7	0.3
Females														
April 1996	528.5	174.0	96.0	115.6	73.4	27.0	69.4	165.0	57.7	34.0	41.3	21.8	19.4	10.2
April 1997	389.1	142.3	67.7	70.2	53.7	28.0	55.2	122.6	49.8	23.9	26.4	15.2	18.5	7.4
April 1998	328.4	139.3	64.1	59.7	32.6	19.9	32.6	100.9	46.1	21.7	20.2	9.1	12.7	3.8
April 1999	309.8	138.8	61.4	53.5	31.7	18.1	24.5	88.1	47.2	20.3	16.2	3.3	5.0	1.1
April 2001	237.3	115.9	49.2	38.6	18.8	14.2	14.8	72.0	42.5	17.2	11.0	1.2	1.8	0.2
	Thousands and percentages													
	25 to 49							50 and over						
	All	Up to 13 weeks	Over 13 weeks and up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	Over 12 and up to 24 months	Per cent claiming over 12 months	All over 24 months	All	Up to 13 weeks	Over 13 weeks and up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	Over 12 and up to 24 months	Per cent claiming over 12 months	All over 24 months
All														
April 1996	1,284.6	320.1	205.2	245.4	209.5	40.0	304.4	363.0	85.8	52.5	62.4	56.0	44.7	106.2
April 1997	973.3	270.1	147.6	158.6	155.3	40.8	241.8	274.6	67.7	38.1	40.2	43.7	46.8	84.9
April 1998	796.9	269.6	148.5	146.4	97.9	29.2	134.4	231.1	67.7	36.8	38.2	28.3	38.2	60.0
April 1999	776.1	264.2	142.2	140.3	121.5	29.5	107.9	227.0	69.4	37.4	35.8	34.5	37.2	50.0
April 2001	580.5	218.8	112.4	107.4	76.5	24.4	65.4	167.5	57.2	29.3	27.2	22.1	32.1	31.6
Males														
April 1996	1,015.7	232.3	157.5	188.0	171.6	43.1	266.4	276.0	62.7	39.5	46.3	42.4	46.2	85.0
April 1997	781.3	202.3	115.0	125.6	127.8	43.3	210.6	207.9	48.9	28.1	29.8	32.8	48.6	68.3
April 1998	635.0	201.6	117.2	117.9	81.4	31.2	116.9	172.3	48.0	26.7	27.6	21.4	40.7	48.7
April 1999	619.1	198.3	112.2	113.3	101.7	31.5	93.7	169.2	49.2	27.4	26.0	25.9	39.4	40.7
April 2001	464.5	167.0	89.3	87.4	64.2	26.0	56.6	124.6	40.7	21.4	19.9	16.8	34.2	25.8
Females														
April 1996	268.9	87.8	47.7	57.5	37.9	28.2	38.0	87.0	23.1	13.0	16.1	13.6	40.1	21.2
April 1997	192.1	67.8	32.6	33.0	27.5	30.6	31.2	66.7	18.8	10.0	10.4	10.9	41.2	16.6
April 1998	161.9	68.0	31.3	28.5	16.5	21.1	17.5	58.8	19.8	10.1	10.6	6.9	31.0	11.3
April 1999	157.0	66.0	30.0	27.0	19.8	21.7	14.2	57.8	20.2	10.0	9.8	8.6	30.8	9.2
April 2001	116.0	51.8	23.0	20.0	12.3	18.2	8.8	42.9	16.6	7.9	7.3	5.3	25.9	5.8

Source: Benefits Agency administrative system

Table 3 Full claimant count by age and duration (including clerical claims), Great Britain; April 1996 to April 2001

	Thousands and percentages													
	All ages							18 to 24						
	All	Up to 13 weeks	Over 13 weeks and up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	Over 12 and up to 24 months	Per cent claiming over 12 months	All over 24 months	All	Up to 13 weeks	Over 13 weeks and up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	Over 12 and up to 24 months	Per cent claiming over 12 months	All over 24 months
All														
April 1996	2,138.4	580.1	365.7	432.4	336.5	35.6	423.7	538.4	171.8	111.2	131.1	79.5	23.1	44.8
April 1997	1,624.1	499.2	264.9	278.3	247.4	35.8	334.3	406.1	155.1	80.6	84.1	55.3	21.3	31.0
April 1998	1,332.9	486.2	256.1	245.6	153.3	25.9	191.7	331.7	144.4	73.8	66.7	32.1	14.1	14.7
April 1999	1,265.7	490.2	245.6	222.6	160.5	24.3	146.7	288.1	152.4	68.9	51.7	11.3	5.2	3.7
April 2001	966.9	417.1	198.0	164.2	96.5	19.4	91.1	233.7	137.0	58.5	34.6	3.2	1.6	0.4
Males														
April 1996	1,628.6	411.5	272.3	320.3	265.5	38.3	359.0	379.3	116.1	78.3	91.3	58.5	24.7	35.2
April 1997	1,247.7	360.6	198.9	210.4	195.5	38.3	282.2	287.9	107.0	57.5	58.9	40.6	22.4	24.0
April 1998	1,016.2	350.8	193.9	188.1	122.0	27.9	161.4	234.9	99.9	52.9	47.5	23.5	14.8	11.2
April 1999	967.8	356.0	186.3	171.3	130.0	26.3	124.1	203.8	107.0	49.5	36.4	8.2	5.3	2.7
April 2001	738.7	304.8	150.5	127.5	78.8	21.1	77.1	164.9	96.1	42.0	24.3	2.2	1.5	0.3
Females														
April 1996	509.7	168.6	93.4	112.1	71.0	26.6	64.8	159.2	55.7	33.0	39.8	21.0	19.3	9.7
April 1997	376.4	138.5	66.0	67.9	51.9	27.6	52.1	118.2	48.1	23.1	25.2	14.7	18.4	7.1
April 1998	316.7	135.4	62.2	57.4	31.3	19.5	30.3	96.8	44.5	21.0	19.2	8.6	12.5	3.5
April 1999	297.9	134.2	59.3	51.3	30.5	17.8	22.7	84.2	45.4	19.4	15.3	3.1	4.9	1.0
April 2001	228.2	112.3	47.5	36.7	17.7	13.9	14.0	68.8	40.9	16.5	10.3	1.0	1.7	0.2
	Thousands and percentages													
	25 to 49							50 and over						
	All	Up to 13 weeks	Over 13 weeks and up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	Over 12 and up to 24 months	Per cent claiming over 12 months	All over 24 months	All	Up to 13 weeks	Over 13 weeks and up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	Over 12 and up to 24 months	Per cent claiming over 12 months	All over 24 months
All														
April 1996	1,233.1	311.5	199.9	238.6	202.4	39.2	280.7	348.9	84.0	51.4	61.0	54.3	43.7	98.2
April 1997	935.1	263.5	144.0	154.0	149.5	39.9	224.0	264.6	66.4	37.4	39.2	42.5	46.0	79.2
April 1998	763.2	262.8	144.2	141.1	93.8	28.2	121.3	222.0	66.3	35.8	36.9	27.3	37.4	55.8
April 1999	743.3	257.0	137.9	135.3	116.0	28.7	97.0	217.9	67.8	36.4	34.6	33.0	36.3	46.1
April 2001	557.9	212.9	108.9	102.9	72.3	23.9	61.0	160.8	55.9	28.4	26.0	20.9	31.4	29.6
Males														
April 1996	973.7	226.5	153.4	182.8	165.8	42.2	245.2	265.2	61.5	38.7	45.3	41.2	45.2	78.6
April 1997	749.1	197.4	112.2	122.0	122.9	42.4	194.6	200.1	48.0	27.6	29.0	31.9	47.7	63.6
April 1998	606.9	196.7	113.8	113.5	77.9	30.1	105.1	165.3	47.0	26.0	26.6	20.6	39.8	45.2
April 1999	592.2	193.2	108.8	109.3	97.0	30.6	83.9	162.2	48.2	26.7	25.1	24.8	38.4	37.4
April 2001	446.1	162.6	86.5	83.7	60.6	25.4	52.7	119.6	39.7	20.8	19.0	15.9	33.5	24.1
Females														
April 1996	259.4	85.0	46.5	55.8	36.7	27.8	35.4	83.7	22.5	12.7	15.7	13.2	39.2	19.7
April 1997	186.0	66.1	31.8	32.1	26.6	30.1	29.4	64.5	18.4	9.8	10.1	10.6	40.6	15.6
April 1998	156.3	66.1	30.4	27.6	15.9	20.6	16.2	56.7	19.3	9.9	10.2	6.7	30.5	10.6
April 1999	151.1	63.8	29.1	26.1	19.1	21.2	13.0	55.7	19.6	9.8	9.5	8.2	30.3	8.6
April 2001	111.8	50.3	22.3	19.1	11.7	17.9	8.3	41.3	16.2	7.7	6.9	5.0	25.4	5.5

Source: Benefits Agency administrative system

Table 4 Full claimant count and proportion of computerised claims by age and duration; United Kingdom; April 2001

	18 to 24		25 to 49		50 and over		All ages	
	Claimants (thousands)	Computerised coverage (%)	Claimants (thousands)	Computerised coverage (%)	Claimants (thousands)	Computerised coverage (%)	Claimants (thousands)	Computerised coverage (%)
All								
Up to 13 weeks	141.9	98.9	218.8	99.2	57.2	99.6	429.4	99.1
Over 13 weeks and up to 6 months	60.9	99.5	112.4	99.5	29.3	99.6	204.8	99.5
Over 6 and up to 12 months	36.7	99.5	107.4	99.6	27.2	99.6	172.1	99.6
Over 12 and up to 24 months	3.8	98.4	76.5	99.6	22.1	99.6	102.5	99.5
All over 24 months	0.5	95.6	65.4	99.6	31.6	99.6	97.6	99.6
All durations	243.9	99.1	580.5	99.4	167.5	99.6	1,006.4	99.4
Males								
Up to 13 weeks	99.4	99.1	167.0	99.1	40.7	99.5	313.5	99.2
Over 13 weeks and up to 6 months	43.7	99.5	89.3	99.5	21.4	99.5	155.7	99.5
Over 6 and up to 12 months	25.7	99.5	87.4	99.6	19.9	99.5	133.5	99.6
Over 12 and up to 24 months	2.7	98.8	64.2	99.6	16.8	99.6	83.7	99.6
All over 24 months	0.3	96.2	56.6	99.6	25.8	99.7	82.8	99.6
All durations	171.9	99.2	464.5	99.4	124.6	99.6	769.1	99.4
Females								
Up to 13 weeks	42.5	98.5	51.8	99.2	16.6	99.7	115.9	99.0
Over 13 weeks and up to 6 months	17.2	99.4	23.0	99.4	7.9	99.7	49.2	99.4
Over 6 and up to 12 months	11.0	99.3	20.0	99.5	7.3	99.7	38.6	99.5
Over 12 and up to 24 months	1.2	97.6	12.3	99.5	5.3	99.6	18.8	99.4
All over 24 months	0.2	94.3	8.8	99.5	5.8	99.4	14.8	99.4
All durations	72.0	98.8	116.0	99.4	42.9	99.6	237.3	99.2

Source: Benefits Agency administrative system

Further information

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Work-life balance 2000: results from the Baseline Study

By Terence Hogarth, Chris Hasluck and Gaelle Pierre with Mark Winterbotham and David Vivian

Last year a study examined the extent to which employers operated work-life balance practices and whether these met the needs of employees.

Key points

- There is a high level of support for work-life balance from both employers and employees. Employers and employees agreed that while organisational goals have priority, employers have a responsibility to help employees balance work and other aspects of their lives.
- Most workplaces had staff working in excess of their standard working hours. Slightly over half of all employees worked some hours in addition to their fixed or standard hours – on average nine hours a week.
- In 62 per cent of workplaces at least some staff were allowed to vary their usual hours (such as by starting late and making time up during the lunch break).
- Other than part-time working, only a modest proportion of employers operated flexible working time arrangements such as flexitime, term-time contracts, reduced hours, etc.
- There was a substantial demand for flexible working time arrangements from employees.
- Approximately 20 per cent of employees worked from home at least occasionally. Of those employees not currently working from home, around a third said they would like to.
- Where employed full-time before, the majority of women returning from maternity leave switched to part-time work. More women preferred greater flexibility in their working arrangements on their return to work.
- Overall, just under 18 per cent of workplaces provided some kind of help with childcare needs but this usually related to providing information. Only a tiny proportion of employers provided workplace facilities such as a crèche.
- Most employers agreed that work-life balance practices improved work relations, staff motivation and commitment and helped retain employees.

Introduction

IN SPRING 2000 the UK Government launched its Work-Life Balance Campaign. The campaign aims to raise employers' awareness of the business benefits of introducing policies and practices that help employees obtain a better balance between work and the rest of their lives.

Based on questionnaire surveys of employees and employers, the Work-Life Balance Baseline Study assessed the extent to which employers operated work-life balance practices and whether employees felt existing practices met their needs. The Baseline Study was conducted by the Institute for Employment Research at the University of Warwick in conjunction with IFF Research Ltd. The study looked at policies and practices that:

- permitted some flexibility with respect to hours of work; and/or
- allowed people to work from home; and/or
- granted leave arrangements that allowed people either to meet their non-work commitments or realise their non-work goals; and/or
- provided workplace facilities to assist employees to attend work; and/or
- promoted communication and consultation between employers and employees over relevant issues.

The study

Three questionnaire surveys were conducted as part of the Baseline Study: a representative survey of 2,500 workplaces with five or more employees (the Employer Survey); interviews with the head offices of 250 workplaces that participated in the Employer Survey (the Head Office Survey); a survey of 7,500 persons in employment in workplaces with five or more staff (the Employee Survey). The surveys covered Great Britain, and interviews were conducted by telephone between April and July 2000. The samples of employers and employees were independently drawn.

Support for work-life balance

The key message from both the Employer and Employee Surveys was the high underlying level of support for the idea of work-life balance from both employers and employees. Overall, the views of employers and employees were similar. Around 62 per cent of employers and 80 per cent of employees agreed with the statement that: 'everyone should be able to balance their work and home lives in the way they want'. Employers almost always held the view that 'the employer's first responsibility has to be to ensure that the organisation meets its goals'. Some 43 per cent of employers thought that work-life balance practices were unfair to some staff and 26 per cent of employees thought that work-life balance practices were unfair to people like them. People without caring responsibilities were no more likely to see work-life balance practices as unfair to them than people with caring responsibilities.

Employers who had adopted work-life balance practices were more likely to have positive attitudes to work-life balance. These employers were also just as likely to agree that an employer's first responsibility was to ensure that the organisation achieved its goals. They did not seem to regard achieving business goals and achieving work-life balance as contradictory aims.

When and how much people work

The majority of employees worked outside the 'standard working week'. Working additional hours was relatively common across all grades of staff and particularly widespread among professional and managerial staff (who rarely received payment or time off in lieu of payment). Around 39 per cent of workplaces, covering 40 per cent of employees, operated Monday to Friday on 'standard hours'; 11 per cent of workplaces covering almost 19 per cent of employees operated 24 hours a day, seven days a week. Approximately 15 per cent of employees reported working on Sundays

and one in eight worked both Saturdays and Sundays.

Average weekly hours were 44.8 hours for men and 34.1 hours for women. Full-time employees who worked in excess of their contracted hours increased their working week on average by 9.6 hours. More than a quarter of full-time employees worked long hours (49 or more hours a week). Over 10 per cent of employees worked very long hours (60 or more hours a week). Very long hours were particularly prevalent among male professional and managerial staff, and men in households with children. Only 6 per cent of women in full-time jobs worked very long hours compared with 12 per cent of men.

Flexible working time arrangements

Flexible working time arrangements can take a number of different forms. This study has concentrated on the following types of working arrangement:

- part-time;
- shift-work;
- job-share;
- term-time contracts;
- flexitime;
- compressed working week;
- reduced hours; and
- annualised hours.

The Employer Survey revealed that the proportion of workplaces providing flexible working time arrangements other than part-time employment was small. The Employee Survey revealed little evidence of significant take-up of flexible working time arrangements among employees, other than flexitime and part-time working. Many employers (62 per cent) reported that they allowed staff to vary occasionally their usual hours of work.

Some 25 per cent of employees worked in a part-time job (44 per cent of women and 8 per cent of men); 55 per cent of part-time workers did not want a full-time job. Most women in this category identified family or domestic reasons for their choice, but one in three men also identified family and domestic commitments as reasons for their choice.

Despite low current take-up, there appears to be a considerable demand for flexible working time arrangements from employees: 47 per cent of employees not currently using flexitime would like to do so; 35 per cent of employees would like to adopt a compressed working week. Only 16 per cent of employees would like a job share. The proportion of men wanting flexitime, compressed hours, and annualised hours exceeded the proportion of women wanting such flexibility. Women were more

likely than men to want term-time working or reduced hours. The desire to switch to part-time working was greater among women than men.

Working from home

There was little evidence of extensive working from home during what may be considered normal working hours, and in the main it was restricted to senior staff. Notwithstanding this low incidence, there was a demand among some employees for the additional flexibility such a practice would provide.

Around 22 per cent of workplaces reported that they had staff who worked from home. Most cases of working at home were on an occasional basis. Where staff worked at home they were usually professional and managerial staff.

Approximately 80 per cent of employees worked exclusively within the workplace that employed them and 20 per cent worked from home at least occasionally. Of those that did not work from home, around 87 per cent of employees felt their employer would not allow them to work from home, but one third said they would like to work from home, at least occasionally.

Leave arrangements

Improved maternity rights and the new right to parental leave were introduced in the Maternity and Parental Leave *etc.* Regulations 1999, which came into force from 15 December 1999. Only in a modest proportion of workplaces was there detailed knowledge of changes in the maternity regulations or the new parental leave regulations, and few employers provided either type of leave beyond the statutory minimum. Other than bereavement leave, paternity leave and leave to care for others, the provision by employers of other types of leave was relatively limited. Employees felt that should they need to take leave, their employer would accommodate their request.

Four out of ten employees returning from maternity leave had greater flexibility over their hours of work. In the case of those formerly working full-time, around 70 per cent switched to part-time working on their return.

Given a choice, 55 per cent of women who had taken maternity leave said they preferred greater flexibility over working hours to a longer period of maternity leave.

Workplace facilities

The provision by employers of facilities to assist with work-life balance was limited.

Around 26 per cent of workplaces provided workplace counselling/stress management. In contrast, only 2 per cent of workplaces provided a crèche, 1 per cent provided subsidised nursery places, and 3 per cent financial help with employees' other caring needs.

Only 9 per cent of employees reported having access to a workplace crèche or nursery and 5 per cent said their employer offered financial help with childcare. Approximately 12 per cent of employees said their employer provided financial help with other care needs.

Consultation and communication

The extent of consultation varied across workplaces and workforce. Where consultation took place, the incidence of flexible working practices was greatest. Consultation was greatest in large and unionised workplaces. Around 69 per cent of employees reported that their employer consulted them on work-life balance matters. Consultation most commonly related to hours of work rather than leave or working from home. Approximately 64 per cent of workplaces had no mechanism in place to monitor work-life balance practices.

It was also clear that management at individual workplaces retained considerable discretion about the form of and eligibility for work-life balance practices. The greater the local discretion, the greater the incidence of flexible working arrangements.

Advantages and disadvantages of work-life balance practices

There was a consensus among employers that work-life balance practices improved certain aspects of work – work relations and staff motivation/commitment – and helped retain female employees and lowered labour turnover. Approximately 72 per cent of workplaces reported that work-life balance practices fostered good employment relations. Nevertheless, a significant proportion thought that implementing such practices had increased managerial workloads and overall business costs. Some 51 per cent of workplaces reported that work-life balance practices increased managerial workloads.

Business costs, however, need to be seen in a critical light. Long working hours and stress at work may also increase business costs through employees' sickness and decreased efficiency. The evidence points to

work-life balance practices reducing such costs insofar as they are associated with happier and more committed staff.

The main advantage of work-life balance (referred to by 43 per cent of workplaces) was having happier staff. The main disadvantage (pointed out by 10 per cent of employers) was shortages of staff.

Conclusion

Evidence from both Employer and Employee Surveys points to many positive messages about the state of Britain's work-life balance, such as:

- a high proportion of employers allowing staff to vary occasionally their usual hours of work;
- a high recognition by employers of the utility of work-life balance; and
- few feelings of unfairness from employees

about the operation of work-life balance policies and practices in the workplace.

There was room for improvement because of:

- a substantial proportion of employees working very long hours, particularly men in professional and managerial occupations;
- a strong unsatisfied demand for flexible working time arrangements from employees not currently met by employers; and
- few workplace facilities – even the provision of information services was limited.

The evidence from the surveys suggests that much can be learnt from those employers who have been able to implement work-life balance policies and practices and who have obtained business benefits from having done so.

Copies of the full report, Work-life Balance 2000: Results from the Baseline Study, RR249, ISBN 1 84185 432 8, price £4.95, are available from DfES Publications, PO Box 5050, Sherwood Park, Annesley, Nottingham NG15 0DJ. Cheques should be made payable to 'DfES Priced Publications'. The report can also be accessed at <http://www.dfee.gov.uk/research/>. A summary report (ref: WLBSUMBS1) is available, free of charge, from DfES Publications (tel. 0845 60 22260) and can also be found at <http://www2.dfee.gov.uk/work-lifebalance/research.htm>. Further information about this research can be obtained from Ganka Mueller, Level 1, DfEE, Caxton House, Tothill Street, London SW1H 9NA, e-mail ganka.mueller@dfes.gsi.gov.uk

Wanting more from work? Expectations and aspirations of people in low- and middle-paid jobs

By Laura Edwards and Nick Burkitt, Public Policy Research Associates, The Institute for Public Policy Research

This report looks at research into employees' ideas of 'quality of work' and their aspirations for future employment and how they change as people move up the pay scale.

Key points

- The more one earns, the more likely one is to have an expectation of 'quality of work'. This includes formal mechanisms for being listened to and informed about changes, being trusted in regard to working hours, getting time off easily and having training opportunities in place. The likelihood of obtaining these aspirations increases with earnings.
- Quality of work was not the uppermost issue for the majority of workers interviewed, regardless of income. Although achieving job satisfaction was stressed, work is an area of life where people expect to make trade-offs.
- Awareness of employee rights appears to be higher among the better paid, but this can still be patchy. For example, understanding is low in relation to new employment rights such as parental leave.
- Of the three quality of work areas focused on – work-life balance, participation and training – work-life balance received the most positive response but there is a clear gender divide as well as income divide here. The majority of the men felt improving the work-life balance was not a likely option and those on lower incomes stressed the difficulty of trading fewer hours for less pay if the basic wage was not enough to support their families.
- Age and sex discrimination are commonly mentioned spontaneously across age groups and income brackets. Those in the 50 to 65 age group felt particularly disadvantaged and undervalued by employers. Sex discrimination was mentioned by women respondents of all ages; both in terms of earning less money than men and also being asked when applying for jobs how they would juggle work and family commitments.

Introduction

IN AUGUST 2000, The Institute for Public Policy Research (IPPR) conducted a programme of qualitative research to explore workers' views on 'quality of work', their expectations of work, and aspirations for future employment. The project involved qualitative research with employees in the low- to middle-income bracket to understand how attitudes and experiences of work change as people move up the pay scale.

In total, 12 focus groups were conducted with people earning up to £20,000 per year. One of the aims of this research was to look at how far employees can be expected to demand and achieve improvements in their working lives, skills and human capital.

Background

As full employment becomes increasingly likely, quality of work and not just quantity is rising on the policy agenda. The policy approach taken so far has been to put a 'very minimum infrastructure of decency and fairness around people in the workplace',¹ while placing greater emphasis on education and skills for individuals. Both existing and future policy covering the quality of working life and employment practices will therefore depend to a large extent on individual workers seeking and demanding improvements for themselves.

Despite the shift in the policy agenda, relatively little is known about what employees themselves define as quality of work. Furthermore, although people's expectations of work are vital in determining attitudes to their current jobs and what they want for the future, they are difficult to measure with quantitative methods, implying a need for different kinds of research.

This research follows an initial stage of qualitative research with people in low-paid jobs that looked at employees' meaning of quality of work and their aspirations for future employment.² This initial study was comprised of eight focus groups, conducted in July 2000 by the IPPR, with employees earning less than £10,000 per year. The study found that, while those in low-paid

jobs may be 'satisfied' with their work, they have working lives that do not appear fulfilling, infringe greatly on other parts of their life and leave them struggling to get by on low wages. The research highlighted that although these workers want good employer relations, a good working environment, decent pay etc. – they do not expect to get them. Job satisfaction therefore may not be the most rigorous or the most desirable target on which to base government policies to enhance the quality of work.

The findings presented in this research brief detail the key findings of the focus group research, conducted on behalf of the former Department for Education and Employment now the Department for Education and Skills in August 2000. Where relevant, reference is made to the findings of the earlier focus groups discussed above.

Methodology

Twelve focus groups were conducted in August 2000, six with people earning between £10,000 and £16,000 p.a. (lower income group) and six with people earning £16,000 to £20,000 p.a. (middle income group). The groups were also stratified by age and gender. Each focus group was attended by between six and eight people and lasted an hour and a half. Three specific aspects of work were explored in detail: work-life balance, participation in the workplace, and learning and training. A number of specific areas were also explored:

- What impact does income have on workers' expectations?
- How, if at all, do employees expect to improve the quality of their working life?
- To what extent are employees in the lower and middle ranges of the labour market likely to seek improvements in the quality of their work in a voluntary framework, especially with regard to training and work-life balance?
- What are the trade-offs that individuals are prepared to make in the process of achieving quality of work?

The research details the themes and responses that emerged within the focus group discussions. As a qualitative research study, the findings are based on interpreta-

tion and analysis of responses. Qualitative research does not provide statistically valid data on how views are distributed among the population, but it provides other opportunities to understand public thinking. This report highlights some of the underlying emotions, feelings and attitudes that workers in low- to middle-income jobs have about work. The groups followed a flexible discussion guide that broadly covered the following topics:

- current experiences of work;
- expectations for the future;
- views on how quality of work might be improved and whose responsibility it is to achieve it; and
- awareness of, and attitudes towards, employees' rights in the workplace.

Employees' rights

There is agreement that workers today enjoy much greater rights than those of previous decades. However, there is concern among some that rights do not apply equally to all; they are more accessible to some than others, with managers and more senior staff being treated more favourably.

The focus groups found that workers are reasonably well informed regarding the range of rights available to them. Rights against unfair dismissal, entitlement to sick pay, holiday pay, breaks and maternity leave are often mentioned spontaneously. There is less awareness of the new rights to unpaid parental leave and of the equal rights for part-time workers. There is also confusion around the details of paternity rights for new fathers.

Most of the rights available also appear to be in place for the majority of employees spoken to and many felt able to negotiate time off when necessary. However, there are exceptions and there is a recognition that it is often easier to accept existing conditions rather than 'rock the boat' and risk losing your job. The most frequently broken rights appear to be those around working time. Many respondents have been asked to sign a 'get out' clause regarding the 48-hour working time directive; it is often included in initial contracts. However, most accept this as 'part of the job' and, in a number of cases, it is seen as necessary in order to be able to do overtime and top up incomes.

More serious violations of workers' rights appear to occur around abuse of entitlements to sick pay and paid holiday. One worker described having to pay a £5 contribution a week towards sick pay. A number of part-time workers were unaware of their entitlement to some paid holiday and felt they would be unable to negotiate this with their employer.

Discrimination

Both age and sex discrimination are commonly mentioned spontaneously as issues affecting people's working lives and the opportunities that are open to them. The devaluing and undervaluing of the skills and experience of older workers is a common complaint among those in the older age group (50-65) and is also recognised as an issue by those in the middle age group (30-49). ("Experience counts for nothing half the time – they just want whizz kids", said a Coventry man aged 50-65 from the lower income bracket.)

Sex discrimination is commonly mentioned by women in all age groups and across the income brackets looked at. Sex discrimination plays itself out in a number of different ways in the workplace. The sex discrimination most commonly mentioned is women being asked about family commitments at job interviews and being questioned about their ability to juggle work and home responsibilities; something they feel men do not have to contend with. Differentials in pay are also mentioned, particularly by women in the older age groups. ("I felt like I was being victimised for being a young mum...they questioned my commitment and thought I'd abandon the job as soon as there was a problem with the children", said a Southampton woman aged 30-49 from the lower income bracket.)

Work-life balance

Work-life balance issues receive a more positive response than ideas around participation and training for improving quality of work. When asked, the majority of respondents, particularly men, are quick to recognise that their own work-life balance is not ideal and that they would prefer to have more time to spend with their family and friends outside of work.

Among the younger respondents there is similarly a desire to improve their work-life balance, but at the same time a feeling that there is no way around it. Particularly for those in the middle income bracket there is an awareness of the need to prove yourself at work sometimes by staying late or working overtime. There is some evidence that the women in this age group might be more likely to challenge the culture of long hours and be more likely to consider working part-time. However, 'work-life balance' and 'family-friendly' are not accessible terms. The concepts are more likely to be articulated as allowing space for 'quality time' or 'social time', or put more broadly 'working to live rather than living to work' or 'work that fits around your life rather than a life that fits around your work'. ("I think there's

more important things in life than just work, you've got to have free time, you've got to have a social life and you've got to be happy in what you do", said a Coventry woman aged 19-29 from the middle income bracket.)

There is a clear gender divide in responses to flexible ways of working. Women in all age groups are much more likely to experiment with flexible ways of working, in particular part-time working, and to recognise that they may want to alter their working hours at different life stages. The majority of the men spoken to also see flexible ways of working as more likely options for women. Men can see the value in spending more time with families and less time at work, but few want to do it themselves or believe it is personally feasible. Men are more likely to feel that, on a practical level, it 'just wouldn't work' and are less likely than women to feel that they could make the trade-off between more free time and less pay. For many of the men, the link between work and family is articulated in terms of more work equals more money to support your family. ("You've got no choice have you? To have that quality time you have to work and put the hours in, otherwise you can't afford the things your family wants", said a Rochdale man aged 30-49 from the lower income bracket.)

Regardless of whether getting a better balance between work and life is personally feasible, there is common agreement that flexible and part-time ways of working are only possible if earning a big enough salary or being supported by a partner with a higher salary. ("There might be a lot of people who can do that but there will be an awful lot of people who can't take a drop in what they are getting now because they are struggling to live on what they have got now", said a Coventry man aged 50-65 from the lower income bracket.)

There are also feasibility issues raised. The most fundamental of these is that some jobs simply do not lend themselves to flexible models of working. Jobs that are more likely to lend themselves to flexible ways of working are seen to be those that involve lots of people doing either the same, or similar, jobs or jobs in larger companies where employees would be able to cover each other. The other key feasibility issue was being in a position to negotiate a change in working hours with your employer. For some, particularly men and those on lower incomes, this ability to negotiate did not seem realistic.

The majority of employees spoken to welcomed the extended rights to parental leave for those with young children. Respondents were also asked whether they would be willing to pay for this leave. There

was clear agreement that, if parental leave was not paid for, the majority of people would be unlikely to take full advantage of it. Men in particular are unlikely to trade lost wages for more time with their families and those on low wages are also unlikely to be able to afford to sacrifice salary for time. However, response is divided as to whether or not this leave should be paid, and there is evidence of a backlash towards such 'family-friendly' policies among certain groups. The backlash is particularly evident among the youngest and the oldest age groups (18-29 and 50-65) and is more prevalent among men than women. Within these age groups, few are willing to pay more in taxes to fund paid parental leave, and a number believe paid leave would be abused and could potentially cripple small businesses.

However, support for paid parental leave is evident among women in the 30-49 age bracket and men in the middle income bracket aged 30-49. Those in favour of such a policy recognise it is an important incentive that would encourage more parents to take it. Women are particularly conscious of the need for parental leave to be paid in order to encourage men, and not just women, to use it. Some suggest partially paid parental leave as a compromise.

Participation

Being listened to, having a say, and feeling like there is somewhere to voice concerns and complaints in the workplace is important to the majority of employees spoken to. However, participation issues tend not to be top of mind for employees when thinking about quality of work.

Responses in the focus groups suggest that informal mechanisms are valued more by employees as they are less confrontational and fit in with the concept of the workplace as a place of social interaction where there is the same give-and-take as in other areas of life. In contrast, formal mechanisms to have your say in the workplace can be seen as old-fashioned and are associated with trade unions and adversarial work relations. ("We just end up chatting about different things and he'll be asking you ideas and stuff...it's not a problem because it's a small company", said a London man aged 18-29 from the middle income bracket.)

There is evidence that employers themselves are becoming more aware of the need to inform and consult their employees. Those in the middle income bracket frequently describe having regular staff meetings, being kept informed through company newsletters, having access to information on the company intranet and being consulted formally regarding changes. In the lower income bracket, staff meetings were also

fairly common and many describe feeling able to approach their employer and line managers informally with problems and comments.

However, this picture of employers willing to listen is not true across the board. There is some evidence that on big decisions – for example, restructuring the working day – employees can easily be excluded from decisions. For a number of respondents, the desire was for a more open, two-way dialogue between employers and employees where they could move away from feeling that they were 'the last to know' about decisions made in the workplace. ("You need to feel like a person and not just a number. It's true in a lot of jobs that you just end up conforming and you do what they tell you to do; you very rarely get asked your opinion", said a Wallington woman aged 18-29 from the lower income bracket.)

Establishing more formal mechanisms for employees to have a say in decision-making, such as works councils, are welcomed by some as a move in the right direction. Furthermore, regular mechanisms for communication are seen as a positive step – if not always realistic.

However, questions were raised regarding whether such mechanisms really harness power for workers. Some with experience of formal consultations – for example, regarding company take-overs or restructuring – suggest that their employer was just paying lip service to the process. Although the process itself is seen as important, there is a level of cynicism to overcome before employers' motives for consulting are seen as genuine. This cynicism does not suggest that formal consultation methods are not worthwhile. However, it does indicate that formal consultation mechanisms need to be set up in a way that suggests to employees that they are taken seriously, are valued and are not a 'one off', but are part of an ongoing commitment to listen and respond to employees.

Training

There is a general recognition that further training and qualifications can lead to more pay and better job prospects, but many feel it is too late to 'start again'. Those most open to pursuing further qualifications are the younger respondents in the middle income bracket who tend to be more confident that a qualification will help them to progress. For others, there is often a desire to do some further training, but this can be combined with a lack of clarity on what course would be best, a fear of feeling out of place, a concern that costs are too high and scepticism that it might not pay off.

Opportunities for training at work vary significantly between different types of jobs. Those working in the public sector appear most likely to have regular opportunities to learn new skills and keep up to date with developments, regardless of income bracket, often within the framework of new rules and regulations. In other sectors, those in the middle income bracket were more likely to describe having opportunities to develop skills at work than those on lower incomes.

There is a body of quantitative evidence showing that the most training goes to the people who are already highly qualified, and that a significant proportion of the workforce receives none.³ Although the vast majority of workplaces offer training to some of their employees, professionals are far more likely to have received training recently than craft workers or operatives. Small firms are less likely to provide training than large ones, and there is evidence that part-timers receive less than full-time workers.

Conclusion

The findings of the focus groups highlight a number of issues and challenges for government that is committed to enhancing quality and not just quantity of work. There is a need for more information to help people right across the workforce understand the often complex rules around employment rights. Full implementation of new and existing rights will involve publicising them more.

There is enthusiasm for tackling work-life balance issues, and more so than for action in the area of training or workforce participation. However, there is a clear gender split. Flexible working patterns and balancing work with family or other commitments are still seen by many as relevant only to women. The strategy of promoting the benefits of new arrangements to all workers and employers, not just mothers and big firms, still has a long way to go. It is also important to recognise that quality of work is a much more feasible option for those earning more money. The phrase 'quality of work' is itself not the most accessible form of language in which to frame policy. The focus groups suggest a very limited understanding of what has already been done and what is planned under the 'fairness at work' and work-life balance agendas. This means the language used to sell further policies could be a significant factor in getting them accepted. 'Job satisfaction', giving people 'quality time' and 'working to live rather than living to work' are more everyday ways of expressing the same ideas.

Many of the focus group participants spontaneously mentioned discrimination on the grounds of sex and age. This does not necessarily translate into a desire for new legislation. Sex and disability discrimination laws have been in effect for many years, but are not seen as fully effective or accessible as remedies. The new Code of Practice on Age Diversity had not made any impact that these groups were aware of.

A strategy of improvements over and above minimum standards of decency based on voluntary mechanisms will require a cultural shift. This means challenging a culture of low expectations at work. However, it is difficult to draw a line between low expectations, or cynicism, and simple realism. The fact that people have different levels of bargaining power in the labour market, and that some are in an unacceptably weak situation, is the reason that the state intervenes in the employment relationship. The less one earns, the more vulnerable one is likely to be.

Currently, quality of work is not something that many people, particularly in the lower income brackets, are clamouring for. The focus groups demonstrate that enhancing the quality of work requires getting people to think differently and shift their personal priorities, as well as eradicating external barriers such as discrimination and poor employment practice.

Notes

- 1 *Fairness at Work*, Department of Trade and Industry, p3, 1998, Cm 3968.
- 2 *Future of Work: findings of a series of focus groups with people in low-paid jobs*, The Institute for Public Policy Research, July 2000.
- 3 *Skills for all: Research report from the National Skills Task Force*, Department for Education and Employment, 2000.

Copies of the full report may be obtained, free of charge, from Yvonne Smith at DfES, N608, Moorfoot, Sheffield, tel. 0114 259 3441, e-mail: yvonne.smith@dfes.gsi.gov.uk. Information on DfES research is available at: <http://www.dfee.gov.uk/research>.

Staying in work

By Karen Kellard, Robert Walker, Karl Ashworth, Marilyn Howard and Woon Chia Liu,

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Two new reports present the findings of a recent study designed to look at the concept of employment sustainability and to stimulate ideas for policy development

Key points

- Employment sustainability is defined as 'the maintenance of a stable or upward employment trajectory in the longer term'.
- Achieving employment sustainability is more than gaining and maintaining employability or just getting a job. It is also to do with job retention, job stability and career advancement. This involves individual and employer behaviour as well as technical and economic change.
- Employment sustainability also involves encouraging individuals to progress in their employment to the point where they are able to sustain themselves financially.
- Measures relevant to employment sustainability include: time in employment, changes in job, earnings, time between jobs, numbers getting in-work benefits and the numbers returning to welfare.
- Employment sustainability was measured as having no drop in earnings and being in continuous work for either at least three months (short-term measure) or at least nine months (long-term measure). The analysis found around three-quarters of employment spells over the period fitted the short-term measure and around half met the long-term indicator. Younger people were less likely to be in sustained employment. Employment was more likely to be sustainable if entered from education or from looking after the home than from unemployment.
- Employment sustainability highlights the importance of the role of employers, and of links to policies for education and lifelong learning as these have ramifications for career paths and self-sufficiency.

Introduction

THE CENTRE for Research in Social Policy (CRSP), at Loughborough University, was commissioned by the Department for Education and Employment (as was) to examine the concept of 'employment sustainability'. The research consisted of a literature review, qualitative interviews with key agents and policy actors, and an exploration of existing data sets. Each element was designed to help elucidate the concept of employment sustainability and stimulate ideas for policy development.

The results from the study have been published in *Staying in Work: Thinking About a New Policy Agenda*, and in summary form in a shorter policy-focused report *Staying in Work: Policy Overview*.

The literature review

Employment sustainability embraces a common-sense meaning and is defined as: 'the maintenance of a stable or upward employment trajectory in the longer term'.

The review identified a number of concepts related to employment sustainability, including:

- **employability** – the presence of skills and assets, and how they are used;
- **job stability** – recognising the relationship between the characteristics of the job and the job holder;
- **job retention** – the ability to remain in work when circumstances change;
- **employment development or advancement** – including progression in pay, responsibilities or status; and
- **self-sufficiency** – the ability to sustain oneself financially, possibly embracing the capacity to move around the labour market, without government intervention or assistance.

Factors influencing employment sustainability include individual attributes, employers' attitudes and practices, and labour market characteristics.

There are few working policy models designed specifically to promote employment sustainability, and little evidence of what works – there is generally more experience of failure than of success.

Nevertheless, policy evaluation in the USA and Canada suggests that approaches beyond 'case management' should be considered, such as employer-focused interventions, intensive work-readiness training and specific retention help (particularly to tackle practical problems that may arise during the transition from unemployment to employment, such as a breakdown in child-care or transport to work).

In the UK, policy evaluation has tended to focus on the immediate or short-term outcome of programmes rather than longer-term retention or sustainability issues, although the evidence does point to the importance of good job matching and 'work trial' periods. Suggested policy options include: more intensive gateway help; flexibility in sequencing of options; training in 'soft skills'; placements with employers who are committed to continued training to support advancement; testing the impact of intermediate labour markets on retention; pilots to test post-placement services for individuals and employers; and the use of intermediary organisations to assist with pre- and post-employment services.

The interviews with key agents and policy actors

Respondents suggested a number of ways in which policy could address employment sustainability, including:

- mechanisms to support job matching;
- an expansion of a work trial or intern approach;
- developing job-ready skills by providing work preparation assistance;
- increasing emphasis on the development of soft skills;
- a work-first approach to those who were above the threshold of basic job readiness;
- further development of skills alongside employment;
- expansion of the discretionary approach, seen in the personal advisor model, assembling packages of support tailored to individual needs;
- utilising the knowledge and skills of local intermediary organisations and groups, building joined-up partnerships of expertise;

- continuation of support during the early transition into work, and for longer if appropriate;
- liaison between agencies, intermediaries and employers to develop successful strategies to recruit and retain employees; and
- mentoring systems for new employees in the workplace.

The dataset exploration

To turn employment sustainability into a usable concept for the data exploration exercise employment was defined as being composed either of a single job or of an uninterrupted series of jobs.

Using data from the British Household Panel Study (1991-96), two definitions of sustainable employment were identified: one based on the three-month threshold and the other on the nine-month threshold. A job was defined as sustained if it both lasted over the threshold and did not result in an earnings decline. Under the short-term definition, 70 per cent of employment spells were sustained. This declined to 54 per cent under the long-term definition. As expected, younger people were less likely to be in sustained employment. However, other associations were less predictable: single people and those on the lowest earnings tended to be more likely to be in sustainable employment than were couples or those on slightly higher earnings. On the other hand, employment preceded by unemployment was more likely not to be sustained than employment preceded by looking after the home, education or 'other' activities.

Policy implications

Employment sustainability requires policy objectives that extend beyond the promotion of job retention to embrace aspirations for employment retention, progression and the attainment of self-sufficiency. The

attraction of policies that foster employment sustainability is that they offer the possibility of a 'win-win-win' situation: individual and family welfare is enhanced; the skill-base of the economy is increased with positive benefits for international competitiveness; and public expenditure on welfare benefits is reduced. Issues to consider in the design of policy include:

- **addressing supply and demand;** as evidence does not indicate which is the most important set of factors – individual or structural causes – public policies to foster sustainable employment may need to address both supply and demand side factors;
- **targeting;** the US experience suggests that some form of targeting is essential to ensure effectiveness. Targeting may be categorical, based on prior criteria, or discretionary, based on informed judgments about the kind of support required. The provision of services may need to be comprehensive, but focused on those who need the most help;
- **seamless service provision;** individual policies, and the flexible packages of policies that are needed in response to the barriers that people face, should offer seamless provision across the employment divide; service providers need to be proactive and most intensive during the first weeks and months of employment; and
- **case management;** case management by appropriately and well-trained staff enables intensive support for people most at risk of experiencing unsustainable employment.

Suggested services to promote employment sustainability, covering both pre- and post-employment transitions, include: upgrading skills; job search and placement assistance; career mediation; counselling; career and life planning tuition; benefits advice and advocacy; and specialist referral services.

Specific post-employment measures include: earnings supplementation and financial bonuses and incentives for retention or advancement; transitional provision and services; emergency support services; mentoring and support groups; employer mediation; and the provision of in-work support services.

Suggested measures directed towards employers include: financial incentives; peripatetic human resource management; job retention guidance; employment awareness campaigns; and sectoral brokerage services.

Policy development is hindered by a lack of statistical information about the true extent of sustainable employment and the limited value of the traditional datasets for monitoring trends or establishing the impact of new policies.

There are potential gains to be had from policies to foster employment sustainability, but as there is no proven model of delivery or any certainty of success, action should take the form of small-scale, carefully evaluated pilots. These should be accompanied by further analysis of existing data to inform understanding of the underlying relationships, and a strategy to improve the statistical monitoring of trends in employment sustainability.

Copies of the full reports, Staying in Work: Thinking About a New Policy Agenda (RR264) and Staying in Work: Policy Overview (RR265), priced at £4.95 are available from DfES Publications, PO Box 5050, Sherwood Park, Annesley, Nottingham NG15 0DJ, tel. 0845 6022260. Cheques should be made payable to 'DfES Priced Publications'. Copies of this Research Brief (RB264-265) are available free of charge from the above address. Research Briefs and Research Reports can also be accessed at www.dfee.gov.uk/research/.

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Publication dates of main economic indicators July - September

Labour market statistics

Unemployment, employment, vacancies, earnings, hours, unit wage costs, productivity and industrial disputes.

July	18 Wednesday
August	15 Wednesday
September	13 Wednesday

Consumer price indices

July	17 Tuesday
August	14 Tuesday
September	18 Tuesday

EMPLOYMENT

Employment

There are two ways of looking at employment: the number of people in employment or the number of jobs. These two concepts represent different things, as one person can have more than one job (see 'Comparison of sources of employment data', *Labour Market Trends*, December 1997, pp511-16 for more details of differences between the two sources). People aged 16 or over are classed as employed by the Labour Force Survey (LFS), if they have done at least one hour of work in the reference week or are temporarily away from a job (e.g. on holiday). People classify themselves into one of four categories in the LFS (according to their main job if they have more than one): employees, self-employed, unpaid family worker (doing unpaid work for a family-run business) or participating in a government-supported training programme.

Workforce jobs

The number of jobs is mainly collected through postal employer surveys (see notes on sources). This gives the number of employee jobs (formerly known as employees in employment). The total number of workforce jobs (formerly known as workforce in employment) is calculated by summing employee jobs, self-employment jobs from the LFS, those in HM Forces and government-supported trainees. As the main part of the estimate is the employee jobs total, this classification represents the employers' perception of how many jobs there are. It excludes homeworkers and private domestic servants.

Self-employed people (LFS)

Those who, in their main job, work on their own account, whether or not they have employees.

Self-employment jobs

Part of the total workforce jobs. Includes self-employed people in their main job and people who are employees in their main job who are self-employed in their second job (from the LFS).

Government-supported trainees

Those on government-supported training programmes are included in the employee jobs estimate if they have a contract of employment. If, however, they do not have a contract of employment they are included in the workforce jobs estimate as government-supported trainees.

Employment rate

Employment rates can be presented for any population group as the proportion of that group who are in employment. The main presentation of employment rates is the proportion of the population of working age (16-59 for females and 16-64 for males) who are in employment.

UNEMPLOYMENT

ILO unemployment

The International Labour Organisation (ILO) definition of unemployment covers people who are: out of work, want a job, have actively sought work in the previous four weeks and are available to start work within the next fortnight; or out of work and have accepted a job that they are waiting to start in the next fortnight.

Count of claimants of unemployment-related benefits (claimant count)

The claimant count records the number of people claiming unemployment-related benefits. These are currently the Jobseeker's Allowance (JSA) and National Insurance credits, claimed at Employment Service local offices. People claiming JSA must declare that they are out of work, capable of, available for and actively seeking work during the week in which the claim is made. They enter into a Jobseeker's Agreement setting out the action they will take to find work and to improve their prospects of finding employment.

The terms used in the tables are defined more fully in the periodic articles in Labour Market Trends that relate to particular statistical series

ILO unemployment rate

The percentage of economically active people who are unemployed on the ILO measure. Can be calculated for any population group.

Claimant count rate

The number of claimants resident in an area expressed as a percentage of the sum of claimants and workforce jobs in the area.

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

Economically active

The economically active population are those who are either in employment or ILO unemployed.

Economic activity rate

The number of people who are in employment or unemployed as a percentage of the total population aged 16 and over. Can be calculated for any population group.

ECONOMIC INACTIVITY

Economically inactive

Economically inactive people are out of work, but do not satisfy all the criteria for ILO unemployment, such as those in retirement and those who are not actively seeking work.

Economic inactivity rate

The number of economically inactive people as a percentage of the total population aged 16 and over. Can be calculated for any population group.

EARNINGS

Earnings

A measure of gross remuneration people receive in return for work done. It includes salaries and bonuses but does not include non-monetary perks such as benefits in kind. This differs from income, which is the amount of money

received from all sources. Income includes interest from building society and bank accounts, dividends from shares, benefit receipts, trust funds, etc. It should be noted that the Average Earnings Index excludes bonuses at the more detailed industry levels shown in Table E.2, in order to reduce volatility in the Index.

Average Earnings Index

Average earnings are obtained by dividing the total paid by the total number of employees paid, including those on strike. The headline rate is the change in the average seasonally-adjusted index values for the last three months compared with the same period a year ago, and replaces the underlying rate of change.

HOURS WORKED (New Earnings Survey)

Normal weekly hours

The time which an employee is expected to work in a normal week excluding all overtime and main meal breaks.

Weekly hours worked

The actual hours worked during the reference week and hours not worked but paid for under guarantee agreements.

HOURS WORKED (Labour Force Survey)

Respondents to the LFS are asked a series of questions enabling the identification of both their usual hours and their actual hours during the reference week, excluding meal breaks, but including paid and unpaid overtime.

OTHER DEFINITIONS

General index of retail prices

The Retail Prices Index measures the change in the prices of goods and services bought for the purpose of consumption by the vast majority of households in the UK. The general index includes virtually all types of household spending as detailed in Table H.12.

Labour disputes

Statistics cover disputes (strikes) connected with terms and conditions of employment. Workers involved and working days lost relate to persons both directly and indirectly involved at the establishments where the disputes occurred.

Productivity

The number of units of output (measured by the Index of Production for the manufacturing sector and by Gross Domestic Product for the whole economy) produced by each filled job.

Standard Industrial Classification (SIC)

The classification system used to provide a consistent industrial breakdown for UK official statistics. It was revised in 1968, 1980 and 1992. The SIC 1992 classification splits businesses into 17 sections, A-Q. The breakdown includes the following categories: **production** industries – SIC 1992 Section E including **manufacturing** (Section D); **service** industries – SIC 1992 Sections G-Q.

Standard Occupational Classification (SOC)

The classification system used to provide a consistent occupational breakdown for UK official statistics. This system was introduced in 1991.

Unit wage costs

A measure of the cost of wages and salaries in producing a unit of output.

Jobcentre vacancies

A job opportunity notified by an employer to a Jobcentre or careers office (including 'self-employed' opportunities created by employers) which remained unfilled on the day of the count.

CONVENTIONS

The following standard symbols are used:

..	not available
–	nil or negligible (less than half the final digit shown)
P	provisional
—	break in series
R	revised
r	series revised from indicated entry onwards
nec	not elsewhere classified
SIC	UK Standard Industrial Classification
EU	European Union

Where figures have been rounded to the final digit, there may be an apparent slight discrepancy between the sum of the constituent items and the total as shown. Although figures may be given in unrounded form to facilitate the calculation of percentage changes, rates of change etc by users, this does not imply that the figures can be estimated to this degree of precision, and it must be recognised that they may be the subject of sampling and other errors.

Labour Market Data tables: comparisons of old and new numbers

Old subject, table names and numbers		New table names and numbers	
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Labour Force Survey: UK	0.1	UK summary: seasonally adjusted and unadjusted	A.1
Workforce: UK	0.2	Workforce jobs	B.11
Labour Force Survey: GB	0.3	Regional labour market summary	A.11
Workforce: GB	0.4	Workforce jobs	B.11
Background economic indicators	0.5	Background economic indicators	H.1
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Workforce	1.1	Workforce jobs	B.11
Employees in employment: industry time series	1.2	Employee jobs by industry	B.12
Employees in employment: industry: production industries	1.3	Employee jobs: industry: production industries	B.13
All industries: by division, class or group	1.4	Employee jobs: by division, class or group	B.14
Employees in employment by region and sector	1.5	Employee jobs by region and industry	B.16
Output, employment and productivity	1.8	Output, employment and productivity	B.32
Selected countries: national definition	1.9	Employment: selected countries: national definitions	B.51
Tourism-related industries in Great Britain	1.14	Employment in tourism-related industries in Great Britain	B.17
UNEMPLOYMENT			
Claimant count: UK summary	2.1	Claimant count by region	C.11
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Claimant count by region	2.3	Claimant count by region	C.11
Claimant count: Travel-to-Work Areas	2.4	Claimant count area statistics: Travel-to-Work Areas	C.21
Claimant count by age and duration	2.5	Claimant count by age and duration	C.12
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Claimant count by region	M	Jul 2001	C.11	Jobseekers with disabilities placed into employment	M	Jun 2001	G.22
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Claimant count: counties/local authorities	M	Jul 2001	C.22	Job-related training	Q	Jun 2001	296
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A.1 LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

Labour Force Survey summary: all, seasonally adjusted

Thousands

UNITED KINGDOM		Total economically active	Total in employment ^a	ILO unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	ILO unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	All								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
All people aged 16 and over	MGSL	MGSF	MGRZ	MGSC	MGSI	MGWG	MGSR	MGSX	YBTC
Spring quarters (Mar-May)									
1988	44,797	28,487	25,969	2,518	16,310	63.6	58.0	8.8	36.4
1989	44,978	28,897	26,791	2,106	16,081	64.2	59.6	7.3	35.8
1990	45,107	29,038	27,033	2,005	16,070	64.4	59.9	6.9	35.6
1991	45,226	28,935	26,490	2,445	16,291	64.0	58.6	8.4	36.0
1992	45,310	28,699	25,868	2,831	16,611	63.3	57.1	9.9	36.7
1993	45,400	28,565	25,568	2,997	16,836	62.9	56.3	10.5	37.1
1994	45,488	28,578	25,780	2,798	16,909	62.8	56.7	9.8	37.2
1995	45,641	28,618	26,100	2,518	17,023	62.7	57.2	8.8	37.3
1996	45,835	28,806	26,412	2,394	17,030	62.8	57.6	8.3	37.2
1997	46,036	29,004	26,916	2,087	17,032	63.0	58.5	7.2	37.0
1998	46,253	29,049	27,227	1,822	17,204	62.8	58.9	6.3	37.0
1999	46,431	29,356	27,560	1,795	17,075	63.2	59.4	6.1	36.8
2000	46,581	29,574	27,913	1,661	17,007	63.5	59.9	5.6	36.5
3 month averages									
Feb-Apr 1999	46,417	29,355	27,548	1,807	17,062	63.2	59.3	6.2	36.8
Mar-May (Spr)	46,431	29,356	27,560	1,795	17,075	63.2	59.4	6.1	36.8
Apr-Jun	46,444	29,366	27,592	1,774	17,078	63.2	59.4	6.0	36.8
May-Jul	46,458	29,359	27,601	1,758	17,098	63.2	59.4	6.0	36.8
Jun-Aug (Sum)	46,471	29,394	27,643	1,751	17,077	63.3	59.5	6.0	36.7
Jul-Sep	46,483	29,434	27,689	1,745	17,050	63.3	59.6	5.9	36.7
Aug-Oct	46,496	29,414	27,682	1,731	17,082	63.3	59.5	5.9	36.7
Sep-Nov (Aut)	46,508	29,480	27,743	1,737	17,028	63.4	59.7	5.9	36.6
Oct-Dec	46,520	29,518	27,790	1,728	17,002	63.5	59.7	5.9	36.5
Nov 99-Jan 2000	46,532	29,500	27,756	1,744	17,032	63.4	59.6	5.9	36.6
Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	46,544	29,493	27,784	1,709	17,051	63.4	59.7	5.8	36.6
Jan-Mar 2000	46,556	29,535	27,833	1,702	17,022	63.4	59.8	5.8	36.6
Feb-Apr	46,568	29,556	27,881	1,676	17,012	63.5	59.9	5.7	36.5
Mar-May (Spr)	46,581	29,574	27,913	1,661	17,007	63.5	59.9	5.6	36.5
Apr-Jun	46,593	29,543	27,926	1,618	17,050	63.4	59.9	5.5	36.6
May-Jul	46,605	29,542	27,964	1,578	17,063	63.4	60.0	5.3	36.6
Jun-Aug (Sum)	46,617	29,549	27,980	1,569	17,068	63.4	60.0	5.3	36.6
Jul-Sep	46,665	29,579	27,992	1,587	17,086	63.4	60.0	5.4	36.6
Aug-Oct	46,686	29,590	27,977	1,613	17,096	63.4	59.9	5.4	36.6
Sep-Nov (Aut)	46,707	29,552	27,975	1,577	17,155	63.3	59.9	5.3	36.7
Oct-Dec	46,727	29,562	28,001	1,561	17,165	63.3	59.9	5.3	36.7
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	46,748	29,617	28,075	1,543	17,131	63.4	60.1	5.2	36.6
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	46,769	29,623	28,088	1,535	17,146	63.3	60.1	5.2	36.7
Jan-Mar 2001	46,790	29,598	28,101	1,497	17,192	63.3	60.1	5.1	36.7
Feb-Apr	46,811	29,619	28,142	1,478	17,191	63.3	60.1	5.0	36.7
Changes									
Over last 3 months	62	2	67	-65	61	-0.1	0.1	-0.2	0.1
Percent	0.1	0.0	0.2	-4.2	0.4				
Over last 12 months	243	63	261	-198	180	-0.2	0.2	-0.7	0.2
Percent	0.5	0.2	0.9	-11.8	1.1				
All people aged 16-59(W)/64(M)	YBTF	YBSK	YBSE	YBSH	YBSN	MGSO	MGSU	YBTI	YBTL
Spring quarters (Mar-May)									
1988	34,772	27,762	25,284	2,477	7,010	79.8	72.7	8.9	20.2
1989	34,908	28,061	26,007	2,054	6,847	80.4	74.5	7.3	19.6
1990	35,018	28,216	26,246	1,970	6,802	80.6	75.0	7.0	19.4
1991	35,103	28,118	25,713	2,404	6,986	80.1	73.3	8.6	19.9
1992	35,174	27,855	25,056	2,799	7,318	79.2	71.2	10.0	20.8
1993	35,242	27,762	24,799	2,963	7,481	78.8	70.4	10.7	21.2
1994	35,337	27,773	25,002	2,771	7,564	78.6	70.8	10.0	21.4
1995	35,483	27,807	25,308	2,499	7,676	78.4	71.3	9.0	21.6
1996	35,663	28,018	25,645	2,373	7,645	78.6	71.9	8.5	21.4
1997	35,844	28,182	26,118	2,063	7,663	78.6	72.9	7.3	21.4
1998	36,026	28,258	26,457	1,802	7,768	78.4	73.4	6.4	21.6
1999	36,177	28,525	26,750	1,775	7,652	78.8	73.9	6.2	21.2
2000	36,312	28,736	27,092	1,644	7,577	79.1	74.6	5.7	20.9
3-month averages									
Feb-Apr 1999	36,165	28,535	26,746	1,789	7,630	78.9	74.0	6.3	21.1
Mar-May (Spr)	36,177	28,525	26,750	1,775	7,652	78.8	73.9	6.2	21.2
Apr-Jun	36,189	28,539	26,784	1,754	7,650	78.9	74.0	6.1	21.1
May-Jul	36,200	28,537	26,798	1,739	7,663	78.8	74.0	6.1	21.2
Jun-Aug (Sum)	36,212	28,566	26,836	1,730	7,646	78.9	74.1	6.1	21.1
Jul-Sep	36,223	28,601	26,879	1,723	7,622	79.0	74.2	6.0	21.0
Aug-Oct	36,234	28,587	26,875	1,712	7,647	78.9	74.2	6.0	21.1
Sep-Nov (Aut)	36,245	28,647	26,930	1,717	7,599	79.0	74.3	6.0	21.0
Oct-Dec	36,257	28,671	26,963	1,708	7,585	79.1	74.4	6.0	20.9
Nov 99-Jan 2000	36,268	28,652	26,928	1,724	7,616	79.0	74.2	6.0	21.0
Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	36,279	28,635	26,947	1,688	7,643	78.9	74.3	5.9	21.1
Jan-Mar 2000	36,290	28,683	26,999	1,684	7,607	79.0	74.4	5.9	21.0
Feb-Apr	36,301	28,705	27,046	1,659	7,596	79.1	74.5	5.8	20.9
Mar-May (Spr)	36,312	28,736	27,092	1,644	7,577	79.1	74.6	5.7	20.9
Apr-Jun	36,323	28,702	27,102	1,601	7,621	79.0	74.6	5.6	21.0
May-Jul	36,334	28,697	27,139	1,559	7,637	79.0	74.7	5.4	21.0
Jun-Aug (Sum)	36,346	28,709	27,157	1,552	7,637	79.0	74.7	5.4	21.0
Jul-Sep	36,392	28,746	27,173	1,573	7,646	79.0	74.7	5.5	21.0
Aug-Oct	36,412	28,755	27,158	1,597	7,657	79.0	74.6	5.6	21.0
Sep-Nov (Aut)	36,433	28,711	27,151	1,560	7,722	78.8	74.5	5.4	21.2
Oct-Dec	36,452	28,726	27,184	1,543	7,726	78.8	74.6	5.4	21.2
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	36,473	28,787	27,262	1,525	7,686	78.9	74.7	5.3	21.1
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	36,493	28,795	27,278	1,517	7,698	78.9	74.7	5.3	21.1
Jan-Mar 2001	36,514	28,780	27,302	1,479	7,733	78.8	74.8	5.1	21.2
Feb-Apr	36,534	28,798	27,338	1,460	7,736	78.8	74.8	5.1	21.2
Changes									
Over last 3 months	61	11	76	-65	50	-0.1	0.1	-0.2	0.1
Percent	0.2	0.0	0.3	-4.3	0.6				
Over last 12 months	233	93	292	-199	140	-0.2	0.3	-0.7	0.2
Percent	0.6	0.3	1.1	-12.0	1.8				

LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY **A.1**

Labour Force Survey summary: male, seasonally adjusted

Thousands

UNITED KINGDOM SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	All aged 16 and over	Total economically active	Total in employment ^a	ILO unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	ILO unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Males aged 16 and over Spring quarters (Mar-May)	MGSM	MGSG	MGSA	MGSD	MGSJ	MGWH	MGSS	MGSY	YBTD
1988	21,596	16,378	14,885	1,492	5,218	75.8	68.9	9.1	24.2
1989	21,706	16,508	15,277	1,231	5,198	76.1	70.4	7.5	23.9
1990	21,801	16,556	15,376	1,180	5,245	75.9	70.5	7.1	24.1
1991	21,871	16,474	14,945	1,530	5,397	75.3	68.3	9.3	24.7
1992	21,924	16,265	14,372	1,893	5,659	74.2	65.6	11.6	25.8
1993	21,985	16,099	14,085	2,014	5,886	73.2	64.1	12.5	26.8
1994	22,049	16,078	14,224	1,854	5,971	72.9	64.5	11.5	27.1
1995	22,156	16,090	14,451	1,639	6,065	72.6	65.2	10.2	27.4
1996	22,283	16,136	14,562	1,574	6,147	72.4	65.3	9.8	27.6
1997	22,412	16,184	14,857	1,328	6,228	72.2	66.3	8.2	27.8
1998	22,547	16,181	15,067	1,114	6,366	71.8	66.8	6.9	28.2
1999	22,657	16,318	15,210	1,108	6,339	72.0	67.1	6.8	28.0
2000	22,754	16,411	15,409	1,002	6,343	72.1	67.7	6.1	27.9
3-month averages									
Feb-Apr 1999	22,649	16,310	15,198	1,112	6,339	72.0	67.1	6.8	28.0
Mar-May (Spr)	22,657	16,318	15,210	1,108	6,339	72.0	67.1	6.8	28.0
Apr-Jun	22,666	16,326	15,231	1,095	6,340	72.0	67.2	6.7	28.0
May-Jul	22,674	16,325	15,244	1,081	6,349	72.0	67.2	6.6	28.0
Jun-Aug (Sum)	22,682	16,344	15,275	1,069	6,339	72.1	67.3	6.5	27.9
Jul-Sep	22,690	16,361	15,294	1,067	6,329	72.1	67.4	6.5	27.9
Aug-Oct	22,698	16,345	15,299	1,046	6,353	72.0	67.4	6.4	28.0
Sep-Nov (Aut)	22,706	16,383	15,330	1,053	6,323	72.2	67.5	6.4	27.8
Oct-Dec	22,714	16,387	15,342	1,045	6,327	72.1	67.5	6.4	27.9
Nov 99-Jan 2000	22,722	16,389	15,328	1,061	6,333	72.1	67.5	6.5	27.9
Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	22,730	16,353	15,327	1,026	6,377	71.9	67.4	6.3	28.1
Jan-Mar 2000	22,738	16,379	15,361	1,019	6,359	72.0	67.6	6.2	28.0
Feb-Apr	22,746	16,406	15,402	1,004	6,340	72.1	67.7	6.1	27.9
Mar-May (Spr)	22,754	16,411	15,409	1,002	6,343	72.1	67.7	6.1	27.9
Apr-Jun	22,762	16,371	15,388	983	6,391	71.9	67.6	6.0	28.1
May-Jul	22,770	16,350	15,400	950	6,420	71.8	67.6	5.8	28.2
Jun-Aug (Sum)	22,778	16,344	15,399	945	6,434	71.8	67.6	5.8	28.2
Jul-Sep	22,811	16,365	15,419	947	6,446	71.7	67.6	5.8	28.3
Aug-Oct	22,823	16,387	15,425	962	6,436	71.8	67.6	5.9	28.2
Sep-Nov (Aut)	22,837	16,378	15,426	952	6,459	71.7	67.5	5.8	28.3
Oct-Dec	22,850	16,399	15,449	949	6,451	71.8	67.6	5.8	28.2
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	22,864	16,420	15,476	943	6,444	71.8	67.7	5.7	28.2
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	22,877	16,433	15,484	949	6,444	71.8	67.7	5.8	28.2
Jan-Mar 2001	22,890	16,428	15,508	920	6,463	71.8	67.7	5.6	28.2
Feb-Apr	22,904	16,413	15,518	895	6,491	71.7	67.8	5.5	28.3
Changes									
Over last 3 months	40	-7	42	-49	47	-0.2	0.1	-0.3	0.2
<i>Percent</i>	<i>0.2</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>0.3</i>	<i>-5.1</i>	<i>0.7</i>				
Over last 12 months	158	7	116	-110	151	-0.5	0.0	-0.7	0.5
<i>Percent</i>	<i>0.7</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>0.8</i>	<i>-10.9</i>	<i>2.4</i>				
Males aged 16 to 64 Spring quarters (Mar-May)	YBTG	YBSL	YBSF	YBSI	YBSO	MGSP	MGSV	YBTJ	YBTM
1988	18,169	16,099	14,623	1,476	2,071	88.6	80.5	9.2	11.4
1989	18,242	16,191	14,986	1,205	2,051	88.8	82.1	7.4	11.2
1990	18,312	16,249	15,085	1,164	2,063	88.7	82.4	7.2	11.3
1991	18,350	16,172	14,660	1,512	2,178	88.1	79.9	9.3	11.9
1992	18,382	15,949	14,072	1,877	2,433	86.8	76.6	11.8	13.2
1993	18,414	15,831	13,830	2,001	2,583	86.0	75.1	12.6	14.0
1994	18,460	15,803	13,960	1,843	2,657	85.6	75.6	11.7	14.4
1995	18,541	15,793	14,163	1,631	2,747	85.2	76.4	10.3	14.8
1996	18,641	15,859	14,296	1,562	2,782	85.1	76.7	9.9	14.9
1997	18,744	15,905	14,589	1,316	2,839	84.9	77.8	8.3	15.1
1998	18,852	15,900	14,795	1,105	2,952	84.3	78.5	6.9	15.7
1999	18,943	16,025	14,925	1,099	2,918	84.6	78.8	6.9	15.4
2000	19,020	16,121	15,126	995	2,899	84.8	79.5	6.2	15.2
3-month averages									
Feb-Apr 1999	18,936	16,021	14,916	1,105	2,915	84.6	78.8	6.9	15.4
Mar-May (Spr)	18,943	16,025	14,925	1,099	2,918	84.6	78.8	6.9	15.4
Apr-Jun	18,950	16,031	14,945	1,086	2,919	84.6	78.9	6.8	15.4
May-Jul	18,957	16,033	14,961	1,072	2,924	84.6	78.9	6.7	15.4
Jun-Aug (Sum)	18,964	16,047	14,987	1,060	2,917	84.6	79.0	6.6	15.4
Jul-Sep	18,970	16,064	15,007	1,057	2,906	84.7	79.1	6.6	15.3
Aug-Oct	18,976	16,053	15,016	1,037	2,923	84.6	79.1	6.5	15.4
Sep-Nov (Aut)	18,983	16,089	15,043	1,046	2,893	84.8	79.2	6.5	15.2
Oct-Dec	18,989	16,087	15,049	1,038	2,902	84.7	79.3	6.5	15.3
Nov 99-Jan 2000	18,995	16,093	15,039	1,054	2,902	84.7	79.2	6.5	15.3
Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	19,001	16,060	15,040	1,020	2,941	84.5	79.2	6.4	15.5
Jan-Mar 2000	19,008	16,084	15,072	1,012	2,923	84.6	79.3	6.3	15.5
Feb-Apr	19,014	16,108	15,110	999	2,905	84.7	79.5	6.2	15.3
Mar-May (Spr)	19,020	16,121	15,126	995	2,899	84.8	79.5	6.2	15.2
Apr-Jun	19,026	16,086	15,110	976	2,940	84.5	79.4	6.1	15.5
May-Jul	19,032	16,063	15,122	941	2,969	84.4	79.5	5.9	15.6
Jun-Aug (Sum)	19,039	16,063	15,125	938	2,975	84.4	79.4	5.8	15.6
Jul-Sep	19,068	16,087	15,145	942	2,981	84.4	79.4	5.9	15.6
Aug-Oct	19,078	16,103	15,147	956	2,975	84.4	79.4	5.9	15.6
Sep-Nov (Aut)	19,089	16,092	15,149	943	2,997	84.3	79.4	5.9	15.7
Oct-Dec	19,100	16,118	15,177	940	2,982	84.4	79.5	5.8	15.6
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	19,111	16,143	15,208	935	2,968	84.5	79.6	5.8	15.5
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	19,122	16,155	15,215	940	2,967	84.5	79.6	5.8	15.5
Jan-Mar 2001	19,133	16,160	15,249	911	2,973	84.5	79.7	5.6	15.5
Feb-Apr	19,144	16,143	15,257	887	3,001	84.3	79.7	5.5	15.7
Changes									
Over last 3 months	33	0	48	-48	33	-0.1	0.1	-0.3	0.1
<i>Percent</i>	<i>0.2</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>0.3</i>	<i>-5.1</i>	<i>1.1</i>				
Over last 12 months	131	35	147	-112	96	-0.4	0.2	-0.7	0.4
<i>Percent</i>	<i>0.7</i>	<i>0.2</i>	<i>1.0</i>	<i>-11.2</i>	<i>3.3</i>				

a Since spring 1992 unpaid family workers have been classified as in employment.

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+5; 2=3+4; 6=2/1; 7=3/1; 8=4/2; 9=5/1.
See technical note on pS12.

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

A.1 LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

Labour Force Survey summary: female, seasonally adjusted

Thousands

UNITED KINGDOM		Total economically active	Total in employment ^a	ILO unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	ILO unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	All								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Females aged 16 and over									
Spring quarters (Mar-May)	MGSN	MGSB	MGSB	MGSE	MGSK	MGWI	MGST	MGSZ	YBTE
1988	23,201	12,109	11,084	1,025	11,092	52.2	47.8	8.5	47.8
1989	23,272	12,389	11,514	875	10,883	53.2	49.5	7.1	46.8
1990	23,307	12,482	11,657	825	10,825	53.6	50.0	6.6	46.4
1991	23,354	12,461	11,546	915	10,893	53.4	49.4	7.3	46.6
1992	23,386	12,434	11,496	938	10,952	53.2	49.2	7.5	46.8
1993	23,415	12,466	11,483	982	10,949	53.2	49.0	7.9	46.8
1994	23,438	12,500	11,556	943	10,938	53.3	49.3	7.5	46.7
1995	23,486	12,528	11,649	879	10,958	53.3	49.6	7.0	46.7
1996	23,553	12,670	11,850	820	10,883	53.8	50.3	6.5	46.2
1997	23,624	12,819	12,060	760	10,805	54.3	51.0	5.9	45.7
1998	23,707	12,868	12,160	708	10,838	54.3	51.3	5.5	45.2
1999	23,774	13,037	12,350	687	10,736	54.8	51.9	5.3	45.2
2000	23,826	13,163	12,504	659	10,663	55.2	52.5	5.0	44.8
3-month average									
Feb-Apr 1999	23,769	13,045	12,350	695	10,723	54.9	52.0	5.3	45.1
Mar-May (Spr)	23,774	13,037	12,350	687	10,736	54.8	51.9	5.3	45.2
Apr-Jun	23,779	13,040	12,361	679	10,739	54.8	52.0	5.2	45.2
May-Jul	23,784	13,035	12,357	678	10,749	54.8	52.0	5.2	45.2
Jun-Aug (Sum)	23,789	13,050	12,368	682	10,739	54.9	52.0	5.2	45.1
Jul-Sep	23,793	13,072	12,395	678	10,721	54.9	52.1	5.2	45.1
Aug-Oct	23,797	13,068	12,383	685	10,729	54.9	52.0	5.2	45.1
Sep-Nov (Aut)	23,801	13,096	12,413	683	10,705	55.0	52.2	5.2	45.0
Oct-Dec	23,805	13,131	12,448	683	10,675	55.2	52.3	5.2	44.8
Nov 99-Jan 2000	23,810	13,111	12,428	683	10,699	55.1	52.2	5.2	44.9
Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	23,814	13,140	12,457	682	10,674	55.2	52.3	5.2	44.8
Jan-Mar 2000	23,818	13,155	12,472	683	10,663	55.2	52.4	5.2	44.8
Feb-Apr	23,822	13,150	12,479	671	10,672	55.2	52.4	5.1	44.8
Mar-May (Spr)	23,826	13,163	12,504	659	10,663	55.2	52.5	5.0	44.8
Apr-Jun	23,831	13,172	12,538	635	10,658	55.3	52.6	4.8	44.7
May-Jul	23,835	13,192	12,564	627	10,643	55.3	52.7	4.8	44.7
Jun-Aug (Sum)	23,839	13,205	12,581	624	10,634	55.4	52.8	4.7	44.6
Jul-Sep	23,855	13,214	12,574	640	10,641	55.4	52.7	4.8	44.6
Aug-Oct	23,863	13,202	12,552	650	10,660	55.3	52.6	4.9	44.7
Sep-Nov (Aut)	23,870	13,174	12,548	626	10,696	55.2	52.6	4.7	44.8
Oct-Dec	23,877	13,163	12,551	612	10,714	55.1	52.6	4.6	44.9
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	23,884	13,198	12,598	600	10,687	55.3	52.7	4.5	44.7
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	23,892	13,190	12,604	586	10,702	55.2	52.8	4.4	44.8
Jan-Mar 2001	23,899	13,170	12,593	578	10,729	55.1	52.7	4.4	44.9
Feb-Apr	23,907	13,207	12,624	583	10,700	55.2	52.8	4.4	44.8
Changes									
Over last 3 months	22	9	26	-17	14	0.0	0.1	-0.1	0.0
Percent	0.1	0.1	0.2	-2.8	0.1				
Over last 12 months	85	56	145	-89	28	0.0	0.4	-0.7	0.0
Percent	0.4	0.4	1.2	-13.2	0.3				
Females aged 16 to 59									
Spring quarters (Mar-May)	YBTH	YBSM	YBSG	YBSJ	YBSP	MGSQ	MGSW	YBTK	YBTN
1988	16,602	11,663	10,661	1,001	4,939	70.2	64.2	8.6	29.8
1989	16,666	11,870	11,022	849	4,796	71.2	66.1	7.1	28.8
1990	16,706	11,967	11,161	806	4,739	71.6	66.8	6.7	28.4
1991	16,754	11,946	11,053	893	4,808	71.3	66.0	7.5	28.7
1992	16,792	11,906	10,984	922	4,885	70.9	65.4	7.7	29.1
1993	16,828	11,931	10,969	961	4,897	70.9	65.2	8.1	29.1
1994	16,877	11,970	11,043	928	4,907	70.9	65.4	7.7	29.1
1995	16,942	12,013	11,145	869	4,929	70.9	65.8	7.2	29.1
1996	17,022	12,159	11,348	811	4,863	71.4	66.7	6.7	28.6
1997	17,101	12,277	11,530	748	4,824	71.8	67.4	6.1	28.2
1998	17,174	12,359	11,662	697	4,815	72.0	67.9	5.6	28.0
1999	17,234	12,501	11,825	676	4,734	72.5	68.6	5.4	27.5
2000	17,292	12,615	11,966	649	4,677	73.0	69.2	5.1	27.0
3-month averages									
Feb-Apr 1999	17,230	12,514	11,830	684	4,716	72.6	68.7	5.5	27.4
Mar-May (Spr)	17,234	12,501	11,825	676	4,734	72.5	68.6	5.4	27.5
Apr-Jun	17,239	12,508	11,839	669	4,731	72.6	68.7	5.3	27.4
May-Jul	17,244	12,504	11,837	667	4,740	72.5	68.6	5.3	27.5
Jun-Aug (Sum)	17,248	12,519	11,849	670	4,730	72.6	68.7	5.3	27.4
Jul-Sep	17,253	12,538	11,872	665	4,715	72.7	68.8	5.3	27.3
Aug-Oct	17,258	12,534	11,859	675	4,724	72.6	68.7	5.4	27.4
Sep-Nov (Aut)	17,263	12,557	11,887	671	4,705	72.7	68.9	5.3	27.3
Oct-Dec	17,268	12,584	11,914	670	4,683	72.9	69.0	5.3	27.1
Nov 99-Jan 2000	17,273	12,558	11,889	669	4,714	72.7	68.8	5.3	27.3
Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	17,277	12,575	11,907	668	4,702	72.8	68.9	5.3	27.2
Jan-Mar 2000	17,282	12,598	11,927	672	4,684	72.9	69.0	5.3	27.1
Feb-Apr	17,287	12,597	11,937	660	4,690	72.9	69.0	5.2	27.1
Mar-May (Spr)	17,292	12,615	11,966	649	4,677	73.0	69.2	5.1	27.0
Apr-Jun	17,297	12,616	11,992	624	4,681	72.9	69.3	4.9	27.1
May-Jul	17,301	12,634	12,017	618	4,667	73.0	69.5	4.9	27.0
Jun-Aug (Sum)	17,307	12,646	12,031	614	4,661	73.1	69.5	4.9	26.9
Jul-Sep	17,324	12,659	12,028	632	4,665	73.1	69.4	5.0	26.9
Aug-Oct	17,334	12,652	12,011	641	4,682	73.0	69.3	5.1	27.0
Sep-Nov (Aut)	17,343	12,619	12,002	617	4,725	72.8	69.2	4.9	27.2
Oct-Dec	17,352	12,609	12,006	602	4,743	72.7	69.2	4.8	27.3
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	17,362	12,644	12,054	590	4,717	72.8	69.4	4.7	27.2
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	17,371	12,640	12,063	577	4,731	72.8	69.4	4.6	27.2
Jan-Mar 2001	17,380	12,620	12,053	568	4,760	72.6	69.3	4.5	27.4
Feb-Apr	17,389	12,655	12,081	573	4,735	72.8	69.5	4.5	27.2
Changes									
Over last 3 months	28	11	28	-17	17	-0.1	0.0	-0.1	0.1
Percent	0.2	0.1	0.2	-2.9	0.4				
Over last 12 months	102	58	145	-87	44	-0.1	0.4	-0.7	0.1
Percent	0.6	0.5	1.2	-13.2	0.9				

a Since spring 1992 unpaid family workers have been classified as in employment.

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+5; 2=3+4; 6=2/1; 7=3/1; 8=4/2; 9=5/1. See technical note on pS12.

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

Labour Force Survey summary: all, not seasonally adjusted

A.1

Thousands

UNITED KINGDOM		Total economically active	Total in employment ^a	ILO unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	ILO unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	All								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
All people aged 16 and over	MGTY	MGTS	MGTM	MGTP	MGTV		MGUE	MGUK	
Spring quarters (Mar-May)									
1988	44,797	28,345	25,860	2,485	16,453	63.3	57.7	8.8	36.7
1989	44,978	28,764	26,689	2,075	16,214	64.0	59.3	7.2	36.0
1990	45,107	28,909	26,935	1,974	16,198	64.1	59.7	6.8	35.9
1991	45,226	28,813	26,400	2,414	16,413	63.7	58.4	8.4	36.3
1992	45,310	28,582	25,812	2,769	16,729	63.1	57.0	9.7	36.9
1993	45,400	28,447	25,511	2,936	16,954	62.7	56.2	10.3	37.3
1994	45,488	28,455	25,717	2,738	17,032	62.6	56.5	9.6	37.4
1995	45,641	28,486	26,026	2,460	17,155	62.4	57.0	8.6	37.6
1996	45,835	28,663	26,323	2,340	17,172	62.5	57.4	8.2	37.5
1997	46,036	28,852	26,814	2,037	17,184	62.7	58.2	7.1	37.3
1998	46,253	28,892	27,116	1,776	17,361	62.5	58.6	6.1	37.5
1999	46,431	29,194	27,442	1,752	17,237	62.9	59.1	6.0	37.1
2000	46,581	29,412	27,793	1,619	17,169	63.1	59.7	5.5	36.9
3-month averages									
Feb-Apr 1999	46,417	29,243	27,432	1,810	17,174	63.0	59.1	6.2	37.0
Mar-May (Spr)	46,431	29,194	27,442	1,752	17,237	62.9	59.1	6.0	37.1
Apr-Jun	46,444	29,261	27,512	1,748	17,184	63.0	59.2	6.0	37.0
May-Jul	46,458	29,388	27,615	1,772	17,070	63.3	59.4	6.0	36.7
Jun-Aug (Sum)	46,471	29,596	27,778	1,818	16,875	63.7	59.8	6.1	36.3
Jul-Sep	46,483	29,656	27,838	1,819	16,827	63.8	59.9	6.1	36.2
Aug-Oct	46,496	29,542	27,785	1,757	16,953	63.5	59.8	5.9	36.5
Sep-Nov (Aut)	46,508	29,542	27,807	1,735	16,966	63.5	59.8	5.9	36.5
Oct-Dec	46,520	29,524	27,857	1,667	16,996	63.5	59.9	5.6	36.5
Nov 99 - Jan 2000	46,532	29,463	27,767	1,696	17,069	63.3	59.7	5.8	36.7
Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	46,544	29,382	27,693	1,689	17,162	63.1	59.5	5.7	36.9
Jan-Mar 2000	46,556	29,418	27,696	1,722	17,138	63.2	59.5	5.9	36.8
Feb-Apr	46,568	29,448	27,765	1,683	17,121	63.2	59.6	5.7	36.8
Mar-May (Spr)	46,581	29,412	27,793	1,619	17,169	63.1	59.7	5.5	36.9
Apr-Jun	46,593	29,433	27,844	1,589	17,160	63.2	59.8	5.4	36.8
May-Jul	46,605	29,564	27,977	1,587	17,040	63.4	60.0	5.4	36.6
Jun-Aug (Sum)	46,617	29,750	28,118	1,632	16,868	63.8	60.3	5.5	36.2
Jul-Sep	46,665	29,803	28,146	1,657	16,862	63.9	60.3	5.6	36.1
Aug-Oct	46,686	29,716	28,077	1,639	16,971	63.6	60.1	5.5	36.4
Sep-Nov (Aut)	46,707	29,611	28,036	1,575	17,096	63.4	60.0	5.3	36.6
Oct-Dec	46,727	29,568	28,068	1,500	17,158	63.3	60.1	5.1	36.7
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	46,748	29,585	28,088	1,497	17,163	63.3	60.1	5.1	36.7
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	46,769	29,516	27,997	1,519	17,253	63.1	59.9	5.1	36.9
Jan-Mar 2001	46,790	29,480	27,961	1,519	17,309	63.0	59.8	5.2	37.0
Feb-Apr	46,811	29,508	28,027	1,481	17,303	63.0	59.9	5.0	37.0
Changes Over last 12 months	243	60	262	-202	182	-0.2	0.3	-0.7	0.2
<i>Percent</i>	<i>0.5</i>	<i>0.2</i>	<i>0.9</i>	<i>-12.0</i>	<i>1.1</i>				
All people aged 16-59(W)/64(M)		YBSW	YBSQ	YBST	YBSZ	MGUB	MGUH		
Spring quarters (Mar-May)									
1988	34,772	27,619	25,174	2,445	7,152	79.4	72.4	8.9	20.6
1989	34,908	27,928	25,905	2,022	6,980	80.0	74.2	7.2	20.0
1990	35,108	28,087	26,149	1,939	6,931	80.2	74.7	6.9	19.8
1991	35,103	27,995	25,662	2,373	7,108	79.8	73.0	8.5	20.2
1992	35,174	27,734	24,997	2,738	7,440	78.8	71.1	9.2	21.2
1993	35,242	27,640	24,738	2,902	7,602	78.4	70.2	10.5	21.6
1994	35,337	27,648	24,936	2,712	7,690	78.2	70.6	9.8	21.8
1995	35,483	27,673	25,230	2,443	7,810	78.0	71.1	8.8	22.0
1996	35,663	27,873	25,552	2,321	7,790	78.2	71.6	8.3	21.8
1997	35,844	28,026	26,012	2,015	7,818	78.2	72.6	7.2	21.8
1998	36,026	28,097	26,341	1,757	7,929	78.0	73.1	6.3	22.0
1999	36,177	28,359	26,627	1,732	7,818	78.4	73.6	6.1	21.6
2000	36,312	28,568	26,966	1,602	7,744	78.7	74.3	5.6	21.3
3-month averages									
Feb-Apr 1999	36,165	28,421	26,628	1,793	7,744	78.6	73.6	6.3	21.4
Mar-May (Spr)	36,177	28,359	26,627	1,732	7,818	78.4	73.6	6.1	21.6
Apr-Jun	36,189	28,428	26,699	1,729	7,760	78.6	73.8	6.1	21.4
May-Jul	36,200	28,562	26,807	1,754	7,639	78.9	74.1	6.1	21.1
Jun-Aug (Sum)	36,212	28,765	26,966	1,798	7,447	79.4	74.5	6.3	20.6
Jul-Sep	36,223	28,828	27,032	1,796	7,395	79.6	74.6	6.2	20.4
Aug-Oct	36,234	28,717	26,980	1,737	7,517	79.3	74.5	6.0	20.7
Sep-Nov (Aut)	36,245	28,711	26,997	1,714	7,534	79.2	74.5	6.0	20.8
Oct-Dec	36,257	28,679	27,032	1,647	7,578	79.1	74.6	5.7	20.9
Nov 99 - Jan 2000	36,268	28,619	26,945	1,675	7,648	78.9	74.3	5.9	21.1
Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	36,279	28,531	26,862	1,669	7,748	78.6	74.0	5.8	21.4
Jan-Mar 2000	36,290	28,564	26,860	1,704	7,726	78.7	74.0	6.0	21.3
Feb-Apr	36,301	28,594	26,928	1,666	7,707	78.8	74.2	5.8	21.2
Mar-May (Spr)	36,312	28,568	26,966	1,602	7,744	78.7	74.3	5.6	21.3
Apr-Jun	36,323	28,587	27,015	1,572	7,737	78.7	74.4	5.5	21.3
May-Jul	36,334	28,717	27,148	1,569	7,617	79.0	74.7	5.5	21.0
Jun-Aug (Sum)	36,346	28,907	27,291	1,617	7,438	79.5	75.1	5.6	20.5
Jul-Sep	36,392	28,975	27,332	1,643	7,417	79.6	75.1	5.7	20.4
Aug-Oct	36,412	28,883	27,261	1,623	7,529	79.3	74.9	5.6	20.7
Sep-Nov (Aut)	36,433	28,773	27,215	1,557	7,660	79.0	74.7	5.4	21.0
Oct-Dec	36,452	28,734	27,252	1,481	7,718	78.8	74.8	5.2	21.2
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	36,473	28,759	27,279	1,479	7,714	78.8	74.8	5.1	21.2
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	36,493	28,694	27,192	1,501	7,799	78.6	74.5	5.2	21.4
Jan-Mar 2001	36,514	28,660	27,161	1,499	7,853	78.5	74.4	5.2	21.5
Feb-Apr	36,534	28,684	27,220	1,464	7,850	78.5	74.5	5.1	21.5
Changes Over last 12 months	233	90	292	-202	143	-0.3	0.3	-0.7	0.3
<i>Percent</i>	<i>0.6</i>	<i>0.3</i>	<i>1.1</i>	<i>-12.1</i>	<i>1.9</i>				

a Since spring 1992 unpaid family workers have been classified as in employment.

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+5; 2=3+4; 6=2/1; 7=3/1; 8=4/2; 9=5/1.

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

A.1 LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

Labour Force Survey summary: male, not seasonally adjusted

Thousands

UNITED KINGDOM NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	All	Total economically active	Total in employment ^a	ILO unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	ILO unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Males aged 16 and over Spring quarters (Mar-May)	MGTZ	MGTT	MGTN	MGTQ	MGTW		MGUF	MGUL	
1988	21,596	16,299	14,824	1,475	5,297	75.5	68.6	9.0	24.5
1989	21,706	16,434	15,219	1,215	5,272	75.7	70.1	7.4	24.3
1990	21,801	16,483	15,318	1,165	5,318	75.6	70.3	7.1	24.4
1991	21,871	16,401	14,887	1,514	5,470	75.0	68.1	9.2	25.0
1992	21,924	16,187	14,322	1,865	5,737	73.8	65.3	11.5	26.2
1993	21,985	16,021	14,035	1,986	5,964	72.9	63.8	12.4	27.1
1994	22,049	16,000	14,173	1,826	6,050	72.6	64.3	11.4	27.4
1995	22,156	16,009	14,397	1,612	6,146	72.3	65.0	10.1	27.7
1996	22,283	16,052	14,503	1,549	6,230	72.0	65.1	9.6	28.0
1997	22,412	16,098	14,792	1,306	6,314	71.8	66.0	8.1	28.2
1998	22,547	16,096	14,999	1,098	6,450	71.4	66.5	6.8	28.6
1999	22,657	16,234	15,138	1,095	6,423	71.6	66.8	6.7	28.4
2000	22,754	16,327	15,336	991	6,427	71.8	67.4	6.1	28.2
3-month averages									
Feb-Apr 1999	22,649	16,242	15,118	1,124	6,406	71.7	66.8	6.9	28.3
Mar-May (Spr)	22,657	16,234	15,138	1,095	6,423	71.6	66.8	6.7	28.4
Apr-Jun	22,666	16,277	15,191	1,087	6,388	71.8	67.0	6.7	28.2
May-Jul	22,674	16,345	15,261	1,084	6,329	72.1	67.3	6.6	27.9
Jun-Aug (Sum)	22,682	16,471	15,367	1,104	6,211	72.6	67.7	6.7	27.4
Jul-Sep	22,690	16,501	15,400	1,101	6,190	72.7	67.9	6.7	27.3
Aug-Oct	22,698	16,419	15,374	1,045	6,280	72.3	67.7	6.4	27.7
Sep-Nov (Aut)	22,706	16,398	15,364	1,033	6,309	72.2	67.7	6.3	27.8
Oct-Dec	22,714	16,376	15,369	1,008	6,338	72.1	67.7	6.2	27.9
Nov99-Jan 2000	22,722	16,368	15,324	1,044	6,354	72.0	67.4	6.4	28.0
Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	22,730	16,289	15,264	1,026	6,441	71.7	67.2	6.3	28.3
Jan-Mar 2000	22,738	16,307	15,273	1,034	6,431	71.7	67.2	6.3	28.3
Feb-Apr	22,746	16,341	15,323	1,018	6,406	71.8	67.4	6.2	28.2
Mar-May (Spr)	22,754	16,327	15,336	991	6,427	71.8	67.4	6.1	28.2
Apr-Jun	22,762	16,320	15,346	974	6,442	71.7	67.4	6.0	28.3
May-Jul	22,770	16,365	15,414	950	6,405	71.9	67.7	5.8	28.1
Jun-Aug (Sum)	22,778	16,468	15,491	977	6,310	72.3	68.0	5.9	27.7
Jul-Sep	22,811	16,502	15,525	977	6,309	72.3	68.1	5.9	27.7
Aug-Oct	22,823	16,458	15,497	960	6,366	72.1	67.9	5.8	27.9
Sep-Nov (Aut)	22,837	16,392	15,461	931	6,445	71.8	67.7	5.7	28.2
Oct-Dec	22,850	16,390	15,478	912	6,460	71.7	67.7	5.6	28.3
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	22,864	16,403	15,474	929	6,461	71.7	67.7	5.7	28.3
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	22,877	16,373	15,421	952	6,504	71.6	67.4	5.8	28.4
Jan-Mar 2001	22,890	16,358	15,422	936	6,533	71.5	67.4	5.7	28.5
Feb-Apr	22,904	16,345	15,441	904	6,559	71.4	67.4	5.5	28.6
Changes Over last 12 months Percent	158 0.7	4 0.0	118 0.8	-114 -11.2	154 2.4	-0.5	0.1	-0.7	0.5
Males aged 16 to 64 Spring quarters (Mar-May)		YBSX	YBSR	YBSU	YBTA		MGUC	MGUI	
1988	18,169	16,020	14,561	1,458	2,150	88.2	80.1	9.1	11.8
1989	18,242	16,117	14,927	1,189	2,126	88.3	81.8	7.4	11.7
1990	18,312	16,175	15,027	1,148	2,136	88.3	82.1	7.1	11.7
1991	18,350	16,099	14,603	1,496	2,251	87.7	79.6	9.3	12.3
1992	18,382	15,871	14,021	1,850	2,511	86.3	76.3	11.7	13.7
1993	18,414	15,754	13,780	1,974	2,661	85.6	74.8	12.5	14.4
1994	18,460	15,725	13,909	1,816	2,735	85.2	75.3	11.5	14.8
1995	18,541	15,713	14,109	1,604	2,828	84.7	76.1	10.2	15.3
1996	18,641	15,776	14,238	1,538	2,866	84.6	76.4	9.7	15.4
1997	18,744	15,818	14,523	1,294	2,926	84.4	77.5	8.2	15.6
1998	18,852	15,813	14,725	1,088	3,038	83.9	78.1	6.9	16.1
1999	18,943	15,937	14,851	1,086	3,006	84.1	78.4	6.8	15.9
2000	19,020	16,034	15,049	984	2,987	84.3	79.1	6.1	15.7
3-month averages									
Feb-Apr 1999	18,936	15,953	14,836	1,117	2,983	84.2	78.4	7.0	15.8
Mar-May (Spr)	18,943	15,937	14,851	1,086	3,006	84.1	78.4	6.8	15.9
Apr-Jun	18,950	15,980	14,902	1,078	2,970	84.3	78.6	6.7	15.7
May-Jul	18,957	16,050	14,974	1,076	2,906	84.7	79.0	6.7	15.3
Jun-Aug (Sum)	18,964	16,172	15,076	1,096	2,792	85.3	79.5	6.8	14.7
Jul-Sep	18,970	16,203	15,112	1,091	2,767	85.4	79.7	6.7	14.6
Aug-Oct	18,976	16,128	15,091	1,037	2,849	85.0	79.5	6.4	15.0
Sep-Nov (Aut)	18,983	16,105	15,079	1,026	2,878	84.8	79.4	6.4	15.2
Oct-Dec	18,989	16,079	15,078	1,001	2,910	84.7	79.4	6.2	15.3
Nov99-Jan 2000	18,995	16,076	15,040	1,037	2,919	84.6	79.2	6.4	15.4
Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	19,001	16,001	14,981	1,020	3,000	84.2	78.8	6.4	15.8
Jan-Mar 2000	19,008	16,012	14,984	1,028	2,996	84.2	78.8	6.4	15.8
Feb-Apr	19,014	16,042	15,029	1,012	2,972	84.4	79.0	6.3	15.6
Mar-May (Spr)	19,020	16,034	15,049	984	2,987	84.3	79.1	6.1	15.7
Apr-Jun	19,026	16,032	15,065	967	2,994	84.3	79.2	6.0	15.7
May-Jul	19,032	16,075	15,134	942	2,957	84.5	79.5	5.9	15.5
Jun-Aug (Sum)	19,039	16,184	15,214	970	2,854	85.0	79.9	6.0	15.0
Jul-Sep	19,068	16,224	15,252	972	2,844	85.1	80.0	6.0	14.9
Aug-Oct	19,078	16,175	15,221	955	2,903	84.8	79.8	5.9	15.2
Sep-Nov (Aut)	19,089	16,107	15,184	923	2,982	84.4	79.5	5.7	15.6
Oct-Dec	19,100	16,111	15,208	903	2,989	84.4	79.6	5.6	15.6
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	19,111	16,131	15,211	920	2,980	84.4	79.6	5.7	15.6
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	19,122	16,100	15,157	943	3,022	84.2	79.3	5.9	15.8
Jan-Mar 2001	19,133	16,090	15,164	927	3,043	84.1	79.3	5.8	15.9
Feb-Apr	19,144	16,075	15,178	896	3,070	84.0	79.3	5.6	16.0
Changes Over last 12 months Percent	131 0.7	33 0.2	149 1.0	-116 -11.5	98 3.3	-0.4	0.2	-0.7	0.4

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

a Since spring 1992 unpaid family workers have been classified as in employment.

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+5; 2=3+4; 6=2/1; 7=3/1; 8=4/2; 9=5/1.

LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

Labour Force Survey summary: female, not seasonally adjusted

A.1
Thousands

UNITED KINGDOM NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	All	Total economically active	Total in employment ^a	ILO unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	ILO unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Females aged 16 and over Spring quarters (Mar-May)	MGUA	MG TU	MG TO	MG TR	MG TX		MGUG	MGUM	
1988	23,201	12,046	11,036	1,010	11,155	51.9	47.6	8.4	48.1
1989	23,272	12,330	11,470	860	10,942	53.0	49.3	7.0	47.0
1990	23,307	12,427	11,617	809	10,880	53.3	49.8	6.5	46.7
1991	23,354	12,412	11,512	900	10,942	53.1	49.3	7.2	46.9
1992	23,386	12,395	11,491	904	10,992	53.0	49.1	7.3	47.0
1993	23,415	12,426	11,476	949	10,989	53.1	49.0	7.6	46.9
1994	23,438	12,456	11,544	912	10,983	53.1	49.3	7.3	46.9
1995	23,486	12,477	11,629	849	11,009	53.1	49.5	6.8	46.9
1996	23,553	12,611	11,820	791	10,942	53.5	50.2	6.3	46.5
1997	23,624	12,754	12,022	732	10,871	54.0	50.9	5.7	46.0
1998	23,707	12,796	12,117	679	10,911	54.0	51.1	5.3	46.0
1999	23,774	12,960	12,304	657	10,813	54.5	51.8	5.1	45.5
2000	23,826	13,084	12,457	628	10,742	54.9	52.3	4.8	45.1
3-month averages									
Feb-Apr 1999	23,769	13,001	12,314	686	10,768	54.7	51.8	5.3	45.3
Mar-May (Spr)	23,774	12,960	12,304	657	10,813	54.5	51.8	5.1	45.5
Apr-Jun	23,779	12,983	12,322	662	10,795	54.6	51.8	5.1	45.4
May-Jul	23,784	13,043	12,354	689	10,741	54.8	51.9	5.3	45.2
Jun-Aug (Sum)	23,789	13,125	12,411	714	10,664	55.2	52.2	5.4	44.8
Jul-Sep	23,793	13,156	12,438	718	10,637	55.3	52.3	5.5	44.7
Aug-Oct	23,797	13,124	12,411	712	10,673	55.1	52.2	5.4	44.9
Sep-Nov (Aut)	23,801	13,144	12,443	701	10,657	55.2	52.3	5.3	44.8
Oct-Dec	23,805	13,147	12,488	660	10,658	55.2	52.5	5.0	44.8
Nov99 - Jan 2000	23,810	13,095	12,443	652	10,715	55.0	52.3	5.0	45.0
Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	23,814	13,093	12,430	664	10,721	55.0	52.2	5.1	45.0
Jan-Mar 2000	23,818	13,111	12,423	688	10,707	55.0	52.2	5.2	45.0
Feb-Apr	23,822	13,107	12,442	665	10,715	55.0	52.2	5.1	45.0
Mar-May (Spr)	23,826	13,084	12,457	628	10,742	54.9	52.3	4.8	45.1
Apr-Jun	23,831	13,113	12,498	615	10,718	55.0	52.4	4.7	45.0
May-Jul	23,835	13,199	12,563	636	10,635	55.4	52.7	4.8	44.6
Jun-Aug (Sum)	23,839	13,282	12,627	655	10,557	55.7	53.0	4.9	44.3
Jul-Sep	23,855	13,301	12,621	680	10,554	55.8	52.9	5.1	44.2
Aug-Oct	23,863	13,258	12,579	678	10,605	55.6	52.7	5.1	44.4
Sep-Nov (Aut)	23,870	13,220	12,575	644	10,650	55.4	52.7	4.9	44.6
Oct-Dec	23,877	13,178	12,590	588	10,699	55.2	52.7	4.5	44.8
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	23,884	13,182	12,613	569	10,703	55.2	52.8	4.3	44.8
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	23,892	13,143	12,576	568	10,749	55.0	52.6	4.3	45.0
Jan-Mar 2001	23,899	13,123	12,540	583	10,777	54.9	52.5	4.4	45.1
Feb-Apr	23,907	13,163	12,586	577	10,744	55.1	52.6	4.4	44.9
Changes									
Over last 12 months	85	56	144	-87	29	0.0	0.4	-0.7	0.0
<i>Per cent</i>	<i>0.4</i>	<i>0.4</i>	<i>1.2</i>	<i>-13.2</i>	<i>0.3</i>				
Females aged 16 to 59 Spring quarters (Mar-May)		YBSY	YBSS	YBSV	YBTB	MGUD	MGUJ		
1988	16,602	11,600	10,613	987	5,002	69.9	63.9	8.5	30.1
1989	16,666	11,811	10,978	833	4,855	70.9	65.9	7.1	29.1
1990	16,706	11,912	11,122	790	4,794	71.3	66.6	6.6	28.7
1991	16,754	11,897	11,020	877	4,857	71.0	65.8	7.4	29.0
1992	16,792	11,863	10,975	888	4,929	70.6	65.4	7.5	29.4
1993	16,828	11,887	10,958	928	4,941	70.6	65.1	7.8	29.4
1994	16,877	11,923	11,026	896	4,955	70.6	65.3	7.5	29.4
1995	16,942	11,960	11,121	839	4,982	70.6	65.6	7.0	29.4
1996	17,022	12,098	11,315	783	4,924	71.1	66.5	6.5	28.9
1997	17,101	12,208	11,488	720	4,892	71.4	67.2	5.9	28.6
1998	17,174	12,284	11,616	668	4,890	71.5	67.6	5.4	28.5
1999	17,234	12,422	11,776	646	4,812	72.1	68.3	5.2	27.9
2000	17,292	12,534	11,916	618	4,758	72.5	68.9	4.9	27.5
3-month averages									
Feb-Apr 1999	17,230	12,468	11,792	676	4,761	72.4	68.4	5.4	27.6
Mar-May (Spr)	17,234	12,422	11,776	646	4,812	72.1	68.3	5.2	27.9
Apr-Jun	17,239	12,449	11,797	652	4,790	72.2	68.4	5.2	27.8
May-Jul	17,244	12,512	11,833	679	4,732	72.6	68.6	5.4	27.4
Jun-Aug (Sum)	17,248	12,593	11,891	703	4,655	73.0	68.9	5.6	27.0
Jul-Sep	17,253	12,626	11,920	705	4,628	73.2	69.1	5.6	26.8
Aug-Oct	17,258	12,589	11,889	700	4,669	72.9	68.9	5.6	27.1
Sep-Nov (Aut)	17,263	12,606	11,918	688	4,657	73.0	69.0	5.5	27.0
Oct-Dec	17,268	12,600	11,954	647	4,667	73.0	69.2	5.1	27.0
Nov99 - Jan 2000	17,273	12,543	11,905	638	4,730	72.6	68.9	5.1	27.4
Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	17,277	12,530	11,881	649	4,748	72.5	68.8	5.2	27.5
Jan-Mar 2000	17,282	12,552	11,876	676	4,730	72.6	68.7	5.4	27.4
Feb-Apr	17,287	12,552	11,898	654	4,735	72.6	68.8	5.2	27.4
Mar-May (Spr)	17,292	12,534	11,916	618	4,758	72.5	68.9	4.9	27.5
Apr-Jun	17,297	12,555	11,950	605	4,742	72.6	69.1	4.8	27.4
May-Jul	17,301	12,642	12,014	628	4,660	73.1	69.4	5.0	26.9
Jun-Aug (Sum)	17,307	12,723	12,077	647	4,584	73.5	69.8	5.1	26.5
Jul-Sep	17,324	12,751	12,080	671	4,573	73.6	69.7	5.3	26.4
Aug-Oct	17,334	12,708	12,040	668	4,626	73.3	69.5	5.3	26.7
Sep-Nov (Aut)	17,343	12,665	12,031	634	4,678	73.0	69.4	5.0	27.0
Oct-Dec	17,352	12,623	12,044	579	4,729	72.7	69.4	4.6	27.3
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	17,362	12,627	12,068	559	4,734	72.7	69.5	4.4	27.3
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	17,371	12,594	12,036	558	4,777	72.5	69.3	4.4	27.5
Jan-Mar 2001	17,380	12,570	11,997	573	4,810	72.3	69.0	4.6	27.7
Feb-Apr	17,389	12,609	12,041	568	4,780	72.5	69.2	4.5	27.5
Changes									
Over last 12 months	102	57	143	-86	45	-0.1	0.4	-0.7	0.1
<i>Per cent</i>	<i>0.6</i>	<i>0.5</i>	<i>1.2</i>	<i>-13.1</i>	<i>0.9</i>				

^a Since spring 1992 unpaid family workers have been classified as in employment.

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+5; 2=3+4; 6=2/1; 7=3/1; 8=4/2; 9=5/1.

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

A.1 LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

Labour Force Survey summary - technical note

COMPARISONS OVER TIME

ONS recommends that non-overlapping periods are always used for comparisons over time.

The sample design of the LFS enables estimates for any three consecutive months to be calculated. ONS began publication of these estimates in April 1998. The most reliable comparison is one between non-overlapping periods. For the latest data, compare the data from three months previously e.g. December to February data with that for September to November rather than November to January. Due to the overlap of two months, the latter comparison would actually just compare the single months of November and February, but the data are not robust enough to make this comparison. This can lead to unreliable conclusions about change. For further details see article by Richard Laux, pp59-63, *Labour Market Trends*, February 1998.

SAMPLING VARIABILITY OF LABOUR FORCE SURVEY DATA

LFS data are based on statistical samples (see Sources, pS2) and, as such, are subject to sampling variability. If we drew many samples, each would give a different result. The ranges shown for the LFS data in the table below represent '95 per cent confidence intervals'. We would expect that in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value. The ranges are approximated from not seasonally adjusted data for Feb-Apr 2001 in line with research on the topic. For more information, see the *Guide to Labour Market Statistics Releases*, or the *LFS Quarterly Supplement*.

UNITED KINGDOM SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	Level	Sampling variability	Change on quarter	Sampling variability	Change on year	Sampling variability
In employment (000s)	28,142	±162	67	±117	261	±206
Employment rate	74.8%	±0.4%	0.1%	±0.3%	0.3%	±0.5%
ILO unemployment (000s)	1,478	±51	-65	±53	-198	±71
ILO unemployment rate	5.0%	±0.2%	-0.2%	±0.2%	-0.7%	±0.2%
Economically active (000s)	29,619	±159	2	±116	63	±203
Economic activity rate	78.8%	±0.3%	-0.1%	±0.2%	-0.2%	±0.4%

For more detailed analyses, please see the *Labour Force Survey Quarterly Supplement*.

Note: Following the introduction of the Local Labour Force Survey (see article pp195-9, *Labour Market Trends*, May 2000), the survey design for the main Labour Force Survey has changed from June 2000. There will be more interview areas from which interviews will be selected. In the short term (i.e. from April to June 2000 until August to October 2001) it is predicted that there will be a very slight increase in standard errors across measures of employment, ILO unemployment and economic inactivity (expected to be no bigger than 4 per cent), as the survey methodology switches from old to new interview areas. After that period there will be a decrease in those standard errors because of the increase in the number of interview areas, leading to improved stratification of the sampling. There will be no impact on the levels, rates or changes in LFS data; there will only be an impact on standard errors. For more information see article by Dave Elliot in the July 2000 edition of the ONS Survey Methodology Bulletin, or contact Adrian Jones, tel. 020 7533 6133.

A.2 LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

Labour Force Survey trends series: employment and unemployment - technical note

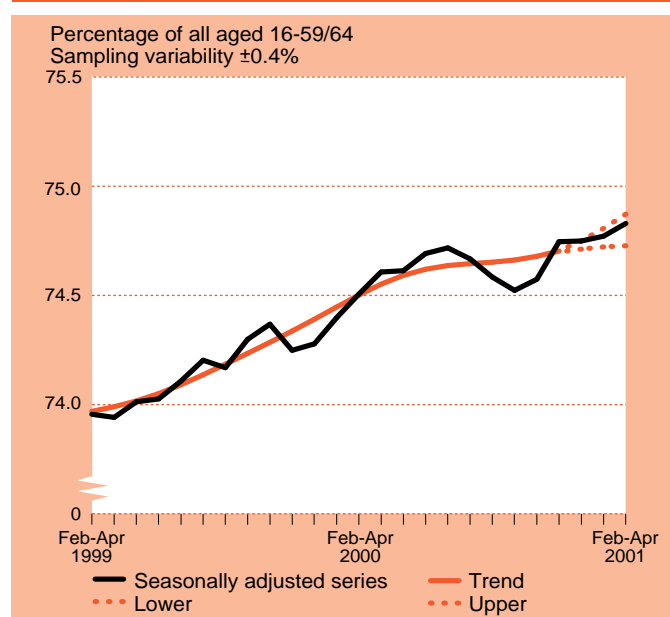
Trends indicating the underlying movement of the series, after factors such as seasonality and irregular values have been removed, are shown in the graphs below. The trends are estimated using a standard approach adopted by ONS, based on the results of its short-term trends research project. In this case, the recommended method is to apply a 13-term Henderson moving average, augmented by two stages of outlier detection and ARIMA modelling, to the seasonally adjusted series. For more information, see *An Investigation of Trend Estimation Methods*, available from the Time Series Analysis Branch (020 7533 6236).

Estimates of the trends at the end of the series are subject to revision when new data become available. The graphs below give an indication of the likely extent of these revisions. They have been constructed by making statistical estimates of the range of values within which the next data point in the series is likely to fall. The resultant extended series have been used to calculate the corresponding likely range of revised trend estimates. Note that this range does not take account of revisions which might arise from seasonal adjustment.

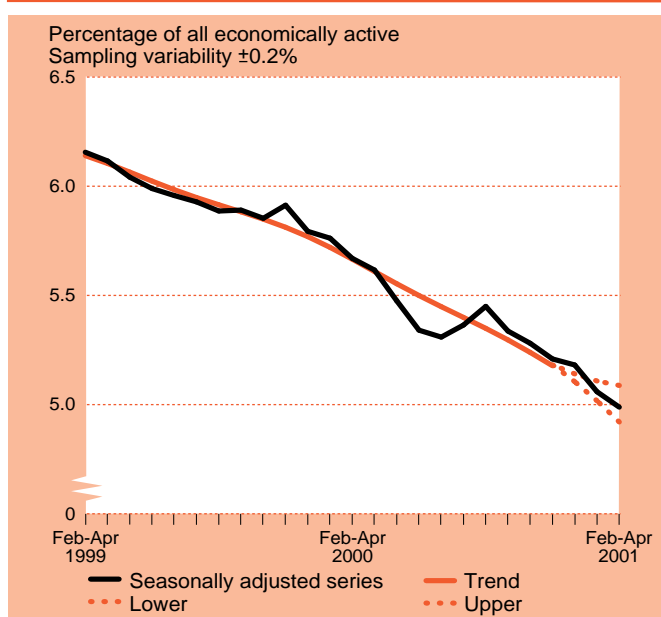
There is a margin of error surrounding the trend estimates, particularly at the end of the series. The trend can be used to get a general impression of the underlying trend behaviour of employment, or ILO unemployment, but month-on-month changes in the trend numbers should not be reported.

For further information, please see the article on pp431-6, *Labour Market Trends*, August 1999.

Employment



ILO unemployment



LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

Labour Force Survey trend series: employment and unemployment

A.2

UNITED KINGDOM ^a	Employment ^b		ILO unemployment ^c	
	Level (thousands)	Rate (per cent)	Level (thousands)	Rate (per cent)
3-month averages				
Feb-Apr 1993	25,557	70.4	3,011	10.5
Mar-May	25,554	70.3	3,004	10.5
Apr-Jun	25,566	70.3	2,992	10.5
May-Jul	25,564	70.3	2,980	10.4
Jun-Aug	25,575	70.4	2,968	10.4
Jul-Sep	25,588	70.4	2,957	10.4
Aug-Oct	25,604	70.4	2,947	10.3
Sep-Nov	25,623	70.4	2,935	10.3
Oct-Dec	25,645	70.5	2,921	10.2
Nov 93-Jan 94	25,669	70.5	2,903	10.2
Dec 93-Feb 94	25,696	70.6	2,883	10.1
Jan-Mar 1994	25,724	70.6	2,859	10.0
Feb-Apr	25,753	70.7	2,834	9.9
Mar-May	25,780	70.8	2,807	9.8
Apr-Jun	25,807	70.8	2,779	9.7
May-Jul	25,832	70.9	2,749	9.6
Jun-Aug	25,857	70.9	2,717	9.5
Jul-Sep	25,881	71.0	2,684	9.4
Aug-Oct	25,904	71.0	2,650	9.3
Sep-Nov	25,927	71.0	2,617	9.2
Oct-Dec	25,951	71.1	2,589	9.1
Nov 94-Jan 95	25,975	71.1	2,565	9.0
Dec 94-Feb 95	26,002	71.1	2,548	8.9
Jan-Mar 1995	26,030	71.2	2,534	8.9
Feb-Apr	26,061	71.2	2,524	8.8
Mar-May	26,094	71.3	2,514	8.8
Apr-Jun	26,128	71.4	2,505	8.7
May-Jul	26,163	71.4	2,496	8.7
Jun-Aug	26,198	71.5	2,487	8.7
Jul-Sep	26,231	71.6	2,479	8.6
Aug-Oct	26,262	71.6	2,470	8.6
Sep-Nov	26,290	71.7	2,459	8.6
Oct-Dec	26,315	71.8	2,448	8.5
Nov 95-Jan 96	26,336	71.8	2,437	8.5
Dec 95-Feb 96	26,353	71.8	2,424	8.4
Jan-Mar 1996	26,369	71.8	2,412	8.4
Feb-Apr	26,384	71.9	2,399	8.3
Mar-May	26,400	71.9	2,386	8.3
Apr-Jun	26,420	71.9	2,372	8.2
May-Jul	26,444	71.9	2,358	8.2
Jun-Aug	26,473	72.0	2,343	8.1
Jul-Sep	26,510	72.1	2,327	8.1
Aug-Oct	26,552	72.1	2,308	8.0
Sep-Nov	26,601	72.2	2,286	7.9
Oct-Dec	26,654	72.4	2,259	7.8
Nov 96-Jan 97	26,710	72.5	2,229	7.7
Dec 96-Feb 97	26,767	72.6	2,197	7.6
Jan-Mar 1997	26,823	72.7	2,164	7.5
Feb-Apr	26,874	72.8	2,132	7.3
Mar-May	26,921	72.9	2,100	7.2
Apr-Jun	26,962	73.0	2,070	7.1
May-Jul	26,999	73.0	2,040	7.0
Jun-Aug	27,030	73.1	2,011	6.9
Jul-Sep	27,057	73.1	1,981	6.8
Aug-Oct	27,080	73.2	1,952	6.7
Sep-Nov	27,101	73.2	1,924	6.6
Oct-Dec	27,121	73.2	1,898	6.5
Nov 97-Jan 98	27,140	73.3	1,877	6.5
Dec 97-Feb 98	27,161	73.3	1,860	6.4
Jan-Mar 1998	27,185	73.4	1,847	6.4
Feb-Apr	27,210	73.4	1,839	6.3
Mar-May	27,238	73.5	1,834	6.3
Apr-Jun	27,267	73.5	1,831	6.3
May-Jul	27,299	73.6	1,830	6.3
Jun-Aug	27,332	73.6	1,828	6.3
Jul-Sep	27,366	73.7	1,827	6.3
Aug-Oct	27,401	73.8	1,825	6.2
Sep-Nov	27,433	73.8	1,824	6.2
Oct-Dec	27,464	73.9	1,821	6.2
Nov 98-Jan 99	27,491	73.9	1,819	6.2
Dec 98-Feb 99	27,514	73.9	1,816	6.2
Jan-Mar 1999	27,535	74.0	1,811	6.
Feb-Apr	27,553	74.0	1,804	6.1
Mar-May	27,572	74.0	1,794	6.1
Apr-Jun	27,592	74.0	1,783	6.1
May-Jul	27,614	74.1	1,771	6.0
Jun-Aug	27,640	74.1	1,761	6.0
Jul-Sep	27,667	74.1	1,751	5.9
Aug-Oct	27,695	74.2	1,742	5.9
Sep-Nov	27,723	74.2	1,733	5.9
Oct-Dec	27,752	74.3	1,724	5.8
Nov 99-Jan 2000	27,781	74.3	1,714	5.8
Dec 99-Feb 2000	27,812	74.4	1,703	5.8
Jan-Mar 2000	27,842	74.4	1,689	5.7
Feb-Apr	27,872	74.5	1,674	5.7
Mar-May	27,900	74.6	1,658	5.6
Apr-Jun	27,925	74.6	1,641	5.6
May-Jul	27,947	74.6	1,626	5.5
Jun-Aug	27,966	74.6	1,611	5.4
Jul-Sep	27,982	74.6	1,596	5.4
Aug-Oct	27,997	74.7	1,581	5.3
Sep-Nov	28,014	74.7	1,565	5.3
Oct-Dec	28,032	74.7	1,549	5.2
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	28,053	74.7	1,531	5.2
Dec 2000-Feb 2001	28,077	74.7	1,514	5.1
Jan-Mar 2001	28,103	74.8	1,496	5.1
Feb-Apr	28,130	74.8	1,479	5.0

a Trend estimates prior to Dec 94-Feb 95 (excluding Mar-May periods), are based on data including interpolated data for Northern Ireland. For further information see pp211-15, *Labour Market Trends*, April 1999.

b Levels are for those aged 16 and over and rates are for those of working age.

c Levels and rates are for those aged 16 and over. The rate is as a proportion of the economically active.

Note: There is a margin of error surrounding the trend estimates, particularly at the end of the series. The trend can be used to get a general impression of the underlying behaviour of employment, or ILO unemployment, but month-on-month changes in the trend numbers should not be reported. For more information, see technical note on pS12.

All figures are revised.

July 2001

Labour Market **trends**

S 13

A.3 LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

Other headline indicators

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM		Workforce jobs		
		Levels		
		All	Male	Female
		DYDC	LOLA	LOLB
1999	March R	28,770	15,439	13,331
	June R	28,869	15,470	13,399
	September R	28,983	15,519	13,464
	December R	29,041	15,531	13,510
2000	March R	29,028	15,513	13,515
	June R	29,062	15,526	13,535
	September R	29,071	15,503	13,567
	December R	29,159	15,542	13,617
2001	March	29,147	15,518	13,629
Change on quarter		-12	-24	13
<i>Percent</i>		<i>0.0</i>	<i>-0.2</i>	<i>0.1</i>
Change on year		119	5	114
<i>Percent</i>		<i>0.4</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>0.8</i>

UNITED KINGDOM		Claimant count ^a			Rates (%) ^b		
		Levels					
		All	Male	Female	All	Male	Female
		BCJD	DPAE	DPAF	BCJE	DPAH	DPAI
2000	May	1,106.2	843.5	262.7	3.7	5.1	1.9
	June	1,094.4	835.0	259.4	3.6	5.1	1.9
	July ^d	1,071.1	819.6	251.5	3.6	5.0	1.8
	August	1,057.3	810.4	246.9	3.5	4.9	1.8
	September ^d	1,043.3	798.9	244.4	3.5	4.9	1.8
	October	1,046.8	801.3	245.5	3.5	4.9	1.8
	November	1,039.9	795.4	244.5	3.4	4.9	1.8
	December ^d	1,033.6	790.4	243.2	3.4	4.8	1.8
2001	January	1,006.3	768.8	237.5	3.3	4.7	1.7
	February	996.7	761.2	235.5	3.3	4.6	1.7
	March	986.0	753.4	232.6	3.3	4.6	1.7
	April ^d R	980.0	748.6	231.4	3.2	4.6	1.7
	May P	976.8	744.3	232.5	3.2	4.5	1.7
Change on month		-3.2	-4.3	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
<i>Percent</i>		<i>-0.3</i>	<i>-0.6</i>	<i>0.5</i>			
Change on year		-129.4	-99.2	-30.2	-0.4	-0.6	-0.2
<i>Percent</i>		<i>-11.7</i>	<i>-11.8</i>	<i>-11.5</i>			

GREAT BRITAIN		Whole economy earnings		UNITED KINGDOM		Notified vacancies
		Average Earnings Index	Headline rate (3-month average) ^c			Level
		LNMQ	LNNC			DRYW
2000	April	122.9	5.0	2000	May	213.2
	May	123.1	4.6		June	222.3
	June	123.5	4.1		July	220.6
	July	123.9	3.9		August	219.0
	August	124.8	4.0		September	225.6
	September	125.2	4.1		October	221.3
	October	125.8	4.2		November	220.2
	November	126.4	4.2		December	222.8
2001	December	128.1	4.4	2001	January	224.9
	January	128.6	4.5		February	233.2
	February	131.1	5.2		March	232.8
	March R	128.4	5.0		April R	237.6
	April P	128.8	5.2		May P	246.2
Change on month		0.4	0.2			8.6
Change on year		5.9	0.2			33.0

Sources: Employer surveys; DfEE Training Data System; Benefits Agency administrative system; Employment Service administrative system; Monthly Wages and Salaries Survey

Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

^a Count of claimants of unemployment-related benefits, i.e. Jobseeker's Allowance and/or National Insurance credits.

^b National and regional claimant count rates are calculated by expressing the number of claimants as a percentage of the estimated total workforce (the sum of claimants, employee jobs, self-employed, HM Forces and participants on work-related government training programmes) at mid-2000 for 2000 and 2001 figures and at the corresponding mid-year estimates for earlier years.

^c The headline rate is the annual change in the average seasonally adjusted series over the latest three months.

^d Months where there are five weeks between count dates. All the rest are four-week periods.

R Revised
P Provisional

A.11 LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

Regional summary

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

Labour Force Survey (February to April 2001)

Government Office Regions	Total aged 16 and over		Economically active				LFS employment				ILO unemployment						
	All	All		Male	Female	All		Male		Female		All		Male		Female	
	Level	Level	Rate(%) ^a	Level	Level	Level	Rate(%) ^a	Level	Rate(%) ^a	Level	Rate(%) ^a	Level	Rate(%) ^b	Level	Rate(%) ^b	Level	Rate(%) ^b
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
North East	2,032	1,190	74.4	661	529	1,098	68.6	603	73.1	495	63.8	92	7.7	58	8.8	34	6.4
North West	5,366	3,306	77.0	1,824	1,482	3,134	73.0	1,717	76.9	1,418	68.6	171	5.2	107	5.9	64	4.3
Yorkshire and the Humber	3,967	2,476	78.2	1,376	1,100	2,343	73.9	1,290	77.9	1,053	69.5	133	5.4	86	6.2	47	4.3
East Midlands	3,326	2,105	79.5	1,175	930	2,009	75.8	1,119	81.0	890	70.1	96	4.6	56	4.8	40	4.3
West Midlands	4,179	2,620	78.6	1,481	1,139	2,477	74.2	1,390	79.7	1,088	68.2	143	5.5	91	6.2	52	4.5
East	4,295	2,867	83.3	1,585	1,282	2,759	80.1	1,523	85.7	1,236	74.0	107	3.7	62	3.9	45	3.5
London	5,714	3,675	76.1	2,056	1,619	3,441	71.2	1,922	77.1	1,519	64.7	234	6.4	134	6.5	99	6.1
South East	6,378	4,256	83.0	2,334	1,922	4,118	80.2	2,259	85.3	1,858	74.7	139	3.3	75	3.2	64	3.3
South West	3,930	2,501	82.2	1,368	1,133	2,409	79.2	1,316	83.4	1,093	74.5	92	3.7	52	3.8	40	3.6
England	39,185	24,996	79.4	13,861	11,135	23,788	75.5	13,138	80.4	10,650	70.1	1,207	4.8	723	5.2	484	4.4
Wales	2,315	1,336	73.6	743	593	1,254	69.0	691	73.2	563	64.4	82	6.1	52	7.0	30	5.0
Scotland	4,041	2,535	78.5	1,377	1,159	2,393	74.0	1,288	77.8	1,106	69.9	142	5.6	89	6.5	53	4.6
Great Britain	45,541	28,867	79.0	15,981	12,886	27,435	75.1	15,116	79.8	12,319	69.8	1,431	5.0	864	5.4	567	4.4
Northern Ireland	1,270	753	71.7	432	321	706	67.1	402	74.6	305	59.2	46	6.2	30	7.0	16	5.0
United Kingdom	46,811	29,619	78.8	16,413	13,207	28,142	74.8	15,518	79.7	12,624	69.5	1,478	5.0	895	5.5	583	4.4

Change on quarter^c

Government Office Regions	Total aged 16 and over	Economically active				LFS employment						ILO unemployment							
		All		Male		Female		All		Male		Female		All		Male		Female	
		Level	Rate(%) ^a	Level	Rate(%) ^a	Level	Rate(%) ^a	Level	Rate(%) ^a	Level	Rate(%) ^a	Level	Rate(%) ^a	Level	Rate(%) ^b	Level	Rate(%) ^b	Level	Rate(%) ^b
North East	0	0	0.3	-6	5	4	0.6	2	0.6	2	0.6	-4	-0.3	-8	-1.1	4	0.6		
North West	1	17	0.2	4	13	15	0.1	2	0.0	13	0.3	2	0.0	2	0.1	0	-0.1		
Yorkshire and the Humber	3	-16	-0.6	-4	-12	-3	-0.2	1	-0.1	-4	-0.3	-13	-0.5	-5	-0.4	-8	-0.6		
East Midlands	5	-6	-0.3	-7	1	1	0.0	-2	-0.2	3	0.2	-7	-0.3	-4	-0.4	-2	-0.2		
West Midlands	2	-3	0.0	4	-7	10	0.4	8	0.5	2	0.2	-13	-0.5	-4	-0.3	-9	-0.8		
East	7	20	0.4	15	5	7	0.0	8	0.4	-1	-0.4	12	0.4	7	0.4	6	0.4		
London	19	6	-0.3	-5	11	27	0.1	14	0.2	13	0.1	-21	-0.6	-18	-0.9	-3	-0.2		
South East	13	9	0.1	-2	10	9	0.1	3	-0.1	5	0.3	0	0.0	-5	-0.2	5	0.2		
South West	7	-2	-0.2	-7	5	2	0.0	-3	-0.3	4	0.2	-3	-0.1	-5	-0.3	1	0.1		
England	58	23	-0.1	-8	31	71	0.1	33	0.1	38	0.1	-47	-0.2	-41	-0.3	-7	-0.1		
Wales	2	-4	-0.3	-1	-3	-2	-0.2	2	-0.1	-4	-0.3	-1	-0.1	-3	-0.3	1	0.2		
Scotland	1	-20	-0.5	-4	-15	-4	0.0	1	0.2	-5	-0.2	-16	-0.6	-6	-0.4	-10	-0.8		
Great Britain	61	0	-0.1	-13	13	65	0.1	36	0.1	29	0.1	-65	-0.2	-49	-0.3	-16	-0.1		
Northern Ireland	2	2	0.2	6	-4	2	0.2	5	1.0	-3	-0.7	0	0.0	1	0.1	-1	-0.3		
United Kingdom	62	2	-0.1	-7	9	67	0.1	42	0.1	26	0.0	-65	-0.2	-49	-0.3	-17	-0.1		

Change on year

Government Office Regions	Total aged 16 and over	Economically active				LFS employment						ILO unemployment					
	All	All		Male	Female	All		Male		Female		All		Male		Female	
	Level	Level	Rate(%) ^a	Level	Level	Level	Rate(%) ^a	Level	Rate(%) ^a	Level	Rate(%) ^a	Level	Rate(%) ^b	Level	Rate(%) ^b	Level	Rate(%) ^b
North East	-1	-12	-0.4	-5	-7	-1	0.3	6	1.3	-7	-0.8	-11	-0.8	-12	-1.7	1	0.2
North West	3	-6	-0.4	-35	30	14	0.1	-24	-1.2	38	1.6	-20	-0.6	-12	-0.5	-9	-0.7
Yorkshire and the Humber	9	-11	-0.5	-10	0	13	0.3	0	-0.2	13	0.8	-24	-0.9	-10	-0.7	-14	-1.2
East Midlands	19	-33	-1.5	-14	-19	-22	-1.1	-9	-0.8	-13	-1.3	-11	-0.4	-5	-0.4	-6	-0.5
West Midlands	8	-2	0.0	21	-24	15	0.6	24	1.2	-9	-0.1	-18	-0.7	-3	-0.3	-15	-1.2
East	29	79	1.7	37	43	79	1.7	37	1.7	42	1.7	0	-0.1	0	-0.1	1	-0.1
London	77	18	-0.8	16	1	53	0.1	40	0.2	13	-0.2	-35	-1.0	-24	-1.2	-11	-0.7
South East	53	8	-0.6	-16	24	16	-0.4	-13	-1.0	29	0.3	-8	-0.2	-3	-0.1	-5	-0.3
South West	28	-1	-0.6	-3	2	12	0.0	4	-0.4	8	0.4	-14	-0.5	-7	-0.5	-6	-0.6
England	224	40	-0.3	-10	50	180	0.2	66	0.0	114	0.4	-140	-0.6	-76	-0.5	-64	-0.6
Wales	7	-3	-0.9	1	-4	3	-0.5	4	-0.1	-1	-0.9	-5	-0.4	-3	-0.4	-2	-0.4
Scotland	4	9	0.5	6	3	57	2.0	34	2.5	23	1.5	-48	-1.9	-29	-2.1	-19	-1.7
Great Britain	235	46	-0.3	-4	50	240	0.3	104	0.2	136	0.4	-194	-0.7	-108	-0.7	-86	-0.7
Northern Ireland	7	17	1.0	10	6	21	1.5	12	2.0	9	1.0	-4	-0.7	-2	-0.5	-3	-1.0
United Kingdom	243	63	-0.2	7	56	261	0.3	116	0.2	145	0.4	-198	-0.7	-110	-0.7	-89	-0.7

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

Relationship between columns: 2=4+5; 6=8+10; 12=14+16.

a Denominator = all persons of working age.

b Denominator = total economically active.

c Quarter to quarter changes at regional level are particularly subject to sampling variability and should be interpreted in the context of changes over several quarters rather than in isolation.

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population in private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

Regional summary

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

A.11

	Employer surveys			Benefits Agency administrative system						Employment Service administrative system		
	Civilian workforce jobs (December 2000); not seasonally adjusted			Claimant count (May 2001)						Jobcentre vacancies ^d (May 2001)		
	All	Male	Female	All		Male		Female		Notified vacancies	Unfilled vacancies	Outflow of vacancies
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Rate ^e	Level	Rate ^e	Level	Rate ^e			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
North East	1,079	548	531	62.7	5.5	50.1	8.1	12.6	2.4	11.4	24.6	11.5
North West	3,171	1,651	1,520	125.1	3.8	97.9	5.5	27.2	1.8	30.5	46.7	29.6
Yorkshire and the Humber	2,324	1,222	1,103	97.7	4.0	75.4	5.7	22.3	2.0	22.3	39.9	22.3
East Midlands	1,928	1,022	906	65.1	3.2	48.6	4.5	16.5	1.8	16.2	24.9	15.0
West Midlands	2,555	1,367	1,188	100.7	3.8	77.1	5.2	23.6	2.0	23.2	40.0	23.0
East	2,527	1,369	1,159	55.2	2.1	40.8	2.8	14.4	1.2	20.6	27.8	18.4
London	4,558	2,447	2,111	152.2	3.3	112.2	4.4	40.0	1.9	24.7	33.7	24.6
South East	4,161	2,210	1,951	66.6	1.6	50.2	2.2	16.4	0.8	27.0	45.9	26.8
South West	2,354	1,251	1,103	53.9	2.2	39.8	2.9	14.1	1.2	23.9	37.7	20.7
England	24,658	13,085	11,572	779.6	3.0	592.2	4.3	187.4	1.6	199.7	321.2	192.1
Wales	1,236	634	602	52.5	4.0	40.4	5.9	12.1	2.0	14.6	21.8	13.0
Scotland	2,389	1,266	1,123	104.8	4.2	81.3	6.0	23.5	2.1	28.4	43.9	28.7
Great Britain	28,283	14,986	13,297	936.7	3.2	713.8	4.5	222.9	1.7	242.8	387.0	233.8
Northern Ireland	746	404	343	40.0	5.1	30.4	6.9	9.6	2.8	N/A	N/A	N/A
United Kingdom	29,030	15,389	13,640	976.8	3.2	744.3	4.5	232.5	1.7	246.2	395.9	237.2

Changes on period (period specified below)

	Employer surveys			Benefits Agency administrative system						Employment Service administrative system		
	Civilian workforce jobs (change on September 2000); not seasonally adjusted			Claimant count (change on April 2001)						Jobcentre vacancies ^d (change on April 2001)		
	All	Male	Female	All		Male		Female		Notified vacancies	Unfilled vacancies	Outflow of vacancies
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Rate ^e	Level	Rate ^e	Level	Rate ^e			
North East	15	4	11	-0.5	0.0	-0.5	-0.1	0.0	0.0	-0.4	-0.6	0.0
North West	1	-11	12	-0.2	0.0	-0.4	0.0	0.2	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.7
Yorkshire and the Humber	17	3	14	-0.3	0.0	-0.5	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.3	0.5	0.7
East Midlands	11	-1	12	-0.2	0.0	-0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	1.0	-0.6
West Midlands	9	0	9	-0.8	0.0	-0.7	0.0	-0.1	0.0	0.8	0.6	0.5
East	5	9	-3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	1.4	0.3
London	62	42	21	-0.2	0.0	-0.4	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.3	1.1	-1.6
South East	21	5	16	-0.4	0.0	-0.5	0.0	0.1	0.0	1.0	1.1	-1.1
South West	-8	4	-12	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	1.0	1.8	-2.3
England	133	54	79	-2.1	0.0	-3.2	0.0	1.1	0.0	7.3	7.0	-3.1
Wales	-1	-6	5	-0.3	0.0	-0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	1.2	-1.2
Scotland	11	4	7	-0.7	0.0	-0.8	-0.1	0.1	0.0	0.8	-0.3	0.4
Great Britain	143	52	91	-3.3	0.0	-4.4	0.0	1.1	0.0	8.6	8.1	-3.9
Northern Ireland	10	3	7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	N/A	N/A	N/A
United Kingdom	153	55	98	-3.2	0.0	-4.3	0.0	1.1	0.0	8.6	8.1	-3.9

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3; 4=6+8.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

^d The vacancy data for Northern Ireland have been suspended since March 1999.

^e National and regional claimant count rates are calculated by expressing the number of claimants as a percentage of the estimated total workforce (the sum of claimants, employee jobs, self-employed, HM armed forces and government-supported trainees) at mid-1999 for 1999 and 2000 figures and at the corresponding mid-year estimates for earlier years.

TECHNICAL NOTE: LABOUR FORCE SURVEY SAMPLING VARIABILITY - February to April 2001

	Employment level(000s)	ILO unemployment level(000s)	Economically active level(000s)	Working age economically inactive level(000s)	Employment rate (%)	ILO unemployment rate (%)
North East	± 34	± 13	± 34	± 35	± 1.8%	± 1.1%
North West	± 58	± 17	± 57	± 57	± 1.1%	± 0.5%
Yorkshire and the Humber	± 47	± 15	± 46	± 45	± 1.2%	± 0.6%
East Midlands	± 43	± 14	± 43	± 41	± 1.3%	± 0.6%
West Midlands	± 49	± 16	± 48	± 47	± 1.2%	± 0.6%
East	± 47	± 14	± 46	± 42	± 1.0%	± 0.5%
London	± 60	± 22	± 58	± 58	± 1.1%	± 0.6%
South East	± 58	± 16	± 57	± 52	± 0.9%	± 0.4%
South West	± 47	± 13	± 47	± 43	± 1.2%	± 0.5%
Wales	± 37	± 12	± 37	± 38	± 1.7%	± 0.9%
Scotland	± 46	± 15	± 45	± 44	± 1.2%	± 0.6%

The Labour Force Survey data in table A.11 are based on statistical samples and, as such, are subject to sampling variability. If many samples were drawn, each would give a different result. The ranges shown for the LFS data in this table represent '95 per cent confidence intervals'. It is expected that in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value. The ranges are approximated from not seasonally adjusted data in line with research on the topic. For more information, see the *Guide to Labour Market Statistics Releases*. Following the introduction of the Local Labour Force Survey, the survey design for the main Labour Force Survey has changed, from June 2000, temporarily increasing standard errors. See technical note, pS12.

B.1 EMPLOYMENT

Full-time, part-time and temporary workers

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM	All in employment					Total workers		Employees		Self-employed		Workers with second jobs
	Total workers	Employees	Self-employed	Unpaid family workers	Government supported training and employment programmes	Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
All Spring quarters (Mar-May)	MGRZ	MGRN	MGRQ	MGRT	MGRW	YCBE	YCBH	YCBK	YCBN	YCBQ	YCBT	YCBW
1992	25,868	22,084	3,228	180	376	19,850	6,018	16,934	5,150	2,680	548	973
1993	25,568	21,877	3,186	150	355	19,473	6,095	16,667	5,210	2,604	582	1,042
1994	25,780	21,998	3,303	145	335	19,526	6,255	16,648	5,350	2,692	611	1,149
1995	26,100	22,312	3,364	139	284	19,794	6,306	16,882	5,431	2,734	630	1,293
1996	26,412	22,730	3,304	127	250	19,866	6,546	17,043	5,688	2,656	649	1,297
1997	26,916	23,218	3,358	118	222	20,219	6,697	17,392	5,827	2,668	690	1,258
1998	27,227	23,657	3,290	102	178	20,473	6,755	17,773	5,885	2,571	719	1,190
1999	27,560	24,084	3,214	101	162	20,718	6,843	18,084	6,000	2,523	690	1,283
2000	27,913	24,497	3,160	108	148	20,967	6,946	18,393	6,104	2,465	694	1,190
3-month averages	27,881	24,456	3,164	111	149	20,932	6,949	18,358	6,098	2,468	696	1,229
Feb-Apr 2000	27,913	24,497	3,160	108	148	20,967	6,946	18,393	6,104	2,465	694	1,190
Mar-May (Spr)												
Apr-Jun	27,926	24,516	3,147	111	151	20,957	6,969	18,394	6,122	2,453	694	1,179
May-Jul	27,964	24,529	3,171	115	150	20,965	6,999	18,384	6,145	2,474	696	1,165
Jun-Aug (Sum)	27,980	24,552	3,159	115	154	20,959	7,021	18,376	6,176	2,475	683	1,170
Jul-Sep	27,992	24,561	3,167	113	150	20,949	7,043	18,359	6,202	2,483	684	1,168
Aug-Oct	27,977	24,565	3,165	108	139	20,970	7,007	18,381	6,183	2,489	676	1,173
Sep-Nov (Aut)	27,975	24,584	3,153	105	133	20,960	7,015	18,390	6,195	2,477	676	1,182
Oct-Dec	28,001	24,622	3,144	102	132	20,997	7,003	18,427	6,196	2,474	670	1,197
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	28,075	24,667	3,167	101	140	21,039	7,035	18,443	6,224	2,495	672	1,200
Dec2000-Feb2001 (Win)	28,088	24,674	3,179	98	137	21,051	7,037	18,448	6,226	2,506	673	1,170
Jan-Mar 2001	28,101	24,670	3,181	99	151	21,065	7,035	18,454	6,216	2,511	670	1,152
Feb-Apr	28,142	24,722	3,174	96	150	21,127	7,015	18,519	6,203	2,507	666	1,165
Changes												
Over last 3 months	67	55	7	-5	10	88	-21	76	-21	12	-5	-36
Percent	0.2	0.2	0.2	-0.2	7.2	0.4	-0.3	0.4	-0.3	0.5	-0.8	-3.0
Over last 12 months	261	266	9	-15	1	196	65	161	105	39	-30	-65
Percent	0.9	1.1	0.3	-13.9	0.6	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.7	1.6	-4.3	-5.3
Male Spring quarters (Mar-May)	MGSA	MGRO	MGRR	MGRU	MGRX	YCBF	YCBI	YCBL	YCBO	YCBR	YCBU	YCBX
1992	14,372	11,629	2,443	55	245	13,376	996	10,971	659	2,261	182	445
1993	14,085	11,421	2,389	43	232	13,059	1,026	10,743	678	2,185	203	471
1994	14,224	11,471	2,485	49	219	13,124	1,100	10,737	734	2,270	215	510
1995	14,451	11,670	2,554	43	183	13,296	1,155	10,870	801	2,321	233	546
1996	14,562	11,885	2,477	43	157	13,327	1,234	10,995	890	2,239	238	552
1997	14,857	12,187	2,494	39	137	13,540	1,316	11,201	986	2,241	253	558
1998	15,067	12,503	2,419	29	116	13,736	1,330	11,509	994	2,148	271	526
1999	15,210	12,680	2,386	36	108	13,837	1,373	11,637	1,043	2,128	258	546
2000	15,409	12,972	2,310	38	90	14,012	1,397	11,909	1,063	2,039	271	506
3-month averages	15,402	12,963	2,311	37	91	13,997	1,405	11,897	1,066	2,036	275	514
Feb-Apr 2000	15,409	12,972	2,310	38	90	14,012	1,397	11,909	1,063	2,039	271	506
Mar-May (Spr)												
Apr-Jun	15,388	12,951	2,308	37	92	13,995	1,393	11,893	1,058	2,035	273	500
May-Jul	15,400	12,953	2,319	37	91	14,007	1,393	11,892	1,060	2,049	270	493
Jun-Aug (Sum)	15,399	12,954	2,312	35	98	14,002	1,397	11,883	1,071	2,050	262	495
Jul-Sep	15,419	12,969	2,315	37	97	14,020	1,398	11,893	1,076	2,057	258	492
Aug-Oct	15,425	12,977	2,323	36	89	14,031	1,393	11,900	1,078	2,068	255	495
Sep-Nov (Aut)	15,426	12,990	2,317	35	85	14,025	1,402	11,904	1,086	2,062	255	497
Oct-Dec	15,449	13,017	2,319	35	81	14,043	1,406	11,920	1,094	2,062	256	505
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	15,476	13,004	2,343	36	91	14,056	1,421	11,902	1,105	2,088	255	507
Dec2000-Feb2001 (Win)	15,484	12,999	2,359	38	89	14,054	1,430	11,886	1,113	2,103	256	485
Jan-Mar 2001	15,508	13,011	2,362	37	98	14,071	1,437	11,893	1,117	2,110	252	479
Feb-Apr	15,518	13,023	2,360	37	98	14,097	1,421	11,924	1,099	2,105	255	475
Changes												
Over last 3 months	42	16	18	1	7	42	0	21	-5	18	0	-32
Percent	0.3	0.1	0.7	3.0	7.6	0.3	0.0	0.2	-0.5	0.8	-0.1	-6.2
Over last 12 months	116	60	50	0	7	100	16	26	33	69	-20	-39
Percent	0.8	0.5	2.1	-0.3	7.7	0.7	1.1	0.2	3.1	3.4	-7.2	-7.6
Female Spring quarters (Mar-May)	MGSB	MGRP	MGRS	MGRV	MGRY	YCBG	YCBJ	YCBM	YCBP	YCBS	YCBV	YCBY
1992	11,496	10,454	786	125	131	6,473	5,022	5,963	4,491	420	366	529
1993	11,483	10,456	797	107	123	6,414	5,069	5,924	4,532	418	379	571
1994	11,556	10,527	817	96	116	6,402	5,154	5,911	4,616	421	396	639
1995	11,649	10,642	810	96	101	6,498	5,151	6,012	4,630	413	397	746
1996	11,850	10,845	828	84	93	6,539	5,311	6,047	4,798	417	411	745
1997	12,060	11,032	864	80	84	6,679	5,381	6,191	4,841	427	437	700
1998	12,160	11,155	871	72	62	6,736	5,424	6,264	4,891	423	448	663
1999	12,350	11,404	828	64	54	6,881	5,469	6,447	4,957	395	433	737
2000	12,504	11,526	850	71	58	6,955	5,549	6,485	5,041	427	423	684
3-month averages	12,479	11,493	854	74	58	6,934	5,544	6,460	5,032	432	422	715
Feb-Apr 2000	12,504	11,526	850	71	58	6,955	5,549	6,485	5,041	427	423	684
Mar-May (Spr)												
Apr-Jun	12,538	11,565	839	74	60	6,962	5,575	6,501	5,064	418	421	679
May-Jul	12,564	11,576	851	78	59	6,958	5,606	6,491	5,084	426	426	672
Jun-Aug (Sum)	12,581	11,598	846	80	56	6,957	5,623	6,493	5,105	425	421	676
Jul-Sep	12,574	11,592	852	76	53	6,928	5,645	6,466	5,126	426	426	675
Aug-Oct	12,552	11,587	842	73	51	6,938	5,614	6,482	5,105	421	421	678
Sep-Nov (Aut)	12,548	11,595	836	70	48	6,935	5,613	6,486	5,109	415	421	685
Oct-Dec	12,551	11,608	825	67	51	6,954	5,597	6,506	5,102	412	413	692
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	12,598	11,660	824	65	49	6,984	5,615	6,541	5,120	407	417	693
Dec2000-Feb2001 (Win)	12,604	11,675	820	60	48	6,997	5,607	6,561	5,113	403	417	685
Jan-Mar 2001	12,593	11,659	819	62	53	6,994	5,599	6,561	5,099	401	418	673
Feb-Apr	12,624	11,699	813	59	52	7,030	5,594	6,595	5,104	402	412	689
Changes												
Over last 3 months	26	39	-10	-6	3	46	-21	55	-16	-5	-5	-4
Percent	0.2	0.3	-1.3	-9.4	6.4	0.7	-0.4	0.8	-0.3	-1.3	-1.2	-0.6
Over last 12 months	145	207	-40	-15	-6	96	49	135	71	-30	-10	-26
Percent	1.2	1.8	-4.7	-20.6	-10.3	1.4	0.9	2.1	1.4	-6.9	-2.4	-3.6

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5; 1=6+7; 2=8+9; 3=10+11; 13=15+17+18+19; 20=21+23+24+25; 20=9+11; 14=13/2; 16=15/13; 22=21/20.

EMPLOYMENT B.1

Full-time, part-time and temporary workers

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

Temporary employees (reasons for temporary working)							Part-time employees and self-employed (reasons for working part-time)						
Total	Total as % of all employees	Could not find permanent job	% that could not find permanent job	Did not want permanent job	Had a contract with period of training	Some other reason	Total	Could not find full-time job	% that could not find full-time job	Did not want full-time job	Ill or disabled	Student or at school	
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	
YCBZ	YCCC	YCCF	YCCI	YCCL	YCCO	YCCR	YCCU	YCCX	YCDA	YCDD	YCDG	YCDJ	All Spring quarters (Mar-May)
1,304	5.9	469	35.9	368	70	397	5,698	644	11.3	4,343	90	621	1992
1,357	6.2	569	42.0	361	81	346	5,792	808	13.9	4,300	87	598	1993
1,492	6.8	626	42.0	402	98	365	5,961	841	14.1	4,355	89	675	1994
1,631	7.3	705	43.2	457	92	377	6,060	835	13.8	4,398	92	735	1995
1,671	7.4	684	40.9	472	86	430	6,337	814	12.9	4,579	85	858	1996
1,791	7.7	685	38.3	543	99	464	6,516	818	12.6	4,660	91	948	1997
1,745	7.4	632	36.2	535	98	480	6,604	781	11.8	4,742	112	969	1998
1,715	7.1	603	35.2	541	113	458	6,690	703	10.5	4,878	119	990	1999
1,729	7.1	532	30.8	558	102	537	6,798	673	9.9	4,942	124	1,059	2000
1,726	7.1	556	32.2	547	100	523	6,795	681	10.0	4,924	128	1,061	3-month averages
1,729	7.1	532	30.8	558	102	537	6,798	673	9.9	4,942	124	1,059	Feb-Apr 2000
1,728	7.0	520	30.1	554	102	552	6,815	666	9.8	4,964	125	1,061	Mar-May (Spr)
1,740	7.1	508	29.2	570	102	559	6,841	665	9.7	4,977	130	1,069	Apr-Jun
1,721	7.0	512	29.7	550	103	557	6,860	670	9.8	5,008	133	1,048	May-Jul
1,705	6.9	499	29.3	550	90	566	6,886	670	9.7	5,026	135	1,055	Jun-Aug (Sum)
1,680	6.8	488	29.0	535	94	564	6,859	668	9.7	5,015	132	1,044	Jul-Sep
1,689	6.9	476	28.2	542	101	571	6,870	660	9.6	5,012	131	1,067	Aug-Oct
1,689	6.9	474	28.1	542	105	569	6,865	660	9.6	5,026	131	1,049	Sep-Nov (Aut)
1,692	6.9	475	28.1	538	106	573	6,896	646	9.4	5,048	134	1,068	Oct-Dec
1,702	6.9	465	27.3	555	105	577	6,899	630	9.1	5,066	127	1,075	Nov 2000-Jan 2001
1,710	6.9	469	27.5	541	102	597	6,886	636	9.2	5,044	129	1,077	Dec2000-Feb2000(Win)
1,733	7.0	470	27.1	541	103	619	6,869	630	9.2	5,042	134	1,064	Jan-Mar 2001
41	0.2	-5	-0.9	3	-4	46	-26	-17	-0.2	-6	0	-3	Changes
2.4		-1.0		0.6	-3.3	8.0	-0.4	-2.6		-0.1	-0.1	-0.3	Over last 3 months
8	0.0	-86	-5.1	-5	3	95	75	-52	-0.9	117	6	3	Over last 12 months
0.5		-15.4		-0.9	3.1	18.2	1.1	-7.6		2.4	4.7	0.3	Percent
YCCA	YCCD	YCCG	YCCJ	YCCM	YCCP	YCCS	YCCV	YCCY	YCDB	YCDE	YCDH	YCDK	Male Spring quarters (Mar-May)
562	4.8	240	42.6	107	36	179	840	193	22.9	354	25	268	1992
607	5.3	294	48.4	110	44	159	881	267	30.4	336	29	248	1993
665	5.8	320	48.1	131	46	168	948	266	28.0	350	31	302	1994
762	6.5	382	50.1	155	55	170	1,034	288	27.8	387	32	328	1995
753	6.3	357	47.4	158	51	187	1,127	294	26.1	420	29	384	1996
829	6.8	362	43.7	203	56	209	1,238	306	24.7	476	42	415	1997
788	6.3	335	42.5	192	53	208	1,264	303	23.9	490	46	426	1998
824	6.5	334	40.5	217	66	207	1,301	284	21.8	548	40	428	1999
805	6.2	292	36.3	219	57	236	1,334	267	20.0	558	47	462	2000
806	6.2	306	38.0	213	57	230	1,341	267	19.9	559	51	464	3-month averages
805	6.2	292	36.3	219	57	236	1,334	267	20.0	558	47	462	Feb-Apr 2000
805	6.2	289	35.9	215	56	246	1,331	269	20.2	557	48	457	Mar-May (Spr)
803	6.2	283	35.2	217	56	247	1,331	263	19.8	560	51	457	Apr-Jun
796	6.1	284	35.7	213	55	243	1,333	265	19.9	566	50	452	May-Jul
784	6.0	277	35.3	218	47	242	1,333	259	19.5	568	50	456	Jun-Aug (Sum)
775	6.0	269	34.8	210	51	245	1,333	263	19.7	577	48	445	Jul-Sep
776	6.0	260	33.5	209	56	251	1,341	260	19.4	578	46	456	Aug-Oct
777	6.0	259	33.3	212	59	248	1,350	268	19.8	589	46	447	Sep-Nov (Aut)
786	6.0	264	33.5	214	60	248	1,360	261	19.2	591	50	457	Oct-Dec
796	6.1	255	32.0	223	63	255	1,369	256	18.7	601	46	465	Nov 2000-Jan 2001
799	6.1	253	31.6	215	62	270	1,370	251	18.3	598	47	473	Dec2000-Feb2001(Win)
811	6.2	254	31.4	214	65	278	1,354	250	18.4	593	49	462	Jan-Mar 2001
25	0.2	-9	-2.1	-1	5	30	-6	-12	-0.8	2	0	5	Changes
3.1		-3.5		-0.2	7.7	11.9	-0.4	-4.5		0.3	-0.4	1.0	Over last 3 months
5	0.0	-52	-6.6	1	8	48	13	-17	-1.5	34	-1	-2	Over last 12 months
0.6		-16.9		0.4	14.3	20.9	1.0	-6.5		6.1	-2.6	-0.4	Percent
YCCB	YCCD	YCCG	YCCJ	YCCN	YCCQ	YCCP	YCCW	YCCZ	YCDC	YCDF	YCDI	YCDL	Female Spring quarters (Mar-May)
742	7.1	229	30.9	261	34	218	4,857	452	9.3	3,988	65	353	1992
750	7.2	276	36.8	251	37	187	4,911	540	11.0	3,964	58	349	1993
827	7.9	307	37.1	271	53	197	5,012	575	11.5	4,005	59	373	1994
869	8.2	323	37.1	303	37	207	5,026	547	10.9	4,012	60	407	1995
918	8.5	327	35.6	313	36	242	5,209	520	10.0	4,159	56	474	1996
961	8.7	323	33.6	340	43	255	5,278	512	9.7	4,184	49	532	1997
957	8.6	298	31.1	343	45	272	5,339	478	9.0	4,251	67	543	1998
891	7.8	269	30.2	324	47	250	5,390	420	7.8	4,330	79	561	1999
924	8.0	240	26.0	339	44	301	5,464	406	7.4	4,384	76	597	2000
920	8.0	250	27.1	333	43	294	5,454	414	7.6	4,365	77	597	3-month averages
924	8.0	240	26.0	339	44	301	5,464	406	7.4	4,384	76	597	Feb-Apr 2000
923	8.0	231	25.0	339	46	307	5,485	397	7.2	4,407	77	604	Mar-May (Spr)
936	8.1	225	24.1	352	46	312	5,510	402	7.3	4,417	80	612	Apr-Jun
925	8.0	227	24.6	337	48	314	5,526	405	7.3	4,443	83	596	May-Jul
920	7.9	222	24.1	332	43	323	5,552	410	7.4	4,458	85	599	Jun-Aug (Sum)
905	7.8	219	24.1	325	44	318	5,526	406	7.3	4,438	84	599	Jul-Sep
914	7.9	216	23.7	333	44	320	5,529	400	7.2	4,434	84	611	Aug-Oct
911	7.8	215	23.6	330	45	321	5,515	392	7.1	4,437	85	601	Sep-Nov (Aut)
906	7.8	211	23.3	324	46	324	5,536	385	7.0	4,457	84	610	Oct-Dec
906	7.8	210	23.1	332	43	322	5,530	374	6.8	4,465	81	610	Nov 2000-Jan 2001
910	7.8	217	23.8	326	40	327	5,516	385	7.0	4,446	81	605	Dec2000-Feb2001(Win)
923	7.9	216	23.4	328	38	341	5,515	380	6.9	4,448	84	602	Jan-Mar 2001
17	0.1	4	0.1	4	-8	17	-21	-5	-0.1	-8	0	-8	Changes
1.8		2.1		1.2	-17.6	5.1	-0.4	-1.3		-0.2	0.1	-1.3	Over last 3 months
3	-0.1	-34	-3.7	-6	-5	47	61	-34	-0.7	83	7	5	Over last 12 months
0.3		-13.6		-1.8	-11.5	16.1	1.1	-8.3		1.9	9.6	0.8	Percent

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

B.2 EMPLOYMENT

Employment by age

							Thousands, seasonally adjusted	
UNITED KINGDOM	All aged over 16	16-59/64	16-17	18-24	25-34	35-49	50-64 (M) 50-59 (F)	65+ (M) 60+ (F)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	MGRZ	YBSE	YBTO	YBTR	YBTU	YBTX	MGUW	MGUZ
All								
Spring quarters (Mar-May)								
1992	25,868	25,056	673	3,873	6,717	9,161	4,633	811
1993	25,568	24,799	576	3,638	6,807	9,202	4,576	769
1994	25,780	25,002	584	3,491	6,932	9,312	4,684	778
1995	26,100	25,308	607	3,390	7,048	9,463	4,799	792
1996	26,412	25,645	660	3,345	7,091	9,645	4,905	767
1997	26,916	26,118	699	3,295	7,247	9,724	5,154	798
1998	27,227	26,457	695	3,263	7,225	9,874	5,400	770
1999	27,560	26,750	678	3,273	7,156	10,054	5,589	811
2000	27,913	27,092	674	3,340	7,036	10,298	5,744	822
3-month averages								
Feb-Apr 2000	27,881	27,046	677	3,336	7,033	10,285	5,715	834
Mar-May (Spr)	27,913	27,092	674	3,340	7,036	10,298	5,744	822
Apr-Jun	27,926	27,102	675	3,331	7,009	10,315	5,772	824
May-Jul	27,964	27,139	668	3,328	7,003	10,346	5,794	825
Jun-Aug (Sum)	27,980	27,157	664	3,339	6,982	10,371	5,800	823
Jul-Sep	27,992	27,173	650	3,348	6,978	10,391	5,806	819
Aug-Oct	27,977	27,158	648	3,343	6,961	10,388	5,818	819
Sep-Nov (Aut)	27,975	27,151	650	3,336	6,947	10,398	5,820	824
Oct-Dec	28,001	27,184	654	3,322	6,942	10,429	5,836	817
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	28,075	27,262	667	3,341	6,938	10,459	5,857	813
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	28,088	27,278	659	3,330	6,923	10,482	5,884	809
Jan-Mar 2001	28,101	27,302	662	3,336	6,899	10,501	5,904	799
Feb-Apr	28,142	27,338	665	3,352	6,882	10,508	5,932	804
Changes								
Over last 3 months	67	76	-2	11	-56	48	75	-9
Percent	0.2	0.3	-0.3	0.3	-0.8	0.5	1.3	-1.1
Over last 12 months	261	292	-12	15	-151	223	217	-31
Percent	0.9	1.1	-1.8	0.5	-2.2	2.2	3.8	-3.7
Male								
Spring quarters (Mar-May)								
1992	14,372	14,072	346	2,033	3,847	4,976	2,871	300
1993	14,085	13,830	290	1,914	3,861	4,970	2,795	255
1994	14,224	13,960	298	1,854	3,932	5,037	2,838	264
1995	14,451	14,163	306	1,811	4,002	5,148	2,896	288
1996	14,562	14,296	335	1,771	4,013	5,208	2,969	265
1997	14,857	14,589	343	1,766	4,086	5,268	3,125	268
1998	15,067	14,795	346	1,748	4,093	5,363	3,245	272
1999	15,210	14,925	335	1,752	4,025	5,459	3,355	285
2000	15,409	15,126	336	1,791	3,962	5,616	3,421	283
3-month averages								
Feb-Apr 2000	15,402	15,110	338	1,797	3,961	5,603	3,410	292
Mar-May (Spr)	15,409	15,126	336	1,791	3,962	5,616	3,421	283
Apr-Jun	15,388	15,110	332	1,785	3,939	5,619	3,434	278
May-Jul	15,400	15,122	330	1,778	3,935	5,636	3,443	278
Jun-Aug (Sum)	15,399	15,125	330	1,794	3,914	5,638	3,449	274
Jul-Sep	15,419	15,145	327	1,798	3,913	5,651	3,456	274
Aug-Oct	15,425	15,147	323	1,783	3,914	5,660	3,467	278
Sep-Nov (Aut)	15,426	15,149	325	1,780	3,910	5,668	3,466	278
Oct-Dec	15,449	15,177	325	1,784	3,902	5,684	3,482	272
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	15,476	15,208	331	1,792	3,898	5,693	3,494	268
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	15,484	15,215	325	1,790	3,889	5,703	3,509	269
Jan-Mar 2001	15,508	15,249	332	1,790	3,886	5,718	3,524	259
Feb-Apr	15,518	15,257	334	1,794	3,875	5,718	3,535	261
Changes								
Over last 3 months	42	48	3	2	-22	24	41	-7
Percent	0.3	0.3	1.0	0.1	-0.6	0.4	1.2	-2.5
Over last 12 months	116	147	-4	-3	-86	114	126	-31
Percent	0.8	1.0	-1.3	-0.2	-2.2	2.0	3.7	-10.5
Female								
Spring quarters (Mar-May)								
1992	11,496	10,984	327	1,840	2,870	4,185	1,762	511
1993	11,483	10,969	286	1,724	2,946	4,232	1,781	514
1994	11,556	11,043	286	1,637	3,000	4,275	1,845	514
1995	11,649	11,145	300	1,579	3,046	4,316	1,904	504
1996	11,850	11,348	324	1,573	3,078	4,438	1,936	502
1997	12,060	11,530	356	1,529	3,161	4,455	2,029	530
1998	12,160	11,662	349	1,515	3,132	4,511	2,155	498
1999	12,350	11,825	343	1,521	3,131	4,594	2,235	526
2000	12,504	11,966	338	1,549	3,074	4,682	2,323	538
3-month averages								
Feb-Apr 2000	12,479	11,937	338	1,539	3,072	4,681	2,306	542
Mar-May (Spr)	12,504	11,966	338	1,549	3,074	4,682	2,323	538
Apr-Jun	12,538	11,992	343	1,546	3,069	4,696	2,337	546
May-Jul	12,564	12,017	338	1,550	3,069	4,709	2,351	548
Jun-Aug (Sum)	12,581	12,031	334	1,545	3,068	4,733	2,351	549
Jul-Sep	12,574	12,028	323	1,550	3,065	4,741	2,350	546
Aug-Oct	12,552	12,011	325	1,559	3,047	4,728	2,351	541
Sep-Nov (Aut)	12,548	12,002	325	1,556	3,037	4,730	2,354	546
Oct-Dec	12,551	12,006	329	1,538	3,041	4,745	2,353	545
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	12,598	12,054	336	1,548	3,041	4,766	2,363	545
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	12,604	12,063	334	1,540	3,034	4,779	2,375	541
Jan-Mar 2001	12,593	12,053	330	1,547	3,013	4,783	2,380	540
Feb-Apr	12,624	12,081	331	1,557	3,007	4,790	2,397	542
Changes								
Over last 3 months	26	28	-5	9	-34	24	34	-2
Percent	0.2	0.2	-1.6	0.6	-1.1	0.5	1.4	-0.4
Over last 12 months	145	145	-8	18	-66	109	91	0
Percent	1.2	1.2	-2.3	1.2	-2.1	2.3	4.0	0.0

a Denominator = all people in the relevant age group.

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7.

EMPLOYMENT Employment rates^a by age

Per cent, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM	All aged over 16	16-59/64	16-17	18-24	25-34	35-49	50-64 (M) 50-59 (F)	65+ (M) 60+ (F)
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
All	MGSR	MGSU	YBUA	YBUD	YBUG	YBUJ	YBUM	YBUP
Spring quarters (Mar-May)								
1992	57.1	71.2	48.7	65.9	74.0	79.6	63.2	8.0
1993	56.3	70.4	43.5	64.0	74.1	79.0	61.9	7.6
1994	56.7	70.8	45.0	63.7	74.7	79.0	62.4	7.7
1995	57.2	71.3	45.1	64.2	75.6	79.4	63.0	7.8
1996	57.6	71.9	46.4	65.8	75.9	79.7	63.5	7.5
1997	58.5	72.9	47.9	66.6	78.0	80.0	64.5	7.8
1998	58.9	73.4	47.7	66.5	78.7	80.7	65.5	7.5
1999	59.4	73.9	46.9	66.7	79.6	81.1	66.2	7.9
2000	59.9	74.6	46.8	67.7	80.5	81.8	66.8	8.0
3-month averages								
Feb-Apr 2000	59.9	74.5	47.0	67.6	80.3	81.8	66.5	8.1
Mar-May (Spr)	59.9	74.6	46.8	67.7	80.5	81.8	66.8	8.0
Apr-Jun	59.9	74.6	46.9	67.5	80.4	81.8	67.0	8.0
May-Jul	60.0	74.7	46.4	67.4	80.5	81.9	67.1	8.0
Jun-Aug (Sum)	60.0	74.7	46.1	67.6	80.5	82.0	67.1	8.0
Jul-Sep	60.0	74.7	45.1	67.7	80.4	82.0	67.1	8.0
Aug-Oct	59.9	74.6	44.9	67.5	80.4	81.9	67.1	8.0
Sep-Nov (Aut)	59.9	74.5	44.9	67.3	80.4	81.8	67.0	8.0
Oct-Dec	59.9	74.6	45.2	66.9	80.5	82.0	67.1	8.0
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	60.1	74.7	46.0	67.2	80.6	82.1	67.3	7.9
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	60.1	74.7	45.4	67.0	80.6	82.1	67.5	7.9
Jan-Mar 2001	60.1	74.8	45.5	67.0	80.5	82.2	67.6	7.8
Feb-Apr	60.1	74.8	45.6	67.3	80.5	82.1	67.9	7.8
Changes								
Over last 3 months	0.1	0.1	-0.4	0.0	-0.2	0.0	0.6	-0.1
Over last 12 months	0.2	0.3	-1.4	-0.4	0.2	0.3	1.3	-0.3
Male	MGSS	MGSV	YBUB	YBUE	YBUH	YBUK	YBUN	YBUQ
Spring quarters (Mar-May)								
1992	65.6	76.6	48.8	67.8	83.7	86.5	66.3	8.5
1993	64.1	75.1	42.6	66.0	83.0	85.3	64.2	7.1
1994	64.5	75.6	44.8	66.2	83.7	85.5	64.4	7.4
1995	65.2	76.4	44.4	67.1	84.6	86.3	65.0	8.0
1996	65.3	76.7	46.0	68.2	84.6	85.9	65.9	7.3
1997	66.0	77.8	46.0	69.2	86.4	86.4	67.3	7.3
1998	66.8	78.5	46.4	69.8	87.5	87.3	67.9	7.4
1999	67.1	78.8	45.3	70.0	87.9	87.6	68.7	7.7
2000	67.7	79.5	45.5	71.2	88.9	88.6	68.8	7.6
3-month averages								
Feb-Apr 2000	67.7	79.5	45.9	71.5	88.7	88.5	68.7	7.8
Mar-May (Spr)	67.7	79.5	45.5	71.2	88.9	88.6	68.8	7.6
Apr-Jun	67.6	79.4	45.1	70.9	88.6	88.5	69.0	7.4
May-Jul	67.6	79.5	44.8	70.6	88.7	88.6	69.1	7.4
Jun-Aug (Sum)	67.6	79.4	44.8	71.3	88.5	88.5	69.1	7.3
Jul-Sep	67.6	79.4	44.3	71.3	88.4	88.5	69.1	7.3
Aug-Oct	67.6	79.4	43.7	70.6	88.6	88.5	69.3	7.4
Sep-Nov (Aut)	67.5	79.4	43.8	70.4	88.7	88.5	69.2	7.4
Oct-Dec	67.6	79.5	43.8	70.5	88.7	88.6	69.4	7.3
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	67.7	79.6	44.5	70.7	88.8	88.6	69.6	7.1
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	67.7	79.6	43.6	70.6	88.8	88.7	69.8	7.2
Jan-Mar 2001	67.7	79.7	44.5	70.5	88.9	88.7	70.0	6.9
Feb-Apr	67.8	79.7	44.7	70.6	88.8	88.6	70.1	7.0
Changes								
Over last 3 months	0.1	0.1	0.2	-0.1	0.0	0.0	0.6	-0.2
Over last 12 months	0.0	0.2	-1.1	-0.9	0.1	0.1	1.5	-0.9
Female	MGST	MGSW	YBUC	YBUF	YBUI	YBUL	YBUO	YBUR
Spring quarters (Mar-May)								
1992	49.2	65.4	48.6	63.9	64.0	72.7	58.7	7.8
1993	49.0	65.2	44.3	62.0	65.0	72.6	58.6	7.8
1994	49.3	65.4	45.2	61.1	65.6	72.6	59.5	7.8
1995	49.6	65.8	45.9	61.2	66.4	72.4	60.3	7.7
1996	50.3	66.7	46.7	63.3	67.0	73.5	60.2	7.7
1997	51.0	67.4	50.0	63.2	69.2	73.6	60.6	8.1
1998	51.3	67.9	49.1	63.1	69.5	74.1	62.1	7.6
1999	51.9	68.6	48.7	63.2	71.1	74.6	62.8	8.0
2000	52.5	69.2	48.1	64.0	71.7	74.9	63.9	8.2
3-month averages								
Feb-Apr 2000	52.4	69.0	48.1	63.6	71.5	75.0	63.6	8.3
Mar-May (Spr)	52.5	69.2	48.1	64.0	71.7	74.9	63.9	8.2
Apr-Jun	52.6	69.3	48.8	63.9	71.8	75.0	64.2	8.4
May-Jul	52.7	69.5	48.1	64.0	71.9	75.2	64.5	8.4
Jun-Aug (Sum)	52.8	69.5	47.5	63.8	72.1	75.4	64.4	8.4
Jul-Sep	52.7	69.4	45.9	63.9	72.1	75.4	64.2	8.4
Aug-Oct	52.6	69.3	46.1	64.2	71.8	75.1	64.2	8.3
Sep-Nov (Aut)	52.6	69.2	46.0	64.0	71.7	75.0	64.1	8.4
Oct-Dec	52.6	69.2	46.6	63.2	72.0	75.2	64.0	8.4
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	52.7	69.4	47.5	63.6	72.1	75.4	64.1	8.3
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	52.8	69.4	47.2	63.2	72.1	75.5	64.4	8.3
Jan-Mar 2001	52.7	69.3	46.5	63.4	71.8	75.5	64.4	8.3
Feb-Apr	52.8	69.5	46.5	63.8	71.8	75.5	64.7	8.3
Changes								
Over last 3 months	0.1	0.0	-1.0	0.2	-0.3	0.1	0.6	0.0
Over last 12 months	0.4	0.4	-1.7	0.2	0.3	0.5	1.1	0.0

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

B.11 EMPLOYMENT Workforce jobs^a

										Thousands
Employee jobs						Self-employment jobs (with or without employees) ^c	HM Forces ^b	Government-supported trainees ^d	Workforce jobs ^e	
Male		Female		All						
All	Part-time ^f	All	Part-time ^f							
UNITED KINGDOM										
Not seasonally adjusted		BCAE		BCAF		BCAD	BCAG	BCAH	DY CZ	DYDA
1997	Sep	12,273	1,524	12,011	5,510	24,284	3,639	210	171	28,305
	Dec	12,422	1,606	12,186	5,623	24,608	3,555	211	163	28,538
1998	Mar	12,415	1,555	12,134	5,516	24,549	3,562	211	153	28,474
	Jun	12,505	1,546	12,175	5,437	24,680	3,487	210	121	28,498
	Sep	12,654	1,522	12,251	5,407	24,905	3,504	209	132	28,749
	Dec	12,652	1,607	12,323	5,868	24,975	3,484	210	127	28,796
1999	Mar	12,582	1,623	12,253	5,861	24,835	3,467	209	124	28,635
	Jun	12,653	1,657	12,352	5,886	25,004	3,513	208	121	28,847
	Sep	12,797	1,690	12,466	5,936	25,263	3,432	208	129	29,031
	Dec R	12,853	1,689	12,549	5,993	25,402	3,424	208	129	29,163
2000	Mar R	12,737	1,688	12,422	5,930	25,159	3,412	208	123	28,901
	Jun R	12,785	1,713	12,513	5,990	25,299	3,423	207	111	29,039
	Sep R	12,825	1,741	12,571	6,015	25,396	3,397	205	119	29,118
	Dec R	12,861	1,772	12,701	6,135	25,562	3,392	206	117	29,276
2001	Mar	12,719	1,725	12,590	6,070	25,309	3,392	206	113	29,020
UNITED KINGDOM										
Seasonally adjusted		BCHI		BCHJ		BCAJ	DYZN	LOJX	LOJU	DYDC
1997	Sep R	12,222	1,529	11,993	5,535	24,216	3,614	211	170	28,210
	Dec R	12,357	1,577	12,096	5,544	24,453	3,564	211	155	28,382
1998	Mar R	12,489	1,573	12,214	5,540	24,703	3,563	210	151	28,626
	Jun R	12,529	1,549	12,192	5,464	24,721	3,499	210	133	28,563
	Sep R	12,610	1,529	12,238	5,435	24,848	3,481	210	129	28,667
	Dec R	12,591	1,580	12,242	5,792	24,833	3,492	210	121	28,656
1999	Mar R	12,650	1,638	12,325	5,877	24,975	3,464	208	122	28,770
	Jun R	12,676	1,660	12,365	5,913	25,042	3,487	209	132	28,869
	Sep R	12,756	1,697	12,456	5,968	25,212	3,436	208	126	28,983
	Dec R	12,797	1,664	12,474	5,920	25,271	3,438	208	124	29,041
2000	Mar R	12,800	1,701	12,490	5,943	25,290	3,409	208	121	29,028
	Jun R	12,812	1,717	12,525	6,018	25,337	3,397	207	121	29,062
	Sep R	12,784	1,747	12,561	6,047	25,345	3,403	206	116	29,071
	Dec R	12,807	1,748	12,629	6,064	25,436	3,405	206	112	29,159
2001	Mar	12,782	1,737	12,657	6,081	25,438	3,392	205	111	29,147
GREAT BRITAIN										
Not seasonally adjusted		DYCA		DYCB		DYCM	DYCT	DYCU	DYDE	DYDF
1997	Sep	11,974	1,476	11,710	5,370	23,683	3,548	210	153	27,595
	Dec	12,119	1,556	11,878	5,476	23,997	3,464	211	146	27,818
1998	Mar	12,112	1,505	11,828	5,370	23,939	3,471	211	137	27,758
	Jun	12,202	1,496	11,867	5,290	24,068	3,399	210	107	27,784
	Sep	12,347	1,472	11,942	5,261	24,289	3,416	209	117	28,031
	Dec	12,342	1,555	12,009	5,718	24,351	3,397	210	112	28,070
1999	Mar	12,274	1,571	11,940	5,712	24,214	3,379	209	111	27,913
	Jun	12,342	1,605	12,038	5,735	24,380	3,427	208	110	28,125
	Sep	12,483	1,638	12,150	5,785	24,632	3,346	208	117	28,303
	Dec	12,536	1,635	12,226	5,837	24,762	3,338	208	116	28,425
2000	Mar	12,421	1,635	12,102	5,777	24,523	3,326	208	111	28,168
	Jun R	12,469	1,659	12,192	5,836	24,661	3,330	207	101	28,298
	Sep R	12,507	1,687	12,250	5,862	24,757	3,304	205	108	28,374
	Dec R	12,540	1,716	12,374	5,977	24,913	3,299	206	103	28,521
2001	Mar	12,401	1,670	12,264	5,912	24,665	3,298	206	100	28,270
GREAT BRITAIN										
Seasonally adjusted		DYCF		DYCG		DYCN	DYZO	LOJW	LOJT	DYDH
1997	Sep R	11,923	1,482	11,690	5,395	23,613	3,522	211	152	27,499
	Dec R	12,055	1,527	11,791	5,397	23,846	3,473	211	138	27,668
1998	Mar R	12,185	1,524	11,907	5,394	24,092	3,472	210	134	27,908
	Jun R	12,225	1,499	11,883	5,317	24,108	3,411	210	118	27,847
	Sep R	12,304	1,479	11,927	5,290	24,231	3,393	210	114	27,948
	Dec R	12,284	1,528	11,931	5,642	24,214	3,404	210	106	27,935
1999	Mar R	12,341	1,587	12,012	5,728	24,353	3,377	208	109	28,047
	Jun R	12,365	1,609	12,050	5,763	24,416	3,402	209	120	28,146
	Sep R	12,442	1,646	12,139	5,817	24,581	3,351	208	113	28,253
	Dec R	12,482	1,610	12,154	5,764	24,636	3,352	208	112	28,308
2000	Mar R	12,484	1,648	12,170	5,790	24,653	3,323	208	109	28,293
	Jun R	12,494	1,663	12,203	5,864	24,697	3,304	207	110	28,318
	Sep R	12,466	1,694	12,239	5,894	24,705	3,310	206	104	28,325
	Dec R	12,488	1,692	12,305	5,905	24,793	3,312	206	99	28,409
2001	Mar	12,462	1,682	12,331	5,924	24,793	3,299	205	99	28,396

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS
Customer helpline: 01633 812079

- a Workforce jobs are calculated by summing employee jobs, self-employment jobs from the Labour Force Survey, HM Forces and government-supported trainees.
b HM Forces figures, provided by the Ministry of Defence, are not subject to seasonal adjustment.
c Estimates of self-employment jobs are based on the results of the Labour Force Survey. The Northern Ireland estimates are not seasonally adjusted.
d Includes all participants on government training and employment programmes who are receiving some work experience on their placement but who do not have a contract of employment (those with a contract are included in the employee jobs series).
e Employee jobs, self-employment jobs, HM Forces and government-supported trainees.
f Estimates of part-time employees in the United Kingdom are only available on a quarterly basis since December 1992. The Northern Ireland component is not seasonally adjusted.

R Revised

Note: Definitions of terms used will be found on pS3.

B.12 EMPLOYMENT

Employee jobs by industry

Thousands									
UNITED KINGDOM		All industries and services A-Q		Manufacturing industries D		Production industries C-E		Production and construction industries C-F	
SIC 1992 Section, subsection, group		All employee jobs unadjusted	Seasonally adjusted	All employee jobs unadjusted	Seasonally adjusted	All employee jobs unadjusted	Seasonally adjusted	All employee jobs unadjusted	Seasonally adjusted
		BCAD	BCAJ	YEJG	YEJL	YEJH	YEJF	LOJY	LOJZ
1988	Jun	23,563	23,560	4,920	4,926	5,361	5,402	6,575	6,612
1989	Jun	23,990	23,990	4,904	4,914	5,327	5,371	6,583	6,623
1990	Jun	24,265	24,254	4,779	4,794	5,182	5,227	6,452	6,496
1991	Jun	23,576	23,556	4,360	4,372	4,737	4,778	5,908	5,949
1992	Jun	23,213	23,196	4,140	4,146	4,480	4,512	5,514	5,573
1993	Jun	22,879	22,854	3,960	3,960	4,259	4,278	5,221	5,243
1994	Jun	22,971	22,934	3,977	3,975	4,242	4,257	5,204	5,221
1995	Jun	23,317	23,277	4,076	4,076	4,317	4,331	5,250	5,266
1996	Jun	23,601	23,598	4,117	4,121	4,349	4,354	5,270	5,282
1997	Jun	24,156	24,195	4,175	4,185	4,406	4,416	5,382	5,406
1998	Jun	24,680	24,721	4,196	4,204	4,416	4,424	5,514	5,531
1999	Feb R			4,111	4,120	4,320	4,330		
	Mar R	24,835	24,975	4,086	4,099	4,294	4,307	5,394	5,417
	Apr R			4,064	4,082	4,270	4,288		
	May R			4,051	4,068	4,256	4,273		
	Jun R	25,004	25,042	4,048	4,054	4,252	4,259	5,364	5,377
	Jul R			4,045	4,042	4,248	4,244		
	Aug R			4,044	4,035	4,245	4,234		
	Sep R	25,263	25,212	4,029	4,013	4,228	4,212	5,380	5,355
	Oct R			4,026	4,016	4,223	4,212		
	Nov R			4,021	4,008	4,217	4,203		
	Dec R	25,402	25,271	4,002	3,992	4,195	4,186	5,348	5,329
2000	Jan R			3,986	3,991	4,176	4,183		
	Feb R			3,980	3,988	4,171	4,179		
	Mar R	25,159	25,290	3,967	3,975	4,158	4,166	5,305	5,325
	Apr R			3,952	3,967	4,141	4,156		
	May R			3,944	3,960	4,133	4,149		
	Jun R	25,299	25,337	3,945	3,950	4,134	4,139	5,305	5,316
	Jul R			3,942	3,939	4,131	4,127		
	Aug R			3,939	3,930	4,128	4,117		
	Sep R	25,396	25,345	3,921	3,908	4,109	4,095	5,272	5,249
	Oct R			3,916	3,907	4,103	4,093		
	Nov R			3,912	3,899	4,099	4,085		
	Dec R	25,562	25,436	3,890	3,883	4,077	4,070	5,236	5,222
2001	Jan R			3,877	3,882	4,063	4,070		
	Feb R			3,869	3,875	4,054	4,062		
	Mar R	25,309	25,438	3,862	3,869	4,048	4,055	5,206	5,224
	Apr P			3,853	3,867	4,041	4,054		

UNITED KINGDOM		SEASONALLY ADJUSTED								
SIC 1992 Section, subsection, group		Service industries G-Q		Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	Mining and quarrying, supply of electricity, gas and water	Food products, beverages and tobacco	Manufacture of clothing, textiles, leather and leather products	Wood and wood products	Paper, pulp, printing, publishing and recording media	Chemicals, chemical products and man-made fibres
		All employee jobs unadjusted	Seasonally adjusted	A, B 01-05	C, E 10-14, 40-41	DA 15-16	DB/DC 17-19	DD 20	DE 21-22	DG 24
		YEJI	YEID	YEHU	YEJY	LOKA	LOKB	LOKC	LOKD	LOKE
1988	Jun	16,655	16,609	338	477	543	603	93	463	312
1989	Jun	17,087	17,043	324	457	532	570	95	472	318
1990	Jun	17,496	17,440	318	433	525	525	98	473	306
1991	Jun	17,359	17,298	309	406	527	448	86	463	277
1992	Jun	17,421	17,312	311	366	500	430	85	454	270
1993	Jun	17,328	17,283	327	319	486	423	91	445	257
1994	Jun	17,466	17,413	300	281	475	414	92	459	246
1995	Jun	17,793	17,738	273	255	474	398	83	466	254
1996	Jun	18,051	18,031	285	233	468	390	85	466	252
1997	Jun	18,460	18,472	317	231	494	383	87	466	251
1998	Jun	18,844	18,872	318	220	506	369	86	474	258
1999	Feb Mar	19,142	19,250	309	210 208	499 499	342 336	85 83	470 472	254 253
	Apr May Jun				206 204 204	500 501 502	331 328 324	82 83 84	473 469 469	252 251 249
	Jul Aug Sep				202 200 198	503 503 497	320 318 315	84 83 83	471 471 469	248 247 246
	Oct Nov Dec				196 195 193	506 507 499	312 309 306	82 82 82	469 468 470	245 244 243
2000	Jan Feb R Mar				192 191 191	503 503 502	305 304 300	83 84 84	469 469 469	242 241 241
	Apr May Jun				190 189 189	502 501 497	295 293 290	84 83 84	469 469 468	240 239 239
	Jul R Aug R Sep R				188 187 187	500 501 491	288 285 282	84 85 85	468 466 466	239 239 239
	Oct Nov Dec				186 187 187	498 497 493	280 278 276	86 85 85	466 465 465	238 238 237
2001	Jan R Feb R Mar R				188 187 187	495 494 494	271 271 268	85 85 85	465 464 464	237 237 236
	Apr P				188	494	267	84	465	236

a b These figures do not cover all employees in national and local government. They exclude those engaged in, for example, building, education and health. Members of HM Forces are excluded.
Excludes private domestic service.

P Provisional
R Revised

Note: Estimates for groups of industry classes are now seasonally adjusted from June 1978 for quarterly data and from September 1984 for monthly data. For unadjusted figures, please see Tables B.13 and B.14.

EMPLOYMENT Employee jobs by industry: seasonally adjusted

B.12

Thousands

UNITED KINGDOM		Rubber and plastic products	Non-metallic mineral products, metal and metal products	Machinery and equipment n.e.c.	Electrical and optical equipment	Transport equipment	Coke, nuclear fuel and other manufacturing n.e.c.	Construction	Wholesale and retail trade, and repairs	Hotels and restaurants
SIC 1992 Section, subsection, group		DH 25	DI/DJ 26-28	DK 29	DL 30-33	DM 34-35	DF, DN 23, 36-37	F 45	G 50-52	H 55
		LOKF	LOKG	LOKH	LOKI	LOKJ	LOKK	YEHX	LOKL	LOKM
1988	Jun	233	877	479	578	507	238	1,210	3,811	1,261
1989	Jun	236	892	482	575	498	244	1,252	3,953	1,363
1990	Jun	230	878	481	544	489	245	1,269	4,027	1,430
1991	Jun	203	785	451	483	435	215	1,171	3,957	1,400
1992	Jun	197	741	416	442	404	208	1,060	3,946	1,384
1993	Jun	201	698	376	421	355	208	965	3,922	1,344
1994	Jun	211	708	373	436	349	213	964	4,014	1,350
1995	Jun	234	709	386	473	372	227	935	4,065	1,418
1996	Jun	240	720	391	497	386	225	928	4,109	1,478
1997	Jun	251	721	391	508	390	242	990	4,248	1,505
1998	Jun	253	700	390	518	408	243	1,107	4,314	1,577
1999	Feb	248	680	379	518	405	241			
	Mar	247	678	376	512	400	243	1,110	4,366	1,628
	Apr	246	673	374	509	397	244			
	May	244	674	372	506	395	243			
	Jun	243	675	370	503	393	241	1,118	4,365	1,629
	Jul	241	673	368	502	391	241			
	Aug	240	671	367	500	392	242			
	Sep R	239	671	367	496	388	242	1,144	4,380	1,647
	Oct	239	671	365	497	386	243			
	Nov	239	672	364	496	385	242			
	Dec R	239	672	363	494	382	244	1,143	4,407	1,650
2000	Jan	238	673	362	494	380	242			
	Feb	239	673	361	494	379	242			
	Mar R	236	675	360	492	378	240	1,159	4,393	1,665
	Apr R	236	673	359	493	377	239			
	May	237	672	359	493	375	240			
	Jun	235	671	357	493	373	241	1,177	4,403	1,666
	Jul	235	669	356	492	369	238			
	Aug	233	668	356	493	368	237			
	Sep	232	666	354	491	364	237	1,154	4,430	1,658
	Oct	230	666	353	492	363	236			
	Nov R	230	666	353	491	361	234			
	Dec R	229	663	352	491	358	234	1,152	4,492	1,663
2001	Jan R	228	664	352	491	357	236			
	Feb R	227	662	352	489	356	236			
	Mar R	227	661	353	488	357	237	1,168	4,508	1,664
	Apr P	226	662	352	487	356	238			

UNITED KINGDOM		Transport and storage	Post and telecommunications	Financial intermediation	Real estate	Renting, research, computer and other business activities	Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	Education	Health and social work activities	Other community, social and personal activities
SIC 1992 Section, subsection, group		I 60-63	I 64	J 65-67	K 70	K 71-74	L ^a 75	M 80	N 85	O - Q ^b 90-99
		LOKN	LOKO	LOKP	LOKQ	LOKR	LOKS	LOKT	LOKU	YEIC
1988	Jun	913	480	1,052	195	2,212	1,484	1,788	2,385	1,028
1989	Jun	945	489	1,095	203	2,347	1,404	1,827	2,373	1,042
1990	Jun	978	488	1,104	211	2,481	1,445	1,848	2,393	1,035
1991	Jun	965	480	1,080	206	2,444	1,465	1,834	2,450	1,017
1992	Jun	954	471	1,045	227	2,433	1,469	1,816	2,520	1,048
1993	Jun	941	444	1,012	262	2,493	1,466	1,795	2,531	1,075
1994	Jun	934	446	1,019	276	2,495	1,448	1,817	2,546	1,069
1995	Jun	922	446	1,039	287	2,654	1,411	1,825	2,588	1,082
1996	Jun	907	461	1,015	280	2,600	1,417	1,854	2,591	1,116
1997	Jun	927	464	1,038	299	2,991	1,399	1,861	2,619	1,148
1998	Jun	950	472	1,053	298	3,143	1,403	1,844	2,626	1,189
1999	Feb									
	Mar R	976	485	1,060	311	3,248	1,423	1,929	2,618	1,206
	Apr									
	May									
	Jun R	986	486	1,074	314	3,266	1,412	1,981	2,597	1,239
	Jul									
	Aug									
	Sep R	1,002	497	1,082	324	3,302	1,396	2,044	2,625	1,252
	Oct									
	Nov									
	Dec R	1,014	515	1,087	332	3,322	1,380	2,049	2,637	1,259
2000	Jan									
	Feb									
	Mar	1,012	506	1,072	335	3,301	1,398	2,072	2,622	1,274
	Apr									
	May									
	Jun R	1,022	514	1,067	345	3,314	1,399	2,097	2,614	1,266
	Jul									
	Aug									
	Sep R	1,036	520	1,069	342	3,348	1,396	2,122	2,616	1,264
	Oct									
	Nov									
	Dec R	1,045	537	1,069	345	3,369	1,398	2,133	2,583	1,270
2001	Jan									
	Feb									
	Mar	1,042	539	1,068	354	3,362	1,403	2,138	2,575	1,272
	Apr P									

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS
Customer helpline: 01633 812079

UNITED KINGDOM	Section, sub- section	March 2000			March 2001			2000		2001			
		Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Nov R	Dec R	Jan R	Feb R	Mar R	Apr P
PRODUCTION INDUSTRIES	C-E	3,023.4	1,134.4	4,157.8	2,936.8	1,111.7	4,048.5	4,098.7	4,076.5	4,062.9	4,054.3	4,048.5	4,040.7
MINING AND QUARRYING	C	60.7	9.1	69.7	60.5	9.3	69.9	69.7	69.2	69.1	69.3	69.9	70.5
Mining and quarrying of energy producing materials	CA (10-12)	37.2	5.5	42.7	38.1	5.7	43.8	43.0	43.0	42.9	43.2	43.8	43.9
Mining and quarrying except of energy producing materials	CB (13/14)	23.4	3.6	27.0	22.4	3.7	26.1	26.7	26.1	26.2	26.1	26.1	26.6
MANUFACTURING	D	2,876.3	1,090.3	3,966.6	2,796.3	1,065.4	3,861.7	3,911.6	3,890.1	3,876.5	3,867.8	3,861.7	3,853.3
Manufacture of food products, beverages and tobacco	DA	316.7	178.8	495.5	312.7	175.0	487.7	503.5	501.2	492.2	489.1	487.7	486.8
Manufacture of textiles and textile products of textiles of wearing apparel; dressing and dyeing of fur	DB 17	136.4 86.9	135.8 67.4	272.2 154.3	124.7 80.7	119.2 63.4	243.8 144.0	253.7 147.1	251.3 146.0	247.6 145.8	247.0 145.4	243.8 144.0	241.9 143.0
	18	49.6	68.4	117.9	44.0	55.8	99.8	106.6	105.2	101.8	101.6	99.8	98.9
Manufacture of leather and leather products including footwear	DC	16.3	11.1	27.4	15.0	9.8	24.7	25.1	25.1	24.8	24.7	24.7	24.3
Manufacture of wood and wood products	DD (20)	59.2	24.7	83.9	59.6	25.0	84.7	85.0	85.0	84.8	84.3	84.7	84.2
Manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products; publishing and printing of pulp, paper and paper products	DE 21	293.4 73.2	174.1 27.6	467.6 100.8	284.9 69.6	177.6 27.2	462.5 96.9	466.4 98.6	464.3 98.1	465.0 98.5	463.6 97.7	462.5 96.9	463.2 96.6
	22	220.2	146.6	366.8	215.3	150.3	365.7	367.7	366.2	366.5	365.9	365.7	366.7
Manufacture of coke, refined petroleum products and nuclear fuel	DF (23)	23.7	3.6	27.2	22.4	3.5	25.9	26.1	25.8	25.8	25.8	25.9	26.0
Manufacture of chemicals, chemical products and man-made fibres	DG (24)	170.7	69.3	240.0	167.4	68.3	235.7	238.7	237.5	236.7	236.5	235.7	235.6
Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	DH (25)	188.4	47.4	235.8	180.9	45.9	226.8	231.0	228.9	228.1	227.2	226.8	225.6
Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	DI (26)	114.6	27.3	141.9	115.9	27.1	143.1	143.1	142.3	143.6	143.4	143.1	143.5
Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products of basic metals of fabricated metal products, except machinery	DJ 27	441.7 105.2	90.2 13.9	531.8 119.1	427.3 102.4	89.8 13.8	517.1 116.2	521.6 117.4	518.6 116.9	517.3 117.1	517.3 116.6	517.1 116.2	517.9 115.4
	28	336.5	76.3	412.7	324.9	76.0	400.9	404.2	401.7	400.2	400.6	400.9	402.5
	DK (29)	291.8	67.4	359.2	285.9	66.2	352.0	354.2	352.6	352.4	352.3	352.0	350.4
Manufacture of electrical and optical equipment of office machinery and computers of electrical machinery and apparatus n.e.c. of radio, television and communication eqpt. of medical, precision and optical eqpt; watches	DL 30	346.4 36.7	146.9 16.1	493.3 52.8	341.2 35.2	147.9 15.6	489.1 50.8	491.2 52.2	490.1 51.7	491.1 51.5	490.1 51.2	489.1 50.8	486.1 50.7
	31	128.3	52.7	181.0	125.3	51.2	176.5	177.9	177.6	177.0	176.7	176.5	175.4
	32	86.7	41.3	128.0	90.1	41.9	132.1	131.9	131.7	132.8	132.5	132.1	130.1
	33	94.6	36.8	131.5	90.6	39.3	129.9	129.2	129.1	129.7	129.6	129.9	129.9
Manufacture of transport equipment of motor vehicles, trailers of other transport equipment	DM 34	330.3 179.5	48.2 28.4	378.5 207.9	311.0 164.3	46.5 26.4	357.5 190.7	362.3 195.6	358.5 193.2	357.5 191.0	357.0 190.7	357.5 190.7	356.1 189.8
	35	150.8	19.8	170.6	146.7	20.1	166.8	166.6	165.2	166.4	166.3	166.8	166.3
	DN	146.8	65.6	212.4	147.4	63.6	211.0	209.6	209.1	209.7	209.5	211.0	211.7
ELECTRICITY, GAS AND WATER SUPPLY	E	86.5	35.0	121.5	80.0	36.9	116.9	117.4	117.3	117.2	117.2	116.9	116.9

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS
Customer helpline: 01633 812079

P Provisional
R Revised

EMPLOYMENT B.14

Employee jobs: unadjusted: March 2001

Thousands

UNITED KINGDOM	Section sub-section group or class	March 2000					December 2000 R			March 2001				
		Male		Female		All	Male	Female	All	Male		Female		All
		Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time					Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time	
SIC 1992														
ALL SECTIONS	A-Q	11,049.1	1,687.8	6,491.8	5,930.1	25,158.8	12,860.8	12,700.8	25,561.6	10,994.6	1,724.8	6,520.1	6,069.6	25,309.2
AGRICULTURE, HUNTING AND FORESTRY	A	168.3	38.6	56.6	31.0	294.4	206.9	80.0	286.9	150.8	38.3	51.4	27.5	268.0
Agriculture, hunting and related service activities	01	163.4	38.2	55.9	30.5	288.0	201.7	78.8	280.5	145.9	37.9	50.8	27.0	261.6
FISHING	B	8.2	0.9	0.7	1.1	11.0	9.2	1.8	10.9	8.2	0.9	0.7	1.1	10.9
MINING AND QUARRYING	C	60.0	0.6	7.7	1.4	69.7	60.1	9.1	69.2	60.2	0.4	7.9	1.5	69.9
Mining and quarrying of energy producing materials	CA (10-12)	36.9	0.3	4.9	0.6	42.7	37.4	5.6	43.0	37.9	0.2	5.0	0.7	43.8
Mining and quarrying except of energy producing materials	CB (13/14)	23.1	0.3	2.8	0.8	27.0	22.6	3.5	26.1	22.3	0.1	2.8	0.8	26.1
ENERGY AND WATER SUPPLY INDUSTRIES	C,E	142.0	5.1	33.8	10.3	191.2	142.0	44.4	186.4	135.1	5.5	34.1	12.2	186.8
MANUFACTURING	D	2,795.1	81.2	850.1	240.2	3,966.6	2,817.8	1,072.3	3,890.1	2,709.2	87.1	823.1	242.2	3,861.7
Manufacture of food products; beverages and tobacco	DA	305.8	10.9	127.7	51.1	495.5	318.7	182.5	501.2	301.8	10.9	124.8	50.2	487.7
Manufacture of textiles and textile products	DB	130.7	5.8	109.8	26.0	272.2	126.8	124.4	251.3	119.8	4.9	97.0	22.2	243.8
of textiles	17	85.3	1.6	53.1	14.3	154.3	81.1	65.0	146.0	79.0	1.7	49.4	13.9	144.0
of wearing apparel; dressing of fur	18	45.4	4.2	56.7	11.7	117.9	45.8	59.4	105.2	40.8	3.2	47.6	8.2	98.8
Manufacture of leather and leather products including footwear	DC	16.0	0.3	9.9	1.2	27.4	15.0	10.1	25.1	14.7	0.3	8.7	1.1	24.7
Manufacture of wood and wood products	DD (20)	57.6	1.6	16.4	8.3	83.9	60.3	24.7	85.0	58.0	1.6	17.0	8.0	84.7
Manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products; publishing and printing of pulp, paper and paper products	DE	271.7	21.7	130.2	44.0	467.6	287.0	177.2	464.3	259.0	25.9	133.2	44.4	462.5
Publishing, printing and reproduction of recorded media	21	71.8	1.4	21.9	5.7	100.8	70.5	27.6	98.1	66.7	2.9	20.9	6.3	96.9
Manufacture of coke, refined petroleum products and nuclear fuel	22	199.9	20.4	108.3	38.3	366.8	216.5	149.6	366.2	192.3	23.0	112.3	38.0	365.7
Manufacture of chemicals, chemical products and man-made fibres	DF (23)	22.8	0.9	2.5	1.1	27.2	22.9	2.9	25.8	21.6	0.7	2.5	0.9	25.9
Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	DG (24)	168.5	2.2	59.7	9.6	240.0	168.2	69.2	237.5	164.6	2.8	58.7	9.5	235.7
Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	DH (25)	182.7	5.7	35.7	11.7	235.8	183.9	44.9	228.9	174.7	6.2	35.0	11.0	226.8
Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products of basic metals	DI (26)	113.2	1.4	22.6	4.7	141.9	115.9	26.4	142.3	114.3	1.6	22.6	4.6	143.1
of fabricated metal products, except machinery	DJ	426.9	14.8	61.0	29.2	531.8	431.7	86.9	518.6	412.7	14.6	57.3	32.5	517.1
Manufacture of electrical and optical equipment	27	104.5	0.7	11.2	2.7	119.1	102.6	14.3	116.9	101.5	0.9	11.2	2.6	116.2
of office machinery and computers	28	322.4	14.0	49.8	26.5	412.7	329.1	72.6	401.7	311.2	13.7	46.1	29.9	400.9
of electrical machinery n.e.c.	DK (29)	289.0	2.7	57.4	10.0	359.2	284.9	67.6	352.6	282.9	3.0	55.9	10.2	352.0
of radio, TV and communication eqpt.	DL	341.6	4.8	126.5	20.3	493.3	344.6	145.5	490.1	336.0	5.2	123.2	24.7	489.1
of medical, precision and optical equipment and watches	30	36.2	0.5	15.2	0.9	52.8	35.8	15.9	51.7	34.2	1.0	14.6	1.0	50.8
Manufacture of transport equipment	31	125.5	2.8	44.8	7.9	181.0	126.7	50.9	177.6	122.9	2.4	42.0	9.2	176.5
of motor vehicles, trailers	32	86.0	0.8	36.4	4.8	128.0	89.3	42.4	131.7	89.2	0.9	35.9	6.0	132.1
of other transport eqpt.	33	94.0	0.7	30.2	6.6	131.5	92.8	36.3	129.1	89.6	1.0	30.7	8.6	129.9
Manufacturing n.e.c.	DM	329.1	1.1	41.1	7.1	378.5	310.5	48.0	358.5	309.5	1.4	40.1	6.4	367.5
	34	179.0	0.4	24.0	4.4	207.9	165.4	27.9	193.2	164.0	0.3	22.5	3.9	190.7
	35	150.1	0.7	17.1	2.6	170.6	145.1	20.1	165.2	145.6	1.1	17.8	2.5	168.8
	DN	139.5	7.3	49.5	16.1	212.4	147.3	61.8	209.1	139.5	7.9	47.1	16.6	211.0
ELECTRICITY, GAS AND WATER SUPPLY	E	82.0	4.5	26.1	8.9	121.5	81.9	35.3	117.3	74.9	5.1	26.2	10.7	116.9
CONSTRUCTION	F	951.7	29.1	96.5	70.2	1,147.4	986.9	172.4	1,159.3	948.8	29.1	109.4	70.3	1,157.6
SERVICE INDUSTRIES	G - Q	6,983.8	1,532.8	5,454.1	5,577.3	19,548.1	8,698.0	11,329.9	20,027.9	7,042.5	1,563.9	5,501.4	5,716.3	19,824.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE; REPAIR OF MOTOR VEHICLES, MOTORCYCLES AND PERSONAL AND HOUSEHOLD GOODS	G	1,707.0	366.0	908.1	1,379.8	4,360.9	2,147.6	2,420.5	4,568.1	1,726.5	390.8	917.8	1,439.9	4,475.1
Sale, maintenance and repair of motor vehicles; retail sale of automotive fuel	50	402.6	35.3	79.6	55.6	573.1	436.4	134.5	570.8	399.5	32.7	81.2	54.3	567.7
Wholesale and Commission Trade (except motor vehicles)	51	730.4	44.1	291.0	112.7	1,178.1	788.4	413.2	1,201.7	738.3	44.6	291.1	117.6	1,191.7
Retail trade, except motor vehicles and motorcycles, repair of personal goods	52	574.0	286.7	537.5	1,211.5	2,609.7	922.8	1,872.8	2,795.6	588.7	313.4	545.5	1,268.1	2,715.8
HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS	H	355.1	301.3	301.0	676.7	1,634.0	667.0	990.0	1,657.0	356.5	304.6	302.8	669.0	1,632.8
TRANSPORT, STORAGE AND COMMUNICATION	I	1,008.6	67.0	334.8	101.6	1,511.9	1,123.7	463.0	1,586.7	1,043.2	74.6	349.0	108.7	1,575.5
Land transport; transport via pipelines	60	407.0	32.8	51.7	28.7	520.3	453.1	87.4	540.5	416.4	34.8	54.6	30.4	536.2
Water transport	61	10.6	1.8	3.9	1.4	17.8	9.9	5.7	15.6	8.1	1.8	4.0	1.6	15.5
Air transport	62	43.0	1.1	41.1	7.6	92.8	43.8	46.0	89.8	42.2	1.3	38.5	7.5	89.5
Supporting and auxiliary transport activities; activities of travel agencies	63	208.6	16.9	118.3	30.1	373.9	239.7	158.3	398.0	220.4	17.8	123.7	31.6	393.7
Post and telecommunications	64	339.3	14.4	119.7	33.8	507.2	377.3	165.5	542.8	356.1	18.8	128.2	37.6	540.6
FINANCIAL INTERMEDIATION	J	501.0	14.0	444.5	110.3	1,069.7	512.6	560.0	1,072.6	490.0	15.5	442.7	116.8	1,065.0
Financial intermediation, except insurance and pension funding	65	285.4	5.5	247.5	68.0	606.4	283.9	309.8	593.8	274.0	6.9	238.7	71.6	591.2
Insurance and pension funding, except compulsory social security	66	100.3	3.8	101.7	20.6	226.4	106.4	125.8	232.1	101.6	3.8	102.9	22.6	230.9
Auxiliary to financial intermediation	67	115.2	4.6	95.2	21.7	236.8	122.3	124.4	246.7	114.4	4.8	101.2	22.6	242.9
REAL ESTATE, RENTING AND BUSINESS ACTIVITIES	K	1,599.4	291.3	996.6	722.5	3,609.8	1,964.8	1,776.0	3,740.8	1,643.9	287.1	1,054.5	704.3	3,689.8
Real estate activities	70	145.4	18.4	106.0	64.7	334.4	167.0	179.3	346.3	152.3	17.8	115.9	67.4	353.5
Renting of machinery and equipment without operator and of personal and household goods	71	84.4	9.9	35.6	23.4	153.4	96.4	61.4	157.8	83.7	10.5	35.9	26.0	156.1
Computer and related activities	72	227.0	18.6	111.9	63.1	420.5	254.3	182.5	436.9	230.2	16.7	125.6	60.2	432.6
Research and development	73	50.5	3.1	35.1	10.3	98.9	52.6	47.2	99.8	48.0	3.9	35.9	10.5	98.4
Other business activities	74	1,092.1	241.3	708.0	561.0	2,602.4	1,394.5	1,305.5	2,700.0	1,129.6	238.3	741.2	540.2	2,649.2
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE; COMPULSORY SOCIAL SECURITY+ L	L	628.4	47.7	504.4	216.1	1,396.6	675.2	726.4	1,401.7	622.9	52.6	506.3	220.3	1,402.1
EDUCATION	M	405.4	160.9	645.5	877.6	2,089.4	580.3	1,568.0	2,148.2	412.9	169.7	669.6	902.8	2,155.0
HEALTH AND SOCIAL WORK	N	352.7	120.7	999.4	1,143.4	2,616.3	440.4	2,147.5	2,587.8	318.2	112.7	937.9	1,200.5	2,569.5
OTHER COMMUNITY, SOCIAL AND PERSONAL SERVICE ACTIVITIES	O,P,Q	426.3	163.9	320.0	349.4	1,259.6	586.5	678.5	1,265.0	428.5	156.3	320.8	353.8	1,259.4
Sewage and refuse disposal	90	73.8	1.1	12.3	5.1	92.3	75.1	17.4	92.5	73.6	1.0	12.1	5.3	92.1
Servs. of membership organisations n.e.c.	91	60.0	31.5	54.9	71.4	217.8	93.1	127.5	220.6	61.4	30.9	54.6	69.6	216.5
Recreational, cultural and sporting servs.	92	210.1	81.9	163.1	186.1	641.2	294.7	357.9	652.6	214.6	79.2	164.2	196.1	654.2
Other service activities n.e.c.#	93/95/99	82.5	49.4	89.8	86.7	308.3	123.6	175.7	299.3	78.9	45.2	88.8	82.8	296.7

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS
Customer helpline: 01633 812079

+ Members of HM Forces are excluded.
Excludes private households with employed persons, extra-territorial organisations and bodies.
P Provisional
R Revised

B.15 EMPLOYMENT

Employee jobs: unadjusted: March 2001

Thousands

GREAT BRITAIN	Section sub-section group or class	March 2000 R					December 2000 R			March 2001				
		Male		Female		All	Male	Female	All	Male		Female		All
		Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time					Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time	
SIC 1992	A-Q	10,786.4	1,634.8	6,325.1	5,776.7	24,523.1	12,539.9	12,373.6	24,913.5	10,731.0	1,669.9	6,351.7	5,912.4	24,665.1
ALL SECTIONS	A-Q													
AGRICULTURE, HUNTING AND FORESTRY	A	165.1	28.3	56.2	29.6	279.2	193.5	77.9	271.4	147.7	28.0	51.0	25.8	252.5
Agriculture, hunting and related service activities	01	160.6	27.9	55.6	29.1	273.2	188.6	76.8	265.4	143.2	27.6	50.4	25.3	246.5
FISHING	B	8.1	0.9	0.7	1.1	10.8	9.0	1.7	10.8	8.1	0.9	0.7	1.1	10.8
MINING AND QUARRYING	C	58.3	0.6	7.5	1.3	67.8	58.3	8.9	67.3	58.5	0.3	7.7	1.5	68.0
Mining and quarrying of energy producing materials	CA (10-12)	36.7	0.3	4.9	0.6	42.4	37.2	5.6	42.8	37.7	0.2	5.0	0.7	43.6
Oil and natural gas extraction	11	25.1	0.1	4.5	0.3	30.0	25.1	4.8	29.9	25.5	0.0	4.5	0.4	30.5
Mining and quarrying except of energy producing materials	CB (13/14)	21.6	0.3	2.7	0.8	25.4	21.1	3.4	24.5	20.8	0.1	2.7	0.8	24.4
ENERGY AND WATER SUPPLY INDUSTRIES	C,E	137.1	5.1	33.4	10.2	185.9	137.4	44.0	181.3	130.6	5.4	33.7	12.2	181.8
MANUFACTURING	D	2,722.7	79.2	825.0	235.3	3,862.1	2,742.7	1,043.1	3,785.8	2,636.9	85.0	799.4	237.3	3,758.7
Manufacture of food products; beverages and tobacco	DA	293.8	10.0	122.8	49.2	475.8	306.0	175.8	481.8	290.4	10.0	120.1	48.3	468.8
of food	15.1-15.8	256.2	9.8	110.2	45.3	421.4	268.6	158.9	427.5	253.1	9.8	107.1	44.0	414.0
of beverages and tobacco	15.9/16	37.7	0.2	12.6	3.9	54.5	37.4	16.9	54.3	37.3	0.2	13.0	4.3	54.8
Manufacture of textiles and textile products	DB	123.3	5.6	100.7	24.8	254.4	120.1	115.9	236.0	113.6	4.7	89.8	21.1	229.3
of textiles	17	79.9	1.5	50.4	13.6	145.4	75.9	61.7	137.6	74.3	1.5	46.8	13.3	135.9
of made-up textile articles	17.4	15.9	0.8	13.4	3.9	34.0	16.5	17.3	33.7	15.4	0.9	11.9	4.7	32.9
of textiles, excl. made-up textiles	Rest of 17	64.0	0.7	37.0	9.7	111.4	59.5	44.4	103.9	58.9	0.7	35.0	8.5	103.0
of wearing apparel; dressing of fur	18	43.4	4.1	50.2	11.2	109.0	44.2	54.1	98.3	39.3	3.2	43.0	7.9	93.3
Manufacture of leather and leather products including footwear	DC	15.8	0.3	9.7	1.2	27.1	14.8	9.9	24.7	14.5	0.3	8.5	1.1	24.4
of leather and leather goods	19.1/19.2	7.3	0.1	2.8	0.5	10.7	7.4	2.8	10.2	7.4	0.1	2.6	0.4	10.6
of footwear	19.3	8.6	0.2	6.9	0.7	16.4	7.5	7.1	14.5	7.1	0.2	5.9	0.7	13.8
Manufacture of wood and wood products	DD (20)	54.9	1.5	16.2	8.2	80.8	57.4	24.3	81.6	55.3	1.5	16.7	7.9	81.4
Manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products; publishing and printing	DE	267.6	21.6	128.4	43.5	461.2	282.8	174.9	457.7	255.1	25.8	131.5	43.9	456.2
of pulp, paper and paper products of corrugated paper and paperboard, sacks and bags, cartons, boxes, cases and other containers	21	70.3	1.4	21.5	5.6	98.7	68.9	27.1	96.1	65.3	2.9	20.5	6.3	94.9
of pulp, paper, sanitary goods, stationery, wallpaper and paper products n.e.c.	21.21	27.8	1.0	9.4	2.7	40.9	27.8	12.1	39.9	24.5	2.6	8.7	2.6	38.4
Publishing, printing and reproduction of recorded media	Rest of 21	42.5	0.3	12.0	3.0	57.8	41.2	15.0	56.2	40.8	0.3	11.8	3.7	56.5
printing and service activities related to printing	22	197.4	20.2	106.9	37.9	362.4	213.8	147.8	361.6	189.8	22.9	111.0	37.6	361.3
publishing and reproduction of recorded media	22.2	119.8	13.5	48.1	19.8	201.1	129.6	68.7	198.3	114.2	15.0	50.1	18.7	198.0
Manufacture of coke, refined petroleum products and nuclear fuel	Rest of 22	77.6	6.8	58.8	18.1	161.3	84.3	79.1	163.3	75.5	8.0	60.8	18.9	163.3
Manufacture of chemicals, chemical products and man-made fibres	DF (23)	22.7	0.9	2.5	1.1	27.2	22.9	2.9	25.8	21.6	0.7	2.5	0.9	25.8
Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	DG (24)	166.2	2.1	58.9	9.5	236.8	165.9	68.3	234.2	162.3	2.8	57.8	9.5	232.4
Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	DH (25)	176.9	5.6	34.8	11.5	228.9	178.2	43.8	222.0	169.1	6.1	34.1	10.8	220.1
Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	DI (26)	108.5	1.3	22.0	4.5	136.4	111.0	25.7	136.6	109.6	1.5	22.0	4.4	137.5
of basic metals	DJ	421.3	14.6	60.4	29.0	525.3	425.8	86.1	511.9	406.8	14.4	56.7	32.3	510.2
of fabricated metal products, except machinery	27	104.1	0.7	11.2	2.7	118.7	102.2	14.3	116.5	101.0	0.9	11.2	2.6	115.7
Manufacture of machinery and eqpt. n.e.c.	28	317.2	13.9	49.2	26.3	406.6	323.6	71.8	395.4	305.8	13.6	45.5	29.7	394.5
Manufacture of electrical and optical equipment	DK (29)	283.7	2.7	56.6	9.9	352.9	279.2	66.7	346.0	277.4	2.9	55.2	10.0	345.6
of office machinery and computers	DL	333.8	4.7	122.8	20.0	481.2	335.7	141.0	476.7	327.1	5.2	119.1	24.5	475.8
of electrical machinery n.e.c.	30	34.6	0.5	14.8	0.9	50.8	34.2	15.5	49.7	32.6	1.0	14.2	1.0	48.7
of electric motors, etc.; control apparatus, and insulated cable of accumulators, primary cells, batteries, lighting eqpt., and electrical eqpt. n.e.c.	31	122.8	2.8	44.3	7.9	177.8	124.0	50.4	174.3	120.2	2.4	41.5	9.1	173.1
of radio, TV and communication eqpt.	31.1-31.3	71.7	1.4	25.5	4.6	103.2	72.7	29.2	102.0	70.8	1.3	25.2	4.6	101.8
of electronic components	31.4-31.6	51.1	1.4	18.7	3.3	74.5	51.2	21.1	72.4	49.4	1.1	16.3	4.5	71.3
of radio, TV and telephone apparatus; sound and video recorders etc.	32	83.1	0.7	34.0	4.6	122.4	85.5	39.4	124.9	85.5	0.9	33.2	5.8	125.4
of medical, precision and optical equipment and watches	32.1	34.0	-0.1	15.4	2.1	51.4	35.2	18.6	53.8	36.3	-0.1	16.3	2.8	55.3
Manufacture of transport equipment	32.2-32.3	49.1	0.8	18.6	2.5	71.0	50.3	20.7	71.0	49.2	0.9	16.9	3.0	70.1
of motor vehicles, trailers	33	93.2	0.7	29.7	6.6	130.2	92.0	35.8	127.8	88.8	1.0	30.3	8.5	128.6
of other transport eqpt.	DM	317.6	1.1	40.2	7.0	365.8	299.2	46.8	346.0	298.0	1.4	39.0	6.3	344.7
of aircraft and spacecraft	34	175.2	0.4	23.5	4.4	203.5	161.3	27.3	188.7	159.9	0.3	22.0	3.8	188.9
of other transport equipment except aircraft and spacecraft	35	142.5	0.7	16.6	2.6	162.3	137.8	19.5	157.3	138.1	1.1	17.0	2.5	158.7
Manufacturing n.e.c.	35.3	95.2	0.5	11.6	2.1	109.4	92.1	14.0	106.0	91.1	1.0	11.8	2.1	106.0
of furniture	Rest of 35	47.2	0.2	5.0	0.5	52.9	45.8	5.5	51.3	47.0	0.1	5.2	0.4	52.8
	DN	136.5	7.1	48.9	15.9	208.4	143.8	61.0	204.8	136.2	7.8	46.5	16.3	206.8
	36.1	84.7	4.4	30.0	7.2	126.3	86.5	36.6	123.1	82.4	5.3	30.1	7.0	124.7
ELECTRICITY, GAS AND WATER SUPPLY	E	78.8	4.5	25.8	8.9	118.1	79.0	35.1	114.1	72.1	5.1	25.9	10.7	113.8
Electricity, gas, steam and hot water supply	40	67.3	0.7	19.1	3.6	90.7	64.8	22.4	87.1	62.4	0.7	19.4	4.6	87.1
Collection, purification and distribution of water	41	11.5	3.8	6.8	5.3	27.4	14.3	12.7	27.0	9.6	4.4	6.6	6.1	26.7
CONSTRUCTION	F	922.2	27.9	94.3	69.0	1,113.4	955.4	168.9	1,124.3	918.5	27.9	107.0	69.0	1,122.4
SERVICE INDUSTRIES	G - Q	6,831.2	1,493.4	5,315.6	5,431.5	19,071.7	8,501.9	11,038.0	19,539.9	6,889.1	1,522.6	5,360.0	5,567.0	19,338.8
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE; REPAIR OF MOTOR VEHICLES, MOTORCYCLES AND PERSONAL AND HOUSEHOLD GOODS	G	1,669.1	354.6	886.2	1,346.4	4,256.2	2,096.7	2,361.8	4,458.5	1,688.9	378.7	896.1	1,404.8	4,368.4
Sale, maintenance and repair of motor vehicles; retail sale of automotive fuel	50	393.9	33.8	77.4	53.3	558.5	425.6	129.7	555.3	390.4	31.1	78.9	51.9	552.2
Sale of motor vehicles, motorcycles, fuel, and motorcycle repair	50.1/50.3/50.4	241.7	18.2	48.8	28.8	337.4	258.6	78.8	337.4	239.1	19.5	49.8	29.4	337.7
Maintenance and repair of motor vehicles	50.2	120.0	10.4	19.5	16.1	166.0	131.6	34.5	166.1	120.8	6.8	20.2	14.6	162.4
Sale of automotive fuel	50.5	32.3	5.2	9.2	8.4	55.0	35.4	16.4	51.8	30.5	4.8	8.9	7.9	52.1
Wholesale and Commission Trade (except motor vehicles)	51	714.8	43.1	286.4	111.1	1,155.3	771.7	407.0	1,178.7	722.7	43.6	286.5	115.9	1,168.7
on fee or contract basis	51.1	37.1	2.5	14.5	4.8	59.0	41.2	20.0	61.2	40.8	2.0	15.0	4.7	62.6
of agricultural materials and animals	51.2	14.5	1.0	5.8	2.6	23.9	14.3	7.7	22.1	13.7	1.0	5.6	2.2	22.5

+ Members of HM Forces are excluded.
Excludes private households with employed persons, extra-territorial organisations and bodies.
P Provisional
R Revised

EMPLOYMENT B.15

Employee jobs: unadjusted: March 2001

Thousands

GREAT BRITAIN		Section sub- section group or class	March 2000 R					December 2000 R			March 2001				
			Male		Female		All	Male	Female	All	Male		Female		All
SIC 1992			Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time					Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time	
of food, beverages and tobacco	51.3		127.5	9.4	46.8	21.5	205.3	140.2	69.5	209.7	127.3	9.3	45.1	22.4	204.1
of household goods	51.4		141.7	9.5	80.0	30.5	261.7	154.2	114.2	268.4	141.9	9.0	81.6	33.0	265.5
of non-agricultural intermediate															
products, waste and scrap	51.5		163.5	7.3	50.2	20.8	241.8	170.6	72.3	242.9	160.6	7.8	49.7	20.8	238.9
of machinery, eqpt. and supplies	51.6		167.6	7.7	61.2	19.1	255.6	177.2	82.2	259.3	170.4	7.3	60.8	20.5	259.0
Other wholesale	51.7		62.8	5.7	27.8	11.6	107.9	74.0	41.1	115.1	67.9	7.1	28.7	12.4	116.1
Retail trade, except motor vehicles and															
motorcycles, repair of personal goods	52		560.4	277.7	522.3	1,182.0	2,542.4	899.4	1,825.1	2,724.5	575.8	304.0	530.7	1,237.0	2,647.5
Non-specialised stores selling															
mainly food, drink and tobacco	52.11		147.6	106.8	133.5	427.5	815.4	271.8	580.4	852.2	161.5	117.0	137.7	443.5	859.6
Other non-specialised stores	52.12		46.1	22.1	66.4	125.0	259.6	78.9	214.6	293.5	43.3	22.1	69.7	129.1	264.2
Sale of fruit and veg., meat and meat	52.21-52.24,														
products, fish and bread, cakes, etc	52.27		37.9	14.1	30.8	80.8	163.6	52.8	114.8	167.6	38.1	15.1	31.5	79.2	164.0
Beverages and tobacco products	52.25-52.26		18.3	10.0	11.8	27.6	67.7	28.0	44.9	72.9	14.9	13.2	6.3	38.4	72.9
Pharmaceutical goods and toiletries	52.3		15.8	7.3	19.6	46.0	88.8	25.3	71.4	96.7	16.6	8.6	22.0	47.4	94.7
Textiles, furniture, lighting eqpt.,															
electrical household appliances,															
radio and TV, paints, glass, hardware	52.41,52.44-														
and household goods n.e.c.	52.46		95.9		57.4	91.3	273.2	129.7	155.1	284.7	98.8	31.0	60.0	94.1	283.8
Clothing, footwear and leather goods	52.42-52.43		52.7	33.2	84.4	188.6	358.9	96.1	305.6	401.7	53.5	36.6	83.6	209.3	383.0
Books, newspapers and stationery;															
other specialised retail shops	52.47-52.48		100.6	42.4	82.6	145.3	370.9	153.2	247.3	400.6	104.6	42.8	83.7	144.6	375.6
Second hand stores and sales not															
in stores	52.5-52.6		36.1	11.6	32.0	42.9	122.6	52.5	79.9	132.4	36.3	15.0	33.1	43.6	128.1
Repair of personal and h/hold goods	52.7		9.5	1.6	3.8	6.8	21.7	11.1	11.1	22.2	8.2	2.5	3.1	7.8	21.6
HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS	H		348.1	293.0	293.8	662.2	1,597.0	651.1	967.5	1,618.6	349.3	296.1	295.3	654.3	1,595.0
Hotels	55.1		74.3	48.7	67.5	109.2	299.7	125.5	171.9	297.4	73.0	50.5	64.9	99.3	287.8
Campsites, short-stay accom.	55.2		11.2	7.4	8.0	15.0	41.6	20.0	27.9	47.9	16.2	6.3	12.3	24.2	59.1
Restaurants	55.3		114.5	97.1	78.4	193.8	483.7	213.4	271.6	485.1	116.0	98.9	77.7	182.0	474.6
Bars	55.4		100.6	116.1	81.8	244.6	543.1	219.9	335.7	555.5	98.0	114.6	80.8	244.1	537.5
Canteens and catering	55.5		47.5	23.8	58.1	99.6	229.0	72.3	160.4	232.7	46.1	25.7	59.6	104.7	236.1
TRANSPORT, STORAGE AND COMMUNICATION	I		991.5	64.9	330.2	99.5	1,486.0	1,104.2	456.1	1,560.3	1,026.1	72.4	344.3	106.6	1,549.4
Land transport; transport via pipelines	60		398.3	31.9	50.9	28.0	509.1	443.6	85.9	529.5	407.8	33.9	53.7	29.7	525.2
Transport via railways	60.1		40.2	1.8	5.3	2.5	49.9	42.2	7.9	50.1	40.5	1.9	5.4	2.5	50.3
Other land tranport, and via pipelines	60.2/60.3		358.1	30.1	45.5	25.5	459.2	401.4	77.9	479.4	367.4	32.0	48.3	27.2	474.9
Water transport	61		10.3	1.8	3.8	1.3	17.3	9.6	5.5	15.1	7.8	1.8	3.9	1.6	15.0
Air transport	62		42.7	1.1	40.6	7.5	92.0	43.5	45.6	89.1	42.0	1.3	38.1	7.4	88.7
Supporting and auxiliary transport															
activities; activities of travel agencies	63		206.2	16.5	116.7	29.6	369.0	236.9	156.2	393.0	218.0	17.5	122.0	31.2	388.7
Travel agencies and tour operators	63.3		48.4	3.9	59.2	12.3	123.9	58.6	76.2	134.9	53.6	4.6	61.5	12.6	132.3
Supporting and auxiliary transport act.	Rest of 63		157.7	12.5	57.5	17.3	245.1	178.2	80.0	258.2	164.4	12.9	60.5	18.6	256.4
Post and telecommunications	64		333.9	13.6	118.2	33.0	498.7	370.6	163.0	533.6	350.5	17.8	126.6	36.8	531.7
National post activities	64.11		142.9	5.9	51.8	11.3	211.9	168.7	74.8	243.5	159.2	9.0	59.2	15.1	242.5
Courier activities	64.12		40.2	4.8	11.0	7.6	63.7	47.5	19.3	66.7	42.6	5.3	11.2	8.1	67.2
Telecommunications	64.20		150.8	2.9	55.4	14.0	223.1	154.4	68.9	223.4	148.7	3.5	56.2	13.6	222.0
FINANCIAL INTERMEDIATION	J		496.0	13.8	437.2	107.8	1,054.7	507.3	550.1	1,057.5	485.0	15.2	435.4	114.1	1,049.7
Financial intermediation, except															
insurance and pension funding	65		282.4	5.4	242.7	66.1	596.6	280.8	303.1	583.9	271.0	6.8	233.9	69.5	581.2
Central banking and other banks	65.1		237.0	3.9	200.6	56.4	497.9	230.5	248.5	479.1	223.6	4.7	190.9	58.1	477.3
Building societies	65.122		17.3	0.2	17.3	5.2	40.1	17.4	22.5	39.9	17.4	0.3	17.0	5.5	40.2
Other financial intermediation	65.2		45.4	1.5	42.1	9.7	98.7	50.2	54.6	104.8	47.4	2.1	43.0	11.4	103.9
Insurance and pension funding, except															
compulsory social security	66		99.3	3.8	100.6	20.4	224.1	105.3	124.4	229.7	100.5	3.7	101.8	22.4	228.4
Auxiliary to financial intermediation	67		114.3	4.6	93.9	21.3	234.1	121.3	122.6	243.9	113.5	4.7	99.7	22.2	240.1
Except insurance and pension funding	67.1		45.8	1.4	36.0	6.9	90.1	50.6	45.4	96.0	48.4	0.9	38.8	6.1	94.2
Aux. to insurance and pension funding	67.2		68.5	3.2	57.8	14.4	144.0	70.7	77.1	147.8	65.1	3.8	60.9	16.1	145.9
REAL ESTATE, RENTING AND BUSINESS ACTIVITIES	K		1,580.2	287.8	982.8	711.0	3,561.7	1,940.4	1,750.1	3,690.5	1,623.4	283.3	1,039.8	692.9	3,639.4
Real estate activities	70		144.0	18.2	104.9	64.0	331.0	165.3	177.6	342.8	150.9	17.5	114.8	66.8	350.0
Letting of own property	70.1-70.2		91.1	10.8	65.8	37.7	205.4	103.8	108.7	212.5	98.4	10.2	76.2	39.5	224.3
Activities on a fee/contract basis	70.3		52.9	7.4	39.1	26.4	125.7	61.5	68.9	130.4	52.5	7.3	38.6	27.3	125.7
Renting of machinery and equipment without															
operator and of personal and															
household goods	71		83.2	9.8	35.2	23.1	151.3	95.1	60.7	155.7	82.5	10.3	35.5	25.7	154.0
Construction/civil engineering eqpt	71.32		25.4	1.8	7.7	5.7	40.6	26.3	14.4	40.8	23.5	2.7	7.1	7.1	40.5
All other goods and equipment	Rest of 71		57.8	8.0	27.5	17.4	110.7	68.7	46.3	115.0	59.0	7.6	28.4	18.6	113.5
Computer and related activities	72		224.0	18.5	110.7	62.9	416.1	250.7	180.9	431.6	226.6	16.6	124.1	59.9	427.2
Research and development	73		49.4	3.0	34.6	10.2	97.3	51.3	46.7	98.0	46.8	3.9	35.4	10.4	96.6
Other business activities	74		1,079.6	238.4	697.4	550.7	2,566.0	1,378.0	1,284.3	2,662.3	1,116.6	235.0	730.0	530.0	2,611.7
Legal activities	74.11		97.0	12.2	88.7	38.1	236.0	114.4	130.0	244.4	98.7	12.5	86.2	39.1	236.5
Accounting, auditing, tax consultancy	74.12		93.8	10.4	63										

B.18 EMPLOYMENT

Workforce jobs^a by industry: seasonally adjusted

Thousands											
UNITED KINGDOM	All jobs	Agriculture and fishing	Energy and water	Manufacturing	Construction	Distribution, hotels and restaurants	Transport and communications	Finance and business services	Public admin education and health	Other services	Total services
SIC 92 sections	A-Q	A,B	C,E	D	F	G-H	I	J-K	L-N	O-Q	G-Q
All jobs	DYDC	LOLI	LOLL	LOLO	LOLR	LOLU	LOLX	LOMA	LOMD	LOMG	LOMJ
1995 Mar	27,304	572	252	4,384	1,806	6,293	1,587	4,538	6,402	1,471	20,291
Jun	27,363	564	250	4,382	1,807	6,306	1,584	4,565	6,412	1,484	20,360
Sep	27,371	561	249	4,400	1,792	6,261	1,577	4,652	6,405	1,475	20,370
Dec	27,501	565	253	4,470	1,766	6,275	1,569	4,702	6,424	1,478	20,447
1996 Mar	27,461	558	243	4,464	1,764	6,247	1,556	4,675	6,454	1,501	20,432
Jun	27,638	563	242	4,439	1,782	6,331	1,574	4,714	6,464	1,529	20,611
Sep	27,734	563	242	4,461	1,752	6,346	1,592	4,708	6,500	1,571	20,716
Dec	27,803	578	237	4,465	1,737	6,366	1,606	4,761	6,476	1,576	20,785
1997 Mar	27,940	552	241	4,465	1,759	6,436	1,634	4,874	6,415	1,565	20,924
Jun	28,194	579	242	4,495	1,756	6,501	1,632	4,963	6,434	1,592	21,123
Sep R	28,210	581	233	4,475	1,774	6,546	1,609	4,991	6,408	1,592	21,147
Dec R	28,382	580	234	4,494	1,821	6,586	1,600	5,040	6,400	1,626	21,253
1998 Mar R	28,626	572	232	4,537	1,829	6,628	1,621	5,119	6,444	1,644	21,455
Jun R	28,563	563	229	4,525	1,812	6,611	1,626	5,137	6,443	1,616	21,433
Sep R	28,667	545	228	4,508	1,798	6,678	1,641	5,165	6,474	1,630	21,589
Dec R	28,656	529	222	4,449	1,828	6,649	1,674	5,207	6,490	1,609	21,628
1999 Mar R	28,770	525	215	4,398	1,823	6,662	1,683	5,282	6,561	1,621	21,809
Jun R	28,869	518	211	4,347	1,823	6,680	1,696	5,332	6,574	1,688	21,971
Sep R	28,983	506	208	4,310	1,833	6,670	1,726	5,380	6,647	1,702	22,126
Dec R	29,041	498	205	4,288	1,812	6,708	1,754	5,410	6,646	1,719	22,237
2000 Mar R	29,028	519	201	4,264	1,812	6,710	1,750	5,373	6,650	1,748	22,232
Jun R	29,062	513	199	4,217	1,867	6,714	1,759	5,398	6,672	1,723	22,266
Sep R	29,071	494	197	4,180	1,843	6,745	1,783	5,402	6,724	1,702	22,357
Dec R	29,159	513	196	4,137	1,851	6,796	1,815	5,429	6,701	1,721	22,462
2001 Mar	29,147	493	196	4,121	1,878	6,802	1,821	5,447	6,680	1,710	22,459
Change on quarter	-12	-20	0	-16	27	6	6	18	-21	-11	-3
Percent	0	-4	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	-1	0
Change on year	119	-25	-5	-143	66	91	70	74	30	-38	227
Percent	0	-5	-3	-3	4	1	4	1	0	-2	1
Male jobs	LOLA	LOLJ	LOLM	LOLP	LOLS	LOLV	LOLT	LOMB	LOME	LOMH	LOMK
1995 Mar	14,702	452	201	3,084	1,599	2,997	1,214	2,312	2,130	712	9,366
Jun	14,733	447	201	3,097	1,607	3,005	1,215	2,326	2,119	718	9,382
Sep	14,730	447	200	3,111	1,595	2,967	1,211	2,369	2,117	713	9,377
Dec	14,772	451	203	3,173	1,567	2,941	1,203	2,401	2,126	708	9,378
1996 Mar	14,680	442	196	3,170	1,557	2,935	1,191	2,361	2,121	706	9,315
Jun	14,755	450	196	3,158	1,573	2,956	1,203	2,377	2,130	712	9,378
Sep	14,801	445	195	3,177	1,571	2,968	1,216	2,350	2,149	731	9,414
Dec	14,871	461	191	3,178	1,552	3,033	1,228	2,356	2,142	731	9,490
1997 Mar	15,012	433	192	3,176	1,573	3,088	1,239	2,454	2,122	735	9,637
Jun	15,170	463	192	3,198	1,577	3,128	1,229	2,509	2,124	750	9,740
Sep R	15,142	443	185	3,177	1,574	3,168	1,208	2,532	2,096	759	9,763
Dec R	15,228	434	185	3,194	1,605	3,180	1,198	2,569	2,085	778	9,810
1998 Mar R	15,344	432	182	3,224	1,617	3,193	1,212	2,620	2,075	789	9,889
Jun R	15,335	428	178	3,219	1,604	3,200	1,207	2,654	2,059	785	9,906
Sep R	15,387	411	176	3,215	1,587	3,243	1,213	2,689	2,065	787	9,997
Dec R	15,381	402	173	3,205	1,622	3,180	1,240	2,792	1,971	796	9,978
1999 Mar R	15,439	400	167	3,172	1,622	3,207	1,242	2,818	2,002	808	10,078
Jun R	15,470	391	165	3,137	1,613	3,221	1,249	2,843	2,016	835	10,165
Sep R	15,519	387	161	3,114	1,628	3,210	1,266	2,886	2,028	840	10,229
Dec R	15,531	379	157	3,099	1,621	3,233	1,278	2,884	2,038	840	10,274
2000 Mar R	15,513	384	155	3,086	1,616	3,207	1,283	2,895	2,049	839	10,273
Jun R	15,526	386	153	3,051	1,665	3,197	1,296	2,922	2,031	826	10,271
Sep R	15,503	370	151	3,030	1,645	3,209	1,311	2,926	2,049	813	10,307
Dec R	15,542	391	149	2,993	1,647	3,235	1,327	2,936	2,043	822	10,362
2001 Mar	15,518	374	148	2,981	1,665	3,243	1,335	2,922	2,026	825	10,350
Change on quarter	-24	-17	-1	-12	18	8	8	-14	-17	3	-12
Percent	0	-4	-1	0	1	0	1	0	-1	0	0
Change on year	5	-10	-7	-104	49	36	52	27	-24	-14	78
Percent	0	-3	-4	-3	3	1	4	1	-1	-2	1
Female jobs	LOLB	LOLK	LOLN	LOLQ	LOLT	LOLW	LOLZ	LOMC	LOMF	LOMI	LOML
1995 Mar	12,603	120	51	1,300	207	3,296	372	2,226	4,272	759	10,925
Jun	12,630	118	49	1,295	200	3,301	369	2,239	4,293	766	10,969
Sep	12,641	115	48	1,288	197	3,294	366	2,263	4,288	762	10,983
Dec	12,729	115	49	1,297	199	3,334	366	2,300	4,298	770	11,069
1996 Mar	12,781	116	47	1,294	207	3,312	365	2,313	4,332	795	11,117
Jun	12,883	114	46	1,281	209	3,375	370	2,336	4,335	817	11,233
Sep	12,933	119	47	1,284	181	3,379	376	2,358	4,351	840	11,303
Dec	12,932	117	46	1,288	185	3,333	378	2,406	4,333	845	11,295
1997 Mar	12,928	119	48	1,289	186	3,348	396	2,420	4,293	830	11,286
Jun	13,024	116	49	1,297	178	3,373	403	2,454	4,310	842	11,383
Sep	13,068	138	48	1,298	201	3,379	401	2,459	4,311	833	11,383
Dec	13,155	146	49	1,300	216	3,406	403	2,471	4,316	848	11,444
1998 Mar	13,283	141	50	1,314	212	3,435	410	2,498	4,369	855	11,567
Jun R	13,228	136	51	1,306	208	3,411	419	2,482	4,383	832	11,528
Sep R	13,280	134	51	1,292	211	3,436	428	2,476	4,409	843	11,592
Dec R	13,275	127	49	1,244	206	3,469	435	2,415	4,519	812	11,650
1999 Mar R	13,331	125	48	1,226	202	3,454	442	2,463	4,559	813	11,731
Jun R	13,399	127	46	1,210	210	3,458	448	2,489	4,558	853	11,806
Sep R	13,464	119	47	1,186	205	3,461	461	2,495	4,619	862	11,897
Dec R	13,510	119	48	1,189	191	3,474	476	2,526	4,608	879	11,963
2000 Mar R	13,515	135	46	1,179	196	3,504	468	2,478	4,601	909	11,959
Jun R	13,536	127	46	1,166	201	3,517	463	2,476	4,641	897	11,995
Sep R	13,567	124	46	1,151	197	3,536	472	2,477	4,675	889	12,050
Dec R	13,617	122	46	1,145	204	3,561	488	2,493	4,658	900	12,100
2001 Mar	13,629	119	48	1,140	213	3,559	486	2,525	4,654	885	12,109
Change on quarter	13	-2	1	-4	9	-2	-2	32	-4	-15	9
Percent	0	-2	3	0	4	0	0	1	0	-2	0
Change on year	114	-15	1	-38	17	55	18	47	53	-24	150
Percent	1	-11	3	-3	9	2	4	2	1	-3	1

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS
Customer helpline: 01633 812079

^a Workforce jobs are calculated by summing employee jobs, self-employment jobs from the Labour Force Survey, HM Forces and government-supported trainees.

EMPLOYMENT B.21

Actual weekly hours of work

Hours, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM	Total weekly hours (millions) ^a	Average actual weekly hours of work			
		All workers ^a	Full-time workers ^b	Part-time workers ^b	Second jobs
All	YBUS	YBUV	YBUY	YBVB	YBVE
Spring quarters (Mar-May)					
1992	850.3	33.0	37.9	14.7	10.6
1993	838.8	33.0	38.1	14.7	9.9
1994	853.4	33.3	38.5	15.0	9.2
1995	871.5	33.5	38.7	15.1	9.2
1996	878.8	33.4	38.7	15.1	8.9
1997	892.0	33.2	38.6	15.1	9.4
1998	901.6	33.2	38.6	15.1	9.1
1999	915.5	33.3	38.6	15.4	9.1
2000	912.6	32.8	38.0	15.4	9.0
3-month averages					
Feb-Apr 2000	913.9	32.8	38.0	15.4	9.0
Mar-May (Spr)	912.6	32.8	38.0	15.4	9.0
Apr-Jun	914.1	32.8	38.0	15.4	9.0
May-Jul	916.2	32.8	38.1	15.5	9.0
Jun-Aug (Sum)	918.3	32.8	38.1	15.4	9.0
Jul-Sep	913.7	32.7	38.0	15.5	8.9
Aug-Oct	911.9	32.6	37.8	15.5	9.0
Sep-Nov (Aut)	914.3	32.7	37.9	15.6	9.1
Oct-Dec	918.6	32.9	38.1	15.8	9.3
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	923.8	33.0	38.2	15.7	9.4
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	923.6	32.9	38.2	15.6	9.2
Jan-Mar 2001	921.9	32.9	38.1	15.7	9.3
Feb-Apr	920.6	32.8	38.0	15.7	9.2
Changes					
Over last 3 months	-3.3	-0.2	-0.2	0.0	-0.2
Percent	-0.4	-0.5	-0.6	0.0	-2.3
Over last 12 months	6.6	-0.1	-0.1	0.2	0.2
Percent	0.7	-0.2	-0.2	1.6	1.9
Male	YBUT	YBUW	YBUZ	YBVC	YBVF
Spring quarters (Mar-May)					
1992	551.2	38.6	39.9	14.3	11.9
1993	540.4	38.6	40.0	14.3	10.8
1994	550.6	38.9	40.4	14.8	9.8
1995	564.0	39.2	40.9	14.6	9.9
1996	566.7	39.1	40.8	14.8	9.6
1997	574.4	38.8	40.6	14.8	10.7
1998	581.9	38.7	40.6	15.0	9.8
1999	585.6	38.6	40.5	15.1	9.8
2000	583.5	37.9	39.9	15.1	9.4
3-month averages					
Feb-Apr 2000	584.9	38.0	40.0	15.3	9.5
Mar-May (Spr)	583.5	37.9	39.9	15.1	9.4
Apr-Jun	584.2	38.0	39.9	15.2	9.6
May-Jul	585.1	38.1	39.9	15.1	9.9
Jun-Aug (Sum)	586.8	38.2	40.0	15.3	10.1
Jul-Sep	583.2	37.9	39.8	15.4	9.9
Aug-Oct	583.1	37.9	39.7	15.7	9.9
Sep-Nov (Aut)	583.8	37.9	39.8	15.7	10.0
Oct-Dec	586.8	38.0	39.9	15.8	10.2
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	590.1	38.2	40.1	15.8	10.3
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	589.8	38.2	40.1	15.8	10.1
Jan-Mar 2001	588.5	38.0	39.9	15.8	10.1
Feb-Apr	587.0	37.9	39.7	15.8	10.0
Changes					
Over last 3 months	-3.1	-0.3	-0.3	0.0	-0.3
Percent	-0.5	-0.7	-0.8	-0.1	-3.0
Over last 12 months	2.1	-0.1	-0.3	0.5	0.4
Percent	0.4	-0.4	-0.6	3.3	4.6
Female	YBUU	YBUX	YBVA	YBVD	YBVG
Spring quarters (Mar-May)					
1992	299.1	26.1	34.1	14.7	9.3
1993	298.4	26.1	34.2	14.8	9.0
1994	302.9	26.3	34.5	15.1	8.6
1995	307.6	26.5	34.5	15.2	8.6
1996	312.1	26.4	34.7	15.1	8.3
1997	317.7	26.4	34.5	15.2	8.4
1998	319.7	26.3	34.4	15.1	8.5
1999	329.8	26.8	34.8	15.4	8.5
2000	329.1	26.4	34.3	15.5	8.7
3-month averages					
Feb-Apr 2000	329.0	26.4	34.2	15.5	8.7
Mar-May (Spr)	329.1	26.4	34.3	15.5	8.7
Apr-Jun	329.9	26.4	34.2	15.5	8.5
May-Jul	331.2	26.4	34.4	15.5	8.4
Jun-Aug (Sum)	331.5	26.4	34.4	15.5	8.3
Jul-Sep	330.5	26.3	34.3	15.5	8.2
Aug-Oct	328.9	26.2	34.2	15.5	8.3
Sep-Nov (Aut)	330.6	26.4	34.3	15.6	8.5
Oct-Dec	331.8	26.5	34.4	15.8	8.7
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	333.7	26.5	34.4	15.6	8.6
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	333.8	26.5	34.5	15.6	8.6
Jan-Mar 2001	333.4	26.5	34.4	15.5	8.7
Feb-Apr	333.6	26.5	34.3	15.6	8.7
Changes					
Over last 3 months	-0.2	-0.1	-0.1	0.0	0.1
Percent	0.0	-0.2	-0.4	0.0	0.6
Over last 12 months	4.5	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0
Percent	1.4	0.2	0.3	0.7	0.0

a Main and second jobs.
b Main job only.

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

B.22 EMPLOYMENT

Usual weekly hours of work ^a

										Thousands, seasonally adjusted	
UNITED KINGDOM											
		Less than 6 hours		6 up to 15 hours		16 up to 30 hours		31 up to 45 hours		Over 45 hours	
		Thousands	% of total	Thousands	% of total	Thousands	% of total	Thousands	% of total	Thousands	% of total
All		YCDM	LUAA	YCDP	LWYX	YCDS	LWZA	YCDV	LWZD	YCDY	LWZG
Spring quarters (Mar-May)											
1992		484	1.9	2,081	8.0	3,463	13.4	13,537	52.3	6,302	24.4
1993		525	2.1	2,039	8.0	3,553	13.9	13,157	51.5	6,294	24.6
1994		506	2.0	2,107	8.2	3,647	14.1	12,977	50.3	6,544	25.4
1995		531	2.0	2,088	8.0	3,677	14.1	13,031	49.9	6,772	25.9
1996		541	2.0	2,135	8.1	3,904	14.8	12,902	48.8	6,930	26.2
1997		502	1.9	2,173	8.1	4,056	15.1	13,110	48.7	7,075	26.3
1998		504	1.8	2,154	7.9	4,160	15.3	13,360	49.1	7,049	25.9
1999		494	1.8	2,145	7.8	4,297	15.6	13,871	50.3	6,754	24.5
2000		474	1.7	2,142	7.7	4,414	15.8	14,045	50.3	6,837	24.5
3-month averages											
Feb-Apr 2000		486	1.7	2,137	7.7	4,420	15.9	14,009	50.2	6,828	24.5
Mar-May (Spr)		474	1.7	2,142	7.7	4,414	15.8	14,045	50.3	6,837	24.5
Apr-Jun		459	1.6	2,152	7.7	4,431	15.9	14,061	50.4	6,823	24.4
May-Jul		472	1.7	2,142	7.7	4,456	15.9	14,094	50.4	6,800	24.3
Jun-Aug (Sum)		482	1.7	2,144	7.7	4,461	15.9	14,140	50.5	6,753	24.1
Jul-Sep		466	1.7	2,126	7.6	4,484	16.0	14,132	50.5	6,784	24.2
Aug-Oct		456	1.6	2,110	7.5	4,492	16.1	14,151	50.6	6,767	24.2
Sep-Nov (Aut)		452	1.6	2,097	7.5	4,515	16.1	14,108	50.4	6,802	24.3
Oct-Dec		448	1.6	2,080	7.4	4,524	16.2	14,152	50.5	6,797	24.3
Nov 2000-Jan 2001		452	1.6	2,098	7.5	4,519	16.1	14,169	50.5	6,836	24.4
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)		443	1.6	2,073	7.4	4,537	16.2	14,182	50.5	6,852	24.4
Jan-Mar 2001		436	1.6	2,078	7.4	4,540	16.2	14,168	50.4	6,879	24.5
Feb-Apr		437	1.6	2,046	7.3	4,539	16.1	14,265	50.7	6,855	24.4
Changes											
Over last 3 months		-14		-52		20		96		18	
Percent		-3.2		-2.5		0.4		0.7		0.3	
Over last 12 months		-49		-92		119		257		26	
Percent		-10.1		-4.3		2.7		1.8		0.4	
Male		YCDN	LWYV	YCDQ	LWYY	YCDT	LWZB	YCDW	LWZE	YCDZ	LWZH
Spring quarters (Mar-May)											
1992		110	0.8	342	2.4	581	4.0	8,079	56.2	5,260	36.6
1993		114	0.8	352	2.5	610	4.3	7,755	55.1	5,253	37.3
1994		120	0.8	384	2.7	645	4.5	7,658	53.8	5,417	38.1
1995		134	0.9	407	2.8	668	4.6	7,605	52.6	5,637	39.0
1996		131	0.9	426	2.9	738	5.1	7,538	51.8	5,729	39.3
1997		129	0.9	462	3.1	800	5.4	7,657	51.5	5,808	39.1
1998		117	0.8	466	3.1	818	5.4	7,864	52.2	5,802	38.5
1999		129	0.9	464	3.1	900	5.9	8,236	54.1	5,481	36.0
2000		117	0.8	490	3.2	888	5.8	8,320	54.0	5,595	36.3
3-month averages											
Feb-Apr 2000		118	0.8	490	3.2	892	5.8	8,306	53.9	5,596	36.3
Mar-May (Spr)		117	0.8	490	3.2	888	5.8	8,320	54.0	5,595	36.3
Apr-Jun		112	0.7	480	3.1	898	5.8	8,329	54.1	5,570	36.2
May-Jul		112	0.7	471	3.1	909	5.9	8,360	54.3	5,547	36.0
Jun-Aug (Sum)		120	0.8	467	3.0	904	5.9	8,408	54.6	5,501	35.7
Jul-Sep		113	0.7	460	3.0	904	5.9	8,411	54.5	5,531	35.9
Aug-Oct		108	0.7	462	3.0	906	5.9	8,427	54.6	5,523	35.8
Sep-Nov (Aut)		104	0.7	460	3.0	908	5.9	8,406	54.5	5,548	36.0
Oct-Dec		102	0.7	464	3.0	912	5.9	8,424	54.5	5,546	35.9
Nov 2000-Jan 2001		103	0.7	473	3.1	912	5.9	8,413	54.4	5,576	36.0
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)		102	0.7	469	3.0	927	6.0	8,408	54.3	5,578	36.0
Jan-Mar 2001		98	0.6	474	3.1	930	6.0	8,402	54.2	5,604	36.1
Feb-Apr		97	0.6	459	3.0	925	6.0	8,455	54.5	5,582	36.0
Changes											
Over last 3 months		-6		-14		13		42		6	
Percent		-5.5		-2.9		1.4		0.5		0.1	
Over last 12 months		-21		-31		33		149		-14	
Percent		-17.5		-6.3		3.7		1.8		-0.2	
Female		YCDO	LWYW	YCDR	LWYZ	YCDU	LWZC	YCDX	LWZF	YCEA	LWZI
Spring quarters (Mar-May)											
1992		374	3.3	1,740	15.1	2,882	25.1	5,458	47.5	1,042	9.1
1993		411	3.6	1,687	14.7	2,943	25.6	5,403	47.0	1,040	9.1
1994		386	3.3	1,722	14.9	3,002	26.0	5,319	46.0	1,127	9.8
1995		396	3.4	1,681	14.4	3,010	25.8	5,426	46.6	1,136	9.7
1996		410	3.5	1,710	14.4	3,166	26.7	5,364	45.3	1,200	10.1
1997		373	3.1	1,710	14.2	3,256	27.0	5,453	45.2	1,267	10.5
1998		387	3.2	1,688	13.9	3,342	27.5	5,496	45.2	1,248	10.3
1999		364	3.0	1,680	13.6	3,397	27.5	5,635	45.6	1,274	10.3
2000		358	2.9	1,652	13.2	3,526	28.2	5,725	45.8	1,242	9.9
3-month averages											
Feb-Apr 2000		368	3.0	1,647	13.2	3,528	28.3	5,702	45.7	1,233	9.9
Mar-May (Spr)		358	2.9	1,652	13.2	3,526	28.2	5,725	45.8	1,242	9.9
Apr-Jun		347	2.8	1,672	13.3	3,533	28.2	5,732	45.7	1,253	10.0
May-Jul		359	2.9	1,671	13.3	3,547	28.2	5,734	45.6	1,253	10.0
Jun-Aug (Sum)		362	2.9	1,677	13.3	3,557	28.3	5,732	45.6	1,253	10.0
Jul-Sep		353	2.8	1,666	13.2	3,580	28.5	5,721	45.5	1,253	10.0
Aug-Oct		348	2.8	1,648	13.1	3,586	28.6	5,725	45.6	1,244	9.9
Sep-Nov (Aut)		348	2.8	1,637	13.0	3,607	28.7	5,702	45.4	1,254	10.0
Oct-Dec		346	2.8	1,616	12.9	3,612	28.8	5,728	45.6	1,251	10.0
Nov 2000-Jan 2001		349	2.8	1,625	12.9	3,607	28.6	5,757	45.7	1,260	10.0
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)		342	2.7	1,604	12.7	3,610	28.6	5,774	45.8	1,274	10.1
Jan-Mar 2001		338	2.7	1,604	12.7	3,610	28.7	5,766	45.8	1,275	10.1
Feb-Apr		340	2.7	1,587	12.6	3,614	28.6	5,810	46.0	1,273	10.1
Changes											
Over last 3 months		-9		-39		7		54		13	
Percent		-2.5		-2.4		0.2		0.9		1.0	
Over last 12 months		-28		-61		86		108		40	
Percent		-7.7		-3.7		2.4		1.9		3.2	

^a Main job only.

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

Indices of output, productivity jobs, output per filled job and output per hour worked

PRODUCTIVITY B.32

Seasonally adjusted (1995=100)

UNITED KINGDOM	Whole economy				Production industries				Manufacturing industries			
	Output	Productivity jobs	Output per filled job ^a	Output per hour worked ^b	Output	Productivity jobs	Output per filled job ^a	Output per hour worked ^b	Output	Productivity jobs	Output per filled job ^a	Output per hour worked ^b
SIC 1992												
1992	91.1	99.3	91.8	96.3	91.3	103.1	88.5	96.9	92.8	101.2	91.7	99.1
1993	93.2	98.3	94.8	96.3	93.3	99.0	94.2	96.9	94.1	97.9	96.1	99.1
1994	97.4	99.1	98.2	98.8	98.3	98.7	99.6	101.4	98.5	98.1	100.4	102.2
1995	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1996	102.5	101.0	101.5	101.4	101.1	101.2	99.9	99.6	100.4	101.4	99.0	98.7
1997	106.0	102.8	103.1	103.0	102.1	101.5	100.6	100.7	101.7	101.8	99.9	100.1
1998	109.1	104.6	104.3	105.0	102.9	101.4	101.5	102.3	102.2	101.7	100.5	101.4
1999	111.5	105.5	105.7	106.5	103.4	97.6	106.0	107.4	102.2	98.0	104.3	105.7
2000	114.8	106.0	108.2	109.4	105.0	93.8	112.0	112.8	103.8	94.4	110.1	111.1
1992 Q2	90.7	99.9	90.8	92.5	90.6	104.2	87.0	91.1	92.7	102.2	90.7	95.0
Q3	91.2	98.7	92.4	93.6	91.5	102.5	89.3	91.6	93.0	100.5	92.5	94.8
Q4	91.7	98.1	93.5	94.9	92.0	100.4	91.6	94.0	92.7	98.8	93.9	96.4
1993 Q1	92.2	98.1	94.0	95.4	92.3	99.5	92.7	95.9	94.1	98.0	96.1	99.4
Q2	92.7	98.2	94.4	95.9	92.5	99.2	93.3	95.8	94.0	97.8	96.1	98.7
Q3	93.6	98.3	95.2	96.7	93.5	98.8	94.6	96.9	93.9	97.8	96.0	98.6
Q4	94.3	98.6	95.7	97.3	94.7	98.5	96.1	99.0	94.4	97.9	96.4	99.8
1994 Q1	95.5	98.7	96.7	97.7	96.3	98.4	97.9	100.0	96.5	97.6	98.9	101.0
Q2	96.9	98.9	98.0	98.9	98.1	98.6	99.5	101.9	98.0	97.9	100.1	102.5
Q3	98.1	99.3	98.8	99.3	98.9	98.8	100.1	102.1	99.3	98.4	100.9	102.9
Q4	99.0	99.6	99.4	99.4	99.8	99.0	100.8	101.8	100.3	98.7	101.7	102.5
1995 Q1	99.4	99.7	99.7	99.8	99.6	99.2	100.4	100.3	99.6	99.1	100.5	100.3
Q2	99.7	99.9	99.8	99.8	100.0	99.7	100.3	100.1	100.1	99.9	100.2	100.3
Q3	100.2	100.0	100.2	100.2	100.2	100.1	100.1	100.7	100.2	99.9	100.4	100.6
Q4	100.7	100.3	100.4	100.2	100.2	101.0	99.2	99.0	100.1	101.1	99.0	98.9
1996 Q1	101.6	100.4	101.2	101.1	101.0	101.3	99.7	99.3	100.4	100.9	99.5	98.6
Q2	102.1	100.8	101.3	100.9	100.8	101.0	99.8	99.2	99.9	101.1	98.8	98.1
Q3	102.8	101.3	101.5	101.5	101.2	101.2	100.0	100.4	100.3	101.8	98.6	99.4
Q4	103.6	101.6	102.0	102.1	101.5	101.4	100.1	99.5	100.9	101.6	99.3	98.6
1997 Q1	104.6	101.9	102.6	102.3	102.0	101.4	100.6	100.4	101.7	101.6	100.1	99.9
Q2	105.5	102.6	102.8	102.6	101.9	101.6	100.3	100.4	101.4	102.1	99.3	99.8
Q3	106.5	103.0	103.4	103.1	102.6	101.5	101.1	101.0	101.9	101.8	100.1	100.1
Q4	107.2	103.6	103.5	104.1	102.0	101.5	100.5	101.1	101.8	101.8	100.0	100.8
1998 Q1	108.1	104.2	103.7	103.8	102.3	102.0	100.3	101.5	102.3	102.2	100.2	101.4
Q2	109.1	104.5	104.4	104.9	103.4	101.9	101.5	101.8	102.7	102.2	100.5	101.0
Q3	109.6	104.8	104.5	105.1	103.3	101.5	101.8	102.3	102.4	101.6	100.7	101.2
Q4	109.7	104.8	104.6	106.0	102.6	100.4	102.2	103.4	101.4	100.7	100.7	102.1
1999 Q1	110.1	105.0	104.9	105.5	102.0	99.1	102.9	104.4	101.1	99.5	101.6	103.1
Q2	110.8	105.3	105.3	105.9	102.7	98.0	104.8	106.3	101.3	98.3	103.1	104.5
Q3	112.2	105.7	106.1	106.9	104.5	97.0	107.7	108.7	103.0	97.4	105.7	106.8
Q4	113.0	106.0	106.6	107.7	104.5	96.3	108.6	110.1	103.3	96.8	106.8	108.2
2000 Q1	113.4	106.0	107.0	108.9	103.8	95.2	109.0	109.7	102.9	95.8	107.4	108.2
Q2	114.4	106.0	107.9	108.9	105.2	94.4	111.4	111.9	103.4	95.0	108.8	109.5
Q3	115.4	106.0	108.9	109.9	105.9	93.3	113.5	114.3	104.2	93.8	111.1	112.1
Q4	115.8	106.2	109.0	109.9	105.2	92.3	114.0	115.4	104.8	92.8	113.0	114.5
2001 Q1 P	..	..	..	..	104.4	91.4	114.2	..	104.1	91.9	113.2	..

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS
Customer Helpline: 01633 812766

a Output per filled job is the ratio of gross value added at basic prices and productivity jobs.
b Output per hour is the ratio of gross value added at basic prices and productivity hours.
P Provisional

The full productivity and unit wage costs datasets with associated articles can be found on the National Statistics website at www.statistics.gov.uk/themes/economy/Articles.asp under 'Productivity'.

B.33 EMPLOYMENT

Total workforce hours worked per week

Millions

UNITED KINGDOM		Employees					Self-employed			HMF GST UPFW ^a	Total
		Male		Female		All	Male	Female	All		
		All	Part-time	All	Part-time						
Not seasonally adjusted											
1992	Jun	436.1	14.5	288.6	75.6	724.7	107.2	24.6	131.7	24.0	880.4
	Sep	425.0	15.3	279.7	72.8	704.7	107.4	24.7	132.0	24.0	860.8
	Dec	436.5	15.0	291.5	77.6	728.0	106.5	23.7	130.2	24.0	882.2
1993	Mar	409.6	14.7	279.8	74.8	689.4	96.2	21.3	117.5	22.7	829.6
	Jun	428.7	15.0	290.2	76.5	718.9	104.3	23.8	128.1	21.8	868.8
	Sep	414.7	15.9	278.1	73.5	692.8	105.6	23.0	128.5	21.7	843.0
	Dec	433.6	15.7	294.0	79.3	727.6	108.0	23.4	131.4	21.4	880.4
1994	Mar	412.5	15.6	283.7	76.5	696.2	101.3	22.6	123.9	20.5	840.6
	Jun	431.9	16.3	295.0	78.7	726.9	109.5	24.4	133.9	20.4	881.2
	Sep	420.2	16.4	279.7	73.9	699.9	111.0	23.6	134.7	20.3	854.9
	Dec	441.7	17.0	299.4	80.5	741.2	114.6	24.3	138.9	20.0	900.1
1995	Mar	418.9	16.2	288.1	77.7	707.0	104.1	22.1	126.2	18.5	851.7
	Jun	440.5	16.9	297.6	79.8	738.1	113.1	24.4	137.5	18.3	894.0
	Sep	423.1	18.2	283.2	75.2	706.3	110.9	23.2	134.0	18.3	858.6
	Dec	446.1	18.8	301.5	81.9	747.5	113.1	24.0	137.1	18.2	902.8
1996	Mar	418.7	17.8	287.4	79.0	706.1	100.7	22.4	123.0	16.9	846.0
	Jun	439.6	18.9	302.0	82.9	741.6	108.6	24.4	133.0	16.6	891.2
	Sep	427.8	20.2	290.8	79.5	718.6	111.1	24.3	135.4	16.4	870.4
	Dec	452.9	20.5	310.1	85.6	763.0	113.4	24.7	138.1	16.6	917.7
1997	Mar	426.8	19.6	292.9	80.4	719.6	101.0	22.4	123.4	15.8	858.8
	Jun	451.0	20.3	303.8	81.7	754.7	108.3	25.2	133.5	15.5	903.7
	Sep	443.0	21.9	297.6	80.6	740.6	106.8	25.2	132.1	16.2	888.9
	Dec	475.4	23.0	323.2	87.2	798.6	110.2	25.5	135.7	15.7	950.0
1998	Mar	440.7	21.2	302.7	81.6	743.3	98.0	23.6	121.6	14.5	879.4
	Jun	463.7	21.4	313.7	81.6	777.4	102.5	24.1	126.7	14.4	918.5
	Sep	462.6	21.4	310.8	79.9	773.4	100.3	23.0	123.3	15.0	911.6
	Dec	480.1	22.1	322.3	88.3	802.4	102.1	23.9	126.1	14.5	943.0
1999	Mar	444.3	22.1	303.3	87.1	747.6	92.9	21.3	114.2	13.7	875.4
	Jun	466.0	22.4	315.4	88.7	781.3	101.1	22.5	123.6	13.9	918.8
	Sep	459.1	24.1	304.2	85.5	763.3	99.7	22.2	122.0	13.9	899.2
	Dec	480.7	23.9	323.8	92.8	804.5	100.6	23.1	123.7	14.3	942.5
2000	Mar	445.3	22.5	303.3	87.9	748.6	89.8	22.2	112.0	13.7	874.2
	Jun	468.7	23.7	318.2	91.2	786.9	95.9	23.2	119.0	13.8	919.7
	Sep	456.4	24.8	308.4	87.6	764.8	97.5	22.8	120.3	14.0	899.1
	Dec	475.3	26.0	326.4	95.9	801.6	99.1	23.2	122.3	14.0	937.9
2001	Mar	447.7	25.0	310.3	90.9	758.0	91.9	21.1	113.0	13.3	884.3
Seasonally adjusted											
1992	Jun	429.5	14.7	283.7	74.6	713.2	105.9	23.8	129.7	24.2	867.1
	Sep	432.1	15.0	288.0	75.9	720.1	105.7	24.6	130.3	23.9	874.3
	Dec	424.1	14.7	283.5	75.0	707.6	102.9	23.3	126.2	23.6	857.5
1993	Mar	421.6	15.2	284.4	75.3	706.0	102.7	22.6	125.2	23.1	854.3
	Jun	422.0	15.2	285.3	75.6	707.3	103.1	23.0	126.1	22.0	855.3
	Sep	422.0	15.6	286.5	76.6	708.5	104.0	22.9	126.9	21.6	856.9
	Dec	420.9	15.3	285.8	76.6	706.7	104.3	22.9	127.3	21.0	855.0
1994	Mar	424.8	16.0	288.4	77.1	713.1	107.8	23.9	131.7	20.8	865.6
	Jun	425.3	16.5	290.2	77.7	715.5	108.3	23.6	131.9	20.6	868.0
	Sep	427.6	16.1	288.2	77.0	715.7	109.5	23.6	133.1	20.1	869.0
	Dec	428.3	16.6	290.7	77.6	719.0	110.8	23.8	134.6	19.6	873.2
1995	Mar	431.6	16.8	293.2	78.4	724.8	110.7	23.4	134.0	18.9	877.7
	Jun	434.2	17.2	293.2	79.0	727.4	111.9	23.7	135.6	18.5	881.6
	Sep	430.3	17.8	291.4	78.3	721.8	109.4	23.1	132.6	18.1	872.4
	Dec	431.6	18.3	292.0	78.8	723.6	109.2	23.4	132.5	17.8	873.9
1996	Mar	432.3	18.4	293.2	79.7	725.5	107.2	23.6	130.9	17.2	873.6
	Jun	433.9	19.2	298.0	82.2	731.9	107.5	23.8	131.2	16.8	879.9
	Sep	434.6	19.8	298.5	82.6	733.1	109.7	24.3	134.1	16.2	883.4
	Dec	437.4	20.0	299.9	82.3	737.3	109.4	24.1	133.5	16.2	886.9
1997	Mar	441.4	20.2	299.7	81.1	741.1	107.5	23.7	131.1	16.1	888.3
	Jun	445.7	20.7	300.0	81.2	745.7	107.1	24.7	131.8	15.7	893.2
	Sep	449.2	21.4	304.8	83.8	753.9	105.5	25.2	130.7	16.0	900.7
	Dec	459.3	22.5	312.4	83.6	771.7	106.3	24.8	131.0	15.3	918.1
1998	Mar	456.2	21.8	310.2	82.5	766.4	104.4	24.8	129.1	14.8	910.4
	Jun	458.7	21.8	310.1	81.2	768.8	101.4	23.7	125.1	14.6	908.5
	Sep	467.9	21.0	317.5	83.1	785.4	99.0	23.0	121.9	14.8	922.2
	Dec	463.8	21.6	311.4	84.5	775.3	98.4	23.2	121.6	14.2	911.0
1999	Mar	460.3	22.7	311.3	88.0	771.7	99.0	22.5	121.4	14.1	907.1
	Jun	461.1	22.9	311.6	88.3	772.7	100.1	22.1	122.1	14.1	908.9
	Sep	463.8	23.6	310.8	88.8	774.5	98.3	22.2	120.5	13.8	908.8
	Dec	464.9	23.3	313.0	89.0	777.9	97.1	22.4	119.5	13.9	911.2
2000	Mar	461.5	23.2	311.4	88.8	772.9	95.7	23.3	119.0	14.0	905.9
	Jun	463.8	24.1	314.3	90.7	778.1	94.9	22.8	117.7	13.9	909.7
	Sep	460.6	24.3	315.0	90.9	775.6	96.1	22.7	118.8	13.8	908.2
	Dec	459.9	25.4	315.7	92.0	775.6	95.7	22.5	118.2	13.7	907.4
2001	Mar	463.9	25.7	318.5	91.9	782.3	97.6	22.2	119.8	13.6	915.8
Changes											
Latest quarter		4.0	0.2	2.8	-0.1	6.8	2.0	-0.3	1.6	0.0	8.4
Year		2.4	2.5	7.1	3.1	9.4	1.9	-1.1	0.8	-0.4	9.9

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS
Customer helpline: 01633812766

a HMF - HM Forces; GST - government-supported trainees; UPFW - unpaid family workers.

Note: Estimates of employees and government-supported trainee hours are the product of LFS average weekly hours and the number of employees and trainees included in the workforce jobs series. Estimates for self-employed and unpaid family workers are obtained wholly from LFS and estimates for the Armed Forces from MoD. For further information please see p467, *Labour Market Trends*, December 1995.

Total workforce hours worked per week, employees and self-employed, by region and by industry group

EMPLOYMENT B.33

Millions

Government Office Regions				SIC 92				
Not seasonally adjusted	Male	Female	All	Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	Production industries	Construction	Other services	Public admin, defence, education health and social work
				A / B	C - E	F	G - K / O - Q	L - N
North East								
2000 Jun	20.1	13.0	33.1	0.3	7.4	2.6	15.0	7.9
Sep	19.9	13.0	32.9	0.4	7.0	2.7	15.1	7.8
Dec	19.8	13.2	32.9	0.3	6.9	2.7	14.5	8.5
2001 Mar	18.3	13.3	31.5	0.2	6.5	2.3	14.3	8.2
North West								
2000 Jun	60.7	38.7	99.4	1.8	19.6	6.7	50.8	20.4
Sep	58.7	38.1	96.8	1.1	19.0	7.1	50.6	19.0
Dec	61.1	40.0	101.2	1.0	19.6	6.9	52.4	21.3
2001 Mar	58.1	37.6	95.7	1.0	18.2	6.7	49.8	20.0
Yorkshire and the Humber								
2000 Jun	45.5	26.1	71.5	1.6	15.3	6.0	34.2	14.4
Sep	43.5	24.6	68.0	1.8	14.5	5.7	33.2	12.8
Dec	45.5	26.3	71.7	2.2	15.4	5.9	33.9	14.2
2001 Mar	42.6	25.2	67.8	1.9	14.0	5.4	33.1	13.3
East Midlands								
2000 Jun	39.2	21.6	60.8	1.2	16.0	5.2	27.2	11.0
Sep	37.8	21.0	58.7	1.3	14.8	4.9	27.5	10.2
Dec	39.8	22.0	61.8	1.2	15.4	5.2	28.3	11.7
2001 Mar	36.5	20.8	57.3	1.0	14.3	5.0	26.4	10.6
West Midlands								
2000 Jun	52.0	28.7	80.7	1.2	20.9	5.9	38.4	14.3
Sep	51.3	27.5	78.9	1.4	19.7	6.6	38.1	13.0
Dec	52.4	29.1	81.5	1.3	20.4	6.2	39.2	14.4
2001 Mar	48.9	28.1	77.0	1.1	18.8	5.5	37.6	14.0
East								
2000 Jun	51.7	27.3	79.0	1.7	14.0	7.7	42.7	13.0
Sep	51.0	26.7	77.7	2.0	13.6	7.7	42.7	11.7
Dec	52.1	28.4	80.4	2.5	13.5	7.6	43.7	13.2
2001 Mar	49.3	26.2	75.5	2.1	12.2	7.2	42.2	11.8
London								
2000 Jun	86.6	59.0	145.7	0.2	12.4	7.9	101.8	23.4
Sep	86.2	57.1	143.3	0.2	12.1	8.8	100.9	21.3
Dec	90.9	61.1	152.0	0.2	12.1	9.1	106.9	23.7
2001 Mar	86.0	58.0	144.0	0.2	11.6	7.8	102.0	22.4
South East								
2000 Jun	78.7	49.0	127.8	2.1	18.1	10.0	74.3	23.2
Sep	78.3	47.2	125.5	3.7	17.7	10.2	73.0	20.8
Dec	81.5	49.3	130.8	3.0	18.1	10.8	75.9	23.1
2001 Mar	77.5	46.5	124.0	2.5	16.7	9.8	74.1	20.9
South West								
2000 Jun	45.1	26.0	71.1	3.3	12.6	6.1	35.5	13.6
Sep	45.0	26.2	71.2	2.6	12.4	6.3	36.7	13.2
Dec	45.7	27.1	72.9	2.8	13.1	6.0	36.3	14.6
2001 Mar	43.3	25.5	68.8	1.9	12.2	5.5	35.6	13.6
Wales								
2000 Jun	23.4	14.8	38.2	2.3	8.0	2.9	16.3	8.7
Sep	22.6	14.3	36.8	2.2	7.3	3.2	16.1	8.0
Dec	23.1	15.3	38.3	1.8	7.7	3.1	16.6	9.1
2001 Mar	22.0	14.9	36.8	1.5	7.0	2.9	16.4	9.0
Scotland								
2000 Jun	46.4	28.1	74.6	3.5	13.1	6.6	36.0	15.4
Sep	45.4	27.2	72.6	3.9	12.6	6.8	35.4	14.0
Dec	47.5	28.5	76.0	3.8	13.0	6.8	36.7	15.8
2001 Mar	43.3	26.9	70.2	2.9	11.8	5.7	35.0	14.9
Great Britain								
2000 Jun	549.5	332.3	881.8	19.2	157.5	67.8	472.1	165.3
Sep	539.7	322.8	862.5	20.4	150.8	70.1	469.4	151.9
Dec	559.3	340.3	899.5	20.1	155.2	70.4	484.3	169.6
2001 Mar	525.7	323.0	848.7	16.4	143.2	63.8	466.4	158.8
Northern Ireland								
2000 Jun	15.1	9.1	24.1	2.1	4.1	2.2	9.5	6.3
Sep	14.2	8.4	22.6	1.8	3.8	2.0	9.4	5.5
Dec	15.0	9.4	24.4	1.6	4.1	2.2	10.0	6.5
2001 Mar	13.9	8.4	22.3	2.0	3.5	2.0	9.0	5.7

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS
Customer helpline: 01633 812766

Note: Estimates of employees and government-supported trainee hours are the product of LFS average weekly hours and the number of employees and trainees included in the workforce jobs series. Estimates for self-employed and unpaid family workers are obtained wholly from LFS and estimates for the Armed Forces from MoD. For further information please see p467, *Labour Market Trends*, December 1995.

UNITED KINGDOM	Section sub-section group or class	March 2001					December 2000			March 2000				
		Male		Female		All	Male	Female	All	Male		Female		All
		Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time					Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time	
SIC 1992														
Seasonally adjusted														
All sections	A-Q	530.7	30.8	242.6	98.1	902.2	555.6	338.2	893.8	529.0	28.3	239.6	95.0	891.9
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	A / B	16.1	0.9	3.4	0.6	21.0	17.3	4.0	21.3	16.3	1.0	3.1	0.7	21.2
Mining and quarrying, manufacturing, electricity, gas and water supply	C - E	116.5	1.7	31.1	4.6	154.0	117.9	35.3	153.2	122.1	1.5	31.9	4.7	160.2
Construction	F	64.9	0.9	4.1	1.1	70.9	64.9	4.8	69.7	62.4	0.9	3.4	1.1	67.8
Wholesale and retail trade (inc motor trades), hotels and restaurants, transport	G - I	156.3	13.2	61.2	35.8	266.4	165.9	95.7	261.7	152.4	12.1	60.3	33.6	258.4
Financial intermediation, real estate	J / K	100.2	6.2	54.4	13.4	174.2	105.4	67.0	172.4	98.5	5.2	53.0	13.7	170.4
Public administration, defence, education, health and social work	L - N	52.8	5.0	73.3	35.8	166.8	57.9	109.6	167.5	54.3	4.7	72.9	34.9	166.7
Other community, social and personal service activities; employed persons in private households, extra-territorial organisations	O - Q	23.8	3.0	15.2	6.8	48.8	26.3	21.7	48.0	23.0	2.9	15.1	6.4	47.3
Not seasonally adjusted														
All sections	A - Q	509.7	29.9	234.7	96.8	871.0	574.3	349.6	923.9	507.8	27.3	231.7	93.8	860.5
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	A / B	14.1	0.9	2.9	0.5	18.5	17.7	4.0	21.8	14.3	1.0	2.7	0.6	18.6
Mining and quarrying	C	2.4	*	0.3	*	2.8	2.7	0.3	3.0	2.6	*	0.3	*	2.9
Manufacturing	D	105.8	1.6	28.4	4.2	140.0	117.0	35.1	152.1	111.0	1.3	29.0	4.4	145.7
Manufacture of:														
food products, beverages and tobacco	DA	11.3	0.2	4.2	0.9	16.6	12.3	5.5	17.8	12.6	0.2	4.2	0.9	17.9
textiles and textile products	DB	4.7	*	3.6	0.5	8.9	5.3	4.3	9.6	4.9	*	3.8	0.6	9.4
leather and leather products	DC	0.5	*	0.3	*	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.9	0.6	*	0.3	*	1.0
wood and wood products	DD	2.5	*	0.6	*	3.2	3.0	0.8	3.8	2.6	*	0.6	*	3.3
pulp, paper and paper products, publishing and printing	DE	10.3	0.3	4.7	0.8	16.1	11.4	6.0	17.5	11.0	0.3	4.5	0.8	16.6
coke, refined petroleum products, nuclear fuel	DF	0.8	*	*	*	1.0	0.8	*	1.0	0.9	*	*	*	1.0
chemicals, chemical products and man-made fibres	DG	6.3	*	2.0	0.2	8.5	6.7	2.3	9.0	6.3	*	2.0	0.2	8.6
rubber and plastic products	DH	6.6	*	1.1	0.2	8.0	7.8	1.4	9.2	6.9	*	1.2	0.2	8.3
other non-metallic mineral products	DI	4.4	*	0.9	*	5.5	5.0	0.9	5.9	4.5	*	0.8	*	5.4
basic metals	DJ	16.6	0.3	1.8	0.5	19.1	18.5	2.6	21.1	17.2	0.2	2.1	0.4	19.8
machinery and equipment n.e.c.	DK	11.2	*	1.9	0.2	13.4	11.9	2.3	14.2	11.3	*	2.0	0.2	13.5
electrical and optical equipment	DL	13.1	*	4.1	0.4	17.8	14.5	4.6	19.1	13.4	*	4.3	0.5	18.3
transport equipment	DM	11.4	*	1.4	*	12.9	12.6	1.6	14.2	12.6	*	1.4	*	14.2
manufacturing n.e.c	DN	6.3	*	1.7	0.2	8.3	6.6	2.2	8.8	6.2	*	1.9	0.3	8.5
Electricity, gas and water supply	E	2.9	*	0.9	0.2	4.0	3.1	1.1	4.2	3.1	*	0.8	*	4.1
Construction	F	60.3	0.7	3.8	1.0	65.8	67.6	4.9	72.5	57.8	0.8	3.1	1.0	62.7
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles and personal and household goods	G	84.2	6.3	35.1	24.3	149.9	93.6	60.3	153.9	83.0	6.1	34.9	22.4	146.3
Hotels and restaurants	H	18.3	4.6	11.8	9.4	44.2	23.3	22.3	45.6	17.5	4.2	12.1	9.2	43.0
Transport, storage and communication	I	49.8	1.9	12.4	1.9	65.9	52.7	15.3	68.0	47.9	1.5	11.3	1.9	62.6
Financial intermediation	J	19.8	0.3	14.6	2.0	36.8	21.2	17.3	38.5	19.9	0.3	14.3	1.9	36.4
Real estate, renting and business activities	K	77.3	5.7	38.1	11.1	132.2	87.6	51.8	139.3	75.7	4.7	37.0	11.4	128.8
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	L	22.0	0.6	16.1	3.5	42.2	23.6	20.2	43.8	22.3	0.6	15.7	3.4	41.9
Education	M	15.2	2.3	21.7	11.0	50.2	19.9	36.6	56.5	15.7	2.0	20.7	10.6	49.0
Health and social work	N	14.7	2.0	34.3	21.0	72.2	17.4	58.4	75.7	15.4	2.1	35.3	20.8	73.6
Other community, social and personal service activities; employed persons in private households, extra-territorial organisations	O - Q	22.7	2.8	14.4	6.6	46.4	27.0	22.1	49.0	21.9	2.7	14.3	6.1	44.9

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS
Customer helpline: 01633 812766

* Estimates of less than 150,000 hours are not published.

Note: Estimates of employees and government-supported trainee hours are the product of LFS average weekly hours and the number of employees and trainees included in the workforce jobs series. Estimates for self-employed and unpaid family workers are obtained wholly from LFS and estimates for the Armed Forces from MoD. For further information please see p467, *Labour Market Trends*, December 1995.

The seasonally adjusted service sector data have been extended to include data for G-I, J/K and O-Q.

UNEMPLOYMENT C.1

ILO unemployment by age and duration

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM	All aged 16 and over							All aged 16-59/64						
	All	Rate (%) ^a	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	Percent over 12 months	All over 24 months	All	Rate (%) ^a	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	Percent over 12 months	All over 24 months
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
All	MGSC	MGSX	YBWF	YBWG	YBWH	YBWI	YBWL	YBSH	YBTI	YBWO	YBWR	YBWU	YBWV	YBXA
Spring quarters (Mar-May)														
1992	2,831	9.9	1,249	585	997	35.2	466	2,799	10.0	1,238	581	980	35.0	453
1993	2,997	10.5	1,155	577	1,265	42.2	651	2,963	10.7	1,141	571	1,250	42.2	641
1994	2,798	9.8	1,080	467	1,251	44.7	735	2,771	10.0	1,072	464	1,235	44.6	726
1995	2,518	8.8	1,038	403	1,077	42.8	669	2,499	9.0	1,032	400	1,068	42.7	663
1996	2,394	8.3	1,080	404	930	38.9	585	2,373	8.5	1,051	400	922	38.9	578
1997	2,087	7.2	992	310	785	37.6	496	2,063	7.3	982	309	773	37.5	485
1998	1,822	6.3	987	254	581	31.9	363	1,802	6.4	978	252	572	31.7	355
1999	1,795	6.1	1,011	269	515	28.7	303	1,775	6.2	1,002	267	507	28.5	298
2000	1,661	5.6	969	243	449	27.0	252	1,644	5.7	961	241	443	26.9	247
3-month averages														
Feb-Apr 2000	1,676	5.7	974	252	449	26.8	255	1,659	5.8	966	250	443	26.7	251
Mar-May (Spr)	1,661	5.6	969	243	449	27.0	252	1,644	5.7	961	241	443	26.9	247
Apr-Jun	1,618	5.5	928	242	447	27.7	252	1,601	5.6	921	239	440	27.5	249
May-Jul	1,578	5.3	896	238	444	28.1	247	1,559	5.4	889	235	435	27.9	242
Jun-Aug (Sum)	1,569	5.3	894	238	437	27.9	238	1,552	5.4	888	234	431	27.8	234
Jul-Sep	1,587	5.4	928	234	425	26.8	239	1,573	5.5	923	231	420	26.7	235
Aug-Oct	1,613	5.4	958	234	420	26.0	238	1,597	5.6	951	232	414	25.9	234
Sep-Nov (Aut)	1,577	5.3	937	227	413	26.2	233	1,560	5.4	930	225	406	26.0	228
Oct-Dec	1,561	5.3	925	230	407	26.0	227	1,543	5.4	916	228	399	25.9	222
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	1,543	5.2	913	228	402	26.0	222	1,525	5.3	905	226	395	25.9	218
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	1,535	5.2	909	225	400	26.1	224	1,517	5.3	901	222	393	25.9	221
Jan-Mar 2001	1,497	5.1	888	217	393	26.2	222	1,479	5.1	880	212	386	26.1	219
Feb-Apr	1,478	5.0	866	222	390	26.4	222	1,460	5.1	858	218	384	26.3	219
Changes														
Over last 3 months	-65	-0.2	-47	-7	-12	0.3	0	-65	-0.2	-46	-9	-10	0.4	1
Percent	-4.2		-5.1	-2.9	-3.0		-0.1	-4.3		-5.1	-3.8	-2.6		0.7
Over last 12 months	-198	-0.7	-108	-30	-60	-0.4	-34	-199	-0.7	-108	-32	-59	-0.4	-32
Percent	-11.8		-11.1	-12.1	-13.2		-13.2	-12.0		-11.1	-13.0	-13.3		-12.9
Male	MGSD	MGSY	MGYK	MGYM	MGYO	YBWJ	YBWM	YBSI	YBTJ	YBWP	YBWS	YBWV	YBWW	YBWB
Spring quarters (Mar-May)														
1992	1,893	11.6	752	399	742	39.2	358	1,877	11.8	749	396	732	39.0	350
1993	2,014	12.5	699	375	941	46.7	497	2,001	12.6	695	372	935	46.7	494
1994	1,854	11.5	615	302	838	50.6	572	1,843	11.7	612	300	931	50.5	569
1995	1,639	10.2	590	258	802	48.9	518	1,631	10.3	577	286	797	48.9	515
1996	1,574	9.8	605	259	710	45.1	472	1,562	9.9	602	256	704	45.1	467
1997	1,328	8.2	553	190	585	44.0	387	1,316	8.3	549	190	577	43.8	380
1998	1,114	6.9	532	167	416	37.3	277	1,105	6.9	528	166	411	37.2	274
1999	1,108	6.8	568	169	372	33.6	231	1,099	6.9	563	167	369	33.5	228
2000	1,002	6.1	531	144	328	32.7	193	995	6.2	528	143	325	32.6	191
3-month averages														
Feb-Apr 2000	1,004	6.1	527	148	329	32.8	197	999	6.2	525	148	326	32.6	195
Mar-May (Spr)	1,002	6.1	531	144	328	32.7	193	995	6.2	528	143	325	32.6	191
Apr-Jun	983	6.0	513	145	325	33.1	194	976	6.1	512	143	321	32.9	191
May-Jul	950	5.8	488	143	320	33.6	188	941	5.9	486	141	314	33.4	185
Jun-Aug (Sum)	945	5.8	482	147	316	33.4	184	938	5.8	480	145	313	33.3	181
Jul-Sep	947	5.8	496	142	308	32.5	184	942	5.9	494	141	306	32.5	182
Aug-Oct	962	5.9	513	144	305	31.7	182	956	5.9	511	143	302	31.6	181
Sep-Nov (Aut)	952	5.8	509	141	302	31.7	177	943	5.9	507	140	297	31.5	174
Oct-Dec	949	5.8	507	143	300	31.6	174	940	5.8	504	142	295	31.3	170
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	943	5.7	502	140	302	32.0	172	935	5.8	499	139	297	31.8	169
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	949	5.8	507	137	305	32.2	174	940	5.8	504	135	301	32.0	172
Jan-Mar 2001	920	5.6	494	131	295	32.0	171	911	5.6	491	128	292	32.0	169
Feb-Apr	895	5.5	479	132	284	31.7	168	887	5.5	476	129	282	31.8	167
Changes														
Over last 3 months	-49	-0.3	-23	-8	-18	-0.3	-4	-48	-0.3	-23	-10	-15	0.0	-2
Percent	-5.1		-4.6	-5.5	-5.9		-2.2	-5.1		-4.6	-6.9	-5.1		-1.3
Over last 12 months	-110	-0.7	-48	-16	-45	-1.1	-29	-112	-0.7	-49	-19	-44	-0.9	-28
Percent	-10.9		-9.1	-11.0	-13.8		-14.7	-11.2		-9.3	-12.6	-13.6		-14.3
Female	MGSE	MGSZ	MGYL	MGYN	MGYP	YBWK	YBWN	YBSJ	YBTK	YBWQ	YBWT	YBWW	YBWZ	YBXC
Spring quarters (Mar-May)														
1992	938	7.5	496	187	255	27.2	108	922	7.7	488	185	249	27.0	103
1993	982	7.9	455	202	325	33.1	153	961	8.1	446	193	316	32.8	147
1994	943	7.5	465	165	313	33.2	162	928	7.7	460	163	304	32.8	157
1995	879	7.0	458	146	275	31.2	151	869	7.2	455	144	270	31.1	148
1996	820	6.5	455	145	221	26.9	113	811	6.7	449	144	218	26.9	111
1997	760	5.9	439	120	200	26.4	109	748	6.1	433	119	196	26.2	105
1998	708	5.5	455	87	166	23.4	85	697	5.6	450	86	161	23.1	82
1999	687	5.3	443	101	143	20.8	72	676	5.4	439	99	138	20.5	70
2000	659	5.0	438	99	121	18.4	58	649	5.1	433	98	118	18.2	56
3-month averages														
Feb-Apr 2000	671	5.1	448	104	120	17.9	58	660	5.2	441	102	117	17.7	57
Mar-May (Spr)	659	5.0	438	99	121	18.4	58	649	5.1	433	98	118	18.2	56
Apr-Jun	635	4.8	415	97	122	19.3	58	624	4.9	409	96	120	19.2	57
May-Jul	627	4.8	408	95	124	19.8	58	618	4.9	402	94	121	19.6	56
Jun-Aug (Sum)	624	4.7	412	91	121	19.5	54	614	4.9	407	89	118	19.2	52
Jul-Sep	640	4.8	432	91	117	18.2	55	632	5.0	429	89	113	18.0	53
Aug-Oct	650	4.9	445	90	115	17.6	56	641	5.1	440	89	112	17.5	53
Sep-Nov (Aut)	626	4.7	428	87	111	17.7	56	617	4.9	423	86	108	17.5	54
Oct-Dec	612	4.6	418	87	106	17.4	54	602	4.8	412	86	104	17.3	52
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	600	4.5	411	89	100	16.7	50	590	4.7	405	87	98	16.5	48
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	586	4.4	403	88	95	16.3	50	577	4.6	397	87	93	16.0	48
Jan-Mar 2001	578	4.4	394	86	98	17.0	51	568	4.5	389	84	94	16.6	50
Feb-Apr	583	4.4	387	90	106	18.1	53	573	4.5	382	88	103	17.9	52
Changes														
Over last 3 months	-17	-0.1	-24	1	6	1.5	4	-17	-0.1	-23	1	5	1.3	4
Percent	-2.8		-5.8	1.3	5.9		7.1	-2.9		-5.6	1.1			

C.1 UNEMPLOYMENT

ILO unemployment by age and duration

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM	16-17							18-24						
	All	Rate (%) ^a	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	Percent over 12 months	All over 24 months	All	Rate (%) ^a	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	Percent over 12 months	All over 24 months
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
All	YBVH	YBVK	YBXD	YBXG	YBXJ	YBXM	YBXP	YBVN	YBVQ	YBXS	YBXV	YBXY	YBYB	YBYE
Spring quarters (Mar-May)														
1992	149	18.1	117	23	*	*	*	726	15.8	362	159	205	28.3	71
1993	137	19.2	92	27	18	13.0	*	787	17.8	361	158	269	34.1	112
1994	145	19.9	110	19	16	11.1	*	682	16.4	310	132	240	35.1	120
1995	146	19.4	111	23	12	8.0	*	619	15.4	320	115	185	29.9	94
1996	167	20.2	128	27	12	7.2	*	570	14.6	311	94	165	28.9	77
1997	169	19.5	129	23	17	9.9	*	498	13.1	291	81	126	25.3	59
1998	159	18.6	130	19	10	6.1	*	446	12.0	289	71	86	19.4	37
1999	168	19.9	135	23	10	6.0	*	433	11.7	294	73	66	15.3	26
2000	174	20.5	141	23	10	5.6	*	410	10.9	286	56	67	16.4	28
3-month averages														
Feb-Apr 2000	182	21.2	146	25	11	5.8	*	410	10.9	290	59	61	14.8	24
Mar-May (Spr)	174	20.5	141	23	10	5.6	*	410	10.9	286	56	67	16.4	28
Apr-Jun	163	19.4	128	25	10	6.2	*	391	10.5	268	58	65	16.7	26
May-Jul	151	18.4	118	23	10	6.8	*	387	10.4	264	57	66	17.2	25
Jun-Aug (Sum)	162	19.6	126	25	12	7.2	*	381	10.2	259	61	62	16.1	23
Jul-Sep	175	21.2	138	24	12	6.8	*	385	10.3	271	54	60	15.5	24
Aug-Oct	180	21.7	146	23	11	6.2	*	399	10.7	285	57	58	14.5	24
Sep-Nov (Aut)	173	21.0	141	22	10	6.0	*	396	10.6	284	57	55	13.9	23
Oct-Dec	164	20.1	132	22	10	6.1	*	401	10.8	285	62	54	13.4	21
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	162	19.5	131	21	10	6.1	*	394	10.5	279	62	53	13.4	20
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	160	19.6	129	21	10	6.5	*	400	10.7	283	61	56	14.1	22
Jan-Mar 2001	153	18.8	126	17	11	7.0	*	395	10.6	278	59	58	14.6	22
Feb-Apr	145	18.0	123	14	*	*	*	395	10.5	281	58	56	14.2	22
Changes														
Over last 3 months	-17	-1.6	-8	-8	*	*	*	1	0.0	2	-4	4	0.9	3
Percent	-10.2		-6.1	-35.9	*	*	*	0.4		0.6	-6.3	6.9		13.0
Over last 12 months	-36	-3.2	-23	-11	*	*	*	-15	-0.4	-9	-1	-4	-0.5	-2
Percent	-20.0		-16.0	-45.4	*	*	*	-3.6		-3.2	-2.2	-7.2		-7.9
Male	YBVI	YBVL	YBXE	YBXH	YBXK	YBXN	YBXQ	YBVO	YBVR	YBXT	YBXW	YBXZ	YBYC	YBYF
Spring quarters (Mar-May)														
1992	84	19.5	66	13	*	*	*	483	19.2	219	110	154	22.7	53
1993	75	20.5	50	15	10	12.9	*	517	21.3	219	104	194	37.5	85
1994	78	20.7	60	*	10	12.5	*	447	19.4	179	87	181	40.4	93
1995	81	20.9	62	12	*	*	*	397	18.0	187	75	134	33.9	70
1996	99	22.7	74	17	*	*	*	374	17.4	186	65	123	32.9	62
1997	91	21.0	69	14	*	*	*	316	15.2	171	51	94	29.7	47
1998	86	19.9	70	10	*	*	*	272	13.5	163	51	58	21.5	28
1999	101	23.2	80	13	*	*	*	260	12.9	166	49	45	17.4	20
2000	94	22.0	77	12	*	*	*	247	12.1	164	34	50	20.1	21
3-month averages														
Feb-Apr 2000	101	22.9	81	13	*	*	*	244	11.9	164	35	45	18.4	19
Mar-May (Spr)	94	22.0	77	12	*	*	*	247	12.1	164	34	50	20.1	21
Apr-Jun	89	21.1	70	15	*	*	*	239	11.8	156	36	48	20.1	19
May-Jul	81	19.8	64	12	*	*	*	231	11.5	150	35	47	20.2	19
Jun-Aug (Sum)	90	21.4	72	13	*	*	*	224	11.1	141	41	43	19.1	17
Jul-Sep	97	22.9	78	13	*	*	*	220	10.9	146	33	41	18.7	19
Aug-Oct	100	23.7	82	13	*	*	*	233	11.5	158	35	39	16.8	18
Sep-Nov (Aut)	97	23.0	77	13	*	*	*	234	11.6	161	35	37	16.1	16
Oct-Dec	94	22.4	72	15	*	*	*	239	11.8	161	39	38	16.1	16
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	94	22.1	72	15	*	*	*	239	11.8	159	41	39	16.3	16
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	97	23.0	75	15	*	*	*	245	12.0	163	40	42	17.3	16
Jan-Mar 2001	91	21.4	73	11	*	*	*	245	12.0	162	40	43	17.6	16
Feb-Apr	86	20.4	71	*	*	*	*	236	11.6	158	38	41	17.2	16
Changes														
Over last 3 months	-8	-1.7	-1	*	*	*	*	-3	-0.1	-1	-3	1	0.8	0
Percent	-8.8		-1.0	*	*	*	*	-1.2		-0.7	-7.8	3.7		1.0
Over last 12 months	-15	-2.5	-10	*	*	*	*	-8	-0.3	-6	3	-4	-1.3	-3
Percent	-14.8		-11.7	*	*	*	*	-3.1		-3.5	7.5	-9.8		-15.6
Female	YBVJ	YBVM	YBXF	YBXI	YBXL	YBXO	YBXR	YBVP	YBVS	YBXU	YBXX	YBYA	YBYD	YBYG
Spring quarters (Mar-May)														
1992	65	16.5	52	10	*	*	*	243	11.7	143	49	51	21.0	18
1993	62	17.7	42	11	*	*	*	270	13.6	141	54	75	27.7	27
1994	68	19.1	50	11	*	*	*	235	12.6	131	45	59	25.2	27
1995	84	17.7	49	11	*	*	*	223	12.4	133	39	51	22.7	24
1996	68	17.3	54	10	*	*	*	196	11.1	126	29	42	21.3	15
1997	78	17.9	60	*	*	*	*	182	10.6	120	30	32	17.6	12
1998	73	17.4	61	*	*	*	*	174	10.3	127	19	28	16.1	*
1999	67	16.3	55	10	*	*	*	173	10.2	128	23	21	12.1	*
2000	79	19.0	64	11	*	*	*	162	9.5	122	22	18	10.8	*
3-month averages														
Feb-Apr 2000	81	19.4	65	12	*	*	*	166	9.7	126	24	16	9.4	*
Mar-May (Spr)	79	19.0	64	11	*	*	*	162	9.5	122	22	18	10.8	*
Apr-Jun	74	17.7	58	10	*	*	*	152	9.0	113	22	17	11.4	*
May-Jul	70	17.1	54	11	*	*	*	156	9.1	114	22	20	12.7	*
Jun-Aug (Sum)	72	17.8	54	12	*	*	*	157	9.2	118	20	19	11.9	*
Jul-Sep	78	19.4	60	11	*	*	*	165	9.6	126	21	18	11.2	*
Aug-Oct	79	19.7	64	10	*	*	*	167	9.7	127	22	19	11.1	*
Sep-Nov (Aut)	76	19.0	64	*	*	*	*	162	9.4	123	22	18	10.8	*
Oct-Dec	70	17.6	60	*	*	*	*	162	9.5	124	23	15	9.3	*
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	68	16.8	59	*	*	*	*	155	9.1	120	21	14	8.7	*
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	63	15.9	54	*	*	*	*	156	9.2	120	22	14	9.1	0
Jan-Mar 2001	62	15.9	53	*	*	*	*	151	8.9	116	20	15	9.7	*
Feb-Apr	60	15.3	52	*	*	*	*	159	9.3	123	21	16	9.9	*
Changes														
Over last 3 months	-8	-1.5	-7	*	*	*	*	4	0.2	3	-1	2	1.1	*
Percent	-12.2		-12.3	*	*	*	*	2.8		2.4	-3.3	16.3		*
Over last 12 months	-21	-4.1	-14	*	*	*	*	-7	-0.5	-3	-4	0	0.5	*
Percent	-26.5		-21.2	*	*	*	*	-4.4		-2.7	-16.2	0.2		*

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

^a Denominator = economically active for that age group.

* Sample size too small for a reliable estimate.

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=3+4+5; 8=10+11+12.

UNEMPLOYMENT C.1

ILO unemployment by age and duration

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM	25-49							50 and over						
	All	Rate (%) ^a	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	Percent over 12 months	All over 24 months	All	Rate (%) ^a	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	Percent over 12 months	All over 24 months
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
All	MGVI	MGXB	YBYH	YBYK	YBYN	YBYQ	YBYT	YBVT	YBVW	YBYW	YBYZ	YBZC	YBZF	YBZI
Spring quarters (Mar-May)														
1992	1,503	8.6	628	313	561	37.3	266	454	7.7	141	91	222	49.0	127
1993	1,557	8.9	551	296	709	45.6	373	517	8.8	151	96	270	52.2	162
1994	1,483	8.4	532	242	709	47.8	427	487	8.2	128	73	286	58.7	187
1995	1,350	7.6	491	212	647	47.9	417	403	6.7	117	54	233	57.8	158
1996	1,280	7.1	503	226	552	43.1	361	377	6.2	119	57	202	53.4	147
1997	1,079	6.0	453	165	461	42.7	297	341	5.4	118	41	182	53.3	139
1998	928	5.1	463	135	331	35.6	214	289	4.5	104	30	154	53.5	112
1999	908	5.0	461	139	308	33.9	179	287	4.3	121	34	131	45.7	99
2000	804	4.4	425	122	257	32.0	151	274	4.0	117	42	115	42.0	73
3-month averages														
Feb-Apr 2000	813	4.5	423	126	265	32.6	156	271	4.0	115	42	113	41.6	74
Mar-May (Spr)	804	4.4	425	122	257	32.0	151	274	4.0	117	42	115	42.0	73
Apr-Jun	794	4.4	417	118	259	32.6	153	270	3.9	115	42	113	42.0	73
May-Jul	773	4.3	404	116	254	32.8	147	267	3.9	110	43	113	42.5	73
Jun-Aug (Sum)	765	4.2	402	112	251	32.8	142	261	3.8	107	40	113	43.6	73
Jul-Sep	767	4.2	407	116	244	31.8	141	260	3.8	112	39	109	41.9	72
Aug-Oct	772	4.3	409	119	243	31.5	139	262	3.8	118	36	108	41.1	72
Sep-Nov (Aut)	749	4.1	397	114	238	31.7	137	259	3.8	115	34	109	42.2	73
Oct-Dec	738	4.1	395	110	233	31.6	134	258	3.7	112	37	110	42.6	71
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	739	4.1	399	109	231	31.3	131	248	3.6	104	36	108	43.5	69
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	732	4.0	397	107	228	31.2	135	243	3.5	101	36	105	43.4	67
Jan-Mar 2001	724	4.0	392	105	227	31.3	136	225	3.3	92	36	98	43.3	63
Feb-Apr	720	4.0	372	116	231	32.1	140	217	3.1	90	34	93	43.0	59
Changes														
Over last 3 months	-20	-0.1	-27	7	0	0.8	8	-30	-0.5	-14	-3	-14	-0.5	-10
Percent	-2.7		-6.7	6.9	-0.1		6.3	-12.3		-13.1	-7.0	-13.3		-14.4
Over last 12 months	-94	-0.5	-50	-9	-34	-0.5	-17	-53	-0.8	-25	-9	-19	1.3	-15
Percent	-11.5		-11.9	-7.4	-12.9		-10.6	-19.7		-21.9	-20.3	-17.1		-20.4
Male	MGVJ	MGXC	YBYI	YBYL	YBYO	YBYR	YBYU	YBVU	YBVX	YBYX	YBZA	YBZD	YBZG	YBZJ
Spring quarters (Mar-May)														
1992	981	10.0	368	203	410	41.8	202	346	9.8	99	74	172	49.9	101
1993	1,035	10.5	322	183	530	51.2	284	388	11.3	108	72	207	53.5	127
1994	970	9.8	289	152	530	54.6	332	359	10.4	87	55	217	60.5	147
1995	862	8.6	251	133	479	55.5	323	299	8.6	81	38	191	60.4	124
1996	821	8.2	270	134	416	50.7	291	281	8.0	76	43	163	57.9	119
1997	681	6.8	240	96	345	50.7	231	239	6.6	72	30	137	57.5	109
1998	553	5.5	233	84	235	42.6	164	203	5.5	66	22	116	57.0	87
1999	545	5.4	242	84	219	40.2	134	202	5.3	80	22	100	49.7	78
2000	469	4.7	216	69	184	39.3	115	191	4.9	74	29	88	46.3	58
3-month averages														
Feb-Apr 2000	476	4.7	215	72	189	39.7	119	184	4.7	67	28	89	48.2	59
Mar-May (Spr)	469	4.7	216	69	184	39.3	115	191	4.9	74	29	88	46.3	58
Apr-Jun	466	4.6	215	67	184	39.5	117	189	4.8	72	28	89	46.9	57
May-Jul	448	4.5	204	66	178	39.8	110	190	4.8	71	29	89	47.1	59
Jun-Aug (Sum)	447	4.5	204	66	178	39.8	107	184	4.7	66	27	90	49.1	59
Jul-Sep	448	4.5	203	70	175	39.0	106	182	4.7	70	26	86	47.3	58
Aug-Oct	448	4.5	203	72	174	38.7	105	181	4.6	70	24	87	47.8	59
Sep-Nov (Aut)	440	4.4	202	69	169	38.4	101	181	4.6	69	23	89	49.1	60
Oct-Dec	437	4.4	205	66	166	38.0	99	180	4.6	68	23	89	49.5	58
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	435	4.3	205	62	168	38.6	98	175	4.4	65	22	88	50.2	57
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	436	4.3	205	61	171	39.2	103	171	4.3	64	22	85	49.7	55
Jan-Mar 2001	426	4.2	200	59	167	39.2	103	159	4.0	59	22	78	49.0	51
Feb-Apr	417	4.2	188	64	165	39.6	105	156	3.9	62	21	73	47.0	48
Changes														
Over last 3 months	-18	-0.2	-17	2	-3	1.0	6	-19	-0.5	-4	-1	-15	-3.2	-9
Percent	-4.2		-8.5	3.3	-1.8		6.5	-10.8		-5.4	-4.0	-16.5		-16.3
Over last 12 months	-59	-0.6	-27	-8	-24	-0.1	-14	-28	-0.8	-6	-7	-16	-1.2	-11
Percent	-12.3		-12.6	-10.8	-12.7		-12.0	-15.4		-8.3	-25.8	-17.6		-18.8
Female	MGVK	MGXD	YBYJ	YBYM	YBYP	YBYS	YBYV	YBVV	YBYV	YBYV	YBZB	YBZE	YBZH	YBZK
Spring quarters (Mar-May)														
1992	522	6.9	260	111	152	29.0	64	108	4.5	41	17	50	46.4	26
1993	522	6.8	229	114	180	34.4	69	129	5.3	43	24	62	48.3	35
1994	513	6.6	243	91	179	35.0	94	128	5.1	41	18	68	53.3	40
1995	488	6.2	240	80	168	34.4	94	104	4.1	36	16	52	50.3	33
1996	459	5.8	233	91	136	29.5	69	96	3.8	43	14	39	40.5	28
1997	398	5.0	213	69	115	29.0	65	102	3.8	46	12	45	43.6	30
1998	375	4.7	229	51	95	25.4	51	85	3.1	38	*	39	45.2	25
1999	363	4.5	219	56	89	24.4	45	84	3.0	42	12	30	36.0	21
2000	335	4.1	209	53	72	21.6	36	83	2.8	43	13	27	32.1	15
3-month averages														
Feb-Apr 2000	338	4.2	208	53	76	22.6	37	86	2.9	48	14	24	27.6	15
Mar-May (Spr)	335	4.1	209	53	72	21.6	36	83	2.8	43	13	27	32.1	15
Apr-Jun	328	4.1	202	51	75	22.8	36	81	2.7	43	14	25	30.4	16
May-Jul	325	4.0	200	49	76	23.2	37	77	2.6	39	14	24	31.2	14
Jun-Aug (Sum)	318	3.9	199	46	73	22.9	35	77	2.6	41	13	23	30.3	14
Jul-Sep	320	3.9	204	47	70	21.7	35	78	2.6	42	13	23	29.2	13
Aug-Oct	323	4.0	206	47	70	21.5	35	81	2.7	48	11	21	26.1	13
Sep-Nov (Aut)	309	3.8	195	45	69	22.3	35	78	2.6	46	12	20	26.1	13
Oct-Dec	301	3.7	190	44	67	22.2	35	79	2.6	44	14	21	26.8	13
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	304	3.7	194	47	63	20.8	33	73	2.4	38	15	20	27.2	12
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	296	3.6	192	46	57	19.4	31	72	2.4	37	15	20	28.3	12
Jan-Mar 2001	298	3.7	192	46	60	20.0	33	66	2.2	33	14	20	29.7	11
Feb-Apr	303	3.7	185	52	66	21.8	35	61	2.0	28	13	20	32.7	11
Changes														
Over last 3 months	-1	0.0	-9	5	3	1.0	2	-11	-0.4	-10	-2	0	5.5	-1
Percent	-0.4		-4.9	11.5	4.2		5.6	-15.7		-26.1	-11.4	1.2		-5.8
Over last 12 months	-35	-0.4	-23	-1	-10	-0.8	-2	-25	-0.9	-20	-1	-4	5.1	-4
Percent	-10.4		-11.2	-2.7	-13.4		-6.2	-28.7		-41.0	-9.6	-15.5		-26.4

a Denominator = economically active for that age group.

C.2 UNEMPLOYMENT

ILO unemployment rates^a by age

Per cent, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM		All aged 16 and over	16-59/64	16-17	18-24	25-34	35-49	50-64(M) 50-59(F)	65+(M) 60+(F)
All		MGSX	YBTI	YBVK	YBVQ	YCGP	YCGV	MGXE	MGXH
Spring quarters (Mar-May)									
1992		9.9	10.0	18.1	15.8	10.5	7.3	8.3	3.8
1993		10.5	10.7	19.2	17.8	10.6	7.5	9.5	4.3
1994		9.8	10.0	19.9	16.4	10.0	7.1	8.9	3.3
1995		8.8	9.0	19.4	15.4	9.0	6.5	7.4	2.3
1996		8.3	8.5	20.2	14.6	8.5	6.0	6.8	2.6
1997		7.2	7.3	19.5	13.1	6.9	5.3	5.8	2.9
1998		6.3	6.4	18.6	12.0	6.3	4.3	4.7	2.6
1999		6.1	6.2	19.9	11.7	5.8	4.5	4.6	2.4
2000		5.6	5.7	20.5	10.9	5.1	4.0	4.3	2.0
3-month averages									
Feb-Apr 2000		5.7	5.8	21.2	10.9	5.2	4.0	4.3	2.0
Mar-May (Spr)		5.6	5.7	20.5	10.9	5.1	4.0	4.3	2.0
Apr-Jun		5.5	5.6	19.4	10.5	5.0	3.9	4.2	2.0
May-Jul		5.3	5.4	18.4	10.4	4.9	3.8	4.1	2.2
Jun-Aug (Sum)		5.3	5.4	19.6	10.2	4.8	3.8	4.0	1.9
Jul-Sep		5.4	5.5	21.2	10.3	4.7	3.9	4.1	1.6
Aug-Oct		5.4	5.6	21.7	10.7	4.8	3.9	4.1	1.8
Sep-Nov (Aut)		5.3	5.4	21.0	10.6	4.7	3.7	4.0	2.0
Oct-Dec		5.3	5.4	20.1	10.8	4.8	3.6	3.9	2.2
Nov 2000-Jan 2001		5.2	5.3	19.5	10.5	4.7	3.7	3.8	2.1
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)		5.2	5.3	19.6	10.7	4.7	3.6	3.7	2.2
Jan-Mar 2001		5.1	5.1	18.8	10.6	4.6	3.6	3.4	2.3
Feb-Apr		5.0	5.1	18.0	10.5	4.6	3.5	3.3	2.1
Changes									
Over last 3 months		-0.2	-0.2	-1.6	0.0	-0.1	-0.1	-0.5	0.0
Over last 12 months		-0.7	-0.7	-3.2	-0.4	-0.6	-0.4	-1.0	0.1
Male		MGSY	YBTJ	YBVL	YBVR	YCGQ	YCGW	MGXF	MGXI
Spring quarters (Mar-May)									
1992		11.6	11.8	19.5	19.2	11.9	8.5	10.3	5.1
1993		12.5	12.6	20.5	21.3	12.1	9.2	11.8	4.9
1994		11.5	11.7	20.7	19.4	11.6	8.3	10.9	4.0
1995		10.2	10.3	20.9	18.0	10.2	7.4	9.1	*
1996		9.8	9.9	22.7	17.4	9.5	7.2	8.3	4.3
1997		8.2	8.3	21.0	15.2	7.7	6.1	6.8	4.3
1998		6.9	6.9	19.9	13.5	6.7	4.6	5.6	*
1999		6.8	6.9	23.2	12.9	6.0	5.0	5.4	*
2000		6.1	6.2	22.0	12.1	5.3	4.2	5.1	*
3-month averages									
Feb-Apr 2000		6.1	6.2	22.9	11.9	5.5	4.2	5.0	*
Mar-May (Spr)		6.1	6.2	22.0	12.1	5.3	4.2	5.1	*
Apr-Jun		6.0	6.1	21.1	11.8	5.3	4.2	5.0	*
May-Jul		5.8	5.9	19.8	11.5	5.1	4.0	5.0	*
Jun-Aug (Sum)		5.8	5.8	21.4	11.1	5.1	4.0	4.9	*
Jul-Sep		5.8	5.9	22.9	10.9	5.1	4.0	4.9	*
Aug-Oct		5.9	5.9	23.7	11.5	5.1	4.1	4.8	*
Sep-Nov (Aut)		5.8	5.9	23.0	11.6	5.1	3.9	4.7	*
Oct-Dec		5.8	5.8	22.4	11.8	5.1	3.8	4.7	*
Nov 2000-Jan 2001		5.7	5.8	22.1	11.8	5.1	3.8	4.5	*
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)		5.8	5.8	23.0	12.0	5.1	3.9	4.4	*
Jan-Mar 2001		5.6	5.6	21.4	12.0	4.9	3.8	4.1	*
Feb-Apr		5.5	5.5	20.4	11.6	4.9	3.7	4.0	*
Changes									
Over last 3 months		-0.3	-0.3	-1.7	-0.1	-0.2	-0.1	-0.5	*
Over last 12 months		-0.7	-0.7	-2.5	-0.3	-0.6	-0.5	-1.0	*
Female		MGSZ	YBTK	YBVM	YBVS	YCGR	YCGX	MGXG	MGXJ
Spring quarters (Mar-May)									
1992		7.5	7.7	16.5	11.7	8.5	5.8	5.0	3.1
1993		7.9	8.1	17.7	13.6	8.5	5.6	5.7	3.9
1994		7.5	7.7	19.1	12.6	7.9	5.7	5.7	3.0
1995		7.0	7.2	17.7	12.4	7.4	5.4	4.7	2.0
1996		6.5	6.7	17.3	11.1	7.3	4.7	4.3	*
1997		5.9	6.1	17.9	10.6	5.8	4.4	4.3	2.2
1998		5.5	5.6	17.4	10.3	5.8	3.9	3.3	2.2
1999		5.3	5.4	16.3	10.2	5.4	3.8	3.2	2.0
2000		5.0	5.1	19.0	9.5	4.8	3.7	3.0	1.8
3-month averages									
Feb-Apr 2000		5.1	5.2	19.4	9.7	4.9	3.7	3.2	2.0
Mar-May (Spr)		5.0	5.1	19.0	9.5	4.8	3.7	3.0	1.8
Apr-Jun		4.8	4.9	17.7	9.0	4.7	3.6	2.9	1.9
May-Jul		4.8	4.9	17.1	9.1	4.6	3.6	2.8	1.8
Jun-Aug (Sum)		4.7	4.9	17.8	9.2	4.4	3.6	2.8	*
Jul-Sep		4.8	5.0	19.4	9.6	4.3	3.7	2.9	*
Aug-Oct		4.9	5.1	19.7	9.7	4.5	3.7	3.0	*
Sep-Nov (Aut)		4.7	4.9	19.0	9.4	4.3	3.5	2.9	*
Oct-Dec		4.6	4.8	17.6	9.5	4.3	3.4	2.9	*
Nov 2000-Jan 2001		4.5	4.7	16.8	9.1	4.2	3.5	2.6	*
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)		4.4	4.6	15.9	9.2	4.1	3.3	2.6	*
Jan-Mar 2001		4.4	4.5	15.9	8.9	4.1	3.4	2.3	1.8
Feb-Apr		4.4	4.5	15.3	9.3	4.3	3.4	2.1	*
Changes									
Over last 3 months		-0.1	-0.1	-1.5	0.2	0.1	-0.1	-0.5	*
Over last 12 months		-0.7	-0.7	-4.1	-0.5	-0.6	-0.3	-1.0	*

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

^a Denominator = all economically active for that age group.

* Sample size too small for a reliable estimate.

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UNEMPLOYMENT

Claimant count by region

Thousands and per cent

NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED							SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ^b								
Government Office Regions	CLAIMANT COUNT			RATE ^a			CLAIMANT COUNT					RATE ^a			
	All	Male	Female	All	Male	Female	All	Change since previous month	average change over 3 months ended	Male	Female	All	Male	Female	
United Kingdom	BCJA	DPAA	DPAB	BCJB	DPAC	DPAD	BCJD				DPAE	DPAF	BCJE	DPAH	DPAI
1995) Annual averages	2,325.6	1,770.0	555.6	7.7	10.6	4.1	2,289.7	..	..		1,752.2	537.5	7.6	10.5	4.0
1996)	2,122.2	1,610.3	511.9	7.1	9.9	3.8	2,087.5	..	..		1,593.1	494.4	7.0	9.8	3.7
1997)	1,602.4	1,225.1	377.3	5.4	7.5	2.8	1,584.5	..	..		1,214.9	369.6	5.3	7.4	2.8
1998)	1,362.3	1,037.7	324.7	4.6	6.4	2.4	1,347.8	..	..		1,029.5	318.4	4.5	6.3	2.4
1999)	1,263.0	963.5	299.5	4.2	5.9	2.2	1,248.1	..	..		955.1	293.1	4.2	5.8	2.1
2000)	1,102.3	839.6	262.6	3.7	5.1	1.9	1,088.5	..	..		831.6	256.9	3.6	5.1	1.9
1999 May 13	1,275.6	982.0	293.6	4.2	6.0	2.2	1,274.1	-13.5	-10.5		975.8	298.3	4.2	5.9	2.2
Jun 10	1,244.7	956.5	288.2	4.1	5.8	2.1	1,263.3	-10.8	-11.3		968.1	295.2	4.2	5.9	2.2
Jul 8	1,263.6	957.2	306.4	4.2	5.8	2.2	1,241.1	-22.2	-15.5		953.0	288.1	4.1	5.8	2.1
Aug 12	1,263.2	947.2	316.0	4.2	5.8	2.3	1,225.5	-15.6	-16.2		939.7	285.8	4.1	5.7	2.1
Sep 9	1,224.0	922.2	301.8	4.1	5.6	2.2	1,220.0	-5.5	-14.4		932.7	287.3	4.1	5.7	2.1
Oct 14	1,164.9	883.5	281.5	3.9	5.4	2.1	1,201.6	-18.4	-13.2		918.5	283.1	4.0	5.6	2.1
Nov 11	1,147.2	874.0	273.2	3.8	5.3	2.0	1,187.3	-14.3	-12.7		906.2	281.1	4.0	5.5	2.1
Dec 9	1,140.6	875.6	265.0	3.8	5.3	1.9	1,164.0	-23.3	-18.7		887.3	276.7	3.9	5.4	2.0
2000 Jan 13	1,236.4	946.6	289.8	4.1	5.8	2.1	1,162.4	-1.6	-13.1		886.5	275.9	3.9	5.4	2.0
Feb 10	1,227.0	937.3	289.7	4.1	5.7	2.1	1,151.7	-10.7	-11.9		878.8	272.9	3.8	5.4	2.0
Mar 9	1,194.3	913.2	281.1	4.0	5.6	2.0	1,139.9	-11.8	-8.0		869.2	270.7	3.8	5.3	2.0
Apr 13	1,142.1	874.1	268.0	3.8	5.3	1.9	1,115.0	-24.9	-15.8		850.4	264.6	3.7	5.2	1.9
May 11	1,108.2	849.9	258.3	3.7	5.2	1.9	1,106.2	-8.8	-15.2		843.5	262.7	3.7	5.1	1.9
Jun 8	1,077.2	824.6	252.6	3.6	5.0	1.8	1,094.4	-11.8	-15.2		835.0	259.4	3.6	5.1	1.9
Jul 13	1,088.8	820.7	268.1	3.6	5.0	1.9	1,071.1	-23.3	-14.6		819.6	251.5	3.6	5.0	1.8
Aug 10	1,089.1	814.3	274.8	3.6	5.0	2.0	1,057.3	-13.8	-16.3		810.4	246.9	3.5	4.9	1.8
Sep 14	1,042.8	785.4	257.4	3.5	4.8	1.9	1,043.3	-14.0	-17.0		798.9	244.4	3.5	4.9	1.8
Oct 12	1,009.2	766.3	243.0	3.3	4.7	1.8	1,046.8	3.5	-8.1		801.3	245.5	3.5	4.9	1.8
Nov 9	1,000.6	763.9	236.7	3.3	4.7	1.7	1,039.9	-6.9	-5.8		795.4	244.5	3.4	4.9	1.8
Dec 14	1,011.4	779.4	232.1	3.4	4.8	1.7	1,033.6	-6.3	-3.2		790.4	243.2	3.4	4.8	1.8
2001 Jan 11	1,077.8	826.7	251.1	3.6	5.0	1.8	1,006.3	-27.3	-13.5		768.8	237.5	3.3	4.7	1.7
Feb 8	1,073.4	820.6	252.7	3.6	5.0	1.8	996.7	-9.6	-14.4		761.2	235.5	3.3	4.6	1.7
Mar 8	1,041.1	797.5	243.6	3.5	4.9	1.8	986.0	-10.7	-15.9		753.4	232.6	3.3	4.6	1.7
Apr 12 R	1,006.4	769.1	237.3	3.3	4.7	1.7	980.0	-6.0	-8.8		748.6	231.4	3.2	4.6	1.7
May 10 P	980.9	751.4	229.5	3.3	4.6	1.7	976.8	-3.2	-6.6		744.3	232.5	3.2	4.5	1.7
Great Britain	BCJG	BCJI	BCJJ	BCJH			DPAG						DPAJ		
1995) Annual averages	2,237.4	1,701.4	536.1	7.6	10.5	4.1	2,201.8	..	..		1,683.6	518.2	7.5	10.4	4.0
1996)	2,038.1	1,545.3	492.8	7.0	9.7	3.8	2,003.7	..	..		1,528.2	475.5	6.9	9.6	3.6
1997)	1,539.0	1,175.2	363.8	5.3	7.4	2.8	1,521.1	..	..		1,165.0	365.1	5.3	7.3	2.7
1998)	1,304.9	992.8	312.0	4.5	6.3	2.4	1,290.4	..	..		984.6	305.7	4.4	6.2	2.3
1999)	1,212.2	924.2	288.0	4.1	5.8	2.2	1,197.4	..	..		915.8	281.6	4.1	5.7	2.1
2000)	1,060.1	807.6	252.5	3.6	5.1	1.9	1,046.4	..	..		799.6	246.8	3.6	5.0	1.8
2000 May 11	1,067.3	818.4	248.9	3.6	5.1	1.9	1,063.7	-8.9	-14.8		811.5	252.2	3.6	5.1	1.9
Jun 8	1,036.6	793.6	243.0	3.5	5.0	1.8	1,052.7	-11.0	-14.7		803.3	249.4	3.6	5.0	1.9
Jul 13	1,045.0	788.5	256.5	3.6	4.9	1.9	1,030.1	-22.6	-14.2		788.1	242.0	3.5	4.9	1.8
Aug 10	1,044.9	782.2	262.8	3.6	4.9	2.0	1,016.7	-13.4	-15.7		779.2	237.5	3.5	4.9	1.8
Sep 14	1,000.4	753.9	246.4	3.4	4.7	1.8	1,002.4	-14.3	-16.8		767.8	234.6	3.4	4.8	1.7
Oct 12	968.7	735.7	233.0	3.3	4.6	1.7	1,005.5	3.1	-8.2		770.0	235.5	3.4	4.8	1.8
Nov 9	960.6	733.3	227.3	3.3	4.6	1.7	998.2	-7.3	-6.2		763.8	234.4	3.4	4.8	1.7
Dec 14	971.5	748.5	223.0	3.3	4.7	1.7	991.7	-6.5	-3.6		758.6	233.1	3.4	4.8	1.7
2001 Jan 11	1,036.6	794.9	241.7	3.5	5.0	1.8	965.5	-26.2	-13.3		737.9	227.6	3.3	4.6	1.7
Feb 8	1,032.4	789.0	243.3	3.5	4.9	1.8	956.4	-9.1	-13.9		730.6	225.8	3.3	4.6	1.7
Mar 8	1,001.0	766.5	234.5	3.4	4.8	1.7	945.9	-10.5	-15.3		723.0	222.9	3.2	4.5	1.7
Apr 12 R	966.9	738.7	228.2	3.3	4.6	1.7	940.0	-5.9	-8.5		718.2	221.8	3.2	4.5	1.7
May 10 P	942.1	721.4	220.7	3.2	4.5	1.6	936.7	-3.3	-6.6		713.8	222.9	3.2	4.5	1.7
North East	DPCF			DPDA			DPDG				ZMPI	ZMPK	DPDM	ZMPJ	ZMPL
1995) Annual averages	130.5	104.4	26.1	10.9	15.9	4.9	128.5	..	..		103.3	25.2	10.8	15.7	4.7
1996)	118.4	94.0	24.4	10.2	14.9	4.5	116.4	..	..		92.9	23.5	10.0	14.8	4.4
1997)	94.5	75.4	19.0	8.2	11.9	3.7	93.2	..	..		74.7	18.6	8.1	11.8	3.6
1998)	84.4	67.4	17.0	7.3	10.8	3.2	83.3	..	..		66.7	16.6	7.2	10.7	3.1
1999)	81.0	64.4	16.6	7.1	10.4	3.2	79.9	..	..		63.8	16.1	7.0	10.3	3.1
2000)	73.4	58.6	14.7	6.4	9.5	2.8	72.2	..	..		57.9	14.3	6.3	9.4	2.7
2000 May 11	74.8	60.0	14.8	6.5	9.7	2.8	73.9	0.5	-0.6		59.2	14.7	6.4	9.6	2.8
Jun 8	72.5	58.0	14.4	6.3	9.4	2.7	73.1	-0.8	-0.8		58.5	14.6	6.4	9.5	2.7
Jul 13	72.7	57.6	15.1	6.3	9.3	2.8	71.7	-1.4	-0.6		57.6	14.1	6.2	9.3	2.7
Aug 10	71.1	55.8	15.3	6.2	9.0	2.9	70.6	-1.1	-1.1		56.9	13.7	6.1	9.2	2.6
Sep 14	68.2	53.7	14.5	5.9	8.7	2.7	69.1	-1.5	-1.3		55.4	13.7	6.0	9.0	2.6
Oct 12	67.1	53.5	13.5	5.8	8.7	2.5	69.9	0.8	-0.6		56.2	13.7	6.1	9.1	2.6
Nov 9	67.6	54.5	13.1	5.9	8.8	2.5	69.4	-0.5	-0.4		55.8	13.6	6.0	9.0	2.6
Dec 14	67.4	54.8	12.6	5.9	8.9	2.4	68.4	-1.0	-0.2		54.9	13.5	6.0	8.9	2.5
2001 Jan 11	72.2	58.2	14.0	6.3	9.4	2.6	66.5	-1.9	-1.1		53.4	13.1	5.8	8.7	2.5
Feb 8	70.8	56.8	14.0	6.2											

UNEMPLOYMENT C.11

Claimant count by region

Thousands and per cent

		NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED						SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ^b								
Government Office Regions		CLAIMANT COUNT			RATE ^a			CLAIMANT COUNT				RATE ^a				
		All	Male	Female	All	Male	Female	All	Change since previous month	average change over 3 months ended	Male	Female	All	Male	Female	
Yorkshire and the Humber		BCKB			DPAM			DPAX				ZMPY	ZMQA	DPBI	ZMPZ	ZMQB
1995)	Annual	207.9	160.6	47.3	8.3	11.6	4.2	204.5	..	..	158.9	45.6	8.1	11.4	4.1	
1996)	Averages	191.8	147.9	43.9	7.7	10.8	3.9	188.3	..	..	146.2	42.1	7.6	10.7	3.8	
1997)		152.0	117.9	34.1	6.2	8.7	3.1	150.1	..	..	116.8	33.3	6.1	8.7	3.0	
1998)		134.9	104.4	30.5	5.5	7.7	2.8	133.2	..	..	103.5	29.7	5.4	7.6	2.7	
1999)		124.7	96.6	28.1	5.1	7.1	2.6	123.0	..	..	95.6	27.4	5.0	7.1	2.5	
2000)		108.5	83.9	24.5	4.5	6.4	2.2	107.0	..	..	83.1	23.9	4.4	6.3	2.2	
2000	May 11	108.9	84.9	24.0	4.5	6.5	2.2	109.0	0.1	-1.6	84.5	24.5	4.5	6.4	2.2	
	Jun 8	105.5	82.0	23.4	4.3	6.2	2.1	107.4	-1.6	-1.7	83.3	24.1	4.4	6.3	2.2	
	Jul 13	105.7	81.1	24.6	4.4	6.2	2.2	104.8	-2.6	-1.4	81.4	23.4	4.3	6.2	2.1	
	Aug 10	106.4	80.9	25.4	4.4	6.1	2.3	103.7	-1.1	-1.8	81.1	22.6	4.3	6.2	2.0	
	Sep 14	102.0	78.1	23.9	4.2	5.9	2.1	102.7	-1.0	-1.6	80.0	22.7	4.2	6.1	2.0	
	Oct 12	98.5	76.0	22.6	4.1	5.8	2.0	103.0	0.3	-0.6	80.1	22.9	4.2	6.1	2.1	
	Nov 9	98.1	75.9	22.1	4.0	5.8	2.0	102.0	-1.0	-0.6	79.2	22.8	4.2	6.0	2.1	
	Dec 14	100.3	78.4	21.9	4.1	6.0	2.0	101.7	-0.3	-0.3	78.9	22.8	4.2	6.0	2.1	
	Jan 11	107.8	83.8	24.0	4.4	6.4	2.2	99.5	-2.2	-1.2	77.1	22.4	4.1	5.9	2.0	
	Feb 8	107.6	83.4	24.3	4.4	6.3	2.2	98.7	-0.8	-1.1	76.4	22.3	4.1	5.8	2.0	
2001	Mar 8	104.3	81.1	23.3	4.3	6.2	2.1	98.1	-0.6	-1.2	75.9	22.2	4.0	5.8	2.0	
	Apr 12 R	101.4	78.3	23.1	4.2	6.0	2.1	98.0	-0.1	-0.5	75.9	22.1	4.0	5.8	2.0	
	May 10 P	98.1	75.9	22.2	4.0	5.8	2.0	97.7	-0.3	-0.3	75.4	22.3	4.0	5.7	2.0	
East Midlands		BCKC			DPAN			DPAY			ZMPA	ZMPC	DPBJ	ZMPB	ZMPD	
1995)	Annual	148.3	112.5	35.7	7.2	9.8	3.9	145.9	..	..	111.4	34.5	7.1	9.7	3.8	
1996)	Averages	133.6	101.0	32.5	6.6	9.1	3.6	131.3	..	..	99.9	31.4	6.5	9.0	3.4	
1997)		97.4	74.2	23.2	4.7	6.6	2.5	96.3	..	..	73.5	22.8	4.7	6.5	2.5	
1998)		81.1	61.3	19.8	4.0	5.5	2.2	80.3	..	..	60.9	19.4	4.0	5.4	2.1	
1999)		77.0	58.3	18.7	3.7	5.2	2.0	76.3	..	..	57.9	18.4	3.7	5.2	1.9	
2000)		70.2	52.7	17.5	3.5	4.9	1.9	69.4	..	..	52.3	17.2	3.5	4.8	1.9	
2000	May 11	70.9	53.6	17.3	3.5	5.0	1.9	70.3	-0.1	-0.6	52.9	17.4	3.5	4.9	1.9	
	Jun 8	68.4	51.6	16.9	3.4	4.8	1.8	69.7	-0.6	-0.6	52.4	17.3	3.5	4.9	1.9	
	Jul 13	69.1	51.3	17.8	3.4	4.7	1.9	68.6	-1.1	-0.6	51.7	16.9	3.4	4.8	1.8	
	Aug 10	69.6	51.3	18.3	3.5	4.7	2.0	67.8	-0.8	-0.8	51.3	16.5	3.4	4.7	1.8	
	Sep 14	66.7	49.3	17.3	3.3	4.6	1.9	67.3	-0.5	-0.8	50.7	16.6	3.4	4.7	1.8	
	Oct 12	64.1	47.8	16.2	3.2	4.4	1.8	68.0	0.7	-0.2	51.3	16.7	3.4	4.7	1.8	
	Nov 9	63.2	47.5	15.7	3.2	4.4	1.7	67.5	-0.5	-0.1	50.8	16.7	3.4	4.7	1.8	
	Dec 14	65.2	49.5	15.7	3.3	4.6	1.7	67.3	-0.2	0.0	50.6	16.7	3.4	4.7	1.8	
	Jan 11	71.5	53.6	17.8	3.6	5.0	1.9	65.7	-1.6	-0.8	49.0	16.7	3.3	4.5	1.8	
	Feb 8	72.0	53.9	18.1	3.6	5.0	2.0	65.8	0.1	-0.6	49.1	16.7	3.3	4.5	1.8	
2001	Mar 8	70.0	52.5	17.5	3.5	4.9	1.9	65.6	-0.2	-0.6	49.0	16.6	3.3	4.5	1.8	
	Apr 12 R	67.5	50.5	17.1	3.4	4.7	1.8	65.3	-0.3	-0.1	48.8	16.5	3.2	4.5	1.8	
	May 10 P	65.8	49.4	16.5	3.3	4.6	1.8	65.1	-0.2	-0.2	48.6	16.5	3.2	4.5	1.8	
West Midlands		BCKG			DPAR			DPBC			ZMPE	ZMPG	DPBN	ZMPF	ZMPH	
1995)	Annual	210.3	158.6	51.7	7.8	10.4	4.5	207.5	..	..	157.3	50.2	7.7	10.3	4.3	
1996)	Averages	188.6	142.0	46.6	7.0	9.4	4.0	186.0	..	..	140.8	45.2	6.9	9.4	3.8	
1997)		142.3	108.2	34.1	5.4	7.3	2.9	141.0	..	..	107.5	33.6	5.3	7.2	2.9	
1998)		123.5	93.4	30.1	4.6	6.1	2.6	122.4	..	..	92.8	29.6	4.6	6.1	2.6	
1999)		120.9	92.1	28.8	4.5	6.3	2.4	119.6	..	..	91.4	28.3	4.5	6.2	2.4	
2000)		109.2	83.1	26.1	4.1	5.6	2.2	108.0	..	..	82.4	25.6	4.0	5.6	2.1	
2000	May 11	109.1	83.5	25.6	4.1	5.7	2.1	108.6	-0.1	-0.9	82.7	25.9	4.1	5.6	2.2	
	Jun 8	107.3	82.0	25.3	4.0	5.6	2.1	108.1	-0.5	-0.7	82.3	25.8	4.0	5.6	2.1	
	Jul 13	109.2	82.2	27.0	4.1	5.6	2.2	106.7	-1.4	-0.7	81.3	25.4	4.0	5.5	2.1	
	Aug 10	111.0	83.0	28.0	4.1	5.6	2.3	106.0	-0.7	-0.9	81.0	25.0	4.0	5.5	2.1	
	Sep 14	107.5	81.1	26.5	4.0	5.5	2.2	104.7	-1.3	-1.1	80.2	24.5	3.9	5.5	2.0	
	Oct 12	103.6	78.7	24.9	3.9	5.4	2.1	106.4	1.7	-0.1	81.4	25.0	4.0	5.5	2.1	
	Nov 9	102.2	78.1	24.1	3.8	5.3	2.0	106.6	0.2	0.2	81.5	25.1	4.0	5.5	2.1	
	Dec 14	103.1	79.4	23.7	3.9	5.4	2.0	106.3	-0.3	0.5	81.3	25.0	4.0	5.5	2.1	
	Jan 11	109.1	83.6	25.5	4.1	5.7	2.1	104.5	-1.8	-0.6	79.9	24.6	3.9	5.4	2.0	
	Feb 8	108.4	83.0	25.4	4.1	5.6	2.1	103.6	-0.9	-1.0	79.2	24.4	3.9	5.4	2.0	
2001	Mar 8	105.7	81.1	24.6	4.0	5.5	2.0	102.4	-1.2	-1.3	78.3	24.1	3.8	5.3	2.0	
	Apr 12 R	103.4	79.2	24.2	3.9	5.4	2.0	101.5	-0.9	-1.0	77.8	23.7	3.8	5.3	2.0	
	May 10 P	101.4	78.0	23.4	3.8	5.3	1.9	100.7	-0.8	-1.0	77.1	23.6	3.8	5.2	2.0	
East		DPCI			DPDD			DPDJ			ZMOK	ZMOM	DPDP	ZMOL	ZMON	
1995)	Annual	167.5	124.8	42.7	6.3	8.5	3.6	164.8	..	..	123.5	41.3	6.2	8.4	3.5	
1996)	Averages	148.7	110.6	38.1	5.8	7.8	3.3	146.2	..	..	109.4	36.8	5.7	7.7	3.2	
1997)		105.5	79.0	26.5	4.0	5.5	2.3	104.4	..	..	78.4	26.0	4.0	5.4	2.2	
1998)		85.0	63.1	22.0	3.3	4.4	1.9	84.2	..	..	62.6	21.6	3.2	4.4	1.8	
1999)		77.3	57.6	19.8	2.9	4.0	1.7	76.5	..	..	57.1	19.4	2.9	4.0	1.6	
2000)		64.9	47.9	17.0	2.5	3.3	1.4	64.1	..	..	47.5	16.6	2.5	3.3	1.4	
2000	May 11	65.5	48.8	16.8	2.5	3.4	1.4	65.5	-1.2	-1.2	48.5	17.0	2.5	3.4	1.4	
	Jun 8	62.7	46.6	16.1	2.4	3.3	1.4	64.8	-0.7	-1.1	48.0	16.8	2.5	3.4	1.4	
	Jul 13	62.1	45.5	16.7	2.4	3.2	1.4	62.8	-2.0	-1.3	46.5	16.3	2.4	3.2	1.4	
	Aug 10	62.2	45.1	17.2	2.4	3.1	1.5	61.8	-1.0	-1.2	45.8	16.0	2.4	3.2	1.4	
	Sep 14	59.5	43.4	16.1	2.3	3.0	1.4	60.4	-1.4	-1.5	45.0	15.4	2.3	3.1	1.3	
	Oct 12	58.0	42.4	15.6	2.2	3.0	1.3	60.7	0.3	-0.7	45.0	15.7	2.3	3.1	1.3	
	Nov 9	57.5	42.2	15.2	2.2	2.9	1.3	60.0	-0.7	-0.6	44.4	15.6	2.3	3.1	1.3	
	Dec 14	57.6	43.0	14.7	2.2	3.0	1.3	59.0	-1.0	-0.5	43.7	15.3	2.3	3.0	1.3	
	Jan 11	62.0	46.1	15.9	2.4	3.2	1.4	56.6	-2.4	-1.4	41.7	14.9	2.2	2.9	1.3	
	Feb 8	62.6	46.3	16.3	2.4	3.2	1.4	56.3	-0.3	-1.2	41.6	14.7	2.2	2.9	1.3	
2001	Mar 8	60.5	44.9	15.6	2.3	3.1	1.3	55.7	-0.6	-1.1	41.1					

C.11 UNEMPLOYMENT

Claimant count by region

Thousands and per cent

NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED							SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ^b										
Government Office Regions	CLAIMANT COUNT			RATE ^a			CLAIMANT COUNT						RATE ^a				
	All	Male	Female	All	Male	Female	All	Change since previous month	average change over 3 months ended	Male	Female	All	Male	Female			
London	DPCJ			DPDE			DPDK			ZMOO	ZMOQ	DPDQ	ZMOP	ZMOR			
1995) Annual averages	394.7	292.1	102.6	9.0	12.0	5.3	390.0	..	..	290.1	99.9	8.9	11.9	5.1	
1996)	360.1	265.2	95.0	8.3	11.1	4.9	355.8	..	..	263.3	92.5	8.2	11.0	4.8	
1997)	271.4	199.8	71.6	6.2	8.4	3.6	269.7	..	..	198.9	70.8	6.2	8.4	3.6	
1998)	226.6	166.5	60.1	5.1	6.8	2.9	225.4	..	..	165.9	59.5	5.0	6.8	2.9	
1999)	204.3	150.5	53.8	4.5	6.1	2.6	203.1	..	..	149.9	53.2	4.5	6.0	2.6	
2000)	175.5	129.5	46.0	3.8	5.1	2.2	174.4	..	..	128.9	45.5	3.8	5.1	2.2	
2000 May 11	178.0	132.1	45.9	3.8	5.2	2.2	177.5	-3.8	-3.3	131.1	46.4	3.8	5.2	2.2			
Jun 8	175.0	129.7	45.3	3.8	5.1	2.2	175.4	-2.1	-3.1	129.5	45.9	3.8	5.1	2.2			
Jul 13	173.5	127.4	46.1	3.7	5.0	2.2	171.8	-3.6	-3.2	126.8	45.0	3.7	5.0	2.1			
Aug 10	173.0	126.0	46.9	3.7	5.0	2.2	168.5	-3.3	-3.0	124.7	43.8	3.6	4.9	2.1			
Sep 14	169.6	123.8	45.8	3.6	4.9	2.2	165.4	-3.1	-3.3	122.7	42.7	3.6	4.8	2.0			
Oct 12	164.6	120.9	43.7	3.5	4.8	2.1	165.1	-0.3	-2.2	122.4	42.7	3.6	4.8	2.0			
Nov 9	160.9	118.7	42.2	3.5	4.7	2.0	164.0	-1.1	-1.5	121.5	42.5	3.5	4.8	2.0			
Dec 14	159.1	118.2	40.9	3.4	4.6	1.9	162.3	-1.7	-1.0	120.2	42.1	3.5	4.7	2.0			
2001 Jan 11	160.4	119.2	41.2	3.5	4.7	2.0	158.7	-3.6	-2.1	117.4	41.3	3.4	4.6	2.0			
Feb 8	160.0	118.6	41.4	3.4	4.7	2.0	156.6	-2.1	-2.5	115.8	40.8	3.4	4.6	1.9			
Mar 8	156.4	116.0	40.4	3.4	4.6	1.9	153.8	-2.8	-2.8	113.7	40.1	3.3	4.5	1.9			
Apr 12 R	153.3	113.6	39.7	3.3	4.5	1.9	152.4	-1.4	-2.1	112.6	39.8	3.3	4.4	1.9			
May 10 P	152.9	113.2	39.7	3.3	4.5	1.9	152.2	-0.2	-1.5	112.2	40.0	3.3	4.4	1.9			
South East	DPCK			DPDF			DPDL			ZMOS	ZMOU	DPDR	ZMOT	ZMOV			
1995) Annual averages	229.0	173.8	55.1	5.7	7.9	3.1	225.7	..	..	172.2	53.5	5.6	7.8	3.0	
1996)	200.2	151.3	48.9	5.0	6.9	2.7	197.2	..	..	149.8	47.3	4.9	6.8	2.6	
1997)	136.2	103.7	32.5	3.3	4.6	1.8	134.8	..	..	102.9	31.9	3.3	4.6	1.7	
1998)	107.0	81.3	25.7	2.6	3.7	1.4	106.1	..	..	80.8	25.3	2.6	3.6	1.3	
1999)	96.1	73.2	23.0	2.3	3.3	1.2	95.3	..	..	72.7	22.6	2.3	3.2	1.2	
2000)	79.7	60.2	19.5	1.9	2.6	1.0	78.9	..	..	59.8	19.1	1.9	2.6	1.0	
2000 May 11	79.7	60.6	19.1	1.9	2.6	1.0	80.6	-1.2	-1.6	60.9	19.7	1.9	2.6	1.0			
Jun 8	76.3	58.1	18.3	1.8	2.5	0.9	79.6	-1.0	-1.4	60.1	19.5	1.9	2.6	1.0			
Jul 13	76.5	57.2	19.2	1.8	2.5	1.0	77.8	-1.8	-1.3	58.8	19.0	1.8	2.6	1.0			
Aug 10	76.6	56.8	19.8	1.8	2.5	1.0	76.1	-1.7	-1.5	57.7	18.4	1.8	2.5	0.9			
Sep 14	73.6	54.8	18.8	1.7	2.4	1.0	74.4	-1.7	-1.7	56.5	17.9	1.7	2.5	0.9			
Oct 12	71.5	53.8	17.7	1.7	2.3	0.9	74.2	-0.2	-1.2	56.4	17.8	1.7	2.4	0.9			
Nov 9	71.0	53.7	17.3	1.7	2.3	0.9	73.2	-1.0	-1.0	55.6	17.6	1.7	2.4	0.9			
Dec 14	71.9	55.0	16.9	1.7	2.4	0.9	72.7	-0.5	-0.6	55.2	17.5	1.7	2.4	0.9			
2001 Jan 11	75.9	57.9	18.0	1.8	2.5	0.9	68.8	-3.9	-1.8	52.3	16.5	1.6	2.3	0.8			
Feb 8	75.2	57.0	18.2	1.8	2.5	0.9	67.9	-0.9	-1.8	51.4	16.5	1.6	2.2	0.8			
Mar 8	71.6	54.4	17.2	1.7	2.4	0.9	67.3	-0.6	-1.8	51.0	16.3	1.6	2.2	0.8			
Apr 12 R	68.6	52.1	16.5	1.6	2.3	0.8	67.0	-0.3	-0.6	50.7	16.3	1.6	2.2	0.8			
May 10 P	66.1	50.2	16.0	1.6	2.2	0.8	66.6	-0.4	-0.4	50.2	16.4	1.6	2.2	0.8			
South West	BCKF			DPAQ			DPBB			ZMOW	ZMOY	DPBM	ZMOX	ZMOZ			
1995) Annual averages	166.3	124.1	42.3	6.6	9.0	3.7	163.5	..	..	122.7	40.8	6.5	8.9	3.6	
1996)	148.2	110.3	38.0	6.0	8.1	3.4	145.6	..	..	109.0	36.7	5.9	8.1	3.3	
1997)	105.4	79.0	26.4	4.2	5.8	2.4	104.3	..	..	78.4	25.9	4.2	5.7	2.3	
1998)	84.8	63.0	21.8	3.4	4.6	1.9	84.0	..	..	62.5	21.5	3.4	4.6	1.9	
1999)	76.2	56.5	19.7	3.1	4.2	1.8	75.3	..	..	56.0	19.3	3.1	4.2	1.7	
2000)	62.6	46.3	16.3	2.5	3.4	1.4	61.9	..	..	45.9	16.0	2.5	3.4	1.4	
2000 May 11	62.4	46.5	15.9	2.5	3.4	1.4	63.4	-0.8	-1.1	46.8	16.6	2.6	3.5	1.5			
Jun 8	59.5	44.5	15.0	2.4	3.3	1.3	63.1	-0.3	-0.9	46.8	16.3	2.5	3.5	1.4			
Jul 13	59.2	43.7	15.5	2.4	3.2	1.4	61.1	-2.0	-1.0	45.3	15.8	2.5	3.4	1.4			
Aug 10	59.1	43.3	15.8	2.4	3.2	1.4	59.9	-1.2	-1.2	44.6	15.3	2.4	3.3	1.4			
Sep 14	57.3	42.2	15.1	2.3	3.1	1.3	58.8	-1.1	-1.4	43.8	15.0	2.4	3.2	1.3			
Oct 12	55.7	41.2	14.4	2.2	3.0	1.3	58.2	-0.6	-1.0	43.4	14.8	2.3	3.2	1.3			
Nov 9	56.0	41.3	14.7	2.3	3.1	1.3	57.3	-0.9	-0.9	42.7	14.6	2.3	3.2	1.3			
Dec 14	56.4	42.0	14.4	2.3	3.1	1.3	56.2	-1.1	-0.9	41.8	14.4	2.3	3.1	1.3			
2001 Jan 11	61.4	45.4	15.9	2.5	3.4	1.4	54.0	-2.2	-1.4	40.2	13.8	2.2	3.0	1.2			
Feb 8	60.6	44.8	15.8	2.4	3.3	1.4	53.2	-0.8	-1.4	39.6	13.6	2.1	2.9	1.2			
Mar 8	58.0	43.0	14.9	2.3	3.2	1.3	53.5	0.3	-0.9	39.8	13.7	2.2	2.9	1.2			
Apr 12 R	55.6	41.2	14.4	2.2	3.0	1.3	53.7	0.2	-0.1	39.8	13.9	2.2	2.9	1.2			
May 10 P	53.3	39.7	13.6	2.1	2.9	1.2	53.9	0.2	0.2	39.8	14.1	2.2	2.9	1.2			
England	VASR			VASS			IBWK			ZMQK	ZMQM	VASQ	ZMQL	ZMQN			
1995) Annual averages	1,926.2	1,461.6	464.5	7.6	10.4	4.1	1,897.7	..	..	1,447.7	449.9	7.5	10.3	4.0	
1996)	1,740.4	1,316.7	423.6	6.9	9.6	3.8	1,713.1	..	..	1,303.5	409.6	6.8	9.5	3.6	
1997)	1,299.1	989.2	309.9	5.2	7.2	2.7	1,285.7	..	..	981.6	304.1	5.1	7.1	2.7	
1998)	1,093.6	830.3	263.3	4.3	6.0	2.3	1,083.1	..	..	824.4	258.7	4.3	6.0	2.3	
1999)	1,013.5	770.9	242.7	4.0	5.5	2.1	1,002.8	..	..	764.8	238.0	3.9	5.5	2.1	
2000)	882.8	670.7	212.1	3.5	4.8	1.8	872.8	..	..	665.0	207.9	3.4	4.8	1.8	
2000 May 11	890.0	680.4	209.5	3.5	4.9	1.8	887.9	-7.8	-12.9	675.4	212.5	3.5	4.9	1.8			
Jun 8	864.0	659.8	204.2	3.4	4.7	1.7	878.9	-9.0	-12.3	668.7	210.2	3.4	4.8	1.8			
Jul 13	866.0	652.7	213.3	3.4	4.7	1.8	860.3	-18.6	-11.8	655.2	205.1	3.4	4.7	1.8			
Aug 10	866.5	647.7	218.8	3.4	4.7	1.9	847.5	-12.8	-13.5	647.6	199.9	3.3	4.7	1.7			
Sep 14	835.1	627.3	207.8	3.3	4.5	1.8	833.7	-13.8	-15.1	636.9	196.8	3.3	4.6	1.7			
Oct 12	808.2	611.7	196.6	3.2	4.4	1.7	836.8	3.1	-7.8	639.1	197.7	3.3	4.6	1.7			
Nov 9	800.2	608.8	191.4	3.1	4.4	1.6	830.6	-6.2	-5.6	633.8	196.8	3.2	4.6	1.7			
Dec 14	808.0	620.4	187.5	3.2	4.5	1.6	824.7	-5.9	-3.0	629.1	195.6	3.2	4.5	1.7			
2001 Jan 11	857.4	655.6	201.9	3.4	4.7	1.7	801.5	-23.2	-11.8	610.7	190.8	3.1	4.4	1.6			
Feb 8	853.9	651.0	202.9	3.3	4.7	1.7	793.6	-7.9	-12.3	604.4	189.2	3.1	4.3	1.6			
Mar 8	827.9	632.2	195.7	3.2	4.5	1.7	785.6	-8.0	-13.0	598.5	187.1	3.1	4.3	1.			

UNEMPLOYMENT C.11

Claimant count by region

Thousands and per cent

Government Office Regions		NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED						SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ^b							
		CLAIMANT COUNT			RATE ^a			CLAIMANT COUNT				RATE ^a			
		All	Male	Female	All	Male	Female	All	Change since previous month	average change over 3 months	Male	Female	All	Male	Female
Wales		BCKI			DPAT			DPBE			ZMQC	ZMQE	DPBP	ZMQD	ZMQF
1995)	Annual	107.8	83.4	24.4	8.2	11.6	4.1	106.1	..	..	82.5	23.6	8.1	11.5	4.0
1996)	averages	102.7	79.2	23.5	7.9	11.1	4.0	100.9	..	..	78.3	22.6	7.7	11.0	3.8
1997)		80.3	62.4	17.9	6.3	8.9	3.1	79.3	..	..	61.9	17.5	6.2	8.8	3.1
1998)		69.8	54.0	15.8	5.5	7.7	2.8	69.0	..	..	53.5	15.5	5.4	7.6	2.7
1999)		64.9	50.2	14.7	5.1	7.2	2.5	64.1	..	..	49.8	14.4	5.0	7.1	2.5
2000)		57.9	44.7	13.1	4.5	6.5	2.1	57.2	..	..	44.4	12.9	4.4	6.5	2.1
2000	May 11	56.7	44.3	12.4	4.4	6.4	2.0	57.5	-0.2	-0.4	44.5	13.0	4.4	6.5	2.1
	Jun 8	55.4	43.1	12.2	4.3	6.3	2.0	57.2	-0.3	-0.4	44.3	12.9	4.4	6.4	2.1
	Jul 13	57.0	43.4	13.6	4.4	6.3	2.2	56.7	-0.5	-0.3	43.9	12.8	4.4	6.4	2.1
	Aug 10	57.6	43.5	14.1	4.4	6.3	2.3	56.3	-0.4	-0.4	43.7	12.6	4.3	6.4	2.1
	Sep 14	55.5	42.4	13.1	4.3	6.2	2.1	56.4	0.1	-0.3	43.8	12.6	4.3	6.4	2.1
	Oct 12	54.0	41.7	12.3	4.2	6.1	2.0	56.5	0.1	-0.1	43.9	12.6	4.3	6.4	2.1
	Nov 9	54.0	41.9	12.1	4.2	6.1	2.0	56.0	-0.5	-0.1	43.4	12.6	4.3	6.3	2.1
	Dec 14	55.5	43.4	12.0	4.3	6.3	2.0	55.9	-0.1	-0.2	43.3	12.6	4.3	6.3	2.1
2001	Jan 11	59.8	46.3	13.5	4.6	6.7	2.2	54.9	-1.0	-0.5	42.4	12.5	4.2	6.2	2.0
	Feb 8	59.5	45.9	13.6	4.6	6.7	2.2	54.6	-0.3	-0.5	42.1	12.5	4.2	6.1	2.0
	Mar 8	57.2	44.3	13.0	4.4	6.4	2.1	53.6	-1.0	-0.8	41.4	12.2	4.1	6.0	2.0
	Apr 12 R	53.9	41.6	12.3	4.1	6.1	2.0	52.8	-0.8	-0.7	40.7	12.1	4.0	5.9	2.0
	May 10 P	51.4	39.9	11.5	4.0	5.8	1.9	52.5	-0.3	-0.7	40.4	12.1	4.0	5.9	2.0
Scotland		BCKJ			DPAU			DPBF			ZMQG	ZMQI	DPBQ	ZMQH	ZMQJ
1995)	Annual	203.5	156.3	47.2	7.7	11.0	3.9	198.1	..	..	153.4	44.7	7.5	10.8	3.7
1996)	averages	195.1	149.3	45.7	7.6	10.8	3.8	189.7	..	..	146.5	43.3	7.3	10.6	3.6
1997)		159.6	123.5	36.0	6.3	9.1	3.1	156.1	..	..	121.5	34.6	6.2	9.0	3.0
1998)		141.5	108.5	32.9	5.7	8.2	2.8	138.2	..	..	106.7	31.6	5.5	8.0	2.7
1999)		133.8	103.1	30.7	5.3	7.6	2.6	130.4	..	..	101.2	29.3	5.1	7.4	2.5
2000)		119.4	92.1	27.3	4.8	6.7	2.4	116.3	..	..	90.3	26.0	4.6	6.6	2.3
2000	May 11	120.6	93.7	26.9	4.8	6.9	2.4	118.3	-0.9	-1.5	91.6	26.7	4.7	6.7	2.3
	Jun 8	117.3	90.7	26.6	4.7	6.6	2.3	116.6	-1.7	-1.9	90.3	26.3	4.7	6.6	2.3
	Jul 13	121.9	92.4	29.6	4.9	6.8	2.6	113.1	-3.5	-2.0	89.0	24.1	4.5	6.5	2.1
	Aug 10	120.8	91.0	29.8	4.8	6.7	2.6	112.9	-0.2	-1.8	87.9	25.0	4.5	6.4	2.2
	Sep 14	109.7	84.2	25.5	4.4	6.2	2.2	112.3	-0.6	-1.4	87.1	25.2	4.5	6.4	2.2
	Oct 12	106.5	82.4	24.1	4.3	6.0	2.1	112.2	-0.1	-0.3	87.0	25.2	4.5	6.4	2.2
	Nov 9	106.4	82.6	23.8	4.2	6.0	2.1	111.6	-0.6	-0.4	86.6	25.0	4.5	6.3	2.2
	Dec 14	108.0	84.6	23.5	4.3	6.2	2.1	111.1	-0.5	-0.4	86.2	24.9	4.4	6.3	2.2
2001	Jan 11	119.3	93.0	26.4	4.8	6.8	2.3	109.1	-2.0	-1.0	84.8	24.3	4.4	6.2	2.1
	Feb 8	118.9	92.2	26.8	4.7	6.8	2.3	108.2	-0.9	-1.1	84.1	24.1	4.3	6.2	2.1
	Mar 8	115.8	90.0	25.9	4.6	6.6	2.3	106.7	-1.5	-1.5	83.1	23.6	4.3	6.1	2.1
	Apr 12 R	109.7	85.0	24.7	4.4	6.2	2.2	105.5	-1.2	-1.2	82.1	23.4	4.2	6.0	2.1
	May 10 P	106.7	83.0	23.8	4.3	6.1	2.1	104.8	-0.7	-1.1	81.3	23.5	4.2	6.0	2.1
Northern Ireland		BCKK			DPAV			DPBG			ZMQO	ZMQQ	DPBR	ZMQP	ZMQR
1995)	Annual	88.2	68.7	19.5	11.3	15.1	5.9	87.8	..	..	68.6	19.3	11.2	15.1	5.9
1996)	averages	84.2	65.0	19.1	10.8	14.5	5.7	83.8	..	..	64.9	18.9	10.7	14.5	5.7
1997)		63.5	49.9	13.5	8.1	11.2	4.0	63.4	..	..	49.9	13.5	8.1	11.2	4.0
1998)		57.5	44.8	12.6	7.3	10.0	3.7	57.4	..	..	44.8	12.6	7.3	10.0	3.7
1999)		50.8	39.3	11.5	6.4	8.9	3.3	50.8	..	..	39.3	11.4	6.4	8.9	3.3
2000)		42.1	32.1	10.1	5.3	7.3	2.9	42.1	..	..	32.0	10.1	5.3	7.3	2.9
2000	May 11	40.9	31.5	9.4	5.2	7.1	2.7	42.5	0.1	-0.3	32.0	10.5	5.4	7.3	3.0
	Jun 8	40.6	31.0	9.6	5.2	7.0	2.8	41.7	-0.8	-0.5	31.7	10.0	5.3	7.2	2.9
	Jul 13	43.8	32.2	11.6	5.6	7.3	3.3	41.0	-0.7	-0.5	31.5	9.5	5.2	7.1	2.7
	Aug 10	44.1	32.1	12.0	5.6	7.3	3.5	40.6	-0.4	-0.6	31.2	9.4	5.2	7.1	2.7
	Sep 14	42.4	31.4	11.0	5.4	7.1	3.2	40.9	0.3	-0.3	31.1	9.8	5.2	7.1	2.8
	Oct 12	40.6	30.6	10.0	5.1	6.9	2.9	41.3	0.4	0.1	31.3	10.0	5.2	7.1	2.9
	Nov 9	40.0	30.6	9.4	5.1	6.9	2.7	41.7	0.4	0.4	31.6	10.1	5.3	7.2	2.9
	Dec 14	40.0	30.9	9.1	5.1	7.0	2.6	41.9	0.2	0.3	31.8	10.1	5.3	7.2	2.9
2001	Jan 11	41.2	31.8	9.3	5.2	7.2	2.7	40.8	-1.1	-0.2	30.9	9.9	5.2	7.0	2.9
	Feb 8	41.0	31.6	9.4	5.2	7.2	2.7	40.4	-0.4	-0.4	30.6	9.8	5.1	6.9	2.8
	Mar 8	40.2	31.1	9.1	5.1	7.0	2.6	39.9	-0.5	-0.7	30.3	9.6	5.1	6.9	2.8
	Apr 12 R	39.5	30.5	9.1	5.0	6.9	2.6	40.0	0.1	-0.3	30.4	9.6	5.1	6.9	2.8
	May 10 P	38.8	30.0	8.8	4.9	6.8	2.5	40.0	0.0	-0.1	30.4	9.6	5.1	6.9	2.8

Source: Benefits Agency administrative system
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 0207533 6094

- a National and regional claimant count rates are calculated by expressing the number of claimants as a percentage of the estimated total workforce (the sum of claimants, employee jobs, self-employment jobs, HM armed forces and government-supported trainees) at mid-2000 for 2000 and 2001 figures and at the corresponding mid-year estimates for earlier years.
- b The seasonally adjusted series takes account of past discontinuities to be consistent with the current coverage of the count (see *Employment Gazette*, December 1990, p608 for the historical list of discontinuities taken into account, and pS16 of the April 1994 issue). It also takes into account the effect of the change in benefit eligibility rules introduced with Jobseeker's Allowance (see *Labour Market Trends*, May 2000 pp219-24). To maintain a consistent assessment, the seasonally adjusted series relates only to claimants aged 18 and over.
- P The latest national and regional seasonally adjusted claimant count figures are provisional and subject to revision, mainly in the following month.
- R Revised.

Note: The introduction of joint claims for Jobseeker's Allowance on 19 March 2001 has had an upward effect on the claimant count for April and May 2001.

C.12 UNEMPLOYMENT

Claimant count by age and duration

Thousands and per cent, not seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM		All ages							18-24						
		All	Up to 13 weeks	Over 13 weeks and up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	Over 12 and up to 24 months	Percent claiming over 12 months	All over 24 months	All	Up to 13 weeks	Over 13 weeks and up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	Over 12 and up to 24 months	Percent claiming over 12 months	All over 24 months
All	1999	GEYV			GEYX			GEYZ	GEZA		GEZC				GEZE
		May 13	1,262.4	463.6	245.8	231.6	25.5	157.1	286.5	146.1	71.7	54.5	10.9	5.0	3.3
		Jun 10	1,231.9	451.9	234.2	230.1	25.6	153.8	278.8	143.9	67.6	54.2	10.2	4.7	2.8
		Jul 8	1,251.4	493.4	230.1	217.7	24.8	150.6	303.1	175.4	65.1	50.1	10.1	4.1	2.5
		Aug 12	1,251.2	512.4	219.2	217.9	24.1	146.3	311.9	188.2	61.7	50.5	9.4	3.7	2.1
		Sep 9	1,212.1	492.8	213.2	211.0	24.3	143.1	298.2	179.9	60.2	47.4	8.8	3.6	1.9
		Oct 14	1,153.3	460.1	214.3	194.4	24.7	138.1	272.8	159.2	64.2	40.2	7.7	3.4	1.6
		Nov 11	1,136.1	463.6	210.1	185.9	24.3	134.6	263.2	154.4	63.3	37.5	6.7	3.0	1.3
		Dec 9	1,130.4	465.6	211.8	181.0	24.1	133.1	257.7	151.0	63.4	36.0	6.2	2.8	1.1
		2000 Jan 13	1,225.7	512.2	236.7	201.7	22.4	134.2	288.7	166.2	70.5	44.3	6.6	2.7	1.1
		Feb 10	1,216.9	500.2	247.3	200.3	22.1	131.8	291.5	167.4	72.2	44.7	6.3	2.5	0.9
		Mar 9	1,185.2	472.6	249.0	200.2	22.2	129.6	282.5	158.0	72.7	45.0	6.0	2.4	0.8
		Apr 13	1,134.1	449.9	225.1	203.4	22.5	126.8	263.1	144.5	65.7	46.6	5.6	2.4	0.7
		May 11	1,100.4	423.5	221.0	204.5	22.9	125.4	251.6	132.9	65.6	46.9	5.5	2.5	0.7
		Jun 8	1,069.7	412.1	210.2	200.7	23.1	123.4	245.0	131.1	61.7	46.1	5.5	2.5	0.6
		Jul 13	1,081.7	449.5	205.4	185.5	22.3	120.1	267.4	161.0	58.2	41.7	5.9	2.4	0.6
		Aug 10	1,082.0	469.4	193.9	182.5	21.8	117.2	273.3	171.7	54.1	41.2	5.8	2.3	0.5
		Sep 14	1,036.0	447.2	189.4	169.4	22.2	113.9	258.7	163.0	53.7	35.7	5.8	2.4	0.6
		Oct 12	1,003.2	430.8	189.8	160.0	22.2	110.9	241.7	148.5	56.7	31.0	5.0	2.3	0.5
		Nov 9	994.7	434.5	190.1	153.4	21.8	108.2	235.7	144.8	57.1	28.7	4.6	2.2	0.5
		Dec 14	1,005.9	443.5	197.1	152.7	21.1	106.0	238.4	145.5	59.2	28.8	4.4	2.0	0.5
		2001 Jan 11	1,072.2	477.0	214.7	168.0	19.8	104.9	260.9	157.7	63.4	34.8	4.5	1.9	0.5
		Feb 8	1,067.7	470.3	221.6	166.7	19.6	102.8	265.6	161.2	64.7	34.9	4.3	1.8	0.5
		Mar 8	1,035.3	440.9	224.1	166.3	19.7	100.3	256.5	150.5	66.5	35.0	4.1	1.8	0.5
		Apr 12	1,000.0	425.7	203.8	171.3	19.9	97.2	241.8	140.4	60.6	36.5	3.8	1.8	0.5
		May 10	972.5	397.8	203.3	174.2	20.3	95.5	233.0	129.5	62.3	36.9	3.8	1.8	0.5
Male	1999	GEZG			GEZI			GEZK	GEZL		GEZN				GEZP
		May 13	972.1	341.2	184.8	179.0	27.5	133.5	203.5	103.5	51.1	38.6	7.9	5.1	2.4
		Jun 10	947.0	330.6	175.5	178.6	27.7	130.6	197.0	101.0	47.9	38.7	7.3	4.8	2.1
		Jul 8	948.2	349.3	172.0	169.3	27.2	127.9	207.5	116.8	45.8	35.8	7.2	4.3	1.8
		Aug 12	938.4	355.7	163.8	168.8	26.7	124.1	211.0	123.7	43.5	35.7	6.6	3.8	1.5
		Sep 9	913.6	346.5	158.7	163.9	26.8	121.4	202.8	119.6	42.2	33.6	6.1	3.7	1.4
		Oct 14	875.0	329.2	158.1	151.8	27.0	117.2	187.2	108.0	44.2	28.6	5.4	3.5	1.1
		Nov 11	865.9	335.9	155.1	145.1	26.5	114.4	182.6	106.6	43.6	26.7	4.7	3.1	0.9
		Dec 9	868.1	344.5	156.2	141.1	26.1	113.2	181.7	107.3	43.6	25.6	4.4	2.9	0.8
		2000 Jan 13	938.8	378.8	175.2	156.0	24.4	114.0	203.4	117.7	48.9	31.3	4.7	2.7	0.8
		Feb 10	929.9	367.0	184.4	154.9	24.0	112.0	204.9	117.3	50.9	31.6	4.4	2.5	0.7
		Mar 9	906.5	345.4	188.0	154.3	24.1	110.0	198.7	110.3	52.1	31.6	4.2	2.4	0.6
		Apr 13	868.2	329.6	170.0	156.3	24.5	107.5	185.3	101.4	46.8	32.6	3.9	2.4	0.5
		May 11	844.2	311.6	166.1	157.7	24.7	106.5	178.0	94.2	46.4	33.1	3.9	2.4	0.5
		Jun 8	819.0	301.5	157.3	155.6	25.0	104.9	172.7	92.3	43.3	32.7	3.9	2.5	0.4
		Jul 13	815.5	318.0	153.7	144.1	24.5	101.9	182.3	107.5	40.8	29.6	4.1	2.5	0.4
		Aug 10	809.1	327.1	145.1	141.4	24.2	99.4	184.9	113.3	38.1	29.1	4.0	2.4	0.4
		Sep 14	780.3	317.2	140.8	132.0	24.4	96.7	176.3	109.2	37.5	25.3	4.0	2.5	0.4
		Oct 12	761.8	311.5	140.4	125.5	24.2	94.2	166.7	101.8	39.0	22.0	3.5	2.3	0.4
		Nov 9	759.6	318.0	140.9	120.8	23.7	92.0	164.2	100.7	39.5	20.5	3.2	2.1	0.3
		Dec 14	775.3	331.8	146.6	119.7	22.8	90.1	169.6	104.8	40.9	20.5	3.1	2.0	0.3
		2001 Jan 11	822.4	353.8	160.8	130.9	21.5	89.2	184.6	112.3	44.3	24.5	3.2	1.9	0.3
		Feb 8	816.4	345.1	167.2	130.0	21.3	87.4	187.6	113.7	45.8	24.7	3.1	1.8	0.3
		Mar 8	793.1	323.1	170.6	129.5	21.4	85.2	181.7	106.1	47.8	24.7	2.8	1.8	0.3
		Apr 12	764.5	310.9	154.9	132.9	21.7	82.5	170.6	98.5	43.5	25.6	2.6	1.7	0.3
		May 10	745.5	292.2	153.4	135.6	22.0	81.1	165.0	91.4	44.4	26.1	2.7	1.8	0.3
Female	1999	GEZR			GEZT			GEZV	GEZW		GEZY				GEYU
		May 13	290.3	122.4	60.9	52.6	18.7	23.6	83.0	42.5	20.6	15.9	3.0	4.7	0.9
		Jun 10	284.9	121.3	58.8	51.4	18.8	23.2	81.8	42.8	19.8	15.5	2.9	4.5	0.8
		Jul 8	303.2	144.1	58.1	48.4	17.3	22.7	95.7	58.5	19.3	14.3	2.9	3.7	0.7
		Aug 12	312.7	156.7	55.5	49.1	16.5	22.1	100.9	64.5	18.2	14.8	2.8	3.3	0.6
		Sep 9	298.6	146.3	54.5	47.1	17.0	21.7	95.4	60.3	18.0	13.8	2.7	3.4	0.5
		Oct 14	278.3	131.0	56.2	42.7	17.4	20.8	85.5	51.2	20.0	11.6	2.3	3.2	0.5
		Nov 11	270.2	127.7	55.0	40.8	17.3	20.3	80.7	47.8	19.8	10.8	2.0	2.9	0.4
		Dec 9	262.3	121.1	55.6	39.9	17.4	19.9	76.0	43.7	19.8	10.4	1.7	2.7	0.3
		2000 Jan 13	286.9	133.4	61.5	45.7	16.1	20.1	85.3	48.4	21.6	13.0	1.9	2.6	0.3
		Feb 10	287.0	133.3	62.9	45.4	15.8	19.8	86.7	50.1	21.3	13.1	1.8	2.4	0.3
		Mar 9	278.7	127.3	60.9	45.9	16.0	19.6	83.8	47.7	20.7	13.4	1.7	2.4	0.2
		Apr 13	265.9	120.3	55.1	47.1	16.3	19.3	77.7	43.0	18.9	14.0	1.6	2.4	0.2
		May 11	256.2	111.9	54.9	46.8	16.7	18.9	73.6	38.7	19.3	13.8	1.7	2.5	0.2
		Jun 8	250.7	110.6	52.9	45.2	16.8	18.6	72.4	38.8	18.4	13.3	1.7	2.5	0.2
		Jul 13	266.2	131.5	51.8	41.4	15.6	18.2	85.1	53.6	17.4	12.1	1.8	2.4	0.2
		Aug 10	272.9	142.3	48.9	41.1	14.9	17.8	88.4	58.3	16.0	12.1	1.8	2.2	0.2
		Sep 14	255.7	130.0	48.6	37.4	15.5	17.3	82.4	53.8	16.2	10.5	1.8	2.4	0.2
		Oct 12	241.4	119.3	49.4	34.5	15.8	16.7	75.0	46.7	17.6	9.0	1.5	2.3	0.2
		Nov 9	235.1	116.5	49.2	32.6	15.7	16.2	71.5	44.1	17.6	8.2	1.4	2.2	0.2
		Dec 14	230.7	111.7	50.4	33.0	15.4	15.8	68.8	40.8	18.3	8.3	1.3	2.1	0.1
		2001 Jan 11	249.7	123.2	54.0	37.1	14.2	15.7	76.3	45.5	19.1	10.3	1.3	1.9	0.1
		Feb 8	251.3	125.2	54.4	36.7	13.9	15.4	78.0	47.5	18.9	10.2	1.3	1.9	0.2
		Mar 8	242.2	117.8	53.4	36.8	14.1	15.1	74.8	44.4	18.7	10.3	1.2	1.8	0.2
		Apr 12	235.5	114.8	48.9	38.4	14.2	14.7	71.2	41.9	17.1	10.9	1.1	1.8	0.2
		May 10	227.0	105.5	49.9	38.5	14.5	14.4	68.0	38.1	17.8	10.8	1.1	1.9	0.2

Note: Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table C.11. The latter include clerically processed claims which currently amount to less than 1 per cent of the total claimant count.

An occasional supplementary analysis by age and duration of the full claimant

UNEMPLOYMENT C.12

Claimant count by age and duration

Thousands and per cent, not seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM		25-49							50 and over						
		All	Up to 13 weeks	Over 13 weeks and up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	Over 12 and up to 24 months	Percent claiming over 12 months	All over 24 months	All	Up to 13 weeks	Over 13 weeks and up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	Over 12 and up to 24 months	Percent claiming over 12 months	All over 24 months
All	1999 May 13	GEZF			IACM			IACS			IACB			IADH	
	Jun 10	743.6	242.4	135.9	140.4	119.8	30.2	105.2	216.5	63.4	35.1	35.8	33.5	37.9	48.7
		726.5	235.5	129.7	139.6	118.6	30.5	103.1	211.7	61.6	33.8	35.4	32.9	38.2	47.9
	Jul 8	724.9	246.0	127.7	132.9	117.1	30.1	101.2	209.1	61.7	34.3	33.8	32.4	37.9	46.9
	Aug 12	719.2	252.0	122.0	132.7	114.2	29.5	98.3	206.3	62.3	32.7	33.6	31.8	37.6	45.9
	Sep 9	700.0	243.8	118.5	129.6	111.9	29.7	96.1	201.6	60.2	32.1	32.9	31.3	37.9	45.1
	Oct 14	671.0	231.2	117.3	121.7	108.2	29.9	92.6	196.3	59.5	30.8	31.6	30.5	37.9	43.9
	Nov 11	663.9	236.3	115.0	117.1	105.3	29.5	90.3	196.1	62.7	30.1	30.4	29.8	37.2	43.1
	Dec 9	663.9	240.5	116.5	114.4	103.3	29.0	89.2	196.0	63.9	30.3	29.9	29.3	36.7	42.7
2000	Jan 13	713.8	265.8	129.1	124.1	104.6	27.3	90.2	208.8	69.3	34.6	32.5	29.6	34.7	42.9
	Feb 10	703.5	254.6	135.1	122.9	101.9	27.1	88.9	205.6	65.3	37.3	32.0	29.0	34.5	42.0
	Mar 9	685.6	240.3	136.2	122.5	99.1	27.2	87.5	200.8	61.3	37.5	32.0	28.6	34.8	41.3
	Apr 13	660.2	231.6	123.9	123.7	95.5	27.4	85.5	195.4	61.7	33.1	32.3	27.8	35.0	40.5
	May 11	644.0	220.7	120.8	124.4	93.4	27.7	84.8	190.0	59.0	31.6	32.3	27.1	35.3	40.0
	Jun 8	626.3	213.9	115.1	122.4	91.3	27.9	83.5	184.2	56.7	30.4	31.4	26.4	35.7	39.3
	Jul 13	620.6	222.4	113.6	113.8	89.6	27.5	81.2	180.3	56.4	30.8	29.1	25.6	35.4	38.3
	Aug 10	617.1	230.1	108.1	111.7	88.1	27.1	79.2	178.3	58.1	29.2	28.6	25.0	35.0	37.5
	Sep 14	593.8	220.2	105.3	105.6	85.8	27.4	76.9	171.2	55.0	28.1	27.2	24.4	35.6	36.5
2001	Oct 12	580.1	216.7	104.4	101.4	82.9	27.2	74.7	169.3	56.3	26.9	26.7	23.7	35.1	35.7
	Nov 9	577.8	221.6	104.5	98.3	80.6	26.6	72.8	169.4	59.1	26.8	25.5	23.2	34.2	34.9
	Dec 14	586.1	228.7	108.5	98.0	79.6	25.7	71.3	169.6	60.1	27.5	25.2	22.7	33.5	34.1
	Jan 11	618.8	244.5	118.2	105.4	80.0	24.3	70.7	179.3	64.8	30.8	27.1	22.9	31.6	33.8
	Feb 8	611.1	236.4	121.9	104.5	79.2	24.3	69.1	175.7	60.5	32.7	26.7	22.6	31.8	33.2
	Mar 8	593.2	221.8	122.4	104.2	77.4	24.4	67.4	170.4	56.4	32.9	26.5	22.2	32.0	32.4
	Apr 12	577.0	217.0	111.8	106.9	76.2	24.5	65.2	166.8	57.0	29.2	27.1	22.0	32.1	31.5
	May 10	564.1	204.5	110.3	109.0	76.2	24.9	64.1	161.5	53.4	27.9	27.6	21.7	32.6	30.9
	Male	1999 May 13	IACI			IACN			IACT			IACW			IADC
Jun 10		597.2	185.1	106.6	113.7	100.4	32.1	91.4	162.4	45.8	25.4	26.2	25.2	40.0	39.7
		583.1	179.2	101.4	113.4	99.5	32.4	89.5	158.4	44.1	24.4	26.0	24.8	40.3	39.0
Jul 8		577.1	183.3	99.8	108.1	98.1	32.2	87.8	155.5	43.2	24.7	24.9	24.4	40.3	38.3
Aug 12		567.5	183.6	95.3	107.9	95.5	31.8	85.2	152.1	42.8	23.4	24.5	23.9	40.3	37.4
Sep 9		554.6	179.7	92.4	105.7	93.4	31.9	83.3	149.0	41.9	22.8	24.0	23.5	40.5	36.7
Oct 14		534.3	173.1	91.0	99.5	90.4	31.9	80.3	146.0	42.3	21.8	23.1	23.0	40.3	35.8
Nov 11		530.0	178.8	89.1	95.7	88.2	31.4	78.2	146.0	44.7	21.4	22.1	22.6	39.6	35.2
Dec 9		532.9	185.4	90.0	93.4	86.6	30.8	77.4	146.2	46.0	21.6	21.6	22.1	39.0	34.9
2000	Jan 13	571.3	204.6	100.0	100.7	87.7	29.0	78.2	155.7	50.1	24.8	23.5	22.3	36.8	35.0
	Feb 10	562.4	195.0	105.3	99.7	85.4	28.9	77.1	153.2	47.2	26.8	23.2	21.8	36.6	34.2
	Mar 9	548.9	183.7	107.4	99.1	83.0	28.9	75.8	149.6	44.0	27.2	23.3	21.5	36.9	33.6
	Apr 13	528.3	176.9	97.7	99.8	79.9	29.1	74.0	145.8	44.4	24.1	23.4	20.9	37.0	33.0
	May 11	516.0	168.9	95.0	100.6	78.0	29.4	73.4	141.8	42.2	23.0	23.6	20.3	37.3	32.6
	Jun 8	501.1	162.9	90.3	99.3	76.2	29.6	72.3	137.1	40.3	21.9	23.0	19.7	37.8	32.1
	Jul 13	492.2	165.7	89.0	92.6	74.6	29.4	70.3	133.3	39.3	22.3	21.4	19.1	37.8	31.3
	Aug 10	485.9	168.6	84.7	90.8	73.3	29.2	68.5	130.8	39.8	20.8	20.9	18.7	37.7	30.6
	Sep 14	470.6	164.4	82.1	86.3	71.3	29.3	66.5	126.4	38.5	19.9	20.0	18.3	38.0	29.8
2001	Oct 12	462.6	164.6	81.2	83.2	69.0	28.9	64.7	125.8	40.0	19.1	19.7	17.8	37.3	29.2
	Nov 9	462.5	169.9	81.3	80.9	67.3	28.2	63.1	126.2	42.3	19.1	18.9	17.4	36.4	28.5
	Dec 14	472.1	178.4	84.9	80.3	66.6	27.2	61.9	126.9	43.5	19.7	18.5	17.2	35.6	27.9
	Jan 11	496.6	189.3	93.0	86.1	67.1	25.8	61.2	133.8	46.6	22.2	19.9	17.4	33.7	27.7
	Feb 8	489.4	181.4	96.4	85.3	66.4	25.8	59.9	130.7	43.0	23.8	19.6	17.1	33.9	27.2
	Mar 8	475.8	169.9	97.5	85.0	65.0	25.9	58.3	127.0	40.2	24.1	19.4	16.8	34.1	26.5
	Apr 12	461.8	165.6	88.9	87.0	63.9	26.1	56.4	124.0	40.5	21.3	19.8	16.7	34.2	25.8
	May 10	452.3	156.8	87.2	88.8	64.0	26.4	55.4	120.6	38.2	20.2	20.3	16.5	34.7	25.3
	Female	1999 May 13	IACJ			IACO			IACU			IADD			IADJ
Jun 10		146.4	57.3	29.3	26.7	19.4	22.6	13.8	54.1	17.6	9.7	9.6	8.3	31.8	8.9
		143.4	56.2	28.2	26.2	19.2	22.8	13.6	53.3	17.6	9.4	9.4	8.1	31.8	8.8
Jul 8		147.8	62.7	27.9	24.8	19.0	21.9	13.4	53.6	18.4	9.6	8.9	8.0	31.1	8.7
Aug 12		151.7	68.4	26.7	24.8	18.7	20.9	13.0	54.2	19.5	9.3	9.1	7.9	30.2	8.5
Sep 9		145.4	64.1	26.1	23.9	18.5	21.5	12.8	52.6	18.3	9.3	8.9	7.8	30.6	8.3
Oct 14		136.7	58.1	26.3	22.2	17.8	22.0	12.3	50.3	17.2	9.0	8.5	7.5	31.0	8.1
Nov 11		133.8	57.5	25.9	21.4	17.1	21.8	12.0	50.2	18.0	8.7	8.3	7.3	30.2	7.9
Dec 9		131.0	55.1	26.5	21.0	16.7	21.7	11.8	49.8	17.9	8.7	8.2	7.2	30.1	7.8
2000	Jan 13	142.5	61.2	29.0	23.4	16.9	20.3	12.0	53.1	19.2	9.8	9.0	7.3	28.5	7.8
	Feb 10	141.1	59.6	29.8	23.3	16.5	20.1	11.8	52.3	18.1	10.6	8.8	7.2	28.5	7.7
	Mar 9	136.7	56.6	28.8	23.5	16.1	20.3	11.7	51.2	17.4	10.3	8.8	7.1	28.8	7.6
	Apr 13	131.9	54.8	26.2	23.9	15.6	20.5	11.5	49.6	17.3	9.0	8.9	6.9	29.1	7.5
	May 11	128.0	51.7	25.8	23.8	15.4	20.8	11.3	48.2	16.8	8.6	8.8	6.7	29.3	7.4
	Jun 8	125.2	51.0	24.8	23.1	15.1	21.0	11.2	47.0	16.4	8.4	8.4	6.6	29.4	7.2
	Jul 13	128.3	56.7	24.5	21.2	15.0	20.2	11.0	46.9	17.1	8.6	7.7	6.4	28.8	7.0
	Aug 10	131.3	61.5	23.4	20.9	14.8	19.4	10.7	47.4	18.3	8.4	7.6	6.3	27.8	6.9
	Sep 14	123.2	55.8	23.2	19.4	14.5	20.2	10.4	44.8	16.5	8.2	7.2	6.1	28.6	6.7
2001	Oct 12	117.5	52.1	23.2	18.2	14.0	20.4	10.0	43.5	16.4	7.8	6.9	5.9	28.6	6.5
	Nov 9	115.3	51.6	23.2	17.4	13.3	20.0	9.8	43.1	16.7	7.7	6.6	5.8	28.0	6.3
	Dec 14	114.0	50.4	23.5	17.7	12.9	19.7	9.5	42.7	16.6	7.8	6.7	5.5	27.3	6.2
	Jan 11	122.2	55.3	25.2	19.3	12.9	18.3	9.4	45.6	18.2	8.6	7.2	5.5		

Source: Benefits Agency administrative system
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

C.13 UNEMPLOYMENT

Claimant count by age and duration

Government Office Regions as at May10 2001

Duration of claims in weeks	Male				Female				Male				Female			
	18-24	25-49	50 and over	All ages ^a	18-24	25-49	50 and over	All ages ^a	18-24	25-49	50 and over	All ages ^a	18-24	25-49	50 and over	All ages ^a
NORTH EAST									SOUTH WEST							
13 or less	6,815	9,436	2,547	19,306	2,443	2,335	680	5,829	5,229	9,931	2,722	18,173	2,198	3,392	1,250	7,074
Over 13 and up to 26	3,357	5,125	1,191	9,840	1,265	1,157	374	2,922	1,999	4,690	1,325	8,088	778	1,414	539	2,797
26 and up to 52	2,320	5,803	1,341	9,505	760	1,002	356	2,137	1,023	4,105	1,277	6,421	439	1,069	494	2,011
52 and up to 104	184	4,454	1,170	5,810	56	636	264	957	96	2,605	902	3,604	30	524	328	883
Over 104	25	4,312	2,086	6,423	2	513	305	820	8	1,904	1,127	3,039	8	337	290	635
Per cent claiming over 52 weeks	1.6	30.1	39.1	24.0	1.3	20.4	28.8	14.0	1.2	19.4	27.6	16.9	1.1	12.8	21.3	11.3
All	12,701	29,130	8,335	50,884	4,526	5,643	1,979	12,665	8,355	23,235	7,353	39,325	3,453	6,736	2,901	13,400
NORTH WEST									ENGLAND							
13 or less	13,530	20,512	4,838	39,750	5,131	5,431	1,816	13,012	71,598	127,410	31,256	234,356	30,492	38,903	12,583	85,249
Over 13 and up to 26	6,735	11,804	2,515	21,302	2,466	2,667	804	6,095	34,570	70,534	16,458	122,717	14,125	18,970	6,324	40,352
26 and up to 52	4,027	11,574	2,326	17,973	1,512	2,115	698	4,370	20,397	71,308	16,040	108,005	8,657	16,519	5,780	31,188
52 and up to 104	358	8,364	1,913	10,642	143	1,303	516	1,964	2,016	50,518	12,841	65,399	835	9,956	4,167	14,973
Over 104	38	6,563	2,898	9,499	22	931	534	1,487	236	43,517	19,495	63,248	137	6,998	4,431	11,566
Per cent claiming over 52 weeks	1.6	25.4	33.2	20.3	1.8	17.9	24.0	12.8	1.7	25.9	33.7	21.7	1.8	18.6	25.8	14.5
All	24,688	58,817	14,490	99,166	9,274	12,447	4,368	26,928	128,817	363,287	96,090	593,725	54,246	91,346	33,285	183,328
YORKSHIRE AND THE HUMBER									WALES							
13 or less	9,949	15,695	3,979	30,307	4,126	4,370	1,368	10,376	5,609	7,843	1,975	15,693	2,091	2,259	741	5,312
Over 13 and up to 26	4,945	8,977	2,026	16,104	1,977	2,201	726	5,051	2,885	4,437	976	8,352	1,054	1,149	418	2,672
26 and up to 52	2,750	9,020	2,075	13,879	1,106	1,810	714	3,658	1,691	4,616	1,118	7,437	574	928	422	1,933
52 and up to 104	191	6,154	1,616	7,963	74	1,083	444	1,602	65	3,168	851	4,084	35	507	220	762
Over 104	24	4,826	2,231	7,081	9	683	489	1,181	16	2,722	1,297	4,035	7	407	310	724
Per cent claiming over 52 weeks	1.2	24.6	32.3	20.0	1.1	17.4	24.9	12.7	0.8	25.8	34.6	20.5	1.1	17.4	25.1	13.0
All	17,859	44,672	11,927	75,334	7,292	10,147	3,741	21,868	10,266	22,786	6,217	39,601	3,761	5,250	2,111	11,403
EAST MIDLANDS									SCOTLAND							
13 or less	6,324	10,621	2,924	20,215	2,728	3,513	1,361	7,865	11,016	17,426	4,100	33,899	4,120	5,104	1,453	11,734
Over 13 and up to 26	3,157	5,811	1,556	10,596	1,328	1,689	742	3,820	5,281	9,651	2,208	17,467	1,858	2,343	754	5,193
26 and up to 52	1,838	5,415	1,343	8,611	774	1,237	513	2,540	2,647	9,091	2,212	14,050	914	1,862	696	3,546
52 and up to 104	149	3,910	1,089	5,148	52	799	403	1,254	160	6,737	1,942	8,862	69	1,141	508	1,734
Over 104	8	2,985	1,521	4,514	11	494	361	866	18	5,334	2,811	8,163	11	746	575	1,332
Per cent claiming over 52 weeks	1.4	24.0	30.9	19.7	1.3	16.7	22.6	13.0	0.9	25.0	35.8	20.7	1.1	16.9	27.2	13.0
All	11,476	28,742	8,433	49,084	4,893	7,732	3,380	16,345	19,122	48,239	13,273	82,441	6,972	11,196	3,986	23,539
WEST MIDLANDS									GREAT BRITAIN							
13 or less	9,412	15,182	4,125	29,166	4,089	4,342	1,482	10,291	88,223	152,679	37,331	283,948	36,703	46,266	14,777	102,295
Over 13 and up to 26	4,764	8,531	2,206	15,667	1,898	2,331	845	5,190	42,736	84,622	19,642	148,536	17,037	22,462	7,496	48,217
26 and up to 52	2,842	9,004	2,098	13,981	1,310	1,946	768	4,061	24,735	85,015	19,370	129,492	10,145	19,309	6,898	36,667
52 and up to 104	376	6,682	1,705	8,767	162	1,202	577	1,944	2,241	60,423	15,634	78,345	939	11,604	4,895	17,469
Over 104	58	7,057	2,860	9,975	30	1,040	664	1,734	270	51,573	23,603	75,446	155	8,151	5,316	13,622
Per cent claiming over 52 weeks	2.5	29.6	35.1	24.2	2.6	20.6	28.6	15.8	1.6	25.8	33.9	21.5	1.7	18.3	25.9	14.2
All	17,452	46,456	12,994	77,556	7,489	10,861	4,336	23,220	158,205	434,312	115,580	715,767	64,979	107,792	39,382	218,270
EAST									NORTHERN IRELAND							
13 or less	4,877	9,782	2,726	17,644	2,316	3,228	1,289	7,087	3,195	4,169	879	8,280	1,407	1,412	372	3,229
Over 13 and up to 26	2,108	5,067	1,464	8,714	937	1,433	578	3,025	1,710	2,574	553	4,850	783	677	230	1,700
26 and up to 52	1,055	4,441	1,264	6,776	467	1,151	494	2,139	1,371	3,800	948	6,127	681	860	334	1,876
52 and up to 104	99	2,904	900	3,906	47	617	326	992	430	3,570	877	4,878	162	609	307	1,078
Over 104	16	2,417	1,310	3,743	9	455	337	801	52	3,860	1,715	5,627	20	495	306	821
Per cent claiming over 52 weeks	1.4	21.6	28.8	18.8	1.5	15.6	21.9	12.8	7.1	41.3	52.1	35.3	6	27.2	39.6	21.8
All	8,155	24,611	7,664	40,783	3,776	6,884	3,024	14,044	6,758	17,973	4,972	29,762	3,053	4,053	1,549	8,704
LONDON									UNITED KINGDOM							
13 or less	9,861	23,658	3,866	37,759	5,016	8,398	1,937	15,727	91,418	156,848	38,210	292,228	38,110	47,678	15,149	105,524
Over 13 and up to 26	5,100	14,336	2,491	22,039	2,561	4,355	1,111	8,138	44,446	87,196	20,195	153,386	17,820	23,139	7,726	49,917
26 and up to 52	3,400	16,445	2,717	22,591	1,801	4,815	1,240	7,890	26,106	88,815	20,318	135,619	10,826	20,169	7,232	38,543
52 and up to 104	462	12,066	2,398	14,930	239	3,022	900	4,164	2,671	63,993	16,511	83,223	1,101	12,213	5,202	18,547
Over 104	48	10,649	3,783	14,480	35	2,069	1,041	3,145	322	55,433	25,318	81,073	175	8,646	5,622	14,443
Per cent claiming over 52 weeks	2.7	29.4	40.5	26.3	2.8	22.5	31.2	18.7	1.8	26.4	34.7	22.0	1.9	18.6	26.4	14.5
All	18,871	77,154	15,255	111,799	9,652	22,659	6,229	39,064	164,963	452,285	120,552	745,529	68,032	111,845	40,931	226,974
SOUTH EAST																
13 or less	5,601	12,593	3,529	22,036	2,445	3,894	1,400	7,988								
Over 13 and up to 26	2,405	6,193	1,684	10,367	915	1,723	605	3,314								
26 and up to 52	1,142	5,501	1,599	8,268	488	1,374	503	2,382								
52 and up to 104	101	3,379	1,148	4,629	32	770	409	1,213								
Over 104	11	2,804	1,679	4,494	11	476	410	897								
Per cent claiming over 52 weeks	1.2	20.3	29.3	18.3	1.1	15.1	24.6	13.4								
All	9,260	30,470	9,639	49,794	3,891	8,237	3,327	15,794								

Source: Benefits Agency administrative system
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

^a Includes some people aged under 18. These figures have been affected by the change in benefit regulations for under 18-year-olds introduced in September 1988.

Note: Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table C.11. The latter include clerically processed claims which currently amount to less than 1 per cent of the total claimant count.

C.21 UNEMPLOYMENT

Claimant count area statistics

Travel-to-Work Areas^a as at May 10 2001

	Male	Female	All	Rate ^b			Male	Female	All	Rate ^b	
				Per cent employee jobs and claimants	Per cent workforce jobs and claimants					Per cent employee jobs and claimants	Per cent workforce jobs and claimants
ENGLAND											
Alnwick and Amble	466	171	637	4.7	3.5	Holsworth	99	46	145	4.4	3.3
Andover	297	124	421	1.1	0.9	Horncastle	95	61	156	2.1	1.7
Appleby	63	26	89	2.1	1.7	Huddersfield	3,092	972	4,064	4.3	3.7
Ashford	663	222	885	2.2	1.8	Hull	8,960	2,532	11,492	6.9	6.1
Axminster	106	31	137	2.0	1.5	Huntingdon	613	231	844	1.4	1.2
Aylesbury and Wycombe	1,952	626	2,578	1.4	1.1	Ilfracombe	276	90	366	5.6	4.7
Banbury	426	179	605	1.1	0.9	Ipswich	2,489	735	3,224	2.7	2.4
Barnard Castle	125	46	171	2.6	2.0	Isle of Wight	1,727	501	2,228	5.0	4.3
Barnsley	3,731	1,227	4,958	6.2	5.4	Keighley and Skipton	1,418	421	1,839	3.4	3.0
Barnstaple	618	245	863	3.6	3.0	Kendal	249	90	339	1.4	1.1
Barrow-in-Furness	1,339	323	1,662	5.7	5.0	Keswick	60	28	88	2.0	1.8
Basingstoke	585	208	793	0.9	0.8	Kettering and Corby	1,360	515	1,875	2.8	2.5
Bath	1,060	385	1,445	1.7	1.4	Kidderminster	929	340	1,269	2.8	2.5
Bedford	1,871	641	2,512	3.0	2.4	King's Lynn	884	387	1,271	2.7	2.1
Berwick-upon-Tweed	319	106	425	4.0	3.7	Kingsbridge	87	40	127	1.9	1.5
Bideford	559	219	778	5.2	3.9	Lancaster and Morecambe	1,987	586	2,573	4.7	4.0
Birmingham	34,900	9,878	44,778	5.4	4.9	Launceston	197	75	272	3.3	2.5
Bishop Auckland	3,000	900	3,900	7.0	6.1	Leeds	10,590	2,812	13,402	3.4	3.1
Blackburn	3,649	1,075	4,724	3.7	3.3	Leek	292	112	404	2.2	1.8
Blackpool	3,758	927	4,685	3.7	3.2	Leicester	8,093	2,720	10,813	3.9	3.5
Bolton	4,035	1,040	5,075	4.0	3.7	Leominster	202	64	266	2.9	2.5
Boston	412	147	559	2.2	2.0	Lincoln	1,893	566	2,459	3.3	3.0
Bournemouth	2,359	712	3,071	2.4	2.1	Liskeard	324	133	457	4.1	3.0
Bradford	9,844	2,497	12,341	5.1	4.6	Liverpool	23,994	6,339	30,333	7.7	7.0
Bridgwater	796	277	1,073	3.3	2.6	London	112,265	39,415	151,680	3.6	3.2
Bridlington and Driffield	1,149	418	1,567	8.3	6.6	Loughborough	1,231	471	1,702	3.4	3.0
Bridport	111	48	159	1.7	1.4	Louth	404	128	532	4.9	3.8
Brighton	4,866	1,616	6,482	3.6	3.0	Lowestoft and Beccles	1,706	576	2,282	5.7	5.0
Bristol	6,801	2,109	8,910	2.3	2.0	Ludlow	186	69	255	2.5	2.0
Bude	198	90	288	5.5	4.3	Luton	3,151	1,011	4,162	3.2	2.7
Burnley	1,034	293	1,327	3.4	3.1	Maidstone and North Kent	6,176	2,084	8,260	3.0	2.6
Burton on Trent	1,640	545	2,185	2.8	2.5	Malton	161	75	236	2.0	1.6
Bury St Edmunds	401	190	591	1.5	1.3	Malvern	338	116	454	1.9	1.4
Buxton	467	148	615	2.7	2.2	Manchester	27,693	7,324	35,017	3.5	3.1
Calderdale	2,863	817	3,680	4.7	4.1	Mansfield	4,440	1,649	6,089	5.6	5.0
Cambridge	1,747	550	2,297	1.5	1.2	Matlock	412	144	556	1.8	1.4
Camelford	75	42	117	5.2	4.0	Melton Mowbray	275	95	370	2.3	1.8
Canterbury	1,214	403	1,617	2.4	2.1	Middlesbrough and Stockton	11,797	2,782	14,579	7.2	6.5
Carlisle	1,461	532	1,993	3.7	3.3	Mildenhall	198	80	278	2.0	1.7
Chard	175	69	244	2.0	1.7	Milton Keynes	1,748	569	2,317	1.6	1.4
Cheltenham	1,376	455	1,831	2.2	1.9	Minehead	281	89	370	4.8	3.7
Chesterfield	3,527	1,034	4,561	6.5	5.8	Morpeth and Ashington	2,617	746	3,363	6.7	5.8
Chichester	1,002	349	1,351	1.5	1.2	Nelson and Colne	1,014	319	1,333	4.5	3.9
Chippenham	291	108	399	1.4	1.1	Newark	563	188	751	3.4	3.0
Cinderford	571	258	829	4.1	3.6	Newbury	321	103	424	0.7	0.7
Cirencester	204	67	271	1.1	0.8	Newquay	476	174	650	6.7	5.2
Clacton	884	261	1,145	5.8	4.6	Newton Abbot	550	210	760	2.8	2.1
Colchester	1,931	784	2,715	2.1	1.8	Northallerton and Thirsk	286	107	393	1.4	1.1
Coventry	6,558	2,001	8,559	3.5	3.2	Northampton	2,804	1,012	3,816	2.5	2.2
Crawley	1,519	459	1,978	0.8	0.7	Norwich	3,544	1,101	4,645	2.8	2.4
Crewe	2,203	749	2,952	2.8	2.4	Nottingham	11,025	3,185	14,210	4.4	4.0
Cromer	497	155	652	3.7	2.8	Okehampton	188	83	271	3.0	2.2
Darlington	1,781	467	2,248	4.9	4.4	Oswestry	431	188	619	3.6	3.0
Dartmouth	64	29	93	2.9	2.2	Oxford	2,060	724	2,784	1.2	1.0
Derby	4,877	1,438	6,315	3.8	3.5	Paignton and Totnes	1,018	376	1,394	5.3	4.3
Devizes	209	83	292	2.0	1.5	Penrith	157	59	216	1.4	1.2
Diss	233	116	349	2.1	1.6	Penwith and Isles of Scilly	993	339	1,332	6.7	5.4
Doncaster	5,072	1,509	6,581	6.0	5.3	Peterborough	1,990	644	2,634	2.6	2.4
Dorchester and Weymouth	770	265	1,035	2.2	1.8	Pickering	102	45	147	1.9	1.5
Dover	1,096	342	1,438	4.7	4.2	Plymouth	3,563	1,079	4,642	3.5	2.8
Dudley and Sandwell	8,944	2,615	11,559	4.9	4.5	Poole	974	360	1,334	1.4	1.2
Eastbourne	1,252	392	1,644	2.7	2.2	Portsmouth	4,139	1,229	5,368	2.5	2.1
Evesham	338	130	468	1.7	1.4	Preston	3,569	946	4,515	2.9	2.6
Exeter	1,935	655	2,590	2.1	1.8	Reading	2,516	825	3,341	1.1	1.0
Fakenham	244	95	339	3.4	2.6	Redruth and Camborne	785	243	1,028	5.9	4.2
Falmouth	440	145	585	5.1	4.2	Retford	523	224	747	5.0	4.5
Folkestone	1,172	331	1,503	4.2	3.5	Richmond	189	109	298	2.9	1.6
Gainsborough	609	224	833	6.9	5.8	Rochdale	2,469	642	3,111	4.9	4.3
Gloucester	1,871	524	2,395	3.2	2.9	Rugby	737	268	1,005	2.6	2.3
Goole and Selby	918	379	1,297	4.3	3.6	Salisbury	430	136	566	1.3	0.9
Grantham	509	211	720	2.6	2.2	Scarborough	1,251	376	1,627	4.7	3.9
Great Yarmouth	2,092	641	2,733	7.2	6.1	Scunthorpe	1,995	724	2,719	4.1	3.8
Grimsby	3,584	1,208	4,792	6.3	5.5	Settle	70	36	106	1.7	1.4
Guildford and Aldershot	1,555	514	2,069	0.8	0.7	Shaftesbury	253	88	341	1.5	1.1
Haltwhistle	116	54	170	5.0	4.0	Sheffield and Rotherham	13,871	3,720	17,591	5.5	4.8
Harlow	1,309	480	1,789	1.4	1.2	Shrewsbury	1,163	365	1,528	2.4	2.0
Harrogate and Ripon	753	262	1,015	1.4	1.2	Skegness and Mablethorpe	572	160	732	3.9	3.1
Hartlepool	2,235	561	2,796	8.1	7.3	Sleaford	227	112	339	2.3	1.8
Harwich	295	99	394	6.7	5.1	Slough and Woking	9,747	3,461	13,208	1.7	1.5
Hastings	1,934	524	2,458	4.7	3.6	South Molton	111	51	162	3.9	3.2
Haverhill and Sudbury	446	192	638	2.2	1.9	Southampton and Winchester	3,808	1,059	4,867	1.7	1.5
Hawes and Leyburn	58	26	84	2.3	1.3	Southend	6,832	2,300	9,132	3.9	3.3
Helston	264	135	399	6.1	4.3	Spalding and Holbeach	303	131	434	1.5	1.3
Hereford	909	362	1,271	2.3	1.9	St Austell	625	211	836	3.6	2.8
Hexham	276	105	381	2.8	2.3	Stafford	1,192	442	1,634	2.7	2.4

UNEMPLOYMENT C.21

Claimant count area statistics

Travel-to-Work Areas^a as at May 10 2001

	Male	Female	All	Rate ^b			Male	Female	All	Rate ^b	
				Per cent employee jobs and claimants	Per cent workforce jobs and claimants					Per cent employee jobs and claimants	Per cent workforce jobs and claimants
SCOTLAND											
Stamford	297	109	406	1.4	1.1	Aberdeen	2,538	773	3,311	1.9	1.7
Stevenage	1,759	620	2,379	1.5	1.3	Annan	293	153	446	4.4	3.8
Stoke	5,559	1,785	7,344	3.9	3.5	Argyll Islands	114	50	164	5.6	4.3
Stroud	690	261	951	2.8	2.2	Ayr	1,900	551	2,451	5.6	4.9
Sunderland and Durham	8,838	2,299	11,137	6.1	5.6	Badenoch	144	48	192	3.9	3.3
Swindon	1,641	581	2,222	1.7	1.5	Banff	184	71	255	2.8	2.2
Taunton	756	295	1,051	2.1	1.8	Berwickshire	217	76	293	4.4	3.8
Telford and Bridgnorth	2,050	709	2,759	2.8	2.4	Brechin and Montrose	584	216	800	5.0	4.3
Thanet	2,272	686	2,958	7.9	7.1	Campbeltown	250	63	313	8.7	6.7
Thetford	361	156	517	2.2	1.8	Crieff	146	41	187	2.8	2.4
Tiverton	291	117	408	2.5	2.0	Dingwall	677	162	839	6.4	5.4
Torquay	1,075	299	1,374	5.0	4.2	Dufftown	67	28	95	3.5	2.4
Trowbridge and Warminster	612	288	900	2.0	1.6	Dumbarton	1,620	482	2,102	7.7	6.6
Truro	635	226	861	3.1	2.6	Dumfries	1,353	491	1,844	5.2	4.5
Tunbridge Wells	925	305	1,230	1.2	1.0	Dundee	4,973	1,454	6,427	7.6	7.1
Tyneside	19,756	4,585	24,341	5.8	5.2	Dunfermline	2,364	698	3,062	5.4	4.9
Wadebridge and Bodmin	322	123	445	3.2	2.5	Dunoon and Rothesay	422	99	521	7.0	5.4
Wakefield	4,379	1,421	5,800	4.6	4.1	East Ayrshire	2,731	915	3,646	8.8	8.0
Warrington	4,344	1,302	5,646	3.3	3.1	Edinburgh	9,037	2,501	11,538	2.9	2.7
Warwick	1,357	408	1,765	1.6	1.4	Elgin and Forres	613	236	849	4.7	3.3
Wellingborough	1,129	456	1,585	2.9	2.5	Falkirk	2,453	674	3,127	5.5	5.1
Wells	594	220	814	2.9	2.4	Forfar	446	196	642	3.6	3.1
Weston-super-Mare	664	259	923	2.7	2.3	Fraserburgh	172	40	212	2.5	1.9
Whitby	319	73	392	4.9	4.1	Galashiels and Peebles	461	149	610	2.6	2.3
Whitehaven	1,374	403	1,777	5.5	5.0	Girvan	211	58	269	8.7	7.6
Wigan and St. Helens	6,217	1,774	7,991	5.2	4.6	Glasgow	25,892	6,385	32,277	5.2	4.8
Windermere	65	23	88	0.9	0.7	Greenock	1,754	431	2,185	6.4	6.1
Wirral and Chester	7,868	2,150	10,018	4.7	4.2	Hawick	303	92	395	4.6	4.0
Wisbech	699	262	961	3.5	2.9	Huntly	87	43	130	4.6	3.7
Wolverhampton and Walsall	10,264	3,203	13,467	5.8	5.1	Inverness	1,296	337	1,633	3.9	3.3
Woodbridge	382	127	509	2.7	2.2	Keith and Buckie	260	121	381	5.8	4.1
Worcester	1,255	371	1,626	2.2	2.0	Kelso and Jedburgh	118	45	163	2.2	1.9
Workington	1,344	353	1,697	6.4	5.7	Kirkcaldy	3,942	1,152	5,094	7.8	7.1
Worsop	987	383	1,370	5.4	4.8	Kirkcudbright	204	82	286	4.6	4.0
Worthing	753	190	943	1.3	1.1	Lewis and Harris	440	115	555	5.9	5.5
Yeovil	567	196	763	1.7	1.4	Lochaber	142	62	204	2.4	2.0
York	1,808	594	2,402	2.2	2.0	Lochgilphead	91	26	117	3.3	2.6
WALES						Motherwell and Lanark	5,465	1,647	7,112	5.8	5.2
Aberystwyth	347	128	475	3.6	2.4	Newton Stewart	164	56	220	6.1	5.3
Bangor and Carnarfon	1,573	434	2,007	6.5	5.3	North Ayrshire	3,440	1,076	4,516	10.1	9.2
Betws-y-Coed	114	53	167	6.2	4.9	Oban	188	60	248	3.7	2.8
Brecon	177	94	271	3.0	2.1	Orkney Islands	175	79	254	2.9	2.3
Bridgend	1,720	558	2,278	4.4	4.0	Perth	802	278	1,080	2.7	2.3
Cardiff	6,757	1,629	8,386	3.6	3.3	Peterhead	318	149	467	3.7	3.0
Cardigan	258	73	331	4.9	3.6	Pitlochry	40	12	52	1.5	1.3
Carmarthen	638	199	837	4.9	3.9	Shetland Isles	161	58	219	1.8	1.6
Colwyn and Conwy	1,011	274	1,285	4.9	3.9	Skye and Ullapool	328	103	431	5.8	4.9
Cwmbran and Monmouth	1,259	386	1,645	3.5	3.2	St Andrews	403	161	564	3.3	3.0
Dolgellau and Barmouth	190	61	251	6.0	5.0	Stirling	1,792	557	2,349	4.4	4.0
Fishguard and St David's	139	60	199	5.3	4.3	Stranraer	353	167	520	6.6	5.7
Flint	1,358	447	1,805	3.0	2.6	Sutherland	286	95	381	8.3	7.0
Haverfordwest	929	275	1,204	6.5	5.2	Thurso	201	52	253	3.9	3.3
Holyhead	467	148	615	11.1	8.5	Uists and Barra	101	28	129	5.2	4.9
Knighton and Radnor	71	33	104	4.0	2.6	Wick	275	64	339	7.5	6.4
Lampeter	263	125	388	6.6	4.6	NORTHERN IRELAND					
Llandello	113	45	158	5.4	4.3	Ballymena	967	400	1,367	4.3	3.5
Llandrindod Wells	257	99	356	5.0	3.4	Belfast	14,876	3,964	18,840	5.1	4.4
Llanelli	1,128	288	1,416	6.6	5.3	Coleraine	1,677	568	2,245	6.9	5.9
Llangefni and Amlwch	630	201	831	8.6	6.5	Craigavon	2,115	722	2,837	4.6	3.9
Machynlleth	167	67	234	7.1	5.5	Derry	4,142	1,146	5,288	9.8	8.4
Merthyr	1,060	309	1,369	6.6	6.2	Dungannon	543	226	769	4.3	3.5
Neath and Port Talbot	1,630	532	2,162	5.4	4.8	Enniskillen	1,381	436	1,817	8.2	6.6
Newport	2,870	812	3,682	3.8	3.5	Mid-Ulster	689	295	984	4.5	3.7
Newtown	151	42	193	1.7	1.2	Newry	1,700	462	2,162	7.4	6.1
Pembroke and Tenby	600	172	772	6.6	5.4	Omagh	934	298	1,232	7.0	5.7
Pontypridd and Aberdare	2,968	864	3,832	5.0	4.5	Strabane	974	256	1,230	11.6	9.6
Portmadoc and Ffestiniog	274	114	388	6.9	5.7						
Pwllheli	166	52	218	4.1	3.4						
Rhyl and Denbigh	1,216	299	1,515	4.7	3.7						
Rhymney and Abergavenny	3,081	917	3,998	6.4	5.6						
Ruthin and Bala	161	82	243	3.4	2.6						
Swansea	4,512	1,149	5,661	5.3	4.7						
Welsphool	170	73	243	2.9	1.9						
Wrexham	1,478	410	1,888	3.4	3.0						

Source: Benefits Agency administrative system
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

a Travel-to-Work Areas (TTWAs) are as defined in May 1998. A list of the ward composition of the TTWAs is available from Regional and Local Statistics division on 020 7533 6114.

b Claimant count rates are calculated by expressing the number of claimants as a percentage of the estimated total workforce (the sum of claimants, employee jobs, self-employment jobs, HM armed forces and government-supported trainees) and as a percentage of the narrow-based estimate (claimants plus employee jobs). All the rates shown are calculated using mid-2000 based denominators.

Note: Rates for the above TTWAs back to January 1996 and rates for the 1984 TTWAs are available from the National Statistics Nomis® database. Data on claimant count for Assisted Areas, which were redefined on 1 August 1993, are available from the National Statistics Nomis® database.

C.22 UNEMPLOYMENT

Claimant count area statistics

Counties, unitary authorities and local authority districts as at May 10 2001

	Male	Female	All	Rate ^a			Male	Female	All	Rate ^a		
				Per cent employee jobs and claimants	Per cent workforce jobs and claimants					Per cent employee jobs and claimants	Per cent workforce jobs and claimants	
NORTH EAST												
Darlington UA	1,774	468	2,242	4.9	4.4	South Yorkshire (Met County)	22,085	6,278	28,363	5.8	5.1	
Hartlepool UA	2,235	561	2,796	8.1	7.3	Barnsley	3,394	1,131	4,525	6.1	5.3	
Middlesbrough UA	4,379	976	5,355	7.5	7.0	Doncaster	4,726	1,396	6,122	5.9	5.3	
Redcar and Cleveland UA	3,300	786	4,086	8.9	7.7	Rotherham	4,087	1,181	5,268	6.2	5.3	
Stockton-on-Tees UA	3,961	977	4,938	6.2	5.7	Sheffield	9,878	2,570	12,448	5.4	4.8	
County Durham	7,435	2,123	9,558	6.0	5.3	West Yorkshire (Met County)	31,806	8,831	40,637	4.2	3.8	
Chester-le-Street	683	149	832	7.8	6.9	Bradford	8,947	2,301	11,248	5.4	4.9	
Derwentside	1,277	329	1,606	7.1	6.2	Calderdale	2,863	817	3,680	4.7	4.1	
Durham	989	325	1,314	3.2	2.9	Kirklees	5,136	1,517	6,653	4.1	3.5	
Easington	1,440	406	1,846	7.6	7.0	Leeds	10,577	2,819	13,396	3.3	3.0	
Sedgefield	1,527	466	1,993	6.2	5.7	Wakefield	4,283	1,377	5,660	4.6	4.1	
Teesdale	232	76	308	3.8	3.0							
Wear Valley	1,287	372	1,659	8.1	6.6							
Northumberland	4,515	1,391	5,906	5.3	4.5							
Alnwick	380	154	534	4.8	3.5	Derby UA	4,054	1,109	5,163	4.2	3.9	
Berwick-upon-Tweed	345	112	457	3.8	3.5	Leicester UA	6,038	1,928	7,966	5.0	4.7	
Blyth Valley	1,433	475	1,908	7.8	6.8	Nottingham UA	6,430	1,645	8,075	4.7	4.5	
Castle Morpeth	539	135	674	2.8	2.5	Rutland UA	76	34	110	0.9	0.6	
Tynedale	555	191	746	3.4	2.8							
Wansbeck	1,263	324	1,587	8.7	7.5	Derbyshire	8,742	2,957	11,699	4.1	3.6	
Tyne and Wear (Met County)	23,523	5,483	29,006	6.0	5.5	Amber Valley	1,221	447	1,668	2.9	2.6	
Gateshead	3,250	744	3,994	4.2	3.9	Bolsover	1,105	430	1,535	8.1	7.1	
Newcastle upon Tyne	5,890	1,292	7,182	4.5	4.1	Chesterfield	2,086	595	2,681	5.4	5.0	
North Tyneside	3,588	850	4,438	7.1	6.1	Derbyshire Dales	436	145	581	1.8	1.4	
South Tyneside	4,422	1,032	5,454	10.7	9.5	Erewash	1,211	460	1,671	4.3	3.7	
Sunderland	6,373	1,565	7,938	6.8	6.2	High Peak	721	269	990	2.9	2.4	
						North East Derbyshire	1,432	417	1,849	6.5	5.5	
						South Derbyshire	530	194	724	3.2	2.6	
NORTH WEST												
Blackburn with Darwen UA	2,283	612	2,895	4.6	4.3	Leicestershire	4,261	1,742	6,003	2.6	2.3	
Blackpool UA	2,557	593	3,150	5.0	4.5	Blaby	499	201	700	2.2	1.9	
Halton UA	2,353	655	3,008	5.7	5.3	Charnwood	1,419	544	1,963	3.6	3.1	
Warrington UA	1,890	614	2,504	2.2	2.1	Harborough	324	149	473	1.7	1.5	
Cheshire	5,211	1,523	6,734	2.1	1.9	Hincley and Bosworth	671	364	1,035	2.5	2.2	
Chester	904	239	1,143	1.6	1.4	Melton	291	100	391	2.3	1.8	
Congleton	561	193	754	2.3	1.9	North West Leicestershire	569	212	781	2.1	1.9	
Crewe and Nantwich	975	326	1,301	2.8	2.4	Oadby and Wigston	488	172	660	3.6	3.0	
Ellesmere Port and Neston	887	200	1,087	3.1	2.9	Lincolnshire	5,450	1,881	7,331	3.0	2.6	
Macclesfield	790	212	1,002	1.2	1.0	Boston	390	138	528	2.2	1.9	
Vale Royal	1,094	353	1,447	3.0	2.6	East Lindsey	1,144	382	1,526	3.9	3.1	
Cumbria	6,151	1,851	8,002	4.0	3.4	Lincoln	1,387	369	1,756	3.3	3.2	
Allerdale	1,480	431	1,911	5.6	5.0	North Kesteven	499	209	708	2.6	2.0	
Barrow-in-Furness	1,161	275	1,436	6.8	6.2	South Holland	341	138	479	1.6	1.4	
Carlisle	1,334	468	1,802	3.6	3.2	South Kesteven	806	300	1,106	2.3	2.0	
Copeland	1,418	416	1,834	5.6	5.1	West Lindsey	883	345	1,228	5.6	4.7	
Eden	261	97	358	1.7	1.4	Northamptonshire	5,489	2,052	7,541	2.6	2.2	
South Lakeland	497	164	661	1.5	1.2	Corby	707	269	976	3.1	2.9	
Greater Manchester (Met County)	35,912	9,499	45,411	3.9	3.5	Daventry	386	234	620	2.3	1.7	
Bolton	3,580	918	4,498	3.9	3.5	East Northamptonshire	509	196	705	3.1	2.3	
Bury	1,593	503	2,096	3.4	2.9	Kettering	629	232	861	2.5	2.2	
Manchester	10,618	2,514	13,132	4.5	4.2	Northampton	2,308	738	3,046	2.6	2.4	
Oldham	3,189	876	4,065	4.7	4.2	South Northamptonshire	293	107	400	1.6	1.2	
Rochdale	3,167	821	3,988	5.2	4.6	Wellingborough	657	276	933	2.6	2.5	
Salford	3,113	794	3,907	3.5	3.2	Nottinghamshire	8,815	3,116	11,931	4.8	4.2	
Stockport	2,267	616	2,883	2.4	2.0	Ashfield	1,817	649	2,466	6.0	5.3	
Tameside	2,543	795	3,338	4.4	3.9	Bassetlaw	1,554	622	2,176	5.1	4.5	
Trafford	2,114	576	2,690	2.1	1.9	Broxtowe	1,011	352	1,363	4.4	3.7	
Wigan	3,728	1,086	4,814	4.7	4.2	Gedling	1,104	359	1,463	4.7	3.9	
Lancashire	11,669	3,382	15,051	3.4	2.9	Mansfield	1,637	556	2,193	6.7	5.9	
Burnley	986	273	1,259	3.5	3.2	Newark and Sherwood	1,033	379	1,412	4.2	3.8	
Chorley	820	250	1,070	3.3	2.8	Rushcliffe	659	199	858	2.5	2.0	
Fylde	326	105	431	1.0	0.9	WEST MIDLANDS						
Hyndburn	769	261	1,030	3.6	3.1	Herefordshire, County of UA	1,193	468	1,661	2.3	2.0	
Lancaster	1,939	575	2,514	5.0	4.4	Stoke-on-Trent UA	3,932	1,210	5,142	4.3	4.1	
Pendle	1,042	334	1,376	4.6	4.0	Telford and Wrekin UA	1,676	560	2,236	2.8	2.6	
Preston	2,032	491	2,523	3.2	3.0	Shropshire	2,147	762	2,909	2.7	2.2	
Ribble Valley	210	65	275	1.3	1.1	Bridgnorth	347	137	484	2.7	1.9	
Rossendale	582	178	760	3.0	2.6	North Shropshire	435	174	609	3.1	2.5	
South Ribble	636	177	813	2.2	1.9	Oswestry	365	169	534	3.6	3.0	
West Lancashire	1,403	430	1,833	4.9	4.1	Shrewsbury and Atcham	763	209	972	2.2	1.9	
Wyre	924	243	1,167	4.1	3.3	South Shropshire	237	73	310	2.5	2.0	
Merseyside (Met County)	31,817	8,501	40,318	7.6	6.8	Staffordshire	7,369	2,682	10,051	3.2	2.8	
Knowsley	4,051	1,139	5,190	10.8	9.9	Cannock Chase	931	344	1,275	4.2	3.7	
Liverpool	13,510	3,508	17,018	7.8	7.3	East Staffordshire	1,098	357	1,455	3.0	2.8	
Saint Helens	3,177	882	4,059	7.1	6.2	Lichfield	709	288	997	2.8	2.3	
Sefton	5,002	1,261	6,263	6.4	5.5	Newcastle-under-Lyme	1,081	341	1,422	3.4	3.0	
Wirral	6,077	1,711	7,788	7.2	6.4	South Staffordshire	973	339	1,312	4.3	3.6	
						Stafford	1,056	399	1,455	2.3	2.0	
						Staffordshire Moorlands	655	271	926	3.2	2.6	
						Tamworth	866	343	1,209	3.9	3.4	
YORKSHIRE AND THE HUMBER												
East Riding of Yorkshire UA	3,512	1,274	4,786	5.2	4.1	Warwickshire	3,825	1,258	5,083	2.2	1.9	
Kingston upon Hull, City of UA	7,256	1,947	9,203	7.9	7.3	North Warwickshire	478	165	643	2.2	1.9	
North East Lincolnshire UA	3,379	1,131	4,510	6.7	5.9	Nuneaton and Bedworth	1,078	355	1,433	3.9	3.6	
North Lincolnshire UA	2,083	745	2,828	4.0	3.7	Rugby	753	276	1,029	2.3	2.1	
York UA	1,623	512	2,135	2.3	2.1	Stratford-on-Avon	533	173	706	1.4	1.1	
North Yorkshire	4,177	1,448	5,625	2.5	2.0	Warwick	983	289	1,272	1.8	1.7	
Craven	335	102	437	1.9	1.5	West Midlands (Met County)	53,471	14,948	68,419	5.6	5.1	
Hambleton	497	174	671	1.7	1.4	Birmingham	25,570	6,694	32,264	6.4	5.9	
Harrogate	644	227	871	1.4	1.2	Coventry	4,565	1,213	5,778	3.9	3.6	
Richmondshire	260	138	398	2.8	1.6	Dudley	4,996	1,491	6,487	5.0	4.5	
Ryedale	298	135	433	1.9	1.5	Sandwell	6,492	1,869	8,361	6.1	5.7	
Scarborough	1,553	442	1,995	4.8	4.0	Solihull	2,020	598	2,618	3.2	2.6	
Selby	590	230	820	3.0	2.7	Walsall	4,422	1,475	5,897	5.3	4.8	
						Wolverhampton	5,406	1,608	7,014	6.2	5.5	

UNEMPLOYMENT

Claimant count area statistics

Counties, unitary authorities and local authority districts as at May 10 2001

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	Male	Female	All	Rate ^a			Male	Female	All	Rate ^a		
				Per cent employee jobs and claimants	Per cent workforce jobs and claimants					Per cent employee jobs and claimants	Per cent workforce jobs and claimants	
Worcestershire	4,364	1,515	5,879	2.5	2.2	SOUTH EAST						
Bromsgrove	800	232	1,032	2.9	2.5	Bracknell Forest UA	405	165	570	0.9	0.8	
Malvern Hills	357	110	467	1.9	1.3	Brighton and Hove UA	4,083	1,352	5,435	4.6	4.0	
Redditch	825	370	1,195	3.0	2.7	Isle of Wight UA	1,727	501	2,228	5.0	4.3	
Worcester	877	248	1,125	2.5	2.3	Medway UA	2,607	884	3,491	4.0	3.4	
Wychavon	639	235	874	1.8	1.5	Milton Keynes UA	1,464	490	1,954	1.6	1.5	
Wyre Forest	866	320	1,186	3.1	2.7	Portsmouth UA	2,149	582	2,741	2.8	2.2	
EAST						Reading UA	1,181	333	1,514	1.6	1.4	
Luton UA	2,390	725	3,115	4.0	3.6	Slough UA	1,329	416	1,745	2.2	2.0	
Peterborough UA	1,751	555	2,306	2.7	2.5	Southampton UA	2,463	597	3,060	2.7	2.6	
Southend-on-Sea UA	2,456	676	3,132	5.0	4.2	West Berkshire UA	415	133	548	0.7	0.6	
Thurrock UA	1,515	530	2,045	3.8	3.3	Windsor and Maidenhead UA	617	237	854	1.1	1.0	
Bedfordshire	2,810	996	3,806	2.6	2.1	Wokingham UA	354	126	480	0.8	0.7	
Bedford	1,612	524	2,136	3.3	2.8	Buckinghamshire	2,176	694	2,870	1.4	1.1	
Mid Bedfordshire	510	215	725	1.9	1.4	Aylesbury Vale	654	217	871	1.4	1.1	
South Bedfordshire	688	257	945	2.2	1.8	Chiltern	297	91	388	1.3	0.9	
Cambridgeshire	3,031	1,041	4,072	1.7	1.4	South Bucks	224	83	307	1.0	0.9	
Cambridge	912	256	1,168	1.4	1.3	Wycombe	1,001	303	1,304	1.6	1.3	
East Cambridgeshire	402	145	547	2.8	2.2	East Sussex	3,869	1,163	5,032	3.0	2.4	
Fenland	639	242	881	3.0	2.5	Eastbourne	874	243	1,117	3.2	2.7	
Huntingdonshire	662	254	916	1.4	1.3	Hastings	1,446	363	1,809	6.0	4.6	
South Cambridgeshire	416	144	560	1.1	0.8	Lewes	598	197	795	2.4	1.8	
Essex	8,571	3,273	11,844	2.5	2.1	Rother	516	168	684	2.8	2.1	
Basildon	1,554	583	2,137	3.2	2.8	Wealden	435	192	627	1.4	1.1	
Braintree	728	311	1,039	2.5	2.1	Hampshire	5,109	1,702	6,811	1.3	1.1	
Brentwood	259	83	342	1.2	1.0	Basingstoke and Deane	480	186	666	0.9	0.8	
Castle Point	549	210	759	3.9	3.0	East Hampshire	414	135	549	1.5	1.2	
Chelmsford	806	321	1,127	1.6	1.4	Eastleigh	404	143	547	1.0	0.9	
Colchester	941	371	1,312	1.9	1.7	Fareham	373	132	505	1.2	1.0	
Epping Forest	750	335	1,085	2.8	2.3	Gosport	484	129	613	2.7	2.1	
Harlow	724	263	987	2.8	2.5	Hart	155	47	202	0.7	0.5	
Maldon	310	130	440	2.5	1.9	Havant	993	324	1,317	3.4	2.9	
Rochford	460	174	634	3.0	2.4	New Forest	705	249	954	1.7	1.4	
Tendring	1,328	424	1,752	5.3	4.1	Rushmoor	377	116	493	1.0	0.8	
Uttlesford	162	68	230	0.7	0.6	Test Valley	374	132	506	1.0	0.9	
Hertfordshire	4,978	1,785	6,763	1.4	1.2	Winchester	350	109	459	0.8	0.6	
Broxbourne	529	248	777	2.5	2.0	Kent	11,686	3,759	15,445	2.8	2.5	
Dacorum	679	277	956	1.5	1.3	Ashford	668	214	882	2.1	1.8	
East Hertfordshire	353	120	473	0.9	0.7	Canterbury	1,132	380	1,512	2.6	2.3	
Hertsmere	494	175	669	1.5	1.3	Dartford	569	211	780	2.0	1.7	
North Hertfordshire	524	192	716	1.5	1.3	Dover	1,201	373	1,574	3.9	3.5	
St. Albans	368	107	475	0.8	0.7	Gravesham	1,085	346	1,431	4.6	4.0	
Stevenage	651	198	849	2.1	1.8	Maidstone	761	268	1,029	1.4	1.2	
Three Rivers	389	118	507	1.9	1.4	Sevenoaks	477	146	623	1.5	1.2	
Watford	555	188	743	1.4	1.3	Shepway	1,162	333	1,495	4.1	3.5	
Welwyn Hatfield	436	162	598	1.0	0.9	Swale	1,366	478	1,844	4.3	3.6	
Norfolk	7,921	2,675	10,596	3.3	2.8	Thanet	2,272	686	2,958	7.9	7.1	
Breckland	744	324	1,068	2.7	2.2	Tonbridge and Malling	529	164	693	1.3	1.2	
Broadland	620	233	853	2.6	2.2	Tunbridge Wells	464	160	624	1.3	1.1	
Great Yarmouth	2,025	613	2,638	7.3	6.2	Oxfordshire	2,566	923	3,489	1.1	1.0	
King's Lynn and West Norfolk	969	389	1,358	2.7	2.1	Cherwell	413	192	605	0.9	0.8	
North Norfolk	784	269	1,053	3.5	2.6	Oxford	1,217	357	1,574	1.7	1.5	
Norwich	2,245	603	2,848	2.9	2.7	South Oxfordshire	370	162	532	1.0	0.8	
South Norfolk	534	244	778	2.3	1.9	Vale of White Horse	343	130	473	0.8	0.7	
Suffolk	5,727	1,946	7,673	2.8	2.4	West Oxfordshire	223	82	305	0.8	0.6	
Babergh	490	164	654	2.4	2.0	Surrey	2,861	960	3,821	0.7	0.6	
Forest Heath	242	106	348	1.4	1.2	Elmbridge	354	129	483	0.9	0.7	
Ipswich	1,692	447	2,139	3.4	3.2	Epsom and Ewell	201	75	276	1.0	0.8	
Mid Suffolk	434	216	650	2.3	1.8	Guildford	403	138	541	0.8	0.7	
St. Edmundsbury	516	239	755	1.6	1.4	Mole Valley	156	48	204	0.4	0.4	
Suffolk Coastal	677	212	889	2.1	1.7	Reigate and Banstead	272	91	363	0.6	0.5	
Waveney	1,676	562	2,238	5.6	4.9	Runnymede	230	73	303	0.8	0.6	
LONDON						Spelthorne	370	117	487	0.8	0.7	
Greater London	113,247	39,697	152,944	3.7	3.3	Surrey Heath	145	50	195	0.4	0.4	
Barking and Dagenham	2,235	748	2,983	5.1	4.5	Tandridge	191	58	249	0.9	0.7	
Barnet	3,248	1,253	4,501	3.8	2.9	Waverley	326	107	433	0.8	0.7	
Bexley	1,795	714	2,509	3.6	3.0	Woking	213	74	287	0.7	0.6	
Brent	4,823	1,535	6,358	6.1	5.1	West Sussex	3,095	940	4,035	1.2	1.0	
Bromley	2,273	782	3,055	2.9	2.4	Adur	294	87	381	2.0	1.7	
Camden	3,932	1,483	5,415	2.1	2.0	Arun	629	204	833	1.9	1.5	
City of London	57	21	78	0.0	0.0	Chichester	429	162	591	1.1	0.9	
Croydon	4,317	1,553	5,870	4.2	3.6	Crawley	525	140	665	0.9	0.9	
Ealing	3,835	1,319	5,154	4.3	3.8	Horsham	382	125	507	1.0	0.8	
Enfield	4,198	1,520	5,718	5.7	4.8	Mid Sussex	348	104	452	0.7	0.6	
Greenwich	4,365	1,614	5,979	8.6	7.4	Worthing	488	118	606	1.3	1.1	
Hackney	5,871	1,995	7,866	8.4	7.4	SOUTH WEST						
Hammersmith and Fulham	3,168	1,164	4,332	4.2	3.7	Bath and North East Somerset UA	869	295	1,164	1.5	1.3	
Haringey	5,774	1,921	7,695	10.8	9.1	Bournemouth UA	1,772	515	2,287	3.2	2.8	
Harrow	1,642	654	2,296	3.2	2.7	Bristol, City of UA	5,222	1,508	6,730	2.8	2.5	
Havering	1,634	607	2,241	2.9	2.4	North Somerset UA	1,009	374	1,383	2.1	1.8	
Hillingdon	1,696	643	2,339	1.4	1.3	Plymouth UA	2,991	880	3,871	3.7	3.0	
Hounslow	1,550	562	2,112	1.6	1.5	Poole UA	712	235	947	1.5	1.3	
Islington	4,589	1,816	6,405	4.3	3.8	South Gloucestershire UA	1,086	436	1,522	1.4	1.2	
Kensington and Chelsea	1,968	863	2,831	2.2	1.9	Swindon UA	1,372	469	1,841	1.7	1.6	
Kingston upon Thames	840	304	1,144	1.5	1.3	Torbay UA	1,951	590	2,541	5.5	4.6	
Lambeth	7,576	2,688	10,264	8.5	7.3	Cornwall and the Isles of Scilly	5,579	2,034	7,613	4.6	3.6	
Lewisham	5,891	1,926	7,817	11.7	9.6	Caradon	612	247	859	4.1	2.9	
Merton	1,659	606	2,265	3.2	2.7	Carrick	963	332	1,295	3.4	2.9	
Newham	5,818	1,770	7,588	10.0	8.7	Kerrier	1,180	425	1,605	6.2	4.3	
Redbridge	2,679	978	3,657	5.0	3.9	North Cornwall	754	315	1,069	3.8	3.0	
Richmond upon Thames	973	385	1,358	2.0	1.5	Penwith	985	338	1,323	7.0	5.6	
Southwark	6,463	2,301	8,764	5.4	5.0	Restormel	1,077	376	1,453	4.5	3.5	
Sutton	1,121	396	1,517	2.4	2.1	Isles of Scilly	8	1	9	1.0	1.0	
Tower Hamlets	6,244	1,681	7,925	5.4	5.1							
Waltham Forest	4,119	1,383	5,502	8.4	6.9							
Wandsworth	3,769	1,320	5,089	4.7	4.0							
Westminster	3,125	1,192	4,317	0.8	0.7							

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Claimant count area statistics

Counties, unitary authorities and local authority districts as at May 10 2001

	Male	Female	All	Rate ^a			Male	Female	All	Rate ^a	
				Per cent employee jobs and claimants	Per cent workforce jobs and claimants					Per cent employee jobs and claimants	Per cent workforce jobs and claimants
Devon	5,346	2,008	7,354	2.7	2.2	NORTHERN IRELAND					
East Devon	575	197	772	1.8	1.4	Antrim	547	194	741	3.4	2.9
Exeter	1,103	352	1,455	2.1	2.0	Ards	915	367	1,282	6.7	5.7
Mid Devon	413	192	605	2.7	2.1	Armagh	756	281	1,037	5.7	4.8
North Devon	1,006	387	1,393	4.0	3.3	Ballymena	666	283	949	3.6	2.9
South Hams	442	204	646	2.2	1.6	Ballymoney	393	136	529	6.5	5.3
Teignbridge	810	288	1,098	2.9	2.1	Banbridge	381	173	554	5.6	4.6
Torridge	689	283	972	5.1	3.8	Belfast	7,615	1,663	9,278	5.0	4.4
West Devon	308	105	413	2.6	1.8	Carrickfergus	481	144	625	7.1	6.3
Dorset	1,756	655	2,411	1.7	1.3	Castlereagh	670	198	868	3.6	3.2
Christchurch	222	62	284	1.6	1.4	Coleraine	1,067	355	1,422	6.5	5.6
East Dorset	261	110	371	1.3	1.0	Cookstown	323	128	451	4.8	3.9
North Dorset	196	92	288	1.4	0.9	Craigavon	1,103	322	1,425	4.0	3.4
Purbeck	152	60	212	1.3	1.1	Derry	3,410	894	4,304	9.9	8.5
West Dorset	350	143	493	1.2	1.0	Down	981	305	1,286	6.9	5.8
Weymouth and Portland	575	188	763	4.5	3.5	Dungannon	518	219	737	4.1	3.3
Gloucestershire	4,831	1,613	6,444	2.6	2.2	Fermanagh	1,316	404	1,720	8.2	6.5
Cheltenham	1,074	335	1,409	2.4	2.1	Lame	442	144	586	6.5	5.4
Cotswold	284	98	382	1.2	1.0	Limavady	652	231	883	8.8	7.4
Forest of Dean	660	296	956	3.9	3.4	Lisburn	1,362	395	1,757	4.8	4.1
Gloucester	1,564	421	1,985	3.3	3.0	Magherafelt	403	183	586	4.5	3.7
Stroud	791	301	1,092	2.6	2.1	Moyle	329	115	444	11.7	9.4
Tewkesbury	458	162	620	2.1	1.6	Newry and Mourne	1,700	462	2,162	7.4	6.1
Somerset	3,424	1,236	4,660	2.4	2.0	Newtownabbey	1,025	292	1,317	4.5	3.9
Mendip	746	283	1,029	2.8	2.2	North Down	937	299	1,236	5.8	5.2
Sedgemoor	854	303	1,157	3.3	2.6	Omagh	952	309	1,261	7.2	5.8
South Somerset	785	283	1,068	1.8	1.5	Strabane	1,054	277	1,331	11.9	9.8
Taunton Deane	717	262	979	2.0	1.7						
West Somerset	322	105	427	4.2	3.2						
Wiltshire	1,800	738	2,538	1.6	1.2						
Kennet	336	155	491	1.9	1.4						
North Wiltshire	447	177	624	1.4	1.1						
Salisbury	398	117	515	1.2	0.9						
West Wiltshire	619	289	908	2.0	1.6						
WALES											
Blaenau Gwent	1,508	394	1,902	8.6	7.7						
Bridgend	1,682	547	2,229	4.6	4.2						
Caerphilly	2,410	758	3,168	6.1	5.3						
Cardiff	4,407	1,037	5,444	3.1	2.8						
Carmarthenshire	2,185	629	2,814	5.9	4.8						
Ceredigion	733	272	1,005	4.3	3.0						
Conwy	1,436	432	1,868	5.3	4.2						
Denbighshire	1,098	266	1,364	4.0	3.2						
Flintshire	1,437	468	1,905	3.0	2.6						
Gwynedd	2,008	623	2,631	6.0	5.0						
Isle of Anglesey	1,368	430	1,798	9.6	7.3						
Merthyr Tydfil	979	280	1,259	6.3	6.0						
Monmouthshire	696	214	910	2.7	2.3						
Neath Port Talbot	1,999	640	2,639	5.9	5.3						
Newport	2,358	637	2,995	3.9	3.7						
Pembrokeshire	1,732	525	2,257	6.4	5.2						
Powys	1,082	453	1,535	3.5	2.4						
Rhondda, Cynon, Taff	2,968	864	3,832	5.0	4.5						
Swansea	3,753	919	4,672	4.9	4.5						
Torfaen	1,168	350	1,518	3.9	3.7						
Vale of Glamorgan, The	1,506	375	1,881	4.4	3.7						
Wrexham	1,390	391	1,781	3.3	2.9						
SCOTLAND											
Aberdeen City	2,034	587	2,621	1.9	1.7						
Aberdeenshire	1,372	543	1,915	2.7	2.1						
Angus	1,596	631	2,227	5.2	4.6						
Argyll & Bute	1,382	422	1,804	5.2	3.9						
Clackmannanshire	820	288	1,108	7.9	7.2						
Dumfries & Galloway	2,367	949	3,316	5.3	4.6						
Dundee City	4,011	1,066	5,077	8.0	7.7						
East Ayrshire	2,731	915	3,646	8.8	8.0						
East Dunbartonshire	1,034	301	1,335	5.0	3.6						
East Lothian	714	184	898	3.5	2.9						
East Renfrewshire	763	256	1,019	6.2	4.8						
Edinburgh, City of	5,373	1,432	6,805	2.4	2.2						
Eilean Siar (Western Isles)	541	143	684	5.8	5.4						
Falkirk	2,453	674	3,127	5.5	5.1						
Fife	6,721	2,020	8,741	6.4	5.8						
Glasgow City	15,058	3,482	18,540	5.1	4.8						
Highland	3,349	923	4,272	4.7	4.0						
Inverclyde	1,754	431	2,185	6.4	6.1						
Midlothian	689	183	872	3.7	3.1						
Moray	940	385	1,325	4.8	3.4						
North Ayrshire	3,440	1,076	4,516	10.1	9.2						
North Lanarkshire	5,906	1,687	7,593	6.3	5.9						
Orkney Islands	175	79	254	2.9	2.3						
Perth & Kinross	1,265	437	1,702	2.7	2.3						
Renfrewshire	2,975	670	3,645	4.3	4.0						
Scottish Borders	1,106	363	1,469	3.2	2.8						
Shetland Islands	161	58	219	1.8	1.6						
South Ayrshire	2,111	609	2,720	5.8	5.1						
South Lanarkshire	4,377	1,345	5,722	4.9	4.2						
Stirling	1,036	293	1,329	3.2	2.9						
West Dunbartonshire	2,483	625	3,108	10.0	9.3						
West Lothian	2,254	701	2,955	4.6	4.2						

Source: Benefits Agency administrative system
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 0207533 6094

^a Claimant count rates are calculated by expressing the number of claimants as a percentage of the estimated total workforce (the sum of claimants, employee jobs, self-employment jobs, HM armed forces and government-supported trainees) and as a percentage of the narrow-based estimate (claimants plus employee jobs). All the rates shown are calculated using mid-2000 based denominators.

UNEMPLOYMENT

Claimant count area statistics

Parliamentary constituencies as at May 10 2001

C.23

	Male	Female	All	Rate ^a P			Male	Female	All	Rate ^a P	
				Per cent employee jobs and claimants	Per cent workforce jobs and claimants					Per cent employee jobs and claimants	Per cent workforce jobs and claimants
NORTH EAST						Merseyside (Met County)					
Cleveland (former county)						Birkenhead	2,493	653	3,146	8.6	7.5
Hartlepool	2,235	561	2,796	8.1	7.3	Bootle	2,447	545	2,992	8.8	7.5
Middlesbrough	3,385	724	4,109	6.5	6.2	Crosby	999	269	1,268	5.8	5.0
Middlesbrough South and East Cleveland	1,910	509	2,419	11.3	10.1	Knowsley North and Sefton East	2,033	573	2,606	8.3	7.4
Redcar	2,384	529	2,913	8.8	7.6	Knowsley South	2,451	681	3,132	11.6	10.6
Stockton North	2,264	533	2,797	6.5	5.9	Liverpool Garston	1,842	523	2,365	9.0	8.3
Stockton South	1,697	444	2,141	5.8	5.3	Liverpool, Riverside	3,497	911	4,408	3.8	3.5
						Liverpool Walton	2,901	730	3,631	14.0	13.0
Durham						Liverpool, Wavertree	2,499	646	3,145	9.5	8.8
Bishop Auckland	1,461	419	1,880	6.0	5.0	Liverpool West Derby	2,771	698	3,469	22.2	20.5
Darlington	1,702	440	2,142	5.2	4.7	Southport	1,123	332	1,455	4.6	3.9
Durham, City of	989	325	1,314	3.2	2.9	St. Helens North	1,399	414	1,813	8.5	7.4
Easington	1,273	361	1,634	7.3	6.7	St. Helens South	1,778	468	2,246	6.3	5.5
North Durham	1,283	291	1,574	8.3	7.4	Wallasey	1,943	517	2,460	9.3	8.2
North West Durham	1,274	369	1,643	7.4	6.3	Wirral South	747	250	997	4.0	3.5
Sedgefield	1,227	386	1,613	5.8	5.3	Wirral West	894	291	1,185	6.0	5.3
						YORKSHIRE AND THE HUMBER					
Northumberland						Humberside (former county)					
Berwick-upon-Tweed	952	316	1,268	4.8	4.0	Beverley and Holderness	1,079	369	1,448	5.5	4.4
Blyth Valley	1,433	475	1,908	7.8	6.8	Brigg and Goole	950	385	1,335	5.2	4.5
Hexham	627	211	838	2.9	2.4	Cleethorpes	1,349	522	1,871	6.3	5.6
Wansbeck	1,503	389	1,892	5.8	5.1	East Yorkshire	1,272	473	1,745	6.3	5.0
						Great Grimsby	2,285	719	3,004	6.3	5.5
Tyne and Wear (Met County)						Haltemprice and Howden	562	220	782	3.4	2.7
Blaydon	1,094	250	1,344	3.8	3.6	Kingston upon Hull East	2,397	671	3,068	11.0	10.1
Gateshead East and Washington West	1,269	302	1,571	6.4	6.0	Kingston upon Hull North	2,548	693	3,241	11.1	10.2
Houghton and Washington East	1,672	512	2,184	6.2	5.5	Kingston upon Hull West and Hessle	2,453	624	3,077	4.8	4.4
Jarrow	1,896	434	2,330	9.9	8.8	Scunthorpe	1,335	421	1,756	3.9	3.6
Newcastle upon Tyne Central	1,741	416	2,157	3.5	3.2						
Newcastle upon Tyne East and Wallsend	2,036	466	2,502	6.4	5.8	North Yorkshire					
Newcastle upon Tyne North	1,255	265	1,520	6.1	5.6	Harrogate and Knaresborough	422	137	559	1.4	1.2
North Tyneside	1,720	401	2,121	7.9	6.7	Richmond	592	247	839	2.3	1.6
South Shields	2,664	628	3,292	11.6	10.4	Ryedale	470	202	672	2.1	1.7
Sunderland North	1,940	431	2,371	6.1	5.6	Scarborough and Whitby	1,462	403	1,865	4.8	4.0
Sunderland South	2,299	501	2,800	8.7	8.0	Selby	668	265	933	2.5	2.2
Tyne Bridge	2,557	548	3,105	3.5	3.3	Skipton and Ripon	474	169	643	1.7	1.4
Tynemouth	1,380	329	1,709	6.3	5.5	Vale of York	400	160	560	1.7	1.4
						York, City of	1,312	377	1,689	2.5	2.3
NORTH WEST						South Yorkshire (Met County)					
Cheshire						Barnsley Central	1,352	407	1,759	4.7	4.1
Chester, City of	789	190	979	1.5	1.4	Barnsley East and Mexborough	1,420	460	1,880	8.5	7.4
Congleton	561	193	754	2.3	1.9	Barnsley West and Penistone	1,107	402	1,509	6.3	5.5
Crewe and Nantwich	929	303	1,232	3.2	2.7	Don Valley	1,119	338	1,457	8.2	7.3
Eddisbury	625	219	844	2.6	2.3	Doncaster Central	1,772	514	2,286	3.9	3.5
Ellesmere Port and Neston	922	219	1,141	3.2	2.9	Doncaster North	1,350	406	1,756	9.4	8.3
Halton	1,514	406	1,920	5.9	5.5	Rother Valley	1,167	385	1,552	8.2	7.0
Macclesfield	487	125	612	1.5	1.3	Rotherham	1,576	415	1,991	4.5	3.9
Tatton	437	128	565	1.2	1.0	Sheffield Attercliffe	1,413	378	1,791	4.8	4.3
Warrington North	1,050	327	1,377	2.6	2.5	Sheffield Brightside	2,048	530	2,578	10.5	9.4
Warrington South	840	287	1,127	1.9	1.8	Sheffield Central	3,022	721	3,743	3.5	3.1
Weaver Vale	1,300	395	1,695	3.9	3.5	Sheffield Hallam	599	173	772	3.4	3.0
						Sheffield Heeley	1,701	423	2,124	12.9	11.5
Cumbria						Sheffield Hillsborough	1,085	345	1,440	6.9	6.2
Barrow and Furness	1,318	310	1,628	6.0	5.2	Wentworth	1,344	381	1,725	7.8	6.7
Carlisle	1,170	376	1,546	3.7	3.2						
Copeland	1,418	416	1,834	5.6	5.1	West Yorkshire (Met County)					
Penrith and The Border	539	241	780	2.5	2.1	Batley and Spen	1,039	297	1,336	3.9	3.3
Westmorland and Lonsdale	340	129	469	1.3	1.0	Bradford North	2,295	552	2,847	6.9	6.3
Workington	1,366	379	1,745	5.7	5.1	Bradford South	1,725	453	2,178	6.9	6.3
						Bradford West	2,885	667	3,552	5.1	4.7
Greater Manchester (Met County)						Calder Valley	1,002	321	1,323	3.8	3.2
Altrincham and Sale West	592	143	735	1.7	1.5	Colne Valley	1,045	323	1,368	4.7	4.0
Ashton under Lyne	1,351	379	1,730	4.3	3.8	Dewsbury	1,081	282	1,363	3.6	3.1
Bolton North East	1,352	347	1,699	4.8	4.3	Elmet	657	180	837	2.9	2.6
Bolton South East	1,579	392	1,971	3.9	3.5	Halifax	1,861	496	2,357	5.5	4.8
Bolton West	649	179	828	2.7	2.5	Hemsworth	1,152	332	1,484	7.7	7.0
Bury North	783	239	1,022	2.6	2.3	Huddersfield	1,790	543	2,333	4.4	3.8
Bury South	810	264	1,074	4.5	3.8	Keighley	1,147	349	1,496	4.2	3.9
Cheadle	360	121	481	1.4	1.2	Leeds Central	3,023	683	3,706	2.0	1.8
Denton and Reddish	935	275	1,210	4.1	3.6	Leeds East	1,932	464	2,396	9.1	8.3
Eccles	1,072	304	1,376	3.7	3.4	Leeds North East	1,199	340	1,539	7.0	6.5
Hazel Grove	540	161	701	2.6	2.2	Leeds North West	713	247	960	3.5	3.2
Heywood and Middleton	1,419	394	1,813	5.4	4.7	Leeds West	1,580	407	1,987	7.0	6.3
Leigh	1,145	320	1,465	4.7	4.2	Morley and Rothwell	869	296	1,165	3.0	2.7
Makerfield	992	307	1,299	5.5	4.9	Normanton	702	280	982	3.7	3.3
Manchester Blackley	2,009	468	2,477	7.6	7.2	Pontefract and Castleford	1,243	461	1,704	4.5	4.0
Manchester Central	3,371	731	4,102	2.4	2.3	Pudsey	604	202	806	1.9	1.8
Manchester Gorton	2,469	634	3,103	14.9	14.1	Shipley	895	280	1,175	3.8	3.5
Manchester Withington	1,389	366	1,755	5.7	5.4	Wakefield	1,367	376	1,743	3.7	3.3
Oldham East and Saddleworth	1,183	366	1,549	5.2	4.5						
Oldham West and Royton	1,668	421	2,089	4.2	3.7	EAST MIDLANDS					
Rochdale	1,671	403	2,074	5.2	4.6	Derbyshire					
Salford	1,405	308	1,713	2.8	2.6	Amber Valley	1,058	376	1,434	3.3	3.0
Stalybridge and Hyde	1,058	348	1,406	5.3	4.7	Bolsover	1,351	501	1,852	8.8	7.6
Stockport	981	240	1,221	2.5	2.1	Chesterfield	1,908	540	2,448	5.2	4.8
Stretford and Urmston	1,324	370	1,694	2.4	2.1	Derby North	1,408	397	1,805	4.8	4.5
Wigan	1,119	332	1,451	3.8	3.4	Derby South	2,424	646	3,070	3.7	3.4
Worsley	1,108	309	1,417	6.2	5.6	Erewash	1,166	444	1,610	4.3	3.7
Wythenshawe and Sale East	1,578	378	1,956	3.6	3.4	High Peak	766	284	1,050	2.9	2.4
						North East Derbyshire	1,364	401	1,765	6.1	5.2
Lancashire						South Derbyshire	752	260	1,012	4.0	3.3
Blackburn	1,882	474	2,356	4.6	4.3	West Derbyshire	599	217	816	1.8	1.5
Blackpool North and Fleetwood	1,436	299	1,735	5.2	4.4						
Blackpool South	1,808	445	2,253	5.1	4.6	Leicestershire					
Burnley	986	273	1,259	3.5	3.2	Blaby	466	216	682	1.7	1.5
Chorley	820	250	1,070	3.3	2.8	Bosworth	615	346	961	2.4	2.2
Fylde	503	161	664	1.5	1.3	Charnwood	574	198	772	3.1	2.7
Hyndburn	868	290	1,158	3.4	3.0	Harborough	685	258	943	2.9	2.5
Lancaster and Wyre	805	259	1,064	2.7	2.3	Leicester East	1,552	580	2,132	6.4	6.0
Morecambe and Lunesdale	1,359	405	1,764	7.5	6.5	Leicester South	2,342	677	3,019	3.9	3.7
Pendle	1,042	334	1,376	4.6	4.0	Leicester West	2,144	671	2,815	5.9	5.5
Preston	1,778	410	2,188	3.0	2.8	Loughborough	1,018	390	1,408	3.7	3.2
Ribble Valley	405	127	532	1.4	1.2	North West Leicestershire	569	212	781	2.1	1.9
Rossendale and Darwen	884	287	1,171	3.7	3.2	Rutland and Melton	410	156	566	1.8	1.4
South Ribble	605	174	779	2.8	2.4						
West Lancashire	1,328	399	1,727	5.1	4.2						

C.23 UNEMPLOYMENT

Claimant count area statistics

Parliamentary constituencies as at May 10 2001

	Male	Female	All	Rate ^a P			Male	Female	All	Rate ^a P		
				Per cent employee jobs and claimants	Per cent workforce jobs and claimants					Per cent employee jobs and claimants	Per cent workforce jobs and claimants	
Lincolnshire						Cambridgeshire						
Boston and Skegness	727	220	947	2.6	2.2	Cambridge	843	226	1,069	1.7	1.5	
Gainsborough	917	354	1,271	5.6	4.6	Huntingdon	483	189	672	1.2	1.1	
Grantham and Stamford	661	258	919	2.2	1.9	North East Cambridgeshire	783	290	1,073	3.2	2.7	
Lincoln	1,406	377	1,783	3.3	3.2	North West Cambridgeshire	637	216	853	2.9	2.6	
Louth and Horncastle	773	291	1,064	4.2	3.3	Peterborough	1,251	393	1,644	2.6	2.4	
Steafor and North Hykeham	542	219	761	2.7	2.0	South Cambridgeshire	300	117	417	0.9	0.7	
South Holland and The Deepings	424	162	586	1.7	1.5	South East Cambridgeshire	485	165	650	1.6	1.3	
Northamptonshire						Essex						
Corby	916	354	1,270	2.9	2.5	Basildon	1,026	390	1,416	3.3	2.9	
Daventry	576	296	872	2.1	1.5	Billericay	745	277	1,022	3.2	2.8	
Kettering	677	259	936	2.3	1.9	Braintree	597	251	848	2.4	2.0	
Northampton North	1,244	420	1,664	4.4	4.0	Brentwood and Ongar	324	111	435	1.3	1.1	
Northampton South	1,119	336	1,455	1.8	1.6	Castle Point	549	210	759	3.9	3.0	
Wellingborough	957	387	1,344	2.9	2.6	Colchester	718	269	987	1.7	1.5	
Nottinghamshire						Epping Forest	638	285	923	2.9	2.4	
Ashfield	1,566	579	2,145	5.5	4.8	Harlow	771	285	1,056	2.8	2.5	
Bassetlaw	1,323	498	1,821	5.4	4.8	Harwich	1,121	340	1,461	6.0	4.7	
Broxtowe	832	295	1,127	4.4	3.7	Maldon and East Chelmsford	459	187	646	2.7	2.1	
Gedling	900	302	1,202	4.6	3.8	North Essex	430	186	616	3.2	2.6	
Mansfield	1,441	494	1,935	6.2	5.5	Rayleigh	475	198	673	2.9	2.3	
Newark	986	376	1,362	4.1	3.7	Rochford and Southend East	1,685	438	2,123	4.6	3.9	
Nottingham East	2,645	645	3,290	7.4	7.0	Saffron Walden	293	128	421	1.1	0.9	
Nottingham North	1,967	530	2,497	10.0	9.4	Southend West	904	272	1,176	5.1	4.3	
Nottingham South	1,818	470	2,288	2.3	2.1	Thurrock	1,298	446	1,744	3.8	3.4	
Rushcliffe	659	199	858	2.5	2.0	West Chelmsford	509	206	715	1.3	1.1	
Sherwood	1,108	373	1,481	6.1	5.4	Hertfordshire						
WEST MIDLANDS						Broxbourne	547	252	799	2.5	2.0	
Herefordshire						Hemel Hempstead	544	213	757	1.5	1.3	
Hereford	754	293	1,047	2.2	1.8	Hertford and Stortford	288	101	389	0.8	0.7	
Leominster	488	189	677	2.6	2.2	Hertsmere	494	175	669	1.5	1.3	
Shropshire						Hitchin and Harpenden	347	115	462	1.3	1.1	
Ludlow	488	178	666	2.6	1.9	North East Hertfordshire	306	108	414	1.3	1.2	
North Shropshire	800	343	1,143	3.3	2.7	South West Hertfordshire	409	149	558	1.7	1.3	
Shrewsbury and Atcham	763	209	972	2.2	1.9	St. Albans	276	89	365	0.8	0.7	
Telford	1,069	359	1,428	3.3	3.0	Stevenage	687	211	898	2.0	1.8	
Wrekin, The	703	233	936	2.2	2.0	Watford	662	214	876	1.5	1.4	
Staffordshire						Welwyn Hatfield	418	158	576	1.0	0.9	
Burton	1,083	350	1,433	3.0	2.8	Norfolk						
Cannock Chase	985	359	1,344	4.4	3.9	Great Yarmouth	2,025	613	2,638	7.3	6.2	
Lichfield	602	243	845	2.8	2.4	Mid Norfolk	605	233	838	3.2	2.7	
Newcastle-under-Lyme	827	256	1,083	3.4	3.0	North Norfolk	784	269	1,053	3.5	2.6	
South Staffordshire	756	264	1,020	3.8	3.1	North West Norfolk	795	309	1,104	2.7	2.1	
Stafford	966	328	1,294	3.0	2.6	Norwich North	1,058	292	1,350	3.9	3.4	
Staffordshire Moorlands	675	239	914	3.3	2.7	Norwich South	1,500	431	1,931	2.3	2.2	
Stoke-on-Trent Central	1,501	374	1,875	3.1	2.9	South Norfolk	509	228	737	2.4	1.9	
Stoke-on-Trent North	1,034	303	1,337	5.0	4.7	South West Norfolk	645	300	945	2.5	2.0	
Stoke-on-Trent South	1,429	553	1,982	6.2	5.8	Suffolk						
Stone	455	228	683	2.0	1.7	Bury St Edmunds	515	248	763	1.6	1.3	
Tamworth	988	395	1,383	3.6	3.2	Central Suffolk and North Ipswich	632	218	850	3.2	2.6	
Warwickshire						Ipswich	1,388	352	1,740	3.2	3.0	
North Warwickshire	812	267	1,079	2.7	2.4	South Suffolk	507	170	677	2.4	2.0	
Nuneaton	798	273	1,071	3.4	3.1	Suffolk Coastal	649	202	851	2.1	1.7	
Rugby and Kenilworth	804	288	1,092	2.3	2.1	Waveney	1,580	532	2,112	6.1	5.3	
Stratford-on-Avon	492	167	659	1.3	1.1	West Suffolk	456	224	680	1.7	1.5	
Warwick and Leamington	919	263	1,182	1.8	1.7	LONDON						
West Midlands (Met County)						Greater London						
Aldridge - Brownhills	773	306	1,079	4.1	3.7	Barking	1,171	366	1,537	5.3	4.8	
Birmingham Edgbaston	1,912	519	2,431	5.5	5.1	Battersea	1,449	502	1,951	4.1	3.5	
Birmingham Erdington	2,253	591	2,844	7.3	6.6	Beckenham	1,044	325	1,369	4.7	3.8	
Birmingham Hall Green	1,443	441	1,884	12.6	11.5	Bethnal Green and Bow	3,630	1,020	4,650	5.3	5.0	
Birmingham Hodge Hill	2,291	541	2,832	15.2	13.9	Bexleyheath and Crayford	582	238	820	3.2	2.7	
Birmingham Ladywood	5,238	1,243	6,481	3.4	3.1	Brent East	1,974	617	2,591	9.4	7.9	
Birmingham Northfield ^b	1,564	413	1,977	11.3	10.4	Brent North	828	307	1,135	4.5	3.8	
Birmingham Perry Barr	2,511	706	3,217	10.9	9.9	Brent South	2,021	611	2,632	5.1	4.3	
Birmingham Selly Oak	1,865	529	2,394	6.9	6.4	Brentford and Isleworth	691	282	973	1.3	1.2	
Birmingham Sparkbrook and Small Heath	4,185	1,050	5,235	11.0	10.0	Bromley and Chislehurst	608	220	828	1.7	1.4	
Birmingham Yardley	1,513	390	1,903	5.7	5.3	Camberwell and Peckham	2,747	920	3,667	13.9	12.8	
Coventry North East	1,815	515	2,330	5.3	5.0	Carshalton and Wallington	697	219	916	3.3	2.9	
Coventry North West	1,252	338	1,590	5.9	5.5	Chingford and Woodford Green	709	276	985	4.6	3.7	
Coventry South	1,498	360	1,858	2.4	2.2	Chipping Barnet	837	355	1,192	3.3	2.6	
Dudley North	1,758	504	2,262	6.4	5.8	Cities of London and Westminster	1,544	617	2,161	0.9	0.2	
Dudley South	1,470	440	1,910	4.5	4.0	Croydon Central	1,557	515	2,072	2.9	2.6	
Halesowen and Rowley Regis	1,340	406	1,746	5.1	4.6	Croydon North	2,150	779	2,929	7.7	6.7	
Meriden	1,393	377	1,770	4.9	4.1	Croydon South	610	259	869	2.7	2.4	
Solihull	627	221	848	1.8	1.5	Dagenham	1,064	382	1,446	4.8	4.3	
Stourbridge	1,193	351	1,544	4.8	4.3	Dulwich and West Norwood	2,133	859	2,992	14.7	13.1	
Sutton Coldfield	795	271	1,066	3.4	3.2	Ealing North	1,230	440	1,670	6.0	5.3	
Walsall North	1,786	580	2,366	6.9	6.2	Ealing Southall	1,694	581	2,275	4.4	3.9	
Walsall South	1,863	589	2,452	4.8	4.3	Ealing, Acton and Shepherd's Bush	2,224	770	2,994	4.2	3.8	
Warley	1,821	521	2,342	7.6	7.0	East Ham	2,469	732	3,201	12.6	11.0	
West Bromwich East	1,794	514	2,308	6.2	5.7	Edmonton	1,764	622	2,386	8.3	7.0	
West Bromwich West	2,112	624	2,736	5.2	4.8	Eltham	1,115	404	1,519	9.9	8.5	
Wolverhampton North East	1,747	523	2,270	7.7	6.8	Enfield North	1,359	471	1,830	3.9	3.3	
Wolverhampton South East	1,887	565	2,452	7.8	6.9	Enfield, Southgate	1,075	427	1,502	6.1	5.2	
Wolverhampton South West	1,772	520	2,292	4.4	4.0	Erith and Thamesmead	1,883	676	2,559	9.9	8.4	
Worcestershire						Feltham and Heston	859	280	1,139	2.0	1.8	
Bromsgrove	800	232	1,032	2.9	2.5	Finchley and Golders Green	1,082	408	1,490	4.0	3.1	
Mid Worcestershire	542	191	733	1.8	1.5	Greenwich and Woolwich	2,186	825	3,011	6.8	5.9	
Redditch	838	377	1,215	3.1	2.7	Hackney North and Stoke Newington	2,780	938	3,718	16.6	14.5	
West Worcestershire	405	136	541	1.8	1.3	Hackney South and Shoreditch	3,091	1,057	4,148	5.9	5.1	
Worcester	877	248	1,125	2.5	2.3	Hammersmith and Fulham	1,855	692	2,547	3.5	3.1	
Wyre Forest	853	317	1,170	3.1	2.7	Hampstead and Highgate	1,496	592	2,088	5.4	4.9	
EAST						Harlow East	940	373	1,313	2.8	2.3	
Bedfordshire						Harlow West	702	281	983	4.0	3.3	
Bedford	1,396	422	1,818	3.5	2.9	Hayes and Harlington	785	296	1,081	1.4	1.2	
Luton North	980	305	1,285	6.9	6.1	Hendon	1,329	490	1,819	3.9	3.1	
Luton South	1,445	435	1,880	3.1	2.7	Holborn and St Pancras	2,436	891	3,327	1.5	1.4	
Mid Bedfordshire	361	146	507	1.8	1.3	Hornchurch	567	191	758	3.3	2.7	
North East Bedfordshire	423	195	618	2.4	1.8	Hornsey and Wood Green	1,953	725	2,678	8.0	6.8	
South West Bedfordshire	595	218	813	2.2	1.8	Ilford North	790	314	1,104	4.8	3.8	
						Ilford South	1,672	566	2,238	5.7	4.5	
						Islington North	2,593	1,010	3,603	9.8	8.7	
						Islington South and Finsbury	1,996	806	2,802	2.5	2.2	

UNEMPLOYMENT

Claimant count area statistics

Parliamentary constituencies as at May 10 2001

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	Male	Female	All	Rate ^a P			Male	Female	All	Rate ^a P	
				Per cent employee jobs and claimants	Per cent workforce jobs and claimants					Per cent employee jobs and claimants	Per cent workforce jobs and claimants
Kensington and Chelsea	924	463	1,387	1.2	1.0	Oxfordshire					
Kingston and Surbiton	635	221	856	1.5	1.3	Banbury	360	167	527	0.9	0.8
Lewisham East	1,452	501	1,953	9.0	7.4	Henley	244	95	339	0.8	0.7
Lewisham West	1,973	624	2,597	12.9	10.5	Oxford East	1,056	283	1,339	2.5	2.3
Lewisham, Deptford	2,466	801	3,267	13.2	10.8	Oxford West and Abingdon	400	164	564	0.8	0.7
Leyton and Wanstead	1,612	544	2,156	9.5	7.8	Wantage	268	126	394	0.9	0.7
Mitcham and Morden	1,180	402	1,582	7.2	6.0	Witney	238	88	326	0.9	0.6
North Southwark and Bermondsey	2,785	1,003	3,788	3.0	2.8	Surrey					
Old Bexley and Sidcup	394	185	579	2.0	1.7	East Surrey	230	66	296	0.8	0.7
Orpington	621	237	858	3.0	2.5	Epsom and Ewell	276	99	375	1.1	0.9
Poplar and Canning Town	3,471	927	4,398	6.3	5.8	Esher and Walton	281	99	380	1.0	0.8
Putney	844	329	1,173	3.6	3.0	Guildford	318	106	424	0.7	0.6
Regent's Park and Kensington North	2,682	996	3,678	7.2	6.7	Mole Valley	173	53	226	0.4	0.4
Richmond Park	640	256	896	1.9	1.5	Reigate	183	67	250	0.5	0.5
Romford	539	215	754	2.3	1.9	Runnymede and Weybridge	303	103	406	0.7	0.6
Ruislip - Northwood	420	165	585	2.1	2.0	South West Surrey	279	91	370	0.8	0.7
Streatham	3,059	1,056	4,115	15.7	13.4	Surrey Heath	223	78	301	0.6	0.5
Sutton and Cheam	424	177	601	1.7	1.4	Woking	225	81	306	0.7	0.6
Tooting	1,476	489	1,965	6.8	5.8	West Sussex					
Tottenham	3,821	1,196	5,017	13.3	11.2	Arundel and South Downs	242	77	319	1.1	0.9
Twickenham	538	212	750	1.9	1.5	Bognor Regis and Littlehampton	487	171	658	2.3	1.8
Upminster	528	201	729	3.5	2.9	Chichester	406	156	562	1.1	0.9
Uxbridge	491	182	673	1.2	1.1	Crawley	525	140	665	0.9	0.9
Vauxhall	3,315	1,151	4,466	5.2	4.5	East Worthing and Shoreham	454	125	579	1.7	1.5
Walthamstow	2,015	661	2,676	8.3	6.8	Horsham	331	103	434	0.9	0.8
West Ham	2,492	772	3,264	8.5	7.4	Mid Sussex	262	76	338	0.7	0.6
Wimbledon	479	204	683	1.4	1.2	Worthing West	388	92	480	1.2	1.1
SOUTH EAST						Wight, Isle of					
Berkshire (former county)						Isle of Wight	1,727	501	2,228	5.0	4.3
Bracknell	400	156	556	0.9	0.8	SOUTH WEST					
Maidenhead	375	130	505	1.1	1.0	Avon (former county)					
Newbury	312	101	413	0.7	0.6	Bath	627	208	835	1.6	1.3
Reading East	671	209	880	1.1	1.0	Bristol East	1,562	446	2,008	4.2	3.7
Reading West	672	173	845	2.6	2.3	Bristol North West	1,023	322	1,345	2.4	2.1
Slough	1,202	385	1,587	2.3	2.1	Bristol South	1,297	352	1,649	4.1	3.7
Spelthorne	384	122	506	0.7	0.6	Bristol West	1,360	426	1,786	1.6	1.4
Windsor	434	174	608	1.4	1.3	Kingswood	633	196	829	2.8	2.5
Wokingham	201	73	274	0.6	0.6	Northavon	381	176	557	1.0	0.9
Buckinghamshire						Wansdyke	294	113	407	1.4	1.2
Aylesbury	509	166	675	1.3	1.1	Weston-Super-Mare	665	256	921	2.7	2.3
Beaconsfield	330	121	451	1.0	0.9	Woodspring	344	118	462	1.4	1.2
Buckingham	250	82	332	1.4	1.2	Cornwall and the Isles of Scilly					
Chesham and Amersham	285	93	378	1.3	1.1	Falmouth and Camborne	1,290	418	1,708	5.7	4.3
Milton Keynes South West	835	270	1,105	1.7	1.6	North Cornwall	1,199	476	1,675	4.5	3.6
North East Milton Keynes	629	220	849	1.4	1.4	South East Cornwall	780	296	1,076	4.2	3.0
Wycombe	822	236	1,058	1.7	1.5	St Ives	1,288	483	1,771	6.6	5.1
East Sussex						Truro and St Austell	1,022	361	1,383	3.0	2.5
Bexhill and Battle	471	152	623	2.7	2.0	Devon					
Brighton Kempdown	1,393	416	1,809	5.7	4.9	East Devon	407	139	546	2.2	1.7
Brighton Pavilion	1,651	566	2,217	4.1	3.5	Exeter	1,103	352	1,455	2.1	2.0
Eastbourne	887	250	1,137	3.1	2.6	North Devon	1,029	399	1,428	4.0	3.3
Hastings and Rye	1,541	403	1,944	5.7	4.4	Plymouth Devonport	1,141	369	1,510	3.5	2.9
Hove	1,201	409	1,610	4.7	4.1	Plymouth Sutton	1,621	427	2,048	4.0	3.4
Lewes	485	178	663	2.0	1.5	South West Devon	397	134	531	2.1	1.7
Wealden	323	141	464	1.3	1.0	Teignbridge	720	252	972	2.8	2.1
Hampshire						Tiverton and Honiton	558	238	796	2.0	1.5
Aldershot	426	133	559	1.0	0.8	Torbay	1,579	454	2,033	5.5	4.6
Basingstoke	374	132	506	0.8	0.7	Torridge and West Devon	978	385	1,363	4.0	2.9
East Hampshire	432	125	557	1.6	1.3	Totnes	755	329	1,084	3.7	2.8
Eastleigh	375	131	506	1.0	0.9	Dorset					
Fareham	342	118	460	1.2	0.9	Bournemouth East	886	285	1,171	4.4	3.8
Gosport	515	143	658	2.6	2.0	Bournemouth West	886	230	1,116	2.4	2.1
Havant	826	282	1,108	3.8	3.2	Christchurch	368	122	490	1.6	1.3
New Forest East	390	136	526	1.8	1.5	Mid Dorset and North Poole	351	120	471	1.7	1.4
New Forest West	315	113	428	1.5	1.3	North Dorset	288	137	425	1.2	0.8
North East Hampshire	255	82	337	1.0	0.8	Poole	466	148	614	1.3	1.2
North West Hampshire	343	136	479	1.2	1.0	South Dorset	664	223	887	3.1	2.5
Portsmouth North	735	221	956	2.1	1.6	West Dorset	331	140	471	1.3	1.0
Portsmouth South	1,414	371	1,785	3.4	2.8	Gloucestershire					
Romsey	269	86	355	1.4	1.2	Cheltenham	994	295	1,289	2.4	2.2
Southampton, Itchen	1,249	288	1,537	2.3	2.2	Cotswold	321	116	437	1.3	1.0
Southampton, Test	1,111	285	1,396	3.2	3.0	Forest of Dean	680	305	985	3.9	3.4
Winchester	350	109	459	0.8	0.6	Gloucester	1,564	421	1,985	3.3	3.0
Kent						Stroud	754	283	1,037	2.7	2.1
Ashford	668	214	882	2.1	1.8	Tewkesbury	518	193	711	2.0	1.6
Canterbury	833	269	1,102	2.2	1.9	Somerset					
Chatham and Aylesford	901	305	1,206	3.8	3.3	Bridgwater	939	297	1,236	3.7	3.0
Dartford	620	225	845	2.1	1.8	Somerton and Frome	462	185	647	2.2	1.8
Dover	1,131	353	1,484	4.8	4.3	Taunton	737	271	1,008	2.0	1.7
Faversham and Mid Kent	485	191	676	2.6	2.2	Wells	696	278	974	2.9	2.3
Folkestone and Hythe	1,162	333	1,495	4.1	3.5	Yeovil	590	205	795	1.8	1.5
Gillingham	825	288	1,113	3.8	3.3	Wiltshire					
Gravesham	1,085	346	1,431	4.6	4.0	Devizes	478	213	691	1.9	1.4
Maidstone and The Weald	544	167	711	1.1	1.0	North Swindon	559	220	779	2.0	1.9
Medway	1,045	343	1,388	3.1	2.6	North Wiltshire	358	134	492	1.3	1.0
North Thanet	1,470	466	1,936	7.7	6.9	Salisbury	381	111	492	1.2	0.9
Sevenoaks	358	112	470	1.4	1.1	South Swindon	831	258	1,089	1.5	1.4
Sittingbourne and Sheppey	1,160	406	1,566	4.5	3.9	Westbury	565	271	836	2.1	1.7
South Thanet	1,171	351	1,522	5.2	4.7						
Tonbridge and Malling	433	132	565	1.5	1.3						
Tunbridge Wells	402	142	544	1.2	1.1						

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Claimant count area statistics

Parliamentary constituencies as at May 10 2001

	Male	Female	All	Rate ^a P			Male	Female	All	Rate ^a P		
				Per cent employee jobs and claimants	Per cent workforce jobs and claimants					Per cent employee jobs and claimants	Per cent workforce jobs and claimants	
WALES												
Aberavon	947	280	1,227	4.9	4.4	Paisley South	1,365	303	1,668	6.3	5.7	
Alyn and Deeside	816	267	1,083	2.8	2.4	Perth	830	271	1,101	2.6	2.3	
Blaenau Gwent	1,508	394	1,902	8.6	7.7	Ross, Skye and Inverness West	1,252	358	1,610	6.9	5.9	
Brecon and Radnorshire	693	306	999	4.3	3.1	Roxburgh and Berwickshire	679	236	915	3.3	2.9	
Bridgend	901	322	1,223	3.3	2.9	Stirling	830	234	1,064	3.1	2.7	
Caernarfon	959	266	1,225	6.4	5.1	Strathkelvin and Bearsden	861	250	1,111	5.3	4.8	
Caerphilly	1,342	387	1,729	6.2	5.5	Tweeddale, Ettrick and Lauderdale	547	168	715	3.2	2.7	
Cardiff Central	1,203	324	1,527	2.1	2.0	West Aberdeenshire and Kincardine	394	143	537	2.4	2.0	
Cardiff North	453	140	593	1.7	1.5	West Renfrewshire	900	224	1,124	4.0	3.6	
Cardiff South and Penarth	1,588	328	1,916	4.2	3.8	Western Isles	541	143	684	5.8	5.4	
Cardiff West	1,385	292	1,677	6.7	6.1							
Cardmarthen East and Dinefwr	693	230	923	6.5	5.1	NORTHERN IRELAND						
Cardmarthen West and South Pembrokeshire	1,009	299	1,308	5.0	4.0	Belfast East	1,410	362	1,772	4.3	3.7	
Ceredigion	733	272	1,005	4.3	3.0	Belfast North	2,285	479	2,764	4.4	3.8	
Clwyd South	698	218	916	5.0	4.2	Belfast South	1,461	461	1,922	2.7	2.4	
Clwyd West	770	218	988	4.9	4.1	Belfast West	3,512	635	4,147	15.2	13.2	
Conwy	1,148	341	1,489	4.7	3.7	East Antrim	1,421	413	1,834	5.9	5.1	
Cynon Valley	973	276	1,249	8.1	7.2	East Londonderry	1,719	586	2,305	7.2	6.2	
Delyn	621	201	822	3.4	3.0	Fermanagh and South Tyrone	1,662	557	2,219	6.2	5.0	
Gower	821	250	1,071	6.3	5.7	Foyle	3,410	894	4,304	9.9	8.5	
Islwyn	794	308	1,102	5.3	4.8	Lagan Valley	802	291	1,093	3.0	2.5	
Llanelli	1,135	291	1,426	6.7	5.3	Mid Ulster	898	377	1,275	5.0	4.1	
Meirionnydd Nant Conwy	622	254	876	7.0	5.5	Newry and Armagh	1,869	542	2,411	6.4	5.3	
Merthyr Tydfil and Rhymney	1,253	343	1,596	6.7	6.0	North Antrim	1,388	534	1,922	5.0	4.0	
Monmouth	640	190	830	2.4	2.2	North Down	1,112	366	1,478	6.3	5.6	
Montgomeryshire	378	141	519	2.5	1.7	South Antrim	1,074	361	1,435	3.8	3.2	
Neath	1,052	360	1,412	7.2	6.6	South Down	1,516	495	2,011	7.3	6.0	
Newport East	1,100	332	1,432	5.3	4.8	Strangford	1,099	403	1,502	5.2	4.5	
Newport West	1,393	346	1,739	3.3	3.0	Upper Bann	1,354	431	1,785	4.2	3.6	
Ogmore	941	289	1,230	6.7	6.0	West Tyrone	2,006	586	2,592	9.0	7.3	
Pontypridd	848	241	1,089	2.9	2.6							
Preseli Pembrokeshire	1,080	334	1,414	6.4	5.1							
Rhondda	1,041	300	1,341	7.3	6.6							
Swansea East	1,468	311	1,779	5.8	5.2							
Swansea West	1,464	358	1,822	3.9	3.5							
Torfaen	1,089	333	1,422	4.1	3.7							
Vale of Clwyd	933	213	1,146	4.3	3.7							
Vale of Glamorgan	1,230	311	1,541	4.6	4.1							
Wrexham	813	208	1,021	2.6	2.2							
Ynys Mon	1,368	430	1,798	9.6	7.3							
SCOTLAND												
Aberdeen Central	907	227	1,134	1.9	1.8							
Aberdeen North	478	152	630	1.6	1.5							
Aberdeen South	649	208	857	2.0	1.9							
Airdrie and Shotts	1,421	434	1,855	5.9	5.4							
Angus	1,209	485	1,694	5.8	5.1							
Argyll and Bute	1,065	298	1,363	5.7	5.2							
Ayr	1,390	392	1,782	5.4	4.9							
Banff and Buchan	619	235	854	3.3	2.8							
Caithness, Sutherland and Easter Ross	1,069	276	1,345	6.3	5.4							
Carrick, Cumnock and Doon Valley	1,704	515	2,219	9.2	8.4							
Central Fife	1,857	566	2,423	7.9	7.2							
Clydebank and Milngavie	1,312	308	1,620	8.4	7.6							
Clydesdale	1,115	443	1,558	6.0	5.5							
Coatbridge and Chryston	1,242	301	1,543	7.9	7.2							
Cumbernauld and Kilsyth	862	271	1,133	4.9	4.4							
Cunninghame North	1,469	479	1,948	10.3	9.3							
Cunninghame South	1,971	597	2,568	10.0	9.1							
Dumbarton	1,620	482	2,102	7.8	7.1							
Dumfries	1,277	484	1,761	4.5	3.9							
Dundee East	2,239	579	2,818	12.3	11.8							
Dundee West	1,772	487	2,259	5.6	5.4							
Dunfermline East	1,325	353	1,678	7.2	6.5							
Dunfermline West	1,094	341	1,435	4.7	4.3							
East Kilbride	1,083	333	1,416	3.5	3.1							
East Lothian	616	152	768	3.9	3.6							
Eastwood	763	256	1,019	6.2	4.8							
Edinburgh Central	1,091	306	1,397	1.8	1.6							
Edinburgh East and Musselburgh	867	201	1,068	4.4	4.0							
Edinburgh North and Leith	1,233	324	1,557	1.8	1.7							
Edinburgh Pentlands	827	257	1,084	4.5	4.1							
Edinburgh South	732	202	934	3.9	3.6							
Edinburgh West	721	174	895	1.7	1.6							
Falkirk East	1,185	325	1,510	6.0	5.5							
Falkirk West	1,268	349	1,617	5.1	4.8							
Galloway and Upper Nithsdale	1,090	465	1,555	6.5	5.7							
Glasgow Anniesland	1,428	298	1,726	10.5	9.5							
Glasgow Baillieston	1,681	431	2,112	10.4	9.4							
Glasgow Cathcart	1,133	282	1,415	8.6	7.8							
Glasgow Govan	1,664	384	2,048	5.3	4.8							
Glasgow Kelvin	1,532	399	1,931	1.1	1.0							
Glasgow Maryhill	1,932	478	2,410	6.6	5.9							
Glasgow Pollok	1,606	314	1,920	12.0	10.8							
Glasgow Rutherglen	972	230	1,202	7.2	6.5							
Glasgow Shettleston	1,785	368	2,153	7.8	7.0							
Glasgow Springburn	2,057	475	2,532	12.8	11.5							
Gordon	450	199	649	2.8	2.4							
Greenock and Inverclyde	1,192	292	1,484	5.2	4.7							
Hamilton North and Bellshill	1,469	414	1,883	4.0	3.6							
Hamilton South	1,091	297	1,388	10.4	9.4							
Inverness East, Nairn and Lochaber	1,028	289	1,317	2.8	2.4							
Kilmarnock and Loudoun	1,748	617	2,365	7.7	7.0							
Kirkcaldy	1,771	491	2,262	8.0	7.3							
Linlithgow	1,094	334	1,428	5.4	5.0							
Livingston	1,160	367	1,527	4.0	3.7							
Midlothian	569	142	711	3.6	3.2							
Moray	849	351	1,200	4.8	4.1							
Motherwell and Wishaw	1,309	372	1,681	7.4	6.7							
North East Fife	674	269	943	3.9	3.5							
North Tayside	729	272	1,001	3.6	3.2							
Ochil	1,119	387	1,506	6.1	5.4							
Orkney and Shetland	336	137	473	2.3	1.9							
Paisley North	1,272	282	1,554	4.2	3.7							

Source: Benefits Agency administrative system
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 0207 533 6094

- a Claimant count rates are calculated by expressing the number of claimants as a percentage of the estimated total workforce (the sum of claimants, employee jobs, self-employment jobs, HM armed forces and government-supported trainees) and as a percentage of the narrow-based estimate (claimants plus employee jobs). All the rates shown are calculated using mid-2000 based denominators.
- b The denominator for this constituency has not been updated for 1999 onwards due to concerns about the data. ONS is investigating this and will revise the figures at a later date.

P Provisional

UNEMPLOYMENT C.24

Claimant count area statistics

NUTS 2 and NUTS 3 areas as at May 10 2001

	Male	Female	All	Rate ^a			Male	Female	All	Rate ^a		
				Per cent employee jobs and claimants	Per cent Workforce jobs and claimants					Per cent employee jobs and claimants	Per cent Workforce jobs and claimants	
NORTH EAST												
Tees Valley and Durham	23,084	5,891	28,975	6.6	6.0							
Hartlepool and Stockton-on-Tees	6,196	1,538	7,734	6.8	6.2							
South Teeside	7,679	1,762	9,441	8.0	7.3							
Darlington	1,774	468	2,242	4.9	4.4							
Durham CC	7,435	2,123	9,558	6.0	5.3							
Northumberland and Tyne and Wear	28,038	6,874	34,912	5.8	5.3							
Northumberland	4,515	1,391	5,906	5.3	4.5							
Tyneside	17,150	3,918	21,068	5.7	5.2							
Sunderland	6,373	1,565	7,938	6.8	6.2							
NORTH WEST												
Cumbria	6,151	1,851	8,002	4.0	3.4							
West Cumbria	4,059	1,122	5,181	5.9	5.3							
East Cumbria	2,092	729	2,821	2.5	2.1							
Cheshire	9,454	2,792	12,246	2.5	2.3							
Halton and Warrington	4,243	1,269	5,512	3.4	3.1							
Cheshire CC	5,211	1,523	6,734	2.1	1.9							
Greater Manchester	35,912	9,499	45,411	3.9	3.5							
Greater Manchester South	20,655	5,295	25,950	3.5	3.2							
Greater Manchester North	15,257	4,204	19,461	4.4	3.9							
Lancashire	16,509	4,587	21,096	3.7	3.2							
Blackburn with Darwen	2,283	612	2,895	4.6	4.3							
Blackpool	2,557	593	3,150	5.0	4.5							
Lancashire CC	11,669	3,382	15,051	3.4	2.9							
Merseyside	31,817	8,501	40,318	7.6	6.8							
East Merseyside	7,228	2,021	9,249	8.8	7.8							
Liverpool	13,510	3,508	17,018	7.8	7.3							
Sefton	5,002	1,261	6,263	6.4	5.5							
Wirral	6,077	1,711	7,788	7.2	6.4							
YORKSHIRE AND THE HUMBER												
East Riding and North Lincolnshire	16,230	5,097	21,327	6.2	5.4							
Kingston upon Hull, City of	7,256	1,947	9,203	7.9	7.3							
East Riding of Yorkshire	3,512	1,274	4,786	5.2	4.1							
North and North East Lincolnshire	5,462	1,876	7,338	5.3	4.8							
North Yorkshire	5,800	1,960	7,760	2.4	2.0							
York	1,623	512	2,135	2.3	2.1							
North Yorkshire CC	4,177	1,448	5,625	2.5	2.0							
South Yorkshire	22,085	6,278	28,363	5.8	5.1							
Barnsley, Doncaster and Rotherham	12,207	3,708	15,915	6.1	5.3							
Sheffield	9,878	2,570	12,448	5.4	4.8							
West Yorkshire	31,806	8,831	40,637	4.2	3.8							
Bradford	8,947	2,301	11,248	5.4	4.9							
Leeds	10,577	2,819	13,396	3.3	3.0							
Calderdale, Kirklees and Wakefield	12,282	3,711	15,993	4.4	3.9							
EAST MIDLANDS												
Derbyshire and Nottinghamshire	28,041	8,827	36,868	4.5	4.0							
Derby	4,054	1,109	5,163	4.2	3.9							
East Derbyshire	4,623	1,442	6,065	6.3	5.6							
South and West Derbyshire	4,119	1,515	5,634	3.0	2.6							
Nottingham	6,430	1,645	8,075	4.7	4.5							
North Nottinghamshire	6,041	2,206	8,247	5.5	4.9							
South Nottinghamshire	2,774	910	3,684	3.8	3.1							
Leicestershire, Rutland and Northamptonshire	15,864	5,756	21,620	3.1	2.7							
Leicester City	6,038	1,928	7,966	5.0	4.7							
Leicestershire CC and Rutland	4,337	1,776	6,113	2.5	2.2							
Northamptonshire	5,489	2,052	7,541	2.6	2.2							
Lincolnshire	5,450	1,881	7,331	3.0	2.6							
Lincolnshire	5,450	1,881	7,331	3.0	2.6							
WEST MIDLANDS												
Herefordshire, Worcestershire and Warwickshire	9,382	3,241	12,623	2.3	2.0							
Herefordshire, County of	1,193	468	1,661	2.3	2.0							
Worcestershire	4,364	1,515	5,879	2.5	2.2							
Warwickshire	3,825	1,258	5,083	2.2	1.9							
Shropshire and Staffordshire	15,124	5,214	20,338	3.3	2.9							
Telford and Wrekin	1,676	560	2,236	2.8	2.6							
Shropshire CC	2,147	762	2,909	2.7	2.2							
Stoke-on-Trent	3,932	1,210	5,142	4.3	4.1							
Staffordshire CC	7,369	2,682	10,051	3.2	2.8							
West Midlands	53,471	14,948	68,419	5.6	5.1							
Birmingham	25,570	6,694	32,264	6.4	5.9							
Solihull	2,020	598	2,618	3.2	2.6							
Coventry	4,565	1,213	5,778	3.9	3.6							
Dudley and Sandwell	11,488	3,360	14,848	5.6	5.1							
Walsall and Wolverhampton	9,828	3,083	12,911	5.7	5.1							
EAST												
East Anglia	18,430	6,217	24,647	2.7	2.3							
Peterborough	1,751	555	2,306	2.7	2.5							
Cambridgeshire CC	3,031	1,041	4,072	1.7	1.4							
Norfolk	7,921	2,675	10,596	3.3	2.8							
Suffolk	5,727	1,946	7,673	2.8	2.4							
Bedfordshire and Hertfordshire	10,178	3,506	13,684	1.9	1.6							
Luton	2,390	725	3,115	4.0	3.6							
Bedfordshire CC	2,810	996	3,806	2.6	2.1							
Hertfordshire	4,978	1,785	6,763	1.4	1.2							
Essex	12,542	4,479	17,021	2.9	2.4							
Southend-on-Sea	2,456	676	3,132	5.0	4.2							
Thurrock	1,515	530	2,045	3.8	3.3							
Essex CC	8,571	3,273	11,844	2.5	2.1							
LONDON												
Inner London	64,245	22,141	86,386	3.7	3.3							
Inner London - West	16,019	6,043	22,062	1.5	1.4							
Inner London - East	48,226	16,098	64,324	7.3	6.4							
Outer London	49,002	17,556	66,558	3.8	3.2							
Outer London - East and North East	21,025	7,564	28,589	5.6	4.7							
Outer London - South	10,210	3,641	13,851	3.0	2.6							
Outer London - West and North West	17,767	6,351	24,118	3.1	2.6							
SOUTH EAST												
Berkshire, Buckinghamshire and Oxfordshire	10,507	3,517	14,024	1.3	1.1							
Berkshire	4,301	1,410	5,711	1.3	1.1							
Milton Keynes	1,464	490	1,954	1.6	1.5							
Buckinghamshire CC	2,176	694	2,870	1.4	1.1							
Oxfordshire	2,566	923	3,489	1.1	1.0							
Surrey, East and West Sussex	13,908	4,415	18,323	1.6	1.3							
Brighton and Hove	4,083	1,352	5,435	4.6	4.0							
East Sussex CC	3,869	1,163	5,032	3.0	2.4							
Surrey	2,861	960	3,821	0.7	0.6							
West Sussex	3,095	940	4,035	1.2	1.0							
Hampshire and the Isle of Wight	11,448	3,392	14,840	1.9	1.6							
Portsmouth	2,149	592	2,741	2.8	2.2							
Southampton	2,463	597	3,060	2.7	2.6							
Hampshire CC	5,109	1,702	6,811	1.3	1.1							
Isle of Wight	1,727	501	2,228	5.0	4.3							
Kent	14,293	4,643	18,936	3.0	2.6							
Medway Towns	2,607	884	3,491	4.0	3.4							
Kent CC	11,686	3,759	15,445	2.8	2.5							
SOUTH WEST												
Gloucester, Wiltshire and North Somerset	16,189	5,433	21,622	2.1	1.8							
Bristol, City of	5,222	1,508	6,730	2.8	2.5							
North and North East Somerset,												
South Gloucestershire	2,964	1,105	4,069	1.6	1.4							
Gloucestershire	4,831	1,613	6,444	2.6	2.2							
Swindon	1,372	469	1,841	1.7	1.6							
Wiltshire CC	1,800	738	2,538	1.6	1.2							
Dorset and Somerset	7,664	2,641	10,305	2.2	1.8							
Bournemouth and Poole	2,484	750	3,234	2.2	2.0							
Dorset CC	1,756	655	2,411	1.7								

C.31 UNEMPLOYMENT

Claimant count flows: standardised^a

Thousands

UNITED KINGDOM		INFLOW						
		NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED			SEASONALLY ADJUSTED			
		All	Male	Female	All	Change since previous month	Male	Female
Month ending								
2000	May11	222.3	160.8	61.5	242.0	4.2	173.5	68.5
	Jun 8	221.0	158.7	62.3	238.0	-4.0	170.6	67.4
	Jul 13	266.0	181.5	84.5	230.4	-7.6	166.3	64.1
	Aug 10	257.0	175.0	81.9	236.4	6.0	170.4	66.0
	Sep 14	238.7	167.3	71.4	235.5	-0.9	169.4	66.1
	Oct 12	246.7	176.9	69.8	236.3	0.8	170.2	66.1
	Nov 9	241.6	175.4	66.2	234.5	-1.8	168.1	66.4
	Dec14	228.4	170.1	58.3	233.5	-1.0	166.9	66.6
	Jan 11	243.9	174.6	69.3	234.2	0.7	167.5	66.7
	Feb 8	261.5	187.5	74.0	232.8	-1.4	166.9	65.9
2001	Mar 8	229.4	166.9	62.5	229.3	-3.5	164.7	64.6
	Apr 12	226.3	163.5	62.8	228.5	-0.8	163.7	64.8
	May10 P	201.0	146.3	54.7	223.5	-5.0	159.9	63.6

UNITED KINGDOM		OUTFLOW						
		NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED			SEASONALLY ADJUSTED			
		All	Male	Female	All	Change since previous month	Male	Female
Month ending								
2000	May11	259.0	186.9	72.1	255.6	-5.8	183.5	72.1
	Jun 8	254.5	186.1	68.4	252.0	-3.6	180.9	71.1
	Jul 13	255.9	184.8	71.1	253.8	1.8	182.1	71.7
	Aug 10	256.7	182.1	74.6	251.4	-2.4	181.4	70.0
	Sep 14	278.8	192.4	86.5	245.8	-5.6	178.4	67.4
	Oct 12	283.1	197.6	85.5	239.4	-6.4	171.9	67.5
	Nov 9	251.0	178.0	73.0	241.8	2.4	173.9	67.9
	Dec14	219.0	156.7	62.3	240.3	-1.5	172.9	67.4
	Jan 11	172.0	123.3	48.7	244.6	4.3	176.6	68.0
	Feb 8	266.3	194.1	72.2	242.3	-2.3	174.2	68.1
2001	Mar 8	264.3	192.0	72.3	240.7	-1.6	173.1	67.6
	Apr 12	256.4	188.1	68.3	237.5	-3.2	170.7	66.8
	May10 P	228.6	165.5	63.2	229.2	-8.3	165.9	63.3

Source: Benefits Agency administrative system
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

a Flow figures are collected for four or five-week periods between count dates; the figures in the table are converted to a standard 4¹/₃-week month.

P The latest national seasonally adjusted claimant count figures are provisional and subject to revision, mainly in the following month.

UNEMPLOYMENT

Destination of leavers from the claimant count by duration

Leavers between 12 April and 9 May 2001

C.34

Not seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM	Duration of claim					Total
	Less than 13 weeks	13 to 26 weeks	26 to 52 weeks	52 to 104 weeks	More than 104 weeks	
Thousands						
Found work	64.5	21.6	13.0	3.8	2.0	104.9
Works on average 16+ hours per week	2.5	0.5	0.3	0.1	0.0	3.4
Gone abroad	3.9	1.6	1.2	0.3	0.1	7.1
Claimed Income Support	1.4	1.0	0.9	0.4	0.4	4.1
Claimed Incapacity Benefit	3.5	2.0	2.0	1.1	0.8	9.3
Claimed another benefit	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.2	0.2	2.4
Full-time education	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.5
Approved training	0.5	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8
Government supported training	4.4	1.1	3.0	0.8	0.4	9.6
Retirement age reached	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.4
Automatic credits	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.3
Gone to prison	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.7
Attending court	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Defective claim	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.1
Ceased claiming	1.5	0.6	0.8	0.2	0.1	3.2
Deceased	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Not known	6.2	2.2	2.0	0.8	0.6	11.8
Failed to sign	31.4	9.4	6.6	1.8	0.8	50.0
New claim review	0.6	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.9
Total	123.4	41.3	30.8	9.5	5.5	210.7
As a percentage of those with a known destination						
Found work	75.2	72.7	58.6	55.1	48.8	
Works on average 16+ hours per week	2.9	1.7	1.4	1.4	0.0	
Gone abroad	4.5	5.4	5.4	4.3	2.4	
Claimed Income Support	1.6	3.4	4.1	5.8	9.8	
Claimed Incapacity Benefit	4.1	6.7	9.0	15.9	19.5	
Claimed another benefit	0.9	2.0	2.3	2.9	4.9	
Full-time education	0.5	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	
Approved training	0.6	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Government supported training	5.1	3.7	13.5	11.6	9.8	
Retirement age reached	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.0	2.4	
Automatic credits	0.1	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	
Gone to prison	0.5	0.7	0.5	0.0	0.0	
Attending court	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Defective claim	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Ceased claiming	1.7	2.0	3.6	2.9	2.4	
Deceased	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
New claim review	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.0	0.0	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	

Source: Benefits Agency administrative system
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

Note: Computerised claims only.

C.35 CLAIMANT COUNT

Average duration

Average duration of claims terminating in the quarter ending April 2001

Age (years)	Off-flows (thousands)			Mean duration (weeks)			Median duration (weeks)		
	Female	Male	All	Female	Male	All	Female	Male	All
United Kingdom									
16-17	8.3	11.1	19.4	7	7	7	5	5	5
18-19	31.2	56.9	88.0	12	12	12	8	8	8
20-24	46.5	123.5	170.0	13	13	13	8	8	8
25-29	25.6	85.9	111.5	16	19	19	8	10	10
30-34	18.8	71.7	90.5	19	26	25	9	11	11
35-39	16.5	57.8	74.3	19	29	27	9	12	11
40-44	16.2	45.4	61.5	20	30	27	8	11	10
45-49	17.0	37.4	54.3	20	30	27	8	11	10
50-54	17.7	37.6	55.3	22	32	29	9	11	10
55-59	12.7	28.7	41.4	30	38	36	12	12	12
60 and over	n/a	11.4	11.4	n/a	34	34	n/a	11	11
All ages	210.4	567.2	777.6	17	23	21	8	10	9
North East									
16-17	0.6	0.9	1.6	7	8	7	5	5	5
18-19	2.2	4.1	6.2	14	14	14	9	9	9
20-24	2.7	8.7	11.4	14	14	14	8	9	9
25-29	1.2	5.3	6.5	17	21	21	8	11	10
30-34	0.9	4.5	5.3	19	27	26	8	11	11
35-39	0.8	3.9	4.7	21	31	29	9	11	10
40-44	0.9	3.4	4.3	22	28	26	9	9	9
45-49	0.9	2.9	3.8	21	29	27	9	10	10
50-54	0.9	2.8	3.7	22	33	31	10	11	10
55-59	0.5	2.1	2.6	35	39	38	16	11	12
60 and over	n/a	0.7	0.7	n/a	40	40	n/a	11	11
All ages	11.6	39.3	50.8	17	24	22	8	10	9
North West									
16-17	1.2	1.6	2.8	14	15	14	11	11	11
18-19	4.4	6.2	9.4	27	27	26	17	17	17
20-24	5.9	12.8	17.0	27	28	28	17	18	18
25-29	2.9	8.6	10.8	34	42	40	17	21	21
30-34	2.1	6.9	8.5	44	56	54	18	25	23
35-39	1.9	5.3	6.8	37	66	60	17	25	23
40-44	1.8	4.1	5.5	46	62	58	17	23	21
45-49	2.0	3.4	4.8	42	70	62	20	21	21
50-54	2.1	3.5	5.2	45	71	62	20	22	21
55-59	1.4	2.4	3.5	62	84	77	26	24	25
60 and over	n/a	1.0	1.0	n/a	89	89	n/a	20	20
All ages	25.8	74.6	100.4	35	48	45	17	20	19
Yorkshire and the Humber									
16-17	1.1	1.5	2.6	7	6	7	5	5	5
18-19	3.3	6.4	9.7	13	12	12	8	8	8
20-24	4.6	13.5	18.1	13	13	13	8	8	8
25-29	2.4	8.9	11.3	16	19	18	8	10	10
30-34	1.7	7.2	8.8	20	25	24	9	11	11
35-39	1.5	5.6	7.1	18	28	26	9	11	11
40-44	1.4	4.4	5.8	20	28	26	9	11	11
45-49	1.5	3.7	5.2	20	31	27	8	11	10
50-54	1.6	3.8	5.4	19	29	26	9	10	10
55-59	1.0	2.8	3.9	32	38	37	15	12	13
60 and over	n/a	1.0	1.0	n/a	35	35	n/a	11	11
All ages	20.1	58.9	79.0	16	21	20	8	10	9
East Midlands									
16-17	0.6	0.8	1.4	7	6	7	4	4	4
18-19	2.2	3.8	6.0	12	12	12	7	8	7
20-24	3.3	8.4	11.7	12	13	13	7	8	8
25-29	1.7	5.9	7.6	14	18	17	8	10	9
30-34	1.3	4.7	6.0	16	23	22	8	10	9
35-39	1.3	3.8	5.1	18	24	23	8	10	9
40-44	1.3	3.0	4.3	16	26	23	7	9	9
45-49	1.4	2.6	4.0	17	25	22	7	10	9
50-54	1.5	2.8	4.2	17	25	23	8	9	9
55-59	1.0	2.2	3.2	25	33	30	11	10	10
60 and over	n/a	1.0	1.0	n/a	24	24	n/a	11	11
All ages	15.5	38.9	54.5	15	20	18	8	9	9
West Midlands									
16-17	0.6	0.8	1.4	7	8	8	5	5	5
18-19	3.1	5.8	8.9	14	13	13	9	8	8
20-24	4.7	12.4	17.1	15	14	14	9	9	9
25-29	2.4	7.9	10.2	17	21	20	8	11	10
30-34	1.7	6.7	8.5	20	29	27	9	11	11
35-39	1.6	5.2	6.7	21	34	31	9	12	11
40-44	1.5	4.1	5.7	21	35	31	8	11	10
45-49	1.6	3.6	5.2	21	33	29	9	11	10
50-54	1.7	3.5	5.3	25	35	32	10	11	11
55-59	1.3	2.9	4.2	30	41	37	13	12	12
60 and over	n/a	1.3	1.3	n/a	34	34	n/a	14	14
All ages	20.2	54.2	74.4	18	25	23	9	10	10
East									
16-17	0.5	0.5	1.0	8	7	8	6	5	6
18-19	2.0	3.4	5.5	11	10	11	7	7	7
20-24	2.9	7.3	10.2	11	12	11	7	7	7
25-29	1.8	5.5	7.3	15	17	16	8	9	8
30-34	1.3	4.7	6.0	18	23	21	8	10	9
35-39	1.2	3.8	5.0	19	27	25	8	10	10
40-44	1.2	3.1	4.3	18	26	23	8	10	9
45-49	1.4	2.6	4.0	18	27	23	8	9	9
50-54	1.6	2.8	4.4	21	26	24	8	10	9
55-59	1.2	2.3	3.4	27	36	33	11	10	10
60 and over	n/a	1.0	1.0	n/a	26	26	n/a	11	11
All ages	15.2	36.9	52.1	16	20	19	8	9	8
London									
16-17	0.6	0.6	1.1	9	8	8	6	6	6
18-19	3.0	4.9	7.9	14	14	14	10	9	9
20-24	5.9	12.1	18.1	16	16	16	10	11	11
25-29	4.2	10.7	14.9	20	25	23	10	14	13
30-34	3.2	10.4	13.6	26	35	33	12	17	16
35-39	2.5	8.2	10.8	26	40	36	13	18	17
40-44	2.2	5.7	7.9	29	45	41	14	19	18
45-49	2.0	4.1	6.1	30	45	40	13	18	16
50-54	1.9	3.4	5.4	32	51	44	15	18	17
55-59	1.4	2.6	4.1	44	59	54	18	19	19
60 and over	n/a	1.1	1.1	n/a	49	50	n/a	16	16
All ages	27.1	63.8	90.9	23	32	29	11	15	14

Age (years)	Off-flows (thousands)			Mean duration (weeks)			Median duration (weeks)		
	Female	Male	All	Female	Male	All	Female	Male	All
South East									
16-17	0.6	0.8	1.3	6	7	6	4	4	4
18-19	2.3	4.0	6.3	10	10	10	6	6	6
20-24	3.5	9.1	12.6	11	11	11	6	7	7
25-29	2.1	7.2	9.3	14	17	16	7	9	8
30-34	1.6	6.1	7.7	17	22	21	8	10	10
35-39	1.4	5.0	6.4	18	24	22	8	10	10
40-44	1.4	3.8	5.2	20	27	25	8	10	10
45-49	1.6	3.3	5.0	18	25	23	8	10	10
50-54	1.7	3.5	5.2	20	27	25	8	10	9
55-59	1.3	2.8	4.1	24	33	30	9	11	10
60 and over	n/a	1.1	1.1	n/a	24	24	n/a	9	9
All ages	17.5	46.7	64.2	15	20	18	7	9	8
South West									
16-17	0.5	0.6	1.1	8	7	8	6	5	6
18-19	2.1	3.7	5.8	10	10	10	6	6	6
20-24	3.3	8.0	11.3	10	11	11	7	7	7
25-29	2.0	5.8	7.8	13	15	15	7	8	8
30-34	1.4	4.9	6.2	13	21	19	7	10	9
35-39	1.2	3.9	5.1	17	21	20	8	9	9
40-44	1.3	3.0	4.2	16	22	21	7	9	8
45-49	1.4	2.6	4.0	16	24	22	7	9	8
50-54	1.6	2.9	4.4	17	26	23	9	10	9
55-59	1.1	2.3	3.4	22	30	27	11	10	10
60 and over	n/a	0.9	0.9	n/a	23	23	n/a	8	8
All ages	15.8	38.5	54.3	14	18	17	7	8	8
England									
16-17	6.1	8.1	14.3	7	7	7	5	5	5
18-19	24.6	44.5	69.1	12	12	12	8	8	8
20-24	36.8	96.8	133.6	13	13	13	8	8	8
25-29	20.7	68.8	89.5	16	20	19	8	10	10
30-34	15.3	58.3	73.5	19	26	25	9	11	11
35-39	13.4	46.6	60.0	20	30	27	9	12	11
40-44	13.0	36.2	49.2	21	30	28	9	11	10
45-49	13.8	29.9	43.7	20	31	27	8	11	10
50-54	14.6	30.2	44.8	22	32	28	9	11	10
55-59	10.4	23.2	33.6	29	38	36	12	12	12
60 and over	n/a	9.4	9.4	n/a	32	32	n/a	11	11
All ages	168.7	451.9	620.7	17	23	21	8	10	9
Wales									
16-17	0.6	0.7	1.3	6	6	6	4	5	4
18-19	2.0	4.0	6.0	12	12	12	8	8	8
20-24	2.9	8.2	11.1	12	13	13	8	9	9
25-29	1.4	4.8	6.1	14	19	18	8	11	10
30-34	1.0	3.8	4.8	16	25	23	7	12	11
35-39	0.8	3.1	4.0	15	26	24	8	12	11
40-44	0.8	2.5	3.3	18	27	25	8	11	10
45-49	0.9	1.9	2.9	18	27	24	8	10	9
50-54	0.9	2.1	3.0	22	30	28	10	11	11
55-59	0.7	1.6	2.3	30	32	31	14	13	14
60 and over	n/a	0.5	0.5	n/a	27	27	n/a	13	13
All ages	12.0	33.2	45.3	15	20	19	8	10	9
Scotland									
16-17	1.6	2.2	3.7	8	8	8	6	6	6
18-19	3.6	6.8	10.3	12	12	12	8	7	8
20-24	5.1	14.7	19.7	12	12	12	7	8	8
25-29	2.7	10.0	12.7	14	18	17	8	9	9
30-34	2.0	8.0	10.0	18	24	23	8	11	10
35-39	1.8	6.7	8.6	18	26	24	9	10	10
40-44	1.9	5.7	7.6	19	26	24	8	10	9
45-49	1.8	4.8	6.6	18	28	25	8	10	9
50-54	1.8	4.5	6.4	22	30	27	9	10	10
55-59	1.3	3.3	4.6	35	36	36	15	11	12
60 and over	n/a	1.3	1.3	n/a	33	33	n/a	12	12
All ages	23.6	67.9	91.5	16	21	19	8	9	9
Northern Ireland									
16-17	0.0	0.1	0.1	7	9	8	6	6	6
18-19	1.0	1.6	2.7	14	15	14	9	9	9
20-24	1.7	3.9	5.5	15	18	17	9	11	10
25-29	0.9	2.3	3.1	16	25	23	9	12	11
30-34	0.5	1.6	2.2	23	37	34	10	14	13
35-39	0.4	1.3	1.7	23	46	41	11	17	15
40-44	0.4	1.0	1.4	27	43	39	9	15	13
45-49	0.4	0.8	1.2	22	51	41	10	18	15
50-54	0.4	0.7	1.1	29	54	46	12	15	14
55-59	0.3	0.5	0.9	37	73	59	14	20	17
60 and over	n/a	0.2	0.2	n/a	130	130	n/a	22	22
All ages	6.0	14.1	20.2	19	33	29	9	13	12

Source: Benefits Agency administrative system
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

n/a Not applicable

Note: Claims in this table terminated in the February 2001 to April 2001 accounting months.
Totals might not sum exactly due to rounding.

C.51 UNEMPLOYMENT Selected countries

Thousands and per cent											
	EU average	Major 7 nations (G7)	United Kingdom ^b	Australia ^d	Austria ^d	Belgium ^f	Canada ^d	Denmark	Finland ^d	France ^a	Germany ^{d,f} (FR)
STANDARDISED ILO RATE: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED^a											
1992	9.2	6.8	10.2	10.8	..	7.2	11.2	9.2	11.7	10.4	6.6
1993	10.7	7.3	10.3	10.9	4.0	8.8	11.2	10.2	16.3	11.7	7.9
1994	11.1	7.1	9.4	9.7	3.8	10.0	10.4	8.2	16.6	12.3	8.5
1995	10.7	6.8	8.6	8.5	3.9	9.9	9.5	7.2	15.4	11.7	8.2
1996	10.8	6.8	8.0	8.5	4.3	9.7	9.7	6.8	14.6	12.4	8.9
1997	10.6	6.6	6.8	8.5	4.4	9.4	9.1	5.6	12.7	12.3	9.9
1998	9.9	6.4	6.3	8.0	4.5	9.5	8.3	5.2	11.4	11.8	9.4
1999	9.2	6.2	5.9	7.2	3.8	9.1	7.6	5.2	10.2	11.2	8.8
2000	8.4	5.8	5.4	6.6	3.4	8.5	6.8	4.9	9.8	9.5	8.3
2000 Apr	8.4	5.8	5.6	6.6	3.8	7.0	6.8	4.6	9.9	9.8	8.0
May	8.3	5.7	5.5	6.5	3.7	7.0	6.7	4.6	9.8	9.6	7.9
Jun	8.2	5.7	5.3	6.3	3.7	6.9	6.6	4.7	9.7	9.4	7.9
Jul	8.1	5.7	5.3	6.1	3.6	6.9	6.8	4.7	9.6	9.4	7.9
Aug	8.1	5.7	5.4	6.1	3.6	7.0	7.1	4.6	9.6	9.4	7.8
Sep	8.0	5.6	5.4	6.0	3.6	7.0	6.9	4.8	9.6	9.3	7.8
Oct	7.9	5.6	5.3	6.0	3.6	6.9	6.9	4.8	9.5	9.1	7.7
Nov	7.9	5.6	5.3	6.3	3.6	6.9	6.9	4.8	9.5	8.9	7.7
Dec	7.8	5.6	5.2	6.3	3.6	6.8	6.8	4.7	9.4	8.8	7.7
2001 Jan	7.8	5.7	5.2	6.3	3.7	6.8	6.9	4.7	9.3	8.7	7.7
Feb	7.8	5.6	5.1	6.6	3.7	6.8	6.9	4.7	9.2	8.6	7.7
Mar	7.7	5.7	5.0	6.5	3.7	6.8	7.0	4.7	9.2	8.6	7.7
Apr	7.6	5.8	..	6.8	3.7	6.8	7.0	..	9.1	8.5	7.7
OTHER COMPLEMENTARY MEASURES OF UNEMPLOYMENT: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED^c											
2000 May	..	..	1,106	628	194	475	1,065	148	253	2,355	..
Jun	..	..	1,094	605	190	473	1,049	150	250	2,329	..
Jul	..	..	1,071	591	186	474	1,087	149	249	2,338	..
Aug	..	..	1,057	596	187	477	1,141	150	248	2,329	..
Sep	..	..	1,043	582	183	472	1,101	152	248	2,270	..
Oct	..	..	1,047	588	185	470	1,113	154	247	2,216	..
Nov	..	..	1,040	606	186	465	1,110	153	246	2,176	..
Dec	..	..	1,034	615	188	461	1,103	150	244	2,164	..
2001 Jan	..	..	1,006	617	199	462	1,113	149	242	2,120	..
Feb	..	..	997	646	195	463	1,123	151	240	2,093	..
Mar	..	..	986	633	192	463	1,143	151	239	2,079	..
Apr	..	..	980	671	189	464	..	..	238	2,075	..
May	..	..	977	..	195	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rate (%) : latest month	..	..	3.2	6.8	5.9	10.6	7.0	5.4	9.1	8.7	9.3
OTHER COMPLEMENTARY MEASURES OF UNEMPLOYMENT: NOT SEASONALLY^c											
1992	..	..	2,779	925	193	473	1,602	315	293	2,776	2,994
1993	..	..	2,919	939	222	550	1,647	345	405	2,999	3,443
1994	..	..	2,639	856	215	589	1,515	340	409	3,094	3,693
1995	..	..	2,326	765	216	597	1,393	285	382	2,985	3,622
1996	..	..	2,122	779	231	588	1,437	242	363	3,063	3,980
1997	..	..	1,602	787	233	570	1,379	217	315	3,102	4,400
1998	..	..	1,362	747	238	541	1,277	180	285	2,977	4,266
1999	..	..	1,263	685	222	508	1,190	155	261	2,772	4,093
2000	..	..	1,102	638	194	474	1,090	147	253	2,338	3,879
2000 May	..	..	1,108	624	174	442	1,091	138	322	2,242	3,788
Jun	..	..	1,077	582	156	439	1,028	135	280	2,189	3,724
Jul	..	..	1,089	542	152	488	1,150	149	210	2,230	3,804
Aug	..	..	1,089	575	156	521	1,180	153	219	2,326	3,781
Sep	..	..	1,043	597	154	501	1,011	141	234	2,296	3,685
Oct	..	..	1,009	558	171	485	1,020	141	225	2,267	3,611
Nov	..	..	1,001	577	193	464	1,040	138	224	2,226	3,645
Dec	..	..	1,011	617	217	460	1,015	139	210	2,209	3,809
2001 Jan	..	..	1,078	648	258	467	1,188	170	248	2,232	4,093
Feb	..	..	1,073	722	248	460	1,183	162	248	2,178	4,113
Mar	..	..	1,041	676	211	448	1,212	157	247	2,084	4,000
Apr	..	..	1,006	669	191	443	..	..	267	2,019	3,868
May	..	..	981	..	175	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rate (%) : latest month	..	..	3.3	6.8	5.3	10.3	7.6	5.6	9.6	..	9.5

a ILO unemployment as a percentage of the labour force. The standardised ILO rates shown are sourced from ONS (for the UK) and the OECD (for all other countries) and are the most suitable rates for making international comparisons. The rates for all countries apart from Switzerland are based on Labour Force Survey data. For Switzerland, the rates are based on registered unemployment.

b The ILO unemployment rate for the UK is an average for 3 months centred on the middle month.

c Levels of other complementary measures of unemployment are: claimant count for UK; registered unemployed for Austria, Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Luxembourg, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, and Switzerland; LFS for Australia, Canada, Finland, Italy, Japan and the USA; and a combination of LFS and registered unemployed for the Netherlands.

d The rate of other complementary measures of unemployment excludes: the armed forces for Australia, Canada, Germany and the USA; conscripts for Finland, Italy; those aged 65 and over in Ireland; and the self employed for Austria.

e The rate of other complementary measures of unemployment for France and Ireland is derived from the LFS and from registered unemployed.

f The seasonally adjusted rate of other complementary measures of unemployment refers to April for Germany and Sweden. For Belgium and Netherlands, both the unadjusted and seasonally adjusted rates refer to March.

Thousands and per cent												
	Greece	Irish Republic ^{d,e}	Italy ^d	Japan	Luxembourg	Netherlands ^f	Norway	Portugal	Spain	Sweden ^f	Switzerland	United States ^d
STANDARDISED ILO RATE: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED^a												
1992	7.9	15.4	8.8	2.2	2.1	5.6	5.9	4.3	18.4	5.6	2.9	7.4
1993	8.6	15.6	10.3	2.5	2.6	6.5	6.0	5.7	22.7	9.1	3.8	6.8
1994	8.9	14.3	11.2	2.9	3.2	7.1	5.5	6.9	24.1	9.4	3.6	6.1
1995	9.2	12.3	11.6	3.1	2.9	6.9	5.0	7.3	22.9	8.8	3.3	5.6
1996	9.6	11.7	11.7	3.4	3.0	6.3	4.9	7.3	22.2	9.6	3.9	5.4
1997	9.8	9.9	11.7	3.4	2.7	5.2	4.1	6.8	20.8	9.9	4.2	4.9
1998	10.9	7.6	11.8	4.1	2.7	4.0	3.3	5.2	18.8	8.3	3.5	4.5
1999	11.6	5.7	11.3	4.7	2.3	3.3	3.2	4.5	15.9	7.2	3.0	4.2
2000	11.1	4.5	10.5	4.7			..	4.2	14.2	5.9	..	4.0
2000 Apr	11.1	4.4	10.6	4.7	2.4	3.2	..	4.1	14.4	6.2	..	4.0
2000 May	11.1	4.3	10.6	4.7	2.5	3.0	3.2	4.0	14.3	6.0	..	4.1
2000 Jun	11.1	4.2	10.6	4.7	2.5	2.8	..	4.1	14.0	6.0	2.6	4.0
2000 Jul	..	4.2	10.5	4.6	2.4	2.7	..	4.2	13.8	5.6	..	4.0
2000 Aug	..	4.1	10.3	4.6	2.4	2.8	3.5	4.2	14.0	5.9	..	4.1
2000 Sep	..	4.0	10.2	4.7	2.4	2.9	..	4.2	13.8	5.5	..	3.9
2000 Oct	..	3.9	10.0	4.7	2.4	2.9	..	4.0	13.5	5.5	..	3.9
2000 Nov	..	3.9	10.0	4.8	2.4	3.0	3.5	3.9	13.5	5.6	..	4.0
2000 Dec	..	3.8	10.0	4.8	2.4	3.0	..	3.9	13.5	5.1	..	4.0
2001 Jan	..	3.8	9.9	4.8	2.4	2.8	..	4.0	13.5	5.4	..	4.2
2001 Feb	..	3.8	..	4.7	2.3	2.7	..	4.1	13.4	5.2	..	4.2
2001 Mar	..	3.8	..	4.8	2.3	2.4	..	4.1	13.2	5.4	..	4.3
2001 Apr	..	3.8	..	4.8	2.4	..	..	4.0	13.1	4.9	..	4.5
OTHER COMPLEMENTARY MEASURES OF UNEMPLOYMENT: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED^c												
2000 May	..	161	..	3,100	5.1	..	64	..	1,533	186	71	5,730
2000 Jun	..	157	..	3,140	5.1	..	60	..	1,537	179	71	5,574
2000 Jul	..	153	2464	3,140	4.9	..	63	..	1,556	176	70	5,648
2000 Aug	..	151	..	3,080	5.0	..	62	..	1,553	168	69	5,785
2000 Sep	..	146	..	3,190	4.9	..	62	..	1,543	163	67	5,537
2000 Oct	..	144	2381	3,210	4.8	..	63	..	1,539	152	66	5,536
2000 Nov	..	144	..	3,270	4.8	..	65	..	1,535	142	66	5,658
2000 Dec	..	139	..	3,320	4.8	..	66	..	1,536	143	65	5,653
2001 Jan	..	138	2354	3,290	4.8	..	62	..	1,558	148	66	5,956
2001 Feb	..	138	..	3,180	4.7	..	61	..	1,532	149	63	5,936
2001 Mar	..	138	..	3,200	4.7	..	62	..	1,525	148	62	6,088
2001 Apr	..	140	..	3,230	4.8	..	61	..	1,518	..	..	6,402
2001 May	..	142	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,501	..	..	6,169
Rate (%) : latest month	..	3.7	9.9	4.8	..	2.1	..	..	..	3.9	1.7	4.4
OTHER COMPLEMENTARY MEASURES OF UNEMPLOYMENT: NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED^c												
1992	185	283	2,535	1,421	2.7	337	114	317	2,260	215	92	9,613
1993	176	294	2,299	1,656	3.5	417	118	347	2,538	325	163	8,940
1994	180	282	2,508	1,920	4.6	485	110	396	2,647	332	171	7,997
1995	184	278	2,638	2,098	5.1	462	102	430	2,449	329	153	7,404
1996	185	279	2,679	2,250	5.7	441	91	468	2,275	344	169	7,236
1997	214	254	2,688	2,303	6.4	375	74	443	2,119	344	188	6,739
1998	290	227	2,744	2,787	5.5	286	56	401	1,890	222	140	6,210
1999	..	193	2,670	3,171	5.4	222	60	357	1,652	208	99	5,880
2000	..	155	2,495	3,198	5.0	..	63	327	1,558	178	72	5,655
2000 May	..	153	..	3,280	4.8	173	60	323	1,531	166.0	70	5,435
2000 Jun	..	157	..	3,210	4.6	171	61	315	1,500	212.0	66	5,940
2000 Jul	..	160	2,404	3,070	4.6	169	68	315	1,489	235.0	65	6,004
2000 Aug	..	159	..	3,100	4.6	176	68	313	1,488	186.0	64	5,824
2000 Sep	..	145	..	3,200	4.9	181	59	317	1,501	150.0	62	5,324
2000 Oct	..	139	2,383	3,140	4.9	190	58	324	1,530	132.0	63	5,122
2000 Nov	..	137	..	3,090	5.0	186	58	328	1,557	122.0	66	5,295
2000 Dec	..	142	..	2,980	5.0	187	61	326	1,556	154.0	70	5,227
2001 Jan	..	142	2,379	3,170	5.3	184	70	339	1,621	152.0	72	6,587
2001 Feb	..	140	..	3,180	5.1	176	65	342	1,599	143.0	70	6,464
2001 Mar	..	136	..	3,430	4.9	155	62	339	1,578	134.0	66	6,453
2001 Apr	..	137	..	3,480	4.8	..	59	328	1,535	..	..	5,951
2001 May	..	134	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,478	..	..	5,846
Rate (%) : latest month	..	..	..	5.1	..	2.1	..	..	..	3.7	1.8	4.1

Enquiries: 02075336119

D.1 ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

Economic activity by age

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM	All aged over 16	16-59/64	16-17	18-24	25-34	35-49	50-64 (M) 50-59 (F)	65+ (M) 60+ (F)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
All	MGSF	YBSK	YBZL	YBZO	YBZR	YBZU	YBZX	YCAD
Spring quarters (Mar-May)								
1992	28,699	27,855	821	4,599	7,504	9,877	5,054	844
1993	28,565	27,762	713	4,425	7,614	9,952	5,059	803
1994	28,578	27,773	729	4,173	7,702	10,025	5,144	805
1995	28,618	27,807	752	4,009	7,743	10,119	5,184	811
1996	28,806	28,018	826	3,915	7,752	10,264	5,261	788
1997	29,004	28,182	868	3,793	7,783	10,267	5,471	822
1998	29,049	28,258	853	3,710	7,708	10,318	5,668	791
1999	29,356	28,525	846	3,706	7,593	10,525	5,856	830
2000	29,574	28,736	848	3,750	7,414	10,724	6,000	839
3-month averages								
Feb-Apr 2000	29,556	28,705	858	3,746	7,422	10,710	5,969	851
Mar-May (Spr)	29,574	28,736	848	3,750	7,414	10,724	6,000	839
Apr-Jun	29,543	28,702	838	3,723	7,380	10,737	6,024	841
May-Jul	29,542	28,697	819	3,715	7,365	10,758	6,042	844
Jun-Aug (Sum)	29,549	28,709	826	3,721	7,336	10,782	6,045	840
Jul-Sep	29,579	28,746	824	3,733	7,325	10,812	6,052	833
Aug-Oct	29,590	28,755	828	3,742	7,313	10,808	6,064	835
Sep-Nov (Aut)	29,552	28,711	823	3,731	7,293	10,801	6,062	841
Oct-Dec	29,562	28,726	819	3,723	7,289	10,820	6,076	835
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	29,617	28,787	829	3,734	7,280	10,857	6,087	830
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	29,623	28,795	819	3,731	7,261	10,876	6,108	828
Jan-Mar 2001	29,598	28,780	815	3,732	7,230	10,894	6,110	818
Feb-Apr	29,619	28,798	810	3,747	7,215	10,894	6,132	821
Changes								
Over last 3 months	2	11	-19	13	-65	37	45	-9
Percent	0.0	0.0	-2.3	0.3	-0.9	0.3	0.7	-1.1
Over last 12 months	63	93	-48	0	-206	184	163	-30
Percent	0.2	0.3	-5.6	0.0	-2.8	1.7	2.7	-3.5
Male	MGSF	YBSL	YBZM	YBZP	YBZS	YBZV	YBZY	YCAE
Spring quarters (Mar-May)								
1992	16,265	15,949	430	2,515	4,368	5,436	3,200	316
1993	16,099	15,831	365	2,431	4,395	5,471	3,170	268
1994	16,078	15,803	376	2,301	4,446	5,493	3,187	275
1995	16,090	15,793	387	2,207	4,455	5,559	3,186	297
1996	16,136	15,859	434	2,145	4,432	5,609	3,238	277
1997	16,184	15,905	434	2,082	4,428	5,608	3,352	280
1998	16,181	15,900	431	2,020	4,385	5,624	3,439	282
1999	16,318	16,025	436	2,012	4,282	5,747	3,548	294
2000	16,411	16,121	430	2,038	4,185	5,862	3,605	290
3-month averages								
Feb-Apr 2000	16,406	16,108	439	2,041	4,192	5,849	3,589	298
Mar-May (Spr)	16,411	16,121	430	2,038	4,185	5,862	3,605	290
Apr-Jun	16,371	16,086	421	2,024	4,160	5,864	3,616	285
May-Jul	16,350	16,063	411	2,009	4,147	5,872	3,624	287
Jun-Aug (Sum)	16,344	16,063	420	2,018	4,127	5,872	3,626	281
Jul-Sep	16,365	16,087	424	2,018	4,123	5,888	3,633	279
Aug-Oct	16,387	16,103	424	2,016	4,122	5,900	3,641	284
Sep-Nov (Aut)	16,378	16,092	422	2,013	4,120	5,898	3,639	286
Oct-Dec	16,399	16,118	419	2,023	4,113	5,910	3,653	281
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	16,420	16,143	425	2,031	4,107	5,920	3,661	276
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	16,433	16,155	422	2,035	4,096	5,932	3,671	278
Jan-Mar 2001	16,428	16,160	422	2,035	4,088	5,941	3,674	267
Feb-Apr	16,413	16,143	420	2,030	4,073	5,937	3,683	269
Changes								
Over last 3 months	-7	0	-5	-1	-34	17	23	-7
Percent	0.0	0.0	-1.2	0.0	-0.8	0.3	0.6	-2.6
Over last 12 months	7	35	-19	-11	-119	88	95	-28
Percent	0.0	0.2	-4.4	-0.5	-2.8	1.5	2.6	-9.5
Female	MGSF	YBSM	YBZN	YBZQ	YBZT	YBZW	YBZZ	YCAF
Spring quarters (Mar-May)								
1992	12,434	11,906	392	2,083	3,136	4,441	1,854	528
1993	12,466	11,931	348	1,994	3,219	4,481	1,889	535
1994	12,500	11,970	353	1,872	3,256	4,532	1,957	530
1995	12,528	12,013	365	1,802	3,288	4,561	1,998	514
1996	12,670	12,159	392	1,770	3,320	4,655	2,023	511
1997	12,819	12,277	434	1,711	3,356	4,658	2,119	542
1998	12,868	12,359	422	1,689	3,323	4,695	2,229	509
1999	13,037	12,501	410	1,694	3,311	4,778	2,308	537
2000	13,163	12,615	417	1,711	3,229	4,861	2,395	548
3-month averages								
Feb-Apr 2000	13,150	12,597	420	1,706	3,230	4,861	2,381	553
Mar-May (Spr)	13,163	12,615	417	1,711	3,229	4,861	2,395	548
Apr-Jun	13,172	12,616	416	1,699	3,221	4,873	2,408	556
May-Jul	13,192	12,634	407	1,706	3,218	4,885	2,418	557
Jun-Aug (Sum)	13,205	12,646	406	1,702	3,210	4,909	2,418	559
Jul-Sep	13,214	12,659	401	1,715	3,201	4,924	2,419	554
Aug-Oct	13,202	12,652	404	1,726	3,191	4,908	2,423	550
Sep-Nov (Aut)	13,174	12,619	401	1,718	3,173	4,903	2,424	555
Oct-Dec	13,163	12,609	399	1,700	3,176	4,910	2,423	554
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	13,198	12,644	404	1,703	3,174	4,937	2,426	554
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	13,190	12,640	398	1,696	3,165	4,944	2,438	550
Jan-Mar 2001	13,170	12,620	392	1,697	3,142	4,952	2,436	550
Feb-Apr	13,207	12,655	390	1,716	3,142	4,957	2,449	552
Changes								
Over last 3 months	9	11	-14	14	-31	20	23	-2
Percent	0.1	0.1	-3.4	0.8	-1.0	0.4	0.9	-0.3
Over last 12 months	56	58	-29	11	-88	96	68	-2
Percent	0.4	0.5	-7.0	0.6	-2.7	2.0	2.9	-0.3

a Denominator=all persons in the relevant age group.

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7.

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

Economic activity rates^a by age

Per cent, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM		All aged over 16	16-59/64	16-17	18-24	25-34	35-49	50-64 (M) 50-59 (F)	65+ (M) 60+ (F)
		9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
All		MGWG	MGSO	YCAC	YCAJ	YCAM	YCAP	MGWP	MGWS
	Spring quarters (Mar-May)								
	1992	63.3	79.2	59.5	78.3	82.6	85.8	69.0	8.3
	1993	62.9	78.8	53.8	77.9	82.9	85.4	68.4	7.9
	1994	62.8	78.6	56.2	76.2	83.0	85.1	68.5	7.9
	1995	62.7	78.4	55.9	75.9	83.1	84.9	68.1	8.0
	1996	62.8	78.6	58.1	77.1	83.0	84.8	68.1	7.7
	1997	63.0	78.6	59.5	76.7	83.7	84.5	68.5	8.1
	1998	62.8	78.4	58.7	75.6	83.9	84.3	68.7	7.7
	1999	63.2	78.8	58.6	75.5	84.5	84.9	69.4	8.1
	2000	63.5	79.1	58.9	76.0	84.8	85.2	69.7	8.2
	3-month averages								
	Feb-Apr 2000	63.5	79.1	59.6	75.9	84.7	85.2	69.5	8.3
	Mar-May (Spr)	63.5	79.1	58.9	76.0	84.8	85.2	69.7	8.2
	Apr-Jun	63.4	79.0	58.2	75.4	84.6	85.2	69.9	8.2
	May-Jul	63.4	79.0	56.9	75.2	84.7	85.2	70.0	8.2
	Jun-Aug (Sum)	63.4	79.0	57.4	75.3	84.5	85.3	69.9	8.2
	Jul-Sep	63.4	79.0	57.2	75.4	84.4	85.3	69.9	8.1
	Aug-Oct	63.4	79.0	57.3	75.5	84.5	85.2	69.9	8.1
	Sep-Nov (Aut)	63.3	78.8	56.9	75.3	84.4	85.0	69.8	8.2
	Oct-Dec	63.3	78.8	56.5	75.0	84.5	85.0	69.9	8.1
	Nov 2000-Jan 2001	63.4	78.9	57.1	75.2	84.6	85.2	69.9	8.1
	Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	63.3	78.9	56.4	75.0	84.6	85.2	70.1	8.1
	Jan-Mar 2001	63.3	78.8	56.0	75.0	84.4	85.2	70.0	8.0
	Feb-Apr	63.3	78.8	55.6	75.2	84.4	85.1	70.1	8.0
	Changes								
	Over last 3 months	-0.1	-0.1	-1.5	0.0	-0.2	-0.1	0.2	-0.1
	Over last 12 months	-0.2	-0.2	-4.0	-0.8	-0.3	-0.1	0.7	-0.3
Male		MGWH	MGSP	YCAH	YCAK	YCAN	YCAQ	MGWQ	MGWT
	Spring quarters (Mar-May)								
	1992	74.2	86.8	60.7	83.9	95.0	94.5	74.0	8.9
	1993	73.2	86.0	53.6	83.8	94.5	93.9	72.8	7.5
	1994	72.9	85.6	56.4	82.2	94.6	93.3	72.3	7.7
	1995	72.6	85.2	56.2	81.8	94.2	93.1	71.5	8.2
	1996	72.4	85.1	59.5	82.6	93.4	92.5	71.8	7.6
	1997	72.2	84.9	58.2	82.4	93.6	92.0	72.2	7.6
	1998	71.8	84.3	57.9	80.7	93.7	91.5	72.0	7.6
	1999	72.0	84.6	58.9	80.4	93.5	92.2	72.6	7.9
	2000	72.1	84.8	58.4	81.0	93.9	92.5	72.5	7.8
	3-month averages								
	Feb-Apr 2000	72.1	84.7	59.5	81.2	93.9	92.4	72.3	8.0
	Mar-May (Spr)	72.1	84.8	58.4	81.0	93.9	92.5	72.5	7.8
	Apr-Jun	71.9	84.5	57.2	80.4	93.6	92.3	72.6	7.6
	May-Jul	71.8	84.4	55.8	79.8	93.5	92.3	72.7	7.7
	Jun-Aug (Sum)	71.8	84.4	57.0	80.2	93.3	92.2	72.6	7.5
	Jul-Sep	71.7	84.4	57.4	80.0	93.2	92.2	72.7	7.4
	Aug-Oct	71.8	84.4	57.3	79.8	93.4	92.3	72.7	7.6
	Sep-Nov (Aut)	71.7	84.3	56.9	79.6	93.5	92.1	72.6	7.6
	Oct-Dec	71.8	84.4	56.5	79.9	93.5	92.1	72.8	7.5
	Nov 2000-Jan 2001	71.8	84.5	57.2	80.2	93.6	92.2	72.9	7.4
	Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	71.8	84.5	56.7	80.2	93.5	92.2	73.0	7.4
	Jan-Mar 2001	71.8	84.5	56.7	80.2	93.5	92.2	73.0	7.1
	Feb-Apr	71.7	84.3	56.2	79.9	93.4	92.0	73.1	7.2
	Changes								
	Over last 3 months	-0.2	-0.1	-1.0	-0.3	-0.2	-0.2	0.2	-0.2
	Over last 12 months	-0.5	-0.4	-3.3	-1.3	-0.5	-0.4	0.8	-0.8
Female		MGWI	MGSQ	YCAI	YCAL	YCAO	YCAR	MGWR	MGWU
	Spring quarters (Mar-May)								
	1992	53.2	70.9	58.2	72.4	69.9	77.2	61.8	8.0
	1993	53.2	70.9	53.9	71.7	71.0	76.9	62.2	8.1
	1994	53.3	70.9	55.9	69.9	71.2	76.9	63.1	8.1
	1995	53.3	70.9	55.7	69.8	71.6	76.6	63.2	7.9
	1996	53.8	71.4	56.5	71.2	72.3	77.1	62.9	7.8
	1997	54.3	71.8	60.9	70.7	73.5	76.9	63.3	8.3
	1998	54.3	72.0	59.4	70.4	73.8	77.1	64.3	7.8
	1999	54.8	72.5	58.2	70.4	75.2	77.6	64.9	8.2
	2000	55.2	73.0	59.4	70.7	75.3	77.8	66.0	8.4
	3-month averages								
	Feb-Apr 2000	55.2	72.9	59.7	70.5	75.2	77.9	65.7	8.5
	Mar-May (Spr)	55.2	73.0	59.4	70.7	75.3	77.8	66.0	8.4
	Apr-Jun	55.3	72.9	59.3	70.1	75.3	77.9	66.2	8.5
	May-Jul	55.3	73.0	58.0	70.4	75.4	78.0	66.4	8.5
	Jun-Aug (Sum)	55.4	73.1	57.8	70.2	75.4	78.3	66.3	8.6
	Jul-Sep	55.4	73.1	56.9	70.7	75.3	78.3	66.1	8.5
	Aug-Oct	55.3	73.0	57.3	71.1	75.2	78.0	66.1	8.4
	Sep-Nov (Aut)	55.2	72.8	56.8	70.7	74.9	77.8	66.0	8.5
	Oct-Dec	55.1	72.7	56.5	69.9	75.2	77.8	65.9	8.5
	Nov 2000-Jan 2001	55.3	72.8	57.1	69.9	75.3	78.1	65.9	8.5
	Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	55.2	72.8	56.1	69.6	75.2	78.1	66.1	8.4
	Jan-Mar 2001	55.1	72.6	55.3	69.6	74.9	78.1	65.9	8.4
	Feb-Apr	55.2	72.8	54.9	70.3	75.0	78.1	66.1	8.5
	Changes								
	Over last 3 months	0.0	-0.1	-2.2	0.4	-0.3	0.0	0.3	0.0
	Over last 12 months	0.0	-0.1	-4.8	-0.2	-0.1	0.2	0.5	0.0

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

D.2 ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

Economic inactivity

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

Aged 16-59 (F) / 64 (M)

UNITED KINGDOM	Total aged 16 and over	Wants job but not seeking in last 4 weeks											Wants job and seeking work but not available to start			
		Total	Does not want job	Wants a job	Available to start work in next 2 weeks		Reasons for not seeking						All	Students	Other	
					Total	Not available	Discouraged workers	Long-term sick	Looking after family/home	Students	Other					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		
All Spring quarters (Mar-May)	MGSI	YBSN	YBVZ	YBWC	YCFF	YCFI	YCFL	YCFO	YCFR	YCFU	YCFX	YCGA	YCGD	YCGG	YCGJ	
1993	16,836	7,481	5,335	2,146	1,870	873	997	150	414	748	211	346	275	117	159	
1994	16,909	7,564	5,299	2,264	2,036	924	1,112	138	503	792	230	373	229	100	128	
1995	17,023	7,676	5,396	2,280	2,041	925	1,116	109	524	772	240	396	239	120	118	
1996	17,030	7,645	5,328	2,317	2,132	896	1,236	104	579	776	262	411	184	86	99	
1997	17,032	7,663	5,268	2,395	2,188	783	1,405	89	692	746	268	393	207	92	115	
1998	17,204	7,768	5,367	2,400	2,181	735	1,446	72	750	743	248	367	220	94	126	
1999	17,075	7,652	5,331	2,321	2,107	688	1,419	68	749	678	242	371	213	90	123	
2000	17,007	7,577	5,268	2,309	2,120	670	1,450	62	765	651	241	400	189	77	113	
3-month averages																
Feb-Apr 2000	17,012	7,596	5,290	2,306	2,118	671	1,447	64	758	653	236	408	188	78	110	
Mar-May (Spr)	17,007	7,577	5,268	2,309	2,120	670	1,450	62	765	651	241	400	189	77	113	
Apr-Jun	17,050	7,621	5,309	2,312	2,116	670	1,446	67	757	643	247	401	196	80	115	
May-Jul	17,063	7,637	5,326	2,311	2,111	660	1,451	62	751	643	260	396	200	87	113	
Jun-Aug (Sum)	17,068	7,637	5,336	2,300	2,102	658	1,444	61	750	637	257	397	198	86	113	
Jul-Sep	17,086	7,646	5,360	2,286	2,076	658	1,417	53	736	635	253	399	210	87	124	
Aug-Oct	17,096	7,657	5,391	2,266	2,061	652	1,409	53	734	634	245	395	205	82	123	
Sep-Nov (Aut)	17,155	7,722	5,461	2,261	2,053	649	1,404	47	754	626	234	392	208	79	129	
Oct-Dec	17,165	7,726	5,464	2,261	2,049	633	1,416	45	747	626	240	391	212	83	129	
Nov2000-Jan2001	17,131	7,686	5,434	2,251	2,032	634	1,398	42	742	617	243	388	220	94	126	
Dec2000-Feb2001 (Win)	17,146	7,698	5,455	2,243	2,018	627	1,390	40	732	617	248	381	225	98	127	
Jan-Mar 2001	17,192	7,733	5,493	2,240	2,019	633	1,385	39	737	629	253	361	221	92	129	
Feb-Apr	17,191	7,736	5,504	2,231	2,015	629	1,386	34	727	634	255	365	217	81	136	
Changes																
Overlast 3 months	61	50	70	-20	-17	-5	-12	-9	-15	17	13	-22	-3	-13	10	
Percent	0.4	0.6	1.3	-0.9	-0.8	-0.8	-0.8	-20.4	-2.1	2.7	5.3	-5.7	-1.5	-14.0	7.8	
Overlast 12 months	180	140	214	-75	-103	-42	-61	-30	-31	-19	20	-43	29	2	26	
Percent	1.1	1.8	4.1	-3.2	-4.9	-6.3	-4.2	-47.6	-4.1	-2.9	8.4	-10.5	15.2	3.1	23.9	
Male Spring quarters (Mar-May)	MGSJ	YBSO	YBWA	YBWD	YCFG	YCFJ	YCFM	YCFN	YCFQ	YCFR	YCFV	YCFY	YCGB	YCGE	YCGH	YCGK
1993	5,886	2,583	1,807	777	654	307	348	89	259	44	112	150	122	58	65	
1994	5,971	2,657	1,809	847	736	325	411	83	324	49	121	158	112	57	54	
1995	6,065	2,747	1,901	847	737	321	416	64	327	51	129	166	110	58	52	
1996	6,147	2,782	1,882	900	815	340	475	60	362	69	141	183	86	41	45	
1997	6,228	2,839	1,898	941	845	272	573	51	419	70	137	168	96	53	43	
1998	6,366	2,952	1,964	988	880	279	601	44	472	75	130	159	108	55	53	
1999	6,339	2,918	1,972	946	854	274	580	41	460	72	123	158	92	44	48	
2000	6,343	2,899	1,957	942	862	264	598	35	465	64	117	181	81	40	40	
3-month averages																
Feb-Apr 2000	6,340	2,905	1,962	943	862	268	594	40	460	64	113	184	81	41	40	
Mar-May (Spr)	6,343	2,899	1,957	942	862	264	598	35	465	64	117	181	81	40	40	
Apr-Jun	6,391	2,940	1,988	953	870	264	605	37	460	66	124	183	83	41	42	
May-Jul	6,420	2,969	2,007	962	877	262	615	36	457	66	136	184	85	42	43	
Jun-Aug (Sum)	6,434	2,975	2,005	970	885	268	617	37	462	65	134	186	85	41	44	
Jul-Sep	6,446	2,981	2,020	962	864	267	598	32	455	64	131	183	97	44	53	
Aug-Oct	6,436	2,975	2,027	948	856	264	592	32	451	67	128	178	92	42	49	
Sep-Nov (Aut)	6,459	2,997	2,048	949	855	264	591	30	463	64	120	178	94	43	51	
Oct-Dec	6,451	2,982	2,038	944	852	257	595	26	462	65	125	174	92	44	48	
Nov2000-Jan2001	6,444	2,968	2,025	943	848	260	588	24	460	68	123	173	96	49	47	
Dec2000-Feb2001 (Win)	6,444	2,967	2,024	943	842	251	590	22	455	67	128	169	101	52	49	
Jan-Mar 2001	6,463	2,973	2,028	945	845	256	588	23	455	69	129	169	100	48	52	
Feb-Apr	6,491	3,001	2,058	943	841	253	588	20	444	69	130	177	103	45	58	
Changes																
Overlast 3 months	47	33	33	0	-7	-7	0	-4	-16	1	8	5	7	-4	11	
Percent	0.7	1.1	1.6	0.0	-0.9	-2.8	0.0	-17.6	-3.5	1.3	6.3	2.6	7.4	-8.9	24.5	
Overlast 12 months	151	96	95	0	-21	-15	-6	-20	-16	4	17	-7	22	3	18	
Percent	2.4	3.3	4.9	0.0	-2.5	-5.8	-1.0	-50.3	-3.5	6.8	15.3	-3.6	26.8	8.1	46.2	
Female Spring quarters (Mar-May)	MGSK	YBSP	YBWB	YBWE	YCFH	YCFK	YCFM	YCFN	YCFQ	YCFR	YCFW	YCFZ	YCGC	YCGF	YCGI	YCGL
1993	10,949	4,897	3,528	1,369	1,216	566	650	61	155	704	99	196	153	59	94	
1994	10,938	4,907	3,490	1,417	1,300	599	701	55	179	742	109	216	117	43	74	
1995	10,958	4,929	3,496	1,433	1,305	604	700	45	197	721	111	230	129	62	67	
1996	10,883	4,863	3,446	1,417	1,318	556	761	44	218	707	121	228	99	45	54	
1997	10,905	4,824	3,370	1,454	1,343	510	832	38	272	676	131	225	111	39	72	
1998	10,838	4,815	3,403	1,412	1,301	456	845	27	278	668	118	209	112	39	73	
1999	10,736	4,734	3,358	1,375	1,254	414	840	27	289	606	119	213	121	46	75	
2000	10,663	4,677	3,311	1,367	1,258	406	852	27	300	587	125	219	109	36	72	
3-month averages																
Feb-Apr 2000	10,672	4,690	3,327	1,363	1,256	403	853	24	297	588	123	224	107	37	70	
Mar-May (Spr)	10,663	4,677	3,311	1,367	1,258	406	852	27	300	587	125	219	109	36	72	
Apr-Jun	10,658	4,681	3,322	1,359	1,246	406	840	31	297	577	123	218	113	39	74	
May-Jul	10,643	4,667	3,319	1,349	1,234	399	836	26	294	578	123	212	114	45	70	
Jun-Aug (Sum)	10,634	4,661	3,331	1,330	1,217	390	827	24	287	572	122	211	113	45	68	
Jul-Sep	10,641	4,665	3,340	1,324	1,211	392	820	21	281	572	122	216	113	42	71	
Aug-Oct	10,660	4,682</														

D.3 ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

Economic inactivity by age

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM	All aged 16 and over	16-59/64	16-17	18-24	25-34	35-49	50-64 (M) 50-59 (F)	65+ (M) 60+ (F)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
All	MGSI	YBSN	YCAS	YCAV	YCAV	YCBB	MGWA	MGWD
Spring quarters (Mar-May)								
1992	16,611	7,318	559	1,278	1,578	1,630	2,273	9,293
1993	16,836	7,481	613	1,258	1,573	1,701	2,336	9,355
1994	16,909	7,564	569	1,304	1,572	1,756	2,363	9,345
1995	17,023	7,676	592	1,271	1,576	1,805	2,432	9,347
1996	17,030	7,645	597	1,166	1,584	1,836	2,463	9,384
1997	17,032	7,663	590	1,155	1,512	1,887	2,519	9,370
1998	17,204	7,768	601	1,194	1,476	1,917	2,579	9,436
1999	17,075	7,652	599	1,204	1,392	1,869	2,588	9,423
2000	17,007	7,577	592	1,185	1,327	1,868	2,604	9,430
3-month averages								
Feb-Apr 2000	17,012	7,596	582	1,187	1,341	1,864	2,622	9,416
Mar-May (Spr)	17,007	7,577	592	1,185	1,327	1,868	2,604	9,430
Apr-Jun	17,050	7,621	602	1,215	1,340	1,871	2,593	9,429
May-Jul	17,063	7,637	621	1,225	1,335	1,867	2,588	9,426
Jun-Aug (Sum)	17,068	7,637	614	1,221	1,343	1,861	2,598	9,432
Jul-Sep	17,086	7,646	618	1,215	1,352	1,856	2,605	9,441
Aug-Oct	17,096	7,657	616	1,211	1,346	1,879	2,605	9,439
Sep-Nov (Aut)	17,155	7,722	624	1,227	1,347	1,906	2,619	9,433
Oct-Dec	17,165	7,726	630	1,240	1,333	1,904	2,618	9,439
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	17,131	7,686	622	1,234	1,324	1,886	2,619	9,445
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	17,146	7,698	634	1,242	1,326	1,886	2,610	9,448
Jan-Mar 2001	17,192	7,733	641	1,246	1,338	1,887	2,621	9,459
Feb-Apr	17,191	7,736	648	1,236	1,336	1,905	2,611	9,456
Changes								
Over last 3 months	61	50	25	2	11	19	-8	11
Percent	0.4	0.6	4.1	0.2	0.9	1.0	-0.3	0.1
Over last 12 months	180	140	66	50	-5	41	-11	40
Percent	1.1	1.8	11.3	4.2	-0.4	2.2	-0.4	0.4
Male	MGSJ	YBSO	YCAT	YCAW	YCAZ	YCBC	MGWB	MGWE
Spring quarters (Mar-May)								
1992	5,659	2,433	278	483	230	315	1,127	3,226
1993	5,886	2,583	315	470	257	355	1,187	3,303
1994	5,971	2,657	290	498	253	396	1,220	3,315
1995	6,065	2,747	302	491	275	410	1,270	3,318
1996	6,147	2,782	295	451	313	454	1,270	3,364
1997	6,228	2,839	312	446	302	488	1,291	3,389
1998	6,366	2,952	313	484	294	521	1,340	3,414
1999	6,339	2,918	304	492	298	486	1,338	3,420
2000	6,343	2,899	307	477	270	479	1,367	3,444
3-month averages								
Feb-Apr 2000	6,340	2,905	299	473	274	483	1,377	3,435
Mar-May (Spr)	6,343	2,899	307	477	270	479	1,367	3,444
Apr-Jun	6,391	2,940	316	492	284	496	1,363	3,451
May-Jul	6,420	2,969	326	508	286	487	1,362	3,451
Jun-Aug (Sum)	6,434	2,975	317	500	296	497	1,366	3,458
Jul-Sep	6,446	2,981	315	504	301	495	1,366	3,465
Aug-Oct	6,436	2,975	316	509	293	493	1,364	3,461
Sep-Nov (Aut)	6,459	2,997	319	515	286	506	1,372	3,462
Oct-Dec	6,451	2,982	323	508	284	504	1,364	3,469
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	6,444	2,968	318	502	282	504	1,362	3,476
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	6,444	2,967	322	501	284	502	1,358	3,477
Jan-Mar 2001	6,463	2,973	323	504	284	502	1,361	3,490
Feb-Apr	6,491	3,001	327	511	290	517	1,357	3,490
Changes								
Over last 3 months	47	33	9	9	7	13	-5	14
Percent	0.7	1.1	2.7	1.8	2.6	2.6	-0.4	0.4
Over last 12 months	151	96	28	38	16	34	-20	56
Percent	2.4	3.3	9.4	8.0	5.9	7.0	-1.5	1.6
Female	MGSK	YBSP	YCAU	YCAV	YCBA	YCBD	MGWC	MGWF
Spring quarters (Mar-May)								
1992	10,952	4,885	281	795	1,349	1,315	1,146	6,067
1993	10,949	4,897	298	788	1,316	1,347	1,149	6,052
1994	10,938	4,907	278	807	1,319	1,360	1,143	6,031
1995	10,958	4,929	290	780	1,302	1,396	1,162	6,029
1996	10,883	4,863	302	714	1,271	1,382	1,193	6,020
1997	10,805	4,824	278	709	1,210	1,399	1,228	5,981
1998	10,838	4,815	288	710	1,182	1,396	1,239	6,023
1999	10,736	4,734	295	712	1,095	1,382	1,249	6,003
2000	10,663	4,677	285	709	1,057	1,389	1,237	5,986
3-month averages								
Feb-Apr 2000	10,672	4,690	283	713	1,067	1,381	1,245	5,982
Mar-May (Spr)	10,663	4,677	285	709	1,057	1,389	1,237	5,986
Apr-Jun	10,658	4,681	286	723	1,056	1,385	1,230	5,978
May-Jul	10,643	4,667	295	717	1,049	1,380	1,226	5,976
Jun-Aug (Sum)	10,634	4,661	297	722	1,047	1,365	1,232	5,973
Jul-Sep	10,641	4,665	303	711	1,051	1,361	1,238	5,976
Aug-Oct	10,660	4,682	301	702	1,053	1,386	1,241	5,978
Sep-Nov (Aut)	10,696	4,725	305	712	1,061	1,400	1,247	5,971
Oct-Dec	10,714	4,743	307	732	1,049	1,401	1,254	5,970
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	10,687	4,717	304	732	1,042	1,383	1,257	5,969
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	10,702	4,731	311	741	1,042	1,385	1,252	5,971
Jan-Mar 2001	10,729	4,760	318	742	1,054	1,385	1,260	5,969
Feb-Apr	10,700	4,735	321	725	1,046	1,389	1,254	5,966
Changes								
Over last 3 months	14	17	17	-7	4	6	-3	-3
Percent	0.1	0.4	5.5	-0.9	0.4	0.4	-0.2	-0.1
Over last 12 months	28	44	38	12	-21	7	9	-16
Percent	0.3	0.9	13.3	1.6	-2.0	0.5	0.7	-0.3

a Denominator=all persons in the relevant age group.

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7.

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

Economic inactivity rates^a by age

D.3

Per cent, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM	All aged 16 and over	16-59/64	16-17	18-24	25-34	35-49	50-64 (M) 50-59 (F)	65+ (M) 60+ (F)
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
All	YBTC	YBTL	LWEX	LWFA	LWFD	LWFG	LWFFJ	LWFFM
Spring quarters (Mar-May)								
1992	36.7	20.8	40.5	21.7	17.4	14.2	31.0	91.7
1993	37.1	21.2	46.2	22.1	17.1	14.6	31.6	92.1
1994	37.2	21.4	43.8	23.8	17.0	14.9	31.5	92.1
1995	37.3	21.6	44.1	24.1	16.9	15.1	31.9	92.0
1996	37.2	21.4	41.9	22.9	17.0	15.2	31.9	92.3
1997	37.0	21.4	40.5	23.3	16.3	15.5	31.5	91.9
1998	37.2	21.6	41.3	24.4	16.1	15.7	31.3	92.3
1999	36.8	21.2	41.4	24.5	15.5	15.1	30.6	91.9
2000	36.5	20.9	41.1	24.0	15.2	14.8	30.3	91.8
3-month averages								
Feb-Apr 2000	36.5	20.9	40.4	24.1	15.3	14.8	30.5	91.7
Mar-May (Spr)	36.5	20.9	41.1	24.0	15.2	14.8	30.3	91.8
Apr-Jun	36.6	21.0	41.8	24.6	15.4	14.8	30.1	91.8
May-Jul	36.6	21.0	43.1	24.8	15.3	14.8	30.0	91.8
Jun-Aug (Sum)	36.6	21.0	42.6	24.7	15.5	14.7	30.1	91.8
Jul-Sep	36.6	21.0	42.8	24.6	15.6	14.7	30.1	91.9
Aug-Oct	36.6	21.0	42.7	24.5	15.5	14.8	30.1	91.9
Sep-Nov (Aut)	36.7	21.2	43.1	24.7	15.6	15.0	30.2	91.8
Oct-Dec	36.7	21.2	43.5	25.0	15.5	15.0	30.1	91.9
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	36.6	21.1	42.9	24.8	15.4	14.8	30.1	91.9
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	36.7	21.1	43.6	25.0	15.4	14.8	29.9	91.9
Jan-Mar 2001	36.7	21.2	44.0	25.0	15.6	14.8	30.0	92.0
Feb-Apr	36.7	21.2	44.4	24.8	15.6	14.9	29.9	92.0
Changes								
Over last 3 months	0.1	0.1	1.5	0.0	0.2	0.1	-0.2	0.1
Over last 12 months	0.2	0.2	4.0	0.8	0.3	0.1	-0.7	0.3
Male	YBTD	YBTN	LWEY	LWFB	LWFE	LWFH	LWFK	LWFN
Spring quarters (Mar-May)								
1992	25.8	13.2	39.3	16.1	5.0	5.5	26.0	91.1
1993	26.8	14.0	46.4	16.2	5.5	6.1	27.2	92.5
1994	27.1	14.4	43.6	17.8	5.4	6.7	27.7	92.3
1995	27.4	14.8	43.8	18.2	5.8	6.9	28.5	91.8
1996	27.6	14.9	40.5	17.4	6.6	7.5	28.2	92.4
1997	27.8	15.1	41.8	17.6	6.4	8.0	27.8	92.4
1998	28.2	15.7	42.1	19.3	6.3	8.5	28.0	92.4
1999	28.0	15.4	41.1	19.6	6.5	7.8	27.4	92.1
2000	27.9	15.2	41.6	19.0	6.1	7.5	27.5	92.2
3-month averages								
Feb-Apr 2000	27.9	15.3	40.5	18.8	6.1	7.6	27.7	92.0
Mar-May (Spr)	27.9	15.2	41.6	19.0	6.1	7.5	27.5	92.2
Apr-Jun	28.1	15.5	42.8	19.6	6.4	7.7	27.4	92.4
May-Jul	28.2	15.6	44.2	20.2	6.5	7.7	27.3	92.3
Jun-Aug (Sum)	28.2	15.6	43.0	19.8	6.7	7.8	27.4	92.5
Jul-Sep	28.3	15.6	42.6	20.0	6.8	7.8	27.3	92.6
Aug-Oct	28.2	15.6	42.7	20.2	6.6	7.7	27.3	92.4
Sep-Nov (Aut)	28.3	15.7	43.1	20.4	6.5	7.9	27.4	92.4
Oct-Dec	28.2	15.6	43.5	20.1	6.5	7.9	27.2	92.5
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	28.2	15.5	42.8	19.8	6.4	7.8	27.1	92.6
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	28.2	15.5	43.3	19.8	6.5	7.8	27.0	92.6
Jan-Mar 2001	28.2	15.5	43.3	19.8	6.5	7.8	27.0	92.9
Feb-Apr	28.3	15.7	43.8	20.1	6.6	8.0	26.9	92.8
Changes								
Over last 3 months	0.2	0.1	1.0	0.3	0.2	0.2	-0.2	0.2
Over last 12 months	0.5	0.4	3.3	1.3	0.5	0.4	-0.8	0.8
Female	YBTE	YBTM	LWEZ	LWFC	LWFF	LWFI	LWFL	LWFO
Spring quarters (Mar-May)								
1992	46.8	29.1	41.8	27.6	30.1	22.8	38.2	92.0
1993	46.8	29.1	46.1	28.3	29.0	23.1	37.8	91.9
1994	46.7	29.1	44.1	30.1	28.8	23.1	36.9	91.9
1995	46.7	29.1	44.3	30.2	28.4	23.4	36.8	92.1
1996	46.2	28.6	43.5	28.8	27.7	22.9	37.1	92.2
1997	45.7	28.2	39.1	29.3	26.5	23.1	36.7	91.7
1998	45.7	28.0	40.6	29.6	26.2	22.9	35.7	92.2
1999	45.2	27.5	41.8	29.6	24.8	22.4	35.1	91.8
2000	44.8	27.0	40.6	29.3	24.7	22.2	34.0	91.6
3-month averages								
Feb-Apr 2000	44.8	27.1	40.3	29.5	24.8	22.1	34.3	91.5
Mar-May (Spr)	44.8	27.0	40.6	29.3	24.7	22.2	34.0	91.6
Apr-Jun	44.7	27.1	40.7	29.9	24.7	22.1	33.8	91.5
May-Jul	44.7	27.0	42.0	29.6	24.6	22.0	33.6	91.5
Jun-Aug (Sum)	44.6	26.9	42.2	29.8	24.6	21.7	33.7	91.4
Jul-Sep	44.6	26.9	43.1	29.3	24.7	21.7	33.9	91.5
Aug-Oct	44.7	27.0	42.7	28.9	24.8	22.0	33.9	91.6
Sep-Nov (Aut)	44.8	27.2	43.2	29.3	25.1	22.2	34.0	91.5
Oct-Dec	44.9	27.3	43.5	30.1	24.8	22.2	34.1	91.5
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	44.7	27.2	42.9	30.1	24.7	21.9	34.1	91.5
Dec 2000-Feb 2001 (Win)	44.8	27.2	43.9	30.4	24.8	21.9	33.9	91.6
Jan-Mar 2001	44.9	27.4	44.7	30.4	25.1	21.9	34.1	91.6
Feb-Apr	44.8	27.2	45.1	29.7	25.0	21.9	33.9	91.5
Changes								
Over last 3 months	0.0	0.1	2.2	-0.4	0.3	0.0	-0.3	0.0
Over last 12 months	0.0	0.1	4.8	0.2	0.1	-0.2	-0.5	0.0

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

E.1 EARNINGS

Average Earnings Index: all employee jobs: main industrial sectors

GREAT BRITAIN SIC 1992					Public sector			
Whole economy (Divisions 01-93)								
1995=100	Actual	Seasonally adjusted			Actual	Seasonally adjusted		
		LNMM	LNMQ	Per cent change over previous 12 months		LNNI	LNNJ	Per cent change over previous 12 months
				Monthly rate	Headline rate ^a			Monthly rate
				LNMU	LNNC			LNKW
								LNNE
1995)	100.0					100.0		
1996)	103.6					103.0		
1997) Annual	108.0					105.3		
1998) averages	113.5					108.6		
1999)	119.0					113.0		
2000)	124.3					117.3		
1999 Apr	117.4	117.6		4.1	4.5	111.9	112.5	4.8
May	117.8	118.3		4.1	4.3	113.3	113.2	4.7
Jun	119.0	118.9		5.3	4.5	114.4	113.6	4.8
Jul	119.3	119.3		4.6	4.7	113.5	113.6	4.2
Aug	117.6	119.8		5.0	4.9	114.0	113.8	3.7
Sep	117.6	120.2		4.6	4.7	114.0	114.1	3.8
Oct	118.1	120.9		5.1	4.9	113.9	114.5	3.9
Nov	119.1	121.1		4.9	4.9	114.4	114.8	3.7
Dec	124.9	122.2		5.9	5.3	115.1	115.0	3.8
2000 Jan	123.2	123.3		6.3	5.7	115.1	116.0	4.4
Feb	125.3	123.0		5.4	5.9	116.3	116.4	4.4
Mar	129.3	123.2		5.1	5.6	115.1	116.1	3.7
Apr	122.5	122.9		4.6	5.0	116.7	117.2	4.2
May	122.4	123.1		4.0	4.6	117.0	116.9	3.3
Jun	123.3	123.5		3.8	4.1	118.0	117.6	3.5
July	123.6	123.9		3.9	3.9	117.4	117.5	3.5
Aug	122.5	124.8		4.2	4.0	118.0	117.7	3.4
Sep	122.2	125.2		4.2	4.1	117.7	117.8	3.2
Oct	122.7	125.8		4.1	4.2	117.6	118.5	3.5
Nov	124.0	126.4		4.4	4.2	118.5	119.2	3.9
Dec	131.1	128.1		4.8	4.4	120.2	119.9	4.3
2001 Jan	128.6	128.6		4.3	4.5	119.0	119.8	3.3
Feb	133.8	131.1		6.5	5.2	119.5	119.9	5.0
Mar R	134.7	128.4		4.3	5.0	120.2	121.3	4.5
Apr P	128.2	128.8		4.7	5.2	123.2	123.6	5.4

SIC 1992					of which: Private sector services ^b			
Private sector								
1995=100	Actual	Seasonally adjusted			Actual	Seasonally adjusted		
		LNKX	LNKY	Per cent change over previous 12 months		JJGF	JJGH	Per cent change over previous 12 months
				Monthly rate	Headline rate ^a			Monthly rate
				LNKZ	LNND			JJGI
								JJGJ
1995)	100.0					100.0		
1996)	103.7					103.5		
1997) Annual	108.7					108.8		
1998) averages	114.7					115.2		
1999)	120.4					121.4		
2000)	126.1					127.2		
1999 Apr	118.8	118.9		3.9	4.5	119.3	119.4	3.8
May	118.9	119.6		4.1	4.2	120.1	120.9	4.2
Jun	120.1	120.3		5.5	4.5	121.6	121.6	6.5
Jul	120.7	120.7		4.7	4.7	121.7	121.8	5.3
Aug	118.4	121.3		5.3	5.1	119.0	122.2	5.8
Sep	118.4	121.6		4.8	4.9	118.6	122.7	5.2
Oct	119.2	122.5		5.4	5.2	119.0	123.5	5.8
Nov	120.3	122.6		5.2	5.1	120.1	123.9	5.6
Dec	127.3	124.0		6.4	5.7	129.0	125.2	6.8
2000 Jan	125.2	125.0		6.7	6.1	126.9	126.1	7.3
Feb	127.6	124.7		5.6	6.3	130.3	126.1	5.9
Mar	132.9	124.9		5.5	5.9	136.0	126.1	5.7
Apr	123.9	124.6		4.7	5.3	124.6	125.4	5.0
May	123.7	124.6		4.2	4.8	124.2	125.3	3.6
June	124.7	125.0		3.9	4.3	125.5	125.7	3.4
July	125.1	125.5		3.9	4.0	125.7	126.4	3.7
Aug	123.6	126.6		4.4	4.1	124.5	127.9	4.7
Sep	123.3	127.1		4.5	4.3	123.5	128.2	4.5
Oct	124.0	127.7		4.2	4.4	124.0	128.9	4.4
Nov	125.4	128.2		4.5	4.4	125.1	129.5	4.5
Dec	133.8	130.1		4.9	4.5	135.7	131.5	5.0
2001 Jan	131.0	130.6		4.5	4.6	133.3	132.2	4.9
Feb	137.4	133.8		7.3	5.6	141.8	136.7	8.4
Mar R	138.3	130.1		4.2	5.3	141.1	131.0	3.9
Apr P	129.4	130.4		4.7	5.4	129.6	130.9	4.3

a The headline rate is the change in the average seasonally adjusted index values for the last three months compared with the same period a year ago. For further details please see the article in the May 1999 issue of *Labour Market Trends*, p227.

b For further information on the new series, private sector services, please see the article in the May 2000 edition of *Labour Market Trends*, pp 201-3.

R Revised
P Provisional

EARNINGS E.1

Average Earnings Index: all employee jobs: main industrial sectors

GREAT BRITAIN SIC 1992					of which: Manufacturing (Divisions 15-37)				
Production (Divisions 10-41)									
1995=100	Actual	Seasonally adjusted			Actual	Seasonally adjusted			Headline rate ^a
		LNMO	LNMS	Per cent change over previous 12 months		LNMN	LNMR	Per cent change over previous 12 months	
				Monthly rate				Monthly rate	
				LNMW	LNNF			LNMV	LNNG
1995)		100.0				100.0			
1996)		104.4				104.4			
1997) Annual		108.5				108.8			
1998) averages		113.4				113.7			
1999)		117.8				118.3			
2000)		122.9				123.8			
1999 Apr	117.3	116.8		3.5	3.4	117.5	117.1	3.6	3.5
May	116.4	116.7		3.4	3.4	116.7	117.2	3.5	3.5
Jun	116.6	117.3		3.4	3.4	117.1	117.8	3.6	3.5
Jul	118.2	117.9		3.5	3.4	118.7	118.4	3.6	3.5
Aug	116.5	118.5		3.8	3.6	117.0	119.1	4.1	3.8
Sep	116.8	118.8		4.0	3.8	117.4	119.4	4.2	4.0
Oct	118.3	119.4		4.2	4.0	119.0	120.1	4.4	4.3
Nov	119.5	119.7		4.3	4.1	120.3	120.4	4.6	4.4
Dec	122.8	120.4		5.2	4.6	123.7	121.2	5.6	4.9
2000 Jan	121.2	121.5		5.3	4.9	121.8	122.0	5.5	5.3
Feb	121.6	121.0		4.5	5.0	122.1	121.5	4.7	5.3
Mar	125.4	121.1		4.1	4.7	126.1	121.9	4.5	4.9
Apr	122.0	121.4		3.9	4.2	122.8	122.3	4.4	4.5
May	121.9	122.1		4.6	4.2	122.7	123.1	5.1	4.7
Jun	121.8	122.3		4.3	4.3	122.4	123.0	4.4	4.7
July	123.0	122.6		4.0	4.3	124.0	123.6	4.4	4.6
Aug	120.9	123.0		3.8	4.0	121.8	124.0	4.1	4.3
Sept	121.6	123.9		4.2	4.0	122.6	124.8	4.5	4.3
Oct	122.8	124.2		4.0	4.0	123.9	125.2	4.2	4.3
Nov	124.7	125.1		4.4	4.2	125.8	126.1	4.7	4.5
Dec	128.4	125.8		4.5	4.3	129.6	127.1	4.9	4.6
2001 Jan	125.4	125.7		3.5	4.1	126.3	126.6	3.8	4.5
Feb	127.9	127.2		5.1	4.4	128.3	127.9	5.2	4.6
Mar R	131.8	127.4		5.2	4.6	132.7	128.4	5.3	4.8
Apr P	128.1	127.7		5.2	5.2	129.0	128.7	5.3	5.3

SIC 1992					Services (Divisions 50-93)				
1995=100	Actual	Seasonally adjusted			Actual	Seasonally adjusted			Headline rate ^a
		LNMP	LNMT	Per cent change over previous 12 months		LNMX	LNNH	Per cent change over previous 12 months	
				Monthly rate				Monthly rate	
1995)		100.0							
1996)		103.3							
1997) Annual		107.9							
1998) averages		113.4							
1999)		119.2							
2000)		124.5							
1999 Apr	117.3	117.4		4.0	4.6				
May	118.2	118.8		4.3	4.3				
Jun	119.6	119.4		6.0	4.8				
Jul	119.5	119.6		5.0	5.1				
Aug	117.7	120.0		5.3	5.4				
Sep	117.4	120.5		4.9	5.1				
Oct	117.7	121.1		5.3	5.2				
Nov	118.6	121.5		5.2	5.2				
Dec	125.2	122.4		6.0	5.5				
2000 Jan	123.7	123.4		6.5	5.9				
Feb	126.5	123.4		5.5	6.0				
Mar	130.2	123.5		5.2	5.7				
Apr	122.4	123.0		4.7	5.1				
May	122.3	123.0		3.5	4.5				
Jun	123.5	123.5		3.5	3.9				
July	123.5	124.0		3.7	3.6				
Aug	122.8	125.2		4.3	3.8				
Sept	121.9	125.4		4.1	4.0				
Oct	122.3	126.2		4.1	4.2				
Nov	123.4	126.8		4.3	4.2				
Dec	131.6	128.4		4.9	4.5				
2001 Jan	129.5	128.9		4.5	4.6				
Feb	135.8	132.2		7.1	5.5				
Mar R	135.4	128.5		4.1	5.2				
Apr P	127.8	128.5		4.5	5.2				

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS
Customer Helpline: 01633819002

E.2 EARNINGS

Average Earnings Index:^a all employee jobs: by industry (three-month averages, ^b unadjusted): excluding bonuses

GREAT BRITAIN SIC 1992	Agriculture and forestry ^c	Mining and quarrying	Food products; beverages and tobacco	Textiles	Clothing leather and footwear	Wood, wood products and other manufacturing n.e.c. (20,23,36,37)	Pulp, paper products printing and publishing (21,22)	Chemicals and chemical products	Rubber and plastic products	Other non-metallic mineral products	Basic metals	Fabric'd metal products (excl. machinery)	Machinery and equipment n.e.c.
March 1996=100	(01,02)	(10,14)	(15,16)	(17)	(18,19)	(20,23,36,37)	(21,22)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)
	LOTJ	LOTK	LOTL	LOTM	LOTN	LOTO	LOTP	LOTQ	LOTR	LOTS	LOTT	LOTU	LOTV
1997) Annual	..	104.8	103.6	105.1	105.0	107.0	104.4	105.2	105.4	105.1	107.7	104.8	105.1
1998) Averages	..	108.8	108.1	107.3	109.2	111.6	108.5	111.5	110.5	109.4	113.0	108.3	109.4
1999) ..	..	109.8	110.0	111.2	111.8	114.7	112.8	119.0	113.7	113.1	115.8	109.3	111.8
2000) ..	..	112.7	114.6	114.5	109.3	121.6	116.1	124.2	117.6	119.1	124.1	111.5	117.0
1998 Apr	..	108.0	106.6	105.8	108.6	111.8	106.4	109.6	109.6	108.2	112.0	108.0	108.5
May	..	108.7	107.7	106.3	109.1	112.6	107.4	110.0	110.4	108.6	113.1	108.6	109.0
June	..	108.9	108.4	107.5	109.4	112.1	108.0	110.9	110.5	109.1	113.5	108.8	109.5
July	..	108.7	108.8	107.7	109.8	112.2	108.3	111.3	110.4	109.8	114.4	108.9	110.1
Aug	..	108.4	108.2	108.2	109.7	111.4	108.7	111.8	110.5	110.1	114.6	108.7	110.5
Sep	..	108.7	108.2	107.8	109.8	111.3	109.3	111.7	111.2	110.2	114.8	108.8	110.4
Oct	..	109.3	108.0	107.9	109.4	110.9	110.1	112.1	111.5	110.0	114.1	108.2	110.1
Nov	..	110.0	109.0	108.7	109.8	111.8	110.7	112.9	111.7	110.3	113.7	108.4	110.0
Dec	..	110.6	109.9	108.7	109.8	111.9	111.1	114.5	111.7	110.5	113.4	108.5	110.0
1999 Jan ^a	..	110.7	110.1	108.6	110.2	111.6	111.4	115.3	111.7	110.4	111.7	108.6	109.9
Feb ^a	..	109.8	109.6	107.5	110.0	111.1	111.1	115.6	111.6	110.1	110.9	108.0	109.7
Mar	..	109.1	109.1	107.4	110.5	111.3	110.7	115.5	111.4	110.5	111.4	107.7	109.6
Apr	..	108.8	108.9	107.9	110.4	111.8	110.7	116.6	111.4	111.4	112.0	108.1	110.1
May	..	109.1	109.3	109.2	110.9	112.6	111.2	117.4	111.8	112.2	114.0	108.7	110.7
Jun	..	109.4	109.5	110.6	111.0	113.4	111.8	118.5	112.2	112.6	115.2	109.5	111.3
Jul	..	109.4	109.8	111.6	111.4	114.3	112.1	118.7	112.5	113.0	117.0	110.0	111.7
Aug	..	109.7	110.0	112.3	111.1	115.0	112.7	119.1	113.3	113.6	117.2	109.8	112.0
Sep	..	109.8	110.3	112.3	111.5	116.0	113.4	119.8	114.2	114.1	117.4	110.0	112.0
Oct	..	110.3	110.6	113.0	112.1	116.8	114.2	120.2	115.6	114.4	117.2	110.0	112.4
Nov	..	110.9	110.8	113.7	113.6	117.7	114.6	121.1	116.8	114.6	118.4	110.7	113.4
Dec	..	111.0	111.2	114.4	114.1	118.3	115.2	122.2	117.1	115.2	119.1	110.1	114.3
2000 Jan	..	111.3	111.8	113.4	112.0	118.1	114.8	122.9	116.9	116.3	120.5	110.0	114.4
Feb	..	111.4	112.4	112.4	110.9	118.3	114.5	123.0	115.5	117.8	120.5	110.0	114.6
Mar	..	112.1	113.1	111.8	108.6	118.6	114.1	122.9	115.0	118.5	120.6	110.6	115.1
Apr	..	112.1	114.6	112.0	108.7	119.3	114.4	123.3	114.7	119.3	120.6	110.4	116.0
May	..	112.0	115.8	112.6	107.2	119.2	115.0	123.6	115.7	120.2	121.4	110.8	116.3
Jun	..	111.9	116.1	113.5	107.6	119.6	115.2	123.7	117.0	120.6	122.8	111.0	117.1
Jul	..	112.3	114.8	114.7	108.0	120.3	115.6	123.8	118.3	120.1	125.8	111.9	117.8
Aug	..	112.5	113.9	115.2	108.2	121.4	115.7	124.0	118.6	119.0	126.7	111.4	118.0
Sep	..	112.7	113.7	115.6	109.0	122.3	116.9	124.2	118.9	118.5	127.1	111.2	117.5
Oct	..	113.0	113.9	116.2	109.7	123.4	117.7	124.3	118.7	118.3	125.4	111.6	117.4
Nov	..	114.0	114.7	117.4	111.3	124.7	118.5	124.8	119.4	118.3	126.2	112.7	117.9
Dec	..	114.1	115.5	117.1	112.0	125.9	118.3	126.0	119.3	118.9	125.9	113.2	118.4
2001 Jan	..	113.9	116.2	117.2	112.5	126.7	118.4	127.1	119.7	119.4	125.8	113.1	118.7
Feb	..	113.7	116.4	116.7	113.3	126.8	118.2	127.8	119.6	120.5	124.9	113.1	119.1
Mar R	..	114.5	116.7	117.6	113.4	127.1	118.3	128.7	119.9	120.7	125.9	113.7	119.7
Apr P	..	115.1	118.0	117.5	113.8	128.4	119.1	129.4	120.2	121.2	126.4	115.1	120.2
Per cent change on the year													
	LNLN	LNLN	LNLO	LNLN	LNLQ	LNLN	LNLN	LNLN	LNLN	LNLN	LNLN	LNLN	LNLN
1999 Jan ^a	..	4.1	4.0	2.0	4.1	0.8	5.3	6.5	3.8	2.5	2.0	1.5	2.7
Feb ^a	..	2.8	3.5	2.0	3.3	0.5	5.3	6.1	3.4	2.0	0.9	1.0	2.1
Mar	..	2.1	3.0	2.3	2.6	0.0	4.8	5.9	2.5	2.4	1.0	0.5	1.9
Apr	..	0.7	2.2	1.9	1.6	0.0	4.0	6.3	1.6	3.0	-0.1	0.1	1.5
May	..	0.4	1.4	2.7	1.6	0.0	3.6	6.7	1.2	3.3	0.8	0.1	1.6
Jun	..	0.5	1.1	2.9	1.5	1.1	3.5	6.9	1.6	3.2	1.5	0.6	1.6
Jul	..	0.7	1.0	3.6	1.5	1.8	3.5	6.6	1.9	2.9	2.3	1.0	1.4
Aug	3.3	1.2	1.7	3.8	1.3	3.2	3.7	6.6	2.6	3.2	2.3	0.9	1.4
Sep	6.1	1.0	1.9	4.2	1.6	4.2	3.7	7.3	2.7	3.6	2.3	1.1	1.4
Oct	9.6	1.0	2.3	4.7	2.5	5.3	3.7	7.3	3.7	4.0	2.7	1.7	2.1
Nov	9.3	0.9	1.6	4.6	3.5	5.3	3.5	7.3	4.5	3.9	4.2	2.2	3.1
Dec	6.8	0.3	1.2	5.2	3.9	5.7	3.7	6.7	4.8	4.3	5.0	1.5	3.9
2000 Jan	4.6	0.5	1.5	4.4	1.6	5.8	3.0	6.7	4.6	5.4	7.9	1.3	4.1
Feb	3.5	1.4	2.5	4.6	0.8	6.5	3.0	6.4	3.4	7.0	8.6	1.8	4.4
Mar	5.2	2.7	3.7	4.0	-1.8	6.6	3.1	6.4	3.3	7.2	8.2	2.7	5.0
Apr	6.0	3.1	5.3	3.8	-1.6	6.7	3.4	5.8	3.0	7.0	7.7	2.1	5.3
May	8.2	2.6	6.0	3.1	-3.3	5.9	3.4	5.3	3.5	7.1	6.5	1.9	5.0
Jun	9.7	2.3	6.0	2.6	-3.0	5.5	3.0	4.4	4.3	7.1	6.6	1.4	5.2
Jul	7.6	2.6	4.5	2.8	-3.1	5.2	3.1	4.3	5.1	6.3	7.5	1.7	5.4
Aug	3.5	2.6	3.5	2.6	-2.6	5.6	2.6	4.1	4.6	4.8	8.1	1.4	5.4
Sep	2.7	2.7	3.1	2.9	-2.2	5.4	3.0	3.7	4.1	3.8	8.2	1.2	4.9
Oct	2.7	2.4	3.0	2.8	-2.1	5.6	3.1	3.4	2.7	3.4	7.0	1.4	4.4
Nov	5.2	2.7	3.5	3.2	-2.1	5.9	3.4	3.1	2.2	3.2	6.5	1.8	3.9
Dec	4.8	2.8	3.9	2.4	-1.8	6.4	2.7	3.1	1.9	3.2	5.8	2.8	3.6
2001 Jan	6.0	2.3	3.9	3.4	0.4	7.3	3.1	3.4	2.4	2.7	4.4	2.8	3.7
Feb	5.3	2.1	3.6	3.8	2.2	7.2	3.2	3.9	3.6	2.4	3.6	2.8	4.0
Mar R	4.1	2.1	3.2	5.2	4.4	7.1	3.7	4.7	4.2	1.9	4.4	2.8	4.0
Apr P	3.5	2.6	3.0	4.9	4.8	7.6	4.1	5.0	4.7	1.6	4.8	4.2	3.7

a As a result of a change in the survey questionnaire the series excluding bonuses are subject to a discontinuity between January and February 1999. See article on pp267-8 of the May 1999 issue of *Labour Market Trends* for further details.
b The average of the latest three months.
c As a result of a discontinuity in the reporting of data for the agricultural sector, this series is not available before August 1999. Therefore there is no index for this series based on March 1996 as with the other series.
d The index for the sector education, health and social work is based on a sample which excludes representatives of the private health and social work sector until June 1998. Monthly movements in the index for this sector therefore exclude private health and social work up to May 1998.
e Excluding sea transport.
f Excluding private domestic and personal services.

Note: The data contained in this table are not comparable with those previously published in Table E.3. Excluding bonuses and averaging the data over a three-month period render the data fundamentally different to the previous indices which included bonuses and related to single months only.

R Revised
P Provisional

EARNINGS E.2

Average Earnings Index:^a all employee jobs: by industry (three-month averages,^b unadjusted): excluding bonuses

Electrical and optical equipment	Transport equipment	Electricity, gas and water supply	Construction	Wholesale trade	Retail trade and repairs	Hotels and restaurants	Transport, storage and communication ^c	Financial intermediation	Real estate renting and business activities	Public administration services	Education health and social work ^d	Other services ^f	GREAT BRITAIN SIC1992
(30-33)	(34,35)	(40,41)	(45)	(51)	(50,52)	(55)	(60-64)	(65-67)	(70-74)	(75)	(80-85)	(90-93)	March 1996=100
LOTW	LOTX	LOTY	LOTZ	LOUA	LOUB	LOUC	LOUD	LOUE	LOUF	LOUG	LOUH	LOUI	
105.7	101.6	101.0	103.4	104.9	97.9	106.3	103.9	106.7	104.1	101.0	104.6	106.2	1997) Annual
110.1	106.3	103.9	110.4	110.8	101.8	110.8	107.9	113.3	110.3	103.5	107.6	114.8	Averages
116.5	110.7	102.1	115.0	113.8	103.0	117.4	109.5	118.0	115.2	106.0	112.9	121.9	1999)
124.2	116.4	100.2	121.7	118.3	105.9	124.4	113.3	124.4	121.4	109.8	117.6	130.4	2000)
108.6	105.7	103.2	107.7	108.8	99.8	109.3	108.6	111.3	109.2	102.9	104.9	112.9	1998 Apr
109.0	106.0	103.9	108.3	109.9	101.1	109.9	109.1	112.3	109.7	102.9	105.6	113.7	May
109.4	106.5	104.1	109.0	111.0	102.1	110.4	107.5	113.2	110.1	102.9	106.7	113.7	Jun
110.0	107.0	104.3	110.1	111.6	102.9	110.9	106.1	113.8	110.4	103.4	107.7	114.1	Jul
110.4	107.0	104.3	111.0	111.9	103.0	110.8	105.9	113.9	110.1	103.8	108.9	115.6	Aug
110.7	106.5	104.6	111.9	112.0	103.3	110.8	108.0	114.1	110.4	103.7	109.8	116.7	Sep
111.0	106.2	104.5	112.4	112.1	102.8	110.7	108.3	114.4	110.5	104.1	109.9	117.0	Oct
111.6	106.4	104.5	113.3	112.2	102.5	111.0	109.3	114.9	111.3	104.3	109.5	117.0	Nov
112.5	107.0	104.5	113.5	112.5	102.6	112.7	108.9	115.4	112.0	104.7	109.5	117.3	Dec
112.9	107.3	103.7	113.6	112.5	103.4	113.7	109.3	115.8	113.1	104.8	109.8	117.2	1999 Jan ^a
113.2	107.5	102.5	113.0	112.4	103.1	113.8	109.5	115.7	113.7	104.8	110.2	117.1	Feb ^a
113.5	107.7	101.4	113.0	112.4	102.1	112.9	109.8	115.9	114.2	105.0	109.9	117.3	Mar
114.0	108.9	102.2	113.0	113.1	101.6	113.4	109.8	116.5	114.6	105.0	110.4	117.7	Apr
114.6	109.7	103.8	113.3	113.6	102.1	115.2	108.6	117.6	115.2	105.1	111.2	118.3	May
115.1	110.3	104.9	113.4	113.8	103.2	117.1	107.8	118.2	115.8	105.6	112.7	119.5	Jun
116.0	110.5	103.7	113.9	113.8	103.2	118.0	108.1	118.6	116.0	105.9	113.4	121.2	Jul
116.9	111.1	102.2	114.3	114.0	103.7	119.0	108.6	118.6	115.4	106.1	114.4	122.6	Aug
118.0	111.5	101.0	115.5	114.3	104.0	118.7	109.9	118.6	115.0	105.9	114.7	123.8	Sep
118.7	112.1	100.8	116.5	114.4	103.9	118.7	109.8	118.2	114.6	106.4	114.8	124.5	Oct
119.3	112.8	100.9	117.8	114.3	103.3	118.2	110.0	118.5	115.1	107.2	114.5	125.8	Nov
119.4	113.3	101.2	118.0	114.6	102.8	120.8	110.5	119.3	115.6	107.6	114.3	126.9	Dec
119.8	113.7	101.8	118.2	115.3	104.0	121.8	111.7	121.3	117.2	108.0	114.6	128.7	2000 Jan
120.3	113.4	101.3	118.5	116.4	104.7	122.8	112.1	122.0	118.5	109.0	114.8	130.3	Feb
121.3	114.3	100.3	119.6	117.1	105.2	121.2	111.9	122.6	119.5	109.3	114.8	130.1	Mar
122.0	115.0	99.4	120.0	117.6	104.7	122.8	111.0	122.1	119.5	109.3	115.4	129.5	Apr
122.7	115.7	99.5	120.3	118.0	105.6	123.2	111.6	122.9	120.0	108.3	116.1	128.7	May
123.5	115.9	100.2	120.7	118.4	106.3	124.3	112.5	123.4	120.4	108.6	117.3	129.8	Jun
124.2	116.0	100.1	121.7	118.2	106.8	124.0	113.0	124.1	121.2	108.7	117.8	130.5	Jul
124.9	115.9	100.1	121.9	117.9	106.5	125.5	113.5	124.3	121.3	109.0	118.7	131.4	Aug
125.5	115.9	99.8	121.8	118.1	106.8	125.8	113.6	124.6	121.6	109.3	119.1	131.0	Sept
125.8	116.5	99.7	122.0	118.6	106.5	126.0	114.3	125.1	121.9	109.8	119.2	130.7	Oct
126.2	118.2	99.9	123.5	119.1	106.0	125.1	114.7	126.0	122.7	111.1	118.9	129.9	Nov
126.6	119.6	100.8	124.6	119.3	105.3	126.2	115.3	127.0	123.9	111.8	119.0	130.6	Dec
127.2	120.4	101.6	125.5	119.3	105.9	125.7	115.7	127.9	125.2	112.4	119.4	131.2	2001 Jan
128.2	120.2	101.9	125.8	119.4	106.4	125.9	116.2	128.8	126.3	112.5	119.6	132.2	Feb
129.2	120.3	101.3	126.7	119.6	106.7	125.3	117.1	129.7	126.9	112.7	119.7	131.8	Mar R
130.4	121.0	101.2	127.4	120.3	107.2	126.5	117.9	130.7	127.2	113.1	121.1	131.5	Apr P
Per cent change on the year													
LNLZ	LNMA	LNMB	LNMC	LNMD	LNME	LNMF	LNMG	LNMH	LNMI	LNMJ	LNMK	LNML	
5.4	2.6	1.1	6.7	4.7	5.0	3.5	2.1	5.9	5.7	2.1	4.8	5.9	1999 Jan ^a
5.3	2.5	0.2	5.8	4.2	4.2	3.1	2.1	5.2	5.1	2.3	5.0	5.6	Feb ^a
5.4	2.6	-0.8	5.5	4.2	3.0	3.1	2.4	4.7	4.9	2.1	5.1	5.1	Mar
5.0	3.0	-1.0	4.9	4.0	1.8	3.8	1.1	4.7	5.0	2.0	5.2	4.3	Apr
5.2	3.5	0.0	4.7	3.4	1.0	4.9	-0.5	4.7	5.0	2.2	5.3	4.0	May
5.2	3.5	0.7	4.1	2.6	1.1	6.0	0.3	4.5	5.2	2.5	5.6	5.2	Jun
5.5	3.3	-0.6	3.5	2.0	0.4	6.4	1.9	4.2	5.1	2.4	5.2	6.2	Jul
5.8	3.8	-2.0	3.0	1.9	0.6	7.4	2.6	4.2	4.8	2.2	5.0	6.1	Aug
6.6	4.7	-3.4	3.1	2.0	0.8	7.2	1.7	4.0	4.1	2.1	4.4	6.1	Sep
7.0	5.6	-3.5	3.6	2.0	1.1	7.2	1.4	3.4	3.7	2.2	4.5	6.4	Oct
6.9	6.0	-3.4	4.0	1.8	0.8	6.5	0.7	3.2	3.3	2.7	4.6	7.5	Nov
6.1	5.9	-3.1	4.0	1.9	0.3	7.2	1.5	3.4	3.2	2.8	4.3	8.2	Dec
6.1	6.0	-1.8	4.1	2.5	0.6	7.1	2.3	4.8	3.6	3.1	4.3	9.8	2000 Jan
6.3	5.6	-1.1	4.9	3.6	1.5	7.9	2.4	5.4	4.2	4.0	4.2	11.3	Feb
6.9	6.1	-1.1	5.8	4.1	3.0	7.4	1.8	5.7	4.6	4.1	4.5	10.9	Mar
7.0	5.6	-2.7	6.2	4.0	3.0	8.2	1.2	4.8	4.3	4.1	4.5	10.1	Apr
7.0	5.5	-4.1	6.2	3.9	3.4	6.9	2.7	4.5	4.1	3.0	4.5	8.8	May
7.2	5.1	-4.5	6.5	4.0	3.1	6.2	4.3	4.4	4.0	2.9	4.1	8.6	Jun
7.1	5.0	-3.5	6.9	3.9	3.4	5.1	4.6	4.7	4.5	2.6	3.9	7.6	Jul
6.9	4.3	-2.0	6.6	3.4	2.7	5.5	4.5	4.8	5.1	2.8	3.8	7.2	Aug
6.3	3.9	-1.2	5.5	3.4	2.7	6.0	3.4	5.1	5.8	3.1	3.9	5.8	Sept
6.0	3.9	-1.1	4.7	3.7	2.5	6.2	4.0	5.8	6.4	3.2	3.8	5.0	Oct
5.8	4.7	-1.0	4.8	4.3	2.6	5.8	4.2	6.3	6.6	3.7	3.9	3.2	Nov
6.1	5.6	-0.4	5.5	4.1	2.4	4.5	4.4	6.5	7.1	4.0	4.2	2.9	Dec
6.1	5.9	-0.1	6.2	3.4	1.8	3.2	3.5	5.4	6.9	4.1	4.2	1.9	2001 Jan
6.5	5.9	0.5	6.2	2.5	1.6	2.5	3.7	5.6	6.5	3.2	4.2	1.4	Feb
6.5	5.3	1.0	6.0	2.2	1.5	3.4	4.7	5.8	6.2	3.1	4.2	1.3	Mar R
6.9	5.2	1.8	6.1	2.3	2.4	3.0	6.2	7.1	6.4	3.5	4.9	1.5	Apr P

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS
Customer Helpline: 01633 819002

E.4 EARNINGS

Average Earnings Index:^a main industrial sectors: effect of bonus payments

Great Britain, not seasonally adjusted

GREAT BRITAIN
SIC 1992

Whole economy (Division 01-93)

Public sector

		Index including bonus	Change on year (%)			Index including bonus	Change on year (%)		
			Including bonus	Excluding bonus ^a	Bonus effect ^a		Including bonus	Excluding bonus ^a	Bonus effect ^a
1995=100		LNMM	LOUJ	LOJH	LOUP	LNNI	LOUO	LOJM	LOUR
1999	Jan ^a	115.7	4.5	4.4	0.1	110.3	3.7	3.7	0.0
	Feb ^a	118.7	5.1	3.8	1.3	111.1	4.3	3.8	0.5
	Mar	122.5	5.0	3.5	1.5	110.6	3.9	3.4	0.5
	Apr	117.4	3.8	3.4	0.4	111.9	4.7	4.1	0.6
	May	117.8	4.1	3.2	0.9	113.3	4.6	3.9	0.7
	Jun	119.0	5.3	4.1	1.2	114.4	5.2	4.6	0.6
	Jul	119.3	4.3	3.3	1.0	113.5	3.9	3.3	0.6
	Aug	117.6	4.8	3.5	1.3	114.0	3.3	2.9	0.4
	Sep	117.6	4.4	3.5	0.9	114.0	3.6	3.2	0.4
	Oct	118.1	5.1	3.6	1.5	113.9	3.9	3.5	0.4
	Nov	119.1	4.9	3.4	1.5	114.4	4.2	3.8	0.4
	Dec	124.9	6.3	3.6	2.7	115.1	3.9	3.5	0.4
2000	Jan	123.2	6.5	4.6	1.9	115.1	4.3	3.9	0.4
	Feb	125.3	5.6	4.9	0.7	116.3	4.7	4.6	0.1
	Mar	129.3	5.6	4.5	1.1	115.1	4.1	4.1	0.0
	Apr	122.5	4.3	4.2	0.1	116.7	4.3	4.3	0.0
	May	122.4	3.9	4.6	-0.7	117.0	3.3	3.5	-0.2
	Jun	123.3	3.7	4.4	-0.7	118.0	3.1	3.2	-0.1
	Jul	123.6	3.6	4.2	-0.6	117.4	3.5	3.7	-0.2
	Aug	122.5	4.2	4.3	-0.1	118.0	3.5	3.6	-0.1
	Sep	122.2	4.0	4.2	-0.2	117.7	3.3	3.4	-0.1
	Oct	122.7	3.9	4.4	-0.5	117.6	3.3	3.4	-0.1
	Nov	124.0	4.1	4.6	-0.5	118.5	3.6	3.8	-0.2
	Dec	131.1	5.0	4.6	0.4	120.2	4.5	3.9	0.6
2001	Jan	128.6	4.4	3.8	0.6	119.0	3.4	3.6	-0.2
	Feb	133.8	6.8	4.1	2.7	119.5	2.7	2.9	-0.2
	Mar R	134.7	4.2	4.8	-0.6	120.2	4.4	4.7	-0.3
	Apr P	128.2	4.6	5.3	-0.7	123.2	5.6	6.0	-0.4

Private sector

of which: Private sector services^b

		Index including bonus	Change on year (%)			Index including bonus	Change on year (%)		
			Including bonus	Excluding bonus ^a	Bonus effect ^a		Including bonus	Excluding bonus ^a	Bonus effect ^a
1999	Jan ^a	LNKX	LOUN	LOJL	LOUQ	JJGF	JJGG	JJGK	JJGN
	Feb ^a	117.0	4.7	4.6	0.1	118.0	4.9	..	..
	Mar	120.6	5.3	3.7	1.6	122.7	6.0	..	..
	Apr	125.4	5.3	3.5	1.8	127.9	5.7	..	..
	May	118.8	3.6	3.2	0.4	119.3	3.3	..	..
	Jun	118.9	4.0	3.1	0.9	120.1	4.2	..	..
	Jul	120.1	5.4	3.9	1.5	121.6	6.4	..	..
	Aug	120.7	4.4	3.3	1.1	121.7	4.9	..	..
	Sep	118.4	5.2	3.7	1.5	119.0	5.9	..	..
	Oct	118.4	4.6	3.6	1.0	118.6	4.8	..	..
	Nov	119.2	5.4	3.6	1.8	119.0	5.7	..	..
	Dec	120.3	5.1	3.3	1.8	120.1	5.3	..	..
	Jan	127.3	6.8	3.6	3.2	129.0	7.2	..	..
2000	Jan	125.2	7.0	4.8	2.2	126.9	7.6	..	..
	Feb	127.6	5.8	4.9	0.9	130.3	6.2	5.0	1.2
	Mar	132.9	6.0	4.6	1.4	136.0	6.4	4.6	1.8
	Apr	123.9	4.3	4.2	0.1	124.6	4.4	4.1	0.3
	May	123.7	4.0	4.9	-0.9	124.2	3.4	5.1	-1.7
	Jun	124.7	3.8	4.7	-0.9	125.5	3.2	4.8	-1.6
	Jul	125.1	3.6	4.3	-0.7	125.7	3.3	4.2	-0.9
	Aug	123.6	4.3	4.4	-0.1	124.5	4.6	4.9	-0.3
	Sep	123.3	4.2	4.4	-0.2	123.5	4.1	4.6	-0.5
	Oct	124.0	4.0	4.6	-0.6	124.0	4.2	5.2	-1.0
	Nov	125.4	4.2	4.8	-0.6	125.1	4.2	5.2	-1.0
	Dec	133.8	5.1	4.8	0.3	135.7	5.3	5.0	0.3
2001	Jan	131.0	4.6	3.8	0.8	133.3	5.0	3.4	1.6
	Feb	137.4	7.7	4.4	3.3	141.8	8.9	4.3	4.6
	Mar R	138.3	4.1	4.8	-0.7	141.1	3.8	5.0	-1.2
	Apr P	129.4	4.4	5.2	-0.6	129.6	4.0	5.0	-1.0

^a As a result of a change in the survey questionnaire the series excluding bonuses, and thus the bonus effects series, are subject to a discontinuity between January and February 1999. See pp267-8, *Labour Market Trends*, May 1999 for further details.

^b For further information on the new series, private sector services, please see the article on pp201-203, *Labour Market Trends*, May 2000.

R Revised
P Provisional

Average Earnings Index:^a main industrial sectors: effect of bonus payments

EARNINGS

E.4

Great Britain, not seasonally adjusted

GREAT BRITAIN
SIC 1992

Production (Divisions 10-41)

of which: Manufacturing (Divisions 15-37)

		Index including bonus	Change on year (%)			Index including bonus	Change on year (%)		
			Including bonus	Excluding bonus ^a	Bonus effect ^a		Including bonus	Excluding bonus ^a	Bonus effect ^a
1995=100									
		LNMO	LOUL	LOJJ	LOUS	LNMN	LOUK	LOJI	LOUT
1999	Jan ^a	114.7	4.0	3.5	0.5	115.1	4.1	3.6	0.5
	Feb ^a	116.3	3.4	2.5	0.9	116.7	3.5	2.7	0.8
	Mar	120.4	3.4	2.4	1.0	120.7	3.5	2.6	0.9
	Apr	117.3	3.5	2.5	1.0	117.5	3.6	2.6	1.0
	May	116.4	3.4	2.7	0.7	116.7	3.5	2.8	0.7
	Jun	116.6	3.3	2.9	0.4	117.1	3.4	3.0	0.4
	Jul	118.2	3.4	2.6	0.8	118.7	3.6	2.9	0.7
	Aug	116.5	3.8	3.5	0.3	117.0	4.1	3.8	0.3
	Sep	116.8	4.2	3.9	0.3	117.4	4.4	4.3	0.1
	Oct	118.3	4.3	4.0	0.3	119.0	4.6	4.4	0.2
	Nov	119.5	4.5	4.1	0.4	120.3	4.8	4.5	0.3
	Dec	122.8	5.5	3.8	1.7	123.7	6.0	4.2	1.8
2000	Jan	121.2	5.6	4.3	1.3	121.8	5.8	4.5	1.3
	Feb	121.6	4.6	4.9	-0.3	122.1	4.6	5.1	-0.5
	Mar	125.4	4.2	4.8	-0.6	126.1	4.5	5.1	-0.6
	Apr	122.0	4.0	4.2	-0.2	122.8	4.5	4.6	-0.1
	May	121.9	4.8	4.2	0.6	122.7	5.2	4.7	0.5
	Jun	121.8	4.4	4.3	0.1	122.4	4.5	4.7	-0.2
	Jul	123.0	4.0	4.1	-0.1	124.0	4.4	4.4	0.0
	Aug	120.9	3.8	3.5	0.3	121.8	4.1	3.7	0.4
	Sep	121.6	4.1	3.6	0.5	122.6	4.4	3.8	0.6
	Oct	122.8	3.9	3.5	0.4	123.9	4.2	3.7	0.5
	Nov	124.7	4.4	3.8	0.6	125.8	4.6	4.0	0.6
	Dec	128.4	4.5	4.0	0.5	129.6	4.8	4.2	0.6
2001	Jan	125.4	3.5	4.2	-0.7	126.3	3.7	4.5	-0.8
	Feb	127.9	5.2	4.3	0.9	128.3	5.1	4.5	0.6
	Mar R	131.8	5.1	4.4	0.7	132.7	5.2	4.6	0.6
	Apr P	128.1	5.0	5.1	-0.1	129.0	5.1	5.3	-0.2

Services (Divisions 50-93)

		Index including bonus	Change on year (%)		
			Including bonus	Excluding bonus ^a	Bonus effect ^a
		LNMP	LOUM	LOJK	LOUU
1999	Jan ^a	115.9	4.6	4.5	0.1
	Feb ^a	119.5	5.5	4.0	1.5
	Mar	123.1	5.2	3.6	1.6
	Apr	117.3	3.6	3.5	0.1
	May	118.2	4.3	3.4	0.9
	Jun	119.6	6.1	4.5	1.6
	Jul	119.5	4.7	3.6	1.1
	Aug	117.7	5.2	3.5	1.7
	Sep	117.4	4.5	3.4	1.1
	Oct	117.7	5.3	3.3	2.0
	Nov	118.6	5.1	3.1	2.0
	Dec	125.2	6.4	3.5	2.9
2000	Jan	123.7	6.7	4.7	2.0
	Feb	126.5	5.8	4.8	1.0
	Mar	130.2	5.7	4.3	1.4
	Apr	122.4	4.4	4.0	0.4
	May	122.3	3.4	4.5	-1.1
	Jun	123.5	3.2	4.2	-1.0
	Jul	123.5	3.3	4.1	-0.8
	Aug	122.8	4.3	4.5	-0.2
	Sep	121.9	3.9	4.3	-0.4
	Oct	122.3	3.9	4.7	-0.8
	Nov	123.4	4.0	4.8	-0.8
	Dec	131.6	5.1	4.7	0.4
2001	Jan	129.5	4.6	3.5	1.1
	Feb	135.8	7.4	3.9	3.5
	Mar R	135.4	4.0	4.9	-0.9
	Apr P	127.8	4.4	5.3	-0.9

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS
Customer Helpline: 01633 819002

E.21 UNIT WAGE COSTS^a

Index for manufacturing and whole economy

UNITED KINGDOM		Manufacturing		Whole economy	
SIC 1992 1995=100			Percent change from a year earlier		Percent change from a year earlier
		LNNQ	LOUW	LNNK	LOJE
	1992	95.0	0.2	99.0	2.8
	1993	94.9	-0.2	99.0	0.0
	1994	95.4	0.5	98.6	-0.5
	1995	100.0	4.8	100.0	1.5
	1996	105.3	5.3	101.8	1.8
	1997	108.9	3.4	104.7	2.9
	1998	113.1	3.8	107.9	3.1
	1999	113.4	0.3	111.6	3.4
	2000	112.4	-0.9	113.8	1.9
	1997 Q3	109.2	2.6	104.9	2.9
	Q4	110.9	3.9	105.7	2.9
	1998 Q1	111.9	4.9	106.8	2.9
	Q2	112.7	3.6	107.1	2.5
	Q3	113.6	4.0	108.3	3.3
	Q4	114.1	2.9	109.6	3.7
	1999 Q1	114.3	2.1	110.8	3.8
	Q2	113.8	1.0	111.4	4.0
	Q3	112.5	-0.9	111.5	3.0
	Q4	112.9	-1.0	112.7	2.8
	2000 Q1	113.4	-0.7	114.1	3.0
	Q2	112.9	-0.8	113.0	1.5
	Q3	111.7	-0.7	113.4	1.6
	Q4	111.6	-1.2	114.6	1.7
	2001 Q1 P	112.7	-0.6	..	..
	1998 Nov	114.3	2.5	..	..
	Dec	113.7	2.4	..	..
	1999 Jan	114.2	2.4	..	..
	Feb	114.8	2.7	..	..
	Mar	113.9	1.3	..	..
	Apr	114.0	1.1	..	..
	May	113.4	0.6	..	..
	Jun	114.0	1.2	..	..
	Jul	112.7	-0.4	..	..
	Aug	112.6	-0.9	..	..
	Sep	112.3	-1.6	..	..
	Oct	113.2	-1.0	..	..
	Nov	112.4	-1.6	..	..
	Dec	113.2	-0.5	..	..
	2000 Jan	114.3	0.1	..	..
	Feb	113.5	-1.1	..	..
	Mar	112.6	-1.2	..	..
	Apr	113.3	-0.7	..	..
	May	113.0	-0.3	..	..
	Jun	112.4	-1.4	..	..
	Jul	112.3	-0.3	..	..
	Aug	111.2	-1.2	..	..
	Sep	111.7	-0.6	..	..
	Oct	111.5	-1.4	..	..
	Nov	111.6	-0.8	..	..
	Dec	111.8	-1.3	..	..
	2001 Jan P	111.9	-2.1	..	..
	Feb P	112.8	-0.6	..	..
	Mar P	113.5	0.8	..	..
	Apr P	114.6	1.2	..	..
Three months ending	1998 Nov	114.2	3.4	..	..
	Dec	114.1	2.9	..	..
	1999 Jan	114.1	2.4	..	..
	Feb	114.2	2.5	..	..
	Mar	114.3	2.1	..	..
	Apr	114.2	1.7	..	..
	May	113.8	1.0	..	..
	Jun	113.8	1.0	..	..
	Jul	113.4	0.5	..	..
	Aug	113.1	0.0	..	..
	Sep	112.5	-0.9	..	..
	Oct	112.7	-1.1	..	..
	Nov	112.6	-1.4	..	..
	Dec	112.9	-1.0	..	..
	2000 Jan	113.3	-0.7	..	..
	Feb	113.7	-0.5	..	..
	Mar	113.4	-0.7	..	..
	Apr	113.1	-1.0	..	..
	May	112.9	-0.7	..	..
	Jun	112.9	-0.8	..	..
	Jul	112.6	-0.7	..	..
	Aug	112.0	-1.0	..	..
	Sep	111.7	-0.7	..	..
	Oct	111.5	-1.1	..	..
	Nov	111.6	-0.9	..	..
	Dec	111.6	-1.2	..	..
	2001 Jan P	111.7	-1.4	..	..
	Feb P	112.2	-1.3	..	..
	Mar P	112.7	-0.6	..	..
	Apr P	113.6	0.5	..	..

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS
Customer Helpline: 01633 812766

^a Wages and salaries per unit of output.
P Provisional

Note: Manufacturing estimates are based on the seasonally adjusted monthly index of average earnings, manufacturing productivity jobs and the manufacturing index of production. Whole economy estimates are based on gross value added at basic prices, total wages and salaries, and productivity jobs.

The full productivity and unit wage costs data sets with associated articles can be found on the National Statistics website at www.statistics.gov.uk/themes/economy/Articles.asp under 'Productivity'.

EARNINGS E.31

Selected countries: index of wages per head: manufacturing (manual workers)

	Great Britain (a,b)	Belgium (i)	Canada (c)	Denmark (c)	France (d,h)	Germany (FR) (j)	Greece (c)	Irish Republic (c)	Italy (i,k)	Japan (b,e)	Netherlands (i)	Spain (b,c,l)	Sweden (c,g)	United States (c)
1995=100														
Annual averages														
1995	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1996	104.3	102.0	103.2	103.8	102.6	103.5	108.6	103.7	103.1	102.5	101.9	105.3	106.6	103.0
1997	108.8	104.0	104.1	107.7	105.4	105.1	117.1	107.4	106.8	105.4	104.8	109.6	111.4	106.0
1998	113.7	106.0	106.3	112.5	107.6	107.0	121.3	112.8	109.8	104.3	108.2	112.6	115.3	109.0
1999	118.3	108.0	106.4	117.2	110.3	109.8	..	119.0	112.3	103.2	111.5	115.5	117.4	112.0
2000	123.7	111.0	109.9	..	..	..	..	..	114.6	105.1	..	118.3	121.3	120.0
Quarterly averages														
1999 Q1	116.1	107.0	106.6	116.0	108.8	108.2	..	116.1	111.5	105.0	109.8	114.3	116.5	114.0
Q2	117.3	108.0	106.1	116.6	109.5	109.8	..	118.2	111.9	103.5	110.7	115.4	118.1	115.0
Q3	119.0	109.0	106.0	117.4	110.9	110.1	..	119.2	112.8	103.4	112.7	115.7	116.4	116.0
Q4	120.6	109.0	107.1	118.7	111.9	111.2	..	122.6	113.0	104.0	112.7	116.5	118.7	117.0
2000 Q1	121.8	110.0	110.0	120.1	114.5	111.2	..	121.1	113.6	106.4	113.5	117.3	120.3	118.0
Q2	122.8	110.0	110.3	120.5	115.4	112.4	..	125.0	114.7	105.9	114.6	117.6	122.4	120.0
Q3	124.1	112.0	109.9	121.8	116.7	113.7	..	126.7	115.1	105.1	116.0	118.6	120.7	121.0
Q4	126.1	112.0	109.5	..	117.5	113.9	..	..	115.2	105.1	..	119.4	121.9	122.0
2001 Q1	127.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	115.9	..	..	..	..	123.0
1999 Apr	117.1	..	105.0	..	..	109.8	..	..	111.9	105.4	110.7	..	117.9	112.0
May	117.2	..	105.8	116.6	..	..	..	..	111.9	104.8	110.7	..	119.4	112.0
Jun	117.8	108.0	107.5	..	..	..	..	..	111.8	105.5	110.8	..	117.0	112.0
Jul	118.4	..	107.7	..	..	110.1	..	..	112.8	100.7	112.7	..	116.8	112.0
Aug	119.1	..	106.2	117.4	..	..	..	..	112.8	104.1	112.7	..	115.6	113.0
Sep	119.4	109.0	104.1	..	..	..	..	..	112.8	106.2	112.7	..	116.7	114.0
Oct	120.1	..	106.2	..	..	111.2	..	..	113.0	106.2	112.7	..	118.0	113.0
Nov	120.4	..	106.3	118.7	..	..	..	..	113.0	106.3	112.7	..	118.6	117.0
Dec	121.2	109.0	108.7	..	..	..	..	..	113.0	99.4	112.8	..	119.7	118.0
2000 Jan	122.0	..	109.6	..	..	111.2	..	..	..	106.8	113.3	..	120.9	118.0
Feb	121.5	..	110.4	120.1	..	..	..	..	113.6	107.1	113.5	..	120.2	118.0
Mar	121.9	110.0	109.9	..	..	..	..	..	113.6	107.3	113.8	..	119.9	119.0
Apr	122.3	..	110.0	..	..	112.4	..	..	114.3	106.9	114.6	..	122.7	119.0
May	123.1	..	110.8	120.5	..	..	..	..	114.9	106.4	114.6	..	121.7	120.0
Jun	123.0	110.0	110.1	..	..	..	..	..	115.0	104.3	114.7	..	122.8	120.0
Jul	123.6	..	109.9	..	..	113.7	..	..	115.1	102.2	115.7	..	121.5	120.0
Aug	124.0	..	110.1	121.8	..	..	..	..	115.1	106.2	115.8	..	119.4	121.0
Sep	124.8	112.0	109.6	..	..	..	..	..	115.1	106.9	116.6	..	121.3	121.0
Oct	125.2	..	109.5	..	..	113.9	..	..	115.2	106.6	..	..	121.6	121.0
Nov	126.1	..	109.1	..	..	..	..	..	115.2	105.3	..	..	121.1	122.0
Dec	127.1	112.0	110.0	..	..	..	..	..	115.2	103.2	..	..	122.9	123.0
2001 Jan	126.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	115.7	105.5	..	..	121.9	123.0
Feb	127.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	115.9	..	..	..	121.9	123.0
Mar	128.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	116.0	..	..	..	..	124.0
Apr P	128.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Increases on a year earlier														
Annual averages														
1996	4	2	3	4	3	4	9	4	3	3	2	5	7	3
1997	4	2	1	4	3	2	8	4	4	3	3	4	5	3
1998	4	2	2	4	2	2	4	5	3	-1	3	3	4	3
1999	4	2	0	4	3	3	..	5	2	-1	3	3	2	3
2000	5	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	..	2	3	7
Quarterly averages														
1999 Q1	4	2	0	5	2	2	..	..	3	0	3	2	3	2
Q2	4	2	-1	4	2	2	..	5	2	-1	3	3	1	3
Q3	4	3	1	4	3	3	..	6	2	0	3	3	1	4
Q4	5	3	1	4	3	3	..	7	2	0	3	3	2	4
2000 Q1	5	3	3	4	5	3	..	4	2	2	3	3	3	4
Q2	5	2	4	3	5	2	..	6	2	2	4	2	4	4
Q3	4	3	4	4	5	3	..	6	2	2	3	3	4	4
Q4	5	3	2	..	5	2	..	..	2	1	..	2	3	4
2001 Q1	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	4
Monthly														
1999 Apr	4	..	-2	..	..	2	..	..	2	1	3	..	1	3
May	3	..	-1	..	..	..	..	..	2	0	3	..	2	3
Jun	4	2	0	..	..	..	..	..	2	-4	3	..	1	3
Jul	4	..	2	..	..	3	..	..	3	-3	3	..	2	4
Aug	4	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	3	..	1	4
Sep	4	3	-1	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	3	..	1	4
Oct	4	..	1	..	..	3	..	..	2	1	3	..	2	3
Nov	5	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	-1	3	..	2	4
Dec	6	3	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	-1	3	..	2	6
2000 Jan	6	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	3	..	3	7
Feb	5	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	4	..	3	7
Mar	4	3	4	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	4	..	3	7
Apr	4	..	5	..	..	3	..	..	2	2	4	..	4	6
May	5	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	3	2	4	..	2	7
Jun	4	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	3	4	4	..	5	7
Jul	4	..	2	..	..	3	..	..	2	1	3	..	4	7
Aug	4	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	3	..	3	7
Sep	5	3	5	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	3	..	4	6
Oct	4	..	3	..	..	2	..	..	2	0	..	..	3	7
Nov	5	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	2	-1	..	..	2	4
Dec	5	3	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	4	..	..	3	4
2001 Jan	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-1	..	..	1	4
Feb	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	1	4
Mar	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	4
Apr P	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Source: OECD - Main Economic Indicators. Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS
Customer Helpline: 01633 819002

a Wages and salaries on a weekly basis (all employees).
b Seasonally adjusted.
c Hourly earnings.
d Hourly rates: wage earners.
P Provisional

e Monthly earnings.
f All industries.
g Including mining.
h All activities excluding agriculture and non-market services.

i Hourly rates.
j Average gross hourly earnings paid to manual workers.
k Industry.
l Industry and services.

F.11 GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING MEASURES

New Deal 18-24 summary figures

Thousands

Quarter/month	Number on New Deal at quarter/month end ^a			Number of starts ^b in quarter/month			Number of leavers ^c in quarter/month		
	Male	Female	All ^d	Male	Female	All ^d	Male	Female	All ^d
UNITED KINGDOM^e									
Jan-Mar 1999	114.6	39.9	154.7	38.3	15.7	54.1	29.0	11.0	40.1
Apr-Jun 1999	115.1	40.3	155.6	34.9	13.5	48.4	34.4	13.0	47.4
Jul-Sep 1999	108.3	38.9	147.3	36.7	15.0	51.8	43.6	16.4	60.0
Oct-Dec 1999	103.5	36.6	140.1	29.3	12.2	13.1	38.4	16.1	53.9
Great Britain									
Jan-Mar 1999	110.3	38.2	148.6	36.8	15.1	52.0	28.0	10.6	38.7
Apr-Jun 1999	110.7	38.6	149.5	33.6	13.0	46.6	33.2	12.6	45.8
Jul-Sep 1999	103.8	37.2	141.1	35.6	14.6	50.3	42.6	16.0	58.6
Oct-Dec 1999	99.2	34.9	134.2	29.0	12.1	12.7	37.9	15.9	53.3
Jan-Mar 2000	96.5	34.7	131.3	37.3	16.1	53.5	37.9	15.1	53.0
Apr-Jun 2000	89.5	32.3	121.9	32.0	12.4	44.5	39.0	14.9	53.9
Jul-Sep 2000	76.9	28.3	105.5	10.0	4.2	14.3	20.7	7.9	28.7
Oct-Dec 2000	72.9	26.1	99.2	9.3	3.9	13.2	12.5	4.6	17.1
Jan 2001	74.6	27.1	101.9	11.1	4.7	15.8	13.4	4.9	18.2
Feb 2001	73.3	26.5	100.0	9.5	3.8	13.4	14.1	5.2	19.4
Mar 2001	71.5	26.2	98.0	12.4	5.2	17.6	18.1	6.5	24.6

Source: Research and Development Division, Employment Service; and Department of Enterprise, Trade and Investment for Northern Ireland
Enquiries: 0114 259 6365

a Figures refer to the last Friday of each quarter/month.

b Those identified by ES as having joined New Deal, including those who have received an initial invitation, but not yet attended their first interview.

c Those who have left during Gateway either to go into an unsubsidised job or for some other reason, plus those who have left an option without returning to ES.

d Totals include those whose sex is not recorded. For this reason, and also because of rounding, components will not necessarily sum to totals.

e Data for Northern Ireland, and hence UK, for January 2000 to March 2001 are not available.

For further information, please see article on pp197-206, *Labour Market Trends*, April 1999.

F.12 GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING MEASURES

Numbers participating in New Deal 18-24: end-March 2001^f

Thousands

	Total	Gateway ^a	Options Total	Employer	Education and training	Voluntary sector	Environment Task Force	Follow-Through ^b
GREAT BRITAIN								
All ^c	98.0	52.0	28.34	4.29	12.21	6.25	5.59	17.67
Male	71.5	37.3	20.52	3.06	8.57	3.68	5.21	13.68
Female	26.2	14.5	7.79	1.22	3.62	2.56	0.38	3.98
People with disabilities ^d	12.7	5.8	4.15	0.56	1.84	1.00	0.75	2.70
People from ethnic minority groups ^e	14.6	8.5	3.78	0.36	2.11	0.95	0.35	2.34
White	77.8	39.9	23.30	3.76	9.46	5.01	5.06	14.59
Prefer not to say	4.9	2.9	1.24	0.16	0.62	0.29	0.18	0.74

Source: Research and Development Division, Employment Service; and Department of Enterprise, Trade and Investment for Northern Ireland
Enquiries: 0114 259 6365

a Including those awaiting their first Gateway interview.

b Individuals join the Follow-Through stage only after completing their New Deal option.

c Totals include those for whom sex is not recorded. For this reason, and also because of rounding, components will not necessarily sum to totals.

d Those recorded by ES as having a physical or mental impairment that has a substantial and long-term effect on their ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities.

e Excluding those who, when asked their ethnic origin, were recorded as 'prefer not to say'.

f Data for Northern Ireland, and hence UK, for March 2001 are not available.

For further information, please see article on pp197-206, *Labour Market Trends*, April 1999.

GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING MEASURES

New Deal 18-24: numbers leaving Gateway by immediate destination^a

F.13
Thousands

Thousands										
	Total	Unsubsidised employment ^b	Options					Other		
Quarter/month of leaving			Total	Employer	Education and training	Voluntary sector	Environment Task Force	Transfer to other benefits	Other ^c	Not known ^d
GREAT BRITAIN ^e										
All										
Jan-Mar 1999	54.1	11.70	25.20	4.12	10.68	5.29	5.12	4.64	3.89	8.63
Apr-Jun 1999	50.5	13.70	19.96	3.90	6.88	4.64	4.54	3.98	3.77	9.04
Jul-Sep 1999	58.5	15.19	23.63	3.33	11.26	4.61	4.43	4.20	5.60	9.89
Oct-Dec 1999	47.4	12.60	17.90	2.70	7.20	4.10	4.00	3.70	4.50	8.80
Jan-Mar 2000	57.8	15.53	19.62	2.79	7.28	4.92	4.63	4.62	5.41	12.64
Apr-Jun 2000	48.6	13.62	17.42	3.56	5.58	4.33	3.94	3.83	4.50	9.22
Jul-Sep 2000	54.1	14.95	18.70	2.96	8.06	4.06	3.62	4.45	5.99	10.01
Oct-Dec 2000	46.0	14.24	11.97	1.82	4.20	3.02	2.94	4.08	4.95	10.78
Jan 2001	15.0	4.02	3.89	0.50	1.39	1.00	1.01	1.56	1.82	3.75
Feb 2001	17.2	5.03	4.82	0.79	1.44	1.31	1.29	1.58	2.00	3.74
Mar 2001	21.4	6.78	5.41	1.06	1.70	1.40	1.24	1.87	2.44	4.91
Male										
Jan-Mar 1999	39.5	8.67	18.91	3.04	7.85	3.21	4.81	2.57	2.79	6.57
Apr-Jun 1999	36.6	10.17	14.84	2.87	4.98	2.73	4.26	2.14	2.67	6.82
Jul-Sep 1999	41.9	11.27	17.11	2.48	7.82	2.67	4.14	2.23	3.90	7.44
Oct-Dec 1999	33.8	9.20	13.20	1.90	5.20	2.40	3.70	1.80	3.20	6.40
Jan-Mar 2000	41.9	11.45	14.56	2.07	5.23	2.90	4.36	2.46	3.88	9.55
Apr-Jun 2000	34.8	9.93	12.89	2.60	4.12	2.53	3.65	1.95	3.13	6.92
Jul-Sep 2000	38.3	10.89	13.48	2.17	5.63	2.36	3.33	2.30	4.16	7.47
Oct-Dec 2000	33.5	10.47	8.93	1.33	3.06	1.79	2.76	2.26	3.60	8.20
Jan 2001	11.0	3.00	2.91	0.36	1.03	0.59	0.94	0.87	1.32	2.87
Feb 2001	12.5	3.72	3.62	0.57	1.05	0.78	1.22	0.90	1.42	2.83
Mar 2001	15.5	4.93	4.00	0.75	1.24	0.85	1.16	1.06	1.77	3.78
Female										
Jan-Mar 1999	14.5	3.02	6.29	1.08	2.83	2.08	0.30	2.07	1.10	2.07
Apr-Jun 1999	13.8	3.54	5.12	1.03	1.90	1.91	0.28	1.85	1.10	2.22
Jul-Sep 1999	16.6	3.93	6.52	0.85	3.44	1.94	0.29	1.97	1.70	2.46
Oct-Dec 1999	13.6	3.40	4.70	0.70	2.00	1.70	0.30	1.90	1.30	2.30
Jan-Mar 2000	15.9	4.09	5.05	0.72	2.04	2.01	0.27	2.16	1.53	3.09
Apr-Jun 2000	13.7	3.69	4.52	0.97	1.46	1.80	0.29	1.88	1.37	2.28
Jul-Sep 2000	15.8	4.06	5.21	0.78	2.44	1.70	0.29	2.15	1.82	2.53
Oct-Dec 2000	12.5	3.76	3.03	0.49	1.14	1.22	0.18	1.83	1.35	2.55
Jan 2001	4.0	1.02	0.97	0.14	0.35	0.41	0.07	0.68	0.50	0.88
Feb 2001	4.7	1.30	1.20	0.21	0.39	0.53	0.07	0.68	0.57	0.91
Mar 2001	5.9	1.86	1.41	0.31	0.46	0.55	0.08	0.80	0.67	1.12

Source: Research and Development Division, Employment Service; and Department of Enterprise, Trade and Investment for Northern Ireland

Enquiries: 0114 259 6365

- a Includes those leaving before receipt of a first interview.
b Those who are recorded by ES as having been placed into unsubsidised employment, plus those who are recorded as having terminated their Jobseeker's Allowance (JSA) claim in order to go into a job. This will undercount the total number going into a job: some who go into a job will not, for whatever reason, record this as the reason for termination of their JSA claim. These will be counted as not known. Evidence suggests that a significant proportion of those recorded as destination not known who are later contacted in follow-up surveys, find work.
c For Northern Ireland, figures include those for whom destinations are not known and those for whom the reason for leaving has not been classified e.g. those who transfer to other benefits.
d Where there is no leaving code recorded on JUVOS, or where the leaving code is recorded as 'not known', or simply 'ceased claiming' or 'failed to attend'.
e Data for Northern Ireland, and hence UK, for March 2001 are not available.

For further information, please see article on pp197-206, *Labour Market Trends*, April 1999.

GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING MEASURES

Immediate destinations on leaving New Deal 18-24, by stage of New Deal process reached

F.14
Thousands

GREAT BRITAIN					
Quarter/month of leaving New Deal	Total	Unsubsidised employment	Other benefits	Other known destination	Not known
All New Deal leavers					
Jan-Mar 1999	39.86	14.81	5.68	6.23	13.15
Apr-Jun 1999	45.90	18.59	5.24	7.78	14.29
Jul-Sep 1999	55.52	21.65	5.72	12.55	15.59
Oct-Dec 1999	52.16	19.37	5.16	12.77	14.86
Jan-Mar 2000	52.24	18.55	5.95	12.26	15.48
Apr-Jun 2000	50.54	19.66	5.40	10.20	15.28
Jul-Sep 2000	54.65	20.90	5.91	11.89	15.95
Oct-Dec 2000	58.13	22.12	5.75	11.71	18.55
Jan 2001	18.23	5.83	2.15	4.14	6.12
Feb 2001	19.37	7.12	2.15	4.11	6.00
Mar 2001	24.61	9.64	2.56	4.88	7.53
Those leaving before having a first interview					
Jan-Mar 1999	4.69	1.58	0.45	0.85	1.81
Apr-Jun 1999	4.92	1.89	0.41	0.74	1.88
Jul-Sep 1999	5.82	2.04	0.44	1.07	2.26
Oct-Dec 1999	5.09	1.57	0.47	0.90	2.16
Jan-Mar 2000	6.20	1.99	0.55	1.05	2.61
Apr-Jun 2000	5.68	1.92	0.47	0.88	2.41
Jul-Sep 2000	5.39	1.71	0.47	0.97	2.24
Oct-Dec 2000	4.90	1.47	0.38	0.77	2.28
Jan 2001	1.94	0.59	0.20	0.29	0.86
Feb 2001	1.73	0.57	0.15	0.29	0.73
Mar 2001	2.27	0.80	0.17	0.33	0.96
Those leaving during the Gateway, having had at least one interview					
Jan-Mar 1999	23.69	9.86	4.15	3.16	6.52
Apr-Jun 1999	24.70	11.46	3.51	2.98	6.75
Jul-Sep 1999	27.72	12.63	3.71	4.72	6.66
Oct-Dec 1999	23.37	10.72	3.20	3.72	5.73
Jan-Mar 2000	23.98	10.37	3.74	3.80	6.07
Apr-Jun 2000	24.96	11.48	3.35	3.50	6.63
Jul-Sep 2000	27.92	12.26	3.89	4.69	7.08
Oct-Dec 2000	22.32	9.39	3.40	3.47	6.06
Jan 2001	9.20	3.43	1.36	1.53	2.89
Feb 2001	10.62	4.46	1.44	1.70	3.01
Mar 2001	13.73	5.98	1.70	2.09	3.96
Those leaving having started an option^a					
Jan-Mar 1999	6.54	1.80	0.51	0.29	3.95
Apr-Jun 1999	7.44	2.31	0.55	0.31	4.27
Jul-Sep 1999	8.38	2.51	0.55	0.50	4.81
Oct-Dec 1999	8.51	2.53	0.53	0.48	4.96
Jan-Mar 2000	7.92	2.27	0.60	0.32	4.73
Apr-Jun 2000	7.67	2.53	0.60	0.31	4.23
Jul-Sep 2000	8.26	2.68	0.57	0.48	4.53
Oct-Dec 2000	8.91	2.95	0.59	0.41	4.96
Jan 2001	2.40	0.64	0.20	0.10	1.46
Feb 2001	2.50	0.75	0.22	0.11	1.43
Mar 2001	3.01	1.08	0.24	0.12	1.57

Source: Research and Development Division, Employment Service
Enquiries: 0114 259 6365

- a Virtually all of these are individuals who have left their option and have not returned to claim JSA. Some of these may start a new JSA claim within 13 weeks of leaving the option, in which case they will re-enter the New Deal Follow-Through. The numbers leaving from Follow-Through are too small to be worth separately identifying.

For further information, please see article on pp197-206, *Labour Market Trends*, April 1999.

F.15 GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING MEASURES

Number of 18 to 24-year-olds into employment from New Deal^a

Thousands

GREAT BRITAIN				Number into other employment ^d		
Quarter/month	Number into sustained employment ^b			Total	Unsubsidised	Subsidised ^e
	Total	Unsubsidised	Subsidised ^c			
All^f						
Jan-Mar 1999	17.86	14.97	2.89	5.73	5.44	0.28
Apr-Jun 1999	21.71	18.92	2.78	7.30	7.02	0.29
Jul-Sep 1999	24.85	22.08	2.76	9.06	8.78	0.31
Oct-Dec 1999	22.69	20.09	2.60	10.66	10.33	0.33
Jan-Mar 2000	26.42	23.36	3.06	5.34	5.11	0.23
Apr-Jun 2000	21.76	18.90	2.86	6.93	6.30	0.63
Jul-Sep 2000	26.64	24.07	2.57	5.44	5.11	0.33
Oct-Dec 2000	22.08	20.30	1.78	4.67	4.48	0.19
Jan 2001	5.64	5.30	0.53	0.83	0.79	0.05
Feb 2001	7.20	6.42	0.78	1.07	0.99	0.07
Mar 2001	9.68	8.68	1.00	1.48	1.39	0.08
Male						
Jan-Mar 1999	13.26	11.11	2.15	4.50	4.30	0.20
Apr-Jun 1999	16.09	14.03	2.06	5.63	5.46	0.21
Jul-Sep 1999	18.48	16.40	2.09	7.21	6.98	0.23
Oct-Dec 1999	16.51	14.64	1.87	8.09	6.15	0.19
Jan-Mar 2000	19.69	17.41	2.28	3.95	0.18	0.00
Apr-Jun 2000	15.93	13.85	2.08	4.76	4.87	0.46
Jul-Sep 2000	16.77	15.01	1.76	5.29	4.89	0.40
Oct-Dec 2000	16.06	14.77	1.29	3.52	3.39	0.14
Jan 2001	4.29	3.92	0.37	0.62	0.59	0.04
Feb 2001	5.27	4.71	0.56	0.80	0.75	0.05
Mar 2001	7.06	6.37	0.69	1.10	1.04	0.06
Female						
Jan-Mar 1999	4.60	3.85	0.74	1.22	1.14	0.08
Apr-Jun 1999	5.62	4.90	0.72	1.63	1.56	0.07
Jul-Sep 1999	6.36	5.69	0.68	1.87	1.79	0.08
Oct-Dec 1999	6.18	5.45	0.73	2.51	2.42	0.09
Jan-Mar 2000	6.73	5.95	0.78	1.20	1.15	0.05
Apr-Jun 2000	5.83	5.05	0.78	1.60	1.43	0.17
Jul-Sep 2000	6.71	5.71	0.68	1.51	1.37	0.14
Oct-Dec 2000	6.01	5.52	0.49	1.14	1.09	0.06
Jan 2001	1.54	1.39	0.16	0.21	0.20	0.01
Feb 2001	1.92	1.71	0.22	0.26	0.25	0.02
Mar 2001	2.62	2.31	0.31	0.37	0.35	0.02
People from ethnic minority groups^g						
Jan-Mar 1999	1.97	1.70	0.27	0.69	0.66	0.03
Apr-Jun 1999	2.31	2.06	0.25	0.74	0.72	0.02
Jul-Sep 1999	2.66	2.42	0.24	0.98	0.95	0.03
Oct-Dec 1999	2.82	2.59	0.23	1.21	1.21	0.00
Jan-Mar 2000	2.79	2.58	0.21	0.57	0.01	0.00
Apr-Jun 2000	2.34	2.11	0.23	0.70	0.70	0.04
Jul-Sep 2000	2.74	2.54	0.20	0.77	0.73	0.05
Oct-Dec 2000	2.81	2.67	0.13	0.60	0.58	0.02
Jan 2001	0.68	0.65	0.03	0.10	0.09	0.01
Feb 2001	0.86	0.81	0.06	0.13	0.12	0.00
Mar 2001	1.06	0.97	0.09	0.16	0.15	0.01

Source: Research and Development Division, Employment Service
Enquiries: 0114 259 6365

- a The table counts the number of individuals into employment from New Deal. On this basis, a New Deal participant is only ever counted once as starting employment. If a participant has a sustained spell of unsubsidised employment after having had a sustained spell of subsidised employment, then the unsubsidised employment always takes priority.
- b A job from which the participant does not return to claim benefit, or transfer to another option, within 13 weeks. This includes those who have been in employment for less than 13 weeks, but who have not yet returned to JSA.
- c Excluding those who have been, or are in, sustained unsubsidised employment.
- d Excluding those who have been in sustained employment, this comprises those employed for less than 13 weeks.
- e Excluding those who have been in unsubsidised employment for less than 13 weeks.
- f Totals include those whose sex is not recorded.
- g Excluding those who, when asked their ethnic origin, were recorded as 'prefer not to say'.

For further information, please see article on pp197-206, *Labour Market Trends*, April 1999.

F.16 GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING MEASURES

New Deal 25+ summary figures

Thousands

GREAT BRITAIN				Number of starts ^b in quarter/month			Number of leavers ^c in quarter/month		
Quarter/month	Number on New Deal at quarter/month end ^a			Male	Female	All ^d	Male	Female	All ^d
	Male	Female	All ^d						
Jan-Mar 1999	64.2	11.4	75.6	30.7	5.7	36.4	19.0	3.8	22.8
Apr-Jun 1999	67.3	12.1	79.4	28.9	5.5	34.4	25.8	4.7	30.6
Jul-Sep 1999	68.0	12.4	80.4	27.2	5.3	32.5	26.5	5.0	31.5
Oct-Dec 1999	72.5	13.0	86.0	31.8	5.8	38.3	27.4	5.3	32.9
Jan-Mar 2000	70.4	12.8	84.0	28.4	5.5	34.4	30.7	5.7	36.6
Apr-Jun 2000	63.3	11.8	75.9	25.3	5.0	30.6	32.5	6.0	38.8
Jul-Sep 2000	56.4	10.6	67.6	7.8	1.5	9.4	8.7	1.7	10.5
Oct-Dec 2000	55.3	10.0	65.9	8.1	1.5	9.7	7.7	1.4	9.2
Jan 2001	55.2	10.1	65.9	8.1	1.6	9.8	8.1	1.5	9.7
Feb 2001	53.5	9.8	63.8	7.1	1.4	8.6	7.9	1.5	9.5
Mar 2001	52.0	9.6	62.2	8.3	1.7	10.1	10.3	1.9	12.3

Source: Research and Development Division, Employment Service
Enquiries: 0114 259 6365

- a Figures refer to the last Friday of each quarter.
- b Those identified by ES as having joined New Deal, including those who have received an initial invitation, but not yet attended their first interview.
- c Those who have completed the Advisory Interview Process and not taken up an opportunity, plus those who have started unsubsidised employment or left JSA for reasons other than starting on the Employer Subsidy or other provision. Subsequent data may be revised upwards as leavers from WBTA/TFW and current ES provision are monitored.
- d Totals include those whose sex is not recorded. For this reason, and also because of rounding, components will not necessarily sum to totals.

For further information, please see article on pp197-206, *Labour Market Trends*, April 1999.

F.17 GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING MEASURES

Numbers participating in New Deal 25+: end-March 2001

Thousands

GREAT BRITAIN		Advisory Interview Process ^a		Employer subsidy		Education and training opportunities		Work-Based Learning for Adults ^b		Follow-Through ^c	
Total											
All^d		62.2		51.6		1.98		1.15		3.77	
Male		52.0		43.2		1.69		0.98		3.12	
Female		9.6		8.0		0.28		0.17		0.62	
People from ethnic minority groups ^e		6.1		5.1		0.10		0.15		0.41	
People with disabilities ^f		13.8		11.4		0.47		0.26		0.88	

Source: Research and Development Division, Employment Service
Enquiries: 0114 259 6365

- a Including those awaiting their first advisory interview. While on the advisory process, clients may participate in provision such as Programme Centres, Jobclub, Jobplan or Worktrials.
- b In Scotland, Training for Work is the equivalent programme.
- c Individuals join the follow-through stage on returning from the employer subsidy, unsubsidised employment, or WBTA/TFW within three months of completing training/leaving JSA; plus those completing education and training opportunities.
- d Totals include those whose sex is not recorded. For this reason, and also because of rounding, components will not necessarily sum to totals.
- e Excluding those who, when asked their ethnic origin, were recorded as 'prefer not to say'.
- f Those recorded by ES as having a physical or mental impairment which has a substantial long-term effect on their ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities.

For further information, please see article on pp197-206, *Labour Market Trends*, April 1999.

GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING MEASURES

Numbers leaving Advisory Interview Process of New Deal 25+, by destination^a

F.18

Thousands

GREAT BRITAIN	All	Left New Deal				On JSA ^a	Still on New Deal		
		Left JSA					Left JSA		On JSA
		Unsubsidised employment ^b	Transfer to other benefits	Other ^c	Not known ^d		Employer subsidy	Work-Based Learning for Adults/TfW	Education and training opportunities
Quarter/month of leaving									
All									
Jan-Mar 1999	26.3	3.54	3.27	1.21	2.39	10.65	1.62	2.70	0.89
Apr-Jun 1999	32.2	4.03	3.26	1.32	2.77	16.06	1.76	2.39	0.63
Jul-Sep 1999	33.2	4.35	3.31	1.41	2.92	15.36	1.72	2.65	1.48
Oct-Dec 1999	33.8	4.00	3.21	1.27	3.01	17.44	1.58	2.54	0.80
Jan-Mar 2000	39.6	4.88	4.14	1.49	3.16	20.72	1.51	3.04	0.68
Apr-Jun 2000	38.2	4.36	3.39	1.57	2.58	21.53	1.65	2.66	0.45
Jul-Sep 2000	29.3	4.19	3.26	1.42	2.15	13.41	1.35	2.59	0.89
Oct-Dec2000	26.4	4.33	3.05	1.39	2.36	12.19	0.96	1.86	0.27
Jan2001	92	1.30	1.23	0.44	0.74	4.50	0.31	0.66	0.06
Feb2001	92	1.45	1.25	0.58	0.67	4.08	0.37	0.75	0.05
Mar2001	11.9	1.96	1.52	0.66	0.99	5.51	0.47	0.75	0.04
Male									
Jan-Mar 1999	22.0	2.95	2.63	0.97	1.94	9.03	1.39	2.27	0.77
Apr-Jun 1999	27.2	3.38	2.66	1.05	2.27	13.76	1.51	1.99	0.56
Jul-Sep 1999	27.9	3.65	2.71	1.14	2.38	13.11	1.47	2.18	1.27
Oct-Dec 1999	28.2	3.26	2.58	0.98	2.42	14.86	1.30	2.12	0.67
Jan-Mar 2000	33.3	4.04	3.38	1.21	2.63	17.58	1.28	2.58	0.59
Apr-Jun 2000	32.0	3.64	2.73	1.24	2.10	18.25	1.42	2.22	0.40
Jul-Sep 2000	24.3	3.42	2.64	1.13	1.75	11.29	1.16	2.12	0.75
Oct-Dec2000	22.0	3.54	2.43	1.11	1.95	10.34	0.80	1.56	0.24
Jan2001	77	1.10	1.01	0.34	0.62	3.81	0.26	0.56	0.05
Feb2001	77	1.20	1.00	0.47	0.72	3.52	0.22	0.65	0.04
Mar2001	9.9	1.63	1.23	0.53	0.82	4.65	0.42	0.63	0.04
Females									
Jan-Mar 1999	4.3	0.58	0.64	0.24	0.45	1.57	0.23	0.42	0.11
Apr-Jun 1999	5.0	0.65	0.60	0.27	0.49	2.26	0.25	0.40	0.07
Jul-Sep 1999	5.3	0.69	0.60	0.27	0.54	2.26	0.25	0.47	0.21
Oct-Dec 1999	5.4	0.70	0.62	0.27	0.56	2.56	0.22	0.40	0.11
Jan-Mar 2000	6.0	0.76	0.73	0.27	0.49	3.06	0.20	0.43	0.09
Apr-Jun 2000	5.9	0.66	0.63	0.31	0.44	3.15	0.21	0.42	0.05
Jul-Sep 2000	4.7	0.71	0.60	0.27	0.36	2.01	0.18	0.44	0.13
Oct-Dec2000	4.2	0.75	0.60	0.26	0.39	1.77	0.16	0.28	0.04
Jan2001	1.4	0.19	0.21	0.10	0.11	0.66	0.05	0.09	0.00
Feb2001	1.4	0.23	0.23	0.10	0.08	0.61	0.04	0.10	0.01
Mar2001	1.9	0.30	0.28	0.12	0.15	0.84	0.05	0.11	0.01

Source: Research and Development Division, Employment Service
Enquiries: 0114 259 6365

- a Includes those leaving before receipt of a first interview.
b Those who are recorded by ES as having been placed into unsubsidised employment, plus those who are recorded as having terminated their JSA claim in order to go into a job. This will undercount the total number going into a job: some who go into a job will not, for whatever reason, record this as the reason for termination of their JSA claim. These will be counted as 'not known'.
c Includes, for example, gone abroad.
d Where there is no leaving code recorded on JUVOS, or where the leaving code is recorded as 'not known', or simply 'ceased claiming' or 'failed to attend'. As more data are added, the numbers in this category may be revised downwards.
e At the end of the advisory process, clients may return to normal jobseeker activity including regular fortnightly reviews.

For further information, please see article on pp197-206, Labour Market Trends, April 1999.

GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING MEASURES

Number of people into employment from New Deal 25+^a

F.19

Thousands

GREAT BRITAIN	Number into sustained employment ^b			Number into other employment ^d		
	Total	Unsubsidised	Subsidised ^c	Total	Unsubsidised	Subsidised ^c
Quarter/month						
All^f						
Jan-Mar 1999	5.01	3.80	1.21	0.89	0.80	0.10
Apr-Jun 1999	5.79	4.49	1.29	0.99	0.89	0.11
Jul-Sep 1999	6.27	4.95	1.32	1.23	1.11	0.12
Oct-Dec 1999	5.35	4.67	0.68	1.40	1.30	0.11
Jan-Mar 2000	6.94	5.62	1.31	0.72	0.66	0.06
Apr-Jun 2000	6.83	5.42	1.40	0.59	0.55	0.04
Jul-Sep 2000	6.91	5.68	1.23	0.86	0.79	0.07
Oct-Dec 2000	5.80	4.85	0.95	0.98	0.92	0.06
Jan 2001	1.78	1.47	0.31	0.21	0.19	0.02
Feb 2001	1.95	1.58	0.37	0.21	0.19	0.02
Mar 2001	2.63	2.15	0.48	0.31	0.29	0.02
Male						
Jan-Mar 1999	4.21	3.17	1.03	0.78	0.69	0.09
Apr-Jun 1999	4.89	3.77	1.12	0.87	0.79	0.09
Jul-Sep 1999	5.29	4.16	1.13	1.07	0.97	0.10
Oct-Dec 1999	4.88	3.83	1.05	1.20	1.11	0.09
Jan-Mar 2000	5.79	4.68	1.12	0.63	0.58	0.05
Apr-Jun 2000	5.75	4.53	1.22	0.51	0.48	0.03
Jul-Sep 2000	5.75	4.70	1.05	0.74	0.68	0.06
Oct-Dec 2000	4.77	3.98	0.80	0.84	0.78	0.05
Jan 2001	1.49	1.24	0.26	0.17	0.15	0.02
Feb 2001	1.64	1.32	0.32	0.19	0.17	0.02
Mar 2001	2.21	1.79	0.41	0.27	0.24	0.02
Female						
Jan-Mar 1999	0.80	0.63	0.18	0.11	0.11	0.01
Apr-Jun 1999	0.90	0.73	0.17	0.12	0.10	0.02
Jul-Sep 1999	0.97	0.78	0.19	0.15	0.14	0.01
Oct-Dec 1999	0.96	0.79	0.17	0.19	0.17	0.02
Jan-Mar 2000	1.04	0.86	0.18	0.08	0.07	0.01
Apr-Jun 2000	0.99	0.82	0.17	0.08	0.07	0.01
Jul-Sep 2000	1.08	0.92	0.16	0.12	0.11	0.01
Oct-Dec 2000	0.97	0.82	0.14	0.13	0.13	0.01
Jan 2001	0.26	0.22	0.05	0.04	0.03	0.00
Feb 2001	0.29	0.24	0.04	0.02	0.02	0.00
Mar 2001	0.38	0.32	0.06	0.04	0.04	0.00
People from ethnic minority groups^g						
Jan-Mar 1999	0.44	0.37	0.07	0.07	0.06	0.01
Apr-Jun 1999	0.50	0.43	0.07	0.08	0.07	0.01
Jul-Sep 1999	0.60	0.54	0.06	0.11	0.10	0.01
Oct-Dec 1999	0.64	0.56	0.08	0.12	0.11	0.01
Jan-Mar 2000	0.63	0.56	0.07	0.06	0.05	0.01
Apr-Jun 2000	0.57	0.52	0.06	0.03	0.03	0.00
Jul-Sep 2000	0.61	0.55	0.06	0.08	0.08	0.00
Oct-Dec 2000	0.55	0.50	0.05	0.10	0.09	0.01
Jan 2001	0.18	0.16	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.00
Feb 2001	0.17	0.16	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.00
Mar 2001	0.25	0.23	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.00

Source: Research and Development Division, Employment Service
Enquiries: 0114 259 6365

- a The table counts the number of individuals into employment from 25+ New Deal. On this basis, a New Deal participant is only ever counted once as starting employment. If a participant has a sustained spell of unsubsidised employment after having had a sustained spell of subsidised employment, then the unsubsidised employment always takes priority.
b A job from which the participant does not return to claim JSA, or transfer to another option, within 13 weeks. This includes those who have been in employment for less than 13 weeks, but who have not yet returned to JSA.
c Excluding those who have been, or are, in sustained unsubsidised employment.
d Excluding those who have been in sustained employment, this comprises those employed for less than 13 weeks.
e Excluding those who have been in unsubsidised employment for less than 13 weeks.
f Totals include those whose sex is not recorded.
g Excluding those who, when asked their ethnic origin, were recorded as 'prefer not to say'.

For further information, please see article on pp197-206, Labour Market Trends, April 1999.

G.1 OTHER LABOUR MARKET STATISTICS

UK vacancies at Jobcentres:^a seasonally adjusted

Thousands

UNITED KINGDOM		UNFILLED VACANCIES			INFLOW		OUTFLOW		of which PLACINGS	
		Level	Change since previous month	Average change over 3 months ended	Level	Average change over 3 months ended	Level	Average change over 3 months ended	Level	Average change over 3 months ended
		DPCB			DRYW		DRZL		DTQR	
1997		283.3			226.5		225.3		140.0	
1998		295.8			218.3		217.2		115.5	
1999		314.2			230.4		227.2		121.4	
2000		359.1			223.1		221.1		111.6	
1999	May	304.6	8.9	1.1	224.4	0.8	219.4	-2.6	118.1	-0.1
	Jun	305.6	1.0	2.4	226.2	1.5	225.2	1.4	121.0	1.4
	Jul	307.8	2.2	4.0	231.2	0.5	227.6	-1.6	123.0	-1.2
	Aug	315.8	8.0	3.7	234.0	3.2	226.5	2.4	121.8	1.2
	Sep	314.7	-1.1	3.0	230.2	1.3	229.0	1.3	122.7	0.6
	Oct	336.5	21.8	9.6	235.0	1.3	219.6	-2.7	120.3	-0.9
	Nov	338.5	2.0	7.6	235.3	0.4	233.6	2.4	123.1	0.4
	Dec	347.4	8.9	10.9	236.7	2.2	231.1	0.7	122.6	0.0
2000	Jan	340.3	-7.1	1.3	227.9	-2.4	240.6	7.0	121.1	0.3
	Feb	341.7	1.4	1.1	226.1	-3.1	223.6	-3.3	116.4	-2.2
	Mar	344.6	2.9	-0.9	228.8	-2.6	224.1	-2.3	115.7	-2.3
	Apr	355.7	11.1	5.1	225.3	-0.9	218.9	-7.2	111.4	-3.2
	May	354.3	-1.4	4.2	213.2	-4.3	213.9	-3.2	108.1	-2.8
	Jun	357.2	2.9	4.2	222.3	-2.2	218.6	-1.8	109.5	-2.1
	Jul	362.9	5.7	2.4	220.6	-1.6	214.6	-1.4	107.3	-1.4
	Aug	361.6	-1.3	2.4	219.0	1.9	219.2	1.8	109.9	0.6
	Sep	365.6	4.0	2.8	225.6	1.1	221.8	1.1	111.3	0.6
	Oct	364.5	-1.1	0.5	221.3	0.2	217.1	0.8	109.9	0.9
	Nov	374.3	9.8	4.2	220.2	0.4	211.8	-2.5	107.1	-0.9
	Dec	376.5	2.2	3.6	222.8	-0.9	220.4	-0.5	108.4	-1.0
2001	Jan	395.7	19.2	10.4	224.9	1.2	212.1	-1.7	110.2	0.1
	Feb	391.6	-4.1	5.8	233.2	4.3	237.6	8.6	108.6	0.5
	Mar	394.9	3.3	6.1	232.8	3.3	226.1	1.9	109.1	0.2
	Apr	387.8	-7.1	-2.6	237.6	4.2	241.1	9.7	117.5	2.4
	May P	395.9	8.1	1.4	246.2	4.3	237.2	-0.1	115.5	2.3

Source: Employment Service administrative system
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

a Excluding vacancies on government programmes (except vacancies on Enterprise Ulster and Action for Community Employment (ACE) which are included in the figures for Northern Ireland).

P The latest national and regional seasonally adjusted vacancy figures are provisional and subject to revision, mainly in the following month.

Note: For further information, please see the article 'Jobcentre vacancy statistics' on pp159-162, *Labour Market Trends*, March 2001.

Vacancies notified to and placings made by Jobcentres do not represent the total number of vacancies/engagements in the economy. Latest estimates suggest that about a third of all vacancies nationally are notified to Jobcentres; and about a quarter of all engagements are made through Jobcentres. Inflow, outflow and placings figures are collected for four or five-week periods between count dates; the figures in this table are converted to a standard 4¹/₃ week month.

The vacancy data for Northern Ireland have been suspended since March 1999 and the figures between March and April 1999 and between September and October 1999 for Great Britain have been affected by corrections by the Employment Service to the recorded stock of unfilled vacancies. There has also been a minor change in the definition of notified vacancies between April and May 2000. See notes to Table G.3.

G.2 OTHER LABOUR MARKET STATISTICS

Government Office Regions: vacancies remaining unfilled at Jobcentres:^a seasonally adjusted

Thousands

		North East	North West	Yorkshire and the Humber	East Midlands	West Midlands	East	London	South East	South West	England	Wales	Scotland	Great Britain	Northern Ireland	United Kingdom
		DPCL	IBWE	BCQG	BCQF	BCQE	DPCO	BCQB	DPCP	BCQD	VAST	BCQJ	BCQK	BCQL	BCQM	DPCB
1999	May	14.8	35.7	22.2	20.9	35.3	23.6	32.1	36.6	26.0	247.2	16.3	32.2	295.7	..	304.6
	Jun	15.6	35.7	22.6	21.0	34.5	23.4	32.1	36.7	26.3	247.9	16.2	32.6	296.7	..	305.6
	Jul	16.7	35.2	23.1	21.1	33.8	22.9	31.9	37.0	27.6	249.3	16.5	33.1	298.9	..	307.8
	Aug	18.8	35.7	23.9	21.8	33.6	24.0	32.6	38.2	28.5	257.1	16.6	33.2	306.9	..	315.8
	Sep	19.1	35.8	24.0	21.2	33.2	23.4	32.3	38.1	28.9	256.0	16.2	33.6	305.8	..	314.7
	Oct	20.5	37.1	25.6	22.7	37.3	24.9	35.0	40.8	30.4	274.3	18.0	35.3	327.6	..	336.5
	Nov	20.7	38.1	26.2	23.0	35.9	24.7	35.0	40.8	30.5	274.9	18.9	35.8	329.6	..	338.5
	Dec	21.0	40.4	27.0	23.1	36.7	24.6	37.1	41.4	31.1	282.4	19.2	36.9	338.5	..	347.4
2000	Jan	20.6	38.8	27.3	22.6	34.6	24.6	34.9	40.9	31.0	275.3	19.2	36.9	331.4	..	340.3
	Feb	20.3	39.4	28.3	22.1	33.3	24.4	36.1	41.0	31.6	276.5	19.0	37.3	332.8	..	341.7
	Mar	19.9	39.5	29.4	22.2	35.2	24.0	36.2	40.5	32.3	279.2	19.0	37.5	335.7	..	344.6
	Apr	19.5	41.2	31.0	22.5	35.9	25.2	36.7	41.9	34.7	288.6	19.8	38.4	346.8	..	355.7
	May	19.0	41.3	31.7	22.6	35.8	25.3	36.0	42.5	34.1	288.3	18.9	38.2	345.4	..	354.3
	Jun	18.5	41.0	32.7	22.9	36.1	25.0	36.5	43.7	34.5	290.9	18.9	38.5	348.3	..	357.2
	Jul	18.7	41.4	33.3	22.9	36.0	25.3	37.6	45.1	35.1	295.4	19.1	39.5	354.0	..	362.9
	Aug	18.7	40.8	33.6	22.5	36.6	24.7	37.3	44.5	35.4	294.1	19.3	39.3	352.7	..	361.6
	Sep	19.3	42.1	34.6	22.7	36.6	24.3	35.3	45.3	35.5	295.7	19.1	41.9	356.7	..	365.6
	Oct	19.6	42.4	35.3	20.9	36.2	23.4	35.8	45.0	35.8	294.4	18.4	42.8	355.6	..	364.5
	Nov	20.7	43.0	37.1	22.0	36.5	23.6	36.9	45.7	36.9	302.4	18.7	44.3	365.4	..	374.3
	Dec	21.2	42.0	37.5	22.5	37.2	23.8	36.9	46.0	37.1	304.2	18.9	44.5	367.6	..	376.5
2001	Jan	22.4	44.0	39.5	23.5	39.7	24.5	39.0	47.1	39.6	319.3	19.8	47.7	386.8	..	395.7
	Feb	23.8	44.9	38.8	24.7	39.0	24.9	36.4	48.0	37.3	317.9	19.6	45.3	382.7	..	391.6
	Mar	25.6	46.3	39.3	25.3	39.8	25.4	35.7	47.0	36.3	320.6	20.2	45.1	386.0	..	394.9
	Apr	25.2	46.7	39.4	23.9	39.4	26.4	32.6	44.8	35.9	314.2	20.6	44.2	378.9	..	387.8
	May P	24.6	46.7	39.9	24.9	40.0	27.8	33.7	45.9	37.7	321.2	21.8	43.9	387.0	..	395.9

Source: Employment Service administrative system
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

a Excluding vacancies on government programmes (except vacancies on Enterprise Ulster and Action for Community Employment (ACE) which are included in the figures for Northern Ireland).

P The latest national and regional seasonally adjusted vacancy figures are provisional and subject to revision, mainly in the following month.

Note: For further information, please see the article 'Jobcentre vacancy statistics' on pp159-162, *Labour Market Trends*, March 2001.

The vacancy data for Northern Ireland have been suspended since March 1999 and the figures between March and April 1999 and between September and October 1999 for Great Britain have been affected by corrections by the Employment Service to the recorded stock of unfilled vacancies. There has also been a minor change in the definition of notified vacancies between April and May 2000. See notes to Table G.3.

OTHER LABOUR MARKET STATISTICS

Government Office Regions: vacancies remaining unfilled at Jobcentres^a and careers offices: not seasonally adjusted

G.3

Thousands

		North East	North West	Yorkshire and the Humber	East Midlands	West Midlands	East	London	South East	South West	England	Wales	Scotland	Great Britain	Northern Ireland	United Kingdom
Vacancies at Jobcentres ^b		DPCQ	IBWF	BCRG	BCRF	BCRE	DPCT	BCRB	DPCU	BCRD	VASU	BCRJ	BCRK	BCRL	BCRM	BCOM
1997		10.1	34.4	21.0	20.4	23.1	23.6	35.1	34.4	25.4	227.5	18.1	31.5	277.0	6.8	283.9
1998		11.0	41.1	22.6	20.5	30.5	24.1	28.2	34.8	26.1	238.9	17.9	31.0	287.7	8.9	296.6
1999		16.4	37.1	24.1	21.3	35.7	24.0	32.1	37.7	27.8	256.1	17.1	33.0	306.2	..	..
2000		19.7	41.2	32.8	22.3	35.9	24.4	36.4	43.6	34.6	290.9	19.0	40.1	349.9	..	..
2000	May	18.0	39.2	31.3	21.2	33.7	24.7	34.2	42.0	35.9	280.4	19.0	35.8	335.1	..	..
		18.5	40.3	32.9	22.6	35.1	25.2	36.3	45.1	37.6	293.6	19.5	36.7	349.8	..	..
	Jul	18.7	40.4	33.5	22.2	34.8	25.7	37.5	46.2	36.8	295.9	19.3	37.6	352.8	..	..
		19.2	40.7	34.0	21.5	35.8	24.7	36.1	44.7	35.9	292.5	19.2	38.5	350.2	..	..
		21.9	46.4	37.5	24.0	39.5	26.4	36.2	48.5	38.0	318.4	20.4	45.4	384.1	..	..
	Oct	23.9	50.6	40.8	25.4	43.4	27.5	41.3	51.6	39.6	344.1	20.4	49.0	413.4	..	..
		23.4	49.1	40.6	25.9	42.4	26.5	42.0	50.7	38.5	339.0	19.6	49.5	408.1	..	..
		20.8	41.3	36.4	23.4	37.9	23.5	38.5	45.4	34.0	301.2	18.0	45.4	364.5	..	..
	Jan	20.3	40.0	35.3	22.0	36.1	21.6	36.6	41.0	33.1	286.1	18.1	45.3	349.4	..	..
		20.6	40.9	34.6	22.3	35.6	21.8	33.8	42.6	32.5	284.8	18.0	42.7	345.5	..	..
		22.9	43.0	36.2	22.9	37.0	23.2	33.9	44.2	34.0	297.3	19.4	43.9	360.6	..	..
	Apr	23.6	44.5	38.7	22.1	37.2	24.9	30.1	42.6	35.9	299.8	20.1	42.7	362.5	..	..
	May	23.4	44.8	39.4	23.6	37.9	27.8	31.4	44.7	39.9	312.9	22.2	40.8	375.8	..	..
Vacancies at career offices ^b		DPCV	IBWJ	BCSG	BCSF	BCSE	DPCY	BCSB	DPCZ	BCSD	VASY	BCSJ	BCSK	BCSL	BCSM	BCSN
1997		0.2	1.9	1.7	0.6	1.0	1.7	3.7	2.5	1.3	14.7	0.3	0.9	15.8	..	..
1998		0.3	2.3	1.4	0.8	1.5	2.1	5.2	3.0	1.4	17.9	0.4	1.2	19.5	..	..
1999		0.3	2.1	2.1	0.9	2.0	1.9	3.8	3.1	1.3	17.5	0.5	1.5	19.5	..	..
2000		0.3	2.0	2.4	0.9	1.9	2.0	4.2	3.3	1.4	18.4	0.6	1.4	20.4	..	..
2000	May	0.4	2.1	2.3	0.8	1.8	2.0	1.9	3.1	1.4	15.7	0.5	1.4	17.6	..	..
		0.4	2.4	2.2	1.0	2.0	2.4	3.6	3.4	1.5	18.8	0.6	1.7	21.2	..	..
	Jul	0.5	2.5	2.3	1.1	2.0	2.3	5.4	3.7	1.6	21.5	0.7	1.8	24.0	..	..
		0.4	2.5	2.5	1.1	1.9	2.3	5.4	3.7	1.6	21.5	0.8	1.6	23.9	..	..
		0.4	2.3	2.4	1.1	1.9	2.2	5.0	3.8	1.7	20.7	0.9	1.5	23.0	..	..
	Oct	0.3	1.8	2.3	0.9	2.2	2.2	5.6	3.8	1.5	20.7	0.7	1.5	22.9	..	..
		0.3	1.5	2.2	0.8	1.7	2.1	5.6	3.9	1.4	19.5	0.6	1.3	21.4	..	..
		0.2	1.3	1.9	0.7	1.6	1.9	6.0	3.5	1.1	18.3	0.6	1.2	20.1	..	..
	Jan	0.2	1.2	1.6	0.7	1.4	1.8	6.0	3.2	1.1	17.2	0.6	1.0	18.7	..	..
		0.3	1.5	1.7	0.7	1.6	1.7	5.3	3.2	1.2	17.2	0.4	1.0	18.6	..	..
		0.3	1.8	2.3	0.7	1.7	1.6	4.9	3.4	1.1	17.9	0.6	1.3	19.8	..	..
	Apr	0.3	1.9	1.8	0.8	1.9	1.7	3.3	3.5	1.4	16.6	0.6	1.3	18.4	..	..
	May	0.3	2.1	1.5	0.9	1.9	1.9	3.5	3.7	1.4	17.1	0.2	1.7	19.1	..	..

Source: Employment Service administrative system
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

- a Excluding vacancies on government programmes (except vacancies on Enterprise Ulster and Action for Community Employment (ACE) which are included in the figures for Northern Ireland).
- b About one third of all vacancies nationally are notified to Jobcentres. These could include some that are suitable for young people and similarly vacancies notified to careers offices could include some for adults. The figures represent only the number of vacancies notified by employers and remaining unfilled on the day of the count. Because of possible duplication and also due to a difference between the timing of the two counts, the two series should not be added together.

Note: For further information, please see the article 'Jobcentre vacancy statistics' on pp159-162, *Labour Market Trends*, March 2001.

The publication of the vacancy figures for Northern Ireland has been suspended since March 1999 as a result of a discontinuity identified during the introduction of a new computer system for processing vacancies to local offices of the Department of Higher and Further Education, Training and Employment (DHFE). In the course of correcting for this difficulty, further problems of a procedural nature have also come to light as contributory factors. These further issues have delayed the re-instatement of published vacancy figures for Northern Ireland. DHFE have now introduced a new internet-based operational system for vacancies and are investigating how the statistics might be resumed using this. The series will be reinstated as soon as possible. For the purposes of the seasonally adjusted United Kingdom figures it has been assumed provisionally that the Northern Ireland figures have remained constant since February 1999 as follows: 8,900 for the stock of unfilled vacancies, 3,400 for inflows of vacancies notified, 3,400 for outflows, and 2,200 for placings. These are not estimates for Northern Ireland but assumptions for the purpose of continuity of the United Kingdom series.

The vacancy stock figures for Great Britain have been affected by corrections to the data by the Employment Service to make up for the gradual build-up of inaccuracies. The figures were corrected on 8 October 1999 to give a true reflection of the number of open vacancies held by the Employment Service. This had an upward effect of some 10,300 on the recorded stock of unfilled vacancies for Great Britain between September and October 1999 and there was a corresponding downward adjustment to the outflow for October, but not to the placings. There was a similar upward correction to the vacancy stocks (and a downward effect on the outflow) of 9,100 between March and April 1999.

There was minor discontinuity due to a change in the treatment of vacancies by the Employment Service between April and May 2000. As from 7 April both vacancies notified and placings are only counted in the statistics if the vacancy concerned is for 8 hours or more in a 7-day period. Previously vacancies of between 3 and 8 hours were included. The change is estimated to have reduced the recorded inflow of notified vacancies by some 4,000 to 5,000 per month since April.

G.11 OTHER LABOUR MARKET STATISTICS

Labour disputes^a

Stoppages of work: summary

UNITED KINGDOM		Number of stoppages		Number of workers (thousands)		Working days lost in all stoppages in progress in period (thousands)	
		Beginning in period	In progress in period	Beginning involvement in period in any dispute	All involvement in period	All industries and services	All manufacturing industries
1995		232	235	170	174	415	65
1996		230	244	353	364	1303	97
1997		206	216	129	130	235	86
1998		159	166	91	93	282	34
1999		200	205	140	141	242	57
2000		207	212	182	183	499	52
1998	Apr	14	23	3.9	7.1	13.7	2.9
	May	15	23	2.9	3.8	7.2	1.0
	Jun	24	34	31.2	32.6	69.5	2.4
	Jul	10	23	5.4	20.3	58.9	7.3
	Aug	6	16	2.7	10.5	24.4	1.6
	Sep	8	16	1.9	3.7	5.9	1.2
	Oct	10	13	11.4	11.8	7.1	0.2
	Nov	13	18	4.2	5.1	17.6	1.5
	Dec	8	13	2.6	3.5	10.6	0.1
1999	Jan	9	14	4.2	5.2	8.5	0.3
	Feb	19	22	14.4	14.8	27.0	10.1
	Mar	18	23	9.4	10.2	34.8	20.2
	Apr	12	15	2.6	2.7	4.3	2.2
	May	20	22	32.5	32.7	50.2	1.9
	Jun	16	21	8.5	9.2	16.0	11.1
	Jul	16	21	6.1	6.7	7.6	1.8
	Aug	12	14	3.1	3.1	10.4	1.0
	Sep	13	18	13.5	14.3	22.2	1.1
	Oct	15	23	12.5	15.0	18.8	4.5
	Nov	35	41	21.7	23.0	21.6	2.6
	Dec	15	22	11.4	12.5	20.4	0.5
2000	Jan	15	20	5.0	6.4	10.8	0.4
	Feb	10	13	6.3	7.1	6.4	0.5
	Mar	20	23	6.4	6.9	17.7	1.9
	Apr	13	20	4.0	5.2	10.6	1.1
	May	19	24	8.0	9.2	13.6	3.2
	Jun	8	11	2.1	2.9	7.0	0.7
	Jul	24	28	16.4	17.9	36.2	10.7
	Aug	16	26	101.7	111.4	114.9	14.1
	Sep	12	19	3.2	88.9	93.1	4.2
	Oct	24	30	5.1	8.0	14.4	1.6
	Nov	27	30	7.3	87.9	115.1	6.0
	Dec	19	26	16.1	19.6	59.0	7.9
2001	Jan	16	23	10.1 R	23.2 R	52.4 R	2.2
	Feb	23	29	13.3	22.9 R	35.0 R	5.0
	Mar	15	22	13.4 R	26.0 R	46.1 R	7.5
	Apr	21	25	3.0	3.7	15.3	1.4

Working days lost in all stoppages in progress in period by industry

Thousands

UNITED KINGDOM	Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	Mining, quarrying, electricity, gas and water	Manufacturing	Construction	Wholesale and retail trade; repairs; hotels and restaurants	Transport, storage and communication	Finance, real estate, renting and business activities	Public administration and defence	Education	Health and social work	Other community, social and personal service activities
SIC 1992	A,B	C,E	D	F	G,H	I	J,K	L	M	N	O,P,Q
1995	-	1	65	10	6	120	10	95	67	16	23
1996	-	2	97	8	5	884	11	158	129	8	3
1997	-	2	86	17	1	36	23	29	28	7	5
1998	-	-	34	13	7	139	9	28	6	16	30
1999	-	-	57	49	10	50	2	35	25	5	7
2000	-	3	52	49	40	97	-	50	50	122	36
1998	Apr	-	2.9	0.3	-	2.7	-	2.9	0.2	2.9	1.8
	May	-	1.0	0.1	-	0.4	-	0.9	0.8	2.9	1.1
	Jun	-	2.4	-	-	48.8	-	5.2	1.5	1.0	10.7
	Jul	0.2	7.3	-	-	42.6	-	7.8	0.4	0.2	0.6
	Aug	-	1.6	-	-	6.4	-	7.4	-	8.2	0.8
	Sep	-	1.2	-	-	0.3	-	3.6	0.1	0.6	0.1
	Oct	-	0.2	0.1	-	0.6	0.5	-	0.1	0.3	5.3
	Nov	-	1.5	0.4	2.2	4.5	5.0	-	0.2	0.1	3.7
	Dec	-	0.1	0.3	4.3	3.1	-	-	-	-	2.8
1999	Jan	-	0.3	0.1	1.8	2.2	-	0.7	0.5	-	3.0
	Feb	-	10.1	0.6	1.1	102	1.3	0.3	-	1.8	1.6
	Mar	-	20.2	0.2	0.4	0.7	-	8.5	-	2.5	2.4
	Apr	-	2.2	-	0.1	0.8	-	0.2	0.9	0.1	-
	May	-	1.9	25.4	0.1	0.6	-	1.2	20.8	-	0.1
	Jun	-	11.1	-	0.2	1.8	0.7	1.3	1.0	-	-
	Jul	-	1.8	3.2	0.2	0.5	-	1.3	0.5	-	0.2
	Aug	-	1.0	0.5	0.8	2.2	-	5.4	-	0.4	0.1
	Sep	-	1.1	16.1	0.8	3.2	-	0.9	-	-	-
	Oct	-	4.5	0.4	0.8	9.6	-	3.3	0.1	0.1	0.1
	Nov	-	2.6	1.1	1.1	15.0	0.1	1.1	0.6	-	-
	Dec	-	0.5	1.8	2.4	3.2	0.1	11.5	0.9	-	-
2000	Jan	-	1.0	0.4	0.8	2.7	-	2.2	0.4	3.2	-
	Feb	-	-	0.5	2.5	0.6	-	-	0.8	1.4	-
	Mar	-	-	1.9	3.7	0.7	-	-	6.3	-	0.2
	Apr	0.2	1.1	4.2	0.5	4.7	-	-	-	-	-
	May	-	3.2	1.0	-	8.2	-	-	0.6	0.5	0.1
	Jun	-	0.7	0.2	0.1	5.4	-	-	-	0.1	0.4
	Jul	-	10.7	0.1	-	24.2	-	0.2	0.4	-	0.6
	Aug	-	14.1	12.3	10.4	18.2	-	14.4	11.4	25.1	9.1
	Sep	-	4.2	9.7	10.4	5.8	-	12.9	11.7	29.5	9.0
	Oct	-	1.6	-	-	5.8	-	-	0.1	6.7	0.2
	Nov	2.1	6.0	11.6	12.5	5.5	-	15.3	13.4	37.0	11.7
	Dec	-	7.9	4.0	4.0	11.1	0.1	4.9	4.6	18.1	4.4
2001	Jan	-	2.2	3.7 R	3.0	12.6	-	5.5	4.7	18.2	2.6
	Feb	-	5.0	4.5 R	-	11.3	-	4.7	0.1	9.4	-
	Mar	-	7.5	0.4	0.5	16.9	-	6.5 R	0.9	12.7	0.6
	Apr	-	1.4	-	-	1.2	-	1.6	-	11.1	-

a See 'Definitions' on page S3 for notes of coverage. The figures for 2001 are provisional.

R Revised

OTHER LABOUR MARKET STATISTICS G.12

Labour disputes

Stoppages in progress: industry

UNITED KINGDOM	12 months to April 2000			12 months to April 2001		
	Stop-pages	Workers involved	Working days lost	Stop-pages	Workers involved	Working days lost
SIC 1992						
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mining and quarrying	1	100	200	1	800	2,100
Manufacturing of:						
food, beverages and tobacco;	4	100	100	2	200	300
textiles and textile products;	2	300	500	1	100	100
leather and leather products;	-	-	-	-	-	-
wood and wood products;	-	-	-	1	*	1,800
pulp, paper and paper products; printing and publishing;	-	-	-	2	300	500
coke, refined petroleum products, nuclear fuels;	1	1,500	800	1	200	300
chemicals, chemical products and man-made fibres;	-	-	-	-	-	-
rubber and plastics;	-	-	-	3	200	500
other non-metallic mineral products;	1	500	1,000	2	800	800
basic metals and fabricated metal products;	2	100	1,100	5	700	3,100
machinery and equipment n.e.c.; electrical and	2	500	900	4	2,000	2,400
optical equipment;	1	100	100	5	2,600	3,700
transport equipment;	24	24,100	23,800	13	18,900	48,400
manufacturing n.e.c.	1	300	300	2	400	2,700
Electricity, gas and water supply	1	500	1,000	-	-	-
Construction	23	20,300	59,000	12	14,500	47,500
Wholesale and retail trade; repairs	-	-	-	1	100	100
Hotels and restaurants	3	500	8,900	2	12,100	40,900
Transport, storage and communication	91	37,500	49,000	133	57,600	126,200
Financial intermediation	-	-	-	-	-	-
Real estate, renting and business activities	2	300	900	1	*	100
Public administration and defence	11	12,800	28,100	15	33,900	65,900
Education	23	29,800	31,400	16	15,000	47,700
Health and social work	4	1,000	5,100	9	27,400	168,400
Other community, social and personal service activities	6	900	700	13	13,200	38,700
All industries and services	202^a	131,200	212,700	229^a	201,000	602,100

a Some stoppages which affected more than one industry group have been counted under each of the industries but only once in the total for all industries and services.

* Less than 50 workers involved.

** Less than 50 working days lost.

Stoppages: April 2001

United Kingdom	Number of stoppages	Workers involved	Working days lost
Stoppages in progress	25	3,700	15,300
of which, stoppages:			
Beginning in month	21	3,000 ^a	3,900
Continuing from earlier months	4	700	11,400

a All directly involved

The monthly figures are provisional and subject to revision. For notes on coverage, see Definitions on page S3. The figures for 2001 are provisional.

Stoppages in progress: cause

United Kingdom	12 months to April 2001		
	Stoppages	Workers involved	Working days lost
Pay: wage-rates and earnings levels	63	114,200	381,500
extra wage and fringe benefits	10	1,700	2,600
Duration and pattern of hours worked	14	9,100	15,400
Redundancy questions	24	31,100	124,400
Trade union matters	6	900	6,200
Working conditions and supervision	11	10,500	18,300
Manning and work allocation	54	10,900	16,700
Dismissal and other disciplinary measures	47	22,400	37,100
All causes	229	201,000	602,100

G.21 ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

Educational status, economic activity and inactivity of young people

February to April 2001

Thousands and per cent, not seasonally adjusted^a

UNITED KINGDOM		Economically active			Total in employment			ILO unemployed			Economically inactive		
		Total	Not in FTE ^b	In FTE ^b	Total	Not in FTE ^b	In FTE ^b	Total	Not in FTE ^b	In FTE ^b	Total	Not in FTE ^b	In FTE ^b
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
LEVELS													
All	16-17	768	294	474	647	231	416	121	63	58	690	64	626
	18-24	3,661	3,061	600	3,279	2,733	546	383	328	54	1,322	495	827
	All under 25	4,429	3,365	1,074	3,925	2,964	962	503	391	112	2,012	558	1,453
Male	16-17	398	177	222	328	137	191	71	40	31	348	28	320
	18-24	1,990	1,714	276	1,755	1,508	247	235	206	30	551	125	426
	All under 25	2,389	1,890	498	2,083	1,645	438	306	245	60	899	153	746
Female	16-17	369	117	252	319	94	225	50	23	27	342	36	306
	18-24	1,671	1,347	324	1,524	1,225	299	147	123	25	770	370	401
	All under 25	2,040	1,465	576	1,843	1,319	524	198	146	52	1,112	405	707
RATES(%)^c													
All	16-17	52.7	82.2	43.1	44.4	64.6	37.8	15.7	21.4	12.2	47.3	17.8	56.9
	18-24	73.5	86.1	42.0	65.8	76.9	38.2	10.4	10.7	9.0	26.5	13.9	58.0
	All under 25	68.8	85.7	42.5	61.0	75.7	38.1	11.4	11.7	10.4	31.2	14.3	57.5
Male	16-17	53.4	86.3	41.0	43.9	66.8	35.3	17.7	22.6	13.8	46.6	13.7	59.0
	18-24	78.3	93.2	39.3	69.1	82.0	35.1	11.8	12.0	10.7	21.7	6.8	60.7
	All under 25	72.7	92.5	40.0	63.4	80.5	35.2	12.8	13.0	12.1	27.3	7.5	60.0
Female	16-17	51.9	76.6	45.1	44.8	61.6	40.2	13.6	19.7	10.8	48.1	23.4	54.9
	18-24	68.4	78.5	44.7	62.4	71.3	41.3	8.8	9.1	7.6	31.6	21.5	55.3
	All under 25	64.7	78.3	44.9	58.4	70.5	40.8	9.7	10.0	9.0	35.3	21.7	55.1
CHANGES ON YEAR													
LEVELS													
All	16-17	-48	-8	-40	-9	0	-9	-39	-9	-31	66	12	53
	18-24	3	1	3	17	7	10	-14	-7	-7	47	0	46
	All under 25	-45	-8	-37	8	7	1	-53	-15	-38	112	13	100
Male	16-17	-19	-4	-14	-1	-3	1	-17	-1	-16	28	3	25
	18-24	-10	-4	-5	-2	3	-5	-7	-8	-	37	12	25
	All under 25	-28	-8	-20	-4	1	-4	-24	-9	-15	64	15	50
Female	16-17	-30	-4	-26	-8	3	-10	-22	-7	-15	38	10	28
	18-24	13	5	8	19	4	15	-6	1	-7	10	-12	22
	All under 25	-17	1	-18	12	7	5	-29	-6	-23	48	-2	50
RATES(%)^c													
All	16-17	-4.0	-3.3	-4.2	-1.1	-0.7	-1.3	-3.9	-2.3	-5.1	4.0	3.3	4.2
	18-24	-0.7	0.0	-1.3	-0.3	0.2	-0.7	-0.4	-0.2	-1.2	0.7	0.0	1.3
	All under 25	-1.4	-0.3	-2.6	-0.5	0.1	-0.9	-1.1	-0.4	-3.1	1.4	0.3	2.6
Male	16-17	-3.2	-1.4	-3.5	-0.7	-0.8	-0.5	-3.3	-0.3	-5.8	3.2	1.4	3.5
	18-24	-1.2	-0.6	-1.9	-0.8	-0.2	-1.8	-0.3	-0.4	0.3	1.2	0.6	1.9
	All under 25	-1.7	-0.7	-2.6	-0.8	-0.2	-1.2	-0.9	-0.4	-2.5	1.7	0.7	2.6
Female	16-17	-4.9	-5.8	-4.8	-1.6	-0.3	-2.1	-4.6	-5.2	-4.5	4.9	5.8	4.8
	18-24	-0.1	0.6	-0.8	0.2	0.5	0.4	-0.5	0.0	-2.5	0.1	-0.6	0.8
	All under 25	-1.2	0.1	-2.6	-0.2	0.4	-0.7	-1.3	-0.4	-3.5	1.2	-0.1	2.6

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

- a This table is not seasonally adjusted because of the discontinuity between winter 1996/7 and spring 1997.
b Full-time education.
c Denominator= All persons in the relevant age group for economically active, total in employment and economically inactive; economically active for ILO unemployment.

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+3; 1=4+7; 4=5+6; 7=8+9; 10=11+12.

G.22 OTHER LABOUR MARKET STATISTICS

Jobseekers with disabilities: placements into employment

Great Britain

Placed into employment by Jobcentre advisory service

7 April - 4 May 2001

6,068^a

- a This figure includes job entries achieved by Employment Service call centres.
The data in this table fall outside the scope of National Statistics.

Note: Data for May to June not available due to a system error. The missing data will be included in next month's table.

OTHER FACTS AND FIGURES Regional Selective Assistance: January - March 2001^a

G.31

	East	East Midlands	London	North West (Liverpool)	North East	North West (Manchester)	South East	South West	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	England	Scotland	Wales	Great Britain
Number of offers	3	9	2	15	34	16	5	6	19	13	122	39	21	182
Value of offers (£,000)	121	1,509	212	3,742	35,395	969	1,137	3,408	5,420	5,778	57,691	29,017	31,024	117,732

a Date of first payment.

Enquiries: Department of Trade and Industry, 020 7215 2598

Note: The data in this table fall outside the scope of National Statistics.

OTHER FACTS AND FIGURES Regional Selective Assistance: offers of £75,000 or more: January - March 2001^a

G.32

Region and company	Travel-to-work area	Total amount of assistance offered (£)	Project category ^b	SIC 1992 description
EAST				
Brampton Housewares Ltd	Wisbech	80,000	A	Manufacture plastic floor covering/builders' ware
Total		80,000		
EAST MIDLANDS				
Alan Paine Knitwear Ltd	Alfreton and Ashfield	900,000	B	Manufacture of knitted and crocheted fabrics
Container Components Europe Ltd	Chesterfield	180,000	B	Manufacture of other plastic products
GKN Sheepbridge Stokes Ltd	Chesterfield	240,000	B	Other first proc of iron and steel n.e.c.
Total		1,320,000		
LONDON				
CMS Peripherals Ltd	London	200,000	A	Wholesale office machinery and equipment
Total		200,000		
NORTH WEST (MERSEYSIDE)				
Aqua Cure Plc	Liverpool	93,000	B	Manufacture of other plastic products
Brooks Service Group Ltd	Liverpool	90,000	B	Washing and dry cleaning: textile/fur
Conix UK Ltd	Liverpool	600,000	A	Manufacture parts/access's for motor vehicles
Halewood International Ltd	Liverpool	245,000	A	Manufacture distilled alcoholic beverages
Oil Salvage Ltd	Liverpool	75,000	A	Wholesale petrol/other fuels/rel prods
PFI Group Ltd	Liverpool	190,000	A	Manufacture plastic plates, sheets, tubes
TRW Ltd	Liverpool	995,000	B	Manufacture parts/access's for motor vehicles
ABB Eutech Ltd	Widnes and Runcorn	240,000	A	Architectural and engineering acts
O'Hare Engineering Ltd	Widnes and Runcorn	249,000	B	General mechanical engineering
NGF Europe Ltd	Wigan and St Helens	240,000	A	Manufacture of other rubber products
Salford Meat Packers Ltd	Wigan and St Helens	600,000	B	Wholesale of meat and meat products
Total		3,617,000		
NORTH EAST				
Holywell Engineering Ltd	Alnwick and Amble	80,000	B	Manufacture bodies for motor vehicles, trailers
Waterstons Ltd	Durham	75,000	A	Other computer related activities
Flex-Ability Ltd	Hartlepool	80,000	A	Manufacture of insulated wire and cable
Newcastle Knitwear Ltd	Hartlepool	225,000	A	Manufacture mch for textile, leather production
Atmel North Tyneside Ltd	Newcastle upon Tyne	27,793,000	A	Manufacture of elec valves, tubes, others
Bonas Machine Co Ltd	Newcastle upon Tyne	250,000	B	Manufacture mch for textile, leather prod'n
E-Comeleon Ltd	Newcastle upon Tyne	80,000	A	Other acts related to printing
Johnson Matthey Plc	Newcastle upon Tyne	200,000	B	Manufacture of other organic basic chems
Sanofi Winthrop Ltd	Newcastle upon Tyne	5,500,000	B	Manufacture of medicaments and non-medicamts
Smith Print Design Ltd	Newcastle upon Tyne	100,000	B	Printing n.e.c.
John Harrison (Stockton) Ltd	Stockton-on-Tees	90,000	B	Printing n.e.c.
Metromail Ltd	Sunderland	125,000	A	Retail sale via mail order houses
Universal Sealants (UK) Ltd	Sunderland	100,000	A	Manufacture other general purpose mch n.e.c.
Total		34,698,000		
NORTH WEST (MANCHESTER)				
GGI Office Furniture (UK) Ltd	Blackburn	150,000	B	Manufacture other office and shop furniture
Sitebase Ltd	Liverpool	150,000	A	General mechanical engineering
Alphason Designs Ltd	Wigan and St Helens	90,000	A	Manufacture of other furniture
New Balance Athletic Shoes (UK) Ltd	Workington	245,000	A	Manufacture of footwear
Total		635,000		
SOUTH EAST				
Telegen UK Ltd	Brighton	95,000	A	Telecommunications
Aerolaminates Ltd	Isle of Wight	980,000	A	Manufacture of pumps and compressors
Total		1,075,000		
SOUTH WEST				
MPG Books Ltd	Bodmin and Liskeard	550,000	B	Printing n.e.c.
Premier Structures Ltd	Dorchester and Weymouth	100,000	A	Manufacture of metal structures and parts
Tecan Components Ltd	Dorchester and Weymouth	125,000	A	Manufacture of other elec equip n.e.c.
Phi Nexus Ltd	Falmouth	250,000	A	Manufacture of elec valves, tubes, others
OnDigital Plc	Plymouth	833,000	A	Other business activities n.e.c.
St Ivel Ltd	Torbay	1,550,000	B	Manufacture mch for food, beverage, tobacco
Total		3,408,000		
WEST MIDLANDS				
Dunlop Aircraft Tyres Ltd	Birmingham	575,000	A	Retreading and rebuilding rubber tyres
Iscar Tools Ltd	Birmingham	150,000	A	Manufacture of tools
Lander Carlisle Ltd	Birmingham	500,000	A	Manufacture parts/access's for motor vehicles
Sertec (Birmingham) Ltd	Birmingham	90,000	A	Forging/pressing metal, powder met
Unimerco Ltd	Birmingham	500,000	A	Manufacture of tools
Boss Design Ltd	Dudley and Sandwell	180,000	A	Manufacture of chairs and seats
Rhodia Consumer Specialities Ltd	Dudley and Sandwell	175,000	A	Manufacture of other chemical products n.e.c.
Mora Mouldamatic Ltd	Walsall	175,000	B	Manufacture of other plastic products
EWS (Manufacturing) Ltd	Wolverhampton	520,000	A	Manufacture other fabricated metal prods
Mueller Europe Ltd	Wolverhampton	2,250,000	B	Copper production
Total		5,115,000		

Region and company	Travel-to-work area	Total amount of assistance offered (£)	Project category ^b	SIC 1992 description
YORKSHIRE AND THE HUMBER				
Maple Leaf Foods UK Ltd	Barnsley	3,000,000	A	Manufacture bread/fresh pastry goods/cakes
Flexible Vision Ltd	Castleford and Pontefract	150,000	A	Printing n.e.c.
Cranswick County Foods Plc	Hull	130,000	A	Slaughtering, animal by-prod proc
Bahco Metal Saws Ltd	Rotherham and Mexborough	430,000	A	Manufacture other arts of concrete/plaster
True Manuf (UK) Ltd	Rotherham and Mexborough	1,600,000	A	Manufacture non-domestic cooling and venting
Sanderson Special Steels Ltd	Sheffield	180,000	B	General mechanical engineering
Westok Structural Services Ltd	Wakesfield and Dewsbury	75,000	A	Manufacture of steel tubes
Total		5,565,000		
SCOTLAND				
Perimax (Scotland) Ltd	Arbroath	115,000	A	Bacon and ham production
Baker Oil Tools (UK) Ltd	Bathgate	1,800,000	A	Manufacture other special purpose mch n.e.c.
NEC Semiconductors (UK) Ltd	Bathgate	3,000,000	B	Manufacture of elec valves, tubes, others
Heraeus Quartztech Ltd	Glasgow	450,000	B	Manufacture/proc of other glass inc tech
Hoover Ltd	Glasgow	1,700,000	B	Manufacture of electric domestic appls
Howden Compressors Ltd	Glasgow	2,000,000	B	Manufacture of pumps and compressors
Kelvinside Electronics Ltd	Glasgow	190,000	A	Manufacture of elec valves, tubes, others
Level One Communications Inc	Glasgow	425,000	A	Manufacture telegraph/telephone equip
National Farmers Union Mutual Ins	Glasgow	1,000,000	A	Acts aux to insurance/pension funding
Northside Precision Tooling	Glasgow	200,000	A	Manufacture other general purpose mch n.e.c.
Q One Biotech Ltd	Glasgow	500,000	A	Technical testing and analysis
Quisine Foods Ltd	Glasgow	75,000	A	Manufacture of other food products n.e.c.
Rosti (Scotland) Ltd	Glasgow	1,000,000	A	Manufacture of other plastic products
Stoddard International Plc	Glasgow	3,600,000	B	Manufacture carpets and rugs
TMP Worldwide Ltd	Glasgow	248,000	A	Labour recruitment and provision
Sigma-Aldrich Co Ltd	Irvine	450,000	A	Manufacture of other chemical products n.e.c.
Engineering Manuf and Supplies Ltd	Kilmarnock	120,000	A	Manufacture bearings/gears/driving elements
ADC Communications (Scotland) Ltd	Kirkcaldy	10,500,000	A	Manufacture of elec valves, tubes, others
Silberline Ltd	Kirkcaldy	650,000	A	Manufacture dyes and pigments
Aortech International Plc	Lanarkshire	400,000	A	Manufacture of medical and surgical equip
Total		28,423,000		
WALES				
Sony UK Ltd	Bridgend	1,500,000	A	Manufacture of elec valves, tubes, others
Sony UK Ltd	Bridgend	16,000,000	B	Manufacture of elec valves, tubes, others
Spectrum Technologies Ltd	Bridgend	240,000	B	Manufacture television, radio, video, assoc
Elf Oil UK Ltd	Haverfordwest	2,750,000	B	Wholesale of metals and metal ores
Hedstrom (UK) Ltd	Holyhead	2,700,000	A	Manufacture of games and toys
Sintered Metal Products	Holyhead	200,000	A	Forging/pressing metal, powder met
AMG Industries Plc	Llanelli	92,000	B	Recycling of metal waste and scrap
Amman Springs Ltd	Llanelli	250,000	A	Prod mineral water and soft drinks
Dura Cables Ltd	Llanelli	3,000,000	A	Manufacture parts/access's for motor vehicles
British Polythene Ltd	Merthyr and Rhymney	550,000	B	Manufacture of plastic packing goods
Hoover Ltd	Merthyr and Rhymney	600,000	A	Manufacture of electric domestic appls
Meritor Hvbs (UK) Ltd	Pontypool and Cwmbran	1,800,000	B	Manufacture parts/access's for motor vehicles
Protypint Ltd	Pontypool and Cwmbran	200,000	A	Manufacture corrugated paper, sacks, boxes
Skytronics (UK) Ltd	Pontypool and Cwmbran	700,000	A	Manufacture of other elec equip n.e.c.
AB Automotive Electronics Ltd	Pontypridd and Rhondda	140,000	B	Manufacture of elec valves, tubes, others
DPS Composites (Aerospace) Ltd	South Pembrokeshire	110,000	A	Manufacture of other inorganic basic chems
Total		30,832,000		

a Date of first payment. Payment of RSA is made in instalments, typically over several years as jobs and capital expenditure targets laid down in the offer are met. The amounts quoted above therefore represent the maximum grant potentially payable if the project is satisfactorily completed, and **not** the amount actually paid to date.

b A = Employment created, B = Employment safeguarded.

Note: Enquiries regarding this table should be addressed to:

English cases - Department of Trade and Industry, REG (A), Bay 3103, 1 Victoria Street, London SW1H 0ET (020 7215 2598).

Scottish cases - Scottish Executive, SE IA 2, Meridian Court, 5 Cadogan Street, Glasgow G2 6AT (0141 242 5623).

Welsh cases - National Assembly for Wales, Cathays Park, Cardiff CF1 3NQ (029 2082 3626).

The data in this table fall outside the scope of National Statistics.

ECONOMIC INDICATORS H.1

Background economic indicators: seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM		Output															
		GDP 1995 prices		GDP market prices		Index of output UK						Index of production OECD Countries					
						Production industries ^b		Manufacturing industries ^c		Service industries				Construction output			
		1995=100	£ billion	Change on year (%)	1995=100	Change on year (%)	1995=100	Change on year (%)	1995=100	Change on year (%)	1995=100	Change on year (%)	1995=100	Change on year (%)			
		YBEZ	ABMI		CKYW		CKYY		GDQS		GDQB						
1993		93.2	665.4	2.5	93.3	2.2	94.1	1.4	92.5	3.1	97.1	-1.2	..	..	
1994		97.3	694.6	4.4	98.3	5.4	98.5	4.7	96.8	4.6	100.8	3.8	..	..	
1995		100.0	714.0	2.8	100.0	1.7	100.0	1.5	100.0	3.3	100.0	-0.8	100.0	..			
1996		102.6	732.2	2.6	101.1	1.1	100.4	0.4	103.3	3.3	101.5	1.5	103.0	3.0			
1997		106.2	757.9	3.5	102.1	1.0	101.7	1.3	107.8	4.4	104.7	3.2	108.4	5.2			
1998		109.0	777.9	2.6	102.9	0.8	102.2	0.5	112.3	4.2	106.1	1.3	110.7	2.1			
1999		111.5	795.7	2.3	103.4	0.5	102.2	0.0	115.6	2.9	106.9	0.8	114.4	3.3			
2000		114.8	819.9	3.0	105.0	1.5	103.8	1.6	119.5	3.4	108.6	1.6	121.2	5.9			
2000	Q1	113.4	202.6	3.2 R	103.8	1.8	102.9	1.8	117.8	3.2	111.2 R	5.4 R	118.6 R	6.0 R			
	Q2	114.5	204.4	3.4 R	105.2	2.4	103.4	2.1	119.0	3.6	108.8	2.5	120.7 R	6.7 R			
	Q3	115.5	206.1	3.0	105.9	1.3	104.2	1.2	120.3	3.5	106.8	-0.9	122.2	6.1			
	Q4	115.9	206.9	2.6	105.2	0.7	104.8	1.5	121.1	3.2	107.8	-0.6	122.2	4.4			
2001	Q1	116.4 R	207.8 R	2.6 R	104.4	0.6	104.1	1.2	122.1 R	3.7 R	107.2	..	121.0	2.0			
		Income				Prices						Inventories					
		Real household disposable income £ billion		Gross trading profits of companies ^d		RPI		RPIX		Producer Price Index ^{a,c,j,l}				Changes on year 1995 prices ^g			
		1995=100	Change on year (%)	£ billion	Change on year (%)	Change on year (%)	Change on year (%)	1995=100	Change on year (%)	Change on year (%)	Change on year (%)	Change on year (%)	£ billion				
		OSXS		CAED		CZBH	CDKQ	PLKW					CAFU				
1993		96.2	3.0	102.1	9.0	1.6	3.0	90.2	4.5	3.6	2.6	4.0	0.4				
1994		97.4	1.2	117.4	15.0	2.4	2.3	91.9	1.9	2.6	2.3	2.5	4.8				
1995		100.0	2.7	126.3	7.6	3.5	2.9	100.0	8.8	9.5	4.1	4.1	4.5				
1996		102.2	2.2	134.8	6.7	2.4	3.0	98.8	-1.2	-4.3	2.0	2.6	1.8				
1997		106.1	3.8	146.6	8.8	3.1	2.8	90.6	-8.3	-6.4	0.2	1.0	3.8				
1998		106.3	0.2	151.6	3.4	3.4	2.6	82.4	-9.1	-4.2	-0.1	0.6	4.2				
1999		109.9	3.4	150.7	-0.6	1.5	2.3	83.7	1.6	-3.1	-0.4	1.2	-1.4				
2000		113.3	3.1	155.9	3.5	3.0	2.1	93.3	11.5	3.2	0.9	2.6	1.9				
2000	Q1	112.5	4.7	38.6	5.6	2.3	2.1	90.6	12.8	1.6	0.4 R	2.4	0.3				
	Q2	112.1	1.1	39.1	5.7	3.1	2.1	91.2	11.4	3.2	0.9	2.6	1.2				
	Q3	112.7	2.8	40.0	6.5	3.2	2.1	94.8	12.1	4.4	1.1 R	2.6	0.9				
	Q4	115.7	3.5	38.3	-3.3	3.1	2.1	96.7	9.9	3.8	0.8	2.6	-0.5				
2001	Q1	..	..	..	..	2.6	1.9	95.0	4.9	4.2 R	0.5	1.4	0.1		
		Expenditure						Fixed investments									
		Household final consumption expenditure 1995 prices		Retail sales volume		Retail sales value ^a		All industries ^e		Manufacturing industries ^f		Service industries		General government final consumption			
		1995 prices		1995 prices		(1995 prices)											
		£billion	Change on year (%)	1995=100	Change on year (%)	1995=100	Change on year (%)	£ billion	Change on year (%)	£ billion	Change on year (%)	£ billion	Change on year (%)	£ billion	Change on year (%)		
		ABJR		EAPS		EAFF		NPEL		APIN		APIT		NMRY			
1993		420.1	2.5	95.3	3.1	92.0	5.4	68.4	-3.1	..	..	..	..	137.0	-0.4
1994		431.5	2.7	98.8	3.7	96.3	4.7	70.9	3.6	15.0	..	55.9	..	138.9	1.4		
1995		438.5	1.6	100.0	1.2	100.0	3.8	76.4	7.7	17.6	17.3	58.8	5.2	141.1	1.6		
1996		454.7	3.7	103.1	3.1	105.4	5.4	83.2	8.8	17.8	1.1	65.4	11.2	143.5	1.7		
1997		472.7	4.0	108.6	5.3	112.0	6.3	93.0	11.8	19.8	11.3	73.2	11.9	141.5	-1.4		
1998		491.4	4.0	111.7	2.9	116.4	3.9	105.9	13.8	20.7	4.4	85.2	16.4	143.1	1.1		
1999		513.4	4.5	115.6	3.5	120.3	3.4	113.8	7.5	17.7	-14.7	96.1	12.9	148.8	4.0		
2000		532.6	3.7	120.8	4.5	124.7	3.7	116.5	2.4	18.0	2.1	98.5	2.4	152.7	2.7		
2000	Q1	131.4	3.8	119.4 R	5.3 R	114.3	3.1	28.1	0.0	4.7	1.9	23.5	-0.3	37.4	1.4		
	Q2	132.4	3.6	119.6	4.4	118.9	3.4	28.6	0.0	4.4	2.2	24.1	-0.3	38.0	3.0		
	Q3	134.0	4.2	121.1	4.3	120.1	3.4	29.1	2.8	4.5	4.6	24.7 R	2.5	38.6	3.4		
	Q4	134.8	3.4	122.7	4.4	145.4	4.5	30.7	6.5	4.5	-0.3	26.2	7.7	38.7	2.9		
2001	Q1	135.7	3.3	124.6 R	4.4 R	119.8 R	4.8 R	30.9	9.9	4.9	4.9	..	..	38.8	3.6
		Financial indicators						Trade in goods						Balance of payments			
		Effective exchange rate ^{a,i}		Base lending rate ^{a,h}		FTSE All-share		Money supply growth		Export volume		Import volume		Trade in goods balance		Current balance	
		1990=100	Change on year (%)	(%)	Change on year (%)	Change on year (%)	Change on year (%)	1995=100	Change on year (%)	1995=100	Change on year (%)	£billion	£billion				
		AJHX		AMIH	HSEL	EUAC	EUAD	BQKU		BQKV				BOKI	HBOP		
1993		88.9	-8.3	6.01	1,682	23.3	4.9	82.8	3.6	90.6	3.8			-13.3	-10.6		
1994		89.2	0.3	5.46	1,521	-9.6	6.4	91.3	10.3	94.6	4.4			-11.1	-1.5		
1995		84.8	-4.9	6.70	1,803	18.5	5.9	7.3	100.0	9.5	100.0	5.7		-11.7	-3.7		
1996		86.3	1.8	5.96	2,014	11.7	6.7	9.9	107.7	7.7	109.1	9.1		-13.1	-0.6		
1997		100.6	16.6	6.56	2,411	19.7	6.2	11.2	116.5	8.2	119.0	9.1		-11.9	6.6		
1998		103.9	3.3	7.24	2,674	10.9	6.1	9.8	117.9	1.2	129.1	8.5		-20.5	-0.1		
1999		103.8	-0.1	5.34	3,242	21.2	7.4	5.4	122.0	3.5	138.7	7.4		-26.2	-9.9		
2000		107.5	3.6	5.97	2,984 R	-8.0	8.0	6.6	134.7	10.4	153.3	10.5		-28.8	-16.2		
2000	Q1	108.4	7.2	5.86	3,111	7.5	9.8	4.1	130.3	13.1	146.5	9.6		-6.6	-3.5		
	Q2	107.7	3.5	6.00	3,030	2.8	8.0 R	5.8 R	134.4	13.4	153.4	14.6		-7.2	-5.0		
	Q3	106.4	2.5	6.00	3,029	7.2	7.6	8.5 R	135.6	5.9	155.4	9.1		-7.4	-4.0		
	Q4	107.6	1.6	6.00	2,984	-8.0	6.6	8.6 R	138.5	9.6	157.9	9.2		-7.6	-3.7		
2001	Q1	104.5	-3.6	5.86	2,711	-12.8	7.0	9.2	140.9	8.1	161.3	10.1		-7.7	..		

a Not seasonally adjusted.
b Production industries: SIC divisions 1 to 4.
c Manufacturing industries: SIC divisions 2 to 4.
d Industrial and commercial companies (excluding North Sea oil companies) including inventory holding gains.
e Total business investment excluding NHS trusts, land and existing buildings and private sector dwellings.
f Excludes private sector dwellings.
g Value of physical increase in stocks and work in progress.
h Base lending rate of the London clearing banks on the last Friday of the period shown.

i Average of daily rates.
j Annual and quarterly figures are average of monthly indices.
k Figures are for the private sector only. They are exclusive of expenditure on dwellings.
l Changes in input and output prices are based on the underlying series (excluding food, beverages, tobacco and petroleum) - CSDB series PLLA and PLLV respectively. Home sales are based on series PLLU.

R Revised

Note: Data values from which percentage changes are calculated may have been rounded. For most indicators two series are given, representing the series itself in the units stated and the percentage change in the series on the same period a year earlier.

H.11 RETAIL PRICES

Summary of recent movements

UNITED KINGDOM		All items (RPI)		All items excluding		Mortgage interest payments and indirect taxes (RPIY)		Housing	
		Index Jan 13, 1987=100	Percentage change over 12 months	Index Jan 13, 1987=100	Percentage change over 12 months	Index Jan 13, 1987=100	Percentage change over 12 months	Index Jan 13, 1987=100	Percentage change over 12 months
		CHAW	CZBH	CHMK	CDKQ	CBZW	CBZX	CHAZ	CZBI
2000	May	170.7	3.1	168.0	2.0	160.0	1.7	161.7	1.4
	Jun	171.1	3.3	168.4	2.2	160.4	2.0	162.0	1.8
	Jul	170.5	3.3	167.7	2.2	159.7	1.9	161.2	1.6
	Aug	170.5	3.0	167.6	1.9	159.6	1.5	160.9	1.3
	Sep	171.7	3.3	168.9	2.2	160.9	2.0	162.2	1.6
	Oct	171.6	3.1	168.7	2.0	160.7	1.6	162.0	1.5
2001	Nov	172.1	3.2	169.2	2.2	161.2	1.8	162.5	1.8
	Dec	172.2	2.9	169.3	2.0	161.3	1.7	162.5	1.5
	Jan	171.1	2.7	168.1	1.8	160.2	1.5	161.1	1.3
	Feb	172.0	2.7	169.0	1.9	161.1	1.6	162.0	1.4
	Mar	172.2	2.3	169.6	1.9	162.1	1.8	162.7	1.4
	Apr	173.1	1.8	170.8	2.0	162.9	2.2	163.2	1.2
May		174.2	2.1	172.1	2.4	164.4	2.8	164.7	1.9

H.12 RETAIL PRICES

Detailed figures for various groups, sub-groups and sections for 15 May 2001

UNITED KINGDOM		Index Jan 1987 =100	Percentage change over			Index Jan 1987 =100	Percentage change over		
			1 month	12 months			1 month	12 months	
ALL ITEMS	CHAW	174.2	0.6	2.1	Tobacco	CHBE	285.1	0.0	4.4
Food and catering	CHBS	163.9	1.9	4.9	Cigarettes	DOBN	291.2		4
Alcohol and tobacco	CHBT	216.9	0.1	2.7	Tobacco	DOBO	228.1		4
Housing and household expenditure	CHBU	180.3	0.1	2.3	Housing	CHBF	221.8	-0.3	3.2
Personal expenditure	CHBV	137.1	0.3	-1.6	Rent	DOBP	246.6		4
Travel and leisure	CHBW	173.0	0.9	1.3	Mortgage interest payments	DOBQ	225.7		-6
Consumer durables	CHBY	106.4	0.7	-3.4	Depreciation (Jan 1995=100)	CHOO	156.3		9
Seasonal food	CHBP	151.6	12.7	24.5	Community charge and rates/council tax	DOBR	201.2		6
Food excluding seasonal	CHBB	149.9	0.5	2.0	Water and other payments	DOBS	268.9		4
All items excluding seasonal food	CHAX	174.8	0.4	1.7	Repairs and maintenance charges	DOBT	231.7		7
All items excluding food	CHAY	178.6	0.4	1.7	Do-it-yourself materials	DOBU	157.1		2
					Dwelling insurance and ground rent	DOBV	210.8		2
Other indices					Fuel and light	CHBG	125.4	0.2	2
All items excluding:					Coal and solid fuels	DOBW	137.6		4
Mortgage interest payments (RPIX)	CHMK	172.1	0.8	2.4	Electricity	DOBX	127.9		-1
Housing	CHAZ	164.7	0.9	1.9	Gas	DOBY	119.7		5
Mortgage interest payments and indirect taxes (RPIY) ^a	CBZW	164.4	0.9	2.8	Oil and other fuels	DOBZ	158.9		12
Mortgage interest payments and council tax	DQAD	171.0	0.8	2.3	Household goods	CHBH	142.2	0.8	0.9
Mortgage interest payments and depreciation	CHON	170.4	0.8	2.2	Furniture	DOCA	148.5		1
Food	CHBA	150.7	2.4	5.3	Furnishings	DOCB	151.9		2
Bread	DOAA	138.3		2	Electrical appliances	DOCC	91.4		-1
Cereals	DOAB	139.5		1	Other household equipment	DOCD	140.6		-2
Biscuits and cakes	DOAC	160.9		2	Household consumables	DOCE	162.0		1
Beef	DOAD	134.6		1	Pet care	DOCF	152.0		1
Lamb	DOAE	164.5		5	Household services	CHBI	157.3	0.3	0.8
of which, home-killed lamb	DOAF	175.6		3	Postage	DOCG	157.6		0
Pork	DOAG	143.3		7	Telephone, telemessages etc	DOCH	87.0		-10
Bacon	DOAH	179.1		16	Domestic services	DOCI	221.1		6
Poultry	DOAI	111.0		2	Fees and subscriptions	DOCJ	203.9		6
Other meat	DOAJ	139.6		5	Clothing and footwear	CHBJ	109.4	0.1	-5.3
Fish	DOAK	153.0		2	Men's outerwear	DOCK	109.9		-4
of which, fresh fish	DOAL	162.1		2	Women's outerwear	DOCL	87.1		-10
Butter	DOAM	164.7		-1	Children's outerwear	DOCM	108.2		-5
Oil and fats	DOAN	131.9		-3	Other clothing	DOCN	157.1		-1
Cheese	DOAO	160.9		2	Footwear	DOCO	115.9		-1
Eggs	DOAP	151.7		0	Personal goods and services	CHBQ	191.9	0.5	3.5
Milk fresh	DOAQ	161.5		7	Personal articles	DOCP	129.1		4
Milk products	DOAR	138.8		-1	Chemists goods	DOCQ	192.3		1
Tea	DOAS	155.9		1	Personal services	DOCR	281.8		6
Coffee and other hot drinks	DOAT	116.4		1	Motoring expenditure	CHBK	182.5	1.3	0.1
Soft drinks	DOAU	187.2		-1	Purchase of motor vehicles	DOCS	125.8		-3
Sugar and preserves	DOAV	133.8		0	Maintenance of motor vehicles	DOCT	219.4		4
Sweets and chocolates	DOAW	160.1		2	Petrol and oil	DOCU	227.7		-2
Potatoes	DOAX	169.2		21	Vehicle tax and insurance	DOCV	268.3		7
of which, unprocessed potatoes	DOAY	186.0		71	Fares and other travel costs	CHBR	191.3	0.8	3.7
Vegetables	DOAZ	144.4		30	Rail fares	DOCW	213.7		4
of which, other fresh vegetables	DOBA	138.6		41	Bus and coach fares	DOCX	215.0		6
Fruit	DOBB	147.6		10	Other travel costs	DOCY	165.5		3
of which, other fresh fruit	DOBC	144.7		11	Leisure goods	CHBL	110.6	0.5	-2.1
Other foods	DOBD	152.3		0	Audio-visual equipment	DOCZ	36.3		-14
Catering	CHBC	210.9	0.5	3.8	Tapes and discs	DODA	110.7		1
Restaurant meals	DOBE	206.4		4	Toys, photographic and sports goods	DODB	109.8		-1
Canteen meals	DOBF	242.6		4	Books and newspapers	DODC	205.5		3
Take-aways and snacks	DOBG	205.3		4	Gardening products	DODD	151.7		2
Alcoholic drink	CHBD	191.3	0.2	2	Leisure services	CHBM	218.8	0.5	6.2
Beer	DOBH	206.5		2	Television licences and rentals	DODE	134.3		0
on sales	DOBI	215.6		3	Entertainment and other recreation	DODF	269.9		5
off sales	DOBJ	160.9		0	Foreign holidays (Jan 1993=100)	CHMQ	146.2		9
Wines and spirits	DOBK	170.6		2	UK holidays (Jan 1994=100)	CHMS	129.1		7
on sales	DOBL	203.1		3					
off sales	DOBM	152.6		1					

a The taxes excluded are Council Tax, VAT, duties, car purchase tax and vehicle excise duty, insurance tax and airport tax.

Note: Indices are given to one decimal place to provide as much information as is available although accuracy is reduced at lower levels of aggregation. For this reason, annual percentage changes for individual sections are given rounded to the nearest whole number.

See general notes under Table H.13.

H.13

RETAIL PRICES

Average retail prices of selected items

Shown below are key items selected from the General Index of Retail Prices. The average prices for these goods have been derived from prices collected in more than 146 areas in the United Kingdom.

It is only possible to calculate a meaningful average price for fairly standard items; that is, those which do not vary between retail outlets.

The averages given are subject to uncertainty, an indication of which is given in the price ranges in the final column below. These show the range within which at least four-fifths of the recorded prices fell.

Average prices on 15 May 2001

Item		Number of quotations	Average price (pence)	Price range within which 80 per cent of quotations fell (pence)	Item		Number of quotations	Average price (pence)	Price range within which 80 per cent of quotations fell (pence)
Beef: home-killed, per kg					Cheese, per kg				
Best beef mince	CZPI	583	432	265-598	Cheddar type	CZNW	193	499	328-673
Topside	CZPH	519	638	475-838					
Rump steak ^a	CZPF	558	879	799-1058	Eggs				
Stewing steak	CZPE	545	478	325-778	Size 2 (65-70g), per dozen	CZNV	146	172	149-219
					Size 4 (55-60g), per dozen	CZNU	161	153	115-230
Lamb: home-killed, per kg					Milk				
Loin (with bone)	CZPD	458	944	698-1199	Pasteurised, per pint ^b	CZNT	236	37	28-40
Shoulder (with bone)	CZPC	324	393	328-465					
Lamb: imported (frozen), per kg					Tea				
Loin (with bone)	CZPA	116	577	350-747	Loose, per 125g	CZNR	192	82	62-99
Leg (with bone)	CZOZ	114	449	358-515	Tea bags, per 250g	CZNQ	224	143	107-189
Pork: home-killed, per kg					Coffee				
Loin (with bone)	CZOX	575	454	344-573	Pure, instant, per 100g	CZNP	243	181	159-229
Shoulder (without bone)	DOLN	362	337	263-432	Ground (filter line), 227g	CZNO	211	201	129-249
Bacon, per kg					Sugar				
Gammon ^a	CZOU	582	582	495-744	Granulated, per kg	CZNN	184	57	49-85
Back ^a	DOIF	652	714	456-1173					
Ham					Fresh vegetables				
Ham (not shoulder), 113g	CZOR	677	96	69-129	Potatoes, old loose, per kg ^c	CZNM	520	92	42-114
					Potatoes, new loose, per kg ^c	CZNK	520	119	77-199
Sausages, per kg^c					Tomatoes, per kg ^c	CZNJ	638	132	119-167
Pork	CZOQ	619	323	218-436	Cabbage, hearted, per kg ^c	CZNH	488	70	44-109
Canned meats					Cauliflower, each	CZNG	596	68	58-89
Corned beef, 340g	CZOO	199	98	87-115	Brussels sprouts, per kg ^c	CZNF	-	-	-
Chicken: roasting, oven ready, per kg					Carrots, per kg ^c	CZNE	615	95	77-114
Frozen	CZON	149	169	132-209	Onions, per kg ^c	CZND	632	56	39-77
Fresh or chilled	CZOM	604	228	181-286	Mushrooms, per kg ^c	CZNC	616	260	238-309
Fresh and smoked fish, per kg					Cucumber, each	CZNB	610	61	54-69
Cod fillets	CZOL	357	854	659-1019	Lettuce - iceberg, each	CZNA	555	126	98-149
Salmon fillets	ZPTX	340	944	659-1248	Broccoli, per kg	SDHY	461	177	149-260
Bread					Fresh fruit				
White loaf, sliced, 800g	CZOH	228	50	35-82	Apples, cooking, per kg ^c	CZMZ	553	117	98-145
White loaf, unwrapped, 800g	CZOG	180	70	59-90	Apples, dessert, per kg ^c	CZMY	593	116	85-159
Brown loaf, sliced, 400g	CZOE	201	54	39-69	Pears, dessert, per kg ^c	CZMX	562	122	86-149
Brown loaf, unsliced, 800g	CZOD	134	72	59-96	Oranges, each	CZMW	586	25	20-29
Flour					Bananas, per kg ^c	CZMV	611	109	99-119
Self raising, per 1.5kg	CZOC	222	60	38-99	Grapes, per kg ^c	CZMU	503	340	284-430
Butter					Avocado pear, each	DOHT	359	75	58-99
Home produced, per 250g	CZOB	240	78	69-94	Grapefruit, each	DOHN	536	33	29-40
Imported, per 250g	DOHX	229	88	78-99	Items other than food				
Margarine					Draught bitter, per pint	CZMT	534	182	150-215
Margarine/Low fat spread per 500g	DOIB	234	81	34-109	Draught lager, per pint	CZMS	534	203	180-235
					Whisky per nip	CZMR	533	148	124-180
					Cigarettes 20 king size filter	CZMP	691	412	354-449
					Coal, per 50kg	CZMO	122	760	650-950
					Smokeless fuel, per 50kg	CZMN	123	988	840-1330
					Lead replacement petrol, per litre ^d	CZMM	491	81	79-83
					Low sulphur diesel, per litre ^d	CZML	516	78	77-80
					Unleaded petrol ord., per litre	CZMK	520	79	77-80

a Or Scottish equivalent.

b Average price estimates include prices of delivered milk and shop-bought milk. However, 80 per cent price range includes only shop-bought milk.

c From February 1999, prices for these items are quoted as per kg. In order to calculate the price per lb (the previously published measure), divide the given price per kg by 2.203. In the case of mushrooms, in order to calculate the price per 4oz (the previously published measure), divide the given price by 8.812.

d From February 2000, 4-star petrol and derv were replaced with lead replacement petrol and ultra low sulphur diesel respectively.

General notes -retail prices

The responsibility for the Retail Prices Index was transferred in July 1989 from the Employment Department to the Office for National Statistics (formerly Central Statistical Office). The RPI is now published in full in the ONS *Business Monitor MM23*.

Structure

With effect from February 1987 the structure of the published components was recast. In some cases, therefore, no direct comparison of the new component with the old is possible. The relationship between the old and the new index structure is shown in *Employment Gazette*, p379, September 1986.

Definitions

Seasonal food: items of food the prices of which show significant seasonal variations. These are fresh fruit and vegetables, fresh fish, eggs and home-killed lamb.

Consumer durables: Furniture, furnishings, electrical appliances and other household equipment, men's, women's and children's outerwear and footwear, audio-visual equipment, records and tapes, toys, photographic and sports goods.

H.14 RETAIL PRICES

General index of retail prices

UNITED KINGDOM January 13 1987 = 100		ALL ITEMS	All items except food	All items except seasonal food ^a	All items except housing	All items except mortgage interest	National- ised industries ^b	Consumer durables	Food			Catering	Alcoholic drink
									All	Seasonal ^a	Non- seasonal ^a		
Weights		CZGU	CZGV	CZGW	CZGX	CZGY		CBWA	CZGZ	CZHA	CZHB	CZHC	CZHD
1987		1,000	833	974	843	956	57	139	167	26	141	46	76
1988		1,000	837	975	840	958	54	141	163	25	138	50	78
1989		1,000	846	977	825	940	46	135	154	23	131	49	83
1990		1,000	842	976	815	925	-	132	158	24	134	47	77
1991		1,000	849	976	808	924	-	128	151	24	127	47	77
1992		1,000	848	978	828	936	-	127	152	22	130	47	80
1993		1,000	856	979	836	952	-	127	144	21	123	45	78
1994		1,000	858	980	842	956	-	127	142	20	122	45	76
1995		1,000	861	978	813	958	-	123	139	22	117	45	77
1996		1,000	857	978	810	958	-	116	143	22	121	48	78
1997		1,000	864	981	814	961	-	122	136	19	117	49	80
1998		1,000	870	982	803	955	-	121	130	18	112	48	71
1999		1,000	872	980	807	958	-	127	128	20	108	51	69
2000		1,000	882	982	805	960	-	126	118	18	100	52	65
2001		1,000	884	982	795	954	-	125	116	18	98	53	68
Annual averages		CHAW	CHAY	CHAX	CHAZ	CHMK		CHBY	CHBA	CHBP	CHBB	CHBC	CHBD
1987		101.9	102.0	101.9	101.6	101.9	100.9	101.2	101.1	101.6	101.0	102.8	101.7
1988		106.9	107.3	107.0	105.8	106.6	106.7	103.7	104.6	102.4	105.0	109.6	106.9
1989		115.2	116.1	115.5	111.5	112.9	-	107.2	110.5	105.0	111.6	116.5	112.9
1990		126.1	127.4	126.4	119.2	122.1	-	111.3	119.4	116.4	119.9	126.4	123.8
1991		133.5	135.1	133.8	128.3	130.3	-	114.8	125.6	121.6	126.3	139.1	139.2
1992		138.5	140.5	139.1	134.3	136.4	-	115.5	128.3	114.7	130.6	147.9	148.1
1993		140.7	142.6	141.4	138.4	140.5	-	115.9	130.6	111.4	134.0	155.6	154.7
1994		144.1	146.5	144.8	141.6	143.8	-	115.5	131.9	117.7	134.3	162.1	158.5
1995		149.1	151.4	149.6	145.4	147.9	-	116.2	137.0	127.2	138.5	169.0	164.5
1996		152.7	154.9	153.4	149.3	152.3	-	117.1	141.4	125.4	144.2	175.7	169.2
1997		157.5	160.5	158.5	152.9	156.5	-	117.3	141.5	118.5	145.7	182.3	173.9
1998		162.9	166.5	163.8	156.2	160.6	-	115.9	143.4	125.0	146.6	189.3	179.8
1999		165.4	169.4	166.5	158.9	164.3	-	112.3	143.8	124.3	147.4	196.6	184.5
2000		170.3	175.1	171.4	161.3	167.7	-	108.0	143.4	124.0	146.9	203.6	187.4
1987	Jan 13	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1988	Jan 12	103.3	103.4	103.3	103.2	103.7	102.8	101.2	102.9	103.7	102.7	106.4	103.7
1989	Jan 17	111.0	111.7	111.2	108.5	109.4	110.9	104.5	107.4	103.2	108.2	113.1	109.9
1990	Jan 16	119.5	120.2	119.6	114.6	116.1	-	108.0	116.0	116.3	116.0	121.2	116.3
1991	Jan 15	130.2	131.6	130.4	122.7	126.0	-	110.7	122.9	121.2	123.1	132.2	129.7
1992	Jan 14	135.6	137.1	135.9	131.6	133.1	-	113.2	128.4	125.2	129.0	144.3	143.9
1993	Jan 12	137.9	139.7	138.6	135.0	137.4	-	112.8	128.8	112.2	131.7	151.7	151.0
1994	Jan 18	141.3	143.5	142.1	139.3	141.3	-	113.0	130.0	110.3	133.5	159.1	156.9
1995	Jan 17	146.0	148.3	146.5	142.9	145.2	-	113.2	134.1	126.3	135.3	165.7	161.3
1996	Jan 16	150.2	152.3	150.7	146.8	149.3	-	113.8	139.6	128.5	141.4	172.5	166.0
1997	Jan 14	154.4	157.0	155.3	150.7	153.9	-	114.2	141.0	120.3	144.7	179.2	171.1
1998	Jan 13	159.5	162.8	160.4	153.7	157.7	-	113.2	141.8	121.2	145.5	185.8	176.5
1999	May 18	165.6	169.5	166.5	159.4	164.7	-	114.0	144.9	130.0	147.5	196.2	184.6
	Jun 15	165.6	169.6	166.6	159.2	164.7	-	113.1	144.2	124.5	147.8	196.5	185.4
	Jul 20	165.1	169.1	166.3	158.6	164.1	-	109.6	143.3	117.6	148.1	197.2	185.1
	Aug 17	165.5	169.7	166.8	158.9	164.5	-	110.5	142.6	116.2	147.6	197.8	185.3
	Sep 14	166.2	170.6	167.4	159.6	165.2	-	112.7	142.4	117.1	147.2	198.1	185.3
	Oct 19	166.5	171.0	167.7	159.6	165.4	-	111.6	142.1	119.8	146.3	198.7	185.5
	Nov 16	166.7	171.1	167.8	159.7	165.6	-	112.3	142.7	122.2	146.5	198.9	185.0
	Dec 14	167.3	171.8	168.4	160.1	165.9	-	113.2	142.9	122.4	146.7	199.3	184.5
2000	Jan 18	166.6	171.0	167.8	159.1	165.2	-	106.3	142.9	122.4	146.7	200.1	185.8
	Feb 15	167.5	172.0	168.7	159.7	165.8	-	108.4	142.9	121.2	146.9	200.9	185.9
	Mar 14	168.4	173.2	169.7	160.5	166.4	-	109.6	142.0	117.6	146.6	201.3	186.2
	Apr 11	170.1	175.3	171.5	161.3	167.5	-	110.0	141.8	117.5	146.4	201.9	186.7
	May 16	170.7	175.7	171.9	161.7	168.0	-	110.1	143.1	121.8	147.0	203.1	187.6
	Jun 13	171.1	176.1	172.3	162.0	168.4	-	109.3	143.4	124.0	146.9	203.4	187.9
	Jul 18	170.5	175.2	171.5	161.2	167.7	-	104.5	144.6	130.1	147.1	204.1	187.7
	Aug 15	170.5	175.4	171.7	160.9	167.6	-	105.6	143.4	123.3	147.0	204.6	187.9
	Sep 12	171.7	176.8	172.9	162.2	168.9	-	108.0	143.6	124.4	147.0	205.3	188.3
	Oct 17	171.6	176.6	172.8	162.0	168.7	-	107.4	143.8	124.4	147.3	205.7	188.5
	Nov 14	172.1	177.1	173.2	162.5	169.2	-	108.2	144.5	129.5	147.0	206.1	188.4
	Dec-12	172.2	177.1	173.2	162.5	169.3	-	108.6	144.7	131.9	146.8	206.6	187.7
2001	Jan 16	171.1	175.8	172.1	161.1	168.1	-	102.8	145.1	129.7	147.7	207.1	189.0
	Feb 13	172.0	176.9	173.0	162.0	169.0	-	104.9	145.1	129.5	147.8	207.9	189.3
	Mar 20	172.2	176.9	173.2	162.7	169.6	-	106.7	146.7	131.7	149.3	208.7	189.8
	Apr 10	173.1	177.9	174.1	163.2	170.8	-	105.7	147.1	134.5	149.1	209.8	190.9
	May 15	174.2	178.6	174.8	164.7	172.1	-	106.4	150.7	151.6	149.9	210.9	191.3

a For the February, March and April 1988 indices the weights used for seasonal and non-seasonal food were 24 and 139 respectively. Thereafter the weight for home-killed lamb (a seasonal item) was increased by 1 and that for imported lamb (a non-seasonal item) correspondingly reduced by 1, in the light of new information about the relative shares of household expenditure.

b The nationalised industries index is no longer published from December 1989.

Note: See general notes under Table H.13.

RETAIL PRICES H.14

General index of retail prices

Tobacco	Housing	Fuel and light	Household goods	Household services	Clothing and footwear	Personal goods and services	Motoring expenditure	Fares and other travel	Leisure goods	Leisure services	
CZHE	CZHF	CZHG	CZHH	CZHI	CZHJ	CZHK	CZHL	CZHM	CZHN	CZHQ	Weights
38	157	61	73	44	74	38	127	22	47	30	1987
36	160	55	74	41	72	37	132	23	50	29	1988
36	175	54	71	41	73	37	128	23	47	29	1989
34	185	50	71	40	69	39	131	21	48	30	1990
32	192	46	70	45	63	38	141	20	48	30	1991
36	172	47	77	48	59	40	143	20	47	32	1992
35	164	46	79	47	58	39	136	21	46	62	1993
35	158	45	76	47	58	37	142	20	48	71	1994
34	187	45	77	47	54	39	125	19	46	66	1995
35	190	43	72	48	54	38	124	17	45	65	1996
34	186	41	72	52	56	40	128	20	47	59	1997
34	197	36	72	54	55	40	136	20	46	61	1998
31	193	34	74	57	55	40	139	21	47	61	1999
30	195	32	72	56	58	43	146	21	46	66	2000
29	205	29	71	57	53	43	140	23	49	64	2001
CHBE	CHBF	CHBG	CHBH	CHBI	CHBJ	CHBQ	CHBK	CHBR	CHBL	CHBM	Annual averages
100.1	103.3	99.1	102.1	101.9	101.1	101.9	103.4	101.5	101.6	101.6	1987
103.4	112.5	101.6	105.9	106.8	104.4	106.8	108.1	107.5	104.1	108.1	1988
106.4	135.3	107.3	110.1	112.5	109.9	114.1	114.0	115.2	107.4	115.1	1989
113.6	163.7	115.9	115.4	119.6	115.0	122.7	120.9	123.4	112.4	124.5	1990
129.9	160.8	125.1	122.5	129.5	118.5	133.4	129.9	135.5	117.7	138.8	1991
144.2	159.6	127.8	126.5	137.0	118.8	142.2	138.7	143.9	120.8	150.0	1992
156.4	151.0	126.2	128.0	141.9	119.8	147.9	144.7	151.4	122.5	156.7	1993
168.2	156.0	131.7	128.4	142.0	120.4	153.3	149.7	155.4	121.8	162.5	1994
179.5	166.4	134.5	133.1	141.6	120.6	158.2	152.4	159.3	121.7	167.7	1995
191.5	168.6	134.8	137.5	141.7	119.7	164.1	157.0	164.1	123.6	173.8	1996
205.6	179.6	130.6	139.1	144.3	120.6	170.0	165.3	169.6	123.9	182.3	1997
223.3	195.4	125.0	140.8	148.1	119.9	178.0	170.5	173.3	121.1	190.3	1998
248.9	196.9	124.4	141.5	152.4	116.7	183.6	174.6	178.7	116.2	198.1	1999
270.4	214.4	123.9	140.2	157.1	112.3	185.5	181.3	184.6	112.1	207.9	2000
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1987 Jan 13
101.4	103.9	98.3	103.3	105.0	101.1	104.3	105.1	105.1	102.8	103.6	1988 Jan 12
105.6	124.6	104.2	107.5	110.3	105.9	110.4	110.6	112.9	105.1	112.1	1989 Jan 17
108.3	145.8	110.6	112.0	116.3	110.8	118.6	115.0	117.5	110.1	119.6	1990 Jan 16
118.2	170.6	121.6	116.7	125.5	114.2	127.2	122.8	130.8	114.9	130.7	1991 Jan 15
137.4	156.0	127.7	123.9	135.3	115.7	138.4	134.0	140.9	119.3	145.5	1992 Jan 14
150.0	151.6	127.1	125.8	139.8	114.9	144.7	137.9	148.6	121.3	153.6	1993 Jan 12
166.5	150.2	125.4	126.1	142.4	116.2	149.5	147.5	154.0	122.3	160.1	1994 Jan 18
175.6	160.6	134.1	128.3	141.9	117.1	154.9	150.9	157.5	121.2	165.0	1995 Jan 17
188.1	166.4	134.9	133.3	141.6	116.3	159.9	154.0	161.1	122.4	171.0	1996 Jan 16
200.1	172.1	133.2	135.6	142.7	116.3	166.7	162.9	166.6	123.7	177.8	1997 Jan 14
218.9	187.3	125.5	136.9	146.5	115.3	172.2	168.6	171.8	122.7	186.8	1998 Jan 13
248.5	195.7	124.0	142.9	151.4	118.5	183.1	175.6	178.4	117.5	196.8	1999 May 18
249.1	196.3	123.9	141.8	151.5	118.4	183.7	175	179.4	116.8	197.7	Jun 15
253.3	196.6	124.2	139.5	151.7	112.7	183.9	176.0	179.8	115.5	198.3	Jul 20
253.9	197.4	124.2	140.6	152.1	114.4	184.6	176.7	180.1	114.8	199.0	Aug 17
254.0	198.2	124.5	141.6	153.5	118.8	185.0	176.2	180.2	114.3	200.6	Sep 14
253.9	199.8	124.6	140.5	154.8	117.8	184.8	176.8	180.5	114.0	202.0	Oct 19
254.0	200.6	124.9	142.0	154.9	118.1	185.0	175.8	180.6	113.7	202.5	Nov 16
254.0	202.3	125.5	144.8	155.4	117.1	184.8	176.3	180.5	113.7	202.3	Dec 14
254.2	203.8	125.4	137.8	156.5	109.1	183.8	177.9	181.5	113.5	202.6	2000 Jan 18
256.7	205.5	125.4	138.9	156.5	112.8	184.0	177.9	181.8	113.5	203.3	Feb 15
256.9	207.4	125.5	140.5	156.7	114.5	184.7	180.6	181.9	112.9	204.1	Mar 14
272.9	213.9	123.8	140.6	156.4	115.6	184.5	182.3	183.7	112.9	205.1	Apr 11
273.1	214.9	122.9	140.9	156.1	115.5	185.4	182.4	184.4	113.0	206.1	May 16
273.6	216.1	122.4	140.5	156.4	114.8	184.8	184.4	185.1	112.2	207.3	Jun 13
273.7	216.9	122.5	138.3	157.2	106.7	185.1	184.1	185.3	111.2	208.1	Jul 18
275.3	217.7	122.5	139.0	156.4	108.5	185.9	181.2	186.5	111.6	209.0	Aug 15
277.1	218.6	124.1	141.1	158.3	112.5	186.2	182.1	186.3	111.3	211.7	Sep 12
277.3	219.1	124.6	139.8	158.3	112.4	186.8	180.4	186.1	111.0	212.8	Oct 17
277.3	219.4	124.2	141.3	158.5	113.1	187.4	181.6	186.3	111.1	212.4	Nov 14
277.3	220.1	123.9	143.6	157.8	112.2	187.4	180.9	186.3	110.7	212.6	Dec-12
277.3	220.8	123.1	138.0	157.1	105.1	187.9	179.7	188.0	109.7	213.5	2001 Jan 16
280.1	221.6	123.2	139.5	157.0	108.3	189.1	180.3	188.3	110.4	214.5	Feb 13
283.9	219.4	123.2	141.9	156.4	110.2	190.1	179.2	188.5	110.2	215.1	Mar 20
285.0	222.4	125.1	141.1	156.8	109.3	190.9	180.2	189.7	110.1	217.7	Apr 10
285.1	221.8	125.4	142.2	157.3	109.4	191.9	182.5	191.3	110.6	218.8	May 15

H.15 RETAIL PRICES

General index of retail prices: percentage changes on a year earlier

		All items	Food	Catering	Alcoholic drink	Tobacco	Housing	Fuel and light	Household goods	Household services	Clothing and footwear	Personal goods and services	Motoring expenditure	Fares and other travel costs	Leisure goods	Leisure services
		CZBH	CCYY	CZCB	CZCF	CZCM	CZCP	CZCX	CZDC	CZDJ	CZDO	CZDU	CZDY	CZED	CZEH	CZEN
1988	Jan 12	3.3	2.9	6.4	3.7	1.4	3.9	-1.7	3.3	5.0	1.1	4.3	5.1	5.1	2.8	3.6
1989	Jan 17	7.5	4.4	6.3	6.0	4.1	19.9	6.0	4.1	5.0	4.7	5.8	5.2	7.4	2.2	8.2
1990	Jan 16	7.7	8.0	7.2	5.8	2.6	17.0	6.1	4.2	5.4	4.6	7.4	4.0	4.1	4.8	6.7
1991	Jan 15	9.0	5.9	9.1	11.5	9.1	17.0	9.9	4.2	7.9	3.1	7.3	6.8	11.3	4.4	9.3
1992	Jan 14	4.1	4.5	9.2	10.9	16.2	-8.6	5.0	6.2	7.8	1.3	8.8	9.1	7.7	3.8	11.3
1993	Jan 12	1.7	0.3	5.1	4.9	9.2	-2.8	-0.5	1.5	3.3	-0.7	4.6	2.9	5.5	1.7	5.6
1994	Jan 18	2.5	0.9	4.9	3.9	11.0	-0.9	-1.3	0.2	1.9	1.1	3.3	7.0	3.6	0.8	4.2
1995	Jan 17	3.3	3.2	4.1	2.8	5.5	6.9	6.9	1.7	-0.4	0.8	3.6	2.3	2.3	-0.9	3.1
1996	Jan 16	2.9	4.1	4.1	2.9	7.1	3.6	0.6	3.9	-0.2	-0.1	3.2	2.1	2.3	1.0	3.6
1997	Jan 14	2.8	1.0	3.9	3.1	6.4	3.4	-1.3	1.7	0.8	0.0	4.3	5.8	3.4	1.1	4.0
1998	Jan 13	3.3	0.6	3.7	3.2	9.4	8.8	-5.8	1.0	2.7	-0.9	3.3	3.5	3.1	-0.8	5.1
1999	May 18	1.3	0.6	4.1	2.6	11.2	-0.1	-1.1	0.8	2.6	-3.2	3.3	1.9	2.9	-3.5	3.8
	Jun 15	1.3	0.5	4.0	3.1	11.4	0.1	-0.6	0.6	2.6	-3.0	3.1	1.7	3.2	-3.6	3.9
	Jul 20	1.3	0.1	4.0	2.4	13.1	-0.8	0.0	0.0	2.8	-1.7	3.1	2.5	3.3	-4.3	4.0
	Aug 17	1.1	-1.4	3.8	2.4	13.2	-0.9	0.0	0.3	3.3	-2.4	2.9	2.9	3.3	-4.6	4.1
	Sep 14	1.1	-1.2	3.7	2.3	13.3	-0.9	0.2	0.2	3.1	-3.0	2.9	2.7	3.4	-4.7	4.2
	Oct 19	1.2	-1.6	3.7	2.1	13.1	-0.4	0.1	0.0	2.9	-3.0	2.4	3.6	3.9	-4.8	4.6
	Nov 16	1.4	-1.0	3.4	2.2	13.1	0.4	0.4	-0.1	3.0	-3.3	2.3	3.7	3.8	-5.0	4.8
	Dec 14	1.8	-1.6	3.4	1.9	9.9	2.4	1.0	-0.6	3.3	-3.5	1.9	4.9	3.6	-5.0	4.6
	Jan 18	2.0	-2.0	3.6	1.6	7.5	4.5	0.9	-0.7	3.9	-3.5	1.4	4.9	3.3	-4.7	4.6
	Feb 15	2.3	-2.1	3.7	1.4	8.5	5.8	1.0	-1.2	3.8	-2.5	1.0	5.0	3.2	-4.3	4.9
	Mar 14	2.6	-2.1	3.7	1.6	4.9	8.2	0.8	-2.0	3.7	-2.8	1.7	4.8	3.3	-4.5	5.2
	Apr 11	3.0	-1.7	3.3	1.6	9.8	9.4	-0.3	-0.6	3.2	-2.0	0.8	3.7	3.7	-4.1	4.6
	May 16	3.1	-1.2	3.5	1.6	9.9	9.8	-0.9	-1.4	3.1	-2.5	1.3	3.9	3.4	-3.8	4.7
	Jun 13	3.3	-0.6	3.5	1.3	9.8	10.1	-1.2	-0.9	3.2	-3.0	0.6	5.4	3.2	-3.9	4.9
	Jul 18	3.3	0.9	3.5	1.4	8.1	10.3	-1.4	-0.9	3.6	-5.3	0.7	4.6	3.1	-3.7	4.9
2000	Aug 15	3.0	0.6	3.4	1.4	8.4	10.3	-1.4	-1.1	2.8	-5.2	0.7	2.5	3.6	-2.8	5.0
	Sep 12	3.3	0.8	3.6	1.6	9.1	10.3	-0.3	-0.4	3.1	-5.3	0.6	3.3	3.4	-2.6	5.5
	Oct 17	3.1	1.2	3.5	1.6	9.2	9.7	0.0	-0.5	2.3	-4.6	1.1	2.0	3.1	-2.6	5.3
	Nov 14	3.2	1.3	3.6	1.8	9.2	9.4	-0.6	-0.5	2.3	-4.2	1.3	3.3	3.2	-2.3	4.9
	Dec 12	2.9	1.3	3.7	1.7	9.2	8.8	-1.3	-0.8	1.5	-4.2	1.4	2.6	3.2	-2.6	5.1
	Jan 16	2.7	1.5	3.5	1.7	9.1	8.3	-1.8	0.1	0.4	-3.7	2.2	1.0	3.6	-3.3	5.4
	Feb 13	2.7	1.5	3.5	1.8	9.1	7.8	-1.8	0.4	0.3	-4.0	2.8	1.3	3.6	-2.7	5.5
	Mar 20	2.3	3.3	3.7	1.9	10.5	5.8	-1.8	1.0	-0.2	-3.8	2.9	-0.8	3.6	-2.4	5.4
	Apr 10	1.8	3.7	3.9	2.2	4.4	4.0	1.1	0.4	0.3	-5.4	3.5	-1.2	3.3	-2.5	6.1
	May 15	2.1	5.3	3.8	2.0	4.4	3.2	2.0	0.9	0.8	-5.3	3.5	0.1	3.7	-2.1	6.2

Note: See general notes under Table H.13.

H.21 RETAIL PRICES

EU countries - Harmonised Indices of Consumer Prices (HICPs)^a

1996=100	European Union (15) ^c	United Kingdom	Austria	Belgium	Denmark	Finland	France	Germany
	CLNJ	CHVJ	CLMV	CLMW	CLMX	CLMY	CLMZ	CLNA
Annual averages								
1996	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1997	101.7	101.8	101.2	101.5	101.9	101.2	101.3	101.5
1998	103.0	103.4	102.0	102.4	103.3	102.6	102.0	102.1
1999	104.3	104.8	102.5	103.6	105.4	103.9	102.5	102.8
2000	106.4	105.6	104.5	106.4	108.3	107.0	104.4	104.9
Monthly								
1999								
Apr	104.2	104.9	102.4	103.5	105.0	103.9	102.6	102.7
May	104.3	105.2	102.5	103.7	105.4	104.2	102.6	102.7
Jun	104.3	105.1	102.1	103.5	105.7	104.2	102.6	102.8
Jul	104.3	104.4	102.2	103.7	105.4	103.9	102.3	103.3
Aug	104.4	104.8	102.4	103.5	105.7	104.0	102.5	103.3
Sep	104.6	105.2	102.3	103.8	106.1	104.5	102.7	103.0
Oct	104.6	105.1	102.7	103.9	106.2	104.6	102.8	102.9
Nov	104.8	105.3	103.0	104.1	106.4	104.6	102.9	103.0
Dec	105.1	105.5	103.9	104.5	106.6	104.9	103.4	103.4
2000								
Jan	105.0	104.5	103.5	103.1	106.5	104.8	103.3	103.8
Feb	105.4	104.9	104.3	105.2	107.0	105.6	103.5	104.2
Mar	105.8	105.1	104.4	105.7	107.8	106.3	104.0	104.4
Apr	106.0	105.5	104.2	105.9	108.0	106.5	104.0	104.3
May	106.1	105.7	104.1	106.2	108.4	107.0	104.2	104.2
Jun	106.5	105.9	104.5	106.6	108.8	107.4	104.5	104.9
Jul	106.5	105.4	104.2	105.5	108.3	106.9	104.3	105.4
Aug	106.5	105.4	104.3	107.1	108.0	107.0	104.5	105.2
Sep	107.1	106.2	104.7	107.9	109.0	108.1	105.1	105.7
Oct	107.2	106.1	105.0	107.7	109.2	108.2	105.0	105.4
Nov	107.5	106.4	105.4	107.9	109.3	108.1	105.2	105.7
Dec	107.5	106.4	105.8	107.6	109.1	107.9	105.2	105.8
2001								
Jan	107.3	105.4	105.8	105.9	108.9	107.8	104.7	106.1
Feb	107.8	105.7	106.2	107.8	109.5	108.5	105.0	106.8
Mar	108.2	106.1	106.4	108.0	110.2	109.0	105.5	107.0
Apr	108.8P	106.7	106.8P	109.0	110.8	109.5	106.1P	107.3
Percentage change on a year earlier								
	CLNX	CJYR	CLNL	CLNM	CLNN	CLNO	CLNP	CLNQ
Annual averages								
								Percent
1996	2.4	2.5	1.8	1.8	2.1	1.2	2.1	1.2
1997	1.7	1.8	1.2	1.5	1.9	1.4	1.3	1.5
1998	1.3	1.6	0.8	0.9	1.3	1.3	0.7	0.6
1999	1.2	1.3	0.5	1.1	2.1	1.6	0.6	0.6
2000	2.1	0.8	2.0	2.9	2.7	3.0	1.8	2.1
Monthly								
1999								
Apr	1.2	1.5	0.1	1.1	1.7	1.3	0.5	0.8
May	1.1	1.3	0.4	0.8	1.6	1.4	0.4	0.4
Jun	1.0	1.4	0.2	0.7	1.9	1.2	0.3	0.4
Jul	1.1	1.3	0.3	0.7	2.0	1.4	0.4	0.6
Aug	1.2	1.3	0.5	0.9	2.4	1.3	0.5	0.7
Sep	1.3	1.2	0.6	1.3	2.4	1.4	0.6	0.8
Oct	1.3	1.2	0.8	1.4	2.6	1.6	0.8	0.9
Nov	1.4	1.3	1.0	1.6	2.7	1.9	1.0	1.0
Dec	1.7	1.2	1.7	2.1	3.1	2.2	1.4	1.4
2000								
Jan	1.8	0.8	1.4	0.3	2.8	2.3	1.7	1.9
Feb	1.9	1.0	2.0	2.1	2.8	2.7	1.5	2.1
Mar	1.9	0.7	2.0	2.5	3.0	3.2	1.7	2.1
Apr	1.7	0.6	1.8	2.3	2.9	2.5	1.4	1.6
May	1.7	0.5	1.6	2.4	2.8	2.7	1.6	1.5
Jun	2.1	0.8	2.4	3.0	2.9	3.1	1.9	2.0
Jul	2.1	1.0	2.0	1.7	2.8	2.9	2.0	2.0
Aug	2.0	0.6	1.9	3.5	2.2	2.9	2.0	1.8
Sep	2.5	1.0	2.3	3.9	2.7	3.4	2.3	2.6
Oct	2.4	1.0	2.2	3.7	2.8	3.4	2.1	2.4
Nov	2.6	1.0	2.3	3.7	2.7	3.3	2.2	2.6
Dec	2.3	0.9	1.8	3.0	2.3	2.9	1.7	2.3
2001								
Jan	2.2	0.9	2.2	2.7	2.3	2.9	1.4	2.2
Feb	2.3	0.8	1.8	2.5	2.3	2.7	1.4	2.5
Mar	2.3	1.0	1.9	2.2	2.2	2.5	1.4	2.5
Apr	2.6P	1.1	2.5P	2.9	2.6	2.8	2.0P	2.9

- a Harmonised Indices of Consumer Prices (HICPs) are being calculated in each member state of the European Union for the purpose of international comparisons. This is in the context of one of the convergence criteria for monetary union as required by the Maastricht Treaty. The rules underlying the construction of the HICPs for EU member states were published in a Commission Regulation of 9 September 1996. The HICPs replace the Interim Indices of Consumer Prices which were published by Eurostat in a monthly news release.
- b Figures for Irish Republic for 1996 are only available on a quarterly basis.
- c Percentage change figures for 1996 are estimated.

R Revised
P Provisional
E Estimate

EU countries - Harmonised Indices of Consumer Prices (HICPs)^a

H.21

Greece	Irish Republic ^b	Italy ^c	Luxembourg	Netherlands	Portugal	Spain	Sweden	1996=100
CLNB	CLNC	CLND	CLNE	CLNF	CLNG	CLNH	CLNI	
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	Annual averages
105.4	101.2	101.9	101.4	101.9	101.9	101.9	101.9	1996
110.2	103.4	103.9	102.4	103.7	104.2	103.7	102.9	1997
112.8	106.0	105.7	103.4	105.8	106.4	106.0	103.4	1998
115.8	111.5	108.4	107.3	108.2	109.4	109.7	104.8	1999
								2000
113.9	105.2	105.2	103.3	106.2	106.4	105.6	103.4	Monthly
113.6	105.9	105.5	103.6	106.2	106.5	105.6	103.7	1999 Apr
113.4	106.2	105.5	103.5	105.7	106.7	105.6	103.6	May
								Jun
111.0	105.7	105.8	102.2	105.1	106.7	106.1	103.1	Jul
110.9	106.4	105.8	103.9	105.8	106.5	106.6	103.1	Aug
113.1	106.9	106.1	104.1	106.3	106.4	106.8	104.0	Sep
113.5	107.0	106.3	104.4	106.4	106.6	106.7	104.2	Oct
113.7	107.2	106.5	104.5	106.6	107.3	106.9	103.8	Nov
114.7	108.5	106.7	104.9	106.1	107.5	107.3	104.1	Dec
113.2	108.2	106.9	104.3	105.8	107.3	107.7	103.5	2000 Jan
112.7	109.1	107.3	105.4	106.4	107.0	107.9	104.0	Feb
115.6	109.8	107.7	105.9	107.6	107.2	108.4	104.6	Mar
116.3	110.5	107.7	106.6	108.0	108.4	108.8	104.4	Apr
116.6	111.3	108.1	106.6	108.3	109.1	109.0	105.0	May
115.9	111.9	108.4	108.1	108.3	109.7	109.3	105.0	Jun
113.9	111.9	108.6	107.0	108.0	110.2	110.0	104.4	Jul
114.1	112.5	108.6	107.7	108.4	110.3	110.4	104.5	Aug
116.5	112.8	108.9	108.5	109.4	110.2	110.8	105.4	Sep
117.8	113.4	109.2	108.9	109.8	110.5	111.0	105.6	Oct
118.3	113.6	109.6	109.2	109.7	111.2	111.3	105.7	Nov
118.9	113.5	109.7	109.4	109.2	111.6	111.6	105.5	Dec
116.8	112.4	109.8	107.3	110.6	112.0	111.8	105.2	2001 Jan
116.6	113.4	110.2	108.5	111.6	112.2	112.2	105.6	Feb
119.3	114.3	110.5	109.1	112.9	112.7	112.7	106.4	Mar
120.6	115.2	110.9	109.5	113.7 P	113.4	113.2	107.5	Apr
Percentage change on a year earlier								
CLNR	CLNT	CLNU	CLNV	CLNW	CLNY	CLNZ	CLOA	
Percent								Annual averages
7.9	2.2	4.0	1.2	1.4	2.9	3.6	0.8	1996
5.4	1.2	1.9	1.4	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	1997
4.5	2.1	2.0	1.0	1.8	2.2	1.8	1.0	1998
2.1	2.5	1.7	1.0	2.0	2.2	2.2	0.6	1999
2.9	5.3	2.6	3.8	2.3	2.8	3.5	1.3	2000
2.6	2.0	1.3	1.3	1.9	2.7	2.3	0.3	Monthly
2.0	2.3	1.5	1.3	2.1	2.1	2.1	0.3	Apr
1.5	2.1	1.4	1.2	2.1	2.1	2.1	0.4	May
								Jun
1.6	1.9	1.7	-0.3	1.8	1.9	2.1	0.2	Jul
1.4	2.4	1.6	1.4	2.5	1.8	2.3	0.8	Aug
1.3	2.6	1.9	1.6	2.0	1.9	2.5	1.1	Sep
1.7	2.8	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.8	2.4	1.0	Oct
2.0	3.0	2.0	1.9	2.0	1.9	2.7	0.8	Nov
2.3	3.9	2.1	2.3	1.9	1.7	2.8	1.2	Dec
2.4	4.4	2.2	3.5	1.6	1.9	2.9	1.0	2000 Jan
2.6	4.6	2.4	2.6	1.5	1.6	3.0	1.4	Feb
2.8	5.0	2.6	3.0	1.6	1.4	3.0	1.4	Mar
2.1	5.0	2.4	3.2	1.7	1.9	3.0	1.0	Apr
2.6	5.1	2.5	2.9	2.0	2.4	3.2	1.3	May
2.2	5.4	2.7	4.4	2.5	2.8	3.5	1.4	Jun
2.6	5.9	2.6	4.7	2.8	3.3	3.7	1.3	Jul
2.9	5.7	2.6	3.7	2.5	3.6	3.6	1.4	Aug
3.0	5.5	2.6	4.2	2.9	3.6	3.7	1.3	Sep
3.8	6.0	2.7	4.3	3.2	3.7	4.0	1.3	Oct
4.0	6.0	2.9	4.5	2.9	3.6	4.1	1.8	Nov
3.7	4.6	2.8	4.3	2.9	3.8	4.0	1.3	Dec
3.2	3.9	2.7	2.9	4.5	4.4	3.8	1.6	2001 Jan
3.5	3.9	2.7	2.9	4.9	4.9	4.0	1.5	Feb
3.2	4.1	2.6	3.0	4.9	5.1	4.0	1.7	Mar
3.7	4.3	3.0	2.7	5.3 P	4.6	4.0	3.0	Apr

Source: ONS/Eurostat

FOR STATISTICAL INFORMATION ON:

Earnings and productivity

Average Earnings Index (monthly)	01633 819002
Basic wage rates and hours for manual workers with a collective agreement	01633 819002
New Earnings Survey (annual): levels of earnings and hours worked for groups of workers (males and females, industries, occupations, regions, agreements, pension categories, age, part-time and full-time); distribution of earnings; composition of earnings; hours worked	01633 819024/11
Labour Force Survey (quarterly): weekly and hourly earnings; distribution; men and women, occupation, region; earnings of low-paid workers	020 7533 6094
Unit wage costs and productivity	01633 812766
International comparisons of earnings and labour costs	01633 819002

Economic activity and inactivity

Employment

Annual Employment Statistics	01928 792733
Annual and sub-regional estimates	01928 792733
annual.employment.figures@ons.gov.uk	
Workforce jobs series—short-term estimates	01633 812079
Total workforce hours worked per week	01633 812766
steven.dunstan@ons.gov.uk	
Labour Force Survey: full- and part-time; self-employment; temporary work; second jobs; occupations; men and women; ethnicity; region; people with disabilities; hours worked (usual and actual for groups of workers)	020 7533 6094

General ONS enquiries

Labour disputes

Labour Force Survey

New Deal (ES)

Qualifications (DfEE)

Redundancy statistics

Retail Prices Index

Ansafo service	020 7533 5866
Enquiries	020 7533 5874

Skill needs surveys and research into skill shortages (DfEE)

Small firms (DTI)

maggie.o'neill@sfsh-sheffield.dti.gov.uk

Trade unions (DTI)

Training (DfEE)

Work-Based Learning for Adults, Foundation and Advanced Modern Apprenticeships and Other Training for Young People	0114 259 3327
Job-related training	0114 259 3489

Travel-to-Work Areas

Composition and review of	020 7533 6114
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Unemployment

ILO unemployment (LFS) and claimant count	020 7533 6094
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Vacancies

Notified to Jobcentres and their stocks of unfilled vacancies	020 7533 6094
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Youth Cohort Study (DfEE)

FOR ADVICE ON:

Sources of labour market statistics	020 7533 6094
Reconciliation of different sources of labour market data	020 7533 6167
Regional and local labour market statistics	020 7533 6113

FOR DETAILED INFORMATION

Labour Market Statistics Helpline	020 7533 6094
labour.market@ons.gov.uk	

Recorded announcement of headline statistics on economic activity, inactivity, employment, unemployment, vacancies, earnings, productivity and unit wage costs	020 7533 6176
Skills and Enterprise Network	0114 259 4075

RPI data can be found in ONS Business Monitor MM 23

HISTORICAL DATA

The following are in addition to the series on the National Statistics DataBank:

Claimant count data from 1971 are on Nomis®.

Employment statistics (workforce jobs) from employer surveys, from June 1959, are available on disk from 01633 812079 as the *Historical Supplement*.

LFS data from 1984 (some from 1979) are in the *LFS Historical Supplement* and the *LFS Seasonally Adjusted Historical Supplement*. Data are available through the website (http://www.statistics.gov.uk/nsbase/downloads/theme_labour/HS2000.pdf).

Seasonally adjusted tables are available via StatBase.

ON-LINE

Articles from this publication may be available on-line within the Labour Market Theme of the National Statistics website (http://www.statistics.gov.uk/nsbase/themes/labour_market/key_reports.asp).

Most series in the Labour Market Data tables are also available to view on-line or download via the StatBase-TimeZone service (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/statbase/tzgate.asp>). Where this is the case the four-letter identifier is shown at the top of the column.

Nomis® (the on-line labour market statistics database): www.nomisweb.co.uk. See advert on page S15. **0191 374 2468**

National Statistics DataBank service **020 7533 5675**

ONS STATFAX gives anyone with a fax machine instant access to the latest labour market statistics. The entire latest monthly labour market statistics national First Release is available within moments of the official release time of 9.30am. The number to ring is **0906 7360206**. Calls are charged at £1 per minute. Contact ONS on 020 7533 5888 if you have any problems or for details of the numbers to call to get regional First Releases on Statfax.