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incorporating **Employment GAZETTE**

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Next issue: 5 August 2004



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## Editorial office

For editorial queries please contact:

Room B2/08,  
Office for National Statistics,  
1 Drummond Gate,  
London SW1V 2QQ

Telephone: 020 7533 6136

Fax: 020 7533 6186

e-mail: [lmr@ons.gov.uk](mailto:lmr@ons.gov.uk)

Managing editor:	Frances Sly
Editor:	Neil Mackinnon
Assistant editor:	Jenny Claydon
Labour Market Update:	Richard Clegg
Labour Market Trends Administrator:	Sue Lower
Design:	Zeta Image to Print Ltd Geoff Francis

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## Statistical enquiries

For general enquiries about National Statistics, please contact the National Statistics public enquiry service on: **0845 601 3034**

Fax: **01633 652747**

minicom **01633 812399**

e-mail [info@statistics.gov.uk](mailto:info@statistics.gov.uk),

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**South Wales, NP10 8XG**

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Labour Market  
trends

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# Labour Market Update

Data released on or before 16 June 2004

All figures are seasonally adjusted and for UK unless otherwise stated. For detailed figures, definitions and concepts see the Labour Market Data section. The LFS data are consistent with the 2001 Census population data unless otherwise stated.

## Headlines

❶ **Employment rate** unchanged in the three months to April 2004 – Labour Force Survey (LFS) results.

❷ **Unemployment rate** unchanged in the three months to April 2004 – LFS.

❸ **Claimant count rate** remained unchanged in May 2004.

The working age employment rate was 74.8 per cent, unchanged over the quarter. The number of people in employment rose by 30,000 over the quarter.

The unemployment rate was 4.8 per cent, unchanged over the quarter. The number of unemployed people fell by 9,000 over the quarter.

The claimant count decreased by 12,000 to 862,000. There was an average monthly fall of 8,100 over the last three months.

The number of vacancies (three-month average ending May 2004) stood at 631,000, up 48,300 from a year ago.

The rate of growth of average earnings including bonuses was 4.3 per cent, down 0.9 percentage points from the previous month. The rate of growth of average earnings excluding bonuses was 4.1 per cent, up 0.2 percentage points from the previous month.

## New this month

February to April 2004 data: Latest LFS three-month average results, earnings;

May 2004 data: Claimant count and vacancies;

April 2004 data: Manufacturing productivity and unit wage costs, manufacturing jobs, labour disputes;

March 2004 data: Workforce jobs.

Figure 1 Working-age employment rate

Sampling variability  $\pm 0.3\%$

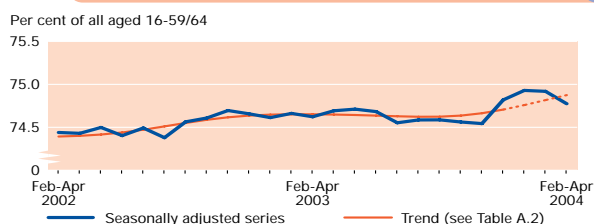


Figure 2 Unemployment rate

Sampling variability  $\pm 0.2\%$

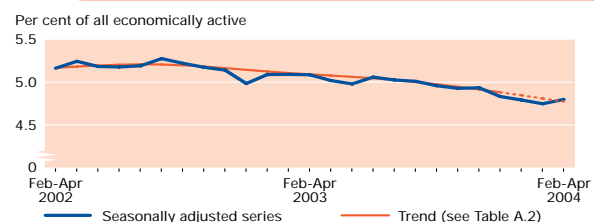
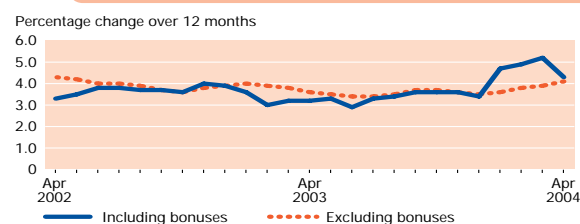


Figure 3 GB average earnings growth, whole economy

Sampling variability (inc. bonuses)  $\pm 1.3\%$ ; (exc. bonuses)  $\pm 0.7\%$



## SUMMARY

❶ **Employment rate** was 74.8 per cent among people of working age in the three months to April 2004, unchanged from the three months to January 2004 but up 0.2 percentage points on the same period a year earlier (Figure 1, Table A.1).

❷ **Unemployment rate** was 4.8 per cent in the three months to April 2004, unchanged from the three months to January 2004 but down 0.3 percentage points from the same period a year earlier (Figure 2, Table A.1).

❸ **Employment level** was 28.30 million in the three months to April 2004, up 246,000 on the same period a year earlier (Table A.1).

❹ **Workforce jobs** rose by 15,000 between December 2003 and March 2004, and rose by 319,000 (1.1 per cent) over the year to 30.3 million in March 2004 (Table A.3).

❺ **Unemployment level** was 1.43 million in the three months to April 2004. This is 77,000 lower than the same period a year earlier (Table A.1).

❻ **Claimant count** down 12,000 on the month to May 2004 at 862,000. Claimant count rate in May 2004 was 2.8 per cent, unchanged from the previous month (Table A.3).

❼ **Economic activity rate** was 78.6 per cent among people of working age in the three months to April 2004, down 0.1 percentage point from the three months to January 2004 and on the year (Table A.1).

❽ **Economic inactivity rate** was 21.4 per cent among people of working age in the three months to April 2004, up 0.1 percentage point from the three months to January 2004 and on the year (Table A.1).

❾ **GB average earnings** (including bonuses), in the three months to April 2004, increased by 4.3 per cent, down 0.9 percentage points from the March rate. Excluding bonuses, the increase was 4.1 per cent over the same period a year ago, up 0.2 percentage points from the March rate (Figure 3, Table A.3).

❿ There were 631,000 **job vacancies** (not seasonally adjusted) on average in the three months ending May 2004, up 48,300 from the same period a year earlier. There were 2.4 vacancies per 100 employee jobs, up 0.2 on the same period a year earlier.

⓫ Publication of the **Jobcentre vacancy** statistics has been deferred due to the introduction of Employer Direct (see footnote e on Table A.3 p15).

## EMPLOYMENT

- ① **Men in employment** up 32,000 in the three months to April 2004 to 15.27 million, and **women** down 2,000 in the same period to 13.03 million (Figures 4 and 5, Table B.1).
- ① People in **full-time employment** up 3,000 in the three months to April 2004 to 20.92 million. People in **part-time employment** up 27,000 over the same period to 7.39 million (Table B.1).
- ① **Manufacturing employee jobs** fell by 3.1 per cent (108,000) compared with the same three months a year ago, to stand at 3.38 million in the three months to April 2004 (Table B.12).
- ① The total number of **actual hours worked** per week was 904.1 million in the three months to April 2004, up 3.2 million from the three months to January 2004 (Table B.21).

## UNEMPLOYMENT

- ① Number of people **unemployed** for between **6 and 12 months** up 22,000 over the year to 227,000 in the three months to April 2004 (Table C.1).
- ① **Unemployment over 12 months** decreased by 22,000 over the year to stand at 297,000 in the three months to April 2004 (Figure 6, Table C.1).
- ① **Unemployment for those aged 18 to 24** decreased by 18,000 over the year to stand at 385,000 in the three months to April 2004 (Table C.1).
- ① **Unemployment rate for UK government office regions** was down in seven of the regions over the year, up in four regions and unchanged in one region. The highest rate in the three months to April 2004 was in the London region at 6.9 per cent and the lowest was in the South West region at 3.1 per cent (Figure 7, Table A.11).

## CLAIMANT COUNT (computerised claims only)

- ① **Claimant count over 12 months** shows a fall of 3,300 over the year to stand at 137,600 in May 2004 (Table F.2).
- ① **Total claimants aged 18-24** stood at 237,700 in May 2004, a fall of 14,900 since May 2003 (Table F.2).
- ① **Claimant count aged 18 to 24 over 12 months** stood at 6,200 in May 2004, a rise of 900 since May 2003 (Table F.2).
- ① **Number of people in categories affected by New Deal (unadjusted):**

	May 2004	Change on year
18-24, over six months	44,154	+923
25 and over, 18 months to two years	31,660	+1,504
25 and over, more than two years	41,823	-3,986
<b>Total</b>	<b>117,637</b>	<b>-1,559</b>

## ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

- ① Number of **economically active people** was 29.73 million in the three months to April 2004. Of this total, 16.11 million were men and 13.62 million were women (Table D.1).
- ① Number of **economically inactive people of working age** was up 36,000 over the quarter to 7.81 million in the three months to April 2004. Over the year the number of economically inactive people of working age was up 65,000. The number not wanting a job was up 148,000 over the year to 5.76 million; the number wanting a job but either not seeking or not available to start work was down 83,000 over the year to 2.04 million (Figure 8, Table D.2).
- ① The Labour Force Survey shows a 281,000 increase in the population (aged 16 and over) over the year, an increase in the number in employment of 246,000, a decrease in the unemployed of 77,000 and an increase in the number of economically inactive of 111,000 (Table A.1).
- ① **Economic activity rate** for men of working age was 83.7 per cent in the three months to April 2004, down 0.1 percentage point from the three months to January 2004, while the rate for women was 73.2 per cent for the same period, down 0.1 percentage point from the three months to January 2004 (Table D.1).

Figure 4 Male working-age employment rate

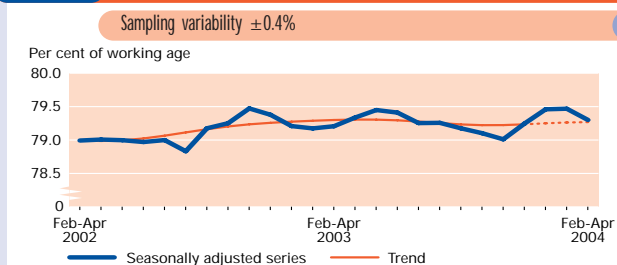


Figure 5 Female working-age employment rate

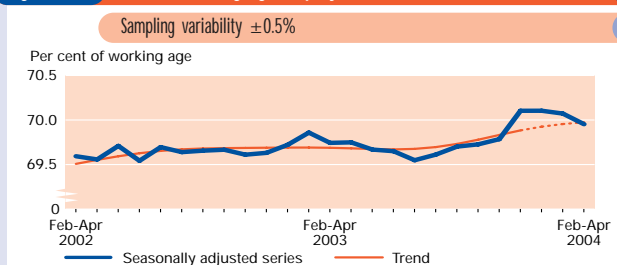


Figure 6 Unemployed for more than 12 months

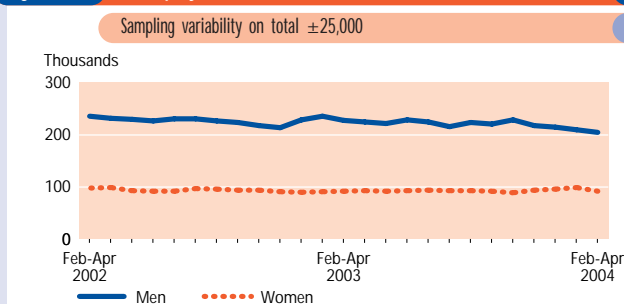


Figure 7 Unemployment rates: UK regions (GORs)



Figure 8 Working-age inactivity rate

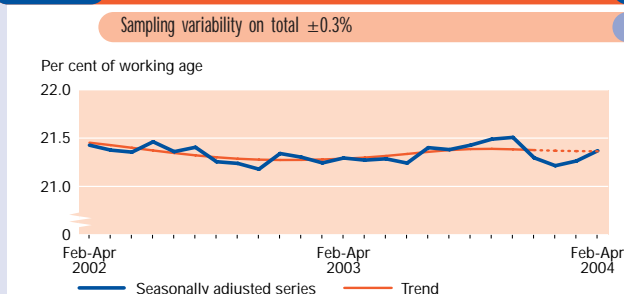


Figure 9 Average earnings growth excluding bonuses: Great Britain

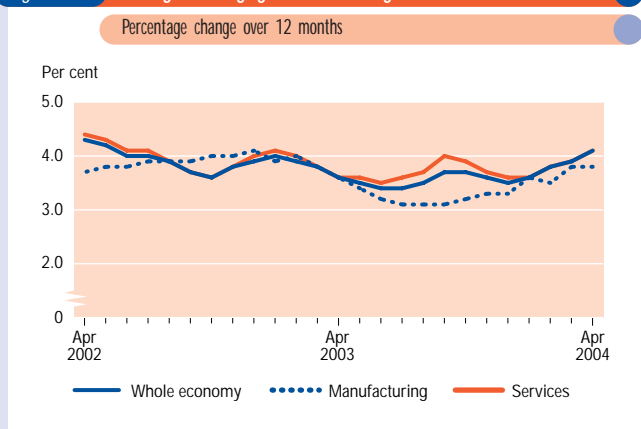


Figure 10 Whole economy productivity and unit wage costs

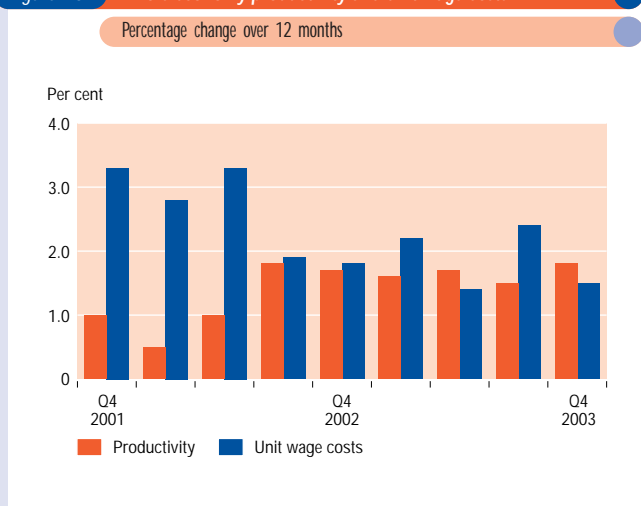
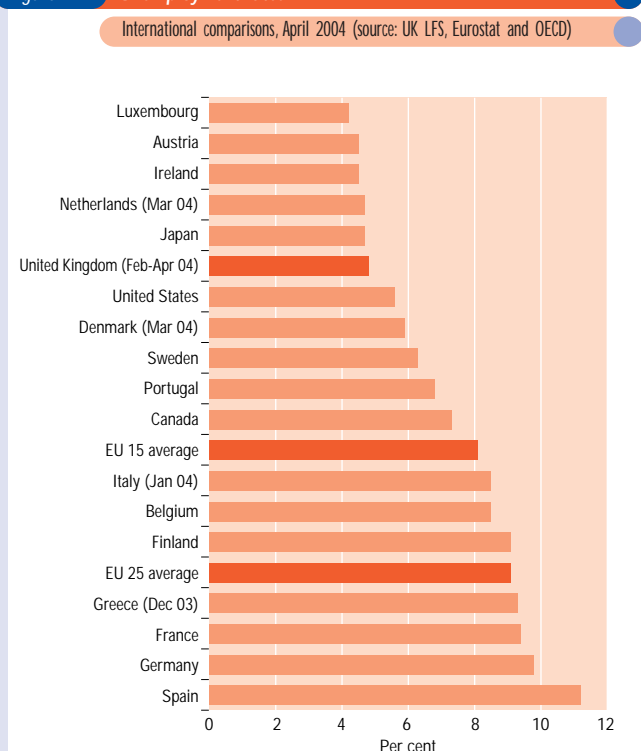


Figure 11 Unemployment rates



## REDUNDANCIES (not seasonally adjusted)

- Results for December 2003 to February 2004 show that 5.7 per thousand employees had been made **redundant** in the three months prior to interview. In the three months before interview 7.0 per thousand male employees and 4.2 per thousand female employees had been made redundant. Of those made redundant, 37.9 per cent were back in employment at the time of the interview (*Table H.31, May*).

## GB AVERAGE EARNINGS

- The rate of increase in **average earnings including bonuses** (three-month average) for the whole economy in the year to April 2004 was provisionally estimated to be 4.3 per cent. This is down 0.9 percentage points from the March rate. **Excluding bonuses**, the increase was 4.1 per cent, up 0.2 percentage points from the March rate (*Figure 9, Table E.1*).
- The **actual monthly increase** in whole economy average earnings excluding bonuses in the year to April 2004 was 4.3 per cent. This is up 0.2 percentage points from the March rate (*Table E.1*).
- In the **manufacturing industries**, the (three-month average) increase excluding bonuses for April 2004 was 3.8 per cent, unchanged from the March rate (*Figure 9, Table E.1*).
- The **private sector services** (three-month average) increase excluding bonuses was 4.0 per cent for April 2004, up 0.2 percentage points from the March rate (*Table E.1*).
- In the **service industries** the (three-month average) increase excluding bonuses was 4.1 per cent in April 2004, up 0.2 percentage points from the March rate (*Figure 9, Table E.1*).
- The **public sector** (three-month average) increase excluding bonuses was 4.3 per cent in April 2004, unchanged from the March rate. This is down 1.0 percentage point when compared with the rate for a year earlier (*Table E.1*).
- The **private sector** (three-month average) increase excluding bonuses was 4.1 per cent in April 2004, up 0.2 percentage points from the March rate. This is up 1.0 percentage point when compared with the rate for a year earlier (*Table E.1*).

## PRODUCTIVITY AND UNIT WAGE COSTS

- Manufacturing output** in the three months to April 2004 was 0.8 per cent higher compared with the same three months a year ago.
- Manufacturing productivity** in terms of output per filled job was 4.9 per cent higher in the three months ending April 2004 compared with a year earlier (*Table B.32*).
- Manufacturing unit wage costs** were 1.1 per cent lower in the three months ending April 2004 compared with a year earlier (*Table E.21*).
- Whole economy output per filled job** was 1.8 per cent higher in the fourth quarter of 2003 compared with a year earlier (*Figure 10, Table B.32*).
- Whole economy unit wage costs** were 1.5 per cent higher in the fourth quarter of 2003 compared with a year earlier (*Figure 10, Table E.21*).

## INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS

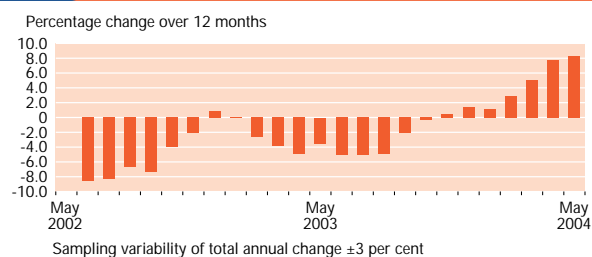
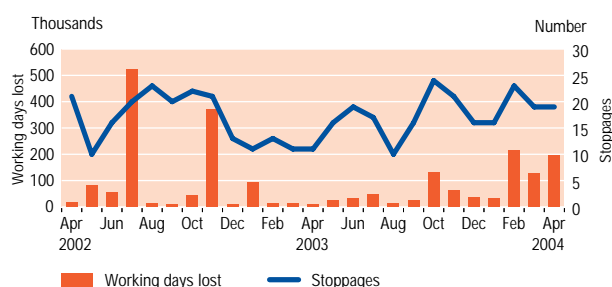
- UK unemployment rate** in the three months to April 2004 was 4.8 per cent, below the new EU average of 9.1 per cent in April 2004 and lower than all EU countries except Austria, Cyprus, Ireland, Luxembourg and Netherlands (*Figure 11, Table C.5*).
- In the EU 15 countries there was an average increase in consumer prices of 1.5 per cent over the 12 months to March 2004, compared with 1.1 per cent in the UK. Over the same period consumer prices rose in the EU monetary union area by 1.7 per cent.

**VACANCIES (not seasonally adjusted)**

- ① The average number of **vacancies** in the three months ending May 2004 was 631,000, up 48,300 from the same period a year ago (*Figure 12, Table G.1*).
- ① There were 2.4 vacancies per 100 employee jobs in the three months ending May 2004, up 0.2 from the same period last year.
- ① Publication of the **Jobcentre vacancy statistics** has been deferred due to the introduction of Employer Direct (see footnote e on Table A.3 pS15).

**LABOUR DISPUTES (not seasonally adjusted)**

- ① Number of working days lost in the 12 months to April 2004 is provisionally estimated to be 936,000 from 149 stoppages. Some 47 per cent of the days lost were in education, 28 per cent of days were in public administration and defence and 13 per cent were in the transport, storage and communication sector.
- ① Number of working days lost in April 2004 is provisionally estimated to be 194,000 from 19 stoppages (*Figure 13, Tables H.11 and H.12*).

**Figure 12 Total vacancies****Figure 13 Working days lost due to labour disputes****GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING MEASURES (not seasonally adjusted)**

- ① The number of people in **Work Based Learning** at the end of October 2003 was 290,000. This is an increase of 3 per cent on the previous year (*Table K.1, May*).
- ① The number in learning on **Modern Apprenticeships** (MAs) at the end of October 2003 was 238,000. This is a 3.5 per cent increase on 2002 (230,000). The downward trend continues in NVQ Learning, in line with DfES policy, as more people move to frameworks. This was down by one third to 27,000 (*Table K.1, May*).
- ① Entry to Employment (E2E) replaces life skills, preparatory learning and NVQ learning below level 2. E2E is a government initiative intended to attract harder to reach young people into learning. The number of people in E2E at the end of October 2003 was 25,000 (*Table K.1, May*).
- ① Some 1,123,930 18 to 24-year-olds had started on **New Deal** in Great Britain by the end of March 2004. Of these, 1,034,460 had left, leaving 89,470 participants at the end of March 2004 (*Table K.11*).
- ① Some 38 per cent of these leavers entered sustained unsubsidised jobs, 12 per cent transferred to other benefits, 20 per cent left for other known reasons and 30 per cent for unknown reasons (*Table K.14*).
- ① By the end of March 2003, 360,000 people aged 25 or more had started on **New Deal for the Long Term Unemployed** in Great Britain (*pre-April 2001*).
- ① A further 337,690 people have started on the post-April re-engineered **ND25+** programme by the end of March 2004 (*Table K.11*).
- ① In all, 103,710 individuals had gained a job from the enhanced programme in Great Britain by the end of March 2004, of which 81,280 were sustained jobs and 22,430 were jobs lasting less than 13 weeks (*Table K.16*).

**ECONOMIC BACKGROUND**

- ① The chained volume measure of **gross domestic product** (GDP) rose by 0.6 per cent in the first quarter of 2004 compared with the previous quarter. Compared with the first quarter of 2003, GDP has risen by 3.0 per cent.
- ① In May the seasonally adjusted estimate of Retail Sales Volume was 123.6. This was 0.8 per cent higher than the April level of 122.6 and 7.4 per cent higher than the May 2003 level.
- ① **Manufacturing output** in the three months to April 2004 was 0.8 per cent higher compared with the same three months a year ago.
- ① The provisional estimate of total **business investment** for the first quarter of 2004, measured in seasonally adjusted chained volume terms (reference year is 2000), is £28,918 million, up by £76 million over the previous quarter. This provisional estimate is 0.3 per cent higher than the previous quarter and 4.4 per cent higher than the first quarter of 2003.
- ① The **balance of trade in goods** in the three months to April 2004 was in deficit by £13.0 billion, compared with a deficit of £14.2 billion from the previous three months and a deficit of £10.1 billion a year earlier.
- ① Excluding oil and erratics, **export volumes** in the three months to April 2004 were 2.0 per cent higher than the previous three months but down 2.3 per cent on the same period a year earlier.
- ① Excluding oil and erratics, **import volumes** in the three months to April 2004 were 1.4 per cent lower than the previous three months but up 2.0 per cent on the same three months last year.
- ① In the year to April, the consumer prices index (CPI) rose by 1.2 per cent, up from 1.1 per cent in March.
- ① In the year to April, the all items retail prices index (RPI) rose by 2.5 per cent, down from 2.6 per cent in March.
- ① Over the same period, the all items excluding mortgage interest payments index (RPIX) rose by 2.0 per cent, down from 2.1 per cent in March.

If you have any comments or suggestions on the Labour Market Update please e-mail [labour.market@ons.gov.uk](mailto:labour.market@ons.gov.uk).

**Next month**

The next Labour Market Update as well as containing the usual labour market statistics will also include the latest whole economy productivity and unit wage costs and redundancies data.



# LABOUR MARKET ASSESSMENT

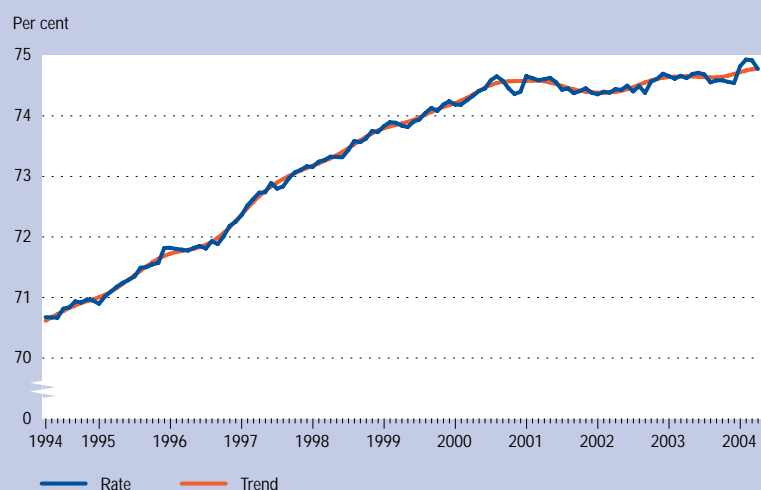
16 June 2004

By Claire Macaulay, Labour Market Division, Office for National Statistics

This assessment provides an overview of the UK labour market, drawing together the latest official labour market data and information from non-government sources and taking the wider economic picture into account.

For further information, e-mail [claire.macaulay@ons.gov.uk](mailto:claire.macaulay@ons.gov.uk), tel. 020 7533 6180.

Figure 1 Working age employment rate; United Kingdom; April 1994 to April 2004



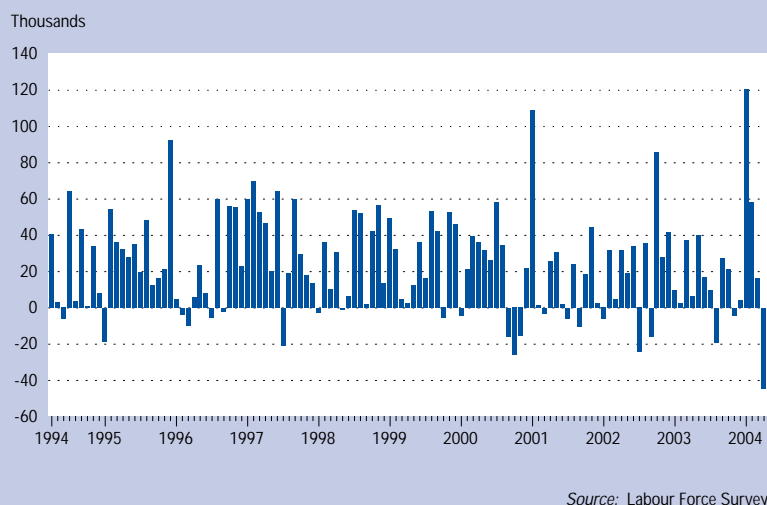
## Summary

Over the past year, the labour market picture has remained strong, if fairly flat, sustaining both high levels of employment and low levels of unemployment. However, recent data exhibit signs of improvement. Over the latest quarter, employment continues on an upward trend, while the level of unemployment is falling. This is supported by the most recent figures for people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance, which continue to fall. The level of vacancies is rising year on year, while the rate of earnings growth appears to be showing signs of a pick-up, with a recent increase in the whole economy growth rate, excluding bonuses. Although the inactivity level remains high and has increased slightly this quarter, the inactivity rate may be levelling off.

## Employment

The number of people in employment has been growing steadily in recent years. The 16 and over employment level is 28.302 million, increasing 30,000 over the quarter (with a 246,000 increase on the year), but is down a little from last month's record high (28.346 million). Men have driven the increase over the quarter (up 32,000), although women have driven the increase over the year. However, while employment levels have been increasing, over the past four years the rate of increase has been no more than in line with population growth, leaving the trend in the employment rate largely flat since 2000, following stronger growth through much of the 1990s (see **Figure 1**). There are now tentative signs that the trend in employment growth may have started to rise. The latest employment figures for February-April show that the working-age employment rate is unchanged on the quarter at 74.8 per cent. However, as with the employment level, the rate is down from a joint record high last month (74.9 per cent).

Figure 2 Employment: monthly overlapping change; United Kingdom; April 1994 to April 2004



## Overlapping change

Overlapping changes are effectively moving three-month averages of monthly changes where  $(M2+M3+M4)/3 - (M1+M2+M3)/3 = [(M2-M1) + (M3-M2) + (M4-M3)]/3$ . They provide more timely estimates of change, but are more prone to short-term fluctuation. More information on the merits of overlapping and non-overlapping changes can be found on pp59-63, *Labour Market Trends*, February 1998.

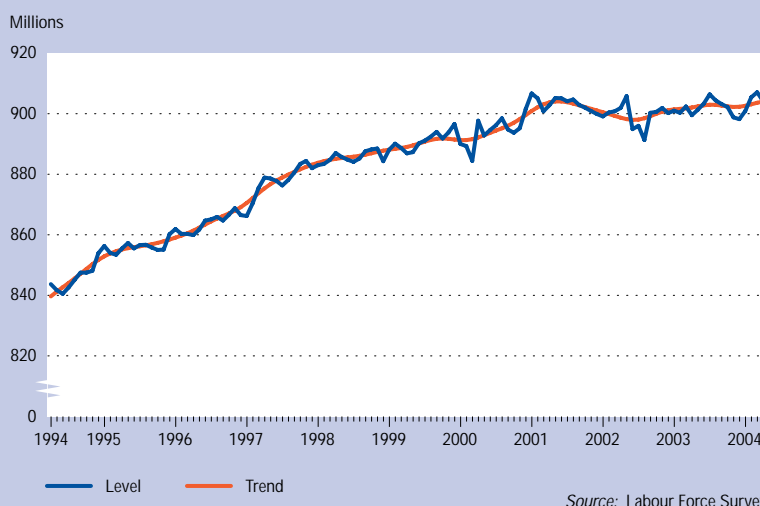
The overlapping changes (see red box) for employment show that the movements were more erratic over 2001-2002, following the consistent growth of the second half of the 1990s. 2003 saw a return to stable growth, although there were a couple of decreases in

the last six months of the year. The latest figure shows a decrease of 44,000 between January-March and February-April 2004 (see **Figure 2**). Given the volatility, one needs to be cautious about reading too much into one or two changes. However, the overall picture is one of continuing growth. This is supported by the most recent workforce jobs figures (March) which also show a rise of 15,000 on the quarter, although again these increases have slowed in comparison with the increase over the quarter to December 2003 (up 114,000). Within this, the main increases were in public administration, education and health (up 38,000) and construction (up 23,000); the biggest decrease came in manufacturing (down 32,000).

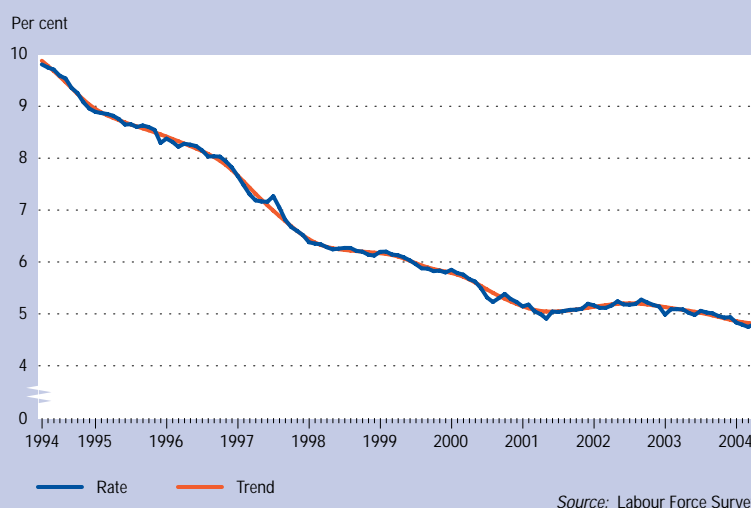
Looking at employment categories by type, the increase in employment this quarter was driven by employees (up 30,000), to 24.446 million – with men driving this increase (up 25,000). The increase in men in employment was led by the increase in part-time employees (up 26,000). The decrease in women in employment this quarter (down 2,000) was a result of the decrease in self-employed women (down 16,000), most of whom were part-time (down 14,000). However, full-time women in employment are at a record high of 7.249 million after an increase over the quarter of 4,000. In the case of part-time employment, with the level at 7.387 million, the trend is increasing despite a fall in the month. Part-time employment now represents 26.1 per cent of employment – unchanged from last month.

Looking ahead, the prospects for the labour market seem to be improving. Output growth, as measured by GDP, was strong in the first quarter of 2004 with 0.6 per cent growth, although down slightly from 0.9 per cent growth of the previous quarter. Within this, service output continued to expand (up 0.9 per cent) whereas manufacturing continued to decline. Outside indicators suggest that the economy is improving, and that this pick-up may include manufacturing. The Chartered Institute of Purchasing & Supply (CIPS)'s report on manufacturing for May showed sustained, strong expansion, recording growth for the eleventh consecutive month, with employment rising faster than in April. The CBI's monthly Industrial Trends Survey also showed that the manufacturing sector is gathering momentum, as total orders in May hit a six-year high. While it is far from conclusive, the first signal of a manufacturing recovery may have been seen in the latest Index of Production data, which were up on the month. In the service industries, CIPS reported that activity in the UK services sector continued to expand at an impressive rate, with a strong increase in new work. CIPS also signalled continued strong expansion in the construction sector in May, although input-cost pressures increased owing to sharply rising oil prices and steel shortages.

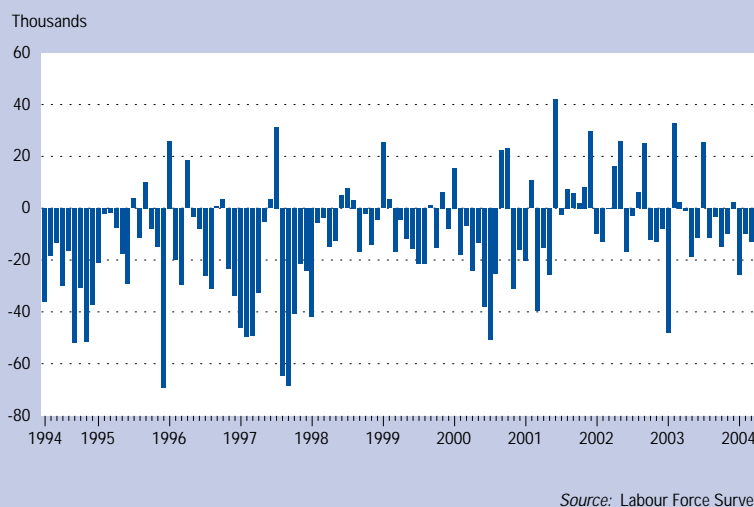
**Figure 3** Total hours worked; United Kingdom; April 1994 to April 2004



**Figure 4** Unemployment rate; United Kingdom; April 1994 to April 2004



**Figure 5** Unemployment: monthly overlapping change; United Kingdom; April 1994 to April 2004





Finally, employment growth is reflected in the hours worked data. Apart from a blip around the Queen's Golden Jubilee in June 2002, the level of hours has been flat at around 900 million for much of the past three years. The total number of hours for the latest quarter has increased by 3.2 million to a total of 904.1 million. Although this is lower than last month (907.1 million hours) the trend is still increasing (see **Figure 3**). The average actual hours worked by those in employment have increased by 0.1 over the quarter to 32.0 hours, although this is only slightly higher than the minimum of the series at 31.9, in line with a longer-term trend towards shorter hours.

## Unemployment

The latest unemployment numbers for February-April suggest that unemployment

is continuing to fall. The unemployment rate at 4.8 per cent was unchanged from the previous quarter (see **Figure 4**). The unemployment rate for women stands at 4.3 per cent (up 0.1 percentage point over the quarter) while the rate for men is 5.2 per cent (down 0.1 percentage point). The latest figure for the level of unemployment was down 9,000 on the quarter to stand at 1.427 million. This decrease was accounted for by men (down 22,000): the level for women increased (up 13,000). Overall, the assessment is that the trend in unemployment is continuing to fall.

Looking at the overlapping change, there was an increase of 14,000 in the numbers of unemployed between the January-March and February-April quarters (see **Figure 5**). However, this is only the second rise in the past nine months.

The decrease in unemployment over the quarter was driven by a decrease in the number of people unemployed for over 12 months (down 15,000, 10,000 of whom had been unemployed for over 24 months). Men accounted for the decrease in those unemployed over 12 months (down 13,000). The number of people unemployed for 6-12 months saw the only increase (up 6,000, of whom 10,000 were women). Short-term unemployment (six months and under) was unchanged over the latest quarter although this has been the main driver behind the trends in total unemployment over the past two years. This is perhaps not surprising given that short-term unemployment now represents over 60 per cent of total unemployment, compared with around 40 per cent in the first half of the 1990s.

The claimant count (the number of people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance) fell by 12,000 to 862,000 in the latest month (May). The trend in the claimant count level continues downward. The rate for May was 2.8 per cent, unchanged since March; this is equal to the lowest level since June 1975 (also 2.8 per cent). There were increases in both inflows (up 2,700) and outflows (up 5,000) following record low levels last month.

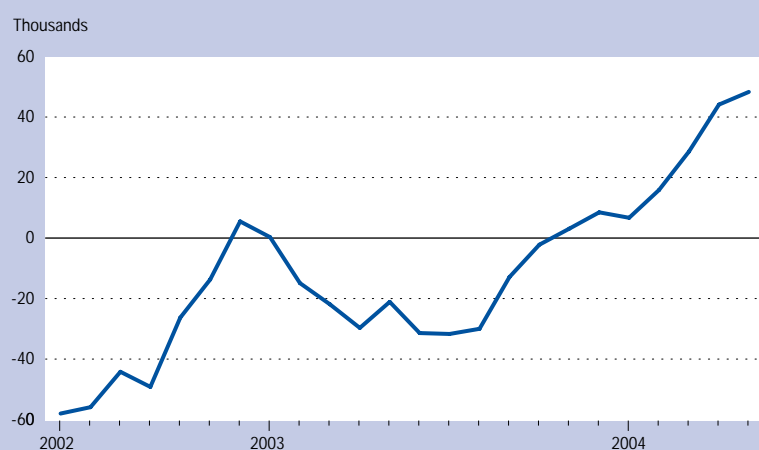
## Vacancies

The level of vacancies for March-May was 631,000, an increase of 48,300 from a year ago. Overall, the pattern of annual comparisons remains reasonably stable, although there has been some improvement in these year-on-year comparisons over recent months following a drop in the first half of 2003 (see **Figure 6**). Looking at the industry breakdown, the increase in the number of vacancies, year on year, was concentrated in the distribution, hotels and restaurants (up 20,700) and finance and business services (up 17,800) sectors. There has also been an increase of 5,400 (10.2 per cent) in the number of vacancies in the manufacturing sector.

## Economic inactivity

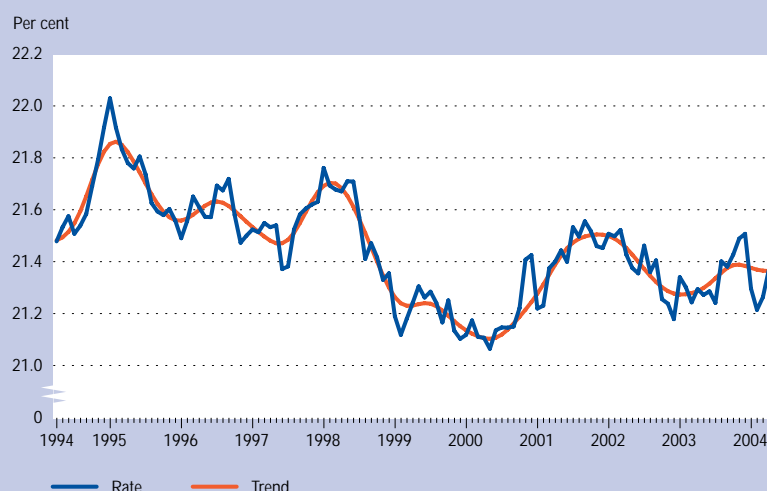
Looking at working-age inactivity, both the level and the rate rose throughout most of 2000 and 2001. After a small fall back in 2002, the level of working-age inactivity reached 7.844 million in October-December 2003 – the highest since the quarterly series began in 1992. The level now stands at 7.806 million, and has increased over the quarter (up 36,000), with both men and women driving the increase. The inactivity rate increased 0.1 percentage point on the quarter to stand at 21.4 per cent (see **Figure 7**). The inactivity rate has increased 0.1 percentage point for both men and women.

**Figure 6** Year-on-year change in vacancies: United Kingdom; June 2002 to May 2004



Source: Vacancy Survey

**Figure 7** Working age inactivity rate; United Kingdom; April 1994 to April 2004



Source: Labour Force Survey

## Redundancies

The latest set of LFS redundancy rate data (December 2003-February 2004) showed a fall on the quarter. The redundancy rate was 5.7 per 1,000 employees – down by 1.8 per 1,000 employees on the year and the lowest rate since records began in 1995. The re-employment rate was down on the quarter but up 4.4 percentage points on the year (not seasonally adjusted).

## Earnings

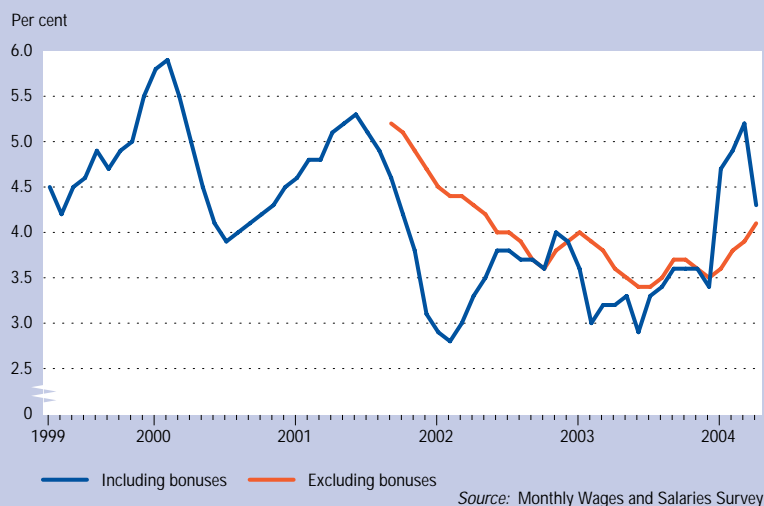
Turning to the latest earnings numbers, the whole economy including bonuses annual growth rate was 4.3 per cent in the three months to April – down 0.9 percentage points from March. Looking at growth as measured by the whole economy excluding bonuses series, annual growth was 4.1 per cent in April – up 0.2 percentage points from March (see **Figure 8**).

The overall picture is of a pick-up in earnings growth in recent months. Although the including bonuses series has fallen sharply this month, this is because the bonus season was coming to an end, and as a result of January's very strong figure dropping out of the 3-month average. Excluding bonuses, growth has been following an upward trend since the end of 2003 and has risen from 3.5 in December to 4.1 in April. Bonuses tend to be related to past performance, whereas the excluding bonuses series reflects underlying wage growth and so is likely to be a better indicator of pay pressures within the labour market.

The manufacturing sector including bonuses three-month average annual growth series was up 0.3 percentage points to 3.8 per cent. However, the single month series was up 1.5 percentage points to 4.7 per cent annual growth. This is in part caused by a change in the timing of bonuses last year, with bonuses being paid in March instead of the usual April to avoid the increase in National Insurance. This year, firms have reverted back to paying bonuses in April, and hence the increase as March 2003 fell out of the data. The single-month excluding bonuses series was down in April owing to less overtime being worked in April this year compared with the same period a year earlier.

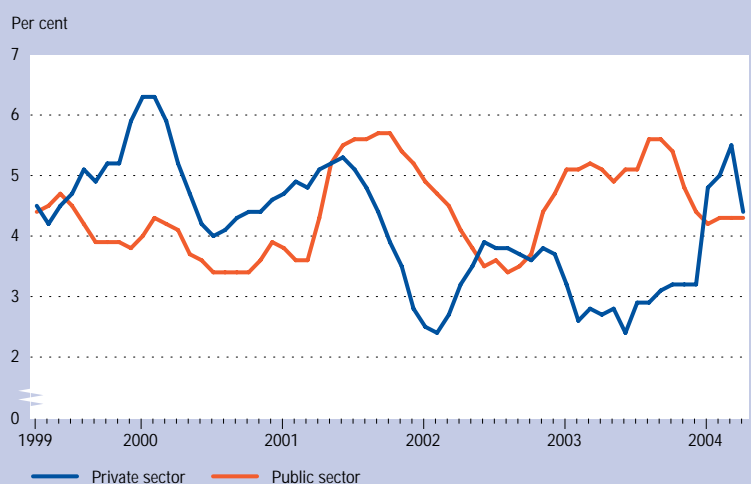
Looking at the public and private sector data, the including bonuses three-month average annual growth series are converging (see **Figure 9**). This was caused by the fall in the private sector series because the level of bonus payments fell in April. The excluding bonuses single-month series for the private sector was up 0.3 percentage points as a result of an increase in overtime, particularly in the real estate and business services sector. Comparatively, in the public sector, growth was down 0.1 percentage point, the result of the previous April's figure being high because pay settlements for local government workers were introduced.

Figure 8 Whole economy average earnings growth; Great Britain; April 1999 to April 2004



Source: Monthly Wages and Salaries Survey

Figure 9 Whole economy average earnings growth; Great Britain; April 1999 to April 2004



Source: Monthly Wages and Salaries Survey

## Technical details of sources

Series	Sample size	Frequency	Time series
Labour Force Survey	60,000 households per quarter	Monthly	Annual 1984-91 Three-month averages from spring 1992
Workforce jobs	28,000 service firms 9,000 production firms	Quarterly	Annual 1959-77 Quarterly since 1978
Claimant count	All JSA claimants	Monthly	Consistent series from 1971
Vacancy Survey	6,000 businesses	Monthly	Three-month averages from June 2001
AEI	8,000 firms 9 million employees	Monthly	Consistent series from 1990
CIPS services	600 firms	Monthly	Since July 1996
CIPS manufacturing	620 firms	Monthly	Since January 1992
CBI Industrial Trends	Around 1,000 firms	Monthly	Since 1958

Unless otherwise stated, all ONS data are seasonally adjusted, and LFS data are consistent with 2001 Census population data.

# Focus on older people

**OLDER PEOPLE** are the latest subject featured in the online series of 'Focus on' reports published on the National Statistics website. *Focus on Older People*, published in May, provides information on the characteristics, lifestyles and experiences of people aged 50 and over in Britain today. It combines data from the 2001 Census and other sources to describe topics including older people's labour market participation, pensioner incomes and caring responsibilities.

The report highlights the increase in employment rates among older people seen in the UK over the past decade. The proportion of women in their fifties in employment increased from around 59 per cent in early 1993 to a high of 67 per cent in winter 2003/4. For men aged 50 to 64 the employment rate increased from 65 per cent

to 72 per cent over the same period. This upward trend has narrowed the gap in employment rates between older workers and the working-age group as a whole, although older workers continue to have a lower employment rate. The report also looks at part-time work and self-employment in this age group.

Unemployment rates for those aged between 50 and state pension age are well below the national average, partly because some people choose to take early retirement. In winter 2003/4 some 2.3 per cent of economically active women and 3.3 per cent of economically active men were unemployed. The vast majority of those out of work in this age group were economically inactive rather than unemployed, with economic inactivity rates for 50 to 64-year-olds at 25 per cent for

women and 32 per cent for men.

Almost 2.8 million people aged 50 and over (16 per cent) living in private households in England and Wales provided unpaid care for family members, friends or neighbours during 2001. Some 21 per cent of people in their fifties were providing unpaid care, a proportion which decreased in the older age groups. Women aged 50 to 64 were more likely to be providing unpaid care, but for the older age groups men were more likely than women to be providing care.

- *Focus on Older People* continues a series of overview reports and is available at [www.statistics.gov.uk/focuson/olderpeople](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/focuson/olderpeople). The online overviews will be followed up with more comprehensive analysis in fuller reports.

## DWP NEWS

# Disability estimates and definitions

**A VARIETY** of definitions and estimates of disability are used in government surveys. A review conducted by the National Centre for Social Research for the Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) examined the relative merits and methodological robustness of the different estimates of the prevalence of disability produced by surveys, and definitions of disability currently used in surveys.

The central finding of the review was that there is no definitive estimate of disability. Different estimates are needed for different definitions of disability and populations. In addition, estimates may vary because of differences in how questions are worded (for the same definition of disability), who commissioned the survey and the grossing regime adopted. As expected, broader definitions of disability produced larger estimates. The limiting long-standing illness, work limiting disability and Disability Discrimination Act (DDA) questions in a variety of surveys, despite using different definitions, were found to be measuring the same basic concept.

However, estimates of prevalence among the population over state pension age were subject to much more variation than estimates for the population under state pension age, possibly owing to respondents' views on whether conditions resulting from old age are disabilities or not.

In general, the prevalence of disability is difficult to measure as people's understanding of definitions of disability and the concept of disability itself vary. Some kinds of surveys may also be less accessible to people with particular impairments, and it may be difficult to measure disabilities which vary over time in terms of level of severity.

In response to the findings of the review, the DWP has clarified its position in relation to the production and use of disability estimates. This has been done through the adoption of two key estimates and the publication of a *User's guide to disability estimates and definitions*.

The first key estimate is that there were 6.7 million people of working age in Great Britain with a long-standing illness that significantly limits their day-to-day

activities and/or a work-limiting disability (Labour Force Survey, spring 2003).

The second is that around 10 million adults in Great Britain are likely to be covered by the DDA based on its barriers-orientated definition of disability (Family Resources Survey, 2002-3). This replaces the previously used estimate of 8.6 million disabled adults using the International Classification of Impairments, Disabilities and Handicaps definition of disability.

There is also ongoing work to harmonise the disability questions used in surveys, to reduce the chance of variation caused by survey effects, and to standardise the language used in relation to statistics on disability.

- DWP in-house report 28 *Review of disability estimates and definitions* is available online at [www.dwp.gov.uk/asd/asd5/ih2003-2004/IH128.pdf](http://www.dwp.gov.uk/asd/asd5/ih2003-2004/IH128.pdf). The *User's guide to disability estimates and definitions* is available online at <http://www.dwp.gov.uk/asd/asd5/ih2003-2004/IH128userguide.pdf>.

## OTHER NEWS

# Skills in England 2003

**THE SUPPLY of skills in the English workforce has increased across all available measures since the early 1990s, according to a report from the Learning and Skills Council. More workers are qualified, and to higher levels, and a higher proportion of the workforce participates in some form of training every year. The skills demanded by the English labour market have also changed substantially over the past decade, resulting from the rapid growth in employment in the 1990s (an increase of 2.4 million between 1992 and 2002), and changes in the occupational structure of employment.**

Using evidence from the Labour Force Survey, in combination with other sources, *Skills in England 2003* provides information on the demand for, and supply of, skills in England. The research was commissioned by the Learning and Skills Council, in association with the Department for Education and Skills, the Sector Skills Development Agency and the regional development agencies. The report is presented in four volumes: Volume 1 provides an overview of the research findings, Volume 2 is the main research report and Volumes 3 and 4 provide evidence relating to the industrial sector and regional/local trends respectively.

England has seen marked changes in the sectoral structure of employment in recent years, reflecting a variety of influences, including technological change and changing patterns of demand for goods and services. Many traditional areas of employment have seen large-scale reductions, especially manufacturing and the primary sector. However, these job losses have been more than offset by increases elsewhere, notably in specialist service companies, which have taken on many functions that were previously the role of manufacturing.

These changes have been reflected in changing occupational trends over the past 20 years. The employment share of managerial, professional and related occupations has increased substantially from a third to more than 40 per cent over the past decade, an increase of more than 2.5 million jobs. Manual occupations have seen the most striking declines in job numbers, with the proportion of those employed in skilled trades, elementary occupations and process, plant and machine operatives falling from around 40 per cent

to just over 30 per cent in the decade leading up to 2002.

Changes in the occupational structure of employment, in favour of those occupations which tend to employ large proportions of qualified people, have been a key factor in an increase in the proportion of people in employment holding higher-level qualifications. Those qualified to NVQ Level 4 (equivalent to a first degree) and NVQ Level 5 (equivalent to a higher degree) both increased by around 3 percentage points between 1993 and 2003. The report indicates that these increases were also, in part at least, supply driven, and reflect the rapid increase in educational participation rates.

The proportion of people in employment holding intermediate and lower-level qualifications in England has also risen in recent years. In 1993 about three-quarters of the employed workforce had formal qualifications of some kind: by 2003 this had risen to around 90 per cent, with almost 50 per cent of employed people qualified to at least NVQ Level 3.

The research found that all occupational groups are becoming more qualified. Higher-level qualifications were heavily concentrated among professional occupations and, to a lesser extent, associate professional groups. Qualifications at NVQ Level 3 remain the norm for skilled trades, in which over 35 per cent of the employed workforce held an equivalent qualification in 2003. Among managers, associate professionals, administrative and secretarial, skilled trades, personal, sales and customer service occupations, around 20 per cent were qualified to this level. However, there are still high numbers of people in high-status occupations who hold few formal qualifications. For example, more than 40 per cent of managers were qualified to NVQ Level 2 and below in 2003.

The report examined the supply of qualifications among the labour force in order to provide evidence on the supply of skills. The proportion of the economically active population with no qualifications fell significantly from 28 per cent to just over 12 per cent during the period 1992 to 2003. This was partly the result of older, less qualified workers leaving the labour force and being replaced by younger, more qualified workers.

The average qualification level of those workers with some qualifications has shifted upwards, with smaller proportions

qualified at the lower NVQ Levels 1 and 2, and increasing proportions qualified at the higher levels. General and academic qualifications were more prevalent than vocational qualifications among the economically active population in 2003. For example, among those people whose highest qualification was equivalent to NVQ Level 4, 14 per cent (of the total workforce) held a first degree, compared with 4 per cent (of the total workforce) who held a HNC, BTEC or RSA higher.

The report found wide variation in the distribution of qualifications across different groups in the workforce. People who were unemployed or economically inactive were between two and three times as likely to have no qualifications as those in employment. The oldest members of the workforce were those most likely to have no or few qualifications. A quarter of 60 to 64-year-olds, and one-fifth of 50 to 59-year-olds, had no qualifications in 2003, compared with less than one-tenth among the younger age groups.

Women were overrepresented among those with no or few qualifications, and were significantly underrepresented at NVQ Level 3 – which 15 per cent of women held as their highest qualification, compared with 22 per cent of men. However, the proportion of women qualified to NVQ Level 4 and above slightly outnumbered men, reflecting the fact that more women than men obtain degrees.

The occupational distribution of skills across the labour force revealed an increasing polarisation of skills. Over 80 per cent of professionals were educated to NVQ Level 4 or above in 2003, compared with less than 40 per cent of managers. More than 30 per cent of administrative and secretarial, skilled trades, personal services and sales workers were qualified to NVQ Level 1 or lower.

• *Skills in England 2003*, edited by T. Hogarth and R. Wilson was prepared for the Learning and Skills Council by the University of Warwick Institute for Employment Research. All four volumes can be downloaded at [www.lsc.gov.uk/National/Documents/SubjectListing/Research/SkillsinEngland/Skills\\_in\\_england\\_2003.htm](http://www.lsc.gov.uk/National/Documents/SubjectListing/Research/SkillsinEngland/Skills_in_england_2003.htm). For more information contact Joyce Findlater, tel. 02476 825776, e-mail [joyce.findlater@lsc.gov.uk](mailto:joyce.findlater@lsc.gov.uk). Further information on skills in England is available from the Skills and Education Network, and can be accessed at [www.senet.lsc.gov.uk](http://www.senet.lsc.gov.uk).



# Jobs in the public sector mid-2003

By Ole Black and Ian Richardson, Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division  
and Rhys Herbert, Economic Analysis and Satellite Accounts Division, Office for National Statistics

## Key points

- 162,000 additional jobs were created in the public sector in the year to June 2003, considerably more than the 89,000 for the previous year. Employment in the public sector is now 10 per cent higher than in 1998, due to the creation of an additional 509,000 jobs.
- The fastest growing areas of public sector employment are where there has been the largest additional public spending. Education and health had the bulk of the job gains in 2003, with 88,000 in education and 63,000 in health. Other central government employment and the police added 22,000 and 9,000 respectively.
- Job growth in the economy as a whole continued last year, despite the fact that the economy was only beginning to recover from a period of below trend growth. Most of these job gains were in the public sector, as the market sector had experienced most of the economic slow-down.
- Private sector jobs grew by 98,000 in the year to June – a much more rapid gain than over the previous 12 months. However, the increase (over 200,000) in the number of self-employed in the year to mid-2003 indicates that the number of employee jobs in the private sector would have fallen over this period.
- Despite the recent job gains in the public sector, the private sector still accounts for nearly 80 per cent of employee jobs. The private sector is the dominant employer in production and construction, and in many services. In contrast, the public sector is the dominant employer in health, education and public administration.
- Together, education and health now account for just under 60 per cent of total public sector employment compared with around 40 per cent 20 years ago.

*This article gives the most recent analysis of the levels and distribution of jobs in the public sector.*

## Introduction

THIS IS the latest in a series of annual articles on jobs in the public and private sectors, and updates the figures to June 2003. Data for most employment categories are now available for that date although a few minor categories have had to be estimated (see *technical note* for details of the latest employment data available for each area of government). The article first looks at both the latest figures for public sector jobs and their historical context. It then goes on to look at relative movements in public and private sector jobs.

## Developments in public sector employment

The data in this article are derived from administrative sources and a

survey of local authorities. More detail on these sources, including an explanatory table, is provided in *technical note*, which also gives a detailed definition of the public sector.

*Table 1* summarises the history of UK public sector employment over the past 40 years and its current composition. The data for total public sector jobs in the table are for the UK as a whole. Many functions that are carried out by local authorities in Great Britain are classified to central government in Northern Ireland. In previous articles NHS employment was split between central government employees and employees of NHS trusts, which were classified as public corporations. Now NHS trusts have been reclassified as part of central government (see <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/about/>

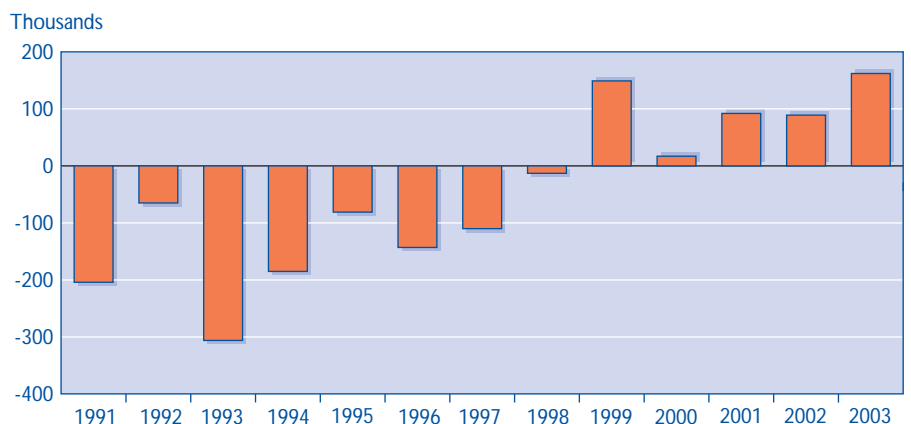
**Table 1** Public sector employment by major categories;<sup>a</sup> United Kingdom; 1963 to 2003, mid-year headcount, not seasonally adjusted

	Thousands							
	General government				Local government			
	Central government							
	HM Forces	National Health Service and Trusts	Other central government	Total central government	Education <sup>b,c,d</sup>	Social services <sup>d</sup>	Construction <sup>d</sup>	Police (including civilians) <sup>d</sup>
	CGYN	FHBR	FHBS	FHBT	FHBU	FHBV	FHBW	FHBX
1963	427	612	749	1,788	870	188	117	115
1973	361	848	815	2,024	1,436	315	130	162
1979	314	1,152	921	2,387	1,539	344	156	176
1982	324	1,227	849	2,400	1,434	352	132	186
1983	322	1,227	835	2,384	1,433	360	130	187
1984	326	1,223	810	2,359	1,430	368	126	187
1985	326	1,223	811	2,360	1,429	376	125	187
1986	322	1,215	800	2,337	1,452	387	125	188
1987	319	1,212	781	2,312	1,486	398	128	191
1988	316	1,228	778	2,322	1,504	405	125	194
1989	308	1,226	781	2,315	1,442	411	119	195
1990	303	1,221	776	2,300	1,431	417	114	199
1991	297	1,222	783	2,302	1,416	414	106	202
1992	290	1,231	801	2,322	1,391	410	97	204
1993	271	1,205	792	2,268	1,201	398	90	207
1994	250	1,177	758	2,185	1,176	408	87	206
1995	230	1,182	708	2,120	1,188	412	83	207
1996	221	1,186	612	2,019	1,191	406	76	206
1997	210	1,203	582	1,995	1,193	403	65	206
1998	210	1,201	581	1,992	1,204	395	61	207
1999	208	1,222	584	2,014	1,322	388	59	206
2000	207	1,251	586	2,044	1,301	386	59	204
2001	204	1,286	596	2,086	1,351	377	57	209
2002	204	1,356	606	2,166	1,362	367	47	217
2003	206	1,419	628	2,253	1,450	351	45	226

Methodology\_by\_theme/NHS\_Foundation\_Trusts/default.asp).

The data for the Civil Service in *Table 1* are supplied by the Cabinet Office and relate to Great Britain only. Northern Ireland civil servants are, however, included in the total public sector estimates. Civil servants work primarily in central government but some would also be in public corporations such as the Royal Mint.

162,000 new jobs were created in the public sector last year, an increase on the 89,000 for the previous year. Employment in the public sector is now 10 per cent higher than in 1998, owing to the creation of an additional 509,000

**Figure 1** Annual changes in public sector employment; United Kingdom; 1991 to 2003

Source: Office for National Statistics



Table 1 (continued)

							Thousands
Other local government	Local authorities community programme <sup>e</sup>	Total local government	Total general government	Total public corporations	Total public sector	of which: Civil Service <sup>d</sup>	
FHBY	CUKE	DYBG	FHCA	DYBH	FHCE	CGXU	
719	..	2,009	3,797	2,136	5,933	703	1963
848	..	2,891	4,915	1,890	6,805	709	1973
782	..	2,997	5,384	2,065	7,449	739	1979
761	..	2,865	5,265	1,756	7,021	672	1982
768	27	2,905	5,289	1,663	6,952	654	1983
773	58	2,942	5,301	1,599	6,900	630	1984
774	67	2,958	5,318	1,251	6,569	608	1985
770	88	3,010	5,347	1,187	6,534	610	1986
763	96	3,062	5,374	985	6,359	599	1987
764	89	3,081	5,403	912	6,315	593	1988
771	..	2,938	5,253	831	6,084	586	1989
806	..	2,967	5,267	785	6,052	579	1990
809	..	2,947	5,249	599	5,848	576	1991
797	..	2,899	5,221	562	5,783	592	1992
783	..	2,679	4,947	530	5,477	579	1993
768	..	2,645	4,830	462	5,292	553	1994
749	..	2,639	4,759	452	5,211	554	1995
744	..	2,623	4,642	426	5,068	535	1996
726	..	2,593	4,588	370	4,958	516	1997
712	..	2,579	4,571	374	4,945	502	1998
728	..	2,703	4,717	377	5,094	498	1999
732	..	2,682	4,726	385	5,111	510	2000
742	..	2,736	4,822	381	5,203	519	2001
749	..	2,742	4,908	384	5,292	529	2002
743	..	2,815	5,068	386	5,454	553	2003

Source: Office for National Statistics

a See technical note for details of the definitions and coverage of sectors.

b Polytechnics were transferred to the private sector in April 1989.

c Further education colleges and sixth-form school employees were transferred to the private sector from April 1993.

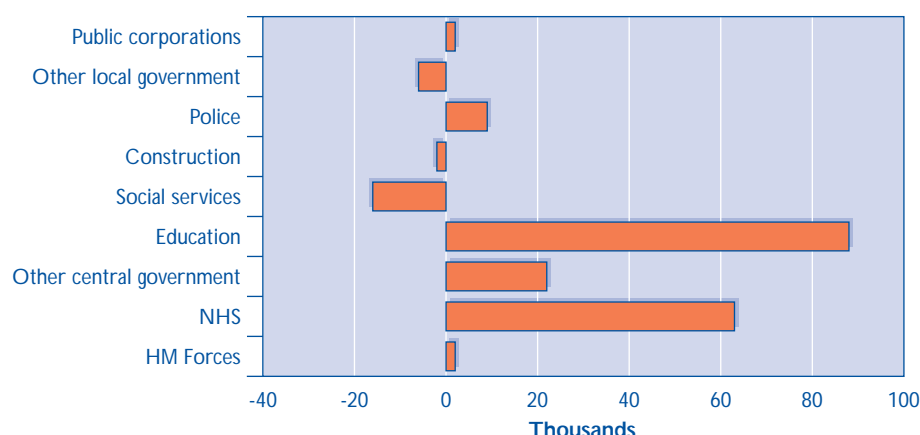
d Great Britain only.

e Community programme employees were transferred to the Employment Training Scheme (out of the public sector) during the third quarter of 1988.

.. Not available.

Note: the four letters at the head of each column are the series identifiers which can be used to access data on the Time Series Data area of the National Statistics website.

Figure 2 Public sector job changes; United Kingdom; year to mid-2003



Source: Office for National Statistics

jobs. The growth in the past five years is a clear break from the trend of the immediately preceding period when jobs in this sector had fallen for over 15 years in a row. This increase in employment in recent years is in line with the faster rate of growth in public spending.

The fastest growing areas of public sector employment are where there has been the largest additional public spending. Education and health again had the bulk of the job gains in 2003, with 88,000 in education and 63,000 in health. Other central government employment and police added 22,000 and 9,000 respectively. It should be

**Table 2** Numbers of Civil Servants by main department;<sup>a</sup> United Kingdom; April 1999 to October 2003, not seasonally adjusted

	Total Civil Service	Department of Social Security and Employment Service	Department for Work and Pensions	Inland Revenue/ Customs and Excise	Home Office including Prison service	Ministry of Defence <sup>b</sup>	Thousands Other
April 1999	498	127	..	90	53	105	124
October 1999	504	126	..	95	53	104	125
April 2000	510	127	..	95	56	104	128
October 2000	516	128	..	95	61	103	130
April 2001	519	128	..	95	62	102	131
October 2001	519	..	130	96	64	93	135
April 2002	529	..	137	97	64	93	139
October 2002	539	..	140	99	66	92	141
April 2003	553	..	140	106	69	95	143
October 2003	558	..	142	106	72	93	145

Source: Cabinet Office

a Staff in post headcount.

b Ministry of Defence data are affected by the reclassification of 8,000 staff to the public corporations sector in October 2001.

.. Not applicable.

noted that about 3,000 of the 22,000 rise in other central government is due to Northern Ireland education. Areas of the public sector which saw jobs disappear last year include social services and local authority construction. A fall in the latter category has occurred in most years over the past decade or so and reflects a policy change under recent governments to move from directly employed construction staff to buying services from the private sector.

Despite the fact that the number of public sector jobs has increased in recent years, the current totals are still well below the levels seen in the 1970s and 1980s. However, care has to be taken in making such long-term comparisons, as moves are sometimes a result of definitional changes. For example, the biggest single cause of the fall over that period was the reclassification of corporations following privatisation. But, at the same time, employment in the Civil Service has fallen significantly in the past two decades and the number of service personnel has fallen by over 100,000 jobs since the end of the cold war. Employment in health has been much steadier, while employment in education, after falling in the early 1990s, has steadily risen in more recent years. Together, these two now account for just under 60 per cent of total public

**Table 3** Numbers of people employed by main sector; United Kingdom; summer quarter 1992 to 2003,<sup>a</sup> not seasonally adjusted

	Total <sup>b</sup>		Public sector		Thousands Private sector	
	Labour Force Survey Jobs <sup>c</sup>	Increase over year	Level <sup>d</sup>	Increase over year	Level <sup>e</sup>	Increase over year
1992	26,571		5,783		20,788	
1993	26,296	-275	5,477	-306	20,819	31
1994	26,567	271	5,292	-185	21,275	456
1995	27,152	585	5,211	-81	21,941	666
1996	27,337	185	5,068	-143	22,269	328
1997	27,786	449	4,958	-110	22,828	559
1998	28,028	242	4,945	-13	23,083	255
1999	28,415	387	5,094	149	23,321	238
2000	28,684	269	5,111	17	23,573	252
2001	28,862	178	5,203	92	23,659	86
2002	28,995	133	5,292	89	23,703	44
2003	29,255	260	5,454	162	23,801	98

Source: Labour Force Survey; administrative data

a LFS data refer to March-May for the years 1992 to 1994 and May-July for 1995 to 2003.

b All aged 16 and over.

c LFS jobs equals LFS employment data plus the additional jobs of workers with second jobs.

d Administrative data used in this article.

e Estimated as the difference between LFS total employment and the administrative estimate of public sector jobs.

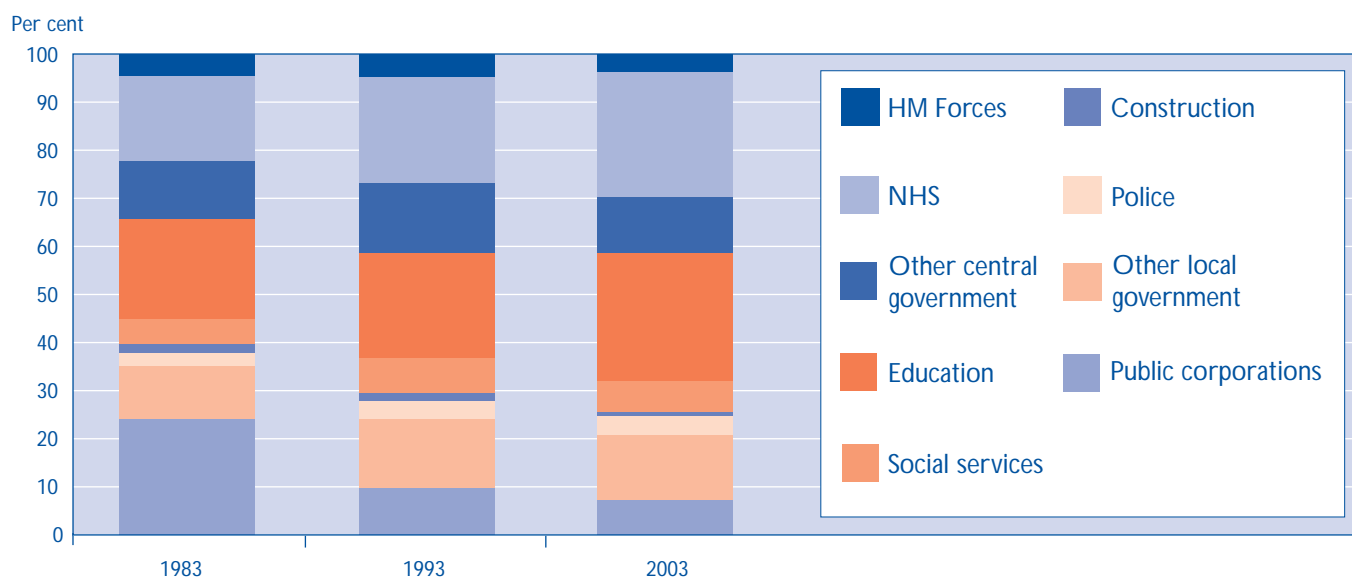
sector employment, compared with around 40 per cent 20 years ago.

Table 2, which is included for the first time, provides a more detailed breakdown of Civil Service jobs. The numbers are for Great Britain only and are supplied by the Cabinet Office. The number of Civil Service jobs in October 2003 was up by 19,000 when compared with the same month in 2002.

## Public and private sector jobs – across the whole economy

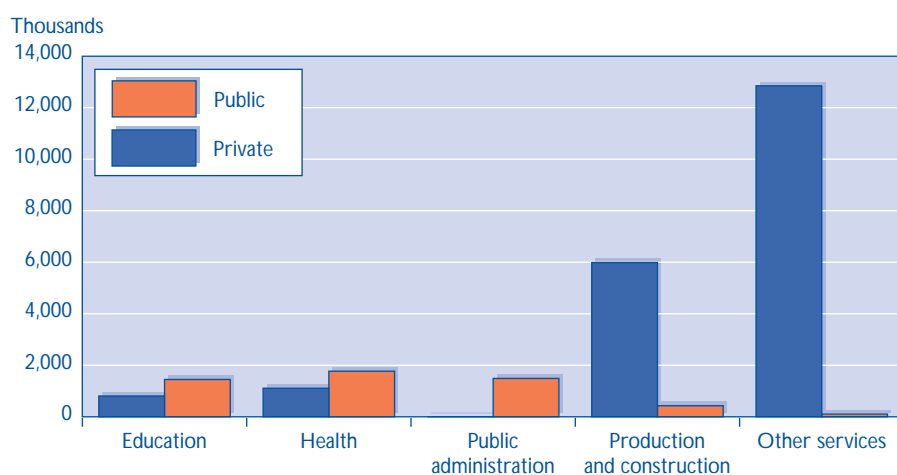
The best measure of the number of jobs in the economy as a whole is that provided by the Labour Force Survey (LFS), which is a survey of households. An alternative measure, workforce jobs,

Figure 3 Composition of public sector jobs; United Kingdom; 1983, 1993 and 2003



Source: Office for National Statistics

Figure 4 Public and private sector jobs by broad industry; United Kingdom; 2003



Source: Office for National Statistics

initiated in spring 2004. Initial fieldwork has been completed and analysis of the results is continuing. If successful, the linking project should reduce the extent of sectoral misclassification in the LFS.

The workforce jobs series is not disaggregated between public and private sectors but is analysed by industrial category. One category covers public administration, defence and compulsory social security, which should be assumed to be wholly public sector. Two other categories are health and education, but these include both public and private sector jobs.

In these circumstances the only satisfactory method of estimating the number of private sector jobs is as the difference between the number of jobs in the economy as a whole and the number of public sector jobs estimated independently. In this article private sector jobs have been calculated as the difference between public sector jobs and the total number of jobs measured by the LFS – ONS's preferred measure of aggregate employment. This is discussed later in the article in the context of jobs by industry. This methodology was first employed in last year's article, (see pp453-66, *Labour Market Trends*, September 2003) but earlier articles published in *Economic*

derived from surveys of businesses, provides the best estimate of the industrial composition of jobs. Neither the LFS nor workforce jobs, however, provides a satisfactory estimate of public sector jobs, or of the allocation of total jobs between public and private sectors.

The LFS overestimates the number of public sector jobs because of errors in self-classification by households. Errors occur, for example, when employees of publicly funded bodies such as

universities incorrectly classify themselves as being in the public sector. Universities are, in fact, part of the private sector in the National Accounts. Similarly, employees of private sector companies providing contracted out services to the public sector can incorrectly classify themselves as public sector employees. As part of the National Statistics Quality Review of Employment and Jobs, a pilot project to link LFS responses to the interdepartmental business register was

*Trends* considered private sector jobs as the difference between directly measured public sector jobs and total workforce jobs.

*Table 3* gives the figures for the whole economy derived from the LFS and the estimates of public sector jobs reported in this article for the period up until the middle of 2003. The number of jobs in the economy as a whole grew over this period, despite the fact that output was only beginning to recover from a period of below trend growth.

During the year to mid-2003 the total number of jobs grew by 260,000. The bulk of these job gains were accounted for by the 162,000 rise in public sector jobs while, in contrast, private sector jobs grew by 98,000. Nevertheless, this growth in private sector jobs exceeded the 44,000 recorded in the previous year. However, given that the number of self-employed went up by over 200,000 in the year to mid-2003, the number of employee jobs in the private sector would have fallen over this period.

## Public and private sector jobs – by industry

*Table 4* presents an analysis of the industrial make up of public and private sector jobs, based on the workforce jobs data source, which provides more reliable industry detail than the LFS. This table derives total employee jobs as workforce jobs less the self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. The total number of

**Table 4** Employment by sector and industry group; United Kingdom; 1983 to 2003, mid-year headcount, not seasonally adjusted

					Employee jobs		Thousands	
					Education		Health and	
Workforce jobs <sup>a</sup>	Self-employment jobs	HM Forces	Government-supported trainees	Employee jobs	Total	Private	Public	Total
				01-99	80			85
CGYL	CGYM	CGYN	CGYO	CGYP	CGYQ	CGYR	CGYS	CGYT
1983	25,304	2,605	322	16	22,362	1,665	231	1,906
1984	25,974	2,927	326	175	22,546	1,689	259	1,955
1985	26,277	3,039	326	176	22,737	1,715	286	2,041
1986	26,319	3,077	322	226	22,693	1,764	312	2,105
1987	26,838	3,307	319	311	22,901	1,827	341	2,192
1988	27,795	3,525	316	343	23,612	1,893	389	2,326
1989	28,675	3,848	308	462	24,056	1,934	492	2,327
1990	28,985	3,894	303	423	24,364	1,960	529	2,363
1991	28,072	3,729	297	353	23,693	1,949	533	2,423
1992	27,579	3,662	290	325	23,303	1,925	535	2,493
1993	27,163	3,632	271	311	22,948	1,906	705	2,503
1994	27,333	3,739	250	302	23,041	1,932	756	2,514
1995	27,673	3,807	230	225	23,412	1,944	756	2,550
1996	27,894	3,760	221	181	23,732	1,969	778	2,551
1997	28,361	3,711	210	159	24,281	1,973	780	2,580
1998	28,587	3,584	210	121	24,672	1,950	746	2,582
1999	28,998	3,609	208	123	25,057	2,098	776	2,600
2000	29,397	3,521	207	112	25,555	2,137	836	2,694
2001	29,700	3,527	204	96	25,875	2,153	802	2,752
2002	29,823	3,584	204	92	25,943	2,192	830	2,810
2003	30,100	3,798	206	96	26,000	2,258	808	2,879

employee jobs is then subdivided by industry, giving the breakdown between private and public sector employment for each.

The yearly movements in private sector jobs shown by *Table 4* differ from those shown in *Table 3*, in which the LFS is used as the source of total jobs across the economy. This is because the two data sources do not always move together in the short term. For example workforce jobs shows faster jobs growth across the whole economy than

the LFS in 2003, after showing slower jobs growth in 2002. On a longer time scale, however, the two series are much more consistent.

As *Figure 4* shows, despite the recent job gains in the public sector, the private sector still accounts for almost 80 per cent of employee jobs. The composition of the two sectors in 2003 is, not surprisingly, very similar to that in 2002. The private sector is the dominant employer in production and construction and in 'other' – the category that contains

the bulk of private sector service jobs. In contrast, the public sector is the dominant employer in health, education and public administration. It is worth noting that, in the area of health, employment increased in both the private and public sectors last year. In contrast, while the number of public sector education jobs went up sharply last year, the number of jobs in this area in the private sector fell. However, this particular estimate does seem to be particularly volatile from year to year.

Table 4 (continued)

									Thousands
Social work		Public administration defence and compulsory social security		Production, construction transport and utilities			Other	Workforce jobs	
Private	Public		Public Total	Total	Private	Public	Total public and private	Total private sector <sup>b</sup>	Total public sector <sup>c</sup>
			75	10 - 45 60 - 64			01 - 05, 50 - 55 65 - 74, 90 - 99		
CGYU	CGYV		CGYW	CGYX	CGYY	CGYZ	CGZA	CGZD	CGZE
319	1,587		1,537	8,461	6,668	1,793	8,793	18,352	6,952
364	1,591		1,519	8,304	6,579	1,725	9,079	19,074	6,900
442	1,599		1,489	8,203	6,827	1,376	9,289	19,708	6,569
503	1,602		1,483	7,964	6,652	1,312	9,377	19,785	6,534
582	1,610		1,503	7,865	6,752	1,113	9,514	20,479	6,359
693	1,633		1,486	7,955	6,918	1,037	9,952	21,480	6,315
690	1,637		1,407	8,000	7,050	950	10,388	22,591	6,084
725	1,638		1,447	7,913	7,014	899	10,681	22,933	6,052
787	1,636		1,467	7,350	6,645	705	10,504	22,224	5,848
852	1,641		1,469	6,946	6,287	659	10,470	21,796	5,783
900	1,603		1,464	6,569	5,949	620	10,506	21,686	5,477
929	1,585		1,445	6,551	6,002	549	10,599	22,041	5,292
952	1,598		1,408	6,601	6,066	535	10,909	22,462	5,211
959	1,592		1,414	6,626	6,124	502	11,172	22,826	5,068
974	1,606		1,366	6,759	6,324	435	11,603	23,403	4,958
986	1,596		1,399	6,920	6,485	435	11,821	23,642	4,945
1,003	1,597		1,360	6,824	6,388	436	12,175	23,904	5,094
1,057	1,637		1,377	6,859	6,415	444	12,488	24,286	5,111
1,089	1,663		1,385	6,774	6,336	438	12,811	24,497	5,203
1,087	1,723		1,432	6,539	6,108	431	12,970	24,531	5,292
1,109	1,770		1,490	6,418	5,987	431	12,955	24,646	5,454

Source: Office for National Statistics

a Workforce jobs equals self-employment jobs plus HM Forces, government-supported trainees and employee jobs.

b Total private sector equals private sector employee jobs plus self-employed and government-supported trainees.

c Total public sector equals public sector employee jobs plus HM Forces.

Note: the four letters at the head of each column are the series identifiers which can be used to access data on the Time Series Data area of the National Statistics website.

**Table 5** Public sector employment revisions<sup>a</sup> by major categories; United Kingdom; 1979 to 2002, mid-year headcount, not seasonally adjusted

	Thousands							
	General government				Local government			
	Central government							
	HM Forces	National Health Service and Trusts	Other central government	Total central government	Education	Social services	Construction	Police (including civilians)
	CGYN	FHBR	FHBS	FHBT	FHBU	FHBV	FHBW	FHBX
1979	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1982	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1983	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1984	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1985	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1986	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1987	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1988	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1989	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1990	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1991	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1992	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1993	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1994	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1995	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1996	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1
1997	0	4	0	4	0	0	0	0
1998	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
1999	0	2	-1	1	0	0	0	-1
2000	0	4	13	17	0	0	0	0
2001	0	-13	2	-11	0	0	0	1
2002	0	-4	-8	-12	0	0	0	-1

## Revisions from last year's article

The revisions to public sector jobs since last year's article are shown in *Table 5*. The revisions are relatively

small, and largely reflect additional quality assurance. The column showing Civil Service jobs has been revised for 1995 and later years to include casual staff, to be consistent with earlier data. These were already included in total public sector jobs and so do not affect

the overall total. Revisions to workforce jobs were published in April 2004 (see <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cci/nugget.asp?id=892>). For earlier revisions to self-employed figures, see <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cci/nugget.asp?id=207>.

## References

*Civil Service Statistics 2002* is available at <http://www.civil-service.gov.uk/statistics>. Enquiries can be made to Personnel Statistics Branch, Cabinet Office, Room G06 Admiralty Arch, The Mall, London, SW1A 2WH, tel. 020 7276 1532 or fax 020 7276 1679, e-mail [psb@cabinet-office.x.gsi.gov.uk](mailto:psb@cabinet-office.x.gsi.gov.uk).

*Public Bodies 2003* is available at <http://www.cabinet-office.gov.uk/agencies-publicbodies/>. Enquiries can be made to Agencies and Public Bodies Team, Corporate Development Group, Cabinet Office, 1.15 Admiralty Arch, The Mall, London, SW1A 2WH, tel. 020 7276 2040, e-mail [apbt@cabinet-office.x.gsi.gov.uk](mailto:apbt@cabinet-office.x.gsi.gov.uk).

*The United Kingdom National Accounts Sector Classification Guide* can be downloaded at [http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme\\_economy/MA23.xls](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme_economy/MA23.xls).

*United Kingdom National Accounts Concepts, Sources and Methods* – a PDF file can be viewed at [http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme\\_economy/Concepts\\_Sources\\_&\\_Methods.pdf](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme_economy/Concepts_Sources_&_Methods.pdf).



Table 5 (continued)

							Thousands
Other local government	Local authorities community programme	Total local government	Total general government	Total public corporations	Total public corporations	of which: Civil Service	
FHBY	CUKE	DYBG	FHCA	DYBH	FHCE	CGXU	
0	..	0	0	0	0	0	1979
0	..	0	0	0	0	0	1982
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1983
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1984
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1985
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1986
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1987
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1988
0	..	0	0	0	0	0	1989
0	..	0	0	0	0	0	1990
0	..	0	0	0	0	0	1991
0	..	0	0	0	0	0	1992
0	..	0	0	0	0	0	1993
0	..	0	0	0	0	0	1994
0	..	0	0	0	0	22	1995
0	..	-1	-1	0	-1	23	1996
0	..	0	4	0	4	23	1997
0	..	0	1	0	1	18	1998
0	..	-1	0	0	0	17	1999
0	..	0	17	0	17	12	2000
0	..	1	-10	1	-9	13	2001
2	..	1	-11	5	-6	13	2002

Source: Office for National Statistics

a Since article in the September 2003 issue of *Labour Market Trends*.

.. Not applicable.

Note: the four letters at the head of each column are the series identifiers which can be used to access data on the Time Series Data area of the National Statistics website.

**Further information**

For further information, contact:

Ian Richardson,  
 Room 1079,  
 Office for National Statistics,  
 Government Buildings,  
 Cardiff Road,  
 Newport, NP10 8XG,  
 e-mail [ian.richardson@ons.gov.uk](mailto:ian.richardson@ons.gov.uk),  
 tel. 06133 812072.

## Technical note

## How does ONS measure public sector employment?

The public sector numbers that are published in this article are derived from the relevant administrative departments plus a comprehensive inquiry of all 443 local authorities in England and Wales. This is consequently the most comprehensive source available, although unfortunately some of the data are only available with a considerable lag. Local authorities supply a single figure for all non-police staff. This is then broken down into the categories of education, social services, construction, police and other local government by using the interdepartmental business register local unit information. Subtracting the public sector figures from the employment totals obtained from the Labour Force Survey (LFS) and workforce jobs derives the estimates for private sector employment that are used here.

Table 6 shows the data source, the date of the latest data available and the figure used to calculate the public sector jobs total as of June 2003. It can be seen that in a few cases the latest

data available were for a date before that point but these areas constitute only a very small part of the overall total. ONS is investigating the best way to obtain more timely estimates of public sector employment.

More than one source of total UK employment data is available. The concept can be measured in more than one way. For example, it can be measured by directly surveying employees or by surveying employers. Conceptually, this article looks at the number of jobs rather than the number of employed people as only jobs can be allocated to a sector. The two main jobs series produced by ONS are workforce jobs and the series derived from the LFS. The former estimate combines the public sector jobs with quarterly and monthly short-term employment surveys of businesses. The results for businesses are updated every December as a result of the much more comprehensive Annual Business Inquiry (ABI). In contrast, the LFS is a continuous household survey. This survey does ask respondents to classify the sector of their employers, but in the past such self-

Table 6 Sources of public sector data

	Area	Main source	Latest data	Estimate at June 2003 (thousands)
<b>Central government</b>				
HM Forces	UK	Ministry of Defence	December 2003	206
National Health Service (including NHS Trusts)	England	Department of Health	September 2003	1133
	Wales	Welsh Assembly Government	September 2002	81
	Scotland	NHS in Scotland Common Services Agency	September 2003	141
	Northern Ireland	Northern Ireland Office (DETI)	December 2003	65
Other central government	GB	Cabinet Office	October 2003	519
	Northern Ireland	Northern Ireland Office (DETI) - includes education and police	December 2003	109
<b>Local government</b>				
Education	England and Wales	Quarterly Local Authority Inquiry	December 2003	1343
	Scotland	Joint Staffing Watch	December 2002	107
Social Services	England and Wales	Quarterly Local Authority Inquiry	December 2003	299
	Scotland	Joint Staffing Watch	December 2002	52
Construction	England and Wales	Quarterly Local Authority Inquiry	December 2003	35
	Scotland	Joint Staffing Watch (housing)	December 2002	10
Police	England and Wales	Home Office	September 2003	206
	Scotland	Joint Staffing Watch	December 2002	21
Local government	England and Wales	Quarterly Local Authority Inquiry	December 2003	613
	Scotland	Joint Staffing Watch (excluding transport)	December 2002	103
	Northern Ireland	District and Parish Councils employment	December 2003	27
<b>Public corporations</b>				
Public corporations	UK	Returns from Public Bodies (annual publication)	March 2003	386

Source: Office for National Statistics

## Technical note

classification has proven to be less reliable because respondents often do not know the correct classification of their employer.

By collecting jobs data from both employees and employers a much more rounded picture of economic developments can be obtained, but there is also a disadvantage, at least in the short term, in that the process results in two different measures of the level of employment. Indeed sometimes, the two surveys can even send out different messages about the direction of recent employment moves. Following recommendations from the National Statistics Quality Review of Employment and Jobs, an exercise is underway to identify and then quantify as far as possible the difference between the two jobs measures.

This reconciliation considers differences relating to coverage, survey structure, definitions and estimation, both at national and government office region level and also over time. The current position of ONS is that its preferred estimate of total employment is the one derived from the LFS, while workforce jobs is most useful as a measure of industrial detail. (A detailed breakdown of the various data categories can be obtained at the following website <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/STATBASE/Product.asp?vlnk=7163>.)

### Definition of the public sector

The domestic economy features units, which can be described as being either public or **private sector** units. The public sector comprises central government, local government and **public corporations** as defined for the UK National Accounts.

**Central government** includes all administrative departments of government and other central agencies and most non-departmental public bodies. City academies, the first three

of which were opened in 2002, are also classified to central government.

**Local government** includes all government units with a local remit. The subsector includes all areas of administrative authorities including parish councils and local authorities with special functions. It includes magistrates courts, the probation service in England and Wales and police forces and their civilian staff. All functions of local authorities are classified to the subsector, although trading activities which produce market output (for example, housing and municipally owned markets) are regarded as quasi-corporations and appear under public corporations.

Local education authorities are part of local government, as are voluntary aided schools, county schools and, from September 1999, grant-maintained schools (which were reclassified from central government).

Polytechnics and higher education colleges were transferred from local authority control in April 1989, as were further education and sixth-form colleges from April 1993. Like universities, these institutions are part of the private sector and are classified as non-profit institutions serving households.

**Public corporations** are companies or quasi-corporations (organisations which behave like corporations) controlled by government. Examples include British Nuclear Fuels plc and Royal Mail. These companies receive more than half their income from the sales of goods or services into the market place.

Lists of central and local government units and public corporations are shown in the *UK National Accounts Sector Classification Guide* on the National Statistics website.

# Employment and unemployment in the new EU member countries

By Kate Bishop, Labour Market Division, Office for National Statistics

## Key points

- The enlargement which took place on 1 May 2004 is significant in terms of the economic histories and cultures of the new member states and has involved the population increasing by 75 million people (one-fifth of its current population).
- Some 70 per cent of employment in the EU15 is in the services sector, 26 per cent in industry and 4 per cent in agriculture, whereas the new members have between 50 and 60 per cent of employment in services, and a greater proportion of employment in industry and agriculture.
- Unemployment rates, GDP and inflation rates vary widely across the EU15 and across the new member states. Unemployment is relatively high in Poland (19 per cent) and the Slovak Republic (17 per cent).
- Unemployment fell slowly in the EU15 during the period 1996-2003, in sharp contrast to some of the central and eastern European economies.
- Growth in employment in the services sector has been especially marked in Hungary and Latvia.
- Earnings growth has been stronger in many of the central and eastern European economies than in the EU15, reflecting previous price liberalisation and stronger GDP growth.
- GDP growth in 2002 to 2003 was stronger in every new member state than the EU15 average.
- Inactivity rates have been decreasing in the EU15, despite the economic slow-down of 2002 to 2003. Over half of the new member states have inactivity rates lower than that of the EU15.

*This article examines the labour market characteristics of the new EU member states and compares these countries with the existing members.*

## Introduction

ON 1 MAY 2004 Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Malta, Poland, the Slovak Republic and Slovenia (the accession ten) became full members of the EU (see [Figure 1](#) for a map of the members of the EU since May 2004). Romania and Bulgaria are set to join in 2007, while Turkey is still a candidate country. This article describes the economic background of the central and east European region (CER) and presents some of labour market characteristics of the new member states.

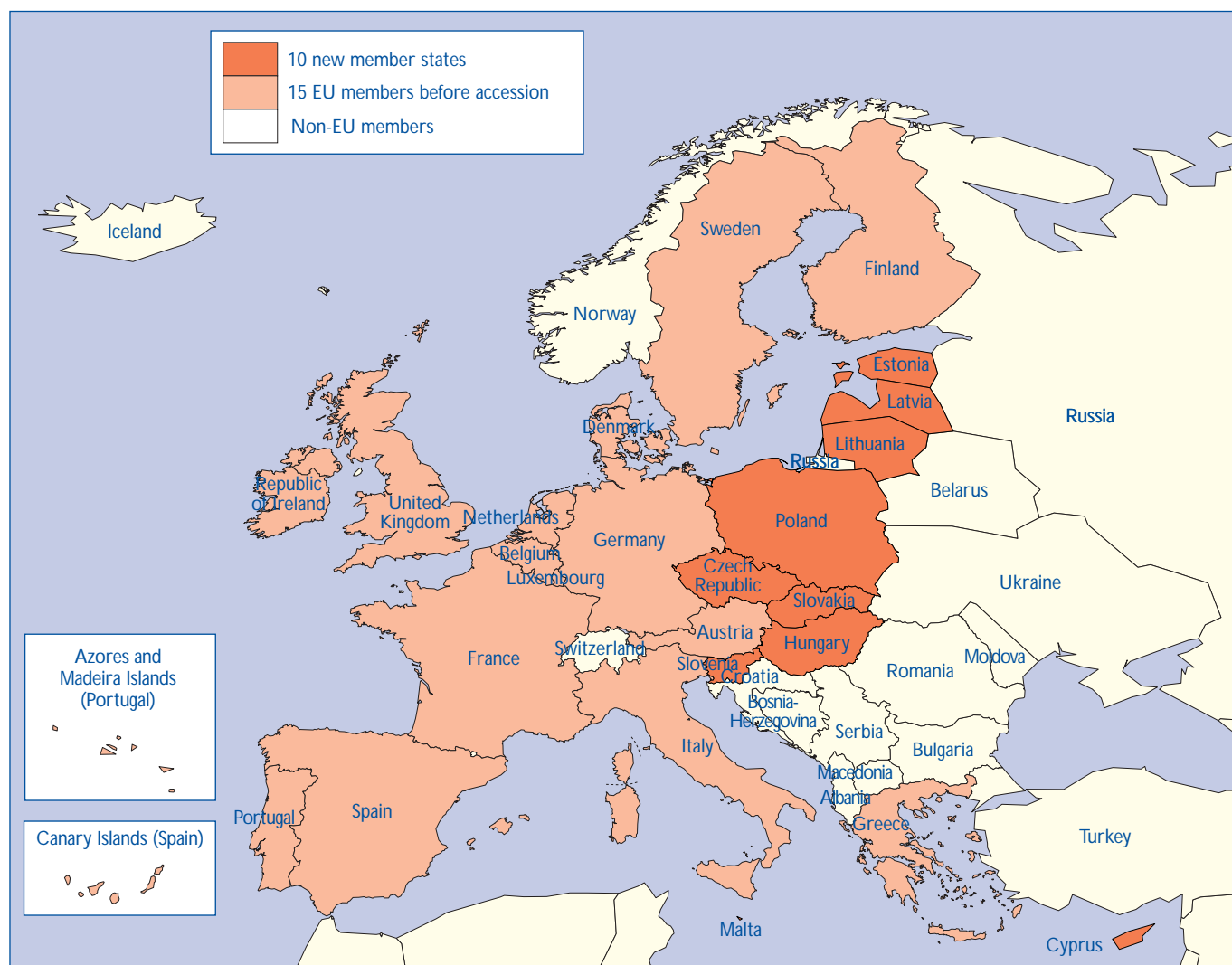
The EU has already undergone several enlargements. In 1951 the Treaty of Paris was signed establishing the European Coal and Steel Community, and in 1957 the Treaty of Rome established the European Economic Community. The

EU then experienced four consecutive enlargements: in 1973 Denmark, Ireland and the UK joined, followed by Greece in 1981, Portugal and Spain in 1986, and Austria, Finland and Sweden in 1995.

The significance of the most recent enlargement is that eight of the new members are from the CER and have had a recent history of transition from centrally planned to market economies (see [Box 1](#)). In addition, this enlargement brings to the EU a considerable increase in area, market size (in terms of consumers and of the labour force) and a multitude of different histories and cultures.

This enlargement has come at the end of a process which has lasted more than a decade. Grabbe (2003) highlights the recent steps of the new member states to

Figure 1 Members of the European Union; May 2004



Source: Office for National Statistics

accession to the EU. After 1989 the EU initiated the PHARE programme (Poland and Hungary: action for the restructuring of the economy) awarding aid to the CER,<sup>1</sup> and signed the European agreements granting trade concessions to the potential members.

By 1993 a pre-accession strategy had been developed, and the conditions for membership had been put in place at the Copenhagen European Council. In 1998 negotiations had begun with the Czech Republic, Estonia, Hungary, Poland and Slovenia. After 2000 Latvia, Lithuania, the Slovak Republic, Malta and Cyprus also joined negotiations.

The conditions to be met involved guaranteeing democracy, rule of law, and a functioning market economy.

Moreover, the *acquis communautaire*, which detailed the rights and obligations of the EU system and its institutional framework, had to be met. Thus gaining entry to the EU required a thorough overhaul of domestic laws, institutions and policies and involved enforcing hygiene standards in food sectors, environmental regulations and border controls, among other areas.

### Recent developments

This section gives a brief overview of recent economic and labour market developments in the new member states. *Tables 1* and *2* provide an economic snapshot for the EU15<sup>2</sup> and new member states.

Although the accession countries have all met the criteria to join the EU it is important to recognise that the new member states are at different levels of economic development. Beginning with the Mediterranean countries, both Cyprus and Malta have had reasonably robust economic growth in 2002 to 2003, compared with the EU15. However both have suffered from a persistent current account deficit reaching 4.5 per cent of GDP in 2001 in Cyprus and 4.8 per cent in Malta. One of the key causes for this was the international economic downturn and the decline in tourist arrivals since 11 September 2001.

The Baltic economies<sup>3</sup> (Estonia, Lithuania and Latvia) have had high

## Box 1 Recent economic history of the new member states

### Transition from the plan to the market

Eight of the new member states – the Czech Republic, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Poland, Slovak Republic and Slovenia – have a particularly interesting economic background. Before 1989 these countries had a Soviet-style economy. The Soviet economy was characterised by central planning – the co-ordination of economic activity by government ministries – which involved the creation of five-year plans detailing production targets. Gros and Steinherr (1995) document other institutional features of the Soviet economy, such as the replacement of property rights of human and physical capital by collective ownership. In addition, economic incentives were not used and there was no competition between firms. Instead success was measured on the basis of the ability to meet bureaucratic targets. Pay was rarely linked to performance.

Furthermore if a firm made a loss the government covered the deficit. This is more commonly known as the soft budget constraint (Kornai, 1992), whereby there is no penalty for loss-making firms and no incentive to preserve resources or develop innovative production processes. Kornai also notes that the Soviet economy was characterised by chronic shortages and labour hoarding.

### The transition process

In 1989 the transition from centrally planned economy to market economy began – the move was not an easy one. One of the linchpins of economic reform was price liberalisation, which allows prices to reflect scarcity. Price liberalisation is an easy task from a technical point of view – the government just needs to announce that firms and households can set their own prices. In reality the consequences can be politically sensitive as income is redistributed. Furthermore, in order to prevent inflation, price liberalisation must be accompanied by a disciplined fiscal and monetary policy. Poland was an example of inflation exploding – in 1990 Consumer Price Index inflation reached 586 per cent (OECD World Economic Outlook, 1994).

Another mammoth task was privatisation. The CER was typified by state-run industries. The move to a market economy involved moving these industries into the private sector. Privatisation generally requires financial resources and needs institutions to monitor firms and to trade ownership rights. Firms need to be valued, a highly complex procedure in an environment of macroeconomic uncertainty, which can lead to a shortage of willing investors. Following this, there is a question of which privatisation method to pursue (spontaneous privatisation, voucher privatisation,

restitution or management-employment buy outs). The whole process can be a politically sensitive issue, partly because people were used to the state-run system and change can always be controversial, but also because a lack of domestic savings in most countries means that privatisation requires alternative investors such as foreign firms or financial intermediaries.

Macroeconomic stabilisation was also a crucial element of transition. Under the Soviet regime the economy was mostly managed at the microeconomic level (firm, employer and consumer). Fiscal and monetary policy were not used to modify aggregate demand or control liquidity in the economy. Thus the transition to the market economy involved the creation of these economic instruments. One such problem that needs to be addressed by tight financial and fiscal policies is the phenomenon of excessive savings. After price liberalisation consumers tend to spend all accumulated excess cash balances creating inflation. This was an issue in former Czechoslovakia and Poland.

Financial sector reform was also crucial to manage the privatisation process, monetary policy and financing of the public sector debt. This involved the creation of an efficient banking system, financial regulations and financial markets. This was not an easy task given the magnitude of bad debts on banks' balance sheets in some countries, poor incentives for saving, and the relatively limited experience of modern accounting methods.

External reform was also an important element of the transition process requiring trade liberalisation, currency convertibility and exchange rate regime choices, all of which can be fraught with problems. For example, when trade is liberalised the effects on specific domestic producers as their protection is removed can be damaging.

### Gradualism versus shock therapy?

One of the key debates among policy makers in transition economies has been the choice between the gradualist approach and shock therapy. Advocates of gradualism believe that there are benefits from taking time to develop policies and institutions for the transition process. The argument for gradualism is that it avoids the output and employment decline associated with shock therapy. In contrast, shock therapy involves an immediate economic adjustment to the market economy, whereby a comprehensive reform package is introduced.

Poland adopted shock therapy and Hungary adopted gradualism. They provide a perfect comparison between the two (see Sachs, 1992, for a discussion).

growth, but at the same time relatively high unemployment. In part this may be explained by the fact that they were all affected by the Russian economic crisis in 1998.

Lithuania was one of the economies to suffer the most from economic turmoil in Russia. In 1999 GDP in Lithuania fell by 4 per cent. However, by the first quarter of 2003 the economy

had expanded by some 9 per cent (owing also to faster privatisation and adhering to fiscal discipline).

The Latvian economy was the most tightly linked to the Russian economy



because of the structure of Latvian exports. The Russian crisis forced Latvian producers to seek new export markets. In the period between 1997 and 2002 GDP in Latvia increased by 5.7 per cent per year on average, twice as fast as in the EU15.<sup>4</sup> Since 1999 economic growth in Estonia has been strong, by 2003 it had risen to 5 per cent. This growth of recent years has led incomes to converge towards the average European income.

Annual GDP growth in Slovenia has been robust since 1994 and has been hovering at 2 to 3 per cent since 2001. Export growth since the economic decline in the EU has been less encouraging, however; imports of industrial machinery have been on the increase, reflecting a rise in manufacturing investment and the expected economic recovery in Europe.

Poland's record is more mixed. There was a high level of economic growth in the late 1990s, starting with 6.9 per cent in 1997 (EBRD, 1999). However, it slowed in 2001 to 1.1 per cent mainly because of domestic factors, such as the strong zloty as well as the economic decline in Poland's main trading partner Germany. Recently it has recovered and has reached almost 4 per cent, according to the latest figures. Poland's slow-down has had some beneficial effects: the current account deficit and inflation have fallen. In addition, Poland implemented privatisation and reform of health care, education and pensions.

By comparison, Hungary has achieved strong economic growth and good labour market performance, owing to tough institutional and structural reform. Furthermore, living standards have improved through increases in wages and pensions. External deficits continue to be low, thanks to the continued inflow of foreign direct investment. Conversely, inflation has been rather high – in 2003 it was 5 per cent.

The former Czechoslovakia has had somewhat different experiences. The Czech Republic suffered from recession in 1997 and 1998, but by 2000 growth had begun to pick up and the real GDP growth rate reached 3.3 per cent by 2000. Recently, domestic demand has

**Table 1** Main economic indicators; EU15 and new member states; 2002 to 2004

	Unemployment rates <sup>a</sup>	GDP annual growth rate <sup>b</sup>	Inflation <sup>c</sup>	Per cent Government deficit/surplus in GDP <sup>d</sup>
EU15	8.0	0.4	2.0	-2.3
Cyprus	4.7	2.2	4.0	-4.6
Czech Republic	8.0	3.4	-0.1	-6.4
Estonia	9.5	4.6	1.4	1.8
Hungary	5.9	2.9	4.7	-9.3
Latvia	10.5	7.3	2.9	-2.7
Lithuania	11.7	8.8	-1.1	-1.4
Malta	8.8	1.9	..	-5.7
Poland	19.1	3.9	0.7	-3.6
Slovak Republic	16.6	4.2	8.8	-5.7
Slovenia	6.4	2.3	5.7	-1.9

Source: Eurostat

a 2004.  
b 2002 to 2003, not seasonally adjusted.  
c 2002 to 2003.  
d 2002.  
.. Not available.

**Table 2** Proportions of people in employment by industry sector; EU15 and new member states; 2001

	Services	Industry	Per cent Agriculture
EU15	70	26	4
Cyprus	..	..	..
Czech Republic	55	40	5
Estonia	60	33	7
Hungary	59	34	6
Latvia	..	..	..
Lithuania	56	27	17
Malta	..	..	..
Poland	50	31	19
Slovak Republic	61	33	6
Slovenia	51	38	11

Source: Eurostat

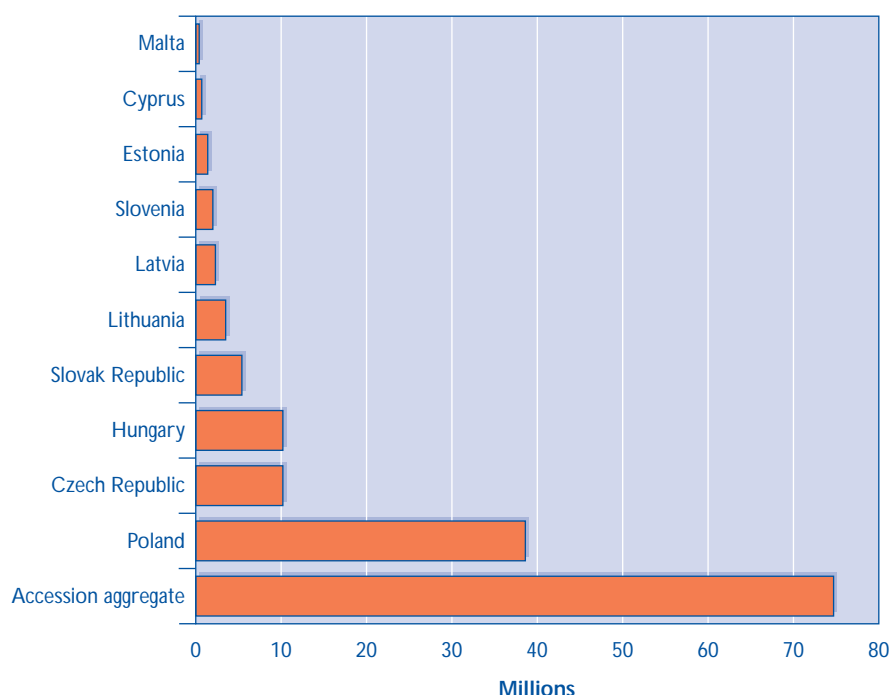
.. Not available.

been an engine of this growth, although the floods of summer 2002 did affect short-term performance in late 2002 to 2003. Productivity gains and an increase in competitiveness have been fuelled by strong foreign direct investment flows. By comparison, the Slovak Republic also suffered from the 1997 recession but has not recovered as well as the Czech Republic.

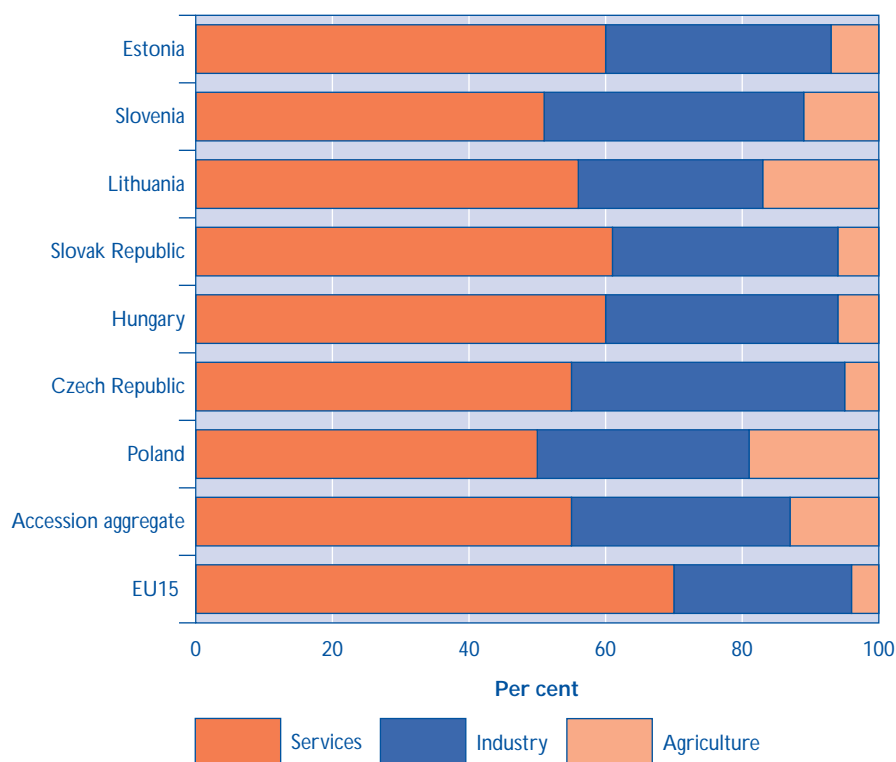
## Labour market characteristics

The data for this section are sourced from the Eurostat New Cronos database. Unemployment data are defined according to the International Labour Organisation (ILO). Unemployed people are those aged 15 to 74 years old, not living in collective

Figure 2 Populations of new EU member states; 2002



Source: Eurostat

Figure 3 Proportions of people in employment by industry sector; CER<sup>a</sup> and EU15 countries; 2001

Source: Eurostat

households, who were without work within the two weeks following the reference week, and are actively seeking work, or who have found a job to start within a period of at most three months. Unemployment estimates are based on the results of the European Community Labour Force Survey. Employment data are based on annual benchmark figures.

### Population and industrial composition

The existing EU15 had a population of approximately 378 million, and the ten new member states have increased this by some 75 million. In terms of population, the new members vary enormously, as shown in *Figure 2*.

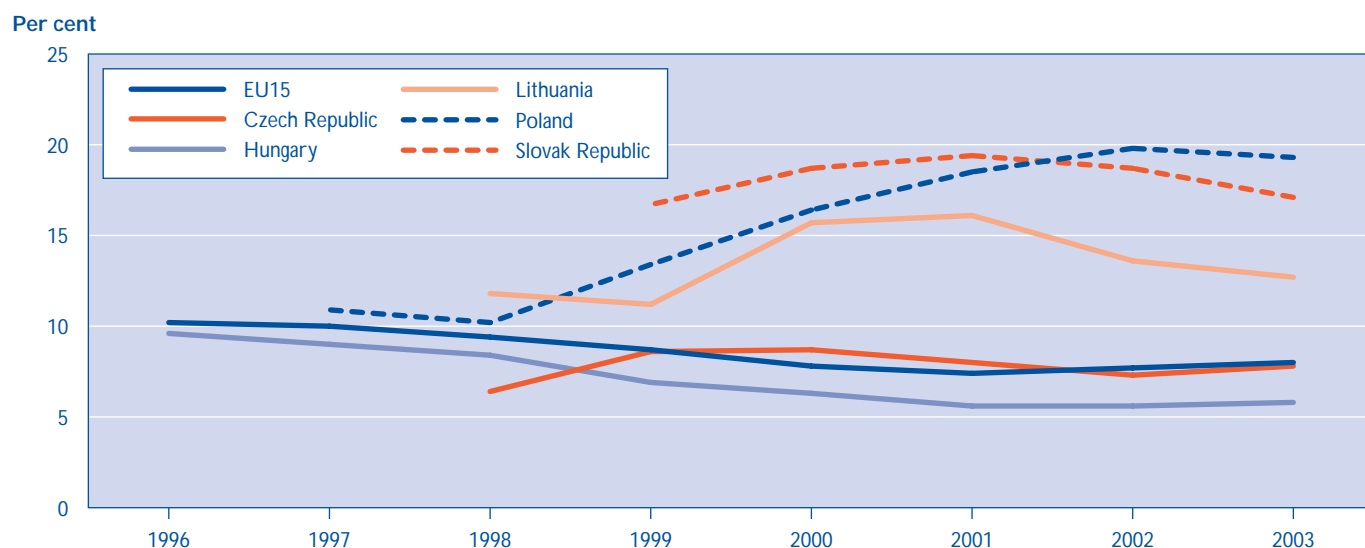
*Employment in Europe* (2002) documents some of the important demographic changes that have occurred in the new member states. Population growth declined in the 1990s, which was coupled with a drop in fertility rates and high levels of outward migration. As a result, populations declined in all new member states except in Poland, the Slovak Republic, Malta and Cyprus between 1990 and 1999. In contrast, most EU regions had rising populations.

The Mediterranean countries (Cyprus and Malta) are much smaller than those of the CER. For example, Malta has a population of 400,000 compared with Poland at 39 million. Within the post-Communist region the Baltic countries are small, with Lithuania having the largest population at 3.5 million, compared with Central European countries such as the Czech Republic with a population of 10.2 million.

*Figure 3* shows the sectoral composition of the CER and the EU15. The sectoral composition of employment in the EU15 was dominated to a greater extent by the services industry in 2001, compared with the CER, which still had a relatively large industrial sector, especially in the Czech Republic and Slovenia. Another point of interest is the relatively large proportion of employment in agriculture in Lithuania, and particularly in Poland, where it was almost 20 per cent.

<sup>a</sup> Data unavailable for Latvia, Cyprus and Malta.

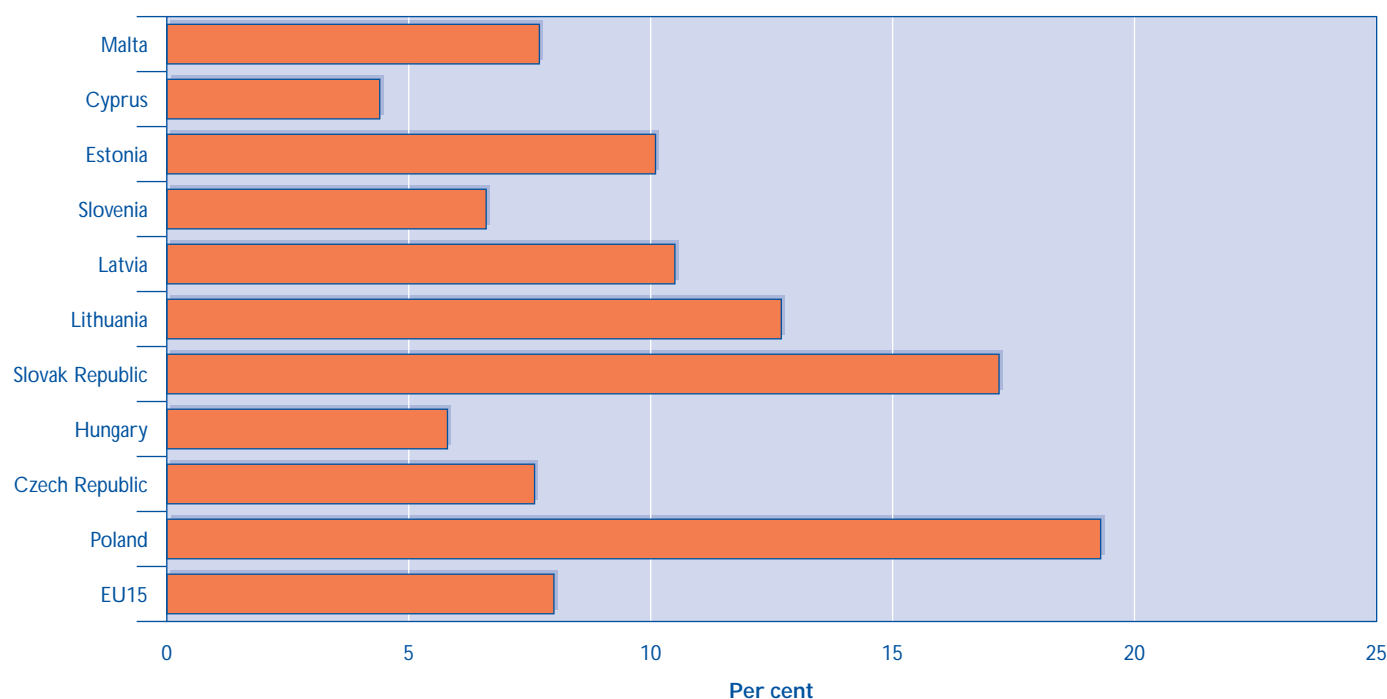
Figure 4 Unemployment rates;<sup>a</sup> selected CER and EU15 countries; 1996 to 2003



Source: Eurostat

<sup>a</sup> Eurostat compiles harmonised unemployment rates for member states and accession countries. They are harmonised to allow comparability between states.

Figure 5 Unemployment rates;<sup>a</sup> EU15 and new member states; 2003



Source: Eurostat

<sup>a</sup> Eurostat compiles harmonised unemployment rates for member states and accession countries. They are harmonised to allow comparability between states.

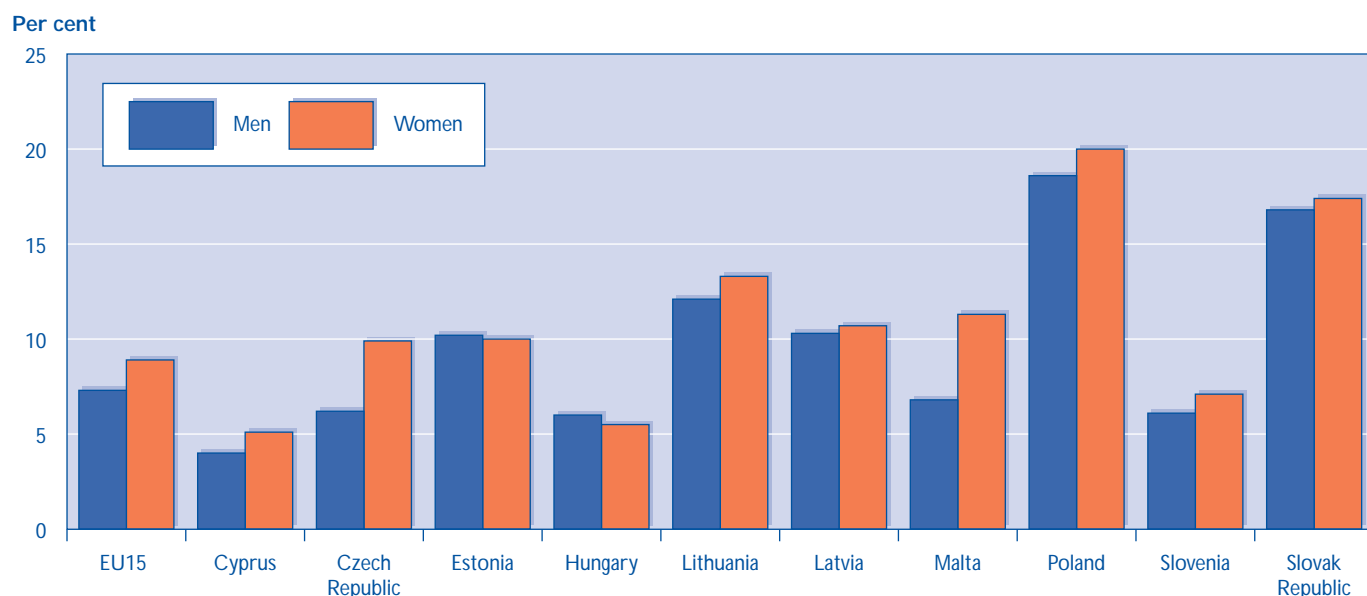
## Unemployment

Figure 4 shows the path of unemployment for the EU15 and selected new member states for 1996 to 2003. Unemployment slowly decreased in the EU15 during the period 1996-2003. This

was in sharp contrast to some of the CER economies. For example, unemployment was relatively high in Lithuania, the Slovak Republic and Poland. Unemployment increased in all three countries during the start of the period.

Unemployment peaked in 2002 in Poland at 19.8 per cent, and in 2001 for the Slovak Republic and Lithuania at 19.4 per cent and 16.1 per cent respectively. Yet, more recently, unemployment has fallen in all of these countries.

Figure 6 Unemployment rates by sex; EU15 and new member states; 2003



Source: Eurostat

The reasons for unemployment in each country vary. In Poland, unemployment is largely of a structural nature and reflects the need for advances in competitiveness in certain sectors. Socha and Sztanderska (1999) highlight the differences in the unemployment rates for skilled and unskilled workers.

In the Slovak Republic one of the key causes of unemployment was the lack of domestic demand, symptomatic of the recession in the late 1990s. The duration of unemployment in the Slovak Republic was high, with more than 60 per cent of the unemployed in 2000 remaining unemployed in 2001 (*Employment in Europe*, 2002). Lastly unemployment in Lithuania was seen as being caused by rigidities in the labour market, in particular in wages. Lithuania was also adversely affected by the Russian economic crisis in 1998, which caused a knock-on effect on unemployment in the following years.

In contrast, Hungary and the Czech Republic did not have serious unemployment during the transition period. Unemployment was low in Hungary owing to strong economic growth and the restructuring of the welfare state, which involved a tightening of the eligibility for unemployment funds.

There were a number of reasons for low unemployment in the Czech Republic. One of the key factors was the devaluation of the Czech currency. This coupled with the productivity of Czech workers led to a decline in unit costs, which were a long way below those of Hungary or Poland. This resulted in a high demand for Czech products and subsequent low unemployment. Secondly the activities of the Czech Public Employment Service helped keep unemployment low. For example, they employed active labour market policies such as job counselling and training, and provided job creation in the public sector and subsidies for employers.<sup>5</sup>

Figure 5 presents a snapshot of unemployment in all the new member states and the EU15 for 2003. Of particular interest are the Mediterranean countries. Cyprus differs from the CER, as it has experienced an unemployment rate of below 5 per cent since 2001 – below the EU15 average of 8 per cent. On the other hand, Malta had an unemployment rate of 7.7 per cent in 2003, which was higher than some of the better performing countries. In fact half of the new member states (the Czech Republic, Hungary, Slovenia, Cyprus and Malta) had unemployment rates lower than that of the EU15 in

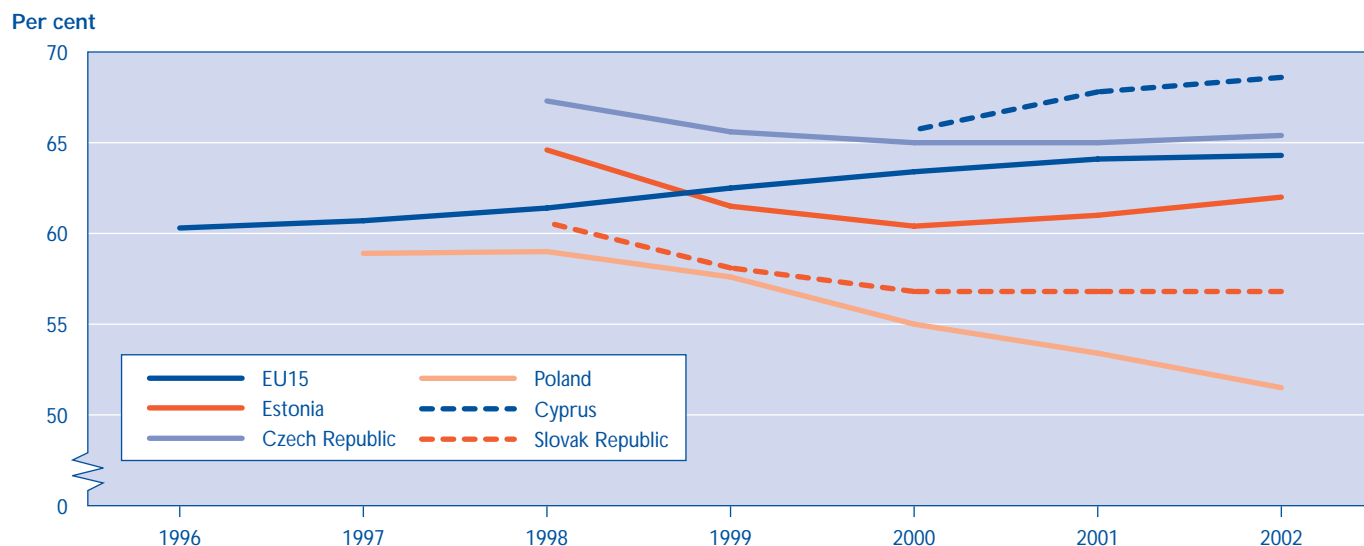
2003. Meanwhile, unemployment was also high in 2003 for some of the EU15 countries – France (9.4 per cent), Germany (9.3 per cent) and Spain (11.3 per cent).

## Gender disparities in unemployment

Figure 6 presents an overview of unemployment for men and women in 2003 for the EU15 and the new member states. For all new members with the exception of Hungary and Estonia, the unemployment rate was higher for women than for men.

In Estonia and Hungary there was a very small difference between unemployment rates of men and women, just 0.2 percentage points in Estonia and 0.5 percentage points in Hungary. In contrast, Malta and the Czech Republic had a larger gender difference. In the Czech Republic the unemployment rate was 6.2 per cent for men and some 9.9 per cent for women; in Malta it was 6.8 per cent for men and 11.3 per cent for women. For the EU15 as a whole, the difference between unemployment rates for men and women was 1.6 per cent.

These disparities reflect the cultural background of Malta, where women's labour market participation has been

Figure 7 Employment rates for people of working age;<sup>a</sup> EU15 and selected new member states; 1996 to 2002

Source: Eurostat

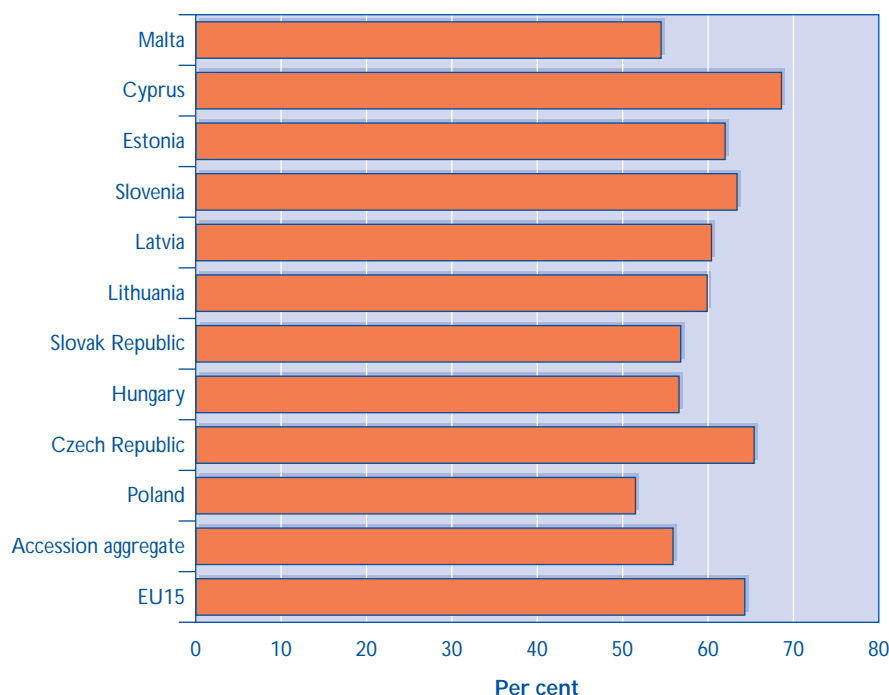
<sup>a</sup> Aged 15 to 64.

historically low. In the Czech Republic the relatively higher unemployment rate for women may have been caused by the relatively high share of employment in the industry sector.

## Employment

Figure 7 shows employment rates in selected new member states and the EU15 for 1996 to 2002. Clearly, the employment rate increased in only the EU15 and Cyprus during the period for which data are available. The increasing employment rate in Cyprus was partly due to its robust economic growth. The EU15 employment rate increased from 60.3 per cent in 1996 to 64.3 per cent in 2002. However the employment rate was almost static between 2001 and 2002. Employment in much of the CER was on the decline, in particular in Poland and the Czech Republic. In much of the CER, employment was affected by the challenges of economic transition, in the guise of industrial restructuring. Moreover, Poland is still experiencing job losses in the agriculture and industrial sectors.

Figure 8 presents a snapshot of employment rates for the EU15 and all of the new members in 2002. Of particular interest is the contrast between the Mediterranean countries. Cyprus had an

Figure 8 Employment rates for people of working age;<sup>a</sup> EU15 and new member states; 2002

Source: Eurostat

<sup>a</sup> Aged 15 to 64.

employment rate is 68.6 per cent in 2002, compared with just 54.5 per cent in Malta. The EU15 had a high employment rate (at 64.3 per cent) in 2002; only the Czech Republic, Slovenia, and Cyprus had a comparable rate to this.

## Sectoral employment growth

*Employment in Europe* (2002) highlighted that after the enlargement of the EU, its occupational structure would

Figure 9a Employment growth rates for people working<sup>a</sup> in agriculture, hunting, farming, forestry and fishing; EU15 and new member states; 1997 to 2003<sup>b</sup>

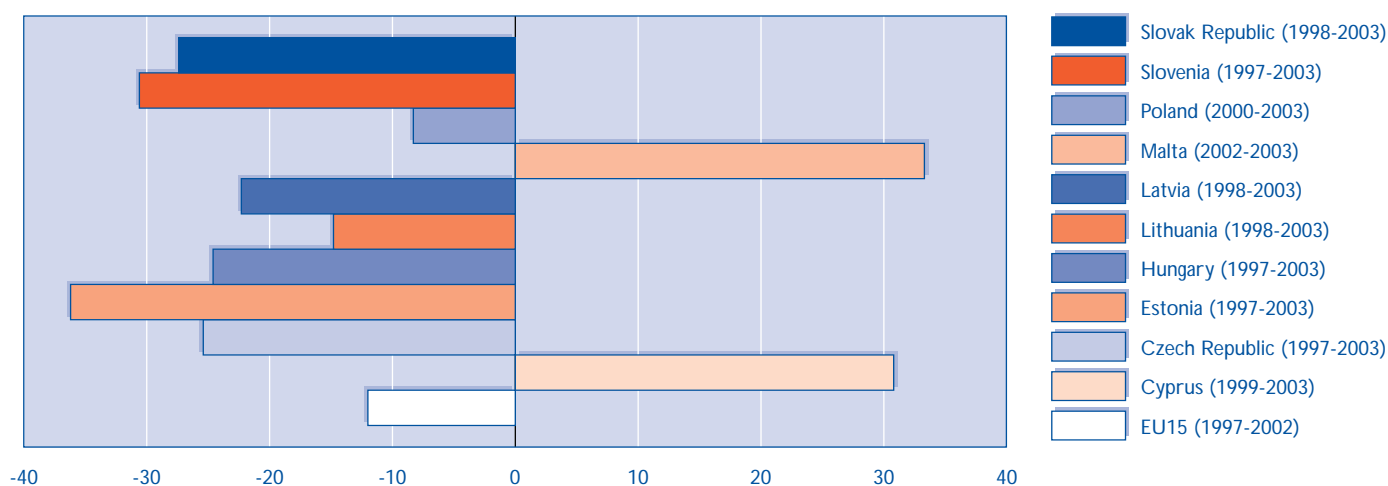


Figure 9b Employment growth rates for people working<sup>a</sup> in industry; EU15 and new member states; 1997 to 2003<sup>b</sup>

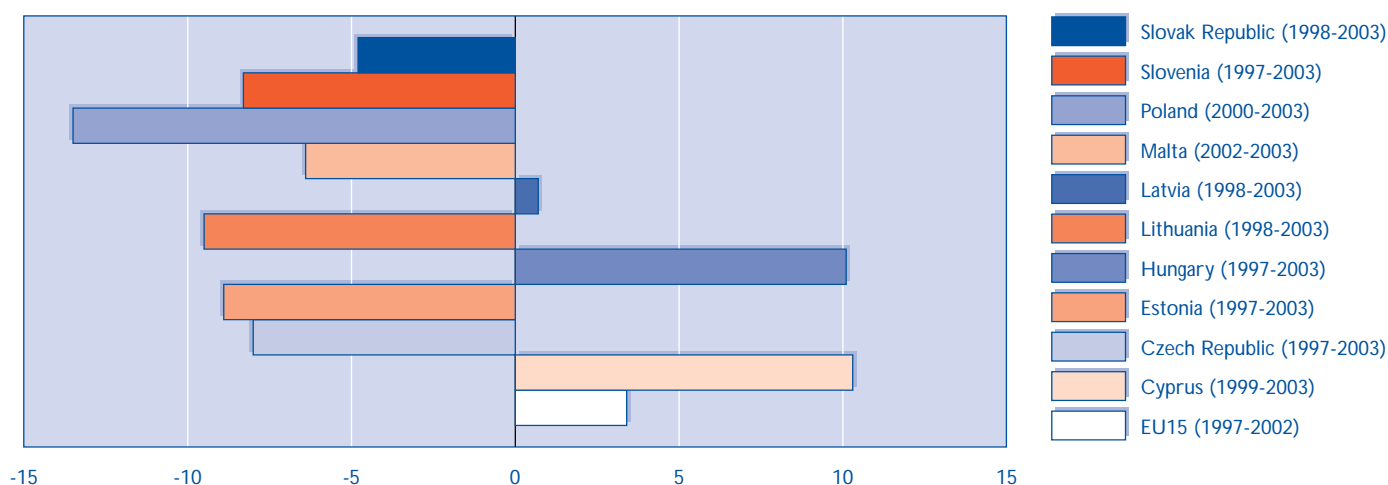
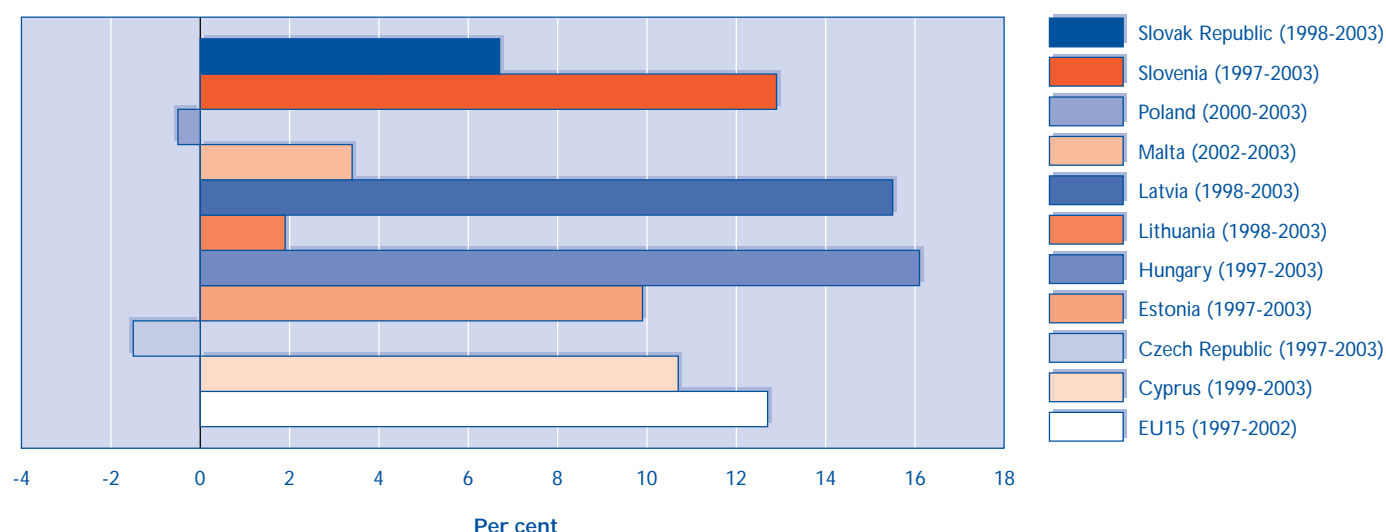


Figure 9c Employment growth rates for people working<sup>a</sup> in services; EU15 and new member states; 1997 to 2003<sup>b</sup>

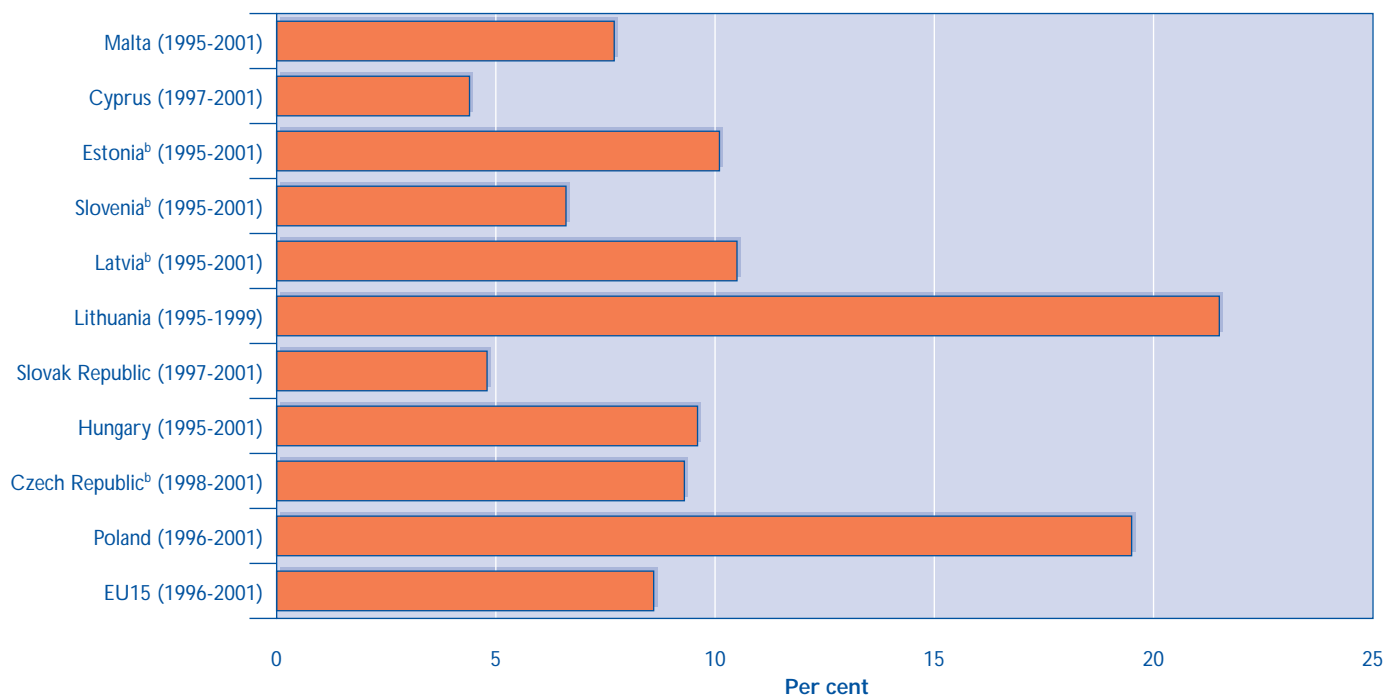


Source: Eurostat

<sup>a</sup> Aged 15 to 64.

<sup>b</sup> Or where data are available.



Figure 10 Average annual increases in gross earnings; EU15 and new member states; 1995 to 2001<sup>a</sup>

Source: Eurostat

a Or where data is available.  
b Full-time equivalents.

change. These changes reflect the more agricultural/industrial centred sectors and the less service orientated sectors of the CER. *Figure 9a* shows that employment in the agricultural sector declined in the EU15 and in all new member states except Cyprus and Malta. This is a sign of economic restructuring – the kind that the Western economies went through during, or in the case of the UK before, the 20th century.

*Figure 9b* shows that employment in the industrial sector has been growing in the EU15, Cyprus, Hungary and Latvia (although slightly in Latvia's case). For the EU15 this may be a sign of the resilience of the European labour market, despite lower GDP growth in the Eurozone. *Employment in Europe* (2003) documents that despite slowing of growth in the EU economy in 2002 to 2003 employment has remained buoyant. Initially this was due to the ability of employers to adjust working hours as opposed to employment levels, thanks to the flexibility of contracts. In contrast, robust economic growth in Cyprus and Hungary is partly

responsible for the growth in industrial sector employment.

Poland and Lithuania experienced the largest declines in employment in the industrial sector (at 13.5 per cent and 9.5 per cent respectively). The Polish food processing industry was particularly hard hit by restructuring. Trade liberalisation is partly responsible for the decline in employment in industry, as it may divert demand away from domestic production to higher quality imported consumer goods. Moreover, the existence of labour hoarding<sup>6</sup> in the large, state-owned industrial enterprises means that a decline in employment is inevitable during the transition process.

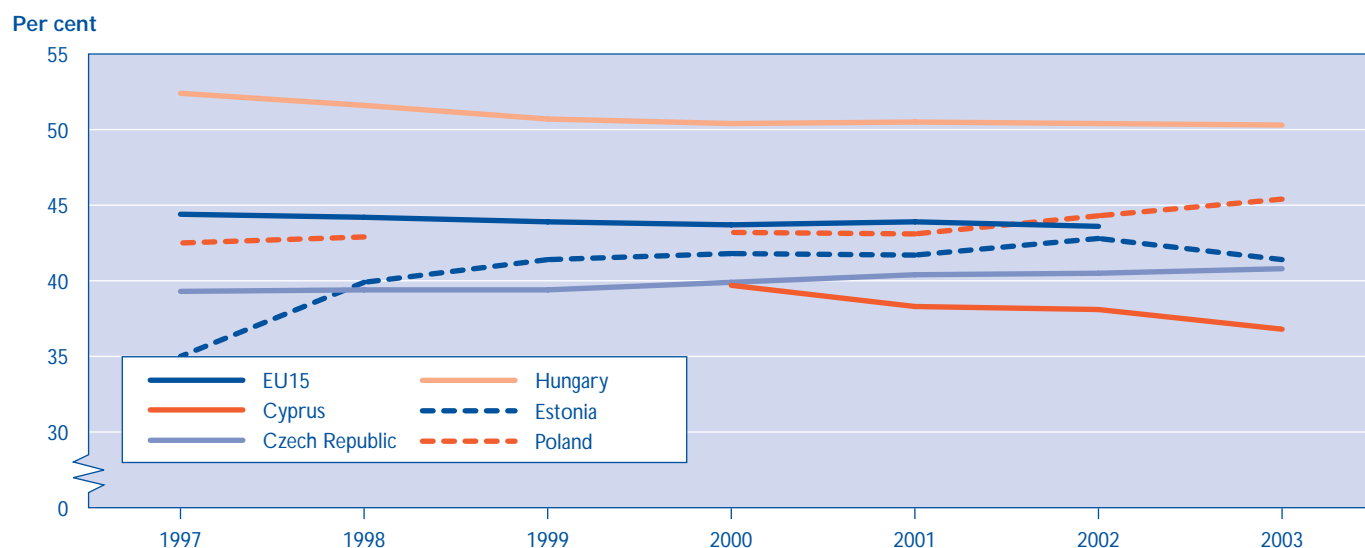
*Figure 9c* shows employment growth for the services sector. The EU15 saw growth of almost 13 per cent in the services sector. In fact all of the EU15 member states have seen an increase in employment in the services sector (with the greatest increases experienced in Ireland and Spain). Growth was also largely positive in the new member states, with the highest rates in Hungary (16.1 per cent) and Latvia (15.5 per cent).

Before the transition process in the CER, the expansion of the services sector had already begun. However, while most countries saw an increase, both Poland and the Czech Republic saw a very small decline in employment in the services sector (0.5 per cent and 1.5 per cent respectively). This was in line with the overall decline in employment in Poland and the Czech Republic as noted above.

## Earnings

*Figure 10* presents the annual average increase in gross earnings for the EU15 and the ten new member states. It is noticeable that there were sharp differences in the growth rates of annual average gross earnings between the Mediterranean countries and some of the CER countries. This reflects the climate of price liberalisation in the early 1990s in the latter group of countries. Earnings growth was particularly high in Poland (19.5 per cent) and Lithuania (21.5 per cent). Interestingly, these countries had high unemployment rates, so the existence of high growth rates in earnings could be

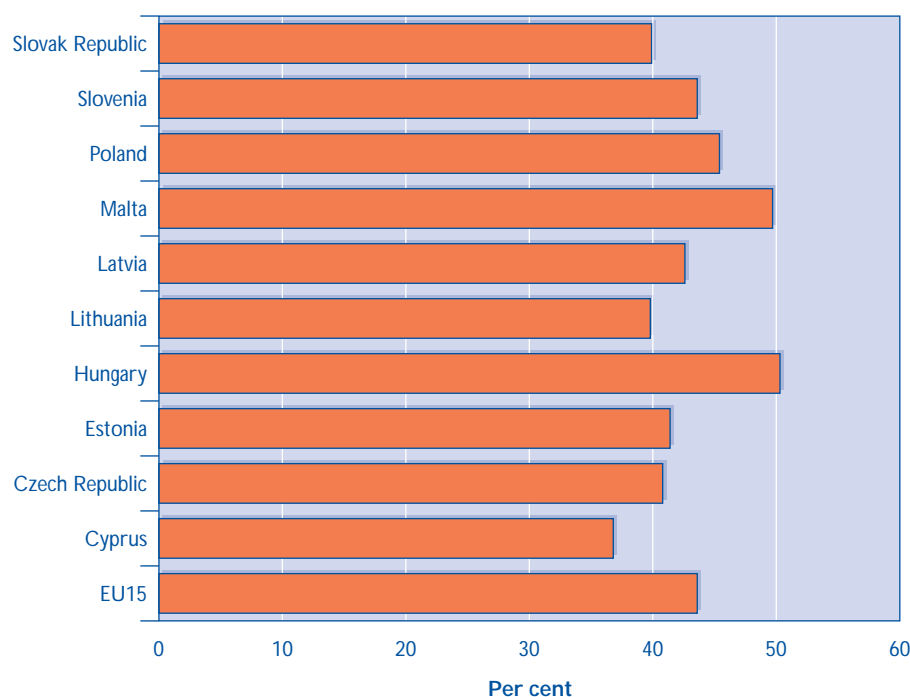
Figure 11 Inactivity rates; EU15 and selected new member states; second quarter 1997 to second quarter 2003<sup>a</sup>



Source: Eurostat

a Latest EU15 figure is for 2002.

Figure 12 Inactivity rates; EU15 and new member states; 2002 (EU15) and second quarter 2003 (other countries)



Source: Eurostat

aggregate and where data are available, for some new member states.<sup>8</sup> Inactivity rates for the EU15 decreased during the period 1997-2002, despite the recent economic slow-down, with inactivity standing at 44 per cent in 2002. However, there were some differences among member states according to *Employment in Europe* (2003). Inactivity was high in Italy and particularly low in Denmark. Furthermore inactivity was particularly high among women in Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg and Spain.

Figure 11 also shows that inactivity decreased in Cyprus and Hungary, indicative of the strong economic growth mentioned above. In contrast, Poland and the Czech Republic both saw an increase in inactivity during the period 1997-2003. However, Estonia saw the largest increase – from 35 per cent in 1997 to 41 per cent in 2003.

Figure 12 presents a snapshot of inactivity in the EU15 and new member states for 2003. Interestingly, over half of the new member states (Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Estonia, Lithuania, Latvia, and the Slovak Republic) had an inactivity rate lower than that of the EU15. At the opposite end of the spectrum, Hungary and Malta had particularly high inactivity rates at 50.3 per cent and 49.7 per cent respectively.

indicative of wage rigidities within the labour market.<sup>7</sup> Conversely, earnings growth in the Slovak Republic, Cyprus, and Slovenia was lower than in the rest of the new member states. The remaining new members (with the

exception of Malta) had higher growth rates in earnings than the EU15.

## Inactivity

Figure 11 presents inactivity rates from 1997 to 2003 for the EU15

## Conclusion

The enlargements of the EU that took place in 1981 and 1986 were very different from the current one in terms of magnitude and the economic histories and cultures of the new member states. Grabbe (2003) notes that joining the EU in the late 1980s was a much easier process, as the EU itself was much less complex, and, as a result, joining members had fewer adjustments to make. Instead, EU membership now involves the adoption of new policies and the reshaping of a country's institutions. However, Inotai (1999) argues that many of the new member states, in particular Hungary, the Czech Republic, Slovenia and Poland, had begun to establish microeconomic links with the EU, therefore membership should not be so difficult.

The analysis and presentation of economic data above has shown that there are some notable differences, as well as some similarities, between the new member states and the EU15. In terms of the sectoral structure of employment, the new members have a lower proportion of employment in services, and a greater proportion of employment in industry and agriculture; there is a wide variety of earnings levels and unemployment rates similar to the existing EU15, and gender disparities occur both in the EU15 and in most new member states.

Although not within the scope of this article, there are several other important issues surrounding enlargement that are of interest. The interested reader is referred to Dustmann et al. (2003) for the impact of enlargement upon migration flows, Fidrmuc (2001) for fiscal matters and regional imbalances, and Bertola et al. (2002) for a detailed overview of issues pertaining to the labour market.

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## Notes

- 1 Firstly, Poland and Hungary were included and then the aid was extended to all Central and East European countries, including the Baltic states, Albania and Slovenia.
- 2 Consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Greece, Italy, Germany, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Republic of Ireland, Spain, Sweden and the United Kingdom.
- 3 See [http://www.balticsww.com/bus\\_overviews.htm](http://www.balticsww.com/bus_overviews.htm) for a review of the economic situation in the Baltic countries.
- 4 Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Latvia.
- 5 See Gitter and Scheuer (1998) for the other reasons: high education levels of workers, low minimum wages and a tighter welfare system.
- 6 In the case of labour hoarding, firms keep workers employed, but they are not fully utilised; it can be thought of as disguised unemployment.
- 7 The 'popiwek' in Poland was part of a type of tax-based incomes policy, which taxed wage rises. The abandonment of this policy in the mid-1990s could be responsible for this increase in wage rates seen in Poland.
- 8 Inactivity is a measure of the share of the population that is not actively participating in the labour market, either in employment or by seeking employment. Individuals may be inactive because they are not of working age, have retired, or have chosen not to participate in the labour market for a variety of reasons. Inactivity levels are likely to reflect demographic and social changes, how quickly the unemployed are able to find new employment, and overall rates of unemployment.

### Further information

For further information, contact:

Kate Bishop,

Room B3/02,

Office for National Statistics,

1 Drummond Gate,

London SW1V 2QQ,

e-mail [kate.bishop@ons.gov.uk](mailto:kate.bishop@ons.gov.uk),

tel. 020 7533 6086.

# Analysis of the claimant count by age and duration including clerical claims

By Mick McDonough and Seeookumar Chumun, Labour Market Division, Office for National Statistics

## Key points

- Since April 1999 the regular monthly age and duration analysis of the claimant count has been available for computerised claims only and has excluded clerically processed claims.
- To meet customer needs and quality assure the monthly data, ONS produces a full age and duration analysis including clerical claims once a year.
- The coverage provided by the computerised count was 99.2 per cent overall in April 2004. For the main published age and duration categories where the coverage was less than this, the number of claimants was relatively small.
- The analysis for April 2004 confirms that the monthly age and duration data will be sufficiently accurate for most uses.

***This article presents the analysis of the complete claimant count for April 2004 by age and duration.***

## Introduction

THE MONTHLY claimant count is a full count of the number of people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance each month. However, more detailed monthly analysis of claimants by their age and the duration of their claim (as published for example in Table F.2 in the Labour Market Data section, and Table 11 of the labour market statistics First Release) is only produced for those whose records are held on the Jobcentre Plus computer system. Currently around 1 per cent of total claimants are excluded from these detailed age and duration figures. These claims are dealt with manually outside the computer system. To provide information about the effect on the quality of the monthly data of omitting these clerical claims, ONS has produced a full age and duration analysis (including these clerical claims) for April 2004. This article presents the data, updating analysis that was

previously provided in respect of April 2003, April 2002, April 2001 and October 2000.

## Background

The monthly count of Jobseeker's Allowance claimants is mostly derived directly from the Jobcentre Plus computer records. For various reasons, for example when a claimant's National Insurance number is not known, a small proportion of claims has to be dealt with manually by local offices. To get a complete count of claimants it is therefore necessary to obtain separate returns for these. For the past ten years, the number has consistently represented around 1 per cent of the total or less.

Currently, to get the full monthly count of claimants the numbers of clerically operated claims are obtained by simple returns (just the total for each

sex) from local offices keyed in directly over the telephone, using a telephone data entry system. Until April 1999 a quarterly analysis of these clerical claims by age and duration was produced. However, it was abandoned as part of the restructuring of the claimant count processing system. Given the small proportion of claimants involved, the value of including data by age and duration on a regular basis in the detailed analysis was not considered to be sufficient to justify the extra work required by local offices to provide the information. Analysis by age and duration is available monthly for computerised claims.

Some customers require knowledge of the total numbers in all age and duration categories including clerical claims for policy design and monitoring purposes. ONS has produced a full analysis covering 100 per cent of claimants for April 2004. This is similar to analysis previously produced in respect of October 2000 (see pp67-71, *Labour Market Trends*, January 2001),

April 2001 (see pp365-9, *Labour Market Trends*, July 2001), April 2002 (see pp367-71, *Labour Market Trends*, July 2002) and April 2003 (see pp369-72, *Labour Market Trends*, July 2003). It is planned to continue to provide such analysis on an annual basis in future assuming that the numbers warrant continued monitoring.

The full 100 per cent age and duration analysis is clearly to be preferred to the incomplete monthly analysis and may be important, for example, for assessing fully the impact of policies such as New Deal. It is nevertheless an occasional supplementary analysis, provided primarily for the purposes of gauging the accuracy of the regular monthly data. Use of the monthly data has the advantage that it is conveniently available in a wide variety of detail down to small local areas via Nomis®. While the 100 per cent analysis provided here is available in further detail, based on local offices, analysis is not available in the same geographical detail as the regular monthly data.

## Results

*Table 1* shows that the coverage of the monthly age and duration data is close to complete for most of the main published categories. The coverage is 99.2 per cent on average. While there is some variation, the coverage for all of the main age and duration categories is above 96 per cent. This analysis suggests that for most purposes, especially for the general monitoring of trends, the monthly age and duration data will be sufficiently accurate.

### Further information

For further information, please contact:

Mick McDonough,  
Room B2/03,  
Office for National Statistics,  
1 Drummond Gate,  
London SW1V 2QQ,  
e-mail [ccv@ons.gov.uk](mailto:ccv@ons.gov.uk),  
tel. 020 7533 5074.

**Table 1** Full claimant count and proportion of computerised claims by age and duration; United Kingdom; April 2004

	18 to 24		25 to 49		50 and over		All ages	
	Claimants (thousands)	Computerised coverage (%)	Claimants (thousands)	Computerised coverage (%)	Claimants (thousands)	Computerised coverage (%)	Claimants (thousands)	Computerised coverage (%)
<b>All</b>								
Up to 13 weeks	140.1	99.2	203.3	98.9	52.3	99.5	406.4	99.1
Over 13 weeks and up to 6 months	60.0	99.4	104.6	99.1	28.3	99.5	195.0	99.2
Over 6 and up to 12 months	38.0	99.3	98.7	99.3	25.9	99.6	163.4	99.3
Over 12 and up to 24 months	5.3	98.6	69.7	99.5	22.5	99.5	97.6	99.5
All over 24 months	0.9	97.1	16.7	98.9	25.2	99.6	42.8	99.3
<b>All durations</b>	<b>244.3</b>	<b>99.2</b>	<b>493.0</b>	<b>99.1</b>	<b>154.2</b>	<b>99.5</b>	<b>905.2</b>	<b>99.2</b>
<b>Men</b>								
Up to 13 weeks	96.8	99.2	153.7	99.0	36.4	99.4	292.7	99.1
Over 13 weeks and up to 6 months	42.2	99.5	82.1	99.2	20.4	99.5	145.8	99.3
Over 6 and up to 12 months	26.1	99.3	78.8	99.3	19.0	99.6	124.4	99.4
Over 12 and up to 24 months	3.7	98.6	57.1	99.6	17.2	99.5	78.0	99.5
All over 24 months	0.5	96.8	14.0	99.0	20.3	99.6	34.8	99.3
<b>All durations</b>	<b>169.3</b>	<b>99.3</b>	<b>385.7</b>	<b>99.2</b>	<b>113.4</b>	<b>99.5</b>	<b>675.7</b>	<b>99.3</b>
<b>Women</b>								
Up to 13 weeks	43.3	99.0	49.6	98.6	15.9	99.5	113.7	98.9
Over 13 weeks and up to 6 months	17.8	99.0	22.5	98.9	7.9	99.6	49.2	99.0
Over 6 and up to 12 months	11.9	99.3	19.9	99.1	6.9	99.7	39.1	99.2
Over 12 and up to 24 months	1.7	98.4	12.6	99.2	5.3	99.4	19.6	99.2
All over 24 months	0.3	97.5	2.8	98.7	4.9	99.6	8.0	99.2
<b>All durations</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>99.1</b>	<b>107.3</b>	<b>98.8</b>	<b>40.8</b>	<b>99.5</b>	<b>229.6</b>	<b>99.0</b>

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system



# Labour Market Data

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## Publication dates of main economic indicators July - September

### Labour market statistics

Unemployment, employment, vacancies, earnings, hours, unit wage costs, claimant count, productivity and industrial disputes.

July .....	14 Wednesday
August .....	11 Wednesday
September .....	15 Wednesday

### Productivity Q2

September .....	30 Thursday
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## Labour Force Survey

The annual local area LFS datasets cover March to February each year. They include additional samples for some local areas in order to enhance the reliability of estimates for local areas. A technical report in the January 2003 issue of *Labour Market Trends* describes how they are produced.

The **Monthly Wages and Salary Survey** covers a sample of firms in Great Britain. The survey obtains details of the gross wages and salaries paid to employees, in respect of the last pay week for the weekly paid, and for the calendar month for the monthly paid. The sample covers the wage bill for some 9 million employees. It is used to calculate the Average Earnings Index.

Data on **Jobcentre vacancies** are produced by Jobcentre Plus as a by-product of its Labour Market System (LMS). LMS is the computer system that manages the currency of vacancies on display, controls their circulation around Jobcentres, and identifies those for liaison action with employers. A vacancies series is available from 1985 to April 2001.

For monthly estimates of changes, the Average Earnings Index is most suitable. For annual changes, the New Earnings Survey should be used. For estimates of levels (amounts workers earn each week or each hour), the sources are the NES and LFS. The NES is preferred as a source of the earnings of full-time employees, and of the hourly earnings of all employees. The LFS is preferred as a source about the earnings of part-time employees. LFS earnings estimates are published in the *LFS Quarterly Supplement*.

Where figures have been rounded to the final digit, there may be an apparent slight discrepancy between the sum of the constituent items and the total as shown. Although figures may be given in unrounded form to facilitate the calculation of percentage changes, rates of change etc by users, this does not imply that the figures can be estimated to this degree of precision, and it must be recognised that they may be the subject of sampling and other errors.

[illegible]

## EMPLOYMENT

### Employment

There are two ways of looking at employment: the number of people in employment or the number of jobs. These two concepts represent different things, as one person can have more than one job (see 'Comparison of sources of employment data', *Labour Market Trends*, December 1997, pp511-16 for more details of differences between the two sources). People aged 16 or over are classed as employed by the Labour Force Survey (LFS), if they have done at least one hour of work in the reference week or are temporarily away from a job (e.g. on holiday). People classify themselves into one of four categories in the LFS (according to their main job if they have more than one): employees, self-employed, unpaid family worker (doing unpaid work for a family-run business) or participating in a government-supported training programme.

### Jobs density

The jobs density is the total number of filled jobs in the area (including employees, self-employed, government-supported trainees and armed forces personnel) divided by the number of working-age residents of the area.

### Workforce jobs

The number of jobs is mainly collected through postal employer surveys (see notes on sources). This gives the number of employee jobs (formerly known as employees in employment). The total number of workforce jobs (formerly known as workforce in employment) is calculated by summing employee jobs, self-employment jobs from the LFS, those in HM Forces and government-supported trainees. As the main part of the estimate is the employee jobs total, this classification represents the employers' perception of how many jobs there are. It excludes homeworkers and private domestic servants.

### Self-employed people (LFS)

Those who, in their main job, work on their own account, whether or not they have employees.

### Self-employment jobs

Part of the total workforce jobs. Includes self-employed people in their main job and people who are employees in their main job who are self-employed in their second job (from the LFS).

### Government-supported trainees

Those on government-supported training programmes are included in the employee jobs estimate if they have a contract of employment. If, however, they do not have a contract of employment they are included in the workforce jobs estimate as government-supported trainees.

### Employment rate

Employment rates can be presented for any population group as the proportion of that group who are in employment. The main presentation of employment rates is the proportion of the population of working age (16-59 for females and 16-64 for males) who are in employment.

## UNEMPLOYMENT

Unemployment is measured according to the ILO definition of unemployment which covers people who are: out of work, want a job, have actively sought work in

the previous four weeks and are available to start work within the next fortnight; or out of work and have accepted a job that they are waiting to start in the next fortnight.

### Unemployment rate

The percentage of economically active people who are unemployed. Can be calculated for any population group.

## ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

### Economically active

The economically active population are those who are either in employment or unemployed.

### Economic activity rate

The number of people who are in employment or unemployed as a percentage of the total population aged 16 and over. Can be calculated for any population group.

## EARNINGS

### Earnings

A measure of gross remuneration people receive in return for work done. It includes salaries and bonuses but does not include non-monetary perks such as benefits in kind. This differs from income, which is the amount of money received from all sources. Income includes interest from building society and bank accounts, dividends from shares, benefit receipts, trust funds, etc. It should be noted that the Average Earnings Index excludes bonuses at the more detailed industry levels shown in Table E.2, in order to reduce volatility in the Index.

### Average Earnings Index

Average earnings are obtained by dividing the total paid by the total number of employees paid, including those on strike. The headline rate is the change in the average seasonally-adjusted index values for the last three months compared with the same period a year ago, and replaces the underlying rate of change.

## HOURS WORKED (New Earnings Survey)

### Normal weekly hours

The time which an employee is expected to work in a normal week excluding all overtime and main meal breaks.

### Weekly hours worked

The actual hours worked during the reference week and hours not worked but paid for under guarantee agreements.

## HOURS WORKED (Labour Force Survey)

Respondents to the LFS are asked a series of questions enabling the identification of both their usual hours and their actual hours during the reference week, excluding meal breaks, but including paid and unpaid overtime.

## CLAIMANT COUNT

### Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance (claimant count)

The claimant count records the number of people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance (JSA) and National Insurance credits, at Jobcentre Plus local offices. People claiming JSA must declare that they are out of work, capable of, available for and actively seeking work during the week in which the claim is made. They enter into a Jobseeker's Agreement setting out the action they

will take to find work and to improve their prospects of finding employment.

### Claimant count rate

The number of claimants resident in an area expressed as a percentage of the sum of claimants and workforce jobs in the area. Published only at national or regional level.

### Claimant count proportion

The number of claimants resident in an area as a percentage of the working-age population resident in that area. These rates are published for local areas.

## VACANCIES

### Vacancies

For the purposes of the Vacancy Survey, vacancies are defined as positions for which employers are actively seeking recruits from outside their business or organisation.

### Jobcentre vacancies

A job opportunity notified by an employer to a Jobcentre (including 'self-employed' opportunities created by employers) which remained unfilled on the day of the count.

## OTHER DEFINITIONS

### General index of retail prices

The Retail Prices Index measures the change in the prices of goods and services bought for the purpose of consumption by the vast majority of households in the UK. The general index includes virtually all types of household spending.

### Labour disputes

Statistics cover disputes (strikes) connected with terms and conditions of employment. Workers involved and working days lost relate to persons both directly and indirectly involved at the establishments where the disputes occurred.

### Productivity

The number of units of output (measured by the Index of Production for the manufacturing sector and by Gross Domestic Product for the whole economy) produced by each filled job.

### Standard Industrial Classification (SIC)

The classification system used to provide a consistent industrial breakdown for UK official statistics. It was revised in 1968, 1980, 1992 and 2003. The SIC 2003 classification splits businesses into 17 sections, A-Q. The breakdown includes the following categories: **production** industries – SIC 2003 Section E including **manufacturing** (Section D); **service** industries – SIC 2003 Sections G-Q.

### Standard Occupational Classification (SOC)

The classification system used to provide a consistent occupational breakdown for UK official statistics. This system was introduced in 1991. The revised classification (SOC2000) replaced SOC90 in the LFS from spring 2001.

### Unit wage costs

A measure of the cost of wages and salaries in producing a unit of output.

# Labour Market Data tables: comparisons of old and new numbers from August 2003

## Old subject, table names and numbers

## New table names and numbers

### GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING MEASURES

Number of people participating in Work-based learning programme	G.1	Number in learning on Work-based learning for young people	K.1
Number of starts on Work-based learning programme	G.2	Number of starts on Work-based learning for young people	K.2
Work-based learning for adults	K.3	Work-based learning for adults	K.4
Work-based learning for young people: qualifications of leavers	G.5	Work-based learning for young people: qualifications of leavers	K.5
Work-based learning for young people: destination of leavers	G.6	Work-based learning for young people: destination of leavers	K.6
Other training: outcomes for completers	G.7	Other training: outcomes for completers	K.7
New Deal 18-24 summary figures	G.11	New Deal 18-24 summary figures	K.11
Numbers participating in New Deal 18-24	G.12	Numbers participating in New Deal 18-24	K.12
Numbers leaving Gateway of New Deal 18-24	G.13	Numbers leaving Gateway of New Deal 18-24	K.13
Immediate destinations on leaving New Deal	G.14	Immediate destinations on leaving New Deal	K.14
Number of 18 to 24-year-olds into employment from New Deal	G.15	Number of 18 to 24-year-olds into employment from New Deal	K.15
New Deal 25+ summary figures	G.16	New Deal 25+ summary figures	K.16
Numbers participating in New Deal 25+	G.17	Numbers participating in New Deal 25+	K.17
Numbers leaving Gateway by destination	G.18	Numbers leaving Gateway by destination	K.18
Number of people into employment from New Deal 25+	G.19	Number of people into employment from New Deal 25+	K.19

### VACANCIES

Vacancies at Jobcentres: UK summary	H.1	Vacancies at Jobcentres: UK summary	G.11
Vacancies at Jobcentres by region	H.2	Vacancies at Jobcentres by region	G.12
Vacancies at Jobcentres and careers offices by region	H.3	Vacancies at Jobcentres and careers offices by region	G.13

### OTHER LABOUR MARKET STATISTICS

Labour market and educational status of young people	H.21	Labour market and educational status of young people	D.4
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# Regularly published statistics

	Frequency	Latest issue	Table number or page		Frequency	Latest issue	Table number or page
<b>LABOUR MARKET STRUCTURE</b>				<b>VACANCIES</b>			
UK summary	M	Jul 2004	A.1	Vacancies	M	Jul 2004	G.1
Trends	M	Jul 2004	A.2	Vacancies by industry	M	Jul 2004	G.2
Other headline indicators	M	Jul 2004	A.3	Vacancies at Jobcentres: UK summary	M**	Jul 2004	G.11
Working-age households	Q	May 2004	A.4	Vacancies at Jobcentres by region	M**	Jul 2004	G.12
Regional labour market summary	M	Jul 2004	A.11	Vacancies at Jobcentres and careers offices by region	M	Jul 2004	G.13
Unitary authorities and local authority districts	M	Jul 2004	A.12				
<b>EMPLOYMENT AND PRODUCTIVITY</b>				<b>OTHER LABOUR MARKET STATISTICS</b>			
Employment by category	M	Jul 2004	B.1	Labour disputes: summary	M	Jul 2004	H.11
Employment by age	M	Jul 2004	B.2	Labour disputes: stoppages in progress: industry	M	Jul 2004	H.12
Employment by occupation	Q	May 2004	B.3	Labour disputes: annual report	A	Jun 2004	235
Workforce jobs	M (Q)	Jul 2004	B.11	International labour disputes	A	Apr 2004	145
Employee jobs by industry	M	Jul 2004	B.12	Trade union membership	A	Mar 2004	99
Employee jobs: production industries: UK	M	Jul 2004	B.13	Economic activity of young people	Q†	Nov 2003	537
Employee jobs: division, class or group: UK	Q	Jul 2004	B.14	People with disabilities and the labour market	Q†	Dec 2003	598
Employee jobs: division, class or group: GB	Q	Jul 2004	B.15	Jobseekers with disabilities placed into employment	M	Jul 2004	H.22
Employee jobs by region and industry	Q	May 2004	B.16	Ethnic groups: labour market status	Q†	Dec 2003	599
Employment in tourism-related industries	Q	May 2004	B.17	Women in the labour market	Q†	Nov 2003	538
Workforce jobs by industry	M (Q)	Jul 2004	B.18	Job-related training	Q†	Dec 2003	600
Actual weekly hours of work	M	Jul 2004	B.21	Redundancies	Q	May 2004	H.31
Usual weekly hours of work	M	Jul 2004	B.22	Redundancies by region	Q	May 2004	H.32
Indices of output, productivity jobs, output per filled job and output per hour worked	M (Q)	Jul 2004	B.32	Redundancies by industry	Q	May 2004	H.33
Total workforce hours worked per week	Q	Jul 2004	B.33	Regional Selective Assistance by region	Q	Jul 2004	H.41
Total workforce hours worked per week: by region and industry group	Q	May 2004	B.34	Regional Selective Assistance by company	Q	Jul 2004	H.42
Job-related training	Q	May 2004	B.41	Sickness absence	Q†	Nov 2003	539
Selected countries: national definitions	Q	May 2004	B.51				
<b>UNEMPLOYMENT</b>				<b>RETAIL PRICES AND ECONOMIC INDICATORS</b>			
Unemployment by age and duration	M	Jul 2004	C.1	Background economic indicators	M	Jul 2004	J.1
Unemployment rates by age	M	Jul 2004	C.2	Retail prices: summary	M	Jul 2004	J.11
Unemployment rates by previous occupation	Q	May 2004	C.4	Harmonised Indices of Consumer Prices	M	Jul 2004	J.12
International comparisons	M	Jul 2004	C.5				
<b>ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY</b>				<b>GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING MEASURES</b>			
Economic activity by age	M	Jul 2004	D.1	Number in learning on Work-based learning for young people	B	May 2004	K.1
Economic inactivity	M	Jul 2004	D.2	Number of starts on Work-based learning for young people	B***	May 2004	K.2
Economic inactivity by age	M	Jul 2004	D.3	Success rates in Learning and Skills Council-Funded Work-based Learning provision	A	Nov 2003	K.3
Labour market and educational status of young people	M	Jul 2004	D.4	Work-based learning for adults	Q	Jul 2004	K.4
				Work-based learning for young people: qualifications of leavers	Q†	Dec 2002	K.5
<b>EARNINGS AND UNIT WAGE COSTS</b>				Work-based learning for young people: destination of leavers	Q†	Dec 2002	K.6
Average Earnings Index: main industrial sectors	M	Jul 2004	E.1	Other training: outcomes for completers	Q†	Dec 2002	K.7
Average Earnings Index: by industry	M	Jul 2004	E.2	Summary of New Deal for Young People and New Deal 25 plus	Q	Jul 2004	K.11
Average earnings: effects of bonus payments	M	Jul 2004	E.4	Numbers participating in New Deal for young people	Q	Jul 2004	K.12
New Earnings Survey: quarterly projections	Q	Jun 2004	E.11	Numbers participating in New Deal 25 plus	Q	Jul 2004	K.13
New Earnings Survey: report	A	Dec 2003	601	Immediate destinations on leaving New Deal for Young People	Q	Jul 2004	K.14
Average earnings and hours: manual employees	Q (A)†	Sep 2003	E.12	Immediate destinations on leaving enhanced New Deal 25 plus	Q	Jul 2004	K.15
Average earnings and hours: non-manual employees	Q (A)†	Sep 2003	E.13	Summary of people into jobs through New Deal	Q	Jul 2004	K.16
Average earnings and hours: all employees	Q (A)	Jun 2004	E.14	Numbers participating in New Deal 25+	Q†	Oct 2003	K.17
Unit wage costs	M	Jul 2004	E.21	Numbers leaving Gateway by destination	Q†	Oct 2003	K.18
Earnings: international comparisons	M	Jul 2004	E.31	Number of people into employment from New Deal 25+	Q†	Oct 2003	K.19
<b>CLAIMANT COUNT</b>				Frequency of publication, with frequency of compilation shown in brackets if different: <b>A</b> – Annual <b>B</b> – Biannually <b>Q</b> – Quarterly <b>M</b> – Monthly			
Claimant count by region	M	Jul 2004	F.1				
Claimant count by age and duration	M	Jul 2004	F.2	* Currently suspended. Last appeared as Table C.14 (see pS4.)			
Claimant count by age and duration: regions	M	Jul 2004	F.3	** Data suspended since April 2001.			
Claimant count by sought and usual occupation	M*	Dec 2000	F.4	*** Data suspended since January 2004.			
Claimant count: Travel-to-Work Areas	M†	Oct 2003	F.11	† Discontinued.			
Claimant count: counties/local authorities	M	Jul 2004	F.12				
Claimant count: Parliamentary constituencies	M	Jul 2004	F.13				
Claimant count: NUTS2 and NUTS3 areas	M†	Oct 2003	F.14				
Claimant count flows	M	Jul 2004	F.21				
Claimant count: number of previous claims	Q	May 2004	F.22				
Interval between claims	Q	Jun 2004	F.23				
Destination of leavers from claimant count	M	Jul 2004	F.24				
Average duration of claims by age	Q	Jul 2004	F.25				



# A.1 LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

## Labour Force Survey summary: all, seasonally adjusted

Thousands

UNITED KINGDOM									
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	All	Total economically active	Total in employment <sup>a</sup>	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
All people aged 16 and over	MGSL	MGSF	MGRZ	MGSC	MGSI	MGWG	MGSR	MGSX	YBTC
Spring quarters (Mar-May)									
1992	45,004	28,437	25,641	2,796	16,567	63.2	57.0	9.8	36.8
1993	45,041	28,254	25,300	2,954	16,787	62.7	56.2	10.5	37.3
1994	45,089	28,227	25,476	2,751	16,862	62.6	56.5	9.7	37.4
1995	45,200	28,225	25,754	2,470	16,975	62.4	57.0	8.8	37.6
1996	45,345	28,363	26,020	2,343	16,982	62.5	57.4	8.3	37.5
1997	45,494	28,506	26,464	2,042	16,988	62.7	58.2	7.2	37.3
1998	45,643	28,500	26,721	1,779	17,142	62.4	58.5	6.2	37.6
1999	45,825	28,802	27,048	1,754	17,024	62.9	59.0	6.1	37.1
2000	46,054	29,047	27,413	1,633	17,008	63.1	59.5	5.6	36.9
2001	46,351	29,088	27,660	1,428	17,263	62.8	59.7	4.9	37.2
2002	46,628	29,355	27,816	1,539	17,272	63.0	59.7	5.2	37.0
2003	46,903	29,580	28,095	1,485	17,323	63.1	59.9	5.0	36.9
<b>3-month averages</b>									
<b>Feb-Apr 2002</b>	<b>46,606</b>	<b>29,310</b>	<b>27,797</b>	<b>1,513</b>	<b>17,295</b>	<b>62.9</b>	<b>59.6</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>37.1</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	46,628	29,355	27,816	1,539	17,272	63.0	59.7	5.2	37.0
Apr-Jun	46,650	29,373	27,850	1,522	17,277	63.0	59.7	5.2	37.0
May-Jul	46,672	29,345	27,826	1,519	17,326	62.9	59.6	5.2	37.1
Jun-Aug (Sum)	46,694	29,387	27,861	1,525	17,307	62.9	59.7	5.2	37.1
Jul-Sep	46,717	29,396	27,846	1,550	17,321	62.9	59.6	5.3	37.1
Aug-Oct	46,740	29,470	27,931	1,538	17,271	63.0	59.8	5.2	37.0
Sep-Nov (Aut)	46,764	29,484	27,959	1,525	17,279	63.0	59.8	5.2	37.0
Oct-Dec	46,787	29,518	28,000	1,517	17,269	63.1	59.8	5.1	36.9
Nov 2002-Jan 2003	46,810	29,479	28,010	1,469	17,331	63.0	59.8	5.0	37.0
Dec 2002-Feb 2003 (Win)	46,833	29,514	28,012	1,502	17,319	63.0	59.8	5.1	37.0
Jan-Mar 2003	46,857	29,554	28,049	1,504	17,303	63.1	59.9	5.1	36.9
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>46,880</b>	<b>29,559</b>	<b>28,056</b>	<b>1,503</b>	<b>17,321</b>	<b>63.1</b>	<b>59.8</b>	<b>5.1</b>	<b>36.9</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	46,903	29,580	28,095	1,485	17,323	63.1	59.9	5.0	36.9
Apr-Jun	46,927	29,586	28,112	1,473	17,341	63.0	59.9	5.0	37.0
May-Jul	46,950	29,621	28,122	1,499	17,329	63.1	59.9	5.1	36.9
Jun-Aug (Sum)	46,973	29,590	28,103	1,487	17,383	63.0	59.8	5.0	37.0
Jul-Sep	46,997	29,614	28,130	1,484	17,383	63.0	59.9	5.0	37.0
Aug-Oct	47,020	29,620	28,151	1,469	17,400	63.0	59.9	5.0	37.0
Sep-Nov (Aut)	47,043	29,606	28,147	1,459	17,437	62.9	59.8	4.9	37.1
Oct-Dec	47,067	29,613	28,152	1,462	17,454	62.9	59.8	4.9	37.1
<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>47,090</b>	<b>29,708</b>	<b>28,272</b>	<b>1,436</b>	<b>17,382</b>	<b>63.1</b>	<b>60.0</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>36.9</b>
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	47,114	29,756	28,330	1,426	17,357	63.2	60.1	4.8	36.8
Jan-Mar 2004	47,137	29,760	28,346	1,413	17,378	63.1	60.1	4.7	36.9
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>47,161</b>	<b>29,729</b>	<b>28,302</b>	<b>1,427</b>	<b>17,432</b>	<b>63.0</b>	<b>60.0</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>37.0</b>
<b>Changes</b>									
<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>-9</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Percent	0.1	0.1	0.1	-0.6	0.3				
<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>281</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>246</b>	<b>-77</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Percent	0.6	0.6	0.9	-5.1	0.6				
All people aged 16-59(W)/64(M)	YBTF	YBSK	YBSE	YBSH	YBSN	MGSO	MGSU	YBTI	YBTL
Spring quarters (Mar-May)									
1992	34,888	27,591	24,827	2,764	7,297	79.1	71.2	10.0	20.9
1993	34,903	27,449	24,529	2,920	7,454	78.6	70.3	10.6	21.4
1994	34,946	27,421	24,697	2,725	7,525	78.5	70.7	9.9	21.5
1995	35,036	27,412	24,961	2,452	7,623	78.2	71.2	8.9	21.8
1996	35,157	27,573	25,250	2,322	7,584	78.4	71.8	8.4	21.6
1997	35,280	27,680	25,662	2,019	7,599	78.5	72.7	7.3	21.5
1998	35,387	27,705	25,946	1,759	7,683	78.3	73.3	6.3	21.7
1999	35,536	27,965	26,231	1,734	7,571	78.7	73.8	6.2	21.3
2000	35,724	28,199	26,583	1,617	7,525	78.9	74.4	5.7	21.1
2001	35,968	28,255	26,842	1,413	7,713	78.6	74.6	5.0	21.4
2002	36,181	28,447	26,929	1,518	7,734	78.6	74.4	5.3	21.4
2003	36,366	28,630	27,163	1,468	7,736	78.7	74.7	5.1	21.3
<b>3-month averages</b>									
<b>Feb-Apr 2002</b>	<b>36,164</b>	<b>28,416</b>	<b>26,921</b>	<b>1,495</b>	<b>7,749</b>	<b>78.6</b>	<b>74.4</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>21.4</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	36,181	28,447	26,929	1,518	7,734	78.6	74.4	5.3	21.4
Apr-Jun	36,198	28,468	26,967	1,501	7,730	78.6	74.5	5.3	21.4
May-Jul	36,214	28,442	26,944	1,497	7,772	78.5	74.4	5.3	21.5
Jun-Aug (Sum)	36,231	28,492	26,989	1,503	7,739	78.6	74.5	5.3	21.4
Jul-Sep	36,246	28,487	26,959	1,528	7,758	78.6	74.4	5.4	21.4
Aug-Oct	36,261	28,553	27,037	1,516	7,707	78.7	74.6	5.3	21.3
Sep-Nov (Aut)	36,276	28,571	27,065	1,507	7,704	78.8	74.6	5.3	21.2
Oct-Dec	36,291	28,605	27,108	1,497	7,686	78.8	74.7	5.2	21.2
Nov 2002-Jan 2003	36,306	28,558	27,105	1,453	7,748	78.7	74.7	5.1	21.3
Dec 2002-Feb 2003 (Win)	36,321	28,584	27,100	1,484	7,737	78.7	74.6	5.2	21.3
Jan-Mar 2003	36,336	28,617	27,129	1,488	7,719	78.8	74.7	5.2	21.2
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>36,351</b>	<b>28,610</b>	<b>27,126</b>	<b>1,484</b>	<b>7,741</b>	<b>78.7</b>	<b>74.6</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>21.3</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	36,366	28,630	27,163	1,468	7,736	78.7	74.7	5.1	21.3
Apr-Jun	36,381	28,637	27,181	1,456	7,744	78.7	74.7	5.1	21.3
May-Jul	36,396	28,665	27,181	1,483	7,731	78.8	74.7	5.2	21.2
Jun-Aug (Sum)	36,411	28,619	27,145	1,473	7,792	78.6	74.6	5.1	21.4
Jul-Sep	36,426	28,638	27,168	1,469	7,788	78.6	74.6	5.1	21.4
Aug-Oct	36,440	28,632	27,180	1,453	7,808	78.6	74.6	5.1	21.4
Sep-Nov (Aut)	36,455	28,621	27,182	1,440	7,834	78.5	74.6	5.0	21.5
Oct-Dec	36,470	28,626	27,186	1,440	7,844	78.5	74.5	5.0	21.5
<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>36,485</b>	<b>28,715</b>	<b>27,297</b>	<b>1,418</b>	<b>7,770</b>	<b>78.7</b>	<b>74.8</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>21.3</b>
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	36,500	28,756	27,349	1,408	7,743	78.8	74.9	4.9	21.2
Jan-Mar 2004	36,514	28,750	27,356	1,394	7,764	78.7	74.9	4.8	21.3
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>36,529</b>	<b>28,723</b>	<b>27,314</b>	<b>1,409</b>	<b>7,806</b>	<b>78.6</b>	<b>74.8</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>21.4</b>
<b>Changes</b>									
<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>-9</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.1</b>
Percent	0.1	0.0	0.1	-0.6	0.5				
<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>178</b>	<b>113</b>	<b>189</b>	<b>-76</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>0.1</b>
Percent	0.5	0.4	0.7	-5.1	0.8				

a Since spring 1992 unpaid family workers have been classified as in employment.

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+5; 2=3+4; 6=2/1; 7=3/1; 8=4/2; 9=5/1.  
See technical note on pS12.

Source: Labour Force Survey  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

# LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

## Labour Force Survey summary: male, seasonally adjusted

# A.1

Thousands

UNITED KINGDOM SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	All aged 16 and over	Total economically active	Total in employment <sup>a</sup>	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
<b>Males aged 16 and over</b>	<b>MGSM</b>	<b>MGSG</b>	<b>MGSA</b>	<b>MGSD</b>	<b>MGSJ</b>	<b>MGWH</b>	<b>MGSS</b>	<b>MGSY</b>	<b>YBTD</b>
<b>Spring quarters</b>									
(Mar-May)									
1992	21,632	15,997	14,141	1,856	5,634	74.0	65.4	11.6	26.0
1993	21,651	15,796	13,825	1,971	5,855	73.0	63.9	12.5	27.0
1994	21,670	15,737	13,929	1,807	5,933	72.6	64.3	11.5	27.4
1995	21,728	15,707	14,116	1,591	6,021	72.3	65.0	10.1	27.7
1996	21,805	15,706	14,183	1,522	6,100	72.0	65.0	9.7	28.0
1997	21,881	15,703	14,422	1,280	6,179	71.8	65.9	8.2	28.2
1998	21,957	15,657	14,584	1,073	6,300	71.3	66.4	6.9	28.7
1999	22,057	15,776	14,710	1,066	6,281	71.5	66.7	6.8	28.5
2000	22,181	15,875	14,904	971	6,306	71.6	67.2	6.1	28.4
2001	22,354	15,856	15,011	845	6,498	70.9	67.1	5.3	29.1
2002	22,511	15,943	15,027	916	6,568	70.8	66.8	5.7	29.2
2003	22,661	16,110	15,212	898	6,551	71.1	67.1	5.6	28.9
<b>3-month averages</b>									
<b>Feb-Apr 2002</b>	<b>22,499</b>	<b>15,929</b>	<b>15,015</b>	<b>914</b>	<b>6,569</b>	<b>70.8</b>	<b>66.7</b>	<b>5.7</b>	<b>29.2</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	22,511	15,943	15,027	916	6,568	70.8	66.8	5.7	29.2
Apr-Jun	22,523	15,948	15,036	912	6,575	70.8	66.8	5.7	29.2
May-Jul	22,535	15,950	15,037	914	6,585	70.8	66.7	5.7	29.2
Jun-Aug (Sum)	22,548	15,963	15,049	914	6,585	70.8	66.7	5.7	29.2
Jul-Sep	22,560	15,971	15,032	940	6,589	70.8	66.6	5.9	29.2
Aug-Oct	22,573	16,032	15,112	920	6,541	71.0	66.9	5.7	29.0
Sep-Nov (Aut)	22,585	16,045	15,132	913	6,540	71.0	67.0	5.7	29.0
Oct-Dec	22,598	16,076	15,182	894	6,522	71.1	67.2	5.6	28.9
Nov 2002-Jan 2003	22,611	16,040	15,171	869	6,571	70.9	67.1	5.4	29.1
Dec 2002-Feb 2003 (Win)	22,623	16,062	15,154	908	6,561	71.0	67.0	5.7	29.0
Jan-Mar 2003	22,636	16,075	15,162	913	6,561	71.0	67.0	5.7	29.0
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>22,648</b>	<b>16,088</b>	<b>15,178</b>	<b>911</b>	<b>6,560</b>	<b>71.0</b>	<b>67.0</b>	<b>5.7</b>	<b>29.0</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	22,661	16,110	15,212	898	6,551	71.1	67.1	5.6	28.9
Apr-Jun	22,674	16,124	15,235	889	6,550	71.1	67.2	5.5	28.9
May-Jul	22,686	16,136	15,236	900	6,550	71.1	67.2	5.6	28.9
Jun-Aug (Sum)	22,699	16,111	15,217	894	6,588	71.0	67.0	5.5	29.0
Jul-Sep	22,711	16,108	15,221	887	6,603	70.9	67.0	5.5	29.1
Aug-Oct	22,724	16,094	15,210	883	6,631	70.8	66.9	5.5	29.2
Sep-Nov (Aut)	22,737	16,079	15,200	879	6,657	70.7	66.9	5.5	29.3
Oct-Dec	22,750	16,075	15,192	883	6,675	70.7	66.8	5.5	29.3
<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>22,762</b>	<b>16,104</b>	<b>15,243</b>	<b>862</b>	<b>6,658</b>	<b>70.8</b>	<b>67.0</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>29.2</b>
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	22,775	16,136	15,292	844	6,639	70.9	67.1	5.2	29.1
Jan-Mar 2004	22,788	16,133	15,304	829	6,655	70.8	67.2	5.1	29.2
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>22,800</b>	<b>16,114</b>	<b>15,275</b>	<b>839</b>	<b>6,686</b>	<b>70.7</b>	<b>67.0</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>29.3</b>
<b>Changes</b>									
<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>-22</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>0.1</b>
Per cent	0.2	0.1	0.2	-2.6	0.4				
<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>-71</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>-0.4</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-0.5</b>	<b>0.4</b>
Per cent	0.7	0.2	0.6	-7.8	1.9				
<b>Males aged 16 to 64</b>	<b>YBTG</b>	<b>YBSL</b>	<b>YBSF</b>	<b>YBSI</b>	<b>YBSO</b>	<b>MGSP</b>	<b>MGSV</b>	<b>YBTJ</b>	<b>YBTM</b>
<b>Spring quarters</b>									
(Mar-May)									
1992	18,089	15,681	13,840	1,840	2,409	86.7	76.5	11.7	13.3
1993	18,082	15,528	13,569	1,958	2,554	85.9	75.0	12.6	14.1
1994	18,079	15,462	13,665	1,796	2,618	85.5	75.6	11.6	14.5
1995	18,110	15,410	13,828	1,582	2,700	85.1	76.4	10.3	14.9
1996	18,158	15,429	13,918	1,511	2,729	85.0	76.6	9.8	15.0
1997	18,206	15,424	14,155	1,269	2,782	84.7	77.7	8.2	15.3
1998	18,253	15,375	14,312	1,063	2,878	84.2	78.4	6.9	15.8
1999	18,328	15,482	14,424	1,058	2,846	84.5	78.7	6.8	15.5
2000	18,421	15,584	14,620	964	2,837	84.6	79.4	6.2	15.4
2001	18,549	15,586	14,747	839	2,963	84.0	79.5	5.4	16.0
2002	18,655	15,645	14,739	906	3,011	83.9	79.0	5.8	16.1
2003	18,751	15,767	14,876	890	2,984	84.1	79.3	5.6	15.9
<b>3-month averages</b>									
<b>Feb-Apr 2002</b>	<b>18,647</b>	<b>15,635</b>	<b>14,730</b>	<b>905</b>	<b>3,012</b>	<b>83.8</b>	<b>79.0</b>	<b>5.8</b>	<b>16.2</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	18,655	15,645	14,739	906	3,011	83.9	79.0	5.8	16.1
Apr-Jun	18,663	15,646	14,744	903	3,017	83.8	79.0	5.8	16.2
May-Jul	18,671	15,649	14,745	904	3,022	83.8	79.0	5.8	16.2
Jun-Aug (Sum)	18,679	15,661	14,756	904	3,018	83.8	79.0	5.8	16.2
Jul-Sep	18,687	15,662	14,732	930	3,026	83.8	78.8	5.9	16.2
Aug-Oct	18,695	15,712	14,802	910	2,983	84.0	79.2	5.8	16.0
Sep-Nov (Aut)	18,703	15,728	14,823	906	2,975	84.1	79.3	5.8	15.9
Oct-Dec	18,711	15,758	14,870	887	2,953	84.2	79.5	5.6	15.8
Nov 2002-Jan 2003	18,719	15,723	14,859	864	2,996	84.0	79.4	5.5	16.0
Dec 2002-Feb 2003 (Win)	18,727	15,733	14,833	900	2,994	84.0	79.2	5.7	16.0
Jan-Mar 2003	18,735	15,739	14,833	906	2,996	84.0	79.2	5.8	16.0
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>18,743</b>	<b>15,746</b>	<b>14,846</b>	<b>901</b>	<b>2,997</b>	<b>84.0</b>	<b>79.2</b>	<b>5.7</b>	<b>16.0</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	18,751	15,767	14,876	890	2,984	84.1	79.3	5.6	15.9
Apr-Jun	18,759	15,784	14,904	881	2,975	84.1	79.4	5.6	15.9
May-Jul	18,767	15,796	14,903	894	2,971	84.2	79.4	5.7	15.8
Jun-Aug (Sum)	18,775	15,766	14,880	887	3,009	84.0	79.3	5.6	16.0
Jul-Sep	18,783	15,766	14,887	879	3,017	83.9	79.3	5.6	16.1
Aug-Oct	18,792	15,753	14,879	874	3,039	83.8	79.2	5.6	16.2
Sep-Nov (Aut)	18,800	15,740	14,871	868	3,060	83.7	79.1	5.5	16.3
Oct-Dec	18,809	15,733	14,861	872	3,076	83.6	79.0	5.5	16.4
<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>18,817</b>	<b>15,763</b>	<b>14,912</b>	<b>851</b>	<b>3,054</b>	<b>83.8</b>	<b>79.2</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>16.2</b>
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	18,826	15,794	14,959	835	3,032	83.9	79.5	5.3	16.1
Jan-Mar 2004	18,834	15,786	14,967	819	3,048	83.8	79.5	5.2	16.2
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>18,843</b>	<b>15,772</b>	<b>14,942</b>	<b>830</b>	<b>3,071</b>	<b>83.7</b>	<b>79.3</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>16.3</b>
<b>Changes</b>									
<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>-22</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>0.1</b>
Per cent	0.1	0.1	0.2	-2.5	0.5				
<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>-71</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>-0.5</b>	<b>0.3</b>
Per cent	0.5	0.2	0.7	-7.9	2.5				

Source: Labour Force Survey  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

a Since spring 1992 unpaid family workers have been classified as in employment.

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+5; 2=3+4; 6=2/1; 7=3/1; 8=4/2; 9=5/1.  
See technical note on pS12.

# A.1 LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

## Labour Force Survey summary: female, seasonally adjusted

Thousands

UNITED KINGDOM		Total economically active	Total in employment <sup>a</sup>	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED		All							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
<b>Females aged 16 and over</b>	<b>MGSN</b>	<b>MGSH</b>	<b>MGSB</b>	<b>MGSE</b>	<b>MGSK</b>	<b>MGWI</b>	<b>MGST</b>	<b>MGSZ</b>	<b>YBTE</b>
<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>									
1992	23,372	12,440	11,500	940	10,932	53.2	49.2	7.6	46.8
1993	23,390	12,458	11,475	983	10,932	53.3	49.1	7.9	46.7
1994	23,419	12,490	11,546	944	10,928	53.3	49.3	7.6	46.7
1995	23,471	12,518	11,638	879	10,953	53.3	49.6	7.0	46.7
1996	23,540	12,657	11,837	820	10,882	53.8	50.3	6.5	46.2
1997	23,613	12,803	12,041	762	10,809	54.2	51.0	6.0	45.8
1998	23,685	12,844	12,137	707	10,842	54.2	51.2	5.5	45.8
1999	23,768	13,025	12,338	687	10,742	54.8	51.9	5.3	45.2
2000	23,873	13,171	12,510	662	10,702	55.2	52.4	5.0	44.8
2001	23,996	13,231	12,649	582	10,765	55.1	52.7	4.4	44.9
2002	24,117	13,412	12,789	623	10,704	55.6	53.0	4.6	44.4
2003	24,242	13,470	12,883	587	10,772	55.6	53.1	4.4	44.4
<b>3-month averages</b>									
<b>Feb-Apr 2002</b>	<b>24,107</b>	<b>13,381</b>	<b>12,782</b>	<b>599</b>	<b>10,726</b>	<b>55.5</b>	<b>53.0</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>44.5</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	24,117	13,412	12,789	623	10,704	55.6	53.0	4.6	44.4
Apr-Jun	24,126	13,424	12,814	610	10,702	55.6	53.1	4.5	44.4
May-Jul	24,136	13,395	12,789	606	10,741	55.5	53.0	4.5	44.5
Jun-Aug (Sum)	24,146	13,424	12,812	611	10,722	55.6	53.1	4.6	44.4
Jul-Sep	24,157	13,425	12,814	610	10,732	55.6	53.0	4.5	44.4
Aug-Oct	24,167	13,437	12,819	619	10,730	55.6	53.0	4.6	44.4
Sep-Nov (Aut)	24,178	13,439	12,827	612	10,739	55.6	53.1	4.6	44.4
Oct-Dec	24,189	13,441	12,818	624	10,747	55.6	53.0	4.6	44.4
Nov 2002-Jan 2003	24,200	13,440	12,839	600	10,760	55.5	53.1	4.5	44.5
Dec 2002-Feb 2003 (Win)	24,210	13,452	12,858	594	10,758	55.6	53.1	4.4	44.4
Jan-Mar 2003	24,221	13,479	12,887	591	10,742	55.6	53.2	4.4	44.4
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>24,232</b>	<b>13,471</b>	<b>12,878</b>	<b>593</b>	<b>10,761</b>	<b>55.6</b>	<b>53.1</b>	<b>4.4</b>	<b>44.4</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	24,242	13,470	12,883	587	10,772	55.6	53.1	4.4	44.4
Apr-Jun	24,253	13,462	12,878	584	10,791	55.5	53.1	4.3	44.5
May-Jul	24,264	13,485	12,886	598	10,779	55.6	53.1	4.4	44.4
Jun-Aug (Sum)	24,274	13,479	12,886	594	10,795	55.5	53.1	4.4	44.5
Jul-Sep	24,285	13,505	12,909	597	10,780	55.6	53.2	4.4	44.4
Aug-Oct	24,296	13,527	12,941	586	10,769	55.7	53.3	4.3	44.3
Sep-Nov (Aut)	24,307	13,527	12,947	580	10,780	55.7	53.3	4.3	44.3
Oct-Dec	24,317	13,538	12,960	578	10,779	55.7	53.3	4.3	44.3
<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>24,328</b>	<b>13,603</b>	<b>13,029</b>	<b>574</b>	<b>10,725</b>	<b>55.9</b>	<b>53.6</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>44.1</b>
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	24,339	13,620	13,038	582	10,719	56.0	53.6	4.3	44.0
Jan-Mar 2004	24,350	13,627	13,043	584	10,723	56.0	53.6	4.3	44.0
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>24,360</b>	<b>13,615</b>	<b>13,027</b>	<b>588</b>	<b>10,745</b>	<b>55.9</b>	<b>53.5</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>44.1</b>
<b>Changes</b>									
<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>-2</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Percent	0.1	0.1	0.0	2.3	0.2				
<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>129</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>149</b>	<b>-5</b>	<b>-15</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-0.3</b>
Percent	0.5	1.1	1.2	-0.9	-0.1				
<b>Females aged 16 to 59</b>	<b>YBTH</b>	<b>YBSM</b>	<b>YBSG</b>	<b>YBSJ</b>	<b>YBSP</b>	<b>MGSQ</b>	<b>MGSW</b>	<b>YBTK</b>	<b>YBTN</b>
<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>									
1992	16,799	11,910	10,986	924	4,888	70.9	65.4	7.8	29.1
1993	16,821	11,922	10,960	962	4,899	70.9	65.2	8.1	29.1
1994	16,866	11,960	11,031	928	4,907	70.9	65.4	7.8	29.1
1995	16,926	12,002	11,133	869	4,924	70.9	65.8	7.2	29.1
1996	16,999	12,144	11,333	812	4,855	71.4	66.7	6.7	28.6
1997	17,074	12,257	11,507	750	4,817	71.8	67.4	6.1	28.2
1998	17,135	12,330	11,634	696	4,805	72.0	67.9	5.6	28.0
1999	17,208	12,483	11,807	677	4,725	72.5	68.6	5.4	27.5
2000	17,303	12,615	11,963	652	4,688	72.9	69.1	5.2	27.1
2001	17,418	12,669	12,094	575	4,749	72.7	69.4	4.5	27.3
2002	17,526	12,802	12,190	612	4,723	73.0	69.6	4.8	27.0
2003	17,615	12,863	12,286	577	4,751	73.0	69.7	4.5	27.0
<b>3-month averages</b>									
<b>Feb-Apr 2002</b>	<b>17,517</b>	<b>12,781</b>	<b>12,191</b>	<b>590</b>	<b>4,736</b>	<b>73.0</b>	<b>69.6</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>27.0</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	17,526	12,802	12,190	612	4,723	73.0	69.6	4.8	27.0
Apr-Jun	17,534	12,821	12,223	598	4,713	73.1	69.7	4.7	26.9
May-Jul	17,543	12,793	12,200	593	4,750	72.9	69.5	4.6	27.1
Jun-Aug (Sum)	17,551	12,831	12,233	599	4,720	73.1	69.7	4.7	26.9
Jul-Sep	17,558	12,826	12,228	598	4,733	73.0	69.6	4.7	27.0
Aug-Oct	17,565	12,841	12,235	606	4,724	73.1	69.7	4.7	26.9
Sep-Nov (Aut)	17,573	12,843	12,242	601	4,729	73.1	69.7	4.7	26.9
Oct-Dec	17,580	12,847	12,237	610	4,732	73.1	69.6	4.7	26.9
Nov 2002-Jan 2003	17,587	12,835	12,246	589	4,752	73.0	69.6	4.6	27.0
Dec 2002-Feb 2003 (Win)	17,594	12,850	12,267	584	4,743	73.0	69.7	4.5	27.0
Jan-Mar 2003	17,601	12,878	12,296	582	4,723	73.2	69.9	4.5	26.8
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>17,608</b>	<b>12,864</b>	<b>12,280</b>	<b>584</b>	<b>4,744</b>	<b>73.1</b>	<b>69.7</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>26.9</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	17,615	12,863	12,286	577	4,751	73.0	69.7	4.5	27.0
Apr-Jun	17,622	12,853	12,277	576	4,769	72.9	69.7	4.5	27.1
May-Jul	17,629	12,868	12,279	590	4,760	73.0	69.6	4.6	27.0
Jun-Aug (Sum)	17,636	12,852	12,266	587	4,784	72.9	69.5	4.6	27.1
Jul-Sep	17,642	12,871	12,281	590	4,771	73.0	69.6	4.6	27.0
Aug-Oct	17,649	12,880	12,301	578	4,769	73.0	69.7	4.5	27.0
Sep-Nov (Aut)	17,655	12,882	12,310	571	4,773	73.0	69.7	4.4	27.0
Oct-Dec	17,661	12,893	12,325	568	4,768	73.0	69.8	4.4	27.0
<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>17,668</b>	<b>12,952</b>	<b>12,386</b>	<b>566</b>	<b>4,716</b>	<b>73.3</b>	<b>70.1</b>	<b>4.4</b>	<b>26.7</b>
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	17,674	12,963	12,390	573	4,711	73.3	70.1	4.4	26.7
Jan-Mar 2004	17,680	12,964	12,389	575	4,716	73.3	70.1	4.4	26.7
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>17,687</b>	<b>12,951</b>	<b>12,372</b>	<b>579</b>	<b>4,735</b>	<b>73.2</b>	<b>70.0</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>26.8</b>
<b>Changes</b>									
<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>-1</b>	<b>-13</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.1</b>
Percent	0.1	0.0	-0.1	2.3	0.4				
<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>-4</b>	<b>-9</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-0.2</b>
Percent	0.4	0.7	0.7	-0.8	-0.2				

<sup>a</sup> Since spring 1992 unpaid family workers have been classified as in employment.

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+5; 2=3+4; 6=2/1; 7=3/1; 8=4/2; 9=5/1. See technical note on pS12.

Source: Labour Force Survey  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

# LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

## Labour Force Survey summary: all, not seasonally adjusted

# A.1

Thousands

UNITED KINGDOM									
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	All	Total economically active	Total in employment <sup>a</sup>	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
<b>All people aged 16 and over</b>	<b>MGSL</b>	<b>MGTS</b>	<b>MGTM</b>	<b>MGTP</b>	<b>MGTV</b>	<b>AAAAM</b>	<b>MGUE</b>	<b>MGUK</b>	<b>IABVK</b>
<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>									
1992	45,004	28,326	25,591	2,735	16,678	62.9	56.9	9.7	37.1
1993	45,041	28,141	25,248	2,894	16,899	62.5	56.1	10.3	37.5
1994	45,089	28,109	25,417	2,692	16,980	62.3	56.4	9.6	37.7
1995	45,200	28,098	25,685	2,414	17,101	62.2	56.8	8.6	37.8
1996	45,345	28,227	25,937	2,290	17,118	62.2	57.2	8.1	37.8
1997	45,494	28,362	26,369	1,994	17,132	62.3	58.0	7.0	37.7
1998	45,643	28,351	26,619	1,732	17,292	62.1	58.3	6.1	37.9
1999	45,825	28,652	26,945	1,706	17,173	62.5	58.8	6.0	37.5
2000	46,054	28,900	27,317	1,583	17,154	62.8	59.3	5.5	37.2
2001	46,351	28,948	27,574	1,375	17,402	62.5	59.5	4.7	37.5
2002	46,628	29,222	27,739	1,483	17,406	62.7	59.5	5.1	37.3
2003	46,903	29,450	28,025	1,425	17,453	62.8	59.8	4.8	37.2
<b>3-month averages</b>									
<b>Feb-Apr 2002</b>	<b>46,606</b>	<b>29,215</b>	<b>27,706</b>	<b>1,509</b>	<b>17,391</b>	<b>62.7</b>	<b>59.4</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>37.3</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	46,628	29,222	27,739	1,483	17,406	62.7	59.5	5.1	37.3
Apr-Jun	46,650	29,266	27,801	1,465	17,384	62.7	59.6	5.0	37.3
May-Jul	46,672	29,355	27,834	1,521	17,316	62.9	59.6	5.2	37.1
Jun-Aug (Sum)	46,694	29,564	27,968	1,596	17,130	63.3	59.9	5.4	36.7
Jul-Sep	46,717	29,601	27,971	1,630	17,116	63.4	59.9	5.5	36.6
Aug-Oct	46,740	29,606	28,020	1,586	17,134	63.3	59.9	5.4	36.7
Sep-Nov (Aut)	46,764	29,564	28,024	1,539	17,200	63.2	59.9	5.2	36.8
Oct-Dec	46,787	29,549	28,077	1,472	17,238	63.2	60.0	5.0	36.8
Nov 2002-Jan 2003	46,810	29,422	27,989	1,433	17,389	62.9	59.8	4.9	37.1
Dec 2002-Feb 2003 (Win)	46,833	29,384	27,910	1,474	17,449	62.7	59.6	5.0	37.3
Jan-Mar 2003	46,857	29,432	27,912	1,521	17,424	62.8	59.6	5.2	37.2
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>46,880</b>	<b>29,463</b>	<b>27,966</b>	<b>1,498</b>	<b>17,417</b>	<b>62.8</b>	<b>59.7</b>	<b>5.1</b>	<b>37.2</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	46,903	29,450	28,025	1,425	17,453	62.8	59.8	4.8	37.2
Apr-Jun	46,927	29,481	28,069	1,412	17,445	62.8	59.8	4.8	37.2
May-Jul	46,950	29,632	28,129	1,502	17,318	63.1	59.9	5.1	36.9
Jun-Aug (Sum)	46,973	29,765	28,206	1,559	17,208	63.4	60.0	5.2	36.6
Jul-Sep	46,997	29,817	28,250	1,566	17,180	63.4	60.1	5.3	36.6
Aug-Oct	47,020	29,762	28,241	1,520	17,258	63.3	60.1	5.1	36.7
Sep-Nov (Aut)	47,043	29,687	28,214	1,473	17,356	63.1	60.0	5.0	36.9
Oct-Dec	47,067	29,645	28,229	1,416	17,422	63.0	60.0	4.8	37.0
Nov 2003-Jan 2004	47,090	29,657	28,265	1,392	17,433	63.0	60.0	4.7	37.0
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	47,114	29,639	28,245	1,394	17,475	62.9	60.0	4.7	37.1
Jan-Mar 2004	47,137	29,647	28,224	1,423	17,490	62.9	59.9	4.8	37.1
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>47,161</b>	<b>29,631</b>	<b>28,213</b>	<b>1,418</b>	<b>17,529</b>	<b>62.8</b>	<b>59.8</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>37.2</b>
<b>Changes</b>									
<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>281</b>	<b>168</b>	<b>247</b>	<b>-80</b>	<b>113</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Per cent	0.6	0.6	0.9	-5.3	0.6				
<b>All people aged 16-59(W)/64(M)</b>	<b>YBTF</b>	<b>YBSW</b>	<b>YBSQ</b>	<b>YBST</b>	<b>YBSZ</b>	<b>MGUB</b>	<b>MGUH</b>	<b>UAAAM</b>	<b>IABVN</b>
<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>									
1992	34,888	27,476	24,773	2,703	7,412	78.8	71.0	9.8	21.2
1993	34,903	27,334	24,474	2,860	7,569	78.3	70.1	10.5	21.7
1994	34,946	27,301	24,634	2,666	7,645	78.1	70.5	9.8	21.9
1995	35,036	27,284	24,888	2,396	7,752	77.9	71.0	8.8	22.1
1996	35,157	27,434	25,164	2,271	7,723	78.0	71.6	8.3	22.0
1997	35,280	27,535	25,563	1,971	7,745	78.0	72.5	7.2	22.1
1998	35,387	27,554	25,841	1,713	7,834	77.9	73.0	6.2	22.1
1999	35,536	27,814	26,127	1,687	7,722	78.3	73.5	6.1	21.7
2000	35,724	28,052	26,486	1,566	7,672	78.5	74.1	5.6	21.5
2001	35,968	28,115	26,756	1,360	7,852	78.2	74.4	4.8	21.8
2002	36,181	28,314	26,853	1,461	7,867	78.3	74.2	5.2	21.7
2003	36,366	28,500	27,093	1,407	7,865	78.4	74.5	4.9	21.6
<b>3-month averages</b>									
<b>Feb-Apr 2002</b>	<b>36,164</b>	<b>28,320</b>	<b>26,830</b>	<b>1,490</b>	<b>7,845</b>	<b>78.3</b>	<b>74.2</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>21.7</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	36,181	28,314	26,853	1,461	7,867	78.3	74.2	5.2	21.7
Apr-Jun	36,198	28,362	26,918	1,444	7,836	78.4	74.4	5.1	21.6
May-Jul	36,214	28,447	26,947	1,500	7,767	78.6	74.4	5.3	21.4
Jun-Aug (Sum)	36,231	28,666	27,091	1,575	7,565	79.1	74.8	5.5	20.9
Jul-Sep	36,246	28,692	27,084	1,608	7,554	79.2	74.7	5.6	20.8
Aug-Oct	36,261	28,692	27,128	1,564	7,569	79.1	74.8	5.4	20.9
Sep-Nov (Aut)	36,276	28,648	27,129	1,519	7,628	79.0	74.8	5.3	21.0
Oct-Dec	36,291	28,633	27,180	1,453	7,658	78.9	74.9	5.1	21.1
Nov 2002-Jan 2003	36,306	28,504	27,088	1,416	7,802	78.5	74.6	5.0	21.5
Dec 2002-Feb 2003 (Win)	36,321	28,459	27,003	1,456	7,862	78.4	74.3	5.1	21.6
Jan-Mar 2003	36,336	28,498	26,994	1,504	7,838	78.4	74.3	5.3	21.6
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>36,351</b>	<b>28,515</b>	<b>27,036</b>	<b>1,478</b>	<b>7,836</b>	<b>78.4</b>	<b>74.4</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>21.6</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	36,366	28,500	27,093	1,407	7,865	78.4	74.5	4.9	21.6
Apr-Jun	36,381	28,535	27,140	1,395	7,846	78.4	74.6	4.9	21.6
May-Jul	36,396	28,672	27,184	1,488	7,724	78.8	74.7	5.2	21.2
Jun-Aug (Sum)	36,411	28,790	27,244	1,547	7,620	79.1	74.8	5.4	20.9
Jul-Sep	36,426	28,840	27,287	1,552	7,586	79.2	74.9	5.4	20.8
Aug-Oct	36,440	28,775	27,271	1,504	7,666	79.0	74.8	5.2	21.0
Sep-Nov (Aut)	36,455	28,699	27,247	1,453	7,756	78.7	74.7	5.1	21.3
Oct-Dec	36,470	28,655	27,259	1,395	7,815	78.6	74.7	4.9	21.4
Nov 2003-Jan 2004	36,485	28,669	27,296	1,373	7,816	78.6	74.8	4.8	21.4
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	36,500	28,644	27,268	1,376	7,855	78.5	74.7	4.8	21.5
Jan-Mar 2004	36,514	28,640	27,236	1,404	7,875	78.4	74.6	4.9	21.6
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>36,529</b>	<b>28,624</b>	<b>27,224</b>	<b>1,399</b>	<b>7,905</b>	<b>78.4</b>	<b>74.5</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>21.6</b>
<b>Changes</b>									
<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>178</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>188</b>	<b>-79</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>0.1</b>
Per cent	0.5	0.4	0.7	-5.3	0.9				

a Since spring 1992 unpaid family workers have been classified as in employment.

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+5; 2=3+4; 6=2/1; 7=3/1; 8=4/2; 9=5/1.

Source: Labour Force Survey  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

# A.1 LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

## Labour Force Survey summary: male, not seasonally adjusted

Thousands

UNITED KINGDOM NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	All	Total economically active	Total in employment <sup>a</sup>	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
<b>Males aged 16 and over Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>	<b>MGSM</b>	<b>MGTT</b>	<b>MGTN</b>	<b>MGUQ</b>	<b>MGTW</b>	<b>AAAAN</b>	<b>MGUF</b>	<b>MGUL</b>	<b>IABVL</b>
1992	21,632	15,924	14,095	1,830	5,707	73.6	65.2	11.5	26.4
1993	21,651	15,723	13,778	1,945	5,928	72.6	63.6	12.4	27.4
1994	21,670	15,662	13,882	1,780	6,007	72.3	64.1	11.4	27.7
1995	21,728	15,631	14,066	1,565	6,098	71.9	64.7	10.0	28.1
1996	21,805	15,627	14,129	1,499	6,178	71.7	64.8	9.6	28.3
1997	21,881	15,624	14,364	1,260	6,257	71.4	65.6	8.1	28.6
1998	21,957	15,577	14,522	1,055	6,380	70.9	66.1	6.8	29.1
1999	22,057	15,696	14,646	1,050	6,361	71.2	66.4	6.7	28.8
2000	22,181	15,796	14,841	955	6,385	71.2	66.9	6.0	28.8
2001	22,354	15,779	14,951	828	6,575	70.6	66.9	5.2	29.4
2002	22,511	15,866	14,970	896	6,645	70.5	66.5	5.6	29.5
2003	22,661	16,033	15,157	876	6,628	70.8	66.9	5.5	29.2
<b>3-month averages</b>									
<b>Feb-Apr 2002</b>	<b>22,499</b>	<b>15,864</b>	<b>14,946</b>	<b>919</b>	<b>6,635</b>	<b>70.5</b>	<b>66.4</b>	<b>5.8</b>	<b>29.5</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	22,511	15,866	14,970	896	6,645	70.5	66.5	5.6	29.5
Apr-Jun	22,523	15,891	15,004	886	6,633	70.6	66.6	5.6	29.4
May-Jul	22,535	15,955	15,038	917	6,580	70.8	66.7	5.7	29.2
Jun-Aug (Sum)	22,548	16,072	15,123	949	6,475	71.3	67.1	5.9	28.7
Jul-Sep	22,560	16,098	15,130	968	6,462	71.4	67.1	6.0	28.6
Aug-Oct	22,573	16,114	15,186	928	6,458	71.4	67.3	5.8	28.6
Sep-Nov (Aut)	22,585	16,073	15,176	896	6,513	71.2	67.2	5.6	28.8
Oct-Dec	22,598	16,088	15,224	864	6,510	71.2	67.4	5.4	28.8
Nov 2002-Jan 2003	22,611	16,020	15,160	860	6,591	70.9	67.0	5.4	29.1
Dec 2002-Feb 2003 (Win)	22,623	15,993	15,084	909	6,630	70.7	66.7	5.7	29.3
Jan-Mar 2003	22,636	16,001	15,066	935	6,635	70.7	66.6	5.8	29.3
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>22,648</b>	<b>16,021</b>	<b>15,105</b>	<b>916</b>	<b>6,628</b>	<b>70.7</b>	<b>66.7</b>	<b>5.7</b>	<b>29.3</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	22,661	16,033	15,157	876	6,628	70.8	66.9	5.5	29.2
Apr-Jun	22,674	16,066	15,206	860	6,607	70.9	67.1	5.4	29.1
May-Jul	22,686	16,143	15,238	905	6,544	71.2	67.2	5.6	28.8
Jun-Aug (Sum)	22,699	16,221	15,291	930	6,478	71.5	67.4	5.7	28.5
Jul-Sep	22,711	16,235	15,318	917	6,477	71.5	67.4	5.6	28.5
Aug-Oct	22,724	16,178	15,285	893	6,546	71.2	67.3	5.5	28.8
Sep-Nov (Aut)	22,737	16,108	15,246	862	6,629	70.8	67.1	5.4	29.2
Oct-Dec	22,750	16,085	15,234	851	6,664	70.7	67.0	5.3	29.3
Nov 2003-Jan 2004	22,762	16,079	15,232	846	6,684	70.6	66.9	5.3	29.4
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	22,775	16,071	15,228	843	6,704	70.6	66.9	5.2	29.4
Jan-Mar 2004	22,788	16,057	15,211	846	6,730	70.5	66.8	5.3	29.5
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>22,800</b>	<b>16,042</b>	<b>15,200</b>	<b>842</b>	<b>6,759</b>	<b>70.4</b>	<b>66.7</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>29.6</b>
<b>Changes</b>									
<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>-74</b>	<b>131</b>	<b>-0.4</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-0.5</b>	<b>0.4</b>
Per cent	0.7	0.1	0.6	-8.1	2.0				
<b>Males aged 16 to 64 Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>	<b>YBTG</b>	<b>YBSX</b>	<b>YBSR</b>	<b>YBSU</b>	<b>YBTA</b>	<b>MGUC</b>	<b>MGUI</b>	<b>UAAAN</b>	<b>IABVO</b>
1992	18,089	15,608	13,794	1,814	2,481	86.3	76.3	11.6	13.7
1993	18,082	15,455	13,523	1,932	2,626	85.5	74.8	12.5	14.5
1994	18,079	15,388	13,618	1,770	2,691	85.1	75.3	11.5	14.9
1995	18,110	15,334	13,777	1,557	2,775	84.7	76.1	10.2	15.3
1996	18,158	15,350	13,863	1,487	2,807	84.5	76.3	9.7	15.5
1997	18,206	15,344	14,095	1,249	2,862	84.3	77.4	8.1	15.7
1998	18,253	15,294	14,248	1,046	2,959	83.8	78.1	6.8	16.2
1999	18,328	15,400	14,358	1,041	2,928	84.0	78.3	6.8	16.0
2000	18,421	15,502	14,554	948	2,920	84.2	79.0	6.1	15.8
2001	18,549	15,505	14,685	820	3,044	83.6	79.2	5.3	16.4
2002	18,655	15,564	14,679	885	3,091	83.4	78.7	5.7	16.6
2003	18,751	15,686	14,817	868	3,065	83.7	79.0	5.5	16.3
<b>3-month averages</b>									
<b>Feb-Apr 2002</b>	<b>18,647</b>	<b>15,569</b>	<b>14,659</b>	<b>909</b>	<b>3,079</b>	<b>83.5</b>	<b>78.6</b>	<b>5.8</b>	<b>16.5</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	18,655	15,564	14,679	885	3,091	83.4	78.7	5.7	16.6
Apr-Jun	18,663	15,587	14,710	877	3,077	83.5	78.8	5.6	16.5
May-Jul	18,671	15,650	14,743	907	3,021	83.8	79.0	5.8	16.2
Jun-Aug (Sum)	18,679	15,770	14,830	940	2,909	84.4	79.4	6.0	15.6
Jul-Sep	18,687	15,790	14,831	959	2,897	84.5	79.4	6.1	15.5
Aug-Oct	18,695	15,797	14,877	919	2,899	84.5	79.6	5.8	15.5
Sep-Nov (Aut)	18,703	15,756	14,866	889	2,948	84.2	79.5	5.6	15.8
Oct-Dec	18,711	15,768	14,910	858	2,943	84.3	79.7	5.4	15.7
Nov 2002-Jan 2003	18,719	15,706	14,851	855	3,013	83.9	79.3	5.4	16.1
Dec 2002-Feb 2003 (Win)	18,727	15,668	14,767	901	3,059	83.7	78.9	5.8	16.3
Jan-Mar 2003	18,735	15,667	14,740	927	3,068	83.6	78.7	5.9	16.4
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>18,743</b>	<b>15,678</b>	<b>14,772</b>	<b>905</b>	<b>3,065</b>	<b>83.6</b>	<b>78.8</b>	<b>5.8</b>	<b>16.4</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	18,751	15,686	14,817	868	3,065	83.7	79.0	5.5	16.3
Apr-Jun	18,759	15,725	14,873	852	3,034	83.8	79.3	5.4	16.2
May-Jul	18,767	15,799	14,902	897	2,968	84.2	79.4	5.7	15.8
Jun-Aug (Sum)	18,775	15,876	14,953	923	2,899	84.6	79.6	5.8	15.4
Jul-Sep	18,783	15,895	14,986	909	2,888	84.6	79.8	5.7	15.4
Aug-Oct	18,792	15,840	14,955	885	2,952	84.3	79.6	5.6	15.7
Sep-Nov (Aut)	18,800	15,768	14,917	852	3,032	83.9	79.3	5.4	16.1
Oct-Dec	18,809	15,743	14,902	840	3,066	83.7	79.2	5.3	16.3
Nov 2003-Jan 2004	18,817	15,741	14,905	836	3,077	83.6	79.2	5.3	16.4
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	18,826	15,733	14,899	834	3,093	83.6	79.1	5.3	16.4
Jan-Mar 2004	18,834	15,713	14,878	836	3,121	83.4	79.0	5.3	16.6
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>18,843</b>	<b>15,698</b>	<b>14,866</b>	<b>831</b>	<b>3,145</b>	<b>83.3</b>	<b>78.9</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>16.7</b>
<b>Changes</b>									
<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>-74</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>-0.5</b>	<b>0.3</b>
Per cent	0.5	0.1	0.6	-8.2	2.6				

a Since spring 1992 unpaid family workers have been classified as in employment.

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+5; 2=3+4; 6=2/1; 7=3/1; 8=4/2; 9=5/1.

Source: Labour Force Survey  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094



# LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

## Labour Force Survey summary: female, not seasonally adjusted

**A.1**  
Thousands

UNITED KINGDOM NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	All	Total economically active	Total in employment <sup>a</sup>	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
<b>Females aged 16 and over Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>	<b>MGSN</b>	<b>MGTU</b>	<b>MGTO</b>	<b>MGTR</b>	<b>MGTX</b>	<b>AAAAO</b>	<b>MGUG</b>	<b>MGUM</b>	<b>IABVM</b>
1992	23,372	12,401	11,496	905	10,971	53.1	49.2	7.3	46.9
1993	23,390	12,418	11,469	949	10,971	53.1	49.0	7.6	46.9
1994	23,419	12,446	11,535	912	10,972	53.1	49.3	7.3	46.9
1995	23,471	12,468	11,619	849	11,004	53.1	49.5	6.8	46.9
1996	23,540	12,599	11,808	791	10,940	53.5	50.2	6.3	46.5
1997	23,613	12,738	12,005	733	10,874	53.9	50.8	5.8	46.1
1998	23,685	12,774	12,097	677	10,911	53.9	51.1	5.3	46.1
1999	23,768	12,955	12,299	656	10,813	54.5	51.7	5.1	45.5
2000	23,873	13,104	12,476	628	10,769	54.9	52.3	4.8	45.1
2001	23,996	13,169	12,622	547	10,827	54.9	52.6	4.2	45.1
2002	24,117	13,355	12,769	586	10,761	55.4	52.9	4.4	44.6
2003	24,242	13,416	12,868	549	10,826	55.3	53.1	4.1	44.7
<b>3-month averages</b>									
<b>Feb-Apr 2002</b>	<b>24,107</b>	<b>13,351</b>	<b>12,761</b>	<b>590</b>	<b>10,756</b>	<b>55.4</b>	<b>52.9</b>	<b>4.4</b>	<b>44.6</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	24,117	13,355	12,769	586	10,761	55.4	52.9	4.4	44.6
Apr-Jun	24,126	13,375	12,797	579	10,751	55.4	53.0	4.3	44.6
May-Jul	24,136	13,400	12,796	605	10,736	55.5	53.0	4.5	44.5
Jun-Aug (Sum)	24,146	13,492	12,845	647	10,654	55.9	53.2	4.8	44.1
Jul-Sep	24,157	13,503	12,841	661	10,654	55.9	53.2	4.9	44.1
Aug-Oct	24,167	13,492	12,834	658	10,675	55.8	53.1	4.9	44.2
Sep-Nov (Aut)	24,178	13,491	12,848	643	10,687	55.8	53.1	4.8	44.2
Oct-Dec	24,189	13,461	12,853	608	10,728	55.7	53.1	4.5	44.3
Nov 2002-Jan 2003	24,200	13,402	12,829	573	10,798	55.4	53.0	4.3	44.6
Dec 2002-Feb 2003 (Win)	24,210	13,391	12,826	566	10,819	55.3	53.0	4.2	44.7
Jan-Mar 2003	24,221	13,432	12,846	586	10,789	55.5	53.0	4.4	44.5
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>24,232</b>	<b>13,443</b>	<b>12,861</b>	<b>582</b>	<b>10,789</b>	<b>55.5</b>	<b>53.1</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>44.5</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	24,242	13,416	12,868	549	10,826	55.3	53.1	4.1	44.7
Apr-Jun	24,253	13,415	12,863	552	10,838	55.3	53.0	4.1	44.7
May-Jul	24,264	13,489	12,892	598	10,774	55.6	53.1	4.4	44.4
Jun-Aug (Sum)	24,274	13,545	12,915	630	10,730	55.8	53.2	4.7	44.2
Jul-Sep	24,285	13,582	12,932	649	10,703	55.9	53.3	4.8	44.1
Aug-Oct	24,296	13,583	12,956	627	10,712	55.9	53.3	4.6	44.1
Sep-Nov (Aut)	24,307	13,580	12,969	611	10,727	55.9	53.4	4.5	44.1
Oct-Dec	24,317	13,560	12,994	566	10,757	55.8	53.4	4.2	44.2
Nov 2003-Jan 2004	24,328	13,579	13,033	546	10,750	55.8	53.6	4.0	44.2
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	24,339	13,568	13,017	551	10,771	55.7	53.5	4.1	44.3
Jan-Mar 2004	24,350	13,590	13,013	577	10,760	55.8	53.4	4.2	44.2
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>24,360</b>	<b>13,590</b>	<b>13,013</b>	<b>576</b>	<b>10,771</b>	<b>55.8</b>	<b>53.4</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>44.2</b>
<b>Changes</b>									
<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>129</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>-6</b>	<b>-18</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-0.3</b>
Percent	0.5	1.1	1.2	-1.0	-0.2				
<b>Females aged 16 to 59 Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>	<b>YBTH</b>	<b>YBSY</b>	<b>YBSS</b>	<b>YBSV</b>	<b>YBTB</b>	<b>MGUD</b>	<b>MGUJ</b>	<b>UAAAAO</b>	<b>IABVP</b>
1992	16,799	11,868	10,979	889	4,931	70.6	65.4	7.5	29.4
1993	16,821	11,879	10,951	928	4,942	70.6	65.1	7.8	29.4
1994	16,866	11,913	11,016	896	4,954	70.6	65.3	7.5	29.4
1995	16,926	11,950	11,110	839	4,977	70.6	65.6	7.0	29.4
1996	16,999	12,084	11,301	783	4,916	71.1	66.5	6.5	28.9
1997	17,074	12,190	11,468	722	4,884	71.4	67.2	5.9	28.6
1998	17,135	12,260	11,593	666	4,875	71.5	67.7	5.4	28.5
1999	17,208	12,414	11,768	646	4,794	72.1	68.4	5.2	27.9
2000	17,303	12,550	11,932	619	4,753	72.5	69.0	4.9	27.5
2001	17,418	12,611	12,071	540	4,808	72.4	69.3	4.3	27.6
2002	17,526	12,750	12,175	575	4,776	72.8	69.5	4.5	27.2
2003	17,615	12,815	12,276	539	4,800	72.8	69.7	4.2	27.2
<b>3-month averages</b>									
<b>Feb-Apr 2002</b>	<b>17,517</b>	<b>12,751</b>	<b>12,170</b>	<b>581</b>	<b>4,766</b>	<b>72.8</b>	<b>69.5</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>27.2</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	17,526	12,750	12,175	575	4,776	72.8	69.5	4.5	27.2
Apr-Jun	17,534	12,775	12,208	567	4,759	72.9	69.6	4.4	27.1
May-Jul	17,543	12,797	12,204	593	4,745	72.9	69.6	4.6	27.1
Jun-Aug (Sum)	17,551	12,896	12,261	635	4,656	73.5	69.9	4.9	26.5
Jul-Sep	17,558	12,902	12,253	649	4,657	73.5	69.8	5.0	26.5
Aug-Oct	17,565	12,895	12,251	644	4,670	73.4	69.7	5.0	26.6
Sep-Nov (Aut)	17,573	12,892	12,262	630	4,680	73.4	69.8	4.9	26.6
Oct-Dec	17,580	12,865	12,270	595	4,715	73.2	69.8	4.6	26.8
Nov 2002-Jan 2003	17,587	12,798	12,237	561	4,789	72.8	69.6	4.4	27.2
Dec 2002-Feb 2003 (Win)	17,594	12,791	12,235	555	4,803	72.7	69.5	4.3	27.3
Jan-Mar 2003	17,601	12,831	12,254	577	4,770	72.9	69.6	4.5	27.1
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>17,608</b>	<b>12,837</b>	<b>12,264</b>	<b>573</b>	<b>4,771</b>	<b>72.9</b>	<b>69.7</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>27.1</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	17,615	12,815	12,276	539	4,800	72.8	69.7	4.2	27.2
Apr-Jun	17,622	12,810	12,266	544	4,812	72.7	69.6	4.2	27.3
May-Jul	17,629	12,873	12,282	591	4,756	73.0	69.7	4.6	27.0
Jun-Aug (Sum)	17,636	12,915	12,291	624	4,721	73.2	69.7	4.8	26.8
Jul-Sep	17,642	12,945	12,301	643	4,698	73.4	69.7	5.0	26.6
Aug-Oct	17,649	12,935	12,317	618	4,714	73.3	69.8	4.8	26.7
Sep-Nov (Aut)	17,655	12,931	12,330	601	4,724	73.2	69.8	4.6	26.8
Oct-Dec	17,661	12,912	12,357	555	4,750	73.1	70.0	4.3	26.9
Nov 2003-Jan 2004	17,668	12,928	12,391	537	4,740	73.2	70.1	4.2	26.8
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	17,674	12,912	12,369	542	4,762	73.1	70.0	4.2	26.9
Jan-Mar 2004	17,680	12,926	12,358	568	4,754	73.1	69.9	4.4	26.9
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>17,687</b>	<b>12,926</b>	<b>12,358</b>	<b>568</b>	<b>4,760</b>	<b>73.1</b>	<b>69.9</b>	<b>4.4</b>	<b>26.9</b>
<b>Changes</b>									
<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>-5</b>	<b>-10</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-0.2</b>
Percent	0.4	0.7	0.8	-0.8	-0.2				

<sup>a</sup> Since spring 1992 unpaid family workers have been classified as in employment.

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+5; 2=3+4; 6=2/1; 7=3/1; 8=4/2; 9=5/1.

Source: Labour Force Survey  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094



# A.1 LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

## Labour Force Survey summary - technical note

### COMPARISONS OVER TIME

ONS recommends that non-overlapping periods are always used for comparisons over time.

The sample design of the LFS enables estimates for any three consecutive months to be calculated. ONS began publication of these estimates in April 1998. The most reliable comparison is one between non-overlapping periods. For the latest data, compare the data from three months previously e.g. December to February data with that for September to November rather than November to January. Due to the overlap of two months, the latter comparison would actually just compare the single months of November and February, but the data are not robust enough to make this comparison. This can lead to unreliable conclusions about change. For further details see article by Richard Laux, pp59-63, Labour Market Trends, February 1998.

### SAMPLING VARIABILITY OF LABOUR FORCE SURVEY DATA

LFS data are based on statistical samples (see Sources, pS2) and, as such, are subject to sampling variability. If we drew many samples, each would give a different result. The ranges shown for the LFS data in the table below represent '95 per cent confidence intervals'. We would expect that in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value. The ranges are approximated from not seasonally adjusted data for Feb-Apr 2004 in line with research on the topic. For more information, see the Guide to Labour Market Statistics Releases, or the LFS Quarterly Supplement.

UNITED KINGDOM SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	Level	Sampling variability	Change on quarter	Sampling variability	Change on year	Sampling variability
In employment (000s)	28,302	±129	30	±108	246	±183
Employment rate	74.8%	±0.3%	0.0%	±0.3%	0.2%	±0.4%
Unemployment (000s)	1,427	±53	-9	±54	-77	±72
Unemployment rate	4.8%	±0.2%	0.0%	±0.2%	-0.3%	±0.2%
Economically active (000s)	29,729	±121	21	±105	170	±171
Economic activity rate	78.6%	±0.3%	-0.1%	±0.2%	-0.1%	±0.4%
Economically inactive (000s)	7,806	±129	36	±96	65	±171
Economic inactivity rate	21.4%	±0.3%	0.1%	±0.2%	0.1%	±0.4%
Inactive, not wanting jobs (000s)	5,763	±56	55	±42	148	±75
Inactive, wanting a job (000s)	2,043	±56	-19	±42	-83	±76

Trends indicating the underlying movement of the series, after factors such as seasonality and irregular values have been removed, are shown in the graphs below. The trends are estimated using a standard approach adopted by ONS, based on the results of its short-term trends research project. In this case, the recommended method is to apply a 13-term Henderson moving average, augmented by two stages of outlier detection and ARIMA modelling, to the seasonally adjusted series. For more information, see An Investigation of Trend Estimation Methods, available from the Time Series Analysis Branch (020 7533 6236).

Estimates of the trends at the end of the series are subject to revision when new data become available. The graphs below give an indication of the likely extent of these revisions. They have been constructed by making statistical estimates of the range of values within which the next data point in the series is likely to fall. The resultant extended series have been used to calculate the corresponding likely range of revised trend estimates. Note that this range does not take account of revisions which might arise from seasonal adjustment.

There is a margin of error surrounding the trend estimates, particularly at the end of the series. The trend can be used to get a general impression of the underlying trend behaviour of employment or unemployment, but month-on-month changes in the trend numbers should not be reported.

For further information, please see the article on pp431-6, Labour Market Trends, August 1999.



# A.2 LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

## Labour Force Survey trend series: employment and unemployment

UNITED KINGDOM	Employment <sup>a</sup>		Unemployment <sup>b</sup>	
	Level (thousands)	Rate (per cent)	Level (thousands)	Rate (per cent)
<b>3-month averages</b>				
Feb-Apr 1996	25,999	71.8	2,347	8.3
Mar-May	26,012	71.8	2,334	8.2
Apr-Jun	26,027	71.8	2,321	8.2
May-Jul	26,047	71.9	2,307	8.1
Jun-Aug	26,072	71.9	2,293	8.1
Jul-Sep	26,104	72.0	2,277	8.0
Aug-Oct	26,141	72.1	2,258	8.0
Sep-Nov	26,184	72.2	2,236	7.9
Oct-Dec	26,232	72.3	2,210	7.8
Nov 1996-Jan 1997	26,282	72.4	2,181	7.7
Dec 1996-Feb 1997	26,332	72.5	2,150	7.6
Jan-Mar 1997	26,382	72.6	2,118	7.4
Feb-Apr	26,428	72.7	2,086	7.3
Mar-May	26,470	72.8	2,055	7.2
Apr-Jun	26,507	72.8	2,025	7.1
May-Jul	26,540	72.9	1,995	7.0
Jun-Aug	26,568	73.0	1,966	6.9
Jul-Sep	26,591	73.0	1,937	6.8
Aug-Oct	26,611	73.0	1,909	6.7
Sep-Nov	26,627	73.1	1,881	6.6
Oct-Dec	26,642	73.1	1,856	6.5
Nov 1997-Jan 1998	26,656	73.2	1,834	6.4
Dec 1997-Feb 1998	26,671	73.2	1,816	6.4
Jan-Mar 1998	26,687	73.3	1,802	6.3
Feb-Apr	26,707	73.3	1,793	6.3
Mar-May	26,730	73.3	1,787	6.3
Apr-Jun	26,756	73.4	1,783	6.2
May-Jul	26,785	73.5	1,780	6.2
Jun-Aug	26,818	73.5	1,779	6.2
Jul-Sep	26,852	73.6	1,778	6.2
Aug-Oct	26,887	73.7	1,777	6.2
Sep-Nov	26,920	73.7	1,776	6.2
Oct-Dec	26,951	73.8	1,775	6.2
Nov 1998-Jan 1999	26,979	73.8	1,773	6.2
Dec 1998-Feb 1999	27,003	73.8	1,771	6.2
Jan-Mar 1999	27,025	73.9	1,766	6.1
Feb-Apr	27,046	73.9	1,758	6.1
Mar-May	27,068	73.9	1,748	6.1
Apr-Jun	27,092	73.9	1,737	6.0
May-Jul	27,118	74.0	1,724	6.0
Jun-Aug	27,147	74.0	1,713	5.9
Jul-Sep	27,176	74.1	1,703	5.9
Aug-Oct	27,206	74.1	1,695	5.9
Sep-Nov	27,235	74.1	1,689	5.8
Oct-Dec	27,263	74.2	1,683	5.8
Nov 1999-Jan 2000	27,292	74.2	1,676	5.8
Dec 1999-Feb 2000	27,321	74.3	1,668	5.8
Jan-Mar 2000	27,351	74.3	1,656	5.7
Feb-Apr	27,382	74.4	1,642	5.7
Mar-May	27,413	74.4	1,625	5.6
Apr-Jun	27,441	74.5	1,606	5.5
May-Jul	27,467	74.5	1,587	5.5
Jun-Aug	27,489	74.5	1,569	5.4
Jul-Sep	27,507	74.6	1,553	5.3
Aug-Oct	27,523	74.6	1,537	5.3
Sep-Nov	27,539	74.6	1,523	5.2
Oct-Dec	27,555	74.6	1,509	5.2
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	27,572	74.6	1,496	5.1
Dec 2000-Feb 2001	27,590	74.6	1,485	5.1
Jan-Mar 2001	27,608	74.6	1,477	5.1
Feb-Apr	27,625	74.6	1,471	5.1
Mar-May	27,640	74.6	1,468	5.0
Apr-Jun	27,653	74.5	1,469	5.0
May-Jul	27,665	74.5	1,472	5.0
Jun-Aug	27,677	74.5	1,476	5.1
Jul-Sep	27,690	74.4	1,480	5.1
Aug-Oct	27,703	74.4	1,486	5.1
Sep-Nov	27,716	74.4	1,491	5.1
Oct-Dec	27,729	74.4	1,496	5.1
Nov 2001-Jan 2002	27,743	74.4	1,502	5.1
Dec 2001-Feb 2002	27,756	74.4	1,507	5.1
Jan-Mar 2002	27,771	74.4	1,513	5.2
Feb-Apr	27,788	74.4	1,519	5.2
Mar-May	27,806	74.4	1,524	5.2
Apr-Jun	27,828	74.4	1,528	5.2
May-Jul	27,852	74.5	1,530	5.2
Jun-Aug	27,878	74.5	1,531	5.2
Jul-Sep	27,906	74.6	1,530	5.2
Aug-Oct	27,934	74.6	1,527	5.2
Sep-Nov	27,960	74.6	1,523	5.2
Oct-Dec	27,984	74.6	1,519	5.1
Nov 2002-Jan 2003	28,005	74.6	1,514	5.1
Dec 2002-Feb 2003	28,025	74.7	1,510	5.1
Jan-Mar 2003	28,043	74.7	1,505	5.1
Feb-Apr	28,060	74.7	1,501	5.1
Mar-May	28,077	74.6	1,497	5.1
Apr-Jun	28,093	74.6	1,492	5.0
May-Jul	28,109	74.6	1,487	5.0
Jun-Aug	28,125	74.6	1,480	5.0
Jul-Sep	28,144	74.6	1,473	5.0
Aug-Oct	28,166	74.6	1,465	4.9
Sep-Nov	28,192	74.7	1,456	4.9
Oct-Dec	28,222	74.7	1,446	4.9
Nov 2003-Jan 2004	28,255	74.8	1,436	4.8
Dec 2003-Feb 2004	28,305	74.9	1,432	4.8
Jan-Mar 2004	28,330	74.9	1,421	4.8
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>28,298</b>	<b>74.8</b>	<b>1,430</b>	<b>4.8</b>

<sup>a</sup> Levels are for those aged 16 and over and rates are for those of working age.  
<sup>b</sup> Levels and rates are for those aged 16 and over. The rate is as a proportion of the economically active.

**Note:** There is a margin of error surrounding the trend estimates, particularly at the end of the series. The trend can be used to get a general impression of the underlying behaviour of employment or unemployment, but month-on-month changes in the trend numbers should not be reported. For more information, see technical note on pS13.

# LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

## Other headline indicators

# A.3

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM		Workforce jobs		
		Levels		
		All	Male	Female
		DYDC	LOLA	LOLB
2002	March	29,831	15,942	13,889
	June	29,847	15,936	13,911
	September	29,850	15,934	13,915
	December	29,939	16,043	13,896
2003	March	30,006	16,063	13,944
	June	30,125	16,159	13,966
	September	30,192	16,186	14,006
	December R	30,310	16,171	14,139
2004	March	30,325	16,207	14,119
Change on quarter		15	36	-21
Change per cent		0.0	0.2	-0.1
Change on year		319	144	175
Change per cent		1.1	0.9	1.3

UNITED KINGDOM		Claimant count <sup>a</sup>			Rates (%) <sup>b</sup>		
		Levels					
		All	Male	Female	All	Male	Female
		BCJD	DPAE	DPAF	BCJE	DPAH	DPAI
2003	May	948.5	712.5	236.0	3.1	4.2	1.7
	June <sup>c</sup>	948.4	712.9	235.5	3.1	4.2	1.7
	July	937.6	704.0	233.6	3.0	4.2	1.6
	August <sup>c</sup>	930.2	697.7	232.5	3.0	4.1	1.6
	September	929.1	696.2	232.9	3.0	4.1	1.6
	October	924.6	692.6	232.0	3.0	4.1	1.6
	November <sup>c</sup>	915.5	685.2	230.3	2.9	4.1	1.6
	December	905.5	676.9	228.6	2.9	4.0	1.6
2004	January	891.7	666.3	225.4	2.9	4.0	1.6
	February <sup>c</sup>	886.4	661.6	224.8	2.9	3.9	1.6
	March	882.3	658.7	223.6	2.8	3.9	1.6
	April R	874.0	652.8	221.2	2.8	3.9	1.6
	May <sup>c</sup> P	862.0	642.5	219.5	2.8	3.8	1.5
Change on month		-12.0	-10.3	-1.7	0.0	-0.1	0.0
Change per cent		-1.4	-1.6	-0.8			
Change on year		-86.5	-70.0	-16.5	-0.3	-0.4	-0.1
Change per cent		-9.1	-9.8	-7.0			

GREAT BRITAIN		Whole economy earnings <sup>d</sup>		UNITED KINGDOM Vacancies				
		Average Earnings Index (including bonuses)	Average Earnings Index (excluding bonuses)	Vacancy Survey (not seasonally adjusted)			Vacancies notified to Jobcentre Plus	
				Average 3 months ending (level)	Change on year			
		LNNC	JQDY	YXVW	YXVX	YXVY	DRYW	
2003	April R	3.2	3.6	2003	May	582.7	-21.1	-3.5
	May	3.3	3.5		June	582.9	-31.4	-5.1
	June	2.9 R	3.4		July	584.2	-31.7	-5.1
	July	3.3	3.4		August	585.8	-30.0	-4.9
	August	3.4	3.5		September	607.1	-12.9	-2.1
	September	3.6	3.7		October	634.7	-2.2	-0.3
	October	3.6	3.7		November	638.1	3.1	0.5
	November	3.6	3.6		December	607.9	8.5	1.4
2004	December	3.4	3.5	2004	January	562.7	6.7	1.2
	January	4.7	3.6		February R	563.6	15.9	2.9
	February	4.9	3.8		March R	589.0	28.6	5.1
	March R	5.2	3.9		April R	619.3	44.1	7.7
	April P	4.3	4.1		May P	631.0	48.3	8.3

Sources: Employer surveys; DfES Training Data System; Jobcentre Plus administrative system; Monthly Wages and Salaries Survey; Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

<sup>a</sup> The number of people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance.

<sup>b</sup> Denominator = claimant + workforce jobs. The denominators have been updated (with rates for January 2003 to May 2004 now being based on mid-2003 denominators) and revised back to 1996.

<sup>c</sup> Months where there are five weeks between count dates. All the rest are four-week periods.

<sup>d</sup> The headline rate is the annual change in the average seasonally adjusted series over the latest three months compared with the same period a year ago.

<sup>e</sup> Publication of the Jobcentre vacancy statistics has been deferred. Figures from May 2001 are affected by the introduction of Employer Direct. This major change involves transferring the vacancy taking process from local Jobcentres to regional customer service centres, as part of the Modernising the Employment Service Programme. ONS and DWP will continue to monitor and review the data with the aim of publishing the series fairly soon – as soon as it is possible to produce a consistent measure.

R Revised

P Provisional

# A.11 LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

## Regional summary

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

Labour Force Survey<sup>a</sup> (February to April 2004)

Government Office Regions	Total aged 16 and over		Economically active				Employment						Unemployment					
	All		All		Male	Female	All		Male		Female		All		Male		Female	
	Level	Level	Rate(%) <sup>b</sup>	Level	Level	Level	Rate(%) <sup>b</sup>	Level	Rate(%) <sup>b</sup>	Level	Rate(%) <sup>b</sup>	Level	Rate(%) <sup>c</sup>	Level	Rate(%) <sup>c</sup>	Level	Rate(%) <sup>c</sup>	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
North East	1,998	1,160	74.0	619	541	1,100	70.0	578	72.8	521	67.1	61	5.2	41	6.6	20	3.7	
North West	5,319	3,245	76.8	1,731	1,515	3,099	73.3	1,646	76.9	1,453	69.5	147	4.5	85	4.9	61	4.1	
Yorkshire and the Humber	3,939	2,445	78.1	1,309	1,135	2,330	74.4	1,241	78.2	1,089	70.3	114	4.7	68	5.2	46	4.1	
East Midlands	3,365	2,148	79.9	1,164	984	2,050	76.3	1,110	80.4	940	71.8	97	4.5	54	4.6	43	4.4	
West Midlands	4,184	2,607	78.6	1,428	1,180	2,465	74.2	1,346	78.8	1,119	69.2	143	5.5	82	5.7	61	5.2	
East	4,333	2,838	82.5	1,545	1,293	2,736	79.4	1,485	84.2	1,251	74.2	102	3.6	60	3.9	42	3.3	
London	5,947	3,862	75.9	2,167	1,696	3,595	70.6	2,010	77.2	1,585	63.4	267	6.9	157	7.2	110	6.5	
South East	6,420	4,200	81.7	2,286	1,915	4,037	78.4	2,195	83.8	1,843	72.7	163	3.9	91	4.0	72	3.8	
South West	3,986	2,518	81.6	1,357	1,161	2,441	79.1	1,311	83.1	1,129	74.8	77	3.1	46	3.4	31	2.7	
England	39,491	25,024	79.0	13,606	11,418	23,853	75.2	12,922	79.9	10,931	70.2	1,171	4.7	683	5.0	488	4.3	
Wales	2,323	1,380	76.0	733	647	1,314	72.2	698	76.4	616	67.8	66	4.8	35	4.8	31	4.8	
Scotland	4,046	2,563	79.3	1,350	1,213	2,410	74.5	1,258	77.5	1,152	71.4	152	5.9	92	6.8	61	5.0	
Great Britain	45,859	28,967	78.8	15,688	13,278	27,577	75.0	14,878	79.5	12,699	70.2	1,390	4.8	810	5.2	579	4.4	
Northern Ireland	1,300	756	70.6	421	335	717	66.9	392	71.8	325	61.7	39	5.2	29	7.0	10	2.9	
United Kingdom	47,161	29,729	78.6	16,114	13,615	28,302	74.8	15,275	79.3	13,027	70.0	1,427	4.8	839	5.2	588	4.3	

### Change on quarter<sup>d</sup>

Government Office Regions	Total aged 16 and over	Economically active				Employment						Unemployment							
		All		Male		Female		All		Male		Female		All		Male		Female	
		Level	Rate(%) <sup>b</sup>	Level	Rate(%) <sup>b</sup>	Level	Rate(%) <sup>b</sup>	Level	Rate(%) <sup>b</sup>	Level	Rate(%) <sup>b</sup>	Level	Rate(%) <sup>b</sup>	Level	Rate(%) <sup>c</sup>	Level	Rate(%) <sup>c</sup>	Level	Rate(%) <sup>c</sup>
North East	1	-1	-0.4	-3	2	11	0.4	1	-0.2	10	1.1	-12	-1.0	-4	-0.6	-8	-1.5		
North West	4	-26	-0.6	-14	-12	-13	-0.3	-2	-0.2	-12	-0.5	-12	-0.3	-12	-0.6	-1	0.0		
Yorkshire and the Humber	4	-4	-0.2	-6	2	4	0.0	0	0.1	4	0.0	-8	-0.3	-6	-0.4	-2	-0.2		
East Midlands	6	1	-0.2	-3	4	0	-0.2	2	0.0	-2	-0.3	1	0.0	-5	-0.4	6	0.6		
West Midlands	4	19	0.6	3	16	20	0.6	5	0.3	14	0.9	-1	-0.1	-3	-0.2	2	0.1		
East	9	-3	-0.3	1	-4	-13	-0.6	-8	-0.8	-5	-0.3	10	0.3	9	0.6	1	0.1		
London	15	35	0.5	29	6	32	0.5	29	0.9	3	0.1	3	0.0	-1	-0.1	3	0.2		
South East	14	-23	-0.7	-4	-20	-27	-0.7	-7	-0.4	-19	-1.0	3	0.1	4	0.2	-1	0.0		
South West	7	9	0.0	9	0	2	-0.2	4	0.2	-2	-0.7	6	0.2	4	0.3	2	0.2		
England	63	5	-0.1	12	-6	16	-0.1	25	0.0	-8	-0.2	-11	0.0	-13	-0.1	2	0.0		
Wales	3	1	0.0	3	-1	2	0.1	12	1.5	-10	-1.3	-1	-0.1	-9	-1.3	8	1.3		
Scotland	1	24	0.7	6	18	16	0.4	2	0.2	14	0.6	8	0.2	4	0.2	4	0.3		
Great Britain	67	30	-0.1	20	11	35	0.0	38	0.1	-4	-0.2	-4	0.0	-19	-0.1	14	0.1		
Northern Ireland	3	-10	-0.9	-12	1	-7	-0.5	-9	-1.9	2	0.9	-4	-0.4	-3	-0.5	-1	-0.3		
United Kingdom	70	21	-0.1	9	12	30	0.0	32	0.1	-2	-0.2	-9	0.0	-22	-0.1	13	0.1		

### Change on year

	Total aged 16 and over		Economically active				Employment						Unemployment					
Government Office Regions	All	All		Male	Female	All		Male		Female		All		Male		Female		
	Level	Level	Rate(%) <sup>b</sup>	Level	Level	Level	Rate(%) <sup>b</sup>	Level	Rate(%) <sup>b</sup>	Level	Rate(%) <sup>b</sup>	Level	Rate(%) <sup>c</sup>	Level	Rate(%) <sup>c</sup>	Level	Rate(%) <sup>c</sup>	
North East	2	26	1.2	3	23	39	2.0	11	1.3	28	2.8	-13	-1.3	-7	-1.3	-5	-1.2	
North West	16	-2	-0.3	-25	23	13	0.0	-12	-0.7	25	0.8	-15	-0.4	-12	-0.6	-2	-0.2	
Yorkshire and the Humber	16	11	-0.2	-18	29	26	0.4	-1	-0.3	27	1.1	-16	-0.7	-18	-1.3	2	0.1	
East Midlands	23	23	0.3	-2	25	13	0.0	-4	-0.7	17	0.8	9	0.4	1	0.1	8	0.7	
West Midlands	15	2	0.1	-6	9	16	0.4	9	0.5	7	0.4	-14	-0.5	-15	-1.0	2	0.1	
East	36	50	0.7	25	25	71	1.4	32	1.1	40	1.8	-21	-0.8	-7	-0.5	-15	-1.2	
London	60	59	0.3	30	28	63	0.4	39	0.7	24	0.1	-4	-0.2	-9	-0.5	4	0.1	
South East	56	-10	-0.8	10	-20	-15	-0.9	12	-0.1	-28	-1.8	5	0.1	-3	-0.1	8	0.4	
South West	30	20	0.0	20	0	33	0.5	25	1.0	7	0.0	-13	-0.5	-6	-0.5	-7	-0.6	
England	252	178	0.0	37	142	259	0.3	112	0.2	147	0.4	-81	-0.4	-75	-0.6	-5	-0.1	
Wales	10	14	0.1	10	4	12	0.0	16	1.7	-4	-1.7	2	0.1	-6	-0.9	8	1.3	
Scotland	5	11	0.0	-3	14	6	-0.2	-8	-0.6	14	0.2	5	0.2	5	0.4	0	0.0	
Great Britain	268	204	0.0	44	160	277	0.3	120	0.2	157	0.3	-73	-0.3	-77	-0.5	3	0.0	
Northern Ireland	11	-35	-3.6	-21	-14	-33	-3.5	-26	-5.3	-7	-1.5	-2	0.0	6	1.6	-8	-2.0	
United Kingdom	281	170	-0.1	26	144	246	0.2	97	0.1	149	0.2	-77	-0.3	-71	-0.5	-5	-0.1	

Source: Labour Force Survey  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

Relationship between columns: 2=4+5=6+12; 6=8+10; 12=14+16.

a Labour Force Survey is tabulated by region of residence.

b Denominator = all persons of working age.

c Denominator = total economically active.

d Quarter to quarter changes at regional level are particularly subject to sampling variability and should be interpreted in the context of changes over several quarters rather than in isolation.

Note: The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population in private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

Due to slight methodological differences between the way the national and regional LFS estimates have been interim adjusted for the 2001 Census, there may be small differences between the UK totals and the sum of the regional components.

# LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

## Regional summary

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

Government Office Regions	Employer surveys <sup>e</sup>			Jobcentre Plus administrative system <sup>e</sup>						Jobcentre Plus administrative system		
	Civilian workforce jobs (December 2003); not seasonally adjusted			Claimant count <sup>f</sup> (May 2004)						Jobcentre vacancies <sup>g,h</sup> (May 2004)		
	All	Male	Female	All		Male		Female		Notified vacancies	Unfilled vacancies	Outflow of vacancies
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Rate <sup>i</sup>	Level	Rate <sup>i</sup>	Level	Rate <sup>i</sup>			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
North East	1,124	590	534	46.7	4.0	36.3	5.8	10.4	1.9			
North West	3,351	1,758	1,593	100.0	2.9	76.1	4.1	23.9	1.5			
Yorkshire and the Humber	2,417	1,269	1,148	74.5	3.0	56.5	4.2	18.0	1.6			
East Midlands	2,021	1,066	955	52.5	2.5	38.1	3.4	14.4	1.5			
West Midlands	2,622	1,401	1,221	89.0	3.3	67.1	4.5	21.9	1.8			
East	2,694	1,453	1,241	55.6	2.0	40.2	2.7	15.4	1.2			
London	4,586	2,524	2,062	165.3	3.5	119.0	4.5	46.3	2.2			
South East	4,298	2,295	2,003	71.1	1.6	52.6	2.2	18.5	0.9			
South West	2,477	1,311	1,167	42.1	1.6	30.6	2.2	11.5	1.0			
<b>England</b>	<b>25,590</b>	<b>13,667</b>	<b>11,923</b>	<b>696.8</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>516.5</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>180.3</b>	<b>1.5</b>			
Wales	1,285	673	612	40.8	3.1	30.8	4.4	10.0	1.6			
Scotland	2,535	1,302	1,233	92.7	3.5	71.2	5.2	21.5	1.7			
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>29,411</b>	<b>15,643</b>	<b>13,768</b>	<b>830.3</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>618.5</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>211.8</b>	<b>1.5</b>			
Northern Ireland	785	414	371	31.7	3.9	24.0	5.4	7.7	2.1			
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>30,196</b>	<b>16,057</b>	<b>14,139</b>	<b>862.0</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>642.5</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>219.5</b>	<b>1.5</b>			

### Changes on period (period specified below)

Government Office Regions	Employer surveys			Jobcentre Plus administrative system						Jobcentre Plus administrative system		
	Civilian workforce jobs (change on December 2002); not seasonally adjusted			Claimant count (change on April 2004)						Jobcentre vacancies <sup>g,h</sup> (change on April 2004)		
	All	Male	Female	All		Male		Female		Notified vacancies	Unfilled vacancies	Outflow of vacancies
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Rate <sup>i</sup>	Level	Rate <sup>i</sup>	Level	Rate <sup>i</sup>			
North East	33	11	21	-0.7	-0.1	-0.6	-0.1	-0.1	0.0			
North West	18	-21	39	-1.3	0.0	-1.3	-0.1	0.0	0.0			
Yorkshire and the Humber	37	1	36	-1.4	-0.1	-1.2	-0.1	-0.2	0.0			
East Midlands	7	-21	28	-1.2	-0.1	-1.0	-0.1	-0.2	0.0			
West Midlands	21	-1	22	-1.4	-0.1	-1.2	-0.1	-0.2	0.0			
East	45	38	7	-0.5	0.0	-0.4	0.0	-0.1	0.0			
London	88	48	41	-0.5	0.0	-0.4	0.0	-0.1	0.0			
South East	41	29	12	-1.2	0.0	-0.8	0.0	-0.4	0.0			
South West	10	10	-1	-0.8	0.0	-0.6	0.0	-0.2	0.0			
<b>England</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>206</b>	<b>-9.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-7.5</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-1.5</b>	<b>0.0</b>			
Wales	25	9	16	-0.9	-0.1	-0.8	-0.1	-0.1	0.0			
Scotland	26	11	15	-1.8	-0.1	-1.7	-0.1	-0.1	0.0			
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>351</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>237</b>	<b>-11.7</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-10.0</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-1.7</b>	<b>0.0</b>			
Northern Ireland	16	9	8	-0.3	0.0	-0.3	-0.1	0.0	0.0			
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>367</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>245</b>	<b>-12.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-10.3</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-1.7</b>	<b>0.0</b>			

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3; 4=6+8.  
<sup>e</sup> Workforce jobs is tabulated by region of workplace. Claimant count is tabulated by region of claimant's residence.  
<sup>f</sup> Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.  
<sup>g</sup> See footnote e on Table A.3.  
<sup>h</sup> The vacancy data for Northern Ireland have been suspended since March 1999.  
<sup>i</sup> Denominator=claimant count+workforce jobs.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

### TECHNICAL NOTE: LABOUR FORCE SURVEY SAMPLING VARIABILITY: February to April 2004

Government Office Regions	Employment level(000s)	Unemployment level(000s)	Economically active level(000s)	Working age economically inactive level(000s)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)
North East	± 35	± 11	± 35	± 36	± 1.9%	± 0.9%
North West	± 60	± 17	± 60	± 59	± 1.2%	± 0.5%
Yorkshire and the Humber	± 48	± 14	± 47	± 46	± 1.2%	± 0.6%
East Midlands	± 39	± 12	± 39	± 44	± 1.4%	± 0.7%
West Midlands	± 50	± 16	± 49	± 48	± 1.2%	± 0.6%
East	± 50	± 15	± 49	± 45	± 1.1%	± 0.5%
London	± 63	± 24	± 61	± 61	± 1.1%	± 0.7%
South East	± 58	± 17	± 58	± 54	± 0.9%	± 0.4%
South West	± 49	± 12	± 49	± 46	± 1.2%	± 0.5%
Wales	± 38	± 11	± 38	± 39	± 1.8%	± 0.8%
Scotland	± 48	± 16	± 47	± 46	± 1.2%	± 0.6%

The Labour Force Survey data in Table A.11 are based on statistical samples and, as such, are subject to sampling variability. If many samples were drawn, each would give a different result. The ranges shown for the LFS data in this table represent '95 per cent confidence intervals'. It is expected that in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value. The ranges are approximated from non-seasonally adjusted data in line with research on the topic. For more information, see the Guide to Labour Market Statistics Releases.



# LOCAL AREA DATA

## 2002 local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority

Not seasonally adjusted

	Population <sup>a</sup>		Labour supply				Working age benefit		Labour demand <sup>b</sup>		
	Employment <sup>c</sup>		Unemployment <sup>c</sup>		Economic inactivity <sup>c</sup>		Claimant count <sup>d</sup>		Jobs <sup>e</sup>		
	16-59/64 (000's)	Total 16-59/64 (000's)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000's)	Rate <sup>f</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000's)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>g</sup> (%)	Total (000's)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
UNITED KINGDOM	36,567	26,683	74.0	1,494	5.1	7,899	21.9	958,759	2.6	30,214	0.83
NORTH EAST	1,540	1,047	68.6	76	6.6	404	26.5	59,026	3.8	1,100	0.71
Darlington UA	59	43	73.9	2	4.8	13	22.2	2,102	3.6	52	0.88
Hartlepool UA	52	34	63.8	4	9.6	15	29.2	2,705	5.2	37	0.70
Middlesbrough UA	82	49	61.3	5	8.5	26	32.9	4,933	6.0	63	0.78
Redcar and Cleveland UA	84	55	65.9	5	8.7	23	27.8	3,671	4.4	46	0.56
Stockton-on-Tees UA	111	78	70.5	6	7.2	26	24.0	4,651	4.2	84	0.75
Durham	304	200	66.4	12	5.6	89	29.6	8,240	2.7	182	0.60
Chester-le-Street	33	25	74.3	*	*	7	21.4	779	2.3	13	0.38
Derwentside	52	35	66.9	*	*	15	29.0	1,390	2.7	28	0.54
Durham	59	37	64.4	*	*	19	33.6	1,228	2.1	45	0.76
Easington	56	37	66.3	*	*	17	30.1	1,533	2.7	27	0.49
Sedgefield	53	34	64.5	*	*	15	28.9	1,685	3.2	36	0.67
Teesdale	15	11	74.9	*	*	*	*	258	1.7	10	0.67
Wear Valley	37	22	60.9	*	*	13	34.8	1,367	3.7	23	0.64
Northumberland	187	137	74.1	8	5.2	40	21.8	5,337	2.9	120	0.64
Alnwick	19	14	77.8	*	*	*	*	478	2.6	14	0.75
Berwick-upon-Tweed	15	12	80.4	*	*	*	*	384	2.6	13	0.89
Blyth Valley	51	38	74.1	*	*	11	21.1	1,719	3.3	25	0.48
Castle Morpeth	29	21	76.3	*	*	6	21.5	646	2.2	24	0.84
Tynedale	36	27	76.1	*	*	7	20.5	659	1.9	26	0.72
Wansbeck	37	25	66.4	*	*	10	27.7	1,450	3.9	18	0.48
Gateshead	116	85	73.3	5	5.8	26	22.2	4,136	3.6	97	0.83
Newcastle upon Tyne	166	105	65.1	8	6.6	49	30.2	6,840	4.1	184	1.11
North Tyneside	116	87	75.1	4	4.8	24	21.1	4,247	3.7	72	0.62
South Tyneside	91	59	65.4	7	10.1	24	27.0	5,207	5.7	45	0.49
Sunderland	173	115	67.0	10	7.7	47	27.3	6,958	4.0	120	0.69
NORTH WEST	4,134	2,913	71.4	171	5.4	994	24.4	119,879	2.9	3,331	0.81
Blackburn with Darwen UA	83	55	67.4	3	5.0	24	29.0	2,593	3.1	69	0.83
Blackpool UA	83	58	71.7	4	6.4	19	23.2	2,910	3.5	71	0.85
Halton UA	74	49	66.7	4	7.2	21	28.0	2,983	4.0	55	0.74
Warrington UA	120	88	74.6	4	3.8	27	22.5	2,377	2.0	125	1.05
Cheshire	411	317	77.6	15	4.5	76	18.6	6,593	1.6	349	0.85
Chester	73	52	73.1	*	*	18	24.5	1,126	1.5	78	1.07
Congleton	57	45	79.4	*	*	10	17.2	843	1.5	36	0.64
Crewe and Nantwich	68	54	78.9	*	*	11	16.7	1,243	1.8	56	0.83
Ellesmere Port and Neston	49	39	79.3	*	*	9	17.8	910	1.9	36	0.74
Macclesfield	90	73	82.1	*	*	12	13.2	1,030	1.1	89	0.99
Vale Royal	75	55	72.8	*	*	17	22.9	1,441	1.9	53	0.70
Cumbria	293	207	71.6	11	4.8	71	24.7	7,058	2.4	231	0.79
Allerdale	56	37	67.0	*	*	15	27.4	1,686	3.0	36	0.65
Barrow-in-Furness	43	28	65.0	*	*	14	31.6	1,295	3.0	27	0.63
Carlisle	62	41	67.1	*	*	17	27.8	1,532	2.5	57	0.92
Copeland	42	28	68.4	*	*	11	25.3	1,667	4.0	31	0.74
Eden	30	25	84.7	*	*	*	*	287	1.0	26	0.85
South Lakeland	60	48	80.8	*	*	11	18.5	592	1.0	54	0.90
Bolton	160	116	72.8	6	4.8	38	23.5	4,417	2.8	117	0.73
Bury	111	82	73.9	4	4.7	25	22.3	2,002	1.8	67	0.60
Manchester	275	148	58.9	16	9.6	88	34.8	13,320	4.8	347	1.26
Oldham	132	96	73.5	7	6.5	28	21.4	3,942	3.0	88	0.66
Rochdale	126	86	69.1	6	6.1	33	26.3	3,901	3.1	84	0.67
Salford	133	93	71.2	7	6.6	31	23.7	3,717	2.8	121	0.91
Stockport	171	134	78.5	4	3.0	33	19.2	2,924	1.7	133	0.78
Tameside	131	98	75.3	4	3.9	28	21.5	3,159	2.4	79	0.60
Trafford	129	96	74.6	5	4.7	28	21.7	2,731	2.1	137	1.06
Wigan	189	141	74.7	7	4.6	41	21.7	4,581	2.4	112	0.59
Lancashire	690	511	74.8	21	3.9	151	22.1	13,939	2.0	545	0.79
Burnley	53	38	72.2	*	*	14	25.6	1,168	2.2	41	0.77
Chorley	64	50	79.0	*	*	13	20.1	997	1.5	45	0.70
Fylde	42	31	74.1	*	*	10	23.0	492	1.2	40	0.94
Hyndburn	49	35	71.3	*	*	12	24.3	956	2.0	32	0.66
Lancaster	82	58	72.1	*	*	19	23.1	2,227	2.7	61	0.75
Pendle	54	38	69.6	*	*	15	28.1	1,178	2.2	38	0.70
Preston	82	59	74.2	*	*	16	20.4	2,339	2.9	100	1.22
Ribble Valley	33	27	81.7	*	*	6	17.0	216	0.7	31	0.93
Rossendale	40	31	76.2	*	*	9	22.6	701	1.7	26	0.64
South Ribble	64	51	79.6	*	*	11	17.6	807	1.3	47	0.73
West Lancashire	66	50	74.8	*	*	14	21.5	1,863	2.8	49	0.73
Wyre	60	45	74.9	*	*	13	22.3	995	1.7	38	0.63
Knowsley	91	54	60.0	6	9.8	30	33.3	4,623	5.1	60	0.66
Liverpool	279	162	59.7	18	9.9	91	33.6	15,850	5.7	237	0.85
St. Helens	107	75	69.6	4	4.7	29	26.9	3,703	3.4	72	0.67
Sefton	163	119	73.4	7	5.3	36	22.4	5,622	3.4	118	0.72
Wirral	182	126	69.2	9	6.2	47	26.1	6,937	3.8	113	0.62
YORKSHIRE AND THE HUMBER	3,046	2,213	73.3	119	5.0	689	22.8	90,091	3.0	2,435	0.80
East Riding of Yorkshire UA	189	145	77.4	6	3.7	37	19.7	4,373	2.3	129	0.68
Kingston upon Hull, City of UA	148	98	66.4	9	8.2	41	27.6	8,448	5.7	129	0.87
North East Lincolnshire UA	93	66	71.4	6	7.9	21	22.5	4,058	4.4	71	0.77
North Lincolnshire UA	93	66	72.3	4	5.6	21	23.3	2,492	2.7	75	0.81
York UA											
North Yorkshire	342	267	79.7	9	3.0	60	17.8	5,364	1.6	299	0.87
Craven	31	25	79.5	*	*	*	*	345	1.1	28	0.91
Hambleton	51	43	85.3	*	*	7	13.3	653	1.3	49	0.97
Harrogate	91	74	83.3	*	*	13	14.4	911	1.0	85	0.94
Richmondshire	30	22	80.7	*	*	*	*	340	1.1	28	0.93
Ryedale	29	24	81.2	*	*	*	*	390	1.3	29	0.98
Scarborough	61	42	69.5	*	*	17	27.4	1,977	3.2	47	0.77
Selby	48	38	79.0	*	*	9	18.4	747	1.5	32	0.66

# 2002 local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority

## LOCAL AREA DATA

# A.12

Not seasonally adjusted

	Population <sup>a</sup>	Labour supply						Working age benefit		Labour demand <sup>b</sup>	
	16-59/64 (000's)	Employment <sup>c</sup>		Unemployment <sup>c</sup>		Economic inactivity <sup>c</sup>		Claimant count <sup>d</sup>		Jobs <sup>e</sup>	
		Total 16-59/64 (000's)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000's)	Rate <sup>f</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000's)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>g</sup> (%)	Total (000's)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Barnsley	133	88	66.0	6	6.4	39	29.4	3,550	2.7	84	0.63
Doncaster	173	119	69.6	7	5.7	45	26.2	5,274	3.0	117	0.67
Rotherham	152	109	72.0	6	4.8	37	24.4	4,732	3.1	101	0.66
Sheffield	319	234	73.4	14	5.4	71	22.3	11,465	3.6	264	0.83
Bradford	286	191	67.8	13	6.3	77	27.5	11,220	3.9	219	0.76
Calderdale	118	91	77.5	4	3.7	23	19.5	3,433	2.9	93	0.79
Kirklees	240	177	74.4	11	5.5	50	21.2	6,006	2.5	172	0.72
Leeds	449	331	73.9	17	4.8	100	22.3	13,006	2.9	436	0.97
Wakefield	195	142	73.0	5	3.5	47	24.3	4,833	2.5	136	0.70
EAST MIDLANDS	2,596	1,944	75.8	89	4.2	535	20.8	59,416	2.3	2,020	0.78
Derby UA	136	96	72.0	7	6.4	31	23.1	4,871	3.6	126	0.93
Leicester UA	179	111	63.8	10	8.2	53	30.5	7,975	4.4	176	0.98
Nottingham UA	176	106	62.4	8	6.5	56	33.2	7,343	4.2	195	1.11
Rutland UA	21	16	79.0	*	*	4	19.0	112	0.5	18	0.86
Derbyshire	451	350	77.7	15	3.9	86	19.1	9,691	2.1	310	0.69
Amber Valley	72	54	75.8	*	*	15	20.4	1,333	1.9	55	0.77
Bolsover	44	30	69.2	*	*	11	26.0	1,180	2.7	21	0.47
Chesterfield	60	47	77.5	*	*	10	17.4	2,200	3.7	54	0.89
Derbyshire Dales	41	33	80.3	*	*	7	18.2	496	1.2	41	0.98
Erewash	68	56	82.9	*	*	10	15.5	1,449	2.1	46	0.68
High Peak	55	44	79.3	*	*	10	18.6	818	1.5	39	0.70
North East Derbyshire	59	44	75.0	*	*	12	20.8	1,503	2.6	31	0.53
South Derbyshire	53	42	80.2	*	*	9	17.6	711	1.4	25	0.47
Leicestershire	383	311	81.5	8	2.4	63	16.5	5,643	1.0	278	0.73
Blaby	57	49	86.9	*	*	7	12.2	725	1.3	42	0.75
Charnwood	98	75	76.9	*	*	20	20.1	1,839	1.9	63	0.64
Harborough	48	41	85.4	*	*	6	13.2	474	1.0	37	0.77
Hinckley and Bosworth	63	49	78.7	*	*	12	19.6	897	1.4	46	0.73
Melton	30	24	81.5	*	*	*	*	315	1.1	21	0.72
North West Leicestershire	53	45	84.2	*	*	8	14.4	790	1.5	50	0.93
Oadby and Wigston	34	28	81.1	*	*	6	17.3	604	1.8	19	0.55
Lincolnshire	389	291	75.8	13	4.0	81	20.9	6,993	1.8	295	0.76
Boston	33	23	70.9	*	*	8	25.8	484	1.5	26	0.78
East Lindsey	75	48	65.8	*	*	22	30.3	1,568	2.1	51	0.68
Lincoln	54	37	70.2	*	*	14	26.0	1,578	2.9	56	1.04
North Kesteven	57	47	83.0	*	*	9	16.0	702	1.2	38	0.66
South Holland	45	37	81.9	*	*	7	14.4	529	1.2	38	0.84
South Kesteven	76	61	81.0	*	*	12	15.9	992	1.3	56	0.74
West Lindsey	48	37	78.2	*	*	8	17.5	1,139	2.4	29	0.61
Northamptonshire	399	320	81.1	13	3.9	61	15.5	7,023	1.8	324	0.81
Corby	33	23	72.2	*	*	7	20.6	837	2.5	31	0.95
Daventry	46	35	78.1	*	*	8	17.8	562	1.2	34	0.75
East Northamptonshire	48	39	81.5	*	*	8	17.5	643	1.3	25	0.53
Kettering	51	43	85.2	*	*	7	13.2	767	1.5	38	0.74
Northampton	123	100	81.7	6	5.4	16	13.4	2,953	2.4	128	1.04
South Northamptonshire	51	43	83.5	*	*	7	13.3	383	0.7	31	0.60
Wellingborough	46	36	80.7	*	*	8	18.4	878	1.9	36	0.78
Nottinghamshire	462	343	74.9	16	4.1	100	21.9	9,766	2.1	298	0.64
Ashfield	71	52	73.9	*	*	17	24.5	1,858	2.6	45	0.63
Bassetlaw	66	49	76.0	*	*	13	20.7	1,833	2.8	51	0.77
Broxtowe	67	53	79.3	*	*	12	18.6	1,245	1.9	38	0.57
Gedling	69	52	75.6	*	*	15	22.1	1,298	1.9	37	0.54
Mansfield	59	41	68.5	*	*	16	26.7	1,645	2.8	39	0.67
Newark and Sherwood	64	47	74.1	*	*	14	21.6	1,092	1.7	43	0.68
Rushcliffe	66	50	76.5	*	*	13	19.5	796	1.2	43	0.66
WEST MIDLANDS	3,231	2,353	73.8	144	5.6	696	21.8	94,597	2.9	2,613	0.81
Herefordshire, County of UA	103	80	78.4	4	4.3	19	18.1	1,643	1.6	83	0.80
Stoke-on-Trent UA	147	99	67.4	8	7.0	40	27.4	4,739	3.2	115	0.78
Telford and Wrekin UA	101	75	74.2	4	5.2	22	21.8	2,146	2.1	88	0.87
Shropshire	171	129	77.2	6	4.3	32	19.1	2,455	1.4	140	0.82
Bridgnorth	33	22	71.5	*	*	7	22.5	427	1.3	25	0.76
North Shropshire	35	26	76.0	*	*	7	20.9	505	1.5	26	0.76
Oswestry	23	17	73.2	*	*	4	18.2	413	1.8	17	0.76
Shrewsbury and Atcham	57	46	80.5	*	*	10	17.8	806	1.4	54	0.94
South Shropshire	23	19	82.4	*	*	4	16.2	304	1.3	19	0.80
Staffordshire	500	397	80.1	14	3.4	84	17.0	9,315	1.9	364	0.73
Cannock Chase	58	47	80.0	*	*	10	16.3	1,212	2.1	36	0.62
East Staffordshire	63	50	79.6	*	*	11	18.0	1,179	1.9	60	0.96
Lichfield	57	47	81.9	*	*	9	15.3	873	1.5	47	0.82
Newcastle-under-Lyme	76	59	81.1	*	*	11	15.7	1,480	2.0	49	0.65
South Staffordshire	65	54	84.2	*	*	9	13.4	1,231	1.9	35	0.53
Stafford	74	57	77.5	*	*	14	19.3	1,418	1.9	68	0.91
Staffordshire Moorlands	58	44	76.3	*	*	12	21.0	907	1.6	35	0.61
Tamworth	48	38	80.3	*	*	8	17.4	1,015	2.1	33	0.70

# LOCAL AREA DATA

## 2002 local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority

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	Population <sup>a</sup>		Labour supply				Working age benefit		Labour demand <sup>b</sup>		
	Employment <sup>c</sup>		Unemployment <sup>c</sup>		Economic inactivity <sup>c</sup>		Claimant count <sup>d</sup>		Jobs <sup>e</sup>		
	16-59/64 (000's)	Total 16-59/64 (000's)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000's)	Rate <sup>f</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000's)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>g</sup> (%)	Total (000's)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
		1	2	3	4	5	6			7	8
Warwickshire	317	249	79.1	11	4.3	55	17.3	4,705	1.5	260	0.82
North Warwickshire	40	28	71.8	*	*	8	20.1	551	1.4	29	0.74
Nuneaton and Bedworth	74	59	80.0	*	*	12	16.0	1,307	1.8	44	0.60
Rugby	54	41	76.7	*	*	11	20.6	937	1.7	47	0.87
Stratford-on-Avon	68	57	84.0	*	*	10	14.3	691	1.0	61	0.89
Warwick	81	64	79.1	*	*	14	17.4	1,220	1.5	79	0.97
Birmingham	601	376	64.1	43	9.8	169	28.8	30,159	5.0	536	0.89
Coventry	189	132	71.3	8	5.5	45	24.5	6,089	3.2	158	0.84
Dudley	184	145	78.9	8	5.3	31	16.7	5,919	3.2	139	0.75
Sandwell	170	111	66.3	11	8.5	46	27.4	7,790	4.6	139	0.82
Solihull	119	94	79.3	4	4.2	20	17.1	2,241	1.9	111	0.94
Walsall	150	103	68.9	9	7.8	38	25.2	5,458	3.7	113	0.76
Wolverhampton	145	98	69.2	8	7.5	35	25.1	6,461	4.5	115	0.79
Worcestershire	335	266	80.1	6	2.0	60	18.1	5,478	1.6	251	0.75
Bromsgrove	54	44	83.7	*	*	8	15.8	994	1.8	33	0.61
Malvern Hills	42	32	76.6	*	*	9	21.5	431	1.0	30	0.72
Redditch	51	37	73.3	*	*	12	23.8	1,046	2.1	41	0.80
Worcester	59	49	83.2	*	*	9	16.0	1,082	1.8	54	0.92
Wychavon	69	54	78.9	*	*	12	18.1	804	1.2	54	0.78
Wyre Forest	60	50	83.8	*	*	9	15.1	1,121	1.9	39	0.65
EAST	3,305	2,561	78.3	107	3.9	605	18.5	57,272	1.7	2,693	0.81
Luton UA	117	81	70.7	6	7.2	27	23.8	3,379	2.9	87	0.74
Peterborough UA	98	74	77.1	4	4.9	18	18.9	2,109	2.1	98	1.00
Southend-on-Sea UA	93	71	76.1	3	4.2	19	20.6	2,924	3.2	79	0.85
Thurrock UA	92	71	78.1	3	4.2	17	18.3	1,947	2.1	62	0.68
Bedfordshire	240	197	82.2	8	3.8	35	14.4	4,306	1.8	169	0.70
Bedford	93	73	79.4	5	6.6	14	14.8	2,277	2.5	72	0.78
Mid Bedfordshire	77	65	84.7	*	*	11	13.8	889	1.2	49	0.63
South Bedfordshire	70	59	83.1	*	*	10	14.6	1,140	1.6	48	0.69
Cambridgeshire	355	281	81.0	9	3.1	57	16.4	4,469	1.3	306	0.86
Cambridge	79	55	75.8	*	*	16	22.0	1,256	1.6	97	1.23
East Cambridgeshire	45	39	86.4	*	*	6	12.7	580	1.3	30	0.67
Fenland	49	38	77.8	*	*	9	18.5	809	1.6	33	0.66
Huntingdonshire	99	82	83.3	*	*	14	14.4	1,094	1.1	77	0.77
South Cambridgeshire	82	66	81.6	*	*	12	14.4	731	0.9	70	0.85
Essex	799	610	76.8	30	4.5	154	19.4	12,436	1.6	605	0.76
Basildon	102	74	72.6	6	6.8	22	21.9	2,132	2.1	79	0.78
Braintree	83	65	77.5	*	*	16	18.8	1,168	1.4	61	0.74
Brentwood	41	31	75.3	*	*	8	20.7	395	1.0	35	0.87
Castle Point	52	41	77.8	*	*	10	18.1	753	1.4	24	0.45
Chelmsford	99	79	79.8	*	*	16	16.3	1,283	1.3	92	0.93
Colchester	98	73	76.5	*	*	19	19.5	1,300	1.3	83	0.85
Epping Forest	74	58	79.0	*	*	13	17.9	1,161	1.6	48	0.65
Harlow	48	37	78.0	*	*	10	20.0	1,115	2.3	47	0.96
Maldon	37	29	79.7	*	*	7	19.6	457	1.2	25	0.67
Rochford	47	37	78.3	*	*	9	18.8	641	1.4	25	0.53
Tendring	74	54	72.6	*	*	17	22.6	1,711	2.3	44	0.60
Uttlesford	43	33	77.7	*	*	8	19.9	322	0.8	41	0.96
Hertfordshire	640	514	81.0	17	3.1	104	16.4	8,402	1.3	576	0.90
Broxbourne	54	40	74.6	*	*	12	21.8	807	1.5	39	0.72
Dacorum	85	69	82.0	*	*	12	14.4	1,210	1.4	75	0.89
East Hertfordshire	82	70	85.7	*	*	10	12.6	657	0.8	72	0.88
Hertsmere	57	44	78.7	*	*	10	18.0	793	1.4	56	0.99
North Hertfordshire	72	59	82.0	*	*	12	16.2	885	1.2	58	0.80
St. Albans	80	64	80.7	*	*	15	18.6	759	1.0	64	0.80
Stevenage	49	42	85.2	*	*	6	11.3	882	1.8	45	0.90
Three Rivers	50	38	76.6	*	*	10	20.7	663	1.3	36	0.72
Watford	52	40	78.8	*	*	9	18.5	942	1.8	64	1.23
Welwyn Hatfield	59	48	82.4	*	*	8	14.1	805	1.4	67	1.13
Norfolk	474	355	75.9	15	4.0	97	20.8	9,589	2.0	376	0.79
Breckland	71	58	81.8	*	*	10	14.8	908	1.3	48	0.68
Broadland	71	59	83.8	*	*	10	13.8	766	1.1	45	0.64
Great Yarmouth	54	35	67.0	*	*	16	29.4	2,420	4.5	39	0.72
King's Lynn and West Norfolk	79	58	74.4	*	*	17	22.0	1,346	1.7	59	0.74
North Norfolk	54	40	75.7	*	*	12	21.9	874	1.6	40	0.74
Norwich	79	53	68.9	*	*	20	26.0	2,488	3.2	100	1.27
South Norfolk	66	52	78.3	*	*	13	19.6	786	1.2	45	0.69
Suffolk	397	305	77.9	11	3.3	76	19.3	7,710	1.9	336	0.85
Babergh	50	39	77.1	*	*	11	21.6	673	1.3	38	0.76
Forest Heath	35	29	88.4	*	*	*	*	348	1.0	27	0.79
Ipswich	71	51	73.3	*	*	16	22.8	2,360	3.3	76	1.07
Mid Suffolk	53	43	83.5	*	*	8	15.5	585	1.1	42	0.81
St. Edmundsbury	60	47	79.2	*	*	9	15.8	773	1.3	53	0.88
Suffolk Coastal	65	52	78.9	*	*	13	20.4	973	1.5	51	0.78
Waveney	64	45	71.4	*	*	16	25.4	1,999	3.1	48	0.75

# 2002 local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority

## LOCAL AREA DATA

# A.12

Not seasonally adjusted

	Population <sup>a</sup>		Labour supply					Working age benefit		Labour demand <sup>b</sup>	
	16-59/64 (000's)	Employment <sup>c</sup>		Unemployment <sup>c</sup>		Economic inactivity <sup>c</sup>		Claimant count <sup>d</sup>		Jobs <sup>e</sup>	
		Total 16-59/64 (000's)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000's)	Rate <sup>f</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000's)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>g</sup> (%)	Total (000's)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
		1	2	3	4	5	6				
LONDON	4,884	3,286	69.6	254	7.0	1,186	25.1	167,043	3.4	4,480	0.92
Inner London											
Camden	149	93	66.4	9	8.5	38	27.4	6,014	4.0	286	1.92
City of London	6	*	*	*	*	*	*	95	1.6	344	57.36
Hackney	140	81	60.0	9	10.1	45	33.2	7,895	5.6	108	0.77
Hammersmith and Fulham	125	83	69.4	8	8.6	29	24.0	4,533	3.6	119	0.95
Haringey	156	94	63.4	10	8.9	45	30.3	7,701	4.9	74	0.48
Islington	129	77	62.7	7	8.7	38	31.2	6,424	5.0	168	1.31
Kensington and Chelsea	116	72	64.0	6	6.9	35	31.1	2,995	2.6	139	1.20
Lambeth	194	124	68.3	14	10.1	44	24.0	10,856	5.6	137	0.71
Lewisham	171	114	69.4	13	10.1	38	22.9	8,151	4.8	79	0.46
Newham	166	83	52.7	12	12.1	63	39.9	7,855	4.7	73	0.44
Southwark	173	105	64.1	12	10.3	47	28.3	9,526	5.5	165	0.96
Tower Hamlets	141	70	52.5	11	13.4	52	39.2	8,266	5.9	160	1.13
Wandsworth	196	139	74.6	11	7.3	36	19.5	5,795	3.0	127	0.65
Westminster	140	85	64.1	7	6.9	41	31.1	4,586	3.3	597	4.26
Outer London											
Barking and Dagenham	102	64	64.5	8	10.3	28	27.9	2,997	2.9	52	0.51
Barnet	205	151	74.9	8	5.1	42	20.9	5,355	2.6	135	0.66
Bexley	133	103	77.0	*	*	26	19.7	2,651	2.0	77	0.58
Brent	185	110	62.7	13	10.2	53	30.0	8,046	4.4	116	0.63
Bromley	181	137	75.7	*	*	41	22.5	3,654	2.0	117	0.65
Croydon	215	159	75.8	11	6.3	40	19.1	6,442	3.0	149	0.69
Ealing	209	142	70.2	7	4.8	53	26.2	6,230	3.0	132	0.63
Enfield	180	121	69.4	8	6.1	45	26.1	5,508	3.1	104	0.58
Greenwich	143	90	64.8	9	9.1	40	28.5	6,025	4.2	74	0.51
Harrow	135	93	70.3	8	7.6	32	23.7	2,937	2.2	80	0.59
Havering	134	108	80.6	*	*	23	17.0	2,341	1.7	91	0.68
Hillingdon	156	118	77.4	*	*	30	19.9	3,098	2.0	181	1.16
Hounslow	145	100	71.6	*	*	35	24.9	2,991	2.1	136	0.93
Kingston upon Thames	100	78	78.8	*	*	18	17.9	1,568	1.6	79	0.79
Merton	128	99	79.1	6	5.6	20	16.1	2,807	2.2	77	0.60
Redbridge	154	107	70.9	8	7.1	36	23.7	4,111	2.7	83	0.53
Richmond upon Thames	115	93	82.2	*	*	17	15.4	1,823	1.6	80	0.69
Sutton	114	89	79.6	*	*	19	16.5	1,822	1.6	73	0.65
Waltham Forest	148	97	68.7	7	6.2	38	26.5	5,945	4.0	68	0.46
SOUTH EAST	4,934	3,866	79.5	167	4.0	836	17.2	72,011	1.5	4,359	0.88
Bracknell Forest UA	71	60	85.4	*	*	9	12.6	872	1.2	72	1.01
Brighton and Hove UA	164	124	76.8	8	5.6	30	18.5	5,067	3.1	137	0.84
Isle of Wight UA	77	55	73.8	3	5.4	16	21.8	2,272	3.0	62	0.81
Medway UA	158	121	77.7	6	4.3	29	18.6	3,398	2.2	106	0.67
Milton Keynes UA	138	112	82.2	6	5.3	18	13.2	2,337	1.7	145	1.05
Portsmouth UA	121	93	79.7	4	3.6	20	17.4	2,676	2.2	126	1.05
Reading UA	97	74	77.8	4	4.9	17	18.3	1,946	2.0	117	1.21
Slough UA	79	57	75.0	3	5.2	16	20.8	2,103	2.7	83	1.05
Southampton UA	146	107	75.1	6	4.9	30	20.9	3,148	2.2	132	0.90
West Berkshire UA	91	77	84.9	2	2.4	12	13.0	852	0.9	88	0.96
Windsor and Maidenhead UA	83	63	76.7	3	4.8	16	19.4	1,142	1.4	90	1.08
Wokingham UA	98	80	82.5	2	2.8	15	15.2	918	0.9	72	0.74
Buckinghamshire	296	229	78.3	13	5.3	50	17.2	3,490	1.2	251	0.85
Aylesbury Vale	106	81	78.1	6	6.1	17	16.6	981	0.9	76	0.72
Chiltern	53	42	79.3	*	*	10	19.2	536	1.0	44	0.84
South Bucks	37	28	76.7	*	*	6	17.8	357	1.0	35	0.94
Wycombe	101	79	78.7	*	*	16	16.5	1,616	1.6	96	0.96
East Sussex	274	209	76.6	10	4.2	54	20.0	5,241	1.9	206	0.75
Eastbourne	50	38	76.9	*	*	10	20.2	1,194	2.4	43	0.86
Hastings	51	35	70.3	*	*	13	25.5	1,820	3.6	35	0.70
Lewes	52	39	76.6	*	*	11	21.8	838	1.6	42	0.80
Rother	44	33	75.3	*	*	8	18.2	702	1.6	31	0.72
Wealden	78	63	81.3	*	*	12	16.0	687	0.9	54	0.70
Hampshire	761	614	81.9	21	3.1	115	15.4	7,784	1.0	640	0.84
Basingstoke and Deane	98	80	81.9	*	*	16	16.0	947	1.0	87	0.89
East Hampshire	67	53	81.0	*	*	11	16.5	635	1.0	53	0.80
Eastleigh	72	63	87.1	*	*	7	10.3	632	0.9	60	0.84
Fareham	66	52	80.4	*	*	11	16.7	611	0.9	53	0.80
Gosport	47	33	73.1	*	*	9	20.5	595	1.3	27	0.56
Hart	54	44	84.2	*	*	6	11.0	342	0.6	47	0.86
Havant	68	50	74.8	*	*	15	22.4	1,345	2.0	46	0.68
New Forest	95	78	81.9	*	*	15	15.9	989	1.0	72	0.75
Rushmoor	59	50	87.8	*	*	6	10.3	624	1.1	56	0.95
Test Valley	68	59	86.6	*	*	8	11.3	513	0.8	61	0.90
Winchester	67	52	80.2	*	*	12	18.3	551	0.8	77	1.16
Kent	801	602	75.9	26	4.0	165	20.8	14,746	1.8	656	0.82
Ashford	63	50	80.2	*	*	10	16.7	924	1.5	56	0.89
Canterbury	81	57	71.3	*	*	20	24.5	1,342	1.7	66	0.81
Dartford	54	42	78.7	*	*	10	19.2	865	1.6	54	1.00
Dover	61	47	78.0	*	*	12	20.0	1,383	2.3	48	0.78
Gravesham	58	43	74.0	*	*	14	23.5	1,433	2.5	33	0.56
Maidstone	86	67	78.7	*	*	15	17.6	1,063	1.2	80	0.93
Sevenoaks	64	50	78.3	*	*	12	18.9	690	1.1	54	0.84
Shepway	56	43	78.7	*	*	10	18.1	1,324	2.4	43	0.78
Swale	77	55	73.2	*	*	17	22.7	1,705	2.2	51	0.66
Thanet	71	46	65.7	*	*	20	28.8	2,710	3.8	47	0.66
Tonbridge and Malling	66	53	80.2	*	*	12	17.7	659	1.0	61	0.93
Tunbridge Wells	63	47	76.4	*	*	13	20.9	648	1.0	64	1.02
Oxfordshire	387	318	84.0	9	2.8	51	13.5	3,647	0.9	361	0.93
Cherwell	83	71	86.9	*	*	8	9.6	632	0.8	75	0.91
Oxford	94	72	81.0	*	*	15	16.8	1,504	1.6	107	1.14
South Oxfordshire	79	64	81.9	*	*	12	15.8	641	0.8	65	0.82
Vale of White Horse	72	61	86.8	*	*	8	11.1	515	0.7	69	0.96
West Oxfordshire	59	49	83.7	*	*	8	13.9	355	0.6	44	0.75

Not seasonally adjusted

	Population <sup>a</sup>		Labour supply				Working age benefit		Labour demand <sup>b</sup>		
	16-59/64 (000's)	Employment <sup>c</sup>		Unemployment <sup>c</sup>		Economic inactivity <sup>c</sup>		Claimant count <sup>d</sup>		Jobs <sup>e</sup>	
		Total 16-59/64 (000's)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000's)	Rate <sup>f</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000's)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>g</sup> (%)	Total (000's)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Surrey	655	526	81.3	21	3.6	101	15.6	5,424	0.8	596	0.91
Elmbridge	76	62	82.2	*	*	13	16.7	643	0.8	65	0.86
Epsom and Ewell	41	30	74.8	*	*	9	22.3	394	1.0	37	0.91
Guildford	83	63	78.5	*	*	14	17.5	723	0.9	81	0.97
Mole Valley	47	39	83.2	*	*	6	13.7	343	0.7	51	1.09
Reigate and Banstead	78	65	84.7	*	*	10	12.7	543	0.7	69	0.88
Runnymede	51	43	86.8	*	*	*	*	392	0.8	48	0.95
Spelthorne	55	44	80.5	*	*	9	15.6	584	1.1	49	0.90
Surrey Heath	50	38	76.6	*	*	11	21.4	396	0.8	50	1.00
Tandridge	48	42	88.4	*	*	*	*	366	0.8	38	0.72
Waverley	70	54	78.1	*	*	12	18.0	528	0.8	57	0.82
Woking	56	45	81.0	*	*	8	14.4	512	0.9	49	0.88
West Sussex	438	345	79.4	18	4.8	71	16.4	4,951	1.1	419	0.96
Adur	34	26	77.2	*	*	6	17.4	429	1.2	22	0.64
Arun	76	58	76.1	*	*	14	18.6	956	1.3	50	0.66
Chichester	60	49	82.5	*	*	9	15.0	677	1.1	69	1.14
Crawley	62	50	82.2	*	*	8	13.8	901	1.4	87	1.40
Horsham	73	61	83.1	*	*	10	13.3	706	1.0	65	0.89
Mid Sussex	77	61	79.5	*	*	13	17.0	628	0.8	72	0.94
Worthing	55	40	74.2	*	*	11	20.9	655	1.2	53	0.97
SOUTH WEST	2,962	2,293	78.5	92	3.7	538	18.4	50,768	1.7	2,556	0.86
Bath and North East Somerset UA	104	82	78.7	2	2.7	20	19.0	1,148	1.1	94	0.90
Bournemouth UA	99	74	76.4	4	4.9	19	19.6	1,953	2.0	87	0.88
Bristol, City of UA	248	187	77.2	9	4.4	46	19.1	6,163	2.5	274	1.11
North Somerset UA	111	90	80.9	2	2.1	19	17.4	1,356	1.2	82	0.74
Plymouth UA	150	106	72.1	8	7.0	33	22.3	4,061	2.7	121	0.81
Poole UA	81	65	81.0	2	3.2	13	16.3	962	1.2	69	0.86
South Gloucestershire UA	153	126	82.8	4	3.2	22	14.4	1,505	1.0	126	0.82
Swindon UA	114	93	81.9	*	*	18	15.6	2,150	1.9	121	1.06
Torbay UA	74	53	72.5	3	5.6	17	23.0	2,431	3.3	57	0.77
Cornwall and the Isles of Scilly	297	214	72.6	9	3.9	72	24.4	6,933	2.3	236	0.79
Caradon	47	36	76.1	*	*	10	21.6	840	1.8	34	0.71
Carrick	52	37	73.3	*	*	13	24.4	1,216	2.4	53	1.03
Kerrier	56	38	69.8	*	*	14	25.0	1,475	2.7	39	0.71
North Cornwall	47	34	73.5	*	*	11	23.8	958	2.0	40	0.86
Penwith	37	26	67.9	*	*	11	28.1	1,150	3.1	27	0.74
Restormel	57	42	74.0	*	*	14	24.0	1,284	2.2	41	0.71
Isles of Scilly	1	*	*	*	*	*	*	11	0.8	1	0.94
Devon	413	322	79.6	11	3.2	71	17.6	6,990	1.7	355	0.86
East Devon	67	50	75.9	*	*	15	22.2	826	1.2	57	0.85
Exeter	72	54	78.5	*	*	12	18.2	1,402	1.9	78	1.09
Mid Devon	42	35	84.7	*	*	6	14.7	577	1.4	32	0.76
North Devon	51	40	79.1	*	*	9	17.0	1,233	2.4	42	0.83
South Hams	47	37	80.3	*	*	8	16.3	640	1.3	42	0.88
Teignbridge	69	57	83.0	*	*	10	14.7	1,133	1.6	59	0.86
Torridge	35	26	73.8	*	*	7	21.1	835	2.4	23	0.65
West Devon	30	24	82.3	*	*	*	*	345	1.1	22	0.72
Dorset	219	168	77.8	7	3.8	41	19.0	2,284	1.0	177	0.81
Christchurch	23	19	81.3	*	*	*	*	269	1.2	21	0.92
East Dorset	46	34	73.1	*	*	10	21.9	396	0.9	31	0.69
North Dorset	36	28	81.9	*	*	*	*	250	0.7	31	0.88
Purbeck	25	20	81.4	*	*	*	*	227	0.9	19	0.77
West Dorset	51	38	74.2	*	*	12	23.2	443	0.9	51	0.99
Weymouth and Portland	38	30	80.2	*	*	6	16.8	700	1.8	23	0.61
Gloucestershire	342	266	78.5	11	3.9	62	18.4	6,286	1.8	300	0.88
Cheltenham	68	51	75.1	*	*	14	20.8	1,341	2.0	74	1.08
Cotswold	47	38	81.5	*	*	7	15.1	465	1.0	41	0.88
Forest of Dean	49	38	79.9	*	*	8	17.3	1,056	2.2	34	0.70
Gloucester	68	52	77.6	*	*	14	20.7	1,819	2.7	64	0.95
Stroud	64	51	79.9	*	*	11	17.2	970	1.5	47	0.73
Tewkesbury	46	36	78.4	*	*	8	17.7	634	1.4	40	0.86
Somerset	294	234	80.9	9	3.7	46	15.8	3,953	1.3	238	0.81
Mendip	62	49	78.7	*	*	10	16.0	934	1.5	48	0.77
Sedgemoor	63	48	76.3	*	*	12	19.4	976	1.6	44	0.69
South Somerset	87	73	84.2	*	*	12	13.7	935	1.1	75	0.86
Taunton Deane	61	50	83.0	*	*	9	15.2	758	1.2	58	0.94
West Somerset	20	15	82.0	*	*	*	*	351	1.8	13	0.66
Wiltshire	264	213	82.6	6	2.6	39	15.2	2,593	1.0	220	0.83
Kenet	45	35	81.2	*	*	8	17.7	459	1.0	37	0.81
North Wiltshire	78	62	81.7	*	*	11	14.7	853	1.1	60	0.77
Salisbury	69	57	85.9	*	*	7	10.6	461	0.7	64	0.93
West Wiltshire	72	58	81.2	*	*	13	18.5	819	1.1	59	0.82
WALES	1,749	1,212	69.8	69	5.2	457	26.3	47,599	2.7	1,276	0.73
Blaenau Gwent	41	26	63.6	2	6.3	13	32.1	1,739	4.2	21	0.52
Bridgend	78	56	72.2	3	4.9	19	24.1	1,847	2.4	54	0.69
Caerphilly	103	67	65.0	5	6.8	31	30.2	2,950	2.9	53	0.51
Cardiff	196	135	70.3	7	4.8	50	26.0	5,528	2.8	198	1.01
Carmarthenshire	102	68	67.0	3	4.5	30	29.7	2,594	2.5	63	0.62
Ceredigion	48	31	65.2	2	5.1	15	31.1	896	1.9	33	0.69
Conwy	61	43	70.6	2	4.5	16	26.0	1,635	2.7	42	0.69
Denbighshire	54	39	72.0	2	4.2	13	24.7	1,221	2.3	42	0.77
Flintshire	92	71	76.9	3	3.7	19	20.3	1,815	2.0	65	0.71
Gwynedd	69	49	71.2	2	4.6	17	25.2	2,366	3.4	55	0.80
Isle of Anglesey	40	26	67.7	2	5.2	11	28.5	1,607	4.1	23	0.57
Merthyr Tydfil	34	21	61.7	2	6.7	11	33.8	1,182	3.5	22	0.65
Monmouthshire	50	38	76.0	1	3.6	10	21.2	859	1.7	40	0.81
Neath Port Talbot	80	49	60.8	5	8.6	27	33.4	2,343	2.9	48	0.60
Newport	83	59	72.2	3	4.9	20	24.0	2,853	3.5	75	0.91
Pembrokeshire	65	45	68.6	3	6.4	17	26.4	2,279	3.5	45	0.69
Powys	74	58	79.1	2	2.9	13	18.4	1,332	1.8	61	0.83
Rhondda, Cynon, Taff	140	91	66.0	6	6.3	41	29.5	3,525	2.5	86	0.61
Swansea	135	93	69.7	7	6.3	34	25.5	3,972	2.9	107	0.79
Torfaen	54	37	68.9	2	5.8	15	27.1	1,456	2.7	40	0.75
The Vale of Glamorgan	71	53	75.0	3	5.4	15	20.7	1,921	2.7	44	0.61
Wrexham	80	58	72.1	2	3.7	20	25.1	1,680	2.1	59	0.73



# 2002 local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority

## LOCAL AREA DATA

# A.12

Not seasonally adjusted

	Population <sup>a</sup>			Labour supply				Working age benefit		Labour demand <sup>b</sup>	
	Employment <sup>c</sup>			Unemployment <sup>c</sup>		Economic inactivity <sup>c</sup>		Claimant count <sup>d</sup>		Jobs <sup>e</sup>	
	16-59/64 (000's)	Total 16-59/64 (000's)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000's)	Rate <sup>f</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000's)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>g</sup> (%)	Total (000's)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
<b>SCOTLAND</b>	<b>3,150</b>	<b>2,299</b>	<b>73.5</b>	<b>164</b>	<b>6.5</b>	<b>668</b>	<b>21.3</b>	<b>104,535</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>2,569</b>	<b>0.82</b>
Aberdeen City	138	105	79.5	*	*	24	17.7	2,445	1.8	172	1.25
Aberdeenshire	141	115	80.4	*	*	24	16.5	1,770	1.3	97	0.69
Angus	66	50	75.2	*	*	14	21.7	2,056	3.2	45	0.69
Argyll and Bute	54	41	83.2	*	*	6	13.1	1,712	3.2	47	0.87
Clackmannanshire	30	18	65.3	*	*	8	27.5	1,158	3.9	16	0.52
Dumfries and Galloway	86	65	76.2	*	*	16	18.4	2,825	3.3	65	0.76
Dundee City	89	61	67.3	8	11.1	22	24.3	4,721	5.3	77	0.86
East Ayrshire	73	53	71.2	*	*	17	22.7	3,610	4.9	42	0.57
East Dunbartonshire	65	49	75.9	*	*	14	21.1	1,340	2.0	31	0.47
East Lothian	54	37	73.3	*	*	11	21.2	856	1.6	29	0.54
East Renfrewshire	54	42	77.0	*	*	9	16.6	989	1.8	23	0.43
Edinburgh, City of	297	230	77.3	11	4.4	57	19.2	6,743	2.3	338	1.14
Eilean Siar	15	10	76.2	*	*	*	*	724	4.7	11	0.75
Falkirk	91	64	68.0	*	*	26	27.2	3,278	3.6	64	0.70
Fife	216	160	72.5	15	8.2	46	21.0	8,908	4.1	155	0.72
Glasgow City	370	227	62.1	24	9.3	116	31.5	17,563	4.7	414	1.12
Highland	127	99	81.9	*	*	17	14.1	4,066	3.2	109	0.86
Inverclyde	51	31	63.4	*	*	14	28.7	2,234	4.3	33	0.64
Midlothian	49	39	81.1	*	*	7	15.5	887	1.8	28	0.57
Moray	53	41	78.0	*	*	9	16.8	1,174	2.2	43	0.81
North Ayrshire	83	55	68.7	7	10.7	18	23.1	4,391	5.3	47	0.57
North Lanarkshire	203	141	69.0	14	9.1	50	24.3	7,761	3.8	127	0.63
Orkney Islands	12	10	86.9	*	*	*	*	227	2.0	11	0.91
Perth and Kinross	80	66	80.6	*	*	13	15.8	1,630	2.0	70	0.87
Renfrewshire	107	84	76.9	6	6.4	19	17.7	3,830	3.6	81	0.75
Scottish Borders	64	46	75.3	*	*	13	20.5	1,409	2.2	52	0.82
Shetland Islands	14	12	79.4	*	*	*	*	235	1.7	10	0.71
South Ayrshire	67	50	74.3	*	*	15	21.6	2,638	4.0	50	0.76
South Lanarkshire	188	139	75.2	11	7.0	35	19.0	5,806	3.1	123	0.65
Stirling	54	33	69.0	*	*	12	24.0	1,357	2.5	47	0.89
West Dunbartonshire	58	45	72.8	*	*	14	22.7	3,038	5.3	38	0.66
West Lothian	103	79	79.1	*	*	17	17.2	3,157	3.1	74	0.73

Source: Labour Force Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.  
\* Sample size too small for reliable estimate.

- a Official mid-2002 population estimates.
  - b Labour demand is jobs plus vacancies - data on vacancies will be included here when they become available for local areas.
  - c LFS data relate to the period March 2002 to February 2003. LFS sample covers working age (16-59/64) population living in private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. The LFS data in this table are consistent with population estimates released in February 2003, not the latest revised population estimates.
  - d Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Average for January 2002 to December 2002.
  - e Jobs data are for 2002, and are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees.
  - f Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).
  - g Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.
- Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB these are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables A.3, A.11 and F.1.

# B.1 EMPLOYMENT

## Full-time, part-time and temporary workers

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM	All in employment					Total workers		Employees		Self-employed		
	Total workers	Employees	Self- employed	Unpaid family workers	Government- supported training and employment programmes	Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time	Workers with second jobs
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
<b>All Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>	<b>MGRZ</b>	<b>MGRN</b>	<b>MGRQ</b>	<b>MGRT</b>	<b>MGRW</b>	<b>YCBE</b>	<b>YCBH</b>	<b>YCBK</b>	<b>YCBN</b>	<b>YCBQ</b>	<b>YCBT</b>	<b>YCBW</b>
1995	25,754	21,770	3,566	139	279	19,471	6,283	16,423	5,347	2,873	693	1,280
1996	26,020	22,170	3,479	127	244	19,503	6,517	16,562	5,608	2,776	703	1,282
1997	26,464	22,647	3,482	118	216	19,803	6,661	16,901	5,747	2,747	735	1,242
1998	26,721	23,058	3,388	103	173	20,010	6,711	17,251	5,807	2,634	754	1,169
1999	27,048	23,480	3,311	101	156	20,249	6,799	17,560	5,919	2,581	730	1,261
2000	27,413	23,904	3,258	111	141	20,503	6,910	17,873	6,031	2,525	734	1,171
2001	27,660	24,133	3,278	99	150	20,688	6,972	18,008	6,126	2,576	702	1,165
2002	27,816	24,279	3,333	98	106	20,762	7,054	18,109	6,170	2,579	755	1,128
2003	28,095	24,394	3,521	88	92	20,816	7,279	18,084	6,310	2,671	850	1,128
<b>3-month averages</b>												
<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>	<b>28,056</b>	<b>24,394</b>	<b>3,480</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>20,787</b>	<b>7,269</b>	<b>18,078</b>	<b>6,316</b>	<b>2,647</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>1,136</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	28,095	24,394	3,521	88	92	20,816	7,279	18,084	6,310	2,671	850	1,128
Apr-Jun	28,112	24,388	3,543	90	91	20,860	7,252	18,086	6,302	2,711	833	1,108
May-Jul	28,122	24,381	3,551	98	93	20,873	7,249	18,086	6,295	2,720	830	1,105
Jun-Aug (Sum)	28,103	24,313	3,588	100	102	20,836	7,266	18,012	6,301	2,752	836	1,110
Jul-Sep	28,130	24,290	3,628	104	108	20,853	7,277	18,001	6,289	2,777	851	1,117
Aug-Oct	28,151	24,304	3,645	97	105	20,864	7,287	18,002	6,302	2,789	856	1,108
Sep-Nov (Aut)	28,147	24,297	3,643	98	109	20,863	7,285	17,983	6,314	2,806	837	1,095
Oct-Dec	28,152	24,291	3,659	96	105	20,842	7,310	17,952	6,339	2,817	842	1,103
<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>28,272</b>	<b>24,415</b>	<b>3,648</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>20,913</b>	<b>7,359</b>	<b>18,036</b>	<b>6,379</b>	<b>2,801</b>	<b>847</b>	<b>1,085</b>
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	28,330	24,479	3,641	108	103	20,943	7,387	18,074	6,405	2,797	843	1,100
Jan-Mar 2004	28,346	24,507	3,619	107	113	20,937	7,409	18,091	6,417	2,772	847	1,104
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>28,302</b>	<b>24,446</b>	<b>3,630</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>115</b>	<b>20,915</b>	<b>7,387</b>	<b>18,042</b>	<b>6,403</b>	<b>2,798</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>1,100</b>
<b>Changes</b>												
<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>-18</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>-3</b>	<b>-15</b>	<b>14</b>
Per cent	0.1	0.1	-0.5	11.7	5.8	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.4	-0.1	-1.8	1.3
<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>246</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>129</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>-36</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>-36</b>
Per cent	0.9	0.2	4.3	21.9	26.9	0.6	1.6	-0.2	1.4	5.7	-0.1	-3.2
<b>Male Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>	<b>MGSA</b>	<b>MGRO</b>	<b>MGRR</b>	<b>MGRU</b>	<b>MGRX</b>	<b>YCBF</b>	<b>YCBI</b>	<b>YCBL</b>	<b>YCBO</b>	<b>YCBR</b>	<b>YCBU</b>	<b>YCBX</b>
1995	14,116	11,243	2,652	43	178	12,982	1,134	10,472	771	2,407	245	535
1996	14,183	11,425	2,564	43	151	12,975	1,209	10,566	859	2,318	246	539
1997	14,422	11,698	2,554	38	132	13,136	1,286	10,753	945	2,288	266	544
1998	14,584	11,978	2,466	29	111	13,286	1,288	11,024	954	2,186	280	509
1999	14,710	12,133	2,439	36	103	13,367	1,343	11,129	1,004	2,169	269	529
2000	14,904	12,429	2,354	37	85	13,533	1,371	11,400	1,029	2,072	281	489
2001	15,011	12,471	2,404	37	99	13,628	1,383	11,415	1,055	2,142	263	475
2002	15,027	12,485	2,450	31	62	13,581	1,447	11,389	1,096	2,147	303	464
2003	15,212	12,556	2,570	31	55	13,619	1,593	11,366	1,190	2,212	357	460
<b>3-month averages</b>												
<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>	<b>15,178</b>	<b>12,553</b>	<b>2,538</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>13,595</b>	<b>1,582</b>	<b>11,362</b>	<b>1,190</b>	<b>2,191</b>	<b>347</b>	<b>461</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	15,212	12,556	2,570	31	55	13,619	1,593	11,366	1,190	2,212	357	460
Apr-Jun	15,235	12,552	2,596	33	54	13,656	1,579	11,363	1,189	2,250	346	452
May-Jul	15,236	12,538	2,609	37	52	13,654	1,581	11,350	1,188	2,262	346	446
Jun-Aug (Sum)	15,217	12,500	2,622	36	59	13,641	1,576	11,318	1,182	2,276	346	462
Jul-Sep	15,221	12,463	2,658	39	61	13,652	1,569	11,299	1,164	2,305	352	462
Aug-Oct	15,210	12,456	2,658	36	61	13,644	1,566	11,288	1,168	2,308	349	462
Sep-Nov (Aut)	15,200	12,435	2,666	36	63	13,644	1,556	11,275	1,160	2,323	343	461
Oct-Dec	15,192	12,417	2,679	36	59	13,632	1,559	11,255	1,162	2,332	348	463
<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>15,243</b>	<b>12,475</b>	<b>2,667</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>13,667</b>	<b>1,576</b>	<b>11,297</b>	<b>1,178</b>	<b>2,321</b>	<b>346</b>	<b>459</b>
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	15,292	12,510	2,679	44	60	13,712	1,580	11,329	1,180	2,334	345	467
Jan-Mar 2004	15,304	12,549	2,645	44	65	13,693	1,610	11,344	1,206	2,298	347	473
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>15,275</b>	<b>12,499</b>	<b>2,664</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>13,666</b>	<b>1,609</b>	<b>11,296</b>	<b>1,203</b>	<b>2,319</b>	<b>345</b>	<b>469</b>
<b>Changes</b>												
<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>-3</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>-1</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>-1</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>-2</b>	<b>-1</b>	<b>11</b>
Per cent	0.2	0.2	-0.1	17.6	4.4	0.0	2.1	0.0	2.2	-0.1	-0.2	2.3
<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>-53</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>-66</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>-2</b>	<b>8</b>
Per cent	0.6	-0.4	4.9	46.7	18.4	0.5	1.7	-0.6	1.1	5.8	-0.6	1.8
<b>Female Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>	<b>MGSB</b>	<b>MGRP</b>	<b>MGRS</b>	<b>MGRV</b>	<b>MGRY</b>	<b>YCBG</b>	<b>YCBJ</b>	<b>YCBM</b>	<b>YCBP</b>	<b>YCBS</b>	<b>YCBV</b>	<b>YCBY</b>
1995	11,638	10,527	914	96	101	6,489	5,149	5,951	4,576	466	448	745
1996	11,837	10,745	915	84	93	6,529	5,308	5,996	4,749	458	457	743
1997	12,041	10,949	928	80	84	6,667	5,374	6,147	4,802	459	469	698
1998	12,137	11,080	922	74	62	6,724	5,413	6,227	4,853	448	474	660
1999	12,338	11,347	872	66	53	6,882	5,456	6,431	4,916	412	460	732
2000	12,510	11,475	905	73	56	6,970	5,540	6,473	5,002	453	452	682
2001	12,649	11,662	873	62	51	7,060	5,589	6,592	5,070	434	439	689
2002	12,789	11,795	883	67	44	7,181	5,607	6,720	5,074	432	451	664
2003	12,883	11,838	951	57	37	7,197	5,686	6,718	5,120	459	492	669
<b>3-month averages</b>												
<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>	<b>12,878</b>	<b>11,841</b>	<b>941</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>7,191</b>	<b>5,687</b>	<b>6,716</b>	<b>5,125</b>	<b>456</b>	<b>485</b>	<b>675</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	12,883	11,838	951	57	37	7,197	5,686	6,718	5,120	459	492	669
Apr-Jun	12,878	11,836	948	57	38	7,204	5,673	6,723	5,113	460	487	656
May-Jul	12,886	11,843	942	60	41	7,219	5,668	6,736	5,107	458	484	659
Jun-Aug (Sum)	12,886	11,813	965	64	43	7,196	5,690	6,694	5,119	476	490	648
Jul-Sep	12,909	11,827	971	65	46	7,201	5,708	6,702	5,125	472	499	655
Aug-Oct	12,941	11,847	988	62	45	7,220	5,721	6,713	5,134	481	507	647
Sep-Nov (Aut)	12,947	11,862	977	62	46	7,218	5,729	6,707	5,154	484	494	634
Oct-Dec	12,960	11,874	980	60	46	7,209	5,750	6,697	5,177	485	495	640
<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>13,029</b>	<b>11,941</b>	<b>982</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>7,246</b>	<b>5,783</b>	<b>6,739</b>	<b>5,201</b>	<b>480</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>627</b>
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	13,038	11,969	962	64	43	7,231	5,807	6,745	5,225	463	498	632
Jan-Mar 2004	13,043	11,958	974	62	48	7,244	5,799	6,747	5,211	475	499	631
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>13,027</b>	<b>11,946</b>	<b>966</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>7,249</b>	<b>5,778</b>	<b>6,746</b>	<b>5,200</b>	<b>479</b>	<b>487</b>	<b>631</b>
<b>Changes</b>												
<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>-2</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>-16</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>-5</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>-1</b>	<b>-1</b>	<b>-14</b>	<b>4</b>
Per cent	0.0	0.0	-1.6	8.0	7.7	0.0	-0.1	0.1	0.0	-0.2	-2.9	0.6
<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>149</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>-44</b>
Per cent	1.2	0.9	2.6	8.9	40.0	0.8	1.6	0.5	1.5	5.1	0.4	-6.5

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5; 1=6+7; 2=8+9; 3=10+11; 13=15+17+18+19; 20=21+23+24+25; 20=9+11; 14=13/2; 16=15/13; 22=21/20.

# EMPLOYMENT B.1

## Full-time, part-time and temporary workers

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

Temporary employees (reasons for temporary working)							Part-time employees and self-employed (reasons for working part-time)						
Total	Total as % of all employees	Could not find permanent job	% that could not find permanent job	Did not want permanent job	Had a contract with period of training	Some other reason	Total	Could not find full-time job	% that could not find full-time job	Did not want full-time job	Ill or disabled	Student or at school	
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	
YCBZ	YCCC	YCCF	YCCI	YCCL	YCCO	YCCR	YCCU	YCCX	YCDA	YCDD	YCDG	YCDJ	All Spring quarters (Mar-May)
1,608	7.4	694	43.1	454	90	371	6,040	828	13.7	4,392	91	728	1995
1,647	7.4	672	40.8	468	84	423	6,311	807	12.8	4,573	84	847	1996
1,761	7.8	673	38.2	536	96	456	6,482	808	12.5	4,651	90	932	1997
1,714	7.4	619	36.1	529	95	471	6,561	768	11.7	4,733	109	950	1998
1,681	7.2	587	34.9	535	111	448	6,649	689	10.4	4,875	116	969	1999
1,695	7.1	513	30.3	552	100	529	6,765	657	9.7	4,951	118	1,038	2000
1,702	7.1	463	27.2	515	92	632	6,828	616	9.0	5,028	136	1,047	2001
1,569	6.5	423	27.0	464	89	593	6,925	576	8.3	5,114	142	1,093	2002
1,501	6.2	400	26.7	460	76	565	7,160	577	8.1	5,289	146	1,148	2003
<b>1,516</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>398</b>	<b>26.2</b>	<b>465</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>575</b>	<b>7,148</b>	<b>571</b>	<b>8.0</b>	<b>5,293</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>1,142</b>	<b>3-month averages</b>
1,501	6.2	400	26.7	460	76	565	7,160	577	8.1	5,289	146	1,148	Feb-Apr 2003
1,490	6.1	398	26.7	459	81	553	7,135	571	8.0	5,280	147	1,137	Mar-May (Spr)
1,480	6.1	392	26.5	451	84	554	7,125	559	7.8	5,280	146	1,140	Apr-Jun
1,461	6.0	381	26.1	441	88	551	7,137	563	7.9	5,283	150	1,142	May-Jul
1,504	6.2	389	25.9	451	90	574	7,141	569	8.0	5,280	155	1,137	Jun-Aug (Sum)
1,530	6.3	402	26.3	460	90	576	7,158	571	8.0	5,282	163	1,142	Jul-Sep
1,515	6.2	399	26.4	451	81	583	7,151	572	8.0	5,263	171	1,145	Aug-Oct
1,514	6.2	393	26.0	447	79	595	7,181	564	7.9	5,299	179	1,140	Sep-Nov (Aut)
<b>1,516</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>402</b>	<b>26.5</b>	<b>439</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>598</b>	<b>7,226</b>	<b>566</b>	<b>7.8</b>	<b>5,329</b>	<b>180</b>	<b>1,151</b>	Oct-Dec
1,511	6.2	398	26.3	444	84	584	7,248	567	7.8	5,346	187	1,148	Nov 2003-Jan 2004
1,505	6.1	404	26.8	434	85	582	7,263	571	7.9	5,347	190	1,155	Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)
<b>1,504</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>391</b>	<b>26.0</b>	<b>436</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>587</b>	<b>7,235</b>	<b>566</b>	<b>7.8</b>	<b>5,330</b>	<b>187</b>	<b>1,153</b>	Jan-Mar 2004
-13	-0.1	-11	-0.5	-3	12	-11	9	-1	0.0	1	7	2	Feb-Apr
-0.8	-0.1	-2.8	-0.6	15.7	-1.8	0.1	-0.1	0.0	0.0	3.8	0.2	0.2	Changes
-12	-0.1	-7	-0.2	-29	10	13	87	-5	-0.2	36	45	11	Over last 3 months
-0.8	-0.1	-1.6	-0.2	-6.2	12.8	2.2	1.2	-0.9	0.7	32.0	0.9	0.9	Percent
<b>YCCA</b>	<b>YCCD</b>	<b>YCCG</b>	<b>YCCJ</b>	<b>YCCM</b>	<b>YCCP</b>	<b>YCCS</b>	<b>YCCV</b>	<b>YCCY</b>	<b>YCDB</b>	<b>YCDE</b>	<b>YCDH</b>	<b>YCDK</b>	<b>Male Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>
739	6.6	371	50.2	151	53	164	1,016	281	27.7	386	31	318	1995
728	6.4	345	47.4	154	48	181	1,105	287	26.0	419	29	371	1996
799	6.8	350	43.8	196	52	201	1,211	297	24.5	474	41	399	1997
797	6.3	321	42.4	187	50	199	1,234	292	23.7	489	44	408	1998
750	6.5	320	40.5	210	62	198	1,273	274	21.5	549	39	412	1999
770	6.2	278	36.0	212	54	227	1,310	257	19.6	561	45	447	2000
776	6.2	244	31.4	202	51	279	1,318	233	17.7	586	50	448	2001
722	5.8	231	32.0	184	50	257	1,399	227	16.2	617	66	490	2002
683	5.4	223	32.7	189	35	236	1,548	250	16.2	732	66	499	2003
<b>687</b>	<b>5.5</b>	<b>223</b>	<b>32.5</b>	<b>189</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>240</b>	<b>1,537</b>	<b>247</b>	<b>16.1</b>	<b>726</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>498</b>	<b>3-month averages</b>
683	5.4	223	32.7	189	35	236	1,548	250	16.2	732	66	499	Feb-Apr 2003
680	5.4	221	32.5	191	36	232	1,535	251	16.3	725	67	492	Mar-May (Spr)
684	5.5	220	32.2	188	39	237	1,534	246	16.0	724	68	497	Apr-Jun
680	5.4	219	32.2	178	41	241	1,528	249	16.3	719	69	491	May-Jul
695	5.6	219	31.5	177	41	259	1,516	254	16.7	706	72	485	Jun-Aug (Sum)
698	5.6	222	31.9	180	38	258	1,517	250	16.5	707	73	487	Jul-Sep
697	5.6	225	32.2	178	34	260	1,503	252	16.8	697	71	483	Aug-Oct
706	5.7	227	32.2	182	33	265	1,510	245	16.2	709	76	481	Sep-Nov (Aut)
<b>706</b>	<b>5.7</b>	<b>232</b>	<b>32.9</b>	<b>175</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>266</b>	<b>1,523</b>	<b>251</b>	<b>16.5</b>	<b>714</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>481</b>	Oct-Dec
704	5.6	228	32.5	178	36	262	1,525	250	16.4	717	77	481	Nov 2003-Jan 2004
698	5.6	230	32.9	171	37	260	1,553	264	17.0	733	75	481	Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)
<b>699</b>	<b>5.6</b>	<b>219</b>	<b>31.3</b>	<b>178</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>262</b>	<b>1,548</b>	<b>257</b>	<b>16.6</b>	<b>742</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>478</b>	Jan-Mar 2004
-6	-0.1	-13	-1.6	3	9	-5	25	7	0.2	28	-6	-3	Feb-Apr
-0.9	-0.1	-5.8	-1.7	27.7	-1.8	1.6	2.6	0.2	3.9	-8.2	-0.7	-0.7	Changes
12	0.1	-4	-1.2	-11	6	22	11	10	0.5	17	5	-21	Over last 3 months
1.8	-1.9	-1.9	-6.0	18.1	9.0	0.7	4.0	2.3	8.1	-4.2	-2.1	-2.1	Percent
<b>YCCB</b>	<b>YCCD</b>	<b>YCCG</b>	<b>YCCJ</b>	<b>YCCM</b>	<b>YCCP</b>	<b>YCCS</b>	<b>YCCV</b>	<b>YCCY</b>	<b>YCDB</b>	<b>YCDE</b>	<b>YCDH</b>	<b>YCDK</b>	<b>Female Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>
870	8.3	323	37.1	303	37	207	5,024	547	10.9	4,007	60	410	1995
919	8.6	327	35.6	314	36	242	5,206	520	10.0	4,154	56	476	1996
962	8.8	323	33.6	340	44	255	5,271	512	9.7	4,177	49	533	1997
957	8.6	297	31.1	343	45	272	5,327	476	8.9	4,244	65	542	1998
891	7.8	267	30.0	325	49	249	5,376	416	7.7	4,326	77	557	1999
924	8.1	236	25.5	341	46	302	5,454	400	7.3	4,391	73	591	2000
927	7.9	219	23.7	313	41	354	5,509	383	6.9	4,442	86	599	2001
847	7.2	192	22.7	280	39	336	5,526	349	6.3	4,497	76	603	2002
818	6.9	177	21.6	271	42	328	5,612	327	5.8	4,557	80	649	2003
<b>829</b>	<b>7.0</b>	<b>174</b>	<b>21.1</b>	<b>275</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>335</b>	<b>5,611</b>	<b>324</b>	<b>5.8</b>	<b>4,567</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>643</b>	<b>3-month averages</b>
818	6.9	177	21.6	271	42	328	5,612	327	5.8	4,557	80	649	Feb-Apr 2003
810	6.8	177	21.9	268	45	320	5,600	320	5.7	4,555	80	644	Mar-May (Spr)
797	6.7	172	21.6	263	44	317	5,591	314	5.6	4,556	78	644	Apr-Jun
781	6.6	162	20.7	263	47	310	5,609	314	5.6	4,564	81	650	May-Jul
809	6.8	170	21.0	274	49	315	5,625	315	5.6	4,574	84	652	Jun-Aug (Sum)
831	7.0	180	21.6	280	53	318	5,641	321	5.7	4,575	90	655	Jul-Sep
818	6.9	175	21.4	273	47	323	5,648	320	5.7	4,566	100	662	Aug-Oct
808	6.8	166	20.5	265	47	330	5,671	319	5.6	4,590	103	659	Sep-Nov (Aut)
<b>811</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>21.0</b>	<b>264</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>332</b>	<b>5,703</b>	<b>316</b>	<b>5.5</b>	<b>4,614</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>670</b>	Oct-Dec
807	6.7	169	21.0	267	48	323	5,723	317	5.5	4,629	111	667	Nov 2003-Jan 2004
807	6.7	174	21.5	263	49	321	5,711	307	5.4	4,614	115	674	Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)
<b>804</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>21.4</b>	<b>258</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>326</b>	<b>5,687</b>	<b>309</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>4,587</b>	<b>116</b>	<b>675</b>	Jan-Mar 2004
-6	-0.1	2	0.4	-6	3	-6	-16	-7	-0.1	-27	13	5	Feb-Apr
-0.8	-0.1	1.3	-2.2	7.2	-1.8	-0.3	-2.3	-0.1	-0.6	12.9	0.8	0.8	Changes
-25	-0.3	-2	0.4	-17	4	-9	76	-15	-0.3	20	40	32	Over last 3 months
3.0	-1.3	-6.3	8.7	-2.7	1.4	-4.7	0.4	52.7	4.9	52.7	4.9	4.9	Percent

Source: Labour Force Survey  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

# B.2 EMPLOYMENT

## Employment by age

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM	All aged 16 and over	16-59/64	16-17	18-24	25-34	35-49	50-64 (M) 50-59 (F)	65+ (M) 60+ (F)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<b>All</b>	<b>MGRZ</b>	<b>YBSE</b>	<b>YBTO</b>	<b>YBTR</b>	<b>YBTU</b>	<b>YBTX</b>	<b>MGUW</b>	<b>MGUZ</b>
<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>								
1995	25,754	24,961	603	3,312	6,864	9,375	4,806	794
1996	26,020	25,250	652	3,269	6,890	9,524	4,916	770
1997	26,464	25,662	690	3,211	7,033	9,571	5,156	802
1998	26,721	25,946	685	3,169	7,008	9,687	5,397	775
1999	27,048	26,231	661	3,181	6,972	9,834	5,582	817
2000	27,413	26,583	662	3,240	6,909	10,041	5,731	831
2001	27,660	26,842	668	3,271	6,770	10,206	5,926	819
2002	27,816	26,929	651	3,365	6,567	10,355	5,992	887
2003	28,095	27,163	656	3,364	6,393	10,526	6,222	933
<b>3-month averages</b>								
<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>	<b>28,056</b>	<b>27,126</b>	<b>660</b>	<b>3,363</b>	<b>6,398</b>	<b>10,510</b>	<b>6,195</b>	<b>930</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	28,095	27,163	656	3,364	6,393	10,526	6,222	933
Apr-Jun	28,112	27,181	653	3,360	6,390	10,538	6,240	932
May-Jul	28,122	27,181	653	3,377	6,375	10,531	6,246	940
Jun-Aug (Sum)	28,103	27,145	650	3,374	6,353	10,528	6,240	957
Jul-Sep	28,130	27,168	645	3,386	6,361	10,543	6,234	962
Aug-Oct	28,151	27,180	646	3,406	6,342	10,549	6,237	972
Sep-Nov (Aut)	28,147	27,182	652	3,428	6,327	10,564	6,212	966
Oct-Dec	28,152	27,186	644	3,427	6,315	10,578	6,223	966
<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>28,272</b>	<b>27,297</b>	<b>643</b>	<b>3,447</b>	<b>6,330</b>	<b>10,622</b>	<b>6,256</b>	<b>975</b>
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	28,330	27,349	633	3,482	6,325	10,638	6,271	981
Jan-Mar 2004	28,346	27,356	636	3,494	6,308	10,636	6,282	990
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>28,302</b>	<b>27,314</b>	<b>630</b>	<b>3,482</b>	<b>6,309</b>	<b>10,619</b>	<b>6,274</b>	<b>988</b>
<b>Changes</b>								
<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>-13</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>-21</b>	<b>-3</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>13</b>
Percent	0.1	0.1	-2.0	1.0	-0.3	0.0	0.3	1.3
<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>246</b>	<b>189</b>	<b>-30</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>-89</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>58</b>
Percent	0.9	0.7	-4.5	3.5	-1.4	1.0	1.3	6.2
<b>Male</b>	<b>MGSA</b>	<b>YBSF</b>	<b>YBTP</b>	<b>YBTS</b>	<b>YBTV</b>	<b>YBTY</b>	<b>MGUX</b>	<b>MGVA</b>
<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>								
1995	14,116	13,828	300	1,729	3,833	5,065	2,900	288
1996	14,183	13,918	327	1,685	3,830	5,100	2,975	266
1997	14,422	14,155	333	1,671	3,889	5,134	3,127	268
1998	14,584	14,312	336	1,648	3,885	5,200	3,242	272
1999	14,710	14,424	324	1,653	3,832	5,267	3,349	286
2000	14,904	14,620	329	1,691	3,801	5,388	3,411	284
2001	15,011	14,747	334	1,710	3,728	5,448	3,528	264
2002	15,027	14,739	321	1,752	3,603	5,519	3,545	288
2003	15,212	14,876	321	1,761	3,497	5,616	3,681	336
<b>3-month averages</b>								
<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>	<b>15,178</b>	<b>14,846</b>	<b>319</b>	<b>1,758</b>	<b>3,497</b>	<b>5,605</b>	<b>3,667</b>	<b>332</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	15,212	14,876	321	1,761	3,497	5,616	3,681	336
Apr-Jun	15,235	14,904	321	1,768	3,500	5,617	3,698	331
May-Jul	15,236	14,903	323	1,773	3,492	5,625	3,690	333
Jun-Aug (Sum)	15,217	14,880	321	1,770	3,476	5,631	3,682	337
Jul-Sep	15,221	14,887	316	1,780	3,470	5,643	3,677	334
Aug-Oct	15,210	14,879	313	1,783	3,458	5,642	3,682	332
Sep-Nov (Aut)	15,200	14,871	312	1,796	3,442	5,645	3,677	329
Oct-Dec	15,192	14,861	306	1,791	3,429	5,647	3,687	331
<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>15,243</b>	<b>14,912</b>	<b>311</b>	<b>1,801</b>	<b>3,429</b>	<b>5,662</b>	<b>3,710</b>	<b>331</b>
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	15,292	14,959	304	1,821	3,435	5,674	3,725	333
Jan-Mar 2004	15,304	14,967	304	1,822	3,432	5,688	3,721	336
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>15,275</b>	<b>14,942</b>	<b>299</b>	<b>1,819</b>	<b>3,426</b>	<b>5,688</b>	<b>3,711</b>	<b>332</b>
<b>Changes</b>								
<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>-11</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>-3</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>
Percent	0.2	0.2	-3.6	1.0	-0.1	0.5	0.0	0.4
<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>-20</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>-71</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>1</b>
Percent	0.6	0.7	-6.2	3.4	-2.0	1.5	1.2	0.2
<b>Female</b>	<b>MGSB</b>	<b>YBSG</b>	<b>YBTQ</b>	<b>YBTT</b>	<b>YBTW</b>	<b>YBTZ</b>	<b>MGUY</b>	<b>MGVB</b>
<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>								
1995	11,638	11,133	303	1,583	3,031	4,309	1,906	506
1996	11,837	11,333	325	1,583	3,060	4,423	1,941	504
1997	12,041	11,507	357	1,540	3,144	4,437	2,030	534
1998	12,137	11,634	348	1,521	3,123	4,487	2,155	503
1999	12,338	11,807	337	1,529	3,140	4,567	2,233	531
2000	12,510	11,963	333	1,550	3,108	4,653	2,320	546
2001	12,649	12,094	335	1,561	3,042	4,759	2,398	555
2002	12,789	12,190	330	1,613	2,964	4,837	2,447	598
2003	12,883	12,286	335	1,603	2,896	4,911	2,542	597
<b>3-month averages</b>								
<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>	<b>12,878</b>	<b>12,280</b>	<b>341</b>	<b>1,605</b>	<b>2,901</b>	<b>4,905</b>	<b>2,528</b>	<b>598</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	12,883	12,286	335	1,603	2,896	4,911	2,542	597
Apr-Jun	12,878	12,277	332	1,592	2,890	4,920	2,542	601
May-Jul	12,886	12,279	330	1,605	2,883	4,906	2,555	608
Jun-Aug (Sum)	12,886	12,266	329	1,604	2,878	4,897	2,558	620
Jul-Sep	12,909	12,281	329	1,605	2,891	4,900	2,556	628
Aug-Oct	12,941	12,301	333	1,622	2,884	4,906	2,555	640
Sep-Nov (Aut)	12,947	12,310	340	1,632	2,884	4,919	2,535	637
Oct-Dec	12,960	12,325	337	1,636	2,886	4,931	2,535	635
<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>13,029</b>	<b>12,386</b>	<b>332</b>	<b>1,646</b>	<b>2,901</b>	<b>4,960</b>	<b>2,546</b>	<b>644</b>
Dec 2002-Feb 2003 (Win)	13,038	12,390	329	1,661	2,890	4,964	2,546	648
Jan-Mar 2004	13,043	12,389	332	1,673	2,876	4,948	2,561	654
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>13,027</b>	<b>12,372</b>	<b>331</b>	<b>1,663</b>	<b>2,884</b>	<b>4,931</b>	<b>2,564</b>	<b>655</b>
<b>Changes</b>								
<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>-2</b>	<b>-13</b>	<b>-1</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>-18</b>	<b>-29</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>12</b>
Percent	0.0	-0.1	-0.4	1.0	-0.6	-0.6	0.7	1.8
<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>149</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>-10</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>-18</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>57</b>
Percent	1.2	0.7	-2.9	3.6	-0.6	0.5	1.4	9.6

# EMPLOYMENT B.2

Employment rates<sup>a</sup> by age

Per cent, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM	All aged 16 and over	16-59/64	16-17	18-24	25-34	35-49	50-64 (M) 50-59 (F)	65+ (M) 60+ (F)
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
<b>All</b>	<b>MGSR</b>	<b>MGSU</b>	<b>YBUA</b>	<b>YBUD</b>	<b>YBUG</b>	<b>YBUJ</b>	<b>YBUM</b>	<b>YBUP</b>
<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>								
1995	57.0	71.2	45.4	64.1	75.5	79.3	63.0	7.8
1996	57.4	71.8	46.6	65.8	75.8	79.7	63.5	7.6
1997	58.2	72.7	47.9	66.5	77.8	80.0	64.5	7.9
1998	58.5	73.3	47.9	66.5	78.4	80.6	65.4	7.6
1999	59.0	73.8	47.0	66.6	79.4	81.1	66.1	7.9
2000	59.5	74.4	46.7	67.6	80.1	81.7	66.7	8.0
2001	59.7	74.6	45.6	67.4	80.1	81.9	67.9	7.9
2002	59.7	74.4	43.3	68.0	79.7	81.9	67.8	8.5
2003	59.9	74.7	43.2	66.4	79.5	82.1	69.8	8.9
<b>3-month averages</b>								
<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>	<b>59.8</b>	<b>74.6</b>	<b>43.4</b>	<b>66.5</b>	<b>79.4</b>	<b>82.1</b>	<b>69.5</b>	<b>8.8</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	59.9	74.7	43.2	66.4	79.5	82.1	69.8	8.9
Apr-Jun	59.9	74.7	43.0	66.1	79.6	82.1	69.9	8.8
May-Jul	59.9	74.7	42.9	66.4	79.6	82.0	69.9	8.9
Jun-Aug (Sum)	59.8	74.6	42.7	66.2	79.5	81.9	69.8	9.1
Jul-Sep	59.9	74.6	42.3	66.3	79.7	81.9	69.7	9.1
Aug-Oct	59.9	74.6	42.3	66.6	79.6	81.9	69.7	9.2
Sep-Nov (Aut)	59.8	74.6	42.6	66.9	79.5	81.9	69.4	9.1
Oct-Dec	59.8	74.5	42.0	66.8	79.5	82.0	69.5	9.1
<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>60.0</b>	<b>74.8</b>	<b>41.9</b>	<b>67.1</b>	<b>79.8</b>	<b>82.2</b>	<b>69.8</b>	<b>9.2</b>
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	60.1	74.9	41.2	67.7	79.9	82.3	69.9	9.2
Jan-Mar 2004	60.1	74.9	41.3	67.8	79.8	82.2	70.0	9.3
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>60.0</b>	<b>74.8</b>	<b>40.9</b>	<b>67.5</b>	<b>79.9</b>	<b>82.0</b>	<b>69.9</b>	<b>9.3</b>
<b>Changes</b>								
<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-1.0</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.1</b>
<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>-2.6</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.5</b>
<b>Male</b>	<b>MGSS</b>	<b>MGSV</b>	<b>YBUB</b>	<b>YBUE</b>	<b>YBUH</b>	<b>YBUK</b>	<b>YBUN</b>	<b>YBUQ</b>
<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>								
1995	65.0	76.4	44.7	67.1	84.6	86.3	65.0	8.0
1996	65.0	76.6	46.2	68.3	84.6	85.9	65.8	7.3
1997	65.9	77.7	45.9	69.8	86.4	86.4	67.3	7.3
1998	66.4	78.4	46.7	69.9	87.5	87.3	67.9	7.4
1999	66.7	78.7	45.5	70.0	87.8	87.6	68.6	7.7
2000	67.2	79.4	45.5	71.3	88.8	88.6	68.7	7.6
2001	67.1	79.5	44.5	71.0	88.7	88.4	70.2	6.9
2002	66.8	79.0	41.6	71.1	88.0	88.3	69.8	7.5
2003	67.1	79.3	41.2	69.6	87.8	88.7	71.8	8.6
<b>3-month averages</b>								
<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>	<b>67.0</b>	<b>79.2</b>	<b>41.0</b>	<b>69.6</b>	<b>87.6</b>	<b>88.6</b>	<b>71.6</b>	<b>8.5</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	67.1	79.3	41.2	69.6	87.8	88.7	71.8	8.6
Apr-Jun	67.2	79.4	41.2	69.6	88.1	88.6	72.1	8.5
May-Jul	67.2	79.4	41.4	69.7	88.0	88.7	71.9	8.5
Jun-Aug (Sum)	67.0	79.3	41.2	69.4	87.8	88.7	71.7	8.6
Jul-Sep	67.0	79.3	40.5	69.7	87.8	88.8	71.5	8.5
Aug-Oct	66.9	79.2	39.9	69.7	87.7	88.7	71.6	8.4
Sep-Nov (Aut)	66.9	79.1	39.8	70.1	87.4	88.6	71.4	8.3
Oct-Dec	66.8	79.0	39.0	69.8	87.2	88.6	71.6	8.4
<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>67.0</b>	<b>79.2</b>	<b>39.5</b>	<b>70.1</b>	<b>87.4</b>	<b>88.8</b>	<b>71.9</b>	<b>8.4</b>
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	67.1	79.5	38.6	70.7	87.7	88.9	72.2	8.4
Jan-Mar 2004	67.2	79.5	38.5	70.7	87.8	89.0	72.0	8.5
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>67.0</b>	<b>79.3</b>	<b>37.9</b>	<b>70.4</b>	<b>87.8</b>	<b>88.9</b>	<b>71.8</b>	<b>8.4</b>
<b>Changes</b>								
<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>-1.6</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>0.0</b>
<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>-3.1</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>-0.1</b>
<b>Female</b>	<b>MGST</b>	<b>MGSW</b>	<b>YBUC</b>	<b>YBUF</b>	<b>YBUI</b>	<b>YBUL</b>	<b>YBUO</b>	<b>YBUR</b>
<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>								
1995	49.6	65.8	46.1	61.1	66.4	72.5	60.2	7.7
1996	50.3	66.7	46.9	63.3	67.0	73.5	60.2	7.7
1997	51.0	67.4	49.9	63.2	69.2	73.6	60.6	8.2
1998	51.2	67.9	49.1	63.2	69.5	74.1	62.1	7.7
1999	51.9	68.6	48.6	63.3	71.0	74.6	62.8	8.1
2000	52.4	69.1	47.9	64.0	71.6	74.9	63.8	8.3
2001	52.7	69.4	46.8	63.9	71.6	75.5	64.7	8.4
2002	53.0	69.6	45.0	64.9	71.4	75.6	65.1	9.1
2003	53.1	69.7	45.2	63.2	71.4	75.7	67.0	9.0
<b>3-month averages</b>								
<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>	<b>53.1</b>	<b>69.7</b>	<b>46.0</b>	<b>63.4</b>	<b>71.4</b>	<b>75.7</b>	<b>66.7</b>	<b>9.0</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	53.1	69.7	45.2	63.2	71.4	75.7	67.0	9.0
Apr-Jun	53.1	69.7	44.8	62.7	71.3	75.8	67.0	9.1
May-Jul	53.1	69.6	44.5	63.0	71.3	75.5	67.3	9.2
Jun-Aug (Sum)	53.1	69.5	44.3	62.9	71.3	75.2	67.4	9.3
Jul-Sep	53.2	69.6	44.2	62.9	71.7	75.2	67.3	9.5
Aug-Oct	53.3	69.7	44.8	63.4	71.6	75.2	67.2	9.6
Sep-Nov (Aut)	53.3	69.7	45.6	63.7	71.8	75.4	66.7	9.6
Oct-Dec	53.3	69.8	45.2	63.8	71.9	75.5	66.7	9.5
<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>53.6</b>	<b>70.1</b>	<b>44.4</b>	<b>64.1</b>	<b>72.4</b>	<b>75.8</b>	<b>66.9</b>	<b>9.7</b>
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	53.6	70.1	43.9	64.7	72.2	75.8	66.9	9.7
Jan-Mar 2004	53.6	70.1	44.3	65.0	71.9	75.5	67.3	9.8
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>53.5</b>	<b>70.0</b>	<b>44.0</b>	<b>64.6</b>	<b>72.2</b>	<b>75.2</b>	<b>67.3</b>	<b>9.8</b>
<b>Changes</b>								
<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>-0.4</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-0.7</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.2</b>
<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>-2.0</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>-0.5</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>0.8</b>

a Denominator = all people in the relevant age group.

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7.

Source: Labour Force Survey  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094



# B.11 EMPLOYMENT Workforce jobs<sup>a</sup>

										Thousands		
Employee jobs						Self-employment jobs (with or without employees) <sup>c</sup>	HM Forces <sup>d</sup>	Government-supported trainees <sup>e</sup>	Workforce jobs <sup>f</sup>			
Male		Female		All								
All	Part-time <sup>b</sup>	All	Part-time <sup>b</sup>									
UNITED KINGDOM												
Not seasonally adjusted						BCAE	BCAF	BCAD	BCAG	BCAH	DY CZ	DYDA
2000	Jun	12,903	1,719	12,654	5,987	25,557	3,521	207	112	29,397		
	Sep	12,970	1,785	12,760	6,035	25,730	3,498	205	121	29,554		
	Dec	13,027	1,835	12,860	6,113	25,886	3,481	206	118	29,692		
2001	Mar	13,001	1,784	12,689	6,055	25,690	3,506	206	111	29,512		
	Jun	13,083	1,799	12,791	6,096	25,873	3,527	204	96	29,700		
	Sep	13,172	1,848	12,782	6,093	25,955	3,520	203	91	29,769		
	Dec	13,305	1,878	12,805	6,145	26,110	3,514	204	95	29,923		
2002	Mar	13,087	1,915	12,805	6,166	25,893	3,514	205	91	29,702		
	Jun	13,081	1,933	12,863	6,246	25,944	3,584	204	92	29,823		
	Sep	13,112	1,975	12,864	6,227	25,976	3,618	204	98	29,896		
	Dec	13,277	1,998	12,842	6,209	26,119	3,611	205	99	30,034		
2003	Mar	13,084	1,983	12,777	6,188	25,861	3,710	207	100	29,878		
	Jun	13,142	2,016	12,858	6,237	26,000	3,798	206	96	30,100		
	Sep	13,178	2,009	12,859	6,220	26,037	3,889	206	104	30,237		
	Dec R	13,213	2,027	13,014	6,347	26,228	3,853	208	110	30,399		
2004	Mar	13,096	1,997	12,933	6,276	26,028	3,853	207	114	30,203		
UNITED KINGDOM												
Seasonally adjusted						BCHI	BCHJ	BCAJ	DYZN	LOJX	LOJU	DYDC
2000	Jun	12,941	1,731	12,646	5,978	25,588	3,515	207	119	29,428		
	Sep	12,953	1,778	12,730	6,023	25,683	3,488	206	120	29,497		
	Dec	12,947	1,820	12,834	6,103	25,781	3,499	206	114	29,600		
2001	Mar	13,065	1,794	12,752	6,085	25,817	3,508	205	110	29,640		
	Jun	13,124	1,811	12,781	6,084	25,905	3,517	204	101	29,728		
	Sep	13,152	1,841	12,761	6,089	25,914	3,509	204	90	29,717		
	Dec	13,222	1,864	12,777	6,132	25,999	3,535	204	91	29,829		
2002	Mar	13,155	1,925	12,863	6,195	26,018	3,518	204	90	29,831		
	Jun	13,122	1,944	12,853	6,232	25,975	3,571	204	96	29,847		
	Sep	13,092	1,967	12,851	6,228	25,942	3,605	205	97	29,850		
	Dec	13,192	1,985	12,812	6,195	26,003	3,635	205	95	29,939		
2003	Mar	13,153	1,992	12,831	6,215	25,984	3,717	206	99	30,006		
	Jun	13,185	2,026	12,848	6,222	26,033	3,785	207	100	30,125		
	Sep	13,158	2,002	12,849	6,223	26,008	3,874	207	103	30,192		
	Dec R	13,131	2,014	12,984	6,329	26,115	3,879	207	108	30,310		
2004	Mar	13,161	2,009	12,977	6,300	26,138	3,868	207	113	30,325		
GREAT BRITAIN												
Not seasonally adjusted						DYCA	DYCB	DYCM	DYCT	DYCU	DYDE	DYDF
2000	Jun	12,586	1,665	12,331	5,832	24,917	3,428	207	103	28,654		
	Sep	12,650	1,731	12,436	5,880	25,087	3,405	205	111	28,807		
	Dec	12,705	1,778	12,529	5,952	25,234	3,388	206	107	28,934		
2001	Mar	12,681	1,729	12,360	5,896	25,041	3,412	206	101	28,761		
	Jun	12,763	1,744	12,461	5,936	25,223	3,431	204	89	28,948		
	Sep	12,852	1,793	12,451	5,933	25,303	3,425	203	81	29,013		
	Dec	12,980	1,820	12,466	5,979	25,447	3,419	204	84	29,154		
2002	Mar	12,765	1,858	12,469	6,000	25,233	3,418	205	83	28,940		
	Jun	12,757	1,875	12,525	6,080	25,282	3,495	204	85	29,066		
	Sep	12,789	1,917	12,526	6,062	25,315	3,530	204	91	29,139		
	Dec	12,951	1,938	12,496	6,037	25,447	3,522	205	91	29,265		
2003	Mar	12,761	1,924	12,435	6,019	25,196	3,622	207	92	29,117		
	Jun	12,819	1,956	12,515	6,068	25,334	3,699	206	89	29,328		
	Sep	12,853	1,950	12,517	6,052	25,370	3,790	206	95	29,462		
	Dec R	12,884	1,965	12,664	6,171	25,548	3,754	208	102	29,612		
2004	Mar	12,768	1,936	12,584	6,102	25,352	3,753	207	107	29,420		
GREAT BRITAIN												
Seasonally adjusted						DYCF	DYCG	DYCN	DYZO	LOJW	LOJT	DYDH
2000	Jun	12,623	1,678	12,322	5,823	24,946	3,421	207	110	28,683		
	Sep	12,634	1,724	12,405	5,868	25,039	3,394	206	109	28,748		
	Dec	12,627	1,763	12,507	5,942	25,133	3,405	206	103	28,848		
2001	Mar	12,744	1,739	12,422	5,926	25,167	3,414	205	101	28,887		
	Jun	12,803	1,756	12,450	5,924	25,254	3,422	204	94	28,974		
	Sep	12,832	1,786	12,429	5,929	25,261	3,414	204	80	28,959		
	Dec	12,899	1,806	12,442	5,966	25,342	3,439	204	81	29,066		
2002	Mar	12,832	1,868	12,526	6,029	25,357	3,423	204	83	29,067		
	Jun	12,798	1,886	12,514	6,066	25,312	3,483	204	90	29,088		
	Sep	12,768	1,910	12,510	6,063	25,278	3,517	205	90	29,090		
	Dec	12,867	1,925	12,469	6,023	25,337	3,546	205	87	29,175		
2003	Mar	12,829	1,933	12,488	6,046	25,317	3,629	206	92	29,244		
	Jun	12,861	1,966	12,504	6,052	25,365	3,686	207	94	29,351		
	Sep	12,833	1,943	12,505	6,055	25,338	3,775	207	95	29,415		
	Dec R	12,804	1,951	12,637	6,154	25,441	3,780	207	100	29,528		
2004	Mar	12,833	1,947	12,627	6,126	25,460	3,769	207	105	29,541		

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS  
Customer helpline: 01633 812318

- a Workforce jobs are calculated by summing employee jobs, self-employment jobs from the Labour Force Survey, HM Forces and government-supported trainees.  
b Estimates of part-time employees in the United Kingdom are only available on a quarterly basis since December 1992. The Northern Ireland component is not seasonally adjusted.  
c Estimates of self-employment jobs are based on the results of the Labour Force Survey. The Northern Ireland estimates are not seasonally adjusted.  
d HM Forces figures, provided by the Ministry of Defence, are not subject to seasonal adjustment.  
e Includes all participants on government training and employment programmes who are receiving some work experience on their placement but who do not have a contract of employment (those with a contract are included in the employee jobs series).  
f Employee jobs, self-employment jobs, HM Forces and government-supported trainees.

Note: Definitions of terms used will be found on pS3.

R Revised

# B.12 EMPLOYMENT

## Employee jobs by industry

Thousands								
UNITED KINGDOM		All industries and services A-O <sup>a</sup>		Manufacturing industries D		Production industries C-E		Production and construction industries C-F
SIC 1992 Section, subsection, group		All employee jobs unadjusted	Seasonally adjusted	All employee jobs unadjusted	Seasonally adjusted	All employee jobs unadjusted	Seasonally adjusted	All employee jobs unadjusted
		BCAD	BCAJ	YEJG	YEJL	YEJH	YEJF	LOJY
1993 Jun		22,949	22,923	3,952	3,956	4,238	4,246	5,200
1994 Jun		23,042	23,005	3,970	3,971	4,222	4,230	5,184
1995 Jun		23,410	23,370	4,072	4,073	4,301	4,310	5,233
1996 Jun		23,731	23,834	4,119	4,138	4,228	4,359	5,259
1997 Jun		24,281	24,320	4,176	4,151	4,281	4,371	5,371
1998 Jun		24,672	24,703	4,196	4,179	4,293	4,389	5,504
1999 Jun		25,058	25,085	4,051	4,042	4,145	4,248	5,366
2000 Jun		25,557	25,588	3,954	3,951	4,153	4,152	5,336
2001 Jun		25,873	25,905	3,802	3,803	4,009	4,012	5,185
2002 Jun		25,944	25,975	3,599	3,602	3,802	3,806	4,961
2003 Jun		26,000	26,033	3,455	3,458	3,650	3,655	4,844
2002 Apr				3,625	3,633	3,830	3,838	
May				3,608	3,615	3,812	3,819	
Jun	25,944	25,975		3,599	3,602	3,802	3,806	4,961
Jul				3,591	3,584	3,794	3,786	
Aug				3,581	3,572	3,782	3,772	
Sep	25,976	25,942		3,559	3,555	3,759	3,754	4,929
Oct				3,549	3,541	3,749	3,741	
Nov				3,539	3,528	3,737	3,726	
Dec	26,119	26,003		3,510	3,514	3,707	3,709	4,895
2003 Jan				3,500	3,506	3,695	3,702	
Feb				3,493	3,498	3,688	3,693	
Mar	25,861	25,984		3,485	3,489	3,679	3,684	4,846
Apr				3,469	3,477	3,663	3,671	
May				3,461	3,468	3,656	3,663	
Jun	26,000	26,033		3,455	3,458	3,650	3,655	4,844
Jul				3,449	3,442	3,644	3,637	
Aug				3,442	3,435	3,638	3,630	
Sep	26,037	26,008		3,435	3,431	3,630	3,625	4,855
Oct				3,435	3,427	3,628	3,620	
Nov				3,430	3,418	3,623	3,611	
Dec R	26,228	26,115		3,410	3,413	3,602	3,605	4,854
2004 Jan R				3,389	3,396	3,581	3,589	
Feb R				3,385	3,388	3,577	3,581	
Mar R	26,028	26,138		3,378	3,379	3,570	3,572	4,818
Apr P				3,365	3,371	3,557	3,563	4,832

UNITED KINGDOM				SEASONALLY ADJUSTED						
		Service industries G-O <sup>a</sup>		Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	Mining and quarrying, supply of electricity, gas and water	Food products, beverages and tobacco	Manufacture of clothing, textiles, leather and leather products	Wood and wood products	Paper, pulp, printing, publishing and recording media	Chemicals, chemical products and man-made fibres
SIC 1992 Section, subsection, group		All employee jobs unadjusted	Seasonally adjusted	A,B 01-05	C,E 10-14,40-41	DA 15-16	DB/DC 17-19	DD 20	DE 21-22	DG 24
		YEJI	YEID	YEHU	YEJY	LOKA	LOKB	LOKC	LOKD	LOKE
1993 Jun		17,419	17,384	328	290	484	434	91	443	257
1994 Jun		17,556	17,510	301	259	473	422	93	457	246
1995 Jun		17,903	17,853	273	237	472	404	84	463	254
1996 Jun		18,192	18,261	280	221	474	396	85	465	252
1997 Jun		18,595	18,648	314	220	500	388	88	464	251
1998 Jun		18,846	18,887	320	210	509	373	86	472	257
1999 Jun		19,375	19,407	313	206	505	326	84	469	249
2000 Jun		19,900	19,932	315	201	498	285	83	464	238
2001 Jun		20,410	20,441	272	208	482	245	81	452	233
2002 Jun		20,727	20,756	249	204	467	211	83	442	233
2003 Jun		20,928	20,957	222	197	461	183	82	432	230
2002 Apr					205	470	216	83	445	232
May					204	468	213	83	443	233
Jun	20,727	20,756		249	204	467	211	83	442	233
Jul					202	466	209	82	441	233
Aug					200	464	205	83	440	233
Sep	20,805	20,794		230	199	464	203	82	436	234
Oct					200	461	200	81	436	234
Nov					198	460	197	82	435	235
Dec	21,013	20,893		225	195	460	193	82	435	234
2003 Jan					196	462	192	81	434	234
Feb					195	462	189	82	434	234
Mar	20,791	20,891		228	196	462	188	82	434	233
Apr					195	461	186	82	433	232
May					195	461	185	82	433	231
Jun	20,928	20,957		222	197	461	183	82	432	230
Jul					195	459	181	82	431	229
Aug					195	458	179	82	432	228
Sep	20,939	20,931		233	194	457	178	82	433	228
Oct					193	459	176	83	434	228
Nov					193	458	175	82	435	227
Dec R	21,155	21,040		231	192	457	174	83	431	226
2004 Jan R					193	456	172	83	428	225
Feb R					193	455	170	83	429	224
Mar R	20,994	21,085		221	193	454	169	84	426	223
Apr P					192	452	167	83	427	222

<sup>a</sup> The workforce jobs figures have not been changed. Divisions P (private households with employed persons) and Q (extra-territorial organisations and bodies) have never been included in workforce jobs. It is felt that the new heading makes the position clearer.

<sup>b</sup> These figures do not cover all employees in national and local government. They exclude those engaged in, for example, building, education and health. Members of HM Forces are excluded.

<sup>R</sup> Revised

<sup>P</sup> Provisional

Note: Estimates for groups of industry classes are now seasonally adjusted from June 1978 for quarterly data and from September 1984 for monthly data. For unadjusted figures, please see Tables B.13 and B.14.

# EMPLOYMENT Employee jobs by industry: seasonally adjusted

# B.12

Thousands

UNITED KINGDOM		Rubber and plastic products	Non-metallic mineral products, metal and metal products	Machinery and equipment n.e.c.	Electrical and optical equipment	Transport equipment	Coke, nuclear fuel and other manufacturing n.e.c.	Construction	Wholesale and retail trade, and repairs	Hotels and restaurants
SIC 1992 Section, subsection, group		DH 25	DI/DJ 26-28	DK 29	DL 30-33	DM 34-35	DF, DN 23, 36-37	F 45	G 50-52	H 55
		LOKF	LOGK	LOKH	LOKI	LOKJ	LOKK	YEHX	LOKL	LOKM
1993	Jun	202	694	377	423	351	201	966	3,906	1,360
1994	Jun	211	705	374	438	346	206	965	3,999	1,365
1995	Jun	234	707	368	475	370	221	935	4,060	1,431
1996	Jun	241	720	360	499	374	221	933	4,163	1,501
1997	Jun	252	720	365	508	378	236	987	4,299	1,531
1998	Jun	254	699	373	519	400	237	1,107	4,347	1,551
1999	Jun	244	674	360	497	395	239	1,117	4,361	1,628
2000	Jun	238	660	352	494	399	242	1,189	4,415	1,665
2001	Jun	228	624	346	480	388	243	1,181	4,523	1,678
2002	Jun	222	588	325	425	374	233	1,164	4,570	1,725
2003	Jun	214	572	309	391	359	226	1,199	4,557	1,760
2002	Apr	225	592	330	433	376	234			
	May	223	589	327	428	374	234			
	Jun	222	588	325	425	374	233	1,164	4,570	1,725
	Jul	222	586	320	421	372	231			
	Aug	222	585	318	419	371	232			
	Sep	220	582	319	415	370	231	1,164	4,575	1,738
	Oct	219	582	315	412	369	231			
	Nov	218	581	313	408	368	231			
	Dec	217	579	312	404	368	230	1,176	4,601	1,756
	Jan	215	579	311	403	366	229			
	Feb	215	577	311	400	365	228			
	Mar	215	575	310	398	363	228	1,180	4,545	1,758
2003	Apr	214	575	309	395	362	228			
	May	214	574	307	393	360	227			
	Jun	214	572	309	391	359	226	1,199	4,557	1,760
	Jul	213	568	307	389	358	226			
	Aug	212	568	307	386	358	224			
	Sep	212	568	307	385	356	225	1,219	4,549	1,751
	Oct	212	567	305	384	354	225			
	Nov	210	566	305	382	353	225			
	Dec R	211	566	306	382	352	225	1,240	4,586	1,773
	Jan R	211	563	304	380	350	224			
	Feb R	211	561	303	379	349	224			
	Mar R	211	560	301	378	349	224	1,260	4,572	1,785
Apr P		212	558	301	377	348	223			

UNITED KINGDOM		Transport and storage	Post and telecom-munications	Financial intermediation	Real estate	Renting, research, computer and other business activities	Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	Education	Health and social work activities	Other community, social and personal activities
SIC 1992 Section, subsection, group		I 60-63	I 64	J 65-67	K 70	K 71-74	L <sup>b</sup> 75	M 80	N 85	O <sup>a</sup> 90-93
		LOKN	LOKO	LOKP	LOKQ	LOKR	LOKS	LOKT	LOKU	YEIC
1993	Jun	925	437	1,014	256	2,546	1,467	1,892	2,511	1,069
1994	Jun	921	439	1,022	270	2,546	1,449	1,917	2,522	1,061
1995	Jun	920	440	1,041	281	2,710	1,411	1,927	2,559	1,073
1996	Jun	915	457	1,021	275	2,875	1,416	1,948	2,563	1,125
1997	Jun	933	459	1,035	291	3,035	1,366	1,957	2,591	1,149
1998	Jun	954	466	1,044	292	3,151	1,398	1,938	2,592	1,153
1999	Jun	982	480	1,073	312	3,276	1,358	2,090	2,608	1,238
2000	Jun	1,009	517	1,069	350	3,412	1,375	2,131	2,701	1,287
2001	Jun	1,034	557	1,089	363	3,585	1,383	2,148	2,756	1,323
2002	Jun	1,022	557	1,106	365	3,602	1,431	2,188	2,813	1,375
2003	Jun	1,014	561	1,103	362	3,606	1,490	2,254	2,880	1,370
2002	Apr									
	May									
	Jun	1,022	557	1,106	365	3,602	1,431	2,188	2,813	1,375
	Jul									
2003	Aug									
	Sep	1,017	555	1,105	366	3,579	1,445	2,216	2,823	1,373
	Oct									
	Nov									
2004	Dec	1,018	561	1,103	362	3,588	1,460	2,226	2,841	1,384
	Jan									
	Feb									
	Mar	1,023	562	1,096	363	3,589	1,480	2,240	2,862	1,371
2003	Apr									
	May									
	Jun	1,014	561	1,103	362	3,606	1,490	2,254	2,880	1,370
	Jul									
2004	Aug									
	Sep	1,000	561	1,097	370	3,582	1,493	2,259	2,897	1,367
	Oct									
	Nov									
2004	Dec R	1,011	548	1,090	369	3,593	1,495	2,287	2,915	1,377
	Jan									
	Feb									
	Mar	1,017	551	1,094	367	3,587	1,500	2,293	2,942	1,375
Apr P										

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS  
Customer helpline: 01633 812318

# B.13 EMPLOYMENT

## Employee jobs: industry: production industries: unadjusted

Thousands

UNITED KINGDOM	Section, sub-section	March 2003 R			March 2004 R			2003		2004			
		Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Nov R	Dec R	Jan R	Feb R	Mar R	Apr P
<b>PRODUCTION INDUSTRIES</b>	<b>C-E</b>	<b>2,688.5</b>	<b>990.6</b>	<b>3,679.0</b>	<b>2,606.7</b>	<b>963.1</b>	<b>3,569.8</b>	<b>3,623.2</b>	<b>3,602.3</b>	<b>3,580.7</b>	<b>3,577.4</b>	<b>3,569.8</b>	<b>3,557.0</b>
<b>MINING AND QUARRYING</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>54.5</b>	<b>8.2</b>	<b>62.7</b>	<b>50.7</b>	<b>8.3</b>	<b>59.0</b>	<b>60.0</b>	<b>59.7</b>	<b>59.3</b>	<b>59.2</b>	<b>59.0</b>	<b>58.6</b>
Mining and quarrying of energy producing materials	CA (10-12)	33.5	5.1	38.5	29.9	5.2	35.2	35.8	35.8	35.4	35.4	35.2	34.8
Mining and quarrying except of energy producing materials	CB (13/14)	21.0	3.1	24.1	20.8	3.0	23.8	24.2	23.9	23.8	23.8	23.8	23.7
<b>MANUFACTURING</b>	<b>D</b>	<b>2,553.3</b>	<b>931.7</b>	<b>3,485.0</b>	<b>2,473.6</b>	<b>904.4</b>	<b>3,378.1</b>	<b>3,430.3</b>	<b>3,409.9</b>	<b>3,389.0</b>	<b>3,385.3</b>	<b>3,378.1</b>	<b>3,365.5</b>
Manufacture of food products, beverages and tobacco	DA	302.6	154.4	457.0	297.1	152.0	449.1	465.1	460.4	453.4	451.3	449.1	447.0
Manufacture of textiles and textile products of wearing apparel; dressing and dyeing of fur	DB 17	85.3 59.3	85.3 51.4	170.5 110.7	77.9 55.5	76.9 46.9	154.8 102.4	160.9 106.0	159.0 105.0	157.5 103.9	156.1 102.8	154.8 102.4	152.6 100.9
	18	26.0	33.8	59.8	22.4	30.0	52.4	54.9	54.0	53.6	53.3	52.4	51.7
Manufacture of leather and leather products including footwear	DC	9.3	8.0	17.3	8.5	6.0	14.4	14.8	14.7	14.7	14.6	14.4	14.2
Manufacture of wood and wood products	DD (20)	61.3	20.5	81.8	62.6	21.4	83.9	82.3	82.2	82.1	82.6	83.9	83.5
Manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products; publishing and printing of pulp, paper and paper products	DE 21	265.6 67.4	168.3 22.1	434.0 89.5	254.0 63.2	171.5 23.8	425.5 87.1	435.2 88.8	429.9 88.3	428.1 87.3	429.7 87.2	425.5 87.1	425.8 86.9
Publishing, printing and reproduction of recorded media	22	198.3	146.2	344.5	190.8	147.7	338.5	346.4	341.7	340.8	342.4	338.5	338.9
Manufacture of coke, refined petroleum products and nuclear fuel	DF (23)	21.8	2.6	24.4	20.9	2.6	23.5	24.3	24.3	23.6	23.6	23.5	23.5
Manufacture of chemicals, chemical products and man-made fibres	DG (24)	171.5	60.9	232.4	164.9	57.4	222.3	227.9	226.0	225.2	223.5	222.3	221.5
Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	DH (25)	176.4	38.8	215.2	171.7	40.3	211.9	210.8	211.1	210.6	211.2	211.9	212.4
Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	DI (26)	100.9	22.2	123.1	100.6	21.6	122.2	122.5	122.5	122.2	121.7	122.2	121.7
Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products of basic metals of fabricated metal products, except machinery	DJ 27	372.2 83.2	80.3 11.8	452.5 95.0	363.6 79.3	74.8 10.9	438.5 90.2	443.5 91.0	441.4 90.4	438.6 90.0	438.9 90.1	438.5 90.2	437.0 89.8
	28	289.0	68.5	357.5	284.3	63.9	348.2	352.5	351.0	348.6	348.8	348.2	347.2
	DK (29)	251.2	59.6	310.7	246.2	56.1	302.3	305.8	304.5	303.5	303.4	302.3	301.2
Manufacture of electrical and optical equipment of office machinery and computers of electrical machinery and apparatus n.e.c. of radio, television and communication eqpt. of medical, precision and optical eqpt; watches	DL 30	287.3 28.3	111.4 11.8	398.7 40.0	271.2 27.1	107.8 11.0	379.0 38.0	383.1 38.2	380.8 38.0	379.2 38.0	379.2 38.2	379.0 38.0	377.3 38.1
	31	105.6	40.2	145.8	98.1	38.8	136.8	139.2	138.5	137.2	137.3	136.8	136.7
	32	63.1	24.7	87.8	58.4	23.5	81.8	82.2	81.8	82.1	82.0	81.8	81.2
	33	90.3	34.8	125.1	87.8	34.5	122.3	123.4	122.5	121.8	121.6	122.3	121.4
	DM 34 35	301.1 181.4 119.7	62.4 25.4 37.1	363.6 206.8 156.8	290.1 174.6 115.4	60.0 25.8 34.1	350.0 200.5 149.6	353.2 202.7 150.5	351.8 201.5 150.2	351.0 201.2 149.8	350.2 201.0 149.2	350.0 200.5 149.6	348.5 199.4 149.0
Manufacturing n.e.c.	DN	146.9	56.9	203.8	144.3	56.2	200.6	201.0	201.2	199.3	199.4	200.6	199.2
<b>ELECTRICITY, GAS AND WATER SUPPLY</b>	<b>E</b>	<b>80.6</b>	<b>50.7</b>	<b>131.3</b>	<b>82.4</b>	<b>50.4</b>	<b>132.7</b>	<b>132.9</b>	<b>132.8</b>	<b>132.5</b>	<b>132.8</b>	<b>132.7</b>	<b>133.0</b>

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS  
Customer helpline: 01633 812318

R Revised  
P Provisional

# EMPLOYMENT B.14

## Employee jobs: unadjusted: March 2004

Thousands

UNITED KINGDOM	Section sub-section group or class	March 2003 R					December 2003 R			March 2004				
		Male		Female		All	Male	Female	All	Male		Female		All
		Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time					Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time	
<b>SIC 1992</b>	<b>A-O</b>	<b>11,101.2</b>	<b>1,982.7</b>	<b>6,589.1</b>	<b>6,188.1</b>	<b>25,861.1</b>	<b>13,213.4</b>	<b>13,014.2</b>	<b>26,227.6</b>	<b>11,098.2</b>	<b>1,997.4</b>	<b>6,656.5</b>	<b>6,276.4</b>	<b>26,028.4</b>
<b>SECTIONS</b>	<b>A-O</b>													
<b>AGRICULTURE, HUNTING AND FORESTRY</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>127.7</b>	<b>33.1</b>	<b>37.7</b>	<b>19.0</b>	<b>217.5</b>	<b>157.4</b>	<b>54.6</b>	<b>212.1</b>	<b>118.0</b>	<b>30.1</b>	<b>35.9</b>	<b>25.8</b>	<b>209.8</b>
Agriculture, hunting and related service activities	01	120.0	32.5	36.2	17.6	206.3	149.2	51.7	200.9	110.3	29.6	34.4	24.4	198.7
<b>FISHING</b>	<b>B</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>5.7</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>6.7</b>
<b>MINING AND QUARRYING</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>53.6</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>62.7</b>	<b>51.6</b>	<b>8.1</b>	<b>59.7</b>	<b>50.0</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>6.9</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>59.0</b>
Mining and quarrying of energy producing materials	CA (10-12)	33.1	0.4	4.6	0.4	38.5	30.7	5.1	35.8	29.7	0.2	4.8	0.4	35.2
Mining and quarrying except of energy producing materials	CB (13/14)	20.6	0.5	2.0	1.1	24.1	20.9	3.0	23.9	20.3	0.5	2.1	0.9	23.8
<b>ENERGY AND WATER SUPPLY INDUSTRIES</b>	<b>C,E</b>	<b>131.0</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>44.4</b>	<b>14.5</b>	<b>194.0</b>	<b>134.0</b>	<b>58.5</b>	<b>192.5</b>	<b>128.5</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>44.4</b>	<b>14.3</b>	<b>191.7</b>
<b>MANUFACTURING</b>	<b>D</b>	<b>2,465.1</b>	<b>88.2</b>	<b>722.4</b>	<b>209.3</b>	<b>3,485.0</b>	<b>2,493.7</b>	<b>916.2</b>	<b>3,409.9</b>	<b>2,394.0</b>	<b>79.7</b>	<b>693.8</b>	<b>210.6</b>	<b>3,378.1</b>
Manufacture of food products; beverages and tobacco	DA	289.5	13.1	113.4	41.0	457.0	304.1	156.3	460.4	285.7	11.4	113.8	38.1	449.1
Manufacture of textiles and textile products	DB	82.1	3.2	68.0	17.3	170.5	80.0	79.0	159.0	74.1	3.8	60.0	16.9	154.8
of wearing apparel; dressing of fur	17	57.4	1.8	41.8	9.6	110.7	57.0	48.0	105.0	54.0	1.5	37.5	9.4	102.4
Manufacture of leather and leather products including footwear	18	24.6	1.4	26.2	7.7	59.8	23.0	31.0	54.0	20.1	2.3	22.5	7.4	52.4
Manufacture of wood and wood products	DC	8.8	0.6	5.5	2.5	17.3	8.6	6.1	14.7	7.6	0.9	3.9	2.1	14.4
Manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products; publishing and printing	DD (20)	60.8	0.5	13.3	7.2	81.8	60.9	21.3	82.2	61.9	0.7	14.5	6.9	83.9
of pulp, paper and paper products	DE	240.8	24.8	125.2	43.2	434.0	257.0	172.9	429.9	233.4	20.7	122.6	48.9	425.5
Publishing, printing and reproduction of recorded media	21	52.9	14.4	15.8	6.4	89.5	63.7	24.6	88.3	52.4	10.9	15.7	8.1	87.1
Manufacture of coke, refined petroleum products and nuclear fuel	22	187.9	10.4	109.4	36.8	344.5	193.3	148.3	341.7	181.0	9.8	106.9	40.8	338.5
Manufacture of chemicals, chemical products and man-made fibres	DF (23)	21.4	0.3	1.9	0.8	24.4	21.6	2.8	24.3	20.6	0.4	1.8	0.8	23.5
Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	DG (24)	169.6	1.9	52.3	8.6	232.4	167.4	58.7	226.0	163.0	1.9	49.0	8.4	222.3
Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	DH (25)	173.5	2.9	30.0	8.9	215.2	173.3	37.8	211.1	169.5	2.1	32.7	7.5	211.9
Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	DI (26)	99.7	1.2	18.6	3.6	123.1	100.4	22.1	122.5	99.3	1.3	17.6	4.1	122.2
of basic metals	DJ	369.2	13.0	53.7	26.6	452.5	363.8	77.6	441.4	355.1	8.5	48.8	26.0	438.5
of fabricated metal products, except machinery	27	81.8	1.5	9.8	2.0	95.0	79.4	11.0	90.4	78.3	1.1	9.1	1.8	90.2
Manufacture of machinery and eqpt. nec	28	277.5	11.5	43.9	24.6	357.5	284.4	66.5	351.0	276.8	7.5	39.7	24.2	348.2
Manufacture of electrical and optical equipment	DK (29)	247.5	3.7	50.5	9.0	310.7	247.6	56.9	304.5	242.8	3.4	46.9	9.2	302.3
of office machinery and computers	DL	280.9	6.3	93.2	18.3	398.7	272.9	108.0	380.8	263.5	7.8	89.7	18.0	379.0
of electrical machinery n.e.c.	30	27.8	0.5	10.5	1.3	40.0	27.4	10.7	38.0	26.4	0.6	10.0	1.0	38.0
of radio, TV and communication eqpt.	31	103.3	2.2	32.8	7.4	145.8	100.0	38.6	138.5	95.2	2.8	31.7	7.1	136.8
of medical, precision and optical equipment and watches	32	61.2	1.9	22.0	2.7	87.8	58.2	23.5	81.8	55.4	3.0	20.8	2.7	81.8
Manufacture of transport equipment	33	88.7	1.6	27.9	6.8	125.1	87.3	35.2	122.5	86.4	1.4	27.3	7.2	122.3
of motor vehicles, trailers	DM	299.1	2.1	56.2	6.2	363.6	292.4	59.4	351.8	287.5	2.6	52.5	7.5	350.0
of other transport eqpt.	34	180.3	1.1	21.8	3.5	205.8	176.2	25.4	201.5	173.2	1.5	21.0	4.9	200.5
Manufacturing n.e.c.	35	118.7	1.0	34.4	2.7	156.8	116.2	34.0	150.2	114.3	1.1	31.5	2.6	148.8
	DN	132.3	14.6	40.7	16.2	203.8	143.7	57.5	201.2	130.1	14.2	39.9	16.3	200.6
<b>ELECTRICITY, GAS AND WATER SUPPLY</b>	<b>E</b>	<b>77.3</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>37.7</b>	<b>13.0</b>	<b>131.3</b>	<b>82.4</b>	<b>50.5</b>	<b>132.8</b>	<b>78.5</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>37.5</b>	<b>12.9</b>	<b>132.7</b>
<b>CONSTRUCTION</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>978.6</b>	<b>24.5</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>64.2</b>	<b>1,167.3</b>	<b>1,072.2</b>	<b>179.2</b>	<b>1,251.4</b>	<b>1,031.7</b>	<b>24.5</b>	<b>128.0</b>	<b>64.3</b>	<b>1,248.5</b>
<b>SERVICE INDUSTRIES</b>	<b>G - O</b>	<b>7,393.5</b>	<b>1,832.4</b>	<b>5,684.2</b>	<b>5,880.5</b>	<b>20,790.5</b>	<b>9,350.5</b>	<b>11,804.6</b>	<b>21,155.1</b>	<b>7,420.7</b>	<b>1,858.1</b>	<b>5,753.9</b>	<b>5,960.8</b>	<b>20,993.5</b>
<b>WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE; REPAIR OF MOTOR VEHICLES, MOTORCYCLES AND PERSONAL AND HOUSEHOLD GOODS</b>	<b>G</b>	<b>1,714.2</b>	<b>463.5</b>	<b>911.2</b>	<b>1,418.0</b>	<b>4,507.0</b>	<b>2,244.9</b>	<b>2,449.2</b>	<b>4,694.1</b>	<b>1,698.7</b>	<b>474.4</b>	<b>934.4</b>	<b>1,425.1</b>	<b>4,532.5</b>
Sale, maintenance and repair of motor vehicles; retail sale of automotive fuel	50	390.1	37.7	87.2	54.8	569.9	422.6	141.9	564.4	386.9	35.2	90.0	51.9	564.0
Wholesale and Commission Trade (except motor vehicles)	51	705.5	41.3	268.1	105.0	1,119.9	743.8	380.2	1,124.0	694.6	42.1	276.6	105.8	1,119.1
Retail trade, except motor vehicles and motorcycles, repair of personal goods	52	618.7	384.5	555.9	1,258.2	2,817.3	1,078.5	1,927.2	3,005.7	617.1	397.1	567.8	1,267.4	2,849.4
<b>HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS</b>	<b>H</b>	<b>404.5</b>	<b>326.8</b>	<b>340.1</b>	<b>660.6</b>	<b>1,732.1</b>	<b>751.5</b>	<b>1,008.2</b>	<b>1,759.7</b>	<b>410.8</b>	<b>345.3</b>	<b>336.2</b>	<b>668.2</b>	<b>1,760.6</b>
<b>TRANSPORT, STORAGE AND COMMUNICATION</b>	<b>I</b>	<b>1,024.7</b>	<b>111.8</b>	<b>317.4</b>	<b>121.5</b>	<b>1,575.5</b>	<b>1,123.0</b>	<b>437.4</b>	<b>1,560.4</b>	<b>1,013.0</b>	<b>110.7</b>	<b>317.5</b>	<b>119.3</b>	<b>1,560.5</b>
Land transport; transport via pipelines	60	366.1	45.1	63.5	31.6	506.2	406.3	98.8	505.2	361.9	41.8	67.8	30.7	502.2
Water transport	61	10.6	1.3	3.3	1.2	16.3	12.2	3.8	16.0	9.5	2.5	2.5	1.1	15.6
Air transport	62	43.1	3.8	34.0	9.0	89.9	48.3	43.6	91.9	46.2	4.5	38.7	7.7	97.2
Supporting and auxiliary transport activities; activities of travel agencies	63	231.2	17.4	117.2	33.9	399.7	245.8	151.1	396.9	229.4	16.6	114.6	33.8	394.4
Post and telecommunications	64	373.7	44.4	99.4	45.9	563.3	410.3	140.1	550.4	366.0	45.3	93.9	46.0	551.1
<b>FINANCIAL INTERMEDIATION</b>	<b>J</b>	<b>492.8</b>	<b>31.7</b>	<b>435.3</b>	<b>135.7</b>	<b>1,095.5</b>	<b>527.4</b>	<b>564.3</b>	<b>1,091.7</b>	<b>492.9</b>	<b>35.0</b>	<b>432.4</b>	<b>133.4</b>	<b>1,093.7</b>
Financial intermediation, except insurance and pension funding	65	267.9	21.1	249.8	90.5	629.3	293.5	338.9	632.4	275.2	23.6	253.5	89.7	642.1
Insurance and pension funding, except compulsory social security	66	101.4	5.8	93.5	21.6	222.4	103.4	110.0	213.4	96.1	5.4	87.9	21.5	210.9
Auxiliary to financial intermediation	67	123.4	4.8	92.0	23.6	243.8	130.4	115.4	245.8	121.6	5.9	90.9	22.3	240.8
<b>REAL ESTATE, RENTING AND BUSINESS ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>K</b>	<b>1,763.6</b>	<b>353.2</b>	<b>1,026.5</b>	<b>791.7</b>	<b>3,935.0</b>	<b>2,122.7</b>	<b>1,849.9</b>	<b>3,972.6</b>	<b>1,768.1</b>	<b>337.0</b>	<b>1,023.4</b>	<b>808.4</b>	<b>3,936.9</b>
Real estate activities	70	155.8	19.7	110.8	77.4	363.7	178.9	190.3	369.2	157.2	22.6	109.7	77.4	366.9
Renting of machinery and equipment without operator and of personal and goods	71	85.4	13.6	36.2	16.5	151.7	100.2	52.2	152.5	86.3	14.9	34.8	17.1	153.2
Computer and related activities	72	271.9	13.2	138.7	70.1	483.9	272.5	207.8	480.3	257.0	10.5	129.9	80.8	477.2
Research and development	73	58.1	2.3	41.4	9.9	111.7	60.6	48.3	108.9	57.8	2.8	38.1	10.2	108.9
Other business activities	74	1,192.5	304.3	699.5	617.7	2,814.1	1,510.5	1,351.3	2,861.7	1,209.8	286.1	711.9	622.9	2,830.7
<b>PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE; COMPULSORY SOCIAL SECURITY<sup>a</sup></b>	<b>L</b>	<b>696.1</b>	<b>52.9</b>	<b>519.1</b>	<b>215.3</b>	<b>1,483.4</b>	<b>752.9</b>	<b>739.6</b>	<b>1,492.6</b>	<b>703.1</b>	<b>55.2</b>	<b>526.3</b>	<b>218.8</b>	<b>1,503.4</b>
<b>EDUCATION</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>471.8</b>	<b>172.9</b>	<b>715.2</b>	<b>890.5</b>	<b>2,250.3</b>	<b>652.2</b>	<b>1,644.4</b>	<b>2,296.6</b>	<b>477.9</b>	<b>177.0</b>	<b>735.1</b>	<b>915.8</b>	<b>2,305.8</b>
<b>HEALTH AND SOCIAL WORK</b>	<b>N</b>	<b>348.7</b>	<b>130.6</b>	<b>1,085.0</b>	<b>1,287.0</b>	<b>2,851.2</b>	<b>495.8</b>	<b>2,419.8</b>	<b>2,915.5</b>	<b>363.0</b>	<b>138.1</b>	<b>1,114.2</b>	<b>1,321.0</b>	<b>2,936.3</b>
<b>OTHER COMMUNITY, SOCIAL AND PERSONAL SERVICE ACTIVITIES<sup>b</sup></b>	<b>O</b>	<b>477.1</b>	<b>189.0</b>	<b>334.4</b>	<b>360.1</b>	<b>1,360.6</b>	<b>680.1</b>	<b>691.9</b>	<b>1,372.0</b>	<b>493.4</b>	<b>185.4</b>	<b>334.3</b>	<b>350.8</b>	<b>1,363.8</b>
Sewage and refuse disposal	90	62.4	4.5	11.0	14.2	92.1	67.7	22.8	90.6	65.3	4.6	11.0	8.4	89.3
Servs. of membership organisations n.e.c.	91	76.3	31.9	58.7	58.8	225.7	109.1	122.8	231.9	77.7	29.7	60.3	61.2	229.0
Recreational, cultural and sporting servs.	92	238.3	107.8	180.0	194.8	720.9	348.2	372.2	720.4	237.0	109.1	178.6	196.0	720.7
Other service activities n.e.c. <sup>b</sup>	93	100.1	44.8	84.7	92.3	321.9	155.0	174.0	329.1	113.3	42.0	84.4	85.2	324.8

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS  
Customer helpline: 01633 812318

a Members of HM Forces are excluded.  
b Excludes private households with employed persons, extra-territorial organisations and bodies.

R Revised

# B.15 EMPLOYMENT

## Employee jobs: unadjusted: March 2004

Thousands

GREAT BRITAIN	Section sub- section group or class	March 2003 R					December 2003 R			March 2004				
		Male		Female		All	Male	Female	All	Male		Female		All
		Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time					Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time	
SIC 1992	A-O	10,837.3	1,923.8	6,415.9	6,019.0	25,196.1	12,884.2	12,663.8	25,548.0	10,832.3	1,936.0	6,481.2	6,102.3	25,351.9
ALL SECTIONS	A-O	10,837.3	1,923.8	6,415.9	6,019.0	25,196.1	12,884.2	12,663.8	25,548.0	10,832.3	1,936.0	6,481.2	6,102.3	25,351.9
AGRICULTURE, HUNTING AND FORESTRY	A	124.9	23.6	37.3	17.6	203.3	144.7	52.8	197.4	115.1	20.2	35.5	24.4	195.2
Agriculture, hunting and related service activities	01	117.6	23.1	35.9	16.2	192.7	136.8	50.0	186.8	107.8	19.7	34.1	23.0	184.5
FISHING	B	5.2	0.4	0.4	0.6	6.6	5.6	1.0	6.6	5.2	0.4	0.4	0.6	6.6
MINING AND QUARRYING	C	51.9	0.8	6.5	1.5	60.7	49.8	7.8	57.7	48.3	0.7	6.7	1.3	57.0
Mining and quarrying of energy producing materials	CA (10-12)	32.8	0.4	4.6	0.4	38.3	30.4	5.0	35.5	29.5	0.2	4.8	0.4	34.9
Oil and natural gas extraction	11	23.0	0.3	4.3	0.3	28.0	22.3	4.6	26.9	21.6	0.1	4.5	0.3	26.4
Mining and quarrying except of energy producing materials	CB (13/14)	19.1	0.4	1.9	1.1	22.5	19.4	2.8	22.2	18.8	0.5	2.0	0.9	22.1
ENERGY AND WATER SUPPLY INDUSTRIES	C,E	126.6	4.1	43.9	14.4	189.0	129.6	58.0	187.6	124.2	4.6	43.9	14.2	186.8
MANUFACTURING	D	2,398.0	86.1	702.6	204.7	3,391.5	2,425.3	893.7	3,319.0	2,328.3	77.4	676.1	206.4	3,288.3
Manufacture of food products; beverages and tobacco	DA	278.1	12.2	108.8	39.2	438.4	291.6	150.0	441.6	274.2	10.4	109.3	36.5	430.4
of food	15.1-15.8	244.0	11.9	97.7	35.4	389.1	257.6	135.8	393.4	241.2	10.1	99.4	32.7	383.5
of beverages and tobacco	15.9/16	34.1	0.3	11.1	3.8	49.3	33.9	14.2	48.1	33.0	0.3	9.9	3.9	47.0
Manufacture of textiles and textile products	DB	77.5	3.0	63.1	16.4	160.1	76.4	74.9	151.3	70.6	3.7	56.8	16.3	147.4
of textiles	17	53.7	1.6	39.9	9.1	104.3	54.1	46.0	100.0	51.1	1.4	36.0	9.0	97.5
of made-up textile articles	17.4	13.0	0.6	14.4	3.6	31.5	13.4	17.6	31.0	12.3	0.9	14.1	3.8	31.1
of textiles, excl. made-up textiles	Rest of 17	40.8	1.0	25.5	5.5	72.8	40.7	28.4	69.1	38.8	0.6	21.9	5.2	66.4
of wearing apparel; dressing of fur	18	23.8	1.4	23.3	7.3	55.8	22.3	28.9	51.2	19.5	2.3	20.9	7.2	49.9
Manufacture of leather and leather products including footwear	DC	8.7	0.6	5.4	2.5	17.1	8.6	6.0	14.6	7.5	0.9	3.8	2.1	14.3
of leather and leather goods	19.1/19.2	4.2	0.5	1.4	0.8	7.0	5.1	1.6	6.8	4.4	0.8	1.0	0.6	6.9
of footwear	19.3	4.4	0.0	4.0	1.7	10.1	3.4	4.4	7.8	3.0	0.1	2.8	1.5	7.4
Manufacture of wood and wood products	DD (20)	58.2	0.4	13.0	7.1	78.7	57.8	20.8	78.6	58.9	0.5	14.2	6.7	80.3
Manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products; publishing and printing	DE	236.9	24.7	123.4	42.7	427.7	253.0	170.7	423.7	229.5	20.5	120.8	48.4	419.3
of pulp, paper and paper products	21	51.6	14.4	15.4	6.3	87.7	62.3	24.2	86.5	51.0	10.9	15.4	8.1	85.3
of corrugated paper and paperboard, sacks and bags, cartons, boxes, cases and other containers	21.21	16.2	14.1	5.6	1.8	37.8	27.9	9.8	37.7	17.1	10.3	6.5	2.7	36.5
of pulp, paper, sanitary goods, stationery, wallpaper and paper products n.e.c.	Rest of 21	35.3	0.3	9.8	4.5	49.9	34.4	14.4	48.8	33.9	0.6	8.9	5.4	48.7
Publishing, printing and reproduction of recorded media	22	185.4	10.3	108.0	36.4	340.0	190.7	146.5	337.2	178.5	9.7	105.5	40.3	334.0
printing and service activities related to printing	22.2	110.6	5.8	43.4	19.5	179.3	106.8	67.9	174.7	98.9	4.5	44.8	22.9	171.1
publishing and reproduction of recorded media	Rest of 22	74.8	4.4	64.7	16.9	160.7	83.9	78.6	162.5	79.6	5.2	60.7	17.4	162.9
Manufacture of coke, refined petroleum products and nuclear fuel	DF (23)	21.4	0.3	1.9	0.7	24.3	21.5	2.7	24.3	20.5	0.4	1.8	0.8	23.5
Manufacture of chemicals, chemical products and man-made fibres	DG (24)	167.3	1.8	51.3	8.6	229.0	165.1	57.6	222.6	160.7	1.9	48.0	8.3	218.9
Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	DH (25)	167.7	2.8	29.0	8.7	208.3	167.4	36.7	204.1	163.7	2.1	31.7	7.3	204.8
Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	DI (26)	95.0	1.0	17.9	3.5	117.4	95.6	21.2	116.8	94.6	1.1	16.9	3.9	116.5
Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	DJ	354.0	12.8	53.2	26.4	446.4	358.2	76.7	434.9	349.7	8.4	48.2	25.8	432.1
of basic metals	27	81.4	1.5	9.8	2.0	94.7	79.0	11.0	90.0	77.9	1.1	9.0	1.8	88.8
of fabricated metal products, except machinery	28	272.6	11.4	43.4	24.4	351.7	279.2	65.7	344.9	271.8	7.3	39.1	24.0	342.2
Manufacture of machinery and eqpt. n.e.c.	DK (29)	242.0	3.6	49.9	8.8	304.3	241.9	56.0	297.9	237.4	3.3	46.3	9.0	295.9
Manufacture of electrical and optical equipment	DL	273.5	6.3	90.5	18.1	388.3	265.5	105.2	370.7	256.3	7.7	87.3	17.8	369.1
of office machinery and computers	30	25.8	0.5	10.0	1.2	37.6	25.3	10.2	35.5	24.4	0.6	9.5	0.9	35.5
of electrical machinery n.e.c.	31	100.7	2.2	32.3	7.4	142.7	97.3	38.1	135.4	92.7	2.8	31.2	7.1	133.8
of electric motors, etc.; control apparatus, and insulated cable of accumulators, primary cells, batteries, lighting eqpt., and electrical eqpt. n.e.c.	31.1-31.3	57.0	0.5	17.5	4.6	79.5	54.4	20.4	74.9	52.8	0.9	16.6	3.9	74.2
of radio, TV and communication eqpt. of electronic components of radio, TV and telephone apparatus; sound and video recorders etc.	31.4-31.6	43.7	1.7	14.8	2.8	63.1	42.9	17.7	60.6	39.9	1.9	14.7	3.2	59.6
of medical, precision and optical equipment and watches	32	59.3	1.9	20.7	2.6	84.6	56.4	22.4	78.8	53.7	3.0	19.7	2.6	79.0
Manufacture of transport equipment of motor vehicles, trailers of other transport eqpt. of aircraft and spacecraft of other transport equipment except aircraft and spacecraft	32.1	19.5	1.6	8.5	1.7	31.3	20.4	10.1	30.4	18.3	2.7	8.0	1.9	30.8
	32.2-32.3	39.7	0.3	12.2	0.9	53.2	36.1	12.3	48.4	35.4	0.3	11.7	0.8	48.2
	33	87.7	1.6	27.4	6.8	123.5	86.4	34.6	121.0	85.5	1.3	26.8	7.2	120.8
Manufacture of transport equipment of motor vehicles, trailers of other transport eqpt. of aircraft and spacecraft of other transport equipment except aircraft and spacecraft	DM	288.5	2.0	55.2	6.1	351.9	282.6	58.4	340.9	277.8	2.5	51.6	7.4	339.3
	34	176.3	1.1	21.3	3.5	202.2	172.3	24.9	197.1	169.3	1.4	20.6	4.8	196.2
	35	112.2	1.0	33.9	2.6	149.7	110.3	33.5	143.8	108.5	1.0	31.1	2.6	143.2
	35.3	64.4	0.8	28.2	1.9	95.4	65.2	27.1	92.3	63.4	0.9	25.5	1.8	91.7
Manufacturing n.e.c.	Rest of 35	47.8	0.1	5.7	0.7	54.4	45.1	6.4	51.5	45.1	0.1	5.5	0.7	51.5
of furniture	DN	129.1	14.5	40.1	15.9	199.6	140.4	56.7	197.1	127.0	14.1	39.3	16.1	196.5
	36.1	76.8	9.6	25.3	9.8	121.5	83.6	34.9	118.4	72.8	11.2	23.0	10.6	117.7
ELECTRICITY, GAS AND WATER SUPPLY	E	74.6	3.3	37.4	13.0	128.3	79.7	50.2	129.9	75.9	3.9	37.2	12.9	129.9
Electricity, gas, steam and hot water supply	40	61.0	0.6	28.7	4.4	94.7	63.5	32.7	96.2	63.0	0.5	28.6	3.9	96.0
Collection, purification and distribution of water	41	13.6	2.7	8.7	8.5	33.5	16.3	17.5	33.7	12.9	3.4	8.6	9.0	33.8
CONSTRUCTION	F	948.8	23.0	97.7	63.0	1,132.5	1,040.3	175.5	1,215.9	1,001.4	23.0	125.7	63.0	1,213.0
SERVICE INDUSTRIES	G - O	7,233.8	1,786.6	5,533.9	5,718.8	20,273.1	9,138.7	11,482.8	20,621.5	7,258.2	1,810.4	5,599.7	5,793.7	20,461.9
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE; REPAIR OF MOTOR VEHICLES, MOTORCYCLES AND PERSONAL AND HOUSEHOLD GOODS	G	1,674.4	449.7	888.0	1,379.4	4,391.5	2,188.9	2,383.4	4,572.3	1,659.0	459.9	910.9	1,385.6	4,415.3
Sale, maintenance and repair of motor vehicles; retail sale of automotive fuel	50	380.9	35.9	84.9	52.2	554.0	411.6	137.1	548.7	377.6	33.4	87.8	49.4	548.1
Sale of motor vehicles, motorcycles, fuel; and motorcycle repair	50.1/50.3/50.4	235.6	21.2	50.5	30.0	337.3	253.2	80.3	333.4	234.1	19.9	51.1	27.1	332.3
Maintenance and repair of motor vehicles	50.2	117.4	7.8	23.1	15.3	163.7	123.6	40.0	163.6	116.6	6.8	24.8	15.5	163.7
Sale of automotive fuel	50.5	27.9	6.9	11.3	7.0	53.0	34.8	16.9	51.6	26.9	6.7	11.8	6.7	52.1
Wholesale and Commission Trade (except motor vehicles)	51	689.6	40.1	263.6	103.3	1,096.6	726.9	374.0	1,100.9	679.2	41.1	272.3	104.1	1,096.6
on fee or contract basis	51.1	34.0	2.6	12.9	4.9	54.3	34.3	22.2	56.5	30.4	2.5	15.3	5.3	53.5
of agricultural materials and animals	51.2	13.4	0.7	5.9	3.7	23.7	16.0	7.9	23.9	16.1	0.9	5.6	3.1	25.6

a Members of HM Forces are excluded.  
b Excludes private households with employed persons, extra-territorial organisations and bodies.

R Revised



# EMPLOYMENT B.15

## Employee jobs: unadjusted: March 2004

Thousands

GREAT BRITAIN		Section sub-section group or class	March 2003 R					December 2003 R			March 2004				
			Male		Female		All	Male	Female	All	Male		Female		All
			Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time					Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time	
SIC 1992															
of food, beverages and tobacco of household goods		51.3	115.1	9.6	39.9	19.0	183.7	127.5	60.3	187.8	111.9	10.4	41.3	17.4	181.0
of non-agricultural intermediate products, waste and scrap		51.4	150.6	9.4	75.8	28.0	263.8	157.3	109.2	266.4	146.2	9.6	82.1	28.9	266.8
of machinery, eqpt. and supplies		51.5	157.2	5.6	46.4	18.4	227.5	162.3	66.3	228.6	157.4	5.8	47.3	19.2	229.7
Other wholesale		51.6	162.8	8.6	53.9	20.3	245.6	165.1	74.0	239.1	157.4	7.9	55.3	20.6	241.3
Retail trade, except motor vehicles and motorcycles, repair of personal goods		51.7	56.5	3.7	28.7	9.0	97.9	64.4	34.1	98.5	59.7	4.0	25.4	9.6	98.8
Non-specialised stores selling mainly food, drink and tobacco		52	603.9	37.6	539.5	1,223.9	2,740.9	1,050.4	1,872.3	2,922.7	602.2	385.5	550.9	1,232.1	2,770.6
Other non-specialised stores		52.11	190.3	17.0	143.2	498.8	1,002.6	390.3	676.5	1,066.8	187.5	17.5	156.3	50.4	1,020.3
Sale of fruit and veg., meat and meat products, fish and bread, cakes, etc		52.12	37.5	3.0	68.1	133.3	269.2	77.2	220.7	297.9	36.2	3.0	63.0	13.1	261.1
Beverages and tobacco products		52.21-52.24, 52.27	36.7	17.7	30.9	60.9	146.2	52.9	93.3	146.2	35.5	15.6	29.3	60.9	141.2
Pharmaceutical goods and toiletries		52.25-52.26	16.8	10.1	10.7	22.3	59.9	26.7	31.3	58.0	16.7	11.4	11.9	20.6	60.8
Textiles, furniture, lighting eqpt., electrical household appliances, radio and TV, paints, glass, hardware and household goods n.e.c.		52.3	15.1	8.7	18.1	49.2	91.0	26.5	70.7	97.1	15.5	10.3	19.1	49.8	94.8
Clothing, footwear and leather goods		52.41, 52.44-52.46	92.1	43.0	55.9	103.7	294.7	145.0	165.6	310.6	97.3	44.3	58.4	103.4	303.3
Books, newspapers and stationery; other specialised retail shops		52.46	47.6	27.9	84.2	164.9	324.7	88.0	280.4	368.4	46.2	31.7	86.3	170.0	334.2
Second hand stores and sales not in stores		52.42-52.43													
Repair of personal and h'hold goods		52.47-52.48	118.7	54.7	90.8	148.0	412.2	185.6	256.5	442.0	124.1	55.8	93.1	150.4	423.5
		52.5-52.6	36.5	9.1	32.0	36.8	114.3	43.4	67.5	110.9	33.5	8.2	30.6	35.3	107.6
		52.7	12.7	1.8	5.6	6.0	26.1	14.8	9.8	24.6	9.7	5.0	3.0	6.3	24.1
HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS		H	397.1	317.6	332.7	644.9	1,692.2	734.7	984.7	1,719.4	403.4	336.1	328.9	652.6	1,721.0
Hotels		55.1	80.9	48.8	67.7	97.9	295.2	133.4	171.2	304.6	80.8	49.6	66.9	101.9	299.2
Campsites, short-stay accom.		55.2	12.2	7.0	11.7	19.1	50.0	18.2	28.3	46.6	13.4	7.8	12.4	18.1	51.7
Restaurants		55.3	139.2	115.7	93.6	206.8	555.3	263.6	306.7	570.3	141.9	117.7	93.3	209.8	562.7
Bars		55.4	117.9	104.7	92.0	207.4	522.0	228.1	299.6	527.8	122.9	114.3	91.6	209.5	538.3
Canteens and catering		55.5	46.9	41.4	67.7	113.7	269.7	91.3	178.8	270.2	44.4	46.7	64.7	113.2	269.1
TRANSPORT, STORAGE AND COMMUNICATION		I	1,006.5	109.3	312.6	119.0	1,547.4	1,102.3	430.2	1,532.5	994.9	108.4	312.9	116.8	1,532.9
Land transport; transport via pipelines		60	356.9	44.1	62.5	30.7	494.3	396.0	97.0	493.0	352.5	40.8	66.9	29.8	490.1
Transport via railways		60.1	39.2	0.7	7.8	1.1	48.9	40.4	9.1	49.5	39.6	0.7	7.9	1.1	49.4
Other land transport, and via pipelines		60.2/60.3	317.7	43.4	54.7	29.6	445.4	355.6	87.9	443.5	312.9	40.1	58.9	28.7	440.7
Water transport		61	10.2	1.2	3.1	1.1	15.7	11.8	3.6	15.4	9.2	2.5	2.4	1.0	15.1
Air transport		62	42.9	3.8	33.7	8.9	89.3	48.1	43.2	91.3	46.0	4.5	38.4	7.6	96.6
Supporting and auxiliary transport activities; activities of travel agencies		63	228.5	17.0	115.5	33.4	394.4	242.7	148.8	391.6	226.8	16.3	112.8	33.3	389.2
Travel agencies and tour operators		63.3	43.2	4.5	59.4	15.4	122.5	43.1	70.5	113.6	40.6	3.9	57.5	13.4	115.4
Supporting and auxiliary transport act.		Rest of 63	185.3	12.5	56.0	18.1	271.9	199.7	78.3	277.9	186.2	12.4	55.3	19.9	273.8
Post and telecommunications		64	367.9	43.1	97.8	44.8	553.7	403.7	137.5	541.2	360.4	44.2	92.4	44.9	542.0
National post activities		64.11	151.5	27.3	24.3	14.3	217.3	173.5	36.6	210.1	146.9	26.6	22.9	13.7	210.1
Courier activities		64.12	53.8	6.8	15.3	8.3	84.3	60.5	22.9	83.4	52.1	7.8	13.1	8.8	81.9
Telecommunications		64.20	162.7	9.0	58.2	22.2	252.1	169.6	78.1	247.7	161.4	9.9	56.3	22.4	250.0
FINANCIAL INTERMEDIATION		J	487.6	31.5	427.6	132.7	1,079.4	521.7	553.0	1,074.6	487.4	34.7	424.5	130.1	1,076.7
Financial intermediation, except insurance and pension funding		65	264.6	20.9	244.6	88.2	618.3	289.7	330.8	620.4	271.4	23.5	248.0	87.2	630.0
Central banking and other banks		65.1	211.3	19.2	203.0	78.2	511.8	234.5	281.0	515.5	219.1	20.3	205.9	78.4	523.7
Building societies		65.122	8.4	3.5	15.7	12.1	39.8	12.5	28.8	41.3	9.0	3.7	15.8	13.0	41.5
Other financial intermediation		65.2	53.3	1.7	41.6	10.0	106.6	55.2	49.8	104.9	52.4	3.2	42.0	8.8	106.4
Insurance and pension funding, except compulsory social security		66	100.6	5.8	92.5	21.4	220.2	102.6	108.8	211.4	95.4	5.4	87.0	21.2	209.0
Auxiliary to financial intermediation		67	122.4	4.8	90.6	23.0	240.8	129.4	113.4	242.8	120.6	5.9	89.5	21.7	237.7
Except insurance and pension funding		67.1	62.4	1.0	37.4	7.2	108.0	64.4	46.7	111.1	60.4	1.2	38.7	6.3	106.7
Aux. to insurance and pension funding		67.2	60.0	3.8	53.2	15.9	132.8	65.0	66.7	131.7	60.2	4.6	50.7	15.4	130.9
REAL ESTATE, RENTING AND BUSINESS ACTIVITIES		K	1,741.6	348.7	1,010.9	779.7	3,880.9	2,093.9	1,821.4	3,915.3	1,744.9	331.4	1,007.2	795.8	3,879.3
Real estate activities		70	154.2	19.4	109.5	76.8	360.0	177.1	188.5	365.6	155.8	22.3	108.5	76.8	363.4
Letting of own property		70.1-70.2	92.3	10.1	67.8	48.5	218.6	105.9	114.3	220.2	96.2	11.1	66.5	48.3	222.1
Activities on a fee/contract basis		70.3	61.9	9.4	41.8	28.3	141.3	71.3	74.2	145.4	59.6	11.2	42.0	28.5	141.3
Renting of machinery and equipment without operator and of personal and household goods		71	84.2	13.4	35.9	16.1	149.6	98.8	51.5	150.3	85.0	14.7	34.5	16.7	150.9
Construction/civil engineering eqpt		71.32	25.3	4.4	9.0	4.1	42.8	29.4	13.0	42.4	24.4	3.9	7.1	5.8	41.2
All other goods and equipment		Rest of 71	58.9	9.0	26.8	12.0	106.8	69.4	38.5	107.9	60.6	10.9	27.3	10.9	109.7
Computer and related activities		72	268.2	13.1	137.4	69.9	488.6	268.8	206.2	475.0	253.2	10.4	127.6	80.6	471.9
Research and development		73	57.2	2.3	40.9	9.8	110.2	59.6	47.7	107.3	56.9	2.8	37.6	10.1	107.4
Other business activities		74	1,177.8	300.4	687.2	607.1	2,772.5	1,489.5	1,327.5	2,817.0	1,193.9	281.2	698.9	611.7	2,785.7
Legal activities		74.11	105.5	11.8	88.8	39.1	245.2	117.4	129.0	246.3	106.7	12.7	88.1	37.4	244.9
Accounting, auditing, tax consultancy		74.12	92.5	7.8	59.0	29.9	189.2	103.1	90.3	193.4	90.7	10.1	55.2	35.0	191.0
Market research, consultancy servs.		74.13-74.14	135.5	14.0	76.5	40.7	266.7	149.4	120.8	270.2	137.8	17.0	76.8	41.9	273.4
Management services of holding companies		74.15	9.2	2.4	5.9	6.3	23.7	11.2	12.7	23.9	8.9	2.4	5.9	6.3	23.5
Architectural and engineering services related technical consultancy		74.2-74.3	185.5	13.2	79.9	45.3	324.0	193.7	125.7	319.4	181.5	12.5	79.5	46.3	319.8
Advertising		74.4	35.5	8.3	23.0	16.7	83.6	43.7	40.5	84.2	34.5	7.4	22.5	18.3	82.8
Labour recruitment and provision of personnel		74.5	281.4	134.0	169.1	112.0	696.5	418.5	308.4	727.0	289.6	114.1	181.6	121.2	706.5
Investigation and security activities		74.6	81.3	18.9	28.9	20.3	149.5	102.4	49.9	152.3	81.8	18.5	27.7	20.9	148.9
Industrial cleaning		74.7	67.9	63.0	49.5	240.7	421.2	140.2	281.3	421.5	78.8	62.0	57.4	225.0	423.2
Miscellaneous business activities n.e.c.		74.8	183.3	26.9.											

# B.18 EMPLOYMENT

## Workforce jobs<sup>a</sup> by industry: seasonally adjusted

Thousands

UNITED KINGDOM		All jobs	Agriculture and fishing	Energy and water	Manu- facturing	Con- struction	Distribution, hotels and restaurants	Transport and com- munications	Finance and business services	Public admin education and health	Other services	Total services
SIC 92 sections		A-O <sup>b</sup>	A,B	C,E	D	F	G-H	I	J-K	L-N	O <sup>b</sup>	G-O <sup>b</sup>
All jobs		DYDC	LOLI	LOLL	LOLO	LOLR	LOLU	LOLX	LOMA	LOMD	LOMG	LOMJ
1998	Mar	28,737	571	221	4,556	1,830	6,654	1,624	5,124	6,531	1,626	21,559
	Jun	28,631	562	220	4,546	1,813	6,623	1,631	5,126	6,520	1,592	21,491
	Sep	28,670	547	219	4,530	1,809	6,681	1,636	5,147	6,507	1,594	21,565
	Dec	28,845	528	223	4,474	1,835	6,673	1,676	5,226	6,603	1,607	21,785
1999	Mar	28,876	521	216	4,408	1,825	6,669	1,682	5,284	6,642	1,629	21,906
	Jun	29,032	516	212	4,374	1,835	6,683	1,692	5,345	6,670	1,704	22,094
	Sep	29,161	509	210	4,338	1,836	6,674	1,710	5,412	6,741	1,731	22,268
	Dec	29,243	497	205	4,325	1,825	6,731	1,738	5,464	6,716	1,743	22,390
2000	Mar	29,290	513	207	4,298	1,824	6,740	1,741	5,450	6,733	1,783	22,447
	Jun	29,428	515	210	4,250	1,884	6,734	1,753	5,512	6,806	1,764	22,570
	Sep	29,497	501	214	4,201	1,858	6,757	1,769	5,578	6,880	1,738	22,723
	Dec	29,600	492	215	4,151	1,859	6,808	1,800	5,674	6,845	1,756	22,883
2001	Mar	29,640	469	217	4,123	1,876	6,825	1,815	5,692	6,852	1,772	22,955
	Jun	29,728	469	219	4,075	1,902	6,836	1,832	5,743	6,886	1,766	23,064
	Sep	29,717	453	221	4,019	1,909	6,835	1,818	5,754	6,906	1,801	23,115
	Dec	29,829	462	218	3,975	1,938	6,870	1,828	5,763	6,960	1,815	23,236
2002	Mar	29,831	452	219	3,914	1,942	6,884	1,823	5,789	6,981	1,826	23,304
	Jun	29,847	430	214	3,882	1,939	6,929	1,827	5,744	7,022	1,860	23,381
	Sep	29,850	412	211	3,823	1,956	6,939	1,830	5,734	7,085	1,860	23,448
	Dec	29,939	410	208	3,781	1,967	6,974	1,840	5,773	7,133	1,852	23,572
2003	Mar	30,006	418	205	3,766	1,999	6,931	1,839	5,788	7,195	1,866	23,618
	Jun	30,125	414	207	3,734	2,025	6,947	1,833	5,844	7,245	1,875	23,745
	Sep	30,192	434	208	3,711	2,062	6,962	1,821	5,836	7,280	1,878	23,777
	Dec R	30,310	435	205	3,686	2,088	7,017	1,810	5,853	7,324	1,891	23,896
2004 Mar		30,325	420	203	3,654	2,111	7,040	1,813	5,828	7,362	1,893	23,936
Change on quarter		15	-15	-1	-32	23	24	2	-26	38	2	40
Percent		0.0	-3.6	-0.7	-0.9	1.1	0.3	0.1	-0.4	0.5	0.1	0.2
Change on year		319	2	-2	-111	112	110	-26	40	167	27	318
Percent		1.1	0.4	-0.9	-3.0	5.6	1.6	-1.4	0.7	2.3	1.5	1.3
Male jobs		LOLA	LOLJ	LOLM	LOLP	LOLS	LOLV	LOLT	LOMB	LOME	LOMH	LOMK
1998	Mar	15,271	430	171	3,221	1,616	3,139	1,243	2,702	1,978	770	9,833
	Jun	15,214	426	169	3,203	1,603	3,107	1,274	2,729	1,951	752	9,812
	Sep	15,252	413	169	3,185	1,598	3,119	1,309	2,761	1,955	743	9,887
	Dec	15,427	400	168	3,201	1,631	3,171	1,277	2,802	1,985	791	10,027
1999	Mar	15,469	396	163	3,171	1,626	3,194	1,261	2,838	2,018	801	10,112
	Jun	15,551	390	160	3,152	1,626	3,219	1,261	2,868	2,042	833	10,222
	Sep	15,611	388	157	3,141	1,632	3,217	1,269	2,905	2,052	851	10,293
	Dec	15,616	376	153	3,122	1,626	3,180	1,301	2,964	2,068	824	10,338
2000	Mar	15,658	379	154	3,104	1,619	3,235	1,293	2,931	2,069	873	10,401
	Jun	15,722	388	157	3,079	1,673	3,211	1,295	2,944	2,106	868	10,425
	Sep	15,704	375	157	3,046	1,652	3,211	1,302	2,986	2,120	855	10,474
	Dec	15,724	373	153	2,980	1,653	3,227	1,330	3,003	2,140	865	10,565
2001	Mar	15,859	354	158	2,980	1,663	3,256	1,354	3,063	2,144	886	10,703
	Jun	15,917	349	157	2,956	1,694	3,274	1,359	3,111	2,141	876	10,761
	Sep	15,944	343	159	2,922	1,703	3,287	1,350	3,151	2,143	887	10,818
	Dec	16,034	348	172	2,899	1,730	3,300	1,370	3,162	2,151	901	10,884
2002	Mar	15,942	345	160	2,856	1,734	3,293	1,345	3,144	2,160	905	10,847
	Jun	15,936	331	154	2,834	1,734	3,330	1,341	3,127	2,176	909	10,884
	Sep	15,934	323	152	2,795	1,752	3,343	1,348	3,099	2,190	932	10,913
	Dec	16,043	320	159	2,782	1,761	3,382	1,368	3,163	2,193	905	11,021
2003	Mar	16,063	325	146	2,768	1,796	3,359	1,364	3,173	2,223	908	11,027
	Jun	16,159	324	148	2,742	1,811	3,375	1,366	3,228	2,240	924	11,133
	Sep	16,186	337	147	2,725	1,841	3,390	1,355	3,223	2,245	924	11,137
	Dec R	16,171	339	143	2,697	1,863	3,391	1,346	3,206	2,249	937	11,129
2004 Mar		16,207	324	144	2,683	1,879	3,413	1,348	3,206	2,272	938	11,176
Change on quarter		36	-15	1	-14	16	22	2	0	23	1	48
Percent		0.2	-4.7	1.0	-0.5	0.8	0.6	0.1	0.0	1.0	0.1	0.4
Change on year		144	0	-2	-85	82	54	-16	33	48	30	150
Percent		0.9	-0.2	-1.7	-3.1	4.6	1.6	-1.1	1.0	2.2	3.3	1.4
Female jobs		LOLB	LOLK	LOLN	LOLQ	LOLT	LOLW	LOLZ	LOMC	LOMF	LOMI	LOML
1998	Mar	13,466	141	51	1,335	213	3,515	380	2,422	4,552	856	11,726
	Jun	13,418	136	50	1,343	210	3,516	357	2,397	4,570	839	11,679
	Sep	13,418	134	49	1,345	211	3,562	327	2,386	4,552	851	11,679
	Dec	13,418	128	54	1,274	204	3,502	399	2,424	4,617	816	11,758
1999	Mar	13,407	125	53	1,237	199	3,474	420	2,446	4,624	829	11,793
	Jun	13,481	126	52	1,223	209	3,463	432	2,477	4,629	872	11,872
	Sep	13,550	121	53	1,197	204	3,457	441	2,508	4,689	881	11,975
	Dec	13,628	121	53	1,203	199	3,550	436	2,500	4,647	919	12,052
2000	Mar	13,632	134	53	1,194	205	3,505	448	2,519	4,664	910	12,046
	Jun	13,706	127	53	1,171	210	3,522	458	2,568	4,700	896	12,145
	Sep	13,792	127	56	1,155	206	3,546	467	2,592	4,760	883	12,248
	Dec	13,876	119	62	1,170	206	3,580	470	2,671	4,706	891	12,318
2001	Mar	13,782	114	60	1,144	212	3,569	461	2,629	4,708	885	12,252
	Jun	13,812	121	62	1,119	208	3,562	473	2,632	4,746	890	12,303
	Sep	13,772	110	62	1,097	206	3,548	468	2,604	4,763	915	12,297
	Dec	13,795	114	46	1,075	208	3,571	457	2,601	4,809	914	12,352
2002	Mar	13,899	107	59	1,058	208	3,591	477	2,645	4,822	921	12,456
	Jun	13,911	100	60	1,048	206	3,600	486	2,616	4,845	950	12,497
	Sep	13,915	89	59	1,028	204	3,596	482	2,634	4,895	927	12,535
	Dec	13,896	90	49	1,000	205	3,583	472	2,609	4,940	947	12,551
2003	Mar	13,944	94	59	997	202	3,572	475	2,615	4,971	958	12,592
	Jun	13,966	90	59	992	214	3,572	467	2,616	5,005	951	12,612
	Sep	14,006	97	61	986	221	3,572	466	2,613	5,035	954	12,640
	Dec R	14,139	96	62	989	224	3,626	464	2,648	5,075	954	12,767
2004 Mar		14,119	96	59	971	232	3,628	465	2,622	5,091	955	12,760
Change on quarter		-21	0	-3	-18	8	2	1	-26	16	1	-7
Percent		-0.1	0.1	-4.9	-1.8	3.2	0.0	0.1	-1.0	0.3	0.1	-0.1
Change on year		175	2	1	-26	30	56	-11	7	119	-3	168
Percent		1.3	2.5	0.9	-2.6	14.7	1.6	-2.3	0.3	2.4	-0.3	1.3

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS

Customer helpline: 01633 812318

<sup>a</sup> Workforce jobs are calculated by summing employee jobs, self-employment jobs from the Labour Force Survey, HM Forces and government-supported trainees.  
<sup>b</sup> The workforce jobs figures have not been changed. Divisions P (private households with employed persons) and Q (extra-territorial organisations and bodies) have never been included in workforce jobs. It is felt that the new heading makes the position clearer.  
 Note: Workforce Jobs have been revised back to 1959. For further information please see <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cci/nugget.asp?id=892>

# EMPLOYMENT B.21

Actual weekly hours of work

Hours, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM	Total weekly hours (millions) <sup>a</sup>	Average actual weekly hours of work			
		All workers <sup>a</sup>	Full-time workers <sup>b</sup>	Part-time workers <sup>b</sup>	Second jobs
<b>All</b>	<b>YBUS</b>	<b>YBUV</b>	<b>YBUY</b>	<b>YBVB</b>	<b>YBVE</b>
<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>					
1995	857.3	33.4	38.7	15.1	9.1
1996	861.7	33.2	38.7	15.1	8.9
1997	878.6	33.3	38.7	15.2	9.4
1998	885.7	33.2	38.7	15.2	9.1
1999	897.3	32.9	38.2	15.3	9.0
2000	892.8	32.6	37.9	15.4	8.9
2001	905.2	32.8	38.0	15.7	9.4
2002	905.8	32.6	37.9	15.6	9.4
2003	901.3	32.1	37.4	15.6	9.3
<b>3-month averages</b>					
<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>	<b>899.5</b>	<b>32.1</b>	<b>37.4</b>	<b>15.6</b>	<b>9.2</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	901.3	32.1	37.4	15.6	9.3
Apr-Jun	903.3	32.2	37.4	15.6	9.3
May-Jul	906.4	32.3	37.5	15.6	9.1
Jun-Aug (Sum)	904.4	32.2	37.5	15.6	9.2
Jul-Sep	903.2	32.1	37.4	15.6	9.4
Aug-Oct	902.2	32.1	37.3	15.6	9.4
Sep-Nov (Aut)	898.8	32.0	37.3	15.4	9.3
Oct-Dec	898.2	31.9	37.2	15.5	9.3
<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>900.9</b>	<b>31.9</b>	<b>37.2</b>	<b>15.5</b>	<b>9.3</b>
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	905.4	32.0	37.3	15.5	9.5
Jan-Mar 2004	907.1	32.1	37.4	15.6	9.4
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>904.1</b>	<b>32.0</b>	<b>37.3</b>	<b>15.7</b>	<b>9.3</b>
<b>Changes</b>					
<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>0.1</b>
Per cent	0.4	0.3	0.3	1.1	0.8
<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.1</b>
Per cent	0.5	-0.3	-0.2	0.1	1.0
<b>Male</b>	<b>YBUT</b>	<b>YBUW</b>	<b>YBUZ</b>	<b>YBVC</b>	<b>YBVF</b>
<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>					
1995	550.4	39.2	40.8	14.7	10.0
1996	550.7	39.0	40.7	14.8	9.7
1997	559.4	38.9	40.7	14.9	10.7
1998	564.5	38.8	40.7	15.0	9.8
1999	560.7	38.2	40.1	15.0	9.7
2000	564.0	37.9	39.8	15.1	9.4
2001	569.3	38.0	39.9	15.6	10.2
2002	565.1	37.7	39.7	15.0	10.2
2003	561.3	36.9	39.1	15.4	10.2
<b>3-month averages</b>					
<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>	<b>559.4</b>	<b>36.9</b>	<b>39.1</b>	<b>15.4</b>	<b>9.9</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	561.3	36.9	39.1	15.4	10.2
Apr-Jun	563.2	37.0	39.2	15.5	10.2
May-Jul	566.1	37.2	39.4	15.3	10.1
Jun-Aug (Sum)	564.8	37.2	39.3	15.4	10.1
Jul-Sep	564.1	37.1	39.2	15.4	10.3
Aug-Oct	561.9	37.0	39.1	15.5	10.3
Sep-Nov (Aut)	559.9	36.9	39.0	15.2	10.1
Oct-Dec	559.5	36.9	39.0	15.1	10.1
<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>561.9</b>	<b>36.9</b>	<b>39.1</b>	<b>15.1</b>	<b>10.1</b>
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	565.6	37.0	39.2	15.3	10.5
Jan-Mar 2004	566.5	37.1	39.2	15.5	10.4
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>563.6</b>	<b>37.0</b>	<b>39.1</b>	<b>15.6</b>	<b>10.3</b>
<b>Changes</b>					
<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>0.2</b>
Per cent	0.3	0.1	0.1	3.1	1.8
<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>0.3</b>
Per cent	0.8	0.1	0.1	1.3	3.5
<b>Female</b>	<b>YBUU</b>	<b>YBUX</b>	<b>YBVA</b>	<b>YBVD</b>	<b>YBVG</b>
<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>					
1995	306.9	26.4	34.4	15.2	8.5
1996	311.1	26.3	34.5	15.1	8.2
1997	319.2	26.6	34.7	15.3	8.4
1998	321.2	26.5	34.6	15.3	8.6
1999	326.6	26.5	34.5	15.3	8.5
2000	328.7	26.3	34.1	15.4	8.6
2001	335.9	26.6	34.4	15.7	8.8
2002	340.7	26.7	34.4	15.7	8.8
2003	339.9	26.4	34.1	15.7	8.7
<b>3-month averages</b>					
<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>	<b>340.1</b>	<b>26.4</b>	<b>34.1</b>	<b>15.7</b>	<b>8.8</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	339.9	26.4	34.1	15.7	8.7
Apr-Jun	340.1	26.4	34.1	15.7	8.6
May-Jul	340.3	26.4	34.1	15.7	8.5
Jun-Aug (Sum)	339.5	26.4	34.1	15.7	8.6
Jul-Sep	339.1	26.3	34.0	15.6	8.7
Aug-Oct	340.3	26.3	34.0	15.6	8.7
Sep-Nov (Aut)	338.9	26.2	33.9	15.5	8.8
Oct-Dec	338.7	26.2	33.9	15.6	8.8
<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>339.0</b>	<b>26.1</b>	<b>33.6</b>	<b>15.6</b>	<b>8.7</b>
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	339.8	26.1	33.8	15.6	8.8
Jan-Mar 2004	340.6	26.2	33.8	15.7	8.7
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>340.5</b>	<b>26.2</b>	<b>33.8</b>	<b>15.7</b>	<b>8.6</b>
<b>Changes</b>					
<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Per cent	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.6	-0.2
<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-0.1</b>
Per cent	0.1	-1.0	-0.8	-0.3	-1.6

a Main and second jobs.  
b Main job only.

Source: Labour Force Survey  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

# B.22 EMPLOYMENT

## Usual weekly hours of work<sup>a</sup>

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM		Less than 6 hours		6 up to 15 hours		16 up to 30 hours		31 up to 45 hours		Over 45 hours	
		Thousands	% of total	Thousands	% of total	Thousands	% of total	Thousands	% of total	Thousands	% of total
All		YCDM	LUAA	YCDP	LWYX	YCDS	LWZA	YCDV	LWZD	YCDY	LWZG
<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>											
1995		529	2.1	2,082	8.1	3,662	14.2	12,842	49.9	6,640	25.8
1996		540	2.1	2,127	8.2	3,885	14.9	12,692	48.8	6,776	26.0
1997		502	1.9	2,159	8.2	4,034	15.2	12,872	48.6	6,897	26.1
1998		500	1.9	2,140	8.0	4,133	15.5	13,083	49.0	6,864	25.7
1999		492	1.8	2,129	7.9	4,270	15.8	13,580	50.2	6,576	24.3
2000		475	1.7	2,133	7.8	4,392	16.0	13,756	50.2	6,657	24.3
2001		427	1.5	2,047	7.4	4,517	16.3	14,022	50.7	6,648	24.0
2002		412	1.5	2,031	7.3	4,679	16.8	14,249	51.2	6,446	23.2
2003		431	1.5	2,120	7.5	4,866	17.3	14,402	51.3	6,277	22.3
<b>3-month averages</b>											
<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>		<b>427</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>2,124</b>	<b>7.6</b>	<b>4,837</b>	<b>17.2</b>	<b>14,363</b>	<b>51.2</b>	<b>6,306</b>	<b>22.5</b>
Mar-May (Spr)		431	1.5	2,120	7.5	4,866	17.3	14,402	51.3	6,277	22.3
Apr-Jun		430	1.5	2,111	7.5	4,839	17.2	14,465	51.5	6,268	22.3
May-Jul		429	1.5	2,111	7.5	4,839	17.2	14,527	51.7	6,216	22.1
Jun-Aug (Sum)		437	1.6	2,135	7.6	4,810	17.1	14,543	51.8	6,177	22.0
Jul-Sep		445	1.6	2,117	7.5	4,842	17.2	14,541	51.7	6,185	22.0
Aug-Oct		440	1.6	2,106	7.5	4,868	17.3	14,562	51.7	6,175	21.9
Sep-Nov (Aut)		438	1.6	2,093	7.4	4,899	17.4	14,569	51.8	6,148	21.8
Oct-Dec		433	1.5	2,094	7.4	4,902	17.4	14,604	51.9	6,118	21.7
<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>		<b>420</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>2,121</b>	<b>7.5</b>	<b>4,918</b>	<b>17.4</b>	<b>14,650</b>	<b>51.8</b>	<b>6,163</b>	<b>21.8</b>
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)		418	1.5	2,139	7.6	4,951	17.5	14,608	51.6	6,214	21.9
Jan-Mar 2004		419	1.5	2,117	7.5	4,987	17.6	14,644	51.7	6,180	21.8
<b>Feb-Apr</b>		<b>416</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>2,096</b>	<b>7.4</b>	<b>5,012</b>	<b>17.7</b>	<b>14,616</b>	<b>51.6</b>	<b>6,162</b>	<b>21.8</b>
<b>Changes</b>											
<b>Over last 3 months</b>		<b>-4</b>		<b>-25</b>		<b>94</b>		<b>-34</b>		<b>-1</b>	
Per cent		-1.0		-1.2		1.9		-0.2		0.0	
<b>Over last 12 months</b>		<b>-11</b>		<b>-28</b>		<b>175</b>		<b>253</b>		<b>-144</b>	
Per cent		-2.5		-1.3		3.6		1.8		-2.3	
Male		YCDN	LWYV	YCDQ	LWYY	YCDT	LWZB	YCDW	LWZE	YCDZ	LWZH
<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>											
1995		133	0.9	400	2.8	655	4.6	7,422	52.6	5,507	39.0
1996		129	0.9	417	2.9	722	5.1	7,336	51.7	5,579	39.3
1997		128	0.9	449	3.1	784	5.4	7,429	51.5	5,632	39.1
1998		115	0.8	455	3.1	797	5.5	7,597	52.1	5,621	38.5
1999		128	0.9	454	3.1	878	6.0	7,944	54.0	5,306	36.1
2000		116	0.8	482	3.2	868	5.8	8,020	53.8	5,417	36.3
2001		92	0.6	461	3.1	898	6.0	8,198	54.6	5,361	35.7
2002		100	0.7	504	3.4	932	6.2	8,359	55.6	5,132	34.2
2003		122	0.8	506	3.3	1,104	7.3	8,444	55.5	5,036	33.1
<b>3-month averages</b>											
<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>		<b>114</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>515</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>1,079</b>	<b>7.1</b>	<b>8,419</b>	<b>55.5</b>	<b>5,050</b>	<b>33.3</b>
Mar-May (Spr)		122	0.8	506	3.3	1,104	7.3	8,444	55.5	5,036	33.1
Apr-Jun		119	0.8	495	3.3	1,100	7.2	8,488	55.7	5,031	33.0
May-Jul		118	0.8	511	3.4	1,083	7.1	8,529	56.0	4,995	32.8
Jun-Aug (Sum)		118	0.8	522	3.4	1,063	7.0	8,548	56.2	4,966	32.6
Jul-Sep		121	0.8	517	3.4	1,055	6.9	8,559	56.2	4,969	32.6
Aug-Oct		117	0.8	512	3.4	1,053	6.9	8,588	56.5	4,941	32.5
Sep-Nov (Aut)		113	0.7	508	3.3	1,061	7.0	8,607	56.6	4,912	32.3
Oct-Dec		110	0.7	512	3.4	1,052	6.9	8,636	56.8	4,881	32.1
<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>		<b>108</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>524</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>1,049</b>	<b>6.9</b>	<b>8,651</b>	<b>56.8</b>	<b>4,910</b>	<b>32.2</b>
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)		107	0.7	531	3.5	1,058	6.9	8,661	56.6	4,935	32.3
Jan-Mar 2004		105	0.7	522	3.4	1,088	7.1	8,677	56.7	4,911	32.1
<b>Feb-Apr</b>		<b>108</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>509</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>1,105</b>	<b>7.2</b>	<b>8,668</b>	<b>56.7</b>	<b>4,884</b>	<b>32.0</b>
<b>Changes</b>											
<b>Over last 3 months</b>		<b>0</b>		<b>-15</b>		<b>56</b>		<b>16</b>		<b>-26</b>	
Per cent		0.2		-2.9		5.3		0.2		-0.5	
<b>Over last 12 months</b>		<b>-5</b>		<b>-6</b>		<b>26</b>		<b>248</b>		<b>-166</b>	
Per cent		-4.5		-1.1		2.4		2.9		-3.3	
Female		YCDO	LWYW	YCDR	LWYZ	YCDU	LWZC	YCDX	LWZF	YCEA	LWZI
<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>											
1995		396	3.4	1,682	14.5	3,006	25.8	5,420	46.6	1,133	9.7
1996		410	3.5	1,710	14.4	3,163	26.7	5,356	45.2	1,198	10.1
1997		374	3.1	1,710	14.2	3,250	27.0	5,443	45.2	1,264	10.5
1998		386	3.2	1,685	13.9	3,336	27.5	5,486	45.2	1,244	10.2
1999		364	3.0	1,675	13.6	3,392	27.5	5,637	45.7	1,269	10.3
2000		359	2.9	1,651	13.2	3,524	28.2	5,736	45.9	1,240	9.9
2001		335	2.6	1,586	12.5	3,619	28.6	5,823	46.0	1,287	10.2
2002		312	2.4	1,527	11.9	3,746	29.3	5,890	46.1	1,313	10.3
2003		309	2.4	1,614	12.5	3,762	29.2	5,958	46.2	1,241	9.6
<b>3-month averages</b>											
<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>		<b>313</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>1,609</b>	<b>12.5</b>	<b>3,757</b>	<b>29.2</b>	<b>5,943</b>	<b>46.2</b>	<b>1,255</b>	<b>9.7</b>
Mar-May (Spr)		309	2.4	1,614	12.5	3,762	29.2	5,958	46.2	1,241	9.6
Apr-Jun		311	2.4	1,615	12.5	3,739	29.0	5,977	46.4	1,237	9.6
May-Jul		310	2.4	1,600	12.4	3,756	29.1	5,998	46.5	1,222	9.5
Jun-Aug (Sum)		319	2.5	1,613	12.5	3,747	29.1	5,995	46.5	1,211	9.4
Jul-Sep		323	2.5	1,600	12.4	3,786	29.3	5,982	46.3	1,217	9.4
Aug-Oct		323	2.5	1,595	12.3	3,815	29.5	5,974	46.2	1,235	9.5
Sep-Nov (Aut)		325	2.5	1,586	12.2	3,838	29.6	5,962	46.1	1,236	9.5
Oct-Dec		323	2.5	1,582	12.2	3,850	29.7	5,968	46.0	1,237	9.5
<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>		<b>312</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>1,597</b>	<b>12.3</b>	<b>3,869</b>	<b>29.7</b>	<b>5,998</b>	<b>46.0</b>	<b>1,253</b>	<b>9.6</b>
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)		312	2.4	1,608	12.3	3,893	29.9	5,947	45.6	1,279	9.8
Jan-Mar 2004		314	2.4	1,595	12.2	3,898	29.9	5,967	45.8	1,269	9.7
<b>Feb-Apr</b>		<b>308</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>1,587</b>	<b>12.2</b>	<b>3,907</b>	<b>30.0</b>	<b>5,948</b>	<b>45.7</b>	<b>1,278</b>	<b>9.8</b>
<b>Changes</b>											
<b>Over last 3 months</b>		<b>-5</b>		<b>-10</b>		<b>38</b>		<b>-50</b>		<b>25</b>	
Per cent		-1.4		-0.6		1.0		-0.8		2.0	
<b>Over last 12 months</b>		<b>-6</b>		<b>-22</b>		<b>150</b>		<b>5</b>		<b>22</b>	
Per cent		-1.8		-1.4		4.0		0.1		1.8	

<sup>a</sup> Main job only.

Source: Labour Force Survey  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

# PRODUCTIVITY **B.32**

Indices of output, productivity jobs, output per filled job and output per hour worked

Seasonally adjusted (2000=100)

UNITED KINGDOM													
SIC 1992	Whole economy				Production industries				Manufacturing industries				
	Output	Productivity jobs	Output per filled job <sup>a</sup>	Output per hour worked <sup>b</sup>	Output	Productivity jobs	Output per filled job <sup>a</sup>	Output per hour worked <sup>b</sup>	Output	Productivity jobs	Output per filled job <sup>a</sup>	Output per hour worked <sup>b</sup>	
1994	83.3	92.4	90.1	87.9	91.8	104.1	88.2	87.6	92.4	103.3	89.4	89.0	
1995	85.5	93.3	91.7	89.2	93.4	105.7	88.4	86.6	93.8	105.7	88.8	87.4	
1996	87.9	94.3	93.2	90.9	94.7	107.1	88.5	86.7	94.6	107.0	88.3	86.7	
1997	90.7	95.9	94.6	92.2	96.0	107.4	89.4	87.9	96.3	107.1	89.8	88.3	
1998	93.9	97.2	96.6	94.8	97.0	107.0	90.6	89.6	96.9	106.8	90.7	89.7	
1999	96.3	98.6	97.6	96.4	98.1	103.5	94.9	94.5	97.6	103.5	94.3	93.9	
2000	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
2001	101.9	100.7	101.1	100.9	98.4	96.0	102.5	103.1	98.7	95.5	103.3	103.7	
2002	103.1	100.7	102.4	102.5	95.7	91.6	104.5	104.8	95.1	90.7	104.8	104.6	
2003	105.0	100.8	104.1	104.0	95.2	87.5	108.8	108.8	95.2	86.4	110.2	109.4	
1994 Q2	82.9	92.1	90.0	88.0	91.6	103.9	88.2	87.8	92.0	103.1	89.2	89.2	
Q3	83.9	92.6	90.6	88.3	92.3	104.2	88.6	88.1	93.0	103.8	89.5	89.4	
Q4	84.6	92.9	91.0	88.4	93.5	104.5	89.4	88.2	94.4	104.3	90.5	89.7	
1995 Q1	84.8	93.0	91.2	88.6	92.5	104.9	88.2	86.3	92.9	104.6	88.8	87.1	
Q2	85.2	93.2	91.4	88.9	93.3	105.3	88.6	86.7	93.8	105.4	89.1	87.5	
Q3	85.7	93.3	91.8	89.4	93.8	105.6	88.7	87.3	94.2	105.6	89.2	88.0	
Q4	86.5	93.6	92.4	89.8	94.1	106.8	88.1	86.4	94.4	107.2	88.0	87.0	
1996 Q1	87.2	93.8	92.9	90.5	94.7	107.2	88.3	86.6	94.6	107.6	87.9	86.7	
Q2	87.3	94.4	92.5	90.2	94.1	107.1	87.9	86.0	93.8	106.6	88.0	85.8	
Q3	88.0	94.5	93.1	90.9	94.5	106.9	88.4	87.0	94.4	107.0	88.2	87.1	
Q4	89.2	94.6	94.3	92.0	95.5	107.0	89.3	87.3	95.4	106.9	89.2	87.3	
1997 Q1	89.7	95.2	94.2	91.4	95.8	107.3	89.3	87.3	96.2	107.0	89.9	87.8	
Q2	90.2	96.0	94.0	91.8	95.8	107.8	88.8	87.8	96.0	107.6	89.2	88.2	
Q3	91.0	96.1	94.6	92.3	96.3	107.4	89.7	88.1	96.5	107.1	90.0	88.4	
Q4	92.0	96.4	95.4	93.2	96.1	107.1	89.8	88.4	96.5	106.9	90.2	88.8	
1998 Q1	92.8	96.9	95.8	93.7	97.0	107.7	90.1	89.5	97.3	107.4	90.5	89.8	
Q2	93.4	97.2	96.0	94.4	97.2	107.6	90.4	89.4	97.2	107.4	90.6	89.6	
Q3	94.4	97.3	97.0	95.0	97.1	106.9	90.8	89.2	97.0	106.7	90.9	89.2	
Q4	95.1	97.5	97.5	96.1	96.6	105.9	91.2	90.3	96.2	105.8	90.9	90.0	
1999 Q1	95.3	97.9	97.3	95.8	97.1	104.8	92.7	92.5	96.6	104.8	92.1	92.0	
Q2	95.7	98.4	97.2	96.0	97.5	103.8	93.9	93.8	96.9	103.7	93.5	93.1	
Q3	96.6	99.0	97.5	96.6	98.8	103.0	96.0	95.0	98.3	103.0	95.3	94.5	
Q4	97.6	99.2	98.3	97.3	99.1	102.2	97.0	96.6	98.7	102.5	96.3	96.0	
2000 Q1	98.9	99.4	99.5	99.9	99.6	101.3	98.3	98.1	99.2	101.5	97.8	97.5	
Q2	99.7	99.9	99.8	99.6	100.2	100.5	99.6	99.2	99.8	100.5	99.3	98.9	
Q3	100.6	100.3	100.3	100.5	99.9	99.6	100.4	100.2	100.0	99.5	100.5	100.4	
Q4	100.9	100.4	100.4	100.1	100.3	98.6	101.7	102.5	100.9	98.5	102.4	103.2	
2001 Q1	101.7	100.6	101.1	100.8	100.1	97.6	102.5	103.2	100.8	97.3	103.5	104.1	
Q2	101.7	100.8	100.9	100.4	98.7	96.6	102.2	102.2	98.7	96.2	102.6	102.5	
Q3	101.8	100.7	101.0	100.8	98.3	95.3	103.1	102.8	98.6	94.8	104.0	103.4	
Q4	102.3	100.8	101.5	101.8	96.5	94.4	102.2	104.4	96.6	93.8	102.9	104.7	
2002 Q1	102.5	100.9	101.6	101.5	96.1	93.2	103.0	103.2	95.8	92.3	103.8	103.4	
Q2	102.7	100.7	101.9	102.4	96.0	92.2	104.1	105.4	94.6	91.4	103.5	104.3	
Q3	103.5	100.7	102.8	102.8	95.7	91.1	105.0	105.9	95.5	90.1	106.0	106.1	
Q4	103.9	100.6	103.2	103.3	95.2	90.1	105.7	104.8	94.5	89.1	106.1	104.6	
2003 Q1	104.0	100.7	103.2	103.0	95.1	89.2	106.6	105.6	94.6	88.1	107.3	105.5	
Q2	104.5	100.8	103.7	103.5	95.3	88.0	108.3	109.1	95.2	86.8	109.6	109.4	
Q3	105.3	100.9	104.4	104.1	95.3	86.9	109.7	109.2	95.5	85.8	111.3	110.2	
Q4	106.1	100.9	105.1	105.4	95.2	86.0	110.8	111.2	95.7	84.9	112.7	112.5	
2004 Q1 P	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	95.5	84.4	113.1	..	

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS  
Customer Helpline: 01633 812766

- a Output per filled job is the ratio of gross value added at basic prices and productivity jobs.  
b Output per hour worked is the ratio of gross value added at basic prices and productivity hours.

P Provisional

Note: The full productivity and unit wage costs datasets with associated articles can be found on the National Statistics website at [www.statistics.gov.uk/productivity](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/productivity).



UNITED KINGDOM		Employees				Self-employed			HMF GST UPFW <sup>a</sup>	Total	
		Male		Female		All	Male	Female			All
		All	Part-time	All	Part-time						
Not seasonally adjusted											
1994	Mar	405.5	15.1	281.5	84.3	687.0	101.3	24.9	126.2	20.5	833.8
	Jun	425.1	15.6	293.1	86.0	718.2	113.6	27.2	140.8	20.4	879.5
	Sep	413.5	15.7	277.3	81.0	690.8	111.1	25.9	137.1	20.3	848.2
	Dec	435.3	16.1	297.8	88.2	733.1	115.1	26.9	141.9	20.0	895.1
1995	Mar	412.5	15.5	286.3	85.2	698.8	108.1	25.1	133.2	18.5	850.5
	Jun	434.2	16.3	296.0	87.3	730.2	116.9	27.3	144.2	18.3	892.8
	Sep	416.8	17.4	281.4	82.0	698.2	114.4	26.3	140.7	18.2	857.2
	Dec	440.4	18.0	300.8	89.4	741.2	116.8	26.9	143.7	18.2	903.1
1996	Mar	413.5	16.9	286.7	86.1	700.2	103.8	24.8	128.5	16.9	845.6
	Jun	434.3	18.0	301.0	89.8	735.3	111.9	26.7	138.5	16.6	890.5
	Sep	421.7	19.2	290.1	86.7	711.8	114.0	26.5	140.5	16.4	868.7
	Dec	446.6	19.7	310.4	93.5	757.1	116.2	26.6	142.8	16.6	916.4
1997	Mar	419.4	19.2	292.8	88.2	712.1	102.9	24.2	127.1	15.8	855.0
	Jun	443.5	20.0	303.3	89.9	746.8	110.0	27.0	137.0	15.5	899.3
	Sep	436.0	21.6	296.7	88.2	732.7	107.7	27.3	135.0	16.2	883.9
	Dec	470.8	22.7	322.4	93.1	793.2	111.6	27.2	138.8	15.7	947.7
1998	Mar	436.7	21.0	300.4	87.0	737.0	99.3	25.2	124.6	14.5	876.1
	Jun	457.3	21.2	310.0	88.3	767.3	103.8	25.6	129.4	14.4	911.1
	Sep	454.1	21.3	305.1	87.5	759.2	101.7	24.1	125.8	15.0	900.0
	Dec	476.2	22.2	320.7	91.4	797.0	103.7	25.1	128.8	14.5	940.3
1999	Mar	443.5	22.2	303.8	87.3	747.4	93.9	22.4	116.4	13.7	877.4
	Jun	465.2	22.7	316.5	89.2	781.7	102.1	23.6	125.7	13.9	921.3
	Sep	458.9	24.5	305.2	86.1	764.1	100.8	23.8	124.6	14.0	902.6
	Dec	482.1	24.5	324.5	93.0	806.7	101.2	24.6	125.8	14.3	946.7
2000	Mar	447.4	23.0	304.8	87.9	752.1	91.1	23.4	114.5	13.7	880.4
	Jun	471.9	24.0	322.2	91.4	794.1	97.2	24.7	121.9	13.8	929.8
	Sep	460.1	25.5	314.3	88.2	774.4	98.3	24.3	122.7	14.0	911.1
	Dec	479.6	26.9	332.7	96.1	812.3	99.9	24.5	124.5	14.0	950.8
2001	Mar	455.1	26.1	315.0	91.0	770.1	92.6	22.2	114.9	13.3	898.3
	Jun	478.6	26.0	329.0	94.7	807.6	99.4	24.1	123.5	13.1	944.1
	Sep	467.2	26.9	315.1	90.7	782.3	99.8	24.1	123.9	14.0	920.2
	Dec	481.2	30.6	322.7	101.2	803.9	100.9	23.8	124.7	13.4	942.0
2002	Mar	450.9	26.2	314.5	93.1	765.4	91.1	21.7	112.8	12.7	891.0
	Jun	472.3	27.5	330.7	97.7	803.0	99.3	24.1	123.4	13.0	939.3
	Sep	454.1	29.4	312.2	92.2	766.4	97.3	24.7	121.9	13.0	901.3
	Dec	479.2	30.1	329.4	97.7	808.7	99.5	24.0	123.5	13.4	945.6
2003	Mar	446.2	28.0	313.0	92.9	759.2	90.3	22.8	113.1	12.7	885.0
	Jun	466.7	29.2	327.1	96.6	793.8	101.2	26.3	127.5	13.0	934.3
	Sep	459.7	30.0	314.3	93.0	774.0	103.2	25.8	129.0	13.8	916.8
	Dec	474.6	30.3	331.1	99.5	805.8	105.9	25.7	131.6	13.7	951.0
2004	Mar	445.7	28.8	313.7	95.2	759.3	97.7	23.1	120.8	13.2	893.3
Seasonally adjusted											
1994	Mar	417.7	15.7	286.2	85.0	704.0	107.7	26.2	133.9	20.9	858.7
	Jun	418.5	15.8	288.4	85.1	706.9	111.6	26.5	138.1	20.6	865.7
	Sep	420.8	15.3	285.9	84.2	706.7	109.9	25.9	135.8	20.2	862.6
	Dec	421.9	15.7	288.8	85.1	710.7	111.8	26.4	138.1	19.6	868.4
1995	Mar	425.2	16.0	291.5	86.0	716.6	114.6	26.4	141.1	18.9	876.6
	Jun	427.9	16.5	291.8	86.5	719.7	115.0	26.6	141.5	18.5	879.7
	Sep	424.3	17.0	289.7	85.0	713.9	113.2	26.3	139.5	18.1	871.5
	Dec	425.7	17.5	291.0	86.1	716.7	113.3	26.3	139.6	17.8	874.0
1996	Mar	427.0	17.5	292.6	87.2	719.5	110.2	26.0	136.2	17.2	873.0
	Jun	428.8	18.2	297.2	89.2	726.0	110.2	26.1	136.4	16.8	879.2
	Sep	428.8	18.9	297.8	89.6	726.6	112.9	26.4	139.3	16.2	882.1
	Dec	430.7	19.1	299.9	90.1	730.6	112.4	26.0	138.4	16.2	885.2
1997	Mar	433.9	19.8	299.5	89.5	733.3	109.3	25.4	134.7	16.2	884.2
	Jun	438.5	20.3	299.9	89.3	738.4	108.5	26.6	135.1	15.7	889.2
	Sep	442.3	21.3	303.9	90.9	746.2	106.6	27.1	133.8	16.0	895.9
	Dec	454.3	22.0	311.4	89.5	765.8	107.9	26.5	134.4	15.3	915.5
1998	Mar	451.7	21.6	307.6	88.5	759.3	106.0	26.7	132.6	14.9	906.8
	Jun	453.0	21.6	306.7	87.7	759.7	102.1	25.0	127.1	14.6	901.3
	Sep	459.3	21.1	312.0	90.2	771.3	100.6	23.9	124.5	14.7	910.6
	Dec	460.1	21.5	309.8	87.7	769.9	100.1	24.5	124.5	14.2	908.6
1999	Mar	459.4	22.9	312.0	88.9	771.4	99.9	23.6	123.6	14.1	909.0
	Jun	460.3	23.2	312.2	88.5	772.5	100.8	23.3	124.1	14.1	910.6
	Sep	463.6	24.2	312.0	88.8	775.6	99.7	23.5	123.2	13.7	912.5
	Dec	466.7	23.6	314.0	89.4	780.7	97.7	24.0	121.7	14.0	916.4
2000	Mar	463.4	23.7	313.3	89.6	776.8	97.1	24.7	121.8	14.0	912.6
	Jun	466.3	24.6	316.9	90.5	783.2	95.8	24.3	120.2	14.0	917.3
	Sep	464.5	25.2	321.3	91.0	785.8	97.2	23.9	121.1	13.8	920.8
	Dec	465.0	25.9	322.8	92.4	787.8	96.5	24.0	120.5	13.7	922.1
2001	Mar	471.2	26.9	323.7	92.9	794.9	98.5	23.5	122.0	13.6	930.5
	Jun	472.4	26.6	322.7	93.6	795.1	98.0	23.7	121.8	13.2	930.1
	Sep	471.7	26.5	322.3	93.6	794.0	98.6	23.6	122.2	13.8	930.1
	Dec	467.1	29.6	313.4	97.6	780.5	97.6	23.3	120.9	13.1	914.5
2002	Mar	466.8	27.1	323.1	95.0	789.9	97.1	23.1	120.2	13.1	923.2
	Jun	466.0	28.0	323.8	96.4	789.9	97.9	23.6	121.5	13.1	924.5
	Sep	458.4	28.9	319.6	95.0	778.0	96.0	24.2	120.2	12.8	911.0
	Dec	465.5	29.1	320.6	94.3	786.1	96.2	23.6	119.8	13.1	919.0
2003	Mar	461.6	29.0	321.1	94.8	782.7	96.8	24.5	121.3	13.1	917.0
	Jun	460.9	29.7	320.4	95.3	781.4	99.3	25.5	124.7	13.1	919.2
	Sep	463.7	29.5	321.7	95.9	785.3	101.9	25.2	127.1	13.5	926.0
	Dec	461.1	29.3	322.5	96.1	783.5	102.7	25.3	128.0	13.4	925.0
2004	Mar	461.3	29.8	321.9	96.9	783.2	103.9	24.5	128.4	13.6	925.1
Changes Latest quarter		0.3	0.5	-0.6	0.8	-0.4	1.2	-0.8	0.4	0.1	0.2
Year		-0.3	0.8	0.8	2.1	0.5	7.1	0.0	7.1	0.5	8.1

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS  
Customer helpline: 01633812766

a HMF - HM Forces; GST - government-supported trainees; UPFW - unpaid family workers.

Note: Estimates of employees and government-supported trainee hours are the product of LFS average weekly hours and the number of employees and trainees included in the workforce jobs series. Estimates for self-employed and unpaid family workers are obtained wholly from LFS and estimates for HM Forces from MoD. For further information, see p467, Labour Market Trends, December 1995.

The data in this table are consistent with the LFS re-weighted data published on the 17th March 2004



# Total workforce hours worked per week, employees and self-employed; by industry

**B.33**  
Millions

UNITED KINGDOM	Section sub-section group or class	March 2004					December 2003			March 2003				
		Male		Female		All	Male	Female	All	Male		Female		All
		Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time					Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time	
<b>SIC 1992</b>														
<b>Seasonally adjusted</b>														
All sections	A-Q	529.2	35.9	242.4	104.0	911.6	563.7	347.8	911.5	524.1	34.2	244.5	101.1	904.0
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	A / B	13.7	0.8	2.1	0.5	17.0	14.4	3.0	17.3	12.9	0.8	2.1	0.5	16.3
Mining and quarrying, manufacturing, electricity, gas and water supply	C - E	103.7	1.8	25.8	4.1	135.5	105.9	30.8	136.7	106.1	1.9	27.6	4.1	139.7
Construction	F	70.3	1.1	4.5	1.0	77.0	70.4	5.4	75.8	66.6	1.0	3.6	1.0	72.2
Wholesale and retail trade (inc motor trades), hotels and catering, transport	G - I	150.6	15.8	60.5	35.6	262.6	167.0	96.1	263.2	151.8	15.4	61.2	35.0	263.5
Financial intermediation, real estate	J / K	106.3	7.6	52.2	16.1	182.2	113.6	69.2	182.8	103.5	7.1	53.5	15.4	179.5
Public administration, defence, education, health and social work	L - N	59.1	5.5	81.7	39.7	186.1	63.9	120.5	184.4	58.3	5.0	80.1	38.1	181.5
Other community, social and personal service activities; employed persons in private households, extra-territorial organisations	O - Q	25.5	3.3	15.6	6.9	51.3	28.5	22.9	51.4	24.8	3.0	16.4	7.1	51.3
<b>Not seasonally adjusted</b>														
All sections	A - Q	508.8	34.6	234.9	101.8	880.1	580.6	356.8	937.4	504.0	32.5	237.3	98.5	872.3
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	A / B	12.1	0.8	1.8	0.4	15.2	14.7	2.8	17.5	11.4	0.8	1.9	0.4	14.4
Mining and quarrying	C	2.1	*	0.3	*	2.4	2.4	0.3	2.7	2.3	*	0.3	*	2.7
Manufacturing	D	93.8	1.6	23.2	3.6	122.2	104.1	29.8	134.0	95.9	1.7	24.9	3.6	126.1
Manufacture of:														
food products, beverages and tobacco	DA	11.3	0.2	3.8	0.6	15.9	11.9	4.9	16.8	11.1	0.2	3.8	0.6	15.8
textiles and textile products	DB	2.9	*	2.0	0.4	5.4	3.6	2.9	6.5	3.2	*	2.6	0.3	6.3
leather and leather products	DC	0.3	*	*	*	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.6	0.4	*	0.2	*	0.6
wood and wood products	DD	2.5	*	0.5	*	3.1	2.9	0.6	3.5	2.4	*	0.5	*	3.1
pulp, paper and paper products, publishing and printing	DE	9.3	0.3	4.1	0.8	14.5	10.6	5.6	16.2	10.0	0.4	4.1	0.7	15.2
coke, refined petroleum products, nuclear fuel	DF	0.8	*	*	*	0.9	0.9	*	1.0	0.7	*	*	*	0.8
chemicals, chemical products and man-made fibres	DG	6.1	*	1.6	*	7.9	6.5	2.0	8.5	5.9	*	1.9	0.2	7.9
rubber and plastic products	DH	6.5	*	1.1	*	7.8	7.3	1.2	8.5	6.7	*	1.0	*	7.9
other non-metallic mineral products	DI	4.1	*	0.6	*	4.8	4.5	0.8	5.3	4.0	*	0.7	*	4.9
basic metals	DJ	14.2	0.3	1.6	0.4	16.6	15.5	2.3	17.8	14.4	0.2	1.9	0.4	17.0
machinery and equipment n.e.c.	DK	9.4	*	1.6	0.2	11.2	10.3	1.9	12.1	9.4	*	1.8	0.2	11.4
electrical and optical equipment	DL	10.2	0.2	3.1	0.4	13.8	11.6	3.6	15.1	11.1	0.2	3.1	0.3	14.7
transport equipment	DM	10.9	*	1.7	*	12.8	11.8	1.9	13.7	10.9	*	1.7	*	12.8
Manufacturing NEC	DN	5.2	0.3	1.4	0.3	7.1	6.4	1.9	8.3	5.6	0.2	1.5	0.3	7.6
Electricity, gas and water supply	E	3.0	*	1.2	0.2	4.5	3.1	1.4	4.6	2.9	*	1.2	0.2	4.5
Construction	F	65.9	1.0	4.3	0.9	72.1	73.5	5.4	78.8	62.2	0.8	3.4	0.9	67.3
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles and personal and household goods	G	80.6	8.1	35.3	23.7	147.7	93.3	60.1	153.4	80.6	7.8	34.6	23.1	146.2
Hotels and restaurants	H	19.8	5.0	13.1	9.3	47.2	25.1	23.9	49.0	18.8	4.7	13.7	9.2	46.4
Transport, storage and communication"	I	46.4	2.5	10.9	2.1	61.9	52.0	13.9	65.8	48.8	2.6	11.5	2.1	65.0
Financial intermediation	J	19.5	0.6	13.8	2.4	36.4	20.9	16.9	37.8	19.0	0.6	14.3	2.5	36.4
Real estate, renting and business activities	K	82.7	6.4	36.2	13.1	138.4	96.0	53.9	150.0	80.5	5.9	36.9	12.2	135.6
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	L	24.7	0.7	16.3	3.5	45.3	26.5	21.2	47.7	24.2	0.7	16.7	3.4	45.0
Education	M	18.1	2.4	23.8	12.0	56.3	21.7	39.3	61.0	18.6	2.0	23.3	11.7	55.6
Health and social work	N	15.5	2.3	40.1	23.8	81.7	18.1	64.8	82.8	15.0	2.2	39.0	22.5	78.7
Other community, social and personal service activities; employed persons in private households, extra-territorial organisations	O - Q	24.4	3.0	14.7	6.6	48.8	29.1	23.2	52.3	23.7	2.7	15.6	6.7	48.6

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS  
Customer helpline: 01633 812766

\* Estimates of less than 150,000 hours are not published.

Note: Estimates of employees and government-supported trainee hours are the product of LFS average weekly hours and the number of employees and trainees included in the workforce jobs series. Estimates for self-employed and unpaid family workers are obtained wholly from LFS and estimates for HM Forces from MoD. For further information please see p467, Labour Market Trends, December 1995.

The self-employed component of the 'Total hours worked' data have been adjusted to take account of the recent Census 2001 results.

# C.1 UNEMPLOYMENT

## Unemployment by age and duration

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM	All aged 16 and over							All aged 16-59/64						
	All	Rate (%) <sup>a</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	Percent over 12 months	All over 24 months	All	Rate (%) <sup>a</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	Percent over 12 months	All over 24 months
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
<b>All</b>	<b>MGSC</b>	<b>MG SX</b>	<b>YBWF</b>	<b>YBWG</b>	<b>YBWH</b>	<b>YBWI</b>	<b>YBWL</b>	<b>YBSH</b>	<b>YBTI</b>	<b>YBWO</b>	<b>YBWR</b>	<b>YBWU</b>	<b>YBW X</b>	<b>YBXA</b>
<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>														
1995	2,470	8.8	1,020	394	1,057	42.8	657	2,452	8.9	1,014	391	1,046	42.7	650
1996	2,343	8.3	1,039	393	911	38.9	572	2,322	8.4	1,032	390	900	38.8	564
1997	2,042	7.2	970	305	767	37.6	485	2,019	7.3	962	302	755	37.4	476
1998	1,779	6.2	966	248	566	31.8	355	1,753	6.3	958	246	556	31.6	347
1999	1,754	6.1	993	252	499	28.5	296	1,734	6.2	984	259	491	28.3	290
2000	1,633	5.6	958	239	437	26.7	245	1,617	5.7	950	236	430	26.6	241
2001	1,428	4.9	845	215	368	25.8	211	1,413	5.0	838	213	362	25.6	207
2002	1,539	5.2	977	232	331	21.5	177	1,518	5.3	965	229	324	21.3	173
2003	1,485	5.0	962	205	318	21.4	155	1,468	5.1	954	202	312	21.3	152
<b>3-month averages</b>														
<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>	<b>1,503</b>	<b>5.1</b>	<b>978</b>	<b>205</b>	<b>320</b>	<b>21.3</b>	<b>158</b>	<b>1,484</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>969</b>	<b>202</b>	<b>313</b>	<b>21.1</b>	<b>155</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	1,485	5.0	962	205	318	21.4	155	1,468	5.1	954	202	312	21.3	152
Apr-Jun	1,473	5.0	952	206	315	21.4	149	1,456	5.1	943	204	309	21.2	146
May-Jul	1,499	5.1	949	227	322	21.5	154	1,483	5.2	942	225	317	21.4	152
Jun-Aug (Sum)	1,487	5.0	949	219	319	21.5	157	1,473	5.1	943	216	314	21.3	154
Jul-Sep	1,484	5.0	955	219	310	20.9	155	1,469	5.1	948	217	305	20.7	152
Aug-Oct	1,469	5.0	939	213	317	21.6	157	1,453	5.1	931	210	311	21.4	154
Sep-Nov (Aut)	1,459	4.9	923	223	313	21.5	156	1,440	5.0	914	220	306	21.3	152
Oct-Dec	1,462	4.9	926	219	317	21.7	160	1,440	5.0	915	215	310	21.6	156
<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>1,436</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>903</b>	<b>221</b>	<b>312</b>	<b>21.8</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>1,418</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>894</b>	<b>218</b>	<b>306</b>	<b>21.6</b>	<b>152</b>
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	1,426	4.8	909	206	311	21.8	149	1,408	4.9	900	203	305	21.6	145
Jan-Mar 2004	1,413	4.7	886	218	308	21.8	144	1,394	4.8	877	216	302	21.7	140
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>1,427</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>902</b>	<b>227</b>	<b>297</b>	<b>20.8</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>1,409</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>893</b>	<b>224</b>	<b>292</b>	<b>20.7</b>	<b>141</b>
<b>Changes</b>														
<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>-9</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>-15</b>	<b>-0.9</b>	<b>-10</b>	<b>-9</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-1</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>-15</b>	<b>-0.9</b>	<b>-10</b>
Percent	-0.6		0.0	2.8	-4.8		-6.7	-0.6		-0.1	3.0	-4.8		-6.8
<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>-77</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>-76</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>-22</b>	<b>-0.4</b>	<b>-13</b>	<b>-76</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>-76</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>-22</b>	<b>-0.4</b>	<b>-13</b>
Percent	-5.1		-7.8	10.5	-7.0		-8.4	-5.1		-7.9	10.9	-6.9		-8.6
<b>Male</b>	<b>MGSD</b>	<b>MG SY</b>	<b>MG YK</b>	<b>MG YM</b>	<b>MG YO</b>	<b>YBWJ</b>	<b>YBWM</b>	<b>YBSI</b>	<b>YBTJ</b>	<b>YBWP</b>	<b>YBWS</b>	<b>YBWV</b>	<b>YBWY</b>	<b>YBXB</b>
<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>														
1995	1,591	10.1	562	248	781	49.1	506	1,582	10.3	560	247	776	49.0	502
1996	1,522	9.7	585	249	689	45.2	459	1,511	9.8	582	247	682	45.1	454
1997	1,290	8.2	531	185	564	44.1	376	1,269	8.2	528	184	558	43.9	371
1998	1,073	6.9	511	161	401	37.4	270	1,063	6.9	508	160	396	37.2	266
1999	1,066	6.8	547	161	358	33.6	224	1,058	6.8	544	160	364	33.4	221
2000	971	6.1	516	138	317	32.7	187	964	6.2	513	137	314	32.6	185
2001	845	5.3	453	130	263	31.1	158	839	5.4	450	129	260	31.0	156
2002	916	5.7	529	155	232	25.3	130	906	5.8	524	154	228	25.2	127
2003	898	5.6	544	129	225	25.1	119	890	5.6	541	127	222	25.0	117
<b>3-month averages</b>														
<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>	<b>911</b>	<b>5.7</b>	<b>553</b>	<b>130</b>	<b>228</b>	<b>25.0</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>901</b>	<b>5.7</b>	<b>548</b>	<b>129</b>	<b>224</b>	<b>24.8</b>	<b>116</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	898	5.6	544	129	225	25.1	119	890	5.6	541	127	222	25.0	117
Apr-Jun	889	5.5	535	131	222	25.0	116	881	5.6	532	130	219	24.9	114
May-Jul	900	5.6	527	144	229	25.5	119	894	5.7	525	143	226	25.3	117
Jun-Aug (Sum)	894	5.5	529	140	225	25.2	116	887	5.6	526	139	222	25.0	115
Jul-Sep	887	5.5	526	145	216	24.4	115	879	5.6	522	144	213	24.2	113
Aug-Oct	883	5.5	517	141	224	25.4	118	874	5.6	514	140	221	25.2	116
Sep-Nov (Aut)	879	5.5	507	152	221	25.1	120	868	5.5	502	150	216	24.9	117
Oct-Dec	883	5.5	509	146	229	25.9	122	872	5.5	504	144	224	25.7	120
<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>862</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>498</b>	<b>146</b>	<b>218</b>	<b>25.3</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>851</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>493</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>214</b>	<b>25.2</b>	<b>115</b>
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	844	5.2	497	132	215	25.5	110	835	5.3	492	131	211	25.3	107
Jan-Mar 2004	829	5.1	480	139	210	25.3	102	819	5.2	476	138	206	25.1	100
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>839</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>491</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>205</b>	<b>24.5</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>830</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>487</b>	<b>141</b>	<b>202</b>	<b>24.3</b>	<b>101</b>
<b>Changes</b>														
<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>-22</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-6</b>	<b>-3</b>	<b>-13</b>	<b>-0.8</b>	<b>-14</b>	<b>-22</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-6</b>	<b>-3</b>	<b>-12</b>	<b>-0.8</b>	<b>-14</b>
Percent	-2.6		-1.2	-2.4	-5.9		-12.2	-2.5		-1.2	-2.3	-5.7		-12.0
<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>-71</b>	<b>-0.5</b>	<b>-61</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>-22</b>	<b>-0.5</b>	<b>-15</b>	<b>-71</b>	<b>-0.5</b>	<b>-62</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>-22</b>	<b>-0.5</b>	<b>-15</b>
Percent	-7.8		-11.1	9.4	-9.7		-12.6	-7.9		-11.3	9.5	-9.7		-12.7
<b>Female</b>	<b>MGSE</b>	<b>MG SZ</b>	<b>MG YL</b>	<b>MG YN</b>	<b>MG YP</b>	<b>YBWK</b>	<b>YBWN</b>	<b>YBSJ</b>	<b>YBTK</b>	<b>YBWQ</b>	<b>YBWT</b>	<b>YBWV</b>	<b>YBWZ</b>	<b>YBXC</b>
<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>														
1995	879	7.0	458	146	276	31.3	151	869	7.2	455	144	271	31.1	148
1996	820	6.5	455	144	222	27.1	112	812	6.7	451	142	219	26.9	110
1997	762	6.0	439	120	203	26.6	102	750	6.1	434	119	197	26.3	105
1998	707	5.5	455	87	165	23.3	85	695	5.6	450	86	160	23.0	82
1999	687	5.3	445	100	142	20.6	72	677	5.4	440	98	138	20.3	70
2000	662	5.0	442	100	119	18.0	58	652	5.2	437	99	116	17.8	56
2001	582	4.4	392	85	105	18.0	53	575	4.5	388	84	102	17.8	51
2002	623	4.6	447	77	99	15.9	48	612	4.8	441	75	96	15.7	46
2003	587	4.4	418	76	93	15.8	36	577	4.5	413	75	90	15.5	35
<b>3-month averages</b>														
<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>	<b>593</b>	<b>4.4</b>	<b>426</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>15.5</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>584</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>421</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>15.3</b>	<b>39</b>
Mar-May (Spr)	587	4.4	418	76	93	15.8	36	577	4.5	413	75	90	15.5	35
Apr-Jun	584	4.3	417	75	92	15.8	34	576	4.5	412	74	90	15.6	33
May-Jul	598	4.4	422	84	93	15.5	35	590	4.6	417	82	90	15.3	34
Jun-Aug (Sum)	594	4.4	421	79	94	15.9	40	587	4.6	417	78	92	15.7	39
Jul-Sep	597	4.4	429	74	93	15.7	40	590	4.6	425	73	91	15.5	39
Aug-Oct	596	4.3	422	71	93	15.8	39	578	4.5	418	70	90	15.6	38
Sep-Nov (Aut)	580	4.3	417	71	92	15.9	37	571	4.4	412	70	90	15.7	36
Oct-Dec	578	4.3	417	73	89	15.3	38	568	4.4	411	71	86	15.2	36
<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>574</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>405</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>16.4</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>566</b>	<b>4.4</b>	<b>401</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>16.3</b>	<b>37</b>
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	582	4.3	413	73	96	16.4	39	573	4.4	408	72	93	16.3	38
Jan-Mar 2004	584	4.3	406	79	99	16.9	42	575	4.4	401	78	96	16.7	41
<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>588</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>411</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>15.6</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>579</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>406</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>15.5</b>	<b>40</b>
<b>Changes</b>														
<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>-2</b>	<b>-0.7</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>-3</b>	<b>-0.8</b>	<b>3</b>
Percent	2.3		1.4	12.9	-2.3		10.6	2.3		1.4	13.4	-2.7		9.4
<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>-5</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-15</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.1</b> </								

# UNEMPLOYMENT C.1

## Unemployment by age and duration

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM		16-17							18-24						
		All	Rate (%) <sup>a</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	Percent over 12 months	All over 24 months	All	Rate (%) <sup>a</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	Percent over 12 months	All over 24 months
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
All		YBVH	YBVK	YBXD	YBXG	YBXJ	YBXM	YBXP	YBVN	YBVQ	YBXS	YBXV	YBXY	YBYB	YBYE
	<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>														
	1995	143	19.2	109	22	12	8.1	*	603	15.4	311	113	179	29.6	91
	1996	163	20.0	125	26	12	7.3	*	553	14.5	301	94	158	28.6	74
	1997	166	19.4	127	23	16	9.6	*	485	13.1	287	75	122	25.3	57
	1998	157	18.7	129	19	*	*	*	432	12.0	283	65	84	19.3	35
	1999	166	20.0	134	23	*	*	*	420	11.7	288	68	63	15.1	26
	2000	175	20.9	142	24	*	*	*	399	11.0	282	52	65	16.4	28
	2001	146	17.9	121	15	*	*	*	372	10.2	268	49	55	14.8	18
	2002	162	20.0	131	22	*	*	*	393	10.5	279	69	45	11.4	13
	2003	176	21.1	138	24	14	7.9	*	404	10.7	307	47	50	12.5	23
	<b>3-month averages</b>														
	<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>	<b>176</b>	<b>21.1</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>6.5</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>403</b>	<b>10.7</b>	<b>311</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>12.3</b>	<b>21</b>
	Mar-May (Spr)	176	21.1	138	24	14	7.9	*	404	10.7	307	47	50	12.5	23
	Apr-Jun	174	21.0	141	19	14	7.9	*	402	10.7	301	48	53	13.1	25
	May-Jul	173	20.9	138	22	13	7.4	*	415	11.0	306	58	52	12.4	24
	Jun-Aug (Sum)	172	20.9	137	24	12	6.7	*	408	10.8	302	49	57	14.0	26
	Jul-Sep	170	20.8	136	22	12	6.8	*	407	10.7	306	51	50	12.4	23
	Aug-Oct	174	21.2	140	23	12	6.8	*	397	10.4	284	54	59	14.8	26
	Sep-Nov (Aut)	170	20.6	138	21	10	6.1	*	382	10.0	271	57	54	14.1	23
	Oct-Dec	169	20.8	134	22	13	7.6	*	382	10.0	276	56	50	13.2	22
	<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>166</b>	<b>20.5</b>	<b>129</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>8.3</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>383</b>	<b>10.0</b>	<b>272</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>14.0</b>	<b>21</b>
	Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	170	21.1	134	24	12	7.1	*	383	9.9	274	56	53	13.9	21
	Jan-Mar 2004	172	21.3	134	28	10	5.9	*	379	9.8	269	54	56	14.8	23
	<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>176</b>	<b>21.8</b>	<b>138</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>5.5</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>10.0</b>	<b>272</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>14.6</b>	<b>22</b>
	<b>Changes</b>														
	<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>-4</b>	<b>-2.8</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>1</b>
	Percent	6.3		7.3	21.9	-29.4		*	0.5		-0.2	-0.3	5.0		4.8
	<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>-2</b>	<b>-1.0</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>-18</b>	<b>-0.7</b>	<b>-40</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>1</b>
	Percent	0.0		0.5	4.1	-15.8		*	-4.5		-12.8	36.9	13.3		6.8
Male		YBVI	YBVL	YBXE	YBXH	YBXK	YBXN	YBXQ	YBVO	YBVR	YBXT	YBXW	YBXZ	YBYC	YBYF
	<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>														
	1995	79	20.8	60	11	*	*	*	379	18.0	178	73	128	33.8	67
	1996	95	22.6	72	16	*	*	*	355	17.4	175	64	116	32.7	58
	1997	88	20.9	67	14	*	*	*	300	15.2	165	45	90	29.9	44
	1998	83	19.8	68	10	*	*	*	258	13.5	156	46	55	21.4	26
	1999	98	23.3	78	13	*	*	*	246	13.0	159	45	42	17.2	19
	2000	94	22.3	77	12	*	*	*	236	12.2	158	30	48	20.2	21
	2001	85	20.3	70	*	*	*	*	219	11.4	146	33	40	18.4	12
	2002	91	22.0	68	17	*	*	*	243	12.2	164	48	32	13.2	*
	2003	100	23.7	77	15	*	*	*	243	12.1	177	30	36	14.8	17
	<b>3-month averages</b>														
	<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>24.3</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>245</b>	<b>12.2</b>	<b>179</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>14.5</b>	<b>16</b>
	Mar-May (Spr)	100	23.7	77	15	*	*	*	243	12.1	177	30	36	14.8	17
	Apr-Jun	98	23.4	78	12	*	*	*	242	12.0	174	30	37	15.4	18
	May-Jul	97	23.2	77	14	*	*	*	243	12.1	172	35	36	14.7	17
	Jun-Aug (Sum)	100	23.7	79	16	*	*	*	240	11.9	172	30	38	15.9	17
	Jul-Sep	100	24.1	79	15	*	*	*	238	11.8	172	33	33	14.0	15
	Aug-Oct	106	25.3	84	15	*	*	*	241	11.9	164	35	42	17.2	17
	Sep-Nov (Aut)	99	24.1	80	14	*	*	*	234	11.5	154	42	37	16.0	16
	Oct-Dec	97	24.1	77	13	*	*	*	233	11.5	156	43	35	14.8	15
	<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>23.0</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>231</b>	<b>11.4</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>15.9</b>	<b>14</b>
	Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	92	23.3	73	14	*	*	*	232	11.3	154	39	38	16.4	14
	Jan-Mar 2004	94	23.5	73	15	*	*	*	229	11.2	150	38	41	17.9	16
	<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>24.8</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>226</b>	<b>11.0</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>18.0</b>	<b>16</b>
	<b>Changes</b>														
	<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>-5</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>-5</b>	<b>-4</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>1</b>
	Percent	6.4		7.6	20.4	*	*	*	-2.2		-3.3	-10.0	11.1		10.2
	<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>-4</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>-2</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>-19</b>	<b>-1.2</b>	<b>-32</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>3.5</b>	<b>0</b>
	Percent	-4.0		-3.0	1.8	*	*	*	-7.8		-17.8	24.8	14.6		2.2
Female		YBVJ	YBVM	YBXF	YBXI	YBXL	YBXO	YBXR	YBVP	YBVS	YBXU	YBXX	YBYA	YBYD	YBYG
	<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>														
	1995	65	17.6	49	11	*	*	*	224	12.4	134	40	51	22.7	24
	1996	68	17.2	54	10	*	*	*	198	11.1	126	30	42	21.3	16
	1997	78	18.0	60	*	*	*	*	185	10.7	122	30	33	17.8	13
	1998	74	17.5	61	*	*	*	*	175	10.3	127	19	28	16.3	*
	1999	67	16.6	55	10	*	*	*	174	10.2	129	23	21	12.2	*
	2000	80	19.4	65	11	*	*	*	163	9.5	124	22	18	10.8	*
	2001	61	15.4	51	*	*	*	*	153	8.9	122	16	15	9.8	*
	2002	72	17.9	62	*	*	*	*	150	8.5	116	21	13	8.7	*
	2003	76	18.5	61	*	*	*	*	161	9.1	130	17	14	8.9	*
	<b>3-month averages</b>														
	<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>17.7</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>158</b>	<b>9.0</b>	<b>132</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>9.0</b>	<b>*</b>
	Mar-May (Spr)	76	18.5	61	*	*	*	*	161	9.1	130	17	14	8.9	*
	Apr-Jun	76	18.6	63	*	*	*	*	161	9.2	127	18	15	9.6	*
	May-Jul	76	18.6	62	*	*	*	*	172	9.7	133	23	16	9.3	*
	Jun-Aug (Sum)	72	18.0	58	*	*	*	*	169	9.5	130	19	19	11.2	*
	Jul-Sep	70	17.5	57	*	*	*	*	169	9.5	134	17	17	10.1	*
	Aug-Oct	68	17.0	55	*	*	*	*	155	8.7	120	18	17	11.0	*
	Sep-Nov (Aut)	71	17.2	58	*	*	*	*	149	8.3	117	15	17	11.1	*
	Oct-Dec	72	17.5	57	*	*	*	*	149	8.3	120	13	16	10.6	*
	<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>18.0</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>8.5</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>11.2</b>	<b>*</b>
	Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	77	19.0	61	10	*	*	*	152	8.4	120	17	15	10.0	*
	Jan-Mar 2004	79	19.2	61	13	*	*	*	151	8.3	120	16	15	10.1	*
	<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>19.0</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>159</b>	<b>8.7</b>	<b>124</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>9.8</b>	<b>*</b>
	<b>Changes</b>														
	<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>-1</b>	<b>-1.4</b>	<b>*</b>
	Percent	6.2		7.0	23.8	*	*	*	4.6		3.6	26.6	-8.2		*
	<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>-8</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>*</b>
	Percent	5.5		5.3	7.2	*	*	*	0.8		-6.0	69.2	10.0		*

a Denominator = economically active for that age group.  
 \* Sample size too small for a reliable estimate.  
 Note: Relationship between columns: 1=3+4+5; 8=10+11+12.

Source: Labour Force Survey  
 Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

# C.1 UNEMPLOYMENT

## Unemployment by age and duration

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

		25-49							50 and over						
UNITED KINGDOM		All	Rate (%) <sup>a</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	Percent over 12 months	All over 24 months	All	Rate (%) <sup>a</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	Percent over 12 months	All over 24 months
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
		MGVI	MGXB	YBYH	YBYK	YBYN	YBYQ	YBYT	YBVT	YBVW	YBYW	YBYZ	YBZC	YBZF	YBZI
All															
	<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>														
	1995	1,320	7.5	482	206	632	47.9	407	403	6.7	117	52	234	58.0	158
	1996	1,249	7.1	494	217	538	43.1	349	378	6.2	120	55	203	53.7	148
	1997	1,051	6.0	441	163	447	42.5	287	340	5.4	115	44	182	53.4	140
	1998	901	5.1	450	132	319	35.4	206	289	4.5	103	32	154	53.4	113
	1999	882	5.0	451	135	295	33.5	170	287	4.3	120	36	131	45.8	100
	2000	785	4.4	418	120	246	31.4	141	275	4.0	116	43	116	42.3	75
	2001	706	4.0	371	116	220	31.1	136	203	2.9	85	35	84	41.1	56
	2002	743	4.2	440	114	189	25.5	107	241	3.4	127	27	88	36.3	57
	2003	676	3.8	408	97	171	25.2	84	229	3.1	110	36	83	36.2	48
	<b>3-month averages</b>														
	<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>	<b>687</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>418</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>171</b>	<b>24.9</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>238</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>36.9</b>	<b>50</b>
	Mar-May (Spr)	676	3.8	408	97	171	25.2	84	229	3.1	110	36	83	36.2	48
	Apr-Jun	666	3.8	400	101	166	24.9	78	231	3.1	110	38	83	35.9	46
	May-Jul	681	3.9	401	109	172	25.2	81	229	3.1	105	39	86	37.4	49
	Jun-Aug (Sum)	684	3.9	406	108	170	24.8	85	223	3.0	105	37	81	36.3	46
	Jul-Sep	680	3.9	405	110	165	24.3	86	227	3.1	108	36	82	36.4	45
	Aug-Oct	675	3.8	409	103	163	24.1	84	223	3.0	106	33	84	37.6	46
	Sep-Nov (Aut)	675	3.8	403	108	164	24.3	84	232	3.1	111	37	84	36.4	48
	Oct-Dec	684	3.9	404	106	174	25.4	88	226	3.1	112	34	80	35.4	49
	<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>676</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>398</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>25.4</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>212</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>34.6</b>	<b>45</b>
	Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	659	3.7	398	94	168	25.5	84	214	2.9	104	33	78	36.3	44
	Jan-Mar 2004	647	3.7	378	104	164	25.4	77	215	2.9	105	31	78	36.4	44
	<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>647</b>	<b>3.7</b>	<b>381</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>158</b>	<b>24.3</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>219</b>	<b>2.9</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>33.7</b>	<b>45</b>
	<b>Changes</b>														
	<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>-29</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>-18</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>-14</b>	<b>-1.1</b>	<b>-12</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>-2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>-0.9</b>	<b>0</b>
	Percent	-4.3		-4.4	2.8	-8.3		-13.3	3.6		8.2	-4.5	1.0		0.7
	<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>-40</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>-37</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>-13</b>	<b>-0.5</b>	<b>-10</b>	<b>-18</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>-5</b>	<b>-14</b>	<b>-3.2</b>	<b>-5</b>
	Percent	-5.8		-8.9	10.3	-7.8		-11.3	-7.7		0.3	-13.0	-15.7		-9.8
Male															
	<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>														
	1995	834	8.6	243	127	464	55.6	313	299	8.6	81	37	181	60.6	125
	1996	791	8.1	252	128	402	50.8	280	282	8.0	77	42	163	58.0	120
	1997	655	6.8	230	94	331	50.5	222	238	6.5	70	32	136	57.3	110
	1998	529	5.5	222	82	224	42.4	156	203	5.5	65	23	115	56.9	87
	1999	520	5.4	232	80	208	40.0	126	201	5.2	78	23	100	49.8	79
	2000	450	4.7	208	67	176	39.0	106	191	4.9	73	29	89	46.6	59
	2001	396	4.1	180	65	151	38.1	100	145	3.7	57	23	65	44.9	46
	2002	427	4.5	221	75	130	30.5	78	156	3.9	76	15	65	41.6	43
	2003	400	4.2	221	59	119	29.9	63	155	3.7	69	24	62	39.9	38
	<b>3-month averages</b>														
	<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>	<b>399</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>222</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>29.7</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>164</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>40.4</b>	<b>41</b>
	Mar-May (Spr)	400	4.2	221	59	119	29.9	63	155	3.7	69	24	62	39.9	38
	Apr-Jun	394	4.1	215	62	117	29.7	60	156	3.7	68	26	61	39.3	37
	May-Jul	403	4.2	213	67	123	30.4	62	157	3.8	65	28	64	40.7	39
	Jun-Aug (Sum)	402	4.2	212	69	121	30.2	63	152	3.7	67	26	60	39.3	35
	Jul-Sep	398	4.2	210	72	117	29.3	65	150	3.6	65	25	60	39.9	35
	Aug-Oct	388	4.1	205	68	115	29.6	63	148	3.6	64	22	62	41.9	36
	Sep-Nov (Aut)	392	4.1	206	72	114	29.2	63	155	3.7	67	24	64	41.2	40
	Oct-Dec	402	4.2	209	68	125	31.1	66	150	3.6	67	21	62	41.4	41
	<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>400</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>212</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>29.8</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>39.5</b>	<b>37</b>
	Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	380	4.0	207	60	114	29.9	60	140	3.3	63	20	57	41.0	34
	Jan-Mar 2004	365	3.8	194	64	107	29.2	52	142	3.4	64	21	57	40.3	34
	<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>364</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>194</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>104</b>	<b>28.6</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>36.4</b>	<b>34</b>
	<b>Changes</b>														
	<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>-36</b>	<b>-0.4</b>	<b>-18</b>	<b>-3</b>	<b>-15</b>	<b>-1.2</b>	<b>-13</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>-3.0</b>	<b>-3</b>
	Percent	-9.0		-8.3	-4.6	-12.6		-19.7	9.0		17.7	5.5	0.7		-7.4
	<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>-36</b>	<b>-0.4</b>	<b>-28</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>-15</b>	<b>-1.1</b>	<b>-9</b>	<b>-12</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>-2</b>	<b>-11</b>	<b>-3.9</b>	<b>-6</b>
	Percent	-8.9		-12.6	11.8	-12.2		-14.2	-7.6		1.4	-9.6	-16.5		-15.2
Female															
	<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>														
	1995	486	6.2	239	79	168	34.5	94	104	4.1	36	16	53	50.7	33
	1996	458	5.8	232	90	136	29.7	69	96	3.8	43	14	40	41.1	28
	1997	396	5.0	212	69	116	29.2	65	103	3.8	45	12	45	44.3	30
	1998	372	4.7	228	50	94	25.3	50	86	3.1	38	*	39	45.3	26
	1999	361	4.5	219	55	87	24.1	44	85	3.0	42	13	31	36.1	21
	2000	335	4.1	211	53	71	21.1	35	84	2.8	43	14	27	32.3	16
	2001	310	3.8	191	51	69	22.1	37	58	1.9	28	12	18	31.5	10
	2002	316	3.9	218	39	59	18.6	29	86	2.7	51	11	23	26.8	13
	2003	276	3.4	187	38	51	18.5	21	74	2.3	40	12	21	28.6	*
	<b>3-month averages</b>														
	<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>	<b>288</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>196</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>18.1</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>29.3</b>	<b>*</b>
	Mar-May (Spr)	276	3.4	187	38	51	18.5	21	74	2.3	40	12	21	28.6	*
	Apr-Jun	272	3.4	185	39	49	17.9	18	75	2.3	42	11	22	28.9	*
	May-Jul	278	3.4	187	42	49	17.7	19	72	2.2	39	11	22	30.1	*
	Jun-Aug (Sum)	282	3.5	194	40	48	17.1	22	70	2.2	38	11	21	29.6	10
	Jul-Sep	282	3.5	195	38	48	17.2	21	76	2.3	43	11	22	29.3	10
	Aug-Oct	287	3.6	204	36	48	16.6	21	75	2.3	42	11	22	29.2	*
	Sep-Nov (Aut)	283	3.5	198	35	50	17.6	21	77	2.4	44	12	21	26.9	*
	Oct-Dec	282	3.5	195	38	49	17.3	23	76	2.3	45	13	18	23.3	*
	<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>276</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>187</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>19.0</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>25.3</b>	<b>*</b>
	Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	279	3.4	191	34	54	19.4	24	74	2.3	41	13	21	27.6	*
	Jan-Mar 2004	282	3.5	184	40	58	20.5	25	73	2.2	42	10	21	28.8	10
	<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>283</b>	<b>3.5</b>	<b>187</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>18.8</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>27.7</b>	<b>11</b>
	<b>Changes</b>														
	<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>-5</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>-2</b>	<b>-3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>*</b>
	Percent	2.5		0.0	16.4	1.4		5.0	-6.8		-5.9	-22.1	1.9		*
	<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>-4</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-9</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>-1</b>	<b>-6</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>-1</b>	<b>-2</b>	<b>-3</b>	<b>-1.6</b>	<b>*</b>
	Percent	-1.6		-4.6	8.2	2.3		-4.4	-8.1		-1.7	-20.1	-13.1		*

a Denominator = economically active for that age group.

# UNEMPLOYMENT C.2

Unemployment rates<sup>a</sup> by age

Per cent, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM		All aged 16 and over	16-59/64	16-17	18-24	25-34	35-49	50-64(M) 50-59(F)	65+(M) 60+(F)
All		MGSX	YBTI	YBVK	YBVQ	YCGP	YCGV	MGXE	MGXH
<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>									
	1995	8.8	8.9	19.2	15.4	8.9	6.4	7.4	2.3
	1996	8.3	8.4	20.0	14.5	8.5	6.0	6.8	2.6
	1997	7.2	7.3	19.4	13.1	6.9	5.3	5.8	2.9
	1998	6.2	6.3	18.7	12.0	6.3	4.3	4.7	2.6
	1999	6.1	6.2	20.0	11.7	5.7	4.4	4.6	2.3
	2000	5.6	5.7	20.9	11.0	5.1	3.9	4.3	2.0
	2001	4.9	5.0	17.9	10.2	4.6	3.6	3.1	1.7
	2002	5.2	5.3	20.0	10.5	5.1	3.6	3.5	2.4
	2003	5.0	5.1	21.1	10.7	4.7	3.3	3.3	1.8
<b>3-month averages</b>									
	<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>	<b>5.1</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>21.1</b>	<b>10.7</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>2.0</b>
	Mar-May (Spr)	5.0	5.1	21.1	10.7	4.7	3.3	3.3	1.8
	Apr-Jun	5.0	5.1	21.0	10.7	4.6	3.3	3.3	1.8
	May-Jul	5.1	5.2	20.9	11.0	4.8	3.3	3.3	1.6
	Jun-Aug (Sum)	5.0	5.1	20.9	10.8	4.9	3.3	3.2	1.4
	Jul-Sep	5.0	5.1	20.8	10.7	4.7	3.3	3.3	1.5
	Aug-Oct	5.0	5.1	21.2	10.4	4.7	3.3	3.2	1.6
	Sep-Nov (Aut)	4.9	5.0	20.6	10.0	4.8	3.3	3.3	2.0
	Oct-Dec	4.9	5.0	20.8	10.0	4.8	3.3	3.2	2.1
	<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>20.5</b>	<b>10.0</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>1.8</b>
	Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	4.8	4.9	21.1	9.9	4.6	3.2	3.0	1.9
	Jan-Mar 2004	4.7	4.8	21.3	9.8	4.6	3.1	3.0	1.9
	<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>21.8</b>	<b>10.0</b>	<b>4.4</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>3.1</b>	<b>1.8</b>
<b>Changes</b>									
	<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-0.4</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.0</b>
	<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>-0.7</b>	<b>-0.4</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>-0.2</b>
Male		MGSY	YBTJ	YBVL	YBVR	YCGQ	YCGW	MGXF	MGXI
<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>									
	1995	10.1	10.3	20.8	18.0	10.2	7.3	9.1	*
	1996	9.7	9.8	22.6	17.4	9.4	7.1	8.3	4.2
	1997	8.2	8.2	20.9	15.2	7.7	6.1	6.7	4.2
	1998	6.9	6.9	19.8	13.5	6.7	4.6	5.6	*
	1999	6.8	6.8	23.3	13.0	6.0	5.0	5.4	*
	2000	6.1	6.2	22.3	12.2	5.4	4.2	5.1	*
	2001	5.3	5.4	20.3	11.4	4.8	3.7	3.8	*
	2002	5.7	5.8	22.0	12.2	5.3	3.9	3.9	3.3
	2003	5.6	5.6	23.7	12.1	5.1	3.6	3.9	*
<b>3-month averages</b>									
	<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>	<b>5.7</b>	<b>5.7</b>	<b>24.3</b>	<b>12.2</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>2.9</b>
	Mar-May (Spr)	5.6	5.6	23.7	12.1	5.1	3.6	3.9	*
	Apr-Jun	5.5	5.6	23.4	12.0	4.9	3.7	3.8	*
	May-Jul	5.6	5.7	23.2	12.1	5.1	3.7	3.9	*
	Jun-Aug (Sum)	5.5	5.6	23.7	11.9	5.1	3.7	3.8	*
	Jul-Sep	5.5	5.6	24.1	11.8	5.1	3.6	3.7	*
	Aug-Oct	5.5	5.6	25.3	11.9	5.0	3.5	3.6	*
	Sep-Nov (Aut)	5.5	5.5	24.1	11.5	5.1	3.5	3.8	3.2
	Oct-Dec	5.5	5.5	24.1	11.5	5.3	3.6	3.6	3.2
	<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>23.0</b>	<b>11.4</b>	<b>5.1</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>3.0</b>
	Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	5.2	5.3	23.3	11.3	4.9	3.4	3.4	*
	Jan-Mar 2004	5.1	5.2	23.5	11.2	4.8	3.3	3.4	2.8
	<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>24.8</b>	<b>11.0</b>	<b>4.7</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>3.7</b>	<b>2.8</b>
<b>Changes</b>									
	<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>-0.4</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>-0.2</b>
	<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>-0.5</b>	<b>-0.5</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>-1.2</b>	<b>-0.4</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>-0.4</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Female		MGSZ	YBTK	YBVM	YBVS	YCGR	YCGX	MGXG	MGXJ
<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>									
	1995	7.0	7.2	17.6	12.4	7.4	5.4	4.7	1.9
	1996	6.5	6.7	17.2	11.1	7.3	4.7	4.3	*
	1997	6.0	6.1	18.0	10.7	5.8	4.3	4.3	2.2
	1998	5.5	5.6	17.5	10.3	5.8	3.9	3.4	2.2
	1999	5.3	5.4	16.6	10.2	5.4	3.8	3.2	2.0
	2000	5.0	5.2	19.4	9.5	4.8	3.7	3.1	1.8
	2001	4.4	4.5	15.4	8.9	4.4	3.5	2.1	*
	2002	4.6	4.8	17.9	8.5	4.9	3.3	2.9	1.9
	2003	4.4	4.5	18.5	9.1	4.1	3.0	2.5	1.6
<b>3-month averages</b>									
	<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>	<b>4.4</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>17.7</b>	<b>9.0</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>3.1</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>*</b>
	Mar-May (Spr)	4.4	4.5	18.5	9.1	4.1	3.0	2.5	1.6
	Apr-Jun	4.3	4.5	18.6	9.2	4.4	2.8	2.6	*
	May-Jul	4.4	4.6	18.6	9.7	4.4	2.9	2.4	*
	Jun-Aug (Sum)	4.4	4.6	18.0	9.5	4.6	2.8	2.4	*
	Jul-Sep	4.4	4.6	17.5	9.5	4.3	3.0	2.7	*
	Aug-Oct	4.3	4.5	17.0	8.7	4.4	3.1	2.6	*
	Sep-Nov (Aut)	4.3	4.4	17.2	8.3	4.4	3.0	2.6	*
	Oct-Dec	4.3	4.4	17.5	8.3	4.3	3.0	2.5	1.6
	<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>4.4</b>	<b>18.0</b>	<b>8.5</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>2.9</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>*</b>
	Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	4.3	4.4	19.0	8.4	4.3	2.9	2.5	*
	Jan-Mar 2004	4.3	4.4	19.2	8.3	4.3	3.0	2.4	*
	<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>19.0</b>	<b>8.7</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>*</b>
<b>Changes</b>									
	<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>*</b>
	<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>-0.4</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>*</b>

Source: Labour Force Survey  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

<sup>a</sup> Denominator = all economically active for that age group.  
\* Sample size too small for a reliable estimate.

# C.5 UNEMPLOYMENT Selected countries

Thousands and per cent									
	EU 25	EU average	EU 12	Major 7 nations (G7) <sup>a</sup>	United Kingdom <sup>a,b,c</sup>	Australia <sup>a,c,d</sup>	Austria <sup>a,c,d,f</sup>	Belgium <sup>c,d,f</sup>	Canada <sup>a,c,d</sup>
<b>STANDARDISED ILO RATE: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED<sup>a</sup></b>									
1993	..	10.1	10.2	7.1	10.5	10.6	4.0	8.6	11.4
1994	..	10.5	10.9	6.9	9.8	9.5	3.8	9.8	10.4
1995	..	10.1	10.6	6.7	8.8	8.2	3.9	9.7	9.4
1996	..	10.2	10.9	6.7	8.3	8.2	4.4	9.5	9.6
1997	..	10.0	10.9	6.5	7.2	8.3	4.4	9.2	9.1
1998	9.4	9.4	10.2	6.3	6.2	7.7	4.5	9.3	8.3
1999	9.2	8.7	9.3	6.1	6.1	6.9	3.9	8.6	7.6
2000	8.8	7.8	8.4	5.6	5.7	6.3	3.7	6.9	6.8
2001	8.5	7.4	8.0	5.9	4.9	6.8	3.6	6.7	7.2
2002	8.8	7.7	8.4	6.5	5.2	6.4	4.3	7.3	7.7
2003	9.1	8.1	8.9	6.7	4.9	6.1	4.4	8.1	7.6
2003 Apr	9.1	8.1	8.9	6.7	5.0	6.2	4.3	8.0	7.6
2003 May	9.1	8.1	8.9	6.8	5.0	6.1	4.4	8.0	7.9
2003 Jun	9.1	8.1	8.9	6.8	5.1	6.2	4.4	8.1	7.7
2003 Jul	9.1	8.1	8.9	6.8	5.0	6.2	4.5	8.2	7.7
2003 Aug	9.1	8.1	8.9	6.7	5.0	6.0	4.5	8.2	8.0
2003 Sep	9.1	8.1	8.9	6.7	5.0	5.9	4.5	8.2	7.9
2003 Oct	9.1	8.1	8.9	6.7	4.9	5.8	4.5	8.3	7.6
2003 Nov	9.1	8.1	8.9	6.6	4.9	5.7	4.5	8.3	7.5
2003 Dec	9.1	8.1	8.9	6.5	4.8	5.7	4.5	8.3	7.4
2004 Jan	9.0	8.1	8.9	6.5	4.8	5.7	4.5	8.4	7.4
2004 Feb	9.1	8.1	8.9	6.4	4.7	5.9	4.5	8.5	7.4
2004 Mar	9.1	8.1	9.0	6.4	4.8	5.6	4.5	8.5	7.5
2004 Apr	9.1	8.1	9.0	6.4	..	5.6	4.5	8.5	7.3
<b>OTHER COMPLEMENTARY MEASURES OF UNEMPLOYMENT: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED<sup>c</sup></b>									
2003 May	..	..	..	..	949	620	240	535	1,339
2003 Jun	..	..	..	..	948	622	244	541	1,312
2003 Jul	..	..	..	..	938	626	246	545	1,321
2003 Aug	..	..	..	..	930	604	245	543	1,358
2003 Sep	..	..	..	..	929	598	247	546	1,360
2003 Oct	..	..	..	..	925	588	245	547	1,304
2003 Nov	..	..	..	..	916	579	244	550	1,286
2003 Dec	..	..	..	..	906	584	252	555	1,267
2004 Jan	..	..	..	..	882	582	237	562	1,267
2004 Feb	..	..	..	..	886	596	237	567	1,266
2004 Mar	..	..	..	..	882	574	245	570	1,287
2004 Apr	..	..	..	..	874	576	242	567	1,254
2004 May	..	..	..	..	862	..	240	573	1,240
Rate (%):latest month	..	..	..	..	2.8	5.6	7.0	13.0	7.2
	Cyprus	Czech Republic <sup>f</sup>	Denmark <sup>c</sup>	Estonia	Finland <sup>c,d</sup>	France <sup>c,e</sup>	Germany <sup>c,d,f</sup>	Greece <sup>c</sup>	Hungary
<b>STANDARDISED ILO RATE: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED<sup>a</sup></b>									
1993	..	..	9.6	..	16.3	11.3	7.7	8.6	..
1994	..	..	7.7	..	16.6	11.8	8.2	8.9	..
1995	..	..	6.7	..	15.4	11.3	8.0	9.2	..
1996	..	..	6.3	..	14.6	11.9	8.7	9.6	9.6
1997	..	..	5.2	9.6	12.7	11.8	9.7	9.8	9.0
1998	..	6.4	4.9	9.2	11.4	11.4	9.1	10.9	8.4
1999	..	8.6	4.8	11.3	10.2	10.7	8.4	11.8	6.9
2000	5.2	8.7	4.4	12.5	9.8	9.3	7.8	11.0	6.3
2001	4.4	8.0	4.3	11.8	9.1	8.5	7.8	10.4	5.6
2002	3.9	7.3	4.6	9.5	9.1	8.8	8.7	10.0	5.6
2003	4.4	7.8	5.6	10.1	9.0	9.4	9.6	9.3	5.8
2003 Apr	4.5	7.7	5.5	10.4	9.0	9.3	9.7	9.2	5.8
2003 May	4.6	7.8	5.6	10.4	9.1	9.3	9.8	9.2	5.8
2003 Jun	4.6	7.9	5.7	10.4	9.1	9.4	9.7	9.2	5.7
2003 Jul	4.6	7.9	5.7	10.3	9.0	9.4	9.7	9.2	5.7
2003 Aug	4.6	7.9	5.8	10.1	9.0	9.4	9.7	9.2	5.7
2003 Sep	4.6	8.0	5.8	10.0	8.9	9.5	9.7	9.2	5.8
2003 Oct	4.6	8.1	5.9	9.9	8.9	9.5	9.7	9.3	5.8
2003 Nov	4.5	8.1	5.9	9.7	8.9	9.5	9.7	9.3	5.8
2003 Dec	4.6	8.1	6.0	9.6	9.0	9.5	9.6	9.3	5.9
2004 Jan	4.7	8.2	5.9	9.5	9.0	9.5	9.6	..	5.9
2004 Feb	4.7	8.2	5.9	9.4	9.0	9.5	9.7	..	5.9
2004 Mar	4.6	8.3	5.9	9.3	9.1	9.4	9.7	..	5.9
2004 Apr	4.4	8.5	..	9.2	9.1	9.4	9.8	..	5.9
<b>OTHER COMPLEMENTARY MEASURES OF UNEMPLOYMENT: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED<sup>c</sup></b>									
2003 May	..	..	169	..	236	2,381	..	..	..
2003 Jun	..	..	174	..	236	2,403	..	..	..
2003 Jul	..	..	168	..	234	2,393	..	..	..
2003 Aug	..	..	170	..	233	2,401	..	..	..
2003 Sep	..	..	177	..	232	2,434	..	..	..
2003 Oct	..	..	180	..	231	2,439	..	..	..
2003 Nov	..	..	182	..	231	2,436	..	..	..
2003 Dec	..	..	184	..	232	2,448	..	..	..
2004 Jan	..	..	182	..	233	2,423	..	..	..
2004 Feb	..	..	181	..	234	2,420	..	..	..
2004 Mar	..	..	179	..	235	2,423	..	..	..
2004 Apr	..	..	179	..	236	2,431	..	..	..
2004 May	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rate (%):latest month	..	10.4	6.5	..	9.1	9.8	10.5	..	..

- a Unemployment as defined by the ILO as a percentage of the labour force. The standardised unemployment rates shown are sourced from ONS (for the UK), and the OECD for Major 7, Australia, Canada, Norway, Switzerland, and Eurostat (for all other countries). These are the most suitable rates for making international comparisons. Refer to <http://europa.eu.int/comm/eurostat/> for further details.
- b The unemployment rate for the UK is an average for three months centred on the middle month.
- c Levels of related measures of seasonally adjusted unemployment are: claimant count for UK; registered unemployed for Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Luxembourg, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, and Switzerland; LFS for Australia, Canada, Italy, Japan and the USA; and a combination of LFS and registered unemployed for the Netherlands.



# UNEMPLOYMENT C.5

Selected countries

Thousands and per cent

		Irish Republic <sup>c</sup>	Italy <sup>d</sup>	Japan <sup>c</sup>	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg <sup>c</sup>	Malta	Netherlands <sup>c</sup>	Norway <sup>a,c</sup>
<b>STANDARDISED ILO RATE: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED<sup>a</sup></b>										
1993		15.6	10.1	2.5	..	..	2.6	..	6.2	6.6
1994		14.3	11.0	2.9	..	..	3.2	..	6.8	5.5
1995		12.3	11.5	3.1	..	..	2.9	..	6.6	4.8
1996		11.7	11.5	3.4	..	..	2.9	..	6.0	4.0
1997		9.9	11.6	..	..	..	2.7	..	4.9	3.2
1998		7.5	11.7	4.1	14.3	11.8	2.7	..	3.8	3.2
1999		5.6	11.3	4.7	14.0	11.2	2.4	..	3.2	3.2
2000		4.3	10.4	4.7	13.7	15.7	2.3	7.0	2.9	3.4
2001		3.9	9.4	5.0	12.9	16.1	2.1	6.7	2.5	3.6
2002		4.3	9.0	5.4	12.6	13.6	2.8	7.5	2.7	3.9
2003		4.6	8.6	5.3	10.5	12.7	3.7	8.2	3.8	4.5
2003	Apr	4.5	8.7	5.4	10.5	13.2	3.5	7.9	3.7	4.4
	May	4.6	8.7	5.4	10.4	13.0	3.6	8.1	3.8	4.6
	Jun	4.6	8.6	5.3	10.4	12.7	3.7	8.2	3.8	4.7
	Jul	4.7	8.6	5.3	10.3	12.5	3.8	8.4	3.8	4.7
	Aug	4.7	8.6	5.1	10.3	12.5	3.8	8.5	3.9	4.6
	Sep	4.6	8.5	5.2	10.4	12.4	3.8	8.5	4.0	4.6
	Oct	4.6	8.5	5.2	10.4	12.2	3.9	8.6	4.1	4.5
	Nov	4.6	8.5	5.2	10.5	12.1	3.9	8.7	4.2	4.6
	Dec	4.6	8.5	4.9	10.5	11.9	3.9	8.6	4.3	4.6
2004	Jan	4.5	8.5	5.0	10.6	11.7	3.9	8.8	4.5	4.4
	Feb	4.5	..	5.0	10.6	11.7	4.0	9.0	4.6	4.3
	Mar	4.5	..	4.7	10.7	11.5	4.1	9.0	4.7	..
	Apr	4.5	..	4.7	10.7	11.5	4.2	9.0	..	..
<b>OTHER COMPLEMENTARY MEASURES OF UNEMPLOYMENT: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED<sup>c</sup></b>										
2003	May	172	..	3,610	..	..	7.5	..	251	95
	Jun	176	..	3,560	..	..	7.7	..	256	94
	Jul	178	2,078	3,520	..	..	7.8	..	262	93
	Aug	178	..	3,390	..	..	7.8	..	265	96
	Sep	174	..	3,430	..	..	7.9	..	265	95
	Oct	173	2,059	3,450	..	..	8.0	..	269	95
	Nov	171	..	3,440	..	..	8.1	..	279	94
	Dec	170	..	3,220	..	..	8.2	..	295	95
2004	Jan	171	2,054	3,300	..	..	8.2	..	304	92
	Feb	170	..	3,350	..	..	8.3	..	310	94
	Mar	170	..	3,140	..	..	8.5	..	316	90
	Apr	166	..	3,160	..	..	8.8	..	..	91
	May	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	94
Rate (%):latest month		4.4	8.5	4.7	..	..	..	..	4.2	..
		Poland <sup>d,f</sup>	Portugal	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Spain <sup>c</sup>	Sweden <sup>c</sup>	Switzerland <sup>a,c</sup>	United States <sup>c,d</sup>	
<b>STANDARDISED ILO RATE: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED<sup>a</sup></b>										
1993		..	5.6	..	..	18.6	9.1	3.9	6.8	
1994		..	6.9	..	..	19.8	9.4	3.9	6.1	
1995		..	7.3	..	..	18.8	8.8	3.5	5.6	
1996		..	7.3	..	6.9	18.1	9.6	3.9	5.4	
1997		10.9	6.8	..	6.9	17.0	9.9	4.2	4.9	
1998		10.2	5.1	..	7.4	15.2	8.2	3.6	4.5	
1999		13.4	4.5	16.7	7.2	12.8	6.7	3.0	4.2	
2000		16.4	4.1	18.7	6.6	11.3	5.6	2.7	4.0	
2001		18.5	4.1	19.4	5.8	10.6	4.9	2.6	4.8	
2002		19.8	5.1	18.7	6.1	11.3	4.9	3.2	5.8	
2003		19.2	6.4	17.1	6.5	11.3	5.6	4.1	6.0	
2003	Apr	19.3	6.3	17.4	6.6	11.3	5.4	..	6.0	
	May	19.2	6.4	17.2	6.5	11.3	5.5	..	6.1	
	Jun	19.2	6.4	17.0	6.5	11.3	5.5	4.3	6.3	
	Jul	19.2	6.3	16.9	6.6	11.3	5.6	..	6.2	
	Aug	19.2	6.3	16.7	6.6	11.2	5.6	..	6.1	
	Sep	19.2	6.5	16.7	6.7	11.2	5.7	4.3	6.1	
	Oct	19.1	6.5	16.6	6.6	11.2	5.9	..	6.0	
	Nov	19.1	6.6	16.6	6.5	11.2	6.0	..	5.9	
	Dec	19.1	6.7	16.6	6.4	11.2	6.0	4.2	5.7	
2004	Jan	19.1	6.8	16.6	6.4	11.1	6.0	..	5.7	
	Feb	19.1	6.8	16.6	6.4	11.2	6.4	..	5.6	
	Mar	19.0	6.8	16.6	6.5	11.2	6.3	4.3	5.7	
	Apr	18.9	6.8	16.6	6.4	11.2	6.3	..	5.6	
<b>OTHER COMPLEMENTARY MEASURES OF UNEMPLOYMENT: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED<sup>c</sup></b>										
2003	May	..	..	..	..	1,644	164	145	8,957	
	Jun	..	..	..	..	1,655	157	150	9,245	
	Jul	..	..	..	..	1,655	154	153	9,048	
	Aug	..	..	..	..	1,654	166	156	8,929	
	Sep	..	..	..	..	1,661	175	157	8,966	
	Oct	..	..	..	..	1,670	181	157	8,797	
	Nov	..	..	..	..	1,672	189	154	8,653	
	Dec	..	..	..	..	1,681	184	153	8,398	
2004	Jan	..	..	..	..	1,672	190	151	8,297	
	Feb	..	..	..	..	1,667	194	152	8,170	
	Mar	..	..	..	..	1,678	188	154	8,352	
	Apr	..	..	..	..	1,687	187	153	8,164	
	May	..	..	..	..	1,691	..	..	8,203	
Rate (%):latest month		19.7	..	..	..	..	5.6	3.9	5.6	

Enquiries: 020 75336119

d The related measures of unemployment excludes: the armed forces for Australia, Canada, Germany, and the USA; conscripts for Finland, Italy; those aged 65 and over in Ireland; and the self-employed for Austria.

e The related measures of unemployment for France and Ireland is derived from the LFS and from registered unemployed.

f The seasonally adjusted rate of other complementary measures of unemployment refers to February for Belgium, March for The Czech Republic, Poland, and April for Germany.

# D.1 ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

## Economic activity by age

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM		All aged over 16	16-59/64	16-17	18-24	25-34	35-49	50-64 (M) 50-59 (F)	65+ (M) 60+ (F)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
All	<b>MGSF</b>	<b>YBSK</b>	<b>YBZL</b>	<b>YBZO</b>	<b>YBZR</b>	<b>YBZU</b>	<b>YBZX</b>	<b>YCAD</b>	
	<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>								
	1995	28,225	27,412	747	3,915	7,538	10,021	5,191	812
	1996	28,363	27,573	815	3,822	7,530	10,132	5,274	790
	1997	28,506	27,680	856	3,696	7,551	10,104	5,473	826
	1998	28,500	27,705	842	3,601	7,476	10,121	5,665	796
	1999	28,802	27,965	827	3,601	7,397	10,291	5,849	836
	2000	29,047	28,199	836	3,640	7,282	10,452	5,989	847
	2001	29,088	28,255	814	3,643	7,098	10,585	6,115	833
	2002	29,355	28,447	813	3,758	6,919	10,746	6,212	908
	2003	29,580	28,630	832	3,768	6,707	10,889	6,434	950
	<b>3-month averages</b>								
	<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>	<b>29,559</b>	<b>28,610</b>	<b>836</b>	<b>3,766</b>	<b>6,720</b>	<b>10,875</b>	<b>6,413</b>	<b>949</b>
	Mar-May (Spr)	29,580	28,630	832	3,768	6,707	10,889	6,434	950
	Apr-Jun	29,586	28,637	827	3,762	6,701	10,892	6,454	949
	May-Jul	29,621	28,665	825	3,793	6,694	10,893	6,460	956
	Jun-Aug (Sum)	29,590	28,619	822	3,783	6,678	10,887	6,449	971
	Jul-Sep	29,614	28,638	815	3,793	6,678	10,906	6,446	976
	Aug-Oct	29,620	28,632	820	3,802	6,658	10,908	6,444	988
	Sep-Nov (Aut)	29,606	28,621	822	3,810	6,643	10,923	6,425	985
	Oct-Dec	29,613	28,626	813	3,809	6,637	10,940	6,428	987
	<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>29,708</b>	<b>28,715</b>	<b>808</b>	<b>3,830</b>	<b>6,645</b>	<b>10,982</b>	<b>6,450</b>	<b>993</b>
	Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	29,756	28,756	802	3,865	6,632	10,990	6,467	1,000
	Jan-Mar 2004	29,760	28,750	808	3,874	6,610	10,981	6,477	1,009
	<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>29,729</b>	<b>28,723</b>	<b>806</b>	<b>3,866</b>	<b>6,598</b>	<b>10,977</b>	<b>6,475</b>	<b>1,006</b>
	<b>Changes</b>								
	<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>-2</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>-48</b>	<b>-5</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>13</b>
	Percent	0.1	0.0	-0.3	1.0	-0.7	0.0	0.4	1.3
	<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>113</b>	<b>-30</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>-122</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>57</b>
	Percent	0.6	0.4	-3.5	2.7	-1.8	0.9	1.0	6.0
Male	<b>MGSG</b>	<b>YBSL</b>	<b>YBZM</b>	<b>YBZP</b>	<b>YBZS</b>	<b>YBZV</b>	<b>YBZY</b>	<b>YCAE</b>	
	<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>								
	1995	15,707	15,410	379	2,107	4,266	5,467	3,191	297
	1996	15,706	15,429	422	2,040	4,228	5,493	3,245	277
	1997	15,703	15,424	422	1,971	4,212	5,466	3,353	279
	1998	15,657	15,375	420	1,905	4,163	5,451	3,436	282
	1999	15,776	15,482	423	1,899	4,077	5,542	3,541	294
	2000	15,875	15,584	422	1,926	4,017	5,623	3,595	291
	2001	15,856	15,586	419	1,929	3,916	5,655	3,667	271
	2002	15,943	15,645	411	1,995	3,803	5,745	3,691	299
	2003	16,110	15,767	421	2,004	3,686	5,827	3,828	344
	<b>3-month averages</b>								
	<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>	<b>16,088</b>	<b>15,746</b>	<b>422</b>	<b>2,003</b>	<b>3,687</b>	<b>5,814</b>	<b>3,820</b>	<b>342</b>
	Mar-May (Spr)	16,110	15,767	421	2,004	3,686	5,827	3,828	344
	Apr-Jun	16,124	15,784	419	2,009	3,678	5,833	3,845	339
	May-Jul	16,136	15,796	420	2,016	3,679	5,841	3,840	340
	Jun-Aug (Sum)	16,111	15,766	421	2,010	3,661	5,848	3,827	344
	Jul-Sep	16,108	15,766	417	2,019	3,656	5,856	3,820	342
	Aug-Oct	16,094	15,753	418	2,025	3,642	5,847	3,821	341
	Sep-Nov (Aut)	16,079	15,740	411	2,030	3,627	5,852	3,821	340
	Oct-Dec	16,075	15,733	403	2,025	3,620	5,858	3,827	342
	<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>16,104</b>	<b>15,763</b>	<b>403</b>	<b>2,032</b>	<b>3,614</b>	<b>5,875</b>	<b>3,838</b>	<b>341</b>
	Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	16,136	15,794	397	2,053	3,613	5,876	3,856	343
	Jan-Mar 2004	16,133	15,786	398	2,051	3,605	5,880	3,853	346
	<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>16,114</b>	<b>15,772</b>	<b>398</b>	<b>2,045</b>	<b>3,595</b>	<b>5,882</b>	<b>3,852</b>	<b>342</b>
	<b>Changes</b>								
	<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>-5</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>-19</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>1</b>
	Percent	0.1	0.1	-1.3	0.6	-0.5	0.1	0.4	0.2
	<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>-24</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>-92</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>1</b>
	Percent	0.2	0.2	-5.6	2.1	-2.5	1.2	0.8	0.1
Female	<b>MGSH</b>	<b>YBSM</b>	<b>YBZN</b>	<b>YBZQ</b>	<b>YBZT</b>	<b>YBZW</b>	<b>YBZZ</b>	<b>YCAF</b>	
	<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>								
	1995	12,518	12,002	368	1,808	3,272	4,554	2,001	515
	1996	12,657	12,144	393	1,782	3,302	4,639	2,028	513
	1997	12,803	12,257	435	1,725	3,339	4,638	2,120	546
	1998	12,844	12,330	422	1,696	3,313	4,669	2,230	514
	1999	13,025	12,483	405	1,702	3,320	4,748	2,308	542
	2000	13,171	12,615	413	1,713	3,266	4,829	2,394	556
	2001	13,231	12,669	395	1,714	3,181	4,930	2,448	562
	2002	13,412	12,802	402	1,763	3,116	5,001	2,521	610
	2003	13,470	12,863	411	1,764	3,021	5,062	2,606	606
	<b>3-month averages</b>								
	<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>	<b>13,471</b>	<b>12,864</b>	<b>414</b>	<b>1,763</b>	<b>3,033</b>	<b>5,061</b>	<b>2,593</b>	<b>607</b>
	Mar-May (Spr)	13,470	12,863	411	1,764	3,021	5,062	2,606	606
	Apr-Jun	13,462	12,853	408	1,753	3,023	5,060	2,609	609
	May-Jul	13,485	12,868	406	1,777	3,015	5,052	2,620	616
	Jun-Aug (Sum)	13,479	12,852	401	1,772	3,018	5,039	2,621	627
	Jul-Sep	13,505	12,871	398	1,774	3,022	5,051	2,626	634
	Aug-Oct	13,527	12,880	402	1,777	3,016	5,062	2,623	647
	Sep-Nov (Aut)	13,527	12,882	411	1,780	3,016	5,071	2,604	645
	Oct-Dec	13,538	12,893	409	1,784	3,017	5,082	2,601	645
	<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>13,603</b>	<b>12,952</b>	<b>405</b>	<b>1,798</b>	<b>3,031</b>	<b>5,107</b>	<b>2,611</b>	<b>651</b>
	Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	13,620	12,963	406	1,813	3,019	5,114	2,611	657
	Jan-Mar 2004	13,627	12,964	411	1,823	3,005	5,100	2,624	663
	<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>13,615</b>	<b>12,951</b>	<b>408</b>	<b>1,822</b>	<b>3,003</b>	<b>5,095</b>	<b>2,623</b>	<b>664</b>
	<b>Changes</b>								
	<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>-1</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>-28</b>	<b>-11</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>12</b>
	Percent	0.1	0.0	0.8	1.3	-0.9	-0.2	0.5	1.9
	<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>-6</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>-30</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>57</b>
	Percent	1.1	0.7	-1.4	3.4	-1.0	0.7	1.2	9.3

a Denominator=all persons in the relevant age group.

Note: Relationship between columns: 1= 2+8; 2= 3+4+5+6+7.

# ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

## Economic activity rates<sup>a</sup> by age

# D.1

Per cent, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM		All aged over 16	16-59/64	16-17	18-24	25-34	35-49	50-64 (M) 50-59 (F)	65+ (M) 60+ (F)
		9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
All		MGWG	MGSO	YCAG	YCAJ	YCAM	YCAP	MGWP	MGWS
	Spring quarters (Mar-May)								
	1995	62.4	78.2	56.2	75.7	82.9	84.8	68.1	8.0
	1996	62.5	78.4	58.2	76.9	82.8	84.8	68.1	7.8
	1997	62.7	78.5	59.4	76.5	83.5	84.4	68.5	8.1
	1998	62.4	78.3	58.9	75.6	83.7	84.3	68.7	7.8
	1999	62.9	78.7	58.8	75.4	84.2	84.8	69.3	8.1
	2000	63.1	78.9	59.0	75.9	84.5	85.0	69.7	8.2
	2001	62.8	78.6	55.6	75.1	84.0	84.9	70.0	8.0
	2002	63.0	78.6	54.1	76.0	83.9	85.0	70.3	8.7
	2003	63.1	78.7	54.7	74.4	83.4	84.9	72.2	9.0
	3-month averages								
	Feb-Apr 2003	63.1	78.7	55.0	74.5	83.4	84.9	72.0	9.0
	Mar-May (Spr)	63.1	78.7	54.7	74.4	83.4	84.9	72.2	9.0
	Apr-Jun	63.0	78.7	54.4	74.1	83.5	84.9	72.3	9.0
	May-Jul	63.1	78.8	54.2	74.5	83.6	84.8	72.3	9.1
	Jun-Aug (Sum)	63.0	78.6	54.0	74.2	83.5	84.7	72.2	9.2
	Jul-Sep	63.0	78.6	53.4	74.3	83.7	84.7	72.1	9.2
	Aug-Oct	63.0	78.6	53.7	74.3	83.5	84.7	72.0	9.3
	Sep-Nov (Aut)	62.9	78.5	53.7	74.4	83.5	84.7	71.8	9.3
	Oct-Dec	62.9	78.5	53.0	74.3	83.5	84.8	71.8	9.3
	Nov 2003-Jan 2004	63.1	78.7	52.7	74.6	83.8	85.0	72.0	9.4
	Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	63.2	78.8	52.2	75.2	83.7	85.0	72.1	9.4
	Jan-Mar 2004	63.1	78.7	52.5	75.2	83.6	84.8	72.2	9.5
	Feb-Apr	63.0	78.6	52.3	75.0	83.6	84.7	72.1	9.5
	Changes								
	Over last 3 months	0.0	-0.1	-0.4	0.4	-0.2	-0.3	0.2	0.1
	Over last 12 months	0.0	-0.1	-2.7	0.5	0.2	-0.2	0.2	0.4
Male		MGWH	MGSP	YCAH	YCAK	YCAN	YCAQ	MGWQ	MGWT
	Spring quarters (Mar-May)								
	1995	72.3	85.1	56.4	81.8	94.2	93.1	71.5	8.2
	1996	72.0	85.0	59.7	82.6	93.4	92.5	71.8	7.6
	1997	71.8	84.7	58.0	82.4	93.6	92.0	72.2	7.6
	1998	71.3	84.2	58.3	80.9	93.7	91.5	71.9	7.6
	1999	71.5	84.5	59.3	80.5	93.4	92.2	72.5	7.9
	2000	71.6	84.6	58.6	81.2	93.8	92.4	72.4	7.7
	2001	70.9	84.0	55.9	80.1	93.2	91.8	72.9	7.1
	2002	70.8	83.9	53.4	81.0	92.9	91.9	72.7	7.7
	2003	71.1	84.1	54.1	79.2	92.5	92.0	74.7	8.8
	3-month averages								
	Feb-Apr 2003	71.0	84.0	54.2	79.3	92.4	91.9	74.6	8.7
	Mar-May (Spr)	71.1	84.1	54.1	79.2	92.5	92.0	74.7	8.8
	Apr-Jun	71.1	84.1	53.8	79.2	92.5	92.0	75.0	8.7
	May-Jul	71.1	84.2	53.8	79.2	92.8	92.1	74.8	8.7
	Jun-Aug (Sum)	71.0	84.0	53.9	78.8	92.5	92.1	74.5	8.8
	Jul-Sep	70.9	83.9	53.3	79.0	92.5	92.1	74.3	8.7
	Aug-Oct	70.8	83.8	53.4	79.2	92.3	91.9	74.3	8.7
	Sep-Nov (Aut)	70.7	83.7	52.4	79.2	92.1	91.9	74.2	8.6
	Oct-Dec	70.7	83.6	51.3	78.9	92.1	91.9	74.3	8.7
	Nov 2003-Jan 2004	70.8	83.8	51.3	79.0	92.1	92.1	74.4	8.7
	Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	70.9	83.9	50.3	79.7	92.2	92.0	74.7	8.7
	Jan-Mar 2004	70.8	83.8	50.4	79.5	92.2	92.0	74.6	8.8
	Feb-Apr	70.7	83.7	50.3	79.2	92.1	92.0	74.5	8.6
	Changes								
	Over last 3 months	-0.1	-0.1	-0.9	0.1	0.0	-0.1	0.1	0.0
	Over last 12 months	-0.4	-0.3	-3.8	-0.2	-0.2	0.0	-0.1	-0.1
Female		MGWI	MGSQ	YCAI	YCAL	YCAO	YCAR	MGWR	MGWU
	Spring quarters (Mar-May)								
	1995	53.3	70.9	55.9	69.7	71.6	76.6	63.2	7.9
	1996	53.8	71.4	56.7	71.3	72.3	77.1	62.9	7.8
	1997	54.2	71.8	60.8	70.7	73.5	76.9	63.3	8.4
	1998	54.2	72.0	59.6	70.4	73.7	77.1	64.3	7.8
	1999	54.8	72.5	58.3	70.4	75.1	77.6	64.9	8.3
	2000	55.2	72.9	59.5	70.8	75.2	77.8	65.9	8.5
	2001	55.1	72.7	55.3	70.1	74.8	78.2	66.1	8.5
	2002	55.6	73.0	54.8	71.0	75.1	78.2	67.1	9.3
	2003	55.6	73.0	55.4	69.5	74.4	78.0	68.7	9.1
	3-month averages								
	Feb-Apr 2003	55.6	73.1	55.9	69.6	74.6	78.1	68.4	9.2
	Mar-May (Spr)	55.6	73.0	55.4	69.5	74.4	78.0	68.7	9.1
	Apr-Jun	55.5	72.9	55.1	69.0	74.6	77.9	68.8	9.2
	May-Jul	55.6	73.0	54.7	69.8	74.5	77.7	69.0	9.3
	Jun-Aug (Sum)	55.5	72.9	54.0	69.5	74.8	77.4	69.0	9.4
	Jul-Sep	55.6	73.0	53.6	69.5	75.0	77.5	69.1	9.5
	Aug-Oct	55.7	73.0	54.0	69.5	74.9	77.6	69.0	9.7
	Sep-Nov (Aut)	55.7	73.0	55.1	69.5	75.0	77.7	68.5	9.7
	Oct-Dec	55.7	73.0	54.8	69.6	75.1	77.8	68.4	9.7
	Nov 2003-Jan 2004	55.9	73.3	54.1	70.1	75.6	78.1	68.6	9.8
	Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	56.0	73.3	54.2	70.6	75.4	78.1	68.6	9.9
	Jan-Mar 2004	56.0	73.3	54.8	70.9	75.2	77.8	68.9	9.9
	Feb-Apr	55.9	73.2	54.3	70.8	75.2	77.7	68.9	9.9
	Changes								
	Over last 3 months	0.0	-0.1	0.2	0.7	-0.4	-0.4	0.2	0.2
	Over last 12 months	0.3	0.2	-1.6	1.1	0.6	-0.4	0.5	0.8

Source: Labour Force Survey  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

# D.2 ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

## Economic inactivity: reasons

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

Aged 16-59 (F) / 64 (M)																	
UNITED KINGDOM	Total aged 16 and over	Total	Does not want job	Wants a job	Wants job but not seeking in last 4 weeks										Wants job and seeking work but not available to start		
					Total	Available to start work in next 2 weeks		Reasons for not seeking						All	Students	Other	
								Dis-couraged workers	Long-term sick	Looking after family/home	Students	Other					
													Available				Not available
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			
All	MGSI	YBSN	YBVZ	YBWC	YCFF	YCFI	YCFL	YCFO	YCFR	YCFU	YCFX	YCGA	YCGD	YCGG	YCGJ		
Spring quarters (Mar-May)																	
1995	16,975	7,623	5,372	2,252	2,017	914	1,104	108	517	769	235	390	234	118	116		
1996	16,982	7,584	5,301	2,283	2,103	883	1,220	103	571	770	255	404	180	84	96		
1997	16,988	7,599	5,237	2,363	2,160	772	1,388	88	680	741	261	390	203	91	112		
1998	17,142	7,683	5,313	2,369	2,155	724	1,431	72	741	739	240	364	215	92	122		
1999	17,024	7,571	5,272	2,299	2,089	677	1,412	68	740	679	234	369	209	90	119		
2000	17,008	7,525	5,221	2,304	2,115	661	1,454	63	758	656	235	403	189	80	108		
2001	17,263	7,713	5,517	2,195	2,000	612	1,388	35	719	643	249	353	196	75	120		
2002	17,272	7,734	5,481	2,253	2,075	634	1,442	34	748	642	263	387	177	75	102		
2003	17,323	7,736	5,610	2,126	1,931	585	1,346	36	691	577	250	378	195	81	114		
3-month averages																	
Feb-Apr 2003	17,321	7,741	5,615	2,126	1,930	577	1,353	37	692	568	260	374	196	84	112		
Mar-May (Spr)	17,323	7,736	5,610	2,126	1,931	585	1,346	36	691	577	250	378	195	81	114		
Apr-Jun	17,341	7,744	5,612	2,132	1,945	594	1,352	37	698	571	259	381	187	81	106		
May-Jul	17,329	7,731	5,596	2,135	1,942	601	1,341	37	680	587	257	381	192	86	106		
Jun-Aug (Sum)	17,383	7,792	5,654	2,139	1,942	598	1,344	41	676	587	259	380	196	92	104		
Jul-Sep	17,383	7,788	5,684	2,104	1,907	588	1,318	36	671	571	255	375	197	89	108		
Aug-Oct	17,400	7,808	5,716	2,092	1,897	588	1,309	28	667	560	260	382	195	86	109		
Sep-Nov (Aut)	17,437	7,834	5,733	2,101	1,897	583	1,314	32	667	558	264	376	204	93	111		
Oct-Dec	17,454	7,844	5,731	2,113	1,906	588	1,318	32	659	569	279	366	207	88	119		
Nov 2003-Jan 2004	17,382	7,770	5,708	2,062	1,853	557	1,296	33	642	557	276	344	210	83	126		
Dec2003-Feb2004(Win)	17,357	7,743	5,683	2,060	1,858	568	1,290	32	631	561	271	363	202	69	133		
Jan-Mar 2004	17,378	7,764	5,721	2,043	1,840	575	1,265	31	637	546	255	370	204	80	124		
Feb-Apr	17,432	7,806	5,763	2,043	1,839	571	1,268	34	634	540	249	382	204	84	121		
Changes																	
Over last 3 months	49	36	55	-19	-13	14	-27	0	-7	-17	-27	38	-5	0	-6		
Percent	0.3	0.5	1.0	-0.9	-0.7	2.5	-2.1	0.9	-1.2	-3.0	-9.9	11.0	-2.5	0.3	-4.4		
Over last 12 months	111	65	148	-83	-91	-6	-85	-3	-58	-27	-11	8	8	-1	9		
Percent	0.6	0.8	2.6	-3.9	-4.7	-1.0	-6.3	-7.5	-8.3	-4.8	-4.2	2.2	4.2	-0.7	7.9		
Male	MGSJ	YBSO	YBWA	YBWD	YCFG	YCFJ	YCFM	YCFP	YCFs	YCFV	YCFY	YCGB	YCGE	YCGH	YCGK		
Spring quarters (Mar-May)																	
1995	6,021	2,700	1,879	820	714	310	404	62	321	49	123	159	106	56	50		
1996	6,100	2,729	1,858	872	790	328	461	59	355	66	134	176	82	39	43		
1997	6,179	2,782	1,869	913	821	263	558	50	409	68	131	163	92	51	41		
1998	6,300	2,878	1,920	957	854	269	586	44	462	73	123	153	103	53	50		
1999	6,281	2,846	1,928	918	830	264	566	40	452	69	116	153	88	42	46		
2000	6,306	2,837	1,917	921	843	256	587	34	457	67	111	177	78	40	38		
2001	6,498	2,963	2,056	907	816	248	567	23	434	67	125	167	92	41	51		
2002	6,568	3,011	2,067	944	865	270	596	21	454	65	139	186	78	36	43		
2003	6,551	2,984	2,095	890	798	239	559	21	418	64	126	170	91	42	50		
3-month averages																	
Feb-Apr 2003	6,560	2,997	2,106	890	801	240	561	21	426	61	123	171	89	40	49		
Mar-May (Spr)	6,551	2,984	2,095	890	798	239	559	21	418	64	126	170	91	42	50		
Apr-Jun	6,550	2,975	2,069	905	816	247	569	20	418	66	135	177	89	42	47		
May-Jul	6,550	2,971	2,062	909	816	248	568	21	416	68	139	173	93	45	48		
Jun-Aug (Sum)	6,588	3,009	2,110	898	806	250	556	24	405	69	137	171	93	46	46		
Jul-Sep	6,603	3,017	2,138	879	786	249	538	21	400	65	133	167	92	46	47		
Aug-Oct	6,631	3,039	2,154	885	800	252	548	17	404	67	135	177	85	39	46		
Sep-Nov (Aut)	6,657	3,060	2,156	904	814	261	553	18	404	70	141	181	90	43	47		
Oct-Dec	6,675	3,076	2,166	910	814	257	558	18	396	75	148	178	96	44	51		
Nov 2003-Jan 2004	6,658	3,054	2,169	885	785	238	547	18	382	73	147	166	100	43	57		
Dec2003-Feb2004(Win)	6,639	3,032	2,148	884	791	244	547	18	375	73	151	175	93	38	55		
Jan-Mar 2004	6,655	3,048	2,163	885	791	246	545	19	374	70	149	179	94	40	53		
Feb-Apr	6,686	3,071	2,195	875	788	246	543	21	375	70	142	180	87	41	46		
Changes																	
Over last 3 months	29	17	26	-10	3	7	-4	3	-7	-3	-5	14	-13	-1	-11		
Percent	0.4	0.5	1.2	-1.1	0.4	3.1	-0.8	16.4	-1.8	-3.5	-3.5	8.6	-12.7	-3.4	-19.6		
Over last 12 months	126	74	89	-15	-13	5	-19	0	-51	9	19	10	-1	2	-3		
Percent	1.9	2.5	4.2	-1.7	-1.6	2.3	-3.3	2.4	-12.0	14.7	15.3	5.6	-1.7	3.9	-6.2		
Female	MGSK	YBSP	YBWB	YBWE	YCFH	YCFK	YCFN	YCFQ	YCFt	YCFW	YCFZ	YCGC	YCGF	YCGI	YCGL		
Spring quarters (Mar-May)																	
1995	10,953	4,924	3,492	1,431	1,303	604	699	45	196	720	112	230	128	62	66		
1996	10,882	4,855	3,444	1,411	1,314	555	759	44	217	704	121	229	98	45	53		
1997	10,809	4,817	3,368	1,450	1,339	509	830	38	270	673	130	227	111	40	71		
1998	10,842	4,805	3,393	1,412	1,300	455	845	26	279	666	117	211	112	40	72		
1999	10,742	4,725	3,344	1,381	1,259	413	846	28	289	609	117	216	122	48	74		
2000	10,702	4,688	3,304	1,383	1,272	405	867	29	302	592	124	226	111	40	71		
2001	10,765	4,749	3,461	1,288	1,184	363	821	11	285	577	124	186	104	34	70		
2002	10,704	4,723	3,414	1,309	1,210	364	846	13	294	578	124	201	99	39	59		
2003	10,772	4,751	3,515	1,236	1,132	345	787	15	272	513	124	208	104	40	64		
3-month averages																	
Feb-Apr 2003	10,761	4,744	3,508	1,236	1,128	337	792	16	266	507	137	203	107	45	63		
Mar-May (Spr)	10,772	4,751	3,515	1,236	1,132	345	787	15	272	513	124	208	104	40	64		
Apr-Jun	10,791	4,769	3,542	1,227	1,129	347	783	17	280	505	124	204	98	39	5		

# ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

## Economic inactivity by age

# D.3

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM		All aged 16 and over	16-59/64	16-17	18-24	25-34	35-49	50-64 (M) 50-59 (F)	65+ (M) 60+ (F)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
All	<b>MGSI</b>	<b>YBSN</b>	<b>YCAS</b>	<b>YCAV</b>	<b>YCAY</b>	<b>YCBB</b>	<b>MGWA</b>	<b>MGWD</b>	
	<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>								
	1995	16,975	7,623	583	1,254	1,557	1,794	2,436	9,351
	1996	16,982	7,584	585	1,148	1,562	1,820	2,469	9,398
	1997	16,988	7,599	585	1,135	1,490	1,867	2,522	9,389
	1998	17,142	7,683	587	1,162	1,459	1,892	2,582	9,460
	1999	17,024	7,571	579	1,175	1,385	1,841	2,591	9,453
	2000	17,008	7,525	580	1,153	1,340	1,842	2,609	9,483
	2001	17,263	7,713	651	1,210	1,356	1,880	2,615	9,550
	2002	17,272	7,734	691	1,190	1,325	1,903	2,626	9,538
	2003	17,323	7,736	688	1,300	1,335	1,929	2,483	9,587
	<b>3-month averages</b>								
	<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>	<b>17,321</b>	<b>7,741</b>	<b>683</b>	<b>1,292</b>	<b>1,339</b>	<b>1,929</b>	<b>2,497</b>	<b>9,580</b>
	Mar-May (Spr)	17,323	7,736	688	1,300	1,335	1,929	2,483	9,587
	Apr-Jun	17,341	7,744	694	1,317	1,325	1,939	2,469	9,597
	May-Jul	17,329	7,731	696	1,297	1,316	1,952	2,469	9,598
	Jun-Aug (Sum)	17,383	7,792	701	1,318	1,316	1,972	2,487	9,591
	Jul-Sep	17,383	7,788	710	1,315	1,304	1,964	2,495	9,595
	Aug-Oct	17,400	7,808	707	1,313	1,312	1,975	2,502	9,592
	Sep-Nov (Aut)	17,437	7,834	708	1,312	1,314	1,973	2,527	9,603
	Oct-Dec	17,454	7,844	720	1,320	1,308	1,968	2,529	9,610
	<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>17,382</b>	<b>7,770</b>	<b>726</b>	<b>1,307</b>	<b>1,287</b>	<b>1,938</b>	<b>2,512</b>	<b>9,613</b>
	Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	17,357	7,743	735	1,278	1,288	1,942	2,500	9,614
	Jan-Mar 2004	17,378	7,764	731	1,277	1,298	1,964	2,495	9,613
	<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>17,432</b>	<b>7,806</b>	<b>736</b>	<b>1,291</b>	<b>1,297</b>	<b>1,979</b>	<b>2,502</b>	<b>9,626</b>
	<b>Changes</b>								
	<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>-15</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>-10</b>	<b>13</b>
	Percent	0.3	0.5	1.3	-1.2	0.8	2.1	-0.4	0.1
	<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>-41</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>45</b>
	Percent	0.6	0.8	7.6	0.0	-3.1	2.6	0.2	0.5
Male	<b>MGSJ</b>	<b>YBSO</b>	<b>YCAT</b>	<b>YCAW</b>	<b>YCAZ</b>	<b>YCBC</b>	<b>MGWB</b>	<b>MGWE</b>	
	<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>								
	1995	6,021	2,700	292	469	262	403	1,272	3,322
	1996	6,100	2,729	285	429	298	444	1,273	3,370
	1997	6,179	2,782	305	422	286	476	1,293	3,396
	1998	6,300	2,878	300	450	280	505	1,342	3,423
	1999	6,281	2,846	290	461	286	468	1,341	3,435
	2000	6,306	2,837	298	445	264	460	1,369	3,468
	2001	6,498	2,963	331	481	286	507	1,360	3,535
	2002	6,568	3,011	360	469	289	506	1,387	3,557
	2003	6,551	2,984	358	527	298	504	1,297	3,566
	<b>3-month averages</b>								
	<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>	<b>6,560</b>	<b>2,997</b>	<b>357</b>	<b>523</b>	<b>305</b>	<b>511</b>	<b>1,301</b>	<b>3,564</b>
	Mar-May (Spr)	6,551	2,984	358	527	298	504	1,297	3,566
	Apr-Jun	6,550	2,975	361	529	296	505	1,284	3,575
	May-Jul	6,550	2,971	360	528	287	503	1,293	3,580
	Jun-Aug (Sum)	6,588	3,009	359	540	297	503	1,310	3,579
	Jul-Sep	6,603	3,017	365	535	295	500	1,321	3,586
	Aug-Oct	6,631	3,039	365	533	302	515	1,324	3,592
	Sep-Nov (Aut)	6,657	3,060	374	533	310	516	1,329	3,597
	Oct-Dec	6,675	3,076	382	542	310	515	1,326	3,599
	<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>6,658</b>	<b>3,054</b>	<b>384</b>	<b>539</b>	<b>309</b>	<b>504</b>	<b>1,319</b>	<b>3,604</b>
	Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	6,639	3,032	392	522	304	509	1,306	3,607
	Jan-Mar 2004	6,655	3,048	392	528	305	510	1,312	3,607
	<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>6,686</b>	<b>3,071</b>	<b>393</b>	<b>538</b>	<b>308</b>	<b>514</b>	<b>1,317</b>	<b>3,615</b>
	<b>Changes</b>								
	<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>-1</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>-2</b>	<b>12</b>
	Percent	0.4	0.5	2.4	-0.1	-0.3	2.1	-0.1	0.3
	<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>52</b>
	Percent	1.9	2.5	10.0	3.0	0.9	0.7	1.3	1.5
Female	<b>MGSK</b>	<b>YBSP</b>	<b>YCAU</b>	<b>YCAx</b>	<b>YCBa</b>	<b>YCBd</b>	<b>MGWc</b>	<b>MGWf</b>	
	<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>								
	1995	10,953	4,924	290	785	1,295	1,391	1,164	6,030
	1996	10,882	4,855	300	719	1,264	1,376	1,196	6,027
	1997	10,809	4,817	280	713	1,204	1,391	1,229	5,992
	1998	10,842	4,805	287	712	1,180	1,386	1,240	6,037
	1999	10,742	4,725	289	714	1,099	1,372	1,250	6,017
	2000	10,702	4,688	282	708	1,076	1,382	1,240	6,014
	2001	10,765	4,749	320	730	1,070	1,374	1,256	6,016
	2002	10,704	4,723	331	720	1,036	1,397	1,239	5,981
	2003	10,772	4,751	330	772	1,038	1,425	1,186	6,021
	<b>3-month averages</b>								
	<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>	<b>10,761</b>	<b>4,744</b>	<b>326</b>	<b>769</b>	<b>1,033</b>	<b>1,419</b>	<b>1,197</b>	<b>6,017</b>
	Mar-May (Spr)	10,772	4,751	330	772	1,038	1,425	1,186	6,021
	Apr-Jun	10,791	4,769	333	788	1,029	1,434	1,185	6,022
	May-Jul	10,779	4,760	336	769	1,029	1,449	1,177	6,019
	Jun-Aug (Sum)	10,795	4,784	341	778	1,019	1,469	1,177	6,011
	Jul-Sep	10,780	4,771	345	780	1,009	1,464	1,173	6,008
	Aug-Oct	10,769	4,769	342	779	1,010	1,459	1,178	6,000
	Sep-Nov (Aut)	10,780	4,773	335	780	1,004	1,457	1,198	6,006
	Oct-Dec	10,779	4,768	337	778	998	1,453	1,202	6,011
	<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>10,725</b>	<b>4,716</b>	<b>343</b>	<b>768</b>	<b>978</b>	<b>1,434</b>	<b>1,193</b>	<b>6,009</b>
	Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	10,719	4,711	343	756	984	1,433	1,195	6,008
	Jan-Mar 2004	10,723	4,716	339	749	992	1,453	1,183	6,006
	<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>10,745</b>	<b>4,735</b>	<b>343</b>	<b>753</b>	<b>989</b>	<b>1,465</b>	<b>1,185</b>	<b>6,010</b>
	<b>Changes</b>								
	<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>-15</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>-8</b>	<b>1</b>
	Percent	0.2	0.4	0.0	-2.0	1.2	2.2	-0.7	0.0
	<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>-15</b>	<b>-9</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>-16</b>	<b>-44</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>-11</b>	<b>-6</b>
	Percent	-0.1	-0.2	5.1	-2.1	-4.3	3.3	-1.0	-0.1

# D.3 ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

## Economic inactivity rates<sup>a</sup> by age

Per cent, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM		All aged 16 and over	16-59/64	16-17	18-24	25-34	35-49	50-64 (M) 50-59 (F)	65+ (M) 60+ (F)
		9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
All		YBTC	YBTL	LWEX	LWFA	LWFD	LWFG	LWFJ	LWFM
	<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>								
	1995	37.6	21.8	43.8	24.3	17.1	15.2	31.9	92.0
	1996	37.5	21.6	41.8	23.1	17.2	15.2	31.9	92.2
	1997	37.3	21.5	40.6	23.5	16.5	15.6	31.5	91.9
	1998	37.6	21.7	41.1	24.4	16.3	15.7	31.3	92.2
	1999	37.1	21.3	41.2	24.6	15.8	15.2	30.7	91.9
	2000	36.9	21.1	41.0	24.1	15.5	15.0	30.3	91.8
	2001	37.2	21.4	44.4	24.9	16.0	15.1	30.0	92.0
	2002	37.0	21.4	45.9	24.0	16.1	15.0	29.7	91.3
	2003	36.9	21.3	45.3	25.6	16.6	15.1	27.8	91.0
	<b>3-month averages</b>								
	<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>	<b>36.9</b>	<b>21.3</b>	<b>45.0</b>	<b>25.5</b>	<b>16.6</b>	<b>15.1</b>	<b>28.0</b>	<b>91.0</b>
	Mar-May (Spr)	36.9	21.3	45.3	25.6	16.6	15.1	27.8	91.0
	Apr-Jun	37.0	21.3	45.6	25.9	16.5	15.1	27.7	91.0
	May-Jul	36.9	21.2	45.8	25.5	16.4	15.2	27.7	90.9
	Jun-Aug (Sum)	37.0	21.4	46.0	25.8	16.5	15.3	27.8	90.8
	Jul-Sep	37.0	21.4	46.6	25.7	16.3	15.3	27.9	90.8
	Aug-Oct	37.0	21.4	46.3	25.7	16.5	15.3	28.0	90.7
	Sep-Nov (Aut)	37.1	21.5	46.3	25.6	16.5	15.3	28.2	90.7
	Oct-Dec	37.1	21.5	47.0	25.7	16.5	15.2	28.2	90.7
	<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>36.9</b>	<b>21.3</b>	<b>47.3</b>	<b>25.4</b>	<b>16.2</b>	<b>15.0</b>	<b>28.0</b>	<b>90.6</b>
	Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	36.8	21.2	47.8	24.8	16.3	15.0	27.9	90.6
	Jan-Mar 2004	36.9	21.3	47.5	24.8	16.4	15.2	27.8	90.5
	<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>37.0</b>	<b>21.4</b>	<b>47.7</b>	<b>25.0</b>	<b>16.4</b>	<b>15.3</b>	<b>27.9</b>	<b>90.5</b>
	<b>Changes</b>								
	<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>-0.4</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>-0.1</b>
	<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>-0.5</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>-0.4</b>
Male		YBTD	YBTN	LWEY	LWFB	LWFE	LWFH	LWFK	LWFN
	<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>								
	1995	27.7	14.9	43.6	18.2	5.8	6.9	28.5	91.8
	1996	28.0	15.0	40.3	17.4	6.6	7.5	28.2	92.4
	1997	28.2	15.3	42.0	17.6	6.4	8.0	27.8	92.4
	1998	28.7	15.8	41.7	19.1	6.3	8.5	28.1	92.4
	1999	28.5	15.5	40.7	19.5	6.6	7.8	27.5	92.1
	2000	28.4	15.4	41.4	18.8	6.2	7.6	27.6	92.3
	2001	29.1	16.0	44.1	19.9	6.8	8.2	27.1	92.9
	2002	29.2	16.1	46.6	19.0	7.1	8.1	27.3	92.3
	2003	28.9	15.9	45.9	20.8	7.5	8.0	25.3	91.2
	<b>3-month averages</b>								
	<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>	<b>29.0</b>	<b>16.0</b>	<b>45.8</b>	<b>20.7</b>	<b>7.6</b>	<b>8.1</b>	<b>25.4</b>	<b>91.3</b>
	Mar-May (Spr)	28.9	15.9	45.9	20.8	7.5	8.0	25.3	91.2
	Apr-Jun	28.9	15.9	46.2	20.8	7.5	8.0	25.0	91.3
	May-Jul	28.9	15.8	46.2	20.8	7.2	7.9	25.2	91.3
	Jun-Aug (Sum)	29.0	16.0	46.1	21.2	7.5	7.9	25.5	91.2
	Jul-Sep	29.1	16.1	46.7	21.0	7.5	7.9	25.7	91.3
	Aug-Oct	29.2	16.2	46.6	20.8	7.7	8.1	25.7	91.3
	Sep-Nov (Aut)	29.3	16.3	47.6	20.8	7.9	8.1	25.8	91.4
	Oct-Dec	29.3	16.4	48.7	21.1	7.9	8.1	25.7	91.3
	<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>29.2</b>	<b>16.2</b>	<b>48.7</b>	<b>21.0</b>	<b>7.9</b>	<b>7.9</b>	<b>25.6</b>	<b>91.3</b>
	Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	29.1	16.1	49.7	20.3	7.8	8.0	25.3	91.3
	Jan-Mar 2004	29.2	16.2	49.6	20.5	7.8	8.0	25.4	91.2
	<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>29.3</b>	<b>16.3</b>	<b>49.7</b>	<b>20.8</b>	<b>7.9</b>	<b>8.0</b>	<b>25.5</b>	<b>91.4</b>
	<b>Changes</b>								
	<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>0.0</b>
	<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.1</b>
Female		YBTE	YBTM	LWEZ	LWFC	LWFF	LWFI	LWFL	LWFO
	<b>Spring quarters (Mar-May)</b>								
	1995	46.7	29.1	44.1	30.3	28.4	23.4	36.8	92.1
	1996	46.2	28.6	43.3	28.7	27.7	22.9	37.1	92.2
	1997	45.8	28.2	39.2	29.3	26.5	23.1	36.7	91.6
	1998	45.8	28.0	40.4	29.6	26.3	22.9	36.7	92.2
	1999	45.2	27.5	41.7	29.6	24.9	22.4	35.1	91.7
	2000	44.8	27.1	40.5	29.2	24.8	22.2	34.1	91.5
	2001	44.9	27.3	44.7	29.9	25.2	21.8	33.9	91.5
	2002	44.4	27.0	45.2	29.0	24.9	21.8	32.9	90.7
	2003	44.4	27.0	44.6	30.5	25.6	22.0	31.3	90.9
	<b>3-month averages</b>								
	<b>Feb-Apr 2003</b>	<b>44.4</b>	<b>26.9</b>	<b>44.1</b>	<b>30.4</b>	<b>25.4</b>	<b>21.9</b>	<b>31.6</b>	<b>90.8</b>
	Mar-May (Spr)	44.4	27.0	44.6	30.5	25.6	22.0	31.3	90.9
	Apr-Jun	44.5	27.1	44.9	31.0	25.4	22.1	31.2	90.8
	May-Jul	44.4	27.0	45.3	30.2	25.5	22.3	31.0	90.7
	Jun-Aug (Sum)	44.5	27.1	46.0	30.5	25.2	22.6	31.0	90.6
	Jul-Sep	44.4	27.0	46.4	30.5	25.0	22.5	30.9	90.5
	Aug-Oct	44.3	27.0	46.0	30.5	25.1	22.4	31.0	90.3
	Sep-Nov (Aut)	44.3	27.0	44.9	30.5	25.0	22.3	31.5	90.3
	Oct-Dec	44.3	27.0	45.2	30.4	24.9	22.2	31.6	90.3
	<b>Nov 2003-Jan 2004</b>	<b>44.1</b>	<b>26.7</b>	<b>45.9</b>	<b>29.9</b>	<b>24.4</b>	<b>21.9</b>	<b>31.4</b>	<b>90.2</b>
	Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	44.0	26.7	45.8	29.4	24.6	21.9	31.4	90.1
	Jan-Mar 2004	44.0	26.7	45.2	29.1	24.8	22.2	31.1	90.1
	<b>Feb-Apr</b>	<b>44.1</b>	<b>26.8</b>	<b>45.7</b>	<b>29.2</b>	<b>24.8</b>	<b>22.3</b>	<b>31.1</b>	<b>90.1</b>
	<b>Changes</b>								
	<b>Over last 3 months</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>-0.7</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>-0.2</b>
	<b>Over last 12 months</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>-1.1</b>	<b>-0.6</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>-0.5</b>	<b>-0.8</b>

a Denominator=all persons in the relevant age group.

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7.

Source: Labour Force Survey  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094



# ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

## Educational status, economic activity and inactivity of young people

### February to April 2004

# D.4

Thousands and per cent, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM		Economically active			Total in employment			Unemployed			Economically inactive		
		Total	Not in FTE <sup>a</sup>	In FTE <sup>a</sup>	Total	Not in FTE <sup>a</sup>	In FTE <sup>a</sup>	Total	Not in FTE <sup>a</sup>	In FTE <sup>a</sup>	Total	Not in FTE <sup>a</sup>	In FTE <sup>a</sup>
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
LEVELS													
All	16-17	806	317	489	630	231	399	176	86	90	736	92	644
	18-24	3,866	3,204	663	3,482	2,903	578	385	300	84	1,291	545	747
	All under 25	4,673	3,521	1,152	4,112	3,134	977	561	386	174	2,027	637	1,390
Male	16-17	398	193	205	299	138	162	99	55	43	393	46	347
	18-24	2,045	1,742	302	1,819	1,561	258	226	181	44	538	141	398
	All under 25	2,443	1,936	507	2,118	1,699	419	324	237	87	931	186	745
Female	16-17	408	124	284	331	93	238	77	31	47	343	46	296
	18-24	1,822	1,461	361	1,663	1,342	320	159	119	40	753	404	349
	All under 25	2,230	1,585	645	1,994	1,436	558	236	149	87	1,096	451	645
RATES(%) <sup>b</sup>													
All	16-17	52.3	77.5	43.2	40.9	56.5	35.2	21.8	27.1	18.4	47.7	22.5	56.8
	18-24	75.0	85.5	47.0	67.5	77.5	41.0	10.0	9.4	12.7	25.0	14.5	53.0
	All under 25	69.7	84.7	45.3	61.4	75.4	38.5	12.0	11.0	15.1	30.3	15.3	54.7
Male	16-17	50.3	80.9	37.1	37.9	57.7	29.3	24.8	28.7	21.1	49.7	19.1	62.9
	18-24	79.2	92.5	43.2	70.4	82.9	36.8	11.0	10.4	14.6	20.8	7.5	56.8
	All under 25	72.4	91.2	40.5	62.8	80.1	33.5	13.3	12.2	17.2	27.6	8.8	59.5
Female	16-17	54.3	72.7	49.0	44.0	54.7	40.9	19.0	24.7	16.5	45.7	27.3	51.0
	18-24	70.8	78.3	50.8	64.6	72.0	45.2	8.7	8.1	11.1	29.2	21.7	49.2
	All under 25	67.1	77.9	50.0	59.9	70.5	43.3	10.6	9.4	13.5	32.9	22.1	50.0
CHANGES ON QUARTER													
LEVELS													
All	16-17	-2	-24	22	-13	-23	10	10	-1	11	9	0	9
	18-24	37	11	26	35	29	6	2	-18	20	-15	-13	-2
	All under 25	35	-13	48	22	6	16	12	-19	31	-6	-13	7
Male	16-17	-5	-13	7	-11	-13	2	6	1	5	9	2	8
	18-24	13	-3	16	18	14	4	-5	-17	12	0	-6	5
	All under 25	7	-16	23	7	1	6	1	-17	17	9	-4	13
Female	16-17	3	-11	14	-1	-10	9	4	-1	6	0	-2	2
	18-24	24	14	10	17	15	2	7	-1	8	-15	-8	-7
	All under 25	27	3	24	16	5	11	11	-2	14	-15	-9	-6
RATES(%) <sup>b</sup>													
All	16-17	-0.4	-1.2	0.7	-1.0	-2.2	0.0	1.3	1.7	1.5	0.4	1.2	-0.7
	18-24	0.4	0.3	1.1	0.4	0.8	-0.3	0.0	-0.6	2.6	-0.4	-0.3	-1.1
	All under 25	0.2	0.2	0.9	0.1	0.6	-0.2	0.2	-0.5	2.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.9
Male	16-17	-0.9	-1.5	0.3	-1.6	-2.7	-0.5	1.8	2.0	2.0	0.9	1.5	-0.3
	18-24	0.1	0.3	1.0	0.4	1.1	-0.6	-0.3	-1.0	3.4	-0.1	-0.3	-1.0
	All under 25	-0.1	0.1	0.7	-0.1	0.8	-0.5	0.0	-0.8	2.8	0.1	-0.1	-0.7
Female	16-17	0.2	-1.0	1.1	-0.4	-1.5	0.4	1.0	1.1	1.3	-0.2	1.0	-1.1
	18-24	0.7	0.5	1.2	0.4	0.6	0.1	0.3	-0.1	2.0	-0.7	-0.5	-1.2
	All under 25	0.6	0.4	1.2	0.3	0.5	0.2	0.4	-0.2	1.7	-0.6	-0.4	-1.2

Source: Labour Force Survey  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 02075336094

<sup>a</sup> Full-time education.

<sup>b</sup> Denominator= all persons in the relevant age group for economically active, total in employment and economically inactive; economically active for unemployment.

Note: Formerly Table H.21. Relationship between columns: 1=2+3; 1=4+7; 4=5+6; 7=8+9; 10=11+12.

# E.1 EARNINGS

## Average Earnings Index: all employee jobs: main industrial sectors

Seasonally adjusted

GREAT BRITAIN SIC 1992		Whole economy (Divisions 01-93)						Public sector					
		Including bonuses			Excluding bonuses			Including bonuses			Excluding bonuses		
		% change year on year			% change year on year			% change year on year			% change year on year		
2000=100			Single month	3-month average <sup>a</sup>		Single month	3-month average <sup>a</sup>		Single month	3-month average <sup>a</sup>		Single month	3-month average <sup>a</sup>
		LNMQ	LNMU	LNNC	JQDW	JQDX	JQDY	LNNJ	LNKW	LNNE	JQDZ	JQEA	JQEB
2002	Apr	108.0	3.9	3.3	108.4	4.1	4.3	108.3	3.5	4.1	108.3	3.3	4.1
	May	107.9	3.8	3.5	108.6	3.9	4.2	108.7	3.5	3.8	108.7	3.4	3.7
	Jun	108.2	3.7	3.8	109.1	4.0	4.0	109.0	3.5	3.5	109.2	3.4	3.4
	Jul	108.4	3.8	3.8	109.3	4.1	4.0	109.6	3.9	3.6	109.5	3.6	3.5
	Aug	108.6	3.6	3.7	109.4	3.5	3.9	109.1	2.9	3.4	109.3	3.0	3.3
	Sep	108.8	3.6	3.7	109.7	3.6	3.7	110.1	3.8	3.5	110.2	3.8	3.5
	Oct	109.0	3.7	3.6	110.3	3.7	3.6	110.9	4.2	3.7	111.1	4.2	3.7
	Nov	110.0	4.5	4.0	110.8	4.1	3.8	111.7	5.0	4.4	111.8	4.9	4.3
	Dec	109.5	3.6	3.9	111.0	4.0	3.9	112.1	5.0	4.7	112.3	5.1	4.8
	Jan	109.1	2.7	3.6	111.2	4.0	4.0	112.6	5.2	5.1	112.8	5.3	5.1
	Feb	110.0	2.9	3.0	111.6	3.8	3.9	112.8	5.2	5.1	113.0	5.2	5.2
	Mar	111.1	4.2	3.2	111.8	3.5	3.8	113.3	5.0	5.2	113.5	5.3	5.3
2003	Apr	110.8	2.5	3.2	112.0	3.3	3.6	113.9	5.2	5.1	114.0	5.3	5.3
	May	111.3	3.1	3.3	112.5	3.5	3.5	113.7	4.6	4.9	114.2	5.0	5.2
	Jun	111.6	3.2	2.9	112.7	3.2	3.4	114.8	5.4	5.1	114.7	5.1	5.1
	Jul	112.3	3.6	3.3	113.2	3.5	3.4	115.4	5.3	5.1	115.5	5.4	5.2
	Aug	112.4	3.5	3.4	113.5	3.8	3.5	115.6	6.0	5.6	115.8	5.9	5.5
	Sep	112.8	3.7	3.6	113.9	3.8	3.7	116.1	5.5	5.6	116.3	5.5	5.6
	Oct	113.0	3.6	3.6	114.2	3.6	3.7	116.1	4.7	5.4	116.4	4.8	5.4
	Nov	113.7	3.3	3.6	114.5	3.4	3.6	116.4	4.2	4.8	116.6	4.3	4.8
	Dec	113.2	3.4	3.4	115.1	3.7	3.5	116.9	4.3	4.4	117.1	4.2	4.4
	Jan	117.1	7.3	4.7	115.5	3.8	3.6	117.1	4.1	4.2	117.4	4.1	4.2
	Feb	114.3	3.9	4.9	115.9	3.9	3.8	117.8	4.4	4.3	118.0	4.4	4.2
	Mar R	115.9	4.3	5.2	116.4	4.1	3.9	118.2	4.4	4.3	118.4	4.3	4.3
Apr P		116.0	4.7	4.3	116.8	4.3	4.1	118.5	4.1	4.3	118.8	4.2	4.3
Sampling Variability <sup>b</sup>			± 1.4 A	± 1.3 A		± 0.7 A	± 0.7 A		± 2.2 B	± 2.0 B		± 1.3 A	± 1.2 A

GREAT BRITAIN SIC 1992		Private sector						of which: Private sector services						
		Including bonuses			Excluding bonuses			Including bonuses			Excluding bonuses			
		% change year on year			% change year on year			% change year on year			% change year on year			
2000=100			Single month	3-month average <sup>a</sup>		Single month	3-month average <sup>a</sup>		Single month	3-month average <sup>a</sup>		Single month	3-month average <sup>a</sup>	
		LNKY	LNKZ	LNND	JQEC	JQED	JQEE	JJGH	JJGI	JJGJ	JQEO	JQEP	JQEQ	
2002	Apr	108.1	4.0	3.2	108.4	4.3	4.4	108.1	4.1	3.0	108.4	4.4	4.6	
	May	107.8	3.8	3.5	108.6	4.1	4.3	107.7	4.0	3.4	108.6	4.2	4.5	
	Jun	108.0	3.8	3.9	109.2	4.2	4.2	108.0	3.9	4.0	109.3	4.4	4.3	
	Jul	108.2	3.8	3.8	109.3	4.2	4.1	108.0	3.9	3.9	109.2	4.3	4.3	
	Aug	108.5	3.7	3.8	109.4	3.7	4.0	108.2	3.6	3.8	109.4	3.6	4.1	
	Sep	108.5	3.6	3.7	109.6	3.6	3.8	108.2	3.6	3.7	109.6	3.5	3.8	
	Oct	108.6	3.6	3.6	110.1	3.6	3.6	108.3	3.4	3.5	110.1	3.5	3.5	
	Nov	109.6	4.4	3.8	110.5	3.8	3.7	109.6	4.7	3.9	110.7	3.9	3.7	
	Dec	108.9	3.2	3.7	110.6	3.7	3.7	108.3	2.8	3.6	110.6	3.6	3.7	
	2003	Jan	108.4	2.1	3.2	110.9	3.6	3.7	107.5	1.4	3.0	110.9	3.7	3.7
		Feb	109.3	2.4	2.6	111.2	3.5	3.6	108.7	1.6	1.9	111.2	3.4	3.6
		Mar	110.3	3.7	2.8	111.4	3.1	3.4	109.5	3.4	2.1	111.4	2.9	3.3
Apr		110.1	1.9	2.7	111.4	2.8	3.1	109.8	1.6	2.2	111.5	2.8	3.0	
May		110.7	2.8	2.8	112.1	3.2	3.0	110.7	2.8	2.6	112.2	3.3	3.0	
Jun		110.9	2.6	2.4	112.2	2.8	2.9	110.8	2.6	2.3	112.3	2.8	3.0	
Jul		111.7	3.2	2.9	112.6	3.0	3.0	111.6	3.4	2.9	112.7	3.2	3.1	
Aug		111.5	2.9	2.9	112.9	3.2	3.0	111.5	3.0	3.0	113.0	3.4	3.1	
Sep		112.0	3.2	3.1	113.4	3.4	3.2	111.8	3.3	3.2	113.4	3.5	3.3	
Oct		112.3	3.4	3.2	113.7	3.3	3.3	111.9	3.4	3.2	113.7	3.3	3.4	
Nov		113.0	3.1	3.2	114.0	3.2	3.3	112.7	2.9	3.2	114.0	3.0	3.3	
Dec		112.3	3.1	3.2	114.6	3.6	3.3	111.4	2.9	3.0	114.5	3.5	3.3	
2004	Jan	117.2	8.1	4.8	115.1	3.8	3.5	118.2	9.9	5.2	115.0	3.7	3.4	
	Feb	113.6	3.9	5.0	115.4	3.7	3.7	112.5	3.5	5.4	115.3	3.7	3.6	
	Mar R	115.2	4.4	5.5	116.0	4.1	3.9	115.0	5.1	6.2	115.9	4.0	3.8	
	Apr P	115.5	4.9	4.4	116.3	4.4	4.1	115.1	4.8	4.4	116.3	4.3	4.0	
Sampling Variability <sup>b</sup>			±1.6 A	±1.5 A		±0.8 A	±0.8 A		±2.3 B	±2.1 B		±1.1 A	±1.0 A	

a The 3-month average is the change in the average seasonally adjusted index values for the last three months compared with the same period a year ago. For further details please see the article in the May 1999 issue of Labour Market Trends, p227.

b See footnote b, Table E.2.

R Revised  
P Provisional

# EARNINGS E.1

Seasonally adjusted

## Average Earnings Index: all employee jobs: main industrial sectors

GREAT BRITAIN SIC 1992		Production (Divisions 10-41)						of which: Manufacturing (Divisions 15-37)					
		Including bonuses			Excluding bonuses			Including bonuses			Excluding bonuses		
		% change year on year			% change year on year			% change year on year			% change year on year		
		Single month	3-month average <sup>a</sup>		Single month	3-month average <sup>a</sup>		Single month	3-month average <sup>a</sup>		Single month	3-month average <sup>a</sup>	
2000=100													
		LNMS	LNMW	LNNF	JQEI	JQEJ	JQEK	LNMR	LNMV	LNNG	JQEF	JQEG	JQEH
2002	Apr	107.2	3.3	2.9	107.8	3.7	3.6	107.4	3.4	2.9	108.1	3.8	3.7
	May	107.6	3.5	3.3	108.1	3.8	3.6	107.7	3.4	3.2	108.5	4.0	3.8
	Jun	108.0	3.7	3.5	108.5	3.7	3.7	108.1	3.7	3.5	108.8	3.8	3.8
	Jul	108.2	3.8	3.7	108.9	3.8	3.8	108.3	3.7	3.6	109.2	4.0	3.9
	Aug	108.7	3.9	3.8	109.0	3.7	3.7	108.8	3.8	3.7	109.4	3.9	3.9
	Sep	108.7	3.6	3.7	109.3	3.7	3.7	108.8	3.4	3.6	109.6	3.8	3.9
	Oct	109.2	4.0	3.8	109.9	4.1	3.8	109.3	3.9	3.7	110.2	4.2	4.0
	Nov	109.3	4.1	3.9	109.8	3.8	3.9	109.4	4.0	3.8	110.1	3.9	4.0
	Dec	109.8	4.4	4.1	110.4	4.1	4.0	109.9	4.2	4.1	110.7	4.2	4.1
2003	Jan	110.1	4.0	4.2	110.3	3.6	3.8	110.1	4.0	4.1	110.6	3.6	3.9
	Feb	110.4	4.2	4.2	110.9	3.9	3.9	110.7	4.4	4.2	111.3	4.0	4.0
	Mar	112.3	5.4	4.5	111.1	3.8	3.8	112.4	5.7	4.7	111.3	3.8	3.8
	Apr	110.3	2.9	4.2	111.2	3.1	3.6	110.4	2.8	4.3	111.5	3.1	3.6
	May	111.0	3.2	3.8	111.8	3.4	3.4	111.1	3.2	3.9	112.0	3.2	3.4
	Jun	111.3	3.0	3.0	111.9	3.1	3.2	111.3	3.0	3.0	112.2	3.1	3.2
	Jul	111.6	3.2	3.1	112.2	3.0	3.2	111.8	3.2	3.1	112.4	3.0	3.1
	Aug	111.8	2.9	3.0	112.6	3.3	3.1	111.9	2.9	3.0	112.8	3.1	3.1
	Sep	112.3	3.3	3.1	112.9	3.3	3.2	112.5	3.5	3.2	113.2	3.3	3.1
	Oct	112.6	3.1	3.1	113.2	3.0	3.2	112.8	3.2	3.2	113.5	3.0	3.2
	Nov	113.1	3.5	3.3	113.7	3.6	3.3	113.3	3.5	3.4	114.0	3.6	3.3
	Dec	113.4	3.2	3.3	114.1	3.3	3.3	113.6	3.4	3.4	114.4	3.4	3.3
2004	Jan	114.0	3.5	3.4	114.6	3.9	3.6	114.0	3.6	3.5	114.8	3.8	3.6
	Feb	114.8	3.9	3.6	114.8	3.5	3.6	114.7	3.6	3.5	115.1	3.4	3.5
	Mar R	115.8	3.1	3.5	115.7	4.2	3.8	116.1	3.2	3.5	116.0	4.2	3.8
	Apr P	115.5	4.7	3.9	115.6	4.0	3.9	115.6	4.7	3.8	115.9	3.9	3.8
	Sampling Variability <sup>b</sup>		± 1.4 A	± 1.3 A		± 0.9 A	± 0.8 A		± 1.4 A	± 1.3 A		± 0.9 A	± 0.9 A

GREAT BRITAIN SIC 1992		Services (Divisions 50-93)					
		Including bonuses			Excluding bonuses		
		% change year on year			% change year on year		
		Single month	3-month average <sup>a</sup>		Single month	3-month average <sup>a</sup>	
2000=100							
		LNMT	LNMX	LNNH	JQEL	JQEM	JQEN
2002	Apr	108.0	4.0	3.3	108.4	4.1	4.4
	May	107.9	3.9	3.5	108.6	3.9	4.3
	Jun	108.2	3.8	3.9	109.2	4.1	4.1
	Jul	108.3	3.9	3.9	109.3	4.1	4.1
	Aug	108.5	3.5	3.7	109.4	3.4	3.9
	Sep	108.7	3.6	3.7	109.7	3.6	3.7
	Oct	108.9	3.7	3.6	110.3	3.7	3.6
	Nov	110.2	4.8	4.0	111.0	4.2	3.8
	Dec	109.2	3.4	3.9	111.0	4.0	4.0
2003	Jan	109.4	2.9	3.7	111.4	4.1	4.1
	Feb	109.7	2.4	2.9	111.6	3.9	4.0
	Mar	110.7	3.8	3.0	112.0	3.5	3.8
	Apr	110.8	2.6	2.9	112.2	3.5	3.6
	May	111.5	3.3	3.2	112.7	3.8	3.6
	Jun	111.8	3.3	3.1	112.9	3.4	3.5
	Jul	112.5	3.9	3.5	113.5	3.8	3.6
	Aug	112.6	3.8	3.7	113.8	4.0	3.7
	Sep	112.9	3.9	3.8	114.2	4.0	4.0
	Oct	113.0	3.8	3.8	114.4	3.7	3.9
	Nov	113.8	3.2	3.6	114.7	3.4	3.7
	Dec	112.7	3.3	3.4	115.2	3.7	3.6
2004	Jan	118.8	8.7	5.0	115.6	3.8	3.6
	Feb	113.7	3.7	5.2	116.0	3.9	3.8
	Mar R	115.8	4.7	5.7	116.5	4.1	3.9
	Apr P	115.9	4.6	4.3	117.0	4.3	4.1
Sampling Variability <sup>b</sup>			± 1.8 A	± 1.7 A		± 0.9 A	± 0.8 A

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS  
Customer Helpline: 01633819002

# E.2 EARNINGS

## Average Earnings Index: all employee jobs: by industry (unadjusted): excluding bonuses<sup>a</sup>

GREAT BRITAIN SIC 1992		Agriculture, forestry and fishing	Mining and quarrying	Food products; beverages and tobacco	Textiles, leather and clothing	Chemicals and man-made fibres	Basic metals and metal products	Engi- neering and allied industries	Other manu- facturing	Elec- tricity, gas and water supply	Con- struction
2000=100		(A,B)	(C)	(DA)	(DB,DC)	(DG)	(DJ)	(DK,DL, DM)	(DD,DE,DF, DH,DI,DN)	(E)	(F)
		JVUZ	JVVA	JVVB	JVVC	JVVD	JVVE	JVVF	JVVG	JVVH	JVVI
2000)	Annual	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	2001) averages	106.0	102.9	104.1	104.2	104.5	104.2	104.9	104.9	102.5	106.3
	2002)	112.7	106.8	108.5	108.2	108.3	106.6	109.1	109.4	103.3	110.5
	2003)	118.2	112.6	112.4	112.8	112.1	110.5	112.8	112.2	106.4	113.6
2001	Apr	103.7	102.2	104.4	102.9	103.6	104.3	104.9	104.5	101.7	105.0
	May	107.8	103.0	105.0	104.3	103.4	105.1	104.8	104.8	101.8	105.8
	Jun	102.9	103.0	105.1	103.9	105.3	105.8	105.2	105.1	102.2	107.4
	Jul	104.1	104.0	103.9	104.3	105.5	105.6	105.6	105.2	103.0	107.8
2002	Aug	109.6	102.2	104.6	103.9	104.6	104.7	104.8	105.0	105.3	105.1
	Sep	114.3	102.5	104.3	104.9	104.9	104.6	105.3	106.2	102.3	107.2
	Oct	110.3	105.2	104.3	106.4	104.9	105.8	105.3	106.7	102.6	108.2
	Nov	109.8	103.6	105.4	105.7	105.6	104.8	105.8	107.3	103.1	108.7
2003	Dec	109.6	104.6	106.8	104.6	105.8	103.5	106.7	106.8	105.5	107.8
	Jan	107.7	104.2	105.8	104.9	105.8	104.6	106.5	106.7	101.8	107.9
	Feb	108.0	104.3	105.3	105.2	105.5	104.7	107.1	107.1	103.4	109.7
	Mar	113.3	103.6	107.2	106.1	106.0	104.8	107.8	107.3	102.1	109.8
2004	Apr	110.5	106.3	107.7	108.0	108.3	107.6	108.5	109.1	103.0	110.3
	May	109.4	106.4	108.3	106.8	108.6	106.5	109.0	110.2	101.5	110.5
	Jun	110.6	107.8	109.3	108.0	108.7	106.7	109.9	109.6	103.3	111.4
	Jul	110.2	106.9	107.8	111.0	109.6	107.7	110.3	109.8	104.0	111.8
2005	Aug	114.8	107.7	109.1	107.8	108.3	105.8	109.4	109.3	103.7	109.4
	Sep	119.5	108.2	109.0	109.3	109.6	107.1	109.1	110.3	104.9	110.9
	Oct	113.9	106.8	109.6	110.7	109.2	108.0	110.1	111.1	104.3	111.2
	Nov	115.9	107.2	110.4	109.6	108.5	108.0	110.5	111.5	104.5	111.9
2006	Dec	118.8	111.9	112.2	110.6	111.0	108.0	111.2	111.2	103.6	111.7
	Jan	114.9	111.0	110.2	110.2	108.9	108.1	110.6	110.3	103.3	111.3
	Feb	118.2	108.6	110.3	109.3	109.4	109.8	111.0	111.1	103.7	112.3
	Mar	119.9	112.1	110.6	111.2	110.7	109.0	112.2	111.0	106.2	113.4
2007	Apr	116.3	110.5	113.8	111.4	111.3	109.3	112.7	110.9	104.9	112.3
	May	115.7	112.3	113.5	111.2	111.3	111.2	113.1	111.6	107.0	111.9
	Jun	116.7	111.5	112.1	112.7	112.8	110.8	113.2	112.3	105.4	114.0
	Jul	117.1	114.3	112.0	116.0	112.5	111.4	113.3	112.5	107.3	113.6
2008	Aug	118.1	114.8	112.5	113.6	113.1	109.7	112.3	112.3	108.5	111.0
	Sep	120.4	114.4	112.6	114.8	113.5	111.4	112.8	113.1	106.9	114.9
	Oct	118.6	112.9	112.8	114.0	113.1	112.3	113.7	113.4	107.4	115.2
	Nov	119.2	113.3	113.2	113.6	114.1	112.1	114.6	113.8	108.2	116.2
2009	Dec	122.7	115.1	115.8	115.8	115.0	110.9	114.5	114.3	108.0	117.1
	Jan	119.8	114.1	115.1	115.1	113.5	113.4	114.1	114.1	109.4	116.3
	Feb	120.7	116.2	114.5	114.3	116.1	113.1	114.2	114.5	108.9	117.5
	Mar R	119.6	114.5	115.8	116.4	117.1	115.2	115.7	115.5	109.7	119.8
Apr P		123.5	115.1	118.0	114.4	117.7	113.3	116.6	115.3	112.0	118.9
Per cent change on the year											
		JVVT	JVVU	JVVV	JVVW	JVVX	JVVY	JVVZ	JVWA	JVWB	JVWC
2002	Apr	6.5	4.0	3.2	4.9	4.6	3.2	3.4	4.4	1.2	5.0
	May	1.5	3.4	3.1	2.4	5.0	1.3	4.0	5.2	-0.3	4.4
	Jun	7.5	4.7	4.0	3.9	3.2	0.8	4.4	4.3	1.0	3.7
	Jul	5.9	2.7	3.8	6.4	3.9	1.9	4.5	4.3	0.9	3.7
2003	Aug	4.7	5.4	4.3	3.8	3.6	1.1	4.4	4.1	-1.5	4.0
	Sep	4.6	5.6	4.5	4.2	4.4	2.3	3.6	3.9	2.6	3.5
	Oct	3.3	1.5	5.1	4.0	4.1	2.1	4.5	4.1	1.7	2.8
	Nov	5.6	3.5	4.7	3.7	2.7	3.1	4.5	4.0	1.3	3.0
2004	Dec	8.4	7.0	5.1	5.7	4.9	4.3	4.2	4.1	-1.7	3.6
	Jan	6.7	6.5	4.2	5.0	2.9	3.4	3.8	3.5	1.5	3.2
	Feb	9.4	4.1	4.8	3.9	3.7	4.9	3.6	3.8	0.3	2.4
	Mar	5.8	8.2	3.2	4.7	4.4	4.0	4.1	3.4	4.0	3.3
2005	Apr	5.2	3.9	5.7	3.2	2.7	1.6	3.9	1.6	1.8	1.8
	May	5.8	5.5	4.8	4.2	2.4	4.4	3.8	1.2	5.4	1.3
	Jun	5.5	3.4	2.5	4.3	3.8	3.8	3.0	2.5	2.1	2.3
	Jul	6.3	6.9	3.8	4.5	2.6	3.5	2.7	2.5	3.2	1.6
2006	Aug	2.9	6.5	3.1	5.3	4.3	3.7	2.6	2.7	4.5	1.5
	Sep	0.8	5.7	3.3	5.0	3.6	4.0	3.4	2.6	1.9	3.5
	Oct	4.2	5.7	2.9	3.0	3.6	4.0	3.3	2.1	3.0	3.6
	Nov	2.9	5.7	2.5	3.6	5.2	3.8	3.7	2.1	3.5	3.8
2007	Dec	3.3	2.8	3.1	4.6	3.7	2.7	3.0	2.8	4.2	4.9
	Jan	4.3	2.8	4.4	4.5	4.2	4.9	3.1	3.4	5.9	4.5
	Feb	2.1	7.0	3.7	4.6	6.1	6.1	2.9	3.0	5.0	4.7
	Mar R	-0.2	2.2	4.7	4.7	5.8	5.7	3.1	4.0	3.3	5.6
Apr P		6.2	4.1	3.6	2.6	5.8	3.7	3.4	4.0	6.8	5.9
Sampling variability <sup>b</sup>		±16.7 D	±5.5 C	±2.4 B	±5.9 C	±3.1 B	±3.2 B	±1.4 A	±1.8 A	±4.0 B	±3.2 B

<sup>a</sup> Users should note that the data contained in this table are not comparable with those previously published in Table E.2 of Labour Market Trends.

<sup>b</sup> Sampling variability represent '95 per cent' confidence intervals' (i.e. it is expected that in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value). The letters give an indication of how the sampling variability compares to the growth rate. For a growth rate of 5 per cent:

A = sampling variability approximately less than 2 percentage points;

B = sampling variability between 2 and 5 percentage points;

C = sampling variability between 5 and 8 percentage points; and

D = sampling variability more than 8 percentage points.

A full description of how sampling variability is calculated and how series are classified is available on the National Statistics website at [www.statistics.gov.uk](http://www.statistics.gov.uk) or see pp207-13, Labour Market Trends, April 2002.

P Provisional  
R Revised

# EARNINGS E.2

## Average Earnings Index: all employee jobs: by industry (unadjusted): excluding bonuses<sup>a</sup>

Whole-sale trade	Retail trade and repairs	Hotels and restaurants	Transport, storage and communication	Financial intermediation	Real estate renting and business activities	Public administration	Education	Health and social work	Other services	GREAT BRITAIN SIC 1992	
(G: 51)	(G: 50,52)	(H)	(I)	(J)	(K)	(L)	(M)	(N)	(O)	2000=100	
JVVJ	JVVK	JVVL	JVVM	JVVN	JVVO	JVVP	JVVQ	JVVR	JVVS		
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	2000 ) Annual averages 2001 ) 2002 ) 2003 )	
103.1	102.9	104.5	104.7	105.5	106.0	104.7	105.3	106.2	102.3		
105.4	106.7	111.2	108.2	108.4	110.7	109.0	109.5	112.9	105.4		
109.0	111.1	116.2	112.6	111.7	113.3	113.6	115.4	119.3	106.1		
103.0	102.9	103.8	104.7	105.7	105.5	103.8	105.0	106.1	99.6	2001	Apr May Jun
102.6	103.7	103.7	105.4	106.3	105.7	103.8	104.3	107.3	101.4		
103.3	104.2	104.8	104.8	105.7	106.3	104.5	105.7	107.1	102.2		
103.3	103.2	105.7	105.0	106.1	105.8	104.8	108.7	106.8	102.8		Jul Aug Sep
103.7	104.6	106.5	104.1	106.6	106.0	105.1	109.0	107.1	104.5		
103.8	104.7	106.9	104.6	105.2	106.1	106.4	108.1	107.1	103.2		
103.9	103.6	105.8	105.5	105.4	107.3	106.4	106.8	107.7	103.5		Oct Nov Dec
104.3	102.9	105.8	106.3	106.2	107.4	106.6	106.0	108.1	103.6		
104.5	103.1	109.1	106.4	106.5	108.0	107.6	106.7	108.4	104.0		
103.8	104.5	106.3	106.3	107.0	109.0	106.9	105.6	109.7	104.9	2002	Jan Feb Mar
104.8	103.4	107.2	105.9	108.1	109.5	107.1	105.8	108.6	104.5		
105.7	105.3	110.4	107.6	106.9	109.9	107.1	106.0	109.2	105.0		
105.8	106.6	109.7	107.1	108.2	110.6	108.4	108.1	112.7	104.3		Apr May Jun
105.9	106.7	111.1	107.5	108.2	111.1	107.8	108.3	112.9	105.0		
105.5	109.3	112.2	108.6	108.1	111.2	108.2	109.0	114.0	106.0		
105.5	107.7	112.8	108.4	108.3	111.1	108.3	109.5	115.1	106.3		Jul Aug Sep
105.5	108.4	113.6	107.4	108.1	110.1	107.7	111.2	113.5	106.3		
105.3	108.1	111.3	109.5	108.3	110.5	108.2	111.4	113.8	103.7		
105.2	107.1	112.1	109.5	109.1	111.7	112.0	113.5	114.8	104.8		Oct Nov Dec
105.7	106.9	111.7	109.8	110.0	112.0	115.3	113.3	114.8	106.3		
106.3	106.5	116.4	110.3	110.2	111.5	110.6	112.7	116.2	107.0		
107.5	109.2	113.2	110.5	110.3	112.3	110.2	111.6	116.6	106.5	2003	Jan Feb Mar
107.8	108.1	112.9	108.5	111.5	112.6	111.4	112.0	115.0	104.9		
108.5	108.8	113.2	110.9	111.4	112.9	112.1	112.1	115.9	104.2		
108.5	110.3	116.3	111.6	111.6	112.1	113.0	115.5	117.7	106.2		Apr May Jun
108.8	113.0	116.2	112.0	112.8	113.0	113.1	114.7	118.0	106.2		
109.4	111.7	116.0	112.9	112.5	113.1	112.9	115.7	119.1	106.2		
109.2	112.2	116.8	113.0	112.2	113.4	114.0	116.9	121.8	106.6		Jul Aug Sep
109.3	112.9	117.7	113.2	111.0	113.3	114.0	117.7	122.3	107.2		
109.1	113.0	116.5	114.0	111.1	113.4	114.4	118.2	120.6	105.9		
109.6	111.1	116.5	114.4	111.5	114.2	114.3	116.8	120.9	106.6		Oct Nov Dec
109.2	110.5	116.9	114.7	112.4	114.5	117.8	116.2	121.1	106.3		
110.7	111.9	121.5	115.5	112.2	114.7	116.1	117.0	121.9	106.8		
110.7	112.9	118.6	116.4	113.9	115.7	115.5	115.4	122.4	111.6	2004	Jan Feb Mar R
110.8	111.4	118.1	114.9	113.2	116.5	116.4	116.1	121.5	110.7		
112.2	112.7	119.7	115.9	114.8	117.1	116.4	116.1	122.1	110.0		
112.8	114.7	120.5	117.4	114.9	117.5	117.6	118.8	125.5	110.1	Apr P	
Per cent change on the year											
JVWD	JVWE	JVWF	JVYJ	JVYK	JVYL	JVYM	JVYN	JVYO	JVYP		
2.7	3.6	5.6	2.3	2.4	4.9	4.4	3.0	6.2	4.8	2002	Apr May Jun
3.3	2.9	7.1	2.0	1.8	5.1	3.8	3.9	5.2	3.6		
2.2	4.9	7.1	3.6	2.2	4.6	3.5	3.1	6.4	3.7		
2.1	4.3	6.6	3.3	2.0	5.0	3.3	0.7	7.8	3.4		Jul Aug Sep
1.7	3.6	6.6	3.2	1.5	3.9	2.5	2.0	6.0	1.7		
1.5	3.3	4.2	4.7	2.9	4.1	1.6	3.1	6.3	0.5		
1.2	3.4	5.9	3.8	3.4	4.0	5.2	6.2	6.6	1.3		Oct Nov Dec
1.3	3.8	5.6	3.3	3.6	4.3	8.2	6.8	6.2	2.6		
1.8	3.3	6.7	3.7	3.5	3.2	2.7	5.6	7.2	2.9		
3.5	4.6	6.5	3.9	3.1	3.0	3.1	5.7	6.3	1.5	2003	Jan Feb Mar
2.9	4.5	5.4	2.5	3.1	2.9	4.0	5.9	5.9	0.4		
2.7	3.3	2.5	3.0	4.2	2.7	4.7	5.8	6.1	-0.7		
2.6	3.5	6.0	4.2	3.1	1.3	4.3	6.8	4.5	1.7		Apr May Jun
2.7	5.9	4.6	4.2	4.3	1.7	4.9	5.9	4.6	1.1		
3.7	2.2	3.4	4.0	4.1	1.7	4.3	6.2	4.5	0.2		
3.5	4.2	3.6	4.2	3.7	2.1	5.3	6.8	5.8	0.3		Jul Aug Sep
3.6	4.1	3.6	5.4	2.7	2.9	5.9	5.9	7.7	0.9		
3.6	4.5	4.7	4.1	2.5	2.6	5.8	6.0	6.0	2.1		
4.1	3.7	4.0	4.5	2.3	2.3	2.1	3.0	5.3	1.8		Oct Nov Dec
3.3	3.4	4.7	4.5	2.1	2.3	2.2	2.6	5.5	0.0		
4.1	5.1	4.4	4.6	1.8	2.9	5.0	3.9	4.9	-0.2		
3.0	3.4	4.8	5.3	3.3	3.0	4.8	3.4	4.9	4.9	2004	Jan Feb Mar R
2.7	3.0	4.6	5.9	1.5	3.4	4.5	3.7	5.6	5.6		
3.4	3.5	5.8	4.6	3.0	3.7	3.8	3.6	5.3	5.6		
3.9	4.0	3.7	5.2	3.0	4.8	4.0	2.8	6.6	3.7	Apr P	
±1.8 B	±1.7 A	±4.5 B	±4.4 B	±1.7 A	±2.2 B	±1.4 A	±0.6 A	±0.9 A	±8.3 D	Sampling variability <sup>b</sup>	

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS  
Customer Helpline: 01633 819002

# E.2 EARNINGS

## Average Earnings Index: all employee jobs: by industry (unadjusted): including bonuses<sup>a</sup>

GREAT BRITAIN SIC 1992		Agriculture, forestry and fishing	Mining and quarrying	Food products; beverages and tobacco	Textiles, leather and clothing	Chemicals and man-made fibres	Basic metals and metal products	Engineering and allied industries	Other manu- facturing	Electricity, gas and water supply	Construction
2000=100		(A,B)	(C)	(DA)	(DB,DC)	(DG)	(DJ)	(DK,DL, DM)	(DD,DE,DF, DH,DI,DN)	(E)	(F)
		JVUF	JVUG	JVUH	JVUI	JVUJ	JVUK	JVUL	JVUM	JVUN	JVUO
2000 ) 2001 ) 2002 ) 2003 )	Annual averages	100.0 105.9 112.0 117.0	100.0 105.9 112.6 118.6	100.0 102.9 106.2 110.4	100.0 103.2 106.1 109.2	100.0 104.7 108.7 114.5	100.0 104.7 106.7 110.4	100.0 104.4 108.7 113.5	100.0 104.4 108.2 110.2	100.0 101.0 103.1 105.4	100.0 105.8 109.4 112.4
	Apr	104.0	108.8	102.8	101.4	106.2	105.6	103.9	104.4	100.0	104.3
	May	107.2	103.6	104.7	102.1	102.4	103.8	103.5	103.5	103.5	105.1
	Jun	102.2	102.2	102.1	101.9	102.1	105.3	103.5	104.1	108.1	108.6
2001	Jul	103.4	103.3	102.4	103.0	101.3	107.0	105.1	104.4	99.4	107.4
	Aug	109.8	100.1	102.3	102.1	101.3	103.9	103.3	102.9	100.8	104.8
	Sep	113.2	104.9	101.9	103.3	100.4	103.8	103.5	104.5	97.9	106.3
	Oct	109.3	103.7	100.2	104.4	100.7	106.9	104.0	105.4	98.3	105.9
2002	Nov	109.3	102.7	101.7	104.4	102.1	105.3	104.9	105.5	98.5	107.4
	Dec	112.6	106.4	108.1	106.6	111.5	104.9	106.8	107.5	101.8	109.2
	Jan	108.0	106.1	103.4	103.6	103.9	105.3	106.0	105.2	102.5	104.7
	Feb	107.1	106.6	104.9	104.4	111.0	104.4	106.7	106.0	102.2	107.4
2003	Mar	113.4	127.1	112.6	108.5	120.7	105.8	109.4	109.9	111.1	114.3
	Apr	110.2	112.6	103.9	105.3	110.6	108.5	108.4	107.7	102.0	109.5
	May	109.1	112.0	105.1	104.2	106.1	104.9	108.4	108.5	100.5	109.5
	Jun	109.1	112.2	105.7	105.9	105.0	105.7	108.7	108.0	110.9	109.7
2004	Jul	108.2	109.3	105.0	107.2	107.8	108.9	109.5	108.5	102.4	110.2
	Aug	112.9	110.3	105.4	104.6	109.0	104.0	108.0	106.6	101.8	107.4
	Sep	118.1	114.4	105.2	105.5	105.3	105.6	107.5	107.9	101.5	109.3
	Oct	112.4	110.1	105.7	106.9	104.9	109.3	108.9	108.6	101.0	108.7
2005	Nov	114.4	111.1	107.1	106.6	104.9	108.2	110.2	109.6	101.0	109.8
	Dec	121.6	119.0	110.4	111.1	114.8	109.2	113.1	111.8	100.4	113.1
2006	Jan	114.0	113.3	108.1	107.6	107.5	109.2	110.4	108.5	102.4	109.5
	Feb	116.9	113.7	109.8	106.4	115.9	109.5	112.2	109.7	101.6	109.8
	Mar	121.4	138.7	119.9	110.7	138.2	111.5	118.6	113.6	113.1	119.3
	Apr	114.8	132.0	110.0	106.6	115.0	110.0	112.4	107.8	101.8	109.8
2007	May	113.8	114.8	108.2	107.1	109.8	109.8	113.5	108.9	104.1	108.5
	Jun	115.0	113.9	107.7	107.2	110.6	109.4	112.8	109.5	118.7	111.3
	Jul	115.8	115.4	109.8	111.1	110.9	114.1	113.4	110.1	104.8	111.7
	Aug	115.5	116.4	108.9	108.7	112.4	108.2	111.2	108.6	103.9	108.0
2008	Sep	118.0	117.1	110.8	109.6	111.3	108.7	111.8	109.7	102.8	112.9
	Oct	117.0	114.6	108.1	109.3	110.6	113.7	113.0	110.6	103.9	113.4
	Nov	117.5	115.0	109.5	109.2	112.0	110.8	115.2	111.2	104.0	114.8
	Dec	124.0	118.3	114.3	117.3	120.2	110.4	117.0	114.1	104.2	119.2
2009	Jan	118.0	117.3	111.1	111.7	113.5	114.7	114.2	110.9	105.5	114.6
	Feb	118.9	129.6	112.0	110.8	120.8	114.1	118.1	111.4	109.3	116.5
	Mar R	119.6	127.3	120.7	114.2	148.9	114.9	124.4	115.7	119.9	124.6
	Apr P	122.4	132.6	114.9	110.7	125.6	116.1	117.3	110.9	110.2	117.1
Per cent change on the year											
		JVYQ	JVYR	JVYS	JVYT	JVYU	JVYV	JVYW	JVYX	JVYY	JVYZ
2002	Apr	6.0	3.4	1.0	3.8	4.2	2.8	4.3	3.2	2.0	5.0
	May	1.8	8.0	0.4	2.0	3.6	0.3	4.4	4.8	0.3	2.9
	Jun	6.7	9.8	3.5	3.9	2.8	0.4	5.0	3.8	2.6	1.0
	Jul	4.7	5.8	2.5	4.1	6.4	1.8	4.2	3.9	3.0	2.6
2003	Aug	2.9	10.2	3.0	2.4	7.6	0.1	4.6	3.6	0.9	2.5
	Sep	4.4	9.0	3.3	2.2	4.9	1.8	3.9	3.2	3.7	2.8
	Oct	2.8	6.1	5.5	2.4	4.1	2.3	4.7	3.0	2.7	2.6
	Nov	4.7	8.2	5.4	2.1	2.8	2.8	5.0	3.9	2.6	2.3
2004	Dec	8.0	11.8	2.2	4.3	2.9	4.2	5.8	3.9	-1.3	3.6
	Jan	5.5	6.8	4.5	3.9	3.4	3.6	4.2	3.1	-0.1	4.5
	Feb	9.2	6.6	4.7	2.0	4.4	4.9	5.1	3.4	-0.5	2.2
	Mar	7.1	9.1	6.5	2.1	14.5	5.4	8.4	3.4	1.7	4.4
2005	Apr	4.2	17.2	5.9	1.3	4.0	1.3	3.7	0.1	-0.2	0.2
	May	4.3	2.5	3.0	2.8	3.5	4.7	4.7	0.3	3.6	0.3
	Jun	5.4	1.4	1.9	1.2	5.4	3.5	3.8	1.4	7.1	1.5
	Jul	7.0	5.6	4.6	3.6	2.8	4.7	3.6	1.5	2.3	1.4
2006	Aug	2.3	5.5	3.3	3.9	3.2	4.0	3.0	1.8	2.1	0.6
	Sep	-0.1	2.4	5.3	3.8	5.7	2.9	4.0	1.7	1.3	3.3
	Oct	4.1	4.1	2.3	2.3	5.5	4.0	3.8	1.8	2.9	4.4
	Nov	2.7	3.5	2.2	2.5	6.7	2.4	4.6	1.4	3.0	4.6
2007	Dec	2.0	-0.6	3.5	5.5	4.7	1.1	3.5	2.1	3.7	5.4
	Jan	3.6	3.5	2.8	3.8	5.6	5.1	3.4	2.3	3.0	4.7
	Feb	1.7	14.0	2.0	4.1	4.2	4.2	5.3	1.5	7.6	6.1
	Mar R	-1.5	-8.2	0.6	3.2	7.7	3.0	4.9	1.8	6.0	4.4
	Apr P	6.6	0.5	4.4	3.9	9.2	5.6	4.4	2.9	8.3	6.7
Sampling variability <sup>b</sup>		±16.8 D	±9.0 D	±3.9 B	±6.6 C	±5.0 B	±4.0 B	±2.5 B	±2.6 B	±6.6 C	±4.7 C

<sup>a</sup> Users should note that the data contained in this table are not comparable with those previously published in Table E.2 of Labour Market Trends.

<sup>b</sup> Sampling variability represent '95 per cent' confidence intervals' (i.e. it is expected that in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value). The letters give an indication of how the sampling variability compares to the growth rate. For a growth rate of 5 per cent:

A = sampling variability approximately less than 2 percentage points;

B = sampling variability between 2 and 5 percentage points;

C = sampling variability between 5 and 8 percentage points; and

D = sampling variability more than 8 percentage points.

A full description of how sampling variability is calculated and how series are classified is available on the National Statistics website at [www.statistics.gov.uk](http://www.statistics.gov.uk) or see pp207-13, Labour Market Trends, April 2002.

P Provisional  
R Revised



# EARNINGS

## Average Earnings Index: all employee jobs: by industry (unadjusted): including bonuses<sup>a</sup>

# E.2

Whole-sale trade	Retail trade and repairs	Hotels and restaurants	Transport, storage and communication	Financial intermediation	Real estate renting and business activities	Public administration	Education	Health and social work	Other services	GREAT BRITAIN SIC 1992		
(G: 51)	(G: 50,52)	(H)	(I)	(J)	(K)	(L)	(M)	(N)	(O)	2000=100		
JVUP	JVUQ	JVUR	JVUS	JVUT	JVUU	JVUV	JVUW	JVUX	JVUY			
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	2000 ) Annual averages 2001 ) 2002 ) 2003 )		
103.6	102.9	106.4	104.2	105.1	104.4	104.4	105.1	106.1	102.7			
105.8	107.0	114.1	107.6	104.7	107.8	108.4	109.4	113.0	105.9			
111.3	110.9	119.2	111.3	105.2	109.7	113.1	115.2	119.3	108.4			
102.2	103.4	105.6	103.4	98.2	103.4	103.4	104.7	106.2	99.7	2001	Apr May Jun	
101.6	104.3	105.8	105.7	89.0	103.2	103.3	104.1	107.2	101.1			
101.2	104.7	108.0	107.7	93.8	105.3	104.2	105.4	107.1	102.0			
101.3	102.6	108.1	103.7	92.2	104.4	104.3	108.5	106.7	102.6		Jul Aug Sep	
101.2	103.1	108.3	102.4	89.1	102.3	104.8	108.9	106.9	103.7			
100.9	103.3	108.0	102.0	87.8	101.8	105.9	108.0	106.9	102.2			
100.8	103.1	106.8	103.5	87.0	103.8	105.9	106.6	107.5	104.8		Oct Nov Dec	
103.0	102.9	108.5	104.2	87.5	104.0	106.0	105.9	108.0	103.8			
109.3	102.8	112.3	107.4	114.4	108.2	107.2	106.6	108.4	105.9			
104.3	104.1	107.9	103.8	117.6	106.1	106.3	105.6	109.6	105.8	2002	Jan Feb Mar	
105.6	105.3	110.3	106.9	158.0	108.4	106.6	105.9	108.5	107.1			
117.3	107.4	112.7	107.7	132.8	110.3	106.8	105.8	109.3	107.1			
103.9	108.0	112.1	106.6	101.2	107.1	107.8	108.0	112.9	103.3		Apr May Jun	
105.6	107.1	114.7	108.0	90.8	107.7	107.1	108.2	112.8	103.6			
104.0	111.6	114.3	112.5	90.7	109.3	107.9	108.9	114.0	104.9			
104.1	107.3	115.6	106.7	94.8	108.5	107.7	109.4	115.1	106.4		Jul Aug Sep	
103.1	107.8	116.2	105.6	89.6	106.0	107.1	111.0	113.5	105.2			
101.6	108.1	113.1	106.9	88.7	106.3	107.5	111.3	113.8	102.5			
105.0	106.4	114.6	107.1	89.3	106.9	111.3	113.3	114.7	105.6		Oct Nov Dec	
105.2	105.6	117.5	107.9	91.3	107.4	114.6	113.2	115.0	107.9			
110.0	105.1	120.1	111.1	112.3	109.3	109.9	112.7	116.3	111.1			
107.6	106.8	116.1	107.6	112.6	108.3	109.5	111.7	116.7	110.2	2003	Jan Feb Mar	
108.3	109.0	117.4	106.5	155.2	111.3	110.8	111.8	115.2	107.0			
122.2	111.7	117.2	112.2	143.3	112.9	111.6	112.0	116.2	108.7			
108.7	109.8	118.3	108.5	101.5	106.9	112.3	115.3	117.9	107.5		Apr May Jun	
109.1	111.6	120.0	110.6	93.7	109.1	112.5	114.4	118.1	107.8			
111.6	112.1	118.1	117.8	92.0	110.5	112.2	115.6	119.1	108.2			
110.1	112.1	119.4	111.8	97.6	110.7	113.3	116.8	121.9	109.8		Jul Aug Sep	
107.8	111.7	119.3	110.4	90.4	108.5	114.4	117.4	122.3	108.2			
108.3	112.6	118.5	110.8	90.3	108.1	113.7	117.9	120.6	106.2			
110.4	110.3	118.7	111.3	91.7	109.4	113.8	116.5	120.9	108.9		Oct Nov Dec	
112.7	109.2	120.1	112.1	92.3	108.6	117.1	116.1	121.2	107.6			
118.3	113.8	127.8	115.6	101.7	112.3	115.5	116.9	122.0	110.5			
114.1	111.3	120.7	113.5	164.8	112.1	114.7	115.0	122.3	113.8	2004	Jan Feb Mar R	
113.7	112.8	123.1	115.1	149.5	113.6	115.6	115.8	121.5	113.2			
122.4	115.4	122.8	116.4	151.6	121.1	115.7	115.9	122.1	113.4			
114.1	115.0	122.6	115.7	100.5	113.7	116.7	118.5	125.6	111.1	Apr P		
Per cent change on the year												
JVZA	JVZB	JVZC	JVZD	JVZE	JVZF	JVZG	JVZH	JVZI	JVZJ			
1.7	4.4	6.2	3.1	3.1	3.5	4.3	3.1	6.3	3.5	2002	Apr May Jun	
4.0	2.8	8.4	2.2	2.0	4.4	3.7	3.9	5.3	2.5			
2.8	6.6	5.8	4.5	-3.4	3.8	3.5	3.3	6.4	2.9			
2.7	4.5	7.0	2.9	2.8	3.9	3.3	0.8	8.0	3.6		Jul Aug Sep	
1.9	4.6	7.3	3.1	0.5	3.6	2.3	2.0	6.2	1.4			
0.7	4.6	4.7	4.9	1.1	4.4	1.6	3.0	6.5	0.2			
4.2	3.2	7.3	3.5	2.7	3.0	5.1	6.2	6.7	0.7		Oct Nov Dec	
2.1	2.7	8.3	3.6	4.4	3.3	8.1	6.9	6.5	3.9			
0.7	2.2	7.0	3.4	-1.8	1.0	2.5	5.7	7.3	4.9			
3.2	2.6	7.6	3.6	-4.2	2.1	3.0	5.7	6.4	4.2	2003	Jan Feb Mar	
2.6	3.5	6.4	-0.4	-1.7	2.7	3.9	5.6	6.2	-0.1			
4.2	4.0	4.0	4.2	7.8	2.3	4.5	5.9	6.3	1.4			
4.6	1.7	5.5	1.8	0.3	-0.2	4.2	6.8	4.5	4.2		Apr May Jun	
3.3	4.2	4.6	2.5	3.2	1.3	5.0	5.8	4.7	4.1			
7.2	0.4	3.4	4.7	1.5	1.1	4.0	6.1	4.5	3.1			
5.8	4.5	3.2	4.7	3.0	2.1	5.2	6.7	5.8	3.3		Jul Aug Sep	
4.5	3.6	2.7	4.5	0.9	2.4	6.8	5.8	7.8	2.9			
6.5	4.2	4.8	3.6	1.8	1.7	5.7	6.0	5.9	3.7			
5.1	3.7	3.6	3.9	2.7	2.4	2.2	2.9	5.4	3.1		Oct Nov Dec	
7.1	3.4	2.2	3.9	1.1	1.1	2.2	2.5	5.4	-0.2			
7.6	8.4	6.4	4.1	-9.4	2.7	5.2	3.7	4.9	-0.5			
6.0	4.2	4.0	5.4	46.4	3.5	4.8	3.0	4.9	3.2	2004	Jan Feb Mar R	
5.0	3.4	4.8	8.1	-3.7	2.1	4.4	3.6	5.5	5.8			
0.2	3.3	4.8	3.8	5.8	7.3	3.7	3.5	5.0	4.3			
4.9	4.7	3.6	6.6	-1.0	6.3	3.9	2.8	6.5	3.3	Apr P		
±7.1	±3.2	±5.2	±7.7	±9.9	±3.5	±1.4	±0.6	±1.1	±9.6	Sampling variability <sup>b</sup>		
C	B	B	D	D	B	A	A	A	D			

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS  
Customer Helpline: 01633 819002

GREAT BRITAIN SIC 1992		Whole economy (Division 01-93)				Public sector			
		Index		Change on year (%)		Index		Change on year (%)	
2000=100		Including bonuses	Excluding bonus	Including bonuses	Excluding bonuses	Including bonuses	Excluding bonuses	Including bonuses	Excluding bonuses
		LNMM	LRGB	LOUJ	LOJH	LNNI	LRGG	LOUO	LOJM
2002	Apr	107.2	108.6	3.8	4.0	108.8	109.0	3.5	3.4
	May	106.5	108.9	3.8	3.9	109.1	108.9	3.6	3.4
	Jun	107.8	109.5	3.7	4.0	109.8	109.6	3.5	3.3
	Jul	107.6	109.6	3.8	3.9	110.3	110.2	3.4	3.2
	Aug	106.3	109.3	3.4	3.4	109.5	109.7	2.5	2.6
	Sep	106.3	109.6	3.6	3.6	110.0	110.3	3.7	3.7
	Oct	107.3	110.4	4.1	4.1	112.2	112.5	5.9	5.9
	Nov	108.1	110.9	4.6	4.4	113.3	113.6	7.0	7.0
	Dec	111.3	110.9	3.2	4.1	113.2	112.8	5.1	5.3
	Jan	109.9	110.9	3.2	4.0	111.6	112.1	5.1	5.2
	Feb	113.8	110.9	2.7	3.8	111.6	112.0	5.2	5.3
	Mar	116.8	111.5	4.7	3.7	112.2	112.5	5.4	5.5
2003	Apr	110.0	112.3	2.6	3.4	114.6	115.0	5.3	5.4
	May	110.0	112.8	3.3	3.6	114.5	114.6	4.9	5.2
	Jun	111.2	113.1	3.2	3.3	115.7	115.1	5.4	5.0
	Jul	111.8	113.7	3.9	3.7	116.7	116.8	5.8	5.9
	Aug	110.2	113.6	3.7	4.0	117.2	117.2	7.0	6.9
	Sep	110.4	113.8	3.8	3.9	116.0	116.5	5.5	5.6
	Oct	110.9	113.9	3.3	3.2	115.8	116.2	3.2	3.2
	Nov	111.2	114.3	2.9	3.1	116.6	117.0	2.9	3.0
	Dec	114.7	114.9	3.1	3.6	117.8	117.4	4.0	4.0
	Jan	118.2	115.2	7.6	3.9	116.1	116.6	4.0	4.0
	Feb	118.1	115.2	3.8	3.9	116.5	117.0	4.3	4.4
	Mar R	122.2	116.1	4.6	4.1	117.0	117.3	4.3	4.2
Apr P		115.2	117.1	4.7	4.3	119.4	119.8	4.1	4.2
Sampling Variability <sup>a</sup>				±1.4 A	±0.7 A			±2.2 B	±1.3 A

GREAT BRITAIN SIC 1992		Private sector				of which: Private sector services <sup>b</sup>			
		Index		Change on year (%)		Index		Change on year (%)	
2000=100		Including bonuses	Excluding bonus	Including bonuses	Excluding bonuses	Including bonuses	Excluding bonuses	Including bonuses	Excluding bonuses
		LNKX	LRGF	LOUN	LOJL	JJGF	JJGL	JJGG	JJGK
2002	Apr	106.9	108.5	3.9	4.2	106.3	108.5	4.0	4.2
	May	106.0	108.9	3.8	4.0	105.4	108.9	4.1	4.1
	Jun	107.3	109.5	3.7	4.2	107.0	109.5	3.9	4.4
	Jul	107.0	109.5	3.9	4.0	106.3	109.4	4.0	4.1
	Aug	105.5	109.2	3.6	3.6	104.8	109.3	3.7	3.5
	Sep	105.5	109.4	3.6	3.5	104.5	109.3	3.6	3.5
	Oct	106.2	109.9	3.7	3.7	105.3	109.8	3.8	3.7
	Nov	106.9	110.2	4.0	3.8	106.0	110.1	4.0	3.8
	Dec	110.9	110.5	2.8	3.8	110.2	110.2	2.1	3.6
	Jan	109.5	110.6	2.8	3.7	109.6	110.9	2.3	3.7
	Feb	114.3	110.6	2.1	3.4	115.9	110.6	1.3	3.3
	Mar	117.9	111.3	4.5	3.3	117.5	111.1	3.8	3.0
2003	Apr	109.0	111.6	1.9	2.9	108.2	111.6	1.8	2.9
	May	109.0	112.4	2.9	3.2	108.5	112.5	3.0	3.4
	Jun	110.2	112.6	2.7	2.9	109.8	112.7	2.6	2.8
	Jul	110.7	112.9	3.5	3.1	110.3	113.0	3.7	3.3
	Aug	108.5	112.7	2.8	3.2	108.1	113.1	3.1	3.4
	Sep	109.0	113.2	3.4	3.5	108.1	113.2	3.5	3.6
	Oct	109.7	113.4	3.4	3.2	108.8	113.3	3.3	3.2
	Nov	110.0	113.6	2.8	3.1	108.7	113.4	2.6	3.0
	Dec	114.0	114.3	2.8	3.5	113.0	114.1	2.6	3.5
	Jan	118.7	114.9	8.5	3.9	121.0	115.1	10.4	3.8
	Feb	118.5	114.8	3.7	3.8	119.7	114.7	3.3	3.8
	Mar R	123.5	115.8	4.7	4.1	123.7	115.6	5.2	4.0
Apr P		114.2	116.5	4.8	4.4	113.3	116.5	4.7	4.4
Sampling Variability <sup>a</sup>				±1.6 A	±0.8 A			±2.3 B	±1.1 A

a See footnote b, Table E.2.

b For further information on the series, private sector services, please see the article on pp201-8, Labour Market Trends, May 2000.

R Revised  
P Provisional

# Average Earnings Index: main industrial sectors: effect of bonus payments

EARNINGS

E.4

Not seasonally adjusted

GREAT BRITAIN SIC 1992		Production (Division 10-41)				of which: Manufacturing (Divisions 15-37)			
		Index		Change on year (%)		Index		Change on year (%)	
2000=100		Including bonuses	Excluding bonus	Including bonuses	Excluding bonuses	Including bonuses	Excluding bonuses	Including bonuses	Excluding bonuses
		LNMO	LRGD	LOUL	LOJJ	LNMN	LRGC	LOUK	LOJI
2002	Apr	107.7	108.2	3.3	3.7	107.8	108.4	3.4	3.8
	May	107.1	108.4	3.4	3.7	107.2	108.8	3.4	3.9
	Jun	107.6	108.9	3.8	3.7	107.3	109.2	3.7	3.8
	Jul	108.2	109.2	3.8	3.9	108.4	109.5	3.8	4.1
	Aug	106.7	108.5	3.8	3.6	106.8	108.8	3.7	3.8
	Sep	106.8	109.0	3.5	3.7	106.8	109.2	3.4	3.7
	Oct	107.8	109.7	3.9	3.9	108.1	110.0	3.8	4.1
	Nov	108.6	109.9	4.2	3.9	108.8	110.3	4.1	4.0
	Dec	111.7	110.6	4.3	4.2	112.0	110.9	4.3	4.4
	Jan	108.9	109.7	3.7	3.7	109.1	110.0	3.8	3.7
	Feb	110.7	110.3	4.2	3.8	111.0	110.6	4.4	4.0
	Mar	118.2	110.9	6.5	4.0	117.9	111.1	6.7	3.8
2003	Apr	110.7	111.4	2.8	3.0	110.5	111.8	2.5	3.1
	May	110.4	112.0	3.1	3.3	110.5	112.3	3.1	3.2
	Jun	110.9	112.2	3.0	3.0	110.4	112.5	2.9	3.0
	Jul	111.6	112.5	3.2	3.0	111.8	112.7	3.2	2.9
	Aug	109.7	112.1	2.9	3.3	109.8	112.2	2.8	3.1
	Sep	110.4	112.6	3.4	3.3	110.6	112.9	3.5	3.3
	Oct	111.2	113.0	3.1	3.1	111.5	113.3	3.2	3.0
	Nov	112.0	113.6	3.2	3.3	112.3	113.9	3.3	3.3
	Dec	114.9	114.0	2.9	3.1	115.4	114.3	3.0	3.1
	Jan	112.6	113.9	3.4	3.8	112.8	114.1	3.4	3.7
	Feb	115.1	114.2	4.0	3.6	114.9	114.4	3.6	3.4
	Mar R	122.1	115.4	3.4	4.1	122.1	115.8	3.6	4.2
Apr P		115.8	115.8	4.6	3.9	115.5	116.0	4.5	3.8
Sampling Variability <sup>a</sup>				± 1.4 A	± 0.9 A			± 1.4 A	± 0.9 A

GREAT BRITAIN SIC 1992		Services (Division 50-93)			
		Index		Change on year (%)	
2000=100		Including bonuses	Excluding bonus	Including bonuses	Excluding bonuses
		LNMP	LRGE	LOUM	LOJK
2002	Apr	107.0	108.6	3.9	4.0
	May	106.3	108.9	3.9	3.9
	Jun	107.7	109.6	3.8	4.1
	Jul	107.3	109.6	3.9	3.8
	Aug	106.0	109.4	3.4	3.3
	Sep	105.9	109.6	3.7	3.5
	Oct	107.0	110.5	4.3	4.3
	Nov	107.8	111.0	4.8	4.7
	Dec	111.0	110.9	2.9	4.0
	Jan	110.1	111.2	3.0	4.1
	Feb	114.9	111.0	2.3	3.8
	Mar	116.3	111.5	4.2	3.7
2003	Apr	109.9	112.5	2.7	3.6
	May	110.0	113.1	3.5	3.9
	Jun	111.3	113.3	3.3	3.4
	Jul	111.9	114.0	4.3	4.0
	Aug	110.4	114.2	4.1	4.3
	Sep	110.1	114.1	4.0	4.1
	Oct	110.6	114.1	3.3	3.2
	Nov	110.7	114.3	2.7	3.0
	Dec	114.3	115.0	3.0	3.7
	Jan	119.8	115.5	8.8	3.8
	Feb	119.0	115.3	3.5	3.9
	Mar R	122.0	116.0	5.0	4.1
Apr P		114.9	117.4	4.6	4.3
Sampling Variability <sup>a</sup>				± 1.8 A	± 0.9 A

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS  
Customer Helpline: 01633 819002

# E.21 UNIT WAGE COSTS<sup>a</sup>

## Index for manufacturing and whole economy

UNITED KINGDOM		Manufacturing		Whole economy	
SIC 1992 2000=100			Per cent change from a year earlier		Per cent change from a year earlier
		LNNQ	LOUW	LNNK	LOJE
1994		86.5	0.9	86.9	-0.9
1995		91.1	5.2	88.3	1.6
1996		95.4	4.8	89.5	1.4
1997		97.8	2.5	92.3	3.1
1998		101.3	3.5	95.1	3.0
1999		101.3	0.1	97.6	2.6
2000		100.0	-1.3	100.0	2.5
2001		101.0	1.0	103.8	3.8
2002		103.0	2.0	106.4	2.5
2003		101.5	-1.5	108.4	1.9
2000	Q3	99.8	-1.0	100.3	2.4
	Q4	99.7	-1.5	101.6	3.3
2001	Q1	99.7	-1.1	102.6	4.0
	Q2	101.5	1.6	103.3	4.1
	Q3	100.7	1.0	104.3	4.0
	Q4	102.3	2.6	105.0	3.3
2002	Q1	102.2	2.6	105.5	2.8
	Q2	104.1	2.6	106.7	3.3
	Q3	102.5	1.7	106.3	1.9
	Q4	103.3	1.0	106.9	1.8
2003	Q1	103.5	1.3	107.9	2.2
	Q2	101.2	-2.8	108.2	1.4
	Q3	100.7	-1.7	108.9	2.4
	Q4	100.4	-2.8	108.6	1.5
2004	Q1 P	101.6	-1.8	..	..
2002	Apr	102.7	1.4		
	May	101.7	-0.4		
	Jun	108.0	7.0		
	Jul	103.1	1.7		
	Aug	102.1	2.2		
	Sep	102.2	1.3		
	Oct	104.0	2.5		
	Nov	102.9	0.6		
	Dec	102.9	-0.1		
2003	Jan	103.3	0.4		
	Feb	103.0	1.0		
	Mar	104.3	2.5		
	Apr	101.3	-1.4		
	May	101.4	-0.2		
	Jun	100.8	-6.7		
	Jul	100.5	-2.5		
	Aug	100.7	-1.3		
	Sep	100.9	-1.3		
	Oct	100.1	-3.7		
	Nov	100.7	-2.2		
	Dec	100.5	-2.3		
2004	Jan P	100.6	-2.7		
	Feb P	101.5	-1.5		
	Mar P	102.9	-1.4		
	Apr P	101.0	-0.3		
Three months ending	2002	Apr	102.1	1.9	
		May	102.0	0.9	
		Jun	104.1	2.6	
		Jul	104.3	2.7	
		Aug	104.4	3.6	
		Sep	102.5	1.7	
		Oct	102.8	2.0	
		Nov	103.0	1.5	
		Dec	103.3	1.0	
	2003	Jan	103.1	0.3	
		Feb	103.1	0.4	
		Mar	103.5	1.3	
		Apr	102.9	0.7	
		May	102.3	0.3	
		Jun	101.2	-2.8	
		Jul	100.9	-3.2	
		Aug	100.7	-3.6	
		Sep	100.7	-1.7	
		Oct	100.6	-2.1	
		Nov	100.6	-2.4	
		Dec	100.4	-2.8	
	2004	Jan P	100.6	-2.4	
		Feb P	100.9	-2.2	
		Mar P	101.6	-1.8	
		Apr P	101.8	-1.1	

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS  
Customer Helpline: 01633 812766

a Wages and salaries per unit of output.  
P Provisional

Note: Manufacturing estimates are based on the seasonally adjusted monthly index of average earnings, manufacturing productivity jobs and the manufacturing index of production. Whole economy estimates are based on gross value added at basic prices, total wages and salaries, and productivity jobs.

The full productivity and unit wage costs datasets with associated articles can be found on the National Statistics website at [www.statistics.gov.uk/productivity](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/productivity).

# EARNINGS E.31

## Selected countries: index of wages per head: manufacturing (manual workers)

	Great Britain <sup>a,b</sup>	Belgium <sup>c</sup>	Canada <sup>d</sup>	Denmark <sup>d</sup>	France <sup>e,f</sup>	Germany (FR) <sup>g</sup>	Greece <sup>d</sup>	Irish Republic <sup>d</sup>	Italy <sup>c,h</sup>	Japan <sup>b,i</sup>	Netherlands <sup>c</sup>	Spain <sup>b,d,j</sup>	Sweden <sup>d,k</sup>	United States <sup>d</sup>
<b>2000=100<sup>+</sup></b>														
<b>Annual averages</b>														
1995	80.8	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1996	84.3	102.0	103.2	103.8	102.6	103.5	108.6	103.7	103.1	102.5	101.9	105.3	106.6	103.0
1997	87.9	104.0	103.8	107.7	105.4	105.1	117.1	107.4	106.8	105.4	104.8	109.6	111.4	106.0
1998	91.9	106.0	105.8	112.5	107.6	107.0	121.3	112.8	110.3	104.2	108.2	112.6	115.3	109.0
1999	95.6	108.0	107.3	117.2	110.3	109.9	..	119.0	112.3	103.2	111.5	115.5	117.4	112.0
2000	100.0	111.0	110.1	121.3	116.0	112.8	..	125.5	114.6	105.2	115.5	118.2	121.3	116.0
2001	104.3	116.0	111.9	126.5	120.9	114.6	..	136.5	116.8	105.2	120.0	122.7	124.9	120.0
2002	108.0	120.0	114.9	131.6	125.3	116.4	..	144.3	120.0	103.8	124.3	127.8	129.2	124.0
2003	111.9	122.0	118.6	137.1	128.8	119.3	..	152.6	123.1	106.4	127.4	133.2	133.0	128.0
<b>Quarterly averages</b>														
2002	Q1	106.1	119.0	114.4	129.7	124.0	114.7	..	140.3	118.5	122.8	130.2	127.9	127.0
	Q2	107.7	120.0	114.7	130.8	125.0	115.8	..	141.5	120.0	124.2	124.1	130.6	128.0
	Q3	108.6	121.0	115.1	132.0	125.8	117.4	..	145.9	120.3	125.1	128.1	128.2	129.0
	Q4	109.5	121.0	115.5	133.9	126.5	117.9	..	149.5	121.0	125.2	128.8	130.0	130.0
2003	Q1	111.1	121.0	116.4	135.4	127.6	117.8	..	150.2	121.5	126.7	134.4	130.9	131.0
	Q2	110.9	122.0	118.0	136.0	128.3	119.1	..	151.7	122.2	127.3	134.1	134.6	131.0
	Q3	112.1	123.0	119.7	137.7	129.5	119.9	..	152.1	124.2	127.7	132.0	132.2	132.0
	Q4	113.2	123.0	120.2	139.2	129.9	120.3	..	156.3	124.3	128.0	132.6	134.1	133.0
2004	Q1	114.9	..	..	..	..	120.4	..	..	125.3	108.2	128.8	..	133.0
2002	Apr	107.4	..	114.6	..	..	115.8	..	..	119.7	105.6	124.6	129.8	128.0
	May	107.7	..	114.7	130.8	..	..	..	..	119.9	105.0	124.7	131.8	129.0
	Jun	108.1	120.0	114.8	..	..	..	..	..	120.3	104.2	124.8	130.2	129.0
	Jul	108.3	..	115.0	..	..	117.4	..	..	120.3	100.2	125.6	127.9	129.0
	Aug	108.8	..	115.1	132.0	..	..	..	..	120.3	101.9	125.1	127.3	129.0
	Sep	108.8	121.0	115.1	..	..	..	..	..	120.4	106.7	125.1	129.1	129.0
	Oct	109.3	..	115.4	..	..	117.9	..	..	121.0	106.1	125.2	128.6	130.0
	Nov	109.4	..	115.3	133.9	..	..	..	..	121.0	105.9	125.2	129.7	130.0
	Dec	109.9	121.0	115.8	..	..	..	..	..	121.0	102.2	125.2	131.9	131.0
2003	Jan	110.1	..	116.3	..	..	117.8	..	..	121.4	104.6	126.7	130.7	131.0
	Feb	110.7	..	116.8	135.4	..	..	..	..	121.5	107.0	126.7	130.4	131.0
	Mar	112.4	121.0	116.3	..	..	..	..	..	121.5	107.5	126.7	131.6	131.0
	Apr	110.4	..	116.8	..	..	119.1	..	..	122.1	107.2	127.1	133.8	131.0
	May	111.1	..	118.1	136.0	..	..	..	..	122.1	107.3	127.3	135.2	132.0
	Jun	111.3	122.0	119.2	..	..	..	..	..	122.2	108.3	127.4	134.8	132.0
	Jul	111.8	..	120.9	..	..	119.9	..	..	124.2	104.9	127.7	132.6	132.0
	Aug	111.9	..	119.3	137.7	..	..	..	..	124.2	103.7	127.7	131.5	132.0
	Sep	112.5	123.0	118.8	..	..	..	..	..	124.3	107.6	127.7	132.4	132.0
	Oct	112.8	..	119.0	..	..	120.3	..	..	124.3	108.0	127.8	132.7	133.0
	Nov	113.3	..	119.9	139.2	..	..	..	..	124.3	107.1	128.1	134.0	133.0
	Dec	113.6	123.0	121.6	..	..	..	..	..	124.3	106.5	128.1	135.6	133.0
2004	Jan	114.0	..	121.0	..	..	120.4	..	..	124.4	106.3	128.4	135.4	133.0
	Feb	114.7	..	120.1	..	..	..	..	..	125.6	109.1	129.0	134.3	133.0
	Mar R	116.1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	125.8	109.3	129.0	..	134.0
	Apr P	115.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Increases on a year earlier</b>														
<b>Annual averages</b>														
1996	4	2	3	4	3	4	9	4	3	3	2	5	7	3
1997	4	2	1	4	3	2	8	4	4	3	3	4	5	3
1998	5	2	2	4	2	2	4	5	3	-1	3	3	4	3
1999	4	2	1	4	3	3	..	5	2	-1	3	3	2	3
2000	5	3	3	3	5	3	..	5	2	2	4	2	3	4
2001	4	5	2	4	4	2	..	9	2	0	4	4	3	3
2002	4	3	3	4	4	2	..	6	3	-1	4	4	3	3
2003	4	2	3	4	3	2	..	6	3	3	2	4	3	3
<b>Quarterly averages</b>														
2002	Q1	3	5	3	4	4	1	7	2	-2	4	8	4	3
	Q2	4	4	3	4	4	1	4	3	-1	4	2	3	3
	Q3	4	3	3	4	3	2	6	2	-2	4	4	3	3
	Q4	4	3	2	4	3	2	6	3	0	3	3	4	3
2003	Q1	5	2	2	4	3	3	7	3	2	3	3	2	3
	Q2	3	2	3	4	3	3	7	2	3	2	8	3	2
	Q3	3	2	4	4	3	2	4	3	2	2	3	3	2
	Q4	3	2	4	4	3	2	5	3	2	2	3	3	2
2004	Q1	3	..	..	..	..	2	..	3	2	2	..	..	..
<b>Monthly</b>														
2002	Apr	3	..	3	..	1	..	..	3	0	4	..	3	3
	May	3	..	3	4	..	..	..	3	-1	4	..	5	3
	Jun	4	4	3	..	..	..	..	3	-2	4	..	3	3
	Jul	4	..	3	..	2	..	..	2	-5	4	..	3	3
	Aug	4	..	3	4	..	..	..	2	-3	3	..	3	2
	Sep	3	3	3	..	..	..	..	3	1	3	..	3	2
	Oct	4	..	3	..	3	..	..	3	1	3	..	3	2
	Nov	4	..	2	4	..	..	..	3	0	3	..	4	2
	Dec	4	3	2	..	..	..	..	3	-1	3	..	4	3
2003	Jan	4	..	2	..	3	..	..	3	2	3	..	3	2
	Feb	4	..	2	4	..	..	..	3	2	3	..	2	2
	Mar	7	2	2	..	..	..	..	2	2	2	..	1	2
	Apr	3	..	2	..	3	..	..	2	2	2	..	3	2
	May	3	..	3	4	..	..	..	2	2	2	..	3	2
	Jun	3	2	4	..	..	..	..	2	4	2	..	4	2
	Jul	3	..	5	..	..	..	..	3	5	2	..	4	2
	Aug	3	..	4	4	..	..	..	3	2	2	..	3	2
	Sep	4	2	3	..	..	..	..	3	1	2	..	3	2
	Oct	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	3	2	2	..	3	2
	Nov	4	..	4	4	..	..	..	3	1	2	..	3	2
	Dec	3	2	5	..	..	..	..	3	4	2	..	3	2
2004	Jan	4	..	4	..	..	..	..	2	2	1	..	..	2
	Feb	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	2	2	..	..	2
	Mar R	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Apr P	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Sources: OECD - Main Economic Indicators; Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS  
Customer Helpline: 01633 819002

a Wages and salaries on a weekly basis (all employees).  
b Seasonally adjusted.  
c Hourly rates.  
d Hourly earnings.  
+ GB base is 2000=100, other countries are 1995=100.  
R Revised  
P Provisional

e Hourly rates: wage earners.  
f All activities excluding agriculture and non-market services.  
g Average gross hourly earnings paid to manual workers.

h Industry.  
i Monthly earnings.  
j Industry and services.  
k Including mining.

# F.1 CLAIMANT COUNT

## Claimant count by region

Thousands and per cent

Government Office Regions		NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED									SEASONALLY ADJUSTED <sup>a</sup>								
		CLAIMANT COUNT			RATE <sup>b</sup>			CLAIMANT COUNT			RATE <sup>b</sup>								
		All	Male	Female	All	Male	Female	All	Change since previous month	Average change over 3 months ended	Male	Female	All				Male	Female	
United Kingdom		BCJA	DPAA	DPAB	BCJB	DPAC	DPAD	BCJD				DPAE	DPAF	BCJE	DPAH	DPAI			
1998)	Annual	1,362.3	1,037.7	324.7	4.6	6.4	2.4	1,347.8	..	..		1,029.4	318.4	4.5	6.4	2.3			
1999)	Averages	1,263.0	963.5	299.5	4.2	5.8	2.2	1,248.1	..	..		955.0	293.1	4.1	5.8	2.1			
2000)		1,102.3	839.6	262.6	3.6	5.1	1.9	1,088.4	..	..		831.6	256.8	3.6	5.0	1.8			
2001)		983.0	746.8	236.2	3.2	4.5	1.7	969.9	..	..		739.7	230.3	3.2	4.5	1.6			
2002)		958.8	723.8	235.0	3.1	4.4	1.7	946.7	..	..		717.1	229.5	3.1	4.3	1.6			
2003)		945.9	707.4	238.5	3.0	4.2	1.7	933.2	..	..		700.4	232.8	3.0	4.2	1.6			
2002	May 9	954.5	724.8	229.7	3.1	4.4	1.6	947.0	-10.1	-1.8		717.2	229.8	3.1	4.3	1.6			
	Jun 13	937.0	710.0	227.0	3.0	4.3	1.6	948.7	1.7	0.1		718.8	229.9	3.1	4.3	1.6			
	Jul 11	956.4	715.7	240.6	3.1	4.3	1.7	947.8	-0.9	-3.1		718.4	229.4	3.1	4.3	1.6			
	Aug 8	962.7	715.2	247.6	3.1	4.3	1.7	943.6	-4.2	-1.1		715.4	228.2	3.1	4.3	1.6			
	Sep 12	936.2	697.6	238.6	3.0	4.2	1.7	943.5	-0.1	-1.7		714.7	228.8	3.1	4.3	1.6			
	Oct 10	907.2	679.8	227.4	2.9	4.1	1.6	940.4	-3.1	-2.5		711.7	228.7	3.1	4.3	1.6			
	Nov 14	905.6	683.0	222.5	2.9	4.1	1.6	937.6	-2.8	-2.0		709.3	228.3	3.0	4.3	1.6			
	Dec 12	919.1	697.3	221.7	3.0	4.2	1.6	935.5	-2.1	-2.7		705.4	230.1	3.0	4.2	1.6			
2003	Jan 9	998.0	755.5	242.6	3.2	4.5	1.7	935.9	0.4	-1.5		704.8	231.1	3.0	4.2	1.6			
	Feb 13	1,012.8	763.9	248.9	3.3	4.5	1.8	940.9	5.0	1.1		708.1	232.8	3.0	4.2	1.6			
	Mar 13	992.3	747.9	244.4	3.2	4.4	1.7	942.3	1.4	2.3		708.4	233.9	3.0	4.2	1.6			
	Apr 10	966.1	726.4	239.7	3.1	4.3	1.7	939.9	-2.4	1.3		705.4	234.5	3.0	4.2	1.6			
	May 8	957.8	720.9	236.9	3.1	4.3	1.7	948.5	8.6	2.5		712.5	236.0	3.1	4.2	1.7			
	Jun 12	939.2	705.3	233.9	3.0	4.2	1.6	948.4	-0.1	2.0		712.9	235.5	3.1	4.2	1.7			
	Jul 10	946.3	701.4	244.9	3.0	4.2	1.7	937.6	-10.8	-0.8		704.0	233.6	3.0	4.2	1.6			
	Aug 14	948.6	696.9	251.6	3.1	4.1	1.8	930.2	-7.4	-6.1		697.7	232.5	3.0	4.1	1.6			
	Sep 11	922.1	679.2	242.9	3.0	4.0	1.7	929.1	-1.1	-6.4		696.2	232.9	3.0	4.1	1.6			
	Oct 9	893.2	661.7	231.5	2.9	3.9	1.6	924.6	-4.5	-4.3		692.6	232.0	3.0	4.1	1.6			
	Nov 13	884.6	660.0	224.7	2.8	3.9	1.6	915.5	-9.1	-4.9		685.2	230.3	2.9	4.1	1.6			
	Dec 11	889.7	669.2	220.5	2.9	4.0	1.6	905.5	-10.0	-7.9		676.9	228.6	2.9	4.0	1.6			
2004	Jan 8	952.4	716.3	236.1	3.1	4.3	1.7	891.7	-13.8	-11.0		666.3	225.4	2.9	4.0	1.6			
	Feb 12	957.0	716.5	240.5	3.1	4.3	1.7	886.4	-5.3	-9.7		661.6	224.8	2.9	3.9	1.6			
	Mar 11	932.0	697.2	234.8	3.0	4.1	1.7	882.3	-4.1	-7.7		658.7	223.6	2.8	3.9	1.6			
	Apr 8 R	905.2	675.7	229.6	2.9	4.0	1.6	874.0	-8.3	-5.9		652.8	221.2	2.8	3.9	1.6			
	May 13 P	869.7	649.6	220.0	2.8	3.9	1.5	862.0	-12.0	-8.1		642.5	219.5	2.8	3.8	1.5			
Great Britain		BCJG	BCJI	BCJJ	BCJH			DPAG						DDPAJ					
1998)	Annual	1,304.9	992.8	312.0	4.5	6.3	2.3	1,290.3	..	..		984.6	305.7	4.4	6.3	2.3			
1999)	Averages	1,212.2	924.2	288.0	4.1	5.8	2.1	1,197.3	..	..		915.7	281.7	4.1	5.7	2.1			
2000)		1,060.1	807.6	252.5	3.6	5.0	1.9	1,046.3	..	..		799.6	246.8	3.5	5.0	1.8			
2001)		943.4	716.8	226.6	3.2	4.4	1.7	930.5	..	..		709.7	220.8	3.1	4.4	1.6			
2002)		922.2	695.9	226.3	3.1	4.3	1.6	910.2	..	..		689.3	220.9	3.0	4.3	1.6			
2003)		911.2	680.9	230.3	3.0	4.2	1.7	898.6	..	..		674.0	224.6	3.0	4.1	1.6			
2003	May 8	924.0	694.6	229.3	3.1	4.2	1.7	913.5	7.9	2.5		685.8	227.7	3.0	4.2	1.6			
	Jun 12	904.7	679.0	225.8	3.0	4.1	1.6	913.3	-0.2	1.9		686.0	227.3	3.0	4.2	1.6			
	Jul 10	910.0	674.7	235.3	3.0	4.1	1.7	903.5	-9.8	-0.7		677.9	225.6	3.0	4.1	1.6			
	Aug 14	911.3	669.8	241.6	3.0	4.1	1.7	895.7	-7.8	-5.9		671.3	224.4	3.0	4.1	1.6			
	Sep 11	886.1	652.4	233.7	2.9	4.0	1.7	894.5	-1.2	-6.3		669.7	224.8	3.0	4.1	1.6			
	Oct 9	859.1	635.8	223.3	2.8	3.9	1.6	889.9	-4.6	-4.5		666.0	223.9	2.9	4.1	1.6			
	Nov 13	851.8	634.7	217.1	2.8	3.9	1.6	881.2	-8.7	-4.8		659.0	222.2	2.9	4.0	1.6			
	Dec 11	857.1	643.9	213.2	2.8	3.9	1.5	871.5	-9.7	-7.7		651.0	220.5	2.9	4.0	1.6			
2004	Jan 8	918.4	690.1	228.4	3.0	4.2	1.6	858.2	-13.3	-10.6		640.9	217.3	2.8	3.9	1.6			
	Feb 12	923.7	690.8	232.9	3.1	4.2	1.7	853.4	-4.8	-9.3		636.6	216.8	2.8	3.9	1.6			
	Mar 11	899.6	672.2	227.5	3.0	4.1	1.6	849.8	-3.6	-7.2		634.1	215.7	2.8	3.9	1.6			
	Apr 8 R	873.5	651.2	222.3	2.9	4.0	1.6	842.0	-7.8	-5.4		628.5	213.5	2.8	3.8	1.5			
	May 13 P	839.2	626.1	213.1	2.8	3.8	1.5	830.3	-11.7	-7.7		618.5	211.8	2.7	3.8	1.5			
North East		DPCF			DPDA			DPDG				ZMPI	ZMPK	DDPDM	ZMPJ	ZMPL			
1998)	Annual	84.4	67.4	17.0	7.1	10.6	3.1	83.3	..	..		66.8	16.5	7.0	10.5	3.0			
1999)	Averages	81.0	64.4	16.6	7.2	10.5	3.2	79.9	..	..		63.7	16.1	7.0	10.4	3.1			
2000)		73.4	58.6	14.7	6.4	9.4	2.8	72.2	..	..		57.9	14.3	6.3	9.3	2.7			
2001)		63.9	50.9	12.9	5.7	8.7	2.4	62.7	..	..		50.3	12.4	5.6	8.6	2.3			
2002)		59.0	46.6	12.4	5.2	7.7	2.3	58.0	..	..		46.0	11.9	5.1	7.6	2.2			
2003)		53.8	41.9	12.0	4.6	6.6	2.2	52.8	..	..		41.3	11.5	4.5	6.6	2.2			
2003	May 8	55.5	43.7	11.8	4.8	6.9	2.2	54.5	0.9	0.0		42.9	11.6	4.7	6.8	2.2			
	Jun 12	52.8	41.2	11.6	4.5	6.5	2.2	53.4	-1.1	-0.3		41.9	11.5	4.6	6.6	2.2			
	Jul 10	52.6	40.5	12.1	4.5	6.4	2.3	52.5	-0.9	-0.4		41.1	11.4	4.5	6.5	2.1			
	Aug 14	52.1	39.6	12.5	4.5	6.3	2.3	52.2	-0.3	-0.8		40.8	11.4	4.5	6.5	2.1			
	Sep 11	50.5	38.4	12.1	4.3	6.1	2.3	52.0	-0.2	-0.5		40.5	11.5	4.5	6.4	2.2			
	Oct 9	48.9	37.5	11.5	4.2	5.9	2.1	51.3	-0.7	-0.4		39.9	11.4	4.4	6.3	2.1			
	Nov 13	49.5	38.4	11.0	4.2	6.1	2.1	50.8	-0.5	-0.5		39.4	11.4	4.4	6.3	2.1			
	Dec 11	50.0	39.2	10.7	4.3	6.2	2.0	50.0	-0.8	-0.7		38.8	11.2	4.3	6.2	2.1			
2004	Jan 8	54.7	43.0	11.8	4.7	6.8	2.2	49.1	-0.9	-0.7		38.1	11.0	4.2	6.0	2.1			
	Feb 12	53.1	41.3	11.8	4.														



# CLAIMANT COUNT

## Claimant count by region

Thousands and per cent

F.1

Government Office Regions	NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED										SEASONALLY ADJUSTED <sup>a</sup>					
	CLAIMANT COUNT			RATE <sup>b</sup>			CLAIMANT COUNT			RATE <sup>b</sup>						
	All	Male	Female	All	Male	Female	All	Change since previous month	Average change over 3 months ended	Male	Female	All	Male	Female		
Yorkshire and the Humber	BCKB			DPAM			DPAX				ZMPY	ZMQA	DPBI	ZMPZ	ZMQB	
1998) Annual	134.9	104.4	30.5	5.4	7.8	2.7	133.2	..	..		103.5	29.7	5.4	7.8	2.6	
1999) averages	124.7	96.6	28.1	5.1	7.1	2.6	123.0	..	..		95.6	27.4	5.0	7.1	2.5	
2000)	108.5	83.9	24.5	4.4	6.3	2.2	107.0	..	..		83.1	23.9	4.3	6.2	2.1	
2001)	97.5	75.1	22.4	4.0	5.8	2.0	96.0	..	..		74.3	21.7	3.9	5.7	1.9	
2002)	90.1	69.0	21.1	3.7	5.3	1.9	88.8	..	..		68.4	20.5	3.6	5.2	1.8	
2003)	85.0	64.5	20.5	3.4	4.8	1.8	83.7	..	..		63.8	20.0	3.4	4.8	1.7	
2003	May 8	86.4	65.9	20.5	3.5	4.9	85.8	1.2	-0.2		65.4	20.4	3.4	4.9	1.8	
	Jun 12	84.4	64.2	20.2	3.4	4.8	85.7	-0.1	0.0		65.4	20.3	3.4	4.9	1.8	
	Jul 10	84.4	63.5	20.9	3.4	4.8	84.0	-1.7	-0.2		64.0	20.0	3.4	4.8	1.7	
	Aug 14	84.2	62.8	21.5	3.4	4.7	82.9	-1.1	-1.0		63.1	19.8	3.3	4.7	1.7	
	Sep 11	82.0	61.3	20.7	3.3	4.6	82.7	-0.2	-1.0		63.0	19.7	3.3	4.7	1.7	
2003	Oct 9	78.5	59.0	19.6	3.2	4.4	81.9	-0.8	-0.7		62.3	19.6	3.3	4.7	1.7	
	Nov 13	76.8	58.1	18.7	3.1	4.3	80.1	-1.8	-0.9		60.8	19.3	3.2	4.6	1.7	
	Dec 11	77.5	59.1	18.4	3.1	4.4	78.4	-1.7	-1.4		59.4	19.0	3.2	4.4	1.6	
	Jan 8	84.0	64.1	19.9	3.4	4.8	77.4	-1.0	-1.5		58.6	18.8	3.1	4.4	1.6	
	Feb 12	84.0	64.1	19.9	3.4	4.8	77.0	-0.4	-1.0		58.5	18.5	3.1	4.4	1.6	
2004	Mar 11	81.6	62.3	19.2	3.3	4.7	76.7	-0.3	-0.6		58.4	18.3	3.1	4.4	1.6	
	Apr 8 R	78.8	59.9	18.9	3.2	4.5	75.9	-0.8	-0.5		57.7	18.2	3.1	4.3	1.6	
	May 13 P	74.7	56.7	18.0	3.0	4.2	74.5	-1.4	-0.8		56.5	18.0	3.0	4.2	1.6	
East Midlands	BCKC			DPAN			DPAY				ZMPA	ZMPC	DPBJ	ZMPB	ZMPD	
1998) Annual	81.1	61.3	19.8	4.0	5.7	2.1	80.3	..	..		60.9	19.4	3.9	5.6	2.0	
1999) averages	77.0	58.3	18.7	3.7	5.2	1.9	76.2	..	..		57.9	18.3	3.6	5.2	1.9	
2000)	70.2	52.7	17.5	3.4	4.8	1.8	69.4	..	..		52.3	17.2	3.4	4.8	1.8	
2001)	64.4	47.9	16.5	3.1	4.3	1.7	63.6	..	..		47.5	16.2	3.1	4.3	1.7	
2002)	59.4	44.2	15.2	2.9	4.0	1.6	58.7	..	..		43.8	14.9	2.8	4.0	1.5	
2003)	59.6	43.9	15.8	2.9	3.9	1.6	58.9	..	..		43.5	15.4	2.8	3.9	1.6	
2003	May 8	60.8	45.1	15.8	2.9	4.0	59.6	0.6	0.4		44.1	15.5	2.9	3.9	1.6	
	Jun 12	59.6	44.1	15.5	2.9	3.9	60.2	0.6	0.5		44.6	15.6	2.9	4.0	1.6	
	Jul 10	59.9	43.8	16.2	2.9	3.9	59.7	-0.5	0.2		44.1	15.6	2.9	3.9	1.6	
	Aug 14	60.3	43.7	16.6	2.9	3.9	59.3	-0.4	-0.1		43.8	15.5	2.9	3.9	1.6	
	Sep 11	58.5	42.5	16.1	2.8	3.8	59.3	0.0	-0.3		43.8	15.5	2.9	3.9	1.6	
2003	Oct 9	56.2	41.0	15.2	2.7	3.7	59.1	-0.2	-0.2		43.6	15.5	2.8	3.9	1.6	
	Nov 13	55.1	40.4	14.7	2.7	3.6	58.3	-0.8	-0.3		42.9	15.4	2.8	3.8	1.6	
	Dec 11	55.8	41.3	14.5	2.7	3.7	57.4	-0.9	-0.6		42.2	15.2	2.8	3.8	1.6	
	Jan 8	59.7	44.0	15.6	2.9	3.9	55.6	-1.8	-1.2		40.8	14.8	2.7	3.6	1.5	
	Feb 12	59.9	44.0	16.0	2.9	3.9	54.8	-0.8	-1.2		40.0	14.8	2.6	3.6	1.5	
2004	Mar 11	58.6	42.9	15.7	2.8	3.8	54.7	-0.1	-0.9		39.9	14.8	2.6	3.6	1.5	
	Apr 8 R	56.2	40.9	15.3	2.7	3.7	53.7	-1.0	-0.6		39.1	14.6	2.6	3.5	1.5	
	May 13 P	53.5	38.9	14.6	2.6	3.5	52.5	-1.2	-0.8		38.1	14.4	2.5	3.4	1.5	
West Midlands	BCKG			DPAR			DPBC				ZMPE	ZMPG	DPBN	ZMPF	ZMPH	
1998) Annual	123.5	93.4	30.1	4.5	6.1	2.5	122.5	..	..		92.8	29.6	4.5	6.1	2.5	
1999) averages	120.9	92.1	28.8	4.5	6.2	2.4	119.7	..	..		91.4	28.3	4.4	6.2	2.3	
2000)	109.2	83.1	26.1	4.1	5.6	2.2	108.0	..	..		82.4	25.6	4.0	5.6	2.1	
2001)	100.1	76.3	23.8	3.8	5.2	2.0	99.0	..	..		75.7	23.3	3.7	5.2	1.9	
2002)	94.6	71.9	22.7	3.5	4.9	1.9	93.7	..	..		71.5	22.3	3.5	4.9	1.8	
2003)	95.7	72.5	23.2	3.5	4.9	1.9	94.7	..	..		71.9	22.8	3.5	4.9	1.9	
2003	May 8	96.8	73.7	23.2	3.6	5.0	95.8	0.5	0.2		72.7	23.1	3.5	4.9	1.9	
	Jun 12	95.1	72.2	22.9	3.5	4.9	95.6	-0.2	-0.1		72.6	23.0	3.5	4.9	1.9	
	Jul 10	95.9	72.1	23.9	3.6	4.9	94.9	-0.7	-0.1		72.0	22.9	3.5	4.9	1.9	
	Aug 14	97.5	72.8	24.7	3.6	4.9	94.6	-0.3	-0.4		71.8	22.8	3.5	4.9	1.9	
	Sep 11	95.1	71.2	23.9	3.5	4.8	94.3	-0.3	-0.4		71.5	22.8	3.5	4.8	1.9	
2003	Oct 9	91.5	68.8	22.7	3.4	4.7	94.2	-0.1	-0.2		71.4	22.8	3.5	4.8	1.9	
	Nov 13	89.7	67.9	21.8	3.3	4.6	93.6	-0.6	-0.3		70.9	22.7	3.5	4.8	1.9	
	Dec 11	90.4	68.8	21.6	3.3	4.7	93.1	-0.5	-0.4		70.5	22.6	3.4	4.8	1.8	
	Jan 8	97.2	73.8	23.4	3.6	5.0	92.6	-0.5	-0.5		70.0	22.6	3.4	4.7	1.8	
	Feb 12	97.7	73.9	23.8	3.6	5.0	92.1	-0.5	-0.5		69.5	22.6	3.4	4.7	1.8	
2004	Mar 11	95.2	72.0	23.3	3.5	4.9	91.5	-0.6	-0.5		69.1	22.4	3.4	4.7	1.8	
	Apr 8 R	93.0	70.2	22.8	3.4	4.8	90.4	-1.1	-0.7		68.3	22.1	3.3	4.6	1.8	
	May 13 P	89.7	67.8	21.9	3.3	4.6	89.0	-1.4	-1.0		67.1	21.9	3.3	4.5	1.8	
East	DPCI			DPDD			DPDJ				ZMOK	ZMOM	DPDP	ZMOL	ZMON	
1998) Annual	85.0	63.1	22.0	3.3	4.4	1.8	84.2	..	..		62.6	21.6	3.2	4.4	1.8	
1999) averages	77.3	57.6	19.8	2.9	4.0	1.6	76.5	..	..		57.1	19.4	2.9	3.9	1.6	
2000)	64.9	47.9	17.0	2.4	3.3	1.4	64.1	..	..		47.5	16.6	2.4	3.2	1.4	
2001)	55.7	41.0	14.7	2.0	2.7	1.2	55.0	..	..		40.6	14.4	2.0	2.7	1.2	
2002)	57.3	41.9	15.3	2.1	2.8	1.2	56.5	..	..		41.6	15.0	2.1	2.8	1.2	
2003)	58.8	42.6	16.2	2.2	2.9	1.3	58.1	..	..		42.2	15.8	2.1	2.8	1.3	
2003	May 8	60.2	43.8	16.4	2.2	3.0	59.2	0.7	0.4		43.1	16.1	2.2	2.9	1.3	
	Jun 12	58.6	42.6	16.0	2.1	2.9	59.4	0.2	0.4		43.3	16.1	2.2	2.9	1.3	
	Jul 10	58.4	42.1	16.3	2.1	2.8	58.6	-0.8	0.0		42.7	15.9	2.1	2.9	1.3	
	Aug 14	58.3	41.7	16.7	2.1	2.8	58.0	-0.6	-0.4		42.2	15.8	2.1	2.8	1.3	
	Sep 11	56.8	40.6	16.2	2.1	2.7	57.8	-0.2	-0.5		42.0	15.8	2.1	2.8	1.3	
2003	Oct 9	55.0	39.5	15.5	2.0	2.7	57.5	-0.3	-0.4		41.8	15.7	2.1	2.8	1.3	
	Nov 13	55.1	39.7	15.4	2.0	2.7	57.5	0.0	-0.2		41.7	15.8	2.1	2.8	1.3	
	Dec 11	55.3	40.3	15.0	2.0	2.7	57.0	-0.5	-0.3		41.2	15.8	2.1	2.8	1.3	
	Jan 8	60.1	43.8	16.3	2.2	2.9	56.3	-0.7	-0.4		40.7	15.6	2.1	2.7	1.3	
	Feb 12	62.1	44.8	17.3	2.3	3.0	56.4	0.1	-0.4		40.7	15.7	2.1	2.7	1.3	
2004	Mar 11	60.8	43.8	17.0	2.2	3.0	56.4	0.0	-0.2		40.7	15.7	2.1	2.7	1.3	
	Apr 8 R	58.7	42.4	16.4	2.1	2.9	56.1	-0.3	-0.1		40.6	15.5	2.1	2.7	1.2	
	May 13 P	56.6	40.8	15.7	2.1	2.7	55.6	-0.5	-0.3		40.2	15.4	2.0	2.7	1.2	

# F.1 CLAIMANT COUNT

## Claimant count by region

Thousands and per cent

											NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED						SEASONALLY ADJUSTED <sup>a</sup>											
											CLAIMANT COUNT			RATE <sup>b</sup>			CLAIMANT COUNT			RATE <sup>b</sup>			CLAIMANT COUNT			RATE <sup>b</sup>		
											All	Male	Female	All	Male	Female												
Government Office Regions											All	Change since previous month	Average change over 3 months ended	Male	Female	All	Male	Female										
											DPCJ			DPDE			DPDK			ZMOO	ZMOQ	DPDQ	ZMOP	ZMOR				
1998)	Annual	226.6	166.5	60.1	5.1	6.8	3.1	225.4	..	..	165.9	59.5	5.1	6.8	3.0													
1999)	averages	204.3	150.5	53.8	4.5	6.0	2.7	203.1	..	..	149.9	53.2	4.5	6.0	2.6													
2000)		175.5	129.5	46.0	3.8	5.0	2.2	174.5	..	..	129.0	45.5	3.7	5.0	2.2													
2001)		155.9	114.2	41.7	3.3	4.3	2.0	154.9	..	..	113.7	41.2	3.3	4.3	2.0													
2002)		167.0	120.6	46.4	3.6	4.7	2.2	166.0	..	..	120.1	45.9	3.6	4.6	2.2													
2003)		172.0	123.1	48.9	3.7	4.7	2.4	170.7	..	..	122.4	48.3	3.6	4.7	2.3													
2003	May 8	174.7	125.6	49.1	3.7	4.8	2.4	172.8	0.8	0.9	124.0	48.8	3.7	4.7	2.3													
	Jun 12	173.6	124.9	48.7	3.7	4.8	2.3	172.8	0.0	0.6	124.0	48.8	3.7	4.7	2.3													
	Jul 10	172.8	123.2	49.6	3.7	4.7	2.4	171.6	-1.2	-0.1	122.9	48.7	3.6	4.7	2.3													
	Aug 14	173.2	122.4	50.9	3.7	4.7	2.4	170.9	-0.7	-0.6	122.1	48.8	3.6	4.6	2.3													
	Sep 11	172.5	121.9	50.6	3.7	4.6	2.4	170.5	-0.4	-0.8	121.9	48.6	3.6	4.6	2.3													
2003	Oct 9	170.1	120.6	49.5	3.6	4.6	2.4	170.2	-0.3	-0.5	121.7	48.5	3.6	4.6	2.3													
	Nov 13	167.8	119.6	48.2	3.6	4.6	2.3	169.3	-0.9	-0.5	121.2	48.1	3.6	4.6	2.3													
	Dec 11	167.2	120.0	47.2	3.6	4.6	2.3	168.6	-0.7	-0.6	120.8	47.8	3.6	4.6	2.3													
	Jan 8	169.4	121.8	47.7	3.6	4.6	2.3	167.2	-1.4	-1.0	119.8	47.4	3.6	4.6	2.3													
	Feb 12	170.2	122.5	47.7	3.6	4.7	2.3	166.0	-1.2	-1.1	119.2	46.8	3.5	4.5	2.3													
2004	Mar 11	168.4	121.3	47.0	3.6	4.6	2.3	165.5	-0.5	-1.0	119.0	46.5	3.5	4.5	2.2													
2004	Apr 8 R	168.3	121.1	47.2	3.6	4.6	2.3	165.8	0.3	-0.5	119.4	46.4	3.5	4.5	2.2													
	May 13 P	167.4	120.7	46.7	3.6	4.6	2.2	165.3	-0.5	-0.2	119.0	46.3	3.5	4.5	2.2													
South East		DPCK			DPDF			DPDL			ZMOS	ZMOU	DPDR	ZMOT	ZMOV													
1998)	Annual	107.0	81.3	25.7	2.6	3.7	1.3	106.1	..	..	80.8	25.3	2.6	3.7	1.3													
1999)	averages	96.1	73.2	23.0	2.3	3.2	1.2	95.3	..	..	72.7	22.6	2.3	3.2	1.2													
2000)		79.7	60.2	19.5	1.9	2.6	1.0	78.9	..	..	59.8	19.1	1.9	2.6	1.0													
2001)		67.4	50.6	16.8	1.6	2.2	0.9	66.6	..	..	50.2	16.5	1.6	2.2	0.8													
2002)		72.0	53.6	18.4	1.6	2.3	0.9	71.2	..	..	53.2	18.0	1.6	2.3	0.9													
2003)		76.4	56.4	20.0	1.7	2.4	1.0	75.5	..	..	55.9	19.6	1.7	2.3	1.0													
2003	May 8	77.0	57.2	19.8	1.7	2.4	1.0	76.3	0.6	0.7	56.6	19.7	1.7	2.4	1.0													
	Jun 12	74.8	55.5	19.3	1.7	2.3	1.0	76.5	0.2	0.5	56.7	19.8	1.7	2.4	1.0													
	Jul 10	75.2	55.4	19.9	1.7	2.3	1.0	76.2	-0.3	0.2	56.5	19.7	1.7	2.4	1.0													
	Aug 14	75.9	55.3	20.6	1.7	2.3	1.0	75.9	-0.3	-0.1	56.3	19.6	1.7	2.4	1.0													
	Sep 11	75.2	54.6	20.6	1.7	2.3	1.0	76.2	0.3	-0.1	56.3	19.9	1.7	2.4	1.0													
2003	Oct 9	73.4	53.5	19.9	1.7	2.2	1.0	76.0	-0.2	-0.1	56.1	19.9	1.7	2.3	1.0													
	Nov 13	74.0	54.3	19.7	1.7	2.3	1.0	75.9	-0.1	0.0	56.1	19.8	1.7	2.3	1.0													
	Dec 11	74.3	55.2	19.1	1.7	2.3	0.9	75.3	-0.6	-0.3	55.6	19.7	1.7	2.3	1.0													
	Jan 8	79.7	59.2	20.5	1.8	2.5	1.0	74.5	-0.8	-0.5	54.9	19.6	1.7	2.3	1.0													
	Feb 12	80.7	59.7	21.0	1.8	2.5	1.0	74.0	-0.5	-0.6	54.6	19.4	1.7	2.3	1.0													
2004	Mar 11	78.5	58.0	20.5	1.8	2.4	1.0	73.5	-0.5	-0.6	54.2	19.3	1.7	2.3	1.0													
2004	Apr 8 R	75.3	55.6	19.7	1.7	2.3	1.0	72.3	-1.2	-0.7	53.4	18.9	1.6	2.2	0.9													
	May 13 P	71.9	53.3	18.7	1.6	2.2	0.9	71.1	-1.2	-1.0	52.6	18.5	1.6	2.2	0.9													
South West		BCKF			DPAQ			DPBB			ZMOW	ZMOY	DPBM	ZMOX	ZMOZ													
1998)	Annual	84.8	63.0	21.8	3.4	4.7	1.9	84.0	..	..	62.5	21.5	3.4	4.6	1.9													
1999)	averages	76.2	56.5	19.7	3.0	4.2	1.7	75.3	..	..	56.0	19.3	3.0	4.1	1.7													
2000)		62.6	46.3	16.3	2.5	3.5	1.4	61.8	..	..	45.9	16.0	2.5	3.4	1.4													
2001)		53.4	39.4	14.0	2.1	2.9	1.2	52.7	..	..	39.0	13.6	2.1	2.8	1.2													
2002)		50.8	37.4	13.3	2.0	2.6	1.1	50.1	..	..	37.1	13.0	1.9	2.6	1.1													
2003)		49.0	35.9	13.1	1.9	2.6	1.1	48.4	..	..	35.6	12.8	1.9	2.6	1.1													
2003	May 8	49.2	36.4	12.8	1.9	2.6	1.1	49.6	0.8	0.2	36.5	13.1	1.9	2.6	1.1													
	Jun 12	47.7	35.3	12.4	1.9	2.5	1.1	49.9	0.3	0.3	36.7	13.2	1.9	2.6	1.1													
	Jul 10	47.6	34.9	12.7	1.9	2.5	1.1	49.1	-0.8	0.1	36.2	12.9	1.9	2.6	1.1													
	Aug 14	47.7	34.6	13.1	1.9	2.5	1.1	48.4	-0.7	-0.4	35.7	12.7	1.9	2.6	1.1													
	Sep 11	46.6	33.8	12.8	1.8	2.4	1.1	48.1	-0.3	-0.6	35.5	12.6	1.9	2.6	1.1													
2003	Oct 9	45.4	33.2	12.3	1.8	2.4	1.0	47.6	-0.5	-0.5	35.1	12.5	1.9	2.5	1.1													
	Nov 13	45.3	33.2	12.1	1.8	2.4	1.0	46.7	-0.9	-0.6	34.4	12.3	1.8	2.5	1.0													
	Dec 11	45.6	33.6	12.0	1.8	2.4	1.0	45.8	-0.9	-0.8	33.6	12.2	1.8	2.4	1.0													
	Jan 8	49.8	36.6	13.3	1.9	2.6	1.1	44.6	-1.2	-1.0	32.7	11.9	1.7	2.4	1.0													
	Feb 12	50.1	36.5	13.6	2.0	2.6	1.2	44.0	-0.6	-0.9	32.1	11.9	1.7	2.3	1.0													
2004	Mar 11	47.9	34.9	13.0	1.9	2.5	1.1	43.7	-0.3	-0.7	31.8	11.9	1.7	2.3	1.0													
2004	Apr 8 R	44.8	32.6	12.2	1.7	2.3	1.0	42.9	-0.8	-0.6	31.2	11.7	1.7	2.2	1.0													
	May 13 P	41.8	30.6	11.2	1.6	2.2	1.0	42.1	-0.8	-0.6	30.6	11.5	1.6	2.2	1.0													
England		VASR			VASS			BWVK			ZMQK	ZMQM	VASQ	ZMQL	ZMQN													
1998)	Annual	1,093.6	830.3	263.3	4.3	6.1	2.3	1,083.0	..	..	824.4	258.7	4.3	6.0	2.2													
1999)	averages	1,013.5	770.9	242.7	4.0	5.5	2.1	1,002.8	..	..	764.8	238.0	3.9	5.5	2.0													
2000)		882.8	670.7	212.1	3.4	4.8	1.8	872.8	..	..	664.9	207.9	3.4	4.8	1.8													
2001)		783.6	593.3	190.2	3.0	4.2	1.6	774.0	..	..	588.1	185.9	3.0	4.2	1.6													
2002)		770.1	578.5	191.6	3.0	4.1	1.6	761.2	..	..	573.7	187.5	2.9	4.1	1.6													
2003)		763.8	568.1	195.6	2.9	4.0	1.6	754.5	..	..	563.0	191.4	2.9	3.9	1.6													
2003	May 8	776.4	581.2	195.2	3.0	4.1	1.6	767.5	7.1	2.4	573.6	193.9	2.9	4.0	1.6													
	Jun 12	759.4	567.6	191.8	2.9	4.0	1.6	766.9	-0.6	1.6	573.1	193.8	2.9	4.0	1.6													
	Jul 10	760.5	562.1	198.4	2.9	3.9	1.7	758.7	-8.2	-0.6	566.3	192.4	2.9	4.0	1.6													
	Aug 14	762.5	558.1	204.3	2.9	3.9	1.7	752.8	-5.9	-4.9	561.2	191.6	2.9	3.9	1.6													
	Sep 11	746.3	546.8	199.5	2.8	3.8	1.7	751.3	-1.5	-5.2	559.6	191.7	2.9	3.9	1.6													
2003	Oct 9	723.1	532.																									

# CLAIMANT COUNT

## Claimant count by region

Thousands and per cent

Government Office Regions	NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED						SEASONALLY ADJUSTED <sup>a</sup>								
	CLAIMANT COUNT			RATE <sup>b</sup>			CLAIMANT COUNT			RATE <sup>b</sup>					
	All	Male	Female	All	Male	Female	All	Change since previous month	Average change over 3 months ended	Male	Female	All	Male	Female	
Wales	BCKI			DPAT			DPBE			ZMQC	ZMQE	DPBP	ZMQD	ZMQF	
1998) Annual	69.8	54.0	15.8	5.5	7.9	2.7	69.0	..	..	53.5	15.5	5.4	7.9	2.6	
1999) averages	64.9	50.2	14.7	5.0	7.2	2.5	64.1	..	..	49.8	14.4	5.0	7.1	2.4	
2000)	57.9	44.7	13.1	4.4	6.6	2.1	57.3	..	..	44.4	12.9	4.4	6.5	2.1	
2001)	51.8	39.9	11.9	4.0	5.6	2.0	51.2	..	..	39.6	11.7	4.0	5.6	2.0	
2002)	47.6	36.6	11.0	3.6	5.3	1.8	47.1	..	..	36.4	10.7	3.6	5.2	1.8	
2003)	45.1	34.3	10.8	3.4	4.9	1.7	44.6	..	..	34.1	10.6	3.4	4.8	1.7	
2003 May 8	45.2	34.7	10.5	3.4	4.9	1.7	45.7	0.2	0.0	34.9	10.8	3.5	4.9	1.8	
Jun 12	43.6	33.4	10.2	3.3	4.7	1.7	45.6	-0.1	-0.1	34.9	10.7	3.4	4.9	1.7	
Jul 10	44.5	33.5	11.0	3.4	4.7	1.8	45.0	-0.6	-0.2	34.4	10.6	3.4	4.9	1.7	
Aug 14	44.6	33.3	11.4	3.4	4.7	1.8	44.3	-0.7	-0.5	33.8	10.5	3.4	4.8	1.7	
Sep 11	42.9	32.0	10.9	3.2	4.5	1.8	43.6	-0.7	-0.7	33.2	10.4	3.3	4.7	1.7	
Oct 9	40.9	30.9	10.1	3.1	4.4	1.6	43.2	-0.4	-0.6	32.9	10.3	3.3	4.7	1.7	
Nov 13	41.1	31.3	9.8	3.1	4.4	1.6	42.7	-0.5	-0.5	32.5	10.2	3.2	4.6	1.7	
Dec 11	41.7	32.0	9.7	3.2	4.5	1.6	42.1	-0.6	-0.5	32.0	10.1	3.2	4.5	1.6	
2004 Jan 8	45.9	35.2	10.7	3.5	5.0	1.7	41.5	-0.6	-0.6	31.6	9.9	3.1	4.5	1.6	
Feb 12	46.3	35.2	11.1	3.5	5.0	1.8	41.5	0.0	-0.4	31.4	10.1	3.1	4.4	1.6	
Mar 11	44.6	33.9	10.8	3.4	4.8	1.7	41.6	0.1	-0.2	31.5	10.1	3.1	4.5	1.6	
Apr 8 R	43.0	32.6	10.4	3.3	4.6	1.7	41.7	0.1	0.1	31.6	10.1	3.2	4.5	1.6	
May 13 P	40.4	30.6	9.8	3.1	4.3	1.6	40.8	-0.9	-0.2	30.8	10.0	3.1	4.4	1.6	
Scotland	BCKJ			DPAU			DPBF			ZMQG	ZMQI	DPBQ	ZMQH	ZMQJ	
1998) Annual	141.5	108.5	32.9	5.5	8.0	2.7	138.3	..	..	106.7	31.6	5.4	7.9	2.6	
1999) averages	133.8	103.1	30.7	5.2	7.5	2.6	130.4	..	..	101.1	29.3	5.0	7.3	2.4	
2000)	119.4	92.1	27.3	4.7	6.5	2.4	116.3	..	..	90.3	26.0	4.5	6.4	2.2	
2001)	108.0	83.6	24.4	4.1	6.0	2.0	105.2	..	..	82.0	23.2	4.0	5.9	1.9	
2002)	104.5	80.7	23.8	4.0	5.9	1.9	102.0	..	..	79.3	22.6	3.9	5.8	1.8	
2003)	102.3	78.4	23.9	3.9	5.7	1.9	99.5	..	..	76.9	22.7	3.8	5.6	1.8	
2003 May 8	102.4	78.7	23.7	3.9	5.7	1.9	100.3	0.6	0.1	77.3	23.0	3.8	5.6	1.9	
Jun 12	101.7	78.0	23.8	3.9	5.6	1.9	100.8	0.5	0.3	78.0	22.8	3.8	5.6	1.8	
Jul 10	105.0	79.1	25.9	4.0	5.7	2.1	99.8	-1.0	0.0	77.2	22.6	3.8	5.6	1.8	
Aug 14	104.2	78.4	25.9	4.0	5.7	2.1	98.6	-1.2	-0.6	76.3	22.3	3.8	5.5	1.8	
Sep 11	97.0	73.7	23.3	3.7	5.3	1.9	99.6	1.0	-0.4	76.9	22.7	3.8	5.6	1.8	
Oct 9	95.0	72.6	22.4	3.6	5.3	1.8	99.4	-0.2	-0.1	76.7	22.7	3.8	5.6	1.8	
Nov 13	95.4	73.5	22.0	3.6	5.3	1.8	98.6	-0.8	0.0	76.1	22.5	3.8	5.5	1.8	
Dec 11	96.2	74.6	21.5	3.7	5.4	1.7	97.9	-0.7	-0.6	75.5	22.4	3.7	5.5	1.8	
2004 Jan 8	105.9	82.1	23.9	4.0	5.9	1.9	96.2	-1.7	-1.1	74.2	22.0	3.7	5.4	1.8	
Feb 12	106.9	82.3	24.6	4.1	6.0	2.0	96.2	0.0	-0.8	74.2	22.0	3.7	5.4	1.8	
Mar 11	103.5	79.5	24.0	3.9	5.8	1.9	95.8	-0.4	-0.7	73.9	21.9	3.7	5.4	1.8	
Apr 8 R	99.0	76.0	23.1	3.8	5.5	1.9	94.5	-1.3	-0.6	72.9	21.6	3.6	5.3	1.7	
May 13 P	94.5	72.4	22.1	3.6	5.2	1.8	92.7	-1.8	-1.2	71.2	21.5	3.5	5.2	1.7	
Northern Ireland	BCKK			DPAV			DPBG			ZMQO	ZMQQ	DPBR	ZMQP	ZMQR	
1998) Annual	57.5	44.8	12.6	7.4	10.1	3.7	57.4	..	..	44.8	12.6	7.3	10.1	3.7	
1999) averages	50.8	39.3	11.5	6.4	8.9	3.3	50.7	..	..	39.3	11.4	6.4	8.8	3.3	
2000)	42.1	32.1	10.1	5.3	7.3	2.9	42.1	..	..	32.0	10.1	5.3	7.3	2.9	
2001)	39.6	30.0	9.6	5.0	6.8	2.7	39.5	..	..	30.0	9.5	4.9	6.8	2.7	
2002)	36.5	27.9	8.7	4.5	6.3	2.4	36.4	..	..	27.8	8.6	4.5	6.3	2.4	
2003)	34.7	26.5	8.2	4.3	6.0	2.2	34.6	..	..	26.4	8.2	4.2	6.0	2.2	
2003 May 8	33.8	26.3	7.6	4.1	5.9	2.0	35.0	0.7	0.1	26.7	8.3	4.3	6.0	2.2	
Jun 12	34.4	26.3	8.1	4.2	6.0	2.2	35.1	0.1	0.1	26.9	8.2	4.3	6.1	2.2	
Jul 10	36.3	26.7	9.6	4.4	6.0	2.6	34.1	-1.0	-0.1	26.1	8.0	4.2	5.9	2.1	
Aug 14	37.2	27.2	10.1	4.6	6.1	2.7	34.5	0.4	-0.2	26.4	8.1	4.2	6.0	2.2	
Sep 11	36.0	26.8	9.2	4.4	6.1	2.5	34.6	0.1	-0.2	26.5	8.1	4.2	6.0	2.2	
Oct 9	34.1	25.9	8.1	4.2	5.9	2.2	34.7	0.1	0.2	26.6	8.1	4.3	6.0	2.2	
Nov 13	32.8	25.2	7.6	4.0	5.7	2.0	34.3	-0.4	-0.1	26.2	8.1	4.2	5.9	2.2	
Dec 11	32.6	25.3	7.3	4.0	5.7	2.0	34.0	-0.3	-0.2	25.9	8.1	4.2	5.9	2.2	
2004 Jan 8	34.0	26.3	7.7	4.2	5.9	2.1	33.5	-0.5	-0.4	25.4	8.1	4.1	5.7	2.2	
Feb 12	33.3	25.8	7.6	4.1	5.8	2.0	33.0	-0.5	-0.4	25.0	8.0	4.0	5.7	2.1	
Mar 11	32.4	25.1	7.3	4.0	5.7	2.0	32.5	-0.5	-0.5	24.6	7.9	4.0	5.6	2.1	
Apr 8 R	31.7	24.4	7.3	3.9	5.5	1.9	32.0	-0.5	-0.5	24.3	7.7	3.9	5.5	2.1	
May 13 P	30.4	23.5	6.9	3.7	5.3	1.8	31.7	-0.3	-0.4	24.0	7.7	3.9	5.4	2.1	

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

a The seasonally adjusted series takes account of past discontinuities to be consistent with the current coverage of the count (see Employment Gazette, December 1990, p608 for the historical list of discontinuities taken into account, and pS16 of the April 1994 issue). It also takes into account the effect of the change in benefit eligibility rules introduced with Jobseeker's Allowance (see pp219-24, Labour Market Trends, May 2000). To maintain a consistent assessment, the seasonally adjusted series relates only to claimants aged 18 and over.

b The national and regional rates are calculated using denominator = claimant count plus workforce jobs and these have been updated (with rates for January 2003 to May 2004 now being based on mid-2003 estimates) and revised back to 1996. These rates are not consistent with the sub regional percentages in Tables F.12 and F.13 which reflect the claimant count as proportions of the resident working age population.

R Seasonally adjusted figures are revised.  
P Seasonally adjusted figures are provisional.

Note: Formerly Table C.11.  
The introduction of Joint Claims for Jobseeker's Allowance on 19 March 2001, and its extension on 28 October 2002, means that both members of certain couples are now required to claim JSA jointly and both are required to look for work. The claimant count continues to include all individual claimants, so there are some extra claimants included as a result of these changes.

Since 19 March 2001 Joint Claims for JSA has applied to couples without dependent children where at least one member was born after 19 March 1976 and is aged over 18. Joint Claims was extended on 28 October 2002 to couples without dependent children where at least one member was born after 28 October 1957.

ONS estimates that the introduction of Joint Claims had an initial upward effect on the claimant count, which accumulated between April and August 2001, of some 6,500 for the UK overall at the time (approximately 2,200 men and 4,300 women). The total effect of the extension on 28 October has been to add a further estimated 3,800 (900 men and 2,900 women) to the count between October 2002 and February 2003.

# CLAIMANT COUNT

## Claimant count by age and duration: seasonally adjusted

Thousands and per cent

UNITED KINGDOM	All aged 18 and over							18-24						
	All computerised claims	Up to 13 weeks	Over 13 weeks and up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	Over 12 and up to 24 months	Per cent claiming over 12 months	All over 24 months	All computerised claims	Up to 13 weeks	Over 13 weeks and up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	Over 12 and up to 24 months	Per cent claiming over 12 months	All over 24 months
All	AGLX			AGMC	AGMD	AGMY	AGMZ	AGNA			AGNC	AGND	AGNE	AGNF
2002 May 9	935.0	425.9	194.1	159.0	93.7	16.7	62.3	242.1	145.3	57.4	34.4	4.5	2.1	0.5
Jun 13	937.1	428.9	195.6	159.5	93.0	16.3	60.1	243.4	147.0	57.3	34.2	4.4	2.0	0.5
Jul 11	936.3	429.7	194.5	160.5	93.3	16.2	58.3	243.0	146.5	57.4	34.0	4.6	2.1	0.5
Aug 8	932.4	426.4	196.7	159.7	92.9	16.0	56.7	241.7	145.2	58.0	33.4	4.6	2.1	0.5
Sep 12	932.2	427.0	195.9	161.2	92.9	15.9	55.2	243.0	146.6	57.9	33.5	4.5	2.1	0.5
Oct 10	929.5	423.4	197.5	160.4	93.8	15.9	54.4	243.0	146.0	58.2	33.6	4.7	2.1	0.5
Nov 14	926.3	422.2	196.8	160.7	93.7	15.8	52.9	243.2	146.3	58.0	33.6	4.8	2.2	0.5
Dec 12	924.5	421.7	196.7	160.5	93.6	15.7	52.0	243.6	146.7	58.2	33.2	4.9	2.3	0.6
2003 Jan 9	924.5	424.6	195.0	160.4	93.8	15.6	50.7	244.4	147.9	58.2	32.9	4.9	2.2	0.5
Feb 13	929.1	429.1	195.8	161.5	93.5	15.4	49.2	246.8	149.8	58.6	33.1	4.8	2.1	0.5
Mar 13	931.1	429.8	196.8	162.4	94.0	15.3	48.1	248.6	150.7	59.0	33.6	4.8	2.1	0.5
Apr 10	929.7	429.4	199.7	160.2	93.2	15.1	47.2	249.2	151.1	60.4	32.4	4.7	2.1	0.6
May 8	937.9	428.6	205.3	163.1	94.8	15.0	46.1	252.6	150.3	62.9	34.1	4.7	2.1	0.6
Jun 12	938.0	429.8	203.6	164.5	94.9	14.9	45.2	254.1	151.3	62.8	34.7	4.7	2.1	0.6
Jul 10	928.1	418.8	203.8	165.6	95.6	15.1	44.3	249.9	146.4	63.0	35.4	4.5	2.0	0.6
Aug 14	921.3	412.8	201.1	167.2	96.5	15.2	43.7	250.0	146.0	61.9	36.6	4.8	2.2	0.7
Sep 11	920.1	412.4	199.8	167.7	96.7	15.2	43.5	250.4	146.2	61.5	37.1	4.9	2.2	0.7
Oct 9	915.9	410.0	197.0	168.1	97.4	15.4	43.4	250.2	146.6	60.5	37.3	5.0	2.3	0.8
Nov 13	906.6	404.4	194.4	166.6	97.8	15.6	43.4	247.8	145.0	60.0	36.9	5.1	2.4	0.8
Dec 11	897.0	398.3	192.2	165.1	98.0	15.8	43.4	245.8	143.7	59.7	36.4	5.2	2.4	0.8
2004 Jan 8	882.6	390.2	189.6	162.0	97.9	16.0	42.9	242.3	141.2	59.3	35.7	5.3	2.5	0.8
Feb 12	877.8	392.7	188.9	158.8	97.4	16.0	43.0	241.6	142.1	58.4	35.0	5.3	2.5	0.8
Mar 11	874.1	394.0	183.4	157.3	96.7	15.9	42.7	241.4	142.6	57.7	34.9	5.4	2.6	0.8
Apr 8 R	867.0	392.0	182.4	154.1	96.0	16.0	42.5	241.4	143.4	57.6	34.3	5.3	2.5	0.8
May 13 P	854.6	383.8	181.4	151.8	95.2	16.1	42.4	237.7	139.9	57.5	34.1	5.4	2.6	0.8
Male	AGNG			ELNP	ELON	GBHG	IKBS	JLGC			JLGE	JLGF	JLGG	JLGH
2002 May 9	708.1	310.7	145.7	123.4	75.9	18.1	52.4	167.0	99.9	39.9	23.9	3.0	2.0	0.3
Jun 13	709.9	313.3	147.0	123.9	75.3	17.7	50.4	167.9	101.0	39.9	23.8	2.9	1.9	0.3
Jul 11	709.5	314.4	146.1	124.9	75.3	17.5	48.8	168.0	101.1	40.0	23.7	2.9	1.9	0.3
Aug 8	706.8	312.4	147.7	124.4	74.9	17.3	47.4	167.3	100.5	40.4	23.2	2.9	1.9	0.3
Sep 12	705.9	311.9	147.1	125.7	75.0	17.2	46.2	168.1	101.2	40.3	23.4	2.9	1.9	0.3
Oct 10	703.3	308.3	148.7	125.1	75.7	17.2	45.5	167.9	100.3	40.7	23.5	3.1	2.0	0.3
Nov 14	700.7	307.2	148.3	125.4	75.7	17.1	44.1	168.5	100.8	40.6	23.6	3.2	2.1	0.3
Dec 12	697.0	305.4	147.7	125.1	75.5	17.0	43.3	168.2	100.8	40.6	23.2	3.2	2.1	0.4
2003 Jan 9	696.0	307.2	145.9	125.0	75.7	16.9	42.2	168.5	101.4	40.5	23.0	3.3	2.1	0.3
Feb 13	699.3	311.0	146.0	125.9	75.6	16.6	40.8	170.3	102.9	40.7	23.2	3.2	2.1	0.3
Mar 13	699.6	311.4	146.2	126.3	75.9	16.5	39.8	171.6	103.7	40.9	23.5	3.2	2.0	0.3
Apr 10	697.7	310.8	148.1	124.6	75.2	16.4	39.0	171.9	103.8	41.9	22.7	3.1	2.0	0.4
May 8	704.6	311.1	152.6	126.3	76.5	16.3	38.1	174.6	103.5	43.9	23.7	3.1	2.0	0.4
Jun 12	705.1	312.8	151.5	127.0	76.6	16.1	37.2	176.1	104.6	43.9	24.1	3.1	2.0	0.4
Jul 10	697.1	304.1	151.7	127.7	77.2	16.3	36.4	172.8	100.7	44.1	24.6	3.0	2.0	0.4
Aug 14	691.2	299.4	149.7	128.6	77.8	16.4	35.7	172.6	100.1	43.3	25.6	3.2	2.1	0.4
Sep 11	689.8	298.0	149.1	129.1	78.0	16.5	35.6	172.8	100.0	43.1	26.0	3.3	2.1	0.4
Oct 9	686.3	296.3	146.6	129.4	78.5	16.6	35.5	172.5	100.3	42.1	26.2	3.4	2.3	0.5
Nov 13	679.0	292.4	144.2	128.3	78.6	16.8	35.5	170.4	99.0	41.5	25.9	3.5	2.3	0.5
Dec 11	671.0	287.4	142.2	127.2	78.8	17.0	35.4	168.6	97.9	41.1	25.5	3.6	2.4	0.5
2004 Jan 8	659.8	281.6	140.1	124.6	78.5	17.2	35.0	166.1	96.4	40.7	24.9	3.6	2.5	0.5
Feb 12	655.5	283.4	137.3	121.9	78.0	17.2	34.9	165.5	97.1	40.0	24.3	3.6	2.5	0.5
Mar 11	653.2	284.5	135.8	120.7	77.4	17.2	34.8	165.8	97.7	39.7	24.2	3.7	2.5	0.5
Apr 8 R	648.0	283.7	134.9	118.0	76.9	17.2	34.5	165.9	98.4	39.7	23.6	3.7	2.5	0.5
May 13 P	637.2	276.7	134.2	115.8	76.1	17.3	34.4	162.7	95.5	39.7	23.3	3.7	2.6	0.5
Female	JLGI			JLGJ	JLGL	JLGM	JLGN	JLGO			JLGQ	JLGR	JLGS	JLGT
2002 May 9	226.9	115.2	48.4	35.6	17.8	12.2	9.9	75.1	45.4	17.5	10.5	1.5	2.3	0.2
Jun 13	227.2	115.6	48.6	35.6	17.7	12.1	9.7	75.5	46.0	17.4	10.4	1.5	2.3	0.2
Jul 11	226.8	115.3	48.4	35.6	18.0	12.1	9.5	75.0	45.4	17.4	10.3	1.7	2.5	0.2
Aug 8	225.6	114.0	49.0	35.3	18.0	12.1	9.3	74.4	44.7	17.6	10.2	1.7	2.6	0.2
Sep 12	226.3	115.1	48.8	35.5	17.9	11.9	9.0	74.9	45.4	17.6	10.1	1.6	2.4	0.2
Oct 10	226.2	115.1	48.8	35.3	18.1	11.9	8.9	75.1	45.7	17.5	10.1	1.6	2.4	0.2
Nov 14	225.6	115.0	48.5	35.3	18.0	11.9	8.8	74.7	45.5	17.4	10.0	1.6	2.4	0.2
Dec 12	227.5	116.3	49.0	35.4	18.1	11.8	8.7	75.4	45.9	17.6	10.0	1.7	2.5	0.2
2003 Jan 9	228.5	117.4	49.1	35.4	18.1	11.6	8.5	75.9	46.5	17.7	9.9	1.6	2.4	0.2
Feb 13	229.8	118.1	49.8	35.6	17.9	11.4	8.4	76.5	46.9	17.9	9.9	1.6	2.4	0.2
Mar 13	231.5	118.4	50.6	36.1	18.1	11.4	8.3	77.0	47.0	18.1	10.1	1.6	2.3	0.2
Apr 10	232.0	118.6	51.6	35.6	18.0	11.3	8.2	77.3	47.3	18.5	9.7	1.6	2.3	0.2
May 8	233.3	117.5	52.7	36.8	18.3	11.3	8.0	78.0	46.8	19.0	10.4	1.6	2.3	0.2
Jun 12	232.9	117.0	52.1	37.5	18.3	11.3	8.0	78.0	46.7	18.9	10.6	1.6	2.3	0.2
Jul 10	231.0	114.7	52.1	37.9	18.4	11.4	7.9	77.1	45.7	18.9	10.8	1.5	2.2	0.2
Aug 14	230.1	113.4	51.4	38.6	18.7	11.6	8.0	77.4	45.9	18.6	11.0	1.6	2.5	0.3
Sep 11	230.3	114.4	50.7	38.6	18.7	11.6	7.9	77.6	46.2	18.4	11.1	1.6	2.4	0.3
Oct 9	229.6	113.7	50.4	38.7	18.9	11.7	7.9	77.7	46.3	18.4	11.1	1.6	2.4	0.3
Nov 13	227.6	112.0	50.2	38.3	19.2	11.9	7.9	77.4	46.0	18.5	11.0	1.6	2.5	0.3
Dec 11	226.0	110.9	50.0	37.9	19.2	12.0	8.0	77.2	45.8	18.6	10.9	1.6	2.5	0.3
2004 Jan 8	222.8	108.6	49.5	37.4	19.4	12.3	7.9	76.2	44.8	18.6	10.8	1.7	2.6	0.3
Feb 12	222.3	109.3	48.6	36.9	19.4	12.4	8.1	76.1	45.0	18.4	10.7	1.7	2.6	0.3
Mar 11	220.9	109.5	47.6	36.6	19.3	12.3	7.9	75.6	44.9	18.0	10.7	1.7	2.6	0.3
Apr 8 R	219.0	108.3	47.5	36.1	19.1	12.4	8.0	75.5	45.0	17.9	10.7	1.6	2.5	0.3
May 13 P	217.4	107.1	47.2	36.0	19.1	12.5	8.0	75.0	44.4	17.8	10.8	1.7	2.7	0.3

Note: Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table F.1. The latter include clerically processed claims which currently amount to around 1 per cent of the total claimant count.

R Revised  
P Provisional

# CLAIMANT COUNT

## Claimant count by age and duration: seasonally adjusted

F.2

Thousands and per cent

UNITED KINGDOM		25-49							50 and over						
		All computerised claims	Up to 13 weeks	Over 13 weeks and up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	Over 12 and up to 24 months	Percent claiming over 12 months	All over 24 months	All computerised claims	Up to 13 weeks	Over 13 weeks and up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	Over 12 and up to 24 months	Percent claiming over 12 months	All over 24 months
All		JL GU			JL GW	JL GX	JL GY	JL GZ	JL HA			JL HC	JL HD	JL HE	JL HF
2002	May 9	533.4	223.3	107.8	98.3	68.3	19.5	35.7	159.5	57.3	28.9	26.3	20.9	29.5	26.1
	Jun 13	534.3	224.8	109.4	98.8	67.6	19.0	33.7	159.4	57.1	28.9	26.5	21.0	29.4	25.9
	Jul 11	533.9	225.7	108.7	99.8	67.7	18.7	32.0	159.4	57.5	28.4	26.7	21.0	29.4	25.8
	Aug 8	531.5	224.1	110.0	99.7	67.2	18.4	30.5	159.2	57.1	28.7	26.6	21.1	29.4	25.7
	Sep 12	530.2	223.5	109.5	100.9	67.2	18.2	29.1	159.0	56.9	28.5	26.8	21.2	29.4	25.6
	Oct 10	528.4	221.4	110.6	100.4	67.7	18.2	28.3	158.1	56.0	28.7	26.4	21.4	29.7	25.6
	Nov 14	525.7	220.1	110.4	100.9	67.4	17.9	26.9	157.4	55.8	28.4	26.2	21.5	29.9	25.5
	Dec 12	523.5	219.0	110.0	101.2	67.2	17.8	26.1	157.4	56.0	28.5	26.1	21.5	29.7	25.3
	Jan 9	522.8	220.4	108.7	101.4	67.3	17.7	25.0	157.3	56.3	28.1	26.1	21.6	29.8	25.2
	Feb 13	524.5	222.5	109.0	102.2	67.2	17.8	23.6	157.8	56.8	28.2	26.2	21.5	29.5	25.1
	Mar 13	524.8	222.7	109.5	102.5	67.5	17.2	22.6	157.7	56.4	28.3	26.3	21.7	29.6	25.0
	Apr 10	523.4	222.3	110.7	101.7	67.0	16.9	21.7	157.1	56.0	28.6	26.1	21.5	29.5	24.9
2003	May 8	526.6	222.2	113.0	102.6	68.2	16.9	20.6	158.7	56.1	29.4	26.4	21.9	29.5	24.9
	Jun 12	525.3	222.2	112.0	103.2	68.2	16.7	19.7	158.6	56.3	28.8	26.6	22.0	29.6	24.9
	Jul 10	519.9	216.8	112.0	103.5	68.7	16.8	18.9	158.3	55.6	28.8	26.7	22.4	29.8	24.8
	Aug 14	514.3	212.4	110.6	103.9	69.2	17.0	18.2	157.0	54.4	28.6	26.7	22.5	30.1	24.8
	Sep 11	512.5	211.7	109.9	103.7	69.3	17.0	17.9	157.2	54.5	28.4	26.9	22.5	30.2	24.9
	Oct 9	509.6	209.6	108.3	104.0	70.0	17.2	17.7	156.1	53.8	28.2	26.8	22.4	30.3	24.9
	Nov 13	503.8	206.5	106.5	103.1	70.1	17.4	17.6	155.0	52.9	27.9	26.6	22.6	30.7	25.0
	Dec 11	497.6	202.4	105.0	102.3	70.3	17.7	17.6	153.6	52.2	27.5	26.4	22.5	30.9	25.0
	Jan 8	488.5	197.4	103.3	100.5	70.2	17.9	17.1	151.8	51.6	27.0	25.8	22.4	31.2	25.0
	Feb 12	485.1	198.8	101.0	98.4	69.8	17.9	17.1	151.1	51.8	26.5	25.4	22.3	31.4	25.1
	Mar 11	482.2	199.5	99.6	97.1	69.1	17.8	16.9	150.5	51.9	26.1	25.3	22.2	31.4	25.0
	Apr 8 R May 13 P	476.9 469.7	197.9 193.9	98.6 97.9	95.0 93.3	68.7 68.0	17.9 18.0	16.7 16.6	148.7 147.2	50.7 50.0	26.2 26.0	24.8 24.4	22.0 21.8	31.6 31.8	25.0 25.0
Male		AG MA			JL HH	JL HI	JL HJ	JL HK	JL HL			JL HN	JL HO	JL HP	JL HQ
2002	May 9	422.1	169.9	84.6	79.9	56.9	20.8	30.8	119.0	40.9	21.2	19.6	16.0	31.3	21.3
	Jun 13	423.0	171.4	86.0	80.3	56.3	20.2	29.0	119.0	40.9	21.1	19.8	16.1	31.3	21.1
	Jul 11	422.5	172.1	85.4	81.2	56.3	19.8	27.5	119.0	41.2	20.7	20.0	16.1	31.2	21.0
	Aug 8	420.7	171.1	86.4	81.2	55.8	19.5	26.2	118.8	40.8	20.9	20.0	16.2	31.2	20.9
	Sep 12	419.3	170.2	86.1	82.2	55.8	19.3	25.0	118.5	40.5	20.7	20.1	16.3	31.4	20.9
	Oct 10	417.5	168.2	87.1	81.8	56.1	19.3	24.3	117.9	39.8	20.9	19.8	16.5	31.7	20.9
	Nov 14	415.1	166.8	87.0	82.2	56.0	19.1	23.1	117.1	39.6	20.7	19.6	16.5	31.8	20.7
	Dec 12	411.9	165.0	86.4	82.4	55.8	19.0	22.3	116.9	39.6	20.7	19.5	16.5	31.7	20.6
	Jan 9	410.6	165.8	85.1	82.5	55.8	18.8	21.4	116.9	40.0	20.3	19.5	16.6	31.7	20.5
	Feb 13	411.7	167.8	84.9	83.1	55.8	18.4	20.1	117.3	40.3	20.4	19.6	16.6	31.5	20.4
	Mar 13	411.2	167.8	85.0	83.2	56.0	18.3	19.2	116.8	39.9	20.3	19.6	16.7	31.7	20.3
	Apr 10	409.5	167.5	85.6	82.4	55.6	18.1	18.4	116.3	39.5	20.6	19.5	16.5	31.6	20.2
2003	May 8	412.3	167.8	87.5	83.0	56.5	17.9	17.5	117.7	39.8	21.2	19.6	16.9	31.5	20.2
	Jun 12	411.4	168.2	86.9	83.2	56.5	17.8	16.6	117.6	40.0	20.7	19.7	17.0	31.6	20.2
	Jul 10	407.0	164.0	86.9	83.3	56.9	17.9	15.9	117.3	39.4	20.7	19.8	17.3	31.9	20.1
	Aug 14	402.5	160.8	85.8	83.3	57.3	18.0	15.3	116.1	38.5	20.6	19.7	17.3	32.1	20.0
	Sep 11	401.0	159.8	85.5	83.2	57.4	18.1	15.1	116.0	38.2	20.5	19.9	17.3	32.2	20.1
	Oct 9	398.6	158.2	84.2	83.4	57.9	18.3	14.9	115.2	37.8	20.3	19.8	17.2	32.4	20.1
	Nov 13	394.1	156.1	82.7	82.7	57.8	18.4	14.8	114.5	37.3	20.0	19.7	17.3	32.8	20.2
	Dec 11	389.0	152.9	81.4	82.1	57.9	18.7	14.7	113.4	36.6	19.7	19.6	17.3	33.1	20.2
	Jan 8	381.8	149.1	80.1	80.6	57.7	18.9	14.3	111.9	36.1	19.3	19.1	17.2	33.4	20.2
	Feb 12	378.9	150.2	78.4	78.8	57.3	18.9	14.2	111.1	36.1	18.9	18.8	17.1	33.6	20.2
	Mar 11	376.8	150.7	77.5	77.8	56.7	18.8	14.1	110.6	36.1	18.6	18.7	17.0	33.6	20.2
	Apr 8 R May 13 P	372.8 366.6	149.9 146.4	76.6 76.1	76.1 74.6	56.3 55.7	18.8 19.0	13.9 13.8	109.3 107.9	35.4 34.8	18.6 18.4	18.3 17.9	16.9 16.7	33.9 34.1	20.1 20.1
Female		JL HR			JL HT	JL HU	JL HV	JL HW	JL HX			JL HZ	JL IA	JL IB	JL IC
2002	May 9	111.3	53.4	23.2	18.4	11.4	14.6	4.9	40.5	16.4	7.7	6.7	4.9	24.0	4.8
	Jun 13	111.3	53.4	23.4	18.5	11.3	14.4	4.7	40.4	16.2	7.8	6.7	4.9	24.0	4.8
	Jul 11	111.4	53.6	23.3	18.6	11.4	14.3	4.5	40.4	16.3	7.7	6.7	4.9	24.0	4.8
	Aug 8	110.8	53.0	23.6	18.5	11.4	14.2	4.3	40.4	16.3	7.8	6.6	4.9	24.0	4.8
	Sep 12	110.9	53.3	23.4	18.7	11.4	14.0	4.1	40.5	16.4	7.8	6.7	4.9	23.7	4.7
	Oct 10	110.9	53.2	23.5	18.6	11.6	14.1	4.0	40.2	16.2	7.8	6.6	4.9	23.9	4.7
	Nov 14	110.6	53.3	23.4	18.7	11.4	13.7	3.8	40.3	16.2	7.7	6.6	5.0	24.3	4.8
	Dec 12	111.6	54.0	23.6	18.8	11.4	13.6	3.8	40.5	16.4	7.8	6.6	5.0	24.0	4.7
	Jan 9	112.2	54.6	23.6	18.9	11.5	13.5	3.6	40.4	16.3	7.8	6.6	5.0	24.0	4.7
	Feb 13	112.8	54.7	24.1	19.1	11.4	13.2	3.5	40.5	16.5	7.8	6.6	4.9	23.7	4.7
	Mar 13	113.6	54.9	24.5	19.3	11.5	13.1	3.4	40.9	16.5	8.0	6.7	5.0	23.7	4.7
	Apr 10	113.9	54.8	25.1	19.3	11.4	12.9	3.3	40.8	16.5	8.0	6.6	5.0	23.8	4.7
	May 8	114.3	54.4	25.5	19.6	11.7	12.9	3.1	41.0	16.3	8.2	6.8	5.0	23.7	4.7
2003	Jun 12	113.9	54.0	25.1	20.0	11.7	13.0	3.1	41.0	16.3	8.1	6.9	5.0	23.7	4.7
	Jul 10	112.9	52.8	25.1	20.2	11.8	13.1	3.0	41.0	16.2	8.1	6.9	5.1	23.9	4.7
	Aug 14	111.8	51.6	24.8	20.6	11.9	13.2	2.9	40.9	15.9	8.0	7.0	5.2	24.4	4.8
	Sep 11	111.5	51.9	24.4	20.5	11.9	13.2	2.8	41.2	16.3	7.9	7.0	5.2	24.3	4.8
	Oct 9	111.0	51.4	24.1	20.6	12.1	13.4	2.8	40.9	16.0	7.9	7.0	5.2	24.4	4.8
	Nov 13	109.7	50.4	23.8	20.4	12.3	13.8	2.8	40.5	15.6	7.9	6.9	5.3	24.9	4.8
	Dec 11	108.6	49.5	23.6	20.2	12.4	14.1	2.9	40.2	15.6	7.8	6.8	5.2	24.9	4.8
	Jan 8	106.7	48.3	23.2	19.9	12.5	14.3	2.8	39.9	15.5	7.7	6.7	5.2	25.1	4.8
	Feb 12	106.2	48.6	22.6	19.6	12.5	14.5	2.9	40.0	15.7	7.6	6.6	5.2	25.3	4.9
	Mar 11	105.4	48.8	22.1	19.3	12.4	14.4	2.8	39.9	15.8	7.5	6.6	5.2	25.1	4.8
	Apr 8 R May 13 P	104.1 103.1	48.0 47.5	22.0 21.8	18.9 18.7	12.4 12.3	14.6 14.6	2.8 2.8	39.4 39.3	15.3 15.2	7.6 7.6	6.5 6.5	5.1 5.1	25.4 25.4	4.9 4.9

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

Note: Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table F.1. The latter include clerically processed claims which currently amount to around 1 per cent of the total claimant count.

R Revised  
P Provisional

# CLAIMANT COUNT

## Claimant count by age and duration: not seasonally adjusted

Thousands and per cent

UNITED KINGDOM	All ages							18-24						
	All computerised claims	Up to 13 weeks	Over 13 weeks and up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	Over 12 and up to 24 months	Per cent claiming over 12 months	All over 24 months	All computerised claims	Up to 13 weeks	Over 13 weeks and up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	Over 12 and up to 24 months	Per cent claiming over 12 months	All over 24 months
<b>All</b>	<b>GEYV</b>			<b>GEVX</b>			<b>GEYZ</b>	<b>GEZA</b>			<b>GEZC</b>			<b>GEZE</b>
2002 May 9	942.3	408.6	205.1	171.3	94.6	16.7	62.7	233.4	128.7	61.1	38.8	4.4	2.1	0.5
Jun 13	925.2	401.9	197.5	171.6	93.8	16.7	60.4	230.0	129.3	57.7	38.0	4.5	2.2	0.5
Jul 11	944.5	432.6	194.4	164.9	93.9	16.2	58.7	248.1	151.5	55.8	35.3	4.8	2.2	0.5
Aug 8	951.1	448.5	186.6	165.3	93.5	15.9	57.3	255.0	161.4	52.5	35.7	4.9	2.1	0.5
Sep 12	924.6	434.5	181.0	160.3	93.1	16.1	55.7	246.8	157.2	51.3	32.8	5.0	2.2	0.5
Oct 10	895.9	415.9	182.5	151.4	92.2	16.3	54.0	231.9	143.6	53.8	29.2	4.9	2.3	0.5
Nov 14	894.3	423.0	181.8	146.1	91.4	16.0	52.1	227.2	141.1	53.9	27.1	4.6	2.2	0.5
Dec 12	908.0	431.0	188.7	145.7	91.7	15.7	50.9	229.4	140.9	56.5	27.0	4.5	2.2	0.5
2003 Jan 9	986.3	471.5	207.4	161.4	95.1	14.8	50.9	253.4	153.9	61.6	32.7	4.7	2.0	0.5
Feb 13	1,001.1	474.5	220.0	162.2	95.1	14.4	49.3	266.1	162.2	65.0	33.7	4.7	2.0	0.5
Mar 13	980.7	448.8	223.7	165.3	94.8	14.6	48.1	260.6	153.8	66.1	35.5	4.6	2.0	0.5
Apr 10	955.8	435.9	210.0	168.8	94.0	14.8	47.1	249.1	145.3	62.5	36.3	4.5	2.0	0.5
May 8	946.9	413.0	217.4	174.8	95.4	15.0	46.4	244.4	134.3	66.9	38.1	4.5	2.1	0.6
Jun 12	928.6	405.0	206.5	176.4	95.4	15.2	45.3	241.2	134.3	63.5	38.2	4.6	2.1	0.6
Jul 10	936.5	420.9	204.8	170.3	95.9	15.0	44.6	254.4	150.5	61.8	36.6	4.7	2.1	0.7
Aug 14	939.3	433.5	191.7	173.2	96.7	15.0	44.2	262.5	161.3	56.6	39.0	5.0	2.2	0.7
Sep 11	912.9	419.6	185.5	167.4	96.6	15.4	43.9	254.0	156.4	55.0	36.7	5.2	2.3	0.7
Oct 9	884.0	403.0	181.9	160.0	95.7	15.7	43.3	239.3	144.4	55.9	33.3	5.0	2.4	0.8
Nov 13	875.6	405.8	179.3	152.3	95.4	15.8	42.8	231.8	139.9	55.7	30.5	4.9	2.5	0.8
Dec 11	881.0	407.2	184.4	150.6	96.3	15.8	42.5	231.7	138.0	57.9	30.2	4.9	2.5	0.8
2004 Jan 8	943.3	435.6	201.8	163.1	99.5	15.1	43.2	250.7	146.5	62.7	35.5	5.2	2.4	0.8
Feb 12	948.2	436.9	210.1	159.0	99.2	15.0	42.9	260.8	154.5	64.7	35.3	5.4	2.4	0.8
Mar 11	923.7	413.9	208.9	160.2	97.8	15.2	42.8	253.4	146.1	64.4	36.7	5.3	2.4	0.8
Apr 8	898.0	402.6	193.5	162.4	97.1	15.5	42.5	242.4	138.9	59.6	37.8	5.3	2.5	0.8
May 13	<b>861.9</b>	<b>367.0</b>	<b>193.6</b>	<b>162.8</b>	<b>96.0</b>	<b>16.1</b>	<b>42.6</b>	<b>229.5</b>	<b>123.4</b>	<b>61.9</b>	<b>38.0</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>0.8</b>
<b>Male</b>	<b>GEZG</b>			<b>GEZI</b>			<b>GEZK</b>	<b>GEZL</b>			<b>GEZN</b>			<b>GEZP</b>
2002 May 9	715.6	299.3	154.6	132.3	76.6	18.1	52.7	163.3	90.1	43.0	27.0	2.9	2.0	0.3
Jun 13	701.0	292.9	148.0	133.6	75.8	18.1	50.7	159.6	89.4	40.2	26.8	2.9	2.0	0.3
Jul 11	706.7	308.2	145.2	128.4	75.7	17.7	49.2	168.3	101.2	38.8	24.9	3.1	2.1	0.3
Aug 8	706.3	315.5	139.2	128.5	75.2	17.4	47.9	171.8	106.9	36.4	24.9	3.2	2.0	0.3
Sep 12	688.7	307.7	134.7	125.0	74.8	17.6	46.5	166.7	104.9	35.3	22.9	3.2	2.1	0.3
Oct 10	671.2	298.2	135.5	118.4	74.1	17.8	45.1	157.8	97.1	36.8	20.4	3.2	2.2	0.3
Nov 14	674.5	307.5	135.5	114.3	73.7	17.4	43.4	156.9	97.5	37.1	18.9	3.0	2.1	0.3
Dec 12	688.8	318.5	139.9	114.0	74.1	16.9	42.3	161.0	100.0	38.8	18.9	2.9	2.0	0.3
2003 Jan 9	746.5	347.4	154.2	125.5	76.9	16.0	42.4	177.6	108.7	42.7	22.8	3.1	1.9	0.3
Feb 13	755.0	346.6	164.4	126.1	77.0	15.6	41.0	186.3	113.6	45.6	23.6	3.2	1.9	0.3
Mar 13	739.0	326.1	168.4	127.8	76.8	15.8	39.9	182.3	107.1	47.1	24.7	3.1	1.9	0.3
Apr 10	718.7	316.1	157.4	130.3	76.0	16.0	39.0	173.8	101.0	44.2	25.3	3.0	1.9	0.3
May 8	712.8	300.6	161.8	135.0	77.1	16.2	38.3	171.1	94.0	47.1	26.7	3.0	2.0	0.4
Jun 12	697.4	293.5	153.1	136.5	77.1	16.4	37.3	168.0	93.3	44.3	26.9	3.1	2.0	0.4
Jul 10	694.4	297.8	151.3	131.3	77.4	16.4	36.6	172.8	100.4	43.1	25.6	3.2	2.1	0.4
Aug 14	690.3	301.9	141.6	132.8	77.9	16.5	36.1	176.6	106.1	39.4	27.3	3.4	2.2	0.4
Sep 11	672.8	293.6	137.0	128.6	77.7	16.9	35.8	171.2	103.4	38.2	25.6	3.5	2.3	0.4
Oct 9	655.3	286.3	133.5	123.1	77.0	17.1	35.3	162.4	97.1	38.1	23.2	3.4	2.4	0.5
Nov 13	653.8	293.1	131.5	117.5	76.7	17.1	34.9	159.0	95.9	38.0	21.3	3.3	2.4	0.5
Dec 11	663.2	300.1	134.6	116.3	77.4	16.9	34.7	161.4	97.0	39.2	21.3	3.3	2.4	0.5
2004 Jan 8	710.0	321.0	148.4	125.3	80.0	16.2	35.3	175.1	103.4	42.9	24.8	3.5	2.3	0.5
Feb 12	710.5	318.2	155.7	122.0	79.6	16.1	35.0	181.5	107.9	44.9	24.5	3.7	2.3	0.5
Mar 11	691.5	299.1	156.8	122.3	78.4	16.4	34.9	176.2	101.1	45.5	25.3	3.7	2.4	0.5
Apr 8	670.7	290.1	144.8	123.6	77.6	16.7	34.6	168.1	96.1	42.0	25.9	3.6	2.5	0.5
May 13	<b>644.3</b>	<b>265.5</b>	<b>143.4</b>	<b>124.0</b>	<b>76.7</b>	<b>17.3</b>	<b>34.7</b>	<b>159.3</b>	<b>85.8</b>	<b>43.2</b>	<b>26.2</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>0.5</b>
<b>Female</b>	<b>GEZR</b>			<b>GEZT</b>			<b>GEZV</b>	<b>GEZW</b>			<b>GEZY</b>			<b>GEYU</b>
2002 May 9	226.7	109.3	50.6	39.0	17.9	12.3	9.9	70.1	38.6	18.1	11.8	1.5	2.4	0.2
Jun 13	224.2	109.0	49.5	38.0	17.9	12.3	9.7	70.4	39.9	17.5	11.2	1.5	2.4	0.2
Jul 11	237.8	124.4	49.2	36.5	18.2	11.7	9.6	79.8	50.4	17.0	10.5	1.7	2.4	0.2
Aug 8	244.8	133.0	47.3	36.8	18.3	11.3	9.4	83.3	54.5	16.1	10.8	1.7	2.3	0.2
Sep 12	235.9	126.8	46.2	35.3	18.3	11.7	9.2	80.2	52.3	16.0	9.9	1.8	2.4	0.2
Oct 10	224.7	117.7	47.0	33.0	18.1	12.0	9.0	74.2	46.5	16.9	8.8	1.7	2.5	0.2
Nov 14	219.9	115.5	46.3	31.7	17.7	12.0	8.7	70.3	43.6	16.8	8.2	1.6	2.5	0.2
Dec 12	219.1	112.5	48.8	31.7	17.6	11.9	8.5	68.4	40.9	17.7	8.1	1.5	2.5	0.2
2003 Jan 9	239.8	124.0	53.2	35.8	18.2	11.1	8.5	75.8	45.2	19.0	9.9	1.6	2.3	0.2
Feb 13	246.0	127.9	55.7	36.1	18.1	10.7	8.3	79.8	48.6	19.4	10.1	1.6	2.2	0.2
Mar 13	241.6	122.7	55.3	37.5	18.0	10.8	8.2	78.3	46.7	19.0	10.9	1.5	2.2	0.2
Apr 10	237.1	119.8	52.7	38.5	18.0	11.0	8.1	75.3	44.2	18.3	11.1	1.5	2.2	0.2
May 8	234.1	112.4	55.6	39.8	18.3	11.3	8.1	73.3	40.3	19.9	11.5	1.5	2.4	0.2
Jun 12	231.1	111.5	53.4	39.9	18.4	11.4	8.0	73.3	41.1	19.2	11.3	1.5	2.4	0.2
Jul 10	242.1	123.1	53.5	39.0	18.6	11.0	8.0	81.6	50.1	18.7	11.0	1.6	2.2	0.3
Aug 14	248.9	131.6	50.1	40.4	18.8	10.8	8.1	85.9	55.2	17.1	11.7	1.6	2.2	0.3
Sep 11	240.1	125.9	48.4	38.8	18.9	11.2	8.0	82.8	52.9	16.8	11.1	1.7	2.4	0.3
Oct 9	228.7	116.7	48.4	36.9	18.7	11.7	8.0	76.9	47.2	17.8	10.0	1.6	2.4	0.3
Nov 13	221.8	112.8	47.7	34.8	18.7	12.0	7.9	72.8	44.0	17.7	9.2	1.6	2.6	0.3
Dec 11	217.8	107.1	49.7	34.2	18.9	12.3	7.8	70.4	40.9	18.6	8.9	1.6	2.7	0.3
2004 Jan 8	233.3	114.6	53.4	37.8	19.5	11.8	8.0	75.6	43.1	19.8	10.7	1.7	2.6	0.3
Feb 12	237.7	118.8	54.4	37.1	19.5	11.6	8.0	79.3	46.7	19.8	10.8	1.7	2.5	0.3
Mar 11	232.2	114.8	52.2	38.0	19.4	11.8	7.9	77.2	44.9	19.0	11.4	1.7	2.6	0.3
Apr 8	227.3	112.5	48.7	38.8	19.4	12.0	7.9	74.3	42.8	17.7	11.8	1.6	2.6	0.3
May 13	<b>217.7</b>	<b>101.5</b>	<b>50.2</b>	<b>38.8</b>	<b>19.2</b>	<b>12.5</b>	<b>8.0</b>	<b>70.2</b>	<b>37.7</b>	<b>18.7</b>	<b>11.9</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>0.3</b>

Note: Formerly Table C.12. Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table F.1. The latter include clerically processed claims which currently amount to around 1 per cent of the total claimant count.



# CLAIMANT COUNT

## Claimant count by age and duration: not seasonally adjusted

F.2

Thousands and per cent

UNITED KINGDOM			25-49						50 and over								
			All computerised claims	Up to 13 weeks	Over 13 weeks and up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	Over 12 and up to 24 months	Percent claiming over 12 months	All over 24 months	All computerised claims	Up to 13 weeks	Over 13 weeks and up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	Over 12 and up to 24 months	Percent claiming over 12 months	All over 24 months	
All			GEZF			IACM			IACS	IACY			IACB			IADH	
2002	May	9	535.3	214.3	112.2	103.8	69.0	19.6	36.0	160.3	55.7	29.3	28.0	21.2	29.5	26.2	
		Jun	526.3	210.1	109.0	105.1	68.2	19.4	34.0	156.5	53.5	28.2	27.9	21.0	30.0	26.0	
	Jul	11	527.9	218.0	107.8	101.8	67.9	19.0	32.4	156.3	54.1	28.3	27.0	21.1	30.0	25.9	
		Aug	528.1	223.3	104.3	101.9	67.5	18.7	31.1	156.4	55.3	27.4	26.8	21.0	29.9	25.8	
		Sep	514.5	216.0	101.5	100.4	67.1	18.8	29.5	152.6	53.3	26.3	26.3	20.9	30.6	25.7	
	Oct	10	502.5	210.8	101.4	96.0	66.2	18.8	28.1	150.8	53.2	25.6	25.5	21.0	30.8	25.5	
		Nov	503.9	217.0	101.1	93.9	65.6	18.3	26.3	152.6	56.5	25.3	24.4	21.1	30.4	25.3	
		Dec	513.0	223.6	104.2	94.0	66.0	17.8	25.3	155.0	58.3	26.2	24.1	21.2	29.9	25.1	
	2003	Jan	9	554.1	244.8	113.9	101.8	68.5	16.9	25.1	167.5	64.4	29.7	26.3	21.9	28.2	25.3
			Feb	554.1	240.1	120.3	101.7	68.3	16.6	23.6	166.6	60.7	32.6	26.2	21.9	28.3	25.2
			Mar	542.6	226.8	122.5	102.7	68.1	16.7	22.5	163.0	56.5	33.0	26.5	21.9	28.8	25.1
Apr		10	531.6	222.8	115.2	104.7	67.5	16.7	21.5	161.2	56.9	30.4	27.1	21.9	29.1	25.0	
		May	529.2	214.0	117.7	107.9	68.7	16.9	20.9	159.5	54.6	29.9	28.0	22.1	29.5	25.0	
		Jun	518.1	208.3	112.0	109.4	68.7	17.1	19.8	155.9	52.8	28.1	28.0	22.1	30.2	24.9	
Jul		10	514.2	209.1	111.4	105.6	68.8	17.1	19.2	155.1	52.2	28.6	27.2	22.3	30.4	24.8	
		Aug	510.5	211.2	105.2	106.2	69.3	17.2	18.7	154.1	52.6	27.3	27.0	22.3	30.6	24.8	
		Sep	496.8	204.1	102.0	103.3	69.2	17.6	18.3	150.7	51.0	26.2	26.4	22.2	31.2	24.8	
Oct		9	484.5	199.2	99.2	99.9	68.5	17.8	17.7	148.9	51.0	25.0	26.0	22.1	31.5	24.8	
		Nov	482.3	203.3	97.2	96.2	68.3	17.7	17.2	150.5	54.0	24.8	24.8	22.1	31.2	24.8	
		Dec	486.9	206.6	99.2	95.1	69.2	17.7	16.8	151.3	54.5	25.3	24.4	22.2	31.1	24.9	
2004	Jan	8	519.1	221.2	108.3	100.8	71.4	17.1	17.3	162.2	59.7	28.5	26.0	22.8	29.6	25.2	
		Feb	513.7	215.9	112.2	97.7	71.0	17.1	17.0	159.3	55.3	30.8	25.4	22.6	30.0	25.1	
		Mar	500.1	204.1	111.8	97.3	70.0	17.4	16.9	155.8	52.4	30.6	25.4	22.4	30.5	25.1	
	Apr	8	488.5	201.0	103.7	98.0	69.3	17.6	16.6	153.4	52.0	28.1	25.8	22.4	31.0	25.1	
		May	471.6	186.0	102.2	98.0	68.6	18.1	16.8	147.9	48.4	26.6	25.9	21.9	31.8	25.1	
	Male		IACI			IACN			IACT	IACW			IADC			IADI	
	2002	May	9	425.2	163.9	88.6	84.1	57.5	20.8	31.1	120.0	40.0	21.6	20.8	16.2	31.3	21.4
			Jun	417.5	160.2	85.7	85.5	56.8	20.6	29.2	117.2	38.4	20.6	20.9	16.1	31.8	21.1
		Jul	11	415.4	163.9	84.5	82.8	56.4	20.3	27.8	116.3	38.2	20.6	20.4	16.1	31.9	21.0
			Aug	413.0	165.7	81.7	82.9	55.9	20.0	26.7	115.2	38.2	19.9	20.2	16.1	32.1	21.0
Sep			403.5	161.4	79.5	81.8	55.5	20.0	25.3	112.9	37.2	19.0	19.8	16.1	32.7	20.9	
Oct		10	395.6	159.1	79.4	78.4	54.8	19.9	24.0	112.2	37.7	18.4	19.2	16.1	32.9	20.7	
		Nov	398.2	165.1	79.4	76.7	54.5	19.3	22.6	113.8	40.5	18.3	18.3	16.2	32.3	20.5	
		Dec	406.5	172.2	81.2	76.8	54.8	18.8	21.6	115.6	41.9	18.9	18.1	16.3	31.8	20.4	
2003		Jan	9	437.8	187.7	88.9	82.8	56.9	17.9	21.5	125.0	46.5	21.5	19.5	16.9	30.0	20.6
			Feb	436.8	182.9	94.0	82.7	56.9	17.6	20.2	124.2	43.6	23.6	19.5	16.9	30.1	20.5
			Mar	427.5	172.2	96.3	83.2	56.7	17.7	19.2	121.4	40.4	24.0	19.7	16.9	30.7	20.4
	Apr	10	417.4	168.6	89.9	84.5	56.0	17.8	18.3	119.9	40.4	22.2	20.1	16.9	31.0	20.3	
		May	415.5	162.1	91.5	87.2	57.0	18.0	17.7	118.7	39.0	21.7	20.8	17.0	31.4	20.3	
		Jun	406.3	157.5	86.9	88.3	56.9	18.1	16.8	116.0	37.5	20.3	20.9	17.1	32.1	20.2	
	Jul	10	400.2	156.1	86.1	85.0	56.9	18.3	16.2	114.5	36.4	20.5	20.3	17.2	32.6	20.1	
		Aug	394.6	155.3	81.2	85.0	57.3	18.5	15.7	112.6	35.9	19.5	19.9	17.2	33.1	20.0	
		Sep	385.1	150.9	78.9	82.9	57.1	18.8	15.4	110.3	35.0	18.7	19.6	17.0	33.6	20.0	
	Oct	9	377.2	149.1	76.6	80.2	56.6	18.9	14.8	109.7	35.7	17.8	19.2	17.0	33.7	20.0	
		Nov	377.7	154.4	75.2	77.3	56.3	18.7	14.4	111.3	38.2	17.6	18.4	17.0	33.3	20.0	
		Dec	383.8	159.8	76.4	76.5	57.0	18.5	14.1	112.2	38.9	18.0	18.1	17.1	33.1	20.1	
2004	Jan	8	408.7	170.5	83.9	80.9	58.9	17.9	14.4	120.2	42.7	20.5	19.1	17.5	31.5	20.3	
		Feb	403.6	165.1	87.4	78.4	58.5	18.0	14.2	117.7	39.2	22.2	18.7	17.4	32.0	20.3	
		Mar	392.7	155.1	88.1	77.8	57.6	18.2	14.1	115.0	36.8	22.1	18.7	17.1	32.5	20.3	
	Apr	8	382.5	152.1	81.5	78.3	56.8	18.5	13.8	112.8	36.2	20.3	19.0	17.2	33.1	20.2	
		May	369.1	140.8	79.8	78.4	56.2	19.0	14.0	109.0	34.0	19.0	19.0	16.8	34.0	20.2	
	Female		IACJ			IACO			IACU	IACX			IADD			IADJ	
	2002	May	9	110.2	50.5	23.6	19.7	11.4	14.9	5.0	40.3	15.7	7.6	7.2	4.9	24.2	4.8
			Jun	108.8	49.8	23.3	19.5	11.4	14.8	4.7	39.3	15.1	7.5	6.9	4.9	24.8	4.8
		Jul	11	112.5	54.1	23.3	19.0	11.5	14.3	4.6	40.1	15.9	7.7	6.6	5.0	24.4	4.8
			Aug	115.1	57.6	22.6	18.9	11.6	13.9	4.4	41.2	17.2	7.6	6.7	4.9	23.7	4.8
Sep			111.0	54.6	22.0	18.5	11.6	14.3	4.2	39.7	16.1	7.4	6.6	4.9	24.4	4.8	
Oct		10	106.9	51.7	22.1	17.6	11.5	14.5	4.1	38.6	15.5	7.1	6.3	4.9	24.9	4.7	
		Nov	105.8	51.9	21.7	17.2	11.2	14.2	3.8	38.8	16.0	7.0	6.1	4.9	24.8	4.7	
		Dec	106.4	51.4	23.0	17.2	11.2	14.0	3.7	39.4	16.5	7.3	6.0	4.9	24.3	4.7	
2003		Jan	9	116.3	57.2	24.9	19.0	11.6	13.1	3.6	42.6	17.9	8.2	6.7	5.0	22.9	4.7
			Feb	117.3	57.2	26.2	19.0	11.5	12.7	3.4	42.4	17.0	8.9	6.8	5.0	22.9	4.7
			Mar	115.1	54.6	26.3	19.5	11.4	12.8	3.3	41.7	16.2	9.0	6.8	5.0	23.3	4.7
	Apr	10	114.2	54.2	25.2	20.2	11.5	12.8	3.2	41.3	16.5	8.2	6.9	5.0	23.4	4.7	
		May	113.7	52.0	26.1	20.7	11.7	13.1	3.2	40.8	15.6	8.2	7.2	5.1	23.9	4.7	
		Jun	111.8	50.8	25.1	21.1	11.8	13.3	3.1	39.9	15.3	7.8	7.1	5.1	24.4	4.7	
	Jul	10	114.0	53.1	25.3	20.7	11.9	13.1	3.0	40.7	15.8	8.1	6.9	5.1	24.2	4.7	
		Aug	115.9	55.8	24.0	21.1	12.0	12.9	3.0	41.5	16.7	7.8	7.1	5.1	23.9	4.8	
		Sep	111.7	53.2	23.1	20.4	12.1	13.5	3.0	40.3	16.0	7.5	6.9	5.1	24.6	4.8	
	Oct	9	107.3	50.1	22.6	19.8	11.9	13.8	2.9	39.2	15.3	7.2	6.7	5.1	25.3	4.8	
		Nov	104.6	48.9	22.0	18.9	12.0	14.1	2.8	39.2	15.8	7.2	6.3	5.1	25.2	4.8	
		Dec	103.1	46.8	22.8	18.6	12.2	14.4	2.7	39.2	15.6	7.3	6.3	5.1	25.3	4.8	
2004	Jan	8	110.4	50.7	24.4	19.9	12.6	14.0	2.8	42.0	17.1	8.0	6.8	5.3	24.0	4.8	
		Feb	110.2	50.8	24.8	19.3	12.5	13.9	2.8	41.6	16.1	8.7	6.7	5.3	24.3	4.8	
		Mar	107.4	49.0	23.7	19.5	12.4	14.2	2.8	40.8	15.6						

# F.3 CLAIMANT COUNT

## Claimant count by age and duration

Government Office Regions as at May 13 2004

Duration of claims in weeks	Male				Female				Male				Female			
	18-24	25-49	50 and over	All ages <sup>a</sup>	18-24	25-49	50 and over	All ages <sup>a</sup>	18-24	25-49	50 and over	All ages <sup>a</sup>	18-24	25-49	50 and over	All ages <sup>a</sup>
<b>NORTH EAST</b>									<b>SOUTH WEST</b>							
13 or less	5,870	7,602	1,996	15,816	2,052	2,049	621	4,953	4,112	7,676	2,170	14,212	1,935	2,666	1,021	5,822
Over 13 and up to 26	2,860	4,171	971	8,121	1,141	982	334	2,565	1,767	3,827	1,155	6,838	787	1,125	498	2,483
26 and up to 52	1,745	4,179	1,022	6,968	647	766	343	1,774	882	3,280	1,074	5,261	373	894	397	1,692
52 and up to 104	163	2,678	854	3,699	75	458	165	701	130	1,890	750	2,773	77	461	225	764
Over 104	12	563	1,447	2,022	4	100	239	343	30	427	777	1,234	22	86	221	329
Per cent claiming over 52 weeks	1.6	16.9	36.6	15.6	2.0	12.8	23.7	10.1	2.3	13.5	25.8	13.2	3.1	10.5	18.9	9.9
<b>All</b>	<b>10,650</b>	<b>19,193</b>	<b>6,290</b>	<b>36,626</b>	<b>3,919</b>	<b>4,355</b>	<b>1,702</b>	<b>10,336</b>	<b>6,921</b>	<b>17,100</b>	<b>5,926</b>	<b>30,318</b>	<b>3,194</b>	<b>5,232</b>	<b>2,362</b>	<b>11,090</b>
<b>NORTH WEST</b>									<b>ENGLAND</b>							
13 or less	11,594	16,853	3,893	33,004	4,867	4,773	1,504	11,699	68,036	115,267	27,729	214,484	30,451	37,466	12,056	82,973
Over 13 and up to 26	5,881	9,271	2,040	17,367	2,466	2,244	743	5,630	34,303	65,076	15,511	115,934	15,313	18,758	6,277	41,432
26 and up to 52	3,441	8,710	1,956	14,154	1,431	1,808	604	3,897	20,835	63,302	15,200	99,624	9,750	16,463	5,719	32,232
52 and up to 104	483	6,275	1,692	8,456	199	1,151	480	1,833	3,093	44,672	13,159	60,970	1,452	10,447	4,169	16,102
Over 104	68	1,825	2,121	4,014	42	309	394	745	464	11,865	15,298	27,628	257	2,473	3,793	6,523
Per cent claiming over 52 weeks	2.6	18.9	32.6	16.2	2.7	14.2	23.5	10.8	2.8	18.8	32.7	17.1	3.0	15.1	24.9	12.6
<b>All</b>	<b>21,467</b>	<b>42,934</b>	<b>11,702</b>	<b>76,995</b>	<b>9,005</b>	<b>10,285</b>	<b>3,725</b>	<b>23,804</b>	<b>126,731</b>	<b>300,182</b>	<b>86,897</b>	<b>518,640</b>	<b>57,223</b>	<b>85,607</b>	<b>32,014</b>	<b>179,262</b>
<b>YORKSHIRE AND THE HUMBER</b>									<b>WALES</b>							
13 or less	8,269	13,110	3,106	24,920	3,467	3,700	1,242	8,798	4,912	6,365	1,588	13,070	2,130	1,950	648	4,922
Over 13 and up to 26	4,058	7,213	1,686	13,036	1,669	1,793	600	4,161	2,437	3,638	912	7,032	985	883	354	2,269
26 and up to 52	2,094	6,403	1,555	10,078	928	1,488	527	2,960	1,343	3,385	890	5,626	535	715	285	1,540
52 and up to 104	193	4,234	1,355	5,784	85	839	372	1,296	107	2,163	745	3,015	49	386	197	634
Over 104	37	603	1,773	2,414	22	144	402	568	19	700	926	1,645	10	116	199	325
Per cent claiming over 52 weeks	1.6	15.3	33.0	14.6	1.7	12.3	24.6	10.5	1.4	17.6	33.0	15.3	1.6	12.4	23.5	9.9
<b>All</b>	<b>14,651</b>	<b>31,563</b>	<b>9,475</b>	<b>56,232</b>	<b>6,171</b>	<b>7,964</b>	<b>3,143</b>	<b>17,783</b>	<b>8,818</b>	<b>16,251</b>	<b>5,061</b>	<b>30,388</b>	<b>3,709</b>	<b>4,050</b>	<b>1,683</b>	<b>9,690</b>
<b>EAST MIDLANDS</b>									<b>SCOTLAND</b>							
13 or less	5,185	8,407	2,306	16,172	2,384	2,992	1,220	6,839	9,819	15,645	3,939	30,650	3,889	4,664	1,447	10,966
Over 13 and up to 26	2,517	4,758	1,239	8,590	1,170	1,496	641	3,407	4,810	8,788	2,129	16,042	1,825	2,255	783	5,160
26 and up to 52	1,459	4,429	1,139	7,047	756	1,178	473	2,433	2,705	8,605	2,330	13,738	1,069	1,760	620	3,538
52 and up to 104	317	3,358	1,095	4,773	128	778	384	1,292	191	5,860	2,030	8,094	106	1,042	473	1,631
Over 104	27	772	1,222	2,021	12	134	307	453	30	1,025	2,326	3,381	22	154	475	651
Per cent claiming over 52 weeks	3.6	19.0	33.1	17.6	3.1	13.9	22.8	12.1	1.3	17.2	34.2	16.0	1.9	12.1	25.0	10.4
<b>All</b>	<b>9,505</b>	<b>21,724</b>	<b>7,001</b>	<b>38,603</b>	<b>4,450</b>	<b>6,578</b>	<b>3,025</b>	<b>14,424</b>	<b>17,555</b>	<b>39,923</b>	<b>12,754</b>	<b>71,905</b>	<b>6,911</b>	<b>9,875</b>	<b>3,798</b>	<b>21,946</b>
<b>WEST MIDLANDS</b>									<b>GREAT BRITAIN</b>							
13 or less	9,413	13,991	3,493	27,237	3,979	4,260	1,437	9,985	82,767	137,277	33,256	258,204	36,470	44,080	14,151	98,861
Over 13 and up to 26	4,572	7,949	1,957	14,589	1,974	2,087	744	4,920	41,550	77,502	18,552	139,008	18,123	21,896	7,414	48,861
26 and up to 52	2,674	8,167	2,126	12,994	1,313	1,880	722	3,946	24,883	75,292	18,420	118,988	11,354	18,938	6,624	37,310
52 and up to 104	390	5,806	1,804	8,014	174	1,268	488	1,934	3,391	52,695	15,934	72,079	1,607	11,875	4,839	18,367
Over 104	57	2,214	2,066	4,337	34	386	474	894	513	13,590	18,550	32,654	289	2,743	4,467	7,499
Per cent claiming over 52 weeks	2.6	21.0	33.8	18.4	2.8	16.7	24.9	13.0	2.5	18.6	32.9	16.9	2.8	14.7	24.8	12.3
<b>All</b>	<b>17,106</b>	<b>38,127</b>	<b>11,446</b>	<b>67,171</b>	<b>7,474</b>	<b>9,881</b>	<b>3,865</b>	<b>21,679</b>	<b>153,104</b>	<b>356,356</b>	<b>104,712</b>	<b>620,933</b>	<b>67,843</b>	<b>99,532</b>	<b>37,495</b>	<b>210,898</b>
<b>EAST</b>									<b>NORTHERN IRELAND</b>							
13 or less	5,107	9,796	2,837	18,041	2,552	3,639	1,371	7,832	3,017	3,500	698	7,255	1,188	1,122	287	2,639
Over 13 and up to 26	2,529	5,189	1,552	9,338	1,146	1,642	713	3,606	1,651	2,251	442	4,362	615	563	182	1,370
26 and up to 52	1,435	4,478	1,318	7,258	650	1,211	572	2,465	1,282	3,119	614	5,021	523	678	246	1,451
52 and up to 104	279	2,776	1,115	4,172	133	690	391	1,216	223	3,525	906	4,654	68	542	240	851
Over 104	53	492	1,062	1,607	28	111	283	422	17	369	1,641	2,027	4	66	397	467
Per cent claiming over 52 weeks	3.5	14.4	27.6	14.3	3.6	11.0	20.2	10.5	3.9	30.5	59.2	28.7	3	20.5	47.1	19.4
<b>All</b>	<b>9,403</b>	<b>22,731</b>	<b>7,884</b>	<b>40,416</b>	<b>4,509</b>	<b>7,293</b>	<b>3,330</b>	<b>15,541</b>	<b>6,190</b>	<b>12,764</b>	<b>4,301</b>	<b>23,319</b>	<b>2,398</b>	<b>2,971</b>	<b>1,352</b>	<b>6,778</b>
<b>LONDON</b>									<b>UNITED KINGDOM</b>							
13 or less	12,382	25,414	4,299	42,578	6,424	9,233	2,085	18,241	85,784	140,777	33,954	265,459	37,658	45,202	14,438	101,500
Over 13 and up to 26	7,061	15,584	2,696	25,537	3,579	5,254	1,204	10,230	43,201	79,753	18,994	143,370	18,738	22,459	7,596	50,231
26 and up to 52	5,464	17,378	3,000	25,906	2,893	5,579	1,381	9,917	26,165	78,411	19,034	124,009	11,877	19,616	6,870	38,761
52 and up to 104	851	13,756	2,952	17,566	441	3,880	1,176	5,512	3,614	56,220	16,840	76,733	1,675	12,417	5,079	19,218
Over 104	125	4,153	3,520	7,798	61	993	1,127	2,181	530	13,959	20,191	34,681	293	2,809	4,864	7,966
Per cent claiming over 52 weeks	3.8	23.5	39.3	21.2	3.7	19.5	33.0	16.7	2.6	19.0	34.0	17.3	2.8	14.9	25.6	12.5
<b>All</b>	<b>25,883</b>	<b>76,285</b>	<b>16,467</b>	<b>119,385</b>	<b>13,398</b>	<b>24,939</b>	<b>6,973</b>	<b>46,081</b>	<b>159,294</b>	<b>369,120</b>	<b>109,013</b>	<b>644,252</b>	<b>70,241</b>	<b>102,503</b>	<b>38,847</b>	<b>217,676</b>
<b>SOUTH EAST</b>																
13 or less	6,104	12,418	3,629	22,504	2,791	4,154	1,555	8,804								
Over 13 and up to 26	3,058	7,114	2,215	12,518	1,381	2,135	800	4,430								
26 and up to 52	1,641	6,278	2,010	9,958	759	1,659	700	3,148								
52 and up to 104	287	3,899	1,542	5,733	140	922	488	1,554								
Over 104	55	816	1,310	2,181	32	210	346	588								
Per cent claiming over 52 weeks	3.1	15.4	26.6	15.0	3.4	12.5	21.4	11.6								
<b>All</b>	<b>11,145</b>	<b>30,525</b>	<b>10,706</b>	<b>52,894</b>	<b>5,103</b>	<b>9,080</b>	<b>3,889</b>	<b>18,524</b>								

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

<sup>a</sup> Includes some people aged under 18. These figures have been affected by the change in benefit regulations for under 18-year-olds introduced in September 1988.

Note: Formerly Table C.13. Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table F.1. The latter include clerically processed claims which currently amount to around 1 per cent of the total claimant count.

# CLAIMANT COUNT F.12

## Claimant count area statistics

Counties, unitary authorities and local authority districts as at May 13 2004

	Male	Female	All	Percentage of working-age population <sup>a</sup>		Male	Female	All	Percentage of working-age population <sup>a</sup>
<b>UNITED KINGDOM</b>	<b>649,641</b>	<b>220,012</b>	<b>869,653</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>South Yorkshire (Met County)</b>	<b>15,551</b>	<b>4,697</b>	<b>20,248</b>	<b>2.6</b>
<b>NORTH EAST</b>	<b>36,827</b>	<b>10,416</b>	<b>47,243</b>	<b>3.1</b>	Barnsley	2,117	671	2,788	2.1
Darlington UA	1,298	369	1,667	2.8	Doncaster	3,365	1,084	4,449	2.6
Hartlepool UA	1,850	446	2,296	4.4	Rotherham	2,827	881	3,708	2.4
Middlesbrough UA	3,421	845	4,266	5.2	Sheffield	7,242	2,061	9,303	2.9
Redcar and Cleveland UA	2,403	609	3,012	3.6	<b>West Yorkshire (Met County)</b>	<b>23,880</b>	<b>7,369</b>	<b>31,249</b>	<b>2.4</b>
Stockton-on-Tees UA	3,001	870	3,871	3.5	Bradford	6,859	1,951	8,810	3.1
<b>County Durham</b>	<b>4,550</b>	<b>1,541</b>	<b>6,091</b>	<b>2.0</b>	Calderdale	2,015	625	2,640	2.2
Chester-le-Street	419	109	528	1.6	Kirklees	3,573	1,196	4,769	2.0
Derwentside	746	250	996	1.9	Leeds	8,566	2,604	11,170	2.5
Durham	668	219	887	1.5	Wakefield	2,867	993	3,860	2.0
Easington	897	279	1,176	2.1	<b>EAST MIDLANDS</b>	<b>38,905</b>	<b>14,567</b>	<b>53,472</b>	<b>2.1</b>
Sedgefield	985	366	1,351	2.6	<b>Derby UA</b>	<b>3,127</b>	<b>1,026</b>	<b>4,153</b>	<b>3.1</b>
Teesdale	123	60	183	1.2	<b>Leicester UA</b>	<b>6,382</b>	<b>2,494</b>	<b>8,876</b>	<b>4.9</b>
Wear Valley	712	258	970	2.6	<b>Nottingham UA</b>	<b>5,208</b>	<b>1,433</b>	<b>6,641</b>	<b>3.8</b>
<b>Northumberland</b>	<b>3,284</b>	<b>1,145</b>	<b>4,429</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>Rutland UA</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>0.4</b>
Alnwick	264	103	367	2.0	<b>Derbyshire</b>	<b>5,916</b>	<b>2,332</b>	<b>8,248</b>	<b>1.8</b>
Berwick-upon-Tweed	264	100	364	2.4	Amber Valley	804	345	1,149	1.6
Blyth Valley	1,037	354	1,391	2.7	Bolsover	736	317	1,053	2.4
Castle Morpeth	370	124	494	1.7	Chesterfield	1,363	447	1,810	3.0
Tynedale	357	152	509	1.4	Derbyshire Dales	290	129	419	1.0
Wansbeck	992	312	1,304	3.5	Erewash	876	373	1,249	1.8
<b>Tyne and Wear (Met County)</b>	<b>17,020</b>	<b>4,591</b>	<b>21,611</b>	<b>3.3</b>	High Peak	594	208	802	1.5
Gateshead	2,576	733	3,309	2.9	North East Derbyshire	857	327	1,184	2.0
Newcastle upon Tyne	4,319	1,022	5,341	3.2	South Derbyshire	396	186	582	1.1
North Tyneside	2,669	793	3,462	3.0	<b>Leicestershire</b>	<b>3,421</b>	<b>1,592</b>	<b>5,013</b>	<b>1.3</b>
South Tyneside	3,222	844	4,066	4.5	Blaby	441	229	670	1.2
Sunderland	4,234	1,199	5,433	3.1	Charnwood	1,096	505	1,601	1.6
<b>NORTH WEST</b>	<b>77,571</b>	<b>24,033</b>	<b>101,604</b>	<b>2.5</b>	Harborough	257	117	374	0.8
<b>Blackburn with Darwen UA</b>	<b>1,743</b>	<b>525</b>	<b>2,268</b>	<b>2.7</b>	Hinckley and Bosworth	582	296	878	1.4
<b>Blackpool UA</b>	<b>1,751</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>2,253</b>	<b>2.7</b>	Melton	205	88	293	1.0
<b>Halton UA</b>	<b>1,643</b>	<b>532</b>	<b>2,175</b>	<b>2.9</b>	North West Leicestershire	471	195	666	1.2
<b>Warrington UA</b>	<b>1,473</b>	<b>437</b>	<b>1,910</b>	<b>1.6</b>	Oadby and Wigston	369	162	531	1.5
<b>Cheshire</b>	<b>4,004</b>	<b>1,356</b>	<b>5,360</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>Lincolnshire</b>	<b>4,289</b>	<b>1,691</b>	<b>5,980</b>	<b>1.5</b>
Chester	764	279	1,043	1.4	Boston	295	101	396	1.2
Congleton	396	157	553	1.0	East Lindsey	886	334	1,220	1.6
Crewe and Nantwich	752	258	1,010	1.5	Lincoln	1,095	326	1,421	2.6
Ellesmere Port and Neston	625	170	795	1.6	North Kesteven	400	182	582	1.0
Macclesfield	656	211	867	1.0	South Holland	360	178	538	1.2
Vale Royal	811	281	1,092	1.4	South Kesteven	568	299	867	1.1
<b>Cumbria</b>	<b>4,239</b>	<b>1,334</b>	<b>5,573</b>	<b>1.9</b>	West Lindsey	685	271	956	2.0
Allerdale	941	313	1,254	2.2	<b>Northamptonshire</b>	<b>5,051</b>	<b>1,976</b>	<b>7,027</b>	<b>1.8</b>
Barrow-in-Furness	902	209	1,111	2.6	Corby	753	288	1,041	3.2
Carlisle	869	317	1,186	1.9	Daventry	431	219	650	1.4
Copeland	1,001	288	1,289	3.1	East Northamptonshire	458	220	678	1.4
Eden	151	59	210	0.7	Kettering	617	240	857	1.7
South Lakeland	375	148	523	0.9	Northampton	1,985	686	2,671	2.2
<b>Greater Manchester (Met County)</b>	<b>29,446</b>	<b>9,036</b>	<b>38,482</b>	<b>2.5</b>	South Northamptonshire	270	98	368	0.7
Bolton	2,688	861	3,549	2.2	Wellingborough	537	225	762	1.7
Bury	1,370	487	1,857	1.7	<b>Nottinghamshire</b>	<b>5,444</b>	<b>1,999</b>	<b>7,443</b>	<b>1.6</b>
Manchester	8,815	2,468	11,283	4.1	Ashfield	991	367	1,358	1.9
Oldham	2,579	751	3,330	2.5	Bassetlaw	911	326	1,237	1.9
Rochdale	2,417	779	3,196	2.5	Broxtowe	714	261	975	1.5
Salford	2,697	744	3,441	2.6	Gedling	764	273	1,037	1.5
Stockport	1,917	615	2,532	1.5	Mansfield	952	361	1,313	2.2
Tameside	2,192	766	2,958	2.3	Newark and Sherwood	657	247	904	1.4
Trafford	1,657	495	2,152	1.7	Rushcliffe	455	164	619	0.9
Wigan	3,114	1,070	4,184	2.2	<b>WEST MIDLANDS</b>	<b>67,790</b>	<b>21,936</b>	<b>89,726</b>	<b>2.8</b>
<b>Lancashire</b>	<b>9,078</b>	<b>3,037</b>	<b>12,115</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>Herefordshire, County of UA</b>	<b>1,128</b>	<b>463</b>	<b>1,591</b>	<b>1.5</b>
Burnley	767	262	1,029	1.9	<b>Stoke-on-Trent UA</b>	<b>2,927</b>	<b>980</b>	<b>3,907</b>	<b>2.7</b>
Chorley	589	232	821	1.3	<b>Telford and Wrekin UA</b>	<b>1,268</b>	<b>477</b>	<b>1,745</b>	<b>1.7</b>
Fylde	300	91	391	0.9	<b>Shropshire</b>	<b>1,504</b>	<b>540</b>	<b>2,044</b>	<b>1.2</b>
Hyndburn	742	233	975	2.0	Bridgnorth	216	82	298	0.9
Lancaster	1,335	470	1,805	2.2	North Shropshire	286	134	420	1.2
Pendle	731	259	990	1.8	Oswestry	256	89	345	1.5
Preston	1,704	460	2,164	2.6	Shrewsbury and Atcham	575	177	752	1.3
Ribble Valley	121	40	161	0.5	South Shropshire	171	58	229	1.0
Rossendale	422	183	605	1.5	<b>Staffordshire</b>	<b>5,520</b>	<b>2,073</b>	<b>7,593</b>	<b>1.5</b>
South Ribble	512	194	706	1.1	Cannock Chase	783	347	1,130	1.9
West Lancashire	1,182	396	1,578	2.4	East Staffordshire	690	263	953	1.5
Wyre	673	217	890	1.5	Lichfield	552	227	779	1.4
<b>Merseyside (Met County)</b>	<b>24,194</b>	<b>7,274</b>	<b>31,468</b>	<b>3.8</b>	Newcastle-under-Lyme	825	284	1,109	1.5
Knowsley	2,945	847	3,792	4.2	South Staffordshire	695	246	941	1.4
Liverpool	10,985	3,230	14,215	5.1	Stafford	918	260	1,178	1.6
Saint Helens	2,228	783	3,011	2.8	Staffordshire Moorlands	457	177	634	1.1
Sefton	3,523	1,031	4,554	2.8	Tamworth	600	269	869	1.8
Wirral	4,513	1,383	5,896	3.2	<b>Warwickshire</b>	<b>3,417</b>	<b>1,236</b>	<b>4,653</b>	<b>1.5</b>
<b>YORKSHIRE AND THE HUMBER</b>	<b>56,671</b>	<b>17,991</b>	<b>74,662</b>	<b>2.5</b>	North Warwickshire	351	187	538	1.4
<b>East Riding of Yorkshire UA</b>	<b>2,670</b>	<b>1,051</b>	<b>3,721</b>	<b>2.0</b>	Nuneaton and Bedworth	1,128	372	1,500	2.0
<b>Kingston upon Hull, City of UA</b>	<b>5,874</b>	<b>1,794</b>	<b>7,668</b>	<b>5.2</b>	Rugby	674	221	895	1.6
<b>North East Lincolnshire UA</b>	<b>2,735</b>	<b>849</b>	<b>3,584</b>	<b>3.9</b>	Stratford-on-Avon	494	210	704	1.0
<b>North Lincolnshire UA</b>	<b>1,448</b>	<b>535</b>	<b>1,983</b>	<b>2.1</b>	Warwick	770	246	1,016	1.3
<b>York UA</b>	<b>1,238</b>	<b>458</b>	<b>1,696</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>West Midlands (Met County)</b>	<b>48,118</b>	<b>14,750</b>	<b>62,868</b>	<b>4.0</b>
<b>North Yorkshire</b>	<b>3,275</b>	<b>1,238</b>	<b>4,513</b>	<b>1.3</b>	Birmingham	23,614	6,842	30,456	5.1
Craven	182	96	278	0.9	Coventry	4,720	1,400	6,120	3.2
Hambleton	377	166	543	1.1	Dudley	4,042	1,349	5,391	2.9
Harrogate	654	220	874	1.0	Sandwell	5,554	1,785	7,339	4.3
Richmondshire	224	101	325	1.1	Solihull	1,673	629	2,302	1.9
Ryedale	222	105	327	1.1	Walsall	3,717	1,278	4,995	3.3
Scarborough	1,129	361	1,490	2.4	Wolverhampton	4,798	1,467	6,265	4.3
Selby	487	189	676	1.4					

# F.12 CLAIMANT COUNT

## Claimant count area statistics

Counties, unitary authorities and local authority districts as at May 13 2004

	Male	Female	All	Percentage of working-age population <sup>a</sup>		Male	Female	All	Percentage of working-age population <sup>a</sup>
<b>Worcestershire</b>	<b>3,908</b>	<b>1,417</b>	<b>5,325</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>SOUTH EAST</b>	<b>53,256</b>	<b>18,652</b>	<b>71,908</b>	<b>1.5</b>
Bromsgrove	653	225	878	1.6	Bracknell Forest UA	594	246	840	1.2
Malvern Hills	292	115	407	1.0	Brighton and Hove UA	3,493	1,237	4,730	2.9
Redditch	767	304	1,071	2.1	Isle of Wight UA	1,258	368	1,626	2.1
Worcester	853	268	1,121	1.9	Medway UA	2,735	948	3,683	2.3
Wychavon	584	239	823	1.2	Milton Keynes UA	1,961	744	2,705	2.0
Wyre Forest	759	266	1,025	1.7	Portsmouth UA	1,712	543	2,255	1.9
<b>EAST</b>	<b>40,826</b>	<b>15,725</b>	<b>56,551</b>	<b>1.7</b>	Reading UA	1,499	462	1,961	2.0
<b>Luton UA</b>	<b>2,520</b>	<b>893</b>	<b>3,413</b>	<b>2.9</b>	Slough UA	1,597	520	2,117	2.7
<b>Peterborough UA</b>	<b>1,834</b>	<b>635</b>	<b>2,469</b>	<b>2.5</b>	Southampton UA	2,424	631	3,055	2.1
<b>Southend-on-Sea UA</b>	<b>1,908</b>	<b>656</b>	<b>2,564</b>	<b>2.8</b>	West Berkshire UA	551	221	772	0.8
<b>Thurrock UA</b>	<b>1,386</b>	<b>611</b>	<b>1,997</b>	<b>2.2</b>	Windsor and Maidenhead UA	826	367	1,193	1.4
<b>Bedfordshire</b>	<b>3,000</b>	<b>1,079</b>	<b>4,079</b>	<b>1.7</b>	Wokingham UA	567	221	788	0.8
Bedford	1,653	533	2,186	2.4	<b>Buckinghamshire</b>	<b>2,838</b>	<b>1,034</b>	<b>3,872</b>	<b>1.3</b>
Mid Bedfordshire	643	239	882	1.1	Aylesbury Vale	811	230	1,041	1.0
South Bedfordshire	704	307	1,011	1.4	Chiltern	433	146	579	1.1
<b>Cambridgeshire</b>	<b>3,022</b>	<b>1,303</b>	<b>4,325</b>	<b>1.2</b>	South Bucks	281	130	411	1.1
Cambridge	864	306	1,170	1.5	Wycombe	1,313	468	1,781	1.8
East Cambridgeshire	365	188	553	1.2	<b>East Sussex</b>	<b>3,978</b>	<b>1,270</b>	<b>5,248</b>	<b>1.9</b>
Fenland	601	299	900	1.8	Eastbourne	936	286	1,222	2.4
Huntingdonshire	713	331	1,044	1.1	Hastings	1,494	426	1,920	3.8
South Cambridgeshire	479	179	658	0.8	Lewes	535	188	723	1.4
<b>Essex</b>	<b>8,259</b>	<b>3,544</b>	<b>11,803</b>	<b>1.5</b>	Rother	511	183	694	1.6
Basildon	1,348	561	1,909	1.9	Wealden	502	187	689	0.9
Braintree	802	391	1,193	1.4	<b>Hampshire</b>	<b>5,493</b>	<b>1,986</b>	<b>7,479</b>	<b>1.0</b>
Brentwood	279	124	403	1.0	Basingstoke and Deane	706	286	992	1.0
Castle Point	536	218	754	1.4	East Hampshire	424	133	557	0.8
Chelmsford	867	350	1,217	1.2	Eastleigh	464	166	630	0.9
Colchester	922	391	1,313	1.3	Fareham	402	137	539	0.8
Epping Forest	745	329	1,074	1.5	Gosport	359	153	512	1.1
Harlow	700	312	1,012	2.1	Hart	278	97	375	0.7
Maldon	288	162	450	1.2	Havant	927	308	1,235	1.8
Rochford	377	163	540	1.1	New Forest	613	237	850	0.9
Tendring	1,160	437	1,597	2.2	Rushmoor	556	205	761	1.3
Uttlesford	235	106	341	0.8	Test Valley	386	138	524	0.8
<b>Hertfordshire</b>	<b>6,221</b>	<b>2,495</b>	<b>8,716</b>	<b>1.4</b>	Winchester	378	126	504	0.8
Broxbourne	625	302	927	1.7	<b>Kent</b>	<b>10,666</b>	<b>3,756</b>	<b>14,422</b>	<b>1.8</b>
Dacorum	990	397	1,387	1.6	Ashford	577	205	782	1.2
East Hertfordshire	457	189	646	0.8	Canterbury	948	325	1,273	1.6
Hertsmere	645	225	870	1.5	Dartford	718	310	1,028	1.9
North Hertfordshire	710	301	1,011	1.4	Dover	1,024	339	1,363	2.2
St. Albans	506	189	695	0.9	Gravesham	1,108	375	1,483	2.5
Stevenage	623	223	846	1.7	Maidstone	840	307	1,147	1.3
Three Rivers	403	149	552	1.1	Sevenoaks	462	196	658	1.0
Watford	654	267	921	1.8	Shepway	1,063	301	1,364	2.4
Welwyn Hatfield	608	253	861	1.5	Swale	1,018	432	1,450	1.9
<b>Norfolk</b>	<b>7,028</b>	<b>2,533</b>	<b>9,561</b>	<b>2.0</b>	Thanet	1,842	606	2,448	3.4
Breckland	587	288	875	1.2	Tonbridge and Malling	529	184	713	1.1
Broadland	547	191	738	1.0	Tunbridge Wells	537	176	713	1.1
Great Yarmouth	1,870	572	2,442	4.6	<b>Oxfordshire</b>	<b>2,915</b>	<b>1,121</b>	<b>4,036</b>	<b>1.0</b>
King's Lynn and West Norfolk	966	452	1,418	1.8	Cherwell	605	274	879	1.1
North Norfolk	654	235	889	1.6	Oxford	1,235	396	1,631	1.7
Norwich	1,939	587	2,526	3.2	South Oxfordshire	460	187	647	0.8
South Norfolk	465	208	673	1.0	Vale of White Horse	350	160	510	0.7
<b>Suffolk</b>	<b>5,648</b>	<b>1,976</b>	<b>7,624</b>	<b>1.9</b>	West Oxfordshire	265	104	369	0.6
Babergh	459	179	638	1.3	<b>Surrey</b>	<b>4,452</b>	<b>1,667</b>	<b>6,119</b>	<b>0.9</b>
Forest Heath	223	112	335	1.0	Elmbridge	522	207	729	1.0
Ipswich	1,824	534	2,358	3.3	Epsom and Ewell	279	120	399	1.0
Mid Suffolk	409	175	584	1.1	Guildford	670	226	896	1.1
St. Edmundsbury	526	217	743	1.2	Mole Valley	250	74	324	0.7
Suffolk Coastal	622	216	838	1.3	Reigate and Banstead	476	189	665	0.9
Waveney	1,585	543	2,128	3.3	Runnymede	337	122	459	0.9
<b>LONDON</b>	<b>120,700</b>	<b>46,722</b>	<b>167,422</b>	<b>3.4</b>	Spelthorne	494	192	686	1.2
<b>Greater London</b>	<b>120,700</b>	<b>46,722</b>	<b>167,422</b>	<b>3.4</b>	Surrey Heath	307	124	431	0.9
Barking and Dagenham	2,579	1,028	3,607	3.5	Tandridge	273	113	386	0.8
Barnet	3,870	1,552	5,422	2.6	Waverley	409	146	555	0.8
Bexley	2,033	871	2,904	2.2	Woking	435	154	589	1.1
Brent	5,966	2,282	8,248	4.5	<b>West Sussex</b>	<b>3,697</b>	<b>1,310</b>	<b>5,007</b>	<b>1.1</b>
Bromley	2,780	1,084	3,864	2.1	Adur	339	122	461	1.3
Camden	4,150	1,659	5,809	3.9	Arun	675	256	931	1.2
City of London	88	18	106	1.8	Chichester	545	204	749	1.2
Croydon	4,351	1,662	6,013	2.8	Crawley	681	229	910	1.5
Ealing	4,200	1,576	5,776	2.8	Horsham	487	181	668	0.9
Enfield	4,454	1,762	6,216	3.5	Mid Sussex	425	156	581	0.8
Greenwich	4,466	1,825	6,291	4.4	Worthing	545	162	707	1.3
Hackney	6,006	2,271	8,277	5.9	<b>SOUTH WEST</b>	<b>30,589</b>	<b>11,201</b>	<b>41,790</b>	<b>1.4</b>
Hammersmith and Fulham	3,017	1,256	4,273	3.4	<b>Bath and North East Somerset UA</b>	<b>749</b>	<b>280</b>	<b>1,029</b>	<b>1.0</b>
Haringey	5,849	2,165	8,014	5.1	Bournemouth UA	1,239	369	1,608	1.6
Harrow	2,205	938	3,143	2.3	Bristol, City of UA	4,262	1,397	5,659	2.3
Havering	1,684	760	2,444	1.8	North Somerset UA	831	307	1,138	1.0
Hillingdon	2,538	1,047	3,585	2.3	Plymouth UA	2,480	871	3,351	2.2
Hounslow	2,344	1,000	3,344	2.3	Poole UA	528	201	729	0.9
Islington	4,513	1,904	6,417	5.0	South Gloucestershire UA	961	376	1,337	0.9
Kensington and Chelsea	1,897	917	2,814	2.4	Swindon UA	1,535	654	2,189	1.9
Kingston upon Thames	1,163	468	1,631	1.6	Torbay UA	1,227	406	1,633	2.2
Lambeth	7,224	2,739	9,963	5.1	<b>Cornwall and the Isles of Scilly</b>	<b>3,822</b>	<b>1,422</b>	<b>5,244</b>	<b>1.8</b>
Lewisham	5,711	2,186	7,897	4.6	Caradon	458	216	674	1.4
Merton	2,063	800	2,863	2.2	Carrick	640	230	870	1.7
Newham	5,683	1,836	7,519	4.5	Kerrier	796	258	1,054	1.9
Redbridge	2,939	1,163	4,102	2.7	North Cornwall	551	237	788	1.7
Richmond upon Thames	1,242	567	1,809	1.6	Penwith	598	208	806	2.2
Southwark	6,743	2,591	9,334	5.4	Restormel	774	272	1,046	1.8
Sutton	1,347	589	1,936	1.7	Isles of Scilly	5	1	6	0.5
Tower Hamlets	6,404	1,856	8,260	5.9					
Waltham Forest	4,576	1,530	6,106	4.1					
Wandsworth	3,809	1,519	5,328	2.7					
Westminster	2,806	1,301	4,107	2.9					

# CLAIMANT COUNT F.12

## Claimant count area statistics

Counties, unitary authorities and local authority districts as at May 13 2004

	Male	Female	All	Percentage of working-age population <sup>a</sup>		Male	Female	All	Percentage of working-age population <sup>a</sup>
<b>Devon</b>	<b>3,778</b>	<b>1,443</b>	<b>5,221</b>	<b>1.3</b>	Scottish Borders	868	279	1,147	1.8
East Devon	400	169	569	0.8	Shetland Islands	209	64	273	2.0
Exeter	822	293	1,115	1.6	South Ayrshire	1,785	520	2,305	3.5
Mid Devon	281	96	377	0.9	South Lanarkshire	3,742	1,169	4,911	2.6
North Devon	651	252	903	1.8	Stirling	826	268	1,094	2.0
South Hams	326	147	473	1.0	West Dunbartonshire	1,968	516	2,484	4.3
Teignbridge	583	211	794	1.2	West Lothian	1,872	638	2,510	2.4
Torridge	516	191	707	2.0					
West Devon	199	84	283	0.9	<b>NORTHERN IRELAND</b>	<b>23,542</b>	<b>6,872</b>	<b>30,414</b>	<b>2.9</b>
<b>Dorset</b>	<b>1,396</b>	<b>527</b>	<b>1,923</b>	<b>0.9</b>	Antrim	419	153	572	1.9
Christchurch	192	60	252	1.1	Ards	945	269	1,214	2.6
East Dorset	253	98	351	0.8	Armagh	532	192	724	2.2
North Dorset	162	79	241	0.7	Ballymena	493	228	721	2.0
Purbeck	105	41	146	0.6	Ballymoney	255	80	335	2.0
West Dorset	254	109	363	0.7	Banbridge	283	94	377	1.4
Weymouth and Portland	430	140	570	1.5	Belfast	6,173	1,359	7,532	4.5
<b>Gloucestershire</b>	<b>3,843</b>	<b>1,355</b>	<b>5,198</b>	<b>1.5</b>	Carrickfergus	518	179	697	2.9
Cheltenham	969	282	1,251	1.8	Castlereagh	576	146	722	1.8
Cotswold	287	111	398	0.8	Coleraine	789	265	1,054	3.1
Forest of Dean	498	207	705	1.5	Cookstown	229	92	321	1.6
Gloucester	1,119	382	1,501	2.2	Craigavon	822	271	1,093	2.2
Stroud	596	219	815	1.3	Derry	2,739	707	3,446	5.3
Tewkesbury	374	154	528	1.1	Down	798	250	1,048	2.7
<b>Somerset</b>	<b>2,510</b>	<b>1,000</b>	<b>3,510</b>	<b>1.2</b>	Dungannon	367	164	531	1.8
Mendip	578	241	819	1.3	Fermanagh	942	294	1,236	3.5
Sedgemoor	677	280	957	1.5	Larne	378	153	531	2.8
South Somerset	550	225	775	0.9	Limavady	449	176	625	3.0
Taunton Deane	507	179	686	1.1	Lisburn	1,122	290	1,412	2.1
West Somerset	198	75	273	1.4	Magherafelt	231	111	342	1.4
<b>Wiltshire</b>	<b>1,428</b>	<b>593</b>	<b>2,021</b>	<b>0.8</b>	Moyle	233	79	312	3.2
Kennet	263	118	381	0.8	Newry and Mourne	1,199	350	1,549	2.9
North Wiltshire	391	179	570	0.7	Newtownabbey	799	215	1,014	2.1
Salisbury	284	107	391	0.6	North Down	780	231	1,011	2.1
West Wiltshire	490	189	679	0.9	Omagh	603	245	848	2.8
<b>WALES</b>	<b>30,597</b>	<b>9,757</b>	<b>40,354</b>	<b>2.3</b>	Strabane	868	279	1,147	4.9
Blaenau Gwent	1,193	360	1,553	3.8					
Bridgend	1,250	452	1,702	2.2					
Caerphilly	2,191	687	2,878	2.8					
Cardiff	3,748	1,003	4,751	2.4					
Carmarthenshire	1,457	494	1,951	1.9					
Ceredigion	459	192	651	1.4					
Conwy	947	267	1,214	2.0					
Denbighshire	715	218	933	1.7					
Flintshire	1,133	402	1,535	1.7					
Gwynedd	1,292	412	1,704	2.5					
Isle of Anglesey	945	310	1,255	3.2					
Merthyr Tydfil	800	254	1,054	3.1					
Monmouthshire	563	224	787	1.6					
Neath Port Talbot	1,532	520	2,052	2.6					
Newport	1,802	513	2,315	2.8					
Pembrokeshire	1,436	440	1,876	2.9					
Powys	817	339	1,156	1.6					
Rhondda, Cynon, Taff	2,545	861	3,406	2.4					
Swansea	2,725	762	3,487	2.6					
Torfaen	879	357	1,236	2.3					
Vale of Glamorgan, The	1,211	349	1,560	2.2					
Wrexham	957	341	1,298	1.6					
<b>SCOTLAND</b>	<b>72,367</b>	<b>22,140</b>	<b>94,507</b>	<b>3.0</b>					
Aberdeen City	2,099	654	2,753	2.0					
Aberdeenshire	1,403	555	1,958	1.4					
Angus	1,408	547	1,955	3.0					
Argyll and Bute	1,046	358	1,404	2.6					
Clackmannanshire	759	261	1,020	3.4					
Dumfries and Galloway	1,556	655	2,211	2.6					
Dundee City	2,984	826	3,810	4.3					
East Ayrshire	2,314	794	3,108	4.2					
East Dunbartonshire	846	276	1,122	1.7					
East Lothian	705	212	917	1.7					
East Renfrewshire	688	219	907	1.7					
Edinburgh, City of	5,358	1,679	7,037	2.4					
Eilean Siar (Western Isles)	457	97	554	3.6					
Falkirk	2,132	671	2,803	3.1					
Fife	6,064	1,935	7,999	3.7					
Glasgow City	13,020	3,384	16,404	4.4					
Highland	2,470	750	3,220	2.5					
Inverclyde	2,141	507	2,648	5.2					
Midlothian	671	207	878	1.8					
Moray	764	333	1,097	2.1					
North Ayrshire	2,847	908	3,755	4.5					
North Lanarkshire	5,310	1,568	6,878	3.4					
Orkney Islands	153	78	231	2.0					
Perth and Kinross	1,072	398	1,470	1.8					
Renfrewshire	2,830	814	3,644	3.4					

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

<sup>a</sup> Percentages of working age population of area. The denominators used to calculate these percentages for local authorities now use mid-2002 population estimates. These proportions are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables F.1, C.5 (under other complementary measures of unemployment) and Table A.3. For further details see p55, Labour Market Trends, February 2003.

Note: Formerly Table C.22.



# F.13 CLAIMANT COUNT

## Claimant count area statistics

### Parliamentary constituencies as at May 13 2004

	Male	Female	All	Percentage of working-age population <sup>a</sup>		Male	Female	All	Percentage of working-age population <sup>a</sup>
<b>NORTH EAST</b>	<b>36,827</b>	<b>10,416</b>	<b>47,243</b>	<b>3.1</b>	<b>Merseyside (Met County)</b>				
<b>Cleveland (former county)</b>					Birkenhead	1,891	574	2,465	5.4
Hartlepool	1,850	446	2,296	4.4	Bootle	1,759	512	2,271	5.0
Middlesbrough	2,600	661	3,261	5.9	Crosby	716	236	952	2.2
Middlesbrough South and East Cleveland	1,430	386	1,816	3.2	Knowsley North and Sefton East	1,545	432	1,977	3.5
Redcar	1,794	407	2,201	4.1	Knowsley South	1,717	508	2,225	3.8
Stockton North	1,664	474	2,138	4.1	Liverpool Garston	1,558	499	2,057	4.1
Stockton South	1,337	396	1,733	3.0	Liverpool Riverside	2,999	871	3,870	6.2
<b>Durham</b>					Liverpool Walton	2,240	670	2,910	5.5
Bishop Auckland	865	306	1,171	2.3	Liverpool Wavertree	2,102	603	2,705	4.7
Darlington	1,221	346	1,567	3.1	Liverpool West Derby	2,086	587	2,673	4.9
Durham, City of	668	219	887	1.5	Southport	731	190	921	1.8
Easington	811	259	1,070	2.2	St. Helens North	999	351	1,350	2.4
North Durham	793	231	1,024	1.9	St. Helens South	1,229	432	1,661	3.2
North West Durham	686	268	954	1.9	Wallasey	1,436	401	1,837	3.7
Sedgefield	804	281	1,085	2.1	Wirral South	535	179	714	1.7
<b>Northumberland</b>					Wirral West	651	229	880	2.0
Berwick-upon-Tweed	669	243	912	2.2	<b>YORKSHIRE AND THE HUMBER</b>	<b>56,671</b>	<b>17,991</b>	<b>74,662</b>	<b>2.5</b>
Blyth Valley	1,037	354	1,391	2.7	<b>Humberside (former county)</b>				
Hexham	406	177	583	1.3	Beverley and Holderness	730	281	1,011	1.7
Wansbeck	1,172	371	1,543	3.2	Brigg and Goole	751	273	1,024	2.1
<b>Tyne and Wear (Met County)</b>					Cleethorpes	974	346	1,320	2.5
Blaydon	815	249	1,064	2.2	East Yorkshire	949	394	1,343	2.5
Gateshead East and Washington West	946	265	1,211	2.4	Great Grimsby	1,922	573	2,495	4.8
Houghton and Washington East	1,079	367	1,446	2.7	Haltemprice and Howden	489	198	687	1.3
Jarrow	1,346	371	1,717	3.5	Kingston upon Hull East	1,801	574	2,375	4.6
Newcastle upon Tyne Central	1,283	333	1,616	2.7	Kingston upon Hull North	2,060	643	2,703	4.8
Newcastle upon Tyne East and Wallsend	1,518	398	1,916	3.8	Kingston upon Hull West and Hessle	2,121	610	2,731	5.7
Newcastle upon Tyne North	868	216	1,084	2.2	Sourthorpe	930	337	1,267	2.7
North Tyneside	1,340	372	1,712	3.2	<b>North Yorkshire</b>				
South Shields	1,974	509	2,483	5.2	Harrogate and Knaresborough	453	144	597	1.2
Sunderland North	1,357	351	1,708	3.5	Richmond	455	183	638	1.2
Sunderland South	1,495	373	1,868	3.7	Ryedale	370	164	534	1.1
Tyne Bridge	2,022	477	2,499	5.1	Scarborough and Whitby	1,055	333	1,388	2.5
Tynemouth	977	310	1,287	2.6	Selby	540	221	761	1.2
<b>NORTH WEST</b>	<b>77,571</b>	<b>24,033</b>	<b>101,604</b>	<b>2.5</b>	Skipton and Ripon	335	148	483	0.8
<b>Cheshire</b>					Vale of York	307	170	477	0.8
Chester, City of	681	238	919	1.7	York, City of	998	333	1,331	2.0
Congleton	396	157	553	1.0	<b>South Yorkshire (Met County)</b>				
Crewe and Nantwich	719	240	959	1.7	Barnsley Central	893	253	1,146	2.4
Eddisbury	440	166	606	1.1	Barnsley East and Mexborough	874	294	1,168	2.3
Ellesmere Port and Neston	646	185	831	1.6	Barnsley West and Penistone	618	211	829	1.6
Halton	1,014	324	1,338	2.7	Don Valley	759	256	1,015	1.9
Macclesfield	414	108	522	0.9	Doncaster Central	1,398	406	1,804	3.5
Tatton	367	135	502	1.1	Doncaster North	940	335	1,275	2.6
Warrington North	847	247	1,094	1.8	Rother Valley	798	286	1,084	2.0
Warrington South	626	190	816	1.4	Rotherham	1,132	335	1,467	3.2
Weaver Vale	970	335	1,305	2.4	Sheffield Attercliffe	985	273	1,258	2.3
<b>Cumbria</b>					Sheffield Brightside	1,494	420	1,914	4.1
Barrow and Furness	1,054	258	1,312	2.5	Sheffield Central	2,419	621	3,040	5.0
Carlisle	751	276	1,027	2.2	Sheffield Hallam	399	158	557	1.2
Copeland	1,001	288	1,289	3.1	Sheffield Heeley	1,194	364	1,558	3.2
Penrith and The Border	333	133	466	0.9	Sheffield Hillsborough	751	225	976	1.6
Westmorland and Lonsdale	223	99	322	0.6	Wentworth	897	260	1,157	2.3
Workington	877	280	1,157	2.4	<b>West Yorkshire (Met County)</b>				
<b>Greater Manchester (Met County)</b>					Batley and Spen	692	202	894	1.7
Altrincham and Sale West	494	169	663	1.2	Bradford North	1,818	481	2,299	4.1
Ashton under Lyne	1,083	329	1,412	2.4	Bradford South	1,224	417	1,641	2.9
Bolton North East	1,036	305	1,341	2.5	Bradford West	2,185	564	2,749	4.4
Bolton South East	1,141	374	1,515	2.8	Calder Valley	676	254	930	1.5
Bolton West	511	182	693	1.3	Colne Valley	761	288	1,049	1.8
Bury North	757	257	1,014	1.8	Dewsbury	703	253	956	1.8
Bury South	613	230	843	1.6	Elmet	482	149	631	1.2
Cheadle	298	110	408	0.8	Halifax	1,339	371	1,710	3.0
Denton and Reddish	813	293	1,106	2.0	Hemsworth	751	233	984	1.8
Eccles	909	277	1,186	2.1	Huddersfield	1,299	400	1,699	3.2
Hazel Grove	423	146	569	1.2	Keighley	890	268	1,158	2.2
Heywood and Middleton	860	327	1,187	2.0	Leeds Central	2,617	659	3,276	5.6
Leigh	963	336	1,299	2.3	Leeds East	1,484	472	1,956	4.2
Makerfield	820	295	1,115	2.0	Leeds North East	986	299	1,285	2.6
Manchester Blackley	1,665	446	2,111	4.3	Leeds North West	676	222	898	1.4
Manchester Central	2,857	768	3,625	6.2	Leeds West	1,201	399	1,600	2.9
Manchester Gorton	2,027	568	2,595	4.5	Morley and Rothwell	704	255	959	1.6
Manchester Withington	1,173	357	1,530	2.5	Normanton	430	204	634	1.2
Oldham East and Saddleworth	941	285	1,226	1.9	Pontefract and Castleford	905	333	1,238	2.5
Oldham West and Royton	1,410	393	1,803	3.1	Pudsey	406	149	555	1.0
Rochdale	1,484	433	1,917	3.3	Shipley	742	221	963	1.8
Salford	1,311	317	1,628	3.6	Wakefield	899	276	1,175	1.9
Stalybridge and Hyde	941	348	1,289	2.4	<b>EAST MIDLANDS</b>	<b>38,905</b>	<b>14,567</b>	<b>53,472</b>	<b>2.1</b>
Stockport	852	247	1,099	2.0	<b>Derbyshire</b>				
Stretford and Urmston	985	274	1,259	2.3	Amber Valley	666	278	944	1.7
Wigan	927	284	1,211	2.4	Bolsover	866	375	1,241	2.4
Worsley	881	305	1,186	2.1	Chesterfield	1,245	406	1,651	3.0
Wythenshawe and Sale East	1,261	381	1,642	2.8	Derby North	1,000	321	1,321	2.2
<b>Lancashire</b>					Derby South	1,951	648	2,599	4.2
Blackburn	1,404	413	1,817	3.1	Erewash	852	364	1,216	1.9
Blackpool North and Fleetwood	1,009	286	1,295	2.4	High Peak	614	213	827	1.4
Blackpool South	1,214	365	1,579	2.8	North East Derbyshire	845	310	1,155	2.1
Burnley	767	262	1,029	1.9	South Derbyshire	572	243	815	1.2
Chorley	589	232	821	1.3	West Derbyshire	432	200	632	1.1
Fylde	464	140	604	1.1	<b>Leicestershire</b>				
Hyndburn	821	259	1,080	2.0	Blaby	445	212	657	1.1
Lancaster and Wyre	541	195	736	1.2	Bosworth	536	261	797	1.4
Morecambe and Lunesdale	983	339	1,322	2.6	Charnwood	485	286	771	1.3
Pendle	731	259	990	1.9	Harborough	504	218	722	1.3
Preston	1,469	382	1,851	3.0	Leicester East	1,706	885	2,591	4.7
Ribble Valley	281	101	382	0.7	Leicester South	2,513	788	3,301	5.0
Rossendale and Darwen	682	269	951	1.7	Leicester West	2,163	821	2,984	5.3
South Ribble	503	181	684	1.2	Loughborough	737	310	1,047	1.8
West Lancashire	1,114	381	1,495	2.6	North West Leicestershire	471	195	666	1.3
					Rutland and Melton	310	134	444	0.8



# CLAIMANT COUNT

## Claimant count area statistics

### Parliamentary constituencies as at May 13 2004

# F.13

	Male	Female	All	Percentage of working-age population <sup>a</sup>		Male	Female	All	Percentage of working-age population <sup>a</sup>
<b>Lincolnshire</b>					<b>Cambridgeshire</b>				
Boston and Skegness	559	188	747	1.4	Cambridge	792	287	1,079	1.6
Gainsborough	701	283	984	2.0	Huntingdon	507	253	760	1.1
Grantham and Stamford	463	251	714	1.2	North East Cambridgeshire	705	379	1,084	1.7
Lincoln	1,122	336	1,458	2.6	North West Cambridgeshire	643	245	888	1.4
Louth and Horncastle	606	235	841	1.6	Peterborough	1,355	445	1,800	3.0
Sleaford and North Hykeham	410	186	596	1.0	South Cambridgeshire	342	125	467	0.8
South Holland and The Deepings	428	212	640	1.2	South East Cambridgeshire	512	204	716	1.1
<b>Northamptonshire</b>					<b>Essex</b>				
Corby	936	379	1,315	2.2	Basildon	849	352	1,201	2.0
Daventry	591	275	866	1.2	Billericay	656	292	948	1.5
Kettering	680	264	944	1.5	Braintree	677	322	999	1.6
Northampton North	1,077	372	1,449	2.4	Brentwood and Ongar	345	148	493	1.0
Northampton South	955	332	1,287	1.8	Castle Point	536	218	754	1.4
Wellingborough	812	354	1,166	1.8	Colchester	726	300	1,026	1.6
<b>Nottinghamshire</b>					Epping Forest	640	284	924	1.6
Ashfield	844	323	1,167	2.0	Harlow	739	333	1,072	1.9
Bassetlaw	775	284	1,059	1.9	Harwich	977	356	1,333	2.5
Broxtowe	601	216	817	1.4	Maldon and East Chelmsford	441	235	676	1.2
Gedling	634	223	857	1.6	North Essex	379	172	551	1.0
Mansfield	837	312	1,149	2.2	Rayleigh	395	179	574	1.0
Newark	667	250	917	1.7	Rochford and Southend East	1,327	436	1,763	3.2
Nottingham East	1,959	521	2,480	4.4	Saffron Walden	360	175	535	0.9
Nottingham North	1,756	549	2,305	4.5	Southend West	684	252	936	1.9
Nottingham South	1,493	363	1,856	2.9	Thurrock	1,229	528	1,757	2.6
Rushcliffe	455	164	619	0.9	West Chelmsford	593	229	822	1.3
Sherwood	631	227	858	1.4	<b>Hertfordshire</b>				
<b>WEST MIDLANDS</b>	<b>67,790</b>	<b>21,936</b>	<b>89,726</b>	<b>2.8</b>	Broxbourne	642	310	952	1.7
<b>Herefordshire</b>					Hemel Hempstead	795	306	1,101	1.9
Hereford	747	304	1,051	1.9	Hertford and Stortford	359	145	504	0.8
Leominster	422	176	598	1.1	Hertsmere	645	225	870	1.5
<b>Shropshire</b>					Hitchin and Harpenden	407	187	594	1.1
Ludlow	326	118	444	1.0	North East Hertfordshire	471	189	660	1.2
North Shropshire	542	223	765	1.4	South West Hertfordshire	465	185	650	1.1
Shrewsbury and Atcham	575	177	752	1.3	St. Albans	388	143	531	1.0
Telford	758	272	1,030	2.0	Stevenage	679	239	918	1.6
Wrekin, The	571	227	798	1.4	Watford	779	321	1,100	1.7
<b>Staffordshire</b>					Welwyn Hatfield	591	245	836	1.5
Burton	682	252	934	1.6	<b>Norfolk</b>				
Cannock Chase	826	364	1,190	2.0	Great Yarmouth	1,870	572	2,442	4.6
Lichfield	475	206	681	1.4	Mid Norfolk	490	182	672	1.1
Newcastle-under-Lyme	624	205	829	1.5	North Norfolk	654	235	889	1.6
South Staffordshire	578	210	788	1.5	North West Norfolk	787	338	1,125	2.0
Stafford	784	203	987	1.8	Norwich North	944	314	1,258	2.1
Staffordshire Moorlands	497	192	689	1.3	Norwich South	1,280	375	1,655	2.8
Stoke-on-Trent Central	1,207	336	1,543	3.1	South Norfolk	437	201	638	1.0
Stoke-on-Trent North	797	270	1,067	2.4	South West Norfolk	566	316	882	1.3
Stoke-on-Trent South	950	385	1,335	2.4	<b>Suffolk</b>				
Stone	342	129	471	0.9	Bury St Edmunds	526	214	740	1.2
Tamworth	685	301	986	1.7	Central Suffolk and North Ipswich	603	218	821	1.5
<b>Warwickshire</b>					Ipswich	1,495	428	1,923	3.6
North Warwickshire	697	306	1,003	1.7	South Suffolk	475	183	658	1.3
Nuneaton	838	264	1,102	1.9	Suffolk Coastal	618	193	811	1.5
Rugby and Kenilworth	702	243	945	1.5	Waveney	1,485	520	2,005	3.5
Stratford-on-Avon	462	192	654	1.0	West Suffolk	446	220	666	1.0
Warwick and Leamington	718	231	949	1.4	<b>LONDON</b>	<b>120,700</b>	<b>46,722</b>	<b>167,422</b>	<b>3.4</b>
<b>West Midlands (Met County)</b>					<b>Greater London</b>				
Aldridge - Brownhills	719	284	1,003	2.1	Barking	1,283	522	1,805	3.6
Birmingham Edgbaston	1,641	438	2,079	5.7	Battersea	1,484	632	2,116	3.2
Birmingham Erdington	2,082	630	2,712	3.1	Beckenham	1,139	412	1,551	2.4
Birmingham Hall Green	1,246	401	1,647	3.6	Bethnal Green and Bow	3,720	1,080	4,800	6.1
Birmingham Hodge Hill	2,093	614	2,707	6.3	Bexleyheath and Crayford	702	295	997	2.0
Birmingham Ladywood	5,238	1,290	6,528	10.0	Brent East	2,226	796	3,022	4.6
Birmingham Northfield	1,259	394	1,653	3.6	Brent North	1,109	516	1,625	2.8
Birmingham Perry Barr	2,508	704	3,212	5.4	Brent South	2,631	970	3,601	6.2
Birmingham Selly Oak	1,502	540	2,042	3.4	Brentford and Isleworth	1,115	517	1,632	2.1
Birmingham Sparkbrook and Small Heath	4,027	1,137	5,164	7.6	Bromley and Chislehurst	831	345	1,176	2.1
Birmingham Yardley	1,370	460	1,830	4.4	Cammerwell and Peckham	2,790	1,006	3,796	7.2
Coventry North East	1,984	619	2,603	4.1	Carshalton and Wallington	810	345	1,155	2.0
Coventry North West	1,281	391	1,672	2.7	Chingford and Woodford Green	811	335	1,146	2.3
Coventry South	1,455	390	1,845	3.0	Chipping Barnet	907	338	1,245	2.0
Dudley North	1,519	468	1,987	3.7	Cities of London and Westminster	1,402	687	2,089	2.4
Dudley South	1,138	361	1,499	2.9	Croydon Central	1,475	554	2,029	2.8
Halesowen and Rowley Regis	1,207	406	1,613	3.2	Croydon North	2,202	808	3,010	3.9
Meriden	1,124	427	1,551	2.5	Croydon South	674	300	974	1.6
Solihull	549	202	751	1.3	Dagenham	1,296	506	1,802	3.6
Stourbridge	889	329	1,218	2.4	Dulwich and West Norwood	2,193	890	3,083	4.4
Sutton Coldfield	648	234	882	1.6	Ealing North	1,332	568	1,900	2.5
Walsall North	1,424	496	1,920	3.6	Ealing Southall	1,827	675	2,502	3.0
Walsall South	1,574	498	2,072	4.1	Ealing, Acton and Shepherd's Bush	2,214	765	2,979	3.7
Warley	1,598	508	2,106	4.6	East Ham	2,394	754	3,148	4.2
West Bromwich East	1,465	496	1,961	4.1	Edmonton	1,841	753	2,594	4.5
West Bromwich West	1,780	566	2,346	4.3	Eltham	1,147	524	1,671	3.4
Wolverhampton North East	1,478	481	1,959	4.1	Enfield North	1,422	541	1,963	3.2
Wolverhampton South East	1,618	523	2,141	5.1	Enfield, Southgate	1,191	468	1,659	2.9
Wolverhampton South West	1,702	463	2,165	4.1	Erith and Thamesmead	1,907	780	2,687	4.4
<b>Worcestershire</b>					Feltham and Heston	1,229	483	1,712	2.6
Bromsgrove	653	225	878	1.6	Finchley and Golders Green	1,374	581	1,955	2.7
Mid Worcestershire	496	209	705	1.2	Greenwich and Woolwich	2,191	850	3,041	5.1
Redditch	771	309	1,080	2.1	Hackney North and Stoke Newington	2,730	1,072	3,802	5.6
West Worcestershire	345	130	475	1.0	Hackney South and Shoreditch	3,276	1,199	4,475	6.4
Worcester	853	268	1,121	1.9	Hammersmith and Fulham	1,844	824	2,668	2.9
Wyre Forest	749	259	1,008	1.7	Hampstead and Highgate	1,734	705	2,439	3.3
<b>EAST</b>	<b>40,826</b>	<b>15,725</b>	<b>56,551</b>	<b>1.7</b>	Harrow East	1,240	513	1,753	2.5
<b>Bedfordshire</b>					Harrow West	965	425	1,390	2.1
Bedford	1,396	427	1,823	3.0	Hayes and Harlington	1,181	473	1,654	3.1
Luton North	1,018	403	1,421	2.5	Hendon	1,589	633	2,222	3.2
Luton South	1,545	507	2,052	3.3	Holborn and St Pancras	2,416	954	3,370	4.7
Mid Bedfordshire	414	163	577	1.0	Hornchurch	557	235	792	1.7
North East Bedfordshire	525	211	736	1.3	Hornsey and Wood Green	2,112	850	2,962	3.8
South West Bedfordshire	622	261	883	1.5	Ilford North	893	378	1,271	2.2
					Ilford South	1,797	665	2,462	3.6
					Islington North	2,492	1,051	3,543	5.4
					Islington South and Finsbury	2,021	853	2,874	4.8

# F.13 CLAIMANT COUNT

## Claimant count area statistics

### Parliamentary constituencies as at May 13 2004

	Male	Female	All	Percentage of working-age population <sup>a</sup>		Male	Female	All	Percentage of working-age population <sup>a</sup>
Kensington and Chelsea	961	529	1,490	1.7	<b>Oxfordshire</b>				
Kingston and Surbiton	903	348	1,251	1.7	Banbury	513	230	743	1.0
Lewisham East	1,510	573	2,083	4.1	Henley	276	110	386	0.7
Lewisham West	1,949	734	2,683	4.7	Oxford East	1,058	333	1,391	2.1
Lewisham, Deptford	2,252	879	3,131	5.1	Oxford West and Abingdon	421	173	594	0.8
Leyton and Wanstead	1,760	582	2,342	3.9	Wantage	359	167	526	0.8
Mitcham and Morden	1,434	531	1,965	3.2	Witney	288	108	396	0.7
North Southwark and Bermondsey	2,865	1,133	3,998	4.9	<b>Surrey</b>				
Old Bexley and Sidcup	552	247	799	1.5	East Surrey	371	139	510	0.8
Orpington	810	327	1,137	1.9	Epsom and Ewell	389	165	554	0.9
Poplar and Canning Town	3,590	1,068	4,658	5.8	Esher and Walton	434	167	601	1.0
Putney	894	375	1,269	2.2	Guildford	563	201	764	1.2
Regent's Park and Kensington North	2,428	1,020	3,448	4.2	Mole Valley	285	84	369	0.7
Richmond Park	806	378	1,184	1.7	Reigate	305	132	437	0.8
Romford	520	274	794	1.7	Runnymede and Weybridge	425	162	587	0.9
Ruislip - Northwood	642	272	914	1.8	South West Surrey	337	122	459	0.8
Streatham	2,787	1,050	3,837	4.7	Surrey Heath	398	142	540	0.8
Sutton and Cheam	537	244	781	1.4	Woking	451	161	612	1.0
Tooting	1,431	512	1,943	2.9	<b>West Sussex</b>				
Tottenham	3,737	1,315	5,052	6.8	Arundel and South Downs	310	104	414	0.8
Twickenham	696	309	1,005	1.4	Bognor Regis and Littlehampton	510	212	722	1.5
Upminster	607	251	858	2.1	Chichester	526	197	723	1.3
Uxbridge	715	302	1,017	2.0	Crawley	681	229	910	1.4
Vauxhall	3,332	1,251	4,583	5.7	East Worthing and Shoreham	517	163	680	1.3
Walthamstow	2,254	733	2,987	4.8	Horsham	431	148	579	0.9
West Ham	2,383	790	3,173	5.0	Mid Sussex	290	121	411	0.7
Wimbledon	629	269	898	1.4	Worthing West	432	136	568	1.2
<b>SOUTH EAST</b>	<b>53,256</b>	<b>18,652</b>	<b>71,908</b>	<b>1.5</b>					
<b>Berkshire (former county)</b>					Wight, Isle of				
Bracknell	597	246	843	1.1	Isle of Wight	1,258	368	1,626	2.2
Maidenhead	502	228	730	1.3	<b>SOUTH WEST</b>	<b>30,589</b>	<b>11,201</b>	<b>41,790</b>	<b>1.4</b>
Newbury	389	141	530	0.8	<b>Avon (former county)</b>				
Reading East	875	256	1,131	1.6	Bath	550	199	749	1.3
Reading West	839	302	1,141	1.8	Bristol East	1,349	435	1,784	3.1
Slough	1,456	486	1,942	2.8	Bristol North West	778	275	1,053	1.6
Spelthorne	519	200	719	1.3	Bristol South	1,092	410	1,502	2.5
Windsor	541	215	756	1.2	Bristol West	1,031	270	1,301	1.6
Wokingham	386	149	535	0.9	Kingswood	574	222	796	1.2
<b>Buckinghamshire</b>					Northavon	348	138	486	0.8
Aylesbury	638	219	857	1.2	Wansdyke	250	104	354	0.6
Beaconsfield	439	189	628	1.2	Weston-Super-Mare	594	201	795	1.4
Buckingham	305	116	421	0.7	Woodspring	237	106	343	0.6
Chesham and Amersham	420	144	564	1.1	<b>Cornwall and the Isles of Scilly</b>				
Milton Keynes South West	1,098	435	1,533	2.2	Falmouth and Camborne	909	282	1,191	2.1
North East Milton Keynes	863	309	1,172	1.7	North Cornwall	849	319	1,168	1.8
Wycombe	1,060	372	1,432	2.2	South East Cornwall	590	260	850	1.4
<b>East Sussex</b>					St Ives	782	285	1,067	1.9
Bexhill and Battle	463	176	639	1.4	Truro and St Austell	692	276	968	1.6
Brighton, Kempdown	1,252	437	1,689	3.1	<b>Devon</b>				
Brighton, Pavilion	1,328	463	1,791	2.9	East Devon	281	122	403	0.9
Eastbourne	953	290	1,243	2.3	Exeter	822	293	1,115	1.6
Hastings and Rye	1,599	462	2,061	3.6	North Devon	667	258	925	1.7
Hove	1,032	382	1,414	2.4	Plymouth Devonport	875	340	1,215	2.1
Lewes	465	162	627	1.4	Plymouth Sutton	1,410	419	1,829	3.1
Wealden	379	135	514	0.8	South West Devon	313	169	482	0.9
<b>Hampshire</b>					Teignbridge	525	196	721	1.2
Aldershot	665	241	906	1.2	Tiverton and Honiton	384	137	521	0.9
Basingstoke	555	233	788	1.2	Torbay	1,027	335	1,362	2.5
East Hampshire	454	146	600	1.0	Torridge and West Devon	700	268	968	1.6
Eastleigh	426	149	575	0.9	Totnes	481	183	664	1.3
Fareham	359	122	481	0.9	<b>Dorset</b>				
Gosport	402	168	570	1.0	Bournemouth East	591	179	770	1.6
Havant	755	243	998	1.9	Bournemouth West	648	190	838	1.7
New Forest East	346	136	482	0.9	Christchurch	318	110	428	0.9
New Forest West	267	101	368	0.8	Mid Dorset and North Poole	274	100	374	0.7
North East Hampshire	311	113	424	0.7	North Dorset	257	110	367	0.7
North West Hampshire	373	139	512	0.8	Poole	344	137	481	1.0
Portsmouth North	678	210	888	1.7	South Dorset	482	165	647	1.2
Portsmouth South	1,034	333	1,367	2.1	West Dorset	249	106	355	0.7
Romsey	309	98	407	0.7	<b>Gloucestershire</b>				
Southampton Itchen	1,240	323	1,563	2.4	Cheltenham	901	255	1,156	2.0
Southampton Test	1,077	279	1,356	2.0	Cotswold	311	121	432	0.8
Winchester	378	126	504	0.8	Forest of Dean	517	209	726	1.4
<b>Kent</b>					Gloucester	1,119	382	1,501	2.2
Ashford	577	205	782	1.3	Stroud	572	209	781	1.3
Canterbury	704	255	959	1.6	Tewkesbury	423	179	602	1.1
Chatham and Aylesford	935	316	1,251	2.1	<b>Somerset</b>				
Dartford	756	324	1,080	1.8	Bridgwater	703	277	980	1.8
Dover	954	304	1,258	2.4	Somerton and Frome	303	140	443	0.8
Faversham and Mid Kent	457	177	634	1.2	Taunton	506	185	691	1.1
Folkestone and Hythe	1,063	301	1,364	2.5	Wells	556	227	783	1.4
Gillingham	828	329	1,157	1.9	Yeovil	442	171	613	1.1
Gravesham	1,108	375	1,483	2.6	<b>Wiltshire</b>				
Maidstone and The Weald	594	209	803	1.3	Devizes	405	197	602	0.9
Medway	1,115	360	1,475	2.6	North Swindon	633	285	918	1.6
North Thanet	1,223	365	1,588	3.1	North Wiltshire	297	135	432	0.7
Sevenoaks	376	156	532	1.0	Salisbury	270	99	369	0.6
Sittingbourne and Sheppey	856	374	1,230	2.2	South Swindon	922	380	1,302	2.2
South Thanet	933	346	1,279	2.8	Westbury	436	151	587	0.9
Tonbridge and Malling	434	153	587	1.1					
Tunbridge Wells	488	155	643	1.2					

# CLAIMANT COUNT F.13

## Claimant count area statistics

### Parliamentary constituencies as at May 13 2004

	Male	Female	All	Percentage of working-age population <sup>a</sup>		Male	Female	All	Percentage of working-age population <sup>a</sup>
<b>WALES</b>	<b>30,597</b>	<b>9,757</b>	<b>40,354</b>	<b>2.3</b>	Hamilton North and Bellshill	1,197	353	1,550	3.5
Aberavon	694	228	922	2.5	Hamilton South	901	269	1,170	3.1
Alyn and Deeside	654	226	880	1.8	Inverness East, Nairn and Lochaber	782	246	1,028	2.0
Blaenau Gwent	1,193	360	1,553	3.7	Kilmarnock and Loudoun	1,541	527	2,068	4.2
Brecon and Radnorshire	508	186	694	1.8	Kirkcaldy	1,541	491	2,032	5.3
Bridgend	703	273	976	2.1	Linlithgow	903	288	1,191	2.7
Caermarfon	590	168	758	2.2	Livingston	969	350	1,319	2.3
Caerphilly	1,164	341	1,505	2.8	Midlothian	563	173	736	1.9
Cardiff Central	986	264	1,250	2.4	Moray	683	303	986	2.0
Cardiff North	480	156	636	1.3	Motherwell and Wishaw	1,191	351	1,542	3.8
Cardiff South and Penarth	1,283	350	1,633	3.1	North East Fife	618	221	839	1.8
Cardiff West	1,139	276	1,415	3.0	North Tayside	655	295	950	2.1
Carmarthen East and Dinefwr	502	166	668	1.7	Ochil	1,012	347	1,359	2.9
Carmarthen West and South Pembrokeshire	738	213	951	2.3	Orkney and Shetland	362	142	504	2.0
Ceredigion	459	192	651	1.4	Paisley North	1,160	361	1,521	4.0
Clwyd South	469	173	642	1.5	Paisley South	1,296	322	1,618	4.0
Clwyd West	545	155	700	1.8	Perth	688	240	928	1.9
Conwy	789	269	1,058	2.6	Ross, Skye and Inverness West	848	252	1,100	2.5
Cynon Valley	801	263	1,064	2.8	Roxburgh and Berwickshire	473	160	633	1.9
Delyn	479	176	655	1.5	Stirling	662	214	876	2.0
Gower	616	184	800	1.8	Strathkelvin and Bearsden	704	227	931	1.9
Islwyn	764	293	1,057	2.7	Tweeddale, Ettrick and Lauderdale	503	153	656	1.6
Llanelli	744	257	1,001	2.3	West Aberdeenshire and Kincardine	377	137	514	1.0
Meirionnydd Nant Conwy	351	104	455	1.9	West Renfrewshire	944	248	1,192	2.8
Merthyr Tydfil and Rhymney	1,063	307	1,370	3.2	Western Isles	457	97	554	3.6
Monmouth	509	194	703	1.6					
Montgomeryshire	299	150	449	1.3	<b>NORTHERN IRELAND</b>	<b>23,542</b>	<b>6,872</b>	<b>30,414</b>	<b>2.9</b>
Neath	838	292	1,130	2.6	Belfast East	1,232	309	1,541	3.3
Newport East	838	258	1,096	2.5	Belfast North	1,809	388	2,197	4.5
Newport West	1,071	308	1,379	2.9	Belfast South	1,228	332	1,560	2.5
Ogmore	674	242	916	2.2	Belfast West	2,688	500	3,188	6.3
Pontypridd	860	254	1,114	2.0	East Antrim	1,311	415	1,726	3.3
Preseli Pembrokeshire	909	298	1,207	3.0	East Londonderry	1,238	441	1,679	3.1
Rhondda	804	291	1,095	2.6	Fermanagh and South Tyrone	1,196	418	1,614	2.9
Swansea East	1,035	275	1,310	2.9	Foyle	2,739	707	3,446	5.3
Swansea West	1,074	303	1,377	3.1	Lagan Valley	709	219	928	1.5
Torfaen	826	334	1,160	2.4	Mid Ulster	573	243	816	1.6
Vale of Clwyd	618	185	803	2.0	Newry and Armagh	1,310	424	1,734	2.8
Vale of Glamorgan	1,024	296	1,320	2.4	North Antrim	981	387	1,368	2.2
Wrexham	559	187	746	1.8	North Down	927	261	1,188	2.3
Ynys Mon	945	310	1,255	3.2	South Antrim	803	285	1,088	1.7
					South Down	1,163	357	1,520	2.4
<b>SCOTLAND</b>	<b>72,367</b>	<b>22,140</b>	<b>94,507</b>	<b>3.0</b>	Strangford	1,165	332	1,497	2.4
Aberdeen Central	911	246	1,157	2.4	Upper Bann	999	330	1,329	2.1
Aberdeen North	556	183	739	1.7	West Tyrone	1,471	524	1,995	3.8
Aberdeen South	632	225	857	1.8					
Airdrie and Shotts	1,333	433	1,766	3.7					
Angus	1,048	378	1,426	3.1					
Argyll and Bute	792	253	1,045	2.8					
Ayr	1,185	337	1,522	3.7					
Banff and Buchan	614	252	866	1.9					
Caithness, Sutherland and Easter Ross	840	252	1,092	3.5					
Carrick, Cumnock and Doon Valley	1,373	450	1,823	3.6					
Central Fife	1,645	529	2,174	4.7					
Clydebank and Milngavie	1,065	272	1,337	3.3					
Clydesdale	926	334	1,260	2.5					
Coatbridge and Chryston	1,036	296	1,332	3.1					
Cumbernauld and Kilsyth	853	230	1,083	2.6					
Cunninghame North	1,311	397	1,708	4.1					
Cunninghame South	1,536	511	2,047	5.0					
Dumbarton	1,265	390	1,655	3.5					
Dumfries	837	338	1,175	2.4					
Dundee East	1,664	456	2,120	4.8					
Dundee West	1,320	370	1,690	3.7					
Dunfermline East	1,276	355	1,631	3.9					
Dunfermline West	984	339	1,323	3.1					
East Kilbride	959	274	1,233	2.3					
East Lothian	604	178	782	1.8					
Eastwood	688	219	907	1.7					
Edinburgh Central	1,007	304	1,311	2.3					
Edinburgh East and Musselburgh	916	283	1,199	2.6					
Edinburgh North and Leith	1,303	415	1,718	3.3					
Edinburgh Pentlands	754	260	1,014	2.1					
Edinburgh South	715	222	937	1.8					
Edinburgh West	764	229	993	2.1					
Falkirk East	1,031	335	1,366	2.9					
Falkirk West	1,101	336	1,437	3.3					
Galloway and Upper Nithsdale	719	317	1,036	2.7					
Glasgow Anniesland	1,382	327	1,709	4.5					
Glasgow Baillieston	1,311	389	1,700	4.4					
Glasgow Cathcart	1,015	260	1,275	3.2					
Glasgow Govan	1,425	404	1,829	4.6					
Glasgow Kelvin	1,473	383	1,856	3.8					
Glasgow Maryhill	1,813	497	2,310	5.7					
Glasgow Pollok	1,238	294	1,532	4.1					
Glasgow Rutherglen	920	257	1,177	3.0					
Glasgow Shettleston	1,487	352	1,839	5.1					
Glasgow Springburn	1,646	426	2,072	4.9					
Gordon	493	196	689	1.4					
Greenock and Inverclyde	1,571	390	1,961	5.2					

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

<sup>a</sup> Percentages of working-age population of area. The denominators used for calculating these percentages for parliamentary constituencies are based on mid-2001 population estimates and these have been updated to take account of the recent revisions to population estimates in the Manchester area. These proportions are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables F.1, C.5 (under other complementary measures of unemployment) and Table A.3. For further details see p55, Labour Market Trends, February 2003.

Note: Formerly Table C.23.

# F.21 CLAIMANT COUNT

## Claimant count flows: standardised<sup>a</sup>

Thousands

UNITED KINGDOM		INFLOW						
		NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED			SEASONALLY ADJUSTED			
		All	Male	Female	All	Change since previous month	Male	Female
Month ending								
2003	May 8	204.2	147.3	56.9	223.8	-1.9	160.3	63.5
	Jun 12	216.6	155.1	61.5	227.2	3.4	163.1	64.1
	Jul 10	242.1	165.9	76.3	218.0	-9.2	156.0	62.0
	Aug 14	229.1	157.8	71.4	215.5	-2.5	154.6	60.9
	Sep 11	226.7	156.2	70.5	219.5	4.0	156.5	63.0
	Oct 9	224.0	158.2	65.9	214.8	-4.7	153.2	61.6
	Nov 13	220.6	158.6	62.0	213.2	-1.6	152.2	61.0
	Dec 11	207.9	153.8	54.0	211.6	-1.6	151.3	60.3
	Jan 8	210.4	151.6	58.9	207.6	-4.0	148.5	59.1
	Feb 12	237.6	169.6	68.0	210.0	2.4	149.7	60.3
2004	Mar 11	213.4	153.0	60.4	208.7	-1.3	148.9	59.8
	Apr 8 R	199.6	142.7	56.8	201.8	-6.9	143.9	57.9
	May 13 P	185.9	133.7	52.3	204.5	2.7	145.0	59.5

UNITED KINGDOM		OUTFLOW						
		NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED			SEASONALLY ADJUSTED			
		All	Male	Female	All	Change since previous month	Male	Female
Month ending								
2003	May 8	213.2	153.2	60.0	217.4	-12.5	155.4	62.0
	Jun 12	232.8	168.6	64.1	228.0	10.6	163.1	64.9
	Jul 10	234.4	170.0	64.3	228.0	0.0	164.2	63.8
	Aug 14	227.2	161.7	65.5	221.9	-6.1	159.5	62.4
	Sep 11	255.3	175.4	79.9	225.6	3.7	161.6	64.0
	Oct 9	255.4	177.2	78.2	219.0	-6.6	156.6	62.4
	Nov 13	228.0	160.1	67.9	220.1	1.1	157.8	62.3
	Dec 11	202.4	143.8	58.6	219.3	-0.8	157.0	62.3
	Jan 8	142.5	100.6	41.9	213.7	-5.6	152.3	61.4
	Feb 12	233.6	169.4	64.2	215.5	1.8	154.4	61.1
2004	Mar 11	240.4	173.9	66.5	214.5	-1.0	153.5	61.0
	Apr 8 R	228.6	166.1	62.5	211.0	-3.5	150.5	60.5
	May 13 P	216.8	156.2	60.5	216.0	5.0	155.4	60.6

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

- a Flow figures are collected for four or five-week periods between count dates; the figures in the table are converted to a standard 4<sup>1</sup>/<sub>3</sub>-week month.  
R Seasonally adjusted figures are revised.  
P Seasonally adjusted figures are provisional.

Note: Formerly Table C.31.

# CLAIMANT COUNT

## Destination of leavers from the claimant count by duration

### Leavers between 8 April and 12 May 2004

# F.24

UNITED KINGDOM	Duration of claim					Total
	Less than 13 weeks	13 to 26 weeks	26 to 52 weeks	52 to 104 weeks	More than 104 weeks	
<b>Thousands</b>						
Found work	63.9	23.9	13.9	4.1	0.7	<b>106.5</b>
Work on average 16+ hours per week	1.9	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.0	<b>2.6</b>
Gone abroad	4.4	1.9	1.3	0.4	0.1	<b>8.0</b>
Claimed Income Support	1.9	1.4	1.1	0.5	0.1	<b>5.0</b>
Claimed Incapacity Benefit	3.6	2.3	2.1	1.1	0.4	<b>9.5</b>
Claimed another benefit	1.1	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.2	<b>3.1</b>
Full-time education	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	<b>0.7</b>
Approved training	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	<b>0.7</b>
Government-supported training	5.5	2.0	4.9	3.0	0.7	<b>16.1</b>
Retirement age reached	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	<b>0.5</b>
Automatic credits	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	<b>0.2</b>
Gone to prison	1.0	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.0	<b>1.6</b>
Attending court	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	<b>0.1</b>
Defective claim	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	<b>1.3</b>
Ceased claiming	1.6	0.8	1.1	0.3	0.1	<b>3.9</b>
Deceased	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	<b>0.1</b>
Not known	9.0	2.6	2.4	0.9	0.3	<b>15.1</b>
Failed to sign	43.2	15.3	10.1	2.9	0.5	<b>71.9</b>
New claim review	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.0	<b>1.1</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>140.1</b>	<b>52.2</b>	<b>38.4</b>	<b>13.9</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>247.9</b>
<b>As a percentage of those with a known destination</b>						
Found work	72.6	69.4	53.9	40.9	27.8	
Work on average 16+ hours per week	2.2	1.1	0.7	0.6	0.3	
Gone abroad	5.0	5.6	4.8	3.7	2.7	
Claimed Income Support	2.1	4.1	4.2	5.1	6.0	
Claimed Incapacity Benefit	4.1	6.5	8.2	11.3	14.4	
Claimed another benefit	1.3	2.2	2.5	3.6	8.4	
Full-time education	0.6	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.0	
Approved training	0.5	0.5	0.2	0.0	0.1	
Government-supported training	6.3	5.8	18.9	29.3	30.1	
Retirement age reached	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.9	4.5	
Automatic credits	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.2	1.1	
Gone to prison	1.1	1.1	0.7	0.6	0.5	
Attending court	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	
Defective claim	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Ceased claiming	1.9	2.3	4.1	2.9	2.8	
Deceased	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	
New claim review	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.9	
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

Note: Formerly Table C.34.  
Computerised claims only.

# F.25 CLAIMANT COUNT

## Average duration

### Average duration of claims terminating in the quarter ending April 2004

Age (years)	Off-flows (thousands)			Mean duration (weeks)			Median duration (weeks)		
	Female	Male	All	Female	Male	All	Female	Male	All
<b>United Kingdom</b>									
16-17	7.2	8.9	16.1	8	7	8	6	5	6
18-19	29.4	51.5	80.9	13	12	13	8	8	8
20-24	43.1	112.6	155.7	13	14	13	8	9	9
25-29	21.2	72.0	93.3	15	18	17	8	10	10
30-34	16.6	62.2	78.8	18	21	21	9	11	11
35-39	15.1	52.5	67.5	19	23	22	10	12	11
40-44	15.5	42.9	58.4	18	24	22	10	12	11
45-49	14.8	33.5	48.3	19	24	23	10	11	11
50-54	13.9	29.5	43.3	19	25	23	10	11	11
55-59	12.8	26.8	39.6	24	28	27	12	11	11
60 and over	n/a	10.0	10.0	n/a	32	32	n/a	12	12
<b>All ages</b>	<b>189.6</b>	<b>502.5</b>	<b>692.1</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>North East</b>									
16-17	0.5	0.7	1.2	8	7	8	6	6	6
18-19	2.0	3.6	5.6	13	13	13	8	9	9
20-24	2.3	7.6	9.9	13	13	13	8	9	9
25-29	0.9	4.1	5.0	16	17	17	8	10	10
30-34	0.7	3.5	4.1	18	22	21	10	11	11
35-39	0.7	3.0	3.7	19	23	22	10	11	11
40-44	0.8	2.6	3.4	19	23	22	10	11	10
45-49	0.8	2.3	3.1	20	24	23	11	10	10
50-54	0.7	2.0	2.7	20	24	23	10	9	10
55-59	0.5	1.9	2.4	25	32	30	13	11	11
60 and over	n/a	0.6	0.6	n/a	37	37	n/a	10	10
<b>All ages</b>	<b>9.8</b>	<b>31.8</b>	<b>41.6</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>North West</b>									
16-17	1.0	1.2	2.1	8	8	8	6	5	6
18-19	4.0	7.1	11.1	13	12	12	8	8	8
20-24	5.4	15.4	20.8	13	13	13	8	8	8
25-29	2.2	9.1	11.4	15	18	17	8	10	10
30-34	1.8	7.8	9.5	17	22	21	9	11	10
35-39	1.6	6.3	7.9	18	24	23	9	12	11
40-44	1.7	5.2	6.9	18	25	23	9	11	10
45-49	1.5	3.8	5.4	18	26	24	8	10	10
50-54	1.4	3.5	4.9	18	27	24	9	10	10
55-59	1.2	3.2	4.4	23	30	28	11	11	11
60 and over	n/a	1.1	1.1	n/a	32	32	n/a	11	12
<b>All ages</b>	<b>21.8</b>	<b>63.7</b>	<b>85.5</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>Yorkshire and the Humber</b>									
16-17	0.9	1.2	2.1	6	6	6	4	4	4
18-19	2.9	5.2	8.1	12	12	12	8	8	8
20-24	3.9	11.4	15.3	13	13	13	8	8	8
25-29	1.8	7.3	9.1	15	17	17	8	10	9
30-34	1.3	6.1	7.5	18	19	19	10	10	10
35-39	1.2	5.0	6.2	19	21	21	10	10	10
40-44	1.3	3.9	5.2	18	21	20	9	10	10
45-49	1.2	3.2	4.4	18	21	20	8	10	10
50-54	1.1	2.8	3.9	19	23	22	10	10	10
55-59	1.1	2.5	3.6	27	28	28	11	10	10
60 and over	n/a	0.8	0.8	n/a	33	33	n/a	11	11
<b>All ages</b>	<b>16.8</b>	<b>49.4</b>	<b>66.2</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>East Midlands</b>									
16-17	0.5	0.6	1.1	8	7	7	5	5	5
18-19	1.9	3.3	5.2	13	13	13	8	8	8
20-24	2.8	7.2	10.1	13	14	14	8	9	9
25-29	1.4	4.7	6.1	15	18	17	8	10	10
30-34	1.1	4.1	5.2	17	21	20	9	10	10
35-39	1.0	3.2	4.2	17	24	22	9	11	11
40-44	1.1	2.8	3.9	17	23	22	8	11	10
45-49	1.1	2.2	3.3	17	21	20	9	10	10
50-54	1.2	2.0	3.2	17	22	20	9	11	10
55-59	1.0	1.9	2.9	23	26	25	12	11	11
60 and over	n/a	0.8	0.8	n/a	27	27	n/a	12	12
<b>All ages</b>	<b>13.1</b>	<b>32.7</b>	<b>45.9</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>West Midlands</b>									
16-17	0.5	0.6	1.1	8	8	8	6	5	6
18-19	3.1	5.5	8.6	13	13	13	9	8	8
20-24	4.3	12.1	16.4	14	14	14	9	9	9
25-29	1.9	7.2	9.1	17	19	18	9	11	10
30-34	1.5	6.0	7.5	19	23	22	9	12	11
35-39	1.3	4.9	6.2	18	24	23	10	12	11
40-44	1.5	3.9	5.4	18	26	23	8	12	11
45-49	1.5	3.1	4.6	19	27	24	9	13	11
50-54	1.4	2.9	4.3	20	25	24	10	12	11
55-59	1.2	2.7	3.9	25	31	29	12	11	11
60 and over	n/a	1.2	1.2	n/a	32	32	n/a	13	13
<b>All ages</b>	<b>18.2</b>	<b>50.0</b>	<b>68.2</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>East</b>									
16-17	0.4	0.5	0.9	9	8	8	7	5	6
18-19	2.0	3.2	5.2	11	11	11	8	7	7
20-24	2.9	6.7	9.6	12	12	12	8	8	8
25-29	1.5	4.6	6.1	13	15	15	8	9	9
30-34	1.3	4.1	5.4	15	18	18	9	10	10
35-39	1.2	3.7	4.9	15	19	18	9	10	10
40-44	1.2	3.1	4.3	15	20	19	8	11	10
45-49	1.3	2.5	3.7	17	21	19	9	11	10
50-54	1.2	2.2	3.5	16	20	18	9	10	10
55-59	1.3	2.2	3.5	21	21	21	11	10	11
60 and over	n/a	0.9	0.9	n/a	24	24	n/a	11	11
<b>All ages</b>	<b>14.3</b>	<b>33.7</b>	<b>48.0</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>London</b>									
16-17	0.5	0.6	1.1	9	9	9	7	6	7
18-19	3.4	5.4	8.8	15	15	15	11	10	10
20-24	6.8	13.3	20.1	17	17	17	11	11	11
25-29	4.2	10.1	14.3	18	22	21	11	13	12
30-34	3.3	9.6	12.9	22	27	25	12	15	15
35-39	2.8	8.2	11.0	25	30	29	14	17	16
40-44	2.4	6.1	8.5	25	32	30	15	18	17
45-49	2.0	4.1	6.1	27	34	32	15	18	17
50-54	1.7	3.0	4.7	27	34	31	14	16	16
55-59	1.5	2.4	3.9	35	38	37	17	16	17
60 and over	n/a	1.0	1.0	n/a	48	48	n/a	21	21
<b>All ages</b>	<b>28.7</b>	<b>63.9</b>	<b>92.5</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>13</b>



## Average duration of claims terminating in the quarter ending April 2004

Age (years)	Off-flows (thousands)			Mean duration (weeks)			Median duration (weeks)		
	Female	Male	All	Female	Male	All	Female	Male	All
<b>South East</b>									
16-17	0.5	0.7	1.2	9	7	8	7	5	6
18-19	2.3	4.2	6.5	11	11	11	7	7	7
20-24	3.4	8.8	12.2	12	12	12	7	8	8
25-29	2.0	6.3	8.3	13	16	15	8	9	9
30-34	1.7	5.5	7.3	14	19	18	8	11	10
35-39	1.6	5.0	6.6	17	19	19	10	11	10
40-44	1.6	4.1	5.8	16	20	19	9	11	10
45-49	1.5	3.5	5.1	17	22	20	9	12	11
50-54	1.6	3.2	4.8	18	21	20	9	11	10
55-59	1.5	2.9	4.5	19	22	21	11	11	11
60 and over	n/a	1.2	1.2	n/a	21	21	n/a	11	11
<b>All ages</b>	<b>17.9</b>	<b>45.4</b>	<b>63.4</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>South West</b>									
16-17	0.3	0.4	0.8	9	7	8	7	5	6
18-19	1.8	3.2	5.0	10	10	10	7	7	7
20-24	2.8	6.5	9.3	11	11	11	7	8	7
25-29	1.5	4.4	5.9	12	15	14	7	8	8
30-34	1.1	3.9	5.1	14	17	17	8	10	9
35-39	1.0	3.4	4.4	15	19	18	8	10	10
40-44	1.1	2.8	3.9	16	19	18	8	10	9
45-49	1.1	2.2	3.3	14	20	18	8	10	9
50-54	1.2	2.2	3.4	16	21	20	9	11	10
55-59	1.2	2.1	3.3	17	24	22	10	10	10
60 and over	n/a	0.8	0.8	n/a	23	23	n/a	11	11
<b>All ages</b>	<b>13.3</b>	<b>32.0</b>	<b>45.2</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>England</b>									
16-17	5.2	6.4	11.6	8	7	8	6	5	5
18-19	23.5	40.8	64.3	13	12	12	8	8	8
20-24	34.6	88.9	123.6	13	14	13	8	9	9
25-29	17.4	57.8	75.3	15	18	17	9	10	10
30-34	13.8	50.6	64.4	18	22	21	10	11	11
35-39	12.5	42.6	55.0	19	23	22	10	12	11
40-44	12.7	34.7	47.4	19	24	23	10	12	11
45-49	12.1	27.0	39.1	19	25	23	10	11	11
50-54	11.4	23.7	35.2	19	25	23	10	11	11
55-59	10.6	21.7	32.4	24	28	27	12	11	11
60 and over	n/a	8.3	8.3	n/a	30	30	n/a	12	12
<b>All ages</b>	<b>153.9</b>	<b>402.6</b>	<b>556.5</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>Wales</b>									
16-17	0.4	0.5	1.0	6	6	6	4	5	4
18-19	1.7	3.3	5.0	12	11	11	8	7	8
20-24	2.4	6.6	9.0	12	12	12	7	8	8
25-29	0.9	3.8	4.8	13	16	15	7	10	9
30-34	0.7	3.0	3.7	15	20	19	9	11	10
35-39	0.7	2.5	3.2	18	20	20	9	11	10
40-44	0.7	2.0	2.8	16	22	20	9	11	10
45-49	0.7	1.6	2.3	17	23	21	9	11	10
50-54	0.7	1.5	2.3	20	22	21	9	11	10
55-59	0.6	1.4	2.0	21	28	26	11	11	11
60 and over	n/a	0.4	0.4	n/a	38	38	n/a	12	12
<b>All ages</b>	<b>9.7</b>	<b>26.7</b>	<b>36.4</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>Scotland</b>									
16-17	1.5	1.9	3.4	9	8	8	6	6	6
18-19	3.3	5.8	9.0	13	13	13	8	8	8
20-24	4.5	13.4	17.8	12	13	13	8	9	8
25-29	2.1	8.4	10.5	13	17	16	8	10	10
30-34	1.7	7.0	8.7	16	20	19	9	11	11
35-39	1.6	6.2	7.7	17	21	20	9	11	11
40-44	1.8	5.2	6.9	16	21	20	9	11	11
45-49	1.7	4.2	5.8	17	21	20	10	11	10
50-54	1.4	3.6	5.0	18	22	21	10	11	10
55-59	1.3	3.2	4.4	24	26	25	12	11	11
60 and over	n/a	1.1	1.1	n/a	30	30	n/a	12	12
<b>All ages</b>	<b>20.7</b>	<b>59.9</b>	<b>80.6</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>Northern Ireland</b>									
16-17	0.0	0.1	0.1	8	7	7	7	4	6
18-19	1.0	1.7	2.7	15	16	16	10	10	10
20-24	1.6	3.7	5.3	15	18	17	9	12	11
25-29	0.7	2.0	2.7	16	25	23	9	14	13
30-34	0.5	1.5	2.0	16	31	28	9	17	15
35-39	0.4	1.2	1.6	20	36	32	10	19	17
40-44	0.3	1.0	1.3	23	35	32	12	18	16
45-49	0.3	0.8	1.1	23	34	31	10	18	15
50-54	0.3	0.6	0.9	29	49	42	14	16	15
55-59	0.3	0.5	0.8	41	52	48	20	27	18
60 and over	n/a	0.2	0.2	n/a	100	100	n/a	26	27
<b>All ages</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>13.3</b>	<b>18.7</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>13</b>

Source: Benefits Agency administrative system  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

n/a Not applicable

Note: Formerly Table C.35. Claims in this table terminated in the February to April 2004 accounting months. Totals might not sum exactly due to rounding.

# G.1 VACANCIES

## Vacancies<sup>a</sup>

Thousands, not seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM	Monthly estimates	Average for three months ending in month shown			
	Level	Level	Change on year	Percentage change	Vacancy ratio <sup>b</sup>
	YXVV	YXVW	YXVX	YXVY	YXVZ
2001 May	675.7				
Jun	680.9	672.3			2.6
Jul	658.9	671.8			2.6
Aug	640.1	660.0			2.6
Sep	708.6	669.2			2.6
Oct	640.8	663.2			2.6
Nov	596.7	648.7			2.5
Dec	544.2	593.9			2.3
2002 Jan	526.3	555.7			2.2
Feb	617.3	562.6			2.2
Mar	603.2	582.3			2.3
Apr	594.3	604.9			2.4
May	614.0	603.8			2.3
Jun	634.5	614.3	-58.0	-8.6	2.4
Jul	599.2	615.9	-55.9	-8.3	2.4
Aug	613.7	615.8	-44.2	-6.7	2.4
Sep	646.9	620.0	-49.2	-7.4	2.4
Oct	650.1	636.9	-26.3	-4.0	2.5
Nov	608.0	635.0	-13.7	-2.1	2.5
Dec	540.1	599.4	5.5	0.9	2.3
2003 Jan	520.0	556.0	0.3	0.1	2.2
Feb	583.0	547.7	-14.9	-2.6	2.1
Mar	578.2	560.4	-21.9	-3.8	2.2
Apr	564.5	575.2	-29.7	-4.9	2.2
May	605.3	582.7	-21.1	-3.5	2.3
Jun	578.8	582.9	-31.4	-5.1	2.3
Jul	568.6	584.2	-31.7	-5.1	2.3
Aug	609.9	585.8	-30.0	-4.9	2.3
Sept	642.7	607.1	-12.9	-2.1	2.4
Oct	651.3	634.7	-2.2	-0.3	2.5
Nov	620.3	638.1	3.1	0.5	2.5
Dec	552.0	607.9	8.5	1.4	2.4
2004 Jan	515.9	562.7	6.7	1.2	2.2
Feb R	623.1	563.6	15.9	2.9	2.2
Mar R	628.1	589.0	28.6	5.1	2.3
Apr R	606.8	619.3	44.1	7.7	2.4
May P	658.2	631.0	48.3	8.3	2.4

Source: ONS Vacancy Survey  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

a Excludes Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing.  
b Ratio of vacancies per 100 employee jobs.

R Revised  
P Provisional

### SAMPLING VARIABILITY OF VACANCY SURVEY RESULTS

The following are estimated 95 per cent confidence intervals for the Vacancy Survey results. These are approximate only, especially those for changes over the year which are more difficult to estimate than those for the levels of vacancies. They nevertheless provide useful guidelines as to the precision of the results.

	Level	Sampling variability	Change on year	Sampling variability
<b>March to May 2004 average total vacancies</b>				
Levels (000s)	631.0	± 22	+48.3	± 18
Vacancy ratio (per 100 employee jobs)	2.4	± 0.1	+0.2	± 0.1
<b>May 2004 single month estimate</b>				
Level (000s)	658.2	± 38	+52.9	± 30

# G.2 VACANCIES

## Vacancies: by industry

Not seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM		All Vacancies <sup>a</sup>	Mining and quarrying	Food products; beverages and tobacco	Textiles, leather and clothing	Chemicals and man-made fibres	Basic metals and metal products	Engineering and allied industries	Other manufacturing	Electricity, gas and water supply	Construction
Average level for 3 months ending		(C-O)	(C)	(DA)	(DB,DC)	(DG)	(DJ)	(DK,DL,DM)	(DD,DE,DF,DH,DI,DN)	(E)	(F)
SIC 1992 SECTIONS		(C-O)	(C)	(DA)	(DB,DC)	(DG)	(DJ)	(DK,DL,DM)	(DD,DE,DF,DH,DI,DN)	(E)	(F)
Levels (thousands)		YXVW	YXWU	YXWV	YXWW	YXWX	YXWY	YXWZ	YXXA	YXXB	YXWD
2002	May	603.8	1.2	12.6	3.4	5.6	7.0	16.0	15.8	1.6	21.2
	Jun	614.3	1.2	14.1	4.3	5.3	6.8	16.0	16.3	1.6	25.3
	Jul	615.9	1.2	14.3	3.7	5.8	5.8	17.0	19.3	1.7	25.6
	Aug	615.8	1.2	13.4	3.8	5.7	5.3	15.4	19.6	1.7	25.2
	Sep	620.0	1.1	12.6	2.9	6.2	4.6	16.3	20.5	1.6	21.4
	Oct	636.9	0.9	13.6	3.1	6.3	5.2	16.4	19.6	1.4	20.1
	Nov	635.0	0.8	14.1	2.6	5.4	6.2	16.2	18.8	1.5	21.1
	Dec	599.4	0.7	13.1	2.8	4.8	6.7	14.9	15.7	1.4	20.0
	Jan	556.0	0.7	12.1	2.3	4.4	5.6	13.1	12.9	1.4	20.9
	Feb	547.7	0.8	12.1	2.1	4.2	4.6	13.0	13.8	1.5	20.7
	Mar	560.4	0.8	12.9	2.7	4.3	4.0	13.2	15.3	1.7	20.5
	Apr	575.2	0.8	13.1	2.3	4.3	3.8	13.1	16.1	1.8	21.2
2003	May	582.7	0.8	12.8	2.7	4.1	3.9	13.3	16.0	1.7	23.8
	Jun	582.9	0.9	12.8	2.9	3.9	3.5	12.6	16.4	1.7	24.9
	Jul	584.2	0.9	13.0	2.7	3.7	4.1	12.1	16.8	1.6	27.1
	Aug	585.8	0.9	12.4	2.8	3.6	5.7	12.5	17.0	1.7	25.6
	Sep	607.1	1.0	13.5	1.7	3.6	6.4	13.5	17.7	1.7	25.1
	Oct	634.7	1.1	14.3	2.0	3.6	6.7	14.5	18.8	1.7	24.2
	Nov	638.1	1.0	16.0	2.0	3.6	5.6	14.1	18.3	1.7	24.4
	Dec	607.9	0.9	12.8	1.8	3.7	5.4	14.7	18.1	1.7	23.2
	Jan	562.7	0.7	11.2	1.9	3.1	5.1	13.8	15.3	1.5	21.2
	Feb R	563.6	0.7	9.7	1.9	3.4	5.8	14.3	15.3	1.4	20.0
	Mar R	589.0	0.8	11.1	2.0	4.0	5.4	14.5	15.0	1.4	22.5
	Apr R	619.3	0.9	11.7	1.9	4.5	5.9	16.3	17.3	1.5	23.3
	May P	631.0	1.0	12.3	2.1	4.6	4.5	16.5	18.2	1.5	23.4
Change on year		48.3	0.2	-0.5	-0.6	0.5	0.6	3.2	2.2	-0.2	-0.4
Percent		8.3	25.0	-3.9	-22.2	12.2	15.4	24.1	13.8	-11.8	-1.7
Ratio per 100 employee jobs		YXVZ	YXXK	YXXL	YXXM	YXXN	YXXO	YXXP	YXXQ	YXXR	YXWN
2002	May	2.3	1.8	2.7	1.6	2.4	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.8
	Jun	2.4	1.8	3.0	2.1	2.3	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.2	2.2
	Jul	2.4	1.8	3.1	1.8	2.5	1.3	1.5	1.8	1.3	2.2
	Aug	2.4	1.7	2.9	1.9	2.4	1.2	1.4	1.8	1.3	2.1
	Sep	2.4	1.6	2.7	1.4	2.7	1.0	1.5	1.9	1.2	1.8
	Oct	2.5	1.3	2.9	1.5	2.7	1.1	1.5	1.8	1.1	1.7
	Nov	2.5	1.2	3.0	1.3	2.3	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.1	1.8
	Dec	2.3	1.1	2.8	1.4	2.1	1.5	1.3	1.4	1.1	1.7
	Jan	2.2	1.1	2.6	1.1	1.9	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.8
	Feb	2.1	1.2	2.6	1.2	1.8	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.1	1.7
	Mar	2.2	1.4	2.8	1.5	1.9	0.9	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.7
	Apr	2.2	1.4	2.9	1.3	1.9	0.9	1.2	1.5	1.4	1.8
2003	May	2.3	1.3	2.8	1.5	1.8	0.9	1.3	1.5	1.3	2.0
	Jun	2.3	1.4	2.8	1.6	1.7	0.8	1.2	1.5	1.3	2.1
	Jul	2.3	1.4	2.8	1.5	1.6	0.9	1.1	1.6	1.2	2.2
	Aug	2.3	1.5	2.7	1.5	1.6	1.3	1.2	1.6	1.3	2.1
	Sep	2.4	1.6	2.9	0.9	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.6	1.3	2.1
	Oct	2.5	1.7	3.1	1.1	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.7	1.3	2.0
	Nov	2.5	1.6	3.5	1.1	1.6	1.2	1.3	1.7	1.3	2.0
	Dec	2.4	1.4	2.8	1.0	1.6	1.2	1.4	1.7	1.3	1.9
	Jan	2.2	1.2	2.4	1.1	1.4	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.2	1.7
	Feb R	2.2	1.2	2.1	1.0	1.5	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.1	1.7
	Mar R	2.3	1.3	2.4	1.1	1.7	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.0	1.9
	Apr R	2.4	1.4	2.5	1.0	2.0	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.1	1.9
	May P	2.4	1.6	2.7	1.1	2.0	1.0	1.6	1.7	1.1	1.9
Change on year		0.2	0.3	-0.1	-0.4	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.2	-0.2	0.0

a Excludes Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing.  
b Includes both public and private sectors

P Provisional  
R Revised

# VACANCIES G.2

## Vacancies: by industry

Not seasonally adjusted

Whole-sale trade	Retail trade and repairs	Hotels and restaurants	Transport, storage and communication	Financial intermediation	Real estate renting and business activities	Public administration <sup>b</sup>	Education <sup>b</sup>	Health and social work <sup>b</sup>	Other services	UNITED KINGDOM
(G: 51)	(G: 50,52)	(H)	(I)	(J)	(K)	(L)	(M)	(N)	(O)	Average level for 3 months ending
YXXC	YXXD	YXXE	YXWF	YXXF	YXXG	YXXH	YXXI	YXXJ	YXWI	SIC 1992 SECTIONS
21.3	90.7	58.7	51.4	26.0	94.9	15.2	36.2	89.2	36.0	Levels (thousands)
20.3	94.2	59.6	53.5	25.2	95.0	15.8	35.6	89.6	34.3	2002 May Jun
20.5	95.9	54.5	54.5	24.8	93.9	16.5	37.7	88.6	34.7	Jul
20.9	99.4	56.6	54.2	25.1	91.0	16.8	36.9	87.3	36.3	Aug
23.2	110.6	55.7	54.1	25.3	86.7	17.5	37.4	86.9	35.4	Sep
23.9	124.2	58.8	56.8	24.4	87.8	17.0	37.7	88.1	31.6	Oct
24.8	126.0	55.5	57.9	22.6	85.4	17.2	39.2	90.3	29.6	Nov
23.0	110.1	52.2	55.7	21.6	82.5	17.0	38.9	88.1	30.1	Dec
21.9	90.2	47.0	51.1	21.7	80.6	16.4	36.4	86.0	31.4	2003 Jan
23.1	80.3	46.0	50.2	21.6	80.9	17.0	37.6	84.8	33.5	Feb
24.9	79.7	48.5	50.6	23.0	83.9	17.1	38.0	83.1	36.2	Mar
24.2	81.8	55.4	50.8	23.4	83.4	18.3	41.0	85.4	34.9	Apr
21.6	83.3	61.5	48.5	24.8	83.8	18.6	42.8	84.4	34.1	May
21.5	85.1	64.7	48.1	24.4	79.8	19.1	45.4	84.6	30.6	Jun
22.4	86.7	64.9	46.2	24.7	80.3	19.7	45.5	82.1	29.8	Jul
26.0	90.7	59.0	48.8	25.4	80.2	19.0	44.3	81.5	28.7	Aug
26.0	98.9	59.4	51.9	25.7	83.7	19.5	43.6	83.6	30.7	Sep
27.7	110.5	59.4	53.4	26.7	87.1	20.0	44.0	85.4	33.5	Oct
25.2	116.6	59.2	51.7	26.9	84.8	20.6	43.6	86.9	36.0	Nov
25.3	109.9	52.6	47.0	26.6	85.2	19.0	42.2	82.5	35.3	Dec
24.3	99.1	48.5	43.8	26.1	83.2	17.3	38.4	77.7	30.6	2004 Jan
27.5	89.3	49.8	44.3	29.3	86.6	17.0	38.3	79.7	29.3	Feb R
27.7	90.0	55.9	47.0	30.9	90.8	17.3	38.1	82.0	32.5	Mar R
27.6	92.3	60.8	49.5	32.6	93.9	17.6	40.1	85.4	36.1	Apr R
<b>26.6</b>	<b>99.3</b>	<b>61.2</b>	<b>50.9</b>	<b>32.3</b>	<b>94.1</b>	<b>18.6</b>	<b>41.1</b>	<b>83.2</b>	<b>39.6</b>	<b>May P</b>
<b>5.0</b>	<b>16.0</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>7.5</b>	<b>10.3</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-1.7</b>	<b>-1.2</b>	<b>5.5</b>	<b>Change on year</b>
23.1	19.2	-0.5	4.9	30.2	12.3	0.0	-4.0	-1.4	16.1	Per cent
YXXS	YXXT	YXXU	YXWP	YXXV	YXXW	YXXX	YXXY	YXXZ	YXWS	Ratio per 100 employee jobs
1.9	2.6	3.4	3.3	2.3	2.4	1.1	1.6	3.2	2.6	2002 May Jun
1.8	2.7	3.4	3.4	2.3	2.4	1.1	1.6	3.2	2.5	
1.8	2.8	3.1	3.5	2.2	2.4	1.1	1.7	3.1	2.5	Jul
1.8	2.9	3.3	3.4	2.3	2.3	1.2	1.7	3.1	2.6	Aug
2.0	3.2	3.2	3.4	2.3	2.2	1.2	1.7	3.1	2.6	Sep
2.1	3.6	3.4	3.6	2.2	2.2	1.2	1.7	3.1	2.3	Oct
2.2	3.7	3.2	3.7	2.0	2.2	1.2	1.8	3.2	2.2	Nov
2.0	3.2	3.0	3.5	2.0	2.1	1.2	1.8	3.1	2.2	Dec
1.9	2.6	2.7	3.2	2.0	2.0	1.1	1.6	3.1	2.3	2003 Jan
2.1	2.3	2.6	3.2	2.0	2.0	1.1	1.7	2.9	2.4	Feb
2.2	2.3	2.8	3.2	2.1	2.1	1.1	1.7	2.9	2.6	Mar
2.2	2.4	3.1	3.2	2.1	2.1	1.2	1.8	3.0	2.5	Apr
1.9	2.4	3.5	3.1	2.3	2.1	1.3	1.9	2.9	2.5	May
1.9	2.5	3.7	3.1	2.2	2.0	1.3	2.0	2.9	2.2	Jun
2.0	2.5	3.7	2.9	2.3	2.0	1.3	2.0	2.8	2.2	Jul
2.3	2.6	3.3	3.1	2.3	2.0	1.3	2.0	2.8	2.1	Aug
2.3	2.9	3.4	3.3	2.3	2.1	1.3	1.9	2.9	2.2	Sep
2.5	3.2	3.4	3.4	2.4	2.2	1.3	1.9	3.0	2.4	Oct
2.2	3.4	3.4	3.3	2.5	2.1	1.4	1.9	3.0	2.6	Nov
2.3	3.2	3.0	3.0	2.4	2.2	1.3	1.9	2.9	2.6	Dec
2.2	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.4	2.1	1.2	1.7	2.7	2.2	2004 Jan
2.4	2.6	2.8	2.7	2.2	2.2	1.1	1.7	2.8	2.1	Feb R
2.5	2.6	3.2	3.0	2.8	2.3	1.2	1.7	2.8	2.4	Mar R
2.5	2.7	3.5	3.2	3.0	2.4	1.2	1.8	3.0	2.6	Apr R
<b>2.4</b>	<b>2.9</b>	<b>3.5</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>2.9</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>2.9</b>	<b>2.9</b>	<b>May P</b>
<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>Change on year</b>

Source: ONS Vacancy Survey  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

# G.11 VACANCIES

## UK vacancies at Jobcentres:<sup>a</sup> seasonally adjusted

Thousands

UNITED KINGDOM		UNFILLED VACANCIES			INFLOW		OUTFLOW		of which: PLACINGS	
		Level	Change since previous month	Average change over 3 months ended	Level	Average change over 3 months ended	Level	Average change over 3 months ended	Level	Average change over 3 months ended
		<b>DPCB</b>			<b>DRYW</b>		<b>DRZL</b>		<b>DTQR</b>	
1997		283.3			226.5		225.3		140.0	
1998		295.8			218.3		217.2		115.5	
1999		314.2			230.4		227.2		121.4	
2000		359.1			223.1		221.1		111.6	
1999	Apr	295.7	-2.8	-2.5	229.6	-4.9	232.3	-5.8	126.5	-0.6
	May	304.6	8.9	1.1	224.4	0.8	219.4	-2.6	118.1	-0.1
	Jun	305.6	1.0	2.4	226.2	1.5	225.2	1.4	121.0	1.4
	Jul	307.8	2.2	4.0	231.2	0.5	227.6	-1.6	123.0	-1.2
	Aug	315.8	8.0	3.7	234.0	3.2	226.5	2.4	121.8	1.2
	Sep	314.7	-1.1	3.0	230.2	1.3	229.0	1.3	122.7	0.6
	Oct	336.5	21.8	9.6	235.0	1.3	219.6	-2.7	120.3	-0.9
	Nov	338.5	2.0	7.6	235.3	0.4	233.6	2.4	123.1	0.4
	Dec	347.4	8.9	10.9	236.7	2.2	231.1	0.7	122.6	0.0
2000	Jan	340.3	-7.1	1.3	227.9	-2.4	240.6	7.0	121.1	0.3
	Feb	341.7	1.4	1.1	226.1	-3.1	223.6	-3.3	116.4	-2.2
	Mar	344.6	2.9	-0.9	228.8	-2.6	224.1	-2.3	115.7	-2.3
	Apr	355.7	11.1	5.1	225.3	-0.9	218.9	-7.2	111.4	-3.2
	May	354.3	-1.4	4.2	213.2	-4.3	213.9	-3.2	108.1	-2.8
	Jun	357.2	2.9	4.2	222.3	-2.2	218.6	-1.8	109.5	-2.1
	Jul	362.9	5.7	2.4	220.6	-1.6	214.6	-1.4	107.3	-1.4
	Aug	361.6	-1.3	2.4	219.0	1.9	219.2	1.8	109.9	0.6
	Sep	365.6	4.0	2.8	225.6	1.1	221.8	1.1	111.3	0.6
	Oct	364.5	-1.1	0.5	221.3	0.2	217.1	0.8	109.9	0.9
	Nov	374.3	9.8	4.2	220.2	0.4	211.8	-2.5	107.1	-0.9
	Dec	376.5	2.2	3.6	222.8	-0.9	220.4	-0.5	108.4	-1.0
2001	Jan	395.7	19.2	10.4	224.9	1.2	212.1	-1.7	110.2	0.1
	Feb	391.6	-4.1	5.8	233.2	4.3	237.6	8.6	108.6	0.5
	Mar	394.9	3.3	6.1	232.8	3.3	226.1	1.9	109.1	0.2
	Apr	387.8	-7.1	-2.6	237.6	4.2	241.1	9.7	117.5	2.4

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

a Excluding vacancies on government programmes (except vacancies on Enterprise Ulster and Action for Community Employment (ACE) which are included in the figures for Northern Ireland).

Note: Formerly Table H.1. For further information, please see the article 'Jobcentre vacancy statistics' on pp159-62, Labour Market Trends, March 2001.

Publication of Jobcentre vacancy series has been deferred due to distortions to the data. This table contains vacancy data only up to April 2001. See notes to Table G.13.

Only a proportion of all vacancies are notified to Jobcentres. Inflow, outflow and placings figures are collected for four or five-week periods between count dates; the figures in this table are converted to a standard 4<sup>1</sup>/<sub>3</sub> week month.

The vacancy data for Northern Ireland have been suspended since March 1999 and the figures between March and April 1999 and between September and October 1999 for Great Britain have been affected by corrections by the Employment Service to the recorded stock of unfilled vacancies. There has also been a minor change in the definition of notified vacancies between April and May 2000. See notes to Table G.13.

# G.12 VACANCIES

## Government Office Regions: vacancies remaining unfilled at Jobcentres:<sup>a</sup> seasonally adjusted

Thousands

		North East	North West	Yorkshire and the Humber	East Midlands	West Midlands	East	London	South East	South West	England	Wales	Scotland	Great Britain	Northern Ireland <sup>b</sup>	United Kingdom
		<b>DPCL</b>	<b>IBWE</b>	<b>BCQG</b>	<b>BCQF</b>	<b>BCQE</b>	<b>DPCO</b>	<b>BCQB</b>	<b>DPCP</b>	<b>BCQD</b>	<b>VAST</b>	<b>BCQJ</b>	<b>BCQK</b>	<b>BCQL</b>	<b>BCQM</b>	<b>DPCB</b>
1999	Apr	12.0	35.8	21.3	19.5	35.0	23.7	31.5	35.5	25.3	239.6	16.2	31.0	286.8	..	295.7
	May	14.8	35.7	22.2	20.9	35.3	23.6	32.1	36.6	26.0	247.2	16.3	32.2	295.7	..	304.6
	Jun	15.6	35.7	22.6	21.0	34.5	23.4	32.1	36.7	26.3	247.9	16.2	32.6	296.7	..	305.6
	Jul	16.7	35.2	23.1	21.1	33.8	22.9	31.9	37.0	27.6	249.3	16.5	33.1	298.9	..	307.8
	Aug	18.8	35.7	23.9	21.8	33.6	24.0	32.6	38.2	28.5	257.1	16.6	33.2	306.9	..	315.8
	Sep	19.1	35.8	24.0	21.2	33.2	23.4	32.3	38.1	28.9	256.0	16.2	33.6	305.8	..	314.7
	Oct	20.5	37.1	25.6	22.7	37.3	24.9	35.0	40.8	30.4	274.3	18.0	35.3	327.6	..	336.5
	Nov	20.7	38.1	26.2	23.0	35.9	24.7	35.0	40.8	30.5	274.9	18.9	35.8	329.6	..	338.5
	Dec	21.0	40.4	27.0	23.1	36.7	24.6	37.1	41.4	31.1	282.4	19.2	36.9	338.5	..	347.4
2000	Jan	20.6	38.8	27.3	22.6	34.6	24.6	34.9	40.9	31.0	275.3	19.2	36.9	331.4	..	340.3
	Feb	20.3	39.4	28.3	22.1	33.3	24.4	36.1	41.0	31.6	276.5	19.0	37.3	332.8	..	341.7
	Mar	19.9	39.5	29.4	22.2	35.2	24.0	36.2	40.5	32.3	279.2	19.0	37.5	335.7	..	344.6
	Apr	19.5	41.2	31.0	22.5	35.9	25.2	36.7	41.9	34.7	288.6	19.8	38.4	346.8	..	355.7
	May	19.0	41.3	31.7	22.6	35.8	25.3	36.0	42.5	34.1	288.3	18.9	38.2	345.4	..	354.3
	Jun	18.5	41.0	32.7	22.9	36.1	25.0	36.5	43.7	34.5	290.9	18.9	38.5	348.3	..	357.2
	Jul	18.7	41.4	33.3	22.9	36.0	25.3	37.6	45.1	35.1	295.4	19.1	39.5	354.0	..	362.9
	Aug	18.7	40.8	33.6	22.5	36.6	24.7	37.3	44.5	35.4	294.1	19.3	39.3	352.7	..	361.6
	Sep	19.3	42.1	34.6	22.7	36.6	24.3	35.3	45.3	35.5	295.7	19.1	41.9	356.7	..	365.6
	Oct	19.6	42.4	35.3	20.9	36.2	23.4	35.8	45.0	35.8	294.4	18.4	42.8	355.6	..	364.5
	Nov	20.7	43.0	37.1	22.0	36.5	23.6	36.9	45.7	36.9	302.4	18.7	44.3	365.4	..	374.3
	Dec	21.2	42.0	37.5	22.5	37.2	23.8	36.9	46.0	37.1	304.2	18.9	44.5	367.6	..	376.5
2001	Jan	22.4	44.0	39.5	23.5	39.7	24.5	39.0	47.1	39.6	319.3	19.8	47.7	386.8	..	395.7
	Feb	23.8	44.9	38.8	24.7	39.0	24.9	36.4	48.0	37.3	317.9	19.6	45.3	382.7	..	391.6
	Mar	25.6	46.3	39.3	25.3	39.8	25.4	35.7	47.0	36.3	320.6	20.2	45.1	386.0	..	394.9
	Apr	25.2	46.7	39.4	23.9	39.4	26.4	32.6	44.8	35.9	314.2	20.6	44.2	378.9	..	387.8

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

a Excluding vacancies on government programmes (except vacancies on Enterprise Ulster and Action for Community Employment (ACE) which are included in the figures for Northern Ireland).

b The vacancy data for Northern Ireland have been suspended since March 1999 and the figures between March and April 1999 and between September and October 1999 for Great Britain have been affected by corrections by the Employment Service to the recorded stock of unfilled vacancies. There has also been a minor change in the definition of notified vacancies between April and May 2000. See notes to Table G.13.

Note: Formerly Table H.2. For further information, please see the article 'Jobcentre vacancy statistics' on pp159-62, Labour Market Trends, March 2001.

Publication of Jobcentre vacancy series has been deferred due to distortions to the data. This table contains vacancy data only up to April 2001. See notes to Table G.13.

# Government Office Regions: vacancies remaining unfilled at Jobcentres<sup>a</sup> and careers offices: not seasonally adjusted

VACANCIES

G.13

Thousands

	North East	North West	Yorkshire and the Humber	East Midlands	West Midlands	East	London	South East	South West	England	Wales	Scotland	Great Britain	Northern Ireland	United Kingdom
Vacancies at Jobcentres <sup>b</sup>	DPCQ	IBWF	BCRG	BCRF	BCRE	DPCT	BCRB	DPCU	BCRD	VASU	BCRJ	BCRK	BCRL	BCRM	BCOM
1997	10.1	34.4	21.0	20.4	23.1	23.6	35.1	34.4	25.4	227.5	18.1	31.5	277.0	6.8	283.9
1998	11.0	41.1	22.6	20.5	30.5	24.1	28.2	34.8	26.1	238.9	17.9	31.0	287.7	8.9	296.6
1999	16.4	37.1	24.1	21.3	35.7	24.0	32.1	37.7	27.8	256.1	17.1	33.0	306.2	..	..
2000	19.7	41.2	32.8	22.3	35.9	24.4	36.4	43.6	34.6	290.9	19.0	40.1	349.9	..	..
2000 Apr	17.7	38.5	30.5	20.9	33.9	24.0	34.3	40.7	35.7	276.0	19.5	37.0	332.5	..	..
May	18.0	39.2	31.3	21.2	33.7	24.7	34.2	42.0	35.9	280.4	19.0	35.8	335.1	..	..
Jun	18.5	40.3	32.9	22.6	35.1	25.2	36.3	45.1	37.6	293.6	19.5	36.7	349.8	..	..
Jul	18.7	40.4	33.5	22.2	34.8	25.7	37.5	46.2	36.8	295.9	19.3	37.6	352.8	..	..
Aug	19.2	40.7	34.0	21.5	35.8	24.7	36.1	44.7	35.9	292.5	19.2	38.5	350.2	..	..
Sep	21.9	46.4	37.5	24.0	39.5	26.4	36.2	48.5	38.0	318.4	20.4	45.4	384.1	..	..
Oct	23.9	50.6	40.8	25.4	43.4	27.5	41.3	51.6	39.6	344.1	20.4	49.0	413.4	..	..
Nov	23.4	49.1	40.6	25.9	42.4	26.5	42.0	50.7	38.5	339.0	19.6	49.5	408.1	..	..
Dec	20.8	41.3	36.4	23.4	37.9	23.5	38.5	45.4	34.0	301.2	18.0	45.4	364.5	..	..
2001 Jan	20.3	40.0	35.3	22.0	36.1	21.6	36.6	41.0	33.1	286.1	18.1	45.3	349.4	..	..
Feb	20.6	40.9	34.6	22.3	35.6	21.8	33.8	42.6	32.5	284.8	18.0	42.7	345.5	..	..
Mar	22.9	43.0	36.2	22.9	37.0	23.2	33.9	44.2	34.0	297.3	19.4	43.9	360.6	..	..
Apr	23.6	44.5	38.7	22.1	37.2	24.9	30.1	42.6	35.9	299.8	20.1	42.7	362.5	..	..
Vacancies at career offices <sup>b</sup>	DPCV	IBWJ	BCSG	BCSF	BCSE	DPCY	BCSB	DPCZ	BCSD	VASY	BCSJ	BCSK	BCSL	BCSM	BCSN
2001	0.3	2.1	2.4	1.0	1.8	1.9	3.6	3.6	1.4	18.0	0.4	1.4	19.8	..	..
2002	0.3	2.2	2.9	0.9	2.0	1.5	1.8	3.1	1.5	16.2	0.3	1.3	17.7	..	..
2003	0.3	2.2	2.4	0.9	1.2	1.4	1.5	2.8	2.4	14.9	0.3	1.3	16.5	..	..
2003 May	0.3	2.3	2.8	0.8	1.2	1.4	1.6	3.0	2.2	15.5	0.3	1.7	17.5	..	..
Jun	0.3	2.3	2.8	0.8	1.2	1.4	1.6	3.0	2.2	15.5	0.2	1.9	17.6	..	..
Jul	0.4	2.8	2.6	1.0	1.3	1.7	1.6	3.1	2.8	17.2	0.2	1.7	19.2	..	..
Aug	0.3	2.7	2.4	1.0	1.2	1.6	1.7	2.7	2.6	16.2	0.3	1.7	18.3	..	..
Sep	0.3	2.5	2.4	1.0	1.1	1.5	1.6	2.7	2.4	15.5	0.2	1.3	17.0	..	..
Oct	0.3	2.3	2.3	0.9	1.1	1.4	1.5	2.6	2.4	14.8	0.4	1.2	16.4	..	..
Nov	0.4	2.2	2.2	0.8	1.1	1.3	1.4	2.5	2.1	14.1	0.3	1.2	15.6	..	..
Dec	0.4	2.0	2.1	0.8	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.3	2.1	13.2	0.2	1.1	14.5	..	..
2004 Jan	0.4	1.7	2.0	0.7	1.1	1.1	1.2	2.2	2.0	12.4	0.1	0.7	13.2	..	..
Feb	0.4	1.7	2.0	0.8	1.4	1.1	1.2	2.2	2.1	12.9	0.2	0.7	13.7	..	..
Mar	0.4	2.2	2.1	0.8	1.6	1.1	1.2	2.3	2.2	14.0	0.2	0.9	15.2	..	..
Apr	0.4	2.7	2.2	0.9	1.7	1.2	1.3	2.4	2.3	15.1	0.2	1.5	16.9	..	..
May	0.5	3.9	2.2	0.8	0.9	1.4	1.4	1.6	2.4	15.2	0.2	1.4	16.8	..	..

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

- a Excluding vacancies on government programmes (except vacancies on Enterprise Ulster and Action for Community Employment (ACE) which are included in the figures for Northern Ireland).
- b Only a proportion of all vacancies are notified to Jobcentres. These could include some that are suitable for young people and similarly vacancies notified to careers offices could include some for adults. The figures represent only the number of vacancies notified by employers and remaining unfilled on the day of the count. Because of possible duplication and also due to differences between the timing of the two counts, the two series should not be added together.

Note: Formerly Table H.3. For further information, please see the article 'Jobcentre vacancy statistics' on pp 159-62, Labour Market Trends, March 2001.

Publication of Jobcentre vacancy series has been deferred due to distortions to the data. This table contains vacancy data only up to April 2001.

The introduction of Employer Direct, which is a major change which involves transferring the vacancy-taking process from local Jobcentres to regional Customer Service Centres, has affected the data since May 2001.

Employer Direct has been gradually introduced across Great Britain as part of Modernising the former Employment Service (now part of Jobcentre Plus) and has had the following effects:

- A temporary reduction in the recorded level of outflows and placings owing to some delays in following up vacancies with employers associated with the introduction of the new arrangements.
- An increase in the level of newly-notified vacancies.
- Both the above effects have led to an increase in the recorded stock of unfilled vacancies.

Investigations show these effects are substantial for all the vacancy series. While they cannot be quantified precisely, the effects are large enough to prevent meaningful comparisons over time. Some of the distortions will also persist for a while after the implementation of Employer Direct, which was completed in all regions at the end of January 2002. Publication of the Jobcentre vacancy statistics has therefore been deferred. ONS and the Department for Work and Pensions will continue to monitor and review the data with the aim of reinstating the series when it is appropriate to do so.

The publication of the vacancy figures for Northern Ireland has been suspended since March 1999 as a result of a discontinuity identified during the introduction of a new computer system for processing vacancies to local offices of the Department for Employment and Learning (DEL). In the course of correcting for this difficulty, further problems of a procedural nature came to light as contributory factors. These further issues have delayed the reinstatement of published vacancy figures for Northern Ireland. DEL have now introduced a new Internet-based operational system for vacancies and have resumed publication of some seasonally unadjusted vacancy data for Northern Ireland on a provisional basis. For the purposes of the seasonally adjusted United Kingdom figures it has been assumed provisionally that the Northern Ireland figures have remained constant since February 1999 as follows: 8,900 for the stock of unfilled vacancies, 3,400 for inflows of vacancies notified, 3,400 for outflows, and 2,200 for placings. These are not estimates for Northern Ireland but assumptions for the purpose of continuity of the United Kingdom series up to April 2001.

The vacancy stock figures for Great Britain have been affected by corrections to the data by the Employment Service to make up for the gradual build-up of inaccuracies. The figures were corrected on 8 October 1999 to give a true reflection of the number of open vacancies held by the Employment Service. This had an upward effect of some 10,300 on the recorded stock of unfilled vacancies for Great Britain between September and October 1999 and there was a corresponding downward adjustment to the outflow for October, but not to the placings. There was a similar upward correction to the vacancy stocks (and a downward effect on the outflow) of 9,100 between March and April 1999.

There was minor discontinuity due to a change in the treatment of vacancies by the Employment Service between April and May 2000. As from 7 April both vacancies notified and placings are only counted in the statistics if the vacancy concerned is for eight hours or more in a seven-day period. Previously vacancies of between three and eight hours were included. The change is estimated to have reduced the recorded inflow of notified vacancies by some 4,000 to 5,000 per month since April.



# H.11 OTHER LABOUR MARKET STATISTICS

## Labour disputes<sup>a</sup>

### Stoppages of work: summary

UNITED KINGDOM		Number of stoppages		Number of workers (thousands)		Working days lost in all stoppages in progress in period (thousands)		
		Beginning in period	In progress in period	Beginning involvement in period in any dispute	All involvement in period	All industries and services	All manufacturing industries	
1997		206	216	129	130	235	86	
1998		159	166	91	93	282	34	
1999		200	205	140	141	242	57	
2000		207	212	182	183	499	52	
2001		187	194	167	180	525	43	
2002		141	146	918	943	1323	21	
2003		131	133	123	151	499	63	
2001	Apr	21	27	3.5	4.4	16.1	1.7	
	May	17	23	62.4	63.8	92.6	4.5	
	Jun	18	22	7.3	7.7	12.5	4.1	
	Jul	18	27	6.3	8.0	23.6	3.4	
	Aug	9	14	5.7	6.3	17.6	2.4	
	Sep	11	16	3.4	6.2	23.8	2.7	
	Oct	10	16	3.7	6.8	38.9	2.5	
	Nov	14	19	6.5	11.4	62.1	4.8	
	Dec	12	16	30.1	34.4	102.1	-	
	2002	Jan	17	22	10.1	34.1	93.6	4.1
		Feb	3	13	3.2	6.5	23.9	2.0
		Mar	15	23	54.8	58.5	79.8	2.2
Apr		15	21	5.0	8.4	19.4	5.5	
May		7	10	62.8	64.1	81.4	-	
Jun		11	16	3.9	35.5	57.3	0.7	
Jul		14	20	620.1	622.0	521.4	0.5	
Aug		14	23	3.8	6.0	13.1	2.4	
Sep		11	20	3.3	10.4	9.9	1.4	
Oct		13	22	33.4	41.5	41.6	1.0	
Nov		15	21	117.1	133.6	371.4	0.6	
Dec		6	13	1.3	3.8	10.5	0.4	
2003	Jan	9	11	2.1	29.7	91.6	1.6	
	Feb	11	13	9.8	10.3	13.4	8.1	
	Mar	8	11	4.5	5.2	14.0	1.9	
	Apr	8	11	3.4	6.1	9.8	1.8	
	May	8	16	5.9	9.5	25.8	1.5	
	Jun	12	19	4.9	11.7	33.4	1.8	
	Jul	12	17	6.5	10.7	47.3	1.4	
	Aug	7	10	1.1	2.9	11.7	1.6	
	Sep	11	16	7.4	12.5	23.9	5.0	
	Oct	20	24	52.2	58.6	130.9	3.1	
	Nov	14	21	7.8	16.7	61.6	35.1	
	Dec	11	16	17.0	23.2	35.7	0.4	
2004	Jan P	11	16	18.6	23.0	32.0	8.8	
	Feb P	16	23	91.5	118.7	213.2	10.2	
	Mar P	8	19	4.8	12.7	126.2	2.2	
	Apr P	11	19	6.6	52.0	193.9	0.5	

### Working days lost in all stoppages in progress in period by industry

UNITED KINGDOM	Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	Mining, quarrying, electricity, gas and water	Manufacturing	Construction	Wholesale and retail trade; repairs; hotels and restaurants	Transport, storage and communication	Finance, real estate, renting and business activities	Public administration and defence	Education	Health and social work	Other community, social and personal service activities	Thousands
SIC 1992	A,B	C,E	D	F	G,H	I	J,K	L	M	N	O,P,Q	
1997	-	2	86	17	1	36	23	29	28	7	5	
1998	-	-	34	13	7	139	9	28	6	16	30	
1999	-	-	57	49	10	50	2	35	25	5	7	
2000	-	3	52	49	40	97	-	50	50	122	36	
2001	-	25	43	10	4	107	-	216	43	73	4	
2002	-	-	21	17	62	96	9	488	376	148	107	
2003	-	-	63	14	1	126	-	138	131	15	10	
2001	Apr	-	1.7	-	-	1.3	-	1.6	0.4	11.1	-	
	May	-	4.5	0.2	-	46.4	0.1	0.4	30.9	10.1	-	
	Jun	-	4.1	0.4	-	3.9	0.1	0.8	0.1	2.3	0.8	
	Jul	-	3.4	0.4	-	3.5	0.1	16.2	-	0.1	-	
	Aug	-	3.3	2.4	-	3.1	-	6.5	-	2.2	-	
	Sep	-	5.6	2.7	0.3	0.5	0.2	12.7	-	1.1	-	
	Oct	-	6.1	2.5	-	1.5	-	25.6	-	3.2	-	
	Nov	-	0.6	4.8	-	0.1	-	52.4	-	2.1	0.1	
	Dec	-	9.6	-	-	3.7	-	82.9	5.5	0.1	0.1	
	Jan	-	-	4.1	-	0.1	24.1	0.1	63.4	1.0	0.7	
	Feb	-	-	2.0	-	-	2.2	2.1	16.6	0.8	0.2	
	Mar	-	-	22	-	-	7.3	4.0	17.2	47.1	2.0	
2002	Apr	-	0.2	5.5	0.7	-	4.0	1.2	5.4	0.3	1.8	
	May	-	-	-	-	4.2	6.8	-	3.5	57.5	5.0	
	Jun	-	-	0.7	-	8.4	12.6	-	7.5	7.9	10.9	
	Jul	-	-	0.5	16.0	43.3	6.6	-	72.7	195.1	107.2	
	Aug	-	-	2.4	-	-	4.7	-	3.4	-	2.5	
	Sep	-	-	1.4	-	-	7.3	0.3	0.7	0.1	0.1	
	Oct	-	-	1.0	-	4.1	14.0	0.6	8.1	3.9	5.6	
	Nov	-	-	0.6	-	1.7	2.7	-	288.5	62.5	8.2	
	Dec	-	-	0.4	-	-	3.6	0.2	1.4	-	4.9	
	Jan	-	-	1.6	-	-	1.5	-	86.2	2.2	-	
	Feb	-	-	8.1	-	-	0.9	-	0.8	3.3	-	
	Mar	-	-	1.9	-	-	4.5	0.1	0.1	6.3	-	
2003	Apr	-	-	1.8	-	-	2.7	-	-	0.4	4.9	
	May	-	-	1.5	-	-	0.2	-	2.1	16.9	4.5	
	Jun	-	-	1.8	4.2	-	5.4	-	0.5	16.5	4.2	
	Jul	-	-	1.4	4.2	-	12.9	-	8.9	16.8	1.5	
	Aug	-	-	1.6	-	-	0.9	-	8.2	0.8	0.2	
	Sep	-	0.4	5.0	-	-	3.5	0.4	0.7	13.9	-	
	Oct	-	-	3.1	2.0	-	82.2	-	10.5	30.8	-	
	Nov	-	-	35.1	3.2	-	8.1	-	4.4	8.6	-	
	Dec	-	-	0.4	0.3	0.8	2.8	-	16.1	14.8	-	
	Jan P	-	-	8.8	-	-	1.1	-	16.5	5.0	-	
	Feb P	-	0.1	10.2	-	-	1.2	0.1	105.1	95.6	0.3	
	Mar P	-	1.9	2.2	-	-	1.7	-	2.8	117.2	0.4	
	Apr P	-	1.3	0.5	-	-	3.7	-	84.0	103.5	-	

Source: ONS Labour Disputes Inquiry  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

<sup>a</sup> See 'Definitions' on pS3 for notes of coverage.  
P Provisional

Note: Formerly Table G.11.

## Stoppages in progress: industry

UNITED KINGDOM SIC 1992	12 months to April 2003			12 months to April 2004 P		
	Stop- pages	Workers involved	Working days lost	Stop- pages	Workers involved	Working days lost
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mining and quarrying	1	+	++	1	500	3,100
Manufacturing of: food, beverages and tobacco;	2	200	500	1	200	400
textiles and textile products;	3	300	700	2	100	100
leather and leather products;	-	-	-	-	-	-
wood and wood products;	1	100	100	1	100	200
pulp, paper and paper products; printing and publishing;	8	400	2,800	4	200	1,800
coke, refined petroleum products, nuclear fuels;	-	-	-	2	1,400	2,000
chemicals, chemical products and man- made fibres;	1	500	500	3	800	800
rubber and plastics; other non-metallic mineral products;	2	200	200	2	200	300
basic metals and fabricated metal products;	3	900	1,100	1	200	700
machinery and equipment n.e.c.;	8	1,000	4,100	5	400	800
electrical and optical equipment;	1	400	400	3	600	1,000
transport equipment; manufacturing n.e.c.	2	200	300	2	400	500
Electricity, gas and water supply	7	5,400	9,800	11	15,600	60,600
Construction	-	-	-	1	500	2,400
Wholesale and retail trade; repairs	2	-	-	2	500	500
Hotels and restaurants	2	16,100	16,100	4	1,900	13,900
Transport, storage and communication	2	100	800	1	700	700
Financial intermediation	4	73,800	60,900	1	+	++
Real estate, renting and business activities	39	28,600	67,800	53	50,700	123,600
Public administration and defence	-	-	-	1	+	++
Education	3	500	1,100	2	400	500
Health and social work	16	143,300	472,800	17	91,500	259,700
Other community, social and personal service activities	18	345,600	339,300	16	54,400	440,300
	14	146,200	149,400	9	3,300	11,100
	12	103,500	106,900	8	4,400	10,500
<b>All industries and services</b>	<b>130<sup>a</sup></b>	<b>867,300</b>	<b>1,236,000</b>	<b>149<sup>a</sup></b>	<b>228,900</b>	<b>935,600</b>

<sup>a</sup> See 'Definitions' on pS3 for notes of coverage.

<sup>b</sup> Some stoppages which affected more than one industry group have been counted under each of the industries but only once in the total for all industries and services.

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Note: Formerly Table G.12.

P Provisional

## Stoppages: April 2004 P

United Kingdom	Number of stoppages	Workers involved	Working days lost
Stoppages in progress	19	52,000	193,900
of which, stoppages:			
Beginning in month	11	6,600 <sup>c</sup>	7,400
Continuing from earlier months	8	45,400	186,500

<sup>c</sup> Including 6,500 directly involved.

P Provisional

## Stoppages in progress: cause

United Kingdom	12 months to April 2004 P		
	Stoppages	Workers involved	Working days lost
Pay: wage-rates and earnings levels	79	158,600	730,300
extra wage and fringe benefits	9	39,300	129,200
Duration and pattern of hours worked	21	21,100	58,000
Redundancy questions	10	2,500	5,900
Trade union matters	13	3,400	6,700
Working conditions and supervision	4	1,700	2,300
Manning and work allocation	7	1,100	1,600
Dismissal and other disciplinary measures	6	1,300	1,700
<b>All causes</b>	<b>149</b>	<b>228,900</b>	<b>935,600</b>

Source: ONS Labour Disputes Inquiry  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

P Provisional

H.22

OTHER LABOUR MARKET STATISTICS

Jobseekers with disabilities: placements into employment

Great Britain

Placed into employment by Jobcentre advisory service

3 May - 28 May 2004

9,708<sup>a</sup>

Source: Disability Services and Financial Support Division, Jobcentre Plus  
Customer Helpline: 0114 259 6437

a The data in this table excludes job entries achieved through Jobseeker Direct and external partners.

Note: Data from 8 December 2001 to 8 June 2002 are unavailable due to new reporting procedures in line with Jobcentre Plus reporting. Data will appear in Labour Market Trends when they are available.

Formerly Table G.22. The data in this table fall outside the scope of National Statistics.

# H.41 OTHER FACTS AND FIGURES

## Regional Selective Assistance: January - March 2004<sup>a</sup>

	East	East Midlands	London	North East	North West	South East	South West	West Midlands	Yorkshire and the Humber	England	Scotland	Wales	Great Britain
Number of offers	5	5	-	17	20	1	2	8	15	73	18	45	136
Value of offers (£000)	3,051	1,459	-	8,678	8,437	200	1,000	3,070	8,985	34,880	6,163	17,195	58,238

a Date of first payment.

Enquiries: Department of Trade and Industry, 020 7215 2598

Note: Formerly Table G.31  
The data in this table fall outside the scope of National Statistics.

# H.42 OTHER FACTS AND FIGURES

## Regional Selective Assistance: offers of £75,000 or more: January - March 2004<sup>a</sup>

Region and company	Travel-to-work area	Total amount of assistance offered (£)	Project category <sup>b</sup>	SIC 1992 description
<b>EAST</b>				
Bernard Matthews Ltd	Luton	1,650,000	A	Production meat and poultry
Hall Stage	Luton	96,000	B	Other manufacturing nec
Hy Pro International Ltd	Luton	230,000	A	Other recreational activities
Cam Profiles	Luton	75,486	B	Manufacture of motor engine parts
Scapa UK Ltd	Luton	1,000,000	B	Manufacture of other chemical products nes
<b>Total</b>		<b>3,051,486</b>		
<b>EAST MIDLANDS</b>				
Meridian Technologies	Mansfield	805,000	A	Manufacture of electronic components
Tsubakimoto UK Ltd	Nottingham	90,000	A	Manufacture bearings/gears/driving elements
Medical Solutions Plc	Nottingham	245,000	A	Hospital activities
Laser Cladding Technology Ltd	Worksop	75,000	A	Other service activities nec
Terberg Matec UK Ltd	Worksop	244,000	A	General mechanical engineering
<b>Total</b>		<b>1,459,000</b>		
<b>NORTH EAST</b>				
Border Laird Ltd	Alnwick and Amble	128,000	A	Retail sale: fish, crustaceans etc
Balmer Lindley Group Ltd	Bishop Auckland	700,000	A	Manufacture lighting equip and eleclamps
TYK Ltd	Bishop Auckland	150,000	A	Manufacture of refractory ceramic products
Geoffrey Robinson Ltd	Middlesbrough and Stockton	220,000	A	Plumbing
Sync UK Ltd	Middlesbrough and Stockton	90,000	A	Manufacture plastic plates, sheets, tubes
E J Badekabiner Ltd	Morpeth and Ashington	1,190,000	A	Other construction involving spec trades
Caterpillar (UK) Ltd	Sunderland and Durham	1,900,000	B	Manufacture machine mining/earth-moving/roadworks
Esh Holdings	Sunderland and Durham	250,000	A	General construction, civil engineering
Griffith Textile Machines	Sunderland and Durham	130,000	A	Manufacture mch for textile, leather production
Magna Kansei Ltd	Sunderland and Durham	970,000	A	Manufacture of other plastic products
AWA and IAI	Tyneside	220,000	A	Other computer related activities
British Engines Ltd	Tyneside	550,000	B	Manufacture of machine tools
Domnick Hunter Ltd	Tyneside	460,000	A	General mechanical engineering
HFW Plastics Ltd	Tyneside	240,000	B	Manufacture of plastic packing goods
International Coatings Ltd	Tyneside	245,000	B	Manufacture of other chemical products nes
The Davy Roll Co Ltd	Tyneside	1,000,000	B	Manufacture basic iron/steel/ferro-alloys
Xcellsys Ltd	Tyneside	235,000	A	RandD on nat sciences and engineering
<b>Total</b>		<b>8,678,000</b>		
<b>NORTH WEST</b>				
Barrow Travel Ltd	Barrow-In-Furness	120,000	B	Other computer related activities
Iomart Internet Ltd	Barrow-In-Furness	150,000	A	Other computer related activities
Dugdale Davies Ltd	Blackburn	90,000	B	Manufacture of prepared pet foods
Coursegreen Ltd	Blackburn	100,000	A	Manufacture and processing of other glass
GTP Group	Lancaster and Morecombe	180,000	A	Manufacture of electronic control equipment
CCM Motorcycles Ltd	Liverpool	245,000	A	Manufacture of motorcycles
SSS Holdings Corporation Ltd	Liverpool	750,000	A	Other computer related activities
AE Direct Mail Ltd	Liverpool	200,000	B	Retail sale via mail order houses
7C Ltd	Liverpool	1,955,000	A	Other business activities
Princes Ltd	Manchester	200,000	B	Manufacture of fruit and veg juice
Shiloh Healthcare Ltd	Manchester	90,000	B	Manufacture of household and sanitary goods
Ticketmaster UK Ltd	Manchester	1,100,000	A	Printing nes
JT International Business Ltd	Manchester	512,000	A	Management activities of holding companies
Millbank Holdings Ltd	Warrington	125,000	A	Labour recruitment and provision of personnel
Tessengerlo UK Ltd	Warrington	225,000	A	Manufacture of organic basic materials
Corbett Packaging Ltd	Wigan and St Helens	500,000	B	Manufacture of corrugated paper
Zorbit Babycare Ltd	Wigan and St Helens	100,000	A	Manufacture of soft furnishings
Erlson Eng Ltd	Wigan and St Helens	1,600,000	B	General mechanical engineering
Jet Vac Systems Ltd	Wirral and Chester	120,000	A	Manufacture of general purpose machinery
Epichem Group Ltd	Wirral and Chester	75,000	A	Manufacture of chemical products
<b>Total</b>		<b>8,437,000</b>		
<b>SOUTH EAST</b>				
Active Sign Ltd	Thanet	200,000	A	Manufacture of diverse plastic products
<b>Total</b>		<b>200,000</b>		
<b>SOUTH WEST</b>				
Direct Wines Ltd	Plymouth	250,000	A	Call centre activities
Lasco Europe Ltd	Plymouth	750,000	A	Manufacture of food products
<b>Total</b>		<b>1,000,000</b>		
<b>WEST MIDLANDS</b>				
Carter Retail Equipment Ltd	Birmingham	750,000	B	Other manufacturing nec
Rical Ltd	Birmingham	600,000	B	Forging pressing of metal
Valtar Products Ltd	Birmingham	100,000	A	Manufacture of other furniture
Danexport Protein Foods Ltd	Dudley and Sandwell	605,000	A	Meat and poultry production
John Reynolds and Sons (Birmingham) Ltd	Dudley and Sandwell	120,000	B	Manufacture of fastener screw chain
Denso Sales Ltd	Coventry	245,000	B	Maintenance repair vehicles
UYT Ltd	Coventry	550,000	B	Mafr of motor vehicle parts
F Klucznik and Sons Ltd	Stoke	100,000	A	Manufacture of other agricultural and forestry
<b>Total</b>		<b>3,070,000</b>		
<b>YORKSHIRE AND THE HUMBER</b>				
Koyo Bearings (Europe) Ltd	Barnsley	700,000	B	Manufacture bearings/gears/driving elements
Add Contracts Ltd	Doncaster	80,000	A	Joinery installation
McCormick Tractors International Ltd	Doncaster	800,000	A	Manufacture of agricultural tractors
Youngs Bluecrest Seafood Holdings Ltd	Grimsby	1,300,000	B	Fish freezing, processing, preserving
Compass Seafood Processors Ltd	Hull	220,000	B	Fish freezing, processing, preserving
Wood Group Rotary Electrical Co Ltd	Sheffield and Rotherham	500,000	A	Manufacture of electric motors
School Trends Ltd	Sheffield and Rotherham	140,000	A	Wholesale of clothing
Loadhog Ltd	Sheffield and Rotherham	1,000,000	A	Manufacture of plastic packaging
Georgia-Pacific GB Ltd	Sheffield and Rotherham	1,400,000	B	Manufacture paper towels
Darron Tool and Eng (Shef) Ltd	Sheffield and Rotherham	600,000	B	General mechanical engineering
Ask 4 Ltd	Sheffield and Rotherham	150,000	A	Other computer related activities
Redirack Ltd	Sheffield and Rotherham	200,000	B	Manufacture other office and shop furniture
ITW Ltd	Wakefield	245,000	B	Manufacture of plastic packing goods
Saint-Gobain Glass (UK) Ltd	Wakefield	750,000	A	Manufacture of glass
Dunhills (Pontefract) Plc	Wakefield	900,000	B	Manufacture of confectionery
<b>Total</b>		<b>8,985,000</b>		

# OTHER FACTS AND FIGURES

## Regional Selective Assistance: offers of £75,000 or more: January - March 2004<sup>a</sup>

# H.42

Region and company	Travel-to-work area	Total amount of assistance offered (£)	Project category <sup>b</sup>	SIC 1992 description
<b>SCOTLAND</b>				
Adgen Ltd	Ayr	250,000	A	Technical testing and analysis
Upstate Ltd	Dundee	100,000	A	Manufacture of other chemical products nes
Medea International Ltd	Dundee	240,000	A	Reproduction of computer media
Thales Electronic System Solutions	Edinburgh	170,000	A	Manufacture of elec valves, tubes, others
Pharma Imaging Ltd	Edinburgh	1,950,000	A	Manufacture other fabricated metal prods
Checksum Solutions Ltd	Glasgow	83,000	A	Software consultancy and supply
Iomart Internet Ltd	Glasgow	150,000	A	Hardware consultancy
JVC Manuf UK Ltd	Glasgow	450,000	B	Manufacture televisn, radio, video, assoc
Montgomery Litho Ltd	Glasgow	90,000	B	Printing nes
Esure Holdings Ltd	Glasgow	250,000	A	Acts aux to insurance/pension funding
Marcat Ltd	Glasgow	140,000	A	Software consultancy and supply
Derwent Information Ltd	Glasgow	100,000	B	Legal activities
Scottish Everlastings Ltd	Glasgow	100,000	A	Growing veg, hort and nursery products
Hermitage Holdings Ltd	Hawick	75,000	B	Manufacture of outerwear
Kellpak Ltd	Motherwell and Lanark	85,000	A	Manufacture of plastic packing goods
Dawnfresh Seafoods Ltd	Motherwell and Lanark	930,000	A	Fish freezing, processing, preserving
AEA Technology Plc	North Ayrshire	900,000	A	RandD on nat sciences and engineering
Managed Response Marketing Ltd	Stirling	100,000	A	Other acts relating to printing
<b>Total</b>		<b>6,163,000</b>		
<b>WALES</b>				
Prestige Mobility Ltd	Bangor and Camarfon	250,000	A	Other service activities nec
William Roberts and Co Ltd	Bangor and Camarfon	210,000	B	Agents: sale of timber and building mat
Almesco Ltd	Bridgend	75,000	A	Manufacture other fabricated metal prods
Coppice Alupack Ltd	Bridgend	700,000	A	Manufacture of light metal packaging
Chemical Corporation Holdings Ltd	Cardiff	95,000	A	Other wholesale
Eurobond Doors Ltd	Cardiff	265,000	A	Manufacture builders metal carpentry/joinery
Hydro Aluminium Extrusions Ltd	Cardiff	1,125,000	B	Aluminium production
Protherics UK Ltd	Cardigan	800,000	B	Manufacture of basic pharmaceutical prods
Abrasive Technology Ltd	Colwyn and Conwy	155,300	A	Manufacture of tools
Britax Aircraft Interiors UK Ltd	Cwmbran and Monmouth	1,000,000	A	Manufacture of aircraft and spacecraft
The Expanded Metal Co Ltd	Cwmbran and Monmouth	250,000	A	Other manufacturing nec
DSK Solutions Ltd	Flint	150,000	A	Manufacture of metal structures and parts of structures
Provalis Diagnostics Ltd	Flint	950,000	A	Manufacture of basic pharmaceutical prods
The Global Travel Co Plc	Flint	500,000	A	Acts of travel agencies/organisers
Gavin Electrical Engineering Ltd	Llanelli	150,000	A	Other business activities nes
Marco Gearing Ltd	Llangefni and Almwch	900,000	A	Other business activities nes
Siop Offer Swyddfa Ltd	Llangefni and Almwch	115,000	B	Other service activities nec
Galbox Ltd	Merthyr	150,000	A	Manufacture of plastic packing goods
KDG UK Ltd	Merthyr	1,750,000	A	Reproduction of sound recording
Nationwide Recycling Ltd	Neath and Port Talbot	120,000	A	Recycling of metal waste and scrap
Tempertech (Wales) Ltd	Neath and Port Talbot	250,000	A	Manufacture of flat glass
Cogent Defence and Security Networks Ltd	Newport	600,000	B	Defence activities
Hallco 1812 Ltd	Newport	155,000	A	Wh'sale of metals and metal ores
Biocatalysts Ltd	Pontypridd and Aberdare	800,000	B	Manufacture of other inorganic basic chems
Care Environmental Ltd	Pontypridd and Aberdare	115,000	A	Architectural and engineering acts
Corporate Health and Safety Solutions Ltd	Pontypridd and Aberdare	125,000	A	Other business activities nes
Flexicare Medical Ltd	Pontypridd and Aberdare	185,000	A	Manufacture of medical and surgical equip
Prematec Corporation Ltd	Pontypridd and Aberdare	1,000,000	A	Manufacture of metal structures and parts of structures
United Polymers Ltd	Pontypridd and Aberdare	240,000	A	Manufacture of other rubber products
Glasfryn Fencing and Sawmill Centre	Pwllheli	120,000	B	Forestry and logging services
Allen Group Ltd	Rhyland Denbigh	260,000	A	Cold rolling of narrow strip
Euro Paper Products UK Ltd	Rhyland Denbigh	320,000	A	Manufacture household, sanitary, toilet req
Advanced Moulds Ltd	Rhyrney and Abergavenny	300,000	B	Manufacture of other furniture
Excel Industries Ltd	Rhyrney and Abergavenny	600,000	B	Other manufacturing nec
Knight Plastics Ltd	Rhyrney and Abergavenny	500,000	A	Manufacture of other plastic products
Mynydd Du Timber Products Ltd	Rhyrney and Abergavenny	110,000	A	Forestry and logging services
NMC (UK) Ltd	Rhyrney and Abergavenny	375,000	B	Manufacture of plastics in primary forms
Panel People Ltd	Rhyrney and Abergavenny	140,000	B	Manufacture of other furniture
A B Glass (Doors and Windows) Ltd	Swansea	150,000	A	Aluminium production
Clayton Steel Services Ltd	Swansea	249,000	B	General mechanical engineering
Energis Technology Ltd	Swansea	90,000	A	Manufacture of medical and surgical equip
Glass Systems Ltd	Swansea	216,000	A	Other manufacturing nec
Jaxx Landing Ltd	Swansea	210,000	A	Other supporting air transpt acts
Nationwide Building Society	Swansea	150,000	A	Other monetary intermediation
Securahome PVCU Ltd	Swansea	225,000	A	Manufacture of builders' ware of plastic
<b>Total</b>		<b>17,195,300</b>		

a Date of first payment. Payment of RSA is made in instalments, typically over several years as jobs and capital expenditure targets laid down in the offer are met. The amounts quoted above, therefore, represent the maximum grant potentially payable if the project is satisfactorily completed, and **not** the amount actually paid to date.

b A = Employment created, B = Employment safeguarded.

Note: Formerly Table G.32

Enquiries regarding this table should be addressed to:

**English cases** - Department of Trade and Industry, REG (A), Bay 391, 1 Victoria Street, London SW1H 0ET (020 7215 2598).

**Scottish cases** - Scottish Executive, SE IA 2, Meridian Court, 5 Cadogan Street, Glasgow G2 6AT (0141 242 5623).

**Welsh cases** - National Assembly for Wales, Cathays Park, Cardiff CF1 3NQ (029 2082 3626).

The data in this table fall outside the scope of National Statistics.

# J.1 ECONOMIC INDICATORS

## Background economic indicators: seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM		Output																							
		GDP		GDP		Index of output UK						Index of production OECD Countries													
		Chained volume measures		Market prices		Production industries <sup>a</sup>		Manufacturing industries <sup>b</sup>		Service industries				Construction output											
		2000=100		£ billion	Change on year (%)	2000=100	Change on year (%)	2000=100	Change on year (%)	2000=100	Change on year (%)	2000=100	Change on year (%)	2000=100	Change on year (%)										
		YBEZ		ABMI			CKYW			CKYY			GDQS			GDQB									
		93.7		891.7	3.1		97.0	1.0		96.9	0.6		92.8	4.9		98.4	1.1		111.0	2.4					
1998		96.4		916.6	2.8		98.1	1.1		97.6	0.7		95.9	3.3		98.7	0.3		114.7	3.3					
1999		100.0		951.3	3.8		100.0	1.9		100.0	2.5		100.0	4.3		100.0	1.3		120.9	5.4					
2000		102.1		971.6	2.1		98.4	-1.6		98.7	-1.3		102.6	2.6		103.4	3.4		118.2	-2.2					
2001		103.8		987.5	1.6		95.7	-2.7		95.1	-2.6		104.9	2.2		108.4	4.8		118.3	0.1					
2002		106.1		1009.4	2.2		95.2	-0.5		95.2	0.1		107.2	2.2		113.7	4.9		119.8 R	1.3 R					
2003																									
2003	Q1	104.9		249.6	1.9		95.1	-1.0		94.6	-1.3		106.3	2.2		109.1	1.6		119.3	2.1					
	Q2	105.6		251.1	2.2		95.3	-0.7		95.2	0.6		106.6	2.2		112.7	5.5		118.5	0.1					
	Q3	106.5		253.2	2.2		95.3	-0.4		95.5	0.0		107.5	2.0		115.8	6.5		119.5	0.4					
	Q4	107.4		255.5	2.7		95.2	0.0		95.7	1.3		108.5	2.4		117.4	6.2		121.6	2.4					
2004	Q1	108.1		257.1 R	3.0		94.9 R	-0.2 R		95.5 R	1.0 R		109.5 R	3.0 R		118.4	8.5		123.0	3.1					
		Income				Prices				Producer Price Index <sup>a,b,c</sup>						Inventories									
		Real household disposable income £ billion		Gross trading profits of companies <sup>c</sup>		RPI		RPIX		All manufacturing industries			Excluding FBTP <sup>e</sup>			Changes on year <sup>f</sup>									
										Input prices		Output prices		Input prices <sup>e</sup>		Output prices <sup>e</sup>		Chained volume measures							
		2000=100	Change on year (%)	£ billion	Change on year (%)	Change on year (%)		Change on year (%)		Change on year (%)		Change on year (%)		Change on year (%)		Change on year (%)		£ billion							
		OSXS		CAED			CZBH			CDKQ			RNNK			PLLU			RNNQ			PLLV			CAFU
		91.2		151.0	3.6		3.4	2.6		-9.1			0.0			-4.7			-1.0			4.9			
1998		94.1		154.0	2.0		1.5	2.3		-1.3			0.4			-3.6			-1.1			6.4			
1999		100.0		153.1	-0.5		3.0	2.1		7.4			1.5			3.7			-0.2			5.3			
2000		104.6		153.4	0.2		1.8	2.1		-1.2			-0.3			-1.3			-0.6			2.9			
2001		106.4		160.2	4.4		1.7	2.2		-4.5			0.1			-4.8			-0.1			1.5			
2002		108.9		172.1	7.4		2.9	2.8		1.3			1.5			-0.3			1.3			1.7			
2003																									
2003	Q1	106.9		41.9	7.0		3.0	2.9		1.8			1.7			-1.8			1.2			1.0			
	Q2	108.8		42.3	6.6		3.0	2.9		-0.5			1.3			-0.6			1.2			-0.3			
	Q3	109.5		42.9	5.4		2.9	2.8		1.2			1.4			0.0			1.2			0.4			
	Q4	110.3		44.9	10.6		2.6	2.6		3.0			1.6			1.1			1.4			0.5			
2004	Q1	..	..	..	..		2.6	2.3		-0.3			1.5			0.0			1.4			0.7			
		Expenditure						Fixed investments																	
		Household final consumption expenditure Chained volume measures		Retail sales volume		Retail sales value <sup>d</sup>		All industries <sup>g</sup>		Manufacturing industries <sup>h</sup>		Service industries		General government final consumption											
								Chained volume measures		Chained volume measures		Chained volume measures		Chained volume measures		Chained volume measures									
		£ billion	Change on year (%)	2000=100	Change on year (%)	2000=100	Change on year (%)	£ billion	Change on year (%)	£ billion	Change on year (%)	£ billion	Change on year (%)	£ billion	Change on year (%)	£ billion	Change on year (%)								
		ABJR		EAPS			EAFY			NPEL			APIN			APIT			NMRY						
		552.2	3.8	92.5	2.9		93.4	3.9		104.4	18.1		20.4	4.2		84.1	22.0		169.1	1.3					
1998		577.7	4.6	95.7	3.5		96.5	3.3		107.4	2.8		18.6	-8.8		88.8	5.6		174.4	3.2					
1999		603.3	4.4	100.0	4.5		100.0	3.6		112.3	4.6		18.0	-3.0		94.3	6.2		177.8	1.9					
2000		622.1	3.1	106.1	6.1		105.9	5.9		116.3	3.6		16.3	-9.7		100.1	6.1		180.9	1.7					
2001		643.1	3.4	112.7	6.2		111.1	4.9		113.4	-2.6		14.3	-12.3		99.1	-1.0		185.4	2.5					
2002		659.1	2.5	116.4	3.3		113.8	2.4		112.7	-0.5		13.2	-7.6		99.6	0.5		188.8	1.8					
2003																									
2003	Q1	162.8	2.6	114.2	3.1		103.7	1.5		27.7	-1.1		3.5	-2.8		24.2	-0.9		46.9	0.1					
	Q2	164.0	2.2	116.0	2.8		109.3	2.4		27.9	-2.7		3.3	-12.6		24.6	-1.2		46.9	2.3					
	Q3	165.5	2.6	117.5	3.1		109.7	2.3		28.3	1.0		3.1	-12.9		25.2	3.1		47.0	1.8					
	Q4	166.9	2.5	119.5	3.4		132.5	2.7		28.8	0.7		3.3	-1.5		25.6	1.0		47.9	3.2					
2004	Q1	168.3	3.4	121.7 R	6.6 R		109.3 R	5.4		28.9	4.4		3.4	-3.8		25.6	5.6		48.3	2.9					
		Financial indicators						Trade in goods						Balance of payments											
		Effective exchange rate <sup>d,i</sup>		Base lending rate <sup>d,j</sup>	FTSE <sup>k</sup> All-share	Money supply growth		Export volume		Import volume		Trade in goods balance		Current balance											
				(%)		M0		M4																	
		1990=100	Change on year (%)		Change on year (%)	Change on year (%)	Change on year (%)	2000=100	Change on year (%)	2000=100	Change on year (%)	£billion	£billion	£billion	£billion										
		AGBG		AMIH			HSEL			VQMX			VQJW			BQKU			BQKV			BOKI			HBOP
		103.9	3.3	7.24						6.1			9.3			84.2 R	1.2		81.3 R	8.5		-21.8		-4.0	
1998		103.8	-0.1	5.34						7.3			5.1			86.8 R	3.1 R		86.7 R	6.6 R		-29.1		-24.4	
1999		107.5	3.6	5.97						8.0			7.4			97.4 R	12.2 R		94.8 R	9.3		-33.0		-24.1	
2000		105.8	-1.6	5.13						7.1			7.8			100.0 R	2.7		100.0 R	5.5 R		-40.6		-23.5	
2001		106.0	0.2	4.00						7.9			6.3 R			98.3 R	-1.7 R		104.1 R	4.1		-46.7 R		-17.8	
2002		100.2	-5.5	3.69						7.3			7.2			97.8 R	-0.5 R		105.6 R	1.4 R		-47.3 R		-18.8	
2003																									
2003	Q1	102.3	-4.3	3.85						6.2			7.2			99.8 R	3.1 R		106.6 R	5.6 R		-11.2 R		-1.8	
	Q2	99.1	-5.9	3.75						7.7			8.0			96.7 R	-6.7		103.2 R	-2.2 R		-11.1 R		-5.4	
	Q3	99.2	-6.1	3.53						7.9			6.6 R			96.5 R	-2.6 R		104.6 R	-0.9 R		-12.0 R		-6.3	
	Q4	100.2	-5.5	3.65						7.5			6.9 R			98.3 R	4.9 R		108.1 R	3.5 R		-13.0 R		-5.2	
2004	Q1	104.1	1.8	3.91						7.2			7.7 R			95.0	-4.8		107.7	1.0		-13.9		..	

a Production industries: SIC divisions 1 to 4.  
b Manufacturing industries: SIC divisions 2 to 4.  
c Industrial and commercial companies (excluding North Sea oil companies) including inventory holding gains.  
d Not seasonally adjusted.  
e FBTP stands for food, beverages, tobacco and petroleum.  
f Value of physical increase in stocks and work in progress.

g Total business investment excluding NHS trusts, land and existing buildings and private sector dwellings.  
h Private sector figures are exclusive of expenditure on dwellings.  
i Average of daily rates.  
j Base lending rate of the London clearing banks on the last Friday of the period shown.  
k HSEL series discontinued by ONS. Available from Financial Times.

R Revised

Note: Data values from which percentage changes are calculated may have been rounded. For most indicators two series are given, representing the series itself in the units stated and the percentage change in the series on the same period a year earlier.  
Formerly Table H.1.1.



# CONSUMER PRICES J.11

## Summary of recent movements

		Consumer prices index (CPI) <sup>a</sup>		All items retail prices index (RPI)		All items retail prices index (RPI) excluding			
		Index (1996=100)	Percentage change over 12 months	Index (Jan 13, 1987=100)	Percentage change over 12 months	Mortgage interest payments (RPIX)		Mortgage interest payments and indirect taxes (RPIY) <sup>b</sup>	
						Index (Jan 13, 1987=100)	Percentage change over 12 months	Index (Jan 13 1987=100)	Percentage change over 12 months
		CHVJ	CJYR	CHAW	CZBH	CHMK	CDKQ	CBZW	CBZX
2002	May	108.4	0.8	176.2	1.1	175.2	1.8	167.3	1.8
	Jun	108.4	0.6	176.2	1.0	175.1	1.5	167.2	1.4
	Jul	108.1	1.1	175.9	1.5	174.8	2.0	167.0	1.9
	Aug	108.4	1.0	176.4	1.4	175.3	1.9	167.6	1.8
	Sep	108.7	1.0	177.6	1.7	176.4	2.1	168.7	2.0
	Oct	108.9	1.4	177.9	2.1	176.6	2.3	169.1	2.4
	Nov	108.9	1.6	178.2	2.6	177.0	2.8	169.6	2.9
	Dec	109.3	1.7	178.5	2.9	177.2	2.7	169.8	2.9
	Jan	108.6	1.4	178.4	2.9	177.1	2.7	169.8	2.9
	Feb	109.0	1.6	179.3	3.2	177.9	3.0	170.6	3.1
	Mar	109.4	1.6	179.9	3.1	178.7	3.0	171.4	3.2
	Apr	109.7	1.5	181.2	3.1	180.0	3.0	171.8	2.9
2003	May	109.7	1.2	181.5	3.0	180.2	2.9	171.9	2.7
	Jun	109.6	1.1	181.3	2.9	180.0	2.8	171.7	2.7
	Jul	109.5	1.3	181.3	3.1	179.9	2.9	171.6	2.8
	Aug	109.9	1.4	181.6	2.9	180.4	2.9	172.2	2.7
	Sep	110.2	1.4	182.5	2.8	181.3	2.8	173.2	2.7
	Oct	110.4	1.4	182.6	2.6	181.3	2.7	173.1	2.4
	Nov	110.3	1.3	182.7	2.5	181.4	2.5	173.1	2.1
	Dec	110.7	1.3	183.5	2.8	181.8	2.6	173.5	2.2
	Jan	110.1	1.4	183.1	2.6	181.4	2.4	173.2	2.0
	Feb	110.4	1.3	183.8	2.5	182.0	2.3	173.9	1.9
	Mar	110.6	1.1	184.6	2.6	182.5	2.1	174.3	1.7
	Apr	111.0	1.2	185.7	2.5	183.6	2.0	174.9	1.8
	May	111.4	1.5	186.5	2.8	184.3	2.3	175.6	2.2

Source: ONS  
Enquiries: 020 7533 5874

a Prior to 10 December 2003, the consumer prices index (CPI) was published in the UK as the Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices (HICP).  
b The taxes excluded are council tax, duties, vehicle excise duty, insurance tax and air passenger duty.

# CONSUMER PRICES J.12

## European Union - Harmonised Indices of Consumer Prices (HICPs)<sup>a,b</sup>

		United Kingdom		European Union		Monetary Union Area average	
		Index 1996=100	Percentage change over 12 months	Index 1996=100	Percentage change over 12 months	Index 1996=100	Percentage change over 12 months
		CHVJ	CJYR	CLNJ	CLNX	CLNK	CLNS
2002	Apr	108.1	1.3	110.8	2.1	110.9	2.3
	May	108.4	0.8	111.0	1.8	111.1	2.0
	Jun	108.4	0.6	111.0	1.7	111.1	1.9
	Jul	108.1	1.1	110.8	1.9	111.0	2.0
	Aug	108.4	1.0	110.9	1.9	111.0	2.1
	Sep	108.7	1.0	111.2	1.9	111.3	2.1
	Oct	108.9	1.4	111.5	2.1	111.6	2.3
	Nov	108.9	1.6	111.4	2.2	111.5	2.3
	Dec	109.3	1.7	111.9	2.2	112.0	2.3
	Jan	108.6	1.4	111.7	2.0	111.9	2.1
	Feb	109.0	1.6	112.2	2.3	112.4	2.4
	Mar	109.4	1.6	112.8	2.3	113.1	2.4
2003	Apr	109.7	1.5	112.9	2.0	113.2	2.1
	May	109.7	1.2	113.0	1.7	113.2	1.8
	Jun	109.6	1.1	113.0	1.8	113.3	1.9
	Jul	109.5	1.3	112.8	1.8	113.1	1.9
	Aug	109.9	1.4	113.1	2.0	113.3	2.1
	Sep	110.2	1.4	113.5	2.0	113.7	2.2
	Oct	110.4	1.4	113.6	1.9	113.8	2.0
	Nov	110.3	1.3	113.6	2.0	113.9	2.2
	Dec	110.7	1.3	113.9	1.8	114.2	2.0
	Jan	110.1	1.4	113.7	1.8	114.0	1.9
	Feb	110.4	1.3	113.9	1.5	114.2	1.6
	Mar	110.6	1.1	114.6	1.5	115.0	1.7
2004	Apr	111.0	1.2	115.0 <sup>P</sup>	1.8 <sup>P</sup>	115.5 <sup>P</sup>	2.0 <sup>P</sup>

Source: ONS/Eurostat  
Enquiries: 020 7533 5874

a Harmonised Indices of Consumer Prices (HICPs) are being calculated in each member state of the European Union for the purpose of international comparisons. This is in the context of one of the convergence criteria for monetary union as required by the Maastricht Treaty. The rules underlying the construction of the HICPs for EU member states were published in a Commission Regulation of 9 September 1996. The HICPs replace the Interim Indices of Consumer Prices which were published by Eurostat in a monthly news release.

b Published as the consumer prices index (CPI) in the UK.

P Provisional

Note: Additional RPI information is available on the National Statistics website: [www.statistic.gov.uk/rpi](http://www.statistic.gov.uk/rpi) and for the CPI: [www.statistics.gov.uk/cpi](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cpi).

# K.4 GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING MEASURES

## Work-based learning for adults

Thousands

ENGLAND		Number participating on WBLA			Starts to WBLA <sup>a</sup>			Leavers from WBLA <sup>a</sup>		
Month		Male	Female	Total <sup>b</sup>	Male	Female	Total <sup>b</sup>	Male	Female	Total <sup>b</sup>
2001	Apr	0.6	0.3	0.9	0.8	0.3	1.1	0.2	0.1	0.2
	May	2.5	1.0	3.5	2.7	1.0	3.6	0.8	0.3	1.0
	Jun	4.8	1.9	6.8	4.3	1.5	5.8	2.0	0.6	2.6
	Jul	6.5	2.5	9.1	3.9	1.4	5.2	2.2	0.8	2.9
	Aug	7.9	2.9	10.8	4.5	1.4	6.0	3.2	1.0	4.3
	Sep	9.0	3.6	12.6	4.0	1.7	5.7	2.8	1.0	3.8
	Oct	9.5	3.9	13.4	3.7	1.4	5.1	3.2	1.1	4.3
	Nov	10.5	4.3	14.8	5.2	2.0	7.1	4.2	1.6	5.8
	Dec	10.0	4.0	14.1	2.3	0.8	3.1	2.7	1.1	3.8
	Jan	10.8	4.3	15.1	3.8	1.4	5.2	3.1	1.1	4.2
	Feb	11.3	4.7	16.0	4.4	1.8	6.2	3.8	1.4	5.2
	Mar	11.9	5.0	16.9	5.5	2.1	7.6	4.9	1.9	6.8
<b>Total 2001-2002</b>					<b>45.0</b>	<b>16.8</b>	<b>61.8</b>	<b>33.1</b>	<b>11.8</b>	<b>44.9</b>
2002	Apr	11.9	5.1	17.0	3.8	1.5	5.3	3.8	1.4	5.3
	May	12.3	5.4	17.6	5.3	2.1	7.4	4.9	1.8	6.7
	Jun	12.4	5.3	17.6	3.7	1.4	5.2	3.6	1.5	5.1
	Jul	12.4	5.2	17.6	4.1	1.5	5.6	4.1	1.6	5.7
	Aug	12.4	5.0	17.5	5.0	1.7	6.6	4.9	1.8	6.7
	Sep	12.8	5.6	18.4	4.4	2.1	6.5	4.0	1.5	5.5
	Oct	13.1	5.8	18.9	4.3	1.7	6.1	4.1	1.5	5.6
	Nov	13.6	6.0	19.6	5.4	2.2	7.6	4.9	2.0	6.9
	Dec	13.1	5.7	18.8	2.7	1.0	3.7	3.2	1.3	4.5
	Jan	13.6	6.1	19.7	5.1	2.1	7.1	4.6	1.7	6.3
	Feb	14.3	6.4	20.7	4.9	2.0	6.9	4.2	1.7	5.9
	Mar	14.7	6.7	21.4	4.8	2.1	7.0	4.4	1.8	6.2
<b>Total 2002-2003</b>					<b>53.6</b>	<b>21.4</b>	<b>75.1</b>	<b>50.8</b>	<b>19.8</b>	<b>70.5</b>
2003	Apr	14.8	6.6	21.5	4.5	1.7	6.2	4.4	1.8	6.1
	May	15.4	7.0	22.4	6.0	2.6	8.6	5.5	2.2	7.6
	Jun	16.2	7.4	23.6	5.2	2.2	7.5	4.5	1.9	6.3
	Jul	16.6	7.4	24.0	5.4	2.1	7.5	4.9	2.1	7.0
	Aug	16.5	7.3	23.8	6.0	2.4	8.4	6.1	2.5	8.6
	Sep	17.0	7.9	24.9	5.3	2.7	8.0	4.8	2.1	6.9
	Oct	17.3	8.4	25.7	6.3	3.1	9.4	6.0	2.6	8.7
	Nov	17.8	8.8	26.6	5.2	2.5	7.6	4.7	2.0	6.7
	Dec	17.4	8.6	26.0	3.6	1.5	5.0	3.9	1.7	5.6
	Jan	18.2	9.1	27.4	5.9	2.8	8.7	5.1	2.3	7.3
	Feb	19.3	9.6	28.9	5.9	2.6	8.4	4.8	2.1	6.9
	Mar	20.7	10.2	31.0	5.3	2.4	7.6	3.9	1.7	5.6
<b>Total 2003-2004</b>					<b>64.5</b>	<b>28.5</b>	<b>93.0</b>	<b>58.5</b>	<b>25.0</b>	<b>83.4</b>
<b>Total since Apr 2001</b>					<b>163.1</b>	<b>66.8</b>	<b>229.8</b>	<b>142.3</b>	<b>56.5</b>	<b>198.9</b>

Source: DWP, WBLA Database.

Note: Formerly Table K.3.

<sup>a</sup> Figures include early entrants.

<sup>b</sup> Components may not sum to total due to missing cases and rounding.

# K.11 GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING MEASURES

## Summary of New Deal for Young People and New Deal 25 plus at end of March 2004

GREAT BRITAIN	New Deal for Young People			New Deal 25 plus				
	Starts <sup>a</sup>	Leavers	Current participants	Total starts <sup>a</sup>	of which: Enhanced <sup>b</sup> programme	Total leavers	of which: Enhanced programme	Current participants
<b>Summary</b>								
Total <sup>c</sup> as at end March 2004	1,123,930	1,034,460	89,470	697,970	337,690	640,520	282,850	54,840
change since Dec 2003	+45,120	+49,630	-4,510	-	+24,290	-	+29,190	-4,900
change since Mar 2003	+170,620	+180,440	-9,820	-	+100,840	-	+111,960	-11,120
Individual starts:	858,780			512,360				
<b>Characteristics</b>								
Male	802,750	739,130	63,630	-	279,570	-	233,890	45,680
Female	320,700	295,120	25,580	-	58,030	-	48,940	9,090
People with disabilities <sup>d</sup>	136,750	124,610	12,130	-	95,700	-	79,900	15,800
Ethnic Group								
White	890,910	823,370	67,540	-	278,360	-	235,020	43,340
Ethnic Minority Groups	179,380	162,330	17,040	-	45,800	-	36,890	8,900
Black - Caribbean	31,140	28,270	2,870	-	9,710	-	7,840	1,870
Black - African	22,790	19,740	3,050	-	7,330	-	5,680	1,640
Black - Other	12,640	11,550	1,080	-	2,420	-	1,880	540
Indian	19,190	17,980	1,210	-	4,640	-	3,850	790
Pakistani	37,610	35,060	2,550	-	5,310	-	4,450	860
Bangladeshi	12,910	11,790	1,110	-	1,770	-	1,460	320
Chinese	2,200	2,040	160	-	1,070	-	880	190
Other	40,910	35,890	5,020	-	13,540	-	10,850	2,690
Prefer not to say	46,820	42,380	4,450	-	13,320	-	10,860	2,460
Not stated/Unknown	6,820	6,390	440	-	220	-	80	140
Age Group								
18-24	1,123,930	1,034,460	89,470	-	49,820	-	41,250	8,570
25-29	-	-	-	-	59,940	-	49,730	10,220
30-34	-	-	-	-	56,680	-	46,470	10,210
35-39	-	-	-	-	48,520	-	39,570	8,950
40-44	-	-	-	-	42,360	-	34,870	7,490
45-49	-	-	-	-	40,980	-	36,020	4,960
50-54	-	-	-	-	37,260	-	33,060	4,190
55-59	-	-	-	-	2,130	-	1,890	240
60+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Source: New Deal Evaluation Database, IAD, DWP  
Enquiries: 0114 209 8195

- a Those identified by Jobcentre Plus as having joined New Deal, including those who have received an initial invitation, but not yet attended their first interview.  
b From April 2001, the New Deal 25 plus was extended and enhanced to provide clients with access to a greater and more tailored range of support and provision. Eligibility was extended to include those who had been claiming Jobseeker's Allowance for 18 months.  
c Totals include people for whom sub-group information such as gender and ethnicity are not recorded. Because of this, and due to rounding, components will not necessarily sum to totals.  
d Those recorded by Jobcentre Plus as having a physical or mental impairment which has a substantial and long-term effect on their ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities.

# K.12 GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING MEASURES

## Number participating in New Deal for Young People at end of March 2004

GREAT BRITAIN	Total	Gateway <sup>a</sup>	Employment Option <sup>b</sup>	Other options				Follow- through
				Total	Education and training	Voluntary sector	Environment task force	
All <sup>c</sup>	89,470	56,420	2,770	17,810	9,070	4,690	4,050	12,480
Male	63,630	39,130	2,040	13,000	6,430	2,860	3,710	9,460
Female	25,580	17,030	730	4,800	2,640	1,830	340	3,020
People with disabilities <sup>d</sup>	12,130	7,020	420	2,730	1,400	760	580	1,960
Ethnic Group								
White	67,540	42,140	2,430	13,380	6,250	3,500	3,630	9,590
Ethnic Minority Groups	17,040	10,760	230	3,650	2,380	980	290	2,410
Black - Caribbean	2,870	1,800	30	580	290	200	90	470
Black - African	3,050	1,820	20	710	470	190	40	500
Black - Other	1,080	650	10	240	130	80	30	180
Indian	1,210	870	40	200	100	80	20	110
Pakistani	2,550	1,710	50	510	320	150	40	280
Bangladeshi	1,110	790	20	190	110	70	10	110
Chinese	160	100	0	30	20	10	0	20
Other	5,020	3,020	50	1,200	930	190	70	750
Prefer not to say	4,450	3,100	110	770	430	220	120	470
Not stated/Unknown	440	430	0	0	0	0	0	0

Source: New Deal Evaluation Database, IAD, DWP  
Enquiries: 0114 209 8195

- a Including those awaiting their first Gateway interview.  
b The Employment Option can now be accessed from people at any stage of the New Deal programme.  
c Totals include people whose gender is not recorded. For this reason, and also because of rounding, components will not necessarily sum to totals.  
d See footnote d, Table K.11.

# GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING MEASURES

## Numbers participating in New Deal 25 plus at end of March 2004

# K.13

GREAT BRITAIN	Total	Gateway	Subsidised employment	IAP <sup>a</sup>	BET/BS <sup>b</sup>	Self-employment	ETO <sup>c</sup>	Work experience/placements	IAP training	Other <sup>d</sup>	Follow-through
<b>All</b>	<b>54,840</b>	<b>33,820</b>	<b>1,920</b>	<b>10,630</b>	<b>2,340</b>	<b>1,660</b>	<b>880</b>	<b>3,360</b>	<b>2,330</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>8,470</b>
Male	45,680	27,920	1,580	8,960	1,960	1,400	770	2,800	1,990	50	7,230
Female	9,090	5,850	340	1,660	380	260	110	560	340	10	1,250
People with disabilities <sup>e</sup>	15,800	9,660	730	3,110	750	550	260	910	610	30	2,300
Ethnic Group											
White	43,340	26,620	1,740	8,400	1,660	1,420	690	2,720	1,850	60	6,570
Ethnic Minority Groups	8,900	5,520	110	1,770	600	170	150	470	370	0	1,510
Black - Caribbean	1,870	1,140	20	360	50	60	30	120	90	0	360
Black - African	1,640	1,010	10	350	110	30	20	100	90	0	280
Black - Other	540	340	0	90	20	10	10	30	20	0	100
Indian	790	550	10	120	30	10	10	40	20	0	110
Pakistani	860	530	30	170	90	10	10	30	30	0	130
Bangladeshi	320	190	0	80	50	0	10	10	10	0	50
Chinese	190	110	0	50	30	0	0	10	10	0	30
Other	2,690	1,650	40	550	220	60	40	130	100	0	450
Prefer not to say	2,460	1,540	60	460	70	70	30	170	110	0	390
Not stated/Unknown	140	140	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Age Group											
25-29	8,570	5,180	350	1,600	320	220	160	510	370	10	1,450
30-34	10,220	5,940	380	2,100	430	330	180	640	490	20	1,800
35-39	10,210	5,890	330	2,210	490	340	160	720	490	10	1,780
40-44	8,950	5,060	320	2,040	470	310	160	670	430	10	1,530
45-49	7,490	4,240	250	1,670	400	220	130	550	360	10	1,330
50-54	4,960	3,840	170	620	140	140	50	180	110	10	330
55-59	4,190	3,450	120	380	90	110	30	90	70	0	250
60+	240	220	10	10	0	0	0	0	10	0	0

Source: New Deal Evaluation Database, IAD, DWP  
Enquiries: 0114 209 8195

- a Intensive Activity Period which lasts for a minimum of 13 weeks unless employment is found earlier.  
b Basic Employability Training/Basic Skills.  
c Education and Training Opportunity.  
d Other includes: Training for Work Scotland, Work Based Learning Wales, Jobsearch.  
e See footnote d, Table K.11.

# GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING MEASURES

## Immediate destinations on leaving New Deal for young people at end of March 2004

# K.14

GREAT BRITAIN	Total	Unsubsidised employment <sup>a</sup>	Other benefits	Other known destination <sup>b</sup>	Not known
<b>All leavers</b>	<b>1,034,460</b>	<b>396,850</b>	<b>122,890</b>	<b>207,520</b>	<b>307,200</b>
change since Dec 2003 <sup>c</sup>	+49,630	+15,970	+5,370	+10,440	+17,850
change since Mar 2003	+180,440	+62,620	+19,930	+36,630	+61,260
<b>Those leaving before having a first interview</b>	<b>111,250</b>	<b>35,980</b>	<b>9,640</b>	<b>19,890</b>	<b>45,750</b>
change since Dec 2003	+5,520	+1,340	+410	+4,830	+2,730
change since Mar 2003	+20,690	+5,510	+1,580	+3,900	+9,710
<b>Those leaving during the Gateway</b>	<b>570,010</b>	<b>243,460</b>	<b>85,170</b>	<b>84,370</b>	<b>157,010</b>
change since Dec 2003	+29,260	+10,910	+3,880	+4,830	+9,630
change since Mar 2003	+104,560	+41,710	+14,080	+16,410	+32,360
<b>Those leaving from Options</b>	<b>146,510</b>	<b>57,900</b>	<b>10,850</b>	<b>7,290</b>	<b>70,470</b>
change since Dec 2003	+5,890	+1,550	+370	+420	+3,550
change since Mar 2003	+22,800	+6,900	+1,600	+1,620	+12,680
of which:					
Employment	45,080	22,170	1,550	470	20,890
Education and Training	44,920	14,650	3,770	4,090	22,410
Voluntary Sector	29,310	10,990	3,010	1,420	13,890
Environment Task Force	27,190	10,100	2,510	1,300	13,280
<b>Those leaving from Follow-Through</b>	<b>206,690</b>	<b>59,510</b>	<b>17,240</b>	<b>95,970</b>	<b>33,970</b>
change since Dec 2003	+8,960	+2,180	+710	+4,150	+1,930
change since Mar 2003	+32,390	+8,500	+2,680	+14,700	+6,520
by last option entered:					
Employment	26,660	9,730	1,760	10,260	4,910
Education and Training	84,570	24,290	6,740	40,220	13,320
Voluntary Sector	48,630	13,290	4,550	23,470	7,320
Environment Task Force	46,840	12,200	4,190	22,020	8,430

Source: New Deal Evaluation Database, IAD, DWP  
Enquiries: 0114 209 8195

- a Those who are recorded by Jobcentre Plus as having been placed into unsubsidised employment, plus those who are recorded as having terminated their JSA claim in order to go into a job. This will undercount the total number going into a job: some who go into a job will not, for whatever reason, record this as the reason for termination of their JSA claim. These will be counted as 'not known'. Past research indicates that the destinations of those who do not give a reason for termination follow a similar pattern to those who do give a reason.  
b Includes, for example, transfer to a training programme, or gone abroad. Also includes people who, on leaving New Deal, continue to claim JSA.  
c Figures for the last three months for unsubsidised employment are provisional, as some of these leavers could still return to JSA within 13 weeks of leaving New Deal, and would hence rejoin the programme, having achieved an unsustained job.

# K.15 GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING MEASURES

## Immediate destinations on leaving enhanced New Deal 25 plus at end of March 2004<sup>a</sup>

GREAT BRITAIN	Left Jobseeker's Allowance (JSA)					Return to JSA
	Total	Unsubsidised employment <sup>b</sup>	Transfer to other benefits	Other <sup>c</sup>	Not Known	
<b>All leavers</b>	<b>282,850</b>	<b>69,510</b>	<b>47,180</b>	<b>26,690</b>	<b>51,900</b>	<b>87,570</b>
change since Dec 2003 <sup>d</sup>	+29,190	+6,790	+3,940	+2,640	+5,950	+9,860
change since Mar 2003	+111,960	+26,100	+15,960	+9,650	+22,140	+38,120
<b>Those leaving before having a first interview</b>	<b>12,540</b>	<b>3,230</b>	<b>2,490</b>	<b>1,360</b>	<b>2,790</b>	<b>2,670</b>
change since Dec 2003	+1,230	+290	+190	+120	+310	+330
change since Mar 2003	+4,480	+1,130	+790	+510	+1,060	+990
<b>Those leaving during the Gateway</b>	<b>177,340</b>	<b>52,520</b>	<b>40,390</b>	<b>22,500</b>	<b>22,910</b>	<b>39,010</b>
change since Dec 2003	+16,780	+5,090	+3,240	+2,110	+2,780	+3,570
change since Mar 2003	+64,330	+19,390	+13,210	+7,930	+9,290	+14,510
<b>Those leaving from IAP<sup>e</sup></b>	<b>36,340</b>	<b>6,270</b>	<b>580</b>	<b>840</b>	<b>22,200</b>	<b>6,450</b>
change since Dec 2003	+3,540	+370	+40	+70	+2,260	+800
change since Mar 2003	+14,540	+1,740	+190	+230	+9,720	+2,660
of which:						
Employment Option	10,270	730	90	70	5,290	4,090
BET/BS <sup>f</sup>	4,680	800	100	150	3,340	280
Self employment	3,060	750	20	60	1,950	280
ETO <sup>g</sup>	950	160	30	40	610	120
Work experience / Placements	9,180	2,040	190	150	5,870	920
IAP Training <sup>e</sup>	7,970	1,760	160	340	5,020	700
Other	250	30	0	40	110	60
<b>Those leaving from Follow-Through</b>	<b>56,600</b>	<b>7,480</b>	<b>3,720</b>	<b>1,980</b>	<b>4,000</b>	<b>39,430</b>
change since Dec 2003	+7,630	+1,050	+460	+350	+610	+5,170
change since Mar 2003	+28,620	+3,840	+1,760	+980	+2,080	+19,960
by last option entered:						
Employment Option	3,270	770	240	120	240	1,910
BET/BS <sup>f</sup>	9,230	820	820	340	590	6,670
Self employment	3,120	490	160	120	250	2,110
ETO <sup>g</sup>	2,070	290	120	120	170	1,360
Work experience / Placements	19,800	2,470	1,210	630	1,450	14,040
IAP Training <sup>e</sup>	18,840	2,600	1,140	640	1,280	13,170
Other	270	40	30	20	20	170

Source: New Deal Evaluation Database, IAD, DWP  
Enquiries: 0114 209 8195

- a See footnote b, Table K.11.  
b See footnote a, Table K.14.  
c Includes, for example, transfer to a training programme, or gone abroad.  
d See footnote c, Table K.14.  
e See footnote a, Table K.13.  
f See footnote b, Table K.13.  
g See footnote c, Table K.13.

# K.16 GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING MEASURES

## Summary of people into jobs through New Deal at end of March 2004<sup>a</sup>

GREAT BRITAIN	New Deal for Young People		New Deal 25 plus		Enhanced programme <sup>b</sup>	
	Total	of which: Sustained <sup>c</sup>	Total	of which: Sustained <sup>c</sup>	Total	of which: Sustained <sup>c</sup>
<b>Summary</b>						
Total						
as at end Mar 2004	492,980	390,770	178,000	141,580	103,710	81,280
change since Dec 2003	+16,570	+14,210	-	-	+8,230	+6,940
change since Mar 2003	+73,410	+57,240	-	-	+36,410	+28,240
<b>Characteristics</b>						
Male	358,980	282,860	-	-	87,330	68,070
Female	133,940	107,860	-	-	16,380	13,200
People with disabilities <sup>d</sup>	59,780	46,180	-	-	28,740	22,710
Ethnic Group						
White	407,860	323,420	-	-	87,840	68,600
Ethnic Minority Groups, of which	63,060	49,220	-	-	12,040	9,650
Black - Caribbean	10,300	7,540	-	-	2,220	1,680
Black - African	6,670	4,800	-	-	1,630	1,220
Black - Other	4,370	3,210	-	-	610	450
Indian	8,330	6,860	-	-	1,260	1,020
Pakistani	13,270	10,590	-	-	1,550	1,310
Bangladeshi	4,760	3,930	-	-	560	490
Chinese	860	730	-	-	250	210
Other	14,500	11,570	-	-	3,970	3,270
Prefer not to say	18,850	15,030	-	-	3,800	3,020
Not stated/Unknown	3,220	3,100	-	-	20	20
Age Group						
18-24	492,980	390,770	-	-	19,540	14,780
25-29	-	-	-	-	21,500	16,790
30-34	-	-	-	-	18,990	14,840
35-39	-	-	-	-	15,470	12,250
40-44	-	-	-	-	12,780	10,180
45-49	-	-	-	-	9,110	7,360
50-54	-	-	-	-	6,120	4,890
55-59	-	-	-	-	210	180
60+	-	-	-	-	-	-

Source: New Deal Evaluation Database, IAD, DWP  
Enquiries: 0114 209 8195

- a The table counts number of individuals into employment from NDYP and ND 25 plus. On this basis, a ND participant on either programme is only ever counted once as starting employment from that programme. If a participant has a sustained spell of unsubsidised employment after having had a sustained spell of subsidised employment, then the unsubsidised employment always takes priority.  
b See footnote b, Table K.11.  
c A job from which the participant does not return to New Deal within 13 weeks. This includes jobs in which participants have been employed for less than 13 weeks, but have not yet returned to New Deal.  
d See footnote d, Table K.11.

## Statistical enquiry points

Labour Market Statistics Helpline	020 7533 6094 <a href="mailto:labour.market@ons.gov.uk">labour.market@ons.gov.uk</a>
Recorded announcement of headline statistics on economic activity, inactivity, employment, unemployment, vacancies, earnings, claimant count, productivity and unit wage costs	020 7533 6176
National Statistics enquiry service	0845 601 3034 <a href="mailto:info@statistics.gov.uk">info@statistics.gov.uk</a>
Skills and Education Network	0114 259 3327

### FOR STATISTICAL INFORMATION ON:

Claimant count	020 7533 6094
Earnings	
Average Earnings Index (monthly)	01633 819002 <a href="mailto:earnings@ons.gov.uk">earnings@ons.gov.uk</a>
Basic wage rates and hours for manual workers with a collective agreement	01633 819008 <a href="mailto:earnings@ons.gov.uk">earnings@ons.gov.uk</a>
New Earnings Survey (annual): levels of earnings and hours worked for groups of workers (males and females, industries, occupations, regions, agreements, pension categories, age, part-time and full-time); distribution of earnings; composition of earnings; hours worked	01633 819024/11 <a href="mailto:earnings@ons.gov.uk">earnings@ons.gov.uk</a>
Earnings of low paid workers	01633 819039 <a href="mailto:lowpay@ons.gov.uk">lowpay@ons.gov.uk</a>
International comparisons of earnings and labour costs	01633 819008 <a href="mailto:earnings@ons.gov.uk">earnings@ons.gov.uk</a>
Labour Force Survey (quarterly): weekly and hourly earnings; distribution; men and women, occupation, region	020 7533 6094 <a href="mailto:labour.market@ons.gov.uk">labour.market@ons.gov.uk</a>
Economic activity and inactivity	020 7533 6094
Employment	
Annual employment statistics	01633 812038
Sub-regional estimates	01633 812038 <a href="mailto:annual.employment.figures@ons.gov.uk">annual.employment.figures@ons.gov.uk</a>
Workforce jobs series – short-term estimates	01633 812318 <a href="mailto:workforce.jobs@ons.gov.uk">workforce.jobs@ons.gov.uk</a>
Total workforce hours worked per week	01633 812766 <a href="mailto:productivity@ons.gov.uk">productivity@ons.gov.uk</a>

Labour Force Survey: full- and part-time; self-employment; temporary work; second jobs; occupations; men and women; ethnicity; region; people with disabilities; hours worked (usual and actual for groups of workers)	020 7533 6094
Labour disputes	01633 819205
Labour Force Survey	020 7533 6094
New Deal	0114 209 8228
Producer Price Index	01633 812106 <a href="mailto:ppi@ons.gov.uk">ppi@ons.gov.uk</a>
Productivity and unit wage costs	01633 812766
Qualifications (DfES)	0114 259 1322
Redundancy statistics	020 7533 6094
Retail Prices Index	
Ansafone service	020 7533 5866
Enquiries	020 7533 5874 <a href="mailto:rpi@ons.gov.uk">rpi@ons.gov.uk</a>
Skill needs surveys and research into skill shortages (DfES)	0114 259 3374
Small firms (DTI)	0114 259 7537
Trade unions (DTI)	020 7215 5780
Training (DfES)	
Adult learning (general)	0114 259 3327
Employer provided training – research and evaluation	0114 259 3374
Employer provided training – statistics	0114 259 3374
Travel-to-Work Areas	
Composition and review of	020 7533 6114
Unemployment	020 7533 6094
Vacancies	
Vacancy Survey: total stocks of vacancies	020 7533 6162
Notified to Jobcentres	020 7533 6094
Youth Cohort Study (DfES)	0114 259 3639

### FOR ADVICE ON:

Sources of labour market statistics	020 7533 6094
Reconciliation of different sources of labour market data	020 7533 6178
Subnational labour markets	020 7533 6130
Low pay estimates	020 7533 6167

### ONLINE

Labour Market Trends is available on the National Statistics website  
[www.statistics.gov.uk/statbase/product.asp?vlnk=550&more=n](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/statbase/product.asp?vlnk=550&more=n)

The labour market statistics First Release Historical Supplement is at  
[http://www.statistics.gov.uk/Onlineproducts/LMS\\_FR\\_HS.asp](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/Onlineproducts/LMS_FR_HS.asp).

Nomis® (the on-line labour market statistics database): [www.nomisweb.co.uk](http://www.nomisweb.co.uk). See advert on pS29. 0191 334 2680

National Statistics Time Series Data service. 0845 6013034

The latest labour market statistics national and regional First Releases can be accessed at:  
[www.statistics.gov.uk/onlineproducts/lms\\_regional.asp](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/onlineproducts/lms_regional.asp). Regional releases can be viewed by clicking on the regions on the map, and a link to the national release appears below the map. If you have any problems with this service, contact the Labour Market Statistics Helpline, tel. 020 7533 6094.