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Labour market analysis and summary

September 2005 assessment

By **Vassilis Madouros**, Labour Market Division, Office for National Statistics

An overview of the UK labour market, drawing together the latest official labour market data and information from non-government sources and taking the wider economic picture into account.

Summary

The UK labour market remains strong by historical and international standards, with the latest data suggesting that it has been broadly flat recently. According to the Labour Force Survey (LFS) in the three months to July there was a rise in the employment rate while the unemployment rate remained unchanged. Total weekly hours worked increased on the quarter, while average weekly hours worked remained unchanged. The more up-to-date claimant count rose slightly in August, for the seventh consecutive month, while the vacancy data for August suggest that the trend is close to flat. Looking at earnings growth, the excluding bonus series fell in the three months to July compared with the previous three months. It has edged down since the peak recorded towards the end of 2004, suggesting that wage pressures in the economy are easing.

Employment

The latest employment figures for May-July 2005 show a rise in the working-age employment rate over the quarter (up 0.1 percentage

point), currently standing at 74.8 per cent (see **Figure 1**). The trend in the employment rate is close to flat.

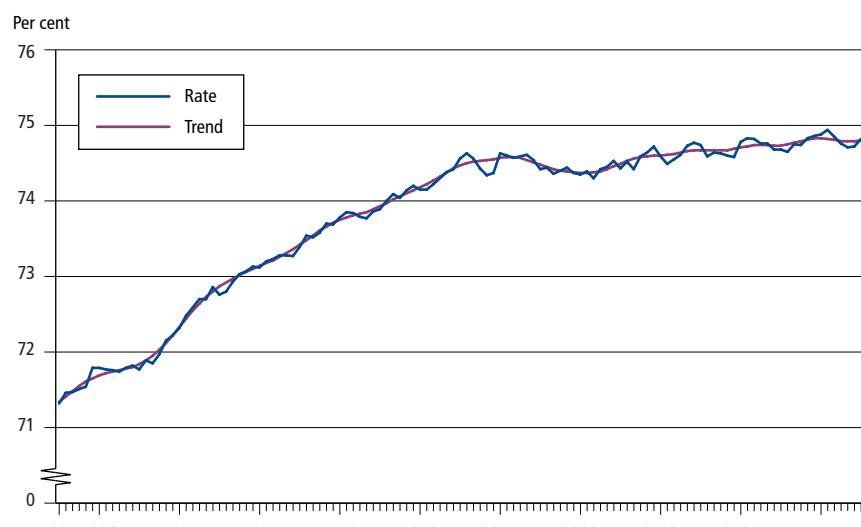
The 16 and over employment level increased by 83,000 over the quarter and by 315,000 over the year. The employment level now stands at 28.730 million and is at a record high since comparable records began in 1971. The quarterly rise in employment was driven by women, with the female employment level

rising by 74,000 to stand at 13.253 million. The male employment level increased by 9,000 on the quarter and currently stands at 15.477 million.

Looking at employment categories by type, the rise in employment was driven solely by employees, with the number rising by 106,000 on the quarter to stand at 24.901 million. This is a record high since comparable records began in 1992. ▶

Figure 1

Working-age employment rate: United Kingdom; July 1995 to July 2005



Source: Labour Force Survey

► This quarterly increase was driven primarily by women (up 75,000 on the quarter), while the numbers of both male and female employees stand at a record high since comparable records began in 1992 (12.715 million and 12.185 million respectively). The number of self-employed fell by 11,000 on the quarter to stand at 3.617 million. A rise was recorded in both full-time and part-time employment. The number of people in full-time employment increased by 42,000 on the quarter and was driven primarily by a rise in full-time employees (up 48,000 on the quarter). The number of people in part-time employment increased by 41,000 on the quarter. This quarterly rise was driven solely by women (up 51,000 on the quarter) (see **Figure 2**).

The most recent workforce jobs figures (June 2005) show a fall of 49,000 on the quarter and a rise of 150,000 on the year. The total number of workforce jobs in June stood at 30.590 million, of which 26.450 million are employee jobs. Within this, the main quarterly increases came from finance and business services (up 21,000) and 'other' services (up 17,000). The largest fall was recorded in manufacturing (down 47,000), followed by construction (down 38,000).

Looking at hours worked, apart from a blip around the Queen's Golden Jubilee in June 2002, the number of hours had been fluctuating around a constant level throughout the 2000 to 2004 period. Since the end of 2004, however, the series has shown strong positive movements, peaking at 922.0 million hours in December–February 2005 (see **Figure 3**). Having slipped slightly since, the latest figures indicate strong growth in hours

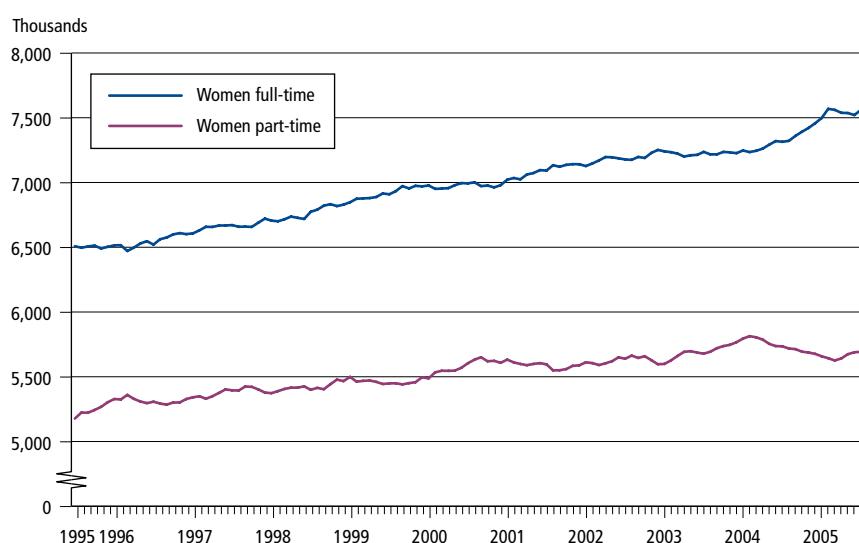
worked in the latest quarter, with total weekly hours worked rising to 921.4 million (up 4.5 million on the quarter). Over the year, total hours worked increased by 14.2 million and the trend in total actual weekly hours worked is increasing.

Unemployment

The latest figures for May–July 2005 suggest that the trend in the unemployment rate is flat. The unemployment rate for people aged 16 and over remained unchanged on the quarter, standing at 4.7 per cent

Figure 2

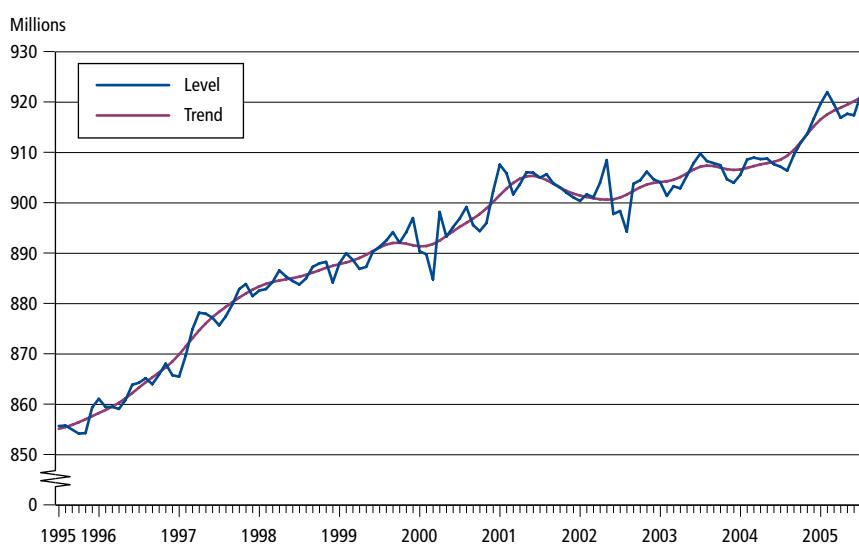
Full-time and part-time female employment; United Kingdom; July 1995 to July 2005



Source: Labour Force Survey

Figure 3

Total actual weekly hours worked; United Kingdom; July 1995 to July 2005



Source: Labour Force Survey

(see **Figure 4**). The unemployment rate for men stands at 5.1 per cent, while for women it stands at 4.2 per cent, a joint record low since comparable records began in 1971. The latest estimate of the unemployment level is 1.418 million, up 12,000 on the quarter and up 3,000 on the year. Breaking this down by gender, the unemployment level for men stands at 836,000 (up 8,000 on the quarter) and the unemployment level for women stands at 582,000 (up 4,000 on the quarter). The quarterly rise in unemployment was driven primarily by men aged 18 to 24.

Looking at the duration of unemployment, an increase in the unemployment level is observed in most duration categories, with the largest rise recorded in the number of people unemployed for over 24 months (up 12,000 on the quarter). On the contrary, the number of people unemployed for up to 6 months fell on the quarter (down 3,000). Overall, the latest data suggest that the trend in the unemployment level is close to flat.

The claimant count (the number of people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance) increased slightly in August to stand at 866,200 (up 1,600 on the month) (see **Figure 5**). Although this represents the seventh consecutive increase in the claimant count, the rate of increase has slowed down in recent months and the data suggest that the rising trend in the claimant count has eased. The claimant count rate for August remains at 2.8 per cent, unchanged from July. Looking at flows, small rises were recorded in both claimant count inflows (up 1,800) and outflows (up 900) between July and August 2005.

Vacancies

Job vacancies showed a fall of 7,400 for June-August 2005 compared with the previous three months and a fall of 15,500 on the year (see **Figure 6**). The level for the three months to

August stands at 631,700. The number of vacancies has been at a high level historically for about a year and the latest data indicate that the trend is close to flat. Analysis by industry shows that the fall in vacancies was driven by construction ▶

Figure 4

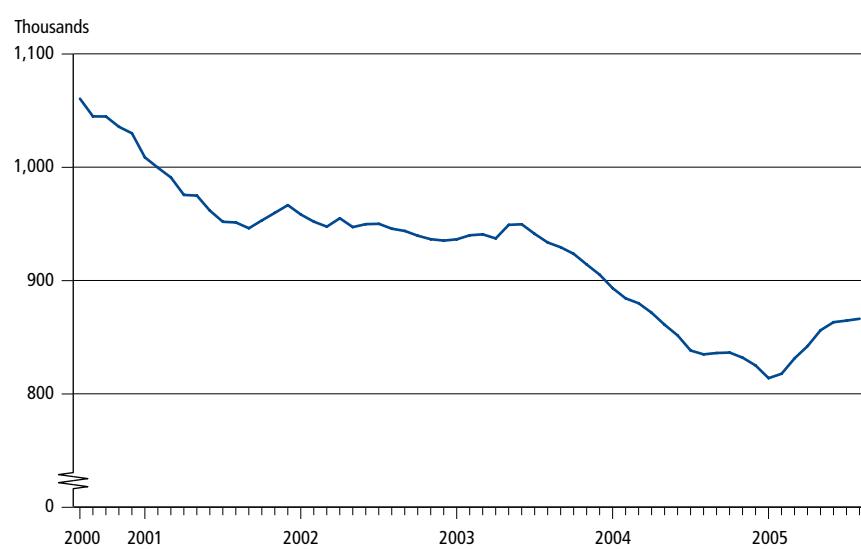
Unemployment rate; United Kingdom; July 1995 to July 2005



Source: Labour Force Survey

Figure 5

Jobseeker's Allowance claimant count; United Kingdom; August 2000 to August 2005



Source: Claimant count

- (down 4,700 compared with the previous three months) and manufacturing (down 4,100), while the largest increase was recorded in 'other' services (up 3,000).

Economic inactivity

There were 7.915 million economically inactive people of working age in May-July 2005 (down 16,000 on the quarter). The number of working-age inactive men currently stands at 3.178 million (up 18,000 on the quarter) while the number of working-age inactive women stands at 4.737 million (down 34,000 on the quarter). The working-age inactivity rate fell by 0.1 percentage point on the quarter to stand at 21.4 per cent (see **Figure 7**). The inactivity rate for men currently stands at 16.6 per cent (up 0.1 percentage point on the quarter), a joint record high since comparable records began in 1971, and for women at 26.5 per cent (down 0.2 percentage points on the quarter). The latest assessment suggests that the trend in the economic inactivity rate for people of working age is flat. Looking at the reasons for inactivity for people of working age, the largest quarterly increase came from the retired category, with the number of people classifying themselves as retired rising by 35,000 on the quarter. Other categories that saw increases were student (up 13,000 on the quarter) and temporarily sick (up 7,000 on the quarter), while the largest fall was observed in the long-term sick category (down 43,000 on the quarter) (see **Figure 8**). The increase in the retired category is due to minor modifications in the LFS questionnaire that have led to changes in the way that people respond to inactivity questions.

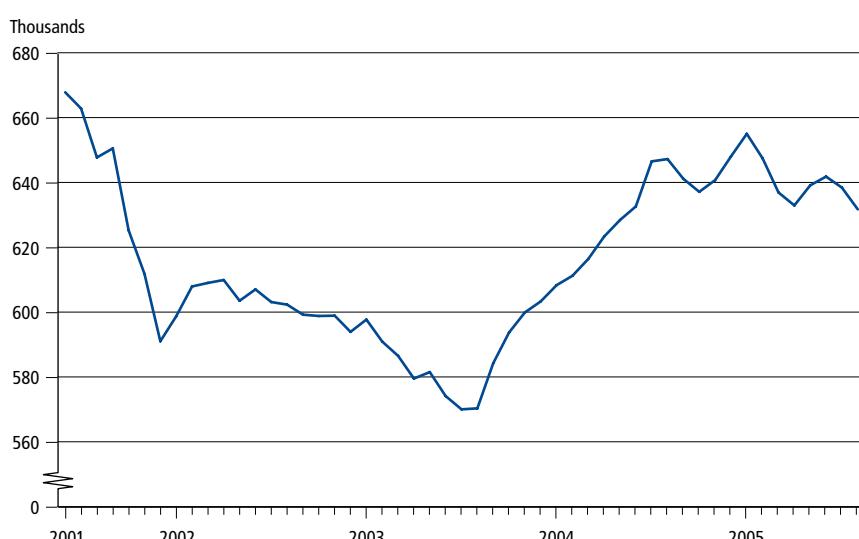
This was implemented after a review of LFS questions on reasons for inactivity was carried out to ensure that interviewee responses were being recorded effectively.

Redundancies

The LFS redundancy rate in May-July 2005 was 5.8 per thousand employees, up 0.6 per thousand on the quarter and unchanged over the

Figure 6

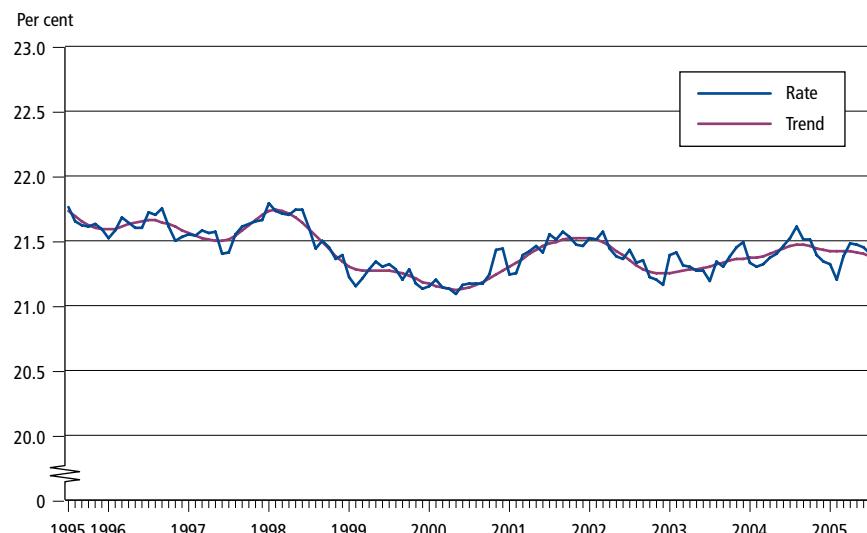
Number of vacancies; United Kingdom; June 2001 to August 2005



Source: Vacancy Survey

Figure 7

Working-age inactivity rate; United Kingdom; July 1995 to July 2005



Source: Labour Force Survey

year. The rise in the redundancy level (up 15,000 on the quarter) was driven mostly by men (up 14,000 on the quarter), while the level for women increased only slightly on the quarter (up 1,000). Looking at the redundancies by industry data (not seasonally adjusted), these refer to the March-May quarter and, as such, do not reflect the latest observed increase in redundancy levels and rates. In March-May 2005 manufacturing showed a decrease on the year (down 14,000) but continued to have one of the largest numbers of redundancies (29,000 in March-May 2005, though this is a record low for the sector since comparable records began in 1995). Other sectors showing similar redundancy levels were distribution, hotels and restaurants standing at

31,000, and banking, finance and insurance standing at 22,000.

Earnings

Turning to the latest earnings numbers, the whole economy including bonuses annual growth rate in earnings was 4.2 per cent in the three months to July 2005 – up from 4.1 per cent in the three months to June. Looking at growth as measured by the whole economy excluding bonuses series, annual growth in the three months to July stood at 3.9 per cent, down from the three months to June (see Figure 9).

The overall picture is of strong but steady earnings growth. The excluding bonus series has edged down slightly since the recent peak observed towards the end of 2004, suggesting that wage pressures in the

economy are easing.

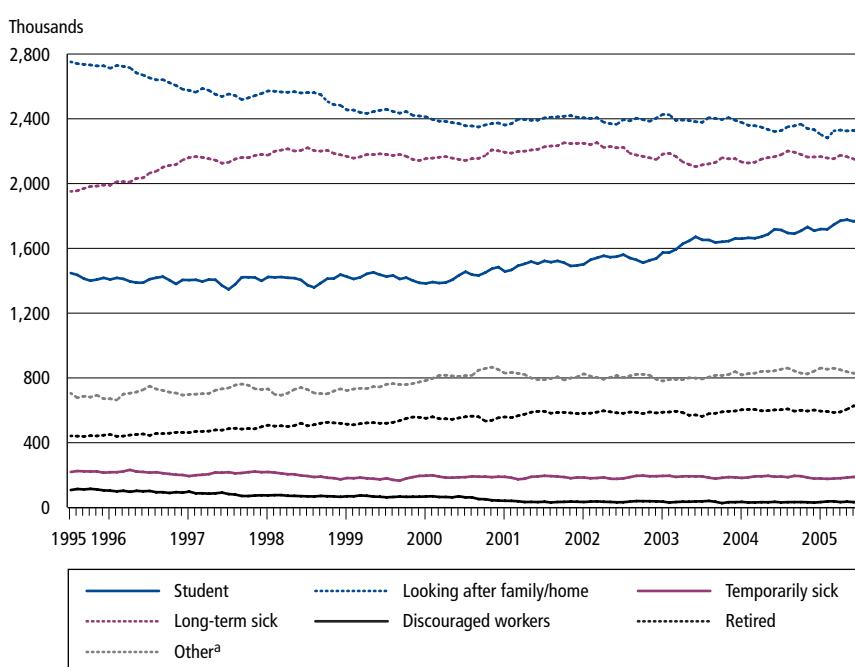
Looking at the private and public sectors separately, the excluding bonuses three-month average annual growth series show that both public sector and private sector earnings continue to grow faster than consumer prices. In addition, public sector earnings growth has almost consistently exceeded private sector earnings growth during the past few years. For the public sector, earnings growth (excluding bonuses) stood at 4.6 per cent in the three months to July, while for the private sector the same measure stood at 3.8 per cent.

Economic overview

The latest labour market data suggest that the labour market remains resilient in the face of a slowdown in aggregate demand and output growth over the last year. The latest estimate of GDP growth for the second quarter of 2005 is 0.5 per cent on the quarter and 1.8 per cent on the year. Looking in detail at some of the expenditure categories, household final consumption expenditure remained subdued, growing by 0.2 per cent on the quarter, while there was a pick-up in investment, with gross fixed capital formation growing by 1.5 per cent on the quarter. There was a pick-up in retail sales in the three months to July but, on a month-to-month basis, the volume of retail sales fell between June and July. The inflation rate as measured by the CPI stood at 2.3 per cent in the year to July, up from 2.0 per cent in the year to June. Looking to external sources, the manufacturing picture appears to be improving slightly. The Chartered Institute of Purchasing & Supply (CIPS) reported a consolidation in overall operating conditions within the manufacturing sector. This was

Figure 8

**Working-age inactivity by reason; United Kingdom;
July 1995 to July 2005**



Source: Labour Force Survey

a Other = no reason given, other reason, and not started looking.

- highlighted by the seasonally adjusted Purchasing Managers' Index (PMI) which stood at 50.1. Although indicative of little change in business conditions over the month, this reading is positive in comparison with the deteriorations recorded for the preceding four months. Looking at the service sector, external sources suggest that the picture remains positive. The CIPS services index for August indicated that service sector activity expanded at a robust rate, although slightly lower than in July. CIPS indicated that growth was supported by gains in new business while it reported that input price inflation accelerated in August.

Further information

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Figure 9

Whole economy average earnings growth; Great Britain; July 2000 to July 2005



Source: Monthly Wages and Salaries Survey

Technical details of sources

Series	Sample size	Frequency	Time series
Labour Force Survey	57,000 households per quarter	Monthly	Three-month averages from spring 1992. Pre-1992 data are modelled three-month averages of the headline figures.
Workforce jobs	28,000 service firms 9,000 production firms	Quarterly	Annual 1959-77 Quarterly since 1978
Claimant count	All JSA claimants	Monthly	Consistent series from 1971
Vacancy Survey	6,000 businesses	Monthly	Three-month averages from June 2001
AEI	8,000 firms 9 million employees	Monthly	Consistent series from 1990
CIPS services	600 firms	Monthly	Since July 1996
CIPS manufacturing	620 firms	Monthly	Since January 1992

Unless otherwise stated, all ONS data are seasonally adjusted, and LFS data are consistent with 2001 Census population data.

Labour market analysis and summary

Key data

		Change on month		Change on quarter		Change on year				
		Thousands	Rate	Thousands	Rate	Thousands	Rate	Table		
Employment^a	May-Jul 2005	28,730	74.8			83	0.1	315	0.1	A.1
Men		15,477	79.1			9	-0.1	111	-0.2	A.1
Women		13,253	70.3			74	0.2	204	0.4	A.1
Full-time		21,397				42		346		B.1
Part-time		7,334				41		-31		B.1
Employees		24,901				106		341		B.1
Self-employed		3,617				-11		-16		B.1
Hours worked (millions)	May-Jul 2005	921.4				4.5		14.2		B.21
Workforce jobs	Jun 2005	30,590				-49		150		B.11
Manufacturing industry employee jobs	May-Jul 2005	3,186						-95		B.12
Vacancies^b	Jun-Aug 2005	631.7	2.4			-7.4	0.0	-15.5	-0.1	G.1
Unemployment^c	May-Jul 2005	1,418	4.7			12	0.0	3	0.0	C.1
Men		836	5.1			8	0.0	7	0.0	C.1
Women		582	4.2			4	0.0	-4	-0.1	C.1
Long-term (12 months and over)		302				8		18		C.1
Aged 18-24		420	10.6			16	0.3	22	0.5	C.1
Claimant count^d	August 2005	866.2	2.8	1.6	0.0			31.4	0.1	F.1
Men		644.0	3.8	1.3	0.0			21.8	0.1	F.1
Women		222.2	1.6	0.3	0.0			9.6	0.1	F.1
Long-term (over 12 months)		120.9		-0.1				-12.0		F.1
Aged 18-24		254.8		0.7				23.5		F.1
Workless households^e	Mar-May 2005	3,068	16.3					61	0.2	A.4
Adults in workless households		4,306	11.8					55	0.1	A.4
Children in workless households		1,814	15.8					-47	-0.3	A.4
Economically active^a	May-Jul 2005	30,148	78.6			95	0.1	318	0.1	D.1
Men		16,313	83.4			17	-0.1	118	-0.2	D.1
Women		13,835	73.5			78	0.2	200	0.4	D.1
Economically inactive^f	May-Jul 2005	7,915	21.4			-16	-0.1	16	-0.1	D.3
Men		3,178	16.6			18	0.1	58	0.2	D.3
Women		4,737	26.5			-34	-0.2	-42	-0.4	D.3
GB average earnings (excluding bonuses)^g	May-Jul 2005			3.9		-0.1			-0.3	E.1
Private sector				3.8		0.0			-0.4	E.1
Public sector				4.6		-0.2			0.2	E.1
Manufacturing sector				3.2		-0.1			-0.9	E.1
Services				4.1		-0.1			0.0	E.1
GB average earnings (including bonuses)^g	May-Jul 2005			4.2		0.1		0.3	E.1	
Private sector				3.9		0.1			0.1	E.1
Public sector				5.5		-0.1			1.3	E.1
Manufacturing sector				2.8		0.0			-1.3	E.1
Services				4.5		0.0			0.9	E.1
Labour disputes^h	Year to Jul 2005	214					-808		I.11	
Redundanciesⁱ	May-Jul 2005	144	5.8			15	0.6	3	0.0	H.31
Other indicators										
GDP ^j	2005 Q2			0.5			0.1		-0.3	J.1
Consumer Price Index ^{e, k}	Aug 2005			2.4		0.1			1.1	J.11
Retail Prices Index ^k	Aug 2005			2.8		-0.1			-0.4	J.11

^a Numbers are for those aged 16 and over; rates for those of working age (16-59 for women and 16-64 for men).

^b Rate is the number of vacancies per 100 employee jobs.

^c Numbers and rates are for those aged 16 and over.

^d Denominator for rates equals claimant count plus workforce jobs.

^e Not seasonally adjusted.

^f Numbers and rates are for those of working age (16-59 for women and 16-64 for men).

^g Rates are the annual changes in the index values for the last three months compared with the same period a year ago.

^h Numbers are number of working days lost (thousands).

ⁱ The rate is the number of redundancies per thousand employees.

^j The rate is the quarter-on-quarter growth rate of the chained volume measure of Gross Domestic Product (GDP).

^k Rates are the annual changes in the index values for the latest month compared with the same month a year ago.

Note: all figures are for the UK and seasonally adjusted unless otherwise stated.

News

News and research

Enterprises in the UK

The number of enterprises in the UK continues to rise. There were an estimated 4.3 million business enterprises in the UK at the start of 2004 compared with 4.0 million at the start of 2003. This is the largest increase since the series began in 1994.

Almost all business enterprises (99.3 per cent) are small (0 to 49 employees). Only 26,000 (0.6 per cent) are medium-sized (50 to 249 employees) and 6,000 (0.1 per cent) are large (250 or more employees).

UK enterprises employ an estimated 22.0 million people, and have an estimated combined annual turnover of £2,400 billion. Small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) together account for more than half of the private sector employment (58.5 per cent) and turnover (51.3 per cent) in the UK.

Most enterprises (3.1 million) have no employees, equivalent to 72.8 per cent of all enterprises. However the proportion without employees varies

among different industries, from 86.6 per cent of businesses in construction to 17.9 per cent for enterprises in the hotels and restaurants sector.

Of the 4.3 million enterprises in the UK at the start of 2004, 2.72 million were sole proprietors, 540,000 were partnerships, and 1.02 million were companies. Most of the increase in the number of enterprises to the start of 2004 is due to a rise of 230,000 (13 per cent) in the number of unregistered sole proprietorships, plus a rise of 20,000 (13 per cent) in the number of unregistered partnerships. These figures are estimated using the Labour Force Survey, which showed an increase in the number of self-employed people in the UK during 2003.

Also continuing the trend from 2002 to 2003, the number of registered companies rose over 60,000 (7 per cent), while the number of registered sole proprietorships fell by less than 40,000 (5 per cent) and the

number of registered partnerships fell by less than 20,000 (5 per cent) to the start of 2004. Overall, these data from the Inter-Departmental Business Register show that the number of registered businesses rose by nearly 10,000 between the start of 2003 and the start of 2004.

Focusing on enterprises without employees, the largest increases have been in construction and business services, which have both had an increase of 70,000 enterprises. Most other industries have had an increase in this category too, but agriculture and fishing had a small decrease of 7,000.

Further information

SME Statistics for the UK 2004 was published on 25 August and is available from the Small Business Service website at www.sbs.gov.uk/smes. For further information please contact statistics@sbs.gsi.gov.uk or call Ian Kay on 0114 279 4439.

Local labour market statistics

A new web-based local area labour market statistics publication was published on 28 September 2005 on the National Statistics website. The publication, *Local area labour markets: statistical indicators*, is based on the labour market statistics

framework of labour supply and labour demand.

The publication presents employment, unemployment and inactivity data from the first Annual Population Survey (APS), claimant count data, jobs densities, and earnings data from the Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings. It will be produced every three

months when new APS data become available.

Further information

For further information see www.statistics.gov.uk. For details of the APS see pp363, *Labour Market Trends*, September 2005.

Books and discussion papers from research institutes

The following books and discussion papers published by the Centre for Economic Performance (CEP) may be of interest.

A book entitled *What's the Good of Education? The Economics of Education in the UK* was published in June 2005. It explores the evidence to support the commonly held belief that individuals and the community should be investing more in education. It examines numerous large-scale data sources to consider questions including: What payoff do people get from acquiring more education when they enter the labour market? How well do education systems function to provide employers with the skills they want? Besides chapters on the education system, it also includes chapters on the labour market for teachers, measuring the returns to education, the role of qualifications in employers' selection decisions and the balance of supply and demand for qualified workers.

Further information

- *What's the Good of Education? The Economics of Education in the UK*, edited by Stephen Machin and Anna Vignoles, ISBN 0691117349, Princeton University Press, 30 June 2005, price £19.95.

You Can't Always Get What You Want: the Impact of the Jobseeker's Allowance is a recent discussion paper from CEP. Its starting point is the major changes made to the welfare system for the support of the unemployed with the introduction of the Jobseeker's Allowance in 1996. These tightened the work search requirements needed for eligibility for benefit and resulted in large flows out of claimant status, as shown in the claimant count. However, this reduction was not tracked by the measure of those unemployed on the ILO definition. The paper finds that the flows out of claimant status were all into non-employment. The movement out of claimant status was largest for those with low levels of search activity. But this paper finds no evidence of increased job search activity as a result of this change.

Further information

- *You Can't Always Get What You Want: the Impact of the Jobseeker's Allowance* by Alan Manning, published by the Centre for Economic Performance in July 2005 as Paper No CEPDP0697. Copies can be downloaded from the CEP's website at <http://cep.lse.ac.uk/pubs/default.asp>.

The Gender Gap in Early Career Wage Growth is considered in a CEP discussion paper issued in July. It finds that the gender pay gap on entry to the labour market is approximately zero but after ten years there is a clear gap between the earnings of men and women. This paper explores the reason for this gender gap in early-career wage growth, considering three main hypotheses - human capital, job-shopping and 'psychological' theories. A substantial unexplained gap remains after the factors associated with these theories have been accounted for. Women who have continuous full-time employment, have had no children and express no desire to have them, earn less than equivalent men after 10 years in the labour market.

Further information

- *The Gender Gap in Early Career Wage Growth* by Alan Manning and Joanna Swaffield, published by the Centre for Economic Performance in July 2005 as Paper No CEPDP0700. Copies can be downloaded from the CEP's website at <http://cep.lse.ac.uk/pubs/default.asp>.

National Statistics feature

Home-based working using communication technologies

By **Yolanda Ruiz** and **Annette Walling**, Labour Market Division, Office for National Statistics

Key points

- In spring 2005 there were around 3.1 million people in the UK who worked mainly in their own home, or in different places using home as a base (homeworkers). The number of homeworkers has risen from 2.3 million in spring 1997.
- Most homeworkers (2.4 million) used a telephone and computer to carry out their work (teleworkers). Of these, 2.1 million could not work from home without using both a telephone and a computer (TC teleworkers).
- Some 8 per cent of the workforce were teleworkers in spring 2005, compared with 4 per cent in spring 1997. This upward trend has been driven by those working in different places using home as a base. Relatively few teleworkers worked mainly in their own home (2 per cent of the workforce).
- Most teleworkers were self-employed (62 per cent). Some 41 per cent of self-employed people, but only 4 per cent of employees, were teleworkers in spring 2005.

Introduction

With the development of communication technologies, such as mobile phones, personal computers and the Internet, it is becoming increasingly feasible for people to work from home or in other locations that are remote from centralised office, distribution or production facilities. Labour market analysts and policy makers are interested in this type of working arrangement (known as teleworking) since it potentially widens opportunities for people to participate and remain in employment. Teleworking also has the potential to change working patterns and to impact on the health, safety and welfare of the workers involved.

The Labour Force Survey (LFS) is the principal source of statistics on teleworking in the UK. This article looks at the concept of teleworking and explains how it is defined and measured in the LFS. It also describes recent trends in teleworking and the characteristics

of teleworkers, based on an analysis of LFS data.

Concepts and definitions

When the concept of teleworking emerged about 20 years ago, it referred to the practice of working from home using telecommunication links to replace commuting, sometimes known as telecommuting (Di Martino, 2001). Since then, new telecommunication technologies have evolved and the concept of teleworking has expanded. Working from home has remained an important element of teleworking, but developments in electronic networking now make it possible for people to work in other remote locations, such as neighbourhood centres, internet cafes, hotel rooms, clients' premises, on trains and in cars.

There is no standard definition of teleworking, but it is generally taken to involve working in a location that is separate from a central workplace, using telecommunication technologies to enable this (see **Box 1**). There is also no agreement on ▶

- what working practices should be covered by the concept. However, in an International Labour Organisation study, Di Martino (2001) lists the working practices that could be included (see **Box 2**). The increasing variety of practices that could be regarded as teleworking, and the fact that some people telework only occasionally, make teleworking a difficult concept to measure.

Using the LFS to measure teleworking

In the LFS the concept of teleworking is intimately linked to the concept of homeworking. Since spring 1992, the LFS has asked respondents¹ who are employees, self-employed, or unpaid family workers whether they work mainly:

- in their own home,
- in the same grounds or building as their home,
- in different places using home as a base,
- somewhere quite separate from home.

People who work mainly from home (either in their own home, or in different places using home as a base) are classified as homeworkers. The LFS also asks respondents whether they ever do any paid or unpaid work at home, and whether they spent at least one full day during the week before the LFS interview (the reference week) working in the locations listed above. Since spring 1997 the LFS has asked homeworkers and those people who worked from home during the reference week:

- whether they use both a telephone and a computer to carry out their work at home; and
- whether it would be possible to work at home (or use home as a

Box 1

Definitions of teleworking

In 1990 the International Labour Organisation (ILO) proposed the following definition of telework: '*A form of work in which (a) work is performed in a location remote from central office or production facilities, thus separating the worker from personal contact with co-workers there; and (b) new technology enables this separation by facilitating communication*' (ILO, 1990).

A consolidated report by the European Foundation for the Improvement of Living and Working Conditions states that '*Telework is the work performed by a teleworker (employee, self-employed, homeworker...), mainly or for an important part, at (a) location(s) other than the traditional workplace for an employer or a client, involving the use of telecommunications*' (Blanpain, 2001).

The Department for Trade and Industry (DTI), in conjunction with the CBI, TUC and CEEP UK, has published guidance on teleworking. This states that the essential feature of teleworking is '*the use of information and communications technologies to enable remote working from the office*'. (DTI, 2003).

base) without using both a telephone and a computer.

The wording and routing of the LFS questions enables the following definitions of teleworking to be used when analysing the data:

Teleworkers – people who work mainly in their own home or mainly in different places using home as a base, who use both a telephone and a computer to carry out their work at home.
TC Teleworkers – a subgroup of teleworkers (as defined above) who could not work at home (or use home as a base) without using both a telephone and a computer.

Teleworkers as a whole, and the TC teleworker subgroup, can be divided further into those who work mainly in their own home, and those who work mainly in different places using home as a base.

Some analysts have identified a further category, which they refer to as occasional teleworkers (see Hotopp, 2001, and pp540, *Labour Market Trends*, November 2003).

These are people who do not mainly work from home (but did so for at least one full day during the LFS reference week) who used both a telephone and a computer to carry out their work at home. However, it is not entirely accurate to classify these individuals as occasional teleworkers, because some people may have teleworked during the reference week but do not often do so, while others may occasionally telework but did not do so during the reference week. Previous analyses have included these 'occasional teleworkers' in estimates of the total number of teleworkers (see Hotopp, 2001). However, by doing this, the estimates are based on a mixture of what should be considered as two discrete measures of teleworking: the number of people who mainly work from home using both a telephone and a computer, and the number of people who did so during the reference week.

The following section describes recent trends in teleworking in the UK, and the characteristics of

Box 2**Possible working practices to be included under teleworking**

1. At home: tele-homeworking.
2. At a location usually closer to home than to the traditional workplace:
 - Neighbourhood centres – these provide electronic facilities which are shared by different users and belong to local communities, various enterprises or independent entrepreneurs. They are located near workers' homes and can also be used for additional purposes, such as tele-education, teleshopping or leisure activities.
 - Telecottages/community telecentres – these are electronic centres (particularly in rural or semi-rural areas) which provide local communities with immediate access to ICTs, skill development, and the networking and socialisation aspects of work that may be missed by a home-based worker.
 - Satellite offices – these are separate units within an enterprise, geographically removed from the central organization but maintaining constant electronic communication. Usually closer to the home of the worker.
3. In any alternative workplace where telecommunications make telework possible and convenient, such as in the case of:
 - Telecentres – facilities electronically equipped for distant office work, not necessarily close to the teleworker's home.
 - 'Touchdown' centres – temporary work stations, typically in other premises owned by an enterprise, which can be used on a casual, short-term basis, for example by mobile and peripatetic workers.
4. In call centres – these are places where telephone operators make or take calls, using automated call distribution technology and often also computer/telephone integration. Call centres may provide different services including telemarketing, telebanking, customer services and enquiries, help hotlines, airline reservations, sales, marketing, and emergency services.
5. At various locations changing in time – mobile or nomadic work.
6. Across countries and continents:
 - Transborder teleworking – this generally applies to teleworking situations where the provider and the receiver parts are located in countries that share a common border.
 - Offshore teleworking – this usually refers to teleworking where work has been transferred to lower cost or less-regulated working environments, generally much more geographically distant.

Source: Di Martino (2001)

teleworkers. In this analysis, teleworkers are defined as those who work mainly in their own home, or in different places using home as a base, who use both a telephone and a computer to carry out work at home. People who do not mainly telework, but did so during the LFS reference week, are not included. (There were around one million people in this category in spring 2005.)

Recent trends in teleworking

In spring 2005, around 3.1 million people worked mainly in their own home, or in different places using home as a base. Of these homeworkers, 2.4 million used both a telephone and computer to carry out their work at home (teleworkers). Of these, 2.1 million could not work at home (or use

home as a base) without using both a telephone and a computer (TC teleworkers). Most teleworkers (1.8 million) worked in different places using their home as a base. Relatively few people (0.6 million) worked mainly in their own home.

The number of teleworkers has increased by more than 150 per cent (1.5 million) since spring 1997 – the earliest year for which data are available (see **Table 1**). In 1997 teleworkers represented 40 per cent of homeworkers. By spring 2005 this had risen to 77 per cent. Although teleworkers represent a small proportion of the total workforce², this proportion increased from 4 per cent in spring 1997 to 8 per cent in spring 2005 (see **Table 1** and **Figure 1**).

Over this period, there was a rise in the proportion of the workforce who said that they could not work from home without using both a telephone and computer. In spring 2005, some 7 per cent of the total workforce were TC teleworkers, compared with 3 per cent in spring 1997 (see **Table 1** and **Figure 1**). The proportion of teleworkers who were TC teleworkers also increased over the period, from 80 per cent to 87 per cent.

The upward trend in teleworking rates (the proportion of the workforce who are teleworkers) has been driven mainly by an increase in people teleworking in different places with home as a base. **Figure 2** illustrates that the proportion of the workforce who were teleworkers using home as a base increased from 2 per cent in spring 1997 to 6 per cent in spring 2005. However, the proportion who worked mainly in their own home remained relatively stable (increasing from 1 per cent in spring 1997 to 2 per cent in spring 2005).

Table 1
Number and proportion of workers who are homeworkers and teleworkers^a; United Kingdom; spring 2005, not seasonally adjusted

	Thousands and per cent									
	Homeworkers ^b			of which: teleworkers ^c			of which: TC teleworkers ^d			
	Works mainly in own home	Works in different places using home as a base	Total	Works mainly in own home	Works in different places using home as a base	Total	Works mainly in own home	Works in different places using home as a base	Total	
<i>Per cent^{e,f}</i>										
1997	3	6	9	1	2	4	1	2	3	
1998	3	7	9	1	3	4	1	2	3	
1999	2	7	10	1	3	4	1	3	4	
2000	3	7	10	1	4	5	1	3	4	
2001	2	7	10	2	4	5	1	3	5	
2002	3	8	10	2	5	7	2	4	6	
2003	3	8	11	2	6	7	2	5	6	
2004	3	8	11	2	6	8	2	5	7	
2005	3	8	11	2	6	8	2	5	7	
<i>Thousands^f</i>										
1997	682	1,600	2,283	302	618	921	238	499	737	
1998	679	1,790	2,469	335	714	1,049	266	582	848	
1999	640	1,937	2,577	336	851	1,187	264	685	949	
2000	678	1,961	2,639	396	974	1,370	328	786	1,114	
2001	673	1,916	2,590	433	1,051	1,484	364	870	1,234	
2002	698	2,062	2,760	484	1,381	1,865	422	1,163	1,585	
2003	707	2,207	2,915	516	1,553	2,069	437	1,329	1,767	
2004	761	2,243	3,004	562	1,599	2,161	489	1,374	1,863	
2005	768	2,324	3,092	603	1,774	2,377	524	1,538	2,062	

Source: Labour Force Survey

a Excludes people on government employment and training schemes who, although classified as in employment, are not asked the LFS homeworking or teleworking questions.

b Homeworkers are people who work mainly in their own home, or in different places using home as a base, in their main job.

c Teleworkers are a subgroup of homeworkers who use both a telephone and a computer to work at home, or in different places using home as a base.

d TC teleworkers are a subgroup of teleworkers who could not work at home, or in different places using home as a base, without using both a telephone and a computer.

e Homeworkers/teleworkers as a percentage of all workers.

f Estimates have been adjusted for non-response to the homeworking and teleworking questions.

The characteristics of teleworkers

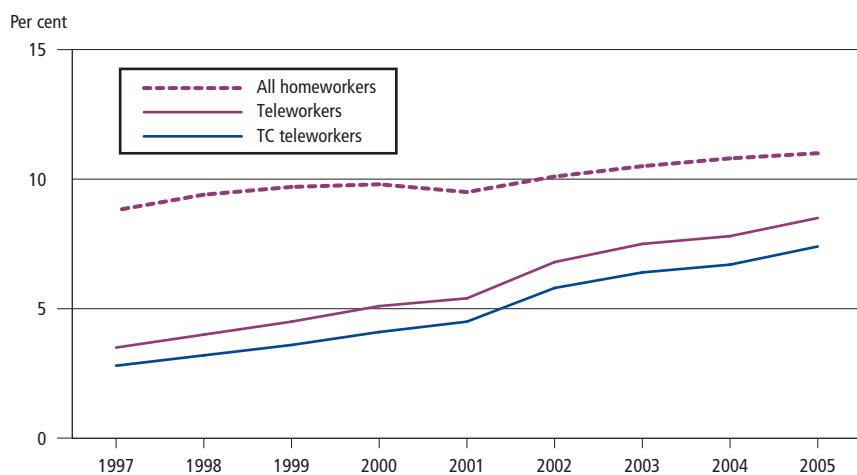
This section describes the characteristics of teleworkers and examines how the prevalence and nature of teleworking varies between different subgroups of the workforce.

Employment status

Although self-employed people account for a relatively small share of the workforce, the majority of teleworkers are self-employed. Some 62 per cent of teleworkers were self-employed in spring 2005, with employees and unpaid family

workers accounting for 36 per cent and 2 per cent of teleworkers respectively (see Table 2).

There has been an upward trend in teleworking among each of these employment categories since 1997 but the increase has been greater among self-employed people and

Figure 1
Homeworkers^a and teleworkers^{b,c} as a percentage of people in employment^{d,e}; United Kingdom; spring 1997 to spring 2005, not seasonally adjusted


Source: Labour Force Survey

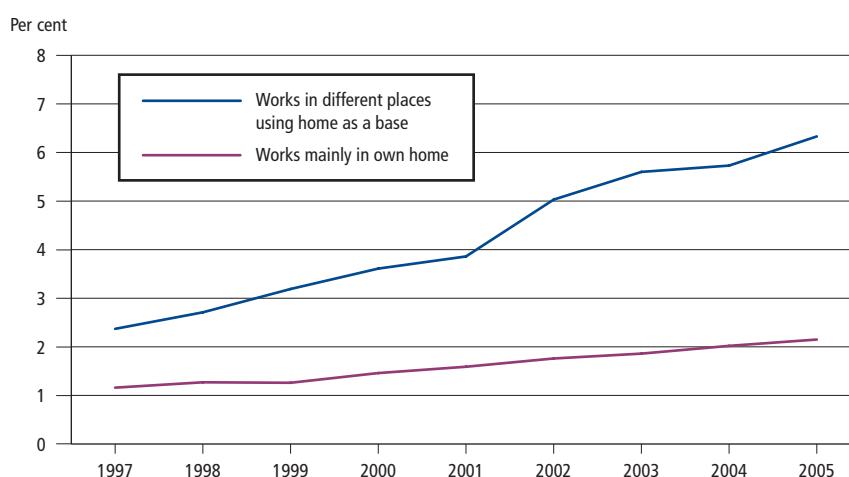
- a Homeworkers mainly work in their own home, or in different places using home as a base, in their main job.
- b Teleworkers are a subgroup of homeworkers who use both a telephone and a computer to work at home, or in different places using home as a base.
- c TC teleworkers are a subgroup of teleworkers who could not work at home, or in different places using home as a base, without using both a telephone and a computer.
- d Excludes people on government employment and training schemes.
- e Estimates have been adjusted for non-response to the homeworking and teleworking questions.

unpaid family workers than among employees (see **Figure 3**). More than two-fifths (41 per cent) of self-employed people were teleworkers in spring 2005, compared with 39 per cent of unpaid family workers and only 4 per cent of employees. There appears to be a distinction between these categories, in terms of location of workplace. Employee and self-employed teleworkers are more likely to work in different places using home as a base, while unpaid family workers are more likely to work mainly in their own home (see **Figure 4**). This pattern has prevailed in each year since 1997.

Sex

Around two-thirds (65 per cent) of teleworkers are men (see **Table 2**). This partly reflects the fact that men account for the larger share of the workforce overall, but it also seems that teleworking (and homeworking in general) is more prevalent among male workers than among female workers. In spring 2005, the teleworking rate for men was 11 per cent, compared with 6 per cent for women (see **Figure 5**).

There has been an upward trend in teleworking among both sexes since 1997, but the increase has been greater for men than for women (see **Figure 5**). A difference is evident between male and female teleworkers in terms of location of workplace. Men are more likely than women to telework in different places using their home as a base. In spring 2005, only 3 per cent of the female workforce were teleworkers using home as a base, compared with 9 per cent of male workers. The proportion of workers who teleworked in their own home was marginally higher for women than for men (3 per cent and 2 per cent respectively). This proportion was

Figure 2
Teleworker rates^{a,b} by type of teleworker; United Kingdom; spring 1997 to spring 2005, not seasonally adjusted


Source: Labour Force Survey

- a Teleworkers as a percentage of all in employment, excluding people on government employment and training schemes.
- b Estimates have been adjusted for non-response to the homeworking and teleworking questions.

- ▶ slightly higher for mothers with children under 16 years of age (4 per cent) than for women without school-age children (2 per cent).

The differences between men and women in terms of teleworking rates and types of teleworking may simply reflect the fact that teleworking is more common among self-employed people, most of whom are men.

Age

According to the ILO, teleworking has been expected to promote the inclusion of older age groups, by enabling them to continue working when commuting to the office becomes too difficult. Teleworking has also been expected to provide a way for young people to gain work experience and enter the labour market (Di Martino, 2001).

Figure 6 shows that teleworking is more common, and is growing at a faster rate, among older workers than among younger age groups. The teleworking rate among workers aged 50 or over increased from 5 per cent in spring 1997 to 12 per cent in spring 2005. Teleworking is much less common in the youngest age group; only 2 per cent of workers aged 16-24 are teleworkers. Across all age groups, the majority of teleworkers work in different places using home as a base, as opposed to working mainly in their own home.

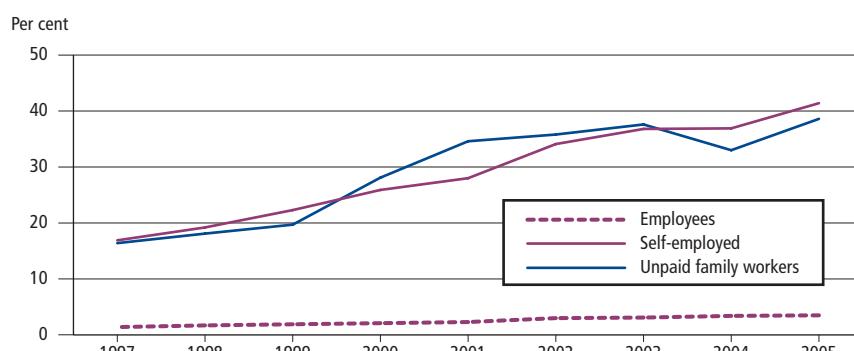
Occupation

Although there are teleworkers in each occupation group, teleworking is more common in some groups than others. Some 90 per cent of teleworkers work in managerial, professional, associate professional and technical, and skilled trades occupations (see **Table 2**).

Teleworking rates are highest in skilled trades occupations, at 17 per cent in spring 2005 (see **Figure 7**).

Figure 3

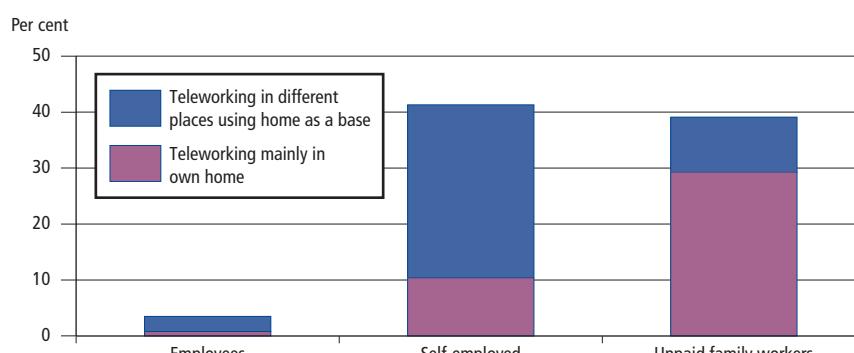
Teleworker rates^{a,b} by employment status; United Kingdom; spring 1997 to spring 2005, not seasonally adjusted



Source: Labour Force Survey

Figure 4

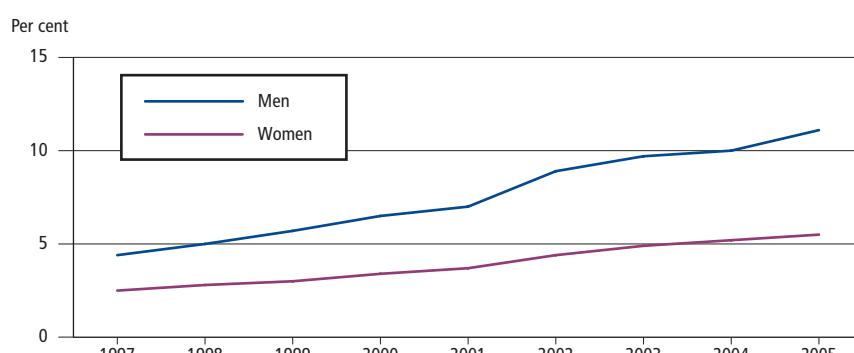
Teleworking rates^{a,b} by employment status and location of workplace; United Kingdom; spring 2005, not seasonally adjusted



Source: Labour Force Survey

Figure 5

Teleworking rates^{a,b} by sex; United Kingdom; spring 1997 to spring 2005, not seasonally adjusted



Source: Labour Force Survey

a Teleworkers as a percentage of total in each category.

b Estimates have been adjusted for non-response to the homeworking and teleworking questions.

Table 2**Characteristics of homeworkers and teleworkers; United Kingdom; spring 2005, not seasonally adjusted**

	All in employment ¹	Per cent									
		Homeworkers ^b			of which: teleworkers ^c			of which: TC teleworkers ^d			
		Works mainly in own home	Works mainly in own home as a base	Total	Works mainly in own home	Works mainly in own home as a base	Total	Works mainly in own home	Works mainly in own home as a base	Total	
Men	53	36	79	68	41	78	65	44	78	66	
Women	47	64	21	32	59	22	35	56	22	34	
Employment status											
Employee	87	32	35	34	34	37	36	36	39	38	
Self-employed	13	62	64	64	62	63	62	60	60	60	
Unpaid family worker	0	6	1	2	5	1	2	5	1	2	
Full-time	72	49	79	72	53	81	72	54	82	73	
Part-time	28	51	21	28	47	19	28	46	18	27	
Occupation (SOC 2000)											
1 Managers and Senior Officials	16	19	14	16	23	22	23	25	23	24	
2 Professional occupations	13	14	12	13	16	19	18	17	20	19	
3 Associate Professional and Technical	17	23	15	17	26	21	23	27	22	24	
4 Administrative and Secretarial	7	22	2	7	22	3	10	21	3	9	
5 Skilled Trades Occupations	27	5	34	27	3	25	17	3	23	16	
6 Personal Service Occupations	7	12	5	7	7	2	4	4	1	2	
7 Sales and Customer Service Occupations	3	2	3	3	2	3	2	2	3	2	
8 Process Plant and Machine Operatives	6	2	8	6	1*	3	2	1*	3	2	
9 Elementary Occupations	5	1	7	5	0*	2	1	0*	2	1	
Total ^e (thousands) = 100%	28,049	768	2,324	3,092	603	1,774	2,377	524	1,538	2,062	

Source: Labour Force Survey^a Excludes people on government employment and training schemes who, although classified as in employment, are not asked the LFS homeworking or teleworking questions.^b Homeworkers work mainly in their own home, or in different places using home as a base, in their main job.^c Teleworkers are a subgroup of homeworkers who use both a telephone and a computer to work at home, or in different places using home as a base.^d TC teleworkers are a subgroup of teleworkers who could not work at home, or in different places using home as a base, without using both a telephone and a computer.^e Totals have been adjusted for non-response to the homeworking and teleworking questions. Percentages are based on those who gave a valid response.

* Estimates are based on a small sample and may be subject to a high degree of sampling variability.

Across most occupation groups, and particularly in skilled trades occupations, the majority of teleworkers work in different places using home as a base. The

administrative and secretarial group is an exception to this pattern: teleworkers in this occupation group are more likely to work in their own home (see **Figure 7**). This pattern of

differences between occupation groups is apparent in each year since 2001 (the first year in which the Standard Occupation Classification 2000 was used in the LFS).

- Teleworking rates have increased across all occupation groups since spring 2001. The biggest increase (8 percentage points) occurred within skilled trades occupations. This is largely due to an increase in teleworking in the building and construction trades. In spring 2005, a third of those employed in the building trade were teleworkers; an increase of 15 percentage points since spring 2001. Twenty-eight per cent of people employed in the construction trade were teleworkers; an increase of 11 percentage points since spring 2001.

Industry

Given that teleworking is most prevalent among workers in building and construction trades occupations, it is not surprising to find that teleworking is also most prevalent in the construction industry. Over a fifth of those employed in the construction industry were teleworkers in spring 2005, the vast majority of whom (91 per cent) worked mainly in different places using home as a base. This sector has also experienced the biggest increase in teleworking rates, increasing from 8 per cent in spring 1997 to 23 per cent in spring 2005 (see Figure 8).

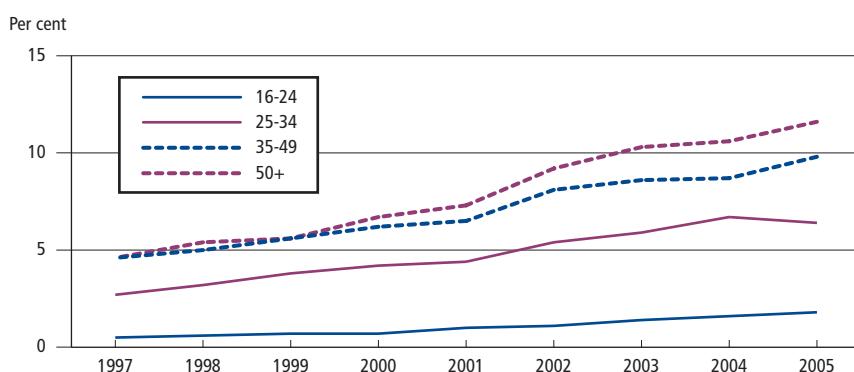
Across all industry groups, teleworking in different places using home as base is more common than teleworking at home. The proportion of workers who teleworked in their own home was highest in the banking, finance and insurance industry, at 5 per cent in spring 2005.

Government Office Regions

The prevalence of teleworking varies by region of residence. Table 3 shows that in spring 2005 teleworking rates were highest in the South East, South West, London and

Figure 6

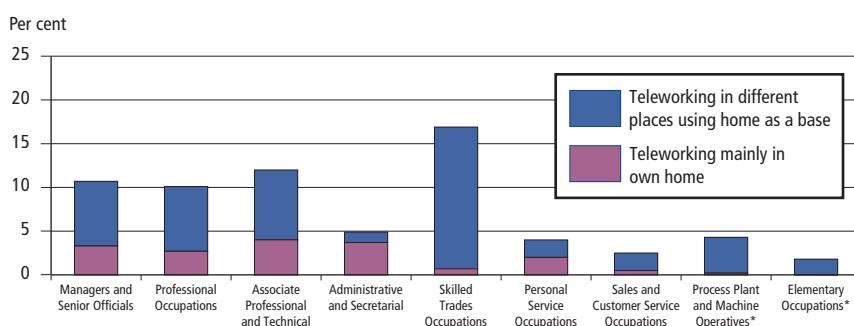
Teleworking rates^{a,b} by age; United Kingdom; spring 1997 to spring 2005, not seasonally adjusted



Source: Labour Force Survey

Figure 7

Teleworking rates^{a,b} by occupation and location of workplace; United Kingdom; spring 2005, not seasonally adjusted

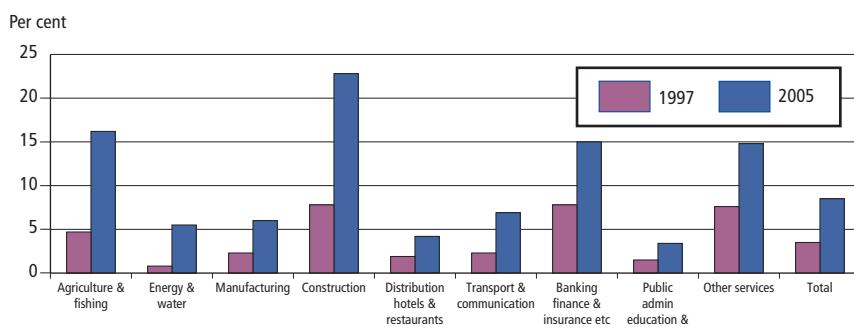


Source: Labour Force Survey

* Estimates of teleworkers who work in their own home are based on small samples and may be subject to a high degree of sampling variability.

Figure 8

Teleworking rates^{a,b} by industry; United Kingdom; spring 1997 to spring 2005, not seasonally adjusted



Source: Labour Force Survey

a Teleworkers as a percentage of total in each category.

b Estimates have been adjusted for non-response to the homeworking and teleworking questions.

Table 3**Homeworkers and teleworkers by region^{a,b}; United Kingdom; spring 2005, not seasonally adjusted**

	Thousands and per cent					
	Homeworkers ^c		of which: teleworkers ^d		of which: TC teleworkers ^e	
	Thousands	% of all in employment ^b	Thousands	% of all in employment ^b	Thousands	% of all in employment ^b
North East	85	8	62	6	54	5
North West	279	9	210	7	185	6
Yorkshire and Humberside	218	9	165	7	149	6
East Midlands	232	11	178	9	151	7
West Midlands	259	10	193	8	166	7
East	339	12	270	10	239	9
London	413	12	335	10	294	9
South East	565	14	443	11	386	9
South West	330	13	256	10	213	9
Wales	129	10	93	7	83	6
Scotland	194	8	144	6	121	5
Northern Ireland	49	7	27	4	20	3
United Kingdom	3,092	11	2,377	8	2,062	7

Source: Labour Force Survey

a Excludes people on government employment and training schemes.

b Estimates have been adjusted for non-response to the homeworking and teleworking questions.

c Homeworkers work mainly in their own home, or in different places using home as a base, in their main job.

d Teleworkers are a sub-group of homeworkers who use both a telephone and a computer to work at home, or in different places using home as a base.

e TC teleworkers are a sub-group of teleworkers who could not work at home, or in different places using home as a base without using both a telephone and a computer.

Eastern regions, at around 10 per cent, compared with the UK average of 8 per cent. Northern Ireland, Scotland and the North East had the lowest proportions of teleworkers. This pattern is likely to reflect regional variations in the distribution of occupations and industries.

Conclusions

Telecommunication technologies offer the potential to increase participation in the labour market and to change various aspects of working life. It is likely that further technological developments, changing attitudes among workers and employers, and policy interventions will make teleworking more feasible and widespread in the future.

The ILO has identified a number of positive and negative features of teleworking for workers, employers, and society as a whole (Di Martino, 2001). They note that public policies and changes in the attitudes of individuals and employers are important if the advantages of teleworking are to be maximised and the potential risks are to be minimised. In the UK, opportunities for teleworking are being enhanced by laws that require employers to give serious consideration to requests for flexible working arrangements. The DTI has produced guidelines that are designed to tackle the potential disadvantages of teleworking, including the potential health and safety risks (DTI, 2003).

Against this background, it is important to be able to monitor the prevalence and nature of teleworking and the characteristics of those involved in it. However, since teleworking is an evolving concept covering an increasingly wide range of technologies and working practices, it is becoming more difficult to measure.

The LFS measure of teleworking is intimately linked with the concept of homeworking. Therefore, the LFS measure of teleworking includes only people who work mainly in their own home or in different places using their home as a base. It does not include, for example, people who telework in the same grounds or building as their home; mobile or nomadic teleworkers ►

- who do not regard their home as a base for their work; or people who mainly telework in Internet cafes, neighbourhood centres, telecottages or community telecentres. Moreover, the LFS measures the number of people who mainly work from home using both a telephone and computer, but it does not adequately measure the number of people who do this on an occasional basis.

According to the LFS measure, the number and proportion of workers who are teleworkers are increasing, particularly among self-employed

people and those in the building and construction trades. This could simply reflect a more widespread use of mobile phones and personal computers among people who would previously have managed to operate from home without them. If people increasingly perceive that they could not work from home without using these technologies this could, in itself, produce an upward trend in the number of people who are classified as TC teleworkers.

The analysis presented in this article has shown that the growth in

teleworking has been driven mainly by the subgroup of teleworkers who work in different places using their home as a base. The subgroup of teleworkers who work mainly in their own home is much smaller and is growing at a slower rate. Whereas previous analyses have combined these two subgroups of teleworkers together, it is now apparent that there are significant benefits from treating these groups as distinct categories and analysing them separately.

Notes

- 1 People on government employment and training schemes, although classified as in employment, are not asked the LFS questions about homeworking and teleworking.
- 2 In this analysis, the 'workforce' (or 'all workers') includes employees, self-employed people and unpaid family workers. People on government employment and training schemes, although classified as in employment, are not included since they are not asked the LFS questions about homeworking and teleworking.

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Special feature

The hourly earnings distribution before and after the National Minimum Wage

By **Tim Butcher**, Low Pay Commission

Key points

- The National Minimum Wage was introduced in 1999.
- Between 1992 and 1997 the hourly earnings of employees at the bottom of the hourly earnings distribution grew more slowly than the median. The hourly earnings of those at the top of the distribution grew fastest.
- By October 2003 the adult minimum wage had increased by 25 per cent.
- The hourly earnings of the lowest paid grew faster than the median between 1998 and 2003. Those at the upper end of the hourly earnings distribution continued to have higher wage increases than the median.
- Similar findings are observed for all employees, male and female, full-time and part-time.

Introduction

The Low Pay Commission, in its 2005 Report, used the Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings (ASHE) to look at changes in the UK hourly earnings distribution since the introduction of the National Minimum Wage. This article extends this analysis by comparing wage increases prior to, and following, the introduction and subsequent upratings of the National Minimum Wage. In order to make before and after comparisons, this article uses the New Earnings Survey.

First, the National Minimum Wage and the available data are discussed. The economic background is then set out. Next, the overall changes in the hourly earnings of those aged 22 and over are analysed, before a more detailed look is taken at any differences by gender. Whether an employee works full-time or part-time is then considered. This article concludes by examining the implications of changes in the hourly earnings distribution for the gender pay gap.

The National Minimum Wage

The National Minimum Wage was introduced in April 1999. The initial level was set at £3.60 an hour (the adult rate) for those aged 22 and over, with a lower level, £3.00 an hour (the Youth Development Rate), being set for those aged 18 to 21. Those under 18 were not covered until October 2004.

Table 1 shows how the minimum wage has evolved since its introduction. Between April 1999 and October 2004 the adult minimum wage increased by nearly 35 per cent.

The data

It is useful to be able to compare a period just before the introduction of the minimum wage with the period that encompasses its introduction. Although the Office for National Statistics intends to extend the back series of the Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings (ASHE)¹ to 1992, it is currently only available back to 1998. This means that it is not possible, at the

► moment, to compare the period just before the introduction of the minimum wage with the period that encompasses its introduction, using ASHE data.

The most appropriate dataset for this purpose is therefore the New Earnings Survey (NES), which is available from 1970 to 2003. This provides a dataset which allows a comparison between a period before the introduction of the minimum wage and one that starts from the announcement of the minimum wage and covers its introduction and initial upratings.

The introduction of the National Minimum Wage was announced in 1998 but not implemented until April 1999. As employers would have started to adjust their wages following the announcement of the introduction of the minimum wage, 1998 has been chosen as the start date for the period that encompasses the introduction of the minimum wage. NES data are only available up to 2003, so this was chosen as the end date. For a comparative period, the five years ending in 1997 were chosen. There are arguments for using slightly different periods from 1992 to 1997. For example, the old Wages Councils still existed in 1992 and that year also marked the end of the early 1990s recession. However, using a slightly different period – 1993 to 1998 – does not materially affect the conclusions. Similarly, the picture remains the same if the years 1999 to 2003 rather than 1998 to 2003 are used for the latter period.

It should be noted that the NES is not available for 2004 and will thus not capture the effects of the large minimum wage upratings in October 2003 and October 2004. Although the NES data are

Table 1**National Minimum Wage hourly rates; United Kingdom; April 1999 to September 2005**

	Age 16 to 17	Age 18 to 21	Age 22 and over
April 1999 to May 2000		£3.00	£3.60
June 2000 to September 2000		£3.20	£3.60
October 2000 to September 2001		£3.20	£3.70
October 2001 to September 2002		£3.50	£4.10
October 2002 to September 2003		£3.60	£4.20
October 2003 to September 2004		£3.80	£4.50
October 2004 to September 2005	£3.00	£4.10	£4.85

Source: Low Pay Commission

Table 2**Percentage increase in hourly earnings^a compared with percentage increase in prices, average wages and the National Minimum Wage; United Kingdom; 1992 to 2003**

	Increase (per cent)	
	1992 to 1997	1998 to 2003
Prices (RPI)	12.6	11.4
Average Earnings (AEI including bonuses)	19.0	22.1
National Minimum Wage ^b (Apr 1999 to Oct 2002)		16.7
National Minimum Wage ^b (Apr 1999 to Oct 2003)		25.0
NES hourly earnings		
Mean	19.2	25.6
Median	17.0	21.9
5th percentile	12.2	28.1
Lowest decile	13.9	25.1
Lowest quartile	14.5	22.6
Highest quartile	19.7	23.5
Highest decile	20.0	24.5
95th percentile	20.7	26.9

Sources: Average Earnings Index; Retail Price Index; New Earnings Survey

^a Gross hourly earnings (excluding overtime) of all employees aged 22 and over whose pay was unaffected by absence.

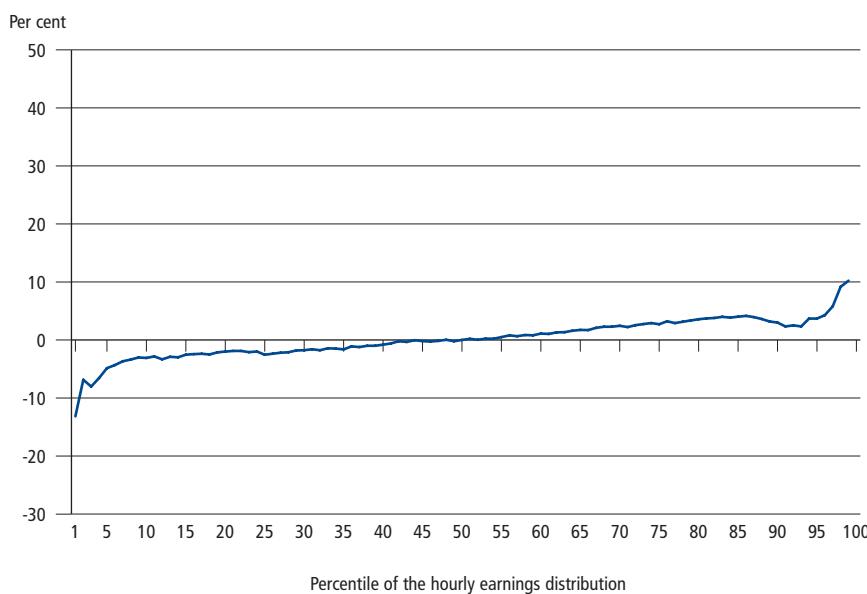
^b The National Minimum Wage was introduced in April 1999 and set at £3.60 for adults, increasing to £4.20 by October 2002 and to £4.50 in October 2003.

unweighted and include no imputation, they do cover a random one per cent sample of employees. Comparisons can be made between the NES and ASHE for 1998 to

2003.² Indeed, similar conclusions are shown using ASHE data for 1998 to 2000 and 2000 to 2004 in Figure 2.11 of the Low Pay Commission Report (2005).

Figure 1

Percentage increase in hourly earnings minus percentage increase in median earnings by percentile of the hourly earnings distribution for all employees;^a United Kingdom; 1992 to 1997



Source: New Earnings Survey

^a Gross hourly earnings (excluding overtime) of all employees aged 22 and over whose pay was unaffected by absence.

Background

The periods 1992 to 1997 and 1998 to 2003 were similar in terms of price and wage inflation as shown in **Table 2**. Between April 1992 and April 1997 retail prices, as measured by the Retail Price Index, rose by 12.6 per cent compared with an increase of 11.4 per cent between April 1998 and April 2003. In contrast, average earnings (as measured by the Average Earnings Index including bonuses) grew slightly faster in the latter period (22.1 per cent) compared with the earlier one (19.0 per cent).

Table 2 also shows changes in hourly earnings for various percentiles along the earnings distribution and the mean. The earnings in each year are ranked from the lowest paid to the highest paid and then divided into

hundredths (percentiles). The median is the percentile that is in the middle of the ranking and the lowest decile is the tenth lowest percentile. The lowest quartile is the 25th percentile. The growth in earnings can be compared at each percentile point.

Between 1992 and 1997 wages at the very bottom end of the hourly earnings distribution grew roughly in line with retail prices. For the rest of the earnings distribution, there were gains in real wages. For the latter period, 1998 to 2003, there were substantial real wage gains along the whole of the earnings distribution.

The minimum wage was not introduced in isolation from other policies. Around the same time the government also introduced other labour market reforms that may

have impacted on the earnings distribution, such as the Working Time Directive, Welfare to Work and Making Work Pay.

All employees

The analysis in this article concentrates on adults, defined for minimum wage purposes as those aged 22 and over. Between 1992 and 1997 the median gross hourly wage excluding overtime³, for adults aged 22 and over, grew by 17.0 per cent compared with an increase in the mean of 19.2 per cent. As discussed earlier, throughout both periods, wage increases were generally greater than price increases along the hourly earnings distribution. The analysis in this article focuses on increases in earnings relative to the median.

Figure 1 (and subsequent figures) show how hourly earnings increases for each percentile differ from the pay increase of the middle or fiftieth percentile (the median). It can clearly be seen that there is a positive relationship between hourly earnings increases and the percentiles of the hourly earnings distribution between 1992 and 1997. Those in the bottom half of the earnings distribution received pay increases that were lower than the median wage increase. Indeed, as stated earlier, between 1992 and 1997 (with no National Minimum Wage in operation), hourly wages grew by 17 per cent for those at the median. In contrast, they grew by less than 14 per cent at the bottom decile and by about 12 per cent for the bottom fifth percentile.

The introduction of the National Minimum Wage, if it was to have an impact, would increase the hourly wages of the lowest paid relative to other employees. **Figure 2** clearly shows that the hourly earnings distribution, measured relative to the ►

► median, changed between the periods before and after the introduction of the minimum wage. The monotonic positive relationship between increases in the hourly earnings and the percentiles of the earnings distribution is replaced by a U-shaped relationship for the period encompassing the introduction of the National Minimum Wage. Between 1998 and 2003 hourly earnings increased above the median for the lowest paid third of the hourly earnings distribution, with these increases being greater for those who were lowest paid. There were, however, few differences between the periods at the upper end of the hourly earnings distribution. In both periods, the hourly earnings of higher paid employees rose faster than those at the median. **Figure 2** also demonstrates that similar conclusions can be drawn using the ASHE data.

In conclusion, the increase in median hourly earnings for adults aged 22 and over was greater than the increase in hourly earnings for those in the bottom half of the hourly earnings distribution in the period 1992 to 1997. This contrasts starkly with the period that covers the introduction of the minimum wage. Between 1998 and 2003 hourly earnings at the lower end of the pay distribution grew faster than at the median.

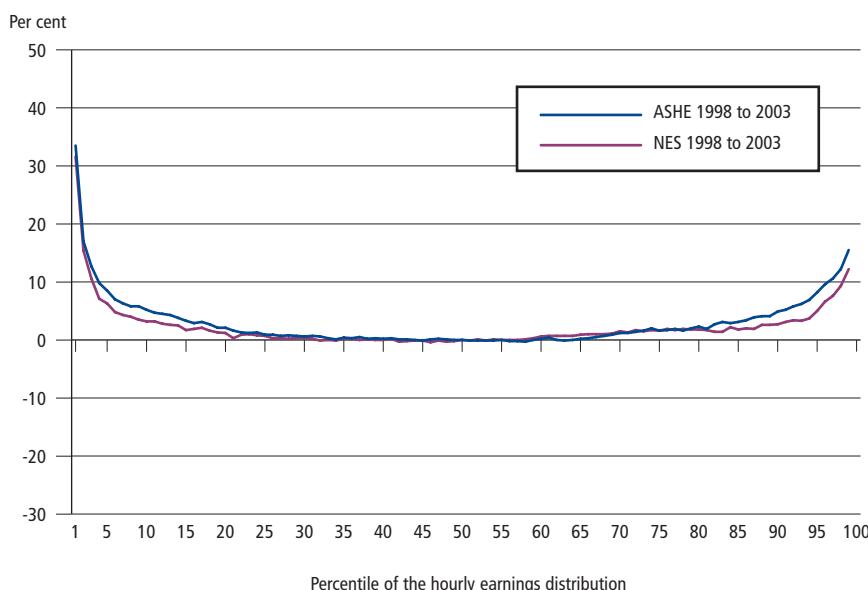
Gender differences in these findings are looked at next.

Male employees

Men, on average, receive higher hourly earnings than women. In 2003 the average male hourly earnings were £13.13, compared with just £9.71 for women. Between 1992 and 1997 median hourly earnings for men grew by 16.9 per cent compared with 20.3 per cent

Figure 2

Percentage increase in hourly earnings minus percentage increase in median earnings by percentile of the hourly earnings distribution for all employees;^a United Kingdom; 1998 to 2003

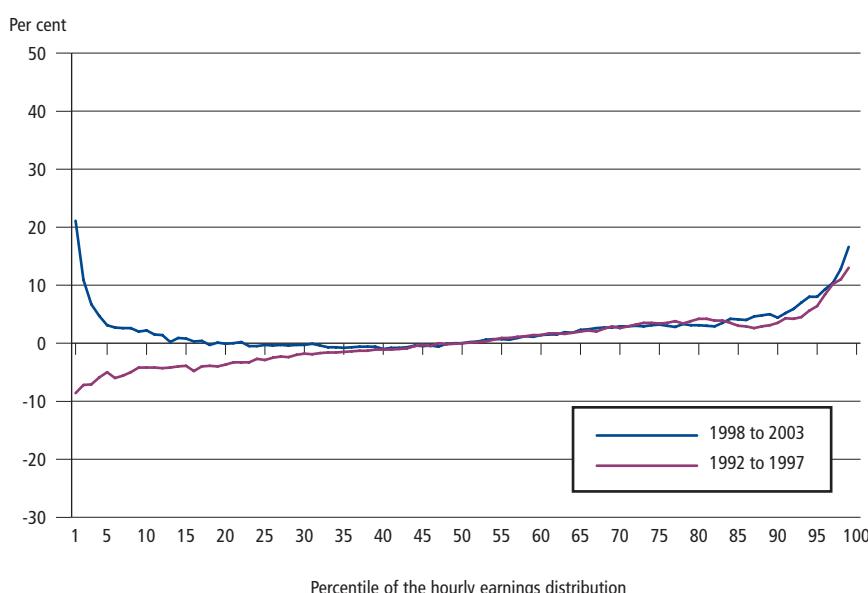


Sources: Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings; New Earnings Survey

a Gross hourly earnings (excluding overtime) of all employees aged 22 and over whose pay was unaffected by absence.

Figure 3

Percentage increase in hourly earnings minus percentage increase in median earnings by percentile of the hourly earnings distribution for male employees;^a United Kingdom; 1992 to 2003

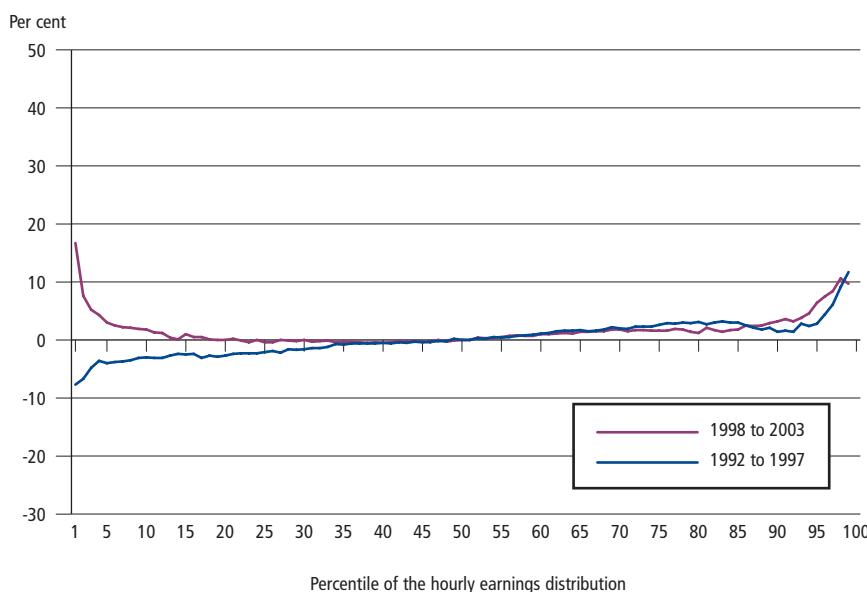


Source: New Earnings Survey

a Gross hourly earnings (excluding overtime) of male employees aged 22 and over whose pay was unaffected by absence.

Figure 4

Percentage increase in hourly earnings minus percentage increase in median earnings by percentile of the hourly earnings distribution for female employees;^a United Kingdom; 1992 to 2003



Source: New Earnings Survey

^a Gross hourly earnings (excluding overtime) of female employees aged 22 and over whose pay was unaffected by absence.

between 1998 and 2003. **Figure 3** shows how the growth in earnings compares with the median along the percentile hourly earnings distribution.

The pattern for men is similar to that for all employees. That is, the hourly wages of the lowest paid improve considerably after the introduction of the minimum wage. However, among the bottom half of the distribution, only those up to the 18th percentile experienced increases in hourly earnings greater than the median, although the increases in hourly earnings were relatively better for those from the 18th percentile to the median in the latter period (1998 to 2003) than in the former period (1992 to 1997). Further, the growth in hourly wages in the upper half of the distribution appears to change little.

Female employees

Figure 4 shows that the pattern for women is similar, in that there are noticeable increases in hourly earnings for those at the bottom of the earnings distribution following the introduction of the minimum wage.

The Low Pay Commission Report (2005) showed that women were more likely to be low paid.⁴ The gains at the bottom of the hourly earnings distribution are greater than for men and also reach further up the hourly earnings distribution. Further, the large increases in hourly wages at the upper end of the distribution (seen in **Figure 3** for men) are not as evident for women. Between 1998 and 2003 only those women in the top 5th percentile had wage increases significantly greater

than the median. The median hourly wage for women grew by 19.1 per cent between 1992 and 1997 compared with 25.7 per cent between 1998 and 2003 (a faster rate of growth than for men in both periods).

Overall, it can be concluded that the wages of those at the bottom of the earnings distribution clearly increase compared with the median after the introduction of the National Minimum Wage. Prior to its introduction, the lower paid had hourly wage increases significantly below the median increase. This finding is reversed between 1998 and 2003. Similar conclusions for the latter period for men and women are also found using the ASHE data (not shown).

Having analysed the changes in the hourly earnings distribution by gender, the number of hours worked, full-time or part-time, are now investigated to see if they make any difference to the conclusions reached above.

Full-time employees

According to the Low Pay Commission Report (2005), full-time employees only accounted for about 40 per cent of the low-paid. The hourly earnings of full-time employees are greater than for part-time employees, although there is some evidence that the gap is closing. In 1992 mean hourly earnings for part-time employees were 63.9 per cent of those for full-time employees. This ratio rose to about 65 per cent in both 1997 and 1998. It rose again, after the introduction of the minimum wage, reaching 68.2 per cent in 2003.

Mean hourly earnings for full-time employees grew by 20.5 per cent between 1992 and 1997 and by 25.5 per cent between 1998 and 2003.

► **Figure 5** shows the difference in hourly earnings growth for full-time employees compared with the median. As we have seen for all employees, between 1992 and 1997 those workers earning less than the median wage had hourly wage increases of less than those at the median. Those earning more than the median had higher wage increases than those at the median. This pattern for the higher paid continued in the period from 1998 to 2003. In contrast to this uniform pattern for the higher paid, but similar to the finding for all employees, the hourly wages of the lowest paid increased considerably after the introduction of the National Minimum Wage.

Full-time male employees

The Low Pay Commission Report (2005) showed that around a fifth of all low-paid employees were men working full-time.

Although the pattern is similar for full-time male employees, particularly between 1992 and 1997, it is noticeable in **Figure 6** that those from about the 20th percentile to the median experienced lower wage increases than those at the median between 1998 and 2003. This might suggest that differentials have been squeezed for those male full-time employees earning hourly wages just above the level of the minimum wage.

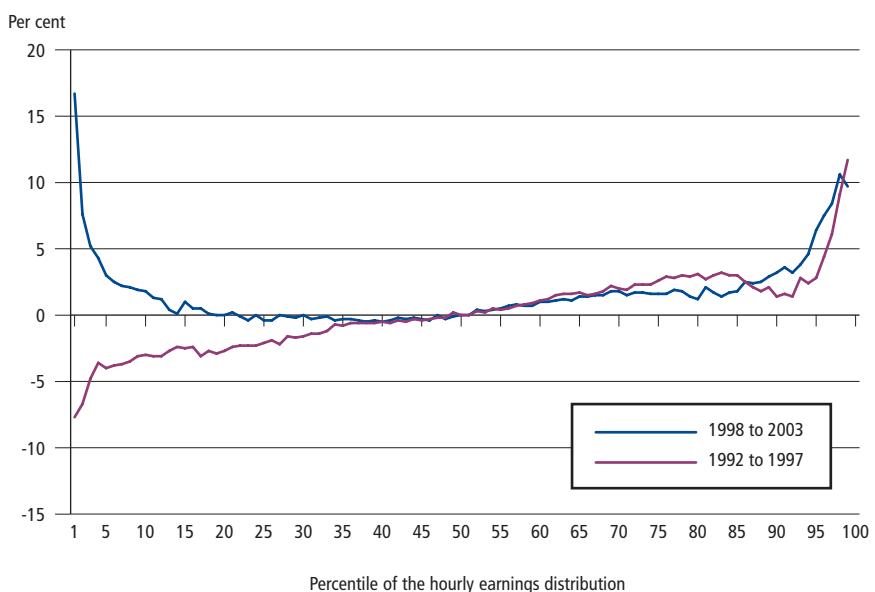
Full-time female employees

The Low Pay Commission estimates that around a fifth of the low-paid were women working full-time (Low Pay Commission Report (2005)).

Figure 7 shows that there is a slightly different pattern for full-time female employees. Compared with the median, only those in the

Figure 5

Percentage increase in hourly earnings minus percentage increase in median earnings by percentile of the hourly earnings distribution for full-time employees;^a United Kingdom; 1992 to 2003

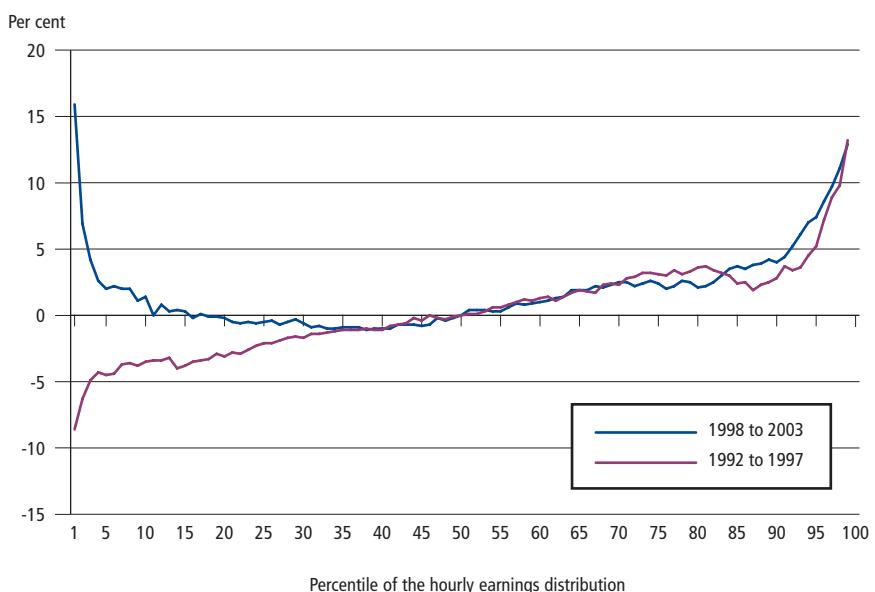


Source: New Earnings Survey

a Gross hourly earnings (excluding overtime) of full-time employees aged 22 and over whose pay was unaffected by absence.

Figure 6

Percentage increase in hourly earnings minus percentage increase in median earnings by percentile of the hourly earnings distribution for full-time male employees;^a United Kingdom; 1992 to 2003

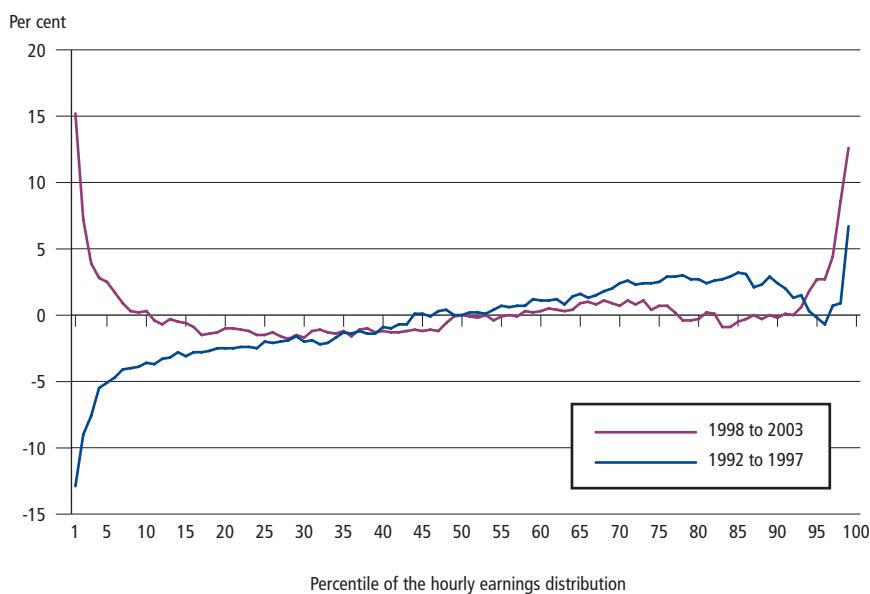


Source: New Earnings Survey

a Gross hourly earnings (excluding overtime) of full-time male employees aged 22 and over whose pay was unaffected by absence.

Figure 7

Percentage increase in hourly earnings minus percentage increase in median earnings by percentile of the hourly earnings distribution for full-time female employees;^a United Kingdom; 1992 to 2003

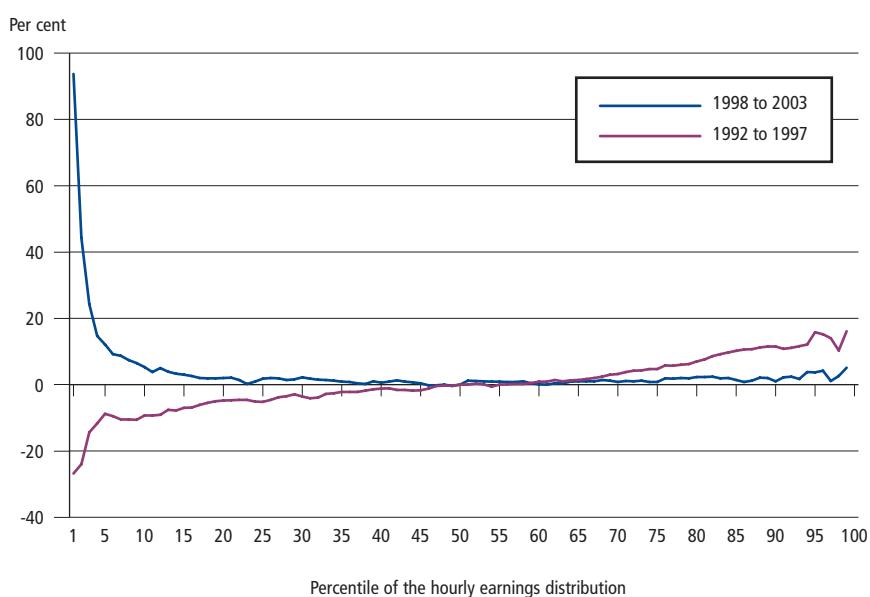


Source: New Earnings Survey

^a Gross hourly earnings (excluding overtime) of full-time female employees aged 22 and over whose pay was unaffected by absence.

Figure 8

Percentage increase in hourly earnings minus percentage increase in median earnings by percentile of the hourly earnings distribution for part-time employees;^a United Kingdom; 1992 to 2003



Source: New Earnings Survey

^a Gross hourly earnings (excluding overtime) of part-time employees aged 22 and over whose pay was unaffected by absence.

bottom decile of the distribution appear to have gained in the period from 1998 to 2003. Also, in contrast to the findings for other groups, the growth in hourly earnings for those paid more than the median, other than those in the top 5th percentile, is more moderate, particularly after the introduction of the minimum wage.

Part-time employees

Attention is turned next to that group of workers most affected by the National Minimum Wage – part-time employees. According to the Low Pay Commission Report (2005), part-time employees accounted for over 60 per cent of the low-paid.

Looking at part-time employees, who might be expected to be generally lower paid than their full-time counterparts, it can be seen in Figure 8 that the earnings distribution for all part-timers exhibits the general picture painted above. The earnings of the lower-paid increased significantly after the introduction of the minimum wage. Again, prior to this, the increase in the median hourly wage between 1992 and 1997 was greater than for any percentile in the bottom half of the hourly earnings distribution. In contrast, in the later period, the rise in wages above the median increase goes up to the 46th percentile.

Part-time male employees

Only about 12 per cent of the low-paid were estimated to be male part-time employees (Low Pay Commission Report (2005)).

For other employees, from 1992 to 1997 wage increases rose with the wage level. However, this pattern is much less clear for part-time male employees, particularly for some in the lower half of the income

► distribution. The gains following the introduction of the minimum wage are clearly depicted in **Figure 9**. It should be noted that the sample size for part-time male employees is less than that for the other categories considered in this article; therefore, caution should be used in interpreting the results of any particular percentile. However, the general picture is similar to that seen for the other categories of employees.

Part-time female employees

In the Low Pay Commission Report (2005) it was estimated that nearly half of all low-paid employees were women working part-time. This group might therefore be expected to show the clearest evidence of changes in earnings following the introduction of the National Minimum Wage. Indeed, the usual pattern observed above is clearly depicted in **Figure 10** for female part-timers, which shows that they have made substantial gains in the period covered by the National Minimum Wage.

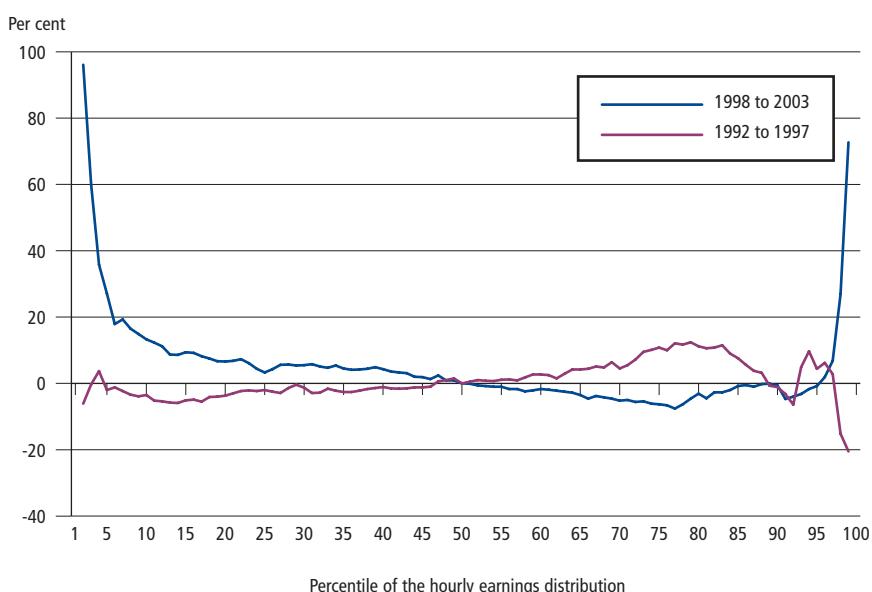
Similar conclusions for the latter period for full-time and part-time employees are also found using the ASHE data (not shown).

Conclusion

Since the introduction of the minimum wage, the hourly wages of the lowest paid workers have increased by more than the increase for the median worker. This is in stark contrast to the period before the introduction of the minimum wage when the hourly wages of the lowest paid increased by much less than those of the median worker. It should be noted that in both periods there were substantial increases in the hourly wages of the highest paid workers.

Figure 9

Percentage increase in hourly earnings minus percentage increase in median earnings by percentile of the hourly earnings distribution for part-time male employees;^a United Kingdom; 1992 to 2003



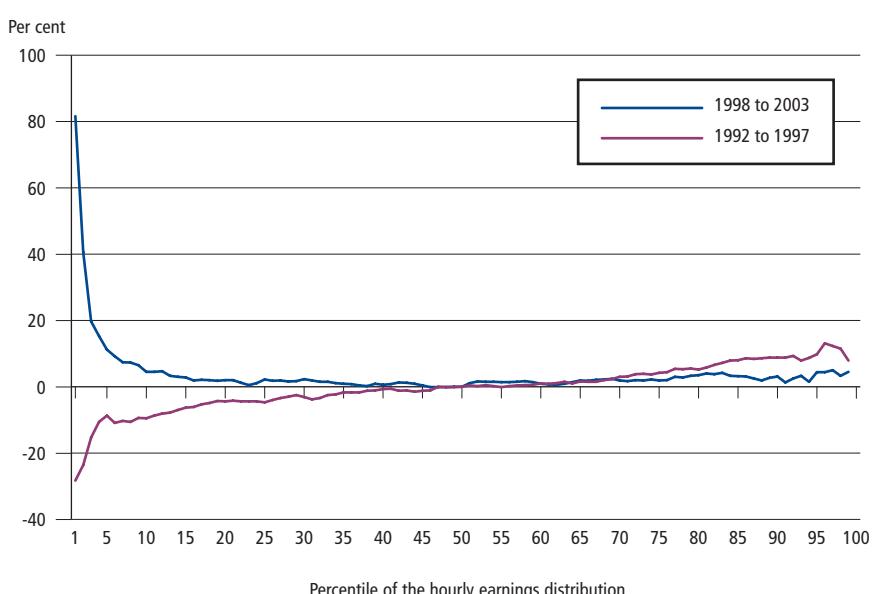
Source: New Earnings Survey

a Gross hourly earnings (excluding overtime) of part-time male employees aged 22 and over whose pay was unaffected by absence.

Note: The 1st percentile has been omitted.

Figure 10

Percentage increase in hourly earnings minus percentage increase in median earnings by percentile of the hourly earnings distribution for part-time female employees;^a United Kingdom; 1992 to 2003



Source: New Earnings Survey

a Gross hourly earnings (excluding overtime) of part-time female employees aged 22 and over whose pay was unaffected by absence.

These findings are consistent across gender and hours of work. The data show that, at the bottom end of the wage distribution, women have increased their wages by more than

men for both full-time and part-time work. This provides further evidence that the gender pay gap for those on low pay has narrowed since the introduction of the minimum wage.

It should be noted that the data considered in this article precedes the two large upratings of the National Minimum Wage in 2003 and 2004.

Reference

Low Pay Commission, *National Minimum Wage, Low Pay Commission Report 2005*, Cm 6475, The Stationery Office (2005).

Notes

1. The Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings replaced the New Earnings Survey in April 2004.
2. The ASHE results use an improved methodology compared with the NES, including weighting. See pp457-464, *Labour Market Trends*, November 2004 for details.
3. Gross hourly earnings excluding overtime will be referred to as hourly earnings in the rest of this article.
4. Low-paid is defined here, and for the rest of the article, as those employees earning less than £4.75 an hour in April 2004.

Further information

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Publication dates of main indicators October - December

Labour market statistics

Unemployment, employment, vacancies, earnings, hours, unit wage costs, claimant count, productivity and industrial disputes.

October	12 Wednesday
November	16 Wednesday
December	14 Wednesday

Productivity Q3

December	22 Thursday
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Sources

Main sources

Labour Force Survey

Much of the labour market data published are measured by the LFS. The concepts and definitions used in the LFS are agreed by the International Labour Organization (ILO), an agency of the United Nations. The definitions are used by European Union member countries and members of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development.

The LFS is the largest regular household survey in the United Kingdom. In any three month period, a nationally representative sample of approximately 120,000 people aged 16 or over in around 61,000 households are interviewed. The survey also covers students in halls of residence (who are sampled in their parental residences) and people living in NHS accommodation. Each household is interviewed five times, once every three months. The initial interview is generally done face-to-face by an interviewer visiting the address. Further interviews are done by telephone wherever possible. The survey asks a series of questions about respondents' personal circumstances and their labour market activity, with most questions referring to activity in the week before the interview. The first and fifth interviews also ask about earnings. Interviews are carried out continuously throughout the year and key results are published every month for the latest available three month period. Other data are available once a quarter or once or twice a year.

The LFS was carried out every two years from 1973 to 1983. The ILO definitions were first used in 1984. This was also the first year in which the survey was conducted on an annual basis with results available for every spring quarter (March to May). The survey moved to a continuous basis in spring 1992 in Great Britain and in winter 1994/5 in Northern Ireland, with results published four times a year. Since April 1998, results are published 12 times a year for an average of each three-month period. LFS data are published around six weeks after the period to which they refer.

The LFS three-monthly results can be compared in various ways over time, shown by the chart below. Comparisons over time should be made with the periods shaded in the same patterns. Comparing estimates for overlapping three-month periods can produce more volatile results which can be difficult to interpret. In order to make three-

month on three-month comparisons, it is important to use seasonally adjusted data.

The LFS household datasets are designed specifically to be used for analysis at the household and family level. A technical report in Labour Market Trends of August 1998 describes why and how they have been produced.

The annual local area LFS datasets cover March to February each year. They include additional samples for some local areas in order to enhance the reliability of estimates for local areas. A technical report in the January 2003 issue of Labour Market Trends describes how they are produced.

Employer surveys

ONS conducts a range of employer surveys, collecting information on their turnover and profits, and also the number of filled jobs.

The Annual Business Inquiry (ABI) is conducted in December to measure the number of employee jobs. The survey samples around 78,000 reporting units of workplaces situated in the United Kingdom. As well as measuring employee jobs, the ABI also collects financial information from the same set of units. Therefore, figures derived from both parts of the survey (e.g. turnover per head) are consistent.

Short-Term Turnover Employer Surveys are smaller surveys which are conducted every three months. The surveys are used to provide estimates of quarterly changes in the number of jobs between the annual surveys. For production industries surveys are conducted monthly, allowing estimates to be produced for each month. Around 9,000 production enterprises are sampled each month.

Both the ABI and the Short-term Turnover Employer Surveys take a sample of businesses from the Inter-Departmental Business Register (IDBR). The IDBR holds details of all businesses that run a PAYE tax system or register for VAT.

The Vacancy Survey is a survey of business designed to provide comprehensive estimates of the stock of vacancies across the economy, excluding agriculture, forestry and fishing.

The Monthly Wages and Salary Survey covers a sample of firms in Great Britain. The survey obtains details of the gross wages and salaries paid to employees, in respect of the last pay week for the weekly paid, and for the calendar month for the monthly paid. The sample covers the wage bill for some 9 million employees. It is used to calculate the Average Earnings Index.

Administrative records

Labour market data on the number of people claiming unemployment-related benefits are derived from administrative records.

Claimant count data are provided by Jobcentre Plus. Jobseeker's Allowance (JSA) replaced both Unemployment Benefit and unemployment-related Income Support on 7 October 1996. Up to 6 October the claimant count figures included those who claimed Unemployment Benefit, Income Support or National Insurance credits. A seasonally adjusted consistent claimant count series is available from 1971. The claimant count records the number of people claiming unemployment-related benefits on one particular day each month. Claimant count figures are announced five weeks after the date to which they refer.

Using data sources

Because the different sources of labour market data have different strengths and limitations, it follows that they are best used for different purposes. This section identifies the source of data that ONS recommends using for different types of analysis of three aspects of the labour market: employment, unemployment, and earnings.

A 12x12 grid representing a year's worth of data. The columns are labeled Jan 2002 through Mar of the following year. The first three columns (Jan-Mar 2002) are dark purple. The next two columns (Apr-May 2002) are light gray. The remaining seven columns (Jun-Dec 2002 and Jan-Mar 2003) are white. This pattern repeats for each year.

Employment

The LFS provides a more complete measure of employment than the workforce jobs series, but the workforce jobs series probably provides a more accurate industrial breakdown than the LFS.

To gain an idea of the extent of work being performed in the UK, the LFS is preferred. The LFS is also the only source of detailed information about the characteristics (occupations, homeworking, work patterns and so on) of people's work – except for the industry in which people work, where the workforce jobs series is likely to be more accurate, and consistent with other national economic series.

Unemployment and the claimant count

The LFS provides the official measure of unemployment (using the internationally standard ILO definition). The claimant count measures people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance benefits and is available a month earlier. It is available for a complete set of local areas (below national and regional level) while LFS estimates for some areas are suppressed due to small sample sizes.

Earnings

For monthly estimates of changes, the Average Earnings Index is most suitable. For annual changes, the Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings should be used. For estimates of levels (amounts workers earn each week or each hour), the sources are the ASHE and LFS. The ASHE is preferred as a source of the earnings of full-time employees, and of the hourly earnings of all employees. The LFS is preferred as a source about the earnings of part-time employees. LFS earnings estimates are published in the LFS Quarterly Supplement.

Definitions

Employment

Employment

There are two ways of looking at employment: the number of people in employment or the number of jobs. These two concepts represent different things, as one person can have more than one job (see 'Comparison of sources of employment data', *Labour Market Trends*, December 1997, pp511-16 for more details of differences between the two sources). People aged 16 or over are classed as employed by the Labour Force Survey (LFS), if they have done at least one hour of work in the reference week or are temporarily away from a job (e.g. on holiday). People classify themselves into one of four categories in the LFS (according to their main job if they have more than one): employees, self-employed, unpaid family worker (doing unpaid work for a family-run business) or participating in a government-supported training programme.

Jobs density

The jobs density is the total number of filled jobs in the area (including employees, self-employed, government-supported trainees and armed forces personnel) divided by the number of working-age residents of the area.

Workforce jobs

The number of jobs is mainly collected through postal employer surveys (see notes on sources). This gives the number of employee jobs (formerly known as employees in employment). The total number of workforce jobs (formerly known as workforce in employment) is calculated by summing employee jobs, self-employment jobs from the LFS, those in HM Forces and government-supported trainees. As the main part of the estimate is the employee jobs total, this classification represents the employers' perception of how many jobs there are. It excludes homeworkers and private domestic servants.

Self-employed people (LFS)

Those who, in their main job, work on their own account, whether or not they have employees.

Self-employment jobs

Part of the total workforce jobs. Includes self-employed people in their main job and people who are employees in their main job who are self-employed in their second job (from the LFS).

Government-supported trainees

Those on government-supported training programmes are included in the employee jobs estimate if they have a contract of employment. If, however, they do not have a contract of employment they are included in the workforce jobs estimate as government-supported trainees.

Employment rate

Employment rates can be presented for any population group as the proportion of that group who are in employment. The main presentation of employment rates is the proportion of the population of working age (16-59 for females and 16-64 for males) who are in employment.

Unemployment

Unemployment is measured according to the ILO definition of unemployment which covers people who are: out of work, want a job, have actively sought work in the previous four weeks and are available to start work within the next fortnight; or out of work and have accepted a job that they are waiting to start in the next fortnight.

Unemployment rate

The percentage of economically active people who are unemployed. Can be calculated for any population group.

Economic activity

Economically active

The economically active population are those who are either in employment or unemployed.

Economic activity rate

The number of people who are in employment or unemployed as a percentage of the total population aged 16 and over. Can be calculated for any population group.

Earnings

Earnings

A measure of gross remuneration people receive in return for work done. It includes salaries and bonuses but does not include non-monetary perks such as benefits in kind. This differs from income, which is the amount of money received from all sources. Income includes interest from building society and bank accounts, dividends from shares, benefit receipts, trust funds, etc. It should be noted that the Average Earnings Index excludes bonuses at the more detailed industry levels shown in Table E.2, in order to reduce volatility in the Index.

Average Earnings Index

Average earnings are obtained by dividing the total gross pay by the total number of employees paid, including those on strike. The three-month average is the change in the average seasonally-adjusted index values for the last three months compared with the same period a year ago.

Hours worked

Total hours worked

Usual hours (LFS)

Actual hours (LFS)

Respondents to the LFS are asked a series of questions enabling the identification of both their usual hours and their actual hours during the reference week, excluding meal breaks, but including paid and unpaid overtime.

Normal weekly hours (ASHE)

The time which an employee is expected to work in a normal week excluding all overtime and main meal breaks.

Weekly hours worked (ASHE)

The actual hours worked during the reference week and hours not worked but paid for under guarantee agreements.

Claimant count

Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance (claimant count)

The claimant count records the number of people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance (JSA) and National Insurance credits, at Jobcentre Plus local offices. People claiming JSA must declare that they are out of work, capable of, available for and actively seeking work during the week in which the claim is made. They enter into a Jobseeker's Agreement setting out the action they will take to find work and to improve their prospects of finding employment.

Claimant count rate

The number of claimants resident in an area expressed as a percentage of the sum of claimants and workforce jobs in the area. Published only at national or regional level.

Claimant count proportion

The number of claimants resident in an area as a percentage of the working-age population resident in that area. These rates are published for local areas.

Vacancies

Vacancies

For the purposes of the Vacancy Survey, vacancies are defined as positions for which employers are actively seeking recruits from outside their business or organisation.

Other definitions

General index of retail prices

The Retail Prices Index measures the change in the prices of goods and services bought for the purpose of consumption by the vast majority of households in the UK. The general index includes virtually all types of household spending.

Labour disputes

Statistics cover disputes (strikes) connected with terms and conditions of employment. Workers involved and working days lost relate to persons both directly and indirectly involved at the establishments where the disputes occurred.

Productivity

The number of units of output (measured by the Index of Production for the manufacturing sector and by Gross Domestic Product for the whole economy) produced by each filled job.

Redundancies

Redundancy occurs when an employee leaves a job because the job no longer exists. Estimates of redundancies are derived from the LFS. The LFS counts those made redundant in the month of the reference week or in the previous two months, and includes those who have started a new job. Redundancy rates measure the number of redundancies per thousand employees. The estimates for the number of employees are obtained from data in the previous quarter (for example, spring quarter redundancy estimates use the number of employees in the winter quarter).

Conventions

The following standard symbols are used:

..	not available
-	nil or negligible (less than half the final digit shown)
P	provisional
—	break in series
R	revised
r	series revised from indicated entry onwards
nec	not elsewhere classified
SIC	UK Standard Industrial Classification
EU	European Union

Where figures have been rounded to the final digit, there may be an apparent slight discrepancy between the sum of the constituent items and the total as shown. Although figures may be given in unrounded form to facilitate the calculation of percentage changes, rates of change etc by users, this does not imply that the figures can be estimated to this degree of precision, and it must be recognised that they may be the subject of sampling and other errors.

Standard Industrial Classification (SIC)

The classification system used to provide a consistent industrial breakdown for UK official statistics. It was revised in 1968, 1980, 1992 and 2003. The SIC 2003 classification splits businesses into 17 sections, A-Q. The breakdown includes the following categories: **production industries** – SIC 2003 Section E including **manufacturing** (Section D); **service industries** – SIC 2003 Sections G-Q.

Standard Occupational Classification (SOC)

The classification system used to provide a consistent occupational breakdown for UK official statistics. This system was introduced in 1991. The revised classification (SOC2000) replaced SOC90 in the LFS from spring 2001.

Unit wage costs

A measure of the cost of wages and salaries in producing a unit of output.

Regularly published statistics

Table title	Frequency	Latest issue	Table number	Table title	Frequency	Latest issue	Table number
Labour market summary							
Labour Force Survey summary	M	Oct 2005	A.1	Median earnings and hours of all full-time employees by industry section	Q (A)	Sep 2005	E.14
Labour Force Survey trends	M	Oct 2005	A.2	Unit wage costs: Index for manufacturing and whole economy	M	Oct 2005	E.21
Other headline indicators	M	Oct 2005	A.3	Index of wages per head: international comparisons	M	Oct 2005	E.31
Working-age households	B	Sep 2005	A.4				
Regional labour market summary	M	Oct 2005	A.11				
Local labour market indicators	M (A)	Oct 2005	A.12				
Employment and productivity							
Employment by category	M	Oct 2005	B.1	Claimant count			
Employment by age	M	Oct 2005	B.2	Claimant count by region	M	Oct 2005	F.1
Employment by occupation	Q	Aug 2005	B.3	Claimant count by age and duration: sa and nsa	M	Oct 2005	F.2
Workforce jobs	M (Q)	Oct 2005	B.11	Claimant count by age and duration: regions	M	Oct 2005	F.3
Employee jobs by industry	M	Oct 2005	B.12	Claimant count by sought and usual occupation	M	Oct 2005	F.4
Employee jobs by production industry	M	Oct 2005	B.13	Claimant count: Travel-to-Work Areas	Mt	Oct 2003	F.11
Employee jobs by industry division, class or group: UK	Q	Oct 2005	B.14	Claimant count area statistics: counties, unitary and local authorities	M	Oct 2005	F.12
Employee jobs by industry division, class or group: GB	Q	Oct 2005	B.15	Claimant count area statistics: UK parliamentary constituencies	M	Oct 2005	F.13
Employee jobs by region and industry	Q	Aug 2005	B.16	Claimant count area statistics: Constituencies of the Scottish Parliament	M	Oct 2005	F.14
Employment in tourism in the UK	Q	Aug 2005	B.17	Claimant count flows	M	Oct 2005	F.21
Workforce jobs by industry	M (Q)	Oct 2005	B.18	Number of previous claims	Q	Aug 2005	F.22
Actual weekly hours of work	M	Oct 2005	B.21	Interval between claims	Q	Sep 2005	F.23
Usual weekly hours of work	M	Oct 2005	B.22	Destination of leavers from claimant count by duration	M	Oct 2005	F.24
Key productivity measures	M (Q)	Oct 2005	B.32	Average duration of claims by age	Q	Oct 2005	F.25
Total workforce hours worked per week	Q	Oct 2005	B.33				
Total workforce hours worked per week by region and industry group	Q	Aug 2005	B.34				
Job-related training received by employees	Q	Aug 2005	B.41				
Employment rates: international comparisons	Q	Aug 2005	B.51				
Unemployment							
Unemployment by age and duration	M	Oct 2005	C.1	Vacancies			
Unemployment rates by age	M	Oct 2005	C.2	Vacancies	M	Oct 2005	G.1
Unemployment rates by previous occupation	Q	Aug 2005	C.4	Vacancies by industry: seasonally adjusted	M	Oct 2005	G.2
Unemployment rates: international comparisons	M	Oct 2005	C.5	Vacancies by size of enterprise	M	Oct 2005	G.3
Economic activity and inactivity							
Economic activity by age	M	Oct 2005	D.1	Vacancies by industry: not seasonally adjusted	M	Oct 2005	G.4
Economic inactivity by reason	M	Oct 2005	D.2	UK vacancies at Jobcentres	Mt	Jun 2005	G.11
Economic inactivity by age	M	Oct 2005	D.3	Vacancies at Jobcentres by region	Mt	Jun 2005	G.12
Educational status, economic activity and inactivity of young people	M	Oct 2005	D.4	Vacancies at Jobcentres and careers offices by region	Mt	Jun 2005	G.13
Earnings and unit wage costs							
Average Earnings Index by main industrial sector	M	Oct 2005	E.1	Redundancies			
Average Earnings Index by industry: excluding and including bonuses	M	Oct 2005	E.2	Redundancies: levels and rates	M	Oct 2005	H.31
Average Earnings Index: effect of bonus payments by main industrial sector	M	Oct 2005	E.4	Redundancies by industry	M (Q)	Oct 2005	H.32
New Earnings Survey: quarterly projections	Qt	Dec 2004	E.11	Re-employment rates	Q	Aug 2005	H.33
Average earnings and hours: manual employees	Q (A)†	Sep 2003	E.12	Redundancies by region	Q	Aug 2005	H.34
Median earnings and hours of all full-time employees by main industrial sector	Q (A)	Sep 2005	E.13	Redundancy rates by industry	Q	Aug 2005	H.35
Other labour market statistics							
Labour disputes: summary	M	Oct 2005	I.11				
Labour disputes: stoppages in progress	M	Oct 2005	I.12				
Jobseekers with disabilities placed into employment	Mt	Jan 2005	I.22				
Regional Selective Assistance by region	Qt	Jan 2005	I.41				
Regional Selective Assistance by company	Qt	Jan 2005	I.42				
Consumer prices and economic indicators							
Background economic indicators	M	Oct 2005	J.1				
CPI, RPI and other selected indices	M	Oct 2005	J.11				
Harmonised Indices of Consumer Prices (HICPs): EU comparisons	M	Oct 2005	J.12				

Table title	Frequency	Latest issue	Table number	Table title	Frequency	Latest issue	Table number
Government employment and training measures							
Learners on LSC-funded Work-Based Learning for Young People provision	B	May 2005	K.1	Immediate destinations on leaving New Deal for Young People	Q	Oct 2005	K.14
Number of starts on LSC-funded Work-Based Learning for Young People provision	B	May 2005	K.2	Immediate destinations on leaving New Deal 25 plus	Q	Oct 2005	K.15
Success rates in LSC-funded Work-Based Learning for Young People provision	A	Sep 2005	K.3	Summary of people into jobs through New Deal	Q	Oct 2005	K.16
Work-based learning for adults	Q	Oct 2005	K.4	Numbers participating in New Deal 25 plus	Q†	Oct 2003	K.17
Work-based learning for young people: qualifications of leavers	Qt	Dec 2002	K.5	Numbers leaving Gateway by destination	Q†	Oct 2003	K.18
Work-based learning for young people: destination of leavers	Qt	Dec 2002	K.6	Number of people into employment from New Deal 25 plus	Q†	Oct 2003	K.19
Other training: outcomes for completers	Qt	Dec 2002	K.7	<i>Frequency of publication, with frequency of compilation shown in brackets, if different: A – Annual B – Biannually Q – Quarterly M – Monthly</i>			
Summary of New Deal for Young People and New Deal 25 plus	Q	Oct 2005	K.11	<i>t Discontinued.</i>			
Number participating in New Deal for Young People	Q	Oct 2005	K.12				
Number participating in New Deal 25 plus	Q	Oct 2005	K.13				

Labour market data tables: comparisons of old and new table numbers

Old table title	Table number	New table title	Table number
July 2005			
Claimant count			
Claimant count: NUTS2 and NUTS3 areas	F.14	Claimant count area statistics: Constituencies of the Scottish Parliament	F.14
March 2005			
Earnings and unit wage costs			
Average earnings and hours: non-manual employees	E.13	Median earnings and hours of all full-time employees by main industrial sector	E.13
Average earnings and hours: all employees	E.14	Median earnings and hours of all full-time employees by industry section	E.14
February 2005			
Redundancies			
Redundancies	H.31	Re-employment rates	H.33
Redundancies by region	H.32	Redundancies by Government Office Region	H.34
Redundancies by industry	H.33	Redundancy rates by industry	H.35
January 2005			
Other labour market statistics			
Labour disputes: summary	H.11	Labour disputes: summary	I.11
Labour disputes: stoppages in progress: industry	H.12	Labour disputes: stoppages in progress	I.12

A.1 LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

Labour Force Survey summary: all, seasonally adjusted

Thousands

UNITED KINGDOM SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	All	Total economically active	Total in employment ^a	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
All people aged 16 and over									
Spring quarters (Mar-May)	MGSL	MGSF	MGRZ	MGSC	MGSI	MGWG	MGSR	MGSX	YBTC
1994	45,072	28,201	25,451	2,750	16,871	62.6	56.5	9.8	37.4
1995	45,189	28,202	25,731	2,470	16,988	62.4	56.9	8.8	37.6
1996	45,342	28,345	26,000	2,344	16,997	62.5	57.3	8.3	37.5
1997	45,497	28,492	26,448	2,045	17,004	62.6	58.1	7.2	37.4
1998	45,661	28,497	26,713	1,783	17,164	62.4	58.5	6.3	37.6
1999	45,862	28,811	27,052	1,759	17,051	62.8	59.0	6.1	37.2
2000	46,107	29,071	27,434	1,638	17,035	63.1	59.5	5.6	36.9
2001	46,413	29,122	27,691	1,431	17,292	62.7	59.7	4.9	37.3
2002	46,704	29,399	27,866	1,533	17,305	62.9	59.7	5.2	37.1
2003	46,995	29,643	28,167	1,476	17,353	63.1	59.9	5.0	36.9
2004	47,324	29,835	28,409	1,426	17,489	63.0	60.0	4.8	37.0
2005	47,713	30,080	28,656	1,424	17,633	63.0	60.1	4.7	37.0
3-month averages									
May-Jul 2003	47,045	29,705	28,205	1,500	17,340	63.1	60.0	5.0	36.9
Jun-Aug (Sum)	47,069	29,684	28,186	1,498	17,386	63.1	59.9	5.0	36.9
Jul-Sep	47,098	29,721	28,222	1,499	17,377	63.1	59.9	5.0	36.9
Aug-Oct	47,126	29,724	28,249	1,476	17,402	63.1	59.9	5.0	36.9
Sep-Nov (Aut)	47,154	29,709	28,245	1,464	17,445	63.0	59.9	4.9	37.0
Oct-Dec	47,183	29,712	28,254	1,458	17,470	63.0	59.9	4.9	37.0
Nov 2003-Jan 2004	47,211	29,784	28,344	1,441	17,427	63.1	60.0	4.8	36.9
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	47,239	29,814	28,380	1,434	17,425	63.1	60.1	4.8	36.9
Jan-Mar 2004	47,268	29,830	28,398	1,432	17,438	63.1	60.1	4.8	36.9
Feb-Apr	47,296	29,825	28,391	1,434	17,471	63.1	60.0	4.8	36.9
Mar-May (Spr)	47,324	29,835	28,409	1,426	17,489	63.0	60.0	4.8	37.0
Apr-Jun	47,352	29,844	28,410	1,434	17,509	63.0	60.0	4.8	37.0
May-Jul	47,381	29,830	28,416	1,414	17,551	63.0	60.0	4.7	37.0
Jun-Aug (Sum)	47,409	29,810	28,414	1,396	17,599	62.9	59.9	4.7	37.1
Jul-Sep	47,443	29,857	28,465	1,392	17,586	62.9	60.0	4.7	37.1
Aug-Oct	47,477	29,877	28,483	1,394	17,600	62.9	60.0	4.7	37.1
Sep-Nov (Aut)	47,510	29,943	28,536	1,408	17,567	63.0	60.1	4.7	37.0
Oct-Dec	47,544	29,995	28,577	1,418	17,549	63.1	60.1	4.7	36.9
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	47,578	30,035	28,617	1,418	17,543	63.1	60.1	4.7	36.9
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	47,612	30,118	28,680	1,439	17,493	63.3	60.2	4.8	36.7
Jan-Mar 2005	47,646	30,071	28,663	1,408	17,574	63.1	60.2	4.7	36.9
Feb-Apr	47,679	30,053	28,647	1,406	17,626	63.0	60.1	4.7	37.0
Mar-May (Spr)	47,713	30,080	28,656	1,424	17,633	63.0	60.1	4.7	37.0
Apr-Jun	47,747	30,109	28,675	1,434	17,638	63.1	60.1	4.8	36.9
May-Jul	47,781	30,148	28,730	1,418	17,633	63.1	60.1	4.7	36.9
Changes									
Over last 3 months	101	95	83	12	6	0.1	0.0	0.0	-0.1
Per cent	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.8	0.0				
Over last 12 months	400	318	315	3	82	0.1	0.2	0.0	-0.1
Percent	0.8	1.1	1.1	0.2	0.5				
All people aged 16-59(W)/64(M)	YBTF	YBSK	YBSE	YBSH	YBSN	MGSO	MGSU	YBTI	YBTL
Spring quarters (Mar-May)									
1994	34,923	27,395	24,672	2,723	7,528	78.4	70.6	9.9	21.6
1995	35,018	27,389	24,937	2,452	7,629	78.2	71.2	9.0	21.8
1996	35,146	27,554	25,230	2,324	7,592	78.4	71.8	8.4	21.6
1997	35,274	27,666	25,645	2,021	7,608	78.4	72.7	7.3	21.6
1998	35,397	27,700	25,938	1,763	7,697	78.3	73.3	6.4	21.7
1999	35,563	27,974	26,235	1,740	7,589	78.7	73.8	6.2	21.3
2000	35,766	28,223	26,602	1,621	7,542	78.9	74.4	5.7	21.1
2001	36,016	28,288	26,872	1,416	7,729	78.5	74.6	5.0	21.5
2002	36,244	28,494	26,983	1,511	7,749	78.6	74.4	5.3	21.4
2003	36,449	28,697	27,239	1,459	7,752	78.7	74.7	5.1	21.3
2004	36,675	28,827	27,418	1,409	7,848	78.6	74.8	4.9	21.4
2005	36,937	29,005	27,597	1,408	7,932	78.5	74.7	4.9	21.5
3-month averages									
May-Jul 2003	36,483	28,751	27,267	1,484	7,732	78.8	74.7	5.2	21.2
Jun-Aug (Sum)	36,500	28,711	27,227	1,484	7,790	78.7	74.6	5.2	21.3
Jul-Sep	36,520	28,740	27,256	1,484	7,779	78.7	74.6	5.2	21.3
Aug-Oct	36,539	28,727	27,269	1,459	7,811	78.6	74.6	5.1	21.4
Sep-Nov (Aut)	36,558	28,718	27,273	1,445	7,840	78.6	74.6	5.0	21.4
Oct-Dec	36,578	28,718	27,279	1,439	7,860	78.5	74.6	5.0	21.5
Nov 2003-Jan 2004	36,597	28,790	27,367	1,423	7,807	78.7	74.8	4.9	21.3
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	36,617	28,816	27,400	1,416	7,801	78.7	74.8	4.9	21.3
Jan-Mar 2004	36,636	28,826	27,412	1,414	7,810	78.7	74.8	4.9	21.3
Feb-Apr	36,655	28,821	27,405	1,416	7,834	78.6	74.8	4.9	21.4
Mar-May (Spr)	36,675	28,827	27,418	1,409	7,848	78.6	74.8	4.9	21.4
Apr-Jun	36,694	28,818	27,401	1,416	7,876	78.5	74.7	4.9	21.5
May-Jul	36,714	28,814	27,417	1,397	7,899	78.5	74.7	4.8	21.5
Jun-Aug (Sum)	36,733	28,797	27,420	1,377	7,936	78.4	74.6	4.8	21.6
Jul-Sep	36,756	28,849	27,473	1,376	7,907	78.5	74.7	4.8	21.5
Aug-Oct	36,778	28,866	27,487	1,379	7,913	78.5	74.7	4.8	21.5
Sep-Nov (Aut)	36,801	28,929	27,539	1,390	7,872	78.6	74.8	4.8	21.4
Oct-Dec	36,824	28,965	27,566	1,400	7,859	78.7	74.9	4.8	21.3
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	36,847	28,989	27,590	1,399	7,857	78.7	74.9	4.8	21.3
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	36,869	29,052	27,631	1,420	7,818	78.8	74.9	4.9	21.2
Jan-Mar 2005	36,892	29,003	27,614	1,390	7,888	78.6	74.9	4.8	21.4
Feb-Apr	36,915	28,984	27,597	1,387	7,931	78.5	74.8	4.8	21.5
Mar-May (Spr)	36,937	29,005	27,597	1,408	7,932	78.5	74.7	4.9	21.5
Apr-Jun	36,960	29,034	27,617	1,417	7,926	78.6	74.7	4.9	21.4
May-Jul	36,983	29,068	27,669	1,399	7,915	78.6	74.8	4.8	21.4
Changes									
Over last 3 months	68	84	72	11	-16	0.1	0.1	0.0	-0.1
Per cent	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.8	-0.2				
Over last 12 months	269	253	252	2	16	0.1	0.1	0.0	-0.1
Percent	0.7	0.9	0.9	0.1	0.2				

a Since spring 1992 unpaid family workers have been classified as in employment.

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+5; 2=3+4; 6=2/1; 7=3/1; 8=4/2; 9=5/1.

See technical note on pS14.

Data are revised in line with the latest interim reweighted LFS estimates.

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

Labour Force Survey summary: male, seasonally adjusted

A.1

Thousands

UNITED KINGDOM SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	All aged 16 and over	Total economically active	Total in employment ^a	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Males aged 16 and over									
Spring quarters (Mar-May)									
1994	21,646	15,709	13,903	1,806	5,938	72.6	64.2	11.5	27.4
1995	21,710	15,682	14,091	1,591	6,028	72.2	64.9	10.1	27.8
1996	21,794	15,686	14,163	1,524	6,108	72.0	65.0	9.7	28.0
1997	21,876	15,687	14,405	1,283	6,189	71.7	65.8	8.2	28.3
1998	21,961	15,647	14,571	1,076	6,314	71.2	66.3	6.9	28.8
1999	22,071	15,774	14,704	1,070	6,297	71.5	66.6	6.8	28.5
2000	22,202	15,882	14,908	974	6,320	71.5	67.1	6.1	28.5
2001	22,377	15,867	15,020	847	6,510	70.9	67.1	5.3	29.1
2002	22,550	15,971	15,052	919	6,579	70.8	66.7	5.8	29.2
2003	22,723	16,162	15,259	903	6,561	71.1	67.2	5.6	28.9
2004	22,910	16,192	15,363	829	6,718	70.7	67.1	5.1	29.3
2005	23,123	16,286	15,445	840	6,837	70.4	66.8	5.2	29.6
3-month averages									
May-Jul 2003	22,752	16,193	15,290	903	6,559	71.2	67.2	5.6	28.8
Jun-Aug (Sum)	22,767	16,174	15,275	899	6,592	71.0	67.1	5.6	29.0
Jul-Sep	22,783	16,180	15,285	896	6,602	71.0	67.1	5.5	29.0
Aug-Oct	22,798	16,165	15,276	889	6,633	70.9	67.0	5.5	29.1
Sep-Nov (Aut)	22,814	16,144	15,266	878	6,671	70.8	66.9	5.4	29.2
Oct-Dec	22,830	16,140	15,261	879	6,691	70.7	66.8	5.4	29.3
Nov 2003-Jan 2004	22,846	16,162	15,302	860	6,684	70.7	67.0	5.3	29.3
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	22,862	16,181	15,332	849	6,681	70.8	67.1	5.2	29.2
Jan-Mar 2004	22,878	16,190	15,348	841	6,688	70.8	67.1	5.2	29.2
Feb-Apr	22,894	16,185	15,342	843	6,708	70.7	67.0	5.2	29.3
Mar-May (Spr)	22,910	16,192	15,363	829	6,718	70.7	67.1	5.1	29.3
Apr-Jun	22,926	16,195	15,353	841	6,731	70.6	67.0	5.2	29.4
May-Jul	22,942	16,195	15,366	829	6,746	70.6	67.0	5.1	29.4
Jun-Aug (Sum)	22,957	16,198	15,374	823	6,759	70.6	67.0	5.1	29.4
Jul-Sep	22,976	16,206	15,391	815	6,769	70.5	67.0	5.0	29.5
Aug-Oct	22,994	16,204	15,398	806	6,790	70.5	67.0	5.0	29.5
Sep-Nov (Aut)	23,013	16,259	15,428	832	6,753	70.7	67.0	5.1	29.3
Oct-Dec	23,031	16,277	15,443	834	6,754	70.7	67.1	5.1	29.3
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	23,049	16,295	15,461	833	6,755	70.7	67.1	5.1	29.3
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	23,068	16,304	15,468	836	6,764	70.7	67.1	5.1	29.3
Jan-Mar 2005	23,086	16,306	15,477	830	6,780	70.6	67.0	5.1	29.4
Feb-Apr	23,105	16,296	15,468	828	6,809	70.5	66.9	5.1	29.5
Mar-May (Spr)	23,123	16,286	15,445	840	6,837	70.4	66.8	5.2	29.6
Apr-Jun	23,141	16,299	15,465	834	6,842	70.4	66.8	5.1	29.6
May-Jul	23,160	16,313	15,477	836	6,847	70.4	66.8	5.1	29.6
Changes									
Over last 3 months	55	17	9	8	38	-0.1	-0.1	0.0	0.1
Per cent	0.2	0.1	0.1	1.0	0.6				
Over last 12 months	218	118	111	7	100	-0.2	-0.2	0.0	0.2
Per cent	1.0	0.7	0.7	0.9	1.5				
Males aged 16 to 64									
Spring quarters (Mar-May)									
1994	18,055	15,434	13,639	1,795	2,621	85.5	75.5	11.6	14.5
1995	18,090	15,385	13,803	1,582	2,705	85.0	76.3	10.3	15.0
1996	18,145	15,409	13,897	1,512	2,736	84.9	76.6	9.8	15.1
1997	18,198	15,408	14,137	1,271	2,790	84.7	77.7	8.2	15.3
1998	18,253	15,365	14,298	1,067	2,889	84.2	78.3	6.9	15.8
1999	18,338	15,480	14,418	1,062	2,858	84.4	78.6	6.9	15.6
2000	18,437	15,590	14,623	968	2,847	84.6	79.3	6.2	15.4
2001	18,566	15,596	14,755	840	2,970	84.0	79.5	5.4	16.0
2002	18,688	15,673	14,764	909	3,015	83.9	79.0	5.8	16.1
2003	18,808	15,819	14,924	895	2,990	84.1	79.3	5.7	15.9
2004	18,944	15,847	15,029	819	3,096	83.7	79.3	5.2	16.3
2005	19,101	15,922	15,089	833	3,179	83.4	79.0	5.2	16.6
3-month averages									
May-Jul 2003	18,829	15,853	14,958	895	2,975	84.2	79.4	5.6	15.8
Jun-Aug (Sum)	18,839	15,830	14,938	892	3,009	84.0	79.3	5.6	16.0
Jul-Sep	18,850	15,837	14,950	887	3,014	84.0	79.3	5.6	16.0
Aug-Oct	18,862	15,821	14,941	880	3,041	83.9	79.2	5.6	16.1
Sep-Nov (Aut)	18,874	15,803	14,935	867	3,071	83.7	79.1	5.5	16.3
Oct-Dec	18,885	15,797	14,928	869	3,088	83.6	79.0	5.5	16.4
Nov 2003-Jan 2004	18,897	15,820	14,970	851	3,077	83.7	79.2	5.4	16.3
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	18,909	15,839	14,999	840	3,069	83.8	79.3	5.3	16.2
Jan-Mar 2004	18,920	15,846	15,014	832	3,074	83.8	79.4	5.2	16.2
Feb-Apr	18,932	15,845	15,011	834	3,087	83.7	79.3	5.3	16.3
Mar-May (Spr)	18,944	15,847	15,029	819	3,096	83.7	79.3	5.2	16.3
Apr-Jun	18,955	15,846	15,014	833	3,109	83.6	79.2	5.3	16.4
May-Jul	18,967	15,847	15,025	822	3,120	83.5	79.2	5.2	16.5
Jun-Aug (Sum)	18,978	15,848	15,033	815	3,130	83.5	79.2	5.1	16.5
Jul-Sep	18,992	15,860	15,053	807	3,132	83.5	79.3	5.1	16.5
Aug-Oct	19,006	15,856	15,058	798	3,150	83.4	79.2	5.0	16.6
Sep-Nov (Aut)	19,019	15,907	15,085	821	3,113	83.6	79.3	5.2	16.4
Oct-Dec	19,033	15,921	15,098	823	3,112	83.6	79.3	5.2	16.4
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	19,047	15,936	15,113	823	3,111	83.7	79.3	5.2	16.3
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	19,060	15,940	15,114	825	3,120	83.6	79.3	5.2	16.4
Jan-Mar 2005	19,074	15,941	15,121	820	3,133	83.6	79.3	5.1	16.4
Feb-Apr	19,088	15,928	15,108	819	3,160	83.4	79.2	5.1	16.6
Mar-May (Spr)	19,101	15,922	15,089	833	3,179	83.4	79.0	5.2	16.6
Apr-Jun	19,115	15,937	15,111	826	3,178	83.4	79.1	5.2	16.6
May-Jul	19,129	15,950	15,124	826	3,178	83.4	79.1	5.2	16.6
Changes									
Over last 3 months	41	23	15	7	18	-0.1	-0.1	0.0	0.1
Per cent	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.9	0.6				
Over last 12 months	162	104	99	5	58	-0.2	-0.2	0.0	0.2
Per cent	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.6	1.9				

a Since spring 1992 unpaid family workers have been classified as in employment.

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+5; 2=3+4; 6=2/1; 7=3/1; 8=4/2; 9=5/1.

See technical note on p14.

Data are revised in line with the latest interim reweighted LFS estimates.

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

A.1 LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

Labour Force Survey summary: female, seasonally adjusted

Thousands

UNITED KINGDOM SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	All	Total economically active	Total in employment ^a	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Females aged 16 and over									
Spring quarters (Mar-May)	MGSN	MGSH	MGSB	MGSE	MGSK	MGWI	MGST	MGSZ	YBTE
1994	23,425	12,492	11,038	944	10,933	53.3	49.3	7.6	46.7
1995	23,479	12,520	11,640	879	10,959	53.3	49.6	7.0	46.7
1996	23,547	12,658	11,838	820	10,889	53.8	50.3	6.5	46.2
1997	23,621	12,805	12,043	762	10,815	54.2	51.0	6.0	45.8
1998	23,700	12,850	12,143	707	10,850	54.2	51.2	5.5	45.8
1999	23,791	13,037	12,348	689	10,754	54.8	51.9	5.3	45.2
2000	23,905	13,189	12,526	663	10,716	55.2	52.4	5.0	44.8
2001	24,036	13,255	12,672	583	10,781	55.1	52.7	4.4	44.9
2002	24,154	13,428	12,815	614	10,726	55.6	53.1	4.6	44.4
2003	24,272	13,481	12,908	573	10,792	55.5	53.2	4.3	44.5
2004	24,414	13,643	13,046	598	10,771	55.9	53.4	4.4	44.1
2005	24,590	13,794	13,211	584	10,796	56.1	53.7	4.2	43.9
3-month averages									
May-Jul 2003	24,293	13,512	12,915	597	10,781	55.6	53.2	4.4	44.4
Jun-Aug (Sum)	24,303	13,509	12,910	599	10,793	55.6	53.1	4.4	44.4
Jul-Sep	24,315	13,541	12,937	603	10,775	55.7	53.2	4.5	44.3
Aug-Oct	24,328	13,559	12,973	586	10,768	55.7	53.3	4.3	44.3
Sep-Nov (Aut)	24,340	13,566	12,979	587	10,774	55.7	53.3	4.3	44.3
Oct-Dec	24,352	13,572	12,993	579	10,780	55.7	53.4	4.3	44.3
Nov 2003-Jan 2004	24,365	13,622	13,042	580	10,743	55.9	53.5	4.3	44.1
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	24,377	13,633	13,048	585	10,744	55.9	53.5	4.3	44.1
Jan-Mar 2004	24,390	13,640	13,049	591	10,749	55.9	53.5	4.3	44.1
Feb-Apr	24,402	13,639	13,048	591	10,763	55.9	53.5	4.3	44.1
Mar-May (Spr)	24,414	13,643	13,046	598	10,771	55.9	53.4	4.4	44.1
Apr-Jun	24,427	13,649	13,057	592	10,778	55.9	53.5	4.3	44.1
May-Jul	24,439	13,635	13,049	586	10,804	55.8	53.4	4.3	44.2
Jun-Aug (Sum)	24,452	13,612	13,039	573	10,840	55.7	53.3	4.2	44.3
Jul-Sep	24,467	13,650	13,073	577	10,817	55.8	53.4	4.2	44.2
Aug-Oct	24,482	13,673	13,085	588	10,810	55.8	53.4	4.3	44.2
Sep-Nov (Aut)	24,498	13,684	13,108	576	10,814	55.9	53.5	4.2	44.1
Oct-Dec	24,513	13,718	13,134	584	10,795	56.0	53.6	4.3	44.0
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	24,529	13,740	13,155	585	10,788	56.0	53.6	4.3	44.0
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	24,544	13,815	13,212	603	10,729	56.3	53.8	4.4	43.7
Jan-Mar 2005	24,559	13,765	13,186	578	10,795	56.0	53.7	4.2	44.0
Feb-Apr	24,575	13,757	13,179	578	10,818	56.0	53.6	4.2	44.0
Mar-May (Spr)	24,590	13,794	13,211	584	10,796	56.1	53.7	4.2	43.9
Apr-Jun	24,606	13,810	13,210	600	10,796	56.1	53.7	4.3	43.9
May-Jul	24,621	13,835	13,253	582	10,786	56.2	53.8	4.2	43.8
Changes									
Over last 3 months	46	78	74	4	-31	0.2	0.2	0.0	-0.2
Per cent	0.2	0.6	0.6	0.7	-0.3				
Over last 12 months	182	200	204	-4	-18	0.4	0.4	-0.1	-0.4
Percent	0.7	1.5	1.6	-0.7	-0.2				
Females aged 16 to 59	YBTH	YBSM	YBSG	YBSJ	YBSP	MGSQ	MGSW	YBTK	YBTN
Spring quarters (Mar-May)									
1994	16,868	11,961	11,033	928	4,907	70.9	65.4	7.8	29.1
1995	16,928	12,004	11,134	869	4,924	70.9	65.8	7.2	29.1
1996	17,001	12,145	11,333	812	4,856	71.4	66.7	6.7	28.6
1997	17,076	12,258	11,508	750	4,818	71.8	67.4	6.1	28.2
1998	17,144	12,336	11,640	696	4,808	72.0	67.9	5.6	28.0
1999	17,226	12,494	11,817	678	4,731	72.5	68.6	5.4	27.5
2000	17,328	12,633	11,979	654	4,695	72.9	69.1	5.2	27.1
2001	17,450	12,692	12,116	576	4,758	72.7	69.4	4.5	27.3
2002	17,555	12,821	12,219	602	4,734	73.0	69.6	4.7	27.0
2003	17,641	12,879	12,315	563	4,762	73.0	69.8	4.4	27.0
2004	17,731	12,979	12,389	590	4,752	73.2	69.9	4.5	26.8
2005	17,836	13,083	12,508	574	4,753	73.3	70.1	4.4	26.7
3-month averages									
May-Jul 2003	17,655	12,898	12,309	589	4,757	73.1	69.7	4.6	26.9
Jun-Aug (Sum)	17,661	12,881	12,289	592	4,781	72.9	69.6	4.6	27.1
Jul-Sep	17,669	12,903	12,307	597	4,766	73.0	69.7	4.6	27.0
Aug-Oct	17,677	12,907	12,328	579	4,770	73.0	69.7	4.5	27.0
Sep-Nov (Aut)	17,685	12,916	12,338	578	4,769	73.0	69.8	4.5	27.0
Oct-Dec	17,692	12,921	12,351	570	4,772	73.0	69.8	4.4	27.0
Nov 2003-Jan 2004	17,700	12,969	12,397	572	4,731	73.3	70.0	4.4	26.7
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	17,708	12,976	12,401	575	4,731	73.3	70.0	4.4	26.7
Jan-Mar 2004	17,716	12,980	12,398	582	4,736	73.3	70.0	4.5	26.7
Feb-Apr	17,723	12,977	12,394	583	4,747	73.2	69.9	4.5	26.8
Mar-May (Spr)	17,731	12,979	12,389	590	4,752	73.2	69.9	4.5	26.8
Apr-Jun	17,739	12,971	12,388	584	4,768	73.1	69.8	4.5	26.9
May-Jul	17,747	12,968	12,393	575	4,779	73.1	69.8	4.4	26.9
Jun-Aug (Sum)	17,754	12,949	12,387	562	4,806	72.9	69.8	4.3	27.1
Jul-Sep	17,764	12,988	12,420	568	4,775	73.1	69.9	4.4	26.9
Aug-Oct	17,773	13,010	12,429	581	4,763	73.2	69.9	4.5	26.8
Sep-Nov (Aut)	17,782	13,022	12,454	569	4,760	73.2	70.0	4.4	26.8
Oct-Dec	17,791	13,044	12,468	576	4,747	73.3	70.1	4.4	26.7
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	17,800	13,054	12,477	577	4,746	73.3	70.1	4.4	26.7
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	17,809	13,112	12,517	595	4,697	73.6	70.3	4.5	26.4
Jan-Mar 2005	17,818	13,062	12,493	569	4,756	73.3	70.1	4.4	26.7
Feb-Apr	17,827	13,056	12,488	568	4,771	73.2	70.1	4.4	26.8
Mar-May (Spr)	17,836	13,083	12,508	574	4,753	73.3	70.1	4.4	26.7
Apr-Jun	17,845	13,097	12,506	590	4,749	73.4	70.1	4.5	26.6
May-Jul	17,854	13,118	12,545	572	4,737	73.5	70.3	4.4	26.5
Changes									
Over last 3 months	27	61	57	4	-34	0.2	0.2	0.0	-0.2
Per cent	0.2	0.5	0.5	0.7	-0.7				
Over last 12 months	108	150	153	-3	-42	0.4	0.4	-0.1	-0.4
Percent	0.6	1.2	1.2	-0.5	-0.9				

a Since spring 1992 unpaid family workers have been classified as in employment.

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+5; 2=3+4; 6=2/1; 7=3/1; 8=4/2; 9=5/1.

See technical note on pS14.

Data are revised in line with the latest interim reweighted LFS estimates.

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

Labour Force Survey summary: all, not seasonally adjusted

A.1

Thousands

UNITED KINGDOM NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	All	Total economically active	Total in employment ^a	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
All people aged 16 and over									
Spring quarters (Mar-May)	MGSL	MGTS	MGTM	MGTP	MGT		MGUE	MGUK	
1994	45,072	28,083	25,392	2,690	16,989	62.3	56.3	9.6	37.7
1995	45,189	28,074	25,661	2,413	17,115	62.1	56.8	8.6	37.9
1996	45,342	28,207	25,917	2,291	17,134	62.2	57.2	8.1	37.8
1997	45,497	28,348	26,352	1,995	17,149	62.3	57.9	7.0	37.7
1998	45,661	28,346	26,610	1,735	17,315	62.1	58.3	6.1	37.9
1999	45,862	28,660	26,949	1,710	17,203	62.5	58.8	6.0	37.5
2000	46,107	28,924	27,336	1,587	17,183	62.7	59.3	5.5	37.3
2001	46,413	28,982	27,604	1,377	17,432	62.4	59.5	4.8	37.6
2002	46,704	29,270	27,784	1,486	17,434	62.7	59.5	5.1	37.3
2003	46,995	29,517	28,088	1,429	17,478	62.8	59.8	4.8	37.2
2004	47,324	29,709	28,329	1,380	17,615	62.8	59.9	4.6	37.2
2005	47,713	29,951	28,573	1,378	17,762	62.8	59.9	4.6	37.2
3-month averages									
May-Jul 2003	47,045	29,703	28,196	1,507	17,342	63.1	59.9	5.1	36.9
Jun-Aug (Sum)	47,069	29,839	28,275	1,565	17,230	63.4	60.1	5.2	36.6
Jul-Sep	47,098	29,895	28,323	1,572	17,203	63.5	60.1	5.3	36.5
Aug-Oct	47,126	29,843	28,317	1,526	17,283	63.3	60.1	5.1	36.7
Sep-Nov (Aut)	47,154	29,772	28,293	1,479	17,382	63.1	60.0	5.0	36.9
Oct-Dec	47,183	29,733	28,311	1,422	17,450	63.0	60.0	4.8	37.0
Nov 2003-Jan 2004	47,211	29,749	28,351	1,398	17,462	63.0	60.1	4.7	37.0
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	47,239	29,734	28,333	1,401	17,505	62.9	60.0	4.7	37.1
Jan-Mar 2004	47,268	29,746	28,316	1,430	17,522	62.9	59.9	4.8	37.1
Feb-Apr	47,296	29,733	28,308	1,425	17,563	62.9	59.9	4.8	37.1
Mar-May (Spr)	47,324	29,709	28,329	1,380	17,615	62.8	59.9	4.6	37.2
Apr-Jun	47,352	29,738	28,349	1,389	17,614	62.8	59.9	4.7	37.2
May-Jul	47,381	29,828	28,402	1,427	17,552	63.0	59.9	4.8	37.0
Jun-Aug (Sum)	47,409	29,959	28,497	1,462	17,450	63.2	60.1	4.9	36.8
Jul-Sep	47,443	30,026	28,560	1,466	17,417	63.3	60.2	4.9	36.7
Aug-Oct	47,477	29,993	28,549	1,444	17,483	63.2	60.1	4.8	36.8
Sep-Nov (Aut)	47,510	30,004	28,583	1,421	17,506	63.2	60.2	4.7	36.8
Oct-Dec	47,544	30,015	28,633	1,382	17,529	63.1	60.2	4.6	36.9
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	47,578	30,003	28,630	1,373	17,575	63.1	60.2	4.6	36.9
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	47,612	30,046	28,641	1,405	17,566	63.1	60.2	4.7	36.9
Jan-Mar 2005	47,646	29,993	28,589	1,404	17,653	62.9	60.0	4.7	37.1
Feb-Apr	47,679	29,960	28,563	1,396	17,720	62.8	59.9	4.7	37.2
Mar-May (Spr)	47,713	29,951	28,573	1,378	17,762	62.8	59.9	4.6	37.2
Apr-Jun	47,747	30,002	28,611	1,391	17,745	62.8	59.9	4.6	37.2
May-Jul	47,781	30,145	28,713	1,433	17,635	63.1	60.1	4.8	36.9
Changes									
Over last 12 months	400	317	311	6	83	0.1	0.1	0.0	-0.1
Percent	0.8	1.1	1.1	0.4	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.0	
All people aged 16-59(W)/64(M)	YBTF	YBSW	YBSQ	YBST	YBSZ	MGUB	MGUH		
Spring quarters (Mar-May)									
1994	34,923	27,274	24,609	2,665	7,649	78.1	70.5	9.8	21.9
1995	35,018	27,260	24,864	2,396	7,758	77.8	71.0	8.8	22.2
1996	35,146	27,414	25,143	2,272	7,731	78.0	71.5	8.3	22.0
1997	35,274	27,519	25,546	1,973	7,755	78.0	72.4	7.2	22.0
1998	35,397	27,548	25,832	1,716	7,849	77.8	73.0	6.2	22.2
1999	35,563	27,821	26,129	1,691	7,743	78.2	73.5	6.1	21.8
2000	35,766	28,075	26,504	1,570	7,691	78.5	74.1	5.6	21.5
2001	36,016	28,148	26,795	1,363	7,969	79.2	74.4	4.9	21.8
2002	36,244	28,361	26,897	1,464	7,883	78.3	74.2	5.2	21.7
2003	36,449	28,567	27,156	1,411	7,882	78.4	74.5	4.9	21.6
2004	36,675	28,694	27,332	1,362	7,981	78.2	74.5	4.7	21.8
2005	36,937	28,869	27,508	1,361	8,068	78.2	74.5	4.7	21.8
3-month averages									
May-Jul 2003	36,483	28,742	27,250	1,493	7,741	78.8	74.7	5.2	21.2
Jun-Aug (Sum)	36,500	28,864	27,312	1,552	7,636	79.1	74.8	5.4	20.9
Jul-Sep	36,520	28,917	27,359	1,558	7,603	79.2	74.9	5.4	20.8
Aug-Oct	36,539	28,855	27,346	1,509	7,684	79.0	74.8	5.2	21.0
Sep-Nov (Aut)	36,558	28,783	27,325	1,458	7,775	78.7	74.7	5.1	21.3
Oct-Dec	36,578	28,742	27,340	1,401	7,836	78.6	74.7	4.9	21.4
Nov 2003-Jan 2004	36,597	28,759	27,380	1,379	7,838	78.6	74.8	4.8	21.4
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	36,617	28,738	27,356	1,383	7,878	78.5	74.7	4.8	21.5
Jan-Mar 2004	36,636	28,737	27,327	1,410	7,899	78.4	74.6	4.9	21.6
Feb-Apr	36,655	28,725	27,318	1,407	7,931	78.4	74.5	4.9	21.6
Mar-May (Spr)	36,675	28,694	27,332	1,362	7,981	78.2	74.5	4.7	21.8
Apr-Jun	36,694	28,710	27,337	1,373	7,985	78.2	74.5	4.8	21.8
May-Jul	36,714	28,806	27,395	1,410	7,908	78.5	74.6	4.9	21.5
Jun-Aug (Sum)	36,733	28,944	27,499	1,445	7,789	78.8	74.9	5.0	21.2
Jul-Sep	36,756	29,023	27,572	1,451	7,733	79.0	75.0	5.0	21.0
Aug-Oct	36,778	28,992	27,563	1,430	7,786	78.8	74.9	4.9	21.2
Sep-Nov (Aut)	36,801	28,994	27,591	1,403	7,807	78.8	75.0	4.8	21.2
Oct-Dec	36,824	28,989	27,627	1,362	7,835	78.7	75.0	4.7	21.3
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	36,847	28,963	27,610	1,352	7,884	78.6	74.9	4.7	21.4
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	36,869	28,982	27,594	1,388	7,888	78.6	74.8	4.8	21.4
Jan-Mar 2005	36,892	28,919	27,535	1,384	7,973	78.4	74.6	4.8	21.6
Feb-Apr	36,915	28,885	27,508	1,377	8,030	78.2	74.5	4.8	21.8
Mar-May (Spr)	36,937	28,869	27,508	1,361	8,068	78.2	74.5	4.7	21.8
Apr-Jun	36,960	28,923	27,548	1,376	8,037	78.3	74.5	4.8	21.7
May-Jul	36,983	29,058	27,643	1,415	7,925	78.6	74.7	4.9	21.4
Changes									
Over last 12 months	269	253	248	4	17	0.1	0.1	0.0	-0.1
Percent	0.7	0.9	0.9	0.3	0.2				

a Since spring 1992 unpaid family workers have been classified as in employment.

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+5; 2=3+4; 6=2/1; 7=3/1; 8=4/2; 9=5/1.
Data are revised in line with the latest interim reweighted LFS estimates.

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

A.1 LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

Labour Force Survey summary: male, not seasonally adjusted

Thousands

UNITED KINGDOM NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	Total economically active		Total in employment ^a	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
	All	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Males aged 16 and over									
Spring quarters (Mar-May)	MGSM	MGTT	MGTN	MGTQ	MGTW		MGUF	MGUL	
1994	21,646	15,634	13,855	1,779	6,012	72.2	64.0	11.4	27.8
1995	21,710	15,605	14,040	1,565	6,105	71.9	64.7	10.0	28.1
1996	21,794	15,607	14,107	1,500	6,187	71.6	64.7	9.6	28.4
1997	21,876	15,608	14,346	1,262	6,268	71.3	65.6	8.1	28.7
1998	21,961	15,566	14,508	1,058	6,395	70.9	66.1	6.8	29.1
1999	22,071	15,693	14,640	1,053	6,378	71.1	66.3	6.7	28.9
2000	22,202	15,802	14,844	958	6,400	71.2	66.9	6.1	28.8
2001	22,377	15,789	14,960	829	6,588	70.6	66.9	5.3	29.4
2002	22,550	15,892	14,994	899	6,658	70.5	66.5	5.7	29.5
2003	22,723	16,081	15,202	880	6,641	70.8	66.9	5.5	29.2
2004	22,910	16,108	15,304	804	6,802	70.3	66.8	5.0	29.7
2005	23,123	16,200	15,385	815	6,923	70.1	66.5	5.0	29.9
3-month averages									
May-Jul 2003	22,752	16,195	15,287	909	6,557	71.2	67.2	5.6	28.8
Jun-Aug (Sum)	22,767	16,276	15,342	934	6,491	71.5	67.4	5.7	28.5
Jul-Sep	22,783	16,293	15,372	921	6,489	71.5	67.5	5.7	28.5
Aug-Oct	22,798	16,239	15,341	898	6,560	71.2	67.3	5.5	28.8
Sep-Nov (Aut)	22,814	16,170	15,304	867	6,644	70.9	67.1	5.4	29.1
Oct-Dec	22,830	16,150	15,295	855	6,680	70.7	67.0	5.3	29.3
Nov 2003-Jan 2004	22,846	16,146	15,295	851	6,700	70.7	66.9	5.3	29.3
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	22,862	16,141	15,293	848	6,721	70.6	66.9	5.3	29.4
Jan-Mar 2004	22,878	16,130	15,279	852	6,748	70.5	66.8	5.3	29.5
Feb-Apr	22,894	16,117	15,270	847	6,777	70.4	66.7	5.3	29.6
Mar-May (Spr)	22,910	16,108	15,304	804	6,802	70.3	66.8	5.0	29.7
Apr-Jun	22,926	16,133	15,313	820	6,792	70.4	66.8	5.1	29.6
May-Jul	22,942	16,199	15,363	836	6,743	70.6	67.0	5.2	29.4
Jun-Aug (Sum)	22,957	16,299	15,440	858	6,659	71.0	67.3	5.3	29.0
Jul-Sep	22,976	16,318	15,476	842	6,657	71.0	67.4	5.2	29.0
Aug-Oct	22,994	16,277	15,463	814	6,718	70.8	67.2	5.0	29.2
Sep-Nov (Aut)	23,013	16,286	15,465	822	6,726	70.8	67.2	5.0	29.2
Oct-Dec	23,031	16,288	15,477	811	6,743	70.7	67.2	5.0	29.3
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	23,049	16,279	15,457	823	6,770	70.6	67.1	5.1	29.4
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	23,068	16,266	15,431	835	6,802	70.5	66.9	5.1	29.5
Jan-Mar 2005	23,086	16,249	15,411	839	6,837	70.4	66.8	5.2	29.6
Feb-Apr	23,105	16,227	15,395	832	6,878	70.2	66.6	5.1	29.8
Mar-May (Spr)	23,123	16,200	15,385	815	6,923	70.1	66.5	5.0	29.9
Apr-Jun	23,141	16,237	15,424	813	6,904	70.2	66.7	5.0	29.8
May-Jul	23,160	16,317	15,473	845	6,843	70.5	66.8	5.2	29.5
Changes									
Over last 12 months	218	118	110	8	100	-0.2	-0.2	0.0	0.2
Per cent	1.0	0.7	0.7	1.0	1.5				
Males aged 16 to 64									
Spring quarters (Mar-May)	YBTG	YBSX	YBSR	YBSU	YBTA	MGUC	MGUI		
1994	18,055	15,360	13,591	1,769	2,695	85.1	75.3	11.5	14.9
1995	18,090	15,308	13,752	1,557	2,781	84.6	76.0	10.2	15.4
1996	18,145	15,330	13,841	1,488	2,815	84.5	76.3	9.7	15.5
1997	18,198	15,327	14,077	1,251	2,871	84.2	77.4	8.2	15.8
1998	18,253	15,282	14,233	1,049	2,971	83.7	78.0	6.9	16.3
1999	18,338	15,396	14,351	1,045	2,942	84.0	78.3	6.8	16.0
2000	18,437	15,507	14,557	950	2,930	84.1	79.0	6.1	15.9
2001	18,566	15,514	14,693	822	3,052	83.6	79.1	5.3	16.4
2002	18,688	15,589	14,702	888	3,099	83.4	78.7	5.7	16.6
2003	18,808	15,733	14,862	872	3,075	83.6	79.0	5.5	16.4
2004	18,944	15,758	14,965	793	3,186	83.2	79.0	5.0	16.8
2005	19,101	15,831	15,023	807	3,271	82.9	78.7	5.1	17.1
3-month averages									
May-Jul 2003	18,829	15,851	14,950	901	2,977	84.2	79.4	5.7	15.8
Jun-Aug (Sum)	18,839	15,931	15,003	927	2,908	84.6	79.6	5.8	15.4
Jul-Sep	18,850	15,953	15,039	914	2,897	84.6	79.8	5.7	15.4
Aug-Oct	18,862	15,900	15,010	890	2,962	84.3	79.6	5.6	15.7
Sep-Nov (Aut)	18,874	15,831	14,975	856	3,043	83.9	79.3	5.4	16.1
Oct-Dec	18,885	15,808	14,963	845	3,078	83.7	79.2	5.3	16.3
Nov 2003-Jan 2004	18,897	15,808	14,967	841	3,089	83.7	79.2	5.3	16.3
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	18,909	15,803	14,963	839	3,106	83.6	79.1	5.3	16.4
Jan-Mar 2004	18,920	15,786	14,945	841	3,135	83.4	79.0	5.3	16.6
Feb-Apr	18,932	15,773	14,936	837	3,159	83.3	78.9	5.3	16.7
Mar-May (Spr)	18,944	15,758	14,965	793	3,186	83.2	79.0	5.0	16.8
Apr-Jun	18,955	15,782	14,970	812	3,173	83.3	79.0	5.1	16.7
May-Jul	18,967	15,846	15,016	830	3,121	83.5	79.2	5.2	16.5
Jun-Aug (Sum)	18,978	15,948	15,097	851	3,030	84.0	79.5	5.3	16.0
Jul-Sep	18,992	15,976	15,142	835	3,016	84.1	79.7	5.2	15.9
Aug-Oct	19,006	15,935	15,129	806	3,071	83.8	79.6	5.1	16.2
Sep-Nov (Aut)	19,019	15,936	15,125	811	3,083	83.8	79.5	5.1	16.2
Oct-Dec	19,033	15,931	15,132	800	3,102	83.7	79.5	5.0	16.3
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	19,047	15,924	15,113	811	3,123	83.6	79.3	5.1	16.4
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	19,060	15,905	15,080	824	3,155	83.4	79.1	5.2	16.6
Jan-Mar 2005	19,074	15,882	15,054	828	3,192	83.3	78.9	5.2	16.7
Feb-Apr	19,088	15,854	15,032	822	3,234	83.1	78.8	5.2	16.9
Mar-May (Spr)	19,101	15,831	15,023	807	3,271	82.9	78.7	5.1	17.1
Apr-Jun	19,115	15,872	15,066	807	3,242	83.0	78.8	5.1	17.0
May-Jul	19,129	15,950	15,114	836	3,178	83.4	79.0	5.2	16.6
Changes									
Over last 12 months	162	104	98	6	58	-0.2	-0.2	0.0	0.2
Per cent	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.7	1.8				

a Since spring 1992 unpaid family workers have been classified as in employment.

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+5; 2=3+4; 6=2/1; 7=3/1; 8=4/2; 9=5/1.
Data are revised in line with the latest interim reweighted LFS estimates.Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY
Labour Force Survey summary: female, not seasonally adjusted

A.1
 Thousands

UNITED KINGDOM NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	Total economically active		Total in employment ^a	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)	
	All	1								
	MGSN	MGTU	MGTO	MGTR	MGTX	MGUG	MGUM			
Females aged 16 and over Spring quarters (Mar-May)										
1994	23,425	12,449	11,537	912	10,977	53.1	49.2	7.3	46.9	
1995	23,479	12,470	11,621	849	11,009	53.1	49.5	6.8	46.9	
1996	23,547	12,600	11,809	791	10,947	53.5	50.2	6.3	46.5	
1997	23,621	12,740	12,007	733	10,880	53.9	50.8	5.8	46.1	
1998	23,700	12,780	12,103	677	10,920	53.9	51.1	5.3	46.1	
1999	23,791	12,966	12,309	657	10,825	54.5	51.7	5.1	45.5	
2000	23,905	13,122	12,492	630	10,783	54.9	52.3	4.8	45.1	
2001	24,036	13,193	12,645	548	10,844	54.9	52.6	4.2	45.1	
2002	24,154	13,378	12,790	587	10,776	55.4	53.0	4.4	44.6	
2003	24,272	13,436	12,886	549	10,837	55.4	53.1	4.1	44.6	
2004	24,414	13,601	13,025	576	10,814	55.7	53.3	4.2	44.3	
2005	24,590	13,751	13,188	563	10,839	55.9	53.6	4.1	44.1	
3-month averages										
May-Jul 2003	24,293	13,508	12,909	599	10,785	55.6	53.1	4.4	44.4	
Jun-Aug (Sum)	24,303	13,563	12,932	631	10,739	55.8	53.2	4.7	44.2	
Jul-Sep	24,315	13,601	12,951	651	10,714	55.9	53.3	4.8	44.1	
Aug-Oct	24,328	13,604	12,976	628	10,723	55.9	53.3	4.6	44.1	
Sep-Nov (Aut)	24,340	13,601	12,989	612	10,739	55.9	53.4	4.5	44.1	
Oct-Dec	24,352	13,583	13,016	567	10,770	55.8	53.4	4.2	44.2	
Nov 2003-Jan 2004	24,365	13,602	13,055	547	10,763	55.8	53.6	4.0	44.2	
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	24,377	13,593	13,040	553	10,784	55.8	53.5	4.1	44.2	
Jan-Mar 2004	24,390	13,616	13,037	579	10,774	55.8	53.5	4.2	44.2	
Feb-Apr	24,402	13,616	13,038	578	10,786	55.8	53.4	4.2	44.2	
Mar-May (Spr)	24,414	13,601	13,025	576	10,814	55.7	53.3	4.2	44.3	
Apr-Jun	24,427	13,605	13,036	569	10,822	55.7	53.4	4.2	44.3	
May-Jul	24,439	13,629	13,039	590	10,810	55.8	53.4	4.3	44.2	
Jun-Aug (Sum)	24,452	13,660	13,056	604	10,791	55.9	53.4	4.4	44.1	
Jul-Sep	24,467	13,708	13,084	624	10,759	56.0	53.5	4.6	44.0	
Aug-Oct	24,482	13,716	13,086	631	10,766	56.0	53.4	4.6	44.0	
Sep-Nov (Aut)	24,498	13,718	13,118	600	10,780	56.0	53.5	4.4	44.0	
Oct-Dec	24,513	13,728	13,156	571	10,785	56.0	53.7	4.2	44.0	
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	24,529	13,723	13,173	550	10,805	55.9	53.7	4.0	44.1	
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	24,544	13,780	13,210	571	10,764	56.1	53.8	4.1	43.9	
Jan-Mar 2005	24,559	13,743	13,178	565	10,816	56.0	53.7	4.1	44.0	
Feb-Apr	24,575	13,733	13,169	564	10,842	55.9	53.6	4.1	44.1	
Mar-May (Spr)	24,590	13,751	13,188	563	10,839	55.9	53.6	4.1	44.1	
Apr-Jun	24,606	13,765	13,187	578	10,841	55.9	53.6	4.2	44.1	
May-Jul	24,621	13,828	13,240	588	10,793	56.2	53.8	4.3	43.8	
Changes Over last 12 months	182	199	201	-2	-17	0.4	0.4	-0.1	-0.4	
Per cent	0.7	1.5	1.5	-0.4	-0.2					
Females aged 16 to 59 Spring quarters (Mar-May)	YBTH	YBSY	YBSS	YBSV	YBTB	MGUD	MGUJ			
1994	16,868	11,914	11,018	896	4,954	70.6	65.3	7.5	29.4	
1995	16,928	11,951	11,112	839	4,977	70.6	65.6	7.0	29.4	
1996	17,001	12,085	11,301	783	4,916	71.1	66.5	6.5	28.9	
1997	17,076	12,192	11,470	722	4,884	71.4	67.2	5.9	28.6	
1998	17,144	12,265	11,599	667	4,878	71.5	67.7	5.4	28.5	
1999	17,226	12,425	11,778	647	4,801	72.1	68.4	5.2	27.9	
2000	17,328	12,568	11,948	620	4,761	72.5	68.9	4.9	27.5	
2001	17,450	12,633	12,093	541	4,817	72.4	69.3	4.3	27.6	
2002	17,555	12,772	12,196	576	4,784	72.8	69.5	4.5	27.2	
2003	17,641	12,834	12,294	540	4,807	72.7	69.7	4.2	27.3	
2004	17,731	12,936	12,368	568	4,795	73.0	69.8	4.4	27.0	
2005	17,836	13,038	12,485	554	4,798	73.1	70.0	4.2	26.9	
3-month averages										
May-Jul 2003	17,655	12,891	12,300	592	4,763	73.0	69.7	4.6	27.0	
Jun-Aug (Sum)	17,661	12,933	12,308	625	4,728	73.2	69.7	4.8	26.8	
Jul-Sep	17,669	12,964	12,320	644	4,705	73.4	69.7	5.0	26.6	
Aug-Oct	17,677	12,955	12,336	620	4,721	73.3	69.8	4.8	26.7	
Sep-Nov (Aut)	17,685	12,952	12,350	602	4,732	73.2	69.8	4.7	26.8	
Oct-Dec	17,692	12,934	12,378	556	4,758	73.1	70.0	4.3	26.9	
Nov 2003-Jan 2004	17,700	12,951	12,413	538	4,749	73.2	70.1	4.2	26.8	
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	17,708	12,936	12,392	544	4,772	73.1	70.0	4.2	26.9	
Jan-Mar 2004	17,716	12,952	12,382	570	4,764	73.1	69.9	4.4	26.9	
Feb-Apr	17,723	12,952	12,382	570	4,771	73.1	69.9	4.4	26.9	
Mar-May (Spr)	17,731	12,936	12,368	568	4,795	73.0	69.8	4.4	27.0	
Apr-Jun	17,739	12,927	12,367	561	4,812	72.9	69.7	4.3	27.1	
May-Jul	17,747	12,959	12,379	580	4,787	73.0	69.8	4.5	27.0	
Jun-Aug (Sum)	17,754	12,995	12,402	594	4,759	73.2	69.9	4.6	26.8	
Jul-Sep	17,764	13,046	12,430	616	4,717	73.4	70.0	4.7	26.6	
Aug-Oct	17,773	13,057	12,434	623	4,715	73.5	70.0	4.8	26.5	
Sep-Nov (Aut)	17,782	13,058	12,466	592	4,724	73.4	70.1	4.5	26.6	
Oct-Dec	17,791	13,058	12,496	562	4,733	73.4	70.2	4.3	26.6	
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	17,800	13,039	12,498	542	4,761	73.3	70.2	4.2	26.7	
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	17,809	13,077	12,514	563	4,732	73.4	70.3	4.3	26.6	
Jan-Mar 2005	17,818	13,037	12,481	556	4,781	73.2	70.0	4.3	26.8	
Feb-Apr	17,827	13,031	12,476	555	4,796	73.1	70.0	4.3	26.9	
Mar-May (Spr)	17,836	13,038	12,485	554	4,798	73.1	70.0	4.2	26.9	
Apr-Jun	17,845	13,051	12,482	569	4,795	73.1	69.9	4.4	26.9	
May-Jul	17,854	13,108	12,529	579	4,746	73.4	70.2	4.4	26.6	
Changes Over last 12 months	108	148	150	-1	-41	0.4	0.4	-0.1	-0.4	
Per cent	0.6	1.1	1.2	-0.3	-0.9					

a Since spring 1992 unpaid family workers have been classified as in employment.

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+5; 2=3+4; 6=2/1; 7=3/1; 8=4/2; 9=5/1.
 Data are revised in line with the latest interim reweighted LFS estimates.

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

A.1 LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

Labour Force Survey summary - technical note

COMPARISONS OVER TIME

ONS recommends that non-overlapping periods are always used for comparisons over time.

The sample design of the LFS enables estimates for any three consecutive months to be calculated. ONS began publication of these estimates in April 1998. The most reliable comparison is one between non-overlapping periods. For the latest data, compare the data from three months previously e.g. December to February data with that for September to November rather than November to January. Due to the overlap of two months, the latter comparison would actually just compare the single months of November and February, but the data are not robust enough to make this comparison. This can lead to unreliable conclusions about change. For further details see article by Richard Laux, pp59-63, Labour Market Trends, February 1998.

SAMPLING VARIABILITY OF LABOUR FORCE SURVEY DATA

LFS data are based on statistical samples (see Sources, pS2) and, as such, are subject to sampling variability. If we drew many samples, each would give a different result. The ranges shown for the LFS data in the table below represent '95 per cent confidence intervals'. We would expect that in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value. The ranges are approximated from not seasonally adjusted data for May-Jul 2005 in line with research on the topic. For more information, see the Guide to Labour Market Statistics Releases.

UNITED KINGDOM SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	Level	Sampling variability	Change on quarter	Sampling variability	Change on year	Sampling variability
Employment (000s)	28,730	±133	83	±96	315	±169
Employment rate	74.8%	±0.3%	0.1%	±0.2%	0.1%	±0.4%
Average weekly hours worked - all workers	32.1	±0.1	0.0	±0.2%	0.1	±0.2%
Unemployment (000s)	1,418	±54	12	±55	3	±73
Unemployment rate	4.7%	±0.2%	0.0%	±0.2%	0.0%	±0.2%
Economically active (000s)	30,148	±127	95	±91	318	±161
Economic activity rate	78.6%	±0.3%	0.1%	±0.2%	0.1%	±0.4%
Economically inactive (000s)	7,915	±118	-16	±84	16	±151
Economic inactivity rate	21.4%	±0.3%	-0.1%	±0.2%	-0.1%	±0.4%
Inactive, not wanting a job (000s)	5,829	±57	-74	±41	-50	±73
Inactive, wanting a job (000s)	2,087	±59	59	±42	66	±75
Redundancies (000s)	144	±17	15	±23	2	±23

Note: Data are revised in line with the latest interim reweighted LFS estimates.

LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY Labour Force Survey trends: employment and unemployment - technical note

A.2

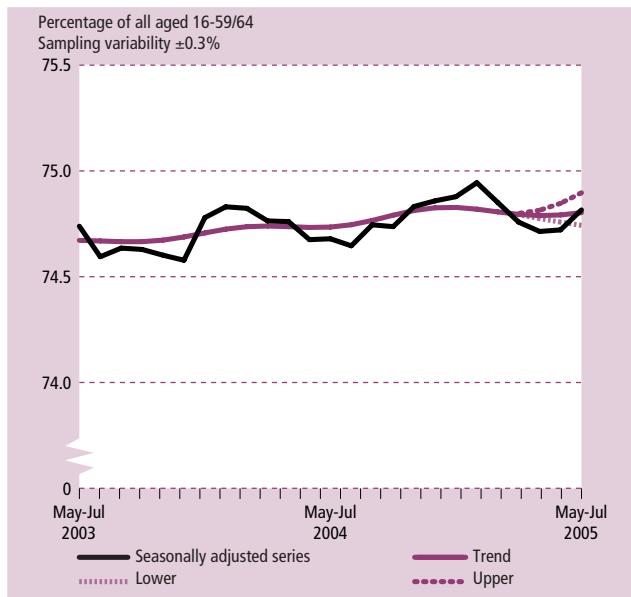
Trends indicating the underlying movement of the series, after factors such as seasonality and irregular values have been removed, are shown in the graphs below. The trends are estimated using a standard approach adopted by ONS, based on the results of its short-term trends research project. In this case, the recommended method is to apply a 13-term Henderson moving average, augmented by two stages of outlier detection and ARIMA modelling, to the seasonally adjusted series. For more information, see An Investigation of Trend Estimation Methods, available from the Time Series Analysis Branch (020 7533 6236).

Estimates of the trends at the end of the series are subject to revision when new data become available. The graphs below give an indication of the likely extent of these revisions. They have been constructed by making statistical estimates of the range of values within which the next data point in the series is likely to fall. The resultant extended series have been used to calculate the corresponding likely range of revised trend estimates. Note that this range does not take account of revisions which might arise from seasonal adjustment.

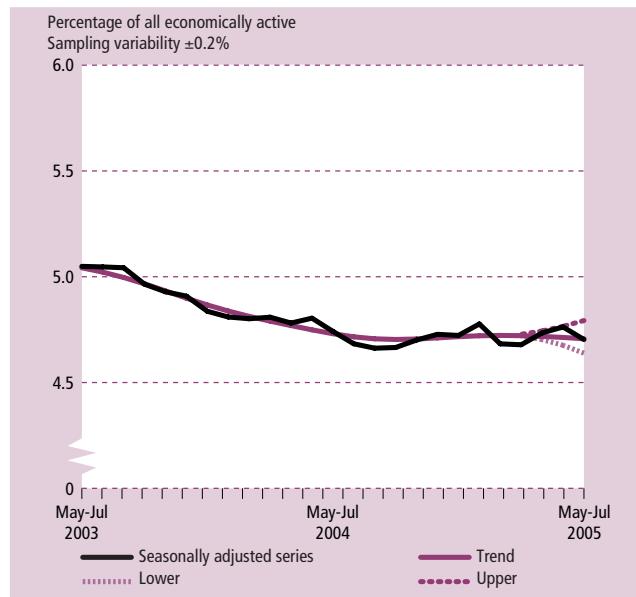
There is a margin of error surrounding the trend estimates, particularly at the end of the series. The trend can be used to get a general impression of the underlying trend behaviour of employment or unemployment, but month-on-month changes in the trend numbers should not be reported.

For further information, please see the article on pp431-6, Labour Market Trends, August 1999.

Employment



Unemployment



A.2 LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

Labour Force Survey trends: employment and unemployment - series

UNITED KINGDOM	Employment ^a		Unemployment ^b	
	Level (thousands)	Rate (per cent)	Level (thousands)	Rate (per cent)
3-month averages				
May-Jul 1997	26,525 R	72.9	2,000 R	7.0
Jun-Aug	26,554 R	72.9 R	1,971 R	6.9
Jul-Sep	26,578 R	73.0	1,941 R	6.8
Aug-Oct	26,598 R	73.0	1,912 R	6.7
Sep-Nov	26,615 R	73.1	1,884 R	6.6
Oct-Dec	26,631 R	73.1	1,858 R	6.5
Nov 1997-Jan 1998	26,647 R	73.1 R	1,836 R	6.4
Dec 1997-Feb 1998	26,663 R	73.2	1,818 R	6.4
Jan-Mar 1998	26,680 R	73.2 R	1,806 R	6.3
Feb-Apr	26,700 R	73.3	1,797 R	6.3
Mar-May	26,723 R	73.3	1,792 R	6.3
Apr-Jun	26,750 R	73.4	1,788 R	6.3 R
May-Jul	26,781 R	73.4 R	1,785 R	6.3 R
Jun-Aug	26,815 R	73.5	1,783 R	6.2
Jul-Sep	26,850 R	73.5 R	1,782 R	6.2
Aug-Oct	26,886 R	73.6 R	1,781 R	6.2
Sep-Nov	26,920	73.7	1,780 R	6.2
Oct-Dec	26,952 R	73.7 R	1,780 R	6.2
Nov 1998-Jan 1999	26,980 R	73.8	1,779 R	6.2
Dec 1998-Feb 1999	27,005 R	73.8	1,776 R	6.2
Jan-Mar 1999	27,027 R	73.8 R	1,772 R	6.2 R
Feb-Apr	27,048 R	73.8 R	1,764 R	6.1
Mar-May	27,071 R	73.9	1,754 R	6.1
Apr-Jun	27,096 R	73.9	1,742 R	6.0
May-Jul	27,124 R	73.9 R	1,729 R	6.0
Jun-Aug	27,154 R	74.0	1,717 R	5.9
Jul-Sep	27,184 R	74.0 R	1,707 R	5.9
Aug-Oct	27,215 R	74.1	1,699 R	5.9
Sep-Nov	27,246 R	74.1	1,693 R	5.9 R
Oct-Dec	27,276 R	74.1 R	1,688 R	5.8
Nov 1999-Jan 2000	27,306 R	74.2	1,682 R	5.8
Dec 1999-Feb 2000	27,338 R	74.2 R	1,674 R	5.8
Jan-Mar 2000	27,370 R	74.3	1,663 R	5.7
Feb-Apr	27,403 R	74.3 R	1,648 R	5.7
Mar-May	27,436 R	74.4	1,630 R	5.6
Apr-Jun	27,467 R	74.4 R	1,611 R	5.5
May-Jul	27,496 R	74.5	1,591 R	5.5
Jun-Aug	27,520 R	74.5	1,573 R	5.4
Jul-Sep	27,542 R	74.5 R	1,556 R	5.4 R
Aug-Oct	27,560 R	74.5 R	1,541 R	5.3
Sep-Nov	27,578 R	74.5 R	1,527 R	5.2
Oct-Dec	27,595 R	74.6	1,513 R	5.2
Nov 2000-Jan 2001	27,612 R	74.6	1,501 R	5.2 R
Dec 2000-Feb 2001	27,628 R	74.6	1,490 R	5.1
Jan-Mar 2001	27,645 R	74.6	1,480 R	5.1
Feb-Apr	27,659 R	74.6	1,473 R	5.1
Mar-May	27,673 R	74.5 R	1,470 R	5.0
Apr-Jun	27,686 R	74.5	1,469 R	5.0
May-Jul	27,698 R	74.5	1,471 R	5.0
Jun-Aug	27,711 R	74.4 R	1,476	5.1
Jul-Sep	27,724 R	74.4	1,481 R	5.1
Aug-Oct	27,737 R	74.4	1,488 R	5.1
Sep-Nov	27,751 R	74.4	1,494 R	5.1
Oct-Dec	27,765 R	74.4	1,500 R	5.1
Nov 2001-Jan 2002	27,779 R	74.4	1,506 R	5.1
Dec 2001-Feb 2002	27,794 R	74.4	1,511 R	5.2 R
Jan-Mar 2002	27,811 R	74.4	1,515 R	5.2
Feb-Apr	27,831 R	74.4	1,520 R	5.2
Mar-May	27,855 R	74.4	1,524	5.2
Apr-Jun	27,881 R	74.5 R	1,528	5.2
May-Jul	27,910 R	74.5	1,532 R	5.2
Jun-Aug	27,939 R	74.5	1,534 R	5.2
Jul-Sep	27,967 R	74.6	1,534 R	5.2
Aug-Oct	27,994 R	74.6	1,533 R	5.2
Sep-Nov	28,018 R	74.6	1,529 R	5.2
Oct-Dec	28,039 R	74.6	1,525 R	5.2 R
Nov 2002-Jan 2003	28,058 R	74.6	1,520 R	5.1
Dec 2002-Feb 2003	28,076 R	74.6 R	1,515 R	5.1
Jan-Mar 2003	28,097 R	74.6 R	1,510 R	5.1
Feb-Apr	28,118 R	74.6 R	1,506 R	5.1
Mar-May	28,142 R	74.7 R	1,503 R	5.1
Apr-Jun	28,167 R	74.7 R	1,500 R	5.1 R
May-Jul	28,191 R	74.7 R	1,496 R	5.0
Jun-Aug	28,214 R	74.7 R	1,491 R	5.0
Jul-Sep	28,236 R	74.7 R	1,484 R	5.0
Aug-Oct	28,257 R	74.7 R	1,476 R	5.0 R
Sep-Nov	28,280 R	74.7	1,466 R	4.9
Oct-Dec	28,303 R	74.7	1,457 R	4.9
Nov 2003-Jan 2004	28,326 R	74.7 R	1,448 R	4.9 R
Dec 2003-Feb 2004	28,348 R	74.7 R	1,441 R	4.8
Jan-Mar 2004	28,368 R	74.7 R	1,435 R	4.8
Feb-Apr	28,385 R	74.7 R	1,429 R	4.8
Mar-May	28,401 R	74.7	1,423 R	4.8
Apr-Jun	28,416 R	74.7 R	1,417 R	4.7 R
May-Jul	28,434 R	74.7	1,412	4.7 R
Jun-Aug	28,455 R	74.7	1,408 R	4.7
Jul-Sep	28,480 R	74.8 R	1,406 R	4.7 R
Aug-Oct	28,507 R	74.8 R	1,407 R	4.7 R
Sep-Nov	28,535 R	74.8	1,409 R	4.7
Oct-Dec	28,563 R	74.8	1,412 R	4.7
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	28,587 R	74.8 R	1,416 R	4.7
Dec 2004-Feb 2005	28,609	74.8 R	1,419 R	4.7
Jan-Mar 2005	28,630 R	74.8 R	1,421 R	4.7
Feb-Apr	28,652 R	74.8	1,422 R	4.7
Mar-May	28,675	74.8	1,422	4.7
Apr-Jun	28,701	74.8	1,421	4.7
May-Jul	28,729	74.8	1,420	4.7

a Levels are for those aged 16 and over and rates are for those of working age.

b Levels and rates are for those aged 16 and over. The rate is as a proportion of the economically active.

R Revised

Note: There is a margin of error surrounding the trend estimates, particularly at the end of the series. The trend can be used to get a general impression of the underlying behaviour of employment or unemployment, but month-on-month changes in the trend numbers should not be reported. For more information, see technical note on pS15.

Following a review of the construction of the Labour Force Survey trend series table, ONS have revised the estimates to be consistent with the graphical representation depicted by the employment and unemployment graphs.

Data are revised in line with the latest interim reweighted LFS estimates.

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

Other headline indicators

A.3

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM		Workforce jobs						
		Levels						
		All	Male	Female	DYDC	LOLA	LOLB	
2003	June	30,213	16,224	13,989				
	September	30,311	16,233	14,077				
	December	30,396	16,314	14,083				
2004	March	30,412	16,363	14,049				
	June	30,440	16,400	14,040				
	September	30,405	16,418	13,987				
	December	30,547	16,444	14,104				
2005	March R	30,639	16,501	14,138				
	June	30,590	16,447	14,143				
Change on quarter		-49	-54	5				
Change per cent		-0.2	-0.3	0.0				
Change on year		150	47	103				
Change per cent		0.5	0.3	0.7				
UNITED KINGDOM		Claimant count ^a						
		Levels			Rates (%) ^b			
		All	Male	Female	All	Male	Female	
2004	August ^c	834.8	622.2	212.6	2.7	3.7	1.5	
	September	836.0	622.5	213.5	2.7	3.7	1.5	
	October ^c	836.4	622.8	213.6	2.7	3.7	1.5	
2005	November	831.9	618.1	213.8	2.7	3.6	1.5	
	December	825.0	611.9	213.1	2.6	3.6	1.5	
	January ^c	813.8	602.7	211.1	2.6	3.5	1.5	
2005	February	817.7	605.9	211.8	2.6	3.6	1.5	
	March	831.3	616.5	214.8	2.7	3.6	1.5	
	April ^c	842.1	624.0	218.1	2.7	3.7	1.5	
2005	May	856.1	636.5	219.6	2.7	3.7	1.5	
	June	863.2	642.0	221.2	2.8	3.8	1.6	
	July ^c R	864.6	642.7	221.9	2.8	3.8	1.6	
Change on month		1.6	1.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Change per cent		0.2	0.2	0.1				
Change on year		31.4	21.8	9.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	
Change per cent		3.8	3.5	4.5				
GREAT BRITAIN		Whole economy earnings ^d			UNITED KINGDOM			
		Average Earnings Index (including bonuses)	Average Earnings Index (excluding bonuses)		Average 3 months ending (level)	Vacancies		
		LNNC	JQDY		AP2Y	AP3K	AP3L	
2004	July R	3.9	4.2	2004	647.2	18.8	3.0	
	August	3.9	4.3		641.1	8.5	1.3	
	September	3.7 R	4.3		637.1	-9.4	-1.5	
2005	October	4.1	4.4	2005	640.7	-6.5	-1.0	
	November	4.2	4.4		648.0	6.9	1.1	
	December	4.4	4.4		655.0	17.9	2.8	
2005	January	4.3	4.4	2005	647.4	6.7	1.0	
	February	4.7	4.3		636.9	-11.1	-1.7	
	March	4.5	4.1		632.9	-22.1	-3.4	
2005	April	4.6	4.1	2005	639.1	-8.3	-1.3	
	May R	4.1	4.0		641.8	4.9	0.8	
	June R	4.1	4.0		638.4	5.5	0.9	
July R		4.2	3.9	August P		631.7	-7.4	-1.2

Sources: Employer surveys; DfES Training Data System; Jobcentre Plus administrative system;
Monthly Wages and Salaries Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

^a The number of people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance.

^b Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs.

^c Months where there are five weeks between count dates. All the rest are four-week periods.

^d The headline rate is the annual change in the average seasonally adjusted series over the latest three months compared with the same period a year ago.

R Revised
P Provisional

A.11 LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

Regional summary

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

Labour Force Survey ^a (May to July 2005)																	
Government Office Regions	Total aged 16 and over		Economically active				Employment						Unemployment				
	All	All	Male	Female	All	Male	Female	All	Male	Female	All	Male	Female	All	Male	Female	
	Level	Level	Rate(%) ^b	Level	Level	Level	Rate(%) ^b	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Rate(%) ^c	Level	Rate(%) ^c	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
North East	2,045	1,204	75.0	640	564	1,121	69.8	587	71.9	534	67.6	83	6.9	53	8.3	30	5.3
North West	5,427	3,335	77.0	1,777	1,558	3,190	73.5	1,692	76.8	1,497	70.1	145	4.3	84	4.8	60	3.9
Yorkshire and the Humber	4,014	2,483	77.9	1,349	1,134	2,369	74.3	1,277	78.7	1,093	69.5	114	4.6	72	5.3	42	3.7
East Midlands	3,424	2,181	79.9	1,182	999	2,082	76.2	1,123	80.0	959	72.2	99	4.5	58	4.9	40	4.1
West Midlands	4,234	2,638	78.2	1,446	1,192	2,513	74.4	1,377	79.5	1,137	69.0	124	4.7	69	4.8	55	4.6
East	4,376	2,847	81.8	1,556	1,291	2,735	78.4	1,493	83.7	1,242	72.7	112	3.9	63	4.1	49	3.8
London	5,988	3,842	74.8	2,124	1,719	3,587	69.8	1,972	75.3	1,615	63.8	256	6.7	152	7.1	104	6.0
South East	6,449	4,257	82.1	2,301	1,956	4,101	79.1	2,215	83.9	1,887	73.9	156	3.7	87	3.8	69	3.5
South West	4,044	2,561	81.6	1,374	1,187	2,474	78.7	1,325	82.2	1,149	74.9	87	3.4	50	3.6	38	3.2
England	40,000	25,348	78.8	13,748	11,600	24,173	75.1	13,060	79.5	11,113	70.3	1,175	4.6	688	5.0	486	4.2
Wales	2,362	1,383	75.1	731	652	1,321	71.7	692	73.6	629	69.6	62	4.5	39	5.3	23	3.5
Scotland	4,101	2,590	79.5	1,380	1,210	2,448	75.1	1,297	78.8	1,151	71.3	142	5.5	83	6.0	58	4.8
Great Britain	46,463	29,320	78.7	15,859	13,462	27,942	74.9	15,048	79.1	12,894	70.4	1,378	4.7	810	5.1	568	4.2
Northern Ireland	1,313	793	73.1	435	358	753	69.3	409	74.1	344	64.3	40	5.1	26	6.1	14	3.8
United Kingdom	47,781	30,148	78.6	16,313	13,835	28,730	74.8	15,477	79.1	13,253	70.3	1,418	4.7	836	5.1	582	4.2
Change on quarter^d																	
Government Office Regions	Total aged 16 and over		Economically active				Employment						Unemployment				
	All	All	Male	Female	All	Male	Female	All	Male	Female	All	Male	Female	All	Male	Female	
	Level	Level	Rate(%) ^b	Level	Level	Level	Rate(%) ^b	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Rate(%) ^c	Level	Rate(%) ^c	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
North East	4	9	0.4	4	5	-3	-0.4	-8	-0.8	4	0.1	13	1.0	12	1.8	1	0.1
North West	10	1	0.1	-1	1	12	0.3	2	0.0	10	0.7	-11	-0.3	-2	-0.1	-9	-0.5
Yorkshire and the Humber	9	2	-0.1	10	-8	4	0.0	11	0.5	-6	-0.6	-3	-0.1	-1	-0.1	-2	-0.1
East Midlands	7	7	0.1	-7	15	4	0.0	-8	-0.7	12	0.8	3	0.1	1	0.1	2	0.2
West Midlands	9	-9	-0.4	-9	0	-15	-0.6	-4	-0.4	-11	-0.8	6	0.2	-5	-0.3	11	0.9
East	9	11	-0.1	0	10	6	-0.3	-5	-0.3	10	-0.2	5	0.2	5	0.3	0	0.0
London	19	13	0.0	-3	17	17	0.1	1	-0.3	16	0.5	-4	-0.1	-5	-0.2	1	0.0
South East	13	39	0.4	10	29	37	0.4	7	0.2	30	0.7	2	0.0	3	0.1	-1	-0.1
South West	8	2	-0.2	-4	6	2	-0.3	-5	-0.7	8	0.2	0	0.0	1	0.1	-2	-0.1
England	88	75	0.0	0	75	64	0.0	-9	-0.2	73	0.2	11	0.0	9	0.1	2	0.0
Wales	4	4	0.3	4	1	3	0.2	2	0.3	0	0.1	1	0.1	1	0.1	0	0.0
Scotland	6	-5	0.1	7	-13	-3	0.2	10	0.8	-13	-0.5	-3	-0.1	-3	-0.2	0	0.1
Great Britain	98	73	0.0	11	63	64	0.0	4	-0.1	60	0.2	9	0.0	7	0.0	3	0.0
Northern Ireland	3	17	1.3	5	12	15	1.0	4	0.3	11	1.8	2	0.2	2	0.3	1	0.0
United Kingdom	101	95	0.1	17	78	83	0.1	9	-0.1	74	0.2	12	0.0	8	0.0	4	0.0
Change on year																	
Government Office Regions	Total aged 16 and over		Economically active				Employment						Unemployment				
	All	All	Male	Female	All	Male	Female	All	Male	Female	All	Male	Female	All	Male	Female	
	Level	Level	Rate(%) ^b	Level	Level	Level	Rate(%) ^b	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Rate(%) ^c	Level	Rate(%) ^c	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
North East	15	19	0.6	10	9	1	-0.4	-2	-0.4	3	-0.4	18	1.4	12	1.8	6	1.0
North West	39	12	-0.4	3	9	18	-0.3	1	-0.8	17	0.3	-5	-0.2	2	0.1	-8	-0.5
Yorkshire and the Humber	35	17	0.1	20	-3	13	0.0	11	0.1	2	-0.2	4	0.1	8	0.6	-5	-0.4
East Midlands	30	38	0.5	8	30	22	-0.1	-2	-1.0	25	0.9	16	0.6	10	0.9	5	0.4
West Midlands	34	38	0.0	16	22	49	0.4	28	0.7	21	0.0	-10	-0.5	-12	-0.9	1	0.0
East	36	-2	-0.8	6	-9	-9	-1.0	3	-0.3	-11	-1.7	6	0.2	4	0.2	2	0.2
London	74	49	-0.2	5	44	63	0.2	5	-1.1	58	1.6	-14	-0.5	0	0.0	-14	-1.0
South East	51	69	0.6	22	47	66	0.7	24	0.4	42	1.0	2	0.0	-2	-0.1	4	0.1
South West	32	28	0.1	6	21	28	0.0	11	-0.2	17	0.3	0	0.0	-4	-0.3	4	0.3
England	346	267	0.0	97	170	251	0.0	78	-0.3	173	0.3	16	0.0	19	0.1	-3	-0.1
Wales	16	1	-0.2	-12	13	2	-0.1	-17	-2.2	19	2.2	-1	-0.1	5	0.8	-6	-1.0
Scotland	24	-4	-0.1	12	-16	9	0.3	26	1.4	-17	-0.8	-13	-0.5	-14	-1.0	1	0.1
Great Britain	386	264	0.0	97	167	262	0.0	87	-0.2	175	0.3	2	0.0	10	0.0	-8	-0.1
Northern Ireland	10	35	2.4	11	24	33	2.1	12	1.2	21	3.1	2	0.1	-1	-0.3	3	0.6
United Kingdom	400	318	0.1	118	200	315	0.1	111	-0.2	204	0.4	3	0.0	7	0.0	-4	-0.1

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

Relationship between columns: 2=4+5+6+12; 6=8+10; 12=14+16.

a Labour Force Survey is tabulated by region of residence.

b Denominator = all persons of working age.

c Denominator = total economically active.

d Quarter to quarter changes at regional level are particularly subject to sampling variability and should be interpreted in the context of changes over several quarters rather than in isolation.

Note: The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population in private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

Due to slight methodological differences between the way the national and regional LFS estimates have been interim adjusted for the 2001 Census, there may be small differences between the UK totals and the sum of the regional components.

LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY A.11

Regional summary

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

Government Office Regions	Employer surveys			Jobcentre Plus administrative system					
	Civilian workforce jobs ^e (June 2005); not seasonally adjusted			Claimant count ^{e,f} (August 2005)					
	All Level	Male Level	Female Level	All Level	Male Level	Female Level	Rate ^g	Rate ^g	Rate ^g
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
North East	1,116	589	527	46.6	4.1	36.1	5.8	10.5	2.0
North West	3,392	1,802	1,590	102.5	3.0	78.0	4.2	24.5	1.5
Yorkshire and the Humber	2,469	1,332	1,137	76.1	3.0	57.4	4.1	18.7	1.6
East Midlands	2,025	1,069	956	54.5	2.6	39.8	3.6	14.7	1.5
West Midlands	2,634	1,436	1,197	96.1	3.6	72.6	4.9	23.5	1.9
East	2,738	1,463	1,275	58.4	2.1	42.3	2.8	16.1	1.2
London	4,541	2,509	2,032	163.2	3.5	116.3	4.4	46.9	2.3
South East	4,264	2,262	2,002	71.7	1.6	52.9	2.2	18.8	0.9
South West	2,565	1,345	1,220	42.6	1.6	31.0	2.2	11.6	1.0
England	25,743	13,806	11,937	711.7	2.7	526.4	3.6	185.3	1.5
Wales	1,283	676	607	41.5	3.1	31.7	4.5	9.8	1.6
Scotland	2,527	1,324	1,203	85.0	3.2	64.6	4.6	20.4	1.6
Great Britain	29,553	15,806	13,746	838.2	2.8	622.7	3.8	215.5	1.6
Northern Ireland	809	430	379	28.0	3.3	21.3	4.6	6.7	1.8
United Kingdom	30,361	16,236	14,125	866.2	2.8	644.0	3.8	222.2	1.6

Changes on period (period specified below)

Government Office Regions	Employer surveys			Jobcentre Plus administrative system					
	Civilian workforce jobs (change on June 2004); not seasonally adjusted			Claimant count (change on July 2005)					
	All Level	Male Level	Female Level	All Level	Male Level	Female Level	Rate ^g	Rate ^g	Rate ^g
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
North East	15	6	9	0.5	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.0
North West	20	3	17	0.7	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.2	0.0
Yorkshire and the Humber	13	-4	18	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
East Midlands	15	-2	17	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
West Midlands	24	25	0	-0.4	0.0	-0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
East	-20	-9	-11	-0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.1	0.0
London	29	17	12	1.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.2	0.0
South East	31	3	29	-0.4	0.0	-0.2	0.0	-0.2	0.0
South West	15	-1	15	-0.1	0.0	-0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
England	143	38	106	1.6	0.0	1.4	0.0	0.2	0.0
Wales	3	-1	5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Scotland	-3	16	-20	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Great Britain	143	53	91	1.7	0.0	1.4	0.0	0.3	0.0
Northern Ireland	13	5	8	-0.1	0.0	-0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
United Kingdom	156	58	99	1.6	0.0	1.3	0.0	0.3	0.0

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3; 4=6+8.

e Workforce jobs is tabulated by region of workplace. Claimant count is tabulated by region of claimant's residence.

f Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

g Denominator=claimant count+workforce jobs.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

TECHNICAL NOTE: LABOUR FORCE SURVEY SAMPLING VARIABILITY: May to July 2005

Government Office Regions	Employment level (000s)	Unemployment level (000s)	Economically active level (000s)	Working age economically inactive level (000s)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	The Labour Force Survey data in Table A.11 are based on statistical samples and, as such, are subject to sampling variability. If many samples were drawn, each would give a different result. The ranges shown for the LFS data in this table represent '95 per cent confidence intervals'. It is expected that in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value. The ranges are approximated from non-seasonally adjusted data in line with research on the topic. For more information, see the Guide to Labour Market Statistics Releases.
North East	± 35	± 12	± 34	± 35	± 1.8	± 1.0	
North West	± 60	± 17	± 60	± 59	± 1.2	± 0.5	
Yorkshire and the Humber	± 49	± 14	± 48	± 47	± 1.2	± 0.6	
East Midlands	± 39	± 13	± 39	± 44	± 1.4	± 0.7	
West Midlands	± 51	± 15	± 51	± 50	± 1.3	± 0.5	
East	± 50	± 15	± 50	± 46	± 1.1	± 0.5	
London	± 66	± 24	± 63	± 64	± 1.2	± 0.7	
South East	± 60	± 17	± 59	± 55	± 0.9	± 0.4	
South West	± 49	± 13	± 49	± 47	± 1.2	± 0.5	
Wales	± 39	± 11	± 39	± 40	± 1.8	± 0.8	
Scotland	± 50	± 16	± 48	± 47	± 1.2	± 0.6	

A.12 LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

Local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority

	Not seasonally adjusted											
	Population ^a		Labour supply				Working age benefit			Labour demand ^b		
			Employment ^c		Unemployment ^c		Economic inactivity ^c		Claimant count ^d		Jobs ^e	
	16-59/64 (000's)	Total 16-59/64 (000's)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000's)	Rate ^f (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000's)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ^g (%)	Total (000's)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
UNITED KINGDOM	36,828	26,951	74.2	1,394	4.7	7,988	22.0	866,144	2.4	30,567	0.83	
NORTH EAST	1,562	1,067	70.0	68	5.8	390	25.6	47,093	3.0	1,113	0.71	
Darlington UA	59	45	76.6	1	2.6	12	21.3	1,718	2.9	53	0.89	
Hartlepool UA	54	35	65.0	3	8.3	15	29.0	2,266	4.2	37	0.69	
Middlesbrough UA	86	52	64.4	5	9.3	23	28.9	4,029	4.7	70	0.82	
Redcar and Cleveland UA	83	60	72.0	3	5.2	20	24.0	2,901	3.5	46	0.55	
Stockton-on-Tees UA	116	80	72.4	5	6.0	25	22.9	3,755	3.2	86	0.74	
Durham	305	207	69.2	11	4.9	81	27.2	6,280	2.1	182	0.60	
Chester-le-Street	33	26	76.2	1	5.2	7	19.5	556	1.7	12	0.36	
Derwentside	52	36	70.0	2	6.3	13	25.3	1,033	2.0	27	0.52	
Durham	60	37	67.7	3	6.2	15	27.7	953	1.6	47	0.78	
Easington	55	36	64.8	2	4.2	18	32.2	1,167	2.1	29	0.53	
Sedgefield	53	36	68.2	1	3.1	16	29.6	1,328	2.5	33	0.63	
Teesdale	15	10	73.2	-	3.4	3	24.1	202	1.4	10	0.69	
Wear Valley	37	26	69.9	1	5.1	10	26.2	1,041	2.8	24	0.64	
Northumberland	188	136	73.1	7	4.4	43	23.4	4,456	2.4	121	0.64	
Alnwick	19	14	75.7	1	4.7	4	20.5	376	2.0	14	0.75	
Berwick-upon-Tweed	15	11	74.7	1	4.7	3	21.4	363	2.4	13	0.90	
Blyth Valley	51	38	73.8	2	4.3	12	23.0	1,391	2.7	25	0.48	
Castle Morpeth	30	21	73.6	1	3.5	7	23.6	524	1.8	25	0.83	
Tynedale	36	26	74.0	1	2.5	8	24.0	524	1.5	27	0.75	
Wansbeck	38	26	69.2	2	7.0	9	25.4	1,278	3.4	18	0.47	
Gateshead	116	84	72.5	5	5.1	27	23.6	3,308	2.8	102	0.88	
Newcastle upon Tyne	171	108	66.3	9	7.6	46	28.1	5,372	3.1	181	1.06	
North Tyneside	116	86	74.6	4	4.8	25	21.6	3,537	3.1	70	0.60	
South Tyneside	91	59	65.3	5	8.3	26	28.7	4,078	4.5	45	0.49	
Sunderland	177	116	68.3	8	6.5	45	26.8	5,394	3.1	120	0.68	
NORTH WEST	4,170	2,972	72.6	148	4.6	973	23.8	100,857	2.4	3,372	0.81	
Blackburn with Darwen UA	84	58	69.9	3	5.1	22	26.3	2,205	2.6	69	0.82	
Blackpool UA	84	59	71.6	3	5.3	20	24.2	2,415	2.9	63	0.75	
Halton UA	75	48	66.1	4	8.1	20	27.9	2,137	2.9	56	0.76	
Warrington UA	121	95	79.7	3	3.1	21	17.8	1,832	1.5	119	0.98	
Cheshire	413	319	77.8	8	2.4	83	20.2	5,269	1.3	355	0.86	
Chester	74	54	78.0	2	2.8	14	19.9	983	1.3	80	1.09	
Congleton	56	46	81.1	1	1.4	10	17.7	554	1.0	34	0.60	
Crewe and Nantwich	68	53	75.8	1	1.8	16	22.7	994	1.5	58	0.84	
Ellesmere Port and Neston	49	36	74.7	1	3.0	11	22.9	790	1.6	38	0.79	
Macclesfield	90	71	79.4	2	2.7	16	18.3	872	1.0	94	1.04	
Vale Royal	76	59	77.3	2	2.6	16	20.6	1,077	1.4	51	0.67	
Cumbria	293	219	75.7	8	3.6	62	21.4	5,584	1.9	254	0.87	
Allerdale	57	40	72.1	2	4.4	14	24.5	1,204	2.1	42	0.74	
Barrow-in-Furness	42	31	71.4	1	4.3	11	25.5	1,201	2.8	29	0.69	
Carlisle	62	46	76.3	1	2.7	13	21.5	1,180	1.9	60	0.98	
Copeland	42	30	72.2	2	5.5	10	23.5	1,258	3.0	36	0.84	
Eden	31	25	81.3	1	2.0	5	16.9	207	0.7	30	0.98	
South Lakeland	59	48	81.0	1	2.8	10	16.5	533	0.9	57	0.97	
Bolton	162	121	75.7	5	3.8	34	21.4	3,530	2.2	122	0.76	
Bury	112	87	77.0	4	4.2	22	19.5	1,863	1.7	73	0.65	
Manchester	286	150	59.5	15	8.7	87	34.7	11,274	3.9	333	1.16	
Oldham	132	95	71.7	5	4.9	32	24.4	3,168	2.4	90	0.68	
Rochdale	127	90	71.4	4	4.4	32	25.3	3,258	2.6	92	0.73	
Salford	134	89	68.6	4	4.5	37	28.2	3,452	2.6	122	0.91	
Stockport	172	141	81.9	3	2.3	28	16.1	2,522	1.5	134	0.78	
Tameside	132	100	75.5	5	4.5	28	20.9	2,925	2.2	81	0.62	
Trafford	130	96	74.8	4	4.1	28	21.9	2,188	1.7	140	1.08	
Wigan	190	143	75.8	6	4.0	39	20.9	4,123	2.2	113	0.59	
Lancashire	696	508	73.8	25	4.5	156	22.7	12,037	1.7	550	0.79	
Burnley	53	38	70.7	2	4.8	14	25.6	996	1.9	40	0.75	
Chorley	65	49	78.2	1	2.2	12	20.0	819	1.3	44	0.68	
Fylde	43	33	76.9	1	3.7	9	20.3	414	1.0	46	1.06	
Hyndburn	49	35	71.7	2	5.1	12	24.5	925	1.9	34	0.69	
Lancaster	83	53	64.0	5	8.0	25	30.4	1,822	2.2	61	0.73	
Pendle	54	38	70.1	2	4.0	15	27.0	948	1.8	38	0.70	
Preston	82	57	70.7	4	6.3	20	24.4	2,118	2.6	96	1.17	
Ribble Valley	34	25	77.6	1	2.5	7	20.2	190	0.6	31	0.92	
Rossendale	41	31	76.9	1	3.9	8	19.9	602	1.5	25	0.60	
South Ribble	65	52	81.4	2	3.1	10	15.8	728	1.1	49	0.76	
West Lancashire	66	49	74.6	3	5.2	14	21.2	1,583	2.4	46	0.69	
Wyre	61	48	79.4	2	3.0	11	18.1	893	1.5	41	0.67	

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

* Sample size zero or disclosive (less than three).

^a Less than 500.

^b Official mid-2003 estimate of the resident population.

^c Labour demand is jobs plus vacancies. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

^c Annual Population Survey (APS) data relate to the period January 2004 to December 2004. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. The APS data in this table are consistent with population estimates released in February 2003, not the latest revised population estimates.

^d Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Average for January 2004 to December 2004.

^e Jobs data are for 2003, and are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees.

^f Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

^g Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.

^g Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB these are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables A.3, A.11 and F.1.

LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

Local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority

A.12

Not seasonally adjusted

	Population ^a		Labour supply				Working age benefit		Labour demand ^b		
			Employment ^c		Unemployment ^c		Economic inactivity ^c		Claimant count ^d		
	16-59/64 (000's)	Total 16-59/64 (000's)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000's)	Rate ^e (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000's)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ^g (%)	Total (000's)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Knowsley	91	59	66.2	4	6.6	26	29.1	3,649	4.0	58	0.64
Liverpool	282	165	60.8	15	8.0	92	33.8	14,256	5.1	239	0.85
St. Helens	108	76	71.5	4	4.4	27	25.3	2,922	2.7	70	0.65
Sefton	164	119	73.9	7	5.4	35	21.9	4,560	2.8	120	0.73
Wirral	185	134	73.4	7	5.0	41	22.7	5,691	3.1	116	0.63
YORKSHIRE AND THE HUMBER	3,073	2,245	73.9	108	4.5	685	22.5	74,512	2.4	2,485	0.81
East Riding of Yorkshire UA	192	143	75.1	5	3.1	43	22.4	3,776	2.0	135	0.71
Kingston upon Hull, City of UA	155	103	69.7	8	7.2	37	24.9	7,557	4.9	132	0.85
North East Lincolnshire UA	93	67	73.1	5	6.4	20	21.9	3,408	3.7	75	0.80
North Lincolnshire UA	93	69	75.5	3	3.8	20	21.4	2,040	2.2	76	0.82
York UA	117	90	79.4	3	2.6	21	18.4	1,706	1.5	113	0.97
North Yorkshire	344	268	79.6	7	2.6	61	18.2	4,655	1.4	307	0.89
Craven	31	25	81.7	1	2.0	5	16.6	263	0.9	32	1.03
Hambleton	51	42	82.8	1	1.6	8	15.8	517	1.0	51	1.00
Harrogate	93	76	83.6	2	2.0	13	14.7	902	1.0	85	0.91
Richmondshire	32	22	77.8	1	4.7	5	18.2	358	1.1	29	0.92
Ryedale	29	24	82.1	-	1.6	5	16.5	333	1.1	29	0.99
Scarborough	61	44	72.2	2	3.9	15	24.7	1,590	2.6	48	0.79
Selby	47	37	76.4	1	3.1	10	21.0	692	1.5	34	0.71
Barnsley	135	96	72.3	5	5.0	32	23.8	2,697	2.0	85	0.63
Doncaster	175	122	71.1	6	4.9	43	25.1	4,596	2.6	120	0.69
Rotherham	153	113	75.0	5	3.8	33	22.0	3,637	2.4	105	0.68
Sheffield	321	219	68.6	16	6.8	84	26.4	9,168	2.9	272	0.85
Bradford	290	198	69.4	11	5.1	76	26.8	8,683	3.0	222	0.77
Calderdale	118	87	73.9	4	4.6	27	22.6	2,572	2.2	89	0.76
Kirklees	241	179	74.9	9	4.4	51	21.5	4,807	2.0	174	0.72
Leeds	451	339	75.0	16	4.5	97	21.4	11,298	2.5	434	0.96
Wakefield	197	150	77.1	5	3.1	40	20.3	3,913	2.0	144	0.73
EAST MIDLANDS	2,622	1,946	75.4	90	4.3	548	21.2	53,290	2.0	2,044	0.78
Derby UA	143	96	70.9	8	7.1	32	23.7	4,190	2.9	124	0.87
Leicester UA	180	114	65.1	10	8.0	51	29.1	8,597	4.8	175	0.97
Nottingham UA	180	108	63.2	11	9.1	52	30.3	6,540	3.6	197	1.09
Rutland UA	21	17	78.9	-	2.0	4	19.6	97	0.5	17	0.82
Derbyshire	454	348	76.7	13	3.4	94	20.6	8,374	1.8	317	0.70
Amber Valley	72	56	78.0	2	3.3	14	19.6	1,172	1.6	54	0.75
Bolsover	44	29	67.8	2	5.3	12	28.3	1,077	2.4	23	0.53
Chesterfield	61	44	71.7	2	4.2	15	25.1	1,820	3.0	56	0.93
Derbyshire Dales	41	31	77.7	1	1.8	8	20.7	436	1.1	38	0.92
Erewash	68	55	81.8	2	3.3	10	15.4	1,267	1.9	44	0.65
High Peak	56	44	77.9	2	4.7	10	18.3	828	1.5	37	0.66
North East Derbyshire	59	44	75.1	2	3.7	13	21.9	1,184	2.0	32	0.55
South Derbyshire	53	44	80.9	1	1.4	10	18.0	590	1.1	32	0.60
Leicestershire	385	307	80.3	9	2.8	66	17.3	4,951	1.3	281	0.73
Blaby	57	46	82.4	1	1.2	9	16.6	656	1.2	42	0.74
Charnwood	100	76	76.5	3	4.0	20	20.1	1,567	1.6	68	0.69
Harborough	48	40	83.7	1	1.4	7	15.1	381	0.8	37	0.76
Hinckley and Bosworth	63	51	82.2	2	2.8	10	15.7	835	1.3	46	0.73
Melton	30	25	83.9	1	3.2	4	13.1	286	1.0	22	0.74
North West Leicestershire	54	43	80.2	2	3.5	9	16.8	676	1.2	49	0.90
Oadby and Wigston	34	26	76.7	1	3.0	7	20.9	551	1.6	18	0.55
Lincolnshire	393	291	75.3	13	3.9	83	21.5	6,151	1.6	305	0.78
Boston	34	25	76.2	1	4.2	7	20.5	417	1.2	28	0.84
East Lindsey	76	52	70.9	3	4.8	19	25.6	1,425	1.9	54	0.71
Lincoln	55	37	70.3	2	6.0	13	25.0	1,386	2.5	56	1.03
North Kesteven	59	45	79.4	2	3.3	10	17.8	585	1.0	39	0.67
South Holland	45	36	77.7	1	3.5	9	19.3	567	1.3	38	0.84
South Kesteven	76	61	78.8	2	2.4	15	19.2	836	1.1	59	0.77
West Lindsey	49	35	74.3	2	4.0	11	22.4	935	1.9	31	0.63
Northamptonshire	401	319	80.2	10	3.0	69	17.3	6,797	1.7	335	0.83
Corby	33	26	80.2	1	3.6	5	16.7	976	3.0	30	0.92
Daventry	47	36	78.4	1	3.3	9	18.8	581	1.2	35	0.76
East Northamptonshire	49	40	81.7	1	2.8	8	16.1	664	1.4	28	0.57
Kettering	52	40	78.3	1	2.6	10	19.5	857	1.6	40	0.77
Northampton	125	96	78.3	3	3.1	23	19.1	2,573	2.1	130	1.04
South Northamptonshire	52	45	85.9	1	1.9	7	12.5	372	0.7	34	0.66
Wellingborough	45	36	80.8	1	3.7	7	16.0	775	1.7	37	0.83
Nottinghamshire	463	345	75.4	16	4.2	97	21.2	7,593	1.6	292	0.63
Ashfield	69	53	75.6	3	4.6	14	20.7	1,391	2.0	45	0.65
Bassetlaw	67	49	76.3	3	4.9	13	19.6	1,269	1.9	47	0.70
Broxtowe	68	48	71.7	2	3.9	17	25.3	1,015	1.5	36	0.53
Gedling	68	51	76.5	3	4.8	13	19.5	1,043	1.5	35	0.51
Mansfield	60	42	71.3	2	4.0	15	25.6	1,310	2.2	41	0.68
Newark and Sherwood	65	50	78.2	1	2.5	13	19.8	944	1.5	46	0.71
Rushcliffe	66	52	78.1	3	4.8	12	17.9	622	0.9	42	0.64

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

* Sample size zero or disclosive (less than three).

- Less than 500.

a Official mid-2003 estimate of the resident population.

b Labour demand is jobs plus vacancies. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

c Annual Population Survey (APS) data relate to the period January 2004 to December 2004. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. The APS data in this table are consistent with population estimates released in February 2003, not the latest revised population estimates.

d Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Average for January 2004 to December 2004.

e Jobs data are for 2003, and are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees.

f Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

g Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB these are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables A.3, A.11 and F.1.

A.12 LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

Local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority

Not seasonally adjusted

	Population ^a		Labour supply				Working age benefit		Labour demand ^b		
			Employment ^c		Unemployment ^c		Economic inactivity ^c		Claimant count ^d		
	16-59/64 (000's)	Total 16-59/64 (000's)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000's)	Rate ^e (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000's)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ^f (%)	Total (000's)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
WEST MIDLANDS	3,245	2,349	73.5	131	5.1	718	22.5	89,252	2.8	2,637	0.81
Herefordshire, County of UA	103	84	80.9	3	2.9	17	16.5	1,565	1.5	88	0.85
Stoke-on-Trent UA	147	103	70.0	5	4.8	39	26.5	3,847	2.6	120	0.81
Telford and Wrekin UA	101	77	75.6	3	3.9	22	21.4	1,800	1.8	84	0.83
Shropshire	171	131	78.8	4	3.0	31	18.7	2,103	1.2	136	0.80
Bridgnorth	33	23	75.9	1	3.2	6	21.4	324	1.0	22	0.67
North Shropshire	35	26	78.8	1	2.0	6	19.5	400	1.1	24	0.69
Oswestry	23	18	80.2	1	3.7	4	16.6	369	1.6	17	0.75
Shrewsbury and Atcham	57	45	79.9	2	3.1	10	17.6	765	1.3	55	0.96
South Shropshire	23	19	78.7	1	3.2	4	18.7	245	1.1	18	0.79
Staffordshire	500	387	77.9	14	3.4	95	19.2	7,748	1.5	366	0.73
Cannock Chase	58	46	76.9	3	6.4	11	17.7	1,100	1.9	40	0.68
East Staffordshire	64	48	75.0	1	2.8	14	22.7	993	1.5	64	1.00
Lichfield	58	46	80.2	2	3.4	10	16.9	831	1.4	46	0.80
Newcastle-under-Lyme	76	53	74.1	2	3.3	17	23.3	1,093	1.4	50	0.66
South Staffordshire	64	51	79.4	1	2.5	12	18.4	997	1.5	35	0.55
Stafford	75	59	79.8	2	3.2	13	17.5	1,188	1.6	63	0.84
Staffordshire Moorlands	58	46	80.5	1	2.2	10	17.6	687	1.2	34	0.59
Tamworth	47	38	77.9	2	3.9	9	18.9	860	1.8	34	0.72
Warwickshire	322	245	77.5	7	2.7	64	20.2	4,690	1.5	257	0.80
North Warwickshire	39	31	77.1	1	2.7	8	20.7	523	1.4	31	0.80
Nuneaton and Bedworth	74	55	74.8	3	4.5	16	21.6	1,481	2.0	41	0.55
Rugby	54	44	81.7	1	1.6	9	16.9	882	1.6	47	0.85
Stratford-on-Avon	69	56	80.7	1	2.2	12	17.3	714	1.0	60	0.87
Warwick	85	60	74.5	2	2.4	19	23.5	1,091	1.3	78	0.92
Birmingham	606	392	66.2	37	8.5	163	27.5	30,426	5.0	540	0.89
Coventry	190	132	71.2	8	5.5	46	24.5	5,902	3.1	159	0.83
Dudley	184	140	76.2	9	5.9	35	18.9	5,314	2.9	139	0.75
Sandwell	171	111	66.1	12	9.4	46	27.0	7,210	4.2	135	0.79
Solihull	119	92	77.3	5	4.5	23	18.9	2,260	1.9	118	0.98
Walsall	149	105	70.7	7	5.9	37	24.8	5,029	3.4	112	0.75
Wolverhampton	144	93	66.9	7	6.8	39	28.0	6,114	4.2	115	0.80
Worcestershire	337	257	77.9	9	3.3	64	19.3	5,244	1.6	270	0.80
Bromsgrove	54	42	80.1	2	4.1	9	16.3	872	1.6	36	0.67
Malvern Hills	42	32	78.1	1	3.5	8	19.0	413	1.0	34	0.81
Redditch	51	40	79.0	2	4.0	9	17.6	1,050	2.1	45	0.89
Worcester	59	46	78.0	2	3.2	11	19.3	1,073	1.8	61	1.04
Wychavon	70	54	78.9	1	1.0	14	20.3	816	1.2	53	0.77
Wyre Forest	60	44	73.8	2	4.7	13	22.4	1,020	1.7	40	0.66
EAST	3,332	2,602	78.6	104	3.7	607	18.3	56,273	1.7	2,751	0.83
Luton UA	116	82	71.5	6	6.4	27	23.6	3,356	2.9	90	0.77
Peterborough UA	99	75	77.4	4	4.4	18	18.9	2,313	2.3	100	1.01
Southend-on-Sea UA	94	75	76.8	4	5.2	18	18.8	2,510	2.7	98	1.04
Thurrock UA	92	73	78.5	2	3.2	18	18.9	1,949	2.1	65	0.70
Bedfordshire	243	199	81.3	7	3.3	39	15.9	3,981	1.6	179	0.74
Bedford	93	74	79.9	3	3.8	16	17.1	2,100	2.3	80	0.86
Mid Bedfordshire	79	66	83.2	2	2.5	12	14.5	843	1.1	50	0.63
South Bedfordshire	71	58	81.0	2	3.6	11	15.9	1,038	1.5	49	0.69
Cambridgeshire	363	288	80.7	12	3.7	57	16.1	4,366	1.2	309	0.85
Cambridge	92	56	75.1	3	5.2	15	20.7	1,160	1.4	98	1.19
East Cambridgeshire	48	39	82.0	1	2.5	7	15.8	532	1.1	30	0.63
Fenland	50	39	78.7	2	4.6	9	17.4	917	1.8	35	0.71
Huntingdonshire	100	83	82.0	3	3.6	15	14.9	1,069	1.1	74	0.74
South Cambridgeshire	83	70	84.7	2	2.9	11	12.7	689	0.8	71	0.85
Essex	802	624	78.1	25	3.7	150	18.7	11,814	1.5	614	0.77
Basildon	102	76	74.8	4	5.1	21	21.1	1,920	1.9	81	0.80
Braintree	83	66	77.6	2	3.1	17	19.8	1,200	1.4	61	0.73
Brentwood	41	33	79.4	1	2.2	8	18.7	396	1.0	38	0.92
Castle Point	52	42	80.7	1	2.4	9	17.2	715	1.4	23	0.45
Chelmsford	100	79	80.7	3	3.9	16	16.1	1,247	1.3	90	0.91
Colchester	101	77	78.8	3	4.2	17	17.6	1,326	1.3	87	0.87
Epping Forest	74	57	76.5	3	4.1	15	20.1	1,092	1.5	50	0.68
Harlow	48	37	78.9	2	3.9	8	17.8	1,035	2.2	44	0.92
Maldon	37	29	80.5	1	2.7	6	17.2	439	1.2	22	0.61
Rochford	47	36	77.7	2	5.0	8	18.0	515	1.1	27	0.59
Tendring	75	58	76.4	2	3.5	16	20.8	1,594	2.1	48	0.64
Uttlesford	43	34	78.9	1	2.7	8	18.9	334	0.8	41	0.96
Hertfordshire	643	515	80.4	18	3.2	108	16.8	8,690	1.4	578	0.90
Broxbourne	53	42	77.6	2	4.2	10	18.8	904	1.7	42	0.79
Dacorum	85	73	85.4	3	3.5	10	11.4	1,363	1.6	75	0.88
East Hertfordshire	82	68	82.2	2	2.5	13	15.6	650	0.8	69	0.84
Hertsmere	57	44	76.6	1	2.2	12	21.6	876	1.5	54	0.95
North Hertfordshire	73	61	83.2	2	3.7	10	13.4	986	1.4	59	0.82
St. Albans	82	65	81.4	1	2.0	14	17.1	707	0.9	68	0.83
Stevenage	49	41	83.0	1	2.9	7	14.4	874	1.8	49	1.00
Three Rivers	51	39	77.8	1	3.4	10	19.3	562	1.1	38	0.75
Watford	51	40	78.4	1	2.7	10	19.4	918	1.8	57	1.12
Welwyn Hatfield	60	42	73.9	3	5.7	12	21.5	851	1.4	65	1.09

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

* Sample size zero or disclosive (less than three).

- Less than 500.

a Official mid-2003 estimate of the resident population.

b Labour demand is jobs plus vacancies. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

c Annual Population Survey (APS) data relate to the period January 2004 to December 2004. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. The APS data in this table are consistent with population estimates released in February 2003, not the latest revised population estimates.

d Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Average for January 2004 to December 2004.

e Jobs data are for 2003, and are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees.

f Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

g Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.

g Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB these are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables A.3, A.11 and F.1.

LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

Local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority

A.12

Not seasonally adjusted

	Population ^a		Labour supply				Working age benefit		Labour demand ^b		
			Employment ^c		Unemployment ^c		Economic inactivity ^c		Claimant count ^d		
	16-59/64 (000's)	Total 16-59/64 (000's)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000's)	Rate ^e (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000's)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ^g (%)	Total (000's)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Norfolk	478	360	76.2	18	4.7	95	20.1	9,786	2.0	386	0.81
Breckland	73	58	80.1	4	5.8	11	15.2	948	1.3	49	0.67
Broadland	71	55	76.6	3	4.1	14	20.0	742	1.0	49	0.69
Great Yarmouth	54	37	70.7	2	5.9	13	24.6	2,571	4.8	42	0.78
King's Lynn and West Norfolk	79	60	77.5	3	4.9	14	18.6	1,425	1.8	60	0.76
North Norfolk	54	41	75.8	2	3.6	12	21.3	890	1.6	42	0.77
Norwich	81	55	72.0	4	6.0	18	23.3	2,512	3.1	97	1.20
South Norfolk	66	53	79.2	1	2.2	13	19.0	698	1.0	47	0.71
Suffolk	401	311	78.6	7	2.2	78	19.6	7,508	1.9	333	0.83
Babergh	49	39	77.3	1	2.7	10	20.7	616	1.2	38	0.77
Forest Heath	38	26	80.4	1	2.1	6	17.8	344	0.9	30	0.80
Ipswich	71	56	79.8	2	3.3	12	17.3	2,294	3.2	73	1.03
Mid Suffolk	52	42	80.5	1	1.7	9	18.1	586	1.1	40	0.77
St. Edmundsbury	61	47	80.0	*	*	12	19.6	715	1.2	57	0.93
Suffolk Coastal	66	53	77.9	2	2.7	14	19.8	841	1.3	51	0.78
Waveney	64	47	74.9	1	2.2	15	23.3	2,113	3.3	43	0.67
LONDON	4,908	3,302	69.1	262	7.1	1,216	25.5	164,185	3.3	4,532	0.92
Inner London											
Camden	152	93	65.7	8	7.3	41	29.1	5,697	3.8	278	1.84
City of London	6	3	100.0	*	*	*	*	97	1.6	344	55.74
Hackney	139	78	56.2	11	11.9	50	36.1	7,865	5.7	97	0.70
Hammersmith and Fulham	126	86	69.4	9	9.4	29	23.3	4,255	3.4	122	0.97
Haringey	155	86	58.1	11	11.3	51	34.2	7,816	5.0	75	0.48
Islington	128	78	63.6	8	8.9	37	30.0	6,342	5.0	177	1.38
Kensington and Chelsea	123	75	63.7	5	5.9	38	32.1	2,723	2.2	134	1.08
Lambeth	190	118	66.7	15	11.4	43	24.6	9,925	5.2	139	0.73
Lewisham	167	116	69.8	12	9.4	38	22.7	7,800	4.7	80	0.48
Newham	164	87	55.7	9	9.1	60	38.6	7,316	4.5	77	0.47
Southwark	174	104	64.5	14	11.4	44	27.0	9,289	5.3	177	1.02
Tower Hamlets	141	73	53.7	11	12.6	52	38.5	8,115	5.8	164	1.16
Wandsworth	200	141	75.7	8	5.0	38	20.2	5,313	2.7	127	0.63
Westminster	164	88	64.5	7	7.2	41	30.4	4,021	2.5	597	3.65
Outer London											
Barking and Dagenham	101	63	64.4	7	9.2	29	29.0	3,502	3.5	55	0.54
Barnet	208	153	71.4	11	6.6	50	23.6	5,307	2.6	138	0.66
Bexley	133	105	77.9	4	3.3	26	19.4	2,759	2.1	77	0.57
Brent	180	113	65.6	10	8.0	50	28.8	8,133	4.5	119	0.66
Bromley	182	145	79.3	7	4.7	30	16.7	3,778	2.1	125	0.69
Croydon	216	164	75.9	10	5.6	42	19.6	5,883	2.7	151	0.70
Ealing	206	147	71.6	9	5.8	49	24.1	5,868	2.8	136	0.66
Enfield	178	123	70.1	6	4.7	47	26.6	6,070	3.4	110	0.62
Greenwich	146	94	68.2	8	7.7	36	25.8	5,886	4.0	75	0.52
Harrow	134	98	71.3	9	8.4	30	21.9	3,082	2.3	83	0.62
Havering	135	104	77.1	3	2.6	28	20.7	2,342	1.7	92	0.69
Hillingdon	157	122	76.7	5	4.1	32	20.0	3,541	2.3	182	1.16
Hounslow	142	97	69.5	10	8.8	33	23.5	3,197	2.2	134	0.94
Kingston upon Thames	101	76	75.4	3	4.2	22	21.3	1,630	1.6	79	0.78
Merton	128	97	75.8	8	7.0	24	18.4	2,857	2.2	77	0.60
Redbridge	155	116	75.1	5	4.1	33	21.6	3,974	2.6	84	0.54
Richmond upon Thames	119	85	71.2	5	5.0	30	24.9	1,782	1.5	83	0.70
Sutton	112	87	75.8	5	5.2	23	19.8	1,920	1.7	72	0.64
Waltham Forest	146	88	63.5	8	8.3	42	30.6	6,101	4.2	70	0.48
SOUTH EAST	4,962	3,888	78.9	157	3.7	887	18.0	71,664	1.4	4,322	0.87
Bracknell Forest UA	72	60	82.6	2	3.0	11	14.8	813	1.1	73	1.02
Brighton and Hove UA	166	125	76.1	8	6.1	31	18.7	5,083	3.1	133	0.80
Isle of Wight UA	78	56	76.3	2	3.0	16	21.4	1,789	2.3	60	0.77
Medway UA	158	117	74.5	8	6.1	32	20.5	3,688	2.3	101	0.64
Milton Keynes UA	142	112	80.1	5	4.3	23	16.2	2,590	1.8	145	1.02
Portsmouth UA	122	87	72.3	6	6.5	27	22.6	2,276	1.9	122	1.00
Reading UA	97	73	76.9	4	5.2	18	18.8	1,969	2.0	111	1.14
Slough UA	77	58	74.6	3	5.2	16	21.2	2,234	2.9	81	1.05
Southampton UA	147	106	75.1	5	4.7	30	21.2	2,975	2.0	125	0.85
West Berkshire UA	91	76	81.6	2	2.7	15	16.1	787	0.9	91	1.00
Windsor and Maidenhead UA	84	67	79.2	3	3.7	15	17.7	1,193	1.4	86	1.02
Wokingham UA	98	79	80.8	2	2.5	17	17.1	802	0.8	74	0.76
Buckinghamshire	294	240	80.8	9	3.4	48	16.2	3,722	1.3	256	0.87
Aylesbury Vale	105	86	82.0	3	3.5	16	14.8	1,040	1.0	78	0.74
Chiltern	52	42	79.3	2	3.5	9	17.7	565	1.1	43	0.82
South Bucks	37	30	82.0	1	2.8	6	15.5	390	1.1	34	0.93
Wycombe	100	81	79.9	3	3.3	17	17.2	1,727	1.7	100	1.01
East Sussex	276	217	77.7	9	3.9	53	19.0	5,143	1.9	205	0.74
Eastbourne	51	39	75.2	2	5.3	11	20.3	1,223	2.4	44	0.87
Hastings	50	36	72.0	2	6.0	12	23.4	1,752	3.5	35	0.69
Lewes	52	41	79.1	1	3.3	9	18.0	774	1.5	39	0.76
Rother	44	36	80.5	2	3.7	7	16.1	694	1.6	32	0.73
Wealden	79	65	80.2	2	2.3	14	17.8	700	0.9	55	0.69

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

* Sample size zero or disclosive (less than three).

- Less than 500.

a Official mid-2003 estimate of the resident population.

b Labour demand is jobs plus vacancies. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

c Annual Population Survey (APS) data relate to the period January 2004 to December 2004. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. The APS data in this table are consistent with population estimates released in February 2003, not the latest revised population estimates.

d Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Average for January 2004 to December 2004.

e Jobs data are for 2003, and are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees.

f Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.

g Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB these are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables A.3, A.11 and F.1.

A.12 LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY

Local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority

	Not seasonally adjusted										
	Population ^a		Labour supply				Working age benefit		Labour demand ^b		
	Employment ^c		Unemployment ^c		Economic inactivity ^c		Claimant count ^d		Jobs ^e		
	16-59/64 (000's)	Total 16-59/64 (000's)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000's)	Rate ^f (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000's)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ^g (%)	Total Jobs 16-59/64 (ratio)	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Hampshire	765	624	81.8	19	2.8	120	15.8	7,405	1.0	631	0.82
Basingstoke and Deane	99	80	82.9	2	1.8	15	15.5	917	0.9	88	0.89
East Hampshire	67	56	81.7	2	3.4	10	15.3	607	0.9	52	0.77
Eastleigh	72	64	85.0	2	3.1	9	12.2	633	0.9	61	0.85
Fareham	66	54	83.8	1	2.6	9	13.9	552	0.8	52	0.80
Gosport	48	37	79.1	2	3.9	8	17.7	497	1.0	26	0.54
Hart	55	44	81.0	1	1.7	10	17.7	389	0.7	47	0.85
Havant	68	52	77.9	2	3.1	13	19.4	1,218	1.8	45	0.66
New Forest	96	80	81.4	2	2.5	16	16.6	827	0.9	71	0.74
Rushmoor	59	47	83.4	2	4.1	7	13.1	725	1.2	58	0.97
Test Valley	68	57	81.0	1	1.8	12	17.4	524	0.8	58	0.85
Winchester	68	53	81.7	2	3.4	10	15.3	518	0.8	75	1.11
Kent	807	616	77.3	25	3.8	156	19.6	14,253	1.8	647	0.80
Ashford	64	51	80.4	1	1.6	11	18.2	806	1.3	56	0.88
Canterbury	84	60	73.7	2	3.7	19	23.3	1,264	1.5	66	0.79
Dartford	53	42	76.8	2	4.4	11	19.6	981	1.8	56	1.05
Dover	61	45	73.8	3	5.9	13	21.4	1,352	2.2	48	0.79
Gravesend	58	45	79.0	1	3.1	10	18.3	1,397	2.4	32	0.56
Maidstone	88	69	81.2	2	3.1	14	16.1	1,127	1.3	82	0.93
Sevenoaks	65	49	76.7	1	2.0	14	21.7	654	1.0	50	0.77
Shepway	57	42	74.1	2	4.0	13	22.6	1,393	2.4	41	0.72
Swale	76	59	78.8	3	4.7	13	17.1	1,507	2.0	49	0.64
Thanet	71	52	74.6	2	4.0	16	22.4	2,375	3.3	49	0.69
Tonbridge and Malling	66	51	78.1	2	4.0	12	18.5	714	1.1	59	0.89
Tunbridge Wells	63	49	79.6	3	4.8	10	16.3	685	1.1	59	0.93
Oxfordshire	392	303	79.3	11	3.3	68	17.9	3,924	1.0	362	0.92
Cherwell	84	71	84.1	2	3.2	11	13.0	812	1.0	75	0.89
Oxford	101	63	70.0	3	4.9	24	26.3	1,573	1.6	106	1.05
South Oxfordshire	78	62	79.6	2	3.4	14	17.4	655	0.8	65	0.83
Vale of White Horse	71	57	81.2	1	2.3	12	16.8	509	0.7	70	0.99
West Oxfordshire	58	50	83.7	2	2.8	8	13.7	375	0.6	46	0.79
Surrey	657	520	79.9	19	3.4	113	17.3	6,011	0.9	609	0.93
Elmbridge	77	62	77.5	3	3.9	15	19.3	732	0.9	62	0.80
Epsom and Ewell	42	34	82.9	1	2.8	6	14.6	382	0.9	31	0.75
Guildford	85	64	79.8	2	2.6	14	18.0	861	1.0	88	1.04
Mole Valley	47	36	78.1	2	4.7	9	18.5	319	0.7	50	1.05
Reigate and Banstead	78	59	76.7	2	2.9	16	20.9	643	0.8	72	0.93
Runnymede	50	39	81.0	2	4.4	7	15.3	453	0.9	50	1.00
Spelthorne	54	43	80.0	2	4.0	9	16.7	686	1.3	46	0.85
Surrey Heath	51	42	82.0	2	4.3	7	14.3	420	0.8	52	1.02
Tandridge	47	39	81.0	2	3.6	8	15.9	383	0.8	42	0.88
Waverley	69	55	80.9	1	2.3	12	17.1	549	0.8	60	0.86
Woking	56	47	81.6	1	2.4	9	16.3	583	1.0	56	0.99
West Sussex	440	352	79.4	13	3.5	78	17.6	5,007	1.1	412	0.94
Adur	34	27	80.7	1	3.5	5	16.2	455	1.4	22	0.65
Arun	77	60	76.3	3	4.7	15	19.7	930	1.2	54	0.70
Chichester	60	46	77.8	1	1.1	13	21.3	733	1.2	73	1.21
Crawley	62	47	75.5	3	5.4	13	20.1	886	1.4	89	1.43
Horsham	74	62	81.9	3	4.6	10	13.9	700	0.9	59	0.80
Mid Sussex	77	62	80.2	2	2.6	14	17.6	625	0.8	63	0.81
Worthing	55	47	84.7	1	2.2	8	13.8	678	1.2	53	0.96
SOUTH WEST	2,988	2,299	77.9	85	3.4	571	19.4	42,542	1.4	2,602	0.87
Bath and North East Somerset UA	105	81	77.3	3	3.6	21	19.8	1,036	1.0	98	0.93
Bournemouth UA	100	73	75.2	3	3.8	21	21.9	1,560	1.6	89	0.89
Bristol, City of UA	256	183	75.0	10	4.9	52	21.2	5,531	2.2	261	1.02
North Somerset UA	113	87	77.9	3	3.0	22	19.6	1,163	1.0	82	0.73
Plymouth UA	151	110	74.0	4	3.7	34	23.1	3,383	2.2	124	0.82
Poole UA	80	65	78.5	2	2.3	16	19.5	739	0.9	76	0.94
South Gloucestershire UA	153	128	83.7	3	2.3	22	14.4	1,351	0.9	141	0.92
Swindon UA	115	92	79.9	4	4.5	19	16.4	2,115	1.8	118	1.03
Torbay UA	74	53	72.3	2	3.7	18	24.7	1,738	2.3	57	0.77
Cornwall and the Isles of Scilly	301	221	74.6	11	4.5	65	21.9	5,593	1.9	241	0.80
Caradon	48	37	78.8	1	2.6	9	19.0	696	1.4	33	0.69
Carrick	52	38	74.4	2	4.6	11	22.0	963	1.8	54	1.03
Kerrier	56	41	74.0	3	5.7	12	21.6	1,082	1.9	37	0.65
North Cornwall	48	37	76.7	1	3.4	10	20.4	828	1.7	42	0.89
Penwith	37	25	70.4	2	5.4	9	25.5	858	2.3	28	0.76
Restormel	58	42	72.6	2	5.3	14	23.4	1,157	2.0	45	0.77
Isles of Scilly	1	*	*	*	*	*	*	9	0.6	1	0.91
Devon	415	317	77.6	11	3.2	81	19.7	5,449	1.3	351	0.85
East Devon	67	54	78.7	1	2.3	13	19.6	634	0.9	50	0.73
Exeter	74	50	73.2	3	4.9	16	22.8	1,088	1.5	85	1.15
Mid Devon	42	33	81.0	1	2.5	7	16.8	421	1.0	32	0.77
North Devon	51	40	79.0	1	2.6	9	18.7	942	1.8	44	0.86
South Hams	47	36	76.5	1	2.9	10	21.1	501	1.1	44	0.92
Teignbridge	70	55	79.3	2	3.3	12	17.8	820	1.2	52	0.74
Torrige	35	27	75.8	1	4.2	7	20.8	765	2.2	24	0.68
West Devon	29	22	77.7	1	2.8	6	19.9	278	1.0	21	0.73

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

* Sample size zero or disclosive (less than three).

- Less than 500.

a Official mid-2003 estimate of the resident population.

b Labour demand is jobs plus vacancies. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

c Annual Population Survey (APS) data relate to the period January 2004 to December 2004. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. The APS data in this table are consistent with population estimates released in February 2003, not the latest revised population estimates.

d Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Average for January 2004 to December 2004.

e Jobs data are for 2003, and are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees.

f Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

g Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB these are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables A.3, A.11 and F.1.

LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY Local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority

A.12

Not seasonally adjusted

	Population ^a		Labour supply						Working age benefit		Labour demand ^b	
			Employment ^c		Unemployment ^c		Economic inactivity ^c		Claimant count ^d		Jobs ^e	
	16-59/64 (000's)	Total 16-59/64 (000's)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000's)	Rate ^f (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000's)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ^g (%)	Total (000's)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Dorset	221	179	80.2	5	2.3	40	17.9	1,960	0.9	179	0.81	
Christchurch	23	19	80.0	1	2.5	4	18.0	231	1.0	25	1.08	
East Dorset	46	38	79.3	1	1.3	10	19.8	342	0.7	34	0.74	
North Dorset	37	29	82.4	~	0.7	6	17.1	259	0.7	31	0.83	
Purbeck	26	21	79.2	1	2.8	5	18.4	160	0.6	23	0.88	
West Dorset	51	42	81.3	1	2.4	9	16.5	388	0.8	46	0.90	
Weymouth and Portland	38	29	78.3	2	4.7	7	17.7	581	1.5	21	0.55	
Gloucestershire	343	268	78.6	12	4.0	62	18.1	5,255	1.5	310	0.90	
Cheltenham	68	53	78.4	3	5.3	12	17.1	1,246	1.8	72	1.05	
Cotswold	48	39	81.2	2	3.8	8	15.6	397	0.8	44	0.92	
Forest of Dean	48	36	75.5	2	4.2	10	21.0	716	1.5	31	0.64	
Gloucester	67	52	78.2	2	3.4	13	19.1	1,510	2.2	71	1.06	
Stroud	65	51	79.0	3	4.4	11	17.3	848	1.3	52	0.81	
Tewkesbury	46	36	79.7	1	2.1	9	18.7	538	1.2	40	0.87	
Somerset	295	231	79.6	7	2.7	53	18.2	3,557	1.2	244	0.83	
Mendip	63	49	79.3	1	1.9	12	19.1	798	1.3	46	0.74	
Sedgemoor	63	50	78.7	1	2.5	12	19.2	933	1.5	47	0.75	
South Somerset	89	71	80.5	3	3.3	15	16.5	832	0.9	79	0.89	
Taunton Deane	62	49	81.0	1	2.4	10	16.9	700	1.1	59	0.95	
West Somerset	19	13	73.8	-	3.2	4	23.8	295	1.5	12	0.65	
Wiltshire	266	210	80.2	6	2.4	46	17.7	2,114	0.8	231	0.87	
Kennet	46	35	80.8	1	2.6	7	17.0	415	0.9	39	0.84	
North Wiltshire	78	63	80.3	2	3.6	13	16.6	643	0.8	60	0.77	
Salisbury	69	55	81.7	1	2.5	11	16.1	398	0.6	68	0.98	
West Wiltshire	73	57	78.4	1	0.9	15	20.9	658	0.9	64	0.87	
WALES	1,765	1,243	71.2	65	4.8	439	25.1	40,735	2.3	1,306	0.74	
Blaenau Gwent	41	27	64.2	2	7.2	13	30.7	1,540	3.7	22	0.53	
Bridgend	78	58	74.6	2	3.7	17	22.5	1,711	2.2	54	0.69	
Caerphilly	103	67	64.3	5	7.0	32	30.8	2,828	2.7	51	0.49	
Cardiff	203	138	71.8	8	5.6	46	23.9	4,777	2.4	196	0.97	
Carmarthenshire	103	69	67.6	4	4.8	29	28.8	2,007	2.0	66	0.64	
Ceredigion	48	33	68.6	2	4.9	13	27.7	704	1.5	36	0.75	
Conwy	61	45	73.8	1	3.0	15	23.8	1,270	2.1	45	0.72	
Denbighshire	55	42	75.7	2	3.7	12	21.4	1,056	1.9	41	0.76	
Flintshire	92	74	79.1	2	2.4	18	18.9	1,543	1.7	68	0.74	
Gwynedd	69	50	72.9	2	3.9	16	24.0	1,781	2.6	59	0.85	
Isle of Anglesey	40	28	71.3	2	5.2	10	24.6	1,327	3.3	25	0.62	
Merthyr Tydfil	33	21	62.5	2	6.7	11	32.9	1,076	3.2	21	0.62	
Monmouthshire	51	39	76.4	1	2.5	11	21.6	766	1.5	45	0.88	
Neath Port Talbot	81	51	64.4	4	6.6	25	30.9	2,089	2.6	48	0.59	
Newport	83	56	69.2	3	5.0	22	27.0	2,258	2.7	78	0.93	
Pembrokeshire	67	47	70.3	3	4.9	17	25.9	1,953	2.9	48	0.72	
Powys	75	57	76.5	2	2.6	16	21.3	1,203	1.6	67	0.89	
Rhondda, Cynon, Taff	140	96	69.3	5	5.3	37	26.8	3,319	2.4	81	0.58	
Swansea	136	96	71.9	6	6.1	31	23.3	3,458	2.5	115	0.85	
Torfaen	54	39	71.3	2	5.0	14	24.9	1,167	2.2	40	0.74	
The Vale of Glamorgan	72	53	73.7	3	5.7	16	21.7	1,589	2.2	46	0.64	
Wrexham	80	59	74.0	2	2.6	19	24.1	1,313	1.6	57	0.71	
SCOTLAND	3,156	2,335	74.7	136	5.4	656	21.0	94,782	3.0	2,593	0.82	
Aberdeen City	136	100	76.2	6	5.9	25	19.0	2,662	2.0	173	1.27	
Aberdeenshire	143	113	79.3	6	4.9	23	16.4	1,956	1.4	100	0.70	
Angus	64	49	76.1	2	4.6	13	20.3	1,914	3.0	44	0.69	
Argyll and Bute	54	40	77.6	2	4.2	10	18.9	1,479	2.7	49	0.91	
Clackmannanshire	30	21	72.3	1	6.6	6	22.5	1,050	3.5	15	0.49	
Dumfries and Galloway	86	66	78.8	3	3.8	15	18.0	2,268	2.6	65	0.76	
Dundee City	89	58	68.3	6	9.0	21	24.6	3,795	4.3	79	0.89	
East Ayrshire	73	51	71.6	4	6.4	17	23.4	3,156	4.3	46	0.63	
East Dunbartonshire	65	54	81.3	1	2.4	11	16.8	1,134	1.7	29	0.45	
East Lothian	54	43	76.3	2	5.1	11	19.5	938	1.7	30	0.56	
East Renfrewshire	54	45	79.3	2	4.0	10	17.4	903	1.7	21	0.40	
Edinburgh, City of	298	222	75.5	12	5.1	60	20.3	7,056	2.4	344	1.15	
Eilean Siar	15	12	79.2	1	5.1	2	16.3	594	3.9	13	0.87	
Falkirk	91	69	76.9	3	4.5	17	19.3	2,836	3.1	63	0.70	
Fife	217	169	77.9	9	4.9	39	18.1	7,904	3.6	152	0.70	
Glasgow City	374	241	64.9	21	7.8	110	29.6	16,413	4.4	415	1.11	
Highland	127	102	82.8	4	3.7	17	13.9	3,366	2.6	115	0.90	
Inverclyde	51	35	68.7	3	7.6	13	25.4	2,566	5.0	34	0.66	
Midlothian	49	41	80.0	2	3.5	9	17.0	969	2.0	30	0.60	
Moray	53	39	77.6	2	3.5	10	19.6	1,100	2.1	46	0.86	
North Ayrshire	83	56	67.7	6	9.7	21	25.0	3,840	4.6	46	0.56	
North Lanarkshire	203	141	70.6	10	6.3	49	24.5	6,729	3.3	127	0.62	
Orkney Islands	12	10	85.1	-	1.6	2	13.5	210	1.8	11	0.93	
Perth and Kinross	81	62	78.2	2	3.4	15	18.9	1,581	2.0	67	0.83	
Renfrewshire	107	78	74.5	4	4.4	23	22.0	3,529	3.3	83	0.77	
Scottish Borders	64	50	79.7	1	2.7	11	18.0	1,128	1.8	51	0.80	
Shetland Islands	13	11	85.8	-	1.9	2	12.8	247	1.8	14	1.04	
South Ayrshire	67	49	74.1	4	6.8	13	20.3	2,300	3.5	49	0.74	
South Lanarkshire	189	143	75.5	7	4.6	39	20.7	5,016	2.7	120	0.64	
Stirling	54	41	76.5	2	5.3	10	19.1	1,188	2.2	45	0.84	
West Dunbartonshire	57	40	70.8	3	7.3	13	23.6	2,504	4.4	35	0.61	
West Lothian	103	84	79.1	4	4.0	19	17.6	2,455	2.4	80	0.77	

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

* Sample size zero or disclosive (less than three).

- Less than 500.

Source: Labour Force Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

- a Official mid-2003 estimate of the resident population.
- b Labour demand is jobs plus vacancies. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.
- c Annual Population Survey (APS) data relate to the period January 2004 to December 2004. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. The APS data in this table are consistent with population estimates released in February 2003, not the latest revised population estimates.
- d Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Average for January 2004 to December 2004.
- e Jobs data are for 2003, and are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees.
- f Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.
- g Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB these are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables A.3, A.11 and F.1.

B.1 EMPLOYMENT

Full-time, part-time and temporary workers

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM	All in employment					Total workers		Employees		Self-employed		Workers with second jobs
	Total workers	Employees	Self-employed	Unpaid family workers	Government-supported training and employment programmes	Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
All Spring quarters (Mar-May)												
1997	26,448	22,635	3,479	118	216	19,788	6,660	16,888	5,746	2,744	735	1,242
1998	26,713	23,052	3,386	103	172	20,001	6,712	17,243	5,809	2,632	754	1,169
1999	27,052	23,485	3,311	101	156	20,249	6,803	17,561	5,923	2,581	730	1,262
2000	27,434	23,922	3,260	111	141	20,515	6,918	17,884	6,038	2,526	734	1,172
2001	27,691	24,161	3,281	99	150	20,708	6,983	18,026	6,135	2,578	703	1,166
2002	27,866	24,325	3,340	96	106	20,802	7,064	18,143	6,182	2,586	753	1,130
2003	28,167	24,457	3,532	85	93	20,878	7,288	18,136	6,321	2,684	848	1,131
2004	28,409	24,556	3,625	100	128	21,023	7,385	18,165	6,391	2,780	845	1,072
2005	28,656	24,800	3,638	102	116	21,341	7,315	18,436	6,365	2,823	815	1,074
3-month averages												
May-Jul 2004	28,416	24,560	3,634	92	131	21,051	7,365	18,186	6,374	2,788	846	1,079
Jun-Aug (Sum)	28,414	24,572	3,621	90	130	21,059	7,355	18,201	6,371	2,780	841	1,083
Jul-Sep	28,465	24,660	3,585	91	128	21,106	7,358	18,258	6,403	2,771	815	1,066
Aug-Oct	28,483	24,640	3,620	94	128	21,153	7,329	18,274	6,366	2,802	818	1,055
Sep-Nov (Aut)	28,536	24,662	3,648	95	131	21,214	7,322	18,319	6,343	2,816	832	1,069
Oct-Dec	28,577	24,712	3,643	97	126	21,255	7,322	18,369	6,343	2,810	833	1,052
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	28,617	24,764	3,631	98	123	21,303	7,314	18,423	6,341	2,801	830	1,062
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	28,680	24,810	3,642	103	125	21,386	7,294	18,492	6,318	2,811	831	1,063
Jan-Mar 2005	28,663	24,806	3,627	104	126	21,387	7,276	18,491	6,315	2,813	815	1,058
Feb-Apr	28,647	24,794	3,628	103	121	21,355	7,292	18,462	6,332	2,810	819	1,061
Mar-May (Spr)	28,656	24,800	3,638	102	116	21,341	7,315	18,436	6,365	2,823	815	1,074
Apr-Jun	28,675	24,841	3,618	100	116	21,351	7,325	18,466	6,375	2,802	816	1,079
May-Jul	28,730	24,901	3,617	99	113	21,397	7,334	18,511	6,390	2,806	811	1,071
Changes												
Over last 3 months	83	106	-11	-4	-8	42	41	48	58	-4	-7	10
Per cent	0.3	0.4	-0.3	-3.6	-6.9	0.2	0.6	0.3	0.9	-0.1	-0.9	0.9
Over last 12 months	315	341	-16	8	-18	346	-31	325	16	18	-35	-8
Per cent	1.1	1.4	-0.5	8.4	-13.5	1.6	-0.4	1.8	0.3	0.7	-4.1	-0.7
Male												
Spring quarters (Mar-May)												
1997	14,405	11,684	2,551	38	132	13,120	1,285	10,740	944	2,285	266	543
1998	14,571	11,967	2,464	29	111	13,274	1,296	11,014	953	2,184	279	509
1999	14,704	12,128	2,438	36	103	13,361	1,343	11,125	1,003	2,169	269	529
2000	14,908	12,432	2,354	37	85	13,537	1,371	11,402	1,029	2,073	281	489
2001	15,020	12,478	2,406	37	99	13,636	1,384	11,422	1,056	2,143	263	476
2002	15,052	12,505	2,455	30	62	13,608	1,444	11,411	1,094	2,152	303	465
2003	15,259	12,595	2,579	30	55	13,668	1,591	11,407	1,188	2,222	357	461
2004	15,363	12,582	2,664	41	76	13,732	1,632	11,371	1,212	2,310	354	456
2005	15,445	12,659	2,677	40	70	13,804	1,641	11,412	1,247	2,340	336	465
3-month averages												
May-Jul 2004	15,366	12,578	2,678	37	73	13,737	1,630	11,372	1,205	2,316	362	455
Jun-Aug (Sum)	15,374	12,593	2,676	36	71	13,738	1,636	11,375	1,218	2,313	364	457
Jul-Sep	15,391	12,628	2,653	36	75	13,747	1,645	11,395	1,234	2,302	351	452
Aug-Oct	15,398	12,615	2,673	35	75	13,762	1,636	11,390	1,225	2,324	348	447
Sep-Nov (Aut)	15,428	12,620	2,691	38	79	13,793	1,635	11,398	1,222	2,344	348	458
Oct-Dec	15,443	12,646	2,685	37	75	13,798	1,645	11,412	1,234	2,337	347	451
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	15,461	12,676	2,673	40	73	13,806	1,656	11,427	1,249	2,329	344	456
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	15,468	12,688	2,667	40	72	13,817	1,651	11,444	1,244	2,323	344	451
Jan-Mar 2005	15,477	12,700	2,666	41	70	13,826	1,651	11,455	1,245	2,322	344	454
Feb-Apr	15,468	12,685	2,672	41	70	13,817	1,651	11,436	1,249	2,330	342	456
Mar-May (Spr)	15,445	12,659	2,677	40	70	13,804	1,641	11,412	1,247	2,340	336	465
Apr-Jun	15,465	12,697	2,659	38	71	13,830	1,636	11,448	1,249	2,328	331	466
May-Jul	15,477	12,715	2,654	37	71	13,836	1,641	11,460	1,255	2,324	330	467
Changes												
Over last 3 months	9	31	-18	-4	0	19	-10	24	6	-6	-12	11
Per cent	0.1	0.2	-0.7	-9.1	0.2	0.1	-0.6	0.2	0.5	-0.2	-3.5	2.4
Over last 12 months	111	138	-24	0	-3	99	12	88	50	8	-33	12
Per cent	0.7	1.1	-0.9	0.1	-3.8	0.7	0.7	0.8	4.1	0.4	-9.0	2.6
Female												
Spring quarters (Mar-May)												
1997	12,043	10,951	928	80	84	6,668	5,375	6,148	4,803	459	469	699
1998	12,143	11,085	922	74	62	6,727	5,416	6,230	4,856	448	474	660
1999	12,348	11,357	873	66	53	6,888	5,461	6,437	4,920	412	461	733
2000	12,526	11,491	906	73	56	6,979	5,547	6,482	5,009	453	453	683
2001	12,672	11,683	875	62	51	7,073	5,599	6,604	5,079	435	440	690
2002	12,815	11,820	885	65	45	7,195	5,620	6,732	5,088	434	451	665
2003	12,908	11,862	953	55	38	7,210	5,698	6,729	5,133	462	491	670
2004	13,046	11,974	961	59	52	7,292	5,754	6,794	5,180	470	491	616
2005	13,211	12,141	961	62	46	7,536	5,674	7,024	5,118	482	478	609
3-month averages												
May-Jul 2004	13,049	11,982	956	54	57	7,314	5,735	6,814	5,168	472	484	624
Jun-Aug (Sum)	13,039	11,979	945	55	60	7,321	5,718	6,826	5,153	468	478	627
Jul-Sep	13,073	12,032	933	55	53	7,360	5,713	6,863	5,169	469	464	614
Aug-Oct	13,085	12,025	948	59	53	7,392	5,694	6,885	5,140	478	470	608
Sep-Nov (Aut)	13,108	12,043	956	56	53	7,421	5,687	6,922	5,121	472	484	611
Oct-Dec	13,134	12,066	958	59	50	7,457	5,677	6,957	5,109	472	486	601
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	13,155	12,088	958	59	50	7,497	5,658	6,996	5,092	472	486	606
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	13,212	12,122	975	62	53	7,569	5,643	7,048	5,074	488	487	612
Jan-Mar 2005	13,186	12,106	962	63	55	7,561	5,626	7,036	5,070	491	471	604
Feb-Apr	13,179	12,110	956	62	51	7,538	5,641	7,027	5,083	479	477	605
Mar-May (Spr)	13,211	12,141	961	62	46	7,536	5,674	7,024	5,118	482	478	609
Apr-Jun	13,210	12,144	959	63	44	7,521	5,689	7,018	5,126	474	485	613
May-Jul	13,253	12,185	963	62	42	7,561	5,692	7,051	5,135	482	482	604
Changes												
Over last 3 months	74	75	7	0	-9	23	51	24	51	2	5	-1
Per cent	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.0	-16.8	0.3	0.9	0.3	1.0	0.5	1.0	-0.2
Over last 12 months	204	203	8	8	-15	246	-43	237	-34	10	-2	-20
Per cent	1.6	1.7	0.8	14.1	-25.9	3.4	-0.7	3.5	-0.6			

EMPLOYMENT

Full-time, part-time and temporary workers B.1

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

Total	Temporary employees (reasons for temporary working)							Part-time employees and self-employed (reasons for working part-time)						
	Total as % of all employees	Could not find permanent job	% that could not find permanent job	Did not want permanent job	Had a contract with period of training	Some other reason	Total	Could not find full-time job	% that could not find full-time job	Did not want full-time job	III or disabled	Student or at school		
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	
YCBZ	YCCC	YCCF	YCCI	YCL	YCCO	YCCR	YCCU	YCCX	YCDA	YCD	YCDG	YCDJ	All Spring quarters (Mar-May)	
1,760	7.8	673	38.2	536	96	456	6,481	808	12.5	4,651	90	932	1997	
1,714	7.4	619	36.1	529	95	471	6,562	768	11.7	4,735	109	950	1998	
1,681	7.2	587	34.9	535	111	448	6,653	690	10.4	4,878	116	969	1999	
1,696	7.1	514	30.3	553	100	529	6,772	658	9.7	4,957	118	1,039	2000	
1,704	7.1	464	27.2	515	93	633	6,838	617	9.0	5,036	136	1,049	2001	
1,574	6.5	424	27.0	463	90	596	6,935	579	8.3	5,117	142	1,098	2002	
1,510	6.2	402	26.6	460	78	569	7,169	580	8.1	5,287	146	1,155	2003	
1,496	6.1	383	25.6	441	87	585	7,236	542	7.5	5,353	183	1,159	2004	
1,456	5.9	351	24.1	386	110	609	7,180	578	8.1	5,298	166	1,138	2005	
1,494	6.1	389	26.0	424	90	591	7,220	539	7.5	5,349	181	1,151	3-month averages May-Jul 2004	
1,509	6.1	380	25.2	418	92	619	7,213	546	7.6	5,325	180	1,163	Jun-Aug (Sum)	
1,485	6.0	373	25.1	411	94	607	7,218	555	7.7	5,317	173	1,173	Jul-Sep	
1,482	6.0	367	24.8	407	98	610	7,184	550	7.7	5,289	174	1,170	Aug-Oct	
1,456	5.9	359	24.7	410	103	584	7,175	542	7.6	5,287	172	1,173	Sep-Nov (Aut)	
1,480	6.0	359	24.3	424	109	587	7,176	544	7.6	5,291	169	1,172	Oct-Dec	
1,484	6.0	353	23.8	428	106	597	7,171	545	7.6	5,285	168	1,173	Nov 2004-Jan 2005	
1,490	6.0	350	23.5	424	108	607	7,149	554	7.8	5,276	167	1,152	Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	
1,465	5.9	352	24.1	409	102	601	7,130	566	7.9	5,258	166	1,141	Jan-Mar 2005	
1,453	5.9	352	24.2	392	107	602	7,151	562	7.9	5,281	174	1,135	Feb-Apr	
1,456	5.9	351	24.1	386	110	609	7,180	578	8.1	5,298	166	1,138	Mar-May (Spr)	
1,452	5.8	348	24.0	388	102	614	7,191	582	8.1	5,280	164	1,165	Apr-Jun	
1,468	5.9	348	23.7	399	109	612	7,201	586	8.1	5,273	164	1,177	May-Jul	
16	0.0	-4	-0.5	7	2	10	51	25	0.3	-7	-9	43	Changes Over last 3 months	
1.1	-1.1	-1.1	-0.5	1.7	2.1	1.7	0.7	4.4	0.3	-0.1	-5.5	3.8	Per cent	
-26	-0.2	-41	-2.3	-26	19	21	-19	47	0.7	-76	-17	26	Over last 12 months	
-1.7	-10.4	-10.4	-6.1	21.5	3.5	-0.3	8.8	-1.4	-1.4	-9.2	2.3		Per cent	
YCCA	YCCD	YCCG	YCCJ	YCCM	YCCP	YCCS	YCCV	YCCY	YCDB	YCDE	YCDH	YCDK	Male Spring quarters (Mar-May)	
798	6.8	350	43.8	196	52	201	1,209	296	24.5	473	41	398	1997	
757	6.3	321	42.4	186	50	199	1,233	292	23.7	489	44	408	1998	
790	6.5	320	40.5	210	52	198	1,272	273	21.5	548	39	412	1999	
770	6.2	278	36.0	212	54	227	1,311	258	19.6	561	45	447	2000	
776	6.2	244	31.4	202	52	279	1,319	234	17.7	587	50	449	2001	
724	5.8	232	32.0	184	51	259	1,397	227	16.2	612	66	492	2002	
687	5.5	224	32.6	189	35	239	1,545	250	16.2	726	66	503	2003	
697	5.5	219	31.4	180	41	257	1,566	251	16.0	750	73	492	2004	
693	5.5	207	29.9	163	57	266	1,584	233	14.7	777	72	502	2005	
697	5.5	225	32.3	170	42	260	1,568	239	15.3	762	70	496	3-month averages May-Jul 2004	
718	5.7	219	30.5	173	46	281	1,582	243	15.3	769	69	500	Jun-Aug (Sum)	
703	5.6	216	30.7	168	52	267	1,584	244	15.4	771	64	504	Jul-Sep	
700	5.5	216	30.9	164	49	270	1,574	245	15.5	765	67	497	Aug-Oct	
680	5.4	208	30.5	170	48	254	1,569	236	15.0	766	70	498	Sep-Nov (Aut)	
702	5.6	209	29.8	182	50	260	1,581	236	14.9	772	68	505	Oct-Dec	
704	5.6	200	28.4	188	53	263	1,593	231	14.5	773	67	522	Nov 2004-Jan 2005	
698	5.5	197	28.2	179	52	270	1,588	228	14.3	787	67	506	Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	
696	5.5	200	28.6	178	52	266	1,589	231	14.5	787	69	502	Jan-Mar 2005	
692	5.5	203	29.3	172	54	264	1,590	227	14.3	790	75	497	Feb-Apr	
693	5.5	207	29.9	163	57	266	1,584	233	14.7	777	72	502	Mar-May (Spr)	
690	5.4	203	29.5	168	56	263	1,580	232	14.7	769	73	507	Apr-Jun	
689	5.4	202	29.4	171	59	257	1,585	237	14.9	761	75	512	May-Jul	
-3	0.0	-1	0.0	-1	5	-7	-6	9	0.6	-29	-1	15	Changes Over last 3 months	
-0.5	-0.3	-0.3	-0.3	9.2	-2.7	-0.4	-0.4	4.1	0.6	-3.7	-1.1	3.0	Per cent	
-8	-0.1	-23	-2.9	1	16	-3	17	1.1	-3	-0.3	-1	5	Over last 12 months	
-1.1	-10.1	-10.1	0.6	38.8	-1.1	1.1	-1.1	-1.1	-0.1	-0.1	6.7	3.2	Per cent	
YCCB	YCCE	YCCH	YCK	YCCN	YCCQ	YCT	YCCW	YCCZ	YCDC	YCDF	YCDI	YCDL	Female Spring quarters (Mar-May)	
962	8.8	323	33.6	340	44	255	5,272	512	9.7	4,178	49	533	1997	
957	8.6	298	31.1	343	45	272	5,330	477	8.9	4,246	65	542	1998	
891	7.8	268	30.0	325	49	250	5,381	416	7.7	4,330	77	558	1999	
926	8.1	236	25.5	341	46	303	5,462	400	7.3	4,397	73	592	2000	
928	7.9	220	23.7	313	41	354	5,519	383	6.9	4,449	86	600	2001	
850	7.2	193	22.7	280	40	338	5,538	352	6.4	4,504	76	606	2002	
823	6.9	178	21.6	271	43	331	5,624	330	5.9	4,561	79	653	2003	
799	6.7	164	20.5	261	46	328	5,670	291	5.1	4,602	110	667	2004	
764	6.3	145	18.9	222	53	344	5,596	346	6.2	4,521	94	636	2005	
797	6.7	164	20.6	254	48	331	5,652	300	5.3	4,587	111	655	3-month averages May-Jul 2004	
790	6.6	161	20.4	245	46	338	5,631	303	5.4	4,555	111	662	Jun-Aug (Sum)	
782	6.5	157	20.1	242	42	340	5,633	311	5.5	4,546	108	669	Jul-Sep	
782	6.5	151	19.3	243	49	340	5,610	305	5.4	4,524	107	673	Aug-Oct	
776	6.4	152	19.5	240	54	330	5,605	307	5.5	4,521	103	676	Sep-Nov (Aut)	
778	6.4	150	19.3	242	58	327	5,595	309	5.5	4,518	101	668	Oct-Dec	
780	6.5	154	19.7	239	53	334	5,578	314	5.6	4,512	101	651	Nov 2004-Jan 2005	
792	6.5	153	19.3	245	56	338	5,561	327	5.9	4,488	100	646	Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	
768	6.3	153	19.9	231	49	335	5,541	335	6.0	4,471	97	638	Jan-Mar 2005	
760	6.3	149	19.6	220	53	338	5,560	334	6.0	4,490	98	637	Feb-Apr	
764	6.3	145	18.9	222	53	344	5,596	346	6.2	4,521	94	636	Mar-May (Spr)	
763	6.3	144	18.9	221	46	351	5,611	350	6.2	4,512	91	658	Apr-Jun	
779	6.4	146	18.7	228	51	355	5,616	350	6.2	4,512	89	665	May-Jul	
19	0.1	-3	-0.9	7	-3	17	56	15	0.2	22	-9	28	Changes Over last 3 months	
2.5	-2.2	-2.2	-0.5	3.3	-5.1	5.2	1.0	4.6	0.5	-8.9	4.4		Per cent	
-18	-0.3	-18	-1.8	-27	3	24	-36	50	0.9	-75	-21	10	Over last 12 months	
-2.3	-10.9	-10.9	-10.5	6.2	7.2	-0.6	16.7	-	-1.6	-19.3	1.6		Per cent	

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5; 1=6+7; 2=8+9; 3=10+11; 13

B.2 EMPLOYMENT

Employment by age

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM	All aged 16 and over	16-59/64	16-17	18-24	25-34	35-49	50-64 (M) 50-59 (F)	65+ (M) 60+ (F)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
All	MGRZ	YBSE	YBTO	YBTR	YBTU	YBTX	MGUW	MGUZ
Spring quarters (Mar-May)								
1997	26,448	25,645	696	3,232	6,998	9,561	5,158	803
1998	26,713	25,938	694	3,199	6,972	9,675	5,398	776
1999	27,052	26,235	675	3,205	6,942	9,827	5,585	818
2000	27,434	26,602	670	3,265	6,887	10,044	5,737	832
2001	27,691	26,872	670	3,292	6,752	10,222	5,935	820
2002	27,966	26,983	653	3,395	6,553	10,389	6,003	883
2003	28,167	27,239	660	3,389	6,389	10,572	6,229	928
2004	28,409	27,418	647	3,525	6,293	10,675	6,278	991
2005	28,656	27,597	638	3,480	6,271	10,844	6,365	1,059
3-month averages								
May-Jul 2004	28,416	27,417	644	3,507	6,287	10,697	6,282	998
Jun-Aug (Sum)	28,414	27,420	648	3,491	6,274	10,722	6,286	994
Jul-Sep	28,465	27,473	654	3,490	6,272	10,758	6,298	991
Aug-Oct	28,483	27,487	655	3,489	6,254	10,768	6,322	996
Sep-Nov (Aut)	28,536	27,539	645	3,499	6,268	10,777	6,350	997
Oct-Dec	28,577	27,566	643	3,507	6,281	10,788	6,348	1,011
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	28,617	27,590	647	3,506	6,297	10,784	6,355	1,026
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	28,680	27,631	643	3,519	6,311	10,798	6,360	1,048
Jan-Mar 2005	28,663	27,614	637	3,518	6,293	10,807	6,359	1,049
Feb-Apr	28,647	27,597	634	3,508	6,280	10,826	6,348	1,050
Mar-May (Spr)	28,656	27,597	638	3,480	6,271	10,844	6,365	1,059
Apr-Jun	28,675	27,617	637	3,499	6,263	10,852	6,366	1,058
May-Jul	28,730	27,669	634	3,526	6,257	10,884	6,368	1,061
Changes								
Over last 3 months	83	72	0	18	-23	57	20	11
Percent	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.5	-0.4	0.5	0.3	1.0
Over last 12 months	315	252	-9	19	-30	187	85	63
Percent	1.1	0.9	-1.5	0.5	-0.5	1.7	1.4	6.3
Male	MGS A	YBS F	YBTP	YBTS	YBT V	YBT Y	MGUX	MGVA
Spring quarters (Mar-May)								
1997	14,405	14,137	339	1,696	3,852	5,123	3,127	268
1998	14,571	14,298	344	1,677	3,848	5,187	3,243	273
1999	14,704	14,418	332	1,679	3,799	5,257	3,350	286
2000	14,908	14,623	333	1,715	3,774	5,387	3,415	285
2001	15,020	14,755	335	1,727	3,702	5,457	3,534	264
2002	15,052	14,764	321	1,769	3,597	5,636	3,550	289
2003	15,259	14,924	323	1,781	3,496	5,641	3,683	335
2004	15,363	15,029	312	1,864	3,425	5,714	3,714	334
2005	15,445	15,089	312	1,836	3,402	5,765	3,774	356
3-month averages								
May-Jul 2004	15,366	15,025	306	1,852	3,413	5,723	3,731	342
Jun-Aug (Sum)	15,374	15,033	308	1,848	3,411	5,731	3,736	342
Jul-Sep	15,391	15,053	314	1,844	3,414	5,745	3,736	338
Aug-Oct	15,398	15,058	313	1,847	3,405	5,749	3,744	339
Sep-Nov (Aut)	15,428	15,085	311	1,842	3,416	5,752	3,765	342
Oct-Dec	15,443	15,098	312	1,845	3,420	5,762	3,759	345
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	15,461	15,113	319	1,847	3,424	5,754	3,769	348
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	15,468	15,114	317	1,847	3,420	5,760	3,769	353
Jan-Mar 2005	15,477	15,121	315	1,856	3,418	5,759	3,773	356
Feb-Apr	15,468	15,108	310	1,850	3,415	5,758	3,775	359
Mar-May (Spr)	15,445	15,089	312	1,836	3,402	5,765	3,774	356
Apr-Jun	15,465	15,111	310	1,849	3,407	5,772	3,774	355
May-Jul	15,477	15,124	309	1,862	3,399	5,778	3,774	353
Changes								
Over last 3 months	9	15	-1	12	-15	20	-1	-6
Percent	0.1	0.1	-0.3	0.7	-0.5	0.3	0.0	-1.6
Over last 12 months	111	99	3	10	-14	56	44	12
Percent	0.7	0.7	1.0	0.5	-0.4	1.0	1.2	3.5
Female	MGS B	YBS G	YBT Q	YBT T	YBT W	YBT Z	MGUY	MGVB
Spring quarters (Mar-May)								
1997	12,043	11,508	357	1,536	3,146	4,438	2,031	535
1998	12,143	11,640	361	1,522	3,124	4,488	2,155	503
1999	12,348	11,817	343	1,527	3,143	4,570	2,234	532
2000	12,526	11,979	337	1,550	3,113	4,657	2,322	547
2001	12,672	12,116	336	1,565	3,049	4,765	2,401	556
2002	12,915	12,219	322	1,616	2,066	4,852	2,453	505
2003	12,908	12,315	338	1,608	2,892	4,931	2,546	592
2004	13,046	12,389	335	1,661	2,889	4,961	2,584	656
2005	13,211	12,508	326	1,644	2,869	5,079	2,591	702
3-month averages								
May-Jul 2004	13,049	12,393	337	1,655	2,874	4,974	2,552	657
Jun-Aug (Sum)	13,039	12,387	340	1,642	2,863	4,991	2,550	652
Jul-Sep	13,073	12,420	341	1,647	2,858	5,013	2,561	653
Aug-Oct	13,085	12,429	342	1,642	2,849	5,019	2,577	656
Sep-Nov (Aut)	13,108	12,454	334	1,657	2,852	5,026	2,584	654
Oct-Dec	13,134	12,468	331	1,662	2,861	5,026	2,589	666
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	13,155	12,477	327	1,660	2,873	5,031	2,587	678
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	13,212	12,517	325	1,672	2,891	5,038	2,591	695
Jan-Mar 2005	13,186	12,493	322	1,662	2,875	5,048	2,587	693
Feb-Apr	13,179	12,488	324	1,658	2,865	5,068	2,573	691
Mar-May (Spr)	13,211	12,508	326	1,644	2,869	5,079	2,591	702
Apr-Jun	13,210	12,506	327	1,650	2,856	5,080	2,592	704
May-Jul	13,253	12,545	325	1,663	2,858	5,105	2,593	708
Changes								
Over last 3 months	74	57	1	5	-7	37	20	17
Percent	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.3	-0.3	0.7	0.8	2.4
Over last 12 months	204	153	-13	9	-16	131	42	51
Percent	1.6	1.2	-3.7	0.5	-0.6	2.6	1.6	7.8

a Denominator = all people in the relevant age group.

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7.
Data are revised in line with the latest interim reweighted LFS estimates.

EMPLOYMENT

Employment rates^a by age

B.2

Per cent, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM	All aged 16 and over	16-59/64	16-17	18-24	25-34	35-49	50-64 (M) 50-59 (F)	65+ (M) 60+ (F)
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	MGSR	MGSU	YBUA	YBUD	YBUG	YBUJ	YBUM	YBUP
All								
Spring quarters (Mar-May)								
1997	58.1	72.7	47.9	66.5	77.7	79.9	64.5	7.9
1998	58.5	73.3	47.9	66.6	78.4	80.6	65.4	7.6
1999	59.0	73.8	47.0	66.6	79.3	81.1	66.1	7.9
2000	59.5	74.4	46.7	67.6	80.1	81.7	66.7	8.0
2001	59.7	74.6	45.6	67.4	80.0	81.9	67.9	7.9
2002	59.7	74.4	43.4	68.1	79.6	81.9	67.8	8.4
2003	59.9	74.7	43.3	66.5	79.5	82.2	69.8	8.8
2004	60.0	74.8	41.6	67.5	79.7	82.0	69.9	9.3
2005	60.1	74.7	40.5	65.3	80.3	82.3	70.4	9.8
3-month averages								
May-Jul 2004	60.0	74.7	41.3	66.9	79.9	82.0	69.8	9.4
Jun-Aug (Sum)	59.9	74.6	41.5	66.5	79.8	82.1	69.8	9.3
Jul-Sep	60.0	74.7	41.8	66.4	79.9	82.3	69.9	9.3
Aug-Oct	60.0	74.7	41.8	66.3	79.7	82.3	70.2	9.3
Sep-Nov (Aut)	60.1	74.8	41.2	66.3	79.9	82.3	70.4	9.3
Oct-Dec	60.1	74.9	41.0	66.4	80.1	82.3	70.4	9.4
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	60.1	74.9	41.2	66.3	80.4	82.2	70.4	9.6
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	60.2	74.9	40.9	66.4	80.6	82.2	70.4	9.8
Jan-Mar 2005	60.2	74.9	40.6	66.3	80.4	82.2	70.4	9.8
Feb-Apr	60.1	74.8	40.3	66.0	80.3	82.2	70.2	9.8
Mar-May (Spr)	60.1	74.7	40.5	65.3	80.3	82.3	70.4	9.8
Apr-Jun	60.1	74.7	40.4	65.6	80.2	82.3	70.3	9.8
May-Jul	60.1	74.8	40.2	66.0	80.2	82.4	70.3	9.8
Changes Over last 3 months	0.0	0.1	-0.1	0.0	-0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1
Over last 12 months	0.2	0.1	-1.0	-1.0	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.5
Male								
Spring quarters (Mar-May)								
1997	65.8	77.7	45.9	69.8	86.4	86.4	67.3	7.3
1998	66.3	78.3	46.7	69.9	87.5	87.3	67.9	7.4
1999	66.6	78.6	45.5	70.0	87.8	87.6	68.6	7.7
2000	67.1	79.3	45.5	71.3	88.8	88.6	68.7	7.6
2001	67.1	79.5	44.5	71.0	88.7	88.4	70.2	6.9
2002	66.7	79.0	41.7	71.1	88.0	88.3	69.8	7.5
2003	67.2	79.3	41.3	69.6	87.8	88.7	71.8	8.6
2004	67.1	79.3	39.2	71.0	87.5	88.8	71.8	8.4
2005	66.8	79.0	38.7	68.3	87.8	88.6	72.3	8.9
3-month averages								
May-Jul 2004	67.0	79.2	38.3	70.2	87.5	88.8	72.0	8.6
Jun-Aug (Sum)	67.0	79.2	38.4	69.9	87.5	88.8	72.1	8.6
Jul-Sep	67.0	79.3	39.2	69.6	87.7	88.9	72.0	8.5
Aug-Oct	67.0	79.2	39.0	69.6	87.5	88.9	72.1	8.5
Sep-Nov (Aut)	67.0	79.3	38.7	69.3	87.8	88.9	72.5	8.6
Oct-Dec	67.1	79.3	38.8	69.2	88.0	88.9	72.3	8.6
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	67.1	79.3	39.7	69.2	88.1	88.7	72.4	8.7
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	67.1	79.3	39.5	69.1	88.1	88.8	72.4	8.8
Jan-Mar 2005	67.0	79.3	39.2	69.3	88.1	88.6	72.4	8.9
Feb-Apr	66.9	79.2	38.5	68.9	88.0	88.6	72.4	8.9
Mar-May (Spr)	66.8	79.0	38.7	68.3	87.8	88.6	72.3	8.9
Apr-Jun	66.8	79.1	38.4	68.6	87.9	88.6	72.2	8.8
May-Jul	66.8	79.1	38.3	69.0	87.8	88.6	72.2	8.8
Changes Over last 3 months	-0.1	-0.1	-0.2	0.1	-0.2	0.1	-0.2	-0.2
Over last 12 months	-0.2	-0.2	0.0	-1.2	0.3	-0.1	0.2	0.2
Female								
Spring quarters (Mar-May)								
1997	51.0	67.4	49.9	63.2	69.2	73.6	60.6	8.2
1998	51.2	67.9	49.1	63.2	69.5	74.1	62.1	7.7
1999	51.9	68.6	48.6	63.3	71.0	74.6	62.8	8.1
2000	52.4	69.1	47.9	64.0	71.6	74.9	63.8	8.3
2001	52.7	69.4	46.8	63.9	71.6	75.5	64.7	8.4
2002	53.1	69.6	45.2	65.0	71.4	75.7	65.1	9.0
2003	53.2	69.8	45.4	63.3	71.3	75.8	67.1	8.9
2004	53.4	69.9	44.2	64.1	72.1	75.3	67.2	9.8
2005	53.7	70.1	42.5	62.3	72.9	76.1	67.7	10.4
3-month averages								
May-Jul 2004	53.4	69.8	44.3	63.6	72.4	75.3	66.9	9.8
Jun-Aug (Sum)	53.3	69.8	44.7	63.1	72.3	75.5	66.8	9.7
Jul-Sep	53.4	69.9	44.6	63.1	72.2	75.8	67.1	9.7
Aug-Oct	53.4	69.9	44.8	62.9	72.0	75.8	67.5	9.8
Sep-Nov (Aut)	53.5	70.0	43.7	63.4	72.1	75.8	67.7	9.7
Oct-Dec	53.6	70.1	43.3	63.5	72.4	75.7	67.8	9.9
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	53.6	70.1	42.8	63.3	72.8	75.7	67.7	10.1
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	53.8	70.3	42.5	63.7	73.3	75.8	67.8	10.3
Jan-Mar 2005	53.7	70.1	42.0	63.2	72.9	75.8	67.7	10.3
Feb-Apr	53.6	70.1	42.2	63.0	72.7	76.1	67.3	10.2
Mar-May (Spr)	53.7	70.1	42.5	62.3	72.9	76.1	67.7	10.4
Apr-Jun	53.7	70.1	42.6	62.5	72.6	76.1	67.8	10.4
May-Jul	53.8	70.3	42.3	62.9	72.7	76.4	67.8	10.5
Changes Over last 3 months	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.5	0.2
Over last 12 months	0.4	0.4	-2.1	-0.7	0.3	1.0	0.9	0.6

a Denominator = all people in the relevant age group.

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7.
Data are revised in line with the latest interim reweighted LFS estimates.

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

B.11 EMPLOYMENT

Workforce jobs^a

Thousands

		Employee jobs				All	Self-employment jobs (with or without employees) ^c	HM Forces ^d	Government-supported trainees ^e	Workforce jobs					
		Male		Female											
		All	Part-time ^b	All	Part-time ^b										
UNITED KINGDOM															
Not seasonally adjusted		BCAE		BCAF		BCAD	BCAG	BCAH	DYCZ	DYDA					
2001	Sep	13,172	1,848	12,782	6,093	25,955	3,530	203	91	29,779					
Dec		13,305	1,878	12,805	6,145	26,110	3,525	204	95	29,933					
2002	Mar	13,087	1,927	12,815	6,171	25,902	3,524	205	91	29,722					
Jun		13,083	1,944	12,883	6,257	25,965	3,596	204	92	29,857					
Sep		13,131	1,990	12,882	6,239	26,013	3,632	204	98	29,946					
Dec		13,270	1,990	12,894	6,233	26,164	3,624	205	99	30,093					
2003	Mar	13,143	1,961	12,777	6,134	25,920	3,725	207	100	29,952					
Jun		13,200	2,009	12,870	6,220	26,070	3,814	206	96	30,186					
Sep		13,185	1,974	12,933	6,240	26,117	3,907	206	104	30,334					
Dec		13,353	2,064	12,969	6,277	26,322	3,872	208	109	30,511					
2004	Mar	13,256	2,052	12,858	6,192	26,114	3,869	207	111	30,302					
Jun		13,315	2,071	12,912	6,232	26,226	3,873	206	106	30,411					
Sep		13,381	2,050	12,885	6,188	26,266	3,845	204	105	30,420					
Dec		13,498	2,122	13,028	6,341	26,525	3,838	204	106	30,673					
2005	Mar R	13,434	2,090	12,962	6,281	26,396	3,839	202	103	30,540					
Jun		13,409	2,092	13,004	6,273	26,413	3,852	199	96	30,561					
UNITED KINGDOM															
Seasonally adjusted		BCHI		BCHJ		BCAJ	DYZN	LOJX	LOJU	DYDC					
2001	Sep	13,152	1,841	12,761	6,089	25,914	3,518	204	90	29,726					
Dec		13,222	1,864	12,777	6,132	25,999	3,545	204	91	29,840					
2002	Mar	13,156	1,934	12,868	6,198	26,024	3,528	204	90	29,845					
Jun		13,123	1,946	12,867	6,235	25,990	3,585	204	96	29,875					
Sep		13,123	1,987	12,866	6,239	25,989	3,619	205	98	29,911					
Dec		13,167	1,985	12,879	6,234	26,046	3,644	205	96	29,991					
2003	Mar	13,196	1,973	12,835	6,170	26,031	3,730	206	98	30,065					
Jun		13,237	2,014	12,868	6,209	26,105	3,801	207	100	30,213					
Sep		13,190	1,979	12,918	6,238	26,108	3,892	207	104	30,311					
Dec		13,260	2,043	12,930	6,257	26,191	3,892	207	107	30,396					
2004	Mar	13,308	2,062	12,912	6,226	26,219	3,876	207	110	30,412					
Jun		13,352	2,074	12,912	6,219	26,264	3,860	206	109	30,440					
Sep		13,392	2,061	12,875	6,195	26,268	3,827	205	105	30,405					
Dec		13,411	2,097	12,974	6,304	26,384	3,856	203	104	30,547					
2005	Mar R	13,476	2,098	13,013	6,313	26,489	3,846	201	102	30,639					
Jun		13,440	2,095	13,010	6,272	26,450	3,840	200	100	30,590					
GREAT BRITAIN															
Not seasonally adjusted		DYCA		DYCB		DYCM	DYCT	DYCU	DYDE	DYDF					
2001	Sep	12,852	1,793	12,451	5,933	25,303	3,424	203	81	29,012					
Dec		12,980	1,820	12,466	5,979	25,447	3,419	204	84	29,154					
2002	Mar	12,763	1,870	12,478	6,006	25,241	3,419	205	83	28,948					
Jun		12,758	1,886	12,544	6,091	25,302	3,496	204	85	29,087					
Sep		12,806	1,932	12,543	6,074	25,348	3,531	204	91	29,174					
Dec		12,942	1,929	12,547	6,060	25,490	3,524	205	91	29,309					
2003	Mar	12,818	1,902	12,434	5,965	25,253	3,624	207	92	29,176					
Jun		12,875	1,949	12,526	6,050	25,401	3,703	206	89	29,400					
Sep		12,858	1,914	12,589	6,072	25,447	3,796	206	95	29,544					
Dec		13,023	2,001	12,617	6,102	25,640	3,761	208	101	29,710					
2004	Mar	12,928	1,990	12,507	6,017	25,434	3,759	207	104	29,504					
Jun		12,985	2,010	12,563	6,059	25,548	3,762	206	99	29,615					
Sep		13,050	1,989	12,534	6,015	25,584	3,735	204	99	29,621					
Dec		13,163	2,060	12,670	6,164	25,833	3,728	204	98	29,862					
2005	Mar R	13,098	2,029	12,606	6,105	25,705	3,728	202	96	29,731					
Jun		13,074	2,031	12,648	6,098	25,722	3,741	199	90	29,752					
GREAT BRITAIN															
Seasonally adjusted		DYCF		DYCG		DYCN	DYZO	LOJW	LOJT	DYDH					
2002	Sep	12,832	1,786	12,429	5,929	25,261	3,413	204	80	28,957					
Dec		12,899	1,806	12,442	5,966	25,342	3,439	204	81	29,066					
2002	Mar	12,831	1,877	12,530	6,032	25,362	3,422	204	82	29,069					
Jun		12,798	1,888	12,527	6,069	25,325	3,484	204	89	29,103					
Sep		12,797	1,929	12,525	6,073	25,322	3,518	205	91	29,136					
Dec		12,842	1,924	12,536	6,061	25,378	3,543	205	88	29,214					
2003	Mar	12,870	1,913	12,491	6,000	25,362	3,629	206	91	29,288					
Jun		12,911	1,954	12,523	6,039	25,434	3,691	207	93	29,424					
Sep		12,863	1,919	12,571	6,070	25,435	3,781	207	95	29,518					
Dec		12,932	1,980	12,583	6,081	25,515	3,781	207	99	29,601					
2004	Mar	12,978	2,000	12,561	6,051	25,539	3,766	207	102	29,613					
Jun		13,022	2,013	12,562	6,046	25,583	3,750	206	103	29,642					
Sep		13,060	2,000	12,523	6,022	25,583	3,716	205	99	29,603					
Dec		13,078	2,035	12,619	6,127	25,697	3,745	203	95	29,741					
2005	Mar R	13,140	2,036	12,657	6,137	25,797	3,735	201	94	29,828					
Jun		13,105	2,034	12,652	6,097	25,757	3,730	200	94	29,780					

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS
Customer helpline: 01633 812318

^a Workforce jobs are calculated by summing employee jobs, self-employment jobs from the Labour Force Survey, HM Forces and government-supported trainees.

^b Estimates of part-time employees in the United Kingdom are only available on a quarterly basis since December 1992. The Northern Ireland component is not seasonally adjusted.

^c Estimates of self-employment jobs are based on the results of the Labour Force Survey. The Northern Ireland estimates are not seasonally adjusted.

^d HM Forces figures, provided by the Ministry of Defence, are not subject to seasonal adjustment.

^e Includes all participants on government training and employment programmes who are receiving some work experience on their placement but who do not have a contract of employment (those with a contract are included in the employee jobs series).

R Revised

Note: Definitions of terms used will be found on pS3.

EMPLOYMENT

Employee jobs by industry

B.12

Thousands

UNITED KINGDOM SIC 1992 Section, subsection, group		All industries and services A-O		Manufacturing industries D		Production industries C-E		Production and construction industries C-F	
		All employee jobs unadjusted	Seasonally adjusted	All employee jobs unadjusted	Seasonally adjusted	All employee jobs unadjusted	Seasonally adjusted	All employee jobs unadjusted	Seasonally adjusted
		BCAD	BCAJ	YEJG	YEJL	YEJH	YEJF	LOJY	LOJZ
1995	Jun	23,410	23,370	4,072	4,073	4,301	4,310	5,233	5,244
1996	Jun	23,731	23,834	4,119	4,138	4,338	4,359	5,259	5,292
1997	Jun	24,281	24,320	4,176	4,151	4,395	4,371	5,371	5,358
1998	Jun	24,672	24,703	4,196	4,179	4,405	4,389	5,504	5,496
1999	Jun	25,058	25,085	4,051	4,042	4,256	4,248	5,366	5,365
2000	Jun	25,557	25,588	3,954	3,951	4,153	4,152	5,336	5,341
2001	Jun	25,873	25,905	3,802	3,803	4,009	4,012	5,185	5,192
2002	Jun	25,965	25,990	3,597	3,599	3,797	3,801	4,961	4,969
2003	Jun	26,070	26,105	3,413	3,415	3,599	3,602	4,810	4,817
2004	Jun	26,226	26,264	3,281	3,282	3,457	3,459	4,725	4,733
2005	Jun	26,413	26,450	3,184	3,184	3,360	3,361	4,650	4,659
2003	Jul			3,400	3,394	3,584	3,578		
	Aug	26,117	26,108	3,387	3,378	3,570	3,561		
	Sep			3,373	3,367	3,556	3,549	4,800	4,790
	Oct			3,366	3,357	3,545	3,535		
	Nov			3,355	3,343	3,533	3,522		
	Dec	26,322	26,191	3,327	3,330	3,505	3,508	4,778	4,768
2004	Jan			3,307	3,315	3,484	3,493		
	Feb	26,114	26,219	3,304	3,310	3,481	3,487		
	Mar			3,297	3,301	3,473	3,478	4,743	4,758
	Apr			3,284	3,294	3,461	3,471		
	May	26,226	26,264	3,279	3,287	3,456	3,464		
	Jun			3,281	3,282	3,457	3,459	4,725	4,733
	Jul			3,280	3,274	3,457	3,451		
	Aug	26,266	26,268	3,273	3,264	3,451	3,442		
	Sep			3,261	3,257	3,439	3,434	4,703	4,698
	Oct			3,256	3,249	3,433	3,425		
	Nov	26,525	26,384	3,253	3,241	3,429	3,418		
	Dec			3,237	3,241	3,414	3,418	4,735	4,722
2005	Jan			3,231	3,238	3,408	3,415		
	Feb R	26,396	26,489	3,227	3,229	3,403	3,405		
	Mar R			3,221	3,222	3,397	3,399	4,712	4,718
	Apr R			3,208	3,214	3,383	3,390		
	May R	26,413	26,450	3,191	3,197	3,366	3,373		
	Jun R			3,184	3,184	3,360	3,361	4,650	4,659
	Jul P			3,180	3,175	3,357	3,352		

UNITED KINGDOM SIC 1992 Section subsection, group		SEASONALLY ADJUSTED							
		Service industries G-O		Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing		Mining and quarrying, supply of electricity, gas and water C.E 10-14,40-41		Food products, beverages and tobacco	
		All employee jobs unadjusted	Seasonally adjusted	A, B 01-05	YEHU	YEJJ	LOKA	LOKB	LOKC
1995	Jun	17,903	17,853	273	237	472	404	84	463
1996	Jun	18,192	18,261	280	221	474	396	85	465
1997	Jun	18,595	18,648	314	220	500	388	88	464
1998	Jun	18,846	18,887	320	210	509	373	86	472
1999	Jun	19,375	19,407	313	206	505	326	84	469
2000	Jun	19,900	19,932	315	201	498	285	83	464
2001	Jun	20,410	20,441	272	208	482	245	81	452
2002	Jun	20,748	20,771	250	201	466	212	83	441
2003	Jun	21,032	21,064	224	187	458	179	82	427
2004	Jun	21,276	21,309	222	177	446	156	84	415
2005	Jun	21,522	21,548	243	177	436	143	82	406
2003	Jul				184	455	176	82	426
	Aug	21,074	21,088	230	183	454	173	82	426
	Sep				179	455	169	83	422
	Oct				178	454	167	82	426
	Nov	21,326	21,192	230	177	453	165	83	421
2004	Jan				178	451	164	83	418
	Feb	21,155	21,239	222	177	450	162	83	420
	Mar				177	449	161	84	417
	Apr				177	447	159	83	418
	May	21,276	21,309	222	177	446	158	83	416
	Jun				177	446	156	84	415
	Jul				176	446	155	83	413
	Aug	21,317	21,334	235	177	444	153	83	412
	Sep				177	441	153	82	410
	Oct				176	440	151	82	409
	Nov	21,542	21,406	256	177	437	149	82	409
	Dec				177	439	149	82	409
2005	Jan				177	440	148	82	407
	Feb	21,434	21,518	253	176	439	147	82	406
	Mar R				176	438	144	83	405
	Apr R				176	436	143	82	406
	May R	21,522	21,548	243	177	436	143	82	404
	Jun R				177	434	142	82	405
	Jul P				177	434	142	82	404

a These figures do not cover all employees in national and local government. They exclude those engaged in, for example, building, education and health. Members of HM Forces are excluded.

R Revised

P Provisional

Note: Estimates for groups of industry classes are now seasonally adjusted from June 1978 for quarterly data and from September 1984 for monthly data. For unadjusted figures, please see Tables B.13 and B.14.

B.12 EMPLOYMENT

Employee jobs by industry

Thousands

UNITED KINGDOM		SEASONALLY ADJUSTED								
SIC 1992 Section, subsection, group	DH 25	Rubber and plastic products	Non-metallic mineral products, metal and metal products D/DJ 26-28	Machinery and equipment n.e.c.	Electrical and optical equipment	Transport equipment	Coke, nuclear fuel and other manufacturing n.e.c. DF,DN 23,36-37	Construction	Wholesale and retail trade, and repairs	Hotels and restaurants
		LOKF	LOKG	LOKH	LOKI	LOKJ	LOKK	YEHX	LOKL	LOKM
1995	Jun	234	707	388	475	370	221	935	4,060	1,431
1996	Jun	241	720	360	499	374	221	933	4,163	1,501
1997	Jun	252	720	365	508	378	236	987	4,299	1,531
1998	Jun	254	699	373	519	400	237	1,107	4,347	1,551
1999	Jun	244	674	360	497	395	239	1,117	4,361	1,628
2000	Jun	238	660	352	494	399	242	1,189	4,415	1,665
2001	Jun	228	624	346	480	388	243	1,181	4,523	1,678
2002	Jun	221	587	326	425	372	233	1,168	4,575	1,726
2003	Jun	214	562	301	380	359	228	1,215	4,577	1,777
2004	Jun	215	543	284	356	347	225	1,273	4,601	1,806
2005	Jun	209	533	279	345	333	215	1,298	4,645	1,802
2003	Jul	214	556	298	377	358	229			
	Aug	212	554	296	373	356	228			
	Sep	212	552	294	370	355	228	1,241	4,574	1,782
	Oct	212	550	292	368	353	228			
	Nov	211	548	291	365	352	228			
	Dec	213	546	289	363	352	229	1,261	4,602	1,804
2004	Jan	213	544	287	361	350	228			
	Feb	213	542	287	361	349	228			
	Mar	213	542	285	360	349	227	1,280	4,596	1,816
	Apr	214	541	285	359	348	226			
	May	214	541	285	358	348	226			
	Jun	215	543	284	356	347	225	1,273	4,601	1,806
	Jul	214	544	283	356	345	224			
	Aug	215	542	283	356	344	222			
	Sep	214	543	283	355	344	223	1,265	4,601	1,798
	Oct	214	542	283	355	343	222			
	Nov	214	541	283	354	343	222			
	Dec	213	543	283	354	342	221	1,305	4,633	1,806
2005	Jan	213	544	282	353	341	221			
	Feb	213	544	281	351	340	220			
	Mar R	212	542	281	349	340	218	1,320	4,649	1,807
	Apr R	210	540	280	348	340	217			
	May R	209	537	280	347	335	216			
	Jun R	209	533	279	345	333	215	1,298	4,645	1,802
	Jul P	207	532	278	346	331	215			

UNITED KINGDOM		SEASONALLY ADJUSTED								
SIC 1992 Section, subsection, group	I 60-63	Transport and storage	Post and telecom- munications	Financial intermediation	Real estate	Renting, research, computer and other business activities K 71-74	Public administration and defence; compulsory social security L ^a 75	M 80	N 85	O 90-93
	I 64	LOKN	LOKO	LOKP	LOKQ	LOKR	LOKS	LOKT	LOKU	YEIC
1995	Jun	920	440	1,041	281	2,710	1,411	1,927	2,559	1,073
1996	Jun	915	457	1,021	275	2,875	1,416	1,948	2,563	1,125
1997	Jun	933	459	1,035	291	3,035	1,366	1,957	2,591	1,149
1998	Jun	954	466	1,044	292	3,151	1,398	1,938	2,592	1,153
1999	Jun	982	480	1,073	312	3,276	1,358	2,090	2,608	1,238
2000	Jun	1,009	517	1,069	350	3,412	1,375	2,131	2,701	1,287
2001	Jun	1,034	557	1,089	363	3,585	1,383	2,148	2,756	1,323
2002	Jun	1,026	556	1,113	370	3,599	1,430	2,189	2,813	1,372
2003	Jun	1,024	552	1,109	383	3,643	1,498	2,265	2,881	1,363
2004	Jun	1,044	517	1,096	396	3,696	1,515	2,311	2,953	1,371
2005	Jun	1,060	522	1,102	405	3,748	1,509	2,341	3,013	1,401
2003	Jul	1,031	549	1,103	392	3,642	1,493	2,261	2,898	1,359
	Aug									
	Sep									
	Oct									
	Nov									
	Dec									
2004	Jan	1,043	533	1,095	394	3,663	1,495	2,291	2,914	1,363
	Feb									
	Mar									
	Apr									
	May									
	Jun									
	Jul									
	Aug									
	Sep									
	Oct									
	Nov									
	Dec									
2005	Jan	1,051	515	1,101	398	3,706	1,512	2,324	2,981	1,384
	Feb									
	Mar R									
	Apr R									
	May R									
	Jun R									
	Jul P									

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS
Customer helpline: 01633 812318

^a These figures do not cover all employees in national and local government. They exclude those engaged in, for example, building, education and health. Members of HM Forces are excluded.
R Revised
P Provisional
Note: Estimates for groups of industry classes are now seasonally adjusted from June 1978 for quarterly data and from September 1984 for monthly data. For unadjusted figures, please see Tables B.13 and B.14.

EMPLOYMENT

Employee jobs by production industry

B.13

Thousands, not seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM	Section, sub- section	June 2004 R			June 2005 R			2005					
		Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Feb R	Mar R	Apr R	May R	Jun R	Jul P
PRODUCTION INDUSTRIES	C-E	2,578.5	878.3	3,456.8	2,512.5	847.3	3,359.8	3,402.5	3,397.0	3,383.4	3,386.5	3,359.8	3,357.0
MINING AND QUARRYING	C	51.0	7.2	58.2	50.9	7.3	58.1	57.5	57.9	57.3	57.5	58.1	58.1
Mining and quarrying of energy producing materials	CA (10-12)	30.2	4.2	34.5	30.5	4.4	34.9	34.3	34.7	34.1	34.2	34.9	34.8
Mining and quarrying except of energy producing materials	CB (13/14)	20.8	3.0	23.7	20.4	2.9	23.3	23.2	23.2	23.3	23.3	23.3	23.3
MANUFACTURING	D	2,439.2	841.5	3,280.7	2,375.3	808.8	3,184.1	3,226.6	3,221.0	3,208.1	3,191.4	3,184.1	3,179.6
Manufacture of food products, beverages and tobacco	DA	294.5	149.9	444.4	287.9	146.5	434.4	435.9	434.8	433.6	433.8	434.4	436.2
Manufacture of textiles and textile products of textiles of wearing apparel; dressing and dyeing of fur	DB 17	82.4 57.5	61.0 38.1	143.4 95.6	77.3 54.5	53.7 33.9	131.1 88.4	135.6 91.5	134.9 90.9	132.9 89.8	131.8 89.0	131.1 88.4	130.2 87.6
Manufacture of leather and leather products including footwear	DC	7.5	4.8	12.3	7.1	5.0	12.1	12.3	12.2	11.9	11.9	12.1	12.0
Manufacture of wood and wood products	DD (20)	62.9	21.6	84.5	62.7	20.1	82.8	81.7	82.1	82.4	83.7	82.8	82.1
Manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products; publishing and printing of pulp, paper and paper products	DE 21	269.0 61.4	145.0 20.4	414.0 81.8	261.6 58.7	143.5 19.8	405.2 78.6	406.1 79.6	405.9 79.0	406.5 79.1	404.8 78.6	405.2 78.6	405.3 78.4
Publishing, printing and reproduction of recorded media	22	207.6	124.6	332.2	202.9	123.7	326.6	326.5	326.9	327.5	326.3	326.6	326.9
Manufacture of coke, refined petroleum products and nuclear fuel	DF (23)	19.4	3.6	23.0	18.9	3.6	22.5	22.8	22.7	22.7	22.5	22.5	22.5
Manufacture of chemicals, chemical products and man-made fibres	DG (24)	144.7	67.0	211.7	139.8	64.8	204.6	205.6	206.0	205.5	205.0	204.6	204.4
Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	DH (25)	162.9	51.8	214.7	157.6	51.0	208.5	212.5	211.7	210.1	208.7	208.5	207.1
Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	DI (26)	94.8	22.4	117.2	90.7	21.6	112.3	114.2	113.9	113.1	112.5	112.3	112.0
Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products of basic metals of fabricated metal products, except machinery	DJ 27	357.4 76.6	69.4 10.1	426.8 86.7	366.9 74.7	65.0 9.8	421.8 84.5	429.1 86.1	429.1 86.1	426.6 85.3	423.8 84.6	421.8 84.5	421.0 84.0
Manufacture of machinery and eqpt. n.e.c.	DK (29)	231.9	51.9	283.8	229.0	50.3	279.3	281.6	280.6	280.3	279.7	279.3	278.7
Manufacture of electrical and optical equipment of office machinery and computers of electrical machinery and apparatus n.e.c. of radio, television and communication eqpt. of medical, precision and optical eqpt; watches	DL 30	262.1 24.7	94.6 9.1	356.7 33.8	255.0 24.1	90.6 8.6	345.6 32.8	351.7 32.7	350.0 32.7	347.4 32.7	346.8 32.7	345.6 32.8	346.7 33.0
Manufacture of transport equipment of motor vehicles, trailers and other transport equipment	DM 34	306.3 176.1	39.3 23.8	345.6 199.9	293.4 165.1	38.2 22.8	331.5 188.0	340.6 196.0	340.9 196.1	340.7 196.4	333.8 189.6	331.5 188.0	330.2 186.7
Manufacturing n.e.c.	DN	143.5	59.0	202.5	137.5	54.9	192.4	196.8	196.3	194.4	192.6	192.4	191.3
ELECTRICITY, GAS AND WATER SUPPLY	E	88.3	29.6	118.0	86.4	31.2	117.6	118.5	118.1	118.0	117.5	117.6	119.3

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS
Customer helpline: 01633 812318

R Revised
P Provisional

B.14 EMPLOYMENT

Employee jobs by industry division, class or group: United Kingdom

Thousands, not seasonally adjusted

SIC 1992	Section sub- section group or class	June 2004 R						March 2005 R						June 2005					
		Male			Female			All	Male			Female			All	Male			All
		Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time		Male	Female	All	Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time		
ALL SECTIONS	A-O	11,244.1	2,070.6	6,680.2	6,231.6	26,226.5	13,433.9	12,962.0	26,395.9	11,316.6	2,092.1	6,731.0	6,273.4	26,413.1					
AGRICULTURE, HUNTING AND FORESTRY	A	120.6	28.8	40.9	28.4	218.7	159.9	82.8	242.8	127.5	28.5	50.3	28.1	234.5					
Agriculture, hunting and related service activities	01	113.6	28.2	39.6	27.2	208.6	152.3	80.3	232.7	120.5	27.9	49.1	26.9	224.4					
FISHING	B	4.9	1.0	0.6	0.6	7.2	5.9	1.2	7.2	4.9	1.0	0.6	0.6	7.2					
MINING AND QUARRYING	C	50.6	0.4	5.8	1.4	58.2	50.8	7.2	57.9	50.5	0.3	6.0	1.3	58.1					
Mining and quarrying of energy producing materials	CA (10-12)	30.1	0.2	3.7	0.6	34.5	30.3	4.4	34.7	30.4	0.1	3.8	0.5	34.9					
Mining and quarrying except of energy producing materials	CB (13/14)	20.6	0.2	2.1	0.8	23.7	20.4	2.8	23.2	20.2	0.2	2.1	0.7	23.3					
ENERGY and WATER SUPPLY INDUSTRIES	C,E	137.4	2.0	30.1	6.7	176.1	137.7	38.3	176.0	135.0	2.3	31.0	7.5	175.8					
MANUFACTURING	D	2,363.0	76.3	647.3	194.2	3,280.7	2,402.5	818.5	3,221.0	2,295.5	79.8	617.2	191.6	3,184.1					
Manufacture of food products; beverages and tobacco	DA	283.3	11.2	113.5	36.4	444.4	288.3	146.5	434.8	277.3	10.7	112.4	34.1	434.4					
Manufacture of textiles and textile products of textiles of wearing apparel; dressing of fur	DB	77.1	5.3	47.1	13.9	143.4	79.3	55.5	134.9	71.1	6.2	40.7	13.1	131.0					
Manufacture of leather and leather products including footwear	17	54.2	3.2	29.5	8.7	95.6	56.0	34.8	90.9	50.8	3.7	26.3	7.6	88.4					
Manufacture of leather and leather products including footwear	18	22.8	2.1	17.7	5.2	47.8	23.3	20.7	44.0	20.2	2.6	14.4	5.5	42.7					
Publishing, printing and reproduction of recorded media	DC	6.5	1.0	3.8	1.1	12.3	7.2	4.9	12.2	6.1	1.0	3.8	1.2	12.1					
Manufacture of wood and wood products	DD (20)	58.4	4.5	15.1	6.5	84.5	61.6	20.5	82.1	57.5	5.2	12.9	7.2	82.8					
Manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products; publishing and printing of pub, paper and paper products	DE	253.8	15.1	109.7	35.3	414.0	263.5	142.4	405.9	247.0	14.7	106.0	37.5	405.2					
Publishing, printing and reproduction of recorded media	21	60.4	0.9	16.9	3.5	81.8	59.5	19.6	79.0	57.5	1.2	15.8	4.0	78.6					
Manufacture of coke, refined petroleum products and nuclear fuel	DF (23)	19.3	0.0	3.1	0.5	23.0	19.0	3.6	22.7	18.9	0.0	3.1	0.5	22.5					
Manufacture of chemicals, chemical products and man-made fibres	DG (24)	142.5	2.3	56.0	10.9	211.7	140.7	65.4	206.0	137.8	2.0	53.5	11.3	204.6					
Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	DH (25)	156.4	6.6	39.5	12.3	214.7	158.9	52.8	211.7	152.1	5.5	37.0	14.0	208.5					
Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	DI (26)	93.4	1.4	18.0	4.4	117.2	92.2	21.7	113.9	89.1	1.6	17.4	4.3	112.3					
Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products of basic metals	DJ	349.9	7.4	50.1	19.3	426.8	361.4	67.7	429.1	349.0	7.9	47.3	17.7	421.8					
Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products, except machinery	27	75.2	1.4	7.9	2.2	86.7	76.0	10.1	72.9	7.8	1.8	21.7	2.1	84.5					
Manufacture of machinery and eqpt. n.e.c.	DK (29)	274.8	6.0	42.2	17.1	340.1	285.4	57.6	343.0	276.1	6.1	39.6	15.6	337.4					
Manufacture of electrical and optical equipment	DL	255.6	6.5	77.4	17.3	356.7	258.8	91.1	350.0	246.2	8.8	76.7	13.9	345.6					
of office machinery and computers	30	24.4	0.3	7.7	1.3	33.8	23.9	8.8	32.7	23.8	0.3	6.9	1.7	32.8					
of electrical machinery n.e.c.	31	91.9	2.2	27.4	6.0	127.5	93.5	32.3	125.8	89.6	2.3	26.0	5.9	123.8					
of radio, TV and communication eqpt.	32	53.3	1.8	16.5	4.0	75.6	52.7	18.8	71.5	50.1	1.3	15.6	2.9	69.8					
Manufacture of medical, precision and optical equipment and watches	33	86.0	2.1	25.7	6.0	119.8	88.7	31.3	120.0	82.8	4.8	28.2	3.4	119.2					
Manufacture of transport equipment of motor vehicles, trailers of other transport eqpt.	DM	302.8	3.6	33.2	6.1	345.6	302.1	38.8	340.9	289.8	3.5	31.4	6.7	331.5					
Manufacturing eqpt.	34	174.2	1.9	20.3	3.4	199.9	172.7	23.4	196.1	164.1	1.1	19.0	3.8	188.0					
Retail trade, except motor vehicles and motorcycles, repair of personal goods	35	128.6	1.7	12.9	2.7	145.8	129.4	15.3	144.8	125.8	2.5	12.4	2.9	143.6					
DN	136.5	7.0	40.9	18.1	202.5	139.7	56.7	196.3	131.4	6.1	37.4	17.6	192.4						
ELECTRICITY, GAS AND WATER SUPPLY	E	86.7	1.6	24.3	5.3	118.0	87.0	31.1	118.1	84.5	1.9	25.0	6.2	117.6					
CONSTRUCTION	F	1,052.8	25.1	125.2	65.0	1,268.1	1,115.6	199.2	1,314.8	1,061.9	24.9	138.0	65.1	1,289.8					
SERVICE INDUSTRIES	G-O	7,585.5	1,937.5	5,836.0	5,936.7	21,275.7	9,612.2	11,821.9	21,434.1	7,691.8	1,955.6	5,893.9	5,980.5	21,521.8					
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE; REPAIR OF MOTOR VEHICLES, MOTORCYCLES AND PERSONAL AND HOUSEHOLD GOODS	G	1,707.9	527.3	905.0	1,421.9	4,562.2	2,264.8	2,341.3	4,606.1	1,730.2	539.9	911.1	1,424.8	4,606.0					
Sale, maintenance and repair of motor vehicles; retail sale of automotive fuel	50	381.7	41.5	79.0	58.0	560.2	425.4	129.5	554.9	382.5	44.2	82.3	50.2	559.2					
Wholesale and Commission Trade (except motor vehicles)	51	708.2	48.6	254.2	108.6	1,119.5	775.3	362.9	1,138.2	726.2	55.5	255.8	105.9	1,143.4					
Retail trade, except motor vehicles and motorcycles, repair of personal goods	52	618.1	437.2	571.9	1,255.3	2,882.5	1,064.1	1,848.9	2,913.0	621.5	440.2	573.0	1,268.6	2,903.4					
HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS	H	411.2	389.3	351.4	675.9	1,827.7	781.6	1,006.5	1,788.1	423.2	371.0	365.7	660.8	1,820.7					
TRANSPORT, STORAGE AND COMMUNICATION	I	1,024.6	100.8	317.6	117.9	1,560.9	1,157.8	418.2	1,576.0	1,056.4	106.4	300.5	118.6	1,581.9					
Land transport; transport via pipelines	60	390.0	303	66.4	31.1	517.8	443.1	85.9	529.1	415.1	30.4	322	52.9						
Water transport	61	9.6	10	4.3	12	16.1	11.2	5.9	17.1	10.4	0.7	4.3	1.6						
Air transport	62	40.7	72	26.6	10.9	85.3	48.4	37.7	86.2	39.7	9.7	25.2	13.5	88.0					
Supporting and auxiliary transport activities; activities of travel agencies	63	243.3	20.9	127.4	34.8	426.3	267.2	156.8	424.0	247.9	20.5	126.6	31.8	426.8					
Post and telecommunications	64	341.1	41.5	92.9	40.0	515.4	387.8	131.8	519.6	343.4	45.0	92.9	39.5	520.8					
FINANCIAL INTERMEDIATION	J	464.0	31.5	434.9	164.4	1,094.9	499.5	603.3	1,102.8	466.3	33.6	434.7	166.4	1,101.0					
Financial intermediation, except insurance and pension funding	65	251.1	21.4	260.4	113.3	646.2	281.7	379.0	660.6	260.0	23.3	263.9	113.3	660.4					
Insurance and pension funding, except compulsory social security	66	93.8	3.2	80.5	23.5	201.0	94.2	99.1	193.3	89.2	4.1	76.5	23.2	193.0					
Auxiliary to financial intermediation	67	119.1	6.9	94.1	27.6	247.7	123.6	125.3	248.9	117.0	6.3	94.4	29.9	247.6					
REAL ESTATE, RENTING AND BUSINESS ACTIVITIES	K	1,926.2	339.7	1,107.0	698.7	4,071.6	2,293.7	1,810.8	4,104.5	1,964.3	337.6	1,136.4	699.7	4,137.9					
Real estate activities	70	172.0	27.0	116.2	78.8	394.0	200.6	199.5	400.1	179.4	21.9	119.8	81.9	403.0					
Renting of machinery and equipment without operator and of personal and household goods	71	83.1	11.6	36.3	19.0	150.0	94.3	55.4	149.7	86.2	9.1	36.6	18.7	150.6					
Computer and related activities	72	285.9	20.0	127.6	58.7	492.2	306.3	197.1	503.4	282.7	18.6	143.1	53.5	497.9					
Research and development	73	59.1	2.1	29.7	8.7	99.6	60.5	41.2	101.7	58.0	1.8	31.1	10.5	101.4					
Other business activities	74	1,326.1	279.0	797.2	533.5	2,935.8	1,632.0	1,317.4	2,949.4	1,357.9	286.1	805.8	535.0	2,984.8					
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE; COMPULSORY SOCIAL SECURITY ^a	L	709.7	55.8	531.3	221.0	1,517.9	762.8	752.6	1,515.5	705.3	56.0	531.7	219.7	1,512.7					
EDUCATION	M	480.1	177.0	734.9	920.9	2,312.9	667.4	1,686.5											

B.15 EMPLOYMENT

Employee jobs by industry division, class or group: Great Britain

Thousands, not seasonally adjusted

SIC 1992	Section sub- section group or class	June 2004 R						March 2005 R						June 2005					
		Male		Female		All	Male		Female		All	Male		Female		All			
		Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time		Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time		Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time				
ALL SECTIONS	A-O	10,975.7	2,009.6	6,504.1	6,058.5	25,548.0	13,098.4	12,606.5	25,704.9	11,042.9	2,030.9	6,549.7	6,098.1	25,721.5					
AGRICULTURE, HUNTING AND FORESTRY	A	117.8	192	404	27.0	204.5	147.2	81.0	228.3	124.7	186	50.0	26.7	220.0					
Agriculture, hunting and related service activities	01	111.2	185	392	25.9	194.8	140.0	78.6	218.6	118.0	180	48.7	25.5	210.3					
FISHING	B	4.8	1.0	0.6	0.6	7.0	5.8	1.2	7.0	4.8	1.0	0.6	0.6	7.0					
MINING AND QUARRYING	C	48.8	0.3	5.6	1.3	56.1	49.0	6.9	56.0	48.8	0.3	5.8	1.2	56.1					
Mining and quarrying of energy producing materials	CA (10-12)	29.8	0.2	3.6	0.5	34.1	30.1	4.3	34.4	30.1	0.1	3.8	0.5	34.6					
Oil and natural gas extraction	11	20.9	0.1	3.5	0.5	25.0	22.1	4.2	26.3	22.0	0.0	3.7	0.5	26.4					
Mining and quarrying except of energy producing materials	CB (13/14)	19.0	0.2	2.0	0.8	22.0	18.9	2.6	21.5	18.7	0.2	2.0	0.7	21.6					
ENERGY AND WATER SUPPLY INDUSTRIES	C,E	133.1	1.9	29.6	6.7	171.3	133.5	37.7	171.2	130.9	2.2	30.5	7.5	171.0					
MANUFACTURING	D	2,297.3	740	630.2	190.1	3,191.6	2,335.0	798.3	3,133.3	2,230.9	779	601.0	187.8	3,097.6					
Manufacture of food products; beverages and tobacco	DA	271.6	10.1	108.8	34.8	425.3	275.6	140.3	416.0	265.4	9.8	107.7	32.7	415.5					
of food	15.1-15.8	236.8	9.8	97.7	32.5	376.8	242.5	127.7	370.1	232.5	9.3	98.1	30.9	368.8					
of beverages and tobacco	15.9/16	34.8	0.3	11.1	2.3	48.5	33.1	12.7	45.8	32.9	0.5	11.5	1.7	46.7					
Manufacture of textiles and textile products	DB	73.8	5.2	44.4	13.3	136.8	76.5	52.9	129.4	68.6	6.2	38.7	12.7	126.2					
of textiles	17	51.5	3.1	28.1	8.3	91.1	53.5	33.3	86.8	48.7	3.6	25.2	7.3	84.8					
of made-up textile articles	17.4	15.1	1.3	10.1	2.8	29.4	16.5	12.1	28.6	14.1	1.6	9.1	2.6	27.5					
of textiles, excl. made-up textiles of wearing apparel; dressing of fur	18	36.4	1.8	18.0	5.5	61.7	37.1	21.2	58.2	34.6	2.0	16.1	4.7	57.4					
Rest of 17	223	21	16.4	5.0	45.8	22.9	19.6	42.6	19.9	2.6	13.6	5.3	41.3						
Manufacture of leather and leather products including footwear	DC	6.4	1.0	3.7	1.1	12.2	7.2	4.9	12.1	6.1	1.0	3.8	1.2	12.0					
of leather and leather goods	19.1/19.2	3.3	0.7	1.5	0.6	6.1	3.9	2.2	6.1	3.0	0.6	1.4	0.9	6.0					
of footwear	19.3	3.2	0.3	2.3	0.5	6.2	3.4	2.7	6.0	3.1	0.3	2.3	0.3	6.0					
Manufacture of wood and wood products	DD (20)	55.1	4.3	14.8	6.3	80.6	58.4	20.1	78.4	54.6	5.1	126	7.1	79.3					
Manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products; publishing and printing	DE	250.0	15.0	108.0	34.8	407.9	259.5	140.2	399.7	243.2	14.6	104.3	37.0	399.0					
of pulp, paper and paper products	21	59.0	0.9	16.6	3.4	80.0	58.1	19.2	77.3	56.2	1.2	15.5	4.0	76.8					
of corrugated paper and paperboard, sacks and bags, cartons, boxes, cases and other containers	2121	23.4	0.3	6.7	1.9	32.3	23.5	8.4	32.0	22.7	0.3	6.2	2.5	31.7					
of pulp, paper, sanitary goods, stationery, wallpaper and paper products n.e.c.	Rest of 21	35.6	0.7	9.8	1.6	47.7	34.5	10.7	45.3	33.4	0.9	9.3	1.5	45.1					
Publishing, printing and reproduction of recorded media	22	191.0	14.1	91.4	31.4	327.9	201.5	121.0	322.5	187.0	13.4	88.9	33.0	322.2					
printing and service activities related to printing	222	113.4	7.6	35.7	14.1	170.8	120.2	47.2	167.4	111.1	7.5	33.6	13.9	166.1					
publishing and reproduction of recorded media	Rest of 22	77.6	6.4	55.8	17.3	157.1	81.3	73.8	155.0	75.9	5.9	55.2	19.1	156.1					
Manufacture of coke, refined petroleum products and nuclear fuel	DF (23)	19.3	0.0	3.1	0.5	22.9	19.0	3.6	22.6	18.8	0.0	3.1	0.5	22.4					
Manufacture of chemicals, chemical products and man-made fibres	DG (24)	1402	22	55.0	10.9	208.3	138.5	64.3	202.8	135.8	1.9	52.5	112	201.4					
Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	DH (25)	150.5	6.5	38.4	12.2	207.6	152.9	51.5	204.5	146.1	5.4	35.9	13.8	201.2					
Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	DI (26)	88.6	1.2	17.3	4.3	111.4	87.3	20.8	108.1	84.3	1.4	16.7	4.1	106.5					
Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	DJ	344.4	7.3	49.5	19.1	420.2	354.9	66.7	421.7	342.7	7.7	46.6	17.4	414.4					
of basic metals	27	74.8	1.4	7.9	2.2	86.3	75.5	10.1	85.6	72.5	1.7	20.0	7.7	414.4					
offabricated metal products, except machinery	28	269.6	5.9	41.6	16.9	333.9	279.4	56.7	336.1	270.2	6.0	38.9	15.4	330.4					
Manufacture of machinery and eqpt. n.e.c.	DK (29)	221.8	4.4	39.2	11.9	277.3	223.7	50.2	273.8	216.5	6.6	36.9	12.5	272.5					
Manufacture of electrical and optical equipment	DL	248.6	6.4	75.0	17.0	347.0	252.1	88.8	340.9	239.5	8.7	74.6	13.7	336.5					
of office machinery and computers	30	22.4	0.3	7.3	1.2	31.2	22.2	6.3	30.5	22.0	0.3	6.5	1.7	30.6					
of electrical machinery n.e.c., of electric motors, etc.; control apparatus, and insulated cable	31	89.3	2.2	26.9	5.9	124.4	90.8	31.7	122.5	86.7	2.3	25.5	5.8	120.4					
of accumulators, primary cells, batteries, lighting eqpt., and electrical eqpt. n.e.c.	31.1-31.3	48.9	1.3	13.8	3.0	67.0	49.6	16.4	65.9	47.5	1.4	13.1	2.8	64.8					
of radio, TV and communication eqpt.	31.4-31.6	40.4	1.0	13.1	2.9	57.4	41.2	15.4	56.6	39.2	0.9	12.4	3.0	55.6					
of electronic components	32	51.8	1.8	15.6	3.9	73.1	51.4	18.0	69.4	48.9	1.2	14.8	2.8	67.8					
of radio, TV and telephone apparatus; sound and video recorders etc.	32.1	19.9	0.7	6.4	1.5	28.6	19.3	7.5	26.8	17.7	0.9	6.1	1.3	26.0					
of medical, precision and optical equipment and watches	32.2-32.3	31.9	1.1	9.2	2.4	44.5	32.1	10.5	42.6	31.2	0.3	8.8	1.5	41.8					
Manufacture of transport equipment	33	85.1	2.0	25.2	5.9	118.3	87.7	30.7	118.4	81.9	4.8	27.7	3.3	117.8					
of motor vehicles, trailers	DM	293.5	3.5	32.5	6.0	335.6	293.0	38.1	331.0	281.1	3.5	308	6.6	322.1					
of other transport eqpt.	34	170.7	1.9	20.2	3.4	196.1	169.4	23.2	192.7	161.0	1.1	18.9	3.8	184.7					
of aircraft and spacecraft	35	122.7	1.7	12.4	2.6	139.4	123.5	14.8	138.3	120.1	2.5	12.0	2.9	137.4					
of other transport equipment except aircraft and spacecraft	35.3	80.0	0.6	8.2	1.3	90.2	81.1	9.6	90.7	79.8	0.7	8.2	1.4	90.1					
Manufacturing n.e.c. of furniture	Rest of 35	42.8	1.0	4.2	1.3	49.3	42.4	5.2	47.7	40.3	1.7	38	1.5	47.3					
DN	133.5	6.9	40.3	17.9	195.8	136.5	55.9	192.3	128.3	6.0	36.8	17.4	188.4						
DN	85.2	4.3	21.8	8.2	119.6	86.5	28.2	114.7	81.1	3.8	19.8	7.4	112.1						
ELECTRICITY, GAS AND WATER SUPPLY	E	84.3	1.6	24.0	5.3	115.2	84.4	30.8	115.2	82.1	1.9	24.7	6.2	114.9					
Electricity, gas, steam and hot water supply	40	63.9	1.3	20.0	4.7	89.9	63.9	26.2	90.1	62.1	1.8	20.9	5.6	90.4					
Collection, purification and distribution of water	41	20.4	0.3	4.0	0.6	25.3	20.5	4.6	25.1	19.9	0.1	3.8	0.6	24.5					
CONSTRUCTION	F	1,022.1	23.5	122.9	63.6	1,232.2	1,082.8	195.4	1,278.2	1,029.6	23.5	135.5	63.6	1,252.3					
SERVICE INDUSTRIES	G - O	7,400.6	1,890.0	5,680.3	5,770.6	20,741.5	9,394.1	11,492.8	20,886.9	7,522.0	1,907.6	5,732.1	5,811.9	20,973.7					
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE; REPAIR OF MOTOR VEHICLES, MOTORCYCLES AND PERSONAL AND HOUSEHOLD GOODS	G	1,668.4	512.8	881.3	1,382.4	4,444.9	2,209.7	2,277.2	4,486.9	1,690.6	525.3	887.3	1,384.6	4,487.7					
Sale, maintenance and repair of motor vehicles; retail sale of automotive fuel	50	372.6	39.8	76.7	55.5	544.6	415.3	124.8	540.1	374.1	42.6	80.0	47.8	544.6					
Sale of motor vehicles, motorcycles, fuel; and motorcycle repair	50.1/50.3/50.4	230.2	18.2	46.2	26.3	321.0	247.5	69.2	316.7	226.5	19.4	49.5	22.0	317.3					
Maintenance and repair of motor vehicles	502	118.4	14.5	21.2	15.3	169.4	137.4	32.4	169.8	123.8	15.0	20.8	11.6	171.1					
Sale of automotive fuel	505	23.9	7.0	9.4	14.0	54.3	30.3	23.1	53.5	23.9	8.3	9.7	14.3	56.1					
Wholesale and Commission Trade (except motor vehicles)	51	692.9	47.5	249.8	106.9	1,097.1	757.6	356.3	1,113.9	710.1	54.4	251.1	104.2	1,119.9					
on fee or contract basis	51.1	36.6	2.5	13.9	6.2	40.0	19.3	59.3	36.9	35	125	6.8	59.7						
of agricultural materials and animals	51.2	13.0	1.4	5.8	2.8	23.0	15.0	9.0	24.1	13.3	1.6	5.5	3.2	23.5					

a Members of HM Forces are excluded.

b Excludes private households with employed persons, extra-territorial organisations and bodies.

R Revised

Note: Head office and holding company local units were reclassified to Class 74.15 (within Section K) from December 2003 as a result of the

EMPLOYMENT

Employee jobs by industry division, class or group: Great Britain

B.15

Thousands, not seasonally adjusted

GREAT BRITAIN	Section sub- section group or class	June 2004 R				March 2005 R				June 2005						
		Male		Female		All	Male		Female		All	Male		Female		All
		Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time		Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time		Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time	
SIC 1992																
offfood, beverages and tobacco	51.3	115.8	9.7	42.4	19.1	186.9	130.3	59.1	189.4	121.7	9.2	41.1	18.3	19.3	190.3	
of household goods	51.4	149.3	13.2	70.8	30.3	263.6	163.6	103.3	267.0	150.7	13.3	73.9	29.7	29.7	267.6	
of non-agricultural intermediate products, waste and scrap	51.5	166.1	7.4	47.1	15.8	236.3	176.6	64.8	241.4	167.5	9.6	48.0	17.2	24.2	242.3	
of machinery, eqpt. and supplies	51.6	152.0	9.1	47.9	20.2	229.3	166.1	66.8	228.8	157.7	12.8	47.2	18.7	23.6	236.3	
Other wholesale	51.7	60.0	4.4	22.0	12.4	96.7	66.0	33.9	99.9	62.4	4.5	22.9	10.4	10.2	100.2	
Retail trade, except motor vehicles and motorcycles, repair of personal goods	52	603.0	425.5	554.7	1,220.0	2,803.2	1,036.8	1,796.1	2,832.9	606.3	428.2	556.2	1,232.6	2,823.3		
Non-specialised stores selling mainly food, drink and tobacco	52.11	196.1	183.8	161.6	422.5	984.1	390.4	606.4	996.9	204.4	185.5	161.7	443.0	994.6		
Other non-specialised stores	52.12	37.0	36.5	56.2	122.1	250.7	68.8	176.0	244.8	33.9	32.8	51.8	120.6	239.1		
Sale of fruit and veg., meat and meat products, fish and bread, cakes, etc	52.21-52.24	332	153	278	59.7	136.0	47.9	88.4	136.3	33.9	15.9	25.3	62.5	137.6		
Beverages and tobacco products	52.25-52.26	129	10.0	103	25.5	58.7	24.6	33.9	58.5	14.9	10.6	10.8	23.0	59.3		
Pharmaceutical goods and toiletries	52.3	155	8.4	258	492	98.9	26.5	76.9	103.3	17.8	9.4	26.5	50.7	104.4		
Textiles, furniture, lighting eqpt., electrical household appliances, radio and TV, paints, glass, hardware and household goods n.e.c.	52.41,52.44-	928	51.0	55.7	100.6	300.0	141.4	158.2	299.6	87.9	50.6	55.2	99.5	293.3		
Clothing, footwear and leather goods	52.42-52.43	525	44.6	88.2	219.8	405.1	98.3	314.2	412.5	52.5	45.8	90.2	225.2	413.6		
Books, newspapers and stationery; other specialised retail shops	52.47-52.48	116.8	64.6	96.4	158.0	435.7	176.5	266.0	442.5	113.8	64.0	98.2	167.9	443.9		
Second hand stores and sales not in stores	52.5-52.6	333	103	273	36.7	107.6	46.9	62.0	108.9	33.5	12.3	28.8	34.1	108.7		
Repair of personal and h'hold goods	52.7	128	1.1	6.5	5.9	26.3	14.1	29.6	33.9	12	7.7	6.1	28.8			
HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS	H	403.5	380.2	343.9	660.1	1,787.7	764.1	982.7	1,746.7	414.9	361.7	357.6	645.0	1,779.2		
Hotels	55.1	90.5	54.4	69.2	97.9	312.0	139.4	159.6	299.0	88.7	55.5	67.3	94.8	306.3		
Campsites, short-stay accom.	55.2	182	9.1	129	204	60.5	24.7	29.3	54.0	192	11.7	139	23.7	68.6		
Restaurants	55.3	130.8	140.2	101.3	213.6	585.9	277.0	302.2	579.2	145.0	136.2	107.6	201.4	590.3		
Bars	55.4	107.6	137.4	83.0	228.3	556.4	234.0	308.7	542.6	110.4	118.6	91.3	218.5	538.9		
Canteens and catering	55.5	56.4	39.1	77.5	99.9	272.9	89.0	182.9	271.9	51.5	39.6	77.3	106.5	275.0		
TRANSPORT, STORAGE AND COMMUNICATION	I	1,006.6	98.5	313.0	115.5	1,533.5	1,136.3	410.8	1,547.0	1,037.2	104.1	295.7	116.1	1,553.2		
Land transport: transport via pipelines	60	380.6	293	65.4	302	505.6	431.7	83.9	515.6	404.8	29.3	504	313	515.8		
Transport via railways	60.1	370	0.5	8.0	1.1	46.7	40.6	9.3	49.8	39.7	0.6	8.1	1.1	49.5		
Other land transport, and via pipelines	60.2/60.3	343.6	288	57.4	29.1	458.9	391.1	74.6	465.7	365.1	28.8	42.2	302	466.3		
Water transport	61	9.2	1.0	4.2	1.1	15.5	10.9	5.7	16.5	10.1	0.7	4.1	1.6	16.5		
Air transport	62	40.4	7.2	26.2	10.8	48.6	37.3	85.5	39.4	9.7	24.9	13.4	87.4			
Supporting and auxiliary transport activities: activities of travel agencies	63	240.6	205	125.7	343	421.1	264.3	154.7	419.0	245.4	20.1	125.0	31.2	421.7		
Travel agencies and tour operators	63.3	46.6	5.7	68.4	160	137.7	49.6	84.4	134.0	42.0	7.3	70.0	15.2	134.6		
Supporting and auxiliary transport act.	Rest of 63	194.0	148	56.2	183	283.3	214.6	70.3	295.0	203.4	12.7	55.0	16.1	287.2		
National post activities	64	335.7	404	91.5	39.1	506.8	381.2	123.2	510.5	375.7	44.2	91.4	38.6	518.0		
Courier activities	64.11	142.1	22.9	22.1	12.6	195.7	166.1	36.0	202.1	142.8	24.0	23.4	20.0	203.0		
Telecommunications	64.12	44.4	8.6	11.7	7.3	72.0	55.9	16.5	72.5	45.5	10.3	10.5	5.9	72.3		
FINANCIAL INTERMEDIATION	J	458.5	31.3	427.2	161.2	1,078.1	493.3	591.5	1,084.8	460.4	33.3	426.6	162.9	1,083.2		
Financial intermediation, except insurance and pension funding	65	247.3	212	255.0	110.9	634.6	277.5	370.7	648.2	256.1	23.1	258.2	110.7	648.0		
Central banking and other banks	65.1	196.3	19.4	212.2	96.8	524.6	223.0	310.3	533.3	204.3	20.3	214.5	94.4	533.5		
Building societies	65.122	132	0.6	19.6	10.8	44.2	13.0	29.2	42.2	12.4	0.6	18.8	10.3	42.1		
Other financial intermediation	65.2	51.0	1.9	42.9	14.1	109.9	54.4	60.5	114.9	51.8	2.7	43.8	16.2	114.5		
Insurance and pension funding, except compulsory social security	66	93.1	32	79.5	23.2	199.0	93.4	97.8	191.2	88.4	4.1	75.5	22.9	190.8		
Auxiliary to financial intermediation	67	118.0	6.8	92.6	27.0	244.4	122.4	123.0	245.5	116.0	6.2	92.9	29.3	244.4		
Except insurance and pension funding	67.1	58.2	2.6	41.9	10.3	112.9	58.3	54.6	112.9	56.2	1.9	43.8	11.2	113.1		
Aux. to insurance and pension funding	67.2	59.9	4.2	50.7	16.7	131.5	64.1	68.4	132.5	59.8	4.3	49.0	18.2	131.3		
REAL ESTATE, RENTING AND BUSINESS ACTIVITIES	K	1,901.2	333.7	1,089.6	685.6	4,010.2	2,261.3	1,780.3	4,041.6	1,937.8	331.1	1,118.9	666.1	4,073.9		
Real estate activities	70	170.6	26.7	114.9	78.2	390.4	198.8	197.7	396.4	177.7	21.6	118.4	81.2	390.0		
Letting of own property	70.1-70.2	101.6	158	70.6	43.5	231.5	119.1	114.5	233.6	105.5	13.5	71.2	44.6	234.8		
Activities on a fee/contract basis	70.3	69.0	11.0	44.3	34.7	158.9	79.7	83.2	162.8	72.2	8.1	47.2	36.6	164.2		
Renting of machinery and equipment without operator and of personal and household goods	71	81.9	11.4	36.0	18.5	147.7	92.8	54.7	147.5	85.1	8.9	36.3	18.3	148.6		
Construction/civil engineering eqpt	71.32	243	2.4	9.0	3.5	39.1	23.0	14.3	37.3	23.3	0.6	8.6	5.5	38.0		
All other goods and equipment	71.56	90	9.0	27.0	15.0	108.5	69.9	40.4	110.2	61.9	8.3	27.7	12.8	110.6		
Computer and related activities	72	282.1	199	126.2	58.4	486.6	301.8	195.3	497.1	278.4	18.5	141.5	53.2	491.6		
Research and development	73	58.1	2.1	29.2	8.7	98.1	59.5	40.6	100.1	57.0	1.8	30.6	10.4	99.8		
Other business activities	74	1,308.6	273.7	783.3	521.9	2,887.5	1,608.4	1,292.0	2,900.4	1,339.5	280.3	792.1	523.0	2,934.9		
Legal activities	74.11	106.5	11.6	96.5	38.1	252.7	119.9	131.5	251.5	107.3	12.4	92.9	38.8	251.3		
Accounting, auditing, tax consultancy	74.12	88.2	14.5	63.7	28.1	194.5	108.0	92.0	200.0	92.0	14.8	63.3	29.2	199.3		
Market research, consultancy servs.	74.13-74.14	136.6	19.9	89.3	42.2	288.0	157.8	130.7	288.5	138.0	19.5	89.2	42.6	289.4		
Management services	74.15	43.6	3.7	38.1	10.2	95.6	45.7	49.1	94.7	43.7	2.8	39.5	10.3	96.3		
of holding companies	74.2-74.43	207.3	162	77.1	35.3	335.9	221.3	113.2	334.5	207.8	14.6	80.0	35.6	380.0		
Advertising	74.4	36.4	4.1	23.1	14.4	78.1	42.2	38.5	80.7	38.2	5.0	26.2	12.5	81.9		
Labour recruitment and provision of personnel	74.5	299.3	88.2	193.7	102.0	683.1	397.3	289.6	696.9	306.9	9.1	190.1	105.5	697.5		
Investigation and security activities	74.6	103.2	14.2	28.3	11.5	157.2	120.0	35.8	155.8	104.3	16.2	27.5	10.2	158.2		
Industrial cleaning	74.7	92.4	7.0	66.1	181.5	415.0	168.7	231.0	419.7	98.2	7.8	178.6	43.0	430.4		
Miscellaneous business activities n.e.c.	74.8	195.1	26.3	107.4	58.4	387.3	227.4	160.7	388.1	203.1	24.2	106.8	5.5	392.6		
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE; COMPULSORY SOCIAL SECURITY^a	L	678.0	53.4	508.1	214.4	1,453.9	728.1	722.6	1,450.7	673.2	53.7	508.4	213.0	1,448.3		
EDUCATION	M	466.7	173.1	712.1	893.2	2,245.1	649.8	1,633.0	2,282.8	465.6	177.7	711.0	917.9	2		

B.18 EMPLOYMENT

Workforce jobs^a by industry

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM		All jobs	Agriculture and fishing	Energy and water	Manufacturing	Construction	Distribution, hotels and restaurants	Transport and communications	Finance and business services	Education, health and public admin	Other services	Total services
SIC 92 sections		A-O	A,B	C,E	D	F	G-H	I	J-K	L-N ^b	O	G-O
All jobs		DYDC	LOLI	LOLL	LOLO	LOLR	LOLU	LOLX	LOMA	LOMD	LOMG	LOMJ
1999	Jun	29,038	514	212	4,375	1,838	6,684	1,693	5,345	6,671	1,705	22,097
	Sep	29,167	507	210	4,339	1,840	6,675	1,710	5,413	6,741	1,732	22,271
	Dec	29,249	495	206	4,326	1,831	6,731	1,738	5,465	6,716	1,743	22,393
2000	Mar	29,296	511	207	4,300	1,829	6,740	1,742	5,450	6,733	1,784	22,449
	Jun	29,431	511	210	4,252	1,888	6,733	1,753	5,512	6,807	1,765	22,570
	Sep	29,500	497	214	4,203	1,863	6,756	1,770	5,573	6,890	1,739	22,723
	Dec	29,602	488	215	4,152	1,863	6,807	1,800	5,674	6,845	1,757	22,884
2001	Mar	29,643	465	217	4,125	1,879	6,825	1,815	5,692	6,852	1,773	22,956
	Jun	29,737	468	219	4,077	1,905	6,837	1,832	5,744	6,887	1,788	23,069
	Sep	29,726	451	221	4,021	1,913	6,836	1,818	5,756	6,907	1,803	23,121
	Dec	29,840	461	218	3,977	1,942	6,872	1,828	5,765	6,961	1,816	23,242
2002	Mar	29,845	451	219	3,916	1,947	6,888	1,823	5,795	6,981	1,825	23,312
	Jun	29,875	431	212	3,878	1,950	6,939	1,831	5,755	7,022	1,859	23,405
	Sep	29,911	409	206	3,825	1,973	6,958	1,834	5,753	7,090	1,863	23,499
	Dec	29,991	407	202	3,785	1,987	6,979	1,845	5,801	7,135	1,851	23,611
2003	Mar	30,065	419	199	3,747	2,016	6,951	1,846	5,838	7,190	1,860	23,684
	Jun	30,213	415	197	3,688	2,050	6,991	1,846	5,907	7,249	1,869	23,862
	Sep	30,311	429	193	3,655	2,093	7,019	1,840	5,917	7,287	1,877	23,941
	Dec	30,396	431	190	3,610	2,116	7,063	1,833	5,945	7,329	1,880	24,049
2004	Mar	30,412	416	187	3,578	2,140	7,080	1,831	5,927	7,373	1,881	24,092
	Jun	30,440	415	185	3,569	2,145	7,053	1,819	5,959	7,415	1,879	24,125
	Sep	30,405	425	188	3,531	2,136	7,039	1,810	5,969	7,442	1,865	24,125
	Dec	30,547	442	189	3,515	2,198	7,091	1,812	5,979	7,443	1,878	24,203
2005	Mar R	30,630	454	185	3,495	2,222	7,075	1,829	6,025	7,472	1,890	24,291
	Jun	30,590	446	185	3,438	2,185	7,062	1,839	6,046	7,482	1,907	24,335
Change on quarter		-49	-8	0	-47	-38	-13	10	21	10	17	44
Percent		-0.2	-1.8	-0.2	-1.3	-1.7	-0.2	0.5	0.3	0.1	0.9	0.2
Change on year		150	31	0	-131	40	9	20	86	67	28	211
Percent		0.5	7.5	-0.1	-3.7	1.9	0.1	1.1	1.5	0.9	1.5	0.9
Male jobs		LOLA	LOLJ	LOLM	LOLP	LOLS	LOLV	LOLT	LOMB	LOME	LOMH	LOMK
1999	Jun	15,553	388	160	3,153	1,630	3,220	1,261	2,668	2,042	832	10,223
	Sep	15,613	386	157	3,142	1,635	3,217	1,269	2,905	2,052	851	10,293
	Dec	15,619	374	153	3,124	1,630	3,180	1,301	2,964	2,069	824	10,338
2000	Mar	15,661	377	154	3,106	1,623	3,234	1,293	2,931	2,069	873	10,400
	Jun	15,721	384	158	3,080	1,677	3,210	1,295	2,943	2,106	868	10,422
	Sep	15,704	371	157	3,048	1,656	3,210	1,302	2,985	2,120	855	10,472
	Dec	15,723	370	153	2,982	1,656	3,226	1,330	3,002	2,139	865	10,562
2001	Mar	15,858	351	158	2,981	1,667	3,255	1,353	3,062	2,144	886	10,701
	Jun	15,921	347	157	2,958	1,697	3,274	1,360	3,111	2,141	877	10,762
	Sep	15,949	341	159	2,924	1,706	3,288	1,350	3,151	2,144	887	10,820
	Dec	16,040	347	172	2,901	1,734	3,300	1,371	3,162	2,152	902	10,887
2002	Mar	15,947	344	160	2,850	1,738	3,294	1,345	3,152	2,158	905	10,855
	Jun	15,945	330	154	2,823	1,742	3,337	1,343	3,133	2,176	908	10,896
	Sep	15,974	320	150	2,794	1,764	3,352	1,349	3,123	2,191	931	10,946
	Dec	16,027	317	149	2,780	1,777	3,381	1,358	3,162	2,196	906	11,003
2003	Mar	16,112	325	146	2,774	1,811	3,385	1,339	3,211	2,222	899	11,057
	Jun	16,224	324	145	2,731	1,833	3,418	1,349	3,267	2,240	916	11,190
	Sep	16,233	334	145	2,702	1,866	3,429	1,339	3,254	2,247	917	11,186
	Dec	16,314	336	145	2,671	1,888	3,457	1,362	3,286	2,250	917	11,272
2004	Mar	16,363	321	147	2,663	1,905	3,479	1,366	3,296	2,276	909	11,327
	Jun	16,400	318	149	2,661	1,918	3,466	1,355	3,337	2,292	904	11,354
	Sep	16,418	319	150	2,637	1,916	3,476	1,370	3,350	2,302	898	11,396
	Dec	16,444	330	147	2,614	1,959	3,472	1,363	3,346	2,304	909	11,394
2005	Mar R	16,501	335	147	2,592	1,986	3,471	1,382	3,370	2,306	911	11,440
	Jun	16,447	329	146	2,564	1,949	3,469	1,395	3,381	2,301	913	11,459
Change on quarter		-54	-6	-1	-28	-38	-2	13	11	-6	2	19
Percent		-0.3	-1.7	-0.5	-1.1	-1.9	-0.1	1.0	0.3	-0.3	0.2	0.2
Change on year		47	11	-3	-97	30	3	40	44	8	9	105
Percent		0.3	3.3	-1.8	-3.6	1.6	0.1	3.0	1.3	0.4	1.0	0.9
Female jobs		LOLB	LOLK	LOLN	LOLO	LOLT	LOLW	LOLZ	LOMC	LOMF	LOMI	LOML
1999	Jun	13,484	126	52	1,222	209	3,464	432	2,478	4,629	872	11,875
	Sep	13,553	121	53	1,197	204	3,457	442	2,508	4,689	881	11,978
	Dec	13,631	121	53	1,203	199	3,551	436	2,501	4,648	920	12,055
2000	Mar	13,636	134	53	1,194	206	3,505	449	2,520	4,665	910	12,049
	Jun	13,710	127	53	1,171	211	3,523	458	2,569	4,701	897	12,148
	Sep	13,796	126	56	1,155	207	3,547	468	2,593	4,761	884	12,251
	Dec	13,879	119	62	1,171	207	3,581	471	2,672	4,706	892	12,321
2001	Mar	13,786	114	60	1,144	213	3,570	461	2,629	4,708	886	12,255
	Jun	13,816	121	62	1,119	208	3,563	473	2,633	4,746	891	12,306
	Sep	13,776	110	62	1,097	207	3,549	469	2,605	4,763	916	12,301
	Dec	13,799	114	47	1,076	208	3,571	458	2,602	4,810	915	12,355
2002	Mar	13,898	107	59	1,066	209	3,594	478	2,643	4,822	920	12,457
	Jun	13,930	100	58	1,055	208	3,602	487	2,623	4,845	951	12,508
	Sep	13,937	88	56	1,031	208	3,606	485	2,631	4,899	932	12,553
	Dec	13,964	90	52	1,004	210	3,599	487	2,639	4,939	944	12,608
2003	Mar	13,954	94	53	973	205	3,565	507	2,626	4,968	961	12,628
	Jun	13,989	91	51	957	217	3,573	497	2,640	5,009	953	12,672
	Sep	14,077	95	48	952	227	3,589	502	2,663	5,040	960	12,754
	Dec	14,083	96	45	939	227	3,606	472	2,659	5,078	963	12,777
2004	Mar	14,049	95	40	915	235	3,601	465	2,631	5,096	972	12,764
	Jun	14,040	97	36	909	227	3,587	464	2,623	5,123	975	12,771
	Sep	13,987	106	37	894	220	3,563	440	2,619	5,140	967	12,729
	Dec	14,104	112	43	902	238	3,619	449	2,633	5,139	969	12,809
2005	Mar R	14,138	119	38	893	237	3,603	447	2,655	5,166	979	12,851
	Jun	14,143	117	39	875	237	3,592	443	2,665	5,182	994	12,876
Change on quarter		5	-2	0	-18	0	-11	-3	10	16	15	26
Percent		0.0	-2.0	1.2	-2.1	-0.2	-0.3	-0.7	0.4	0.3	1.5	0.2
Change on year		103	20	2	-34	9	6	-21	42	59	19	105
Percent		0.7	21.2	6.9	-3.8	4.1	0.2	-4.5	1			

EMPLOYMENT

Actual weekly hours of work

B.21

Hours, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM	Total weekly hours (millions) ^a	Average actual weekly hours of work			
		All workers ^a	Full-time workers ^b	Part-time workers ^b	Second jobs
		YBUS	YBUV	YBUY	YBV
All					
Spring quarters (Mar-May)					
1997	878.0	33.3	38.7	15.2	9.4
1998	885.4	33.2	38.7	15.2	9.1
1999	887.3	32.9	38.2	15.3	9.0
2000	893.3	32.6	37.9	15.4	8.9
2001	906.1	32.8	38.0	15.7	9.4
2002	908.5	32.6	37.9	15.6	9.4
2003	905.4	32.2	37.4	15.6	9.4
2004	908.8	32.0	37.3	15.7	9.1
2005	917.7	32.1	37.2	15.7	9.6
3-month averages					
May-Jul 2004	907.2	32.0	37.2	15.6	9.1
Jun-Aug (Sum)	906.4	32.0	37.2	15.5	9.2
Jul-Sep	909.5	32.0	37.2	15.6	9.5
Aug-Oct	911.9	32.1	37.3	15.6	9.4
Sep-Nov (Aut)	913.7	32.1	37.3	15.6	9.4
Oct-Dec	916.8	32.1	37.4	15.6	9.4
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	919.7	32.2	37.4	15.6	9.5
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	922.0	32.2	37.4	15.6	9.7
Jan-Mar 2005	919.6	32.1	37.3	15.7	9.6
Feb-Apr	916.9	32.1	37.2	15.7	9.8
Mar-May (Spr)	917.7	32.1	37.2	15.7	9.6
Apr-Jun	917.4	32.0	37.2	15.7	9.6
May-Jul	921.4	32.1	37.3	15.7	9.4
Changes					
Over last 3 months	4.5	0.0	0.1	0.1	-0.4
Percent	0.5	0.1	0.2	0.5	-3.9
Over last 12 months	14.2	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.3
Percent	1.6	0.4	0.0	1.1	2.8
Male	YBUT	YBUW	YBUZ	YBCV	YBFV
Spring quarters (Mar-May)					
1997	558.7	38.9	40.7	14.9	10.7
1998	564.0	38.8	40.7	15.0	9.8
1999	560.4	38.2	40.1	15.0	9.7
2000	564.2	37.9	39.8	15.1	9.4
2001	569.6	38.0	39.9	15.6	10.2
2002	567.0	37.7	39.8	15.0	10.3
2003	564.4	37.0	39.2	15.4	10.5
2004	567.0	37.0	39.1	15.7	10.0
2005	568.9	36.9	39.1	15.6	10.7
3-month averages					
May-Jul 2004	565.9	36.9	39.1	15.5	10.1
Jun-Aug (Sum)	565.9	36.9	39.0	15.6	10.3
Jul-Sep	566.8	36.9	39.1	15.6	10.7
Aug-Oct	567.7	36.9	39.1	15.7	10.5
Sep-Nov (Aut)	567.9	36.9	39.1	15.6	10.4
Oct-Dec	570.7	37.0	39.2	15.7	10.2
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	572.1	37.1	39.2	15.6	10.3
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	572.2	37.1	39.2	15.6	10.6
Jan-Mar 2005	570.4	36.9	39.1	15.7	10.5
Feb-Apr	569.1	36.9	39.0	15.8	10.9
Mar-May (Spr)	568.9	36.9	39.1	15.6	10.7
Apr-Jun	569.0	36.8	39.0	15.6	10.6
May-Jul	569.3	36.8	39.0	15.6	10.3
Changes					
Over last 3 months	0.2	0.0	0.0	-0.2	-0.6
Percent	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-1.1	-5.9
Over last 12 months	3.4	-0.1	-0.1	0.1	0.1
Percent	0.6	-0.2	-0.2	0.7	1.4
Female	YBUU	YBUX	YBVA	YBVD	YBVG
Spring quarters (Mar-May)					
1997	319.2	26.6	34.7	15.3	8.4
1998	321.3	26.5	34.6	15.3	8.6
1999	326.9	26.5	34.5	15.3	8.5
2000	329.2	26.3	34.1	15.4	8.6
2001	336.5	26.6	34.4	15.7	8.8
2002	341.5	26.7	34.4	15.7	8.8
2003	341.0	26.5	34.1	15.6	8.6
2004	341.8	26.2	33.9	15.7	8.4
2005	348.7	26.4	33.7	15.7	8.7
3-month averages					
May-Jul 2004	341.3	26.2	33.8	15.6	8.4
Jun-Aug (Sum)	340.5	26.2	33.9	15.5	8.5
Jul-Sep	342.7	26.3	33.8	15.6	8.6
Aug-Oct	344.2	26.3	34.0	15.6	8.6
Sep-Nov (Aut)	345.8	26.4	34.0	15.6	8.6
Oct-Dec	346.1	26.4	34.0	15.6	8.7
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	347.6	26.5	34.0	15.6	8.8
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	349.8	26.5	34.0	15.6	9.0
Jan-Mar 2005	349.2	26.5	33.9	15.7	8.9
Feb-Apr	347.9	26.4	33.8	15.6	8.9
Mar-May (Spr)	348.7	26.4	33.7	15.7	8.7
Apr-Jun 2005	348.4	26.4	33.8	15.7	8.8
May-Jul 2005	352.1	26.6	34.1	15.8	8.7
Changes					
Over last 3 months	4.3	0.2	0.3	0.1	-0.2
Percent	1.2	0.6	0.8	1.0	-2.3
Over last 12 months	10.8	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.3
Percent	3.2	1.5	0.7	1.2	3.6

a Main and second jobs.

b Main job only.

Note: Data are revised in line with the latest interim reweighted LFS estimates.

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

B.22 EMPLOYMENT

Usual weekly hours of work^a

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM										
	Less than 6 hours		6 up to 15 hours		16 up to 30 hours		31 up to 45 hours		Over 45 hours	
	Thousands	% of total	Thousands	% of total	Thousands	% of total	Thousands	% of total	Thousands	% of total
All	YCDM	LUAA	YCDP	LWYX	YCDS	LWZA	YCDV	LWZD	YCDY	LWZG
Spring quarters (Mar-May)										
1997	502	1.9	2,159	8.2	4,034	15.3	12,864	48.6	6,890	26.1
1998	501	1.9	2,141	8.0	4,134	15.5	13,079	49.0	6,860	25.7
1999	492	1.8	2,131	7.9	4,273	15.8	13,582	50.2	6,575	24.3
2000	476	1.7	2,135	7.8	4,397	16.0	13,766	50.2	6,660	24.3
2001	428	1.5	2,050	7.4	4,524	16.3	14,037	50.7	6,653	24.0
2002	414	1.5	2,033	7.3	4,696	16.8	14,278	51.2	6,456	23.2
2003	432	1.5	2,120	7.5	4,874	17.3	14,445	51.3	6,296	22.4
2004	418	1.5	2,117	7.5	4,969	17.6	14,767	52.0	6,118	21.5
2005	429	1.5	2,040	7.1	5,048	17.6	15,068	52.6	6,071	21.2
3-month averages										
May-Jul 2004	434	1.5	2,085	7.3	4,977	17.5	14,824	52.2	6,095	21.5
Jun-Aug (Sum)	434	1.5	2,029	7.1	5,014	17.6	14,840	52.2	6,097	21.5
Jul-Sep	420	1.5	2,050	7.2	5,037	17.7	14,858	52.2	6,099	21.4
Aug-Oct	411	1.4	2,048	7.2	5,028	17.7	14,895	52.3	6,101	21.4
Sep-Nov (Aut)	414	1.5	2,059	7.2	5,026	17.6	14,951	52.4	6,086	21.3
Oct-Dec	410	1.4	2,058	7.2	5,021	17.6	14,984	52.4	6,103	21.4
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	416	1.5	2,046	7.1	5,028	17.6	15,047	52.6	6,090	21.2
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	411	1.4	2,038	7.1	5,006	17.5	15,135	52.8	6,090	21.2
Jan-Mar 2005	410	1.4	2,017	7.0	5,013	17.5	15,133	52.8	6,090	21.2
Feb-Apr	416	1.5	2,024	7.1	5,040	17.6	15,083	52.7	6,083	21.2
Mar-May (Spr)	429	1.5	2,040	7.1	5,048	17.6	15,068	52.6	6,071	21.2
Apr-Jun	419	1.5	2,035	7.1	5,073	17.7	15,095	52.6	6,054	21.1
May-Jul	413	1.4	2,039	7.1	5,094	17.7	15,120	52.6	6,065	21.1
Changes										
Over last 3 months	-4		13		50		28		-22	
Percent	-1.0		0.6		1.0		0.2		-0.4	
Over last 12 months	-23		-51		105		261		-44	
Percent	-5.2		-2.4		2.1		1.8		-0.7	
Male	YCDN	LWYV	YCDQ	LWYY	YCDT	LWZB	YCDW	LWZE	YCDZ	LWZH
Spring quarters (Mar-May)										
1997	128	0.9	449	3.1	783	5.4	7,420	51.5	5,625	39.1
1998	115	0.8	454	3.1	796	5.5	7,590	52.1	5,616	38.5
1999	128	0.9	454	3.1	878	6.0	7,940	54.0	5,304	36.1
2000	116	0.8	482	3.2	868	5.8	8,022	53.8	5,419	36.3
2001	92	0.6	461	3.1	899	6.0	8,203	54.6	5,364	35.7
2002	101	0.7	503	3.3	930	6.2	8,375	55.6	5,142	34.2
2003	123	0.8	506	3.3	1,101	7.2	8,475	55.5	5,054	33.1
2004	108	0.7	509	3.3	1,119	7.3	8,746	56.9	4,882	31.8
2005	113	0.7	515	3.3	1,152	7.5	8,880	57.5	4,785	31.0
3-month averages										
May-Jul 2004	109	0.7	518	3.4	1,111	7.2	8,769	57.1	4,859	31.6
Jun-Aug (Sum)	112	0.7	504	3.3	1,138	7.4	8,779	57.1	4,840	31.5
Jul-Sep	113	0.7	501	3.3	1,147	7.5	8,787	57.1	4,843	31.5
Aug-Oct	107	0.7	494	3.2	1,147	7.4	8,807	57.2	4,843	31.5
Sep-Nov (Aut)	113	0.7	495	3.2	1,145	7.4	8,833	57.3	4,842	31.4
Oct-Nov	110	0.7	508	3.3	1,142	7.4	8,839	57.2	4,845	31.4
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	116	0.7	510	3.3	1,149	7.4	8,861	57.3	4,825	31.2
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	110	0.7	505	3.3	1,142	7.4	8,902	57.6	4,809	31.1
Jan-Mar 2005	110	0.7	498	3.2	1,148	7.4	8,918	57.6	4,801	31.0
Feb-Apr	109	0.7	502	3.2	1,158	7.5	8,894	57.5	4,806	31.1
Mar-May (Spr)	113	0.7	515	3.3	1,152	7.5	8,880	57.5	4,785	31.0
Apr-Jun	112	0.7	508	3.3	1,148	7.4	8,913	57.6	4,784	30.9
May-Jul	115	0.7	513	3.3	1,149	7.4	8,927	57.7	4,774	30.8
Changes										
Over last 3 months	6		10		-9		28		-35	
Percent	5.1		2.1		-0.8		0.3		-0.7	
Over last 12 months	5		-7		36		137		-96	
Percent	4.9		-1.3		3.2		1.6		-2.0	
Female	YCDO	LWYW	YCDR	LWYZ	YCDU	LWZC	YCDX	LWZF	YCEA	LWZI
Spring quarters (Mar-May)										
1997	374	3.1	1,710	14.2	3,251	27.0	5,444	45.2	1,264	10.5
1998	386	3.2	1,686	13.9	3,338	27.5	5,489	45.2	1,244	10.2
1999	364	3.0	1,677	13.6	3,395	27.5	5,642	45.7	1,270	10.3
2000	359	2.9	1,653	13.2	3,529	28.2	5,744	45.9	1,242	9.9
2001	335	2.6	1,589	12.5	3,625	28.6	5,834	46.0	1,289	10.2
2002	313	2.4	1,529	11.9	3,756	29.3	5,902	46.1	1,315	10.3
2003	309	2.4	1,615	12.5	3,772	29.2	5,970	46.3	1,242	9.6
2004	310	2.4	1,608	12.3	3,870	29.7	6,021	46.2	1,236	9.5
2005	315	2.4	1,525	11.5	3,896	29.5	6,187	46.8	1,287	9.7
3-month averages										
May-Jul 2004	325	2.5	1,567	12.0	3,866	29.6	6,055	46.4	1,236	9.5
Jun-Aug (Sum)	322	2.5	1,525	11.7	3,876	29.7	6,061	46.5	1,257	9.6
Jul-Sep	307	2.3	1,549	11.8	3,890	29.8	6,072	46.4	1,256	9.6
Aug-Oct	304	2.3	1,554	11.9	3,881	29.7	6,088	46.5	1,258	9.6
Sep-Nov (Aut)	301	2.3	1,564	11.9	3,880	29.6	6,118	46.7	1,244	9.5
Oct-Dec	301	2.3	1,551	11.8	3,879	29.5	6,144	46.8	1,258	9.6
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	300	2.3	1,535	11.7	3,879	29.5	6,186	47.0	1,255	9.5
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	300	2.3	1,533	11.6	3,865	29.3	6,233	47.2	1,281	9.7
Jan-Mar 2005	300	2.3	1,519	11.5	3,865	29.3	6,214	47.1	1,288	9.8
Feb-Apr	307	2.3	1,523	11.6	3,882	29.5	6,189	47.0	1,278	9.7
Mar-May (Spr)	315	2.4	1,525	11.5	3,896	29.5	6,187	46.8	1,287	9.7
Apr-Jun	307	2.3	1,527	11.6	3,925	29.7	6,182	46.8	1,270	9.6
May-Jul	298	2.2	1,526	11.5	3,944	29.8	6,193	46.7	1,292	9.7
Changes										
Over last 3 months	-10		2		59		0		13	
Percent	-3.2		0.2		1.5		0.0		1.0	
Over last 12 months	-28		-44		69		123		52	
Percent	-8.6		-2.8		1.8		2.0		4.2	

a Main job only.
Note: Data are revised in line with the latest interim reweighted LFS estimates.

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

PRODUCTIVITY Key productivity measures

B.32

Seasonally adjusted (2002=100)

UNITED KINGDOM					Whole economy					Production industries				Manufacturing industries			
SIC1992	Output per worker ^a	Output	Productivity jobs ^b	Output per filled job ^c	Output per hour worked ^d	Output	Productivity jobs ^b	Output per filled job ^c	Output per hour worked ^d	Output	Productivity jobs ^b	Output per filled job ^c	Output per hour worked ^d				
1995	88.7	82.1	93.3	88.0	86.4	94.9	117.3	80.9	80.4	95.1	117.7	80.8	80.6				
1996	90.3	84.3	94.1	89.5	87.9	96.2	118.1	81.5	80.5	95.8	118.5	80.9	80.0				
1997	91.5	86.9	95.6	91.0	89.1	97.5	118.6	82.3	81.2	97.6	118.7	82.2	81.0				
1998	93.6	89.9	96.4	93.3	91.5	101.1	117.9	85.7	84.8	101.3	118.1	85.8	84.8				
1999	95.2	92.7	97.7	94.9	93.5	102.3	113.4	90.2	89.5	102.1	113.9	89.6	88.8				
2000	98.0	96.4	98.5	97.9	97.1	104.2	109.4	95.2	94.6	104.6	109.8	95.3	94.5				
2001	99.1	98.3	99.3	99.1	98.1	102.6	104.7	97.9	97.2	103.2	104.7	98.5	97.6				
2002	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0				
2003	101.5	102.5	100.9	101.6	102.1	99.5	95.3	104.4	104.2	100.1	95.2	105.1	104.9				
2004	103.7	105.6	101.6	104.0	104.6	100.3	91.7	109.4	108.4	102.0	91.7	111.2	110.2				
1995 Q2	88.6	81.8	93.1	87.9	86.2	94.8	116.8	81.2	80.3	95.1	117.1	81.2	80.6				
Q3	88.8	82.2	93.5	88.0	86.6	95.3	117.4	81.1	81.1	95.5	117.8	81.0	81.2				
Q4	89.1	82.9	93.9	88.3	86.9	95.6	118.9	80.4	80.2	95.6	119.7	79.9	80.2				
1996 Q1	89.8	83.6	94.0	88.9	87.6	96.2	118.9	80.9	80.4	95.9	119.8	80.0	80.0				
Q2	89.8	83.7	94.0	89.0	87.2	95.6	117.9	81.1	79.8	95.1	117.7	80.8	79.1				
Q3	90.3	84.3	94.1	89.6	87.9	96.0	117.6	81.7	80.8	95.7	118.0	81.0	80.4				
Q4	91.1	85.5	94.4	90.6	89.0	97.0	118.1	82.1	80.9	96.7	118.5	81.6	80.3				
1997 Q1	91.0	86.0	95.0	90.5	88.5	97.3	118.7	82.0	80.8	97.5	118.8	82.1	80.7				
Q2	91.1	86.5	95.5	90.6	88.8	97.3	118.8	81.9	81.0	97.3	119.1	81.7	80.8				
Q3	91.5	87.1	95.8	90.9	89.2	97.9	118.5	82.6	81.3	97.8	118.7	82.4	81.0				
Q4	92.3	88.1	96.0	91.8	90.0	97.7	118.2	82.6	81.5	97.8	118.5	82.5	81.4				
1998 Q1	92.9	88.8	96.1	92.4	90.4	101.1	118.3	85.4	85.0	101.7	118.6	85.7	85.3				
Q2	93.3	89.3	96.1	92.9	91.0	101.3	118.4	85.6	84.4	101.7	118.6	85.7	84.5				
Q3	93.9	90.3	96.5	93.6	91.6	101.2	117.8	85.8	84.3	101.4	118.1	85.9	84.2				
Q4	94.4	91.1	96.9	94.1	92.8	100.7	116.9	86.2	85.6	100.6	117.1	85.9	85.2				
1999 Q1	94.5	91.5	97.2	94.2	92.8	101.2	115.3	87.8	87.5	101.0	115.7	87.3	86.9				
Q2	94.9	92.1	97.6	94.3	93.2	101.6	113.8	89.3	88.8	101.4	114.2	88.8	88.1				
Q3	95.4	92.9	97.9	95.0	93.6	103.0	112.6	91.4	90.0	102.7	113.1	90.8	89.4				
Q4	96.2	94.1	98.0	96.0	94.5	103.3	112.0	92.2	91.6	103.2	112.6	91.7	90.9				
2000 Q1	97.3	95.4	98.3	97.1	97.1	103.8	111.2	93.3	92.8	103.8	111.8	92.8	92.3				
Q2	97.7	96.1	98.5	97.6	96.7	104.4	110.1	94.8	93.6	104.4	110.4	94.5	93.2				
Q3	98.2	96.9	98.7	98.2	97.5	104.1	108.9	95.6	94.9	104.6	109.2	95.8	95.0				
Q4	98.6	97.3	98.8	98.5	97.1	104.5	107.5	97.2	97.1	105.5	107.7	97.9	97.7				
2001 Q1	98.9	97.9	99.0	99.0	97.8	104.5	106.5	98.2	97.9	105.5	106.6	99.0	98.6				
Q2	99.0	98.2	99.3	98.9	97.6	102.9	105.5	97.5	96.5	103.2	105.6	97.7	96.7				
Q3	99.2	98.4	99.3	99.1	98.1	102.4	104.0	98.5	97.5	103.0	104.1	99.0	97.9				
Q4	99.3	98.8	99.4	99.4	98.8	100.4	102.8	97.7	97.0	100.9	102.7	98.2	97.3				
2002 Q1	99.6	99.3	99.6	99.6	99.1	100.0	101.6	98.4	97.5	100.2	101.6	98.6	97.7				
Q2	99.8	99.7	99.9	99.8	100.2	100.3	100.8	99.5	100.4	99.7	100.8	98.9	99.8				
Q3	100.4	100.3	100.0	100.3	100.2	100.1	99.2	100.9	101.5	100.7	99.2	101.5	102.1				
Q4	100.2	100.7	100.4	100.3	100.6	99.6	98.3	101.3	100.6	99.3	98.3	101.0	100.3				
2003 Q1	100.7	101.4	100.7	100.7	101.0	99.4	97.4	102.1	101.6	99.4	97.3	102.2	101.6				
Q2	100.9	101.8	100.8	101.0	101.3	99.1	95.9	103.3	103.3	99.5	95.7	103.9	103.9				
Q3	101.8	102.9	100.9	101.9	102.3	99.5	94.6	105.2	104.6	100.2	94.5	106.1	105.5				
Q4	102.7	103.9	101.0	102.8	103.8	100.1	93.4	107.2	107.5	101.1	93.3	108.4	108.5				
2004 Q1	102.9	104.8	101.5	103.3	103.7	100.3	92.7	108.2	107.5	101.6	92.6	109.6	108.8				
Q2	103.8	105.5	101.5	103.9	104.9	101.0	92.2	109.5	108.8	102.4	92.2	111.1	110.2				
Q3	103.9	105.9	101.5	104.3	105.2	99.9	91.4	109.4	108.1	101.7	91.4	111.2	110.1				
Q4	104.1	106.4	101.7	104.6	104.5	100.1	90.6	110.4	109.2	102.3	90.5	113.1	111.8				
2005 Q1	104.2	106.8	102.0	104.7	104.8	99.2	90.0	110.2	108.3	101.5	89.9	112.9	111.0				
Q2 P	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	113.6	..

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS
Customer Helpline: 01633 812766

a Output per worker is the ratio of gross value added at basic prices and Labour Force Survey (LFS) total employment.

b Productivity jobs are constrained to equal LFS jobs for the whole economy.

c Output per filled job is the ratio of gross value added at basic prices and productivity jobs.

d Output per hour worked is the ratio of gross value added at basic prices and productivity hours.

P Provisional

Note: The full productivity and unit wage costs datasets with associated articles can be found on the National Statistics website at www.statistics.gov.uk/productivity.

For information on this table, please e-mail productivity@ons.gov.uk.

B.33 EMPLOYMENT

Total workforce hours worked per week

Millions

UNITED KINGDOM	Employees					Self-employed			HMF GST UPFW ^a	Total	
	Male		Female		All	Male		Female			
	All	Part-time	All	Part-time							
Not seasonally adjusted											
1995	Jun	434.2	16.3	296.0	87.3	730.2	116.9	27.3	144.2	18.3	892.8
	Sep	416.8	17.4	281.4	82.0	698.2	114.4	26.3	140.7	18.2	857.2
	Dec	440.4	18.0	300.8	89.4	741.2	116.8	26.9	143.7	18.2	903.1
1996	Mar	413.5	16.9	286.7	86.1	700.2	103.8	24.8	128.5	16.9	845.6
	Jun	434.3	18.0	301.0	89.8	735.3	111.9	26.7	138.5	16.6	890.5
	Sep	421.7	19.2	290.1	86.7	711.8	114.0	26.5	140.5	16.4	868.7
	Dec	446.6	19.7	310.4	93.5	757.1	116.2	26.6	142.8	16.6	916.4
1997	Mar	419.4	19.2	292.8	88.2	712.1	102.9	24.2	127.1	15.8	855.0
	Jun	443.5	20.0	303.3	89.9	746.8	110.0	27.0	137.0	15.5	899.3
	Sep	436.0	21.6	296.7	88.2	732.7	107.7	27.3	135.0	16.2	883.9
	Dec	470.8	22.7	322.4	93.1	793.2	111.6	27.2	138.8	15.7	947.7
1998	Mar	436.7	21.0	300.4	87.0	737.0	99.3	25.2	124.6	14.5	876.1
	Jun	457.3	21.2	310.0	88.3	767.3	103.8	25.6	129.4	14.4	911.1
	Sep	454.1	21.3	305.1	87.5	759.2	101.7	24.1	125.8	15.0	900.0
	Dec	476.2	22.2	320.7	91.4	797.0	103.7	25.1	128.8	14.5	940.3
1999	Mar	443.5	22.2	303.8	87.3	747.4	99.9	22.4	116.4	13.7	877.4
	Jun	465.2	22.7	316.5	89.2	781.7	102.1	23.6	125.7	13.9	921.3
	Sep	458.9	24.5	305.2	86.1	764.1	100.8	23.8	124.6	14.0	902.6
	Dec	482.1	24.5	324.5	93.0	806.7	101.2	24.6	125.8	14.3	946.7
2000	Mar	447.4	23.0	304.8	87.9	752.1	91.1	23.4	114.5	13.7	880.4
	Jun	471.9	24.0	322.2	91.4	794.1	97.2	24.7	121.9	13.8	929.8
	Sep	460.1	25.5	314.3	88.2	774.4	98.3	24.3	122.7	14.0	911.1
	Dec	479.6	26.9	332.7	96.1	812.3	99.9	24.5	124.5	14.0	950.8
2001	Mar	455.1	26.1	315.0	91.0	770.1	92.6	22.2	114.9	13.3	898.3
	Jun	478.6	26.0	329.0	94.7	807.6	99.4	24.1	123.5	13.1	944.1
	Sep	467.2	26.9	315.1	90.7	782.3	99.8	24.1	123.9	14.0	920.2
	Dec	481.2	30.6	322.7	101.2	803.9	100.9	23.8	124.7	13.4	942.0
2002	Mar	450.8	26.3	314.6	93.2	765.4	91.1	21.7	112.8	12.7	891.0
	Jun	472.1	27.6	331.1	97.8	803.1	99.3	24.1	123.4	13.0	939.5
	Sep	454.3	29.6	312.6	92.3	767.0	97.3	24.7	121.9	13.0	901.9
	Dec	479.3	30.1	330.5	98.0	809.8	99.5	24.0	123.5	13.4	946.7
2003	Mar	447.9	27.8	314.1	92.5	762.0	90.3	22.8	113.1	12.7	887.8
	Jun	469.1	28.9	328.0	96.1	797.0	101.2	26.3	127.5	13.0	937.5
	Sep	461.2	29.6	315.9	93.1	777.2	103.2	25.8	129.0	13.8	919.9
	Dec	478.2	30.5	331.6	98.7	809.8	105.9	25.7	131.6	13.7	955.0
2004	Mar	450.3	29.5	312.9	94.0	763.2	97.7	23.1	120.8	13.2	897.2
	Jun	468.4	33.5	320.7	101.5	789.0	104.9	25.4	130.3	13.3	932.6
	Sep	460.6	31.7	312.2	91.3	772.8	104.2	25.3	129.5	13.0	915.3
	Dec	485.0	31.8	333.2	99.4	818.2	106.0	25.7	131.7	13.3	963.1
2005	Mar	459.5	31.0	318.0	95.1	777.5	96.4	24.5	120.9	13.0	911.5
	Jun	473.4	32.3	326.3	99.8	799.7	104.1	25.8	129.9	13.0	942.6
Seasonally adjusted											
1995	Jun	427.9	16.5	291.8	86.5	719.7	115.0	26.6	141.5	18.5	879.7
	Sep	424.3	17.0	289.7	85.0	713.9	113.2	26.3	139.5	18.1	871.5
	Dec	425.7	17.5	291.0	86.1	716.7	113.3	26.3	139.6	17.8	874.0
1996	Mar	427.0	17.5	292.6	87.2	719.5	110.2	26.0	136.2	17.2	873.0
	Jun	428.8	18.2	297.2	89.2	726.0	110.2	26.1	136.4	16.8	879.2
	Sep	428.8	18.9	297.8	89.6	726.6	112.9	26.4	139.3	16.2	882.1
	Dec	430.7	19.1	299.9	90.1	730.6	112.4	26.0	138.4	16.2	885.2
1997	Mar	433.9	19.8	299.5	89.5	733.3	109.3	25.4	134.7	16.2	884.2
	Jun	438.5	20.3	299.9	89.3	738.4	108.5	26.6	135.1	15.7	889.2
	Sep	442.3	21.3	303.9	90.9	746.2	106.6	27.1	133.8	16.0	895.9
	Dec	454.3	22.0	311.4	89.5	765.8	107.9	26.5	134.4	15.3	915.5
1998	Mar	451.7	21.6	307.6	88.5	759.3	106.0	26.7	132.6	14.9	906.8
	Jun	453.0	21.6	306.7	87.7	759.7	102.1	25.0	127.1	14.6	901.3
	Sep	459.3	21.1	312.0	90.2	771.3	100.6	23.9	124.5	14.7	910.6
	Dec	460.1	21.5	309.8	87.7	769.9	100.1	24.5	124.5	14.2	908.6
1999	Mar	459.4	22.9	312.0	88.9	771.4	99.9	23.6	123.6	14.1	909.0
	Jun	460.3	23.2	312.2	88.5	772.5	100.8	23.3	124.1	14.1	910.6
	Sep	463.6	24.2	312.0	88.8	775.6	99.7	23.5	123.2	13.7	912.5
	Dec	466.7	23.6	314.0	89.4	780.7	97.7	24.0	121.7	14.0	916.4
2000	Mar	463.4	23.7	313.3	89.6	776.8	97.1	24.7	121.8	14.0	912.6
	Jun	466.3	24.6	316.9	90.5	783.2	95.8	24.3	120.2	14.0	917.3
	Sep	464.5	25.2	321.3	91.0	785.8	97.2	23.9	121.1	13.8	920.8
	Dec	465.0	25.9	322.8	92.4	787.8	96.5	24.0	120.5	13.7	922.1
2001	Mar	471.2	26.9	323.7	92.9	794.9	98.5	23.5	122.0	13.6	930.5
	Jun	472.4	26.6	322.7	93.6	795.1	98.0	23.7	121.8	13.2	930.1
	Sep	471.7	26.5	322.3	93.6	794.0	98.6	23.6	122.2	13.8	930.1
	Dec	467.1	29.6	313.4	97.6	780.5	97.6	23.3	120.9	13.1	914.5
2002	Mar	466.8	27.1	323.1	95.0	789.9	97.1	23.1	120.2	13.1	923.2
	Jun	466.0	28.0	323.8	96.4	789.9	97.9	23.6	121.5	13.1	924.5
	Sep	458.4	28.9	319.6	95.0	778.0	96.0	24.2	120.2	12.8	911.0
	Dec	465.5	29.1	320.6	94.3	786.1	96.2	23.6	119.8	13.1	919.0
2003	Mar	461.6	29.0	321.1	94.8	782.7	96.8	24.5	121.3	13.1	917.0
	Jun	461.2	29.4	321.0	94.8	782.2	99.4	25.5	124.9	13.2	920.3
	Sep	463.5	29.5	322.6	96.8	786.0	102.0	25.2	127.2	13.5	926.7
	Dec	459.7	29.6	321.5	96.2	781.2	102.8	25.3	128.1	13.4	922.7
2004	Mar	464.7	30.7	320.1	96.1	784.7	103.7	24.4	128.1	13.5	926.3
	Jun	464.2	33.3	316.3	99.2	780.5	103.3	24.9	128.2	13.4	922.1
	Sep	464.6	31.1	321.0	95.2	785.6	103.0	24.8	127.7	12.8	926.2
	Dec	470.9	31.3	323.7	96.4	794.6	102.9	25.4	128.3	13.0	936.0
2005	Mar	472.8	32.2	324.4	97.1	797.2	102.4	25.8	128.3	13.2	938.6
	Jun	469.8	32.0	322.5	97.4	792.2	102.5	25.3	127.8	13.1	933.1
Changes		-3.1	-0.2	-1.9	0.3	-4.9	0.0	-0.6	-0.5	-0.1	-5.6
Latest quarter		5.5	-1.3	6.2	-1.8	11.7	-0.8	0.4	-0.4	-0.3	11.0

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS
Customer helpline: 01633 812766

a HMF - HM Forces; GST - government-supported trainees; UPFW - unpaid family workers.

Note: Estimates of employees and government-supported trainee hours are the product of LFS average weekly hours and the number of employees and trainees included in the workforce jobs series. Estimates for self-employed and unpaid family workers are obtained wholly from LFS and estimates for HM Forces from MoD. For further information, see p467, Labour Market Trends, December 1995.

EMPLOYMENT
Total workforce hours worked per week by industry B.33
 Millions

UNITED KINGDOM sub-	Section SIC 1992	Section group or class	June 2005				March 2005				June 2004						
			Male		Female		All	Male		Female		All	Male		Female		All
			Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time		Male	Female	All	Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time	All		
Seasonally adjusted																	
All sections	A-Q	534.4	37.9	243.2	104.6	920.0	575.3	350.2	925.4	528.6	39.0	235.4	105.8	908.7			
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	A/B	13.6	0.8	2.9	0.6	17.9	15.0	3.6	18.6	13.4	0.8	2.0	0.7	17.0			
Mining and quarrying, manufacturing, electricity, gas and water supply	C-E	100.6	1.9	22.9	3.9	129.2	104.0	27.4	131.4	103.1	1.7	23.9	3.7	132.4			
Construction	F	72.2	1.2	4.6	1.1	79.2	74.9	5.6	80.5	71.6	1.3	4.3	1.0	78.2			
Wholesale and retail trade (inc motor trades), hotels and catering, transport	G-I	149.9	17.0	58.4	36.0	261.3	167.1	95.3	262.5	149.4	17.7	57.0	36.0	260.1			
Financial intermediation, real estate	J/K	112.8	7.2	57.1	14.5	191.5	119.7	71.7	191.4	108.5	7.4	54.4	15.3	185.6			
Public administration, defence, education, health and social work	L-N	59.9	6.3	81.7	41.3	189.3	66.3	123.4	189.7	58.4	6.6	78.7	41.5	185.2			
Other community, social and personal service activities; employed persons in private households, extra-territorial organisations	O-Q	25.4	3.4	15.5	7.2	51.6	28.3	23.1	51.4	24.2	3.5	15.1	7.6	50.3			
Not seasonally adjusted																	
All sections	A-Q	539.5	38.0	245.0	107.1	929.6	555.9	342.6	898.5	534.3	38.9	237.9	108.2	919.3			
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	A/B	14.8	0.9	2.7	0.6	19.0	14.5	2.8	17.3	14.2	0.8	2.7	0.5	18.2			
Mining and quarrying	C	2.4	*	0.2	*	2.6	2.3	0.2	2.6	2.1	*	0.2	*	2.4			
Manufacturing	D	96.0	1.8	22.9	3.7	124.4	101.3	26.9	128.2	99.0	1.4	24.5	3.8	128.7			
Manufacture of:																	
food products, beverages and tobacco	DA	11.2	0.2	3.9	0.6	15.9	11.7	4.3	15.9	11.7	0.2	4.1	0.6	16.7			
textiles and textile products	DB	3.2	*	1.8	0.4	5.4	3.0	2.0	5.0	3.5	*	1.8	0.4	5.8			
leather and leather products	DC	0.3	*	*	*	0.5	0.3	*	0.5	0.3	*	*	*	0.5			
wood and wood products	DD	2.7	*	0.4	*	3.4	2.5	0.6	3.1	2.6	*	0.5	*	3.3			
pulp, paper and paper products, publishing and printing	DE	10.6	0.3	3.8	0.6	15.3	9.9	4.3	14.2	10.4	0.3	4.1	0.6	15.3			
coke, refined petroleum products, nuclear fuel	DF	0.8	*	*	*	0.9	0.8	*	0.9	0.9	*	*	*	1.0			
chemicals, chemical products and man-made fibres	DG	5.5	*	1.9	0.2	7.7	5.2	2.2	7.3	5.7	*	2.0	0.2	7.9			
rubber and plastic products	DH	6.2	*	1.4	0.3	7.9	5.9	1.5	7.5	6.7	*	1.3	0.2	8.3			
other non-metallic mineral products	DI	3.7	*	0.6	*	4.3	3.6	0.6	4.2	4.0	*	0.7	*	4.8			
basic metals	DJ	15.2	0.2	1.6	0.3	17.3	14.9	2.0	16.9	14.7	0.2	1.8	0.4	17.1			
machinery and equipment n.e.c.	DK	9.4	0.2	1.4	0.3	11.2	8.9	1.5	10.4	9.5	*	1.4	0.2	11.2			
electrical and optical equipment	DL	10.3	0.2	2.7	0.3	13.6	10.2	2.7	13.0	10.9	0.2	2.7	0.4	14.1			
transport equipment	DM	11.9	*	1.1	*	13.3	11.4	1.2	12.6	12.3	*	1.2	*	13.7			
Manufacturing n.e.c.	DN	5.9	*	1.3	0.4	7.7	5.8	1.6	7.5	6.5	0.2	1.5	0.3	8.5			
Electricity, gas and water supply	E	3.3	*	0.8	*	4.3	3.3	0.9	4.2	3.3	*	0.9	*	4.3			
Construction	F	73.1	1.2	4.7	1.1	80.2	70.7	5.4	76.1	72.5	1.2	4.4	1.1	79.2			
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles and personal household goods	G	80.4	8.8	33.9	24.2	147.3	87.2	58.5	145.6	82.0	8.6	33.3	23.5	147.4			
Hotels and restaurants	H	19.5	5.4	13.5	9.5	47.9	25.1	22.7	47.8	18.7	6.2	12.3	10.2	47.4			
Transport, storage and communication	I	50.5	2.6	10.9	2.2	66.1	51.1	12.9	64.0	49.2	2.6	11.4	2.1	65.4			
Financial intermediation	J	20.1	0.7	14.9	3.0	38.6	19.9	17.1	37.0	19.1	0.6	14.6	3.1	37.4			
Real estate, renting and business activities	K	93.6	6.7	42.6	12.0	154.8	96.1	52.2	148.4	90.4	7.0	40.3	12.7	150.4			
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	L	25.2	1.1	17.3	4.0	47.5	26.3	20.8	47.2	25.0	1.1	17.3	4.1	47.4			
Education	M	18.6	2.7	24.7	14.1	60.1	20.5	36.7	57.3	18.4	3.0	23.3	13.8	58.6			
Health and social work	N	16.8	2.8	41.0	24.9	85.5	18.9	64.5	83.4	15.7	2.6	39.8	25.2	83.3			
Other community, social and personal service activities; employed persons in private households, extra-territorial organisations	O-Q	25.6	3.5	15.2	7.5	51.8	26.9	22.3	49.2	24.5	3.5	14.9	7.8	50.7			

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS
 Customer helpline: 01633 812766

* Estimates of less than 150,000 hours are not published.

Note: Estimates of employees and government-supported trainee hours are the product of LFS average weekly hours and the number of employees and trainees included in the workforce jobs series. Estimates for self-employed and unpaid family workers are obtained wholly from LFS and estimates for HM Forces from MoD. For further information please see p467, Labour Market Trends, December 1995.

C.1 UNEMPLOYMENT

Unemployment by age and duration

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM	All aged 16 and over							All aged 16-59/64								
	All		Rate (%) ^a	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	Percent over 12 months	All over 24 months	All		Rate (%) ^a	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	Percent over 12 months	All over 24 months
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14		
All	MGSC	MGSX	YBWF	YBWG	YBWH	YBWI	YBWL	YBSH	YBTI	YBWO	YBWR	YBWU	YBWX	YBXA		
Spring quarters (Mar-May)																
1997	2,045	72	973	305	767	37.5	484	2,021	7.3	964	303	755	37.3	476		
1998	1,783	63	969	248	568	31.7	354	1,763	6.4	961	246	555	31.5	347		
1999	1,759	6.1	997	263	499	28.4	296	1,740	6.2	988	260	491	28.2	290		
2000	1,638	5.6	961	239	437	26.7	245	1,621	5.7	954	237	431	26.6	241		
2001	1,431	4.9	847	216	368	25.7	211	1,416	5.0	841	213	363	25.6	207		
2002	1,533	5.2	972	230	331	21.6	178	1,511	5.3	960	227	324	21.5	174		
2003	1,476	5.0	955	202	319	21.6	157	1,459	5.1	947	199	313	21.5	154		
2004	1,426	4.8	906	232	288	20.2	135	1,409	4.9	897	229	283	20.1	131		
2005	1,424	4.7	914	213	298	20.9	135	1,408	4.9	906	210	292	20.7	132		
3-month averages																
May-Jul 2004	1,414	4.7	911	219	284	20.1	125	1,397	4.8	902	216	279	20.0	122		
Jun-Aug (Sum)	1,396	4.7	906	217	272	19.5	121	1,377	4.8	895	215	267	19.4	118		
Jul-Sep	1,392	4.7	906	211	276	19.8	122	1,376	4.8	897	208	271	19.7	119		
Aug-Oct	1,394	4.7	907	214	273	19.6	124	1,379	4.8	899	211	268	19.4	121		
Sep-Nov (Aut)	1,408	4.7	908	213	287	20.4	136	1,390	4.8	899	210	281	20.2	133		
Oct-Dec	1,418	4.7	917	218	283	19.9	135	1,400	4.8	908	215	276	19.7	131		
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	1,418	4.7	921	213	284	20.0	134	1,399	4.8	911	210	278	19.9	130		
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	1,439	4.8	926	216	296	20.6	137	1,420	4.9	917	214	290	20.4	134		
Jan-Mar 2005	1,408	4.7	903	212	294	20.8	132	1,390	4.8	894	209	287	20.6	128		
Feb-Apr	1,406	4.7	902	211	293	20.9	130	1,387	4.8	892	209	286	20.6	126		
Mar-May (Spr)	1,424	4.7	914	213	298	20.9	135	1,408	4.9	906	210	292	20.7	132		
Apr-Jun	1,434	4.8	913	214	306	21.4	142	1,417	4.9	905	212	300	21.2	138		
May-Jul	1,418	4.7	899	218	302	21.3	142	1,399	4.8	889	215	294	21.0	138		
Changes Over last 3 months	12	0.0	-3	7	8	0.4	12	11	0.0	-3	6	8	0.4	11		
Percent	0.8	0.0	-0.3	3.2	2.8	0.4	9.1	0.8	0.0	-0.3	3.0	2.8	0.4	9.0		
Over last 12 months	3	0.0	-13	-1	18	1.2	17	2	0.0	-12	-1	15	1.1	16		
Percent	0.2	0.0	-1.4	-0.6	6.2	0.1	13.7	0.1	0.0	-1.4	-0.6	5.5	1.1	12.8		
Male	MGSD	MGSY	MGYK	MGYM	MGYO	YBWJ	YBWM	YBSI	YBTJ	YBWP	YBWS	YBWV	YBWY	YBXB		
Spring quarters (Mar-May)																
1997	1,283	82	533	186	564	44.0	376	1,271	8.2	530	184	557	43.8	370		
1998	1,076	69	514	182	401	37.2	269	1,067	6.9	511	161	395	37.1	265		
1999	1,070	6.8	550	182	358	33.4	224	1,062	6.9	547	161	354	33.3	220		
2000	974	6.1	518	139	317	32.6	187	968	6.2	516	137	314	32.5	185		
2001	847	5.3	454	130	263	31.1	158	840	5.4	451	129	260	31.0	156		
2002	919	5.8	532	154	234	25.4	131	909	5.8	527	153	230	25.3	128		
2003	903	5.6	547	128	228	25.3	121	885	5.7	544	127	225	25.1	119		
2004	829	5.1	489	142	198	23.8	98	819	5.2	484	141	194	23.7	96		
2005	840	5.2	494	139	208	24.8	100	833	5.2	491	137	205	24.6	98		
3-month averages																
May-Jul 2004	829	5.1	492	139	199	24.0	95	822	5.2	488	137	196	23.8	93		
Jun-Aug (Sum)	823	5.1	491	139	193	23.5	91	815	5.1	487	138	190	23.3	90		
Jul-Sep	815	5.0	489	135	192	23.5	93	807	5.1	485	134	189	23.4	91		
Aug-Oct	806	5.0	484	135	187	23.1	93	798	5.0	480	134	184	23.0	91		
Sep-Nov (Aut)	832	5.1	495	138	199	23.9	103	821	5.2	490	136	195	23.8	101		
Oct-Dec	834	5.1	498	141	195	23.4	101	823	5.2	493	139	191	23.2	98		
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	833	5.1	501	137	195	23.5	98	823	5.2	496	135	191	23.3	95		
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	836	5.1	494	139	204	24.4	99	825	5.2	489	137	200	24.2	97		
Jan-Mar 2005	830	5.1	489	138	204	24.5	97	820	5.1	484	136	200	24.4	95		
Feb-Apr	828	5.1	484	139	204	24.7	97	819	5.1	480	138	201	24.5	95		
Mar-May (Spr)	840	5.2	494	139	208	24.8	100	833	5.2	491	137	205	24.6	98		
Apr-Jun	834	5.1	485	138	211	25.3	104	826	5.2	482	136	208	25.2	102		
May-Jul	836	5.1	487	139	211	25.2	104	826	5.2	483	137	207	25.0	102		
Changes Over last 3 months	8	0.0	3	-1	6	0.5	7	7	0.0	3	-1	6	0.5	7		
Percent	1.0	0.0	0.6	-0.7	3.0	0.5	7.4	0.9	0.0	0.6	-0.7	2.8	0.5	7.1		
Over last 12 months	7	0.0	-5	0	12	1.2	9	5	0.0	-5	-1	11	1.1	8		
Percent	0.9	0.0	-0.9	0.0	6.0	1.0	9.7	0.6	0.0	-1.1	-0.4	5.4	0.8	8.9		
Female	MGSE	MGSZ	MGYL	MGYN	MGYP	YBWK	YBWN	YBSJ	YBTK	YBWQ	YBWT	YBWW	YBWZ	YBCX		
Spring quarters (Mar-May)																
1997	762	60	439	120	203	26.6	109	750	6.1	434	119	198	26.3	105		
1998	707	5.5	455	87	165	23.3	85	696	5.6	450	86	160	23.0	82		
1999	689	5.3	446	101	142	20.6	72	678	5.4	441	99	138	20.3	70		
2000	663	5.0	443	101	120	18.0	58	654	5.2	438	99	116	17.8	56		
2001	583	4.4	393	86	105	18.0	53	576	4.5	389	84	103	17.8	51		
2002	614	4.6	440	76	98	15.9	47	602	4.7	433	74	95	15.7	45		
2003	573	4.3	408	74	90	15.8	36	563	4.4	403	73	88	15.6	34		
2004	598	4.4	417	90	91	15.2	36	590	4.5	413	88	95	15.0	35		
2005	584	4.2	420	74	90	15.4	35	574	4.4	415	73	86	15.1	34		
3-month averages																
May-Jul 2004	586	4.3	420	81	86	14.6	30	575	4.4	414	79	83	14.4	29		
Jun-Aug (Sum)	573	4.2	415	78	79	13.8	30	562	4.3	408	77	77	13.6	28		
Jul-Sep	577	4.2	417	76	84	14.6	29	568	4.4	412	74	82	14.4	28		
Aug-Oct	588	4.3	423	79	86	14.7	32	581	4.5	419	77	85	14.6	31		
Sep-Nov (Aut)	576	4.2	413	75	88	15.3	33	569	4.4	409	74	86	15.1	31		
Oct-Dec	584	4.3	419	78	87	14.9	34	576	4.4	415	76	85	14.8	33		
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	585	4.3	420	76	89	15.2	36	577	4.4	416	75	86	15.0	35		
Dec 2004-Feb 2004 (Win)	603	4.4	433	78	93	15.3	38	595	4.5	428	77	90	15.1	37		
Jan-Mar 2005	578	4.2	414	74	90	15.5	35	569	4.4	409	73	87	15.2	33		
Feb-Apr	578	4.2	418	72	89	15.4	33	568	4.4	412	71	85	15.0	31		
Mar-May (Spr)	584	4.2	420	74	90	15.4	35	574	4.4	415	73	86	15.1	34		
Apr-Jun	600	4.3	428	77	95	15.8	38	590	4.5	423	76	92	15.6	36		
May-Jul	582	4.2	412	79	91	15.7	38	572	4.4	407</td						

UNEMPLOYMENT C.1

Unemployment by age and duration

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM	16-17							18-24																					
	All		Rate (%) ^a		Up to 6 months		Over 6 and up to 12 months		All over 12 months		Percent over 12 months		All over 24 months		All		Rate (%) ^a		Up to 6 months		Over 6 and up to 12 months		All over 12 months		Percent over 12 months		All over 24 months		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25				
All	YBVH	YBVK	YBXD	YBXG	YBXJ	YBXM	YBXP	YBVN	YBVQ	YBXS	YBXV	YBXY	YBYB	YBYE															
Spring quarters (Mar-May)																													
1997	168	19.4	129	23	16	9.6	*	489	13.1	289	76	124	25.3	57															
1998	159	18.7	131	23	10	5.7	*	437	12.0	288	78	128	19.4	56															
1999	169	20.0	136	23	*	*	*	424	11.7	290	74	124	15.1	26															
2000	177	20.9	144	24	*	*	*	403	11.0	284	68	128	16.4	28															
2001	146	17.9	122	15	*	*	*	375	10.2	269	63	128	14.9	18															
2002	163	20.0	131	22	10	6.0	*	393	10.4	279	65	125	11.4	13															
2003	177	21.1	139	23	15	8.3	*	403	10.6	305	50	128	12.5	23															
2004	175	21.3	135	30	10	5.6	*	390	10.0	277	51	128	13.1	18															
2005	173	21.4	137	26	11	6.2	*	429	11.0	309	58	128	14.5	23															
3-month averages																													
May-Jul 2004	177	21.6	138	30	10	5.4	*	398	10.2	283	63	52	13.0	16															
Jun-Aug (Sum)	178	21.5	138	29	11	6.2	*	403	10.4	290	51	127																	
Jul-Sep	187	22.2	146	29	12	6.3	*	404	10.4	293	58	52	12.9	17															
Aug-Oct	177	21.3	141	24	11	6.3	*	414	10.6	299	54	13.0																	
Sep-Nov (Aut)	177	21.5	145	22	10	5.4	*	416	10.6	298	57	13.7																	
Oct-Dec	170	20.9	139	23	*	*	*	428	10.9	305	65	58	13.5	20															
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	172	21.1	141	23	*	*	*	420	10.7	302	61	57	13.5	19															
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	176	21.5	142	25	*	*	*	423	10.7	306	58	58	13.8	19															
Jan-Mar 2005	177	21.8	143	23	12	6.7	*	395	10.1	286	52	57	14.3	19															
Feb-Apr	174	21.5	141	23	11	6.0	*	404	10.3	289	56	59	14.6	20															
Mar-May (Spr)	173	21.4	137	26	11	6.2	*	429	11.0	309	58	52	14.5	23															
Apr-Jun	175	21.6	138	26	12	6.8	*	436	11.1	311	60	67	15.3	27															
May-Jul	175	21.6	138	26	12	6.8	*	420	10.6	297	60	63	14.9	27															
Changes Over last 3 months	1	0.1	-3	3	1	0.8	*	16	0.3	8	4	4	0.3	7															
Percent	0.6		-2.4	13.7	13.2			3.9		2.8	7.2	6.4																	
Over last 12 months	-2	0.1	0	-4	2	1.4	*	22	0.5	14	-3	11	1.9	11															
Percent	-0.9		-0.1	-13.1	24.3			5.6		5.1	-4.7	21.2																	
Male	YBVI	YBVL	YBXE	YBXH	YBXK	YBXN	YBXQ	YBVO	YBVR	YBXT	YBXW	YBXZ	YBYC	YBYF															
Spring quarters (Mar-May)																													
1997	90	20.9	63	14	*	*	*	304	15.2	167	46	91	29.9	45															
1998	85	19.8	69	10	*	*	*	262	13.5	159	47	58	21.4	27															
1999	101	23.3	80	13	*	*	*	250	13.0	161	46	43	17.2	19															
2000	96	22.3	78	12	*	*	*	239	12.2	160	38	48	20.2	21															
2001	85	20.3	70	17	*	*	*	221	11.4	147	33	41	18.4	13															
2002	91	22.1	69	17	*	*	*	246	12.2	165	49	32	13.0	17															
2003	101	23.8	78	15	*	*	*	247	12.2	179	31	36	14.6	17															
2004	103	24.8	78	19	*	*	*	217	10.4	144	37	36	16.4	13															
2005	95	23.3	73	14	*	*	*	264	12.6	178	38	48	18.0	20															
3-month averages																													
May-Jul 2004	103	25.2	78	20	*	*	*	230	11.1	155	38	38	16.3	12															
Jun-Aug (Sum)	103	25.1	77	19	*	*	*	237	11.4	160	41	37	15.6	11															
Jul-Sep	112	26.3	85	20	*	*	*	230	11.1	154	40	36	15.8	13															
Aug-Oct	100	24.3	78	16	*	*	*	238	11.4	158	42	38	16.2	14															
Sep-Nov (Aut)	99	24.1	78	15	*	*	*	251	12.0	167	42	41	16.4	17															
Oct-Dec	92	22.8	73	15	*	*	*	258	12.3	175	40	42	16.4	16															
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	91	22.1	71	14	*	*	*	258	12.3	180	36	43	16.5	16															
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	95	23.0	73	16	*	*	*	256	12.2	178	33	45	17.6	16															
Jan-Mar 2005	97	23.6	75	14	*	*	*	244	11.6	170	31	43	17.8	16															
Feb-Apr	97	23.8	77	14	*	*	*	246	11.7	166	35	45	18.2	17															
Mar-May (Spr)	95	23.3	73	14	*	*	*	264	12.6	178	39	48	18.0	20															
Apr-Jun	100	24.4	74	18	*	*	*	262	12.4	173	38	51	19.5	22															
May-Jul	99	24.2	74	17	*	*	*	261	12.3	171	41	49	18.7	22															
Changes Over last 3 months	2	0.4	-3	3	1	0.8	*	14	0.5	5	3.0	14.8	9.0	5															
Percent	2.1		-3.6	21.8	21.8			5.8		3.0	14.8	9.0		5															
Over last 12 months	-4	-0.9	-4	-3	-3	*	*	*	*	10.5	7.7	11	29.8	24	10														
Percent	-3.9		-5.6	-14.2	-14.2			-4.7		-4.7	-1.4	-23.4	-1.6	-0.3	0.3														
Female	YBVJ	YBVM	YBXF	YBXI	YBXL	YBZO	YBXR	YBVP	YBVS	YBUX	YBXX																		

C.1 UNEMPLOYMENT

Unemployment by age and duration

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM	25-49							50 and over						
	All		Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	Percent over 12 months	All over 24 months	All		Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	Percent over 12 months	All over 24 months
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
All	MGVI	MGXB	YBYH	YBYK	YBYN	YBYQ	YBYT	YBVT	YBVW	YBYW	YBYZ	YBZC	YBZF	YBZI
Springquarters (Mar-May)														
1997	1,048	5.9	440	162	445	42.5	286	340	5.4	115	44	182	53.4	140
1998	898	5.1	449	132	317	35.3	205	289	4.5	103	32	154	53.4	113
1999	879	5.0	450	135	294	33.5	170	287	4.3	120	36	131	45.8	100
2000	784	4.4	418	120	246	31.4	141	275	4.0	116	43	116	42.3	75
2001	706	4.0	371	116	219	31.1	136	204	2.9	85	35	84	41.1	56
2002	737	4.2	435	113	189	25.6	108	240	3.4	126	26	88	36.6	57
2003	669	3.8	402	96	170	25.5	85	228	3.1	109	35	83	36.6	47
2004	646	3.7	384	106	156	24.2	72	215	2.9	110	35	71	33.0	44
2005	622	3.5	376	99	146	23.5	66	200	2.6	91	30	79	39.4	45
3-month averages														
May-Jul 2004	630	3.6	382	98	155	24.6	68	210	2.8	108	34	68	32.3	40
Jun-Aug (Sum)	613	3.5	371	96	145	23.7	66	202	2.7	108	30	65	31.9	40
Jul-Sep	593	3.4	357	92	145	24.4	64	208	2.8	110	31	67	32.3	40
Aug-Oct	601	3.4	364	95	141	23.5	65	202	2.7	103	32	67	33.2	43
Sep-Nov (Aut)	607	3.4	364	95	148	24.4	71	208	2.8	101	35	72	34.6	43
Oct-Dec	611	3.5	370	96	146	23.8	70	209	2.8	103	35	72	34.4	44
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	615	3.5	373	96	146	23.7	70	210	2.8	105	33	73	34.7	44
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	627	3.5	373	103	151	24.1	74	213	2.8	106	30	77	36.3	44
Jan-Mar 2005	624	3.5	372	105	147	23.5	68	212	2.8	102	32	78	36.9	45
Feb-Apr	620	3.5	372	102	145	23.5	65	208	2.7	100	30	79	37.7	44
Mar-May (Spr)	622	3.5	376	99	146	23.5	66	200	2.6	91	30	79	39.4	45
Apr-Jun	619	3.5	371	99	148	23.9	66	205	2.7	94	31	80	39.1	49
May-Jul	616	3.5	369	101	146	23.8	66	207	2.7	95	32	81	38.9	49
Changes														
Over last 3 months	-4	0.0	-3	-2	1	0.3	1	-1	0.0	-5	2	2	1.2	4
Percent	-0.6		-0.8	-1.9	0.7	0.3	1.2	-0.5	0.0	-4.8	5.4	2.6	9.4	
Over last 12 months	-14	-0.1	-14	8	-8	-0.8	-3	-3	-0.1	-13	-3	13	6.5	9
Percent	-2.3		-3.6	8.6	-5.4	-0.8	-3.7	-1.4	-0.1	-12.1	-7.3	18.5	21.7	
Male	MGVJ	MGXC	YBYI	YBYL	YBYO	YBYR	YBYU	YBVU	YBVX	YBYX	YBZA	YBZD	YBZG	YBZJ
Springquarters (Mar-May)														
1997	651	6.8	228	94	329	50.5	221	238	6.5	70	32	136	57.3	110
1998	526	5.5	221	82	223	42.4	155	203	5.5	66	23	115	56.9	87
1999	518	5.4	230	80	207	40.0	125	201	5.2	78	23	100	49.8	79
2000	448	4.7	207	67	175	39.0	106	191	4.9	73	29	89	46.6	60
2001	395	4.1	180	65	151	38.1	99	146	3.7	57	23	86	44.9	46
2002	426	4.5	220	74	131	30.8	79	157	3.9	77	14	86	42.0	43
2003	399	4.2	219	59	121	30.3	65	156	3.7	70	23	83	40.4	38
2004	363	3.8	197	63	103	28.3	50	146	3.5	70	22	83	36.5	35
2005	348	3.7	188	82	98	28.1	47	133	3.1	54	24	85	41.7	33
3-month averages														
May-Jul 2004	356	3.8	191	61	104	29.2	50	139	3.3	67	20	51	36.9	32
Jun-Aug (Sum)	346	3.7	187	59	100	28.9	48	137	3.2	67	20	49	36.1	32
Jul-Sep	331	3.5	180	55	96	29.0	48	141	3.3	70	20	52	36.5	31
Aug-Oct	329	3.5	181	56	92	27.9	47	139	3.3	68	22	49	35.5	31
Sep-Nov (Aut)	340	3.6	183	58	99	29.1	54	143	3.4	67	23	53	37.1	31
Oct-Dec	342	3.6	184	63	96	27.9	51	141	3.3	66	23	53	37.6	33
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	346	3.6	185	63	96	27.7	50	138	3.2	68	21	52	37.4	33
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	343	3.6	177	68	99	28.7	51	142	3.3	68	22	54	38.4	32
Jan-Mar 2005	346	3.6	179	68	98	28.5	48	143	3.4	65	25	54	37.4	33
Feb-Apr	345	3.6	182	66	98	28.4	47	139	3.3	60	25	55	39.4	33
Mar-May (Spr)	348	3.7	188	62	98	28.1	47	133	3.1	54	24	55	41.7	33
Apr-Jun	341	3.6	185	59	97	28.3	45	131	3.1	53	23	56	42.4	36
May-Jul	340	3.6	185	59	97	28.5	46	136	3.2	58	22	56	41.4	36
Changes														
Over last 3 months	-5	-0.1	3	1.6	-10.2	-1.1	0.1	-1.6	-2.4	-3.6	-2	-10.1	1	2.5
Percent	-1.4		-0.1	1.6	-10.2	-1.1	0.1	-1.6	-2.4	-3.6	-2	-10.1	1	2.5
Over last 12 months	-16	-0.2	-7	-2	-7	-7.0	-0.8	-5	-3	-1.2	-10	2	5	4.4
Percent	-4.4		-3.5	-3.0	-3.0	-7.0	-0.8	-9.1	-2.2	-14.4	8.3	9.5	10.5	
Female	MGVK	MGXD	YBYJ	YBYM	YBYP	YBYS	YBYV	YBVV	YBVY	YBYY	YBZB	YBZE	YBZH	YBZK
Springquarters (Mar-May)														
1997	397	5.0	212	69	116	29.2	65	103	3.8	45	12	45	44.3	30
1998	372	4.7	228	50	94	25.3	50	86	3.1	38	26	39	45.3	
1999	362	4.5	220	55	87	24.1	44	85	3.0	42	13	31	36.1	21
2000	335	4.1	211	53	71	21.1	35	84	2.8	43	14	27	32.3	16
2001	311	3.8	191	51	69	22.1	37	58	1.9	28	12	18	31.5	10
2002	311	3.8	215	39	58	18.6	29	84	2.7	50	22	22	26.6	13
2003	269	3.3	183	37	49	18.3	20	71	2.2	39	12	20	28.3	*
2004	283	3.5	188	42	54	18.9	22	69	2.1	39	12	18	25.5	10
2005	273	3.3	188	37	48	17.7	20	68	2.0	38	12	24	34.9	11
3-month averages														
May-Jul 2004	273	3.4	191	32	50	18.5	18	71	22	41	14	17	23.3	*
Jun-Aug (Sum)	266	3.3	184	37	45	17.0	17	66	2.0	40	10	15	23.2	*
Jul-Sep	262	3.2	177	37	49	18.6	16	67	2.0	40	11	16	23.5	*
Aug-Oct	272	3.3	183	39	49	18.1	17	63	1.9	35	10	18	28.1	10
Sep-Nov (Aut)	267	3.3	181	36	49	18.5	18	68	2.0	34	12	19	29.2	10
Oct-Dec	269	3.3	186	33	50	18.6	20	72	2.0	40	11	19	27.8	11
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	269	3.3	188	31	50	18.6	21	72	2.2	40	11	21	29.6	12
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	283	3.5	196	36	53	18.6	23	71	2.1	40	12	23	32.3	13
Jan-Mar 2005	278	3.4	193	37	48	17.3	19	69	2.1	37	*	25	35.9	13
Feb-Apr	274	3.3	190	37	47	17.2	19	69	2.1	40	*	24	34.2	12
Mar-May (Spr)	273	3.3	188	37	48	17.7	20	68	2.0	38	*	24	34.9	11
Apr-Jun	278	3.4	186	40	51	18.5	21	74	2.2	41	*	25	33.3	13
May-Jul	275	3.3	184	42	49	18.0	20	71	2.1	37	10	24	34.1	13
Changes														
Over last 3 months	1	0.0	-6	5	2	0.7	2	2	0.0	-3	*	1	-0.1	1
Percent	0.3		-3.1	12.8	4.6	0.7	8.1	3.2	0.0	-6.6	*	3.0	7.8	
Over last 12 months														

UNEMPLOYMENT
Unemployment rates^a by age

C.2

Per cent, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM		All aged 16 and over	16-59/64	16-17	18-24	25-34	35-49	50-64(M) 50-59(F)	65+(M) 60+(F)
All		MGSX	YBTI	YBVK	YBVQ	YCGP	YCGV	MGXE	MGXH
	Spring quarters (Mar-May)								
	1997	7.2	7.3	19.4	13.1	6.9	5.3	5.8	2.9
	1998	6.3	6.4	18.7	12.0	6.3	4.3	4.7	2.6
	1999	6.1	6.2	20.0	11.7	5.7	4.4	4.6	2.3
	2000	5.6	5.7	20.9	11.0	5.1	3.9	4.3	2.0
	2001	4.9	5.0	17.9	10.2	4.6	3.6	3.1	1.7
	2002	5.2	5.3	20.0	10.4	5.1	3.6	3.5	2.4
	2003	5.0	5.1	21.1	10.6	4.7	3.3	3.3	1.8
	2004	4.8	4.9	21.3	10.0	4.4	3.2	3.1	1.8
	2005	4.7	4.9	21.4	11.0	4.4	3.0	2.8	1.5
	3-month averages								
	May-Jul 2004	4.7	4.8	21.6	10.2	4.4	3.1	3.0	1.7
	Jun-Aug (Sum)	4.7	4.8	21.5	10.4	4.4	2.9	2.8	1.9
	Jul-Sep	4.7	4.8	22.2	10.4	4.2	2.8	3.0	1.6
	Aug-Oct	4.7	4.8	21.3	10.6	4.5	2.8	2.9	1.5
	Sep-Nov (Aut)	4.7	4.8	21.5	10.6	4.4	2.9	2.9	1.7
	Oct-Dec	4.7	4.8	20.9	10.9	4.4	2.9	2.9	1.8
	Nov 2004-Jan 2005	4.7	4.8	21.1	10.7	4.3	3.0	2.9	1.8
	Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	4.8	4.9	21.5	10.7	4.4	3.1	3.0	1.7
	Jan-Mar 2005	4.7	4.8	21.8	10.1	4.4	3.0	3.0	1.7
	Feb-Apr	4.7	4.8	21.5	10.3	4.4	3.0	2.9	1.8
	Mar-May (Spr)	4.7	4.9	21.4	11.0	4.4	3.0	2.8	1.5
	Apr-Jun	4.8	4.9	21.6	11.1	4.3	3.0	2.9	1.6
	May-Jul	4.7	4.8	21.6	10.6	4.3	3.0	2.9	1.8
	Changes								
	Over last 3 months	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.3	-0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Over last 12 months	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.5	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	0.1
Male		MGSY	YBTJ	YBVL	YBVR	YCGQ	YCGW	MGXF	MGXI
	Spring quarters (Mar-May)								
	1997	8.2	8.2	20.9	15.2	7.7	6.1	6.7	4.2
	1998	6.9	6.9	19.8	13.5	6.7	4.6	5.6	*
	1999	6.8	6.9	23.3	13.0	6.0	5.0	5.4	*
	2000	6.1	6.2	22.3	12.2	5.4	4.2	5.1	*
	2001	5.3	5.4	20.3	11.4	4.8	3.7	3.8	*
	2002	5.8	5.8	22.1	12.2	5.2	3.9	4.0	3.3
	2003	5.6	5.7	23.8	12.2	5.1	3.6	3.9	*
	2004	5.1	5.2	24.8	10.4	4.8	3.2	3.5	2.9
	2005	5.2	5.2	23.3	12.6	4.7	3.1	3.2	*
	3-month averages								
	May-Jul 2004	5.1	5.2	25.2	11.1	4.9	3.0	3.4	*
	Jun-Aug (Sum)	5.1	5.1	25.1	11.4	4.8	3.0	3.3	*
	Jul-Sep	5.0	5.1	26.3	11.1	4.4	2.9	3.4	*
	Aug-Oct	5.0	5.0	24.3	11.4	4.6	2.8	3.4	*
	Sep-Nov (Aut)	5.1	5.2	24.1	12.0	4.6	2.9	3.4	2.9
	Oct-Dec	5.1	5.2	22.8	12.3	4.7	2.9	3.4	3.0
	Nov 2004-Jan 2005	5.1	5.2	22.1	12.3	4.7	3.0	3.3	3.0
	Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	5.1	5.2	23.0	12.2	4.6	3.0	3.4	2.9
	Jan-Mar 2005	5.1	5.1	23.6	11.6	4.6	3.0	3.4	*
	Feb-Apr	5.1	5.1	23.8	11.7	4.6	3.1	3.3	*
	Mar-May (Spr)	5.2	5.2	23.3	12.6	4.7	3.1	3.2	*
	Apr-Jun	5.1	5.2	24.4	12.4	4.5	3.0	3.2	*
	May-Jul	5.1	5.2	24.2	12.3	4.5	3.1	3.2	2.7
	Changes								*
	Over last 3 months	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.5	-0.1	0.0	-0.1	*
	Over last 12 months	0.0	0.0	-0.9	1.2	-0.5	0.0	-0.2	*
Female		MGSZ	YBTK	YBVM	YBVS	YCGR	YCGX	MGXG	MGXJ
	Spring quarters (Mar-May)								
	1997	6.0	6.1	18.0	10.7	5.8	4.3	4.3	2.2
	1998	5.5	5.6	17.5	10.3	5.8	3.9	3.4	2.2
	1999	5.3	5.4	16.6	10.2	5.4	3.8	3.2	2.0
	2000	5.0	5.2	19.4	9.5	4.8	3.7	3.1	*
	2001	4.4	4.5	15.4	8.9	4.4	3.5	2.1	*
	2002	4.6	4.7	17.8	8.3	4.9	3.2	2.9	1.9
	2003	4.3	4.4	18.4	8.8	4.2	2.8	2.4	1.6
	2004	4.4	4.5	17.6	9.5	3.8	3.3	2.3	*
	2005	4.2	4.4	19.4	9.1	4.1	2.9	2.2	*
	3-month averages								
	May-Jul 2004	4.3	4.4	18.0	9.2	3.8	3.1	2.3	1.6
	Jun-Aug (Sum)	4.2	4.3	17.9	9.2	4.0	2.9	2.1	1.7
	Jul-Sep	4.2	4.4	18.0	9.5	4.0	2.8	2.2	*
	Aug-Oct	4.3	4.5	18.3	9.7	4.3	2.8	2.1	*
	Sep-Nov (Aut)	4.2	4.4	19.0	9.1	4.2	2.8	2.2	*
	Oct-Dec	4.3	4.4	19.0	9.3	4.1	2.8	2.3	*
	Nov 2004-Jan 2005	4.3	4.4	20.0	8.9	3.8	3.0	2.4	*
	Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	4.4	4.5	19.9	9.1	4.0	3.1	2.4	*
	Jan-Mar 2005	4.2	4.4	19.9	8.3	4.1	3.0	2.3	*
	Feb-Apr	4.2	4.4	19.3	8.7	4.2	2.9	2.2	1.4
	Mar-May (Spr)	4.2	4.4	19.4	9.1	4.1	2.9	2.2	*
	Apr-Jun	4.3	4.5	18.7	9.5	4.2	2.9	2.4	1.3
	May-Jul	4.2	4.4	19.0	8.7	4.1	2.9	2.3	1.3
	Changes								
	Over last 3 months	0.0	0.0	-0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	-0.1
	Over last 12 months	-0.1	-0.1	1.1	-0.4	0.3	-0.2	0.0	-0.2

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

^a Denominator = all economically active for that age group.
* Sample size too small for a reliable estimate.
Data are revised in line with the latest interim reweighted LFS estimates.

C.5 UNEMPLOYMENT

Unemployment rates: international comparisons

Seasonally adjusted

	Austria	Belgium	Cyprus	Czech Republic	Denmark	Estonia	Finland	France
	ZXDS	ZXDI	A4AN	A4AO	ZXDJ	A4AP	ZXDU	ZXDN
1994	3.8	9.8	..	..	7.7	..	16.8	11.7
1995	3.9	9.7	..	..	6.8	..	15.4	11.2
1996	4.4	9.6	..	..	6.3	..	14.6	11.6
1997	4.4	9.2	..	..	5.3	9.6	12.7	11.5
1998	4.5	9.3	..	6.4	4.9	9.2	11.3	11.1
1999	4.0	8.6	..	8.6	4.8	11.4	10.2	10.5
2000	3.7	6.9	5.2	8.7	4.4	12.4	9.8	9.1
2001	3.6	6.7	4.5	8.0	4.3	11.7	9.1	8.4
2002	4.2	7.3	3.9	7.3	4.6	9.5	9.1	8.9
2003	4.3	8.0	4.5	7.8	5.6	10.2	9.0	9.5
2004	4.8	7.8	5.0	8.3	5.4	9.2	8.9	9.7
2003	Jul	4.3	8.1	4.6	8.0	5.7	10.3	9.0
	Aug	4.3	8.1	4.7	8.0	5.7	10.2	9.0
	Sep	4.4	8.0	4.7	8.1	5.7	10.2	9.0
	Oct	4.4	7.9	4.8	8.1	5.7	10.1	9.0
	Nov	4.4	7.9	4.7	8.1	5.7	10.0	8.9
	Dec	4.5	7.8	4.8	8.2	5.7	10.0	8.9
2004	Jan	4.6	7.8	4.9	8.4	5.7	10.0	9.0
	Feb	4.6	7.8	5.0	8.4	5.6	9.9	9.0
	Mar	4.7	7.7	5.0	8.4	5.4	9.8	9.0
	Apr	4.8	7.7	4.8	8.4	5.5	9.7	9.1
	May	4.8	7.7	4.6	8.4	5.4	9.5	9.1
	Jun	4.9	7.7	4.8	8.4	5.4	9.4	9.1
	Jul	4.9	7.7	5.0	8.3	5.3	9.2	9.0
	Aug	4.9	7.7	5.1	8.3	5.3	9.1	8.9
	Sep	4.9	7.8	5.2	8.3	5.3	8.9	8.8
	Oct	4.9	7.9	5.1	8.2	5.2	8.6	8.8
	Nov	4.9	8.0	5.3	8.2	5.2	8.4	8.8
	Dec	5.0	8.0	5.5	8.2	5.1	8.3	8.7
2005	Jan	5.0	8.0	5.6	8.1	5.0	8.1	8.7
	Feb	5.0	8.0	5.6	8.0	5.0	8.0	8.6
	Mar	5.0	8.0	5.1	8.0	4.9	7.9	8.5
	Apr	5.0	8.0	4.8	7.9	4.9	7.9	8.4
	May	5.1	8.1	5.0	7.8	4.9	7.9	8.3
	Jun	5.1	8.1	5.3	7.8	4.8	7.8	8.3
	Jul	5.1	8.0	5.3	7.7	..	7.6	8.3
								9.7
	Germany	Greece	Hungary	Ireland	Italy	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg
	ZXDK	ZXDL	A4AQ	ZXDO	ZXDP	A4AR	A4AS	ZXDQ
1994	8.3	..	..	14.3	10.6	..	..	3.2
1995	8.0	..	..	12.3	11.2	..	..	2.9
1996	8.6	..	9.6	11.7	11.2	..	..	2.9
1997	9.2	..	9.0	9.9	11.2	..	..	2.7
1998	8.8	..	8.4	7.5	11.3	14.3	132	2.7
1999	7.9	12.0	6.9	5.6	10.9	14.0	13.7	2.4
2000	7.2	11.3	6.3	4.3	10.1	13.7	16.3	2.3
2001	7.4	10.8	5.6	3.9	9.1	12.9	16.4	2.1
2002	8.2	10.3	5.6	4.3	8.6	12.5	13.6	2.8
2003	9.1	9.7	5.7	4.6	8.4	10.4	12.7	3.7
2004	9.5	10.5	5.9	4.5	8.1	9.8	10.8	4.8
2003	Jul	9.0	9.7	5.7	4.7	8.3	10.3	12.4
	Aug	8.9	9.7	5.7	4.7	8.3	10.2	12.5
	Sep	9.3	9.7	5.8	4.7	8.3	10.1	12.3
	Oct	9.2	9.8	5.7	4.6	8.2	10.1	12.1
	Nov	9.4	9.8	5.7	4.6	8.2	10.0	12.1
	Dec	9.5	9.8	5.7	4.6	8.2	10.0	11.9
2004	Jan	9.4	10.8	5.7	4.6	8.2	9.9	11.7
	Feb	9.4	10.8	5.8	4.6	8.2	9.9	11.6
	Mar	9.4	10.8	5.8	4.6	8.2	9.8	11.4
	Apr	9.4	10.5	5.8	4.6	8.1	9.8	11.3
	May	9.6	10.5	5.8	4.5	8.1	9.8	11.2
	Jun	9.5	10.5	5.8	4.5	8.1	9.7	11.2
	Jul	9.6	10.5	5.8	4.5	7.9	9.7	11.1
	Aug	9.8	10.5	5.8	4.5	7.9	9.7	10.6
	Sep	9.6	10.5	5.9	4.4	7.9	9.7	10.3
	Oct	9.8	10.2	6.0	4.4	8.0	9.7	9.9
	Nov	9.5	10.2	6.1	4.4	8.0	9.7	9.5
	Dec	9.5	10.2	6.2	4.3	8.0	9.6	9.2
2005	Jan	9.7	9.9	6.3	4.3	7.8	9.6	9.0
	Feb	9.7	9.9	6.3	4.3	7.8	9.5	8.9
	Mar	9.8	9.9	6.3	4.3	7.8	9.4	8.6
	Apr	9.9	..	6.3	4.3	..	9.2	8.4
	May	9.5	..	6.3	4.2	..	9.1	8.2
	Jun	9.5	..	6.3	4.3	..	9.0	7.9
	Jul	9.3	..	6.4	4.3	..	8.8	7.8
								5.4

a The unemployment rate for the UK published by EUROSTAT is based on the population aged 16-74. It is different from the unemployment rate for the UK published by the Office for National Statistics which is based on those aged 16 and over.

b The unemployment rates for Canada and Japan are based on those aged 15 and over.

c The unemployment rate for the US is based on those aged 16 and over.

Note: Unemployment rates are as published by EUROSTAT unless otherwise stated. A standard population basis (15-74) is used by EUROSTAT except for Spain and the UK (16-74).

UNEMPLOYMENT

Unemployment rates: international comparisons

C.5

Seasonally adjusted

	Malta	Netherlands	Poland	Portugal	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Spain	Sweden	
	A4AT	ZXDR	A4AU	ZXDT	A4AV	A4AW	ZXDM	ZXDV	
1994	..	6.8	..	6.9	..	..	19.8	9.4	
1995	..	6.6	..	7.3	..	..	18.8	8.8	
1996	..	6.0	..	7.3	..	6.9	18.2	9.6	
1997	..	5.0	10.9	6.8	..	6.9	17.0	9.9	
1998	..	3.8	10.2	5.2	..	7.4	15.3	8.2	
1999	..	3.2	13.4	4.5	16.8	7.2	12.9	6.7	
2000	6.7	2.8	16.4	4.1	18.7	6.6	11.5	5.6	
2001	7.6	2.2	18.5	4.0	19.4	5.8	10.8	4.9	
2002	7.7	2.8	19.8	5.0	18.7	6.1	11.5	4.9	
2003	8.0	3.7	19.2	6.2	17.5	6.5	11.5	5.6	
2004	7.3	4.6	18.8	6.7	18.0	6.0	10.9	6.3	
2003	Jul	8.3	3.8	19.2	6.2	17.1	6.6	11.5	5.6
	Aug	8.3	3.9	19.2	6.2	17.2	6.6	11.4	5.7
	Sep	8.2	3.9	19.1	6.3	17.3	6.6	11.4	5.6
	Oct	8.1	4.0	19.1	6.4	17.5	6.5	11.4	6.0
	Nov	8.0	4.0	19.1	6.4	17.7	6.3	11.4	6.0
	Dec	7.7	4.2	19.1	6.3	18.1	6.3	11.4	6.0
2004	Jan	7.7	4.3	19.1	6.2	18.4	6.2	11.3	6.1
	Feb	7.8	4.4	19.1	6.2	18.5	6.2	11.3	6.3
	Mar	7.6	4.5	19.0	6.3	18.6	6.2	11.2	6.3
	Apr	7.4	4.6	19.0	6.5	18.7	6.1	11.2	6.3
	May	7.4	4.6	18.9	6.5	18.6	6.0	11.2	6.6
	Jun	7.4	4.5	18.9	6.7	18.4	6.0	11.1	6.4
	Jul	7.3	4.5	18.8	6.9	18.1	5.9	10.9	6.3
	Aug	7.1	4.5	18.7	6.9	17.8	5.9	10.8	6.2
	Sep	7.0	4.6	18.6	7.0	17.7	5.9	10.8	6.6
	Oct	7.1	4.7	18.5	7.0	17.5	5.9	10.5	6.2
	Nov	7.0	4.8	18.4	7.0	17.1	5.8	10.5	6.4
	Dec	7.0	4.8	18.3	7.1	16.8	5.8	10.4	6.4
2005	Jan	6.9	4.8	18.1	7.2	16.4	5.8	10.1	6.2
	Feb	6.8	4.9	18.0	7.3	16.1	5.8	10.0	6.5
	Mar	6.9	4.9	18.0	7.3	15.8	5.8	10.0	6.3
	Apr	6.9	4.8	17.9	7.3	15.6	5.8	9.7	..
	May	6.7	4.8	17.8	7.3	15.5	5.9	9.6	..
	Jun	6.6	4.8	17.7	7.2	15.4	5.9	9.5	..
	Jul	6.5	4.8	17.6	7.2	15.2	5.9	9.4	..

National Statistical Offices Unemployment Rates

	United Kingdom ^a	EU 25	EU 15	Eurozone	Canada ^b	Japan ^b	United Kingdom ^a	United States ^c	
	ZXDW	A4AM	ZXDG	ZXDH	ZXDZ	ZDXY	MGSX	ZDXD	
1994	9.2	..	10.4	10.8	10.4	2.9	9.8	6.1	
1995	8.5	..	10.1	10.6	9.5	3.1	8.8	5.6	
1996	8.0	..	10.1	10.7	9.7	3.4	8.3	5.4	
1997	6.9	..	9.8	10.6	9.2	3.4	7.2	5.0	
1998	6.2	9.5	9.3	10.0	8.3	4.1	6.3	4.5	
1999	5.9	9.1	8.5	9.1	7.6	4.7	6.1	4.2	
2000	5.4	8.6	7.6	8.1	6.8	4.7	5.6	4.0	
2001	5.0	8.4	7.3	7.9	7.2	5.0	4.9	4.8	
2002	5.1	8.7	7.6	8.3	7.7	5.4	5.2	5.8	
2003	5.0	9.0	8.0	8.7	7.6	5.3	5.0	6.0	
	4.7	9.0	8.1	8.9	7.2	4.7	4.8	5.5	
2003	Jul	5.0	9.0	8.0	8.7	7.7	5.3	6.2	
	Aug	5.0	9.0	8.0	8.7	7.9	5.1	6.1	
	Sep	4.9	9.0	8.0	8.8	7.9	5.2	6.1	
	Oct	4.9	9.0	8.0	8.8	7.6	5.2	6.0	
	Nov	4.9	9.1	8.1	8.9	7.5	5.2	5.9	
	Dec	4.8	9.0	8.1	8.9	7.3	4.9	5.7	
2004	Jan	4.8	9.1	8.1	8.9	7.3	5	4.8	5.7
	Feb	4.7	9.1	8.1	8.9	7.3	5.0	4.8	5.6
	Mar	4.8	9.1	8.1	8.9	7.3	4.7	4.8	5.7
	Apr	4.8	9.0	8.1	8.8	7.2	4.7	4.8	5.6
	May	4.8	9.1	8.1	8.9	7.1	4.6	4.8	5.6
	Jun	4.7	9.0	8.1	8.9	7.2	4.6	4.7	5.6
	Jul	4.6	9.0	8.1	8.9	7.1	4.9	4.7	5.5
	Aug	4.6	9.0	8.1	8.9	7.1	4.8	4.7	5.4
	Sep	4.6	9.0	8.1	8.9	7.0	4.6	4.7	5.4
	Oct	4.6	9.0	8.1	8.9	7.1	4.7	4.7	5.5
	Nov	4.7	8.9	8.0	8.8	7.2	4.5	4.7	5.4
	Dec	4.6	8.9	8.0	8.8	7.0	4.4	4.7	5.4
2005	Jan	4.7	8.8	8.0	8.8	7.0	4.5	4.8	5.2
	Feb	4.6	8.9	8.0	8.8	7.0	4.6	4.7	5.4
	Mar	4.6	8.8	8.0	8.8	6.9	4.5	4.7	5.2
	Apr	4.7	8.8	8.0	8.8	6.8	4.4	4.7	5.2
	May	4.7	8.7	7.9	8.7	6.8	4.4	4.8	5.1
	Jun	..	8.7	7.9	8.7	6.7	4.2	4.7	5.0
	Jul	..	8.6	7.9	8.6	6.8	4.4	..	5.0

Enquiries: 02075336094

- a The unemployment rate for the UK published by EUROSTAT is based on the population aged 16-74. It is different from the unemployment rate for the UK published by the Office for National Statistics which is based on those aged 16 and over.
 b The unemployment rates for Canada and Japan are based on those aged 15 and over.
 c The unemployment rate for the US is based on those aged 16 and over.

Note: Unemployment rates are as published by EUROSTAT unless otherwise stated. A standard population basis (15-74) is used by EUROSTAT except for Spain and the UK (16-74).

D.1 ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

Economic activity by age

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM	All aged over 16	16-59/64	16-17	18-24	25-34	35-49	50-64 (M) 50-59 (F)	65+ (M) 60+ (F)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
All	MGSF	YBSK	YBZL	YBZO	YBZR	YBZU	YBZX	YCAD
Spring quarters (Mar-May)								
1997	28,492	27,666	864	3,721	7,513	10,093	5,475	826
1998	28,497	27,700	854	3,636	7,437	10,107	5,666	796
1999	28,811	27,974	844	3,629	7,366	10,283	5,852	837
2000	29,071	28,223	846	3,668	7,259	10,455	5,995	848
2001	29,122	28,288	817	3,667	7,078	10,602	6,124	834
2002	29,399	28,494	816	3,778	6,904	10,775	6,222	905
2003	29,643	28,697	837	3,792	6,701	10,928	6,440	945
2004	29,835	28,827	821	3,915	6,581	11,034	6,475	1,008
2005	30,080	29,005	811	3,909	6,560	11,176	6,549	1,075
3-month averages								
May-Jul 2004	29,830	28,814	820	3,905	6,579	11,035	6,475	1,016
Jun-Aug (Sum)	29,810	28,797	826	3,894	6,564	11,044	6,469	1,013
Jul-Sep	29,857	28,849	841	3,894	6,551	11,074	6,490	1,008
Aug-Oct	29,877	28,866	831	3,903	6,546	11,077	6,508	1,011
Sep-Nov (Aut)	29,943	28,929	822	3,915	6,558	11,094	6,540	1,014
Oct-Dec	29,995	28,965	813	3,935	6,572	11,107	6,538	1,030
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	30,035	28,989	819	3,926	6,582	11,115	6,547	1,046
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	30,118	29,052	818	3,943	6,598	11,138	6,554	1,067
Jan-Mar 2005	30,071	29,003	815	3,913	6,579	11,144	6,553	1,068
Feb-Apr	30,053	28,984	808	3,912	6,568	11,159	6,538	1,069
Mar-May (Spr)	30,080	29,005	811	3,909	6,560	11,176	6,549	1,075
Apr-Jun	30,109	29,034	812	3,935	6,547	11,187	6,554	1,075
May-Jul	30,148	29,068	809	3,946	6,539	11,218	6,556	1,080
Changes Over last 3 months	95	84	1	34	-29	59	18	11
Percent	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.9	-0.4	0.5	0.3	1.1
Over last 12 months	318	253	-11	41	-40	183	81	65
Percent	1.1	0.9	-1.4	1.1	-0.6	1.7	1.2	6.4
Male	MGSG	YBSL	YBZM	YBZP	YBZS	YBVZ	YBZY	YCAE
Spring quarters (Mar-May)								
1997	15,687	15,408	429	2,000	4,172	5,453	3,354	279
1998	15,647	15,365	429	1,939	4,122	5,438	3,436	282
1999	15,774	15,480	433	1,929	4,042	5,533	3,544	295
2000	15,882	15,590	428	1,954	3,988	5,621	3,599	292
2001	15,867	15,596	420	1,949	3,890	5,665	3,673	271
2002	15,971	15,673	413	2,015	3,785	5,764	3,697	298
2003	16,162	15,819	423	2,027	3,684	5,853	3,832	343
2004	16,192	15,847	415	2,081	3,599	5,903	3,850	344
2005	16,286	15,922	407	2,101	3,569	5,946	3,900	363
3-month averages								
May-Jul 2004	16,195	15,847	409	2,083	3,591	5,901	3,963	349
Jun-Aug (Sum)	16,198	15,848	411	2,085	3,582	5,906	3,864	350
Jul-Sep	16,206	15,860	426	2,074	3,573	5,918	3,870	346
Aug-Oct	16,204	15,856	413	2,084	3,570	5,914	3,874	348
Sep-Nov (Aut)	16,259	15,907	409	2,092	3,582	5,925	3,898	353
Oct-Dec	16,277	15,921	404	2,103	3,589	5,936	3,890	356
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	16,295	15,936	410	2,105	3,595	5,930	3,896	359
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	16,304	15,940	412	2,103	3,586	5,938	3,900	364
Jan-Mar 2005	16,306	15,941	413	2,099	3,583	5,940	3,907	365
Feb-Apr	16,296	15,928	407	2,096	3,578	5,940	3,906	368
Mar-May (Spr)	16,286	15,922	407	2,101	3,569	5,946	3,900	363
Apr-Jun	16,299	15,937	410	2,111	3,566	5,953	3,897	362
May-Jul	16,313	15,950	408	2,123	3,558	5,961	3,901	363
Changes Over last 3 months	17	23	1	27	-20	20	-5	-5
Percent	0.1	0.1	0.3	1.3	-0.6	0.3	-0.1	-1.4
Over last 12 months	118	104	-1	40	-33	59	38	14
Percent	0.7	0.7	-0.2	1.9	-0.9	1.0	1.0	4.1
Female	MGSH	YBSM	YBZN	YBZQ	YBZT	YBZW	YBZZ	YCAF
Spring quarters (Mar-May)								
1997	12,805	12,258	436	1,721	3,341	4,640	2,121	547
1998	12,850	12,336	425	1,697	3,315	4,670	2,230	514
1999	13,037	12,494	411	1,700	3,324	4,751	2,309	543
2000	13,189	12,633	418	1,714	3,271	4,834	2,396	557
2001	13,255	12,692	397	1,718	3,189	4,936	2,452	563
2002	13,428	12,821	404	1,763	3,118	5,011	2,525	607
2003	13,481	12,879	414	1,764	3,018	5,075	2,608	602
2004	13,643	12,979	407	1,834	2,982	5,131	2,625	664
2005	13,794	13,083	404	1,808	2,992	5,230	2,649	711
3-month averages								
May-Jul 2004	13,635	12,968	411	1,822	2,989	5,134	2,612	667
Jun-Aug (Sum)	13,612	12,949	415	1,809	2,981	5,138	2,605	663
Jul-Sep	13,650	12,988	415	1,820	2,978	5,156	2,620	662
Aug-Oct	13,673	13,010	418	1,819	2,976	5,163	2,634	663
Sep-Nov (Aut)	13,684	13,022	412	1,823	2,976	5,169	2,642	662
Oct-Dec	13,718	13,044	409	1,832	2,983	5,172	2,648	674
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	13,740	13,054	409	1,822	2,987	5,185	2,651	686
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	13,815	13,112	406	1,840	3,013	5,199	2,654	703
Jan-Mar 2005	13,765	13,062	402	1,813	2,997	5,204	2,646	702
Feb-Apr	13,757	13,056	401	1,816	2,990	5,218	2,632	701
Mar-May (Spr)	13,794	13,083	404	1,808	2,992	5,230	2,649	711
Apr-Jun	13,810	13,097	402	1,824	2,981	5,234	2,657	713
May-Jul	13,835	13,118	401	1,823	2,981	5,257	2,655	717
Changes Over last 3 months	78	61	0	7	-8	39	23	16
Percent	0.6	0.5	0.0	0.4	-0.3	0.8	0.9	2.3
Over last 12 months	200	150	-10	1	-7	124	43	50
Percent	1.5	1.2	-2.5	0.0	-0.2	2.4	1.6	7.5

a Denominator=all persons in the relevant age group.

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7.
Data are revised in line with the latest interim reweighted LFS estimates.

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

Economic activity rates^a by age

D.1

Per cent, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM	All aged over 16		16-59/64		16-17		18-24		25-34		35-49		50-64 (M) 50-59 (F)		65+ (M) 60+ (F)	
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16								
All		MGWG	MGSO	YCAG	YCAJ	YCAM	YCAP	MGWP	MGWS							
Spring quarters (Mar-May)																
1997	62.6	78.4	59.4	76.5	83.5	84.4	68.5	8.1								
1998	62.4	78.3	58.9	75.6	83.6	84.2	68.7	7.8								
1999	62.8	78.7	58.8	75.4	84.2	84.8	69.3	8.1								
2000	63.1	78.9	59.0	76.0	84.4	85.0	69.7	8.2								
2001	62.7	78.5	59.6	75.1	83.9	84.9	70.0	8.0								
2002	62.9	78.6	54.2	76.0	83.9	85.0	70.3	8.6								
2003	63.1	78.7	54.9	74.4	83.4	84.9	72.1	9.0								
2004	63.0	78.6	52.9	75.0	83.4	84.7	72.1	9.5								
2005	63.0	78.5	51.6	73.4	84.0	84.8	72.4	10.0								
3-month averages																
May-Jul 2004	63.0	78.5	52.6	74.5	83.6	84.6	72.0	9.5								
Jun-Aug (Sum)	62.9	78.4	52.8	74.2	83.5	84.5	71.9	9.5								
Jul-Sep	62.9	78.5	53.8	74.1	83.4	84.7	72.1	9.4								
Aug-Oct	62.9	78.5	53.1	74.1	83.4	84.6	72.2	9.4								
Sep-Nov (Aut)	63.0	78.6	52.5	74.2	83.6	84.7	72.5	9.5								
Oct-Dec	63.1	78.7	51.8	74.5	83.8	84.7	72.5	9.6								
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	63.1	78.7	52.2	74.2	84.0	84.7	72.5	9.7								
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	63.3	78.8	52.1	74.4	84.3	84.8	72.6	9.9								
Jan-Mar 2005	63.1	78.6	51.9	73.7	84.1	84.7	72.5	9.9								
Feb-Apr	63.0	78.5	51.4	73.6	84.0	84.8	72.3	9.9								
Mar-May (Spr)	63.0	78.5	51.6	73.4	84.0	84.8	72.4	10.0								
Apr-Jun	63.1	78.6	51.6	73.8	83.8	84.8	72.4	10.0								
May-Jul	63.1	78.6	51.4	73.8	83.8	85.0	72.4	10.0								
Changes Over last 3 months	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.3	-0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1								
Over last 12 months	0.1	0.1	-1.2	-0.7	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.5								
Male		MGWH	MGSW	YCAH	YCAK	YCAN	YCAQ	MGWQ	MGWT							
Spring quarters (Mar-May)																
1997	71.7	84.7	58.0	82.4	93.6	92.0	72.2	7.6								
1998	71.2	84.2	58.3	80.9	93.7	91.5	71.9	7.6								
1999	71.5	84.4	59.3	80.5	93.4	92.2	72.5	7.9								
2000	71.5	84.6	58.6	81.2	93.8	92.4	72.4	7.7								
2001	70.9	84.0	55.9	80.1	93.2	91.8	72.9	7.1								
2002	70.8	83.9	53.5	81.0	92.9	91.9	72.7	7.7								
2003	71.1	84.1	54.2	79.3	92.5	92.0	74.7	8.8								
2004	70.7	83.7	52.1	79.2	92.0	91.7	74.4	8.7								
2005	70.4	83.4	50.4	78.1	92.1	91.4	74.7	9.0								
3-month averages																
May-Jul 2004	70.6	83.5	51.2	78.9	92.0	91.5	74.6	8.8								
Jun-Aug (Sum)	70.6	83.5	51.3	78.9	91.9	91.5	74.5	8.8								
Jul-Sep	70.5	83.5	53.1	78.3	91.7	91.6	74.6	8.7								
Aug-Oct	70.5	83.4	51.6	78.5	91.7	91.5	74.6	8.7								
Sep-Nov (Aut)	70.7	83.6	51.0	78.7	92.1	91.6	75.0	8.8								
Oct-Dec	70.7	83.6	50.3	78.9	92.3	91.6	74.8	8.9								
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	70.7	83.7	51.0	78.9	92.5	91.5	74.9	9.0								
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	70.7	83.6	51.2	78.6	92.3	91.5	74.9	9.1								
Jan-Mar 2005	70.6	83.6	51.3	78.4	92.3	91.4	74.9	9.1								
Feb-Apr	70.5	83.4	50.6	78.1	92.3	91.4	74.9	9.2								
Mar-May (Spr)	70.4	83.4	50.4	78.1	92.1	91.4	74.7	9.0								
Apr-Jun	70.4	83.4	50.8	78.3	92.1	91.4	74.6	9.0								
May-Jul	70.4	83.4	50.6	78.6	91.9	91.4	74.6	9.0								
Changes Over last 3 months	-0.1	-0.1	0.0	0.5	-0.4	0.1	-0.3	-0.2								
Over last 12 months	-0.2	-0.2	-0.6	-0.3	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	0.0								
Female		MGWI	MGSQ	YCAI	YCAL	YCAO	YCAR	MGWR	MGWU							
Spring quarters (Mar-May)																
1997	54.2	71.8	60.8	70.7	73.5	76.9	63.3	8.4								
1998	54.2	72.0	59.6	70.4	73.7	77.1	64.3	7.8								
1999	54.8	72.5	58.3	70.4	75.1	77.6	64.9	8.3								
2000	55.2	72.9	59.5	70.8	75.2	77.8	65.9	8.5								
2001	55.1	72.7	55.3	70.1	74.8	78.2	66.1	8.5								
2002	55.6	73.0	55.0	70.9	75.0	78.1	67.0	9.2								
2003	55.5	73.0	55.7	69.4	74.4	78.0	68.7	9.1								
2004	55.9	73.2	53.6	70.8	74.9	77.9	68.9	9.9								
2005	56.1	73.3	52.7	68.6	76.0	78.4	69.3	10.5								
3-month averages																
May-Jul 2004	55.8	73.1	54.0	70.1	75.3	77.8	68.5	10.0								
Jun-Aug (Sum)	55.7	72.9	54.4	69.4	75.2	77.7	68.3	9.9								
Jul-Sep	55.8	73.1	54.4	69.8	75.2	77.9	68.6	9.9								
Aug-Oct	55.8	73.2	54.8	69.6	75.2	78.0	69.0	9.9								
Sep-Nov (Aut)	55.9	73.2	54.0	69.7	75.3	78.0	69.2	9.9								
Oct-Dec	56.0	73.3	53.5	70.0	75.5	77.9	69.3	10.0								
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	56.0	73.3	53.4	69.5	75.7	78.1	69.4	10.2								
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	56.3	73.6	53.1	70.1	76.4	78.2	69.4	10.4								
Jan-Mar 2005	56.0	73.3	52.5	69.0	76.0	78.2	69.2	10.4								
Feb-Apr	56.0	73.2	52.3	69.0	75.9	78.3	68.8	10.4								
Mar-May (Spr)	56.1	73.3	52.7	68.6	76.0	78.4	69.3	10.5								
Apr-Jun	56.1	73.4	52.4	69.1	75.7	78.4	69.4	10.6								
May-Jul	56.2	73.5	52.2	69.0	75.8	78.7	69.4	10.6								
Changes Over last 3 months	0.2	0.2	-0.1	0.0	-0.1	0.3	0.6	0.2								
Over last 12 months	0.4	0.4	-1.8	-1.1	0.5	0.9	0.9	0.6								

a Denominator=all persons in the relevant age group.

Note: Data are revised in line with the latest interim reweighted LFS estimates.

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 02075336094

D.2 ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

Economic inactivity by reason

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM		Aged 16-59(F)/64(M)									
		Economically inactive by reason									
		Total	Student	Looking after family/home	Temporary sick	Long-term sick	Discouraged workers	Retired	Other	Does not want a job	Wants a job
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
All Spring quarters (Mar-May)		YBSN	BEDZ	BEEC	BEBK	BEBN	YCFO	BEEI	BEEL	YBVZ	YBWC
1997	7,608	1,406	2,551	216	2,144	88	479	724	5,242	2,365	
1998	7,697	1,416	2,567	205	2,201	72	506	729	5,323	2,374	
1999	7,589	1,452	2,444	178	2,179	67	524	746	5,285	2,305	
2000	7,542	1,406	2,376	184	2,157	63	545	812	5,233	2,309	
2001	7,729	1,518	2,391	189	2,207	34	589	799	5,529	2,200	
2002	7,749	1,546	2,370	177	2,229	34	591	803	5,488	2,261	
2003	7,752	1,646	2,390	193	2,118	35	570	801	5,616	2,136	
2004	7,848	1,687	2,333	196	2,160	32	598	841	5,827	2,021	
2005	7,932	1,777	2,325	185	2,165	36	606	838	5,862	2,070	
3-month averages											
May-Jul 2004	7,899	1,713	2,327	191	2,178	32	604	854	5,878	2,021	
Jun-Aug (Sum)	7,936	1,695	2,351	187	2,201	33	609	861	5,898	2,038	
Jul-Sep	7,907	1,691	2,356	195	2,194	33	595	843	5,850	2,057	
Aug-Oct	7,913	1,708	2,368	194	2,180	33	601	830	5,877	2,035	
Sep-Nov (Aut)	7,872	1,732	2,339	185	2,163	32	595	824	5,866	2,006	
Oct-Dec	7,859	1,709	2,333	179	2,164	30	602	842	5,856	2,003	
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	7,857	1,719	2,303	179	2,166	33	595	861	5,842	2,015	
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	7,818	1,717	2,282	177	2,158	37	593	854	5,852	1,965	
Jan-Mar 2005	7,888	1,746	2,325	179	2,153	38	587	860	5,911	1,977	
Feb-Apr	7,931	1,771	2,331	181	2,175	33	590	850	5,903	2,028	
Mar-May (Spr)	7,932	1,777	2,325	185	2,165	36	606	838	5,862	2,070	
Apr-Jun	7,926	1,767	2,329	189	2,153	33	627	829	5,843	2,083	
May-Jul	7,915	1,784	2,321	187	2,132	33	625	833	5,829	2,087	
Changes Over last 3 months	-16	13	-10	7	-43	0	35	-17	-74	59	
Percent	-0.2	0.7	-0.4	3.6	-2.0	-0.7	6.0	-2.0	-1.3	2.9	
Over last 12 months	16	70	-6	-4	-46	1	22	-21	-50	66	
Percent	0.2	4.1	-0.3	-2.0	-2.1	4.2	3.6	-2.5	-0.8	3.2	
Male Spring quarters (Mar-May)		YBSO	BEEX	BEAQ	BEDI	BEDL	YCFP	BEDR	BEDU	YBWA	YBWD
1997	2,790	697	155	106	1,201	50	327	253	1,874	916	
1998	2,889	701	177	94	1,258	44	344	270	1,928	961	
1999	2,858	706	171	76	1,235	40	353	278	1,936	922	
2000	2,847	681	163	87	1,205	34	377	300	1,923	924	
2001	2,970	733	176	90	1,237	23	396	315	2,061	909	
2002	3,015	744	182	89	1,246	21	397	337	2,067	949	
2003	2,990	813	179	89	1,169	20	392	328	2,093	896	
2004	3,096	848	192	95	1,178	21	414	347	2,241	855	
2005	3,179	881	190	94	1,209	21	417	366	2,330	849	
3-month averages											
May-Jul 2004	3,120	857	190	95	1,196	19	414	349	2,273	848	
Jun-Aug (Sum)	3,130	859	188	93	1,207	20	412	351	2,270	860	
Jul-Sep	3,132	870	196	101	1,197	20	404	344	2,253	879	
Aug-Oct	3,150	875	191	101	1,196	21	414	351	2,279	870	
Sep-Nov (Aut)	3,113	871	184	93	1,184	20	412	349	2,272	840	
Oct-Dec	3,112	856	182	88	1,187	21	419	358	2,281	831	
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	3,111	858	183	88	1,186	21	412	364	2,287	824	
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	3,120	861	187	87	1,187	22	412	365	2,312	808	
Jan-Mar 2005	3,133	866	191	86	1,189	20	408	372	2,317	816	
Feb-Apr	3,160	877	192	87	1,210	18	407	369	2,322	838	
Mar-May (Spr)	3,179	881	190	94	1,209	21	417	366	2,330	849	
Apr-Jun	3,178	878	193	100	1,194	22	431	360	2,334	843	
May-Jul	3,178	887	193	102	1,186	22	428	360	2,323	855	
Changes Over last 3 months	18	11	1	15	-24	4	21	-9	1	17	
Percent	0.6	1.2	0.3	16.8	-2.0	23.7	5.3	-2.4	0.0	2.1	
Over last 12 months	58	30	3	7	-11	3	14	11	51	7	
Percent	1.9	3.5	1.7	7.7	-0.9	16.6	3.4	3.1	2.2	0.9	
Female Spring quarters (Mar-May)		YBSP	BEBL	BEBO	BEEG	BEEJ	YCFQ	BEEP	BEES	YBWB	YBWE
1997	4,818	708	2,395	110	943	38	152	471	3,368	1,450	
1998	4,808	715	2,390	111	943	28	162	459	3,395	1,413	
1999	4,731	746	2,273	102	944	28	171	468	3,348	1,383	
2000	4,695	725	2,213	97	952	28	167	512	3,310	1,385	
2001	4,758	786	2,215	99	970	11	192	484	3,468	1,290	
2002	4,734	801	2,188	88	984	14	193	466	3,421	1,313	
2003	4,762	833	2,211	104	949	15	177	472	3,523	1,239	
2004	4,752	840	2,141	100	982	11	184	494	3,586	1,166	
2005	4,753	896	2,135	91	956	15	189	471	3,532	1,221	
3-month averages											
May-Jul 2004	4,779	856	2,137	97	982	13	189	505	3,606	1,173	
Jun-Aug (Sum)	4,806	836	2,162	94	994	13	197	510	3,628	1,178	
Jul-Sep	4,775	820	2,161	95	997	13	190	499	3,598	1,178	
Aug-Oct	4,763	833	2,177	93	984	12	187	478	3,598	1,165	
Sep-Nov (Aut)	4,760	861	2,156	92	980	12	183	475	3,594	1,166	
Oct-Dec	4,747	852	2,151	91	977	*	182	484	3,575	1,172	
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	4,746	861	2,120	91	980	13	183	497	3,555	1,192	
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	4,697	857	2,095	90	971	15	181	489	3,540	1,157	
Jan-Mar 2005	4,756	880	2,134	92	964	18	178	489	3,595	1,161	
Feb-Apr	4,771	894	2,138	93	966	15	183	481	3,581	1,190	
Mar-May (Spr)	4,753	896	2,135	91	956	15	189	471	3,532	1,221	
Apr-Jun	4,749	889	2,136	89	958	12	197	469	3,509	1,240	
May-Jul	4,737	896	2,128	85	946	11	197	473	3,505	1,231	
Changes Over last 3 months	-34	2	-10	-8	-19	-4	14	-8	-75	41	
Percent	-0.7	0.2	-0.5	-8.7	-2.0	-29.3	7.6	-1.7	-2.1	3.5	
Over last 12 months	-42	40	-9	-11	-35	-2	8	-32	-100	58	
Percent	-0.9	4.7	-0.4	-11.7	-3.6	-14.3	4.1	-6.4	-2.8	4.9	

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5+6+7+8; 1=9+10

Note: Data are revised in line with the latest interim reweighted LFS estimates.

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

Economic inactivity by reason

D.2

Percent, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM

Aged 16-59(F)/64(M)

	Economically inactive by reason										
	Total	Student	Looking after family/home	Temporary sick	Long-term sick	Discouraged workers	Retired	Other	Does not want a job	Wants a job	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
All Spring quarters (Mar-May)		BEAR	BEDJ	BEDM	BEDP	BEDS	BEDV	BEDY	BEEB	BEEE	BEBM
1997	100	18.5	33.5	2.8	28.2	1.2	6.3	9.5	68.9	31.1	
1998	100	18.4	33.4	2.7	28.6	0.9	6.6	9.5	69.2	30.8	
1999	100	19.1	32.2	2.3	28.7	0.9	6.9	9.8	69.6	30.4	
2000	100	18.6	31.5	2.4	28.6	0.8	7.2	10.8	69.4	30.6	
2001	100	19.6	30.9	2.5	28.6	0.4	7.6	10.3	71.5	28.5	
2002	100	19.9	30.6	2.3	28.8	0.4	7.6	10.4	70.8	29.2	
2003	100	21.2	30.8	2.5	27.3	0.5	7.3	10.3	72.5	27.5	
2004	100	21.5	29.7	2.5	27.5	0.4	7.6	10.7	74.2	25.8	
2005	100	22.4	29.3	2.3	27.3	0.5	7.6	10.6	73.9	26.1	
3-month averages											
May-Jul 2004	100	21.7	29.5	2.4	27.6	0.4	7.6	10.8	74.4	25.6	
Jun-Aug (Sum)	100	21.4	29.6	2.4	27.7	0.4	7.7	10.8	74.3	25.7	
Jul-Sep	100	21.4	29.8	2.5	27.7	0.4	7.5	10.7	74.0	26.0	
Aug-Oct	100	21.6	29.9	2.4	27.6	0.4	7.6	10.5	74.3	25.7	
Sep-Nov (Aut)	100	22.0	29.7	2.3	27.5	0.4	7.6	10.5	74.5	25.5	
Oct-Dec	100	21.7	29.7	2.3	27.5	0.4	7.7	10.7	74.5	25.5	
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	100	21.9	29.3	2.3	27.6	0.4	7.6	11.0	74.4	25.6	
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	100	22.0	29.2	2.3	27.6	0.5	7.6	10.9	74.9	25.1	
Jan-Mar 2005	100	22.1	29.5	2.3	27.3	0.5	7.4	10.9	74.9	25.1	
Feb-Apr	100	22.3	29.4	2.3	27.4	0.4	7.4	10.7	74.4	25.6	
Mar-May (Spr)	100	22.4	29.3	2.3	27.3	0.5	7.6	10.6	73.9	26.1	
Apr-Jun	100	22.3	29.4	2.4	27.2	0.4	7.9	10.5	73.7	26.3	
May-Jul	100	22.5	29.3	2.4	26.9	0.4	7.9	10.5	73.6	26.4	
Male Spring quarters (Mar-May)		BEBP	BEEH	BEEK	BEEN	BEEQ	BEET	BEEW	BEEZ	BEAS	BEGT
1997	100	25.0	5.6	3.8	43.0	1.8	11.7	9.1	67.2	32.8	
1998	100	24.3	6.1	3.3	43.6	1.5	11.9	9.3	66.7	33.3	
1999	100	24.7	6.0	2.6	43.2	1.4	12.3	9.7	67.7	32.3	
2000	100	23.9	5.7	3.0	42.3	1.2	13.2	10.5	67.6	32.4	
2001	100	24.7	5.9	3.0	41.6	0.8	13.3	10.6	69.4	30.6	
2002	100	24.7	6.0	2.9	41.3	0.7	13.2	11.2	68.5	31.5	
2003	100	27.2	6.0	3.0	39.1	0.7	13.1	11.0	70.0	30.0	
2004	100	27.4	6.2	3.1	38.1	0.7	13.4	11.2	72.4	27.6	
2005	100	27.7	6.0	3.0	38.0	0.7	13.1	11.5	73.3	26.7	
3-month averages											
May-Jul 2004	100	27.5	6.1	3.0	38.3	0.6	13.3	11.2	72.8	27.2	
Jun-Aug (Sum)	100	27.4	6.0	3.0	38.6	0.6	13.2	11.2	72.5	27.5	
Jul-Sep	100	27.8	6.2	3.2	38.2	0.6	12.9	11.0	71.9	28.1	
Aug-Oct	100	27.8	6.1	3.2	38.0	0.7	13.1	11.2	72.4	27.6	
Sep-Nov (Aut)	100	28.0	5.9	3.0	38.0	0.7	13.2	11.2	73.0	27.0	
Oct-Dec	100	27.5	5.9	2.8	38.1	0.7	13.5	11.5	73.3	26.7	
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	100	27.6	5.9	2.8	38.1	0.7	13.2	11.7	73.5	26.5	
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	100	27.6	6.0	2.8	38.0	0.7	13.2	11.7	74.1	25.9	
Jan-Mar 2005	100	27.6	6.1	2.8	38.0	0.6	13.0	11.9	74.0	26.0	
Feb-Apr	100	27.7	6.1	2.8	38.3	0.6	12.9	11.7	73.5	26.5	
Mar-May (Spr)	100	27.7	6.0	3.0	38.0	0.7	13.1	11.5	73.3	26.7	
Apr-Jun	100	27.6	6.1	3.1	37.6	0.7	13.6	11.3	73.5	26.5	
May-Jul	100	27.9	6.1	3.2	37.3	0.7	13.5	11.3	73.1	26.9	
Female Spring quarters (Mar-May)		BEGW	BEGZ	BEHC	BEHF	BEHI	BEHL	BEHO	BEBQ	BEHR	BEHU
1997	100	14.7	49.7	2.3	19.6	0.8	3.2	9.8	69.9	30.1	
1998	100	14.9	49.7	2.3	19.6	0.6	3.4	9.6	70.6	29.4	
1999	100	15.8	48.0	2.2	19.9	0.6	3.6	9.9	70.8	29.2	
2000	100	15.4	47.1	2.1	20.3	0.6	3.6	10.9	70.5	29.5	
2001	100	16.5	46.6	2.1	20.4	0.2	4.0	10.2	72.9	27.1	
2002	100	16.9	46.2	1.9	20.8	0.3	4.1	9.8	72.3	27.7	
2003	100	17.5	46.4	2.2	19.9	0.3	3.7	9.9	74.0	26.0	
2004	100	17.7	45.1	2.1	20.7	0.2	3.9	10.4	75.5	24.5	
2005	100	18.9	44.9	1.9	20.1	0.3	4.0	9.9	74.3	25.7	
3-month averages											
May-Jul 2004	100	17.9	44.7	2.0	20.5	0.3	4.0	10.6	75.4	24.6	
Jun-Aug (Sum)	100	17.4	45.0	2.0	20.7	0.3	4.1	10.6	75.5	24.5	
Jul-Sep	100	17.2	45.2	2.0	20.9	0.3	4.0	10.5	75.3	24.7	
Aug-Oct	100	17.5	45.7	2.0	20.7	0.3	3.9	10.0	75.5	24.5	
Sep-Nov (Aut)	100	18.1	45.3	1.9	20.6	0.3	3.9	10.0	75.5	24.5	
Oct-Dec	100	18.0	45.3	1.9	20.6	*	3.8	10.2	75.3	24.7	
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	100	18.1	44.7	1.9	20.7	0.3	3.9	10.5	74.9	25.1	
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	100	18.2	44.6	1.9	20.7	0.3	3.8	10.4	75.4	24.6	
Jan-Mar 2005	100	18.5	44.9	1.9	20.3	0.4	3.7	10.3	75.6	24.4	
Feb-Apr	100	18.7	44.8	2.0	20.2	0.3	3.8	10.1	75.1	24.9	
Mar-May (Spr)	100	18.9	44.9	1.9	20.1	0.3	4.0	9.9	74.3	25.7	
Apr-Jun	100	18.7	45.0	1.9	20.2	0.2	4.1	9.9	73.9	26.1	
May-Jul	100	18.9	44.9	1.8	20.0	0.2	4.2	10.0	74.0	26.0	

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5+6+7+8; 1=9+10

Note: Data are revised in line with the latest interim reweighted LFS estimates.

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

D.3 ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

Economic inactivity by age

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM		All aged 16 and over	16-59/64	16-17	18-24	25-34	35-49	50-64 (M) 50-59 (F)	65+ (M) 60+ (F)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
All	Spring quarters (Mar-May)	MGSI	YBSN	YCAS	YCAV	YCAY	YCBB	MGWA	MGWD
	1997	17,004	7,608	591	1,140	1,488	1,866	2,523	9,396
	1998	17,164	7,697	595	1,171	1,457	1,891	2,583	9,468
	1999	17,051	7,589	591	1,181	1,384	1,840	2,593	9,462
	2000	17,035	7,542	587	1,169	1,340	1,843	2,612	9,493
	2001	17,292	7,729	663	1,217	1,356	1,883	2,619	9,563
	2002	17,305	7,749	689	1,195	1,325	1,908	2,631	9,555
	2003	17,353	7,752	687	1,306	1,336	1,936	2,487	9,601
	2004	17,489	7,848	733	1,304	1,311	1,991	2,510	9,641
	2005	17,633	7,932	762	1,418	1,254	2,003	2,496	9,701
	3-month averages								
	May-Jul 2004	17,551	7,899	739	1,334	1,291	2,016	2,520	9,651
	Jun-Aug (Sum)	17,599	7,936	737	1,354	1,295	2,019	2,531	9,663
	Jul-Sep	17,586	7,907	723	1,363	1,303	2,003	2,515	9,679
	Aug-Oct	17,600	7,913	733	1,363	1,303	2,012	2,502	9,687
	Sep-Nov (Aut)	17,567	7,872	744	1,359	1,286	2,008	2,475	9,695
	Oct-Dec	17,549	7,859	755	1,348	1,267	2,007	2,482	9,691
	Nov 2004-Jan 2005	17,543	7,857	749	1,365	1,252	2,012	2,478	9,686
	Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	17,493	7,818	751	1,357	1,231	2,003	2,476	9,676
	Jan-Mar 2005	17,574	7,888	756	1,396	1,245	2,010	2,482	9,686
	Feb-Apr	17,626	7,931	764	1,406	1,251	2,008	2,502	9,696
	Mar-May (Spr)	17,633	7,932	762	1,418	1,254	2,003	2,496	9,701
	Apr-Jun	17,638	7,926	762	1,400	1,262	2,005	2,496	9,711
	May-Jul	17,633	7,915	766	1,398	1,265	1,987	2,499	9,717
	Changes								
	Over last 3 months	6	-16	2	-8	14	-21	-3	22
	Percent	0.0	-0.2	0.3	-0.6	1.1	-1.0	-0.1	0.2
	Over last 12 months	82	16	27	64	-25	-29	-21	66
	Percent	0.5	0.2	3.6	4.8	-2.0	-1.4	-0.8	0.7
Male	Spring quarters (Mar-May)	MGSJ	YBSO	YCAT	YCAW	YCAZ	YCBC	MGWB	MGWE
	1997	6,189	2,790	310	428	283	475	1,294	3,399
	1998	6,314	2,889	307	458	277	504	1,342	3,426
	1999	6,297	2,858	297	468	283	467	1,342	3,439
	2000	6,320	2,847	302	451	282	460	1,371	3,473
	2001	6,310	2,970	332	486	284	507	1,382	3,540
	2002	6,579	3,015	359	471	288	507	1,389	3,564
	2003	6,561	2,990	357	530	298	506	1,298	3,571
	2004	6,718	3,096	381	546	313	533	1,323	3,622
	2005	6,837	3,179	399	589	307	562	1,321	3,658
	3-month averages								
	May-Jul 2004	6,746	3,120	390	555	311	547	1,317	3,626
	Jun-Aug (Sum)	6,759	3,130	390	558	314	548	1,320	3,629
	Jul-Sep	6,769	3,132	375	575	321	542	1,318	3,638
	Aug-Oct	6,790	3,150	388	570	322	552	1,318	3,640
	Sep-Nov (Aut)	6,753	3,113	393	567	308	547	1,298	3,641
	Oct-Dec	6,754	3,112	399	561	299	542	1,310	3,642
	Nov 2004-Jan 2005	6,755	3,111	393	564	291	554	1,308	3,643
	Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	6,764	3,120	392	571	297	552	1,308	3,644
	Jan-Mar 2005	6,780	3,133	392	580	298	557	1,306	3,647
	Feb-Apr	6,809	3,160	398	589	301	562	1,311	3,649
	Mar-May (Spr)	6,837	3,179	399	589	307	562	1,321	3,658
	Apr-Jun	6,842	3,178	397	584	308	562	1,327	3,664
	May-Jul	6,847	3,178	399	577	314	560	1,328	3,668
	Changes								
	Over last 3 months	38	18	1	-11	14	-2	17	19
	Percent	0.6	0.6	0.2	-1.9	4.5	-0.3	1.3	0.5
	Over last 12 months	100	58	9	22	3	13	11	42
	Percent	1.5	1.9	2.4	3.9	1.0	2.5	0.8	1.2
Female	Spring quarters (Mar-May)	MGSK	YBSP	YCAU	YCAX	YCBA	YCBD	MGWC	MGWF
	1997	10,815	4,818	281	712	1,205	1,391	1,229	5,998
	1998	10,850	4,808	288	712	1,180	1,387	1,240	6,042
	1999	10,754	4,731	294	713	1,100	1,373	1,251	6,023
	2000	10,716	4,695	285	708	1,078	1,383	1,241	6,020
	2001	10,781	4,758	321	731	1,073	1,376	1,257	6,023
	2002	10,726	4,734	330	724	1,037	1,401	1,242	5,992
	2003	10,792	4,762	330	776	1,038	1,430	1,189	6,029
	2004	10,771	4,752	351	758	997	1,458	1,187	6,019
	2005	10,796	4,753	363	829	946	1,441	1,175	6,043
	3-month averages								
	May-Jul 2004	10,804	4,779	350	778	980	1,469	1,202	6,025
	Jun-Aug (Sum)	10,840	4,806	347	796	981	1,471	1,211	6,034
	Jul-Sep	10,817	4,775	348	788	982	1,460	1,197	6,042
	Aug-Oct	10,810	4,763	345	793	980	1,460	1,184	6,047
	Sep-Nov (Aut)	10,814	4,760	352	792	978	1,461	1,177	6,054
	Oct-Dec	10,795	4,747	356	787	968	1,465	1,171	6,049
	Nov 2004-Jan 2005	10,788	4,746	356	801	961	1,458	1,170	6,042
	Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	10,729	4,697	359	786	933	1,451	1,168	6,032
	Jan-Mar 2005	10,795	4,756	364	816	946	1,453	1,176	6,039
	Feb-Apr	10,818	4,771	366	817	951	1,446	1,191	6,047
	Mar-May (Spr)	10,796	4,753	363	829	946	1,441	1,175	6,043
	Apr-Jun	10,796	4,749	366	816	954	1,443	1,169	6,047
	May-Jul	10,786	4,737	367	821	951	1,427	1,171	6,049
	Changes								
	Over last 3 months	-31	-34	1	4	0	-19	-20	3
	Percent	-0.3	-0.7	0.4	0.4	0.0	-1.3	-1.7	0.0
	Over last 12 months	-18	-42	18	43	-29	-42	-31	24
	Percent	-0.2	-0.9	5.0	5.5	-2.9	-2.9	-2.6	0.4

a Denominator= all persons in the relevant age group.

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7.
Data are revised in line with the latest interim reweighted LFS estimates.

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

Economic inactivity rates^a by age

D.3

Per cent, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM	All aged 16 and over		16-59/64		16-17		18-24		25-34		35-49		50-64 (M) 50-59 (F)		65+ (M) 60+ (F)	
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16								
All	YBTC	YBTL	LWEX	LWFA	LWFD	LWFG	LWFJ	LWFM								
Spring quarters (Mar-May)																
1997	37.4	21.6	40.6	23.5	16.5	15.6	31.5	91.9								
1998	37.6	21.7	41.1	24.4	16.4	15.8	31.3	92.2								
1999	37.2	21.3	41.2	24.6	15.8	15.2	30.7	91.9								
2000	36.9	21.1	41.0	24.0	15.6	15.0	30.3	91.8								
2001	37.3	21.5	44.4	24.9	16.1	15.1	30.0	92.0								
2002	37.1	21.4	49.8	24.0	16.1	15.0	29.7	91.4								
2003	36.9	21.3	45.1	25.6	16.6	15.1	27.9	91.0								
2004	37.0	21.4	47.1	25.0	16.6	15.3	27.9	90.5								
2005	37.0	21.5	48.4	26.6	16.0	15.2	27.6	90.0								
3-month averages																
May-Jul 2004	37.0	21.5	47.4	25.5	16.4	15.4	28.0	90.5								
Jun-Aug (Sum)	37.1	21.6	47.2	25.8	16.5	15.5	28.1	90.5								
Jul-Sep	37.1	21.5	46.2	25.9	16.6	15.3	27.9	90.6								
Aug-Oct	37.1	21.5	46.9	25.9	16.6	15.4	27.8	90.6								
Sep-Nov (Aut)	37.0	21.4	47.5	25.8	16.4	15.3	27.5	90.5								
Oct-Dec	36.9	21.3	48.2	25.5	16.2	15.3	27.5	90.4								
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	36.9	21.3	47.8	25.8	16.0	15.3	27.5	90.3								
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	36.7	21.2	47.9	25.6	15.7	15.2	27.4	90.1								
Jan-Mar 2005	36.9	21.4	48.1	26.3	15.9	15.3	27.5	90.1								
Feb-Apr	37.0	21.5	48.6	26.4	16.0	15.2	27.7	90.1								
Mar-May (Spr)	37.0	21.5	48.4	26.6	16.0	15.2	27.6	90.0								
Apr-Jun	36.9	21.4	48.4	26.2	16.2	15.2	27.6	90.0								
May-Jul	36.9	21.4	48.6	26.2	16.2	15.0	27.6	90.0								
Changes Over last 3 months	-0.1	-0.1	0.0	-0.3	0.2	-0.2	-0.1	-0.1								
Over last 12 months	-0.1	-0.1	1.2	0.7	-0.2	-0.4	-0.4	-0.5								
Male	YBTD	YBTN	LWEY	LWFB	LWFE	LWFH	LWFK	LWFN								
Spring quarters (Mar-May)																
1997	28.3	15.3	42.0	17.6	6.4	8.0	27.8	92.4								
1998	28.8	15.8	41.7	19.1	6.3	8.5	28.1	92.4								
1999	28.5	15.6	40.7	19.5	6.6	7.8	27.5	92.1								
2000	28.5	15.4	41.4	18.8	6.2	7.6	27.6	92.3								
2001	29.1	16.0	44.1	19.9	6.8	8.2	27.1	92.9								
2002	29.2	16.1	46.5	19.0	7.1	8.1	27.3	92.3								
2003	28.9	15.9	45.8	20.7	7.5	8.0	25.3	91.2								
2004	29.3	16.3	47.9	20.8	8.0	8.3	25.6	91.3								
2005	29.6	16.6	49.6	21.9	7.9	8.6	25.3	91.0								
3-month averages																
May-Jul 2004	29.4	16.5	48.8	21.1	8.0	8.5	25.4	91.2								
Jun-Aug (Sum)	29.4	16.5	48.7	21.1	8.1	8.5	25.5	91.2								
Jul-Sep	29.5	16.5	46.9	21.7	8.3	8.4	25.4	91.3								
Aug-Oct	29.5	16.6	48.4	21.5	8.3	8.5	25.4	91.3								
Sep-Nov (Aut)	29.3	16.4	49.0	21.3	7.9	8.4	25.0	91.2								
Oct-Dec	29.3	16.4	49.7	21.1	7.7	8.4	25.2	91.1								
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	29.3	16.3	49.0	21.1	7.5	8.5	25.1	91.0								
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	29.3	16.4	48.8	21.4	7.7	8.5	25.1	90.9								
Jan-Mar 2005	29.4	16.4	48.7	21.6	7.7	8.6	25.1	90.9								
Feb-Apr	29.5	16.6	49.4	21.9	7.7	8.6	25.1	90.8								
Mar-May (Spr)	29.6	16.6	49.6	21.9	7.9	8.6	25.3	91.0								
Apr-Jun	29.6	16.6	49.2	21.7	7.9	8.6	25.4	91.0								
May-Jul	29.6	16.6	49.4	21.4	8.1	8.6	25.4	91.0								
Changes Over last 3 months	0.1	0.1	0.0	-0.5	0.4	-0.1	0.3	0.2								
Over last 12 months	0.2	0.2	0.6	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.0	-0.2								
Female	YBTE	YBTM	LWEZ	LWFC	LWFF	LWFI	LWFL	LWFO								
Spring quarters (Mar-May)																
1997	45.8	28.2	39.2	29.3	26.5	23.1	36.7	91.6								
1998	45.8	28.0	40.4	29.6	26.3	22.9	35.7	92.2								
1999	45.2	27.5	41.7	29.6	24.9	22.4	35.1	91.7								
2000	44.8	27.1	40.5	29.2	24.8	22.2	34.1	91.5								
2001	44.9	27.3	44.7	29.9	25.2	21.8	33.9	91.5								
2002	44.4	27.0	45.0	29.1	25.0	21.9	33.0	90.8								
2003	44.5	27.0	44.3	30.6	25.6	22.0	31.3	90.9								
2004	44.1	26.8	46.4	29.2	25.1	22.1	31.1	90.1								
2005	43.9	26.7	47.3	31.4	24.0	21.6	30.7	89.5								
3-month averages																
May-Jul 2004	44.2	26.9	46.0	29.9	24.7	22.2	31.5	90.0								
Jun-Aug (Sum)	44.3	27.1	45.6	30.6	24.8	22.3	31.7	90.1								
Jul-Sep	44.2	26.9	45.6	30.2	24.8	22.1	31.4	90.1								
Aug-Oct	44.2	26.8	45.2	30.4	24.8	22.0	31.0	90.1								
Sep-Nov (Aut)	44.1	26.8	46.0	30.3	24.7	22.0	30.8	90.1								
Oct-Dec	44.0	26.7	46.5	30.0	24.5	22.1	30.7	90.0								
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	44.0	26.7	46.6	30.5	24.3	21.9	30.6	89.8								
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	43.7	26.4	46.9	29.9	23.6	21.8	30.6	89.6								
Jan-Mar 2005	44.0	26.7	47.5	31.0	24.0	21.8	30.8	89.6								
Feb-Apr	44.0	26.8	47.7	31.0	24.1	21.7	31.2	89.6								
Mar-May (Spr)	43.9	26.7	47.3	31.4	24.0	21.6	30.7	89.5								
Apr-Jun	43.9	26.6	47.6	30.9	24.3	21.6	30.6	89.4								
May-Jul	43.8	26.5	47.8	31.0	24.2	21.3	30.6	89.4								
Changes Over last 3 months	-0.2	-0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	-0.3	-0.6	-0.2								
Over last 12 months	-0.4	-0.4	1.8	1.1	-0.5	-0.9	-0.9	-0.6								

a Denominator=all persons in the relevant age group.

Note: Data are revised in line with the latest interim reweighted LFS estimates.

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 02075336094

D.4 ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

Educational status, economic activity and inactivity of young people

May to July 2005

Thousands and per cent, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM	Economically active			Total in employment			Unemployed			Economically inactive			
	Total	Not in FTE ^a	In FTE ^a	Total	Not in FTE ^a	In FTE ^a	Total	Not in FTE ^a	In FTE ^a	Total	Not in FTE ^a	In FTE ^a	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
LEVELS													
All	16-17	809	315	495	634	222	412	175	93	82	766	112	654
	18-24	3,946	3,295	651	3,526	2,945	580	420	349	71	1,398	597	801
	All under 25	4,755	3,609	1,146	4,160	3,167	993	595	442	153	2,164	709	1,455
Male	16-17	408	193	215	309	132	177	99	61	38	399	60	339
	18-24	2,123	1,815	307	1,862	1,595	267	261	220	40	577	172	405
	All under 25	2,531	2,008	523	2,172	1,727	444	359	281	78	976	232	744
Female	16-17	401	122	279	325	90	235	76	32	44	367	53	314
	18-24	1,823	1,479	344	1,663	1,350	313	159	129	30	821	425	396
	All under 25	2,224	1,601	623	1,988	1,440	549	236	161	74	1,188	478	710
RATES(%)^b													
All	16-17	51.4	73.7	43.1	40.2	51.9	35.9	21.6	29.6	16.6	48.6	26.3	56.9
	18-24	73.8	84.7	44.8	66.0	75.7	40.0	10.6	10.6	10.8	26.2	15.3	55.2
	All under 25	68.7	83.6	44.1	60.1	73.3	38.2	12.5	12.3	13.3	31.3	16.4	55.9
Male	16-17	50.6	76.4	38.8	38.3	52.3	32.0	24.2	31.6	17.7	49.4	23.6	61.2
	18-24	78.6	91.3	43.1	69.0	80.3	37.5	12.3	12.1	13.1	21.4	8.7	56.9
	All under 25	72.2	89.7	41.3	61.9	77.1	35.1	14.2	14.0	15.0	27.8	10.3	58.7
Female	16-17	52.2	69.7	47.0	42.3	51.3	39.6	19.0	26.4	15.8	47.8	30.3	53.0
	18-24	69.0	77.7	46.5	62.9	70.9	42.4	8.7	8.7	8.8	31.0	22.3	53.5
	All under 25	65.2	77.0	46.7	58.3	69.3	41.1	10.6	10.1	11.9	34.8	23.0	53.3
CHANGES ON QUARTER													
LEVELS													
All	16-17	1	-9	10	0	-15	15	1	7	-5	2	1	1
	18-24	34	39	-5	18	25	-8	16	14	2	-8	7	-15
	All under 25	35	31	4	18	10	8	17	20	-3	-5	9	-14
Male	16-17	1	-5	6	-1	-12	11	2	7	-5	1	5	-4
	18-24	27	30	-3	12	18	-5	14	12	3	-11	6	-18
	All under 25	28	25	3	11	5	6	16	19	-3	-11	11	-21
Female	16-17	0	-4	4	1	-3	4	-1	-1	0	1	-3	5
	18-24	7	10	-3	5	8	-2	2	2	0	4	1	2
	All under 25	7	6	1	7	5	2	1	1	-1	5	-2	7
RATES(%)^b													
All	16-17	0.0	-0.8	0.5	-0.1	-2.6	1.0	0.1	2.8	-1.5	0.0	0.8	-0.5
	18-24	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.0	-0.3	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.4	-0.3	0.0	-0.3
	All under 25	0.2	-0.1	0.3	0.0	-0.4	0.4	0.3	0.5	-0.3	-0.2	0.1	-0.3
Male	16-17	0.0	-1.9	0.9	-0.2	-4.8	1.9	0.4	4.5	-3.0	0.0	1.9	-0.9
	18-24	0.5	-0.2	0.8	0.1	-0.6	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.9	-0.5	0.2	-0.8
	All under 25	0.4	-0.3	0.8	0.0	-1.0	1.0	0.5	0.8	-0.6	-0.4	0.3	-0.8
Female	16-17	-0.1	0.7	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.1	-0.2	0.2	-0.3	0.1	-0.7	0.0
	18-24	0.0	0.1	-0.3	0.0	0.0	-0.3	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	-0.1	0.3
	All under 25	0.0	0.1	-0.2	0.0	0.1	-0.1	0.0	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-0.1	0.2

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

a Full-time education.

b Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group for economically active, total in employment and economically inactive; economically active for unemployment.

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+3; 1=4+7; 4=5+6; 7=8+9; 10=11+12.

Data are revised in line with the latest interim reweighted LFS estimates.

E.1 EARNINGS

Average Earnings Index by main industrial sector

Seasonally adjusted

GREAT BRITAIN SIC1992		Whole economy (Divisions 01-93)						Public sector					
		Including bonuses			Excluding bonuses			Including bonuses			Excluding bonuses		
		% change year on year		Single month	3-month average ^b	% change year on year		Single month	3-month average ^a	% change year on year		Single month	3-month average ^a
2000=100		LNMQ	LNMU	LNNC	JQDW	JQDX	JQDY	LNNJ	LNKW	LNNE	JQDZ	JQEA	JQEB
2003	Jul	1126	3.8	3.4	1132	3.5	3.4	115.6	5.3	5.1	1158	5.5	5.2
	Aug	1123	3.5	3.5	1135	3.7	3.5	115.5	6.0	5.6	1157	5.9	5.5
	Sep	1129	3.7	3.7	114.0	3.8	3.7	116.0	5.5	5.6	1162	5.5	5.6
	Oct	113.1	3.6	3.6	114.2	3.5	3.7	116.0	4.6	5.4	1162	4.7	5.3
	Nov	113.7	3.6	3.6	114.5	3.4	3.6	116.4	4.2	4.8	116.6	4.3	4.8
	Dec	113.5	3.5	3.5	115.0	3.6	3.5	117.0	4.3	4.4	117.2	4.3	4.4
2004	Jan	1172	6.7	4.6	115.5	3.8	3.6	117.1	4.1	4.2	117.3	4.0	4.2
	Feb	114.1	3.6	4.6	115.9	3.9	3.8	117.8	4.4	4.3	118.0	4.4	4.3
	Mar	116.2	5.1	5.1	116.5	4.2	4.0	118.5	4.6	4.4	118.5	4.4	4.3
	Apr	115.6	4.4	4.4	116.7	4.3	4.1	118.6	4.2	4.4	118.8	4.2	4.3
	May	115.9	4.1	4.6	117.2	4.2	4.2	118.7	4.4	4.4	119.2	4.5	4.4
	Jun	116.2	4.2	4.3	117.5	4.2	4.2	119.9	4.5	4.3	119.9	4.7	4.5
	Jul	116.2	3.2	3.9	117.9	4.2	4.2	119.9	3.7	4.2	120.3	3.9	4.4
	Aug	116.9	4.1	3.9	118.5	4.4	4.3	120.7	4.5	4.2	120.7	4.3	4.3
	Sep	117.3	3.9	3.7	118.8	4.3	4.3	121.2	4.4	4.2	121.4	4.5	4.2
	Oct	117.8	4.2	4.1	119.3	4.5	4.4	121.6	4.8	4.6	121.9	4.9	4.5
	Nov	118.9	4.6	4.2	119.6	4.4	4.4	121.9	4.7	4.7	122.1	4.7	4.7
	Dec	118.4	4.3	4.4	120.1	4.4	4.4	122.2	4.4	4.7	122.4	4.5	4.7
2005	Jan	121.9	4.0	4.3	120.4	4.2	4.4	122.6	4.7	4.6	123.0	4.8	4.7
	Feb	120.6	5.7	4.7	120.7	4.1	4.3	123.3	4.6	4.6	123.5	4.7	4.7
	Mar	120.7	3.9	4.5	121.0	3.9	4.1	123.6	4.3	4.6	123.7	4.4	4.6
	Apr	120.5	4.3	4.6	121.6	4.1	4.1	124.5	5.0	4.6	124.6	4.9	4.7
	May	120.6	4.1	4.1	121.8	3.9	4.0	127.8	7.7	5.6	125.3	5.1	4.8
	Jun R	120.9	4.0	4.1	122.1	3.9	4.0	125.0	4.3	5.6	125.2	4.4	4.8
	Jul P	121.4	4.4	4.2	122.6	4.0	3.9	125.2	4.4	5.5	125.3	4.2	4.6
Sampling variability ^b		± 2.0	± 1.9		± 0.8	± 0.7		± 1.7	± 1.6		± 1.5	± 1.3	
		B	A		A			A	A		A	A	

GREAT BRITAIN SIC1992		Private sector						of which: Private sector services					
		Including bonuses			Excluding bonuses			Including bonuses			Excluding bonuses		
		% change year on year		Single month	3-month average ^b	% change year on year		Single month	3-month average ^a	% change year on year		Single month	3-month average ^a
2000=100		LNKY	LNKZ	LNND	JQEC	JQED	JQEE	JJGH	JJGI	JJGJ	JQEO	JQEP	JQEQ
2003	Jul	111.9	3.4	2.9	112.6	3.0	3.0	111.9	3.6	3.0	112.7	3.2	3.1
	Aug	111.5	2.9	2.9	112.9	3.2	3.0	111.2	3.0	3.0	113.0	3.4	3.1
	Sep	112.1	3.3	3.2	113.4	3.4	3.2	111.7	3.3	3.3	113.4	3.5	3.3
	Oct	112.4	3.3	3.2	113.7	3.3	3.3	111.9	3.3	3.2	113.7	3.3	3.4
	Nov	112.9	3.3	3.3	114.0	3.2	3.3	112.7	3.1	3.2	114.0	3.0	3.3
	Dec	112.8	3.3	3.3	114.5	3.5	3.3	111.9	3.1	3.1	114.4	3.4	3.3
2004	Jan	117.3	7.4	4.6	115.1	3.8	3.5	118.7	9.2	5.1	115.1	3.8	3.4
	Feb	113.3	3.5	4.7	115.4	3.8	3.7	112.4	3.3	5.2	115.3	3.8	3.7
	Mar	115.3	4.9	5.2	116.0	4.1	3.9	114.8	5.1	5.9	115.8	4.0	3.8
	Apr	114.9	4.5	4.3	116.2	4.3	4.1	114.4	4.4	4.3	116.2	4.2	4.0
	May	115.4	4.2	4.5	116.7	4.1	4.2	114.7	3.7	4.4	116.7	4.0	4.0
	Jun	115.4	4.1	4.3	117.0	4.1	4.2	115.0	4.0	4.0	117.0	4.0	4.1
	Jul	115.4	3.1	3.8	117.4	4.3	4.2	114.9	2.6	3.4	117.4	4.1	4.0
	Aug	116.0	4.0	3.8	118.0	4.5	4.3	115.5	3.9	3.5	118.0	4.4	4.2
	Sep	116.3	3.8	3.6	118.2	4.2	4.3	116.0	3.8	3.4	118.3	4.4	4.3
	Oct	117.0	4.1	4.0	118.7	4.4	4.4	116.6	4.2	3.9	118.8	4.4	4.4
	Nov	118.1	4.6	4.1	119.0	4.3	4.3	118.0	4.7	4.2	119.1	4.4	4.4
	Dec	117.6	4.3	4.3	119.7	4.5	4.4	116.8	4.4	4.4	119.8	4.7	4.5
2005	Jan	121.9	3.9	4.2	119.7	4.0	4.3	123.1	3.7	4.3	119.8	4.1	4.4
	Feb	120.0	5.9	4.7	120.0	4.0	4.2	120.1	6.9	5.0	120.2	4.3	4.4
	Mar	119.8	3.9	4.6	120.3	3.8	3.9	119.7	4.3	4.9	120.7	4.3	4.2
	Apr	119.5	4.1	4.6	120.8	3.9	3.9	119.3	4.3	5.2	121.1	4.2	4.2
	May	119.2	3.3	3.8	120.9	3.6	3.8	119.1	3.8	4.1	121.1	3.8	4.1
	Jun R	119.9	3.9	3.8	121.4	3.8	3.8	119.7	4.2	4.1	121.5	3.9	4.0
	Jul P	120.4	4.4	3.9	122.0	3.9	3.8	120.4	4.8	4.2	122.2	4.1	4.0
Sampling variability ^b		± 2.5	± 2.3		± 0.9	± 0.8		± 3.4	± 3.2		± 1.1	± 1.1	
		B	B		A			B	B		A	A	

a The 3-month average is the change in the average seasonally adjusted index values for the last three months compared with the same period a year ago. For further details please see the article in the May 1999 issue of Labour Market Trends, p227.

b See footnote b, Table E.2.

R Revised

P Provisional

EARNINGS
Average Earnings Index by main industrial sector E.1
 Seasonally adjusted

GREAT BRITAIN SIC1992	Production (Divisions 10-41)						of which: Manufacturing (Divisions 15-37)						
	Including bonuses			Excluding bonuses			Including bonuses			Excluding bonuses			
	% change year on year			% change year on year			% change year on year			% change year on year			
	2000=100	LNMS	LNMW	LNNF	JQEI	JQEJ	JQEK	LNMR	LNMV	LNNG	JQEF	JQEG	JQEH
2003	Jul	111.6	3.1	3.1	1120	3.0	3.1	111.7	3.2	3.0	1123	2.9	3.1
	Aug	111.9	3.0	3.0	112.6	3.3	3.1	112.1	3.0	3.0	1128	3.2	3.1
	Sep	112.4	3.4	3.2	113.0	3.3	3.2	112.6	3.5	3.2	113.3	3.3	3.1
	Oct	112.7	3.1	3.2	113.2	3.0	3.2	112.8	3.2	3.2	113.5	3.0	3.2
	Nov	113.3	3.6	3.4	113.7	3.6	3.3	113.4	3.6	3.4	114.0	3.6	3.3
	Dec	113.2	3.0	3.3	114.0	3.3	3.3	113.5	3.3	3.4	114.4	3.3	3.3
2004	Jan	113.9	3.6	3.4	114.6	3.9	3.6	114.1	3.7	3.5	114.8	3.8	3.6
	Feb	114.4	3.9	3.5	114.8	3.5	3.5	114.5	3.7	3.6	115.0	3.3	3.5
	Mar	117.0	2.8	3.5	115.8	4.2	3.9	117.4	3.0	3.5	116.1	4.2	3.8
	Apr	115.1	4.5	3.8	115.5	3.8	3.8	115.0	4.5	3.7	115.7	3.8	3.8
	May	115.6	4.3	3.9	116.3	4.1	4.1	115.8	4.5	4.0	116.5	4.1	4.0
	Jun	115.7	4.0	4.3	116.4	4.1	4.0	115.8	4.1	4.4	116.6	4.0	4.0
	Jul	115.6	3.6	4.0	116.8	4.3	4.2	115.8	3.7	4.1	117.2	4.3	4.1
	Aug	115.6	3.3	3.6	116.9	3.8	4.1	115.8	3.3	3.7	117.3	4.0	4.1
	Sep	115.9	3.1	3.3	116.8	3.4	3.8	116.1	3.1	3.4	117.2	3.5	3.9
	Oct	116.4	3.4	3.2	117.5	3.9	3.7	116.6	3.4	3.3	117.9	3.9	3.8
	Nov	116.6	2.9	3.1	117.9	3.7	3.7	116.6	2.9	3.1	118.3	3.8	3.7
	Dec	117.3	3.7	3.3	118.4	3.8	3.8	117.7	3.7	3.3	118.8	3.9	3.9
2005	Jan	117.6	3.2	3.3	118.5	3.5	3.7	117.6	3.1	3.2	119.0	3.6	3.8
	Feb	118.6	3.7	3.5	119.0	3.6	3.6	118.8	3.7	3.5	119.4	3.8	3.8
	Mar	120.7	3.1	3.4	119.1	2.9	3.3	121.3	3.3	3.4	119.6	3.0	3.5
	Apr	118.9	3.4	3.4	119.5	3.5	3.3	119.2	3.6	3.5	119.9	3.6	3.5
	May	117.9	2.0	2.8	119.6	2.9	3.1	118.1	2.0	2.9	119.9	3.0	3.2
	Jun R	118.8	2.7	2.7	120.2	3.3	3.2	119.1	2.9	2.8	120.6	3.4	3.3
	Jul P	119.6	3.5	2.7	120.6	3.3	3.2	119.8	3.5	2.8	121.0	3.3	3.2
Sampling variability ^b		±1.4	±1.3	A	±1.0	±0.9	A	±1.5	±1.3	A	±1.0	±0.9	A

GREAT BRITAIN SIC1992	Services (Divisions 50-93)						
	Including bonuses			Excluding bonuses			
	% change year on year			% change year on year			
	2000=100	LNMT	LNMX	LNNH	JQEL	JQEM	JQEN
2003	Jul	112.9	4.1	3.5	113.5	3.8	3.6
	Aug	112.4	3.7	3.7	113.7	4.0	3.7
	Sep	112.8	3.9	3.9	114.1	4.0	3.9
	Oct	113.0	3.7	3.7	114.4	3.7	3.9
	Nov	113.8	3.4	3.6	114.7	3.4	3.7
	Dec	113.3	3.5	3.5	115.1	3.7	3.6
2004	Jan	118.3	7.9	4.9	115.7	3.8	3.6
	Feb	113.7	3.5	5.0	116.0	3.9	3.8
	Mar	115.8	5.0	5.5	116.5	4.1	3.9
	Apr	115.5	4.4	4.3	116.9	4.2	4.1
	May	115.6	3.7	4.4	117.3	4.1	4.1
	Jun	116.2	4.1	4.1	117.7	4.2	4.2
	Jul	116.2	2.9	3.6	118.1	4.1	4.1
	Aug	116.9	4.0	3.7	118.7	4.4	4.2
	Sep	117.3	3.9	3.6	119.2	4.4	4.3
	Oct	117.9	4.3	4.1	119.6	4.5	4.4
	Nov	119.2	4.7	4.3	119.9	4.5	4.5
	Dec	118.3	4.4	4.5	120.4	4.6	4.6
2005	Jan	123.0	4.0	4.4	120.6	4.3	4.5
	Feb	120.9	6.3	4.9	121.1	4.4	4.4
	Mar	120.8	4.4	4.9	121.5	4.3	4.3
	Apr	120.7	4.5	5.1	122.0	4.4	4.4
	May	121.0	4.6	4.5	122.2	4.2	4.3
	Jun R	121.1	4.2	4.5	122.5	4.0	4.2
	Jul P	121.7	4.7	4.5	123.0	4.1	4.1
Sampling variability ^b		±2.6	±2.4	B	±0.9	±0.9	A

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS
 Customer Helpline: 01633 819024

- a The 3-month average is the change in the average seasonally adjusted index values for the last three months compared with the same period a year ago. For further details please see the article in the May 1999 issue of Labour Market Trends, p227.
 b See footnote b, Table E.2.
 R Revised
 P Provisional

E.2 EARNINGS Average Earnings Index by industry: excluding bonuses^a

Not seasonally adjusted											
GREAT BRITAIN SIC 1992		Agriculture, forestry and fishing	Mining and quarrying	Food products; beverages and tobacco	Textiles, leather and clothing	Chemicals and man-made fibres	Basic metals and metal products	Engineering and allied industries	Other manufacturing	Electricity, gas and water supply	Construction
2000=100		(A,B)	(C)	(DA)	(DB,DC)	(DG)	(DJ)	(DK,DL, DM)	(DD,DE,DF, DH,DI,DN)	(E)	(F)
		JVUZ	JVVA	JVVB	JVVC	JVVD	JVVE	JVF	JVG	JVH	JVI
2000)	Annual	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2001)	Averages	106.0	102.9	104.1	104.2	104.5	104.2	104.9	104.9	102.5	106.3
2002)		112.7	106.8	108.5	108.2	108.3	106.6	109.1	109.4	103.3	110.5
2003)		118.2	112.6	112.4	112.8	112.1	110.5	112.8	112.2	106.4	113.6
2004)		122.7	117.5	117.6	117.1	118.3	115.6	117.1	115.8	110.8	119.8
2002	Jul	110.2	106.9	107.8	111.0	109.6	107.7	110.3	109.8	104.0	111.8
	Aug	114.8	107.7	109.1	107.8	108.3	105.8	109.4	109.3	103.7	109.4
	Sep	119.5	108.2	109.0	109.3	109.6	107.1	109.1	110.3	104.9	110.9
	Oct	113.9	106.8	109.6	110.7	109.2	108.0	110.1	111.1	104.3	111.2
	Nov	115.9	107.2	110.4	109.6	108.5	108.0	110.5	111.5	104.5	111.9
	Dec	118.8	111.9	112.2	110.6	111.0	108.0	111.2	111.2	103.6	111.7
2003	Jan	114.9	111.0	110.2	110.2	108.9	108.1	110.6	110.3	103.3	111.3
	Feb	118.2	108.6	110.3	109.3	109.4	109.8	111.0	111.1	103.7	112.3
	Mar	119.9	112.1	110.6	111.2	110.7	109.0	112.2	111.0	106.2	113.4
	Apr	116.3	110.5	113.8	111.4	111.3	109.3	112.7	110.9	104.9	112.3
	May	115.7	112.3	113.5	111.2	111.3	111.2	113.1	111.6	107.0	111.9
	Jun	116.7	111.5	112.1	112.7	112.8	110.8	113.2	112.3	105.4	114.0
	Jul	117.1	114.3	112.0	116.0	112.5	111.4	113.3	112.5	107.3	113.6
	Aug	118.1	114.8	112.5	113.6	113.1	109.7	112.3	112.3	108.5	111.0
	Sep	120.4	114.4	112.6	114.8	113.5	111.4	112.8	113.1	106.9	114.9
	Oct	118.6	112.9	112.8	114.0	113.1	112.3	113.7	113.4	107.4	115.2
	Nov	119.2	113.3	113.2	113.6	114.1	112.1	114.6	113.8	108.2	116.2
	Dec	122.7	115.1	115.8	115.8	115.0	110.9	114.5	114.3	108.0	117.1
2004	Jan	119.8	114.1	115.1	115.1	113.5	113.4	114.1	114.1	109.4	116.3
	Feb	120.7	116.2	114.5	114.3	116.1	113.1	114.2	114.5	108.9	117.5
	Mar	119.6	114.5	115.8	116.4	117.1	115.2	115.7	115.5	109.7	119.8
	Apr	123.7	115.1	117.2	114.4	117.7	113.2	116.7	115.2	112.1	119.2
	May	120.1	116.0	118.7	116.1	118.1	115.3	117.2	116.4	111.0	118.7
	Jun	123.9	116.2	117.6	117.6	119.5	115.5	117.1	116.0	113.3	119.5
	Jul	122.5	116.1	117.8	119.6	119.0	117.3	118.3	116.3	111.4	120.4
	Aug	120.5	114.6	118.0	117.2	118.9	116.7	117.5	115.2	110.9	119.7
	Sep	123.4	115.9	117.4	118.4	118.1	116.7	117.2	115.9	109.5	120.7
	Oct	122.5	127.3	118.1	118.5	120.4	117.6	118.6	116.2	111.3	121.4
	Nov	127.2	122.5	119.6	118.5	120.2	117.1	119.0	116.8	110.9	121.9
	Dec	128.2	121.3	121.9	119.4	121.2	116.3	119.3	117.2	111.1	122.2
2005	Jan	125.1	120.4	119.4	118.1	120.9	118.5	119.0	116.2	111.2	121.8
	Feb	121.5	123.6	118.3	116.1	121.0	119.1	119.5	117.3	111.6	120.4
	Mar	124.8	120.4	121.8	118.3	122.0	118.4	120.0	117.5	110.9	121.7
	Apr	124.3	123.1	120.7	119.0	118.8	120.9	121.2	118.8	113.4	122.3
	May	120.9	123.3	121.8	118.1	118.3	120.0	121.3	119.3	113.4	123.1
	Jun R	125.9	122.4	120.7	121.0	119.4	121.4	121.3	120.4	115.6	124.4
	Jul P	122.3	122.0	121.7	119.2	119.0	122.1	122.7	120.5	115.3	125.3
Per cent change on the year											
		JVVT	JVUU	JVVV	JVWW	JVXX	JVYY	JVZZ	JWAA	JWBB	JWCC
2003	Jul	6.3	6.9	3.8	4.5	2.6	3.5	2.7	2.5	3.2	1.6
	Aug	2.9	6.5	3.1	5.3	4.3	3.7	2.6	2.7	4.5	1.5
	Sep	0.8	5.7	3.3	5.0	3.6	4.0	3.4	2.6	1.9	3.5
	Oct	4.2	5.7	2.9	3.0	3.6	4.0	3.3	2.1	3.0	3.6
	Nov	2.9	5.7	2.5	3.6	5.2	3.8	3.7	2.1	3.5	3.8
	Dec	3.3	2.8	3.1	4.6	3.7	2.7	3.0	2.8	4.2	4.9
2004	Jan	4.3	2.8	4.4	4.5	4.2	4.9	3.1	3.4	5.9	4.5
	Feb	2.1	7.0	3.7	4.6	6.1	3.0	2.9	3.0	5.0	4.7
	Mar	-0.2	2.2	4.7	4.7	5.8	5.7	3.1	4.0	3.3	5.6
	Apr	6.4	4.1	2.9	2.6	5.8	3.6	3.5	3.8	6.9	6.1
	May	3.8	3.3	4.6	4.4	6.1	3.7	3.6	4.3	3.7	6.1
	Jun	6.2	4.2	4.9	4.4	5.9	4.3	3.5	3.3	7.5	4.8
	Jul	4.6	1.6	5.2	3.1	5.8	5.2	4.4	3.4	3.7	6.0
	Aug	2.0	-0.1	4.9	3.2	5.1	6.3	4.6	2.5	2.3	7.8
	Sep	2.4	1.3	4.3	3.1	4.1	4.8	3.9	2.5	2.4	5.1
	Oct	3.2	12.8	4.7	4.0	6.4	4.7	4.3	2.5	3.7	5.4
	Nov	6.7	8.1	5.7	4.4	5.4	4.5	3.8	2.6	2.5	4.9
	Dec	4.5	5.4	5.3	3.2	5.4	4.9	4.2	2.5	2.9	4.3
2005	Jan	4.4	5.6	3.8	2.6	6.5	4.5	4.3	1.9	1.6	4.8
	Feb	0.7	6.4	3.4	1.6	4.2	5.3	4.6	2.5	2.4	2.5
	Mar	4.3	5.2	5.2	1.6	4.2	2.8	3.8	1.7	1.1	1.6
	Apr	0.5	7.0	3.0	4.1	0.9	6.8	3.9	3.2	1.2	2.7
	May	0.6	6.3	2.6	1.7	0.2	4.0	3.6	2.5	2.2	3.7
	Jun R	1.6	5.4	2.7	2.9	-0.1	5.2	3.6	3.7	2.0	4.1
	Jul P	-0.2	5.1	3.3	-0.4	-0.1	4.2	3.8	3.6	3.6	4.1
Sampling variability ^b		±23.1 D	±9.3 D	±3.0 B	±5.9 C	±2.3 B	±3.6 B	±1.5 A	±1.8 A	±5.7 C	±3.6 B

a Users should note that the data contained in this table are not comparable with those previously published in Table E.2 of Labour Market Trends up to April 2002.

^a Sampling variability represents 95 per cent confidence intervals (i.e. it is expected that in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value). The letters give an indication of how the sampling variability compares to the growth rate. For a growth rate of 5 per cent:

A = sampling variability approximately less than 2 percentage points;
B = sampling variability between 2 and 5 percentage points;

B = sampling variability between 2 and 5 percentage points
C = sampling variability between 5 and 8 percentage points

C = sampling variability between 5 and 8 percentage points; and
D = sampling variability more than 8 percentage points.

D – Sampling variability more than 3 percentage points.
Question of how sampling variability is calculated and how small it needs to be.

A full description of how sampling variability is calculated and how series are classified is available on the National Statistics website at www.statistics.gov.uk or see pp207-13, Labour Market Trends, April 2002.

P Provisional
R Revised

EARNINGS Average Earnings Index by industry: excluding bonuses^a

E.2

Not seasonally adjusted

Whole-sale trade	Retail trade and repairs	Hotels and restaurants	Trans-port, storage and communication	Finan-cial inter-mediation	Real estate renting and business activities	Public adminis-tration	Education	Health and social work	Other services	GREAT BRITAIN SIC 1992
(G: 51)	(G: 50,52)	(H)	(I)	(J)	(K)	(L)	(M)	(N)	(O)	2000=100
JVJV	JVVK	JVVL	JVVM	JVVN	JVVO	JVVP	JVQ	JVVR	JVVS	
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	2000) Annual
103.1	102.9	104.5	104.7	105.5	106.0	104.7	105.3	106.2	102.3	2001) Averages
105.4	106.7	111.2	108.2	108.4	110.7	109.0	109.5	112.9	105.4	2002)
109.0	111.1	116.2	112.6	111.7	113.3	113.6	115.4	119.3	106.1	2003)
112.9	114.0	122.3	118.7	115.2	117.9	118.8	119.5	126.7	112.4	2004)
105.5	107.7	112.8	108.4	108.3	111.1	108.3	109.5	115.1	106.3	2002 Jul
105.5	108.4	113.6	107.4	108.1	110.1	107.7	111.2	113.5	106.3	Aug
105.3	108.1	111.3	109.5	108.3	110.5	108.2	111.4	113.8	103.7	Sep
106.2	107.1	112.1	109.5	109.1	111.7	112.0	113.5	114.8	104.8	Oct
105.7	106.9	111.7	109.8	110.0	112.0	115.3	113.3	114.8	106.3	Nov
106.3	106.5	116.4	110.3	110.2	111.5	110.6	112.7	116.2	107.0	Dec
107.5	109.2	113.2	110.5	110.3	112.3	110.2	111.6	116.6	106.5	2003 Jan
107.8	108.1	112.9	108.5	111.5	112.6	111.4	112.0	115.0	104.9	Feb
108.5	108.8	113.2	110.9	111.4	112.9	112.1	112.1	115.9	104.2	Mar
108.5	110.3	116.3	111.6	111.6	112.1	113.0	115.5	117.7	106.2	Apr
108.8	113.0	116.2	112.0	112.8	113.0	113.1	114.7	118.0	106.2	May
109.4	111.7	116.0	112.9	112.5	113.1	112.9	115.7	119.1	106.2	Jun
109.2	112.2	116.8	113.0	112.2	113.4	114.0	116.9	121.8	106.6	Jul
109.3	112.9	117.7	113.2	111.0	113.3	114.0	117.7	122.3	107.2	Aug
109.1	113.0	116.5	114.0	111.1	113.4	114.4	118.2	120.6	105.9	Sep
109.6	111.1	116.5	114.4	111.5	114.2	114.3	116.8	120.9	106.6	Oct
109.2	110.5	116.9	114.7	112.4	114.5	117.8	116.2	121.1	106.3	Nov
110.7	111.9	121.5	115.5	112.2	114.7	116.1	117.0	121.9	106.8	Dec
110.7	112.9	118.6	116.4	113.9	115.7	115.5	115.4	122.4	111.6	2004 Jan
110.8	111.4	118.1	114.9	113.2	116.5	116.4	116.1	121.5	110.7	Feb
112.2	112.7	119.7	115.9	114.8	117.1	116.4	116.1	122.1	110.0	Mar
112.7	114.6	120.6	117.4	114.9	117.4	117.6	118.8	125.6	110.3	Apr
113.3	114.5	121.1	117.9	115.1	118.7	118.0	119.2	126.1	110.7	May
112.9	114.7	121.9	119.7	115.1	117.5	118.1	119.0	130.2	111.9	Jun
112.8	114.8	123.5	119.1	114.9	118.4	118.2	119.5	128.3	114.1	Jul
113.0	115.4	124.2	119.8	115.2	118.2	119.7	123.2	128.1	114.3	Aug
113.7	115.1	122.7	120.3	115.1	118.2	121.7	123.3	128.6	113.2	Sep
113.5	114.4	124.9	121.5	116.5	118.3	120.7	121.6	128.7	112.8	Oct
114.0	113.2	123.9	120.8	116.7	118.9	122.1	120.6	129.2	115.0	Nov
115.6	114.7	128.4	120.6	117.3	120.1	121.7	121.9	129.2	113.9	Dec
115.6	117.3	122.8	121.4	117.7	120.5	120.5	122.0	129.2	114.7	2005 Jan
115.2	115.5	123.7	120.7	118.3	121.0	121.9	120.8	128.8	114.5	Feb
116.9	115.7	126.8	121.0	121.6	120.7	125.9	120.7	128.9	116.7	Mar
117.3	117.9	125.9	122.4	120.9	122.1	124.3	124.0	132.9	115.3	Apr
117.6	116.3	126.3	123.3	121.3	122.1	123.0	123.5	132.9	116.8	May
117.3	116.0	126.8	125.2	119.2	122.3	123.0	124.0	133.9	119.2	Jun R
118.2	117.8	127.5	122.4	121.7	123.3	124.3	124.5	132.9	119.0	Jul P
Per cent change on the year										
JVWD	JVWE	JVWF	JVYJ	JVYK	JVYL	JVYM	JVYN	JVYO	JVYP	
3.5	4.2	3.6	4.2	3.7	2.1	5.3	6.8	5.8	0.3	2003 Jul
3.6	4.1	3.6	5.4	2.7	2.9	5.9	5.9	7.7	0.9	Aug
3.6	4.5	4.7	4.1	2.5	2.6	5.8	6.0	6.0	2.1	Sep
4.1	3.7	4.0	4.5	2.3	2.3	2.1	3.0	5.3	1.8	Oct
3.3	3.4	4.7	4.5	2.1	2.3	2.2	2.6	5.5	0.0	Nov
4.1	5.1	4.4	4.6	1.8	2.9	5.0	3.9	4.9	-0.2	Dec
3.0	3.4	4.8	5.3	3.3	3.0	4.8	3.4	4.9	4.9	2004 Jan
2.7	3.0	4.6	5.9	1.5	3.4	4.5	3.7	5.6	5.6	Feb
3.4	3.5	5.8	4.6	3.0	3.7	3.8	3.6	5.3	5.6	Mar
3.8	3.9	3.7	5.2	3.0	4.8	4.1	2.9	6.7	3.9	Apr
4.0	1.3	4.2	5.2	2.0	5.0	4.4	3.9	6.8	4.2	May
3.3	2.7	5.1	6.1	2.3	3.8	4.7	2.8	9.3	5.4	Jun
3.3	2.3	5.7	5.4	2.4	4.4	3.6	2.2	5.4	7.0	Jul
3.4	2.2	5.6	5.8	3.8	4.3	4.9	4.6	4.8	6.6	Aug
4.2	1.8	5.3	5.6	3.6	4.3	6.4	4.3	6.6	6.9	Sep
3.6	2.9	7.1	6.2	4.5	3.6	5.6	4.1	6.5	5.8	Oct
4.4	2.5	6.0	5.3	3.9	3.9	3.6	3.8	6.7	8.2	Nov
4.5	2.5	5.7	4.4	4.5	4.7	4.8	4.1	5.9	6.7	Dec
4.4	3.9	3.5	4.3	3.3	4.1	4.3	5.8	5.6	2.7	2005 Jan
4.0	3.6	4.7	5.0	4.5	3.8	4.7	4.1	6.0	3.4	Feb
4.2	2.7	5.9	4.3	6.0	3.0	8.1	3.9	5.6	6.1	Mar
4.1	2.9	4.5	4.2	5.2	3.9	5.7	4.4	5.8	4.6	Apr
3.9	1.6	4.3	4.6	5.4	2.9	4.2	3.7	5.4	5.5	May
3.9	1.2	4.0	4.5	3.5	4.1	4.1	4.2	2.9	6.5	Jun R
4.8	2.6	3.3	2.8	5.9	4.2	5.2	4.2	3.6	4.3	Jul P
± 1.9	± 1.7	± 3.9	± 5.8	± 1.6	± 2.1	± 2.2	± 0.8	± 1.0	± 7.5	Sampling variability ^b
B	A	B	C	A	B	B	A	A	C	

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS
Customer Helpline: 01633 819024

^a Users should note that the data contained in this table are not comparable with those previously published in Table E.2 of Labour Market Trends up to April 2002.
^b Sampling variability represent '95 per cent confidence intervals' (i.e. it is expected that in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value). The letters give an indication of how the sampling variability compares to the growth rate. For a growth rate of 5 per cent:

- A = sampling variability approximately less than 2 percentage points;
- B = sampling variability between 2 and 5 percentage points;
- C = sampling variability between 5 and 8 percentage points; and
- D = sampling variability more than 8 percentage points.

A full description of how sampling variability is calculated and how series are classified is available on the National Statistics website at www.statistics.gov.uk or see pp207-13, Labour Market Trends, April 2002.

P Provisional
R Revised

E.2 EARNINGS

Average Earnings Index by industry: including bonuses^a

Not seasonally adjusted											
GREAT BRITAIN SIC 1992		Agriculture, forestry and fishing	Mining and quarrying	Food products; beverages and tobacco	Textiles, leather and clothing	Chemicals and man-made fibres	Basic metals and metal products	Engi- neering and allied industries	Other manu- facturing	Elec- tricity, gas and water supply	Con- struction
2000=100		(A,B)	(C)	(DA)	(DB,DC)	(DG)	(DJ)	(DK,DL, DM)	(DD,DE,DF, DH,DI,DN)	(E)	(F)
		JVUF	JVUG	JVUH	JVUI	JVUJ	JVUK	JVUL	JVUM	JVUN	JVUO
2000)	Annual	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2001)	Averages	105.9	105.9	102.9	103.2	104.7	104.7	104.4	104.4	101.0	105.8
2002)		112.0	112.6	106.2	106.1	108.7	106.7	108.7	108.2	103.1	109.4
2003)		117.0	118.6	110.4	109.2	114.5	110.4	113.5	110.2	105.4	112.4
2004)		121.6	121.9	113.9	114.2	120.1	116.5	118.5	112.2	110.6	119.2
2002	Jul	108.2	109.3	105.0	107.2	107.8	106.9	109.5	108.5	102.4	110.2
	Aug	112.9	110.3	105.4	104.6	109.0	104.0	108.0	106.6	101.8	107.4
	Sep	118.1	114.4	105.2	105.5	105.3	105.6	107.5	107.9	101.5	109.3
	Oct	112.4	110.1	105.7	106.9	104.9	109.3	108.9	108.6	101.0	108.7
	Nov	114.4	111.1	107.1	106.6	104.9	108.2	110.2	109.6	101.0	109.8
	Dec	121.6	119.0	110.4	111.1	114.8	109.2	113.1	111.8	100.4	113.1
2003	Jan	114.0	113.3	108.1	107.6	107.5	109.2	110.4	108.5	102.4	109.5
	Feb	116.9	113.7	109.8	106.4	115.9	109.5	112.2	109.7	101.6	109.8
	Mar	121.4	138.7	119.9	110.7	138.2	111.5	118.6	113.6	113.1	119.3
	Apr	114.8	132.0	110.0	106.6	115.0	110.0	112.4	107.8	101.8	109.8
	May	113.8	114.8	108.2	107.1	109.8	109.8	113.5	108.9	104.1	108.5
	Jun	115.0	113.9	107.7	107.2	110.6	109.4	112.8	109.5	118.7	111.3
	Jul	115.8	115.4	109.8	111.1	110.9	114.1	113.4	110.1	104.8	111.7
	Aug	115.5	116.4	108.9	108.7	112.4	108.2	111.2	108.6	103.9	108.0
	Sep	118.0	117.1	110.8	109.6	111.3	108.7	111.8	109.7	102.8	112.9
	Oct	117.0	114.6	108.1	109.3	110.6	113.7	113.0	110.6	103.9	113.4
	Nov	117.5	115.0	109.5	109.2	112.0	110.8	115.2	111.2	104.0	114.8
	Dec	124.0	118.3	114.3	117.3	120.2	110.4	117.0	114.1	104.2	119.2
2004	Jan	118.0	117.3	111.1	111.7	113.5	114.7	114.2	110.9	105.5	114.6
	Feb	118.9	129.6	112.0	110.8	120.8	114.1	118.1	111.4	109.3	116.5
	Mar	119.6	127.3	120.7	114.2	149.9	114.9	124.4	115.7	119.9	124.6
	Apr	122.7	132.6	115.0	110.7	125.6	116.0	117.6	110.9	110.6	117.1
	May	119.0	115.8	115.2	113.8	116.9	114.2	117.6	113.3	109.3	118.5
	Jun	123.9	116.1	112.4	114.4	117.3	115.1	117.5	112.1	123.1	117.7
	Jul	122.2	114.8	112.9	116.9	117.6	120.5	118.1	112.4	109.1	119.5
	Aug	118.8	114.2	111.2	113.6	115.0	115.4	116.8	109.7	108.8	116.4
	Sep	122.7	118.2	113.4	114.4	113.1	115.4	117.0	110.9	106.5	118.2
	Oct	121.4	127.5	110.5	115.4	116.5	120.2	118.1	111.7	108.6	119.0
	Nov	126.3	123.8	112.0	114.8	114.1	117.4	119.6	112.4	108.1	124.0
	Dec	125.8	125.6	120.5	120.1	121.7	120.5	122.7	115.1	108.4	124.7
2005	Jan	123.4	128.8	112.3	117.0	117.9	122.6	118.7	111.8	110.0	121.3
	Feb	119.5	137.2	114.2	116.7	121.6	122.3	124.4	113.5	117.3	119.8
	Mar	126.0	148.9	129.2	117.2	150.3	125.0	126.2	120.3	112.0	128.8
	Apr	122.0	137.9	116.9	117.1	122.5	126.3	123.4	114.2	113.6	120.5
	May	118.0	119.2	114.6	116.0	115.7	119.9	119.9	115.4	114.6	122.6
	Jun R	122.7	120.5	113.3	120.2	116.5	121.5	121.0	115.5	124.9	123.0
	Jul P	119.4	117.7	118.3	120.1	116.0	126.9	122.0	116.9	115.2	124.6
Per cent change on the year											
		JVYQ	JVYR	JVYS	JVYT	JVYU	JVYV	JVYW	JVYX	JVYY	JVYZ
2003	Jul	7.0	5.6	4.6	3.6	2.8	4.7	3.6	1.5	2.3	1.4
	Aug	2.3	5.5	3.3	3.9	3.2	4.0	3.0	1.8	2.1	0.6
	Sep	-0.1	2.4	5.3	3.8	5.7	2.9	4.0	1.7	1.3	3.3
	Oct	4.1	4.1	2.3	2.3	5.5	4.0	3.8	1.8	2.9	4.4
	Nov	2.7	3.5	2.2	2.5	6.7	24	4.6	1.4	3.0	4.6
	Dec	2.0	-0.6	3.5	5.5	4.7	1.1	3.5	2.1	3.7	5.4
2004	Jan	3.6	3.5	2.8	3.8	5.6	5.1	3.4	2.3	3.0	4.7
	Feb	1.7	14.0	20	4.1	4.2	42	5.3	1.5	7.6	6.1
	Mar	-1.5	-8.2	0.6	3.2	7.7	3.0	4.9	1.8	6.0	4.4
	Apr	6.9	0.5	4.5	3.8	9.2	5.5	4.6	2.9	8.7	6.6
	May	4.5	0.8	6.4	6.2	6.4	4.0	3.6	4.0	5.0	9.2
	Jun	7.7	1.9	4.4	6.7	6.0	5.2	4.1	2.3	3.7	5.7
	Jul	5.5	-0.5	2.8	5.2	6.1	5.7	4.2	2.1	4.1	6.9
	Aug	2.8	-2.0	2.2	4.5	2.3	6.7	5.0	1.0	4.7	7.7
	Sep	4.0	0.9	2.4	4.4	1.6	6.2	4.7	1.1	3.6	4.7
	Oct	3.7	11.2	22	5.6	5.3	5.8	4.4	1.1	4.5	4.9
	Nov	7.5	7.6	22	5.1	1.9	5.9	3.8	1.1	3.9	8.0
	Dec	1.4	6.2	5.4	2.4	1.2	9.2	4.8	0.9	4.1	4.7
2005	Jan	4.6	9.8	1.1	4.7	3.8	6.9	3.9	0.8	4.3	5.9
	Feb	0.5	5.9	20	5.4	0.7	7.3	5.3	1.9	7.3	2.8
	Mar	5.3	17.0	7.0	2.6	1.0	8.8	1.5	3.9	-6.6	3.3
	Apr	-0.5	4.0	1.7	5.8	-2.4	8.9	4.9	3.0	2.7	3.0
	May	-0.8	3.0	-0.5	2.0	-1.0	5.0	1.9	1.8	4.8	3.5
	Jun R	-1.0	3.8	0.8	5.1	-0.6	5.6	3.0	3.1	1.5	4.5
	Jul P	-2.2	2.6	4.8	2.8	-1.4	5.3	3.3	4.0	5.6	4.3
Sampling variability^b		±24.0	D	±8.9	D	±4.6	B	±6.3	C	±4.6	B
		±2.6	B	±5.5	C	±2.6	B	±2.4	B	±6.5	C
		±5.1	B								

^a Users should note that the data contained in this table are not comparable with those previously published in Table E.2 of Labour Market Trends up to April 2002.
^b Sampling variability represent '95 per cent' confidence intervals (i.e. it is expected that in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value). The letters give an indication of how the sampling variability compares to the growth rate. For a growth rate of 5 per cent:

A = sampling variability approximately less than 2 percentage points;

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P Provisional
R Revised

EARNINGS Average Earnings Index by industry: including bonuses^a

E.2

Not seasonally adjusted

Whole-sale trade	Retail trade and repairs	Hotels and restaurants	Trans-port, storage and communication	Finan- cial inter- media-tion	Real estate renting and business activities	Public adminis-tration	Educa-tion	Health and social work	Other services	GREAT BRITAIN SIC 1992
(G: 51)	(G: 50,52)	(H)	(I)	(J)	(K)	(L)	(M)	(N)	(O)	2000=100
JVUP	JVUQ	JVUR	JVUS	JVUT	JVUU	JVUV	JVUW	JVUX	JVUY	
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	2000) Annual
103.6	102.9	106.4	104.2	105.1	104.4	104.4	105.1	106.1	102.7	2001) Averages
105.8	107.0	114.1	107.6	104.7	107.8	108.4	109.4	113.0	105.9	2002)
111.3	110.9	119.2	111.3	105.2	109.7	113.1	115.2	119.3	108.4	2003)
115.4	113.9	125.7	117.7	109.8	114.3	118.4	119.3	126.6	115.6	2004)
104.1	107.3	115.6	106.7	94.8	108.5	107.7	109.4	115.1	106.4	2002 Jul
103.1	107.8	116.2	105.6	89.6	106.0	107.1	111.0	113.5	105.2	Aug
101.6	108.1	113.1	106.9	88.7	106.3	107.5	111.3	113.8	102.5	Sep
105.0	106.4	114.6	107.1	89.3	106.9	111.3	113.3	114.7	105.6	Oct
105.2	105.6	117.5	107.9	91.3	107.4	114.6	113.2	115.0	107.9	Nov
110.0	105.1	120.1	111.1	112.3	109.3	109.9	112.7	116.3	111.1	Dec
107.6	106.8	116.1	107.6	112.6	108.3	109.5	111.7	116.7	110.2	2003 Jan
108.3	109.0	117.4	106.5	155.2	111.3	110.8	111.8	115.2	107.0	Feb
122.2	111.7	117.2	112.2	143.3	112.9	111.6	112.0	116.2	108.7	Mar
108.7	109.8	118.3	108.5	101.5	106.9	112.3	115.3	117.9	107.5	Apr
109.1	111.6	120.0	110.6	93.7	109.1	112.5	114.4	118.1	107.8	May
111.6	112.1	118.1	117.8	92.0	110.5	112.2	115.6	119.1	108.2	Jun
110.1	112.1	119.4	111.8	97.6	110.7	113.3	116.8	121.9	109.8	Jul
107.8	111.7	119.3	110.4	90.4	108.5	114.4	117.4	122.3	108.2	Aug
108.3	112.6	118.5	110.8	90.3	108.1	113.7	117.9	120.6	106.2	Sep
110.4	110.3	118.7	111.3	91.7	109.4	113.8	116.5	120.9	108.9	Oct
112.7	109.2	120.1	112.1	92.3	108.6	117.1	116.1	121.2	107.6	Nov
118.3	113.8	127.8	115.6	101.7	112.3	115.5	116.9	122.0	110.5	Dec
114.1	111.3	120.7	113.5	164.8	112.1	114.7	115.0	122.3	113.8	2004 Jan
113.7	112.8	123.1	115.1	149.5	113.6	115.6	115.8	121.5	113.2	Feb
122.4	115.4	122.8	116.4	151.6	121.1	115.7	115.9	122.1	113.4	Mar
113.6	114.9	122.6	115.8	99.4	113.7	116.8	118.5	125.7	111.1	Apr
111.1	113.2	125.1	116.5	93.9	115.1	117.4	118.9	126.0	112.4	May
114.7	115.1	124.0	126.1	93.3	113.4	117.3	118.7	130.1	120.9	Jun
114.1	114.0	126.2	117.0	92.1	114.8	117.5	119.3	128.3	116.4	Jul
113.2	114.1	126.6	116.8	90.9	112.7	121.2	123.0	128.0	115.3	Aug
113.9	114.6	125.6	117.3	90.5	111.5	121.1	122.9	128.5	115.6	Sep
114.1	113.8	128.5	118.3	96.3	112.5	120.1	121.3	128.7	116.2	Oct
116.5	112.4	127.8	118.8	93.2	113.4	121.4	120.5	129.2	120.0	Nov
123.7	114.8	135.6	121.0	101.7	117.7	122.3	121.6	129.3	119.1	Dec
117.0	117.0	128.6	118.2	163.7	117.7	119.6	121.7	129.1	119.5	2005 Jan
118.9	117.5	132.0	121.6	173.7	117.3	121.1	120.7	129.2	116.0	Feb
126.3	118.7	134.5	121.7	156.0	124.5	125.3	120.4	129.3	123.7	Mar
120.8	119.0	129.4	122.6	101.0	117.3	123.6	123.9	133.0	118.3	Apr
116.6	115.9	131.5	131.6	96.2	116.9	122.3	123.2	132.9	120.2	May
118.1	116.9	129.9	133.3	96.9	118.3	122.2	123.6	134.0	127.8	Jun R
118.9	117.1	130.8	122.2	96.8	120.6	124.2	124.3	132.9	123.6	Jul P
Per cent change on the year										
JVZA	JVZB	JVZC	JVZD	JVZE	JVZF	JVZG	JVZH	JVZI	JVZJ	
5.8	4.5	3.2	4.7	3.0	2.1	5.2	6.7	5.8	3.3	2003 Jul
4.5	3.6	2.7	4.5	0.9	2.4	6.8	5.8	7.8	2.9	Aug
6.5	4.2	4.8	3.6	1.8	1.7	5.7	6.0	5.9	3.7	Sep
5.1	3.7	3.6	3.9	2.7	2.4	22	2.9	5.4	3.1	Oct
7.1	3.4	2.2	3.9	1.1	1.1	22	2.5	5.4	-0.2	Nov
7.6	8.4	6.4	4.1	-9.4	2.7	5.2	3.7	4.9	-0.5	Dec
6.0	4.2	4.0	5.4	46.4	3.5	4.8	3.0	4.9	3.2	2004 Jan
5.0	3.4	4.8	8.1	-3.7	2.1	4.4	3.6	5.5	5.8	Feb
0.2	3.3	4.8	3.8	5.8	7.3	3.7	3.5	5.0	4.3	Mar
4.5	4.7	3.6	6.7	-2.0	6.3	4.0	2.8	6.6	3.3	Apr
1.8	1.4	4.3	5.3	0.2	5.5	4.4	3.9	6.7	4.3	May
2.8	2.7	5.0	7.1	1.4	2.6	4.6	2.7	9.3	11.8	Jun
3.6	1.7	5.7	4.7	-5.6	3.7	3.7	2.2	5.3	6.0	Jul
5.1	2.1	6.1	5.8	0.6	3.8	5.9	4.7	4.6	6.6	Aug
5.2	1.7	6.0	5.9	0.2	3.1	6.5	4.2	6.6	8.8	Sep
3.3	32	8.3	6.3	4.9	2.8	5.5	4.1	6.5	6.7	Oct
34	29	64	60	1.0	4.4	3.7	3.8	6.6	11.4	Nov
4.6	0.9	6.1	4.7	0.0	4.8	5.8	4.1	6.0	7.8	Dec
2.5	5.1	6.5	4.1	-0.7	4.9	4.3	5.8	5.6	5.0	2005 Jan
4.6	4.2	7.3	5.7	162	3.2	4.8	4.2	6.4	2.5	Feb
32	2.9	9.6	4.5	2.9	2.8	8.3	3.9	5.9	9.1	Mar
6.3	3.5	5.5	5.9	1.6	3.2	5.8	4.5	5.7	6.5	Apr
5.0	2.4	5.1	130	2.4	1.6	4.2	3.6	5.5	6.9	May
2.9	1.6	4.8	5.7	3.9	4.3	4.1	4.1	2.9	5.7	Jun R
4.2	2.7	3.7	4.4	5.1	5.0	5.7	4.2	3.6	6.2	Jul P
±6.6	±3.4	±4.4	±8.4	±17.0	±3.5	±2.2	±0.8	±1.1	±8.3	Sampling variability ^b
C	B	B	D	D	B	B	A	A	D	

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS
Customer Helpline: 01633 819024

a Users should note that the data contained in this table are not comparable with those previously published in Table E.2 of Labour Market Trends up to April 2002.
b Sampling variability represent '95 per cent' confidence intervals' (i.e. it is expected that in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value). The letters give an indication of how the sampling variability compares to the growth rate. For a growth rate of 5 per cent:

A = sampling variability approximately less than 2 percentage points;

B = sampling variability between 2 and 5 percentage points;

C = sampling variability between 5 and 8 percentage points; and

D = sampling variability more than 8 percentage points.

A full description of how sampling variability is calculated and how series are classified is available on the National Statistics website at www.statistics.gov.uk or see pp207-13, Labour Market Trends, April 2002.

P Provisional
R Revised

E.4**EARNINGS**
Average Earnings Index: effect of bonus payments by main industrial sector

Not seasonally adjusted

GREAT BRITAIN SIC 1992		Whole economy (Division 01-93)				Public sector			
		Index		Change on year (%)		Index		Change on year (%)	
		Including bonuses	Excluding bonus	Including bonuses	Excluding bonuses	Including bonuses	Excluding bonuses	Including bonuses	Excluding bonuses
2000=100		LNMM	LRGB	LOUJ	LOJH	LNNI	LRGG	LOUO	LOJM
2003	Jul	111.8	113.7	3.9	3.7	116.7	116.8	5.8	5.9
	Aug	110.2	113.6	3.7	4.0	117.2	117.2	7.0	6.9
	Sep	110.4	113.8	3.8	3.9	116.0	116.5	5.5	5.6
	Oct	110.9	113.9	3.3	3.2	115.8	116.2	3.2	3.2
	Nov	111.2	114.3	2.9	3.1	116.6	117.0	2.9	3.0
	Dec	114.7	114.9	3.1	3.6	117.8	117.4	4.0	4.0
2004	Jan	118.2	115.2	7.6	3.9	116.1	116.6	4.0	4.0
	Feb	118.1	115.2	3.8	3.9	116.5	117.0	4.3	4.4
	Mar	122.2	116.1	4.6	4.1	117.0	117.3	4.3	4.2
	Apr	115.0	117.1	4.6	4.3	119.4	119.8	4.1	4.2
	May	114.8	117.7	4.4	4.3	119.9	120.0	4.7	4.8
	Jun	116.1	118.1	4.4	4.4	122.3	121.8	5.7	5.9
	Jul	115.4	118.4	3.2	4.2	121.0	121.2	3.7	3.8
	Aug	114.8	118.8	4.2	4.6	123.0	122.7	5.0	4.7
	Sep	114.9	119.0	4.1	4.5	122.5	123.1	5.6	5.7
	Oct	115.7	119.2	4.4	4.6	121.7	122.3	5.1	5.2
	Nov	116.2	119.4	4.5	4.5	121.9	122.3	4.5	4.6
	Dec	119.5	120.1	4.2	4.5	123.3	122.8	4.7	4.7
2005	Jan	123.3	120.2	4.3	4.3	122.1	122.7	5.2	5.3
	Feb	124.9	120.0	5.7	4.2	122.2	122.8	4.9	5.0
	Mar	127.5	120.8	4.3	4.1	123.0	123.5	5.1	5.3
	Apr	119.9	122.1	4.2	4.2	125.6	126.1	5.2	5.2
	May	119.2	122.1	3.9	3.7	128.9	126.1	7.6	5.0
	Jun R	120.4	122.5	3.8	3.7	126.9	126.5	3.7	3.8
	Jul P	120.4	123.0	4.3	3.9	126.0	125.8	4.1	3.8
Sampling variability ^a		± 2.0 B		± 0.8 A		± 1.7 A		± 1.5 A	
GREAT BRITAIN SIC 1992		Private sector				of which: Private sector services ^b			
		Index		Change on year (%)		Index		Change on year (%)	
		Including bonuses	Excluding bonus	Including bonuses	Excluding bonuses	Including bonuses	Excluding bonuses	Including bonuses	Excluding bonuses
2000=100		LNKX	LRGF	LOUN	LOJL	JJGF	JJGL	JJGG	JJGK
2003	Jul	110.7	112.9	3.5	3.1	110.3	113.0	3.7	3.3
	Aug	108.5	112.7	2.8	3.2	108.1	113.1	3.1	3.4
	Sep	109.0	113.2	3.4	3.5	108.1	113.2	3.5	3.6
	Oct	109.7	113.4	3.4	3.2	108.8	113.3	3.3	3.2
	Nov	110.0	113.6	2.8	3.1	108.7	113.4	2.6	3.0
	Dec	114.0	114.3	2.8	3.5	113.0	114.1	2.6	3.5
2004	Jan	118.7	114.9	8.5	3.9	121.0	115.1	10.4	3.8
	Feb	118.5	114.8	3.7	3.8	119.7	114.7	3.3	3.8
	Mar	123.5	115.8	4.7	4.1	123.7	115.6	5.2	4.0
	Apr	114.1	116.5	4.7	4.4	113.1	116.5	4.5	4.4
	May	113.6	117.1	4.3	4.2	112.6	117.2	3.8	4.1
	Jun	114.6	117.2	4.1	4.0	114.0	117.1	3.8	3.9
	Jul	114.2	117.7	3.1	4.3	113.1	117.6	2.6	4.1
	Aug	112.9	117.8	4.0	4.5	112.3	118.1	3.9	4.4
	Sep	113.1	117.9	3.7	4.2	112.2	118.1	3.8	4.3
	Oct	114.4	118.4	4.2	4.4	113.5	118.3	4.3	4.4
	Nov	114.9	118.7	4.5	4.4	113.6	118.5	4.5	4.5
	Dec	118.6	119.4	4.0	4.5	117.6	119.4	4.0	4.7
2005	Jan	123.7	119.5	4.2	4.0	125.9	119.8	4.1	4.0
	Feb	125.6	119.3	5.9	3.9	127.8	119.5	6.7	4.1
	Mar	128.6	120.2	4.2	3.8	129.1	120.4	4.3	4.2
	Apr	118.6	121.1	4.0	3.9	117.9	121.3	4.2	4.2
	May	117.0	121.1	2.9	3.3	116.3	121.3	3.3	3.5
	Jun R	119.0	121.5	3.8	3.7	118.7	121.5	4.1	3.8
	Jul P	119.1	122.3	4.4	3.9	118.4	122.4	4.7	4.1
Sampling variability ^a		± 2.5 B		± 0.9 A		± 3.4 B		± 1.1 A	

^a See footnote b, Table E.2.^b For further information on the series, private sector services, please see the article on pp201-8, Labour Market Trends, May 2000.R Revised
P Provisional

EARNINGS Average Earnings Index: effect of bonus payments by main industrial sector

E.4

Not seasonally adjusted

GREAT BRITAIN SIC1992		Production (Division 10-41)				of which: Manufacturing (Divisions 15-37)			
		Index		Change on year (%)		Index		Change on year (%)	
		Including bonuses	Excluding bonus	Including bonuses	Excluding bonuses	Including bonuses	Excluding bonuses	Including bonuses	Excluding bonuses
2000=100		LNMO	LRGD	LOUL	LOJJ	LNMN	LRGC	LOUK	LOJI
2003	Jul	111.6	112.5	3.2	3.0	111.8	112.7	3.2	2.9
	Aug	109.7	112.1	2.9	3.3	109.8	112.2	2.8	3.1
	Sep	110.4	112.6	3.4	3.3	110.6	112.9	3.5	3.3
	Oct	111.2	113.0	3.1	3.1	111.5	113.3	3.2	3.0
	Nov	112.0	113.6	3.2	3.3	112.3	113.9	3.3	3.3
	Dec	114.9	114.0	2.9	3.1	115.4	114.3	3.0	3.1
2004	Jan	112.6	113.9	3.4	3.8	112.8	114.1	3.4	3.7
	Feb	115.1	114.2	4.0	3.6	114.9	114.4	3.6	3.4
	Mar	122.1	115.4	3.4	4.1	122.1	115.8	3.6	4.2
	Apr	115.9	115.7	4.7	3.9	115.6	115.9	4.6	3.7
	May	115.2	116.7	4.4	4.1	115.5	117.0	4.5	4.2
	Jun	115.3	116.7	4.0	4.1	114.9	116.9	4.1	4.0
	Jul	115.7	117.3	3.7	4.3	116.1	117.7	3.8	4.4
	Aug	113.4	116.6	3.3	4.0	113.6	116.9	3.5	4.3
	Sep	113.9	116.6	3.2	3.5	114.2	117.0	3.3	3.6
	Oct	115.4	117.9	3.8	4.3	115.4	117.9	3.5	4.1
	Nov	115.6	118.1	3.2	4.0	115.7	118.3	3.0	3.9
	Dec	119.5	118.6	3.9	4.0	119.8	118.9	3.9	4.0
2005	Jan	116.3	118.1	3.3	3.7	116.3	118.4	3.1	3.7
	Feb	119.6	118.6	4.0	3.8	119.2	118.7	3.7	3.8
	Mar	126.6	119.1	3.6	3.2	126.6	119.5	3.7	3.2
	Apr	120.2	120.0	3.8	3.7	120.0	120.2	3.8	3.7
	May	117.4	120.1	1.9	2.9	117.5	120.3	1.7	2.9
	Jun R	118.5	120.7	2.8	3.4	118.2	120.9	2.8	3.4
	Jul P	119.8	121.2	3.6	3.3	120.1	121.5	3.5	3.2
Sampling variability ^a				±1.4	A	±1.0	A	±1.5	A
GREAT BRITAIN SIC1992		Services (Division 50-93)							
2000=100		Index		Change on year (%)					
		Including bonuses	Excluding bonus	Including bonuses	Excluding bonuses				
		LNMP	LRGE	LOUM	LOJK				
2003	Jul	111.9	114.0	4.3	4.0				
	Aug	110.4	114.2	4.1	4.3				
	Sep	110.1	114.1	4.0	4.1				
	Oct	110.6	114.1	3.3	3.2				
	Nov	110.7	114.3	2.7	3.0				
	Dec	114.3	115.0	3.0	3.7				
2004	Jan	119.8	115.5	8.8	3.8				
	Feb	119.0	115.3	3.5	3.9				
	Mar	122.0	116.0	5.0	4.1				
	Apr	114.7	117.4	4.4	4.3				
	May	114.4	117.9	4.0	4.3				
	Jun	116.1	118.3	4.3	4.4				
	Jul	115.1	118.5	2.8	4.0				
	Aug	115.0	119.3	4.2	4.5				
	Sep	114.8	119.4	4.2	4.7				
	Oct	115.6	119.4	4.5	4.6				
	Nov	115.7	119.5	4.5	4.5				
	Dec	119.1	120.3	4.2	4.6				
2005	Jan	125.0	120.5	4.4	4.4				
	Feb	126.4	120.4	6.3	4.4				
	Mar	127.6	121.2	4.6	4.5				
	Apr	119.8	122.6	4.5	4.5				
	May	119.4	122.5	4.4	3.9				
	Jun R	120.7	122.8	4.0	3.8				
	Jul P	120.3	123.3	4.5	4.0				
Sampling variability ^a				±2.6	B	±0.9	A		

a See footnote b, Table E.2.

b For further information on the series, private sector services, please see the article on pp201-8, Labour Market Trends, May 2000.

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS
Customer Helpline: 01633 819024

R Revised
P Provisional

E.21 UNIT WAGE COSTS^a

Index for manufacturing and whole economy

UNITED KINGDOM SIC 1992 2002=100	Manufacturing		Whole economy	
			Per cent change from a year earlier	Per cent change from a year earlier
	LNNQ	LOJF		
1995	92.6	5.8	83.2	1.5
1996	96.5	4.2	83.8	0.8
1997	99.1	2.6	86.1	2.7
1998	99.1	0.1	89.3	3.7
1999	98.7	-0.4	91.8	2.8
2000	97.2	-1.6	94.2	2.7
2001	98.1	0.9	97.8	3.8
2002	100.0	2.0	100.0	2.2
2003	98.5	-1.5	101.7	1.7
2004	96.5	-2.1	103.3	1.6
2002 Q2	100.9	2.3	99.9	2.4
Q3	99.1	1.1	100.2	2.2
Q4	100.3	1.2	100.9	2.6
2003 Q1	101.0	1.3	100.9	1.9
Q2	98.6	-2.3	101.6	1.7
Q3	97.8	-1.3	102.3	2.1
Q4	96.7	-3.6	102.0	1.1
2004 Q1	97.4	-3.5	102.5	1.6
Q2	96.3	-2.4	102.9	1.2
Q3	96.4	-1.4	103.3	0.9
Q4	95.7	-1.0	104.6	2.6
2005 Q1	97.8	0.4	105.7	3.2
Q2 P	96.8	0.5	..	..
2003 Jul	97.4	-2.1		
Aug	98.4	-0.4		
Sep	97.7	-1.3		
Oct	96.4	-3.8		
Nov	97.4	-2.8		
Dec	96.3	-4.2		
2004 Jan	96.5	-3.9		
Feb	97.3	-2.7		
Mar	98.5	-4.0		
Apr	96.0	-2.4		
May	96.5	-2.7		
Jun	96.4	-2.0		
Jul	97.1	-0.4		
Aug	96.5	-1.9		
Sep	95.8	-1.9		
Oct	96.7	0.3		
Nov	95.0	-2.4		
Dec	95.5	-0.8		
2005 Jan	96.1	-0.4		
Feb	97.0	-0.3		
Mar	100.3	1.9		
Apr P	97.6	1.7		
May P	96.2	-0.3		
Jun P	96.5	0.1		
Jul P	96.5	-0.5		
Three months ending	2003 Jul	98.3	-2.7	
	Aug	98.0	-3.1	
	Sep	97.8	-1.3	
	Oct	97.5	-1.8	
	Nov	97.2	-2.6	
	Dec	96.7	-3.6	
2004 Jan	96.7	-3.6		
Feb	96.7	-3.6		
Mar	97.4	-3.5		
Apr	97.2	-3.0		
May	97.0	-3.1		
Jun	96.3	-2.4		
Jul	96.7	-1.7		
Aug	96.6	-1.4		
Sep	96.4	-1.4		
Oct	96.3	-1.2		
Nov	95.8	-1.4		
Dec	95.7	-1.0		
2005 Jan	95.6	-1.2		
Feb	96.2	-0.5		
Mar	97.8	0.4		
Apr P	98.3	1.1		
May P	98.0	1.1		
Jun P	96.8	0.5		
Jul P	96.4	-0.2		

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS
Customer Helpline: 01633 812766

^a Wages and salaries per unit of output.
^P Provisional

Note: Manufacturing estimates are based on the seasonally adjusted monthly index of average earnings, manufacturing productivity jobs and the manufacturing index of production. Whole economy estimates are based on gross value added at basic prices, total wages and salaries, and productivity jobs.

The full productivity and unit wage costs datasets with associated articles can be found on the National Statistics website at www.statistics.gov.uk/productivity.

EARNINGS E.31

Index of wages per head (manufacturing manual workers): international comparisons

2000=100	Great Britain ^{a,b}	Belgium ^c	Canada ^d	Denmark ^d	France ^{e,f}	Germany ^g	Greece ^d	Irish Republic ^d	Italy ^{c,h}	Japan ^{b,i}	Netherlands ^c	Spain ^{b,d,j}	Sweden ^{d,k}	United States ^d	
Annual averages															
2000	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	..	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
2001	104.3	104.0	101.6	104.3	104.2	101.5	..	108.7	101.9	99.9	103.9	103.8	102.9	104.0	
2002	108.0	108.0	104.4	108.5	108.0	103.2	..	115.0	104.7	98.6	107.7	108.1	106.5	107.0	
2003	111.9	110.0	107.8	113.0	111.0	105.7	..	120.8	107.4	101.2	110.5	112.7	109.6	110.0	
2004	115.9	113.0	110.6	116.6	114.2	107.9	..	126.4	110.5	102.9	112.3	116.8	112.6	112.0	
Quarterly averages															
2003 Q2	110.9	110.0	107.3	112.1	110.6	105.6	..	120.7	106.6	101.7	110.3	113.0	111.0	109.0	
Q3	112.1	111.0	108.7	113.5	111.6	106.3	..	121.0	108.4	100.6	110.8	112.6	108.9	110.0	
Q4	113.2	111.0	109.2	114.8	112.0	106.7	..	122.7	108.5	101.7	111.0	113.5	110.5	110.0	
2004 Q1	111.4	112.0	109.4	115.5	113.0	106.8	..	123.1	109.3	102.7	111.5	116.1	110.8	111.0	
Q2	110.7	113.0	110.6	115.9	113.7	108.1	..	125.9	110.5	103.4	112.5	115.7	113.8	112.0	
Q3	116.0	114.0	110.9	117.0	114.9	108.0	..	127.7	110.8	102.7	112.5	115.1	112.2	112.0	
Q4	117.0	114.0	111.6	117.8	115.3	108.7	..	128.8	111.3	103.4	112.6	120.0	113.5	113.0	
2005 Q1	119.5	115.0	112.4	118.8	116.3	108.4	..	130.7	112.9	103.1	113.0	122.7	114.2	114.0	
Q2	115.0	115.0	109.1	113.1	..	113.3	115.0	..
Monthly averages															
2003 Jul	111.7	..	109.9	..	113.1	106.3	..	..	108.4	99.7	110.6	..	109.3	110.0
Aug	112.1	..	108.4	113.5	113.4	..	..	..	108.4	98.6	110.6	..	108.4	110.0
Sep	112.6	111.0	107.9	..	113.7	..	..	..	108.5	102.3	110.6	..	109.1	110.0
Oct	112.8	..	108.2	..	113.9	106.7	..	..	108.5	102.7	110.7	..	109.4	110.0
Nov	113.4	..	108.9	114.8	114.0	..	..	..	108.5	101.8	110.9	..	110.5	110.0
Dec	113.5	111.0	110.5	..	114.1	..	..	..	108.5	101.2	110.9	..	111.7	110.0
2004 Jan	114.1	..	109.9	115.5	114.7	106.8	..	..	108.6	101.1	111.2	..	111.6	111.0
Feb	114.5	..	109.6	..	115.1	..	..	..	109.6	103.7	111.7	..	110.7	111.0
Mar	117.4	112.0	108.7	..	115.5	..	..	..	109.8	103.9	111.7	..	110.2	111.0
Apr	115.0	..	109.4	..	115.7	108.1	..	..	110.4	102.9	112.6	..	113.4	111.0
May	115.8	..	111.3	115.9	116.0	..	..	..	110.5	103.5	112.7	..	115.0	112.0
June	115.8	113.0	111.2	..	116.3	..	..	..	110.7	103.7	112.5	..	112.9	112.0
July	115.8	..	111.6	..	116.5	108.0	..	..	110.8	102.4	112.5	..	113.0	112.0
Aug	115.8	..	110.7	117.0	116.2	..	..	..	110.8	102.3	112.5	..	111.1	112.0
Sep	116.1	114.0	110.5	..	116.6	..	..	..	110.8	103.3	112.5	..	112.5	113.0
Oct	116.6	..	110.2	..	116.8	108.7	..	..	111.0	102.8	112.6	..	113.5	113.0
Nov	116.6	..	111.5	117.8	116.9	..	..	..	111.1	104.4	112.6	..	113.1	113.0
Dec	117.7	114.0	112.9	..	116.9	..	..	..	111.9	102.6	112.6	..	114.0	113.0
2005 Jan	117.6	..	112.0	..	117.5	108.4	..	..	112.8	101.7	112.7	..	114.4	114.0
Feb	118.8	..	112.5	118.8	117.9	..	..	..	112.8	102.9	113.1	..	113.6	114.0
Mar	121.3	115.0	112.5	..	118.6	..	..	..	112.9	104.7	113.2	..	114.7	114.0
Apr	119.2	..	112.4	109.1	113.0	103.7	113.3	..	115.4	114.0
May	118.1	..	112.5	113.1	103.5	113.3	..	116.2	115.0
Jun R	119.1	115.0	113.3
Jul P	119.8
Increases on a year earlier															
Annual averages															
2001	4	4	2	4	4	2	..	9	2	0	4	4	3	4	
2002	4	4	3	4	4	2	..	6	3	-1	4	4	3	3	
2003	4	2	3	4	3	2	..	5	3	3	3	4	3	3	
2004	4	3	3	3	3	2	..	5	3	2	2	4	3	2	
Quarterly averages															
2003 Q2	3	2	3	4	3	3	..	7	2	2	3	8	3	3	
Q3	3	2	4	4	3	2	..	4	3	3	2	4	3	3	
Q4	3	2	4	4	3	2	..	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	
2004 Q1	0	3	3	3	3	3	2	..	4	3	2	4	3	2	
Q2	0	3	3	3	3	3	2	..	4	4	2	2	3	3	
Q3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	..	6	2	2	2	3	3	
Q4	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	..	5	3	2	6	3	3	
2005 Q1	7	3	3	3	3	1	..	6	3	0	1	6	3	3	
Q2	4	2	..	..	..	1	..	..	2	..	1	..	..	3
Monthly averages															
2003 Jul	4	..	5	4	3	2	..	..	3	5	2	..	4	2
Aug	3	2	3	4	3	2	..	..	3	1	2	..	3	2
Sep	3	2	3	3	3	2	..	..	3	1	2	..	3	2
Oct	3	..	3	4	3	2	..	..	3	1	2	..	3	2
Nov	3	..	4	4	3	3	..	..	3	1	2	..	3	2
Dec	4	2	5	..	3	..	..	..	3	4	2	..	3	2
2004 Jan	4	..	4	4	3	2	..	..	2	2	1	..	4	2
Feb	4	..	3	4	3	2	..	..	3	2	1	..	3	2
Mar	3	2	3	3	3	2	..	..	4	1	2	..	3	2
Apr	5	..	5	4	3	2	..	..	4	1	2	..	2	2
May	4	..	5	4	3	2	..	..	4	1	2	..	2	2
June	4	..	3	3	3	2	..	..	4	1	2	..	2	2
July	4	..	2	3	3	2	..	..	2	3	2	..	3	2
Aug	3	..	2	3	2	..	..	..	2	4	2	..	2	2
Sep	3	..	2	3	3	2	..	..	2	1	2	..	3	3
Oct	3	..	2	3	3	2	..	..	2	0	2	..	4	3
Nov	3	..	2	3	3	2	..	..	2	3	2	..	2	3
Dec	4	..	2	3	2	..	..	..	3	1	2	..	2	3
2005 Jan	3	..	2	3	2	1	..	..	4	1	1	..	3	3
Feb	4	..	3	3	2	1	..	..	3	-1	1	..	3	3
Mar	3	..	3	3	2	1	..	..	3	1	1	..	4	3
Apr	4	..	3	3	2	1	..	..	2	1	1	..	2	3
May	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	0	1	..	1	3
Jun R	3	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	1	..	..	3
Jul P	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Sources: OECD - Main Economic Indicators; Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS
Customer Helpline: 01633 819024

a Wages and salaries on a weekly basis (all employees).

b Seasonally adjusted.

c Hourly rates.

d Hourly earnings.

e Hourly rates: wage earners.

f All activities excluding agriculture and non-market services.

g Average gross hourly earnings paid to manual workers.

h Industry.

i Monthly earnings.

j Industry and services.

k Including mining.

F.1 CLAIMANT COUNT

Claimant count by region

Thousands and per cent

Government Office Regions	NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED									SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ^a									
	CLAIMANT COUNT			RATE ^b			CLAIMANT COUNT			RATE ^b			CLAIMANT COUNT			RATE ^b			
	All	Male	Female	All	Male	Female	All	Change since previous month	Average change over 3 months ended	Male	Female	All	Male	Female	Male	Female	All	Male	Female
United Kingdom	BCJA	DPAA	DPAB	BCJB	DPAC	DPAD	BCJD			DPAE	DPAF	BCJE	DPAH	DPAI					
1999) Annual averages	1,263.0	963.5	299.5	4.2	5.8	2.2	1,248.1	..	..	955.0	293.1	4.1	5.8	2.1					
2000)	1,102.3	839.6	262.6	3.6	5.1	1.9	1,088.4	..	..	831.6	256.8	3.6	5.0	1.8					
2001)	983.0	746.8	236.2	3.2	4.5	1.7	969.9	..	..	739.7	230.3	3.2	4.5	1.6					
2002)	958.8	723.8	235.0	3.1	4.4	1.7	946.7	..	..	717.1	229.6	3.1	4.3	1.6					
2003)	945.9	707.4	238.5	3.0	4.2	1.7	933.3	..	..	700.4	232.8	3.0	4.1	1.6					
2004)	866.1	643.0	223.1	2.8	3.8	1.6	853.6	..	..	636.5	217.1	2.7	3.7	1.5					
2003 Aug 14	948.6	696.9	251.6	3.0	4.1	1.8	933.5	-7.6	-5.2	699.5	234.0	3.0	4.1	1.6					
Sep 11	922.1	679.2	242.9	3.0	4.0	1.7	929.3	-4.2	-6.8	696.3	233.0	3.0	4.1	1.6					
Oct 9	893.2	661.7	231.5	2.9	3.9	1.6	923.5	-5.8	-5.9	691.5	232.0	3.0	4.1	1.6					
Nov 13	884.6	660.0	224.7	2.8	3.9	1.6	914.1	-9.4	-6.5	684.6	229.5	2.9	4.1	1.6					
Dec 11	889.7	669.2	220.5	2.9	4.0	1.5	905.1	-9.0	-8.1	677.0	228.1	2.9	4.0	1.6					
2004 Jan 8	952.4	716.3	236.1	3.0	4.2	1.7	893.2	-11.9	-10.1	668.1	225.1	2.9	3.9	1.6					
Feb 12	957.0	716.5	240.5	3.1	4.2	1.7	884.2	-9.0	-10.0	660.8	223.4	2.8	3.9	1.6					
Mar 11	932.0	697.2	234.8	3.0	4.1	1.6	879.9	-4.3	-8.4	657.2	222.7	2.8	3.9	1.6					
Apr 8	905.2	675.7	229.6	2.9	4.0	1.6	871.5	-8.4	-7.2	651.6	219.9	2.8	3.8	1.5					
May 13	869.7	649.6	220.0	2.8	3.8	1.5	860.9	-10.6	-7.8	642.4	218.5	2.8	3.8	1.5					
Jun 10	840.5	625.8	214.7	2.7	3.7	1.5	851.5	-9.4	-9.5	634.7	216.8	2.7	3.7	1.5					
Jul 8	841.5	620.2	221.2	2.7	3.6	1.6	838.2	-13.3	-11.1	625.6	212.6	2.7	3.7	1.5					
Aug 12	847.6	618.0	229.6	2.7	3.6	1.6	834.8	-3.4	-8.7	622.2	212.6	2.7	3.7	1.5					
Sep 9	827.8	604.9	222.9	2.6	3.6	1.6	836.0	12	-5.2	622.5	213.5	2.7	3.7	1.5					
Oct 14	806.8	593.3	213.5	2.6	3.5	1.5	836.4	0.4	-0.6	622.8	213.6	2.7	3.7	1.5					
Nov 11	803.0	594.1	209.0	2.6	3.5	1.5	831.9	-4.5	-1.0	618.1	213.8	2.7	3.6	1.5					
Dec 9	810.2	604.3	205.9	2.6	3.6	1.4	825.0	-6.9	-3.7	611.9	213.1	2.6	3.6	1.5					
2005 Jan 13	872.1	650.1	222.0	2.8	3.8	1.6	813.8	-11.2	-7.5	602.7	211.1	2.6	3.5	1.5					
Feb 10	885.0	657.8	227.2	2.8	3.9	1.6	817.7	3.9	-4.7	605.9	211.8	2.6	3.6	1.5					
Mar 10	882.3	656.2	226.1	2.8	3.9	1.6	831.3	13.6	2.1	616.5	214.8	2.7	3.6	1.5					
Apr 14	871.8	647.2	224.5	2.8	3.8	1.6	842.1	10.8	9.4	624.0	218.1	2.7	3.7	1.5					
May 12	867.6	645.7	221.8	2.8	3.8	1.6	856.1	14.0	12.8	636.5	219.6	2.7	3.7	1.5					
Jun 9	858.2	637.5	220.7	2.7	3.7	1.5	863.2	7.1	10.6	642.0	221.2	2.8	3.8	1.6					
Jul 14 R	871.0	639.7	231.3	2.8	3.8	1.6	864.6	1.4	7.5	642.7	221.9	2.8	3.8	1.6					
Aug 11 P	880.7	641.6	239.1	2.8	3.8	1.7	866.2	1.6	3.4	644.0	222.2	2.8	3.8	1.6					
Great Britain	BCJG	BCJI	BCJJ	BCJH			DPAG			ZMPA									
1999) Annual averages	1,212.2	924.2	288.0	4.1	5.8	2.1	1,197.3	..	..	915.7	281.7	4.1	5.7	2.1					
2000)	1,060.1	807.6	252.5	3.6	5.0	1.9	1,046.3	..	..	799.6	246.8	3.5	5.0	1.8					
2001)	943.4	716.8	226.6	3.2	4.4	1.7	930.5	..	..	709.7	220.8	3.1	4.4	1.6					
2002)	922.2	695.9	226.3	3.1	4.3	1.6	910.2	..	..	689.3	220.9	3.0	4.3	1.6					
2003)	911.2	680.9	230.3	3.0	4.1	1.7	898.7	..	..	674.0	224.6	3.0	4.1	1.6					
2004)	835.2	619.5	215.7	2.7	3.7	1.6	822.8	..	..	613.0	209.8	2.7	3.7	1.5					
2004 Aug 12	815.5	594.8	220.8	2.7	3.6	1.6	805.1	-3.7	-8.1	599.5	205.6	2.6	3.6	1.5					
Sep 9	796.9	582.0	214.9	2.6	3.5	1.5	806.3	12	-4.8	599.9	206.4	2.7	3.6	1.5					
Oct 14	777.6	571.3	206.3	2.6	3.5	1.5	806.6	0.3	-0.7	600.1	206.5	2.7	3.6	1.5					
Nov 11	774.7	572.3	202.4	2.5	3.5	1.5	802.1	-4.5	-1.0	595.4	206.7	2.6	3.6	1.5					
Dec 9	782.3	582.8	199.6	2.6	3.5	1.4	795.8	-6.3	-3.5	589.8	206.0	2.6	3.6	1.5					
2005 Jan 13	842.5	627.3	215.2	2.8	3.8	1.6	784.8	-11.0	-7.3	580.7	204.1	2.6	3.5	1.5					
Feb 10	855.4	634.9	220.5	2.8	3.8	1.6	788.6	3.8	-4.5	583.8	204.8	2.6	3.5	1.5					
Mar 10	853.1	633.6	219.5	2.8	3.8	1.6	802.2	13.6	2.1	594.4	207.8	2.6	3.6	1.5					
Apr 14	843.2	625.1	218.0	2.8	3.8	1.6	813.1	10.9	9.4	602.0	211.1	2.7	3.6	1.5					
May 12	839.5	624.1	215.5	2.8	3.8	1.6	827.2	14.1	12.9	614.5	212.7	2.7	3.7	1.5					
Jun 9	830.0	616.1	213.9	2.7	3.7	1.5	834.6	7.4	10.8	620.2	214.4	2.7	3.8	1.5					
Jul 14 R	841.4	618.0	223.4	2.8	3.7	1.6	836.5	1.9	7.8	621.3	215.2	2.8	3.8	1.6					
Aug 11 P	850.5	619.7	230.7	2.8	3.7	1.7	838.2	1.7	3.7	622.7	215.5	2.8	3.8	1.6					
North East	DPCF			DPDA			DPDG			ZMPD									
1999) Annual averages	81.0	64.4	16.6	7.1	10.5	3.2	79.9	..	..	63.7	16.1	7.0	10.3	3.1					
2000)	73.4	58.6	14.7	6.4	9.4	2.8	72.2	..	..	57.9	14.3	6.3	9.3	2.7					
2001)	63.9	50.9	12.9	5.7	8.7	2.4	62.7	..	..	50.3	12.4	5.6	8.6	2.3					
2002)	59.0	46.6	12.4	5.2	7.7	2.3	57.9	..	..	46.0	11.9	5.1	7.6	2.2					
2003)	53.8	41.9	12.0	4.6	6.6	2.3	52.8	..	..	41.3	11.5	4.5	6.5	2.2					
2004)	47.1	36.4	10.7	4.1	5.9	2.0	46.3	..	..	36.0	10.3	4.0	5.8	2.0					
2004 Aug 12	44.7	33.8	10.9	3.9	5.5	2.0	45.2	-0.2	-0.5	35.2	10.0	3.9	5.7	1.9					
Sep 9	43.6	33.0	10.6	3.8	5.3	2.0	45.2	0.0	-0.2	35.1	10.1	3.9	5.7	1.9					
Oct 14	43.2	33.1	10.1	3.8	5.3	1.9	45.6	0.4	0.1	35.5	10.1	4.0	5.7	1.9					
Nov 11	43.5	33.6	10.0	3.8	5.4	1.9	44.9	-0.7	-0.1	34.7	10.2	3.9	5.6	1.9					
Dec 9	44.3	34.5	9.8	3.9	5.6	1.9	44.5	-0.4	-0.2	34.3	10.2	3.9	5.5	1.9					
2005 Jan 13	48.2	37.6	10.6	4.2	6.1	2.0	42.9	-1.6	-0.9	33.0	9.9	3.7	5.3	1.9					
Feb 1																			

CLAIMANT COUNT
Claimant count by region

F.1

Thousands and per cent

Government Office Regions	NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED									SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ^a								
	CLAIMANT COUNT			RATE ^b			CLAIMANT COUNT			RATE ^b			CLAIMANT COUNT			RATE ^b		
	All	Male	Female	All	Male	Female	All	Change since previous month	Average change over 3 months ended	Male	Female	All	Male	Female	Male	Female		
Yorkshire and the Humber	BCKB			DPAM			DPAX			ZMPY	ZMQA	DPBI	ZMPZ	ZMQB				
1999) Annual	124.7	96.6	28.1	5.1	7.1	2.6	123.0	..	..	95.6	27.4	5.0	7.1	2.5				
(2000) averages	108.5	83.9	24.5	4.4	6.3	2.2	107.0	..	..	83.1	23.9	4.3	6.2	2.1				
2001)	97.5	75.1	22.4	4.0	5.8	2.0	96.0	..	..	74.3	21.7	3.9	5.7	1.9				
2002)	90.1	69.0	21.1	3.7	5.3	1.9	88.8	..	..	68.3	20.5	3.6	5.2	1.8				
2003)	85.0	64.5	20.5	3.4	4.8	1.8	83.7	..	..	63.8	20.0	3.4	4.7	1.7				
2004)	74.5	56.3	18.2	2.9	4.0	1.6	73.4	..	..	55.8	17.6	2.9	4.0	1.6				
2004 Aug 12	72.7	54.0	18.7	2.9	3.8	1.6	71.7	-0.2	-0.9	54.5	17.2	2.8	3.9	1.5				
Sep 9	70.7	52.5	18.1	2.8	3.7	1.6	71.4	-0.3	-0.6	54.2	17.2	2.8	3.9	1.5				
Oct 14	68.4	51.4	17.1	2.7	3.7	1.5	71.6	0.2	-0.1	54.5	17.1	2.8	3.9	1.5				
Nov 11	67.6	51.0	16.6	2.7	3.6	1.5	70.7	-0.9	-0.3	53.6	17.1	2.8	3.8	1.5				
Dec 9	68.7	52.3	16.4	2.7	3.7	1.4	69.8	-0.9	-0.5	52.8	17.0	2.7	3.8	1.5				
2005 Jan 13	75.4	57.3	18.1	3.0	4.1	1.6	69.0	-0.8	-0.9	52.1	16.9	2.7	3.7	1.5				
Feb 10	76.8	58.1	18.7	3.0	4.1	1.6	70.0	1.0	-0.2	52.7	17.3	2.8	3.7	1.5				
Mar 10	77.5	58.4	19.1	3.0	4.2	1.7	72.1	2.1	0.8	54.2	17.9	2.8	3.9	1.6				
Apr 14	76.7	57.5	19.1	3.0	4.1	1.7	73.4	1.3	1.5	55.1	18.3	2.9	3.9	1.6				
May 12	75.8	56.9	19.0	3.0	4.0	1.7	74.7	1.3	1.6	56.2	18.5	2.9	4.0	1.6				
Jun 9	75.0	56.2	18.8	2.9	4.0	1.7	75.7	1.0	1.2	57.0	18.7	3.0	4.1	1.6				
Jul 14 R	76.4	56.7	19.7	3.0	4.0	1.7	75.9	0.2	0.8	57.2	18.7	3.0	4.1	1.6				
Aug 11 P	77.5	57.2	20.3	3.0	4.1	1.8	76.1	0.2	0.5	57.4	18.7	3.0	4.1	1.6				
East Midlands	BCKC			D PAN			DPAY			ZMPA	ZMPC	DPBJ	ZMPZ	ZMPD				
1999) Annual	77.0	58.3	18.7	3.7	5.2	1.9	76.2	..	..	57.9	18.3	3.6	5.2	1.9				
(2000) averages	70.2	52.7	17.5	3.4	4.8	1.8	69.4	..	..	52.3	17.2	3.4	4.8	1.8				
2001)	64.4	47.9	16.5	3.1	4.3	1.7	63.6	..	..	47.5	16.2	3.1	4.3	1.7				
2002)	59.4	44.2	15.2	2.9	4.0	1.6	58.7	..	..	43.8	14.9	2.8	4.0	1.5				
2003)	59.6	43.9	15.8	2.9	3.9	1.7	58.9	..	..	43.5	15.4	2.8	3.8	1.6				
2004)	53.3	38.6	14.7	2.6	3.5	1.5	52.5	..	..	38.2	14.3	2.5	3.4	1.5				
2004 Aug 12	51.4	36.5	15.0	2.5	3.3	1.6	50.9	-0.3	-0.6	36.9	14.0	2.5	3.3	1.5				
Sep 9	50.3	35.7	14.6	2.4	3.2	1.5	51.0	0.1	-0.4	37.0	14.0	2.5	3.3	1.5				
Oct 14	48.8	34.9	13.9	2.4	3.1	1.5	51.3	0.3	0.0	37.2	14.1	2.5	3.3	1.5				
Nov 11	49.1	35.4	13.7	2.4	3.2	1.4	51.8	0.5	0.3	37.5	14.3	2.5	3.4	1.5				
Dec 9	49.6	36.2	13.4	2.4	3.2	1.4	50.9	-0.9	0.0	36.9	14.0	2.5	3.3	1.5				
2005 Jan 13	53.9	39.3	14.6	2.6	3.5	1.5	50.1	-0.8	-0.4	36.3	13.8	2.4	3.2	1.4				
Feb 10	54.9	40.0	14.9	2.6	3.6	1.6	50.1	0.0	-0.6	36.3	13.8	2.4	3.2	1.4				
Mar 10	55.7	40.6	15.2	2.7	3.6	1.6	51.4	1.3	0.2	37.3	14.1	2.5	3.3	1.5				
Apr 14	54.3	39.5	14.8	2.6	3.5	1.6	51.9	0.5	0.6	37.6	14.3	2.5	3.4	1.5				
May 12	54.0	39.2	14.8	2.6	3.5	1.5	53.0	1.1	1.0	38.5	14.5	2.6	3.4	1.5				
Jun 9	53.6	39.0	14.6	2.6	3.5	1.5	53.9	0.9	0.8	39.3	14.6	2.6	3.5	1.5				
Jul 14 R	54.5	39.3	15.2	2.6	3.5	1.6	54.3	0.4	0.8	39.6	14.7	2.6	3.5	1.5				
Aug 11 P	55.2	39.5	15.7	2.7	3.5	1.6	54.5	0.2	0.5	39.8	14.7	2.6	3.6	1.5				
West Midlands	BCKG			D PAR			DPBC			ZMPE	ZMPG	DPBN	ZMPF	ZMPH				
1999) Annual	120.9	92.1	28.8	4.5	6.2	2.4	119.7	..	..	91.4	28.3	4.4	6.2	2.3				
(2000) averages	109.2	83.1	26.1	4.1	5.6	2.2	108.0	..	..	82.4	25.6	4.0	5.6	2.1				
2001)	100.1	76.3	23.8	3.8	5.2	2.0	99.0	..	..	75.7	23.3	3.7	5.2	1.9				
2002)	94.6	71.9	22.7	3.5	4.9	1.8	93.7	..	..	71.5	22.3	3.5	4.9	1.8				
2003)	95.7	72.5	23.2	3.5	4.8	1.9	94.7	..	..	71.9	22.8	3.5	4.8	1.9				
2004)	89.3	67.0	22.2	3.3	4.5	1.8	88.3	..	..	66.5	21.8	3.3	4.5	1.8				
2004 Aug 12	88.2	65.4	22.8	3.3	4.4	1.9	86.0	-1.2	-1.0	64.8	21.2	3.2	4.4	1.7				
Sep 9	86.3	63.9	22.4	3.2	4.3	1.8	86.0	0.0	-0.8	64.6	21.4	3.2	4.3	1.8				
Oct 14	83.3	61.9	21.3	3.1	4.2	1.8	86.0	0.0	-0.4	64.6	21.4	3.2	4.3	1.8				
Nov 11	82.1	61.3	20.8	3.0	4.1	1.7	85.9	-0.1	0.0	64.4	21.5	3.2	4.3	1.8				
Dec 9	83.2	62.5	20.7	3.1	4.2	1.7	85.6	-0.3	-0.1	64.1	21.5	3.2	4.3	1.8				
2005 Jan 13	89.4	67.2	22.2	3.3	4.5	1.8	84.5	-1.1	-0.5	63.3	21.2	3.1	4.3	1.7				
Feb 10	89.4	67.1	22.3	3.3	4.5	1.8	83.9	-0.6	-0.7	62.8	21.1	3.1	4.2	1.7				
Mar 10	89.1	67.1	22.0	3.3	4.5	1.8	85.7	1.8	0.0	64.4	21.3	3.2	4.3	1.7				
Apr 14	91.0	68.3	22.6	3.4	4.6	1.9	89.2	3.5	1.6	67.0	22.2	3.3	4.5	1.8				
May 12	96.4	73.3	23.0	3.6	4.9	1.9	94.9	5.7	3.7	72.2	22.7	3.5	4.9	1.9				
Jun 9	95.5	72.7	22.8	3.5	4.9	1.9	95.9	1.0	3.4	72.8	23.1	3.5	4.9	1.9				
Jul 14 R	97.8	73.4	24.4	3.6	4.9	2.0	96.5	0.6	2.4	73.0	23.5	3.6	4.9	1.9				
Aug 11 P	98.4	73.2	25.2	3.6	4.9	2.1	96.1	-0.4	0.4	72.6	23.5	3.6	4.9	1.9				
East	DPCI			DPDD			DPDJ			ZMOK	ZMOM	DPDP	ZMOL	ZMON				
1999) Annual	77.3	57.6	19.8	2.9	4.0	1.6	76.5	..	..	57.1	19.4	2.9	3.9	1.6				
(2000) averages	64.9	47.9	17.0	2.4	3.2	1.4	64.1	..	..	47.5	16.6	2.4	3.2	1.4				
2001)	55.7	41.0	14.7	2.0	2.7	1.2	55.0	..	..	40.6	14.4	2.0	2.7	1.2				
2002)	57.3	41.9	15.3	2.1	2.8	1.2	56.6	..	..	41.6	15.0	2.1	2.8	1.2				
2003)	58.8	42.6	16.2	2.1	2.8	1.3	58.1	..	..	42.2	15.8	2.1	2.8	1.2				
2004)	56.3	40.4	15.8	2.0	2.6	1.2	55.4	..	..	40.0	15.4	2.0	2.6	1.2				
2004 Aug 12	54.8	38.7	16.1	1.9	2.5	1.2	54.6	0.0	-0.3	39.3	15.3	1.9	2.6	1.2				
Sep 9	53.7	38.0	15.															

F.1 CLAIMANT COUNT

Claimant count by region

Thousands and per cent

Government Office Regions	NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED						SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ^a					
	CLAIMANT COUNT			RATE ^b			CLAIMANT COUNT			RATE ^b		
	All	Male	Female	All	Male	Female	All	Change since previous month	Average change over 3 months ended	Male	Female	All
London	DPCJ	DPDE	DPDK	ZMOO	ZMQQ	DPDQ	ZMOP	ZMOR				
1999) Annual averages	204.3	150.5	53.8	4.5	6.1	2.7	203.1	..	..	149.9	53.2	4.5
2000)	175.5	129.5	46.0	3.8	5.1	2.2	174.5	..	..	129.0	45.5	3.7
(2001)	155.9	114.2	41.7	3.3	4.4	2.0	154.9	..	..	113.7	41.2	3.3
(2002)	167.0	120.6	46.4	3.6	4.7	2.3	166.0	..	..	120.1	45.9	3.6
(2003)	172.0	123.1	48.9	3.7	4.8	2.4	170.7	..	..	122.4	48.3	3.7
(2004)	164.2	117.5	46.7	3.5	4.5	2.3	162.8	..	..	116.8	46.0	3.5
2004 Aug 12	162.9	115.4	47.5	3.5	4.4	2.3	160.9	-1.0	-1.3	115.5	45.4	3.4
Sep 9	162.3	114.8	47.6	3.5	4.4	2.3	160.4	-0.5	-0.9	115.0	45.4	3.4
Oct 14	159.2	112.9	46.3	3.4	4.3	2.2	159.6	-0.8	-0.8	114.3	45.3	3.4
Nov 11	157.7	112.3	45.4	3.4	4.3	2.2	159.4	-0.2	-0.5	114.1	45.3	3.4
Dec 9	157.3	112.7	44.6	3.4	4.3	2.2	159.0	-0.4	-0.5	113.8	45.2	3.4
2005 Jan 13	160.1	114.8	45.3	3.4	4.4	2.2	158.4	-0.6	-0.4	113.3	45.1	3.4
Feb 10	162.7	116.6	46.2	3.5	4.5	2.2	159.4	1.0	0.0	113.8	45.6	3.4
Mar 10	164.2	117.5	46.7	3.5	4.5	2.3	161.2	1.8	0.7	114.9	46.3	3.4
Apr 14	164.8	117.8	47.0	3.5	4.5	2.3	161.9	0.7	1.2	115.2	46.7	3.5
May 12	164.4	117.5	46.9	3.5	4.5	2.3	161.6	-0.3	0.7	115.2	46.4	3.5
Jun 9	163.5	116.7	46.8	3.5	4.5	2.3	161.8	0.2	0.2	115.3	46.5	3.5
Jul 14 R	163.4	115.9	47.6	3.5	4.4	2.3	162.2	0.4	0.1	115.5	46.7	3.5
Aug 11 P	165.6	116.5	49.1	3.5	4.5	2.4	163.2	1.0	0.5	116.3	46.9	3.5
South East	DPCK	DPDF	DPDL	ZMOS	ZMOU	DPDR	ZMOT	ZMOV				
1999) Annual averages	96.1	73.2	23.0	2.3	3.2	1.2	95.3	..	..	72.7	22.6	2.3
2000)	79.7	60.2	19.5	1.9	2.6	1.0	78.9	..	..	59.8	19.1	1.9
(2001)	67.4	50.6	16.8	1.6	2.2	0.9	66.6	..	..	50.2	16.5	1.6
(2002)	72.0	53.6	18.4	1.6	2.3	0.9	71.2	..	..	53.2	18.1	1.6
(2003)	76.4	56.4	20.0	1.7	2.4	1.0	75.5	..	..	56.0	19.6	1.7
(2004)	71.7	52.6	19.1	1.6	2.2	1.0	70.7	..	..	52.1	18.6	1.6
2004 Aug 12	68.0	49.2	18.7	1.6	2.1	0.9	68.7	-0.6	-0.8	50.7	18.0	1.6
Sep 9	67.7	48.9	18.8	1.6	2.1	0.9	68.9	0.2	-0.6	50.7	18.2	1.6
Oct 14	67.2	48.7	18.5	1.5	2.1	0.9	69.5	0.6	0.1	51.2	18.3	1.6
Nov 11	67.3	49.0	18.3	1.5	2.1	0.9	68.7	-0.8	0.0	50.5	18.2	1.6
Dec 9	67.1	49.3	17.8	1.5	2.1	0.9	67.9	-0.8	-0.3	49.7	18.2	1.6
2005 Jan 13	72.8	53.5	19.2	1.7	2.3	1.0	67.4	-0.5	-0.7	49.3	18.1	1.5
Feb 10	74.0	54.4	19.6	1.7	2.3	1.0	67.4	0.0	-0.4	49.4	18.0	1.5
Mar 10	74.2	54.6	19.6	1.7	2.3	1.0	68.9	1.5	0.3	50.5	18.4	1.6
Apr 14	73.0	53.7	19.3	1.7	2.3	1.0	69.7	0.8	0.8	51.2	18.5	1.6
May 12	71.6	52.9	18.7	1.6	2.2	0.9	70.7	1.0	1.1	52.1	18.6	1.6
Jun 9	70.9	52.3	18.6	1.6	2.2	0.9	72.0	1.3	1.0	53.1	18.9	1.7
Jul 14 R	71.2	52.1	19.1	1.6	2.2	1.0	72.1	0.1	0.8	53.1	19.0	1.7
Aug 11 P	71.1	51.6	19.5	1.6	2.2	1.0	71.7	-0.4	0.3	52.9	18.8	1.6
South West	BCKF	DPAQ	DPBB	ZMOW	ZMOY	DPBM	ZMOX	ZMOZ				
1999) Annual averages	76.2	56.5	19.7	3.0	4.2	1.7	75.3	..	..	56.0	19.3	3.0
2000)	62.6	46.3	16.3	2.5	3.5	1.4	61.8	..	..	45.9	16.0	2.5
(2001)	53.4	39.4	14.0	2.1	2.9	1.2	52.7	..	..	39.0	13.6	2.1
(2002)	50.8	37.4	13.3	2.0	2.6	1.1	50.1	..	..	37.1	13.1	1.9
(2003)	49.0	35.9	13.1	1.9	2.6	1.1	48.4	..	..	35.6	12.8	1.9
(2004)	42.5	30.9	11.7	1.6	2.2	1.0	41.9	..	..	30.5	11.4	1.6
2004 Aug 12	39.8	28.3	11.5	1.5	2.0	0.9	40.6	-0.2	-0.5	29.5	11.1	1.5
Sep 9	39.3	28.1	11.2	1.5	2.0	0.9	40.7	0.1	-0.3	29.7	11.0	1.5
Oct 14	38.9	27.9	10.9	1.5	2.0	0.9	40.8	0.1	0.0	29.7	11.1	1.5
Nov 11	39.4	28.5	10.9	1.5	2.0	0.9	40.7	-0.1	0.0	29.6	11.1	1.5
Dec 9	40.3	29.3	11.0	1.5	2.1	0.9	40.4	-0.3	-0.1	29.3	11.1	1.5
2005 Jan 13	45.1	32.7	12.4	1.7	2.3	1.0	40.0	-0.4	-0.3	29.0	11.0	1.5
Feb 10	46.3	33.4	12.9	1.8	2.4	1.1	40.2	0.2	-0.2	29.1	11.1	1.5
Mar 10	45.2	32.8	12.5	1.7	2.3	1.0	40.8	0.6	0.1	29.6	11.2	1.5
Apr 14	43.5	31.7	11.8	1.6	2.2	1.0	41.6	0.8	0.5	30.2	11.4	1.6
May 12	42.3	30.9	11.4	1.6	2.2	0.9	42.2	0.6	0.7	30.7	11.5	1.6
Jun 9	40.9	30.0	11.0	1.6	2.1	0.9	42.7	0.5	0.6	31.1	11.6	1.6
Jul 14 R	41.4	29.9	11.5	1.6	2.1	0.9	42.7	0.0	0.4	31.1	11.6	1.6
Aug 11 P	41.9	29.9	12.0	1.6	2.1	1.0	42.6	-0.1	0.1	31.0	11.6	1.6
England	VASR	VASS	IBWK	ZMQM	ZMQQ	VASQ	ZMQL	ZMQN				
1999) Annual averages	1,013.5	770.9	242.7	4.0	5.5	2.1	1,002.8	..	..	764.8	238.0	3.9
2000)	882.8	670.7	212.1	3.4	4.8	1.8	872.8	..	..	664.9	207.9	3.4
(2001)	783.6	593.3	190.2	3.0	4.2	1.6	774.0	..	..	588.1	185.9	3.0
(2002)	770.1	578.5	191.6	3.0	4.1	1.6	761.2	..	..	573.6	187.6	2.9
(2003)	763.8	568.1	195.6	2.9	4.0	1.6	754.5	..	..	563.1	191.4	2.9
(2004)	699.7	516.5	183.1	2.6	3.6	1.5	690.5	..	..	511.9	178.6	2.6
2004 Aug 12	681.4	495.2	186.2	2.6	3.4	1.5	675.7	-3.6	-6.8	500.7	175.0	2.6
Sep 9	669.9	486.7	183.2	2.5	3.4	1.5	675.9	0.2	-4.3	500.2	175.7	2.6
Oct 14	654.5	478.4	176.1	2.5	3.3	1.5	677.1	1.2	-0.7	501.4	175.7	2.6
Nov 11	651.3	478.8	172.5	2.5	3.3	1.4	674.1	-3.0	-0.5	498.2	175.9	2.5
Dec 9	657.8	487.7	170.1	2.5	3.4	1.4	669.1	-5.0	-2.3	493.8	175.3	2.5
2005 Jan 13	704.2	522.0	182.3	2.7	3.6	1.5	660.1	-9.0	-5.7	486.4	173.7	2.5
Feb 10	712.6	529.4	186.8	2.7	3.7	1.6	664.1	4.0	-3.3	489.5	174.6	2.5
Mar 10	717.3	530.5	186.9	2.7	3.7	1.6	677.1	13.0	2.7	499.3	177.8	2.6
Apr 14	711.7	525.3	186.4	2.7	3.6	1.6	686.8	9.7	8.9	506.0	180.8	2.6
May 12	710.5	525.9	184.5	2.7	3.6	1.5	699.7	12.9	11.9	517.5	182.2	2.6
Jun 9	703.1	520.0	183.1	2.7	3.6	1.5	707.2	10.0	10.0	523.2	184.0	2.7
Jul 14 R	711.8	521.4	190.4	2.7	3.6	1.6	710.1	2.9	7.8	525.0	185.1	2.7
Aug 11 P	719.2	522.4	196.7	2.7	3.6	1.6	711.7	1.6	4.0	526.4	185.3	2.7

See footnotes on final page of this table.

CLAIMANT COUNT

Claimant count by region

F.1

Thousands and per cent

Government Office Regions	NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED						SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ^a					
	CLAIMANT COUNT			RATE ^b			CLAIMANT COUNT			RATE ^b		
	All	Male	Female	All	Male	Female	All	Change since previous month	Average change over 3 months ended	Male	Female	All
Wales	BCKI	—	—	DPAT	—	—	DPBE	—	—	ZMQC	ZMQE	DPBP
1999) Annual	64.9	50.2	14.7	50	7.2	2.5	64.1	..	..	49.8	14.4	5.0
2000) averages	57.9	44.7	13.1	44	6.6	2.1	57.3	..	..	44.4	12.9	4.4
2001)	51.8	39.9	11.9	40	5.6	2.0	51.2	..	..	39.6	11.7	4.0
2002)	47.6	36.6	11.0	36	5.3	1.8	47.1	..	..	36.3	10.7	3.6
2003)	45.1	34.3	10.8	34	4.8	1.7	44.6	..	..	34.1	10.6	3.3
2004)	40.7	30.7	10.0	31	4.3	1.6	40.3	..	..	30.5	9.8	3.0
2004 Aug 12	39.7	29.2	10.5	30	4.1	1.7	39.4	-0.2	-0.4	29.8	9.6	3.0
Sep 9	38.6	28.6	10.0	29	4.0	1.6	39.5	0.1	-0.2	29.9	9.6	3.0
Oct 14	37.1	27.8	9.3	28	3.9	1.5	39.4	-0.1	-0.1	29.8	9.6	3.0
Nov 11	37.4	28.2	9.2	28	4.0	1.5	39.1	-0.3	-0.1	29.5	9.6	3.0
Dec 9	38.5	29.3	9.2	29	4.1	1.5	39.0	-0.1	-0.2	29.4	9.6	3.0
2005 Jan 13	42.6	32.5	10.2	32	4.6	1.7	38.4	-0.6	-0.3	29.0	9.4	2.9
Feb 10	43.1	32.8	10.4	33	4.6	1.7	38.6	0.2	-0.2	29.2	9.4	2.9
Mar 10	42.2	32.1	10.1	32	4.5	1.7	39.0	0.4	0.0	29.6	9.4	3.0
Apr 14	41.1	31.2	9.9	31	4.4	1.6	39.8	0.8	0.5	30.2	9.6	3.0
May 12	40.6	30.9	9.7	31	4.4	1.6	40.8	1.0	0.7	31.0	9.8	3.1
Jun 9	39.8	30.4	9.4	30	4.3	1.5	41.4	0.6	0.8	31.6	9.8	3.1
Jul 14 R	41.2	31.0	10.2	31	4.4	1.7	41.5	0.1	0.6	31.7	9.8	3.1
Aug 11 P	41.9	31.2	10.7	32	4.4	1.7	41.5	0.0	0.2	31.7	9.8	3.1
Scotland	BCKJ	—	—	DPAU	—	—	DPBF	—	—	ZMQG	ZMQI	DPBQ
1999) Annual	133.8	103.1	30.7	5.2	7.5	2.6	130.4	..	..	101.1	29.3	5.0
2000) averages	119.4	92.1	27.3	4.7	6.5	2.4	116.3	..	..	90.3	26.0	4.5
2001)	108.0	83.6	24.4	4.1	6.0	2.0	105.2	..	..	82.0	23.2	4.0
2002)	104.5	80.7	23.8	4.0	5.9	1.9	102.0	..	..	79.3	22.6	3.9
2003)	102.3	78.4	23.9	3.9	5.6	1.9	99.5	..	..	76.9	22.7	3.8
2004)	94.8	72.2	22.6	3.6	5.2	1.8	92.0	..	..	70.7	21.3	3.5
2004 Aug 12	94.5	70.4	24.1	3.6	5.1	1.9	90.0	0.1	-0.9	69.0	21.0	3.4
Sep 9	88.4	66.7	21.7	3.3	4.8	1.7	90.9	0.9	-0.3	69.8	21.1	3.4
Oct 14	86.0	65.1	20.9	3.3	4.7	1.7	90.1	-0.8	0.1	68.9	21.2	3.4
Nov 11	86.1	65.3	20.8	3.3	4.7	1.7	88.9	-1.2	-0.4	67.7	21.2	3.4
Dec 9	86.0	65.7	20.3	3.3	4.7	1.6	87.7	-1.2	-1.1	66.6	21.1	3.3
2005 Jan 13	95.6	72.8	22.8	3.6	5.2	1.8	86.3	-1.4	-1.3	65.3	21.0	3.3
Feb 10	96.1	72.8	23.3	3.6	5.2	1.9	85.9	-0.4	-1.0	65.1	20.8	3.3
Mar 10	93.6	71.0	22.5	3.5	5.1	1.8	86.1	0.2	-0.5	65.5	20.6	3.3
Apr 14	90.4	68.7	21.7	3.4	4.9	1.7	86.5	0.4	0.1	65.8	20.7	3.3
May 12	88.5	67.2	21.3	3.4	4.8	1.7	86.7	0.2	0.3	66.0	20.7	3.3
Jun 9	87.0	65.7	21.4	3.3	4.7	1.7	86.0	-0.7	0.0	65.4	20.6	3.3
Jul 14 R	88.5	65.7	22.8	3.4	4.7	1.8	84.9	-1.1	-0.5	64.6	20.3	3.2
Aug 11 P	89.4	66.1	23.3	3.4	4.7	1.9	85.0	0.1	-0.6	64.6	20.4	3.2
Northern Ireland	BCKK	—	—	DPAV	—	—	DPBG	—	—	ZMQO	ZMQQ	DPBR
1999) Annual	50.8	39.3	11.5	63	8.7	3.3	50.7	..	..	39.3	11.4	6.3
2000) averages	42.1	32.1	10.1	53	7.2	2.8	42.1	..	..	32.0	10.1	5.3
2001)	39.6	30.0	9.6	49	6.6	2.7	39.5	..	..	30.0	9.5	4.9
2002)	36.5	27.9	8.7	44	6.1	2.3	36.4	..	..	27.8	8.6	4.4
2003)	34.7	26.5	8.2	42	5.8	2.2	34.6	..	..	26.4	8.2	4.2
2004)	31.0	23.5	7.4	37	5.1	1.9	30.8	..	..	23.5	7.4	3.6
2004 Aug 12	32.1	23.3	8.8	38	5.0	2.3	29.7	0.3	-0.6	22.7	7.0	3.5
Sep 9	30.9	22.9	8.1	37	4.9	2.1	29.7	0.0	-0.3	22.6	7.1	3.5
Oct 14	29.2	22.1	7.1	35	4.7	1.9	29.8	0.1	0.1	22.7	7.1	3.5
Nov 11	28.3	21.8	6.5	33	4.7	1.7	29.8	0.0	0.0	22.7	7.1	3.5
Dec 9	27.8	21.5	6.3	33	4.6	1.7	29.2	-0.6	-0.2	22.1	7.1	3.5
2005 Jan 13	29.6	22.8	6.7	35	4.9	1.8	29.0	-0.2	-0.3	22.0	7.0	3.4
Feb 10	29.6	22.9	6.7	35	4.9	1.8	29.1	0.1	-0.2	22.1	7.0	3.4
Mar 10	29.2	22.6	6.6	34	4.9	1.7	29.1	0.0	0.0	22.1	7.0	3.4
Apr 14	28.6	22.1	6.5	34	4.8	1.7	29.0	-0.1	0.0	22.0	7.0	3.4
May 12	28.0	21.7	6.3	33	4.7	1.7	28.9	-0.1	-0.1	22.0	6.9	3.4
Jun 9	28.2	21.4	6.7	33	4.6	1.8	28.6	-0.3	-0.2	21.8	6.8	3.4
Jul 14 R	29.6	21.7	7.9	35	4.7	2.1	28.1	-0.5	-0.3	21.4	6.7	3.3
Aug 11 P	30.3	21.9	8.4	36	4.7	2.2	28.0	-0.1	-0.3	21.3	6.7	3.3

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

a The seasonally adjusted series takes account of past discontinuities to be consistent with the current coverage of the count (see Employment Gazette, December 1990, p608 for the historical list of discontinuities taken into account, and pS16 of the April 1994 issue). It also takes into account the effect of the change in benefit eligibility rules introduced with Jobseeker's Allowance (see pp219-24, Labour Market Trends, May 2000). To maintain a consistent assessment, the seasonally adjusted series relates only to claimants aged 18 and over.

b The national and regional rates are calculated using denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs. These rates are not consistent with the sub regional percentages in Tables F.12 and F.13 which reflect the claimant count series as proportions of the resident working age population.

R Seasonally adjusted figures are revised.

P Seasonally adjusted figures are provisional.

Note: The introduction of Joint Claims for Jobseeker's Allowance on 19 March 2001, and its extension on 28 October 2002, means that both members of certain couples are now required to claim JSA jointly and both are required to look for work. The claimant count continues to include all individual claimants, so there are some extra claimants included as a result of these changes.

Since 19 March 2001 Joint Claims for JSA has applied to couples without dependent children where at least one member was born after 19 March 1976 and is aged over 18. Joint Claims was extended on 28 October 2002 to couples without dependent children where at least one member was born after 28 October 1957.

ONS estimates that the introduction of Joint Claims had an initial upward effect on the claimant count, which accumulated between April and August 2001, of some 6,500 for the UK overall at the time (approximately 2,200 men and 4,300 women). The total effect of the extension on 28 October has been to add a further estimated 3,800 (900 men and 2,900 women) to the count between October 2002 and February 2003.

F.2

CLAIMANT COUNT
Claimant count by age and duration: seasonally adjusted

Thousands and per cent

UNITED KINGDOM	All aged 18 and over							18-24														
	All computerised claims			Over 13 weeks and up to 6 months		Over 6 and up to 12 months		Over 12 and up to 24 months		Percent claiming over 12 months	All over 24 months	All computerised claims			Over 13 weeks and up to 6 months		Over 6 and up to 12 months		Over 12 and up to 24 months		Percent claiming over 12 months	All over 24 months
	AGLX	All	Up to 13 weeks	AGMC	AGMD	AGMY	AGMZ	AGNA	AGNC	AGND	AGNE	AGNF	AGNC	AGND	AGNE	AGNF						
All																						
2003 Aug 14	924.3	414.7	201.8	167.3	96.6	15.2	43.9	251.9	147.4	62.4	36.5	4.9	22	2.2	0.7							
Sep 11	920.3	412.5	200.0	167.4	96.8	15.3	43.6	251.7	147.0	61.9	37.1	5.0	2.3	2.3	0.7							
Oct 9	914.6	409.0	195.8	168.8	97.6	15.4	43.4	250.3	146.5	60.2	37.7	5.1	2.4	0.8								
Nov 13	905.1	404.1	194.1	166.3	97.5	15.5	43.1	247.3	144.5	60.1	36.8	5.1	2.4	0.8								
Dec 11	896.5	399.2	191.9	164.6	97.9	15.7	42.9	244.9	142.8	59.8	36.3	5.2	2.4	0.8								
2004 Jan 8	884.4	393.3	188.9	161.9	97.5	15.9	42.8	241.4	140.9	58.9	35.6	5.2	2.5	0.8								
Feb 12	875.6	391.9	186.4	157.5	97.2	16.0	42.6	240.6	141.6	58.3	34.6	5.3	2.5	0.8								
Mar 11	871.9	390.5	184.4	157.2	96.9	16.0	42.9	239.3	140.6	57.7	34.9	5.3	2.5	0.8								
Apr 8	864.2	389.4	182.6	153.8	96.0	16.0	42.4	239.7	142.0	57.3	34.3	5.3	2.5	0.8								
May 13	853.7	380.8	182.7	151.9	95.6	16.2	42.7	236.5	138.1	57.9	34.2	5.5	2.7	0.8								
Jun 10	843.9	378.4	180.2	148.3	94.3	16.2	42.7	233.6	136.9	56.8	33.6	5.5	2.7	0.8								
Jul 8	830.8	371.0	180.0	145.0	92.3	16.2	42.5	229.3	134.0	56.4	32.7	5.4	2.7	0.8								
Aug 12	827.4	373.9	176.5	144.1	90.4	16.1	42.5	231.3	136.0	56.0	33.1	5.4	2.7	0.8								
Sep 9	828.2	375.8	176.7	143.6	89.6	16.0	42.5	232.8	136.7	56.1	33.7	5.5	2.7	0.8								
Oct 14	828.2	380.1	177.3	140.2	88.0	15.8	42.6	234.7	139.0	56.8	32.6	5.5	2.7	0.8								
Nov 11	824.0	379.0	175.0	140.8	86.7	15.7	42.5	235.8	139.7	56.3	33.3	5.6	2.8	0.9								
Dec 9	816.5	378.5	172.1	139.2	84.6	15.5	42.1	235.8	140.9	55.4	32.9	5.7	2.8	0.9								
2005 Jan 13	805.8	371.5	174.1	135.9	82.5	15.4	41.8	233.5	138.1	56.5	32.3	5.6	2.8	1.0								
Feb 10	809.7	378.2	172.7	135.2	81.8	15.3	41.8	234.5	139.4	56.4	32.1	5.6	2.8	1.0								
Mar 10	823.7	388.0	176.6	136.4	81.1	14.9	41.6	240.4	143.1	58.2	32.5	5.6	2.7	1.0								
Apr 14	834.8	393.2	180.9	139.2	80.3	14.6	41.2	246.9	146.5	59.8	34.0	5.7	2.7	0.9								
May 12	848.5	402.7	185.1	139.8	80.1	14.2	40.8	251.8	149.3	61.3	34.4	5.9	2.7	0.9								
Jun 9	856.3	401.8	190.5	142.9	80.2	14.1	40.9	254.3	148.4	63.3	35.6	6.1	2.8	0.9								
Jul 14 R	858.0	398.2	191.2	147.6	80.4	14.1	40.6	254.1	146.5	63.6	36.9	6.2	2.8	0.9								
Aug 11 P	860.1	390.7	197.8	150.7	80.7	14.1	40.2	254.8	144.2	65.5	37.8	6.4	2.9	0.9								
Male	AGNG			ELNP	ELON	GBHG	IKBS	JLGC			JLGE	JLGF	JLGG	JLGH								
2003 Aug 14	693.0	300.3	150.1	128.7	78.0	16.4	35.9	173.7	100.9	43.6	25.5	3.3	2.1	0.4								
Sep 11	690.0	298.3	149.2	128.7	78.1	16.5	35.7	173.7	100.6	43.4	25.9	3.4	2.2	0.4								
Oct 9	685.1	295.8	145.6	129.6	78.7	16.7	35.4	172.4	100.3	41.8	26.3	3.5	2.3	0.5								
Nov 13	678.5	292.7	144.1	127.9	78.6	16.8	35.2	170.2	99.8	41.7	25.7	3.5	2.4	0.5								
Dec 11	671.0	288.7	142.0	126.7	78.6	16.9	35.0	168.0	97.3	41.2	25.5	3.5	2.4	0.5								
2004 Jan 8	662.1	284.6	139.9	124.5	78.2	17.1	34.9	165.9	96.5	40.5	24.9	3.5	2.4	0.5								
Feb 12	655.0	283.3	138.0	121.1	77.9	17.2	34.7	165.2	96.9	40.1	24.1	3.6	2.5	0.5								
Mar 11	651.5	281.9	136.6	120.6	77.5	17.3	34.9	164.1	96.1	39.7	24.2	3.6	2.5	0.5								
Apr 8	646.6	282.6	135.1	117.9	76.6	17.2	34.4	165.1	97.8	39.5	23.7	3.6	2.5	0.5								
May 13	637.3	274.5	135.4	116.4	76.3	17.4	34.7	162.1	94.3	40.1	23.5	3.7	2.6	0.5								
Jun 10	629.4	272.8	133.2	113.4	75.3	17.5	34.7	159.9	93.5	39.2	23.0	3.7	2.6	0.5								
Jul 8	620.4	268.7	132.9	110.8	73.5	17.4	34.5	157.7	92.3	38.9	22.4	3.6	2.6	0.5								
Aug 12	617.0	269.9	130.4	110.2	72.0	17.3	34.5	158.6	93.1	38.6	22.8	3.6	2.6	0.5								
Sep 9	617.2	271.0	130.6	109.7	71.4	17.2	34.5	159.8	93.6	38.7	23.3	3.7	2.6	0.5								
Oct 14	617.0	274.5	131.1	106.8	70.0	17.0	34.6	161.1	95.4	39.1	22.4	3.7	2.6	0.5								
Nov 11	612.7	272.9	129.1	107.4	68.8	16.9	34.5	161.8	95.7	38.7	23.0	3.8	2.7	0.6								
Dec 9	606.0	272.2	126.6	105.9	67.2	16.7	34.1	161.6	96.4	38.1	22.6	3.9	2.8	0.6								
2005 Jan 13	597.0	266.9	127.8	103.3	65.3	16.6	33.7	159.5	94.0	38.9	22.2	3.8	2.8	0.6								
Feb 10	600.3	272.6	126.6	102.6	64.8	16.4	33.7	160.2	95.2	38.6	22.0	3.8	2.7	0.6								
Mar 10	611.0	280.4	129.6	103.4	64.1	16.0	33.5	164.8	98.1	40.0	22.3	3.8	2.7	0.6								
Apr 14	618.9	283.5	133.2	105.5	63.5	15.6	33.2	169.7	100.6	41.2	23.4	3.9	2.7	0.6								
May 12	631.2	291.9	136.8	106.2	63.3	15.3	33.0	173.4	102.6	42.5	23.7	4.0	2.7	0.6								
Jun 9	637.3	291.0	141.0	108.7	63.5	15.2	33.1	175.7	102.1	44.1	24.7	4.2	2.7	0.6								
Jul 14 R	638.0	288.2	141.1	112.4	63.5	15.1	32.8	175.3	100.6	44.1	25.7	4.3	2.8	0.6								
Aug 11 P	639.7	282.1	146.4	114.9	63.7	15.1	32.6	175.5	98.7	45.5	26.3	4.4	2.8	0.6								
Female	JLGI			JLGJ	JLGL	JLGM	JLGN	JLGO			JLGQ	JLGR	JLGS	JLGT								
2003 Aug 14	231.3	114.4	51.7	38.6	18.6	11.5	8.0	78.2	46.5	18.8	11.0	1.6	2.4	0.3								
Sep 11	230.3	114.2	50.8	38.7	18.7	11.6	7.9	78.0	46.4	18.5	11.2	1.6	2.4	0.3								
Oct 9	229.5	113.2	50.2	39.2	18.9	11.7	8.0	77.9	46.2	18.4	11.4	1.6	2.4	0.3								
Nov 13	226.6	111.4	50.0	38.4	18.9	11.8	7.9	77.1	45.7	18.4	11.1	1.6	2.5	0.3								
Dec 11	225.5	110.5	49.9	37.9	19.3	12.1	7.9	76.9	45.5	18.6	10.8	1.7	2.6	0.3								
2004 Jan 8	222.3	108.7	49.0	37.4	19.3	12.2	7.9	75.5	44.4	18.4	10.7	1.7	2.6	0.3								
Feb 12	220.6	108.6	48.4	36.4	19.3	12.3	7.9	75.4	44.7	18.2	10.5	1.7	2.7	0.3								
Mar 11	220.4	108.6	47.8	36.6	19.4	12.4	8.0	75.2	44.5	18.0	10.7	1.7	2.7	0.3								
Apr 8	217.6	106.8	47.5	35.9	19.4	12.6	8.0	74.6	44.2	17.8	10.6	1.7	2.7	0.3								
May 13	216.4	106.3	47.3	35.5	19.3	12.6	8.0	74.4	43.8	17.8	10.7	1.8	2.8	0.3								
Jun 10	214.5	105.6	47.0	34.9	19.0	12.6	8.0	73.7	43.4	17.6	10.6	1.8	2.8	0.3								
Jul 8	210.4	102.3	47.1	34.2	18.8	12.7	8.0	71.6	41.7	17.5	10.3	1.8	2.9	0.3								
Aug 12	210.4	104.0	46.1	33.9	18.4	12.5	8.0	72.7	42.9	17.4	10.3	1.8	2.9	0.3								
Sep 9	211.0	104.8	46.1	33.9	18.2	12.4	8.0	73.0	43.1	17.4	10.4	1.8	2.9	0.3								
Oct 14	211.2	105.6	46.2	33.4	18.0	12.3	8.0	73.6	43.6	17.7	10.2	1.8	2.9	0.3								
Nov 11	211.3	106.1	45.9	33.4	17.9	12.3	8.0	74.0	44.0	17.6	10.3	1.8	2.8	0.3								

CLAIMANT COUNT seasonally adjusted

F.2

Thousands and per cent

UNITED KINGDOM	25-49							50 and over						
	All computerised claims	Up to 13 weeks	Over 13 weeks and up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	Over 12 and up to 24 months	Percent claiming over 12 months	All over 24 months	All computerised claims	Up to 13 weeks	Over 13 weeks and up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	Over 12 and up to 24 months	Percent claiming over 12 months	All over 24 months
	JLGU			JLGW	JLGX	JLYG	JLGZ	JLHA		JLHC	JLHD	JLHE		JLHF
All														
2003 Aug 14	515.4	212.9	110.8	104.0	69.3	17.0	18.4	157.0	54.4	28.6	26.8	22.4	30.1	24.8
Sep 11	512.0	211.3	109.7	103.6	69.3	17.1	18.1	156.6	54.2	28.4	26.7	22.5	30.2	24.8
Oct 9	508.7	209.0	107.7	104.3	70.0	17.2	17.7	155.6	53.5	27.9	26.8	22.5	30.5	24.9
Nov 13	503.2	206.6	106.2	103.0	70.0	17.4	17.4	154.6	53.0	27.8	26.5	22.4	30.6	24.9
Dec 11	497.8	203.8	104.7	102.0	70.2	17.5	17.1	153.8	52.6	27.4	26.3	22.5	30.9	25.0
2004 Jan 8	490.4	200.1	103.1	100.3	69.9	17.7	17.0	152.6	52.3	26.9	26.0	22.4	31.1	25.0
Feb 12	484.1	198.7	101.4	97.5	69.6	17.9	16.9	150.9	51.6	26.7	25.4	22.3	31.3	24.9
Mar 11	481.9	198.2	100.3	97.1	69.4	17.9	16.9	150.7	51.7	26.4	25.2	22.2	31.5	25.2
Apr 8	476.1	197.1	98.9	94.8	68.7	17.9	16.6	148.4	50.3	26.4	24.7	22.0	31.7	25.0
May 13	469.8	192.7	98.7	93.3	68.3	18.1	16.8	147.4	50.0	26.1	24.4	21.8	31.8	25.1
Jun 10	464.4	191.7	97.5	90.9	67.3	18.2	17.0	145.9	49.8	25.9	23.8	21.5	31.8	24.9
Jul 8	457.8	188.0	98.1	88.9	65.9	18.1	16.9	143.7	49.0	25.5	23.4	21.0	31.9	24.8
Aug 12	453.8	188.6	95.6	88.0	64.6	18.0	17.0	142.3	49.3	24.9	23.0	20.4	31.7	24.7
Sep 9	453.1	189.4	95.5	87.1	63.9	17.9	17.2	142.3	49.7	25.1	22.8	20.2	31.4	24.5
Oct 14	451.6	191.0	95.2	85.3	62.7	17.7	17.4	141.9	50.1	25.3	22.3	19.8	31.1	24.4
Nov 11	447.6	189.8	93.7	85.1	61.6	17.6	17.4	140.6	49.5	25.0	22.4	19.5	31.1	24.2
Dec 9	442.3	188.6	92.1	84.2	60.1	17.5	17.3	138.4	49.0	24.6	22.1	18.8	30.9	23.9
2005 Jan 13	436.5	185.9	92.8	82.0	58.5	17.4	17.3	135.8	47.5	24.8	21.6	18.4	30.9	23.5
Feb 10	438.7	189.7	92.1	81.5	58.0	17.2	17.4	136.5	49.1	24.2	21.6	18.2	30.5	23.4
Mar 10	445.5	194.7	93.8	82.1	57.5	16.8	17.4	137.8	50.2	24.6	21.8	18.0	29.9	23.2
Apr 14	449.6	196.5	96.1	83.0	56.7	16.5	17.3	138.3	50.2	25.0	22.2	17.9	29.6	23.0
May 12	455.7	200.9	98.2	83.2	56.3	16.1	17.1	141.0	52.5	25.6	22.2	17.9	28.9	22.8
Jun 9	459.5	200.8	100.9	84.5	56.1	16.0	17.2	142.5	52.6	26.3	22.8	18.0	28.6	22.8
Jul 14 R	461.4	199.6	101.2	87.3	56.2	15.9	17.1	142.5	52.1	26.4	23.4	18.0	28.5	22.6
Aug 11 P	462.2	195.5	104.5	89.1	56.2	15.8	16.9	143.1	51.0	27.8	23.8	18.1	28.3	22.4
Male	AGMA			JLHH	JLHI	JLHJ	JLHK	JLHL		JLHN	JLHO	JLHP		JLHQ
2003 Aug 14	403.2	161.0	85.9	83.4	57.4	18.1	15.5	116.1	38.4	20.6	19.8	17.3	32.1	20.0
Sep 11	400.6	159.6	85.3	83.1	57.4	18.1	15.2	115.7	38.1	20.5	19.7	17.3	32.3	20.1
Oct 9	397.7	157.8	83.7	83.5	57.9	18.3	14.8	115.0	37.7	20.1	19.8	17.3	32.5	20.1
Nov 13	393.8	156.4	82.5	82.5	57.8	18.4	14.6	114.5	37.5	19.9	19.7	17.3	32.7	20.1
Dec 11	389.4	154.4	81.2	81.7	57.8	18.5	14.3	113.6	37.0	19.6	19.5	17.3	33.0	20.2
2004 Jan 8	383.6	151.4	80.1	80.4	57.5	18.7	14.2	112.6	36.7	19.3	19.2	17.2	33.2	20.2
Feb 12	378.6	150.3	78.8	78.2	57.2	18.8	14.1	111.2	36.1	19.1	18.8	17.1	33.5	20.1
Mar 11	376.7	149.8	78.1	77.8	56.9	18.8	14.1	110.7	36.0	18.8	18.6	17.0	33.7	20.3
Apr 8	372.4	149.6	76.8	76.0	56.2	18.8	13.8	109.1	35.2	18.8	18.2	16.8	33.8	20.1
May 13	366.9	145.4	76.7	74.9	55.9	19.1	14.0	108.3	34.8	18.6	18.0	16.7	34.1	20.2
Jun 10	362.3	144.6	75.6	72.9	55.1	19.1	14.1	107.2	34.7	18.4	17.5	16.5	34.1	20.1
Jul 8	357.1	142.1	75.9	71.2	53.9	19.0	14.0	105.6	34.3	18.1	17.2	16.0	34.1	20.0
Aug 12	353.9	142.4	74.1	70.5	52.8	18.9	14.1	104.5	34.4	17.7	16.9	15.6	34.0	19.9
Sep 9	353.1	142.9	74.0	69.7	52.3	18.8	14.2	104.3	34.5	17.9	16.7	15.4	33.7	19.8
Oct 14	352.0	144.3	74.0	68.1	51.2	18.6	14.4	103.9	34.8	18.0	16.3	15.1	33.5	19.7
Nov 11	348.3	143.1	72.6	68.0	50.2	18.5	14.4	102.6	34.1	17.8	16.4	14.8	33.4	19.5
Dec 9	343.6	142.0	71.2	67.1	49.0	18.4	14.3	100.8	33.8	17.3	16.2	14.3	33.2	19.2
2005 Jan 13	338.8	140.0	71.6	65.4	47.6	18.2	14.2	98.7	32.9	17.3	15.7	13.9	33.2	18.9
Feb 10	340.9	143.4	71.1	64.9	47.2	18.0	14.3	99.2	34.0	16.9	15.7	13.8	32.9	18.8
Mar 10	346.3	147.6	72.4	65.3	46.7	17.6	14.3	99.9	34.7	17.2	15.8	13.6	32.2	18.6
Apr 14	349.3	148.5	74.4	66.1	46.1	17.3	14.2	99.9	34.4	17.6	16.0	13.5	31.9	18.4
May 12	355.3	152.8	76.2	66.4	45.8	16.9	14.1	102.5	36.5	18.1	16.1	13.5	31.0	18.3
Jun 9	358.2	152.4	78.4	67.5	45.7	16.7	14.2	103.4	36.5	18.5	16.5	13.6	30.9	18.3
Jul 14 R	359.4	151.3	78.5	69.8	45.7	16.6	14.1	103.3	36.3	18.5	16.9	13.5	30.6	18.1
Aug 11 P	360.4	148.0	81.2	71.4	45.8	16.6	14.0	103.8	35.4	19.7	17.2	13.5	30.3	18.0
Female	JLHR			JLHT	JLHU	JLHV	JLHW	JLHX		JLHZ	JLIA	JLIB		JLIC
2003 Aug 14	112.2	51.9	24.9	20.6	11.9	13.2	2.9	40.9	16.0	8.0	7.0	5.1	24.2	4.8
Sep 11	111.4	51.7	24.4	20.5	11.9	13.3	2.9	40.9	16.1	7.9	7.0	5.2	24.2	4.7
Oct 9	111.0	51.2	24.0	20.8	12.1	13.5	2.9	40.6	15.8	7.8	7.0	5.2	24.6	4.8
Nov 13	109.4	50.2	23.7	20.5	12.2	13.7	2.8	40.1	15.5	7.9	6.8	5.1	24.7	4.8
Dec 11	108.4	49.4	23.5	20.3	12.4	14.0	2.8	40.2	15.6	7.8	6.8	5.2	24.9	4.8
2004 Jan 8	106.8	48.7	23.0	19.9	12.4	14.2	2.8	40.0	15.6	7.6	6.8	5.2	25.0	4.8
Feb 12	105.5	48.4	22.6	19.3	12.4	14.4	2.8	39.7	15.5	7.6	6.6	5.2	25.2	4.8
Mar 11	105.2	48.4	22.2	19.3	12.5	14.5	2.8	40.0	15.7	7.6	6.6	5.2	25.3	4.9
Apr 8	103.7	47.5	22.1	18.8	12.5	14.8	2.8	39.3	15.1	7.6	6.5	5.2	25.7	4.9
May 13	102.9	47.3	22.0	18.4	12.4	14.8	2.8	39.1	15.2	7.5	6.4	5.1	25.6	4.9
Jun 10	102.1	47.1	21.9	18.0	12.2	14.8	2.9	38.7	15.1	7.5	6.3	5.0	25.3	4.8
Jul 8	100.7	45.9	22.2	17.7	12.0	14.8	2.9	38.1	14.7	7.4	6.2	5.0	25.7	4.8
Aug 12	99.9	46.2	21.5	17.5	11.8	14.7	2.9	37.8	14.9	7.2	6.1	4.8	25.4	4.8
Sep 9	100.0	46.5	21.5	17.4	11.6	14.6	3.0	38.0	15.2	7.2	6.1	4.8	25.0	4.7
Oct 14	99.6	46.7	21.2	17.2	11.5	14.6	3.0	38.0	15.3	7.3	6.0	4.7	24.7	4.7
Nov 11	99.3	46.7	21.1	17.1	11.4	14.5	3.0	38.0	15.4	7.2	6.0	4.7	24.7	4.7
Dec 9	98.7	46.6	20.9	17.1	11.1	14.3	3.0	37.6	15.2	7.3	5.9	4.5	24.5	4.7
2005 Jan 13	97.7	45.9	21.2	16.6	10.9	14.3	3.1	37.1	14.6	7.5	5.9	4.5	24.5	4.6
Feb 10	97.8	46.3	21.0	16.6	10.8	14.2	3.1							

F.2

CLAIMANT COUNT

Claimant count by age and duration: not seasonally adjusted

Thousands and per cent

UNITED KINGDOM	All ages							18-24																						
	All computerised claims		Up to 13 weeks	Over 13 weeks and up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	Over 12 and up to 24 months	Percent claiming over 12 months	All over 24 months	All computerised claims		Up to 13 weeks	Over 13 weeks and up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	Over 12 and up to 24 months	Percent claiming over 12 months	All over 24 months														
	All	GEYV		GEVX		GEYZ	GEZA		GEZC		GEZE		GEZG		GEZI		GEZK		GEZL		GEZN		GEZP							
2003 Aug 14	939.3	433.5	191.7	173.2	96.7	15.0	44.2	262.5	161.3	56.6	39.0	5.0	2.2	2.3	0.7	912.9	419.6	185.5	167.4	96.6	15.4	43.9	254.0	156.4	55.0	36.7	5.2	2.3	0.7	
Oct 9	884.0	403.0	181.9	160.0	95.7	15.7	43.3	239.3	144.4	55.9	33.3	5.0	2.4	2.5	0.8	875.6	405.8	179.3	152.3	95.4	15.8	42.8	231.8	139.9	55.7	30.5	4.9	2.5	0.8	
Nov 13	881.0	407.2	184.4	150.6	96.3	15.8	42.5	231.7	138.0	57.9	30.2	4.9	2.5	2.5	0.8															
Dec 11																														
2004 Jan 8	943.3	435.6	201.8	163.1	99.5	15.1	43.2	250.7	146.5	62.7	35.5	5.2	2.4	0.8		948.2	436.9	210.1	159.0	99.2	15.0	42.9	260.8	154.5	64.7	35.3	5.4	2.4	0.8	
Feb 12																	923.7	413.9	208.9	160.2	97.8	15.2	42.8	253.4	146.1	64.4	36.7	5.3	2.4	0.8
Mar 11																														
Apr 8	898.0	402.6	193.5	162.4	97.1	15.5	42.5	242.4	138.9	59.6	37.8	5.3	2.5	0.8		861.9	367.0	193.6	162.8	96.0	16.1	42.6	229.5	123.4	61.9	38.0	5.3	2.7	0.8	
May 13																	832.6	355.7	182.1	158.1	94.1	16.4	42.6	220.7	120.6	57.2	36.7	5.3	2.8	0.8
Jun 10																														
Jul 8	833.9	369.9	180.9	148.2	92.3	16.2	42.5	230.5	135.3	55.4	33.6	5.4	2.7	0.8		840.0	390.0	167.4	149.4	90.5	15.9	42.6	240.6	148.1	50.7	35.3	5.6	2.7	0.9	
Aug 9																	820.0	381.1	163.6	143.5	89.2	16.1	42.7	234.4	144.8	49.8	33.3	5.8	2.8	0.9
Oct 14	798.6	373.4	164.1	132.5	86.1	16.1	42.5	224.2	136.5	52.6	28.7	5.6	2.9	0.9		749.7	378.9	160.9	128.6	84.3	15.9	41.9	220.5	134.8	51.8	27.5	5.5	2.9	0.9	
Nov 11																	801.7	385.3	164.5	127.0	83.3	15.6	41.7	223.1	136.1	53.4	27.3	5.4	2.8	0.9
Dec 9																														
2005 Jan 13	863.8	412.1	186.9	137.7	84.7	14.7	42.4	243.1	143.7	60.3	32.4	5.7	2.7	1.0		877.0	420.8	194.2	136.4	83.6	14.3	42.0	253.7	152.0	62.4	32.6	5.8	2.7	1.0	
Feb 10																	874.6	412.3	199.4	139.0	82.3	14.2	41.6	254.7	149.3	64.6	34.1	5.7	2.6	1.0
Mar 10																														
Apr 14	864.5	403.1	191.8	147.3	81.0	14.1	41.2	249.9	143.5	62.3	37.6	5.6	2.6	0.9		859.9	390.4	197.6	150.3	80.7	14.1	40.9	245.7	134.7	65.9	38.4	5.8	2.7	0.9	
May 12																	850.9	381.4	195.4	152.8	80.4	14.3	40.9	243.1	132.3	64.9	39.1	5.9	2.8	0.9
Jun 9																														
Jul 14	864.2	398.3	193.1	151.6	80.7	14.0	40.6	256.5	148.3	62.8	38.2	6.3	2.8	0.9		874.2	406.0	189.5	157.4	81.0	13.9	40.4	264.4	155.8	60.1	41.0	6.6	2.8	1.0	
Aug 11																														
Male	GEZG		GEZI		GEZK		GEZL		GEZN		GEZP																			
2003 Aug 14	690.3	301.9	141.6	132.8	77.9	16.5	36.1	176.6	106.1	39.4	27.3	3.4	2.2	0.4		672.8	293.6	137.0	128.6	77.7	16.9	35.8	171.2	103.4	38.2	25.6	3.5	2.3	0.4	
Oct 9	655.3	286.3	133.5	123.1	77.0	17.1	35.3	162.4	97.1	38.1	23.2	3.4	2.4	0.5		653.8	293.1	131.5	117.5	76.7	17.1	34.9	159.0	95.9	38.0	21.3	3.3	2.4	0.5	
Nov 13																	663.2	300.1	134.6	116.3	77.4	16.9	34.7	161.4	97.0	39.2	21.3	3.3	2.4	0.5
Dec 11																														
2004 Jan 8	710.0	321.0	148.4	125.3	80.0	16.2	35.3	175.1	103.4	42.9	24.8	3.5	2.3	0.5		710.5	318.2	155.7	122.0	79.6	16.1	35.0	181.5	107.9	44.9	24.5	3.7	2.3	0.5	
Feb 12																	691.5	299.1	156.8	122.3	78.4	16.4	34.9	176.2	101.1	45.5	25.3	3.7	2.4	0.5
Mar 11																														
Apr 8	670.7	290.1	144.8	123.6	77.6	16.7	34.6	168.1	96.1	42.0	25.9	3.6	2.5	0.5		644.3	265.5	143.4	124.0	76.7	17.3	34.7	159.3	85.8	43.2	26.2	3.6	2.6	0.5	
May 13																	620.2	255.7	133.8	120.8	75.2	17.7	34.6	151.8	82.9	39.5	25.3	3.6	2.7	0.5
Jun 10																														
Jul 8	614.9	261.3	132.5	113.2	73.4	17.6	34.5	155.8	90.6	38.1	23.1	3.6	2.6	0.5		612.7	270.2	122.6	113.6	71.8	17.4	34.6	160.7	97.3	34.8	24.3	3.7	2.6	0.6	
Aug 9																	599.4	265.4	119.6	109.2	70.7	17.5	34.5	156.9	95.6	34.0	23.0	3.8	2.8	0.6
Oct 14	587.6	264.3	119.6	101.0	68.2	17.5	34.4	151.5	92.0	35.5	19.7	3.7	2.8	0.6		588.2	271.9	117.3	98.3	66.8	17.1	33.9	150.7	92.5	34.9	19.0	3.7	2.8	0.6	
Nov 11																	598.4	282.0	119.5	97.0	66.1	16.7	33.8	155.2	95.9	36.1	18.9	3.7	2.8	0.6
Dec 9																														
2005 Jan 13	644.2	301.9	136.3	104.6	67.2	15.8	34.3	169.0	100.9	41.3	22.3	3.9	2.7	0.6		652.1	305.8	142.7	103.4	66.3	15.4	34.0	176.0	106.0	43.2	22.3	3.9	2.6	0.6	
Feb 10																	650.7	298.6	148.3	104.9	65.2	15.2	33.6	177.1	103.7	45.6	23.3	3.9	2.5	0.6
Mar 10																														
Apr 14	642.1	291.1	142.6	110.9	64.1	15.2	33.3	173.8	99.9	43.8	25.7	3.9	2.5	0.6		640.4	283.6	146.3	113.6	63.8	15.1	33.1	171.1	94.0	46.2	26.4	4.0	2.7	0.6	
May 12																	632.4	275.7	144.0	116.1	63.7	15.3	33.0	168.8	91.7	45.2	27.3	4.1	2.7	0.5
Jun 9																														
Jul 14	634.9	281.6	141.6	115.3	63.7	15.2	32.8	174.4	99.3	43.5	26.7	4.3	2.8	0.6		637.1	282.1	139.3	119.4	63.7	15.1	32.6	177.8	102.5	41.6	28.6	4.5	2.9	0.6	
Aug 11																														
Female	GEZR		GEZT		GEZV		GEZW		GEZY	</td																				

CLAIMANT COUNT
Claimant count by age and duration: not seasonally adjusted

F.2

Thousands and per cent

UNITED KINGDOM	25-49							50 and over								
	All computerised claims		Up to 13 weeks	Over 13 weeks and up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	Over 12 and up to 24 months	Percent claiming over 12 months	All over 24 months	All computerised claims		Up to 13 weeks	Over 13 weeks and up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	Over 12 and up to 24 months	Percent claiming over 12 months	All over 24 months
	GEZF	IACM						IACS	IACY						IACB	IADH
All	GEZF	IACM						IACS	IACY						IACB	IADH
2003 Aug 14	510.5	211.2	105.2	106.2	69.3	17.2	18.7	154.1	52.6	27.3	27.0	22.3	30.6	24.8		
Sep 11	496.8	204.1	102.0	103.3	69.2	17.6	18.3	150.7	51.0	26.2	26.4	22.2	31.2	24.8		
Oct 9	494.5	199.2	99.2	99.9	68.5	17.8	17.7	148.9	51.0	25.0	26.0	22.1	31.5	24.8		
Nov 13	482.3	203.3	97.2	96.2	68.3	17.7	17.2	150.5	54.0	24.8	24.8	22.1	31.2	24.8		
Dec 11	486.9	206.6	99.2	95.1	69.2	17.7	16.8	151.3	54.5	25.3	24.4	22.2	31.1	24.9		
2004 Jan 8	519.1	221.2	108.3	100.8	71.4	17.1	17.3	162.2	59.7	28.5	26.0	22.8	29.6	25.2		
Feb 12	513.7	215.9	112.2	97.7	71.0	17.1	17.0	159.3	55.3	30.8	25.4	22.6	30.0	25.1		
Mar 11	500.1	204.1	111.8	97.3	70.0	17.4	16.9	155.8	52.4	30.6	25.4	22.4	30.5	25.1		
Apr 8	488.5	201.0	103.7	98.0	69.3	17.6	16.6	153.4	52.0	28.1	25.8	22.4	31.0	25.1		
May 13	471.6	186.0	102.2	98.0	68.6	18.1	16.8	147.9	48.4	26.6	25.9	21.9	31.8	25.1		
Jun 10	456.9	180.1	96.8	95.7	67.3	18.4	16.9	143.0	46.6	25.2	25.0	21.4	32.4	24.9		
Jul 8	451.1	180.5	97.5	90.2	66.0	18.4	16.9	140.8	46.0	25.4	23.7	20.8	32.4	24.8		
Aug 12	448.7	186.5	90.7	89.7	64.6	18.2	17.1	139.5	47.6	23.7	23.2	20.3	32.2	24.6		
Sep 9	438.5	182.4	88.7	86.6	63.5	18.4	17.3	136.7	46.7	23.1	22.5	19.9	32.4	24.5		
Oct 14	428.4	181.3	87.2	81.5	61.0	18.3	17.4	135.2	47.5	22.5	21.5	19.4	32.3	24.3		
Nov 11	427.5	186.0	85.3	79.3	59.8	18.0	17.1	135.9	49.8	22.3	20.9	19.0	31.6	23.9		
Dec 9	431.7	190.3	86.9	78.3	59.1	17.6	17.1	136.1	50.6	22.6	20.5	18.6	31.1	23.7		
2005 Jan 13	464.1	205.8	97.9	82.8	60.1	16.8	17.6	145.2	54.6	26.4	21.7	18.8	29.3	23.8		
Feb 10	465.5	205.9	101.5	81.4	59.1	16.5	17.6	144.1	52.5	27.9	21.6	18.6	29.2	23.5		
Mar 10	463.2	201.2	104.1	82.2	58.2	16.3	17.4	142.6	50.8	28.3	22.0	18.3	29.1	23.2		
Apr 14	458.8	198.2	100.6	85.7	57.1	16.2	17.3	141.9	50.9	26.6	23.1	18.2	29.1	23.1		
May 12	458.7	195.0	102.5	87.5	56.7	16.1	17.1	141.9	51.1	26.2	23.6	18.1	28.9	22.9		
Jun 9	454.5	190.4	101.5	89.0	56.4	16.2	17.2	140.5	49.9	25.9	23.9	18.0	29.0	22.8		
Jul 14	455.7	192.7	101.1	88.6	56.3	16.1	17.1	140.0	49.2	26.3	23.8	18.1	29.0	22.6		
Aug 11	457.8	193.3	100.1	91.1	56.3	16.0	17.0	140.4	49.2	26.7	24.1	18.0	28.8	22.4		
Male	IACI	IACN						IACT	IACW						IADC	IADI
2003 Aug 14	394.6	155.3	81.2	85.0	57.3	18.5	15.7	112.6	35.9	19.5	19.9	17.2	33.1	20.0		
Sep 11	385.1	150.9	78.9	82.9	57.1	18.8	15.4	110.3	35.0	18.7	19.6	17.0	33.6	20.0		
Oct 9	377.2	149.1	76.6	80.2	56.6	18.9	14.8	109.7	35.7	17.8	19.2	17.0	33.7	20.0		
Nov 13	377.7	154.4	75.2	77.3	56.3	18.7	14.4	111.3	38.2	17.6	18.4	17.0	33.3	20.0		
Dec 11	383.8	159.8	76.4	76.5	57.0	18.5	14.1	112.2	38.9	18.0	18.1	17.1	33.1	20.1		
2004 Jan 8	408.7	170.5	83.9	80.9	58.9	17.9	14.4	120.2	42.7	20.5	19.1	17.5	31.5	20.3		
Feb 12	403.6	165.1	87.4	78.4	58.5	18.0	14.2	117.7	39.2	22.2	18.7	17.4	32.0	20.3		
Mar 11	392.7	155.1	88.1	77.8	57.6	18.2	14.1	115.0	36.8	22.1	18.7	17.1	32.5	20.3		
Apr 8	382.5	152.1	81.5	78.3	56.8	18.5	13.8	112.8	36.2	20.3	19.0	17.2	33.1	20.2		
May 13	369.1	140.8	79.8	78.4	56.2	19.0	14.0	109.0	34.0	19.0	19.0	16.8	34.0	20.2		
Jun 10	356.9	135.9	75.0	76.8	55.1	19.4	14.0	105.3	32.6	17.9	18.4	16.4	34.6	20.1		
Jul 8	350.0	134.8	75.1	72.2	53.8	19.4	14.0	103.1	31.8	17.9	17.5	15.9	34.8	20.0		
Aug 12	345.2	136.8	69.9	71.7	52.6	19.4	14.2	101.0	32.1	16.7	17.0	15.4	34.9	19.8		
Sep 9	338.0	134.5	68.3	69.2	51.7	19.5	14.3	99.1	31.5	16.3	16.5	15.1	35.1	19.7		
Oct 14	332.0	135.5	67.3	65.1	49.7	19.3	14.3	98.6	32.7	15.9	15.7	14.8	34.8	19.5		
Nov 11	332.7	140.6	65.8	63.5	48.7	18.9	14.2	99.2	34.5	15.7	15.3	14.4	33.9	19.2		
Dec 9	338.0	146.3	66.7	62.7	48.2	18.4	14.1	99.5	35.4	15.9	15.0	14.1	33.4	19.1		
2005 Jan 13	363.2	158.2	75.3	66.1	49.0	17.5	14.6	106.0	38.5	18.4	15.8	14.2	31.5	19.1		
Feb 10	363.8	157.4	78.7	65.0	48.2	17.2	14.5	105.1	36.9	19.6	15.6	14.0	31.4	18.9		
Mar 10	362.1	153.5	81.5	65.3	47.5	17.1	14.4	104.0	35.5	20.1	15.9	13.8	31.3	18.7		
Apr 14	358.0	150.6	78.7	68.1	46.4	16.9	14.2	103.0	35.1	19.0	16.6	13.7	31.3	18.5		
May 12	358.5	148.7	79.9	69.6	46.1	16.8	14.1	103.5	35.8	18.6	17.1	13.6	31.0	18.4		
Jun 9	354.6	144.5	78.9	71.1	46.0	17.0	14.2	102.1	34.7	18.2	17.3	13.6	31.2	18.3		
Jul 14	353.0	144.2	78.2	70.8	45.7	16.9	14.1	101.1	33.8	18.4	17.2	13.6	31.3	18.1		
Aug 11	352.5	142.4	77.5	72.8	45.7	17.0	14.0	100.6	33.1	18.8	17.4	13.5	31.2	17.9		
Female	IACJ	IACO						IACTU	IACX						IADD	IADJ
2003 Aug 14	115.9	55.8	24.0	21.1	12.0	12.9	3.0	41.5	16.7	7.8	7.1	5.1	23.9	4.8		
Sep 11	111.7	53.2	23.1	20.4	12.1	13.5	3.0	40.3	16.0	7.5	6.9	5.1	24.6	4.8		
Oct 9	107.3	50.1	22.6	19.8	11.9	13.8	2.9	39.2	15.3	7.2	6.7	5.1	25.3	4.8		
Nov 13	104.6	48.9	22.0	18.9	12.0	14.1	2.8	39.2	15.8	7.2	6.3	5.1	25.2	4.8		
Dec 11	103.1	46.8	22.8	18.6	12.2	14.4	2.7	39.2	15.6	7.3	6.3	5.1	25.3	4.8		
2004 Jan 8	110.4	50.7	24.4	19.9	12.6	14.0	2.8	42.0	17.1	8.0	6.8	5.3	24.0	4.8		
Feb 12	110.2	50.8	24.8	19.3	12.5	13.9	2.8	41.6	16.1	8.7	6.7	5.3	24.3	4.8		
Mar 11	107.4	49.0	23.7	19.5	12.4	14.2	2.8	40.8	15.6	8.5	6.7	5.2	24.6	4.8		
Apr 8	106.0	48.9	22.2	19.7	12.5	14.4	2.8	40.6	15.8	7.9	6.8	5.2	24.9	4.9		
May 13	102.5	45.2	22.5	19.6	12.4	14.9	2.8	38.8	14.4	7.6	6.9	5.1	25.6	4.9		
Jun 10	100.0	44.2	21.8	19.0	12.2	15.1	2.8	37.7	14.0	7.3	6.6	5.0	26.1	4.8		
Jul 8	101.0	45.7	22.3	18.0	12.1	14.9	2.9	37.7	14.3	7.5	6.2	4.9	25.8	4.8		
Aug 12	103.5	49.6	20.8	18.0	12.0	14.5	3.0	38.5	15.6	7.0	6.2	4.9	25.2	4.8		
Sep 9	100.5	47.9	20.4	17.4	11.8	14.8	3.0	37.5	15.2	6.8	6.0	4.8	25.4	4.8		
Oct 14	96.4	45.8	19.9	16												

F.3**CLAIMANT COUNT**
Claimant count by age and duration: Government Office Regions

At August 11 2005

Duration of claims in weeks	Male				Female				Male				Female			
	18-24	25-49	50 and over	All ages ^a	18-24	25-49	50 and over	All ages ^a	18-24	25-49	50 and over	All ages ^a	18-24	25-49	50 and over	All ages ^a
NORTH EAST																
13 or less	6,433	7,347	1,930	15,933	2,922	2,315	736	6,149	5,204	7,761	2,111	15,296	2,625	3,069	1,150	7,049
Over 13 and up to 26	2,594	3,917	965	7,544	967	993	390	2,408	1,689	3,579	1,037	6,389	768	1,150	472	2,464
26 and up to 52	1,770	3,803	1,004	6,594	641	797	307	1,761	997	2,845	929	4,830	430	702	357	1,525
52 and up to 104	216	2,197	689	3,103	75	402	168	645	145	1,398	555	2,101	71	316	194	581
Over 104	19	509	1,048	1,576	6	78	165	249	26	379	670	1,076	20	95	176	291
Percent claiming over 52 weeks	2.1	15.2	30.8	13.5	1.8	10.5	18.9	8.0	2.1	11.1	23.1	10.7	2.3	7.7	15.8	7.3
All	11,032	17,773	5,636	34,750	4,611	4,585	1,766	11,212	8,061	15,962	5,302	29,692	3,914	5,332	2,349	11,910
SOUTH WEST																
NORTH WEST																
ENGLAND																
13 or less	13,941	17,912	3,927	36,284	6,673	5,841	1,903	14,838	81,095	116,084	27,325	227,441	42,259	41,326	13,414	99,591
Over 13 and up to 26	5,404	8,989	2,056	16,613	2,353	2,266	771	5,510	33,930	64,846	15,902	115,743	15,458	19,333	6,723	42,465
26 and up to 52	3,645	8,534	1,865	14,096	1,486	1,812	590	3,971	23,395	60,397	14,451	98,728	10,460	15,594	5,639	32,172
52 and up to 104	475	5,051	1,397	6,925	215	995	378	1,589	3,737	36,941	10,642	51,338	1,794	8,913	3,696	14,423
Over 104	70	1,647	1,800	3,517	31	258	353	642	531	11,668	13,435	25,638	310	2,596	3,493	6,403
Percent claiming over 52 weeks	2.3	15.9	28.9	13.5	2.3	11.2	18.3	8.4	3.0	16.8	29.5	14.8	3.0	13.1	21.8	10.7
All	23,535	42,133	11,045	77,435	10,758	11,172	3,995	26,550	142,688	289,936	81,755	518,888	70,281	87,762	32,965	195,054
YORKSHIRE AND THE HUMBER																
WALES																
13 or less	9,850	13,803	3,175	27,232	4,821	4,485	1,423	11,086	6,270	7,386	1,733	15,540	3,026	2,423	809	6,410
Over 13 and up to 26	3,881	7,021	1,577	12,597	1,684	1,921	613	4,322	2,219	3,308	727	6,288	830	778	278	1,915
26 and up to 52	2,491	6,323	1,488	10,348	1,046	1,474	472	3,055	1,503	2,944	664	5,123	507	576	251	1,348
52 and up to 104	301	3,286	1,044	4,632	125	685	331	1,144	242	1,783	585	2,610	84	341	179	604
Over 104	40	522	1,448	2,010	26	152	347	525	20	727	789	1,536	15	148	166	329
Percent claiming over 52 weeks	2.1	12.3	28.5	11.7	2.0	9.6	21.3	8.3	2.6	15.5	30.5	13.3	2.2	11.5	20.5	8.8
All	16,563	30,955	8,732	56,819	7,702	8,717	3,186	20,132	10,254	16,148	4,498	31,097	4,462	4,266	1,683	10,606
EAST MIDLANDS																
SCOTLAND																
13 or less	6,011	8,371	2,251	16,880	3,145	3,144	1,214	7,732	11,291	15,156	3,326	30,726	5,510	5,206	1,512	12,997
Over 13 and up to 26	2,643	4,841	1,323	8,874	1,234	1,614	613	3,528	3,959	7,118	1,695	13,085	1,599	1,958	734	4,554
26 and up to 52	1,898	4,721	1,168	7,824	853	1,268	540	2,689	2,560	6,968	1,729	11,385	990	1,624	628	3,357
52 and up to 104	271	2,716	828	3,820	146	689	334	1,169	318	4,781	1,659	6,776	124	963	488	1,580
Over 104	48	821	1,117	1,986	31	170	321	522	36	1,202	2,296	3,534	27	187	459	673
Percent claiming over 52 weeks	2.9	16.5	29.1	14.7	3.3	12.5	21.7	10.8	1.9	17.0	36.9	15.7	1.8	11.6	24.8	9.7
All	10,871	21,470	6,687	39,384	5,409	6,885	3,022	15,640	18,164	35,225	10,705	65,506	8,250	9,938	3,821	23,161
WEST MIDLANDS																
GREAT BRITAIN																
13 or less	11,098	14,824	3,674	29,926	5,704	4,842	1,569	12,378	98,656	138,626	32,384	273,707	50,795	48,955	15,735	118,998
Over 13 and up to 26	5,079	9,676	2,573	17,476	2,159	2,469	877	5,619	40,108	75,272	18,324	135,116	17,887	22,069	7,735	48,934
26 and up to 52	3,350	8,232	1,895	13,536	1,504	1,879	700	4,119	27,458	70,309	16,844	115,236	11,957	17,794	6,518	36,877
52 and up to 104	611	5,488	1,440	7,540	295	1,173	468	1,939	4,297	43,505	12,886	60,724	2,002	10,217	4,363	16,607
Over 104	83	2,341	1,938	4,363	43	452	431	926	587	13,597	16,520	30,708	352	2,931	4,118	7,405
Percent claiming over 52 weeks	3.4	19.3	29.3	16.3	3.5	15.0	22.2	11.5	2.9	16.7	30.3	14.9	2.8	12.9	22.0	10.5
All	20,221	40,561	11,520	72,841	9,705	10,815	4,045	24,981	171,106	341,309	96,958	615,491	82,993	101,966	38,469	228,821
EAST																
NORTHERN IRELAND																
13 or less	6,273	9,586	2,557	18,669	3,529	3,643	1,467	8,904	3,846	3,821	697	8,418	2,513	1,855	433	4,842
Over 13 and up to 26	2,498	5,216	1,494	9,314	1,190	1,679	701	3,677	1,510	2,178	439	4,145	559	576	166	1,310
26 and up to 52	1,802	4,810	1,343	8,000	799	1,185	621	2,660	1,117	2,526	547	4,195	428	500	179	1,109
52 and up to 104	298	2,625	869	3,794	144	615	351	1,114	193	2,238	575	3,006	68	352	221	642
Over 104	36	584	1,032	1,653	20	151	322	494	9	425	1,426	1,860	9	61	321	391
Percent claiming over 52 weeks	3.1	14.1	26.1	13.1	2.9	10.5	19.4	9.5	3.0	23.8	54.3	22.5	2.2	12.4	41.1	12.5
All	10,907	22,821	7,295	41,430	5,682	7,273	3,462	16,849	6,675	11,188	3,684	21,624	3,577	3,344	1,320	8,294
LONDON																
UNITED KINGDOM																
13 or less	14,867	24,210	4,097	43,589	8,975	9,574	2,396	21,314	102,502	142,447	33,081	282,125	53,308	50,810	16,168	123,840
Over 13 and up to 26	7,184	15,212	2,863	25,466	3,724	5,282	1,456	10,649	41,618	77,450	18,763	139,261	18,446	22,645	7,901	50,244
26 and up to 52	5,561	15,460	2,883	24,000	2,886	5,010	1,380	9,383	28,575	72,835	17,391	119,431	12,385	18,294	6,697	37,986
52 and up to 104	1,095	11,016	2,659	14,771	554	3,245	1,060	4,863	4,490	45,743	13,461	63,730	2,070	10,569	4,584	17,249
Over 104	143	3,984	3,227	7,354	80	983	1,086	2,149	596	14,022	17,946	32,568	361	2,992	4,439	7,796
Percent claiming over 52 weeks	4.3	21.5	37.4	19.2	3.9	17.5										

CLAIMANT COUNT
Claimant count by sought and usual occupation

F.4

At August 11 2005

UNITED KINGDOM Not seasonally adjusted	SOC 2000 Sub-major groups	Sought Occupations						Usual Occupations						
		Male		Female		All		Male		Female		All		
		(000s)	(%)	(000s)	(%)	(000s)	(%)	(000s)	(%)	(000s)	(%)	(000s)	(%)	
Corporate managers	11	23.0	3.6	7.5	3.2	30.5	3.5	22.9	3.6	7.5	3.2	30.4	3.5	
Managers and proprietors in agriculture and services	12	5.9	0.9	2.2	0.9	8.1	0.9	6.0	0.9	2.3	1.0	8.3	0.9	
Science and technology professionals	21	13.9	2.2	1.4	0.6	15.2	1.7	13.1	2.1	1.3	0.5	14.4	1.7	
Health professionals	22	0.4	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.8	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.7	0.1	
Teaching and research professionals	23	6.9	1.1	6.9	2.9	13.8	1.6	6.6	1.0	6.5	2.8	13.1	1.5	
Business and public service professionals	24	4.3	0.7	2.3	1.0	6.7	0.8	4.1	0.6	2.2	0.9	6.4	0.7	
Science and technology associate professionals	31	11.5	1.8	1.2	0.5	12.7	1.4	11.1	1.7	1.2	0.5	12.3	1.4	
Health and social welfare associate professionals	32	3.5	0.5	3.2	1.4	6.7	0.8	3.3	0.5	3.1	1.3	6.4	0.7	
Protective service occupations	33	0.8	0.1	0.2	0.1	1.0	0.1	0.8	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.9	0.1	
Culture media and sports occupations	34	18.0	2.8	6.3	2.7	24.3	2.8	16.7	2.6	5.7	2.4	22.5	2.6	
Business and public service associate professionals	35	10.3	1.6	4.0	1.7	14.2	1.6	10.1	1.6	4.0	1.7	14.1	1.6	
Administrative occupations	41	43.1	6.8	41.8	17.6	84.9	9.7	42.3	6.6	40.4	17.0	82.6	9.5	
Secretarial and related occupations	42	0.8	0.1	9.2	3.9	10.0	1.1	1.0	0.1	9.8	4.1	10.8	1.2	
Skilled agricultural trades	51	13.5	2.1	0.8	0.3	14.3	1.6	13.1	2.0	0.7	0.3	13.8	1.6	
Skilled metal and electrical trades	52	30.1	4.7	0.4	0.2	30.6	3.5	28.1	4.4	0.4	0.2	28.6	3.3	
Skilled construction and building trades	53	39.0	6.1	0.4	0.2	39.4	4.5	36.0	5.7	0.4	0.2	36.4	4.2	
Textiles, printing and other skilled trades	54	13.2	2.1	2.2	0.9	15.4	1.8	12.2	1.9	2.1	0.9	14.3	1.6	
Caring personal service occupations	61	6.8	1.1	26.8	11.3	33.6	3.8	6.4	1.0	25.2	10.6	31.5	3.6	
Leisure and other personal service occupations	62	5.5	0.9	6.6	2.8	12.1	1.4	5.4	0.8	6.2	2.6	11.6	1.3	
Sales occupations	71	54.2	8.5	54.2	22.8	108.4	12.4	54.2	8.5	53.2	22.5	107.4	12.3	
Customer service occupations	72	7.7	1.2	5.3	2.2	13.1	1.5	8.4	1.3	5.9	2.5	14.3	1.6	
Process, plant and machine operatives	81	32.3	5.1	6.0	2.5	38.2	4.4	32.9	5.2	6.3	2.6	39.1	4.5	
Transport and mobile machine drivers and operatives	82	48.6	7.6	1.6	0.7	50.1	5.7	45.1	7.1	1.5	0.6	46.5	5.3	
Elementary trades, plant and storage related occupations	91	192.3	30.2	19.3	8.1	211.5	24.2	203.8	32.0	22.4	9.5	226.2	25.9	
Elementary administration and service occupations	92	49.3	7.7	25.6	10.8	74.9	8.6	51.1	8.0	26.7	11.3	77.8	8.9	
Unknown occupations			2.1	0.3	1.5	0.6	3.7	0.4	2.1	0.3	1.5	0.6	3.7	0.4
Total		637.1	100.0	237.1	100.0	874.2	100.0	637.1	100.0	237.1	100.0	874.2	100.0	

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 02075336094

Note: Only computerised claims are analysed by occupation. These figures differ in total from those given in tables F1, F12 and F13. The latter include clerically processed claims which currently amount to around 1 per cent of the total claimant count.

F.12**CLAIMANT COUNT**
Claimant count area statistics: counties, unitary and local authorities

At August 11 2005

	Male	Female	All	Percentage of working-age population ^a		Male	Female	All	Percentage of working-age population ^a
UNITED KINGDOM	641,603	239,124	880,727	2.4	YORKSHIRE AND THE HUMBER	57,235	20,295	77,530	2.5
NORTH EAST	34,978	11,298	46,276	3.0	East Riding of Yorkshire UA	2,497	1,077	3,574	1.9
Darlington UA	1,274	380	1,654	2.8	Kingston upon Hull, City of UA	6,279	1,958	8,237	5.3
Hartlepool UA	1,629	461	2,090	3.9	North East Lincolnshire UA	2,737	1,043	3,780	4.1
Middlesbrough UA	2,947	839	3,786	4.5	North Lincolnshire UA	1,552	624	2,176	2.3
Redcar and Cleveland UA	2,251	702	2,953	3.4	York UA	1,230	476	1,706	1.5
Stockton-on-Tees UA	2,466	857	3,323	2.9	North Yorkshire	3,023	1,262	4,285	1.2
County Durham	4,874	1,816	6,690	2.2	Craven	182	80	262	0.9
Chester-le-Street	434	164	598	1.8	Hambleton	341	168	509	1.0
Derwentside	865	307	1,172	2.3	Harrogate	598	274	872	0.9
Durham	727	282	1,009	1.7	Richmondshire	205	98	303	1.0
Easington	943	309	1,252	2.3	Ryedale	219	99	318	1.1
Sedgefield	986	406	1,392	2.6	Scarborough	1,001	319	1,320	2.2
Teesdale	130	47	177	1.2	Selby	477	224	701	1.5
Wear Valley	789	301	1,090	3.0	South Yorkshire (Met County)	14,834	5,093	19,927	2.5
Northumberland	3,129	1,218	4,347	2.3	Barnsley	2,114	798	2,912	2.2
Alnwick	269	107	376	2.0	Doncaster	3,915	1,388	5,303	3.0
Berwick-upon-Tweed	177	75	252	1.7	Rotherham	2,761	1,001	3,762	2.5
Blyth Valley	1,018	369	1,387	2.7	Sheffield	6,044	1,906	7,950	2.5
Castle Morpeth	390	159	549	1.9	West Yorkshire (Met County)	25,083	8,762	33,845	2.6
Tynedale	342	186	528	1.5	Bradford	6,653	2,226	8,879	3.1
Wansbeck	933	322	1,255	3.3	Calderdale	1,914	724	2,638	2.2
Tyne and Wear (Met County)	16,408	5,025	21,433	3.2	Kirklees	3,792	1,425	5,217	2.2
Gateshead	2,574	808	3,382	2.9	Leeds	9,369	3,122	12,491	2.8
Newcastle upon Tyne	4,115	1,149	5,264	3.1	Wakefield	3,355	1,265	4,620	2.3
North Tyneside	2,487	766	3,253	2.8	EAST MIDLANDS	39,500	15,694	55,194	2.1
South Tyneside	3,078	1,008	4,086	4.5	Derby UA	3,150	1,079	4,229	3.0
Sunderland	4,154	1,294	5,448	3.1	Leicester UA	6,371	2,496	8,867	4.9
NORTH WEST	77,844	26,727	104,571	2.5	Nottingham UA	5,129	1,650	6,779	3.8
Blackburn with Darwen UA	1,869	570	2,439	2.9	Rutland UA	98	33	131	0.6
Blackpool UA	1,870	544	2,414	2.9	Derbyshire	5,871	2,426	8,297	1.8
Halton UA	1,701	583	2,284	3.1	Amber Valley	791	349	1,140	1.6
Warrington UA	1,353	449	1,802	1.5	Bolsover	824	323	1,147	2.6
Cheshire	4,162	1,669	5,831	1.4	Chesterfield	1,276	477	1,753	2.9
Chester	743	313	1,056	1.4	Derbyshire Dales	274	99	373	0.9
Congleton	479	197	676	1.2	Erewash	939	390	1,329	2.0
Crewe and Nantwich	783	277	1,060	1.6	High Peak	526	239	765	1.4
Ellesmere Port and Neston	659	236	895	1.8	North East Derbyshire	818	351	1,169	2.0
Macclesfield	639	277	916	1.0	South Derbyshire	423	198	621	1.2
Vale Royal	859	369	1,228	1.6	Leicestershire	3,368	1,554	4,922	1.3
Cumbria	4,215	1,416	5,631	1.9	Blaby	449	218	667	1.2
Allerdale	904	315	1,219	2.2	Charnwood	1,025	457	1,482	1.5
Barrow-in-Furness	949	239	1,188	2.8	Harborough	263	135	398	0.8
Carlisle	988	358	1,346	2.2	Hinckley and Bosworth	574	278	852	1.4
Copeland	912	312	1,224	2.9	Melton	230	104	334	1.1
Eden	127	57	184	0.6	North West Leicestershire	408	185	593	1.1
South Lakeland	335	135	470	0.8	Oadby and Wigston	419	177	596	1.8
Greater Manchester (Met County)	29,856	10,149	40,005	2.5	Lincolnshire	4,733	2,016	6,749	1.7
Bolton	3,152	1,183	4,335	2.7	Boston	432	151	583	1.7
Bury	1,469	555	2,024	1.8	East Lindsey	907	339	1,246	1.6
Manchester	8,308	2,582	10,890	3.8	Lincoln	1,128	377	1,505	2.8
Oldham	2,588	881	3,469	2.6	North Kesteven	456	201	657	1.1
Rochdale	2,640	882	3,522	2.8	South Holland	416	251	667	1.5
Salford	2,721	869	3,590	2.7	South Kesteven	717	369	1,086	1.4
Stockport	1,919	644	2,563	1.5	West Lindsey	677	328	1,005	2.1
Tameside	2,189	764	2,953	2.2	Northamptonshire	5,135	2,124	7,259	1.8
Trafford	1,554	549	2,103	1.6	Corby	653	288	941	2.9
Wigan	3,316	1,240	4,556	2.4	Daventry	370	197	567	1.2
Lancashire	9,470	3,476	12,946	1.9	East Northamptonshire	457	212	669	1.4
Burnley	979	361	1,340	2.5	Kettering	644	255	899	1.7
Chorley	659	235	894	1.4	Northampton	2,074	752	2,826	2.3
Fylde	339	124	463	1.1	South Northamptonshire	263	116	379	0.7
Hyndburn	770	273	1,043	2.1	Wellingborough	674	304	978	2.2
Lancaster	1,215	474	1,689	2.0	Nottinghamshire	5,645	2,316	7,961	1.7
Pendle	803	312	1,115	2.1	Ashfield	1,007	382	1,389	2.0
Preston	1,734	527	2,261	2.7	Bassetlaw	899	389	1,288	1.9
Ribble Valley	158	71	229	0.7	Brootwone	709	327	1,036	1.5
Rossendale	522	181	703	1.7	Gedling	769	317	1,086	1.6
South Ribble	583	255	838	1.3	Mansfield	1,052	421	1,473	2.5
West Lancashire	1,149	460	1,609	2.4	Newark and Sherwood	778	294	1,072	1.6
Wyre	559	203	762	1.3	Rushcliffe	431	186	617	0.9
Merseyside (Met County)	23,348	7,871	31,219	3.8	WEST MIDLANDS	73,227	25,154	98,381	3.0
Knowsley	2,649	858	3,507	3.9	Herefordshire, County of UA	1,108	439	1,547	1.5
Liverpool	11,093	3,696	14,789	5.3	Stoke-on-Trent UA	3,344	1,109	4,453	3.0
Saint Helens	2,078	820	2,898	2.7	Telford and Wrekin UA	1,480	616	2,096	2.1
Sefton	3,153	1,045	4,198	2.6					
Wirral	4,375	1,452	5,827	3.2					

a Percentages of working age population of the area. Denominators for counties, unitary authorities and local authority districts relate to mid-2003. These proportions are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables F.1 and A.3. For further details see p55, Labour Market Trends, February 2003.

CLAIMANT COUNT
Claimant count area statistics: counties, unitary and local authorities

F.12
At August 11 2005

	Male	Female	All	Percentage of working-age population ^a		Male	Female	All	Percentage of working-age population ^a
Shropshire	1,532	622	2,154	1.3	Suffolk	4,983	1,848	6,831	1.7
Bridgnorth	202	105	307	0.9	Babergh	386	152	538	1.1
North Shropshire	297	133	430	1.2	Forest Heath	218	113	331	0.9
Oswestry	281	120	401	1.8	Ipswich	1,609	481	2,090	2.9
Shrewsbury and Atcham	582	197	779	1.4	Mid Suffolk	342	166	508	1.0
South Shropshire	170	67	237	1.0	St Edmundsbury	481	247	728	1.2
Staffordshire	5,884	2,329	8,213	1.6	Suffolk Coastal	435	158	593	0.9
Cannock Chase	852	386	1,238	2.1	Waveney	1,512	531	2,043	3.2
East Staffordshire	686	312	998	1.6	LONDON	116,483	49,107	165,590	3.4
Lichfield	616	202	818	1.4	Greater London	116,483	49,107	165,590	3.4
Newcastle-under-Lyme	844	328	1,172	1.5	Barking and Dagenham	2,751	1,176	3,927	3.9
South Staffordshire	796	295	1,091	1.7	Barnet	3,534	1,616	5,150	2.5
Stafford	888	325	1,213	1.6	Bexley	1,920	935	2,855	2.1
Staffordshire Moorlands	413	172	585	1.0	Brent	5,467	2,136	7,603	4.2
Tamworth	789	309	1,098	2.3	Bromley	2,848	1,322	4,170	2.3
Warwickshire	3,486	1,432	4,918	1.5	Camden	3,853	1,522	5,375	3.5
North Warwickshire	383	196	579	1.5	City of London	71	17	88	1.4
Nuneaton and Bedworth	1,112	469	1,581	2.1	Croydon	4,310	1,983	6,293	2.9
Rugby	631	260	891	1.6	Ealing	4,195	1,767	5,962	2.9
Stratford-on-Avon	513	210	723	1.0	Enfield	4,363	1,808	6,171	3.5
Warwick	847	297	1,144	1.3	Greenwich	4,236	1,796	6,032	4.1
West Midlands (Met County)	51,627	16,872	68,499	4.4	Hackney	5,719	2,287	8,006	5.8
Birmingham	25,410	7,745	33,155	5.5	Hammersmith and Fulham	2,837	1,205	4,042	3.2
Coventry	4,662	1,566	6,228	3.3	Haringey	5,853	2,259	8,112	5.2
Dudley	4,408	1,534	5,942	3.2	Harrow	2,126	1,002	3,128	2.3
Sandwell	6,090	2,067	8,157	4.8	Havington	1,681	785	2,466	1.8
Solihull	1,622	650	2,272	1.9	Hillingdon	2,543	1,159	3,702	2.4
Walsall	4,200	1,549	5,749	3.8	Hounslow	2,375	1,117	3,492	2.5
Wolverhampton	5,235	1,761	6,996	4.8	Islington	4,222	1,883	6,105	4.8
Worcestershire	4,766	1,735	6,501	1.9	Kensington and Chelsea	1,742	931	2,673	2.2
Bromsgrove	975	282	1,257	2.3	Kingston upon Thames	1,074	462	1,536	1.5
Malvern Hills	337	148	485	1.1	Lambeth	6,682	2,649	9,331	4.9
Redditch	1,057	407	1,464	2.9	Lewisham	5,560	2,172	7,732	4.6
Worcester	961	286	1,247	2.1	Merton	2,184	986	3,170	2.5
Wychavon	644	279	923	1.3	Newham	5,643	2,228	7,871	4.8
Wyre Forest	792	333	1,125	1.9	Redbridge	2,957	1,359	4,316	2.8
EAST	41,702	16,968	58,670	1.8	Richmond upon Thames	1,124	537	1,661	1.4
Luton UA	2,618	1,020	3,638	3.1	Southwark	6,326	2,592	8,918	5.1
Peterborough UA	1,899	772	2,671	2.7	Sutton	1,512	682	2,194	2.0
Southend-on-Sea UA	1,939	697	2,636	2.8	Tower Hamlets	6,086	2,129	8,215	5.8
Thurrock UA	1,449	666	2,115	2.3	Waltham Forest	4,292	1,689	5,981	4.1
Bedfordshire	2,793	1,145	3,938	1.6	Westminster	3,628	1,591	5,219	2.6
Bedford	1,528	556	2,084	2.2	SOUTH EAST	51,613	19,512	71,125	1.4
Mid Bedfordshire	517	246	763	1.0	Bracknell Forest UA	474	182	656	0.9
South Bedfordshire	748	343	1,091	1.5	Brighton and Hove UA	3,619	1,401	5,020	3.0
Cambridgeshire	3,293	1,411	4,704	1.3	Isle of Wight UA	1,115	309	1,424	1.8
Cambridge	943	309	1,252	1.5	Medway UA	2,691	1,050	3,741	2.4
East Cambridgeshire	333	164	497	1.0	Milton Keynes UA	1,938	766	2,704	1.9
Fenland	728	386	1,114	2.2	Portsmouth UA	1,821	617	2,438	2.0
Huntingdonshire	817	360	1,177	1.2	Reading UA	1,322	415	1,737	1.8
South Cambridgeshire	472	192	664	0.8	Slough UA	1,180	431	1,611	2.1
Essex	8,697	3,814	12,511	1.6	Southampton UA	2,344	714	3,058	2.1
Basildon	1,465	655	2,120	2.1	West Berkshire UA	460	179	639	0.7
Braintree	791	439	1,230	1.5	Windsor and Maidenhead UA	625	226	851	1.0
Brentwood	262	126	388	0.9	Wokingham UA	426	161	587	0.6
Castle Point	500	197	697	1.3	Buckinghamshire	2,378	934	3,312	1.1
Chelmsford	948	388	1,336	1.3	Aylesbury Vale	624	259	883	0.8
Colchester	1,052	451	1,503	1.5	Chiltern	412	134	546	1.0
Epping Forest	751	383	1,134	1.5	South Bucks	219	109	328	0.9
Harlow	849	364	1,213	2.5	Wycombe	1,123	432	1,555	1.6
Maldon	344	135	479	1.3	East Sussex	3,579	1,330	4,909	1.8
Rochford	368	161	529	1.1	Eastbourne	919	347	1,266	2.5
Tendring	1,110	433	1,543	2.1	Hastings	1,140	381	1,521	3.0
Uttlesford	257	82	339	0.8	Lewes	604	222	826	1.6
Hertfordshire	6,781	2,876	9,657	1.5	Rother	462	187	649	1.5
Broxbourne	659	340	999	1.9	Wealden	454	193	647	0.8
Dacorum	1,020	472	1,492	1.8	Hampshire	5,651	2,319	7,970	1.0
East Hertfordshire	544	249	793	1.0	Basingstoke and Deane	728	319	1,047	1.1
Hertsmer	622	274	896	1.6	East Hampshire	375	151	526	0.8
North Hertfordshire	707	284	991	1.4	Eastleigh	532	221	753	1.0
St Albans	550	242	792	1.0	Fareham	458	195	653	1.0
Stevenage	732	229	961	1.9	Gosport	460	181	641	1.3
Three Rivers	475	206	681	1.3	Hart	274	108	382	0.7
Watford	779	298	1,077	2.1	Havant	970	345	1,315	1.9
Welwyn Hatfield	693	282	975	1.6	New Forest	513	223	736	0.8
Norfolk	7,250	2,719	9,969	2.1	Rushmoor	509	201	710	1.2
Breckland	756	358	1,114	1.5	Test Valley	418	189	607	0.9
Broadland	545	217	762	1.1	Winchester	414	186	600	0.9
Great Yarmouth	1,598	544	2,142	4.0	Kent	11,073	4,147	15,220	1.9
King's Lynn and West Norfolk	1,068	458	1,526	1.9	Ashford	623	235	858	1.3
North Norfolk	605	232	837	1.5	Canterbury	988	378	1,366	1.6
Norwich	2,090	650	2,740	3.4	Dartford	718	322	1,040	1.9
South Norfolk	588	260	848	1.3	Dover	1,105	349	1,454	2.4
					Gravesend	1,030	428	1,458	2.5
					Maidstone	845	307	1,152	1.3

a Percentages of working age population of the area. Denominators for counties, unitary authorities and local authority districts relate to mid-2003. These proportions are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables F.1 and A.3. For further details see p55, Labour Market Trends, February 2003.

F.12**CLAIMANT COUNT**
Claimant count area statistics: counties, unitary and local authorities

At August 11 2005

	Male	Female	All	Percentage of working-age population ^a		Male	Female	All	Percentage of working-age population ^a
Sevenoaks	470	221	691	1.1	WALES	31,231	10,650	41,881	2.4
Shepway	1,106	398	1,504	2.6	Blaenau Gwent	1,348	429	1,777	4.3
Swale	1,246	480	1,726	2.3	Bridgend	1,457	588	2,045	2.6
Thanet	1,966	646	2,612	3.7	Caerphilly	2,282	770	3,052	3.0
Tonbridge and Malling	528	191	719	1.1	Cardiff	3,842	1,165	5,007	2.5
Tunbridge Wells	448	192	640	1.0	Carmarthenshire	1,535	579	2,114	2.1
Oxfordshire	2,982	1,219	4,201	1.1	Ceredigion	458	185	643	1.3
Cherwell	635	301	936	1.1	Conwy	968	309	1,277	2.1
Oxford	1,291	461	1,752	1.7	Denbighshire	810	268	1,078	2.0
South Oxfordshire	444	170	614	0.8	Flintshire	1,277	471	1,748	1.9
Vale of White Horse	357	163	520	0.7	Gwynedd	1,172	395	1,567	2.3
West Oxfordshire	255	124	379	0.6	Isle of Anglesey	937	255	1,192	3.0
Surrey	3,977	1,663	5,640	0.9	Merthyr Tydfil	939	292	1,231	3.7
Elmbridge	411	184	595	0.8	Monmouthshire	568	247	815	1.6
Epsom and Ewell	250	113	363	0.9	Neath Port Talbot	1,604	552	2,156	2.7
Guildford	542	201	743	0.9	Newport	1,706	560	2,266	2.7
Mole Valley	198	76	274	0.6	Pembrokeshire	1,107	361	1,468	2.2
Reigate and Banstead	464	197	661	0.9	Powys	836	344	1,180	1.6
Runnymede	297	121	418	0.8	Rhondda, Cynon, Taff	2,779	949	3,728	2.7
Spelthorne	536	230	766	1.4	Swansea	2,546	859	3,405	2.5
Surrey Heath	283	131	414	0.8	Torfaen	853	274	1,127	2.1
Tandridge	241	121	362	0.8	Vale of Glamorgan, The	1,196	426	1,622	2.2
Waverley	350	125	475	0.7	Wrexham	1,011	372	1,383	1.7
Woking	405	164	569	1.0					
West Sussex	3,958	1,449	5,407	1.2	SCOTLAND	66,052	23,343	89,395	2.8
Adur	343	127	470	1.4	Aberdeen City	1,776	583	2,359	1.7
Arun	829	291	1,120	1.5	Aberdeenshire	1,074	502	1,576	1.1
Chichester	511	236	747	1.2	Angus	1,359	518	1,877	2.9
Crawley	709	254	963	1.5	Argyll and Bute	915	337	1,252	2.3
Horsham	514	204	718	1.0	Clackmannanshire	678	285	963	3.3
Mid Sussex	480	159	639	0.8	Dumfries and Galloway	1,526	636	2,162	2.5
Worthing	572	178	750	1.4	Dundee City	3,010	886	3,896	4.4
SOUTH WEST	29,861	11,993	41,854	1.4	East Ayrshire	2,350	937	3,287	4.5
Bath and North East Somerset UA	744	301	1,045	1.0	East Dunbartonshire	801	315	1,116	1.7
Bournemouth UA	1,280	425	1,705	1.7	East Lothian	560	196	756	1.4
Bristol, City of UA	4,074	1,569	5,643	2.2	East Renfrewshire	579	217	796	1.5
North Somerset UA	855	320	1,175	1.0	Edinburgh, City of	5,150	1,818	6,968	2.3
Plymouth UA	2,576	935	3,511	2.3	Eilean Siar (Western Isles)	373	88	461	3.0
Poole UA	563	254	817	1.0	Falkirk	1,875	684	2,559	2.8
South Gloucestershire UA	936	418	1,354	0.9	Fife	5,874	2,109	7,983	3.7
Swindon UA	1,677	746	2,423	2.1	Glasgow City	12,080	3,707	15,787	4.2
Torbay UA	1,099	371	1,470	2.0	Highland	2,074	709	2,783	2.2
Cornwall and the Isles of Scilly	3,385	1,324	4,709	1.6	Inverclyde	1,975	517	2,492	4.9
Caradon	396	175	571	1.2	Midlothian	695	266	961	2.0
Carrick	688	247	935	1.8	Moray	709	306	1,015	1.9
Kerrier	619	210	829	1.5	North Ayrshire	2,703	1,092	3,795	4.6
North Cornwall	439	190	629	1.3	North Lanarkshire	4,443	1,761	6,204	3.1
Penwith	506	205	711	1.9	Orkney Islands	95	45	140	1.2
Restormel	736	296	1,032	1.8	Perth and Kinross	1,047	426	1,473	1.8
Isles of Scilly	..	..	..	..	Renfrewshire	2,301	716	3,017	2.8
Devon	3,509	1,558	5,067	1.2	Scottish Borders	699	270	969	1.5
East Devon	416	181	597	0.9	Shetland Islands	177	52	229	1.7
Exeter	787	284	1,071	1.4	South Ayrshire	1,538	563	2,101	3.2
Mid Devon	274	162	436	1.0	South Lanarkshire	3,345	1,293	4,638	2.5
North Devon	624	275	899	1.8	Stirling	819	291	1,110	2.1
South Hams	268	177	445	0.9	West Dunbartonshire	1,757	555	2,312	4.0
Teignbridge	536	197	733	1.1	West Lothian	1,695	663	2,358	2.3
Torridge	446	200	646	1.8	NORTHERN IRELAND	21,877	8,383	30,260	2.9
West Devon	158	82	240	0.8	Antrim	392	182	574	1.9
Dorset	1,316	544	1,860	0.8	Ards	826	278	1,104	2.4
Christchurch	181	85	266	1.2	Armagh	445	174	619	1.8
East Dorset	241	85	326	0.7	Ballymena	538	274	812	2.2
North Dorset	173	106	279	0.8	Ballymoney	247	106	353	2.1
Purbeck	106	39	145	0.6	Banbridge	263	141	404	1.5
West Dorset	246	107	353	0.7	Belfast	5,692	1,624	7,316	4.4
Weymouth and Portland	369	122	491	1.3	Carrickfergus	432	178	610	2.6
Gloucestershire	3,837	1,516	5,353	1.6	Castlereagh	439	168	607	1.5
Cheltenham	985	338	1,323	1.9	Coleraine	807	322	1,129	3.3
Cotswold	268	120	388	0.8	Cookstown	241	160	401	2.0
Forest of Dean	459	227	686	1.4	Craigavon	748	317	1,065	2.1
Gloucester	1,118	389	1,507	2.2	Derry	2,686	857	3,543	5.4
Stroud	632	277	909	1.4	Down	758	266	1,024	2.6
Tewkesbury	375	165	540	1.2	Dungannon	354	251	605	2.1
Somerset	2,439	992	3,431	1.2	Fermanagh	692	332	1,024	2.9
Mendip	500	199	699	1.1	Lame	300	127	427	2.3
Sedgemoor	595	271	866	1.4	Limavady	417	251	668	3.2
South Somerset	663	264	927	1.0	Lisburn	1,093	385	1,478	2.2
Taunton Deane	484	195	679	1.1	Magherafelt	245	162	407	1.6
West Somerset	197	63	260	1.4	Moyle	184	80	264	2.7
Wiltshire	1,571	720	2,291	0.9	Newry and Mourne	1,071	479	1,550	2.9
Kennet	250	124	374	0.8	Newtownabbey	821	265	1,086	2.2
North Wiltshire	455	240	695	0.9	North Down	734	276	1,010	2.1
Salisbury	345	136	481	0.7	Omagh	596	362	958	3.1
West Wiltshire	521	220	741	1.0	Strabane	856	366	1,222	5.2

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

a Percentages of working age population of the area. Denominators for counties, unitary authorities and local authority districts relate to mid-2003. These proportions are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables F.1 and A.3. For further details see p55, Labour Market Trends, February 2003.

CLAIMANT COUNT Claimant count area statistics: United Kingdom parliamentary constituencies

F.13

At August 11 2005

	Male	Female	All	Percentage of working-age population ^a		Male	Female	All	Percentage of working-age population ^a
UNITED KINGDOM	641,603	239,124	880,727	2.4					
NORTH EAST	34,978	11,298	46,276	3.0					
Cleveland (former county)									
Hartlepool	1,629	461	2,090	3.9					
Middlesbrough	2,283	640	2,923	5.1					
Middlesbrough South and East Cleveland	1,280	421	1,701	2.9					
Redcar	1,635	480	2,115	3.9					
Stockton North	1,366	454	1,820	3.4					
Stockton South	1,100	403	1,503	2.5					
Durham									
Bishop Auckland	923	340	1,263	2.5					
Darlington	1,208	346	1,554	3.1					
Durham, City of	727	282	1,009	1.7					
Easington	848	271	1,119	2.3					
North Durham	884	317	1,201	2.3					
North West Durham	772	315	1,087	2.1					
Sedgefield	786	325	1,111	2.2					
Northumberland									
Berwick-upon-Tweed	590	241	831	2.0					
Blyth Valley	1,018	369	1,387	2.7					
Hexham	389	211	600	1.3					
Wansbeck	1,132	397	1,529	3.1					
Tyne and Wear (Met County)									
Blaydon	730	255	985	2.0					
Gateshead East and Washington West	933	331	1,264	2.5					
Houghton and Washington East	1,010	341	1,351	2.4					
Jarrow	1,393	449	1,842	3.8					
Newcastle upon Tyne Central	1,239	352	1,591	2.6					
Newcastle upon Tyne East and Wallsend	1,459	441	1,900	3.7					
Newcastle upon Tyne North	807	230	1,037	2.1					
North Tyneside	1,208	347	1,555	2.9					
South Shields	1,800	598	2,398	5.0					
Sunderland North	1,300	364	1,664	3.3					
Sunderland South	1,552	455	2,007	3.9					
Tyne Bridge	2,038	547	2,585	5.3					
Tynemouth	939	315	1,254	2.5					
NORTH WEST	77,844	26,727	104,571	2.5					
Cheshire									
Chester, City of	674	258	932	1.7					
Congleton	479	197	676	1.2					
Crewe and Nantwich	749	252	1,001	1.8					
Eddisbury	489	224	713	1.3					
Ellesmere Port and Neston	676	256	932	1.8					
Halton	1,107	365	1,472	2.9					
Macclesfield	403	158	561	1.0					
Tatton	334	171	505	1.1					
Warrington North	790	247	1,037	1.7					
Warrington South	563	202	765	1.3					
Weaver Vale	952	371	1,323	2.4					
Cumbria									
Barrow and Furness	1,073	278	1,351	2.6					
Carlisle	862	302	1,164	2.5					
Copeland	912	312	1,224	2.9					
Penrith and The Border	313	144	457	0.9					
Westmorland and Lonsdale	211	96	307	0.6					
Workington	844	284	1,128	2.3					
Greater Manchester (Met County)									
Altrincham and Sale West	466	179	645	1.2					
Ashton under Lyne	1,054	359	1,413	2.4					
Bolton North East	1,242	453	1,695	3.2					
Bolton South East	1,364	461	1,825	3.4					
Bolton West	546	269	815	1.6					
Bury North	757	280	1,037	1.8					
Bury South	712	275	987	1.8					
Cheadle	333	114	447	0.9					
Denton and Reddish	850	314	1,164	2.1					
Eccles	933	316	1,249	2.2					
Hazel Grove	424	155	579	1.2					
Heywood and Middleton	851	349	1,200	2.0					
Leigh	991	378	1,369	2.4					
Makerfield	904	347	1,251	2.2					
Manchester Blackley	1,605	480	2,085	4.2					
Manchester Central	2,640	728	3,368	5.6					
Manchester Gorton	1,793	628	2,421	4.1					
Manchester Withington	1,082	382	1,464	2.3					
Oldham East and Saddleworth	1,020	375	1,395	2.2					
Oldham West and Royton	1,376	421	1,797	3.1					
Rochdale	1,714	509	2,223	3.8					
Salford	1,271	369	1,640	3.6					
Stalybridge and Hyde	877	321	1,198	2.2					
Stockport	837	254	1,091	2.0					
Stretford and Urmston	938	306	1,244	2.2					
Wigan	1,017	362	1,379	2.8					
Worsley	921	337	1,258	2.2					
Wythenshawe and Sale East	1,338	428	1,766	2.9					
Lancashire									
Blackburn	1,572	452	2,024	3.4					
Blackpool North and Fleetwood	924	265	1,189	2.2					
Blackpool South	1,331	405	1,736	3.1					
Burnley	979	361	1,340	2.5					
Chorley	659	235	894	1.4					
Fylde	474	178	652	1.2					
Hyndburn	876	296	1,172	2.2					
Lancaster and Wyre	483	204	667	1.1					
Morecambe and Lunesdale	898	342	1,240	2.4					
Pendle	803	312	1,115	2.1					
Preston	1,547	467	2,014	3.3					
Ribble Valley	321	142	463	0.8					
Rossendale and Darwen	713	276	989	1.7					
South Ribble	535	222	757	1.3					
West Lancashire	1,094	433	1,527	2.7					
Merseyside (Met County)									
Birkenhead	1,856	541	2,397	5.2					
Bootle	1,633	488	2,121	4.7					
Crosby	664	240	904	2.1					
Knowsley North and Sefton East	1,296	488	1,784	3.2					
Knowsley South	1,611	493	2,104	3.6					
Liverpool Garston	1,658	574	2,232	4.5					
Liverpool Riverside	3,003	990	3,993	6.4					
Liverpool Walton	2,286	763	3,049	5.8					
Liverpool Wavertree	2,103	704	2,807	4.9					
Liverpool West Derby	2,043	665	2,708	5.0					
Southport	598	194	792	1.6					
St. Helens North	904	377	1,281	2.3					
St. Helens South	1,174	443	1,617	3.1					
Wallasey	1,361	459	1,820	3.6					
Wirral South	549	194	743	1.7					
Wirral West	609	258	867	2.0					
YORKSHIRE AND THE HUMBER	57,235	20,295	77,530	2.5					
Humber side (former county)									
Beverley and Holderness	709	303	1,012	1.7					
Brigg and Goole	717	345	1,062	2.1					
Cleethorpes	1,019	435	1,454	2.7					
East Yorkshire	817	333	1,150	2.1					
Great Grimsby	1,919	699	2,618	5.1					
Haltemprice and Howden	490	215	705	1.4					
Kingston upon Hull East	1,976	636	2,612	4.8					
Kingston upon Hull North	2,166	696	2,862	4.9					
Kingston upon Hull West and Hessle	2,256	669	2,925	5.9					
Scunthorpe	996	371	1,367	2.9					
North Yorkshire									
Harrogate and Knaresborough	413	177	590	1.2					
Richmond	419	197	616	1.1					
Ryedale	347	157	504	1.0					
Scarborough and Whitby	938	293	1,231	2.2					
Selby	542	260	802	1.3					
Skipton and Ripon	314	149	463	0.8					
Vale of York	301	155	456	0.8					
York, City of	979	350	1,329	2.0					
South Yorkshire (Met County)									
Barnsley Central	866	325	1,191	2.5					
Barnsley East and Mexborough	899	333	1,232	2.4					
Barnsley West and Penistone	648	253	901	1.8					
Don Valley	893	324	1,217	2.3					
Doncaster Central	1,584	541	2,125	4.1					
Doncaster North	1,139	410	1,549	3.1					
Rother Valley	803	317	1,120	2.0					
Rotherham	1,156	387	1,543	3.4					
Sheffield Attercliffe	832	262	1,094	2.0					
Sheffield Brightside	1,298	382	1,680	3.6					
Sheffield Central	1,860	566	2,426	4.0					
Sheffield Hallam	333	134	467	1.0					
Sheffield Heeley	1,032	319	1,351	2.8					
Sheffield Hillsborough	689	243	932	1.6					
Wentworth	802	297	1,099	2.2					
West Yorkshire (Met County)									
Bailey and Spen	790	282	1,072	2.0					
Bradford North	1,788	500	2,288	4.1					
Bradford South	1,184	442	1,626	2.8					
Bradford West	2,107	653							

F.13**CLAIMANT COUNT****Claimant count area statistics: United Kingdom parliamentary constituencies**

At August 11 2005

	Male	Female	All	Percentage of working-age population ^a		Male	Female	All	Percentage of working-age population ^a
EAST MIDLANDS	39,500	15,694	55,194	2.1	Coventry North East	1,941	660	2,601	4.2
Derbyshire					Coventry North West	1,319	457	1,776	2.8
Amber Valley	677	306	983	1.7	Coventry South	1,402	449	1,851	3.0
Bolsover	958	380	1,338	2.6	Dudley North	1,557	527	2,084	3.9
Chesterfield	1,152	430	1,582	2.9	Dudley South	1,244	413	1,657	3.2
Derby North	1,024	340	1,364	2.2	Halesowen and Rowley Regis	1,303	459	1,762	3.5
Derby South	1,924	670	2,594	4.1	Meriden	1,090	432	1,522	2.5
Erewash	921	375	1,296	2.0	Solihull	532	218	750	1.3
High Peak	548	243	791	1.3	Stourbridge	1,040	385	1,425	2.8
North East Derbyshire	808	341	1,149	2.1	Sutton Coldfield	538	197	735	1.4
South Derbyshire	625	267	892	1.3	Walsall North	1,636	595	2,231	4.2
West Derbyshire	384	153	537	1.0	Walsall South	1,735	631	2,366	4.7
Leicestershire					Warley	1,678	556	2,234	4.9
Blaby	441	213	654	1.1	West Bromwich East	1,695	594	2,289	4.8
Bosworth	537	254	791	1.4	West Bromwich West	1,981	667	2,648	4.9
Charnwood	466	237	703	1.2	Wolverhampton North East	1,639	595	2,234	4.7
Harborough	550	249	799	1.4	Wolverhampton South East	1,731	626	2,357	5.7
Leicester East	1,782	848	2,630	4.8	Wolverhampton South West	1,865	540	2,405	4.5
Leicester South	2,454	843	3,297	5.0	Worcestershire				
Leicester West	2,135	805	2,940	5.2	Bromsgrove	975	282	1,257	2.4
Loughborough	694	291	985	1.7	Mid Worcestershire	562	245	807	1.4
North West Leicestershire	408	185	593	1.1	Redditch	1,065	410	1,475	2.8
Rutland and Melton	370	158	528	0.9	West Worcestershire	375	168	543	1.1
Lincolnshire					Worcester	961	286	1,247	2.1
Boston and Skegness	715	252	967	1.9	Wyre Forest	780	325	1,105	1.9
Gainsborough	697	335	1,032	2.1	EAST	41,702	16,968	58,670	1.8
Grantham and Stamford	604	307	911	1.6	Bedfordshire				
Lincoln	1,159	388	1,547	2.8	Bedford	1,328	454	1,782	2.9
Louth and Horncastle	604	231	835	1.6	Luton North	1,070	443	1,513	2.6
Sleaford and North Hykeham	460	216	676	1.1	Luton South	1,578	590	2,168	3.5
South Holland and The Deepings	494	287	781	1.4	Mid Bedfordshire	331	154	485	0.8
Northamptonshire					North East Bedfordshire	424	208	632	1.1
Corby	846	379	1,225	2.0	South West Bedfordshire	680	316	996	1.7
Daventry	533	254	787	1.1	Cambridgeshire				
Kettering	691	286	977	1.6	Cambridge	844	283	1,127	1.7
Northampton North	1,089	399	1,488	2.5	Huntingdon	605	269	874	1.3
Northampton South	1,038	381	1,419	2.0	North East Cambridgeshire	859	442	1,301	2.1
Wellingborough	938	425	1,363	2.1	North West Cambridgeshire	733	319	1,052	1.7
Nottinghamshire					Peterborough	1,334	524	1,858	3.2
Ashfield	916	368	1,284	2.2	South Cambridgeshire	379	139	518	0.9
Bassetlaw	781	345	1,126	2.0	South East Cambridgeshire	438	207	645	1.0
Broxtowe	565	264	829	1.4	Essex				
Gedling	635	265	900	1.6	Basildon	938	406	1,344	2.2
Mansfield	913	370	1,283	2.5	Billericay	706	339	1,045	1.6
Newark	726	288	1,014	1.8	Braintree	700	367	1,067	1.7
Nottingham East	1,851	595	2,446	4.3	Brentwood and Ongar	320	160	480	1.0
Nottingham North	1,793	633	2,426	4.7	Castle Point	500	197	697	1.3
Nottingham South	1,485	422	1,907	3.0	Colchester	824	349	1,173	1.8
Rushcliffe	431	186	617	0.9	Epping Forest	650	322	982	1.7
Sherwood	678	230	908	1.5	Harlow	892	381	1,273	2.3
WEST MIDLANDS	73,227	25,154	98,381	3.0	Harwich	934	349	1,283	2.5
Herefordshire					Maldon and East Chelmsford	522	209	731	1.3
Hereford	729	278	1,007	1.8	North Essex	404	186	590	1.1
Leominster	427	180	607	1.2	Rayleigh	379	170	549	1.0
Shropshire					Rochford and Southend East	1,389	474	1,863	3.4
Ludlow	321	151	472	1.0	Saffron Walden	348	154	502	0.8
North Shropshire	578	253	831	1.5	Southend West	652	253	905	1.9
Shrewsbury and Atcham	582	197	779	1.3	Thurrock	1,270	576	1,846	2.7
Telford	911	365	1,276	2.4	West Chelmsford	657	275	932	1.5
Wrekin, The	620	272	892	1.6	Hertfordshire				
Staffordshire					Broxbourne	677	347	1,024	1.8
Burton	673	308	981	1.6	Hemel Hempstead	847	371	1,218	2.1
Cannock Chase	899	404	1,303	2.2	Hertford and Stortford	455	202	657	1.0
Lichfield	531	170	701	1.4	Hertsmere	622	274	896	1.6
Newcastle-under-Lyme	602	226	828	1.5	Hitchin and Harpenden	404	181	585	1.1
South Staffordshire	676	244	920	1.7	North East Hertfordshire	467	181	648	1.2
Stafford	759	277	1,036	1.9	South West Hertfordshire	500	241	741	1.2
Staffordshire Moorlands	504	192	696	1.3	St. Albans	437	195	632	1.1
Stoke-on-Trent Central	1,363	404	1,767	3.6	Stevenage	779	249	1,028	1.8
Stoke-on-Trent North	961	335	1,296	2.9	Watford	918	360	1,278	2.0
Stoke-on-Trent South	1,043	381	1,424	2.5	Welwyn Hatfield	675	275	950	1.7
Stone	330	152	482	0.9	Norfolk				
Tamworth	887	345	1,232	2.1	Great Yarmouth	1,598	544	2,142	4.0
Warwickshire					Mid Norfolk	539	243	782	1.3
North Warwickshire	730	341	1,071	1.8	North Norfolk	605	232	837	1.5
Nuneaton	807	342	1,149	2.0	North West Norfolk	866	344	1,210	2.1
Rugby and Kenilworth	687	281	968	1.5	Norwich North	1,008	335	1,343	2.3
Stratford-on-Avon	483	200	683	1.1	Norwich South	1,395	417	1,812	3.1
Warwick and Leamington	779	268	1,047	1.6	South Norfolk	557	254	811	1.3
West Midlands (Met County)					South West Norfolk	682	350	1,032	1.5
Aldridge - Brownhills	829	323	1,152	2.5	Suffolk				
Birmingham Edgbaston	1,838	530	2,368	4.2	Bury St Edmunds	456	226	682	1.1
Birmingham Erdington	2,294	759	3,053	5.8	Central Suffolk and North Ipswich	488	190	678	1.2
Birmingham Hall Green	1,359	438	1,797	3.9	Ipswich	1,340	389	1,729	3.2
Birmingham Hodge Hill	2,196	685	2,881	6.7	South Suffolk	410	160	570	1.1
Birmingham Ladywood	5,516	1,460	6,976	10.7	Suffolk Coastal	450	145	595	1.1
Birmingham Northfield	1,717	544	2,261	5.0	Waveney	1,424	508	1,932	3.4
Birmingham Perry Barr	2,742	829	3,571	6.0	West Suffolk	415	230	645	1.0
Birmingham Selly Oak	1,775	562	2,337	3.8					
Birmingham Sparkbrook and Small Heath	3,984	1,250	5,234	7.7					
Birmingham Yardley	1,451	491	1,942	4.7					

^a Percentages of working age population of the area. Denominators for constituencies relate to mid-2001, except for Northern Ireland where they relate to mid-2003. These proportions are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables F.1 and A.3. For further details see p55, Labour Market Trends, February 2003.

CLAIMANT COUNT
Claimant count area statistics: United Kingdom parliamentary constituencies
F.13
At August 11 2005

	Male	Female	All	Percentage of working-age population ^a		Male	Female	All	Percentage of working-age population ^a
LONDON	116,483	49,107	165,590	3.4	East Sussex				
Greater London					Bexhill and Battle	440	178	618	1.4
Barking	1,420	575	1,995	4.0	Brighton Kempstow	1,305	462	1,767	3.3
Battersea	1,415	626	2,041	3.0	Brighton Pavilion	1,388	549	1,937	3.1
Beckenham	1,213	529	1,742	2.8	Eastbourne	999	355	1,294	2.4
Bethnal Green and Bow	3,610	1,318	4,928	6.3	Hastings and Rye	1,207	420	1,627	2.9
Bexleyheath and Crayford	624	326	950	1.9	Hove	1,059	439	1,498	2.6
Brent East	2,048	791	2,839	4.3	Lewes	527	193	720	1.6
Brent North	1,010	432	1,442	2.5	Wealden	333	135	468	0.8
Brent South	2,409	913	3,322	5.8					
Brentford and Isleworth	1,148	560	1,708	2.2	Hampshire				
Bromley and Chislehurst	765	362	1,127	2.0	Aldershot	605	235	840	1.1
Camberwell and Peckham	2,594	1,016	3,610	6.7	Basingstoke	605	255	860	1.3
Carshalton and Wallington	897	413	1,310	2.2	East Hampshire	437	169	606	1.0
Chingford and Woodford Green	782	368	1,150	2.3	Eastleigh	479	206	685	1.1
Chipping Barnet	846	388	1,234	2.0	Fareham	432	178	610	1.1
Cities of London and Westminster	1,436	726	2,162	2.3	Gosport	486	198	684	1.2
Croydon Central	1,361	647	2,008	2.7	Havant	781	276	1,057	2.1
Croydon North	2,310	984	3,294	4.3	New Forest East	279	136	415	0.8
Croydon South	639	352	991	1.6	New Forest West	234	87	321	0.7
Dagenham	1,331	601	1,932	3.9	North East Hampshire	305	125	430	0.7
Dulwich and West Norwood	2,026	855	2,881	4.1	North West Hampshire	386	186	572	0.9
Ealing North	1,432	616	2,048	2.7	Portsmouth North	687	240	927	1.7
Ealing Southall	1,811	782	2,593	3.1	Portsmouth South	1,134	377	1,511	2.3
Ealing, Acton and Shepherd's Bush	1,972	777	2,749	3.5	Romsey	314	116	430	0.8
East Ham	2,327	969	3,296	4.4	Southampton Itchen	1,232	369	1,601	2.4
Edmonton	1,907	762	2,669	4.6	Southampton Test	1,006	311	1,317	1.9
Eltham	1,101	505	1,606	3.2	Winchester	414	186	600	0.9
Enfield North	1,409	587	1,996	3.3					
Enfield, Southgate	1,047	459	1,506	2.7	Kent				
Erith and Thamesmead	1,911	802	2,713	4.5	Ashford	623	235	858	1.4
Feltham and Heston	1,227	557	1,784	2.7	Canterbury	732	254	986	1.6
Finchley and Golders Green	1,167	536	1,703	2.3	Chatham and Aylesford	944	353	1,297	2.2
Greenwich and Woolwich	2,017	858	2,875	4.9	Dartford	761	336	1,097	1.9
Hackney North and Stoke Newington	2,607	1,006	3,613	5.3	Faversham and Mid Kent	496	189	685	1.3
Hackney South and Shoreditch	3,112	1,281	4,393	6.3	Folkestone and Hythe	1,106	398	1,504	2.7
Hammersmith and Fulham	1,817	797	2,614	2.9	Gillingham	784	325	1,109	1.8
Hampstead and Highgate	1,538	607	2,145	2.9	Gravesend	1,030	428	1,458	2.5
Harrow East	1,226	577	1,803	2.6	Maidstone and The Weald	590	201	791	1.3
Harrow West	900	425	1,325	2.0	Medway	1,124	431	1,555	2.8
Hayes and Harlington	1,238	546	1,784	3.3	North Thanet	1,288	450	1,738	3.4
Hendon	1,521	692	2,213	3.2	Sevenoaks	375	187	562	1.1
Holborn and St Pancras	2,315	915	3,230	4.5	Sittingbourne and Sheppey	1,046	413	1,459	2.6
Hornchurch	524	243	767	1.7	South Thanet	997	354	1,351	2.9
Hornsey and Wood Green	2,006	880	2,866	3.7	Tonbridge and Malling	419	152	571	1.1
Iford North	901	454	1,355	2.4	Tunbridge Wells	407	176	583	1.1
Iford South	1,840	799	2,639	3.8					
Islington North	2,289	1,041	3,330	5.1	Oxfordshire				
Islington South and Finsbury	1,933	842	2,775	4.6	Banbury	557	268	825	1.1
Kensington and Chelsea	891	557	1,448	1.6	Henley	267	90	357	0.7
Kingston and Surbiton	851	359	1,210	1.7	Oxford East	1,120	388	1,508	2.3
Lewisham East	1,492	553	2,045	4.0	Oxford West and Abingdon	412	182	594	0.8
Lewisham West	1,899	731	2,630	4.6	Wantage	357	157	514	0.8
Lewisham, Deptford	2,169	888	3,057	5.0	Witney	269	134	403	0.7
Leyton and Wanstead	1,574	615	2,189	3.7					
Mitcham and Morden	1,492	644	2,136	3.4	Surrey				
North Southwark and Bermondsey	2,776	1,171	3,947	4.8	East Surrey	327	148	475	0.8
Old Bexley and Sidcup	503	240	743	1.4	Epsom and Ewell	337	157	494	0.8
Orpington	870	431	1,301	2.1	Esher and Walton	345	151	496	0.8
Poplar and Canning Town	3,353	1,145	4,498	5.7	Guildford	463	155	618	1.0
Putney	901	434	1,335	2.2	Mole Valley	227	91	318	0.6
Regent's Park and Kensington North	2,255	990	3,245	3.7	Reigate	315	135	450	0.8
Richmond Park	678	324	1,002	1.4	Runnymede and Weybridge	363	154	517	0.8
Romford	587	250	837	1.8	South West Surrey	281	106	387	0.7
Ruislip - Northwood	583	279	862	1.7	Surrey Heath	368	163	531	0.8
Streatham	2,504	988	3,492	4.3	Woking	415	173	588	1.0
Sutton and Cheam	615	269	884	1.6					
Tooting	1,312	531	1,843	2.7	West Sussex				
Tottenham	3,847	1,399	5,246	7.0	Arundel and South Downs	284	128	412	0.8
Twickenham	669	316	985	1.4	Bognor Regis and Littlehampton	672	223	895	1.8
Upminster	570	292	862	2.1	Chichester	490	229	719	1.3
Uxbridge	722	334	1,056	2.1	Crawley	709	254	963	1.5
Vauxhall	3,108	1,211	4,319	5.4	East Worthing and Shoreham	508	190	698	1.3
Walthamstow	2,152	812	2,964	4.8	Horsham	458	161	619	1.0
West Ham	2,439	925	3,364	5.3	Mid Sussex	381	122	503	0.9
Wimbledon	692	342	1,034	1.6	Worthing West	456	142	598	1.3
SOUTH EAST	51,613	19,512	71,125	1.4					
Berkshire (former county)					Wight, Isle of				
Bracknell	470	190	660	0.9	Isle of Wight	1,115	309	1,424	1.9
Maidenhead	399	145	544	1.0					
Newbury	332	109	441	0.7	SOUTH WEST	29,861	11,993	41,854	1.4
Reading East	778	226	1,004	1.4	Avon (former county)				
Reading West	722	271	993	1.6	Bath	535	213	748	1.3
Slough	1,087	395	1,482	2.1	Bristol East	1,273	460	1,733	3.0
Spelthorne	557	242	799	1.4	Bristol North West	775	300	1,075	1.6
Windsor	373	136	509	0.8	Bristol South	1,014	452	1,466	2.4
Wokingham	285	106	391	0.6	Bristol West	1,000	360	1,360	1.7
Buckinghamshire					Kingswood	587	254	841	1.3
Aylesbury	504	205	709	1.0	Northavon	312	141	453	0.7
Beaconsfield	351	164	515	1.0	Wansdyke	258	108	366	0.7
Buckingham	232	97	329	0.6	Weston-Super-Mare	620	230	850	1.5
Chesham and Amersham	395	128	523	1.0	Woodspring	235	90	325	0.6
Milton Keynes South West	1,089	424	1,513	2.1					
North East Milton Keynes	849	342	1,191	1.7					
Wycombe	916	344	1,260	2.0					

a Percentages of working age population of the area. Denominators for constituencies relate to mid-2001, except for Northern Ireland where they relate to mid-2003. These proportions are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables F.1 and A.3. For further details see p55, Labour Market Trends, February 2003.

F.13 CLAIMANT COUNT

Claimant count area statistics: United Kingdom parliamentary constituencies

At August 11 2005

	Male	Female	All	Percentage of working-age population ^a		Male	Female	All	Percentage of working-age population ^a
Cornwall and the Isles of Scilly					SCOTLAND				
Falmouth and Camborne	859	286	1,145	2.1	Aberdeen North	1,045	301	1,346	2.2
North Cornwall	681	260	941	1.5	Aberdeen South	629	232	861	1.5
South East Cornwall	516	235	751	1.3	Airdrie and Shotts	1,163	520	1,683	3.2
St Ives	637	254	891	1.6	Angus	1,184	442	1,626	3.3
Truro and St Austell	692	289	981	1.6	Argyll and Bute	918	338	1,256	2.3
Devon					Ayr, Carrick and Cumnock	1,621	569	2,190	3.9
East Devon	274	134	408	0.9	Banff and Buchan	537	273	810	1.5
Exeter	787	284	1,071	1.5	Berwickshire, Roxburgh and Selkirk	601	233	834	1.6
North Devon	635	282	917	1.7	Caithness, Sutherland and Easter Ross	761	259	1,020	2.9
Plymouth, Devonport	964	379	1,343	2.3	Central Ayrshire	1,388	643	2,031	3.8
Plymouth, Sutton	1,407	458	1,865	3.2	Coatbridge, Chryston and Bellshill	1,122	458	1,580	2.9
South West Devon	310	175	485	0.9	Cumbernauld, Kilsyth and Kirkintilloch East	1,042	365	1,407	2.5
Teignbridge	492	179	671	1.1	Dumfries and Galloway	1,120	433	1,553	2.8
Tiverton and Honiton	405	202	607	1.0	Dumfriesshire, Clydesdale and Tweeddale	625	296	921	1.9
Torbay	907	283	1,190	2.2	Dundee East	1,321	390	1,711	3.4
Torridge and West Devon	593	277	870	1.4	Dundee West	1,875	576	2,451	4.4
Totnes	410	211	621	1.2	Dunfermline and West Fife	1,310	489	1,799	3.2
Dorset					East Dunbartonshire	488	211	699	1.4
Bournemouth East	623	208	831	1.7	East Kilbride, Strathaven and Lesmahagow	919	358	1,277	2.1
Bournemouth West	657	217	874	1.8	East Lothian	560	196	756	1.4
Christchurch	307	125	432	1.0	East Renfrewshire	595	220	815	1.5
Mid Dorset and North Poole	264	129	393	0.8	Edinburgh East	1,317	427	1,744	2.8
North Dorset	264	137	401	0.8	Edinburgh North and Leith	1,285	438	1,723	2.8
Poole	381	160	541	1.1	Edinburgh South	635	285	920	1.6
South Dorset	423	140	563	1.1	Edinburgh South West	1,103	404	1,507	2.4
West Dorset	240	107	347	0.7	Edinburgh West	809	264	1,073	2.0
Gloucestershire					Falkirk	1,195	440	1,635	2.6
Cheltenham	918	304	1,222	2.1	Glasgow Central	1,896	530	2,426	4.4
Cotswold	288	129	417	0.8	Glasgow East	1,813	540	2,353	4.4
Forest of Dean	480	236	716	1.4	Glasgow North	1,364	488	1,852	3.7
Gloucester	1,118	389	1,507	2.3	Glasgow North East	2,256	700	2,956	5.5
Stroud	612	268	880	1.5	Glasgow North West	1,587	462	2,049	4.2
Tewkesbury	421	190	611	1.1	Glasgow South	1,319	438	1,757	3.1
Somerset					Glasgow South West	1,774	526	2,300	4.7
Bridgwater	615	260	875	1.6	Glenrothes	1,900	662	2,562	4.7
Somerton and Frome	311	133	444	0.8	Gordon	345	152	497	0.9
Taunton	504	197	701	1.1	Inverclyde	1,975	517	2,492	4.8
Wells	493	209	702	1.2	Inverness, Nairn, Badenoch and Strathspey	827	297	1,124	2.1
Yeovil	516	193	709	1.3	Kilmarnock and Loudoun	1,807	724	2,531	4.4
Wiltshire					Kirkcaldy and Cowdenbeath	2,054	717	2,771	4.9
Devizes	386	194	580	0.9	Lanark and Hamilton East	992	392	1,384	2.3
North Swindon	716	346	1,062	1.9	Linlithgow and East Falkirk	1,281	475	1,756	2.8
North Wiltshire	371	190	561	0.9	Livingston	1,094	432	1,526	2.3
Salisbury	332	128	460	0.7	Midlothian	696	266	962	1.9
South Swindon	977	407	1,384	2.3	Moray	709	306	1,015	1.9
Westbury	466	201	667	1.1	Motherwell and Wishaw	1,429	522	1,951	3.7
WALES	31,231	10,650	41,881	2.4	Na-h-Eileanan an Iar	373	88	461	3.0
Aberavon	745	251	996	2.7	North Ayrshire and Arran	1,775	656	2,431	4.3
Alyn and Deeside	691	249	940	1.9	North East Fife	610	241	851	1.8
Blaenau Gwent	1,348	429	1,777	4.3	Ochil and South Perthshire	901	406	1,307	2.3
Brecon and Radnorshire	486	207	693	1.8	Orkney and Shetland	272	97	369	1.5
Bridgend	814	328	1,142	2.5	Paisley and Renfrewshire North	947	308	1,255	2.3
Caerleon	530	177	707	2.1	Paisley and Renfrewshire South	1,354	408	1,762	3.4
Caerphilly	1,248	416	1,664	3.1	Perth and North Perthshire	813	301	1,114	2.1
Cardiff Central	1,062	326	1,388	2.6	Ross, Skye and Lochaber	486	153	639	1.7
Cardiff North	500	201	701	1.4	Rutherglen and Hamilton West	1,369	507	1,876	3.1
Cardiff South and Penarth	1,315	377	1,692	3.2	Stirling	819	291	1,110	2.1
Cardiff West	1,105	318	1,423	3.0	West Aberdeenshire and Kincardine	294	127	421	0.8
Carmarthen East and Dinefwr	509	219	728	1.8	West Dunbartonshire	1,753	554	2,307	4.0
Carmarthen West and South Pembrokeshire	582	178	760	1.8	NORTHERN IRELAND	21,877	8,383	30,260	2.9
Ceredigion	458	185	643	1.4	Belfast East	908	287	1,195	2.6
Clwyd South	495	188	683	1.6	Belfast North	1,819	482	2,301	4.8
Clwyd West	583	175	758	2.0	Belfast South	1,158	468	1,626	2.6
Conwy	759	254	1,013	2.4	Belfast West	2,566	600	3,166	6.2
Cynon Valley	835	279	1,114	3.0	East Antrim	1,134	409	1,543	2.9
Delyn	586	222	808	1.9	East Londonderry	1,224	573	1,797	3.3
Gower	557	212	769	1.8	Fermanagh and South Tyrone	936	514	1,450	2.6
Islwyn	761	286	1,047	2.7	Foyle	2,686	857	3,543	5.4
Llanelli	842	282	1,124	2.6	Lagan Valley	662	302	964	1.5
Meirionnydd Nant Conwy	319	112	431	1.8	Mid Ulster	596	391	987	1.8
Merthyr Tydfil and Rhymney	1,212	360	1,572	3.6	Newry and Armagh	1,130	468	1,598	2.5
Monmouth	530	216	746	1.7	North Antrim	969	460	1,429	2.3
Montgomeryshire	348	136	484	1.4	North Down	847	308	1,155	2.2
Neath	859	301	1,160	2.7	South Antrim	811	343	1,154	1.8
Newport East	791	290	1,081	2.4	South Down	1,082	436	1,518	2.3
Newport West	1,012	316	1,328	2.8	Strangford	971	345	1,316	2.1
Ogmore	793	322	1,115	2.7	Upper Bann	926	412	1,338	2.1
Pontypridd	826	283	1,109	2.0	West Tyrone	1,452	728	2,180	4.0
Preseli Pembrokeshire	709	261	970	2.4					
Rhondda	1,011	343	1,354	3.2					
Swansea East	989	307	1,296	2.8					
Swansea West	1,000	340	1,340	3.0					
Torfaen	794	259	1,053	2.2					
Vale of Clwyd	683	227	910	2.3					
Vale of Glamorgan	1,013	351	1,364	2.4					
Wrexham	594	212	806	1.9					
Ynys Mon	937	255	1,192	3.0					

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 02075336094

a Percentages of working age population of the area. Denominators for constituencies relate to mid-2001, except for Northern Ireland where they relate to mid-2003. These proportions are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables F.1 and A.3. For further details see p55, Labour Market Trends, February 2003.

CLAIMANT COUNT
Claimant count area statistics: Constituencies of the Scottish Parliament **F.14**
At August 11 2005

	Male	Female	All	Percentage of working-age population ^a
SCOTLAND	66,052	23,343	89,395	2.8
Aberdeen Central	797	216	1,013	2.1
Aberdeen North	425	162	587	1.3
Aberdeen South	554	205	759	1.6
Airdrie and Shotts	1,082	485	1,567	3.3
Angus	977	348	1,325	2.8
Argyll and Bute	686	248	934	2.5
Ayr	1,056	374	1,430	3.5
Banff and Buchan	492	251	743	1.6
Caithness, Sutherland and Easter Ross	651	220	871	2.8
Carrick, Cumnock and Doon Valley	1,303	498	1,801	3.6
Central Fife	1,545	559	2,104	4.6
Clydebank and Milngavie	976	320	1,296	3.2
Clydesdale	807	370	1,177	2.3
Coatbridge and Chryston	866	343	1,209	2.8
Cumbernauld and Kilsyth	732	269	1,001	2.4
Cunningham North	1,285	462	1,747	4.2
Cunningham South	1,418	630	2,048	5.0
Dumbarton	1,120	382	1,502	3.1
Dumfries	847	341	1,188	2.4
Dundee East	1,665	478	2,143	4.9
Dundee West	1,345	408	1,753	3.8
Dunfermline East	1,252	415	1,667	4.0
Dunfermline West	952	364	1,316	3.1
East Kilbride	813	301	1,114	2.1
East Lothian	470	156	626	1.4
Eastwood	579	217	796	1.5
Edinburgh Central	1,004	321	1,325	2.3
Edinburgh East and Musselburgh	948	324	1,272	2.8
Edinburgh North and Leith	1,252	427	1,679	3.2
Edinburgh Pentlands	671	279	950	2.0
Edinburgh South	619	264	883	1.7
Edinburgh West	746	243	989	2.1
Falkirk East	924	346	1,270	2.7
Falkirk West	951	338	1,289	3.0
Galloway and Upper Nithsdale	679	295	974	2.5
Glasgow Anniesland	1,169	341	1,510	4.0
Glasgow Baillieston	1,174	378	1,552	4.0
Glasgow Cathcart	919	290	1,209	3.0
Glasgow Govan	1,390	426	1,816	4.6
Glasgow Kelvin	1,386	417	1,803	3.7
Glasgow Maryhill	1,714	574	2,288	5.6
Glasgow Pollok	1,243	387	1,630	4.4
Glasgow Rutherglen	828	315	1,143	2.9
Glasgow Shettleston	1,336	359	1,695	4.7
Glasgow Springburn	1,551	461	2,012	4.7
Gordon	356	152	508	1.0
Greenock and Inverclyde	1,438	381	1,819	4.8
Hamilton North and Bellshill	1,027	376	1,403	3.2
Hamilton South	818	300	1,118	2.9
Inverness East, Nairn and Lochaber	697	242	939	1.8
Kilmarnock and Loudoun	1,529	628	2,157	4.4
Kirkcaldy	1,599	565	2,164	5.6
Linlithgow	794	308	1,102	2.5
Livingston	901	355	1,256	2.2
Midlothian	573	225	798	2.1
Moray	639	275	914	1.9
Motherwell and Wishaw	1,036	382	1,418	3.5
North East Fife	526	206	732	1.6
North Tayside	679	303	982	2.2
Ochil	901	392	1,293	2.8
Orkney and Shetland	272	97	369	1.5
Paisley North	963	299	1,262	3.4
Paisley South	1,048	324	1,372	3.4
Perth	681	239	920	1.9
Ross, Skye and Inverness West	726	247	973	2.2
Roxburgh and Berwickshire	357	157	514	1.5
Stirling	665	238	903	2.1
Strathkelvin and Bearsden	668	244	912	1.8
Tweeddale, Ettrick and Lauderdale	464	154	618	1.6
West Aberdeenshire and Kincardine	296	130	426	0.8
West Renfrewshire	827	229	1,056	2.5
Western Isles	373	88	461	3.0

a Percentages of working age population of the area. Denominators for constituencies relate to mid-2001. These proportions are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables F.1 and A.3. For further details see p55, Labour Market Trends, February 2003.

F.21 CLAIMANT COUNT

Claimant count flows^a

Thousands

UNITED KINGDOM	INFLOW								
		NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED			SEASONALLY ADJUSTED				
		All	Male	Female	All	Change since previous month	Male	Female	
Month ending									
2004	Aug 12	207.5	141.7	65.9	197.4	1.4	140.4	57.0	
	Sep 9	202.1	139.3	62.8	198.3	0.9	141.1	57.2	
	Oct 14	210.4	147.5	62.8	200.3	2.0	142.5	57.8	
	Nov 11	205.7	147.4	58.3	198.9	-1.4	141.9	57.0	
	Dec 9	200.2	147.0	53.1	201.2	2.3	143.1	58.1	
2005	Jan 13	200.1	143.9	56.2	197.7	-3.5	141.2	56.5	
	Feb 10	230.2	164.5	65.7	201.5	3.8	143.9	57.6	
	Mar 10	211.3	152.3	59.0	203.9	2.4	146.0	57.9	
	Apr 14	197.8	141.0	56.9	204.4	0.5	145.8	58.6	
	May 12	202.3	146.5	55.9	211.7	7.3	151.7	60.0	
	Jun 9	198.9	141.6	57.3	204.9	-6.8	146.3	58.6	
	Jul 14 R	216.6	149.6	67.0	201.3	-3.6	143.8	57.5	
	Aug 11 P	213.1	145.6	67.5	203.1	1.8	144.7	58.4	
 UNITED KINGDOM OUTFLOW									
UNITED KINGDOM	OUTFLOW	NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED			SEASONALLY ADJUSTED				
		All	Male	Female	All	Change since previous month	Male	Female	
Month ending									
2004	Aug 12	202.2	143.6	58.7	200.2	-6.2	143.2	57.0	
	Sep 9	223.5	153.5	70.0	200.9	0.7	143.6	57.3	
	Oct 14	228.6	157.5	71.1	198.6	-2.3	141.5	57.1	
	Nov 11	209.8	146.6	63.2	203.4	4.8	145.2	58.2	
	Dec 9	192.4	136.0	56.4	206.5	3.1	147.6	58.9	
2005	Jan 13	146.5	104.2	42.2	213.0	6.5	153.3	59.7	
	Feb 10	216.2	156.1	60.0	200.1	-12.9	143.0	57.1	
	Mar 10	214.2	154.1	60.1	192.9	-7.2	137.7	55.2	
	Apr 14	207.0	148.7	58.2	195.9	3.0	140.5	55.4	
	May 12	206.9	148.1	58.8	199.4	3.5	140.4	59.0	
	Jun 9	209.1	150.5	58.6	199.2	-0.2	142.1	57.1	
	Jul 14 R	205.5	147.7	57.8	199.1	-0.1	142.0	57.1	
	Aug 11 P	202.5	143.5	59.0	200.0	0.9	142.8	57.2	

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

^a Flow figures are collected for four or five-week periods between count dates; the figures in the table are converted to a standard 4 $\frac{1}{3}$ -week month.

R Seasonally adjusted figures are revised.

P Seasonally adjusted figures are provisional.

CLAIMANT COUNT
Destination of leavers from the claimant count by duration
F.24
Leavers between 15 July and 11 August 2005

UNITED KINGDOM	Duration of claim					Total
	Less than 13 weeks	13 to 26 weeks	26 to 52 weeks	52 to 104 weeks	More than 104 weeks	
Thousands						
Found work	43.5	13.9	9.0	2.5	0.5	69.3
Works on average 16+ hours per week	1.4	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	1.8
Gone abroad	6.3	2.5	1.5	0.4	0.1	10.7
Claimed Income Support	1.5	1.2	0.8	0.3	0.1	4.0
Claimed Incapacity Benefit	2.8	1.8	1.6	0.8	0.2	7.2
Claimed another benefit	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.3	0.2	2.7
Full-time education	0.8	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.9
Approved training	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3
Government-supported training	3.7	1.5	3.3	1.6	0.5	10.6
Retirement age reached	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.3
Automatic credits	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Gone to prison	0.8	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.0	1.3
Attending court	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Defective claim	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.3
Ceased claiming	1.6	0.6	0.7	0.2	0.1	3.2
Deceased	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Not known	8.4	2.8	2.4	0.9	0.4	15.0
Failed to sign	34.1	11.9	7.1	1.8	0.4	55.3
New claim review	0.6	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.0	1.0
Total	108.0	37.7	27.6	9.1	2.5	185.0
As a percentage of those with a known destination						
Found work	66.5	60.5	49.4	39.3	26.6	
Works on average 16+ hours per week	2.1	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.5	
Gone abroad	9.6	10.7	8.1	6.2	4.4	
Claimed Income Support	2.3	5.0	4.6	5.2	7.3	
Claimed Incapacity Benefit	4.3	7.9	8.8	12.2	13.1	
Claimed another benefit	1.4	2.9	3.3	4.7	10.5	
Full-time education	1.1	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.0	
Approved training	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	
Government-supported training	5.6	6.4	18.2	25.8	27.8	
Retirement age reached	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.7	3.6	
Automatic credits	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.8	
Gone to prison	1.2	1.3	0.9	0.9	0.9	
Attending court	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.2	
Defective claim	1.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Ceased claiming	2.4	2.8	4.1	3.0	3.0	
Deceased	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	
New claim review	1.0	0.8	0.7	0.9	1.0	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	

Note: Computerised claims only.

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

F.25 CLAIMANT COUNT

Average duration of claims by age

Quarter ending July 2005

Age (years)	Off-flows (thousands)			Mean duration (weeks)			Median duration (weeks)		
	Female	Male	All	Female	Male	All	Female	Male	All
United Kingdom									
16-17	6.7	8.0	14.7	9	8	9	7	6	7
18-19	28.1	48.8	76.9	14	13	13	10	9	9
20-24	39.5	101.9	141.4	14	14	14	9	10	10
25-29	18.5	61.5	80.0	15	18	17	9	11	10
30-34	13.8	51.3	65.1	17	20	20	10	12	11
35-39	13.5	44.8	58.2	18	22	21	10	12	12
40-44	14.0	37.9	51.9	18	22	21	10	12	11
45-49	13.7	30.0	43.7	18	23	21	10	12	11
50-54	12.7	25.6	38.2	18	23	22	10	11	11
55-59	12.0	23.8	35.8	24	28	26	12	11	11
60 and over	n/a	8.1	8.2	n/a	32	32	n/a	11	11
All ages	172.6	441.6	614.2	16	19	18	9	11	10
North East									
16-17	0.4	0.5	1.0	7	8	7	5	5	5
18-19	1.8	3.2	5.0	14	14	14	10	10	10
20-24	2.0	6.5	8.4	13	14	14	9	9	9
25-29	0.8	3.5	4.2	14	17	16	9	10	10
30-34	0.5	2.7	3.2	16	20	19	10	11	11
35-39	0.6	2.3	2.9	19	20	20	10	11	10
40-44	0.7	2.0	2.7	17	21	20	10	10	10
45-49	0.7	1.9	2.5	16	18	18	9	10	10
50-54	0.6	1.7	2.4	18	21	20	12	9	10
55-59	0.6	1.7	2.3	23	27	26	11	9	9
60 and over	n/a	0.6	0.6	n/a	30	30	n/a	8	8
All ages	8.6	26.6	35.2	15	18	17	9	10	10
North West									
16-17	0.8	1.0	1.8	9	8	8	7	6	7
18-19	3.8	6.8	10.6	13	13	13	9	9	9
20-24	5.1	13.9	18.9	13	14	14	8	9	9
25-29	2.0	7.9	9.9	15	17	17	9	10	10
30-34	1.5	6.4	7.9	16	18	18	9	11	10
35-39	1.5	5.4	6.9	16	20	19	9	11	11
40-44	1.6	4.2	5.8	16	20	19	9	11	10
45-49	1.6	3.3	4.9	16	22	20	8	11	10
50-54	1.4	2.9	4.3	15	21	19	8	10	9
55-59	1.3	2.6	3.9	22	25	24	10	10	10
60 and over	n/a	0.8	0.8	n/a	29	29	n/a	9	9
All ages	20.5	55.2	75.6	15	17	17	9	10	10
Yorkshire and the Humber									
16-17	0.9	1.0	1.9	8	7	7	6	5	6
18-19	2.6	4.8	7.4	14	13	13	10	9	10
20-24	3.5	9.9	13.4	13	14	13	8	10	9
25-29	1.7	6.0	7.7	16	16	16	9	10	10
30-34	1.2	5.0	6.2	16	19	18	10	11	11
35-39	1.1	4.0	5.2	17	19	19	10	12	11
40-44	1.2	3.3	4.5	16	22	20	9	12	11
45-49	1.2	2.6	3.8	16	20	19	9	11	11
50-54	1.1	2.3	3.4	16	20	19	9	10	10
55-59	1.0	2.2	3.2	22	27	25	12	11	11
60 and over	n/a	0.7	0.7	n/a	32	32	n/a	11	11
All ages	15.6	41.8	57.4	15	17	17	9	10	10
East Midlands									
16-17	0.5	0.6	1.1	9	9	9	6	7	6
18-19	1.7	2.8	4.5	14	14	14	11	10	10
20-24	2.4	6.1	8.5	14	15	15	9	10	10
25-29	1.1	3.6	4.7	16	18	18	10	11	11
30-34	0.8	3.0	3.8	17	20	20	10	12	12
35-39	0.9	2.6	3.5	18	21	20	11	12	12
40-44	0.9	2.2	3.2	18	20	20	11	11	11
45-49	1.0	1.8	2.8	18	23	21	10	11	11
50-54	1.0	1.6	2.6	17	25	22	10	12	11
55-59	1.0	1.6	2.6	25	25	25	13	11	11
60 and over	n/a	0.6	0.6	n/a	36	36	n/a	12	12
All ages	11.3	26.5	37.8	17	19	18	10	11	10
West Midlands									
16-17	0.4	0.5	1.0	8	8	8	7	7	7
18-19	2.7	4.7	7.4	14	13	14	10	9	10
20-24	3.8	10.1	13.8	15	14	14	10	10	10
25-29	1.6	5.9	7.6	16	18	18	9	11	10
30-34	1.3	5.0	6.3	17	21	20	9	11	11
35-39	1.2	4.5	5.7	17	20	20	9	10	10
40-44	1.3	3.8	5.1	18	20	20	9	10	10
45-49	1.3	3.0	4.3	19	20	20	10	9	9
50-54	1.2	2.6	3.8	17	21	20	9	10	10
55-59	1.2	2.3	3.5	23	26	25	11	10	10
60 and over	n/a	0.9	0.9	n/a	31	31	n/a	11	11
All ages	15.9	43.4	59.2	16	18	18	9	10	10
East									
16-17	0.4	0.5	0.9	10	10	10	8	8	8
18-19	2.0	3.3	5.4	13	12	13	9	9	9
20-24	2.8	6.4	9.1	13	13	13	8	9	9
25-29	1.3	4.1	5.3	14	16	15	9	10	10
30-34	1.1	3.5	4.6	14	18	17	9	11	10
35-39	1.1	3.1	4.2	15	19	18	9	12	11
40-44	1.1	2.7	3.8	18	19	19	10	11	11
45-49	1.1	2.1	3.2	17	20	19	9	12	11
50-54	1.1	1.9	3.0	17	20	19	9	10	10
55-59	1.1	2.0	3.1	20	23	22	10	11	11
60 and over	n/a	0.7	0.7	n/a	24	24	n/a	12	12
All ages	13.1	30.5	43.5	15	17	16	9	10	10

n/a Not applicable

Note: Claims in this table terminated in the May to July 2005 accounting months. Totals might not sum exactly due to rounding.

CLAIMANT COUNT
Average duration of claims by age F.25
Quarter ending July 2005

Age (years)	Off-flows (thousands)			Mean duration (weeks)			Median duration (weeks)		
	Female	Male	All	Female	Male	All	Female	Male	All
London									
16-17	0.6	0.6	1.2	12	12	12	8	8	8
18-19	3.9	6.0	9.8	15	15	15	12	11	12
20-24	6.8	14.2	21.0	16	17	17	12	12	12
25-29	4.0	9.4	13.4	19	23	22	10	13	12
30-34	2.8	8.4	11.3	21	27	26	12	15	14
35-39	2.5	7.7	10.3	23	27	26	14	16	15
40-44	2.4	6.2	8.6	25	32	30	14	17	16
45-49	2.1	4.3	6.5	23	31	29	14	17	16
50-54	1.8	3.1	4.9	27	35	32	13	16	15
55-59	1.5	2.6	4.1	34	42	39	16	17	17
60 and over	n/a	0.9	0.9	n/a	61	62	n/a	17	17
All ages	28.4	63.4	91.8	20	25	23	12	14	13
South East									
16-17	0.5	0.6	1.1	10	9	10	8	7	7
18-19	2.4	4.2	6.6	13	12	12	9	8	9
20-24	3.3	8.4	11.7	13	13	13	9	9	9
25-29	1.7	5.4	7.1	14	16	16	9	10	10
30-34	1.4	4.6	6.0	16	19	18	10	12	11
35-39	1.4	4.4	5.8	16	20	19	9	11	11
40-44	1.4	3.8	5.2	16	20	19	9	12	11
45-49	1.5	3.2	4.7	16	21	19	9	12	11
50-54	1.4	2.8	4.2	17	21	20	10	12	11
55-59	1.5	2.7	4.2	20	23	22	11	11	11
60 and over	n/a	1.0	1.0	n/a	22	22	n/a	10	10
All ages	16.5	41.1	57.6	15	17	17	9	10	10
South West									
16-17	0.4	0.4	0.9	9	9	9	8	7	8
18-19	1.8	2.9	4.7	12	11	12	8	8	8
20-24	2.3	5.7	8.0	12	12	12	8	8	8
25-29	1.2	3.7	4.9	12	14	14	8	9	9
30-34	1.0	3.2	4.1	13	16	15	8	10	9
35-39	0.9	2.8	3.7	14	17	16	8	10	10
40-44	1.0	2.5	3.5	15	16	16	9	9	9
45-49	1.0	1.9	2.9	14	18	17	9	10	10
50-54	0.9	1.7	2.7	16	18	17	9	9	9
55-59	1.0	1.8	2.7	20	20	20	10	9	9
60 and over	n/a	0.6	0.6	n/a	23	23	n/a	9	9
All ages	11.3	27.3	38.6	14	15	15	8	9	9
England									
16-17	5.0	5.9	10.8	9	8	9	7	7	7
18-19	22.6	38.6	61.2	14	13	13	10	9	10
20-24	32.0	81.0	113.0	14	14	14	9	10	10
25-29	15.3	49.4	64.7	15	18	17	9	11	10
30-34	11.6	41.8	53.4	17	20	20	10	12	11
35-39	11.2	36.8	48.0	18	21	21	10	12	12
40-44	11.5	30.9	42.5	18	22	21	10	12	11
45-49	11.4	24.3	35.6	18	22	21	10	12	11
50-54	10.5	20.7	31.2	18	22	21	10	11	10
55-59	10.1	19.3	29.5	23	26	25	12	11	11
60 and over	n/a	6.9	6.9	n/a	30	31	n/a	11	11
All ages	141.2	355.7	496.9	16	19	18	10	11	10
Wales									
16-17	0.4	0.4	0.8	7	7	7	6	5	5
18-19	1.7	3.2	4.9	13	13	13	9	9	9
20-24	2.2	6.0	8.2	13	13	13	8	9	9
25-29	0.9	3.4	4.3	13	16	15	7	10	9
30-34	0.6	2.6	3.2	14	19	18	8	10	10
35-39	0.6	2.1	2.7	16	19	19	8	10	10
40-44	0.7	1.9	2.6	15	21	19	8	10	10
45-49	0.6	1.5	2.1	16	21	19	9	11	10
50-54	0.6	1.3	1.9	17	22	21	9	9	9
55-59	0.5	1.3	1.8	25	26	26	12	10	11
60 and over	n/a	0.3	0.3	n/a	26	26	n/a	9	9
All ages	8.8	24.0	32.9	14	17	16	8	9	9
Scotland									
16-17	1.3	1.7	3.0	9	9	9	7	7	7
18-19	3.0	5.4	8.4	14	13	14	9	9	9
20-24	3.9	11.3	15.2	14	14	14	9	10	9
25-29	1.7	7.0	8.7	15	17	17	9	11	10
30-34	1.3	5.5	6.8	15	20	19	9	12	11
35-39	1.4	4.8	6.2	17	23	21	10	13	12
40-44	1.5	4.2	5.6	17	22	21	10	13	12
45-49	1.4	3.5	5.0	19	24	22	11	12	12
50-54	1.3	3.0	4.2	18	25	22	10	12	11
55-59	1.2	2.7	3.9	28	30	29	13	13	13
60 and over	n/a	0.8	0.8	n/a	30	30	n/a	12	12
All ages	17.9	49.9	67.8	16	19	18	9	11	10
Northern Ireland									
16-17	0.0	0.1	0.1	9	7	8	6	4	5
18-19	0.8	1.6	2.4	15	14	15	10	10	10
20-24	1.4	3.5	4.9	13	16	15	7	11	10
25-29	0.6	1.7	2.3	14	22	20	7	12	11
30-34	0.3	1.3	1.6	18	30	27	9	15	13
35-39	0.3	1.0	1.3	21	33	30	11	18	15
40-44	0.3	0.9	1.2	24	32	30	12	17	16
45-49	0.3	0.7	1.0	21	38	33	10	19	15
50-54	0.3	0.6	0.8	33	44	40	12	18	16
55-59	0.2	0.5	0.7	39	85	70	13	20	16
60 and over	n/a	0.2	0.2	n/a	114	114	n/a	23	23
All ages	4.7	12.0	16.7	18	28	25	9	13	12

n/a Notapplicable

Note: Claims in this table terminated in the May to July 2005 accounting months. Totals might not sum exactly due to rounding.

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

G.1 VACANCIES

Vacancies^a

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM	Monthly estimates		Average for 3 months ending in month shown ^b			
	Level	Level	Change on 3 months	Percentage change	Vacancy ratio ^c	
				AP3L		
	AP2X	AP2Y	AP3K	AP3L	AP2Z	
2001 Apr	678.0					
May	660.9					
Jun	659.3	667.1				2.6
Jul	657.6	660.9				2.6
Aug	629.3	647.9				2.5
Sep	661.6	649.7	-17.4	-2.6		2.5
Oct	591.5	625.6	-35.3	-5.3		2.4
Nov	592.3	613.3	-34.6	-5.3		2.4
Dec	597.0	589.3	-60.4	-9.3		2.3
2002 Jan	597.4	598.7	-26.9	-4.3		2.3
Feb	619.7	607.9	-5.4	-0.9		2.4
Mar	605.2	609.0	19.7	3.3		2.4
Apr	609.6	609.9	11.2	1.9		2.4
May	597.8	603.5	-4.4	-0.7		2.3
Jun	610.6	607.0	-2.0	-0.3		2.4
Jul	595.8	603.1	-6.8	-1.1		2.3
Aug	603.0	602.3	-1.2	-0.2		2.3
Sep	598.4	599.2	-7.8	-1.3		2.3
Oct	600.8	598.8	-4.3	-0.7		2.3
Nov	603.1	598.9	-3.4	-0.6		2.3
Dec	590.6	593.9	-5.3	-0.9		2.3
2003 Jan	590.0	597.7	-1.1	-0.2		2.3
Feb	582.5	590.9	-8.0	-1.3		2.3
Mar	582.2	586.5	-7.4	-1.2		2.3
Apr	578.5	579.5	-18.2	-3.0		2.2
May	585.8	581.5	-9.4	-1.6		2.2
Jun	554.9	574.1	-12.4	-2.1		2.2
Jul	564.4	570.0	-9.5	-1.6		2.2
Aug	594.3	570.3	-11.2	-1.9		2.2
Sep	593.3	584.2	10.1	1.8		2.3
Oct	599.1	593.7	23.7	4.2		2.3
Nov	612.7	599.9	29.6	5.2		2.3
Dec	610.8	603.3	19.1	3.3		2.3
2004 Jan	591.9	608.3	14.6	2.5		2.4
Feb	621.2	611.2	11.3	1.9		2.3
Mar	631.2	616.4	13.1	2.2		2.4
Apr	618.1	623.3	15.0	2.5		2.4
May	635.9	628.4	17.2	2.8		2.4
Jun	645.2	632.6	16.2	2.6		2.4
Jul	657.0	646.5	23.2	3.7		2.5
Aug R	640.7	647.2	18.8	3.0		2.5
Sep	625.4	641.1	8.5	1.3		2.5
Oct	652.7	637.1	-9.4	-1.5		2.4
Nov	649.4	640.7	-6.5	-1.0		2.5
Dec	654.8	648.0	6.9	1.1		2.5
2005 Jan	655.2	655.0	17.9	2.8		2.5
Feb	631.2	647.4	6.7	1.0		2.5
Mar	619.3	636.9	-11.1	-1.7		2.4
Apr	648.7	632.9	-22.1	-3.4		2.4
May R	646.7	639.1	-8.3	-1.3		2.5
Jun R	630.6	641.8	4.9	0.8		2.5
Jul R	638.3	638.4	5.5	0.9		2.5
Aug P	624.2	631.7	-7.4	-1.2		2.4

Source: ONS Vacancy Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 02075336094^a Excludes Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing.^b The three-month averages shown often differ slightly from the corresponding averages of individual monthly estimates. This is because the two series have been seasonally adjusted independently.^c Ratio of vacancies per 100 employee jobs.R Revised
P Provisional**SAMPLING VARIABILITY OF VACANCY SURVEY RESULTS**

The following are estimated 95 per cent confidence intervals for the Vacancy Survey results. These are approximate only, especially those for changes over the year which are more difficult to estimate than those for the levels of vacancies. They nevertheless provide useful guidelines as to the precision of the results. Estimates of sampling variability of changes on three months ago are not currently available, but are expected to be rather less than those indicated for changes on the year.

	Level	Sampling variability	Change on year	Sampling variability
June to August 2005 average total vacancies				
Levels (000s)	631.7	± 22	-15.5	± 18
Vacancy ratio (per 100 employee jobs)	2.4	± 0.1	-0.1	± 0.1
August 2005 single month estimate				
Level (000s)	624.2	± 38	-16.5	± 30

VACANCIES

Vacancies by industry: seasonally adjusted

G.2

Seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM SIC 1992 SECTIONS		VACANCIES											
		Average level for 3 months ending		All vacancies ^a	Energy and water (nsa) ^b	Manu- facturing	Construc- tion	Distribu- tion, hotels and restau- rants	Transport and communi- cations	Finance and business services	Education, health and public admin ^c	Other services (nsa) ^b	Total services
		(C-O)	(C, E)	(D)	(F)	(G-H)	(I)	(J-K)	(L-N)	(O)	(G-O)		
		AP2Y	AP32	AP33	AP34	AP35	AP36	AP37	AP38	AP39	AP3A		
2003	Aug	570.3	2.5	50.2	24.0	172.0	48.4	104.0	140.6	28.6	493.6		
	Sep	584.2	2.7	52.5	23.5	172.9	50.0	109.3	142.8	30.5	505.5		
	Oct	593.7	2.8	54.2	23.3	174.9	50.1	111.3	143.8	33.4	513.5		
	Nov	599.9	2.7	55.0	24.1	174.6	49.5	112.3	145.8	35.9	518.1		
	Dec	603.3	2.6	55.6	25.1	176.6	49.2	117.1	142.1	35.1	520.1		
2004	Jan	608.3	2.2	56.5	25.3	183.6	50.2	119.6	140.4	30.5	524.3		
	Feb	611.2	2.1	57.0	23.0	185.4	50.7	123.5	140.1	29.4	529.1		
	Mar	616.4	2.1	56.9	23.6	187.0	50.1	123.9	139.9	32.8	533.7		
	Apr	623.3	2.3	58.7	22.9	185.7	48.5	126.4	142.5	36.3	539.4		
	May	628.4	2.5	59.9	22.5	189.5	48.6	122.8	142.2	40.3	543.4		
	Jun	632.6	2.5	62.6	20.4	187.2	47.4	131.2	145.1	36.2	547.1		
	Jul	646.5	2.6	62.1	21.4	191.9	48.0	136.5	148.0	36.1	560.5		
	Aug R	647.2	2.7	64.1	22.9	191.4	46.6	138.3	147.8	33.5	557.6		
	Sep	641.1	2.8	60.5	23.5	190.1	44.5	138.7	146.1	34.8	554.2		
	Oct	637.1	2.9	59.7	23.9	189.4	43.9	137.2	145.2	34.9	550.6		
	Nov	640.7	2.8	58.6	23.1	190.8	45.5	143.4	142.5	34.1	556.3		
	Dec	648.0	2.8	59.7	23.3	195.8	48.3	142.6	142.5	33.0	562.2		
2005	Jan	655.0	2.8	60.4	23.2	197.1	50.7	144.5	145.8	30.4	568.5		
	Feb	647.4	2.8	58.8	22.6	195.4	50.0	141.5	146.2	30.1	563.2		
	Mar	636.9	2.9	57.2	23.5	191.5	48.1	136.0	147.9	29.8	553.3		
	Apr	632.9	2.8	55.9	23.8	188.4	46.8	137.5	148.1	29.6	550.4		
	May R	639.1	3.0	54.1	24.1	188.1	47.5	139.2	153.0	30.1	557.9		
	Jun R	641.8	2.8	52.4	22.1	188.3	49.1	142.4	154.4	30.3	564.5		
	Jul R	638.4	2.7	50.4	18.2	188.1	48.4	144.2	154.0	32.3	567.0		
	Aug P	631.7	2.5	50.0	19.4	187.3	47.7	140.9	150.9	33.1	559.9		
Ratio per 100 employee jobs													
		AP2Z	AP3B	AP3C	AP3D	AP3E	AP3F	AP3G	AP3H	AP3I	AP3J		
2003	Aug	2.2	1.4	1.5	2.0	2.7	3.1	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.3		
	Sep	2.3	1.5	1.5	1.9	2.7	3.2	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.4		
	Oct	2.3	1.5	1.6	1.9	2.7	3.2	2.2	2.2	2.4	2.4		
	Nov	2.3	1.5	1.6	2.0	2.7	3.1	2.2	2.2	2.6	2.5		
	Dec	2.3	1.4	1.6	2.0	2.8	3.1	2.3	2.1	2.6	2.5		
2004	Jan	2.4	1.2	1.7	2.1	2.9	3.2	2.3	2.1	2.2	2.5		
	Feb	2.3	1.2	1.7	1.8	2.9	3.2	2.4	2.1	2.1	2.5		
	Mar	2.4	1.2	1.7	1.8	2.9	3.2	2.4	2.1	2.4	2.5		
	Apr	2.4	1.3	1.8	1.8	2.9	3.1	2.4	2.1	2.6	2.5		
	May	2.4	1.4	1.8	1.8	3.0	3.1	2.4	2.1	2.9	2.5		
	Jun	2.4	1.4	1.9	1.6	2.9	3.0	2.5	2.1	2.6	2.6		
	Jul	2.5	1.5	1.9	1.7	3.0	3.1	2.6	2.2	2.6	2.6		
	Aug R	2.5	1.5	2.0	1.8	3.0	3.0	2.7	2.2	2.4	2.6		
	Sep	2.5	1.6	1.9	1.8	3.0	2.8	2.7	2.2	2.5	2.6		
	Oct	2.4	1.6	1.8	1.9	3.0	2.8	2.6	2.1	2.5	2.6		
	Nov	2.5	1.6	1.8	1.8	3.0	2.9	2.8	2.1	2.5	2.6		
	Dec	2.5	1.6	1.8	1.8	3.1	3.1	2.8	2.1	2.4	2.6		
2005	Jan	2.5	1.6	1.8	1.8	3.1	3.2	2.8	2.1	2.2	2.7		
	Feb	2.5	1.6	1.8	1.8	3.0	3.2	2.7	2.2	2.2	2.6		
	Mar	2.4	1.6	1.7	1.8	3.0	3.1	2.6	2.2	2.2	2.6		
	Apr	2.4	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.9	3.0	2.7	2.2	2.2	2.6		
	May R	2.5	1.7	1.7	1.9	2.9	3.0	2.7	2.3	2.2	2.6		
	Jun R	2.5	1.6	1.6	1.7	2.9	3.1	2.7	2.3	2.2	2.6		
	Jul R	2.5	1.5	1.5	1.4	2.9	3.1	2.8	2.3	2.4	2.7		
	Aug P	2.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	2.9	3.1	2.7	2.2	2.4	2.6		

Source: ONS Vacancy Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

a Excludes Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing.

b Not seasonally adjusted. Energy and water and Other services do not display seasonality. Therefore the unadjusted series is the best estimate of a seasonally adjusted series.

c Includes both public and private sectors.

R Revised
P Provisional

G.3 VACANCIES

Vacancies by size of enterprise

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM	Averages for 3 months ending	Size of enterprise					
		All vacancies ^a	1-9 employed	10-49 employed	50-249 employed	250-2,499 employed	2,500 and over employed
		AP2Y	ALY5	ALY6	ALY7	ALY8	ALY9
2003 Aug	570.3	81.3	89.9	80.6	166.1	152.4	
Sep	584.2	83.5	92.4	83.6	168.8	155.9	
Oct	593.7	84.9	92.0	86.6	171.4	158.9	
Nov	599.9	82.8	94.8	87.5	171.1	163.7	
Dec	603.3	82.6	95.8	87.8	171.8	165.3	
2004 Jan	608.3	86.6	94.1	85.8	174.2	167.5	
Feb	611.2	88.0	93.5	85.3	175.4	169.0	
Mar	616.4	89.9	94.7	86.7	174.6	170.6	
Apr	623.3	88.6	95.7	87.1	179.5	172.4	
May	628.4	87.5	95.2	88.4	183.0	174.2	
Jun	632.6	88.7	96.9	88.2	183.4	175.4	
Jul	646.5	94.9	99.3	91.9	182.8	177.5	
Aug R	647.2	96.3	98.4	91.1	182.7	178.7	
Sep	641.1	95.1	95.0	93.6	180.5	176.8	
Oct	637.1	95.4	93.4	93.6	180.7	174.1	
Nov	640.7	99.5	91.2	95.1	182.6	172.4	
Dec	648.0	96.9	93.5	94.4	187.7	175.4	
2005 Jan	655.0	90.9	98.9	95.6	189.5	180.1	
Feb	647.4	83.9	98.4	91.8	186.5	186.9	
Mar	636.9	84.8	98.3	86.0	181.4	186.5	
Apr	632.9	86.9	97.4	87.7	177.0	184.0	
May R	639.1	92.7	99.4	88.5	178.3	180.1	
Jun R	641.8	92.1	98.2	89.0	183.5	179.0	
Jul R	638.4	95.0	97.4	85.4	181.3	179.3	
Aug P	631.7	98.6	93.3	81.2	179.6	179.1	

Source: ONS Vacancy Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

a Excludes Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing.

R Revised
P Provisional

G.4 VACANCIES

Vacancies by industry: not seasonally adjusted

Not seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM		All vacancies ^a	Mining and quarrying	Food products; beverages and tobacco	Textiles, leather and clothing	Chemicals and man-made fibres	Basic metals and metal products	Engi- neering and allied industries	Other manu- facturing	Elec- tricity, gas and water supply	Con- struction
SIC 1992 SECTIONS		(C-O)	(C)	(DA)	(DB,DC)	(DG)	(DJ)	(DK,DL, DM)	(DD,DE,DF, DH,DI,DN)	(E)	(F)
Levels (thousands)		YXWV	YXWU	YXWV	YXWW	YXWX	YXWY	YXWZ	YXXA	YXXB	YXWD
2002	Aug	614.4	12	13.1	3.8	5.7	5.3	15.5	19.5	1.7	25.1
	Sep	618.7	1.1	12.4	2.9	6.3	4.6	16.3	20.4	1.6	21.3
	Oct	636.4	0.9	13.3	3.1	6.3	5.2	16.4	19.5	1.4	20.1
	Nov	634.3	0.8	13.7	2.6	5.4	6.2	16.2	18.6	1.5	21.1
	Dec	598.5	0.7	12.8	2.8	4.8	6.7	14.9	15.5	1.4	20.0
2003	Jan	554.3	0.7	11.7	2.3	4.4	5.6	13.1	12.7	1.4	20.9
	Feb	545.1	0.8	11.7	2.1	4.2	4.6	13.0	13.5	1.5	20.7
	Mar	558.6	0.8	12.7	2.7	4.3	4.0	13.2	15.0	1.7	20.5
	Apr	573.0	0.8	12.9	2.3	4.3	3.8	13.1	15.8	1.8	21.3
	May	579.9	0.8	12.7	2.6	4.1	3.9	13.3	15.8	1.7	23.8
	Jun	579.3	0.9	12.7	2.8	3.9	3.5	12.6	16.2	1.7	25.0
	Jul	580.9	0.9	12.9	2.6	3.7	4.1	12.1	16.5	1.6	27.1
	Aug	582.4	0.9	12.2	2.8	3.6	5.7	12.2	16.7	1.6	25.6
	Sep	603.7	1.0	13.3	1.7	3.6	6.4	13.2	17.5	1.7	25.1
	Oct	631.3	1.1	14.0	2.0	3.6	6.7	14.2	18.6	1.7	24.3
	Nov	635.3	1.0	15.6	2.0	3.6	5.6	14.2	18.1	1.7	24.4
	Dec	607.9	0.9	12.3	1.8	3.7	5.4	14.8	17.9	1.7	23.1
2004	Jan	564.9	0.7	10.7	1.9	3.1	5.1	13.9	15.3	1.5	21.1
	Feb	565.4	0.7	9.2	1.9	3.4	5.8	14.4	15.3	1.4	20.0
	Mar	588.5	0.8	10.7	2.0	3.6	5.4	14.6	15.4	1.3	22.6
	Apr	616.0	0.9	11.3	1.9	4.1	5.9	16.2	17.7	1.4	23.2
	May	627.0	1.0	12.6	2.1	4.2	4.6	16.4	18.4	1.5	23.2
	Jun	638.3	0.9	13.5	2.5	3.9	6.6	16.5	20.4	1.6	22.0
	Jul	657.4	1.0	14.6	2.8	4.4	6.4	16.5	20.2	1.6	24.3
	Aug	656.8	1.0	14.2	3.2	4.2	7.4	17.5	20.3	1.7	23.9
	Sep	660.6	1.0	13.1	2.9	4.4	6.2	17.7	19.3	1.8	25.1
	Oct	674.7	1.0	12.6	2.9	4.3	6.4	18.2	20.3	1.9	24.9
	Nov	676.1	0.8	12.4	2.1	4.1	7.6	16.6	19.9	2.0	23.3
	Dec	652.6	0.8	11.6	2.3	3.9	7.0	16.0	19.2	2.0	21.3
2005	Jan	612.2	0.8	9.5	1.8	3.6	6.3	14.8	18.0	2.0	19.0
	Feb	603.4	0.9	8.6	1.8	4.0	4.4	15.5	17.8	1.9	19.5
	Mar	608.1	1.1	9.1	1.4	4.0	5.6	15.6	17.8	1.8	22.3
	Apr	625.3	1.1	9.2	1.4	3.7	6.0	16.7	17.8	1.7	24.0
	May R	637.0	1.3	8.5	1.5	3.4	6.4	16.3	16.9	1.7	25.2
	Jun R	647.4	1.2	8.2	1.7	3.6	6.0	16.4	17.5	1.6	24.2
	Jul R	651.0	1.3	8.4	1.7	4.5	5.9	16.4	16.8	1.4	21.3
	Aug P	641.3	1.2	8.3	1.3	4.4	5.6	16.2	16.9	1.3	20.4
Change on year Percent		-15.5	0.2	-5.9	-1.9	0.2	-1.8	-1.3	-3.4	-0.4	-3.5
		-2.4	20.0	-41.5	-59.4	4.8	-24.3	-7.4	-16.7	-23.5	-14.6
Ratio per 100 employee jobs		YXVZ	YXXK	YXXL	YXXM	YXXN	YXXO	YXXP	YXXQ	YXXR	YXWN
2002	Aug	24	1.7	2.8	1.9	2.4	1.2	1.4	1.8	1.3	2.1
	Sep	24	1.6	2.7	1.4	2.7	1.0	1.5	1.9	1.2	1.8
	Oct	25	1.3	2.9	1.5	2.7	1.1	1.5	1.8	1.1	1.7
	Nov	25	1.2	3.0	1.3	2.3	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.1	1.8
	Dec	23	1.1	2.7	1.4	2.1	1.5	1.3	1.4	1.1	1.7
2003	Jan	22	1.1	2.5	1.1	1.9	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.8
	Feb	21	1.2	2.6	1.2	1.9	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.7
	Mar	22	1.4	2.8	1.5	1.9	0.9	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.7
	Apr	22	1.4	2.8	1.3	1.9	0.9	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.7
	May	22	1.3	2.8	1.5	1.8	0.9	1.3	1.5	1.4	1.9
	Jun	22	1.4	2.8	1.6	1.7	0.8	1.2	1.5	1.4	2.0
	Jul	22	1.4	2.8	1.5	1.7	0.9	1.2	1.5	1.3	2.2
	Aug	23	1.5	2.7	1.6	1.6	1.3	1.2	1.6	1.3	2.1
	Sep	23	1.6	2.9	1.0	1.6	1.5	1.3	1.6	1.4	2.0
	Oct	24	1.8	3.1	1.1	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.7	1.4	2.0
	Nov	25	1.7	3.4	1.1	1.6	1.3	1.4	1.7	1.4	2.0
	Dec	23	1.4	2.7	1.0	1.7	1.2	1.4	1.7	1.4	1.9
2004	Jan	22	1.2	2.3	1.1	1.4	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.2	1.7
	Feb	22	1.2	2.1	1.2	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.2	1.6
	Mar	23	1.4	2.4	1.3	1.7	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.1	1.8
	Apr	24	1.5	2.6	1.2	2.0	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.2	1.8
	May	24	1.7	2.8	1.3	2.0	1.1	1.7	1.8	1.2	1.8
	Jun	25	1.6	3.1	1.6	1.9	1.6	1.7	1.9	1.3	1.7
	Jul	25	1.8	3.3	1.8	2.1	1.5	1.7	1.9	1.4	1.9
	Aug	25	1.7	3.2	2.1	2.0	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.4	1.9
	Sep	25	1.8	3.0	1.9	2.1	1.5	1.8	1.8	1.5	2.0
	Oct	26	1.7	2.9	1.9	2.0	1.5	1.8	1.9	1.6	1.9
	Nov	26	1.4	2.8	1.4	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.9	1.7	1.8
	Dec	25	1.4	2.6	1.5	1.9	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.7	1.7
2005	Jan	24	1.3	2.1	1.1	1.7	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.5
	Feb	23	1.5	1.9	1.2	1.9	1.0	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.5
	Mar	23	1.9	2.1	0.9	1.9	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.7
	Apr	24	1.9	2.1	0.9	1.7	1.4	1.7	1.7	1.4	1.9
	May R	24	2.2	1.9	1.0	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.5	2.0
	Jun R	25	2.0	1.8	1.1	1.7	1.4	1.7	1.7	1.3	1.9
	Jul R	25	2.1	1.9	0.9	2.1	1.3	1.6	1.6	1.2	1.7
	Aug P	25	2.1	1.9	0.9	2.1	1.3	1.6	1.6	1.1	1.6
Change on year		-0.1	0.4	-1.4	-1.2	0.1	-0.4	-0.1	-0.3	-0.3	-0.3

^a Excludes Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing.^b Includes both public and private sectors.^R Revised.^P Provisional.

VACANCIES

Vacancies by industry: not seasonally adjusted

G.4

Not seasonally adjusted

Whole-sale trade	Retail trade and repairs	Hotels and restaurants	Trans-port, storage and communication	Finan- cial inter- media-tion	Real estate renting and business activities	Public adminis-tration ^b	Educa-tion ^b	Health and social work ^b	Other services	UNITED KINGDOM	
										Average level for 3 months ending	
(G: 51)	(G: 50,52)	(H)	(I)	(J)	(K)	(L)	(M)	(N)	(O)	SIC 1992 SECTIONS	
YXXC	YXXD	YXXE	YXWF	YXXF	YXXG	YXXH	YXXI	YXXJ	YXWI	Levels (thousands)	
21.5	99.2	56.3	54.2	24.8	91.1	16.8	36.1	87.2	36.2	2002 Aug	
23.8	110.4	55.5	54.0	25.0	86.8	17.6	36.6	86.8	35.3	Sep	
24.5	124.1	58.8	57.2	24.1	87.9	17.2	36.8	87.9	31.6	Oct	
25.2	125.8	55.6	58.3	22.5	85.6	17.4	38.3	90.1	29.5	Nov	
23.4	110.0	51.9	56.1	21.8	82.7	17.1	37.9	87.9	30.0	Dec	
22.3	89.9	46.3	51.0	22.1	80.9	16.4	35.5	85.8	31.2	2003 Jan	
23.2	79.9	45.0	50.1	22.0	81.2	17.0	36.7	84.6	33.3	Feb	
24.9	79.2	47.5	50.4	23.5	84.2	17.1	36.9	82.8	37.0	Mar	
24.2	81.3	54.2	50.6	23.9	83.8	18.2	39.7	85.1	35.7	Apr	
21.6	82.8	59.8	48.3	25.3	84.2	18.6	41.5	84.1	34.9	May	
21.5	84.7	63.0	48.0	24.9	80.2	19.1	44.0	84.3	30.5	Jun	
22.4	86.3	63.3	46.2	25.2	80.8	19.7	44.1	81.8	29.7	Jul	
26.0	90.3	57.7	48.9	25.9	80.7	19.0	42.8	81.2	28.6	Aug	
26.0	98.4	58.2	52.0	26.2	84.2	19.4	42.0	83.3	30.5	Sep	
27.6	109.8	58.1	53.9	27.2	87.6	20.0	42.4	85.1	33.4	Oct	
25.3	115.8	58.0	52.2	27.5	85.4	20.5	41.9	86.6	35.9	Nov	
25.4	109.1	51.4	50.5	27.2	85.8	19.0	40.5	82.1	35.1	Dec	
24.3	98.9	48.0	46.8	26.7	83.9	17.3	37.1	77.8	30.5	2004 Jan	
27.5	88.8	49.1	47.2	29.9	87.0	17.0	37.4	79.8	29.4	Feb	
27.9	89.3	54.9	46.9	31.6	91.6	17.2	37.7	82.1	32.8	Mar	
27.7	90.6	58.9	48.2	33.5	95.0	17.6	40.0	85.6	36.3	Apr	
26.6	97.0	59.1	49.0	32.9	94.6	18.7	41.1	83.6	40.3	May	
26.8	100.8	56.0	47.8	33.3	100.9	19.6	43.2	85.8	36.2	Jun	
28.3	105.4	57.2	48.1	32.6	106.6	19.8	45.6	85.8	36.1	Jul	
29.0	106.7	57.2	46.8	31.9	108.1	19.3	44.6	86.2	33.5	Aug	
27.9	111.8	60.1	46.6	32.1	107.6	18.5	43.1	86.5	34.8	Sep	
29.7	121.1	59.2	47.7	32.9	107.9	19.1	43.4	86.4	34.9	Oct	
30.3	126.6	58.4	48.1	31.8	112.3	19.5	43.2	82.9	34.1	Nov	
29.6	121.7	53.8	49.6	31.1	107.5	19.8	43.1	79.1	33.0	Dec	
27.5	108.7	49.0	47.5	30.4	105.0	18.8	40.2	78.7	30.4	2005 Jan	
26.1	102.7	48.0	47.1	32.0	102.8	18.0	41.5	80.7	30.1	Feb	
27.9	100.6	47.8	45.0	32.7	101.7	18.5	41.7	83.6	29.8	Mar	
27.6	99.2	53.5	46.4	33.8	105.1	20.2	45.0	83.3	29.6	Apr	
27.0	99.4	54.6	47.5	34.4	108.5	20.7	47.2	86.5	30.1	May R	
28.0	100.3	55.9	49.5	36.2	108.9	21.0	49.4	87.6	30.3	Jun R	
27.1	106.5	53.7	48.6	37.2	110.1	20.2	49.1	88.4	32.3	Jul R	
26.2	108.4	54.1	47.9	36.2	106.4	19.9	47.4	85.9	33.1	Aug P	
-2.8	1.7	-3.1	1.1	4.3	-1.7	0.6	2.8	-0.3	-0.4	Change on year	
-9.7	1.6	-5.4	2.4	13.5	-1.6	3.1	6.3	-0.3	-1.2	Per cent	
YXXS	YXXT	YXXU	YXWP	YXXV	YXXW	YXXX	YXXX	YXXZ	YXWS	Ratio per 100 employee jobs	
1.9	2.9	3.2	3.4	22	2.3	1.2	1.6	3.1	2.6	2002 Aug	
2.1	3.2	3.2	3.4	22	2.2	1.2	1.7	3.1	2.6	Sep	
22	36	34	36	22	22	1.2	1.7	3.1	2.3	Oct	
22	36	32	37	20	22	1.2	1.7	3.2	2.1	Nov	
2.1	3.2	3.0	3.6	2.0	2.1	1.2	1.7	3.1	2.2	Dec	
2.0	2.6	2.7	3.2	20	2.0	1.1	1.6	3.0	2.3	2003 Jan	
2.1	2.3	2.5	3.2	20	2.0	1.1	1.6	2.9	2.4	Feb	
2.2	2.3	2.7	3.2	21	2.1	1.1	1.6	2.9	2.7	Mar	
22	24	30	32	22	21	1.2	1.8	2.9	2.6	Apr	
1.9	24	34	31	23	21	1.2	1.8	2.9	2.6	May	
1.9	24	35	30	23	20	1.3	1.9	2.9	2.2	Jun	
20	25	36	29	23	20	1.3	2.0	2.8	2.2	Jul	
23	26	32	31	23	20	1.3	1.9	2.8	2.1	Aug	
23	28	33	33	24	21	1.3	1.9	2.9	2.2	Sep	
25	32	33	34	25	22	1.3	1.9	2.9	2.4	Oct	
23	33	33	33	25	21	1.4	1.9	3.0	2.6	Nov	
23	32	29	32	25	21	1.3	1.8	2.8	2.6	Dec	
22	29	27	30	24	21	1.2	1.6	2.7	2.2	2004 Jan	
25	25	27	30	27	21	1.1	1.6	2.7	2.1	Feb	
25	26	30	30	29	22	1.1	1.6	2.8	2.4	Mar	
2.5	26	33	31	31	23	1.2	1.7	2.9	2.6	Apr	
2.4	28	33	31	30	23	1.2	1.8	2.8	2.9	May	
2.4	29	31	31	30	25	1.3	1.9	2.9	2.6	Jun	
2.5	30	32	31	30	26	1.3	2.0	2.9	2.6	Jul	
2.6	31	32	30	29	26	1.3	1.9	2.9	2.4	Aug	
2.5	32	33	30	29	26	1.2	1.9	2.9	2.5	Sep	
26	35	33	30	30	26	1.3	1.9	2.9	2.5	Oct	
27	36	32	31	29	27	1.3	1.9	2.8	2.5	Nov	
26	35	30	32	28	26	1.3	1.9	2.7	2.4	Dec	
25	31	27	30	29	25	1.2	1.8	2.7	2.2	2005 Jan	
23	29	27	30	29	25	1.2	1.8	2.7	2.2	Feb	
25	29	31	32	33	27	1.4	2.1	3.0	2.2	Mar	
24	28	30	30	31	27	1.4	2.0	2.9	2.2	Apr	
24	29	31	31	32	27	1.4	2.1	3.0	2.2	May R	
2.4	31	30	31	34	27	1.3	2.1	3.0	2.4	Jun R	
2.3	31	30	31	33	26	1.3	2.0	2.9	2.4	Jul R	
-0.2	0.0	-0.2	0.1	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	Aug P	

a Excludes Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing.
 b Includes both public and private sectors
 R Revised
 P Provisional

Source: ONS Vacancy Survey
 Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

H.31 REDUNDANCIES

Redundancies: levels and rates^a

Per cent, seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM	All		Male		Female	
	Level (000s)		Rate ^a		Level (000s)	
	BEAO	BEIR	BEIU	BEIX	BEJA	BEJD
All Spring quarters (Mar-May)						
1996	163	7.4	112	9.8	51	4.8
1997	161	7.2	107	9.2	55	5.0
1998	163	7.1	99	8.3	63	5.7
1999	180	7.7	120	9.9	59	5.2
2000	174	7.3	110	8.9	64	5.6
2001	164	6.8	106	8.5	58	5.0
2002	195	8.0	128	10.2	67	5.7
2003	157	6.4	104	8.3	53	4.5
2004	146	5.9	93	7.4	52	4.4
2005	129	5.2	78	6.2	50	4.2
3-months averages						
May-Jul 2003	150	6.1	103	8.2	47	3.9
Jun-Aug (Sum)	158	6.4	106	8.4	52	4.4
Jul-Sep	158	6.5	102	8.1	56	4.7
Aug-Oct	156	6.4	100	7.9	56	4.7
Sep-Nov (Aut)	152	6.2	96	7.7	55	4.7
Oct-Dec	139	5.7	91	7.3	48	4.0
Nov 2003-Jan 2004	139	5.7	90	7.2	49	4.1
Dec 2003-Feb 2004 (Win)	131	5.4	80	6.4	51	4.2
Jan-Mar 2004	139	5.7	90	7.2	49	4.1
Feb-Apr	141	5.8	92	7.4	49	4.1
Mar-May (Spr)	146	5.9	93	7.4	52	4.4
Apr-Jun	147	6.0	90	7.1	57	4.7
May-Jul	141	5.8	82	6.5	59	5.0
Jun-Aug (Sum)	139	5.7	83	6.6	56	4.6
Jul-Sep	133	5.4	80	6.4	54	4.5
Aug-Oct	137	5.6	84	6.7	52	4.4
Sep-Nov (Aut)	141	5.7	92	7.3	49	4.1
Oct-Dec	144	5.8	93	7.3	52	4.3
Nov 2004-Jan 2005	138	5.6	87	6.9	50	4.2
Dec 2004-Feb 2005 (Win)	135	5.5	82	6.5	53	4.4
Jan-Mar 2005	134	5.4	80	6.3	54	4.5
Feb-Apr	129	5.2	79	6.2	50	4.1
Mar-May (Spr)	129	5.2	78	6.2	50	4.2
Apr-Jun	128	5.2	82	6.5	46	3.8
May-Jul	144	5.8	93	7.3	51	4.2
Changes						
Over last 3 months	15	0.6	14	1.1	1	0.1
Percent	11.7		17.7		2.2	
Over last 12 months	3	0.0	11	0.8	-9	-0.8
Percent	1.8		13.7		-14.4	

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 02075336094

a The redundancy rate is based on the ratio of the redundancy level for the given quarter to the number of employees in the previous quarter, multiplied by 1,000.

Note: Data are revised in line with the latest interim reweighted LFS estimates.

H.32 REDUNDANCIES

Redundancies by industry^a

Thousands, not seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM SIC 1992	All redundancies	Agriculture, fishing, energy and water		Manufacturing	Construction	Distribution, hotels and restaurants	Transport and com- munication	Banking finance and insurance	Education health and public admin	Total services (G-Q)
		(A-C, E)	(D)							
All	BEVY	BEAJ	BEAK	BEAL	BEBJ	BEBV	BEBW	BEAP	BEBU	
Spring 1997	165	*	50	20	35	13	21	17	90	
Spring 1998	166	*	56	11	33	14	24	11	93	
Spring 1999	183	*	74	23	27	13	25	10	80	
Spring 2000	176	*	71	14	36	13	25	*	84	
Spring 2001	166	*	56	15	34	12	27	*	90	
Spring 2002	196	*	70	13	29	25	35	11	108	
Spring 2003	157	*	54	16	29	11	28	*	82	
Spring 2004	144	*	44	13	25	14	26	*	82	
Summer 2004	137	*	43	13	26	13	25	11	78	
Autumn 2004	139	*	33	15	31	10	28	15	87	
Winter 2004/2005	142	*	43	13	25	15	29	*	82	
Spring 2005	127	*	29	14	31	12	22	*	77	

Source: Labour Force Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 02075336094a Further redundancy data are available at www.statistics.gov.uk/STATBASE/Products.asp?vink=9474

b The level for each industry may not sum to the total as all redundancies includes those people who did not state their industry.

Note: Other services (O-Q) are not shown separately in this table as the sample size is too small to provide reliable redundancy estimates.

Data are revised in line with the latest interim reweighted LFS estimates.

* Sample size too small for a reliable estimate.

1.11 OTHER LABOUR MARKET STATISTICS

Labour disputes^a: summary

Not seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM	Number of stoppages		Number of workers (thousands)		Working days lost in all stoppages in progress in period (thousands)		
	Beginning in period	In progress in period	Beginning involvement in period in any dispute	All involvement in period	All industries and services	All manufacturing industries	
1998	159	166	91	93	282	34	
1999	200	205	140	141	242	57	
2000	207	212	182	183	499	52	
2001	187	194	167	180	525	43	
2002	141	146	918	943	1323	21	
2003	131	133	123	151	499	63	
2004	125	130	272	293	905	31	
2002	Jul	14	20	620.1	622.0	521.4	0.5
	Aug	14	23	3.8	6.0	13.1	2.4
	Sep	11	20	3.3	10.4	9.9	1.4
	Oct	13	22	33.4	41.5	41.6	1.0
	Nov	15	21	117.1	133.6	371.4	0.6
	Dec	6	13	1.3	3.8	10.5	0.4
2003	Jan	9	11	2.1	29.7	91.6	1.6
	Feb	11	13	9.8	10.3	13.4	8.1
	Mar	8	11	4.5	5.2	14.0	1.9
	Apr	8	11	3.4	6.1	9.8	1.8
	May	8	16	5.9	9.5	25.8	1.5
	Jun	12	19	4.9	11.7	33.4	1.8
	Jul	12	17	6.5	10.7	47.3	1.4
	Aug	7	10	1.1	2.9	11.7	1.6
	Sep	11	16	7.4	12.5	23.9	5.0
	Oct	20	24	52.2	58.6	130.9	3.1
	Nov	14	21	7.8	16.7	61.6	35.1
	Dec	11	16	17.0	23.2	35.7	0.4
2004	Jan	11	16	18.6	23.0	32.0	8.8
	Feb	16	23	91.5	118.7	219.9	10.2
	Mar	8	19	4.8	12.7	132.3	2.2
	Apr	12	18	6.8	51.8	199.6	1.3
	May	11	17	5.3	10.9	62.2	1.0
	Jun	13	20	4.7	7.2	18.8	0.9
	Jul	9	15	2.7	40.4	93.5	1.6
	Aug	7	10	1.1	3.3	15.5	0.4
	Sep	12	16	1.8	2.8	7.0	0.3
	Oct	10	16	1.3	2.2	6.7	0.5
	Nov	11	15	132.2	132.7	114.5	3.1
	Dec	5	8	2.2	3.2	2.8	0.2
2005	Jan P	7	7	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.1
	Feb P	5	8	6.6	6.9	7.6	-
	Mar P	6	7	3.2	3.2	4.1	0.2
	Apr P	10	13	2.7	3.4	5.4	0.1
	May P	16	18	26.2	26.4	31.9	1.9
	Jun P	8	14	1.8	2.3	4.6	1.5
	Jul P	9	14	5.2	5.6	13.5	4.3

Working days lost in all stoppages in progress in period by industry

Thousands, not seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM	Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	Mining, quarrying, electricity, gas and water	Manufacturing	Construction	Wholesale and retail trade; repairs; hotels and restaurants	Transport, storage and communication	Finance, real estate, renting and business activities	Public administration and defence	Education	Health and social work	Other community, social and personal service activities O,P,Q
SIC 1992	A,B	C,E	D	F	G,H	I	J,K	L	M	N	O,P,Q
1998	-	-	34	13	7	139	9	28	6	16	30
1999	-	-	57	49	10	50	2	35	25	5	7
2000	-	3	52	49	40	97	-	50	50	122	36
2001	-	25	43	10	4	107	-	216	43	73	4
2002	-	-	21	17	82	96	9	488	376	148	107
2003	-	-	63	14	1	126	-	138	131	15	10
2004	-	5	31	-	1	44	-	437	379	4	4
2002	Jul	-	0.5	16.0	43.3	6.6	-	72.7	195.1	107.2	80.1
	Aug	-	2.4	-	-	4.7	-	34	-	2.5	0.2
	Sep	-	1.4	-	-	7.3	0.3	0.7	0.1	-	0.1
	Oct	-	1.0	-	4.1	14.0	0.6	8.1	39	5.6	4.2
	Nov	-	0.6	-	1.7	2.7	-	288.5	62.5	82	7.0
	Dec	-	0.4	-	-	3.6	0.2	1.4	-	4.9	0.1
2003	Jan	-	1.6	-	-	1.5	-	86.2	22	-	0.1
	Feb	-	8.1	-	-	0.9	-	0.8	33	-	0.3
	Mar	-	1.9	-	-	4.5	0.1	0.1	63	-	1.1
	Apr	-	1.8	-	-	2.7	-	-	0.4	4.9	-
	May	-	1.5	-	-	0.2	-	2.1	16.9	4.5	0.6
	Jun	-	1.8	4.2	-	5.4	-	0.5	16.5	42	0.9
	Jul	-	1.4	4.2	-	12.9	-	8.9	16.8	1.5	1.7
	Aug	-	1.6	-	-	0.9	-	8.2	0.8	0.2	-
	Sep	0.4	5.0	-	-	3.5	0.4	0.7	13.9	-	-
	Oct	-	3.1	20	-	82.2	-	105	30.8	-	2.4
	Nov	-	35.1	32	-	8.1	-	4.4	8.6	-	2.3
	Dec	-	0.4	0.3	0.8	2.8	-	16.1	14.8	-	0.6
2004	Jan	-	88	-	-	1.1	-	165	50	-	0.6
	Feb	0.1	102	-	-	12	0.1	111.8	95.6	0.3	0.6
	Mar	1.9	22	-	-	1.7	-	8.9	117.2	0.4	-
	Apr	1.3	1.3	-	-	3.7	-	88.9	103.5	-	1.0
	May	1.4	1.0	-	-	-	-	9.9	49.9	-	0.1
	Jun	0.5	0.9	-	-	2.9	-	9.4	4.8	-	0.2
	Jul	-	1.6	0.1	-	13.1	-	78.5	0.1	-	0.2
	Aug	-	0.4	-	-	9.7	-	5.1	-	0.3	0.1
	Sep	-	0.3	-	0.7	2.2	-	3.3	-	0.4	0.1
	Oct	-	0.5	-	0.2	3.8	-	0.5	0.4	0.7	0.6
	Nov	-	3.1	-	-	3.7	-	105.8	1.1	0.6	0.2
	Dec	-	0.2	-	-	0.8	-	-	12	0.6	-
2005	Jan P	-	0.1	-	-	0.4	-	0.1	0.1	-	0.1
	Feb P	-	-	-	-	0.3	-	2.8	4.4	-	-
	Mar P	-	0.2	-	-	0.3	0.4	0.1	3.1	-	-
	Apr P	-	0.1	-	-	2.7	-	-	1.4	-	1.2
	May P	-	1.9	0.1	-	1.9	1.3	5.4	16.7	-	4.6
	Jun P	-	1.5	0.1	-	1.0	1.8	-	0.1	-	0.1
	Jul P	-	4.3	-	-	9.0	0.1	-	-	-	-

a See 'Definitions' on pS4 for notes of coverage.
P Provisional

OTHER LABOUR MARKET STATISTICS

Labour disputes^a: stoppages in progress

I.12

Stoppages in progress: industry							Not seasonally adjusted						
UNITED KINGDOM	12 months to July 2004			12 months to July 2005 P						Not seasonally adjusted			
	SIC 1992	Stop-pages	Workers involved	Working days lost	Stop-pages	Workers involved	Working days lost						
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	1	-	500	4,900	-	-	-						
Mining and quarrying													
Manufacturing of: food, beverages and tobacco; textiles and textile products; leather and leather products; wood and wood products; pulp, paper and paper products; printing and publishing; coke, refined petroleum products, nuclear fuels; chemicals, chemical products and man-made fibres; rubber and plastics; other non-metallic mineral products; basic metals and fabricated metal products; machinery and equipment n.e.c.; electrical and optical equipment; transport equipment; manufacturing	3	600	1,600	4	800	1,900							
	1	+	100	-	-	-							
	-	-	-	-	-	-							
	-	-	-	-	-	-							
	5	400	1,000	3	100	1,100							
	1	600	1,200	-	-	-							
	2	200	200	1	+	100							
	2	100	300	-	-	-							
	1	200	700	-	-	-							
	2	200	400	1	100	600							
	3	700	2,100	1	200	1,600							
	1	300	300	2	300	500							
	12	15,600	60,800	8	3,100	6,900							
	1	500	2,400	1	100	600							
Electricity, gas and water supply	3	700	700	-	-	-							
Construction	4	900	5,600	2	200	200							
Wholesale and retail trade; repairs	1	700	700	1	100	900							
Hotels and restaurants	1	+	++	-	-	-							
Transport, storage and communication	55	48,900	121,200	47	14,200	35,900							
Financial intermediation	1	+	++	1	1,500	1,300							
Real estate, renting and business activities	2	400	500	4	1,700	2,800							
Public administration and defence	19	93,000	363,700	10	129,700	121,100							
Education	16	56,900	444,900	17	27,400	29,200							
Health and social work	4	300	900	2	800	3,100							
Other community, social and personal service activities	9	4,500	7,900	10	7,000	7,200							
All industries and services	146^b	226,100	1,022,000	109^b	187,200	214,300							

Stoppages: July 2005 P							Not seasonally adjusted			
United Kingdom							Number of stoppages	Workers involved	Working days lost	
Stoppages in progress							14	5,600	13,500	
of which, stoppages:										
Beginning in month							9	5,200 ^c	9,400	
Continuing from earlier months							5	400	4,000	

c Including 5,200 directly involved.

P Provisional

Stoppages in progress: cause

Stoppages in progress: cause							Not seasonally adjusted			
United Kingdom								12 months to July 2005 P		
		Stoppages	Workers involved	Working days lost						
Pay: wage-rates and earnings levels		50	31,000	64,000						
Extra wage and fringe benefits		2	200	200						
Duration and pattern of hours worked		29	7,200	17,700						
Redundancy questions		9	144,300	121,200						
Trade union matters		5	800	800						
Working conditions and supervision		6	1,000	5,100						
Manning and work allocation		4	2,500	4,900						
Dismissal and other disciplinary measures		4	300	400						
All causes		109	187,200	214,300						

Source: ONS Labour Disputes Inquiry
Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

P Provisional

- a See 'Definitions' on pS4 for notes of coverage.
 b Some stoppages which affected more than one industry group have been counted under each of the industries but only once in the total for all industries and services.

+ Less than 50 workers involved.

++ Less than 50 working days lost.

P Provisional

J.1 ECONOMIC INDICATORS

Background economic indicators

Seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM		Output												
		GDP		GDP		Index of output UK				Construction output				
		Chained volume measures		Market prices		Production industries ^a		Manufacturing industries ^b		Service industries		Construction output		
		2002=100		£ billion	Change on year (%)	2002=100	Change on year (%)	2002=100	Change on year (%)	2002=100	Change on year (%)	2002=100	Change on year (%)	
		YBEZ	ABMI	CKYW	CKYY	GDQS	GDQB							
1998		89.5	938.1	3.2	101.1	1.1	101.3	0.6	87.0	4.8	93.1	1.1	92.1	2.1
1999		92.2	966.6	3.0	102.3	1.2	102.1	0.8	90.3	3.8	93.4	0.3	94.9	3.0
2000		95.9	1,005.5	4.0	104.2	1.9	104.6	2.4	94.3	4.4	94.6	1.3	100.0	5.4
2001		98.0	1,027.9	2.2	102.6	-1.5	103.2	-1.3	97.4	3.3	96.3	1.8	97.6	-2.4
2002		100.0	1,048.5	2.0	100.0	-2.5	100.0	-3.1	100.0	2.7	100.0	3.8	97.8	0.2
2003		102.5	1,074.9	2.5	99.5	-0.5	100.1	0.1	102.7	2.7	105.2	5.2	98.9	1.1
2004		105.8	1,109.6	3.2	100.3	0.8	102.0 R	1.9 R	106.7	3.9	108.9	3.5	102.9	4.0
2004 Q2		105.7	277.1	3.7	101.0 R	1.9 R	102.4 R	2.9 R	106.4	4.3	108.2	4.0	103.0	5.3
Q3		106.1	278.1	3.1	99.9	0.4	101.7	1.5	107.1	3.9	109.1	1.9	103.1	4.5 R
Q4		106.7	279.6	2.7	100.1 R	0.0 R	102.3	1.2	107.7	3.3	110.1	2.2	103.4 R	2.8 R
2005 Q1		107.1	280.7	2.1	99.2	-1.1 R	101.5 R	-0.1 R	108.5	2.7	110.8	2.6	104.2	2.5
Q2		107.6 R	282.0 R	1.8 R	99.2	-1.8 R	101.3 R	-1.1 R	109.1	2.5	111.2	2.8	104.5	1.5
		Income		Prices ^d		Producer Price Index ^{a,b,d}				Inventories				
		Real household disposable income £ billion		Gross trading profits of companies ^c		RPI	RPIX	All manufacturing industries		Excluding FBTP ^e		Changes on year ^f		
		2002=100	Change on year (%)	£ billion	Change on year (%)	Change on year (%)	Change on year (%)	Input prices	Output prices	Input prices	Output prices	Chained volume measures		
								Change on year (%)	Change on year (%)	Change on year (%)	Change on year (%)	£ billion		
1998		OSXS	CAED	CZBH	CDKQ	RNNK	PLLU	RNNQ	PLLV	CAFU				
1999		87.4	0.9	153.3	2.8	34	2.6	-9.1	0.0	-4.7	-1.0	4.9		
2000		90.2	3.2	157.1	2.5	15	2.3	-1.3	0.4	-3.6	-1.1	6.4		
2001		94.4	4.7	156.7	-0.3	3.0	2.1	74	1.5	3.7	-0.2	5.3		
2002		98.3	4.1	154.3	-1.5	18	2.1	-1.2	-0.3	-1.3	-0.6	6.2		
2003		100.0	1.7	161.6	4.7	17	2.2	-4.5	0.1	-4.8	-0.1	2.9		
2004		102.8	2.8	172.6	6.8	29	2.8	14	1.5	-0.3	1.3	4.6		
2004 Q2		104.8	1.9	186.1	7.8	3.0	2.2	4.0	2.5	1.8	1.9	5.1		
Q3		104.5	1.0	46.1	7.7	28	2.2	3.9	2.3	0.4	1.3	1.1		
Q4		105.6	2.8	47.3	7.3	3.1	2.1	5.6	2.9	2.4	2.1	1.0		
2005 Q1		105.2	1.3	48.2	8.8	3.4	2.3	6.7	3.3	4.6	2.7	1.9		
Q2		106.4	2.5	47.7	7.3	3.2	2.2	10.5	2.7	7.8	2.5	2.0		
		..	..	..	..	3.0	2.2	9.8 R	2.8	7.0 R	2.5	0.1	
		Expenditure		Fixed investments		General government final consumption				Chained volume measures				
		Household final consumption expenditure Chained volume measures		Retail sales volume		Retail sales value ^d		All industries ^g		Manufacturing industries ^h		Service industries		
		£ billion	Change on year (%)	2000=100	Change on year (%)	2000=100	Change on year (%)	£ billion	Change on year (%)	£ billion	Change on year (%)	£ billion	Change on year (%)	
1998		ABJR	EAPS	EAFY	NPEL	APIN	APIT							
1999		572.3	3.9	92.5	2.9	93.4	3.9	100.0	18.5	20.4	4.1	80.0	22.4	
2000		598.8	4.6	95.7	3.5	96.5	3.3	103.5	3.5	18.6	-8.8	85.1	6.4	
2001		625.1	4.4	100.0	4.5	100.0	3.6	108.2	4.5	18.0	-3.0	90.3	6.0	
2002		644.9	3.2	106.1	6.1	105.9	5.9	109.8	1.5	16.2	-10.1	93.6	3.7	
2003		667.4	3.5	112.7	6.2	111.1	4.9	110.2	0.3	13.8	-14.8	96.4	3.0	
2004		684.8	2.6	116.6	3.5	114.0	2.6	107.7	-2.2	13.4	-3.1	94.4	-2.1	
2004 Q2		710.0	3.7	123.6	6.0	119.2	4.6	111.4	3.4	13.7	2.5	97.6	3.5	
Q3		177.3	3.6	124.0	7.0	115.5	5.6	27.6	1.5	3.5	8.8	24.1	0.5	
Q4		178.3	3.7	124.9	6.7	115.3	5.0	28.2	6.7	3.4	6.8	24.8	6.7	
2005 Q1		179.3	3.8	124.9	4.6	137.2	3.3	28.1	2.4	3.6	4.7	24.5	2.1	
Q2		179.5	2.6	125.0	2.9	111.2	2.1	28.1	2.5	3.4	4.4	24.7	2.3	
		179.9	1.5	125.7 R	1.4 R	115.7 R	0.2 R	28.3	2.2	3.5	1.2	24.7	2.4	
		Financial indicators		Trade in goods		Balance of payments								
		Effective exchange rate ^{d,i}		Base lending rate ^{d,j}		FTSE All-share ^d		Money supply growth M0 M4		Export volume		Import volume		
		1990=100	Change on year (%)	(%)		Change on year (%)	Change on year (%)	2002=100	Change on year (%)	2002=100	Change on year (%)			
												£billion	£billion	
1998		AGBG	AMIH	HSEL	VQMX	VQJW	BQKU					BOKI	HBOP	
1999		103.9	3.3	7.24	2,673.9	10.9	6.1	85.6	1.1	77.9	8.5	-21.8	-4.0	
2000		103.8	-0.1	5.34	3,242.1	21.2	7.3	50	32	83.2	6.8	-29.1	-24.3	
2001		107.5	3.6	5.97	2,983.8	-8.0	80	7.4	122	90.9	9.3	-33.0	-24.4	
2002		105.8	-1.6	5.13	2,523.9	-15.4	7.1	77	101.7	26	95.9	5.5	-40.6	-22.2
2003		106.0	0.2	4.00	1,893.7	-25.0	79	63	100.0	-1.7	100.0	4.3	-47.1	-16.5
2004		100.2	-5.5	3.69	2,207.4	16.6	73	72	99.7	-0.3	102.0	2.0	-47.9	-16.8
2004 Q2		104.1	3.9	4.38	2,412.3	9.3	6.0	86	101.5 R	1.8 R	108.9 R	6.8 R	-60.3 R	-23.0
Q3		105.2	6.2	4.22	2,228.7	13.1	5.8	80	100.7 R	1.7 R	108.2 R	8.5 R	-15.0 R	-5.0
Q4		104.8	5.6	4.65	2,271.7	12.0	5.5	91	102.4 R	4.9 R	110.0 R	9.0 R	-15.6 R	-8.9
2005 Q1		102.4	2.2	4.75	2,412.3	9.3	5.6	92	103.2 R	4.3 R	112.2 R	7.5 R	-16.1 R	-4.1
Q2		102.9	-1.2	4.75	2,457.7	11.9	5.5	107	102.1 R	2.4	110.2 R	4.8 R	-15.7 R	-5.8
		104.3	-0.9	4.75	2,560.2	14.9	4.3	110	109.0 R	8.2 R	112.9 R	4.3 R	-14.6 R	..

a Production industries: SIC sections C to E.

b Manufacturing industries: SIC section D.

c Industrial and commercial companies (excluding North Sea oil companies) including inventory holding gains.

d Not seasonally adjusted.

e FBTP stands for food, beverages, tobacco and petroleum.

f Value of physical increase in stocks and work in progress.

g Total business investment excluding NHS trusts, land and existing buildings and private sector dwellings.

h Private sector figures are exclusive of expenditure on dwellings.

i Average of daily rates.

j Base lending rate of the London clearing banks on the last Friday of the period shown.

R Revised

CONSUMER PRICES CPI, RPI and other selected indices

J.11

Consumer prices index (CPI) ^a			All items retail prices index (RPI)			All items retail prices index (RPI) excluding			
		Index (1996=100)	Percentage change over 12 months	Index (Jan 13, 1987=100)	Percentage change over 12 months	Mortgage interest payments (RPIX)	Percentage change over 12 months	Mortgage interest payments and indirect taxes (RPIY) ^b	Percentage change over 12 months
		CHVJ	CJYR	CHAW	CZBH	CHMK	CDKQ	CBZW	CBZX
2003	Aug	109.9	1.4	181.6	2.9	180.4	2.9	172.2	2.7
	Sep	110.2	1.4	182.5	2.8	181.3	2.8	173.2	2.7
	Oct	110.4	1.4	182.6	2.6	181.3	2.7	173.1	2.4
	Nov	110.3	1.3	182.7	2.5	181.4	2.5	173.1	2.1
	Dec	110.7	1.3	183.5	2.8	181.8	2.6	173.5	2.2
2004	Jan	110.1	1.4	183.1	2.6	181.4	2.4	173.2	2.0
	Feb	110.4	1.3	183.8	2.5	182.0	2.3	173.9	1.9
	Mar	110.6	1.1	184.6	2.6	182.5	2.1	174.3	1.7
	Apr	111.0	1.2	185.7	2.5	183.6	2.0	174.9	1.8
	May	111.4	1.5	186.5	2.8	184.3	2.3	175.6	2.2
	Jun	111.3	1.6	186.8	3.0	184.2	2.3	175.6	2.3
	Jul	111.0	1.4	186.8	3.0	183.8	2.2	175.1	2.0
	Aug	111.3	1.3	187.4	3.2	184.3	2.2	175.7	2.0
	Sep	111.4	1.1	188.1	3.1	184.7	1.9	176.1	1.7
	Oct	111.7	1.2	188.6	3.3	185.1	2.1	176.6	2.0
	Nov	111.9	1.5	189.0	3.4	185.4	2.2	176.9	2.2
	Dec	112.5	1.6	189.9	3.5	186.4	2.5	177.9	2.5
2005	Jan	111.9	1.6	188.9	3.2	185.2	2.1	176.7	2.0
	Feb	112.2	1.6	189.6	3.2	185.9	2.1	177.4	2.0
	Mar	112.7	1.9	190.5	3.2	186.8	2.4	178.3	2.3
	Apr	113.1	1.9	191.6	3.2	187.8	2.3	179.0	2.3
	May	113.5	1.9	192.0	2.9	188.2	2.1	179.4	2.2
	Jun	113.5	2.0	192.2	2.9	188.3	2.2	179.5	2.2
	Jul	113.6	2.3	192.2	2.9	188.3	2.4	179.5	2.5
	Aug	114.0	2.4	192.6	2.8	188.6	2.3	179.8	2.3

Source: ONS
Enquiries: 0207533 5874

- a Prior to 10 December 2003, the consumer prices index (CPI) was published in the UK as the Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices (HICP).
 b The taxes excluded are council tax, duties, vehicle excise duty, insurance tax and air passenger duty.

CONSUMER PRICES Harmonised Indices of Consumer Prices (HICPs)^{a,b}: EU comparisons

J.12

United Kingdom			European Union ^c			Monetary Union Area average			
		Index 1996=100	Percentage change over 12 months	EU 15 Index 1996=100	EU 25 Index 1996=100	EU 15 Percentage change over 12 months	EU 25 Percentage change over 12 months	Index 1996=100	Percentage change over 12 months
		CHVJ	CJYR	CLNJ	A4KQ	CLNX	A4L3	CLNK	CLNS
2003	Aug	109.9	1.4	113.1	-	2.0	-	113.3	2.1
	Sep	110.2	1.4	113.5	-	2.0	-	113.7	2.2
	Oct	110.4	1.4	113.6	-	1.9	-	113.8	2.0
	Nov	110.3	1.3	113.6	-	2.0	-	113.9	2.2
	Dec	110.7	1.3	113.9	-	1.8	-	114.2	2.0
2004	Jan	110.1	1.4	113.7	-	1.8	-	114.0	1.9
	Feb	110.4	1.3	113.9	-	1.5	-	114.2	1.6
	Mar	110.6	1.1	114.6	-	1.5	-	115.0	1.7
	Apr	111.0	1.2	115.0	-	1.8	-	115.5	2.0
	May	111.4	1.5	-	115.5	-	2.3	115.9	2.5
	Jun	111.3	1.6	-	115.5	-	2.3	115.9	2.4
	Jul	111.0	1.4	-	115.3	-	2.2	115.7	2.3
	Aug	111.3	1.3	-	115.5	-	2.1	115.9	2.3
	Sep	111.4	1.1	-	115.7	-	2.0	116.1	2.1
	Oct	111.7	1.2	-	116.1	-	2.2	116.5	2.4
	Nov	111.9	1.5	-	116.0	-	2.1	116.4	2.2
	Dec	112.5	1.6	-	116.5	-	2.2	116.9	2.4
2005	Jan	111.9	1.6	-	115.9	-	2.0	116.2	1.9
	Feb	112.2	1.6	-	116.3	-	2.1	116.6	2.1
	Mar	112.7	1.9	-	117.0	-	2.1	117.4	2.1
	Apr	113.1	1.9	-	117.5	-	2.1	117.9	2.1
	May	113.5	1.9	-	117.8	-	2.0	118.2	2.0
	Jun	113.5	2.0	-	117.9	-	2.0	118.3	2.1
	Jul	113.6	2.3	-	117.8P	-	2.1P	118.2P	2.2P

Source: ONS/Eurostat
Enquiries: 020 7533 5874

- a Harmonised Indices of Consumer Prices (HICPs) are being calculated in each member state of the European Union for the purpose of international comparisons. This is in the context of one of the convergence criteria for monetary union as required by the Maastricht Treaty. The rules underlying the construction of the HICPs for EU member states were published in a Commission Regulation of 9 September 1996. The HICPs replace the Interim Indices of Consumer Prices which were published by Eurostat in a monthly news release.
 b Published as the consumer prices index (CPI) in the UK.
 c EU average extended from 15 to 25 countries on 1 May 2004.
 R Revised
 P Provisional

Note: Additional RPI information is available on the National Statistics website: www.statistics.gov.uk/rpi and for the CPI: www.statistics.gov.uk/cpi.

K.4**GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING MEASURES**
Work-based learning for adults

Thousands

ENGLAND	Number participating on WBLA			Starts to WBLA ^a			Leavers from WBLA ^a		
	Month	Male	Female	Total ^b	Male	Female	Total ^b	Male	Female	Total^{b}

The Department for Work and Pensions has changed the publication cycle for the Work-Based Learning for Adults statistics. As a result, Table K.4 will now be published in the December 2005 issue.

Source: DWP, WBLA Database.
Tel: 0114 209 8236

GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING MEASURES

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- K.11** Summary of New Deal for Young People and New Deal 25 plus
 - K.12** Number participating in New Deal for Young People
 - K.13** Numbers participating in New Deal 25 plus
 - K.14** Immediate destinations on leaving New Deal for Young People
 - K.15** Immediate destinations on leaving enhanced New Deal 25 plus
 - K.16** Summary of people into jobs through New Deal

The Department for Work and Pensions has changed the publication cycle for the New Deal statistics. As a result, Tables K.11 to K.16 will now be published in the December 2005 issue.

Information on the availability of these published statistics can be found at
<http://www.dwp.gov.uk/asd/statistics.asp>

Enquiry points

Recorded announcement of headline statistics on economic activity, inactivity, employment, unemployment, vacancies, earnings, claimant count, productivity and unit wage costs	020 7533 6176	Total workforce hours worked per week <i>productivity@ons.gov.uk</i>	01633 812766
Labour Market Statistics Helpline <i>labour.market@ons.gov.uk</i>	020 7533 6094	Workforce jobs series – short-term estimates <i>workforce.jobs@ons.gov.uk</i>	01633 812318
Earnings Customer Helpline <i>earnings@ons.gov.uk</i>	01633 819024	Labour costs	01633 819024
National Statistics Enquiry Service <i>info@statistics.gov.uk</i>	0845 601 3034	Labour disputes	01633 819205
Skills and Education Network <i>senet@lsc.gov.uk</i>	024 7682 3439	Labour Force Survey	020 7533 6094
DfES Public Enquiry Unit	0870 000 2288	Labour Force Survey Data Service <i>lfs.dataservice@ons.gov.uk</i>	
For statistical information on:		New Deal (DWP)	0114 209 8228
Average Earnings Index (monthly)	01633 819024	Productivity and unit wage costs	01633 812766
Claimant count	020 7533 6094	Public sector employment	
Consumer Prices Index	020 7533 5874	General enquiries	020 7533 6178
Earnings Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings (annual): levels of earnings and hours worked for groups of workers (males and females, industries, occupations, regions, agreements, pension categories, age, part-time and full-time); distribution of earnings; composition of earnings; hours worked	01633 819024	Source and methodology enquiries	01633 812362
Basic wage rates and hours for manual workers with a collective agreement	01633 819008	Qualifications (DfES)	0870 000 2288
Low-paid workers <i>lowpay@ons.gov.uk</i>	01633 819024	Redundancy statistics	020 7533 6094
Labour Force Survey (quarterly): weekly and hourly earnings; distribution; men and women, occupation, region <i>labour.market@ons.gov.uk</i>	020 7533 6094	Retail Prices Index	020 7533 5874
Economic activity and inactivity	020 7533 6094	Recorded announcement of latest RPI <i>rpi@ons.gov.uk</i>	020 7533 5866
Employment Labour Force Survey: full-time and part-time; self-employment; temporary work; second jobs; occupations; men and women; ethnicity; region; people with disabilities; hours worked (usual and actual for groups of workers)	020 7533 6094	Skills (DfES)	0114 259 4407
Employee jobs by industry	01633 812318	Skill needs surveys and research into skill shortages	
		Small firms (DTI) Small Business Service (SBS)	0114 279 4439
		Subregional estimates	01633 812038
		Annual employment statistics <i>annual.employment.figures@ons.gov.uk</i>	
		Annual Population Survey, local area statistics	020 7533 6130
		LFS Sub-National Data Service <i>snds@ons.gov.uk</i>	020 7533 6135
		Trade unions (DTI)	020 7215 5934
		Employment relations	
		Training	
		Adult learning – work-based training (DWP)	0114 209 8236
		Employer-provided training (DfES)	0114 259 4407
		Travel-to-Work Areas	
		Composition and review	020 7533 6114
		Unemployment	020 7533 6094
		Vacancies	020 7533 6162
		Vacancy Survey: total stocks of vacancies	
		Youth Cohort Study (DfES)	0114 259 3639

Online

The main labour market statistics can be accessed on the National Statistics website.

- Labour Market Trends
- www.statistics.gov.uk/statbase/product.asp?vlnk=550
- Labour market statistics First Release Historical Supplement
- www.statistics.gov.uk/onlineproducts/lms_fr_hs.asp
- National Statistics Time Series Data Service
- www.statistics.gov.uk/statbase/tsintro.asp
- Labour market statistics national and regional First Releases
- www.statistics.gov.uk/statbase/product.asp?vlnk=1944
- Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings
- www.statistics.gov.uk/statbase/product.asp?vlnk=13101
- LFS Historical Quarterly Supplement
- www.statistics.gov.uk/onlineproducts/lms_hqs.asp
- Nomis® (online labour market statistics database)
- www.nomisweb.co.uk

Articles appearing in previous issues of Labour Market Trends

October 2004

Growth in self-employment in the UK,
Craig Lindsay and Clare Macaulay, ONS
Labour market data for local areas by ethnicity,
Keith Brook, ONS

November 2004

Workless households: results from the spring 2004 LFS,
Annette Walling, ONS
Labour productivity,
Craig Lindsay, ONS
Methodology for the 2004 Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings,
Derek Bird, ONS

December 2004

Low pay estimates for 2004,
Julie Milton, ONS
International comparisons of labour market data sources,
Kate Bishop, ONS
Seasonal adjustment of the Vacancy Survey data,
Helen Treasure, ONS
An analysis of historical ASHE data 1998 to 2003,
Chris Daffin, ONS

January 2005

Employment and unemployment estimates for 1971 to 1991,
Craig Lindsay, ONS
Annual local area Labour Force Survey 2003/04,
David Hastings, ONS
Comparison of 2001 Census and LFS labour market indicators,
Daniel Heap, ONS

February 2005

The difference between pay settlements and earnings growth,
Sarah Miller, Incomes Data Services
The employment rate of older workers,
Ulrike Hotopp, DTI

March 2005

Employment data in context,
Allan Flowers, ONS
Labour market participation: the influence of social capital,
Keith Brook, ONS

April 2005

Public sector employment,
Stephen Hicks and Craig Lindsay, ONS
Sickness absence from work in the UK,
Catherine Barham and Nasima Begum, ONS
International comparisons of labour disputes in 2003,
Joanne Monger, ONS

In forthcoming issues

- Employment reconciliations: findings of quality review
- Trends in manufacturing – identifying what happens to workers leaving manual jobs
- Labour market projections
- Young people in the labour market
- Two-quarter longitudinal LFS flows data
- New LFS questions on economic inactivity
- Employment in the public sector mid-2004
- Characteristics of public sector workers
- Local area data incorporating the Annual Population Survey

May 2005

Disabled people in public sector employment, 1998 to 2004,
Michael Hirst and Patricia Thornton, University of York
Using the LFS to map the care workforce,
Antonia Simon and Charlie Owen, Institute of Education
Seasonal adjustment review of the claimant count series,
Nimmy Vijayakumar, ONS

June 2005

Job separations in the UK,
Daniel Heap, ONS
Labour disputes in 2004,
Joanne Monger, ONS
Publication of Jobcentre Plus vacancy statistics,
Russ Bentley, Department for Work and Pensions

July 2005

Families and work,
Annette Walling, ONS
The labour market participation of older people,
Elizabeth Whiting, ONS
Results of the Second Flexible Working Employee Survey,
Heidi Grainger and Heather Holt, DTI
Producing ONS redundancy statistics,
Lester Browne, ONS

August 2005

Developments in ONS earnings statistics: an overview,
Polly Hopwood, ONS
The new experimental measure of Average Weekly Earnings,
David Freeman and Polly Hopwood, ONS
The new experimental Index of Labour Costs per Hour,
Polly Hopwood, ONS

September 2005

The effect of bonuses on earnings growth in 2005,
David Freeman, ONS
Offshoring and the labour market,
Gawain Heckley, ONS
Patterns of pay,
Clive Dobbs, ONS
Analysis by occupation of JSA claimant count statistics,
Andrew Machin, ONS