

Public Expenditure

Statistical Analyses 2018

Cm 9648 July 2018



Public Expenditure

Statistical Analyses 2018

Presented to Parliament by the Chief Secretary to the Treasury by Command of Her Majesty

July 2018



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Contents

| | | Page |
|------------|---|------|
| i | How to use PESA | 3 |
| ii | List of tables | 9 |
| Chapter 1 | Departmental budgets | 15 |
| Chapter 2 | Economic analyses of budgets | 37 |
| Chapter 3 | Changes in departmental budgets | 47 |
| Chapter 4 | Trends in public sector expenditure | 63 |
| Chapter 5 | Public sector expenditure by function, sub-function and economic category | 69 |
| Chapter 6 | Central government own expenditure | 83 |
| Chapter 7 | Local government financing and expenditure | 93 |
| Chapter 8 | Public corporations | 107 |
| Chapter 9 | Public expenditure by country, region and function | 117 |
| Chapter 10 | Public expenditure by country and sub-function | 157 |
| Annex A | Sources, data quality and conventions | 191 |
| Annex B | Departmental groups | 197 |
| Annex C | Public expenditure budgeting and control aggregates | 199 |
| Annex D | Accounting adjustments in budgeting presentation of TME | 209 |
| Annex E | Expenditure on services framework | 221 |
| Annex F | Population numbers and GDP deflators | 225 |
| Annex G | Glossary of terms | 227 |

How to use PESA

This document is designed to help users understand the information contained within the Public Expenditure Statistical Analyses (PESA) National Statistics release.

What is PESA?

PESA provides a range of information about public spending, using two Treasury-defined frameworks. Thus, PESA contains different presentations of two data sets. The key elements of these frameworks are shown in **Table i.1**, with detailed explanations provided in **Annex C** and **Annex E** respectively.

Table i.1 Spending frameworks used in PESA

| Budgeting | Expenditure on services |
|--|--|
| This framework provides information on central government departmental budgets, which are the aggregates used by the Government to plan and control expenditure. It covers departmental own spending as well as support to local government and public corporations. | This framework is used in PESA for statistical analysis. It is based on National Accounts definitions and covers spending by the whole of the public sector. It therefore has wider coverage than the budgeting framework and is also more stable over time. |

Table i.2 shows which framework each chapter or table is presented under. A short summary of each section is then provided below. The chapter text contains further details.

Table i.2 Frameworks against which chapters/tables are presented

| Section | Chapter | Budgeting framework | Expenditure on services framework |
|------------------------|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Budgets | 1. Departmental budgets | All tables | = |
| | 2. Economic analyses of budgets | All tables | = |
| | 3. Changes in departmental budgets | All tables | = |
| Public sector spending | 4. Trends in public sector expenditure | = | All tables |
| | 5. Public sector expenditure by function, sub-function and economic category | = | All tables |
| Sectoral analyses | 6. Central government own expenditure | Tables 6.1-6.3 | Tables 6.4-6.6 |
| | 7. Local government financing and expenditure | Tables 7.1-7.3 (financing) | Tables 7.4-7.8 (expenditure) |
| | 8. Public corporations | Tables 8.1-8.2 (CG support) | Tables 8.3-8.5 (expenditure) |
| Country and regional | 9. Public sector expenditure by country, region and function | = | All tables |
| analysis | 10. Public sector expenditure by country, function and sub-function | = | All tables |

Budgets

There are two main presentations within this section:

- **departmental budgets** the key central government departmental budgets that the Government uses to control spending. Departments have separate resource and capital budgets. Each of these is divided into Departmental Expenditure Limits (DEL) and Annually Managed Expenditure (AME). Resource DEL is further divided into administration and programme; and
- **budgets by economic category** this shows spending in budgets against categories such as pay, procurement and grants.

Public sector

This section uses the expenditure on services framework to show spending by the whole of the public sector. There are two main presentations of public sector spending in this section (but also see the country and regional analysis section below):

- **by function/sub-function** public spending is shown against ten functions (e.g. education, health, defence, etc.) that are then further divided into more detailed subfunctions (education is split into primary, secondary, etc.). These classifications are based on the UN's Classification Of the Functions Of Government (COFOG), which is explained further in the FAQ section below and in **Annex A**; and
- **by economic category** as in the budgets section, spending by the public sector is divided into pay, procurement, etc. The main difference between this and the budgeting breakdown is that the latter shows the grants paid to local authorities whereas this analysis shows how local authorities subsequently spend this funding.

Sectoral analysis

This analysis splits the data from the above sections by sector of government (central government, local government and public corporations). Specifically:

- budgeting data is presented as central government own spending, plus support to the local government and public corporation sectors; and
- for the public sector data, the sectoral breakdown shows the spending of each sector.

Country and regional analysis

The country and regional analysis (CRA) show identifiable public sector expenditure by country and region. The CRA is presented in Chapters 9 and 10 of PESA and the information for these tables was gathered in a separate data collection exercise during the summer of 2017. Therefore, the figures in these chapters are not entirely consistent with the figures in other PESA chapters. Chapter 9 contains more detail on the analysis process.

- Chapter 9 shows spending by function, country and English region; and
- tables in **Chapter 10** show more detailed sub-functional analyses mainly at country level.

Period covered by PESA tables

All data series in PESA are annual and for financial years. Tables in PESA 2018 normally cover the years 2013-14 to 2019-20, although some show only the latest year (2017-18) and some are presented over a longer historical period.

Public expenditure National Statistics updates

Key series are updated three times a year. These are:

- Total Managed Expenditure, by budgetary category (PESA 2018, **Table 1.1**);
- resource and capital elements of Departmental Expenditure Limits and Annually Managed Expenditure by departmental group (PESA 2018, **Tables 1.3** and **1.8**);
- public sector expenditure on services by function (PESA 2018, **Table 4.2**); and
- public sector expenditure on services by economic category (PESA 2018, Table 5.3).

Further updates will take place in November, February and May. Most series in PESA are only published annually.

We would be interested in readrers' views on how PESA might be developed to further increase its value to users. Please write to:

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Frequently asked questions

How much did the government spend on x?

The answer varies depending upon which levels of government you are interested in, and what sort of spending.

The list of tables below takes transport as an example. The chapter text gives a more precise definition of the contents of each table:

- **Table 4.2** shows the total UK public sector spending on transport for a long run of years. This includes spending by devolved administrations, local government and public corporations, as well as by the Transport departmental group (details of the departments included in this group are given in **Annex B**). **Tables 4.3** and **4.4** show spending in real terms and as a percentage of GDP;
- **Table 5.2** shows the total UK public sector spending on more detailed categories of transport, such as national and local roads;
- **Table 5.4** shows the total UK public sector current and capital spending on transport, and **Tables 6.6**, **7.4** and **8.4** provide a breakdown according to whether it is central government, local government or public corporations responsible for the spending;
- **Table 1.10** shows the total DEL spending of the Transport departmental group. **Tables 1.3** and **1.8** show the resource and capital spending respectively of the Transport group; and
- **Table 9.8e** presents spending on transport by country and region. **Chapter 10** tables present country spending on the more detailed categories such as national and local roads.

The second list of tables takes pay as an example:

- Table 5.3 shows the total UK public sector spending on pay;
- **Tables 6.5** shows pay for central government and **Table 7.8** shows local government pay by country. All public corporation current spending (except debt interest) is included as part of the gross operating surplus calculation, which scores on the revenue side of the National Accounts and is not therefore included as spending within the expenditure on services framework; and
- **Table 2.1** shows central government pay (as in **Table 6.5**), but split between departments' DEL and AME budgets.

How can I compare spending on x to previous years?

Chapter 4 contains long-run series (from 1994-95) for public sector expenditure on services by function. Historic long-run series of the budgeting aggregates are not available, due to the restructuring of government departments and the movement of spending programmes between departments. These changes do not impact on the expenditure on services framework.

Users are strongly advised against simply splicing data together from different editions of PESA, as data is unlikely to be directly consistent due to changes in coverage and classification. Departments and the devolved administrations maintain five years of live outturn data. Data for earlier years exist only on archived databases and are not therefore adjusted for machinery of government and classification changes. The PESA team maintain a summarised version of this historical data on a consistent basis for the production of the long-run series.

What are departmental groups?

Departmental groups are listed in Annex B. The departments are broadly grouped in line with ministerial responsibility.

How are the functions defined?

The functions are based on the United Nations' Classification Of the Functions Of Government (UN COFOG). Tables that show spending by function are consistent with UN COFOG level 1, but additionally show some HM Treasury-defined functions as 'of which' lines (see below). Tables that show spending by sub-function are broadly consistent with UN COFOG level 2. Definitions of the UN COFOG classifications are available on the United Nations Statistics Division website¹. The mapping between the HM Treasury functions and UN COFOG level 2 is as follows:

| HM Treasury functions | UN COFOG level 2 |
|--|---|
| 1. General public services, of which: public and common | 1.1 Executive and legislative organs, financial and fiscal affairs, external affairs |
| services | (excluding external affairs) |
| | 1.3 General services |
| | 1.4 Basic research |
| | 1.5 R&D general public services |
| | 1.6 General public services n.e.c. |
| 1. General public services, of which: international services | 1.1 Executive and legislative organs, financial and fiscal affairs, external affairs (external affairs part only) |
| | 1.2 Foreign economic aid |
| 1. General public services, of which: public sector debt interest | 1.7 Public sector debt interest |
| 4. Economic affairs, of which: enterprise and economic development | 4.1 General economic, commercial and labour affairs (excluding labour affairs) |
| | 4.3 Fuel and energy |
| | 4.4 Mining, manufacturing and construction |
| | 4.6 Communication |
| | 4.7 Other industries |
| | 4.9 Economic affairs n.e.c. |
| 4. Economic affairs, of which: science and technology | 4.8 R&D economic affairs |
| 4. Economic affairs, of which: employment policies | 4.1 General economic, commercial and labour affairs (labour affairs part only) |
| 4. Economic affairs, of which: agriculture, fisheries and | 4.2 Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting |
| forestry | |
| 4. Economic affairs, of which: transport | 4.5 Transport |

¹ http://unstats.un.org/unsd/cr/registry/regcst.asp?Cl=4

How do I get real terms numbers/proportion of GDP?

A number of the tables in this publication give figures in real terms. Real terms figures are the actual (known as nominal) spend adjusted to exclude the effect of general inflation, as measured by the GDP deflator at market prices. The real terms figures in this publication are given in 2017-18 prices. The GDP deflators and GDP actuals used in this publication are those given in Annex F. The most up-to-date deflators and GDP numbers are available on the gov.uk website².

 $^{^2\,}https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/gdp-deflators-at-market-prices-and-money-gdp$

List of tables

| Chapter 1 | Departme | ntal budgets | |
|-----------|------------|---|----|
| | Table 1.1 | Total Managed Expenditure, 2013-14 to 2019-20 | 19 |
| | Table 1.2 | Total Managed Expenditure in real terms, 2013-14 to 2019-20 | 20 |
| | Table 1.3 | Resource budgets, 2013-14 to 2019-20 | 21 |
| | Table 1.4 | Resource budgets in real terms, 2013-14 to 2019-20 | 22 |
| | Table 1.5 | Resource DEL excluding depreciation, 2013-14 to 2019-20 | 23 |
| | Table 1.6 | Resource DEL excluding depreciation in real terms, 2013-14 to 2019-20 | 24 |
| | Table 1.7 | Administration budgets, 2013-14 to 2019-20 | 25 |
| | Table 1.8 | Capital budgets, 2013-14 to 2019-20 | 26 |
| | Table 1.9 | Capital budgets in real terms , 2013-14 to 2019-20 | 27 |
| | Table 1.10 | Total Departmental Expenditure Limits, 2013-14 to 2019-20 | 28 |
| | Table 1.11 | Total Departmental Expenditure Limits in real terms, 2013-14 to 2019-20 | 29 |
| | Table 1.12 | Total Managed Expenditure by departmental group and other expenditure, 2013-14 to 2019-20 | 30 |
| | Table 1.13 | Total Managed Expenditure by departmental group and other expenditure in real terms, 2013-14 to 2019-20 | 31 |
| | Table 1.14 | Accounting adjustments, 2013-14 to 2019-20 | 32 |
| | Table 1.15 | Total Managed Expenditure by spending sector, 2013-14 to 2019-20 | 36 |
| Chapter 2 | Economic | analyses of budgets | |
| | Table 2.1 | Budgets by economic category of spending, 2013-14 to 2019-20 | 41 |
| | Table 2.2 | Gross current procurement in budgets, 2013-14 to 2019-20 | 44 |
| | Table 2.3 | Gross capital procurement in budgets, 2013-14 to 2019-20 | 45 |
| Chapter 3 | Changes i | n departmental budgets | |
| | Table 3.1 | Resource DEL 2016-17; changes since PESA 2017 | 51 |
| | Table 3.2 | Resource DEL excluding depreciation 2016-17; changes since PESA 2017 | 52 |
| | Table 3.3 | Capital DEL 2016-17; changes since PESA 2017 | 53 |
| | Table 3.4 | Total Managed Expenditure 2016-17; changes since PESA 2017 | 54 |
| | Table 3.5 | Resource DEL 2017-18; changes since PESA 2017 | 55 |
| | Table 3.6 | Resource DEL excluding depreciation 2017-18; changes since PESA 2017 | 56 |
| | Table 3.7 | Capital DEL 2017-18; changes since PESA 2017 | 57 |
| | Table 3.8 | Total Managed Expenditure 2017-18; changes since PESA 2017 | 58 |

| | Table 3.9 | Resource DEL 2018-19 and 2019-20; changes since PESA 2017 | 59 |
|-----------|------------|--|----|
| | Table 3.10 | Resource DEL excluding depreciation 2018-19 and 2019-20; changes since PESA 2017 | 60 |
| | Table 3.11 | Capital DEL 2018-19 and 2019-20; changes since PESA 2017 | 61 |
| Chapter 4 | Trends in | oublic sector expenditure | |
| | Table 4.1 | Public expenditure aggregates, 1976-77 to 2019-20 | 65 |
| | Table 4.2 | Public sector expenditure on services by function, 1994-95 to 2017-18 | 66 |
| | Table 4.3 | Public sector expenditure on services by function in real terms, 1994-95 to 2017-18 | 67 |
| | Table 4.4 | Public sector expenditure on services by function as a per cent of GDP, 1994-95 to 2017-18 | 68 |
| Chapter 5 | | tor expenditure by function, sub-function and | |
| | economic | | |
| | Table 5.1 | Public sector expenditure on services by departmental group and function, 2017-18 | 72 |
| | Table 5.1a | Public sector current expenditure on services by departmental group and function, 2017-18 | 73 |
| | Table 5.1b | Public sector capital expenditure on services by departmental group and function, 2017-18 | 74 |
| | Table 5.2 | Public sector expenditure on services by sub-function, 2013-14 to 2017-18 | 75 |
| | Table 5.3 | Public sector expenditure on services by economic category, 2013-14 to 2017-18 | 78 |
| | Table 5.4 | Public sector current and capital expenditure on services by function, 2013-14 to 2017-18 | 79 |
| | Table 5.5 | Public sector gross current procurement expenditure on services by function, 2013-14 to 2017-18 | 80 |
| | Table 5.6 | Public sector capital procurement expenditure on services by function, 2013-14 to 2017-18 | 81 |
| Chapter 6 | Central go | overnment own expenditure | |
| | Table 6.1 | Central government own expenditure in budgets by departmental group, 2013-14 to 2019-20 | 85 |
| | Table 6.2 | Central government own resource expenditure in budgets by departmental group, 2013-14 to 2019-20 | 86 |
| | Table 6.3 | Central government own capital expenditure by departmental group, 2013-14 to 2019-20 | 87 |
| | Table 6.4 | Central government own expenditure on services by sub-function, 2013-14 to 2019-20 | 88 |
| | Table 6.5 | Central government own expenditure on services by economic category, 2013-14 to 2019-20 | 91 |
| | Table 6.6 | Central government own current and capital expenditure on services by function, 2013-14 to 2019-20 | 92 |

| chapter / | Local gov | eniment infancing and expenditure | |
|-----------|------------|---|-----|
| | Table 7.1 | Financing of local government in the United Kingdom by country, 2013-14 to 2019-20 | 97 |
| | Table 7.2 | Central government current grants for local government in the United Kingdom by departmental group, 2013-14 to 2019-20 | 98 |
| | Table 7.3 | Central government capital support for local government in the United Kingdom by country and departmental group, 2013-14 to 2019-20 | 100 |
| | Table 7.4 | Local government current and capital expenditure on services in the United Kingdom by function, 2013-14 to 2017-18 | 101 |
| | Table 7.5 | Local government current expenditure on services in the United Kingdom by country and function, 2013-14 to 2017-18 | 102 |
| | Table 7.6 | Local government gross capital expenditure on services in the United Kingdom by country and function, 2013-14 to 2017-18 | 103 |
| | Table 7.7 | Local government capital receipts within expenditure on services in the United Kingdom by country and function, 2013-14 to 2017-18 | 104 |
| | Table 7.8 | Local government expenditure on services in the United Kingdom by country and economic category, 2013-14 to 2017-18 | 105 |
| Chapter 8 | Public cor | rporations | |
| enapter o | Table 8.1 | Public corporations' contribution to budgets and Total Managed Expenditure, 2013-14 to 2019-20 | 111 |
| | Table 8.2 | Public corporations' contribution to budgets by departmental group, 2013-14 to 2019-20 | 112 |
| | Table 8.3 | Public corporations' capital expenditure on services, 2013-14 to 2019-20 | 113 |
| | Table 8.4 | Public corporations' current and capital expenditure on services by function, 2013-14 to 2019-20 | 115 |
| | Table 8.5 | Public corporations' current and capital expenditure by economic category, 2013-14 to 2019-20 | 116 |
| Chapter 9 | Public exp | penditure by country, region and function | |
| · | Table 9.1 | Total identifiable expenditure on services by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17 | 123 |
| | Table 9.2 | Total identifiable expenditure on services by country and region, per head 2012-13 to 2016-17 | 124 |
| | Table 9.3 | Total identifiable expenditure on services by country and region in real terms, 2012-13 to 2016-17 | 125 |
| | Table 9.4 | Total identifiable expenditure on services by country and region per head in real terms, 2012-13 to 2016-17 | 126 |
| | Table 9.5 | Identifiable expenditure on general public services by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17 | 127 |

| lable 9.5a | which: public and common services) by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17 | 128 |
|------------|--|-----|
| Table 9.5b | Identifiable expenditure on general public services (of which: international services) by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17 | 129 |
| Table 9.5c | Identifiable expenditure on general public services (of which: public sector debt interest) by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17 | 130 |
| Table 9.6 | Identifiable expenditure on defence by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17 | 131 |
| Table 9.7 | Identifiable expenditure on public order and safety by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17 | 132 |
| Table 9.8 | Identifiable expenditure on economic affairs by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17 | 133 |
| Table 9.8a | Identifiable expenditure on economic affairs (of which: enterprise and economic development) by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17 | 134 |
| Table 9.8b | Identifiable expenditure on economic affairs (of which: science and technology) by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17 | 135 |
| Table 9.8c | Identifiable expenditure on economic affairs (of which: employment policies) by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17 | 136 |
| Table 9.8d | Identifiable expenditure on economic affairs (of which: agriculture, fisheries and forestry) by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17 | 137 |
| Table 9.8e | Identifiable expenditure on economic affairs (of which: transport) by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17 | 138 |
| Table 9.9 | Identifiable expenditure on environment protection by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17 | 139 |
| Table 9.10 | Identifiable expenditure on housing and community amenities by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17 | 140 |
| Table 9.11 | Identifiable expenditure on health by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17 | 141 |
| Table 9.12 | Identifiable expenditure on recreation, culture and religion by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17 | 142 |
| Table 9.13 | Identifiable expenditure on education by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17 | 143 |
| Table 9.14 | Identifiable expenditure on social protection by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17 | 144 |
| Table 9.15 | UK identifiable expenditure on services by function, country and region, per head, 2012-13 to 2016-17 | 145 |
| Table 9.16 | UK identifiable expenditure on services by function, country and region, per head indexed, 2012-13 to 2016-17 | 148 |
| Table 9.17 | Total local government identifiable expenditure on services by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17 | 151 |
| Table 9.18 | Total local government identifiable expenditure on services by country and region, per head 2012-13 to 2016-17 | 152 |

| | Table 9.19 | Total central government and public corporations' identifiable expenditure on services by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17 | 153 |
|------------|-------------|---|-----|
| | Table 9.20 | Total central government and public corporations' identifiable expenditure on services by country and region per head, 2012-13 to 2016-17 | 154 |
| | Table 9.21 | Identifiable expenditure on services for Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland in 2016-17 | 155 |
| Chapter 10 | Name | | |
| | Table 10.1 | Total identifiable expenditure on services in England by sub-function, 2012-13 to 2016-17 | 159 |
| | Table 10.2 | Total identifiable expenditure on services in Scotland by sub-function, 2012-13 to 2016-17 | 162 |
| | Table 10.3 | Total identifiable expenditure on services in Wales by sub-function, 2012-13 to 2016-17 | 165 |
| | Table 10.4 | Total identifiable expenditure on services in Northern Ireland by sub-function,2012-13 to 2016-17 | 168 |
| | Table 10.5 | Total identifiable expenditure on services in England by sub-function, per head,2012-13 to 2016-17 | 171 |
| | Table 10.6 | Total identifiable expenditure on services in Scotland by sub-function, per head, 2012-13 to 2016-17 | 174 |
| | Table 10.7 | Total identifiable expenditure on services in Wales by sub-function, per head,2012-13 to 2016-17 | 177 |
| | Table 10.8 | Total identifiable expenditure on services in Northern Ireland by sub-function, per head, 2012-13 to 2016-17 | 180 |
| | Table 10.9 | Total identifiable expenditure on services in the English Regions by sub-function for 2016-17 | 183 |
| | Table 10.10 | Total identifiable expenditure on services in the English Regions by sub-function, per head for 2016-17 | 187 |
| Annex C | Public expe | enditure budgeting and control aggregates | |
| | Table C.1 | Transactions with the institutions of the European Union, 2013-14 to 2019-20 | 206 |
| Annex D | Accounting | g adjustments in budgeting presentation of TME | |
| | Table D.1 | Pay as you go public service pensions schemes in AME and in TME, 2013-14 to 2019-20 | 212 |
| Annex E | Expenditur | e on services framework | |
| | Table E.1 | Derivation of public sector expenditure on services from departmental groups' budgets, 2017-18 | 223 |
| Annex F | Population | numbers and GDP deflators | |
| | Table F.1 | GDP deflators and money GDP | 225 |

Departmental budgets

1.1 This chapter brings together information on public expenditure within the current budgeting and control framework. This comprises departmental budgets, including all control totals, as well as reconciling from the budgetary framework to the fiscal aggregates in the National Accounts.

What's new

1.2 NHS England Expenditure

For the first time in recent years, Public Expenditure Statistical Analyses (PESA) includes the following table on spending and plans relating to NHS England. This data is presented as the Total Departmental Expenditure Limit (TDEL). Spending Review 2015 also set plans for NHS England using TDEL. The data is also presented in real terms and for both outturn and plan years.

For further information please see the Department of Health and Social Care (DHSC) annual report and accounts.

For the plan years 2019-20 and 2020-21, data is derived from the following press release: https://www.gov.uk/government/news/prime-minister-sets-out-5-year-nhs-funding-plan

As can be seen from the link, the Prime Minister has set out a new multi-year funding plan for the NHS, setting the real terms growth rate for spending in return for the NHS agreeing a new long-term plan with the Government later this year. Barnett consequentials are also set out in this link. The final settlement and plan will be confirmed at a future fiscal event, subject to an NHS plan that meets the tests that are set out in the link above.

NHS England - Total Departmental Expenditure Limits⁽¹⁾, 2013-14 to 2020-21

| | | | | | | | | £ million |
|---|---------|---------|---------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| | | Nat | ional Statist | ics | | | | |
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 | 2020-21 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans | plans | plans |
| NHS England ^(2, 4) | 93,876 | 97,287 | 100,754 | 105,975 | 109,833 | 114,859 | 122,105 | 128,467 |
| NHS England ^(2, 4) - real terms ⁽³⁾ | 99,656 | 101,966 | 104,763 | 107,782 | 109,833 | 113,142 | 118,420 | 122,555 |

⁽¹⁾ Total DEL is given by Resource DEL excluding depreciation plus Capital DEL.

DHSC or devolved authorities' data have not yet been adjusted in any of the other tables in PESA 2018 to reflect the Prime Minister's announcement setting out the five year NHS funding plans. These budgets will be adjusted in the usual way in due course.

⁽²⁾ For further information on NHS England expenditure please refer to the Department of Health and Social Care Annual Report and Accounts 2018.
(3) Real-terms figures are the cash figures adjusted to 2017-18 price levels using GDP deflators. The deflators are calculated from data published by the Office for National Statistics. See annex F for more detail.

⁽⁴⁾ Years 2019-20 and 2020-21 each include £1,250m to fund higher employer pension contributions as listed in the link above.

The budgeting and reporting framework

- **1.3 Table 1.1** summarises public expenditure both in terms of the Treasury's budgeting and control framework¹, and in terms of the National Accounts aggregate Total Managed Expenditure (TME) and its components. **Table 1.2** presents the same information in real terms.
- **1.4** There is a fuller description of the budgeting and control framework in **Annex C**. This chapter gives a brief overview.
- **1.5** A clear distinction is made for budgeting between current and capital spending, with departments having separate resource and capital budgets largely based on International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). For part of their resource and capital budgets, departments are given firm multi-year spending limits called Departmental Expenditure Limits (DELs), within which they prioritise resources and plan ahead.
- **1.6** Spending that cannot reasonably be subject to firm multi-year limits, or that relates to certain non-cash transactions, is included in Annually Managed Expenditure (AME). **Table 1.1** sets out the main elements of AME. Departmental AME (which is contained in departments' budgets) includes social security spending. Outside departments' budgets, other AME consists of net expenditure transfers to the EU, locally financed expenditure, debt interest, public corporations' own-financed capital expenditure, and accounting adjustments

Reconciliation of budgeting and National Accounts aggregates

- **1.7** DEL and AME together make up TME, an aggregate that is drawn from the National Accounts, and is defined in National Accounts terms as public sector current expenditure plus public sector gross investment (measured net of sales but gross of depreciation). Note that total public sector depreciation is modelled by the ONS for the National Accounts, while the depreciation referred to in the footnote to **Table 1.1** is depreciation in resource DEL, measured on an IFRS basis.
- **1.8 Table 1.1** shows the reconciliation from the resource and capital budgets to the National Accounts measures of public sector current expenditure and public sector gross investment, respectively. With the deduction of depreciation, the latter reconciles to public sector net investment. **Table 1.2** presents the same information in real terms.
- **1.9** A breakdown of the accounting adjustments used for this reconciliation is shown in **Table 1.14** and **Annex D** resource and capital budgets
- **1.10 Table 1.3** shows the resource budget for each departmental group, with **Table 1.4** presenting the same information in real terms. Resource DEL is a control total, which means that departments must manage spending to keep within this total.
- **1.11 Table 1.5** shows resource DEL excluding depreciation as first presented in the Spending Reviews of 2010 (to 2015-16) and 2015 (from 2016-17). The depreciation ringfence is a control total that departments must manage. **Table 1.6 presents** the same information in real terms.
- **1.12 Table 1.8** shows the capital budget for each departmental group, with **Table 1.9** presenting the same information in real terms. Capital DEL is a control total.

¹ https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/consolidated-budgeting-guidance

Administration budgets

1.13 Table 1.7 sets out details of administration expenditure in resource DEL for those central government departments that are subject to administration budgets. Administration budgets are set for most civil service departments and are designed to contain most back-office functions. These budgets therefore help to drive economy and efficiency in the running of government. Around 65 per cent of administration costs are accounted for by civil service pay, a further 30 per cent is accounted for by procurement of goods and services (e.g. accommodation, equipment, travel). An analysis of administration budgets by economic category is shown in Table 2.1.

Total DEL

- **1.14 Table 1.10** shows Total DEL by departmental group. Total DEL is made up of resource DEL excluding depreciation plus capital DEL. **Table 1.10** is consistent with **Table 1.5** plus **Table 1.8**. Note that Total DEL is not a control total. **Table 1.11** presents the same information as **Table 1.10** in real terms.
- **1.15 Table 1.12** presents total expenditure, ie the sum of Total DEL and departmental AME, by departmental group. **Table 1.13** presents the same information as **Table 1.12** in real terms.

Public expenditure by spending sector

- **1.16 Table 1.15** shows a breakdown of TME, and within it DEL and AME, between the National Accounts public spending sectors (central government, local government and public corporations).
- **1.17** This breakdown by sector is used in many of the analyses in this publication. In this table, current and capital expenditure are added together (net of depreciation).
- **1.18** TME is a consolidated measure of public expenditure (payments from one sector that are used to finance the expenditure of another sector are excluded from TME, as are the corresponding receipts of the counterparty sector). The split by sector of TME presented in PESA records only the 'own' expenditure components that relate to an individual sector.

Central government own expenditure

- **1.19** Central government own expenditure excludes central government spending in support of local government. Loans and capital grants in support of public corporations are also excluded.
- **1.20** However, subsidies to public corporations are included here, as exceptionally these intra-public sector flows are not consolidated out in the calculation of TME. Central government expenditure includes:
- departments' own spending;
- spending of agencies and Arms Length Bodies (ALBs) classified to central government; and
- spending of the devolved administrations in Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland.
- **1.21** Central government own expenditure is shown split into DEL, departmental AME, and other AME, including locally financed central government expenditure. This latter category at present only includes expenditure of the Northern Ireland departments financed from regional rates. Further analyses of central government own expenditure are presented in **Chapter 6**.

Local government expenditure

- **1.22** Local government expenditure is split according to how it is financed:
- central government support (which can be in either DEL or AME);
- locally financed support in Scotland and Wales (the proceeds of non-domestic rates that are collected and distributed to local authorities by the devolved administrations); and
- self-financed expenditure. Further analyses of local government expenditure are presented in **Chapter 7**.

Public corporations' expenditure

- **1.23** The impact of public corporations on the parent department can be either in DEL or departmental AME. For most public corporations, DEL includes:
- subsidies and capital grants paid;
- interest and dividends received; and
- loans and public dividend capital invested.
- **1.24** For self-financing public corporations, grants and subsidies score in DEL and the other items are contained in departmental AME.
- **1.25** Subsidies to public corporations are included in central government own expenditure as they impact on central government current expenditure in TME. The total public corporations' expenditure line in this table shows their contribution to TME, which is capital expenditure plus interest and dividends paid to the private sector. Further analyses for public corporations, including information on subsidies, are presented in **Chapter 8**.

Table 1.1 Total Managed Expenditure, 2013-14 to 2019-20

| | | | | | | | £ million |
|---|---------|---------|--------------|---------|----------|----------|-----------|
| | | | onal Statist | tics | | | |
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans | plans |
| CURRENT EXPENDITURE | | | | | | | |
| Resource DEL | 200 251 | | 200.070 | 201250 | 202511 | | 242.00 |
| Resource DEL excluding depreciation | 308,361 | 307,844 | 306,676 | 304,259 | 302,544 | 309,200 | 312,900 |
| Depreciation in resource DEL | 22,298 | 17,169 | 18,742 | 25,248 | 28,661 | 23,000 | 23,400 |
| Total resource DEL | 330,659 | 325,013 | 325,418 | 329,506 | 331,205 | 332,100 | 336,300 |
| Resource departmental AME | | | | | | | |
| Social security benefits | 179,599 | 184,185 | 187,687 | 189,298 | 192,521 | 200,218 | 202,170 |
| Tax credits ⁽¹⁾ | 29,394 | 29,187 | 28,482 | 27,393 | 26,293 | 23,505 | 26,17 |
| Net public service pensions ⁽²⁾ | 5,787 | 10,188 | 11,830 | 9,524 | 26,340 | 27,030 | 23,223 |
| National lottery | 1,209 | 1,440 | 904 | 1,080 | 1,229 | 986 | 1,050 |
| BBC domestic services | 3,204 | 3,533 | 3,631 | 3,567 | 3,713 | 3,635 | 3,604 |
| Student loans | -1,096 | -1,579 | -1,683 | -2,031 | -2,992 | -4,129 | -5,386 |
| Non-cash items | 43,389 | 61,033 | 185,538 | 61,761 | 147,313 | 64,923 | 61,623 |
| Financial sector interventions | 8,380 | -48,669 | -12,492 | -24,832 | -216 | -84 | -84 |
| Other departmental expenditure | 13,332 | 14,986 | 14,067 | 25,804 | 39,020 | 46,135 | 39,355 |
| Total resource departmental AME | 283,199 | 254,303 | 417,963 | 291,563 | 433,221 | 362,219 | 351,726 |
| Resource other AME | | | | | | | |
| Net expenditure transfers to the EU | 11,879 | 11,658 | 11,253 | 9,160 | 10,188 | 13,154 | 15,112 |
| Locally financed expenditure | 23,187 | 25,555 | 30,294 | 33,902 | 35,376 | 37,455 | 39,346 |
| Central government gross debt interest | 48,797 | 45,371 | 45,127 | 48,659 | 54,749 | 53,251 | 51,980 |
| Accounting adjustments (3) | -32,562 | 12,917 | -147,439 | -20,063 | -156,947 | -65,196 | -49,154 |
| Total resource other AME | 51,301 | 95,501 | -60,766 | 71,658 | -56,634 | 38,664 | 57,285 |
| Total resource AME | 334,500 | 349,804 | 357,197 | 363,221 | 376,587 | 400,883 | 409,010 |
| Public sector current expenditure | 665,159 | 674,817 | 682,615 | 692,727 | 707,792 | 733,000 | 745,300 |
| CAPITAL EXPENDITURE | 555,.55 | 0,0 | 002,010 | 00-/ | , | . 55,555 | , |
| Capital DEL | | | | | | | |
| Total capital DEL | 49,742 | 53,195 | 48,603 | 51,268 | 55,711 | 60,900 | 69,300 |
| Capital departmental AME | 13/7 12 | 33,133 | 10,005 | 31,200 | 33,711 | 00,500 | 05/500 |
| National lottery | 492 | 584 | 407 | 479 | 427 | 221 | 407 |
| BBC domestic services | 83 | 111 | 130 | 248 | 141 | 169 | 170 |
| Student loans | 9,291 | 11,477 | 12,597 | 14,025 | 16,898 | 19,740 | 22,777 |
| Financial sector interventions | -4,938 | -3,030 | -11,315 | -3,514 | -942 | 25 | 22,111 |
| Other departmental expenditure | -11,118 | -4,118 | -11,076 | -8,059 | 4,730 | 2,186 | 8,251 |
| Total capital departmental AME | -6,189 | 5,024 | | 3,179 | | | |
| | -0,109 | 5,024 | -9,257 | 3,179 | 21,253 | 22,341 | 31,605 |
| Capital other AME | C 077 | C C02 | 0.720 | 0.021 | 10.000 | 10.705 | 0.250 |
| Locally financed expenditure | 6,877 | 6,683 | 8,720 | 9,031 | 10,996 | 10,765 | 9,256 |
| Public corporations' own-financed capital expenditure | 14,400 | 18,027 | 14,594 | 16,682 | 15,486 | 18,565 | 18,107 |
| Accounting adjustments (3) | 3,824 | -7,302 | 11,492 | -902 | -21,744 | -32,715 | -39,518 |
| Total capital other AME | 25,101 | 17,409 | 34,806 | 24,812 | 4,738 | -3,385 | -12,155 |
| Total capital AME | 18,912 | 22,433 | 25,549 | 27,991 | 25,992 | 18,955 | 19,450 |
| Public sector gross investment (4) | 68,654 | 75,628 | 74,152 | 79,259 | 81,703 | 79,800 | 88,700 |
| less public sector depreciation | 37,959 | 39,014 | 40,078 | 40,781 | 41,049 | 40,883 | 42,180 |
| Public sector net investment (4) | 30,695 | 36,614 | 34,074 | 38,478 | 40,654 | 39,000 | 46,600 |
| TOTAL MANAGED EXPENDITURE (4) | 733,813 | 750,445 | 756,767 | 771,986 | 789,495 | 812,900 | 834,000 |
| of which: | | | | | | | |
| Total DEL ⁽⁵⁾ | 358,104 | 361,039 | 355,278 | 355,527 | 358,255 | 370,100 | 382,100 |
| | | 250 227 | 100 700 | 201711 | 454 475 | 204 500 | 202 22 |
| Departmental AME Other AME | 277,009 | 259,327 | 408,706 | 294,741 | 454,475 | 384,560 | 383,331 |

⁽¹⁾ Tax credits include working tax credits, stakeholder pension credits and Child Tax Credits. Child allowances paid as part of Income Support and Jobseekers' Allowance are shown within social security benefits. Tax credits include elements that are treated as negative tax in National Accounts.
(2) The change from 2017-18 is due to the reduction in the "discount rate net of CPI" used to measure the costs of public service pensions accruing over the year on an accounting basis.
(3) Transactions from 2013-14 onwards have been affected by financial sector interventions, see Box 2.A in Chapter 2.
(4) This excludes the temporary effects of banks being classified to the public sector. See Box 2.A in Chapter 2.
(5) Total DEL is given by resource DEL excluding depreciation plus capital DEL.

Table 1.2 Total Managed Expenditure in real terms (1), 2013-14 to 2019-20

| | 1113 , 2013-14 to 2 | | | | | | £ million |
|---|--|--|--|---|--|---|--|
| | | Nati | ional Statist | tics | | | |
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans | plans |
| CURRENT EXPENDITURE | | | | | | | |
| Resource DEL | | | | | | | |
| Resource DEL excluding depreciation | 327,346 | 322,652 | 318,878 | 309,448 | 302,544 | 304,500 | 303,400 |
| Depreciation in resource DEL | 23,671 | 17,995 | 19,488 | 25,678 | 28,661 | 22,600 | 22,70 |
| Total resource DEL | 351,017 | 340,646 | 338,366 | 335,127 | 331,205 | 327,200 | 326,100 |
| Resource departmental AME | | | | | | | |
| Social security benefits | 190,656 | 193,044 | 195,154 | 192,526 | 192,521 | 197,226 | 196,069 |
| Tax credits (2) | 31,203 | 30,591 | 29,615 | 27,860 | 26,293 | 23,154 | 25,38 |
| Net public service pensions (3) | 6,143 | 10,678 | 12,301 | 9,687 | 26,340 | 26,626 | 22,522 |
| National lottery | 1,284 | 1,509 | 940 | 1,098 | 1,229 | 971 | 1,018 |
| BBC domestic services | 3,402 | 3,703 | 3,775 | 3,628 | 3,713 | 3,581 | 3,495 |
| Student loans | -1,163 | -1,655 | -1,750 | -2,065 | -2,992 | -4,067 | -5,223 |
| Non-cash items | 46,060 | 63,968 | 192,920 | 62,814 | 147,313 | 63,953 | 59,764 |
| Financial sector interventions | 8,896 | -51,010 | -12,989 | -25,256 | -216 | -83 | -8 |
| Other departmental expenditure | 14,153 | 15,706 | 14,627 | 26,244 | 39,020 | 45,446 | 38,167 |
| Total resource departmental AME | 300,634 | 266,535 | 434,593 | 296,536 | 433,221 | 356,805 | 341,112 |
| Resource other AME | | | | | | | |
| Net expenditure transfers to the EU | 12,610 | 12,219 | 11,700 | 9,316 | 10,188 | 12,957 | 14,656 |
| Locally financed expenditure | 24,615 | 26,784 | 31,499 | 34,481 | 35,376 | 36,896 | 38,159 |
| Central government gross debt interest | 51,801 | 47,553 | 46,923 | 49,489 | 54,749 | 52,455 | 50,41 |
| Accounting adjustments (4) | -34,567 | 13,538 | -153,306 | -20,406 | -156,947 | -64,222 | -47,670 |
| Total resource other AME | 54,459 | 100,095 | -63,183 | 72,880 | -56,634 | 38,086 | 55,556 |
| Total resource AME | 355,094 | 366,629 | 371,410 | 369,416 | 376,587 | 394,892 | 396,668 |
| Public sector current expenditure | 706,111 | 707,275 | 709,775 | 704,543 | 707,792 | 722,100 | 722,800 |
| CAPITAL EXPENDITURE | | | | | | | |
| Capital DEL | | | | | | | |
| Total capital DEL | 52,805 | 55,753 | 50,537 | 52,142 | 55,711 | 60,000 | 67,200 |
| Capital departmental AME | · | | , | , | | | • |
| National lottery | 522 | 612 | 424 | 487 | 427 | | 395 |
| BBC domestic services | | | | | | 218 | |
| | 89 | 116 | 135 | 252 | | | 165 |
| Student loans | 89 9.863 | 116 12.029 | 135 13.098 | 252 14.264 | 141 | 167 | |
| Student loans | 9,863 | 12,029 | 13,098 | 14,264 | 141 16,898 | 167 19,445 | 22,089 |
| Student loans Financial sector interventions | 9,863 -5,242 | 12,029 -3,176 | 13,098 -11,765 | 14,264 -3,574 | 141 16,898 -942 | 167 19,445 24 | 22,089 |
| Student loans Financial sector interventions Other departmental expenditure | 9,863 -5,242 -11,803 | 12,029 -3,176 -4,316 | 13,098 -11,765 -11,517 | 14,264 -3,574 -8,196 | 141 16,898 -942 4,730 | 167 19,445 24 2,153 | 22,089 (8,002 |
| Student loans Financial sector interventions Other departmental expenditure Total capital departmental AME | 9,863 -5,242 | 12,029 -3,176 | 13,098 -11,765 | 14,264 -3,574 | 141 16,898 -942 | 167 19,445 24 | 22,089 (8,002 |
| Student loans Financial sector interventions Other departmental expenditure Total capital departmental AME Capital other AME | 9,863 -5,242 -11,803 -6,570 | 12,029 -3,176 -4,316 5,266 | 13,098 -11,765 -11,517 -9,625 | 14,264 -3,574 -8,196 3,233 | 141 16,898 -942 4,730 21,253 | 167 19,445 24 2,153 22,007 | 22,089 (8,002 30,652 |
| Student loans Financial sector interventions Other departmental expenditure Total capital departmental AME Capital other AME Locally financed expenditure | 9,863 -5,242 -11,803 -6,570 | 12,029 -3,176 -4,316 5,266 7,005 | 13,098 -11,765 -11,517 -9,625 9,067 | 14,264 -3,574 -8,196 3,233 9,185 | 141 16,898 -942 4,730 21,253 | 167 19,445 24 2,153 22,007 | 22,089 (8,002 30,652 8,977 |
| Student loans Financial sector interventions Other departmental expenditure Total capital departmental AME Capital other AME Locally financed expenditure Public corporations' own-financed capital expenditure | 9,863 -5,242 -11,803 -6,570 7,300 15,287 | 12,029 -3,176 -4,316 5,266 7,005 18,895 | 13,098 -11,765 -11,517 -9,625 9,067 15,175 | 14,264 -3,574 -8,196 3,233 9,185 16,967 | 141 16,898 -942 4,730 21,253 10,996 15,486 | 167 19,445 24 2,153 22,007 10,604 18,287 | 22,089 (8,002 30,652 8,977 17,56 |
| Student loans Financial sector interventions Other departmental expenditure Total capital departmental AME Capital other AME Locally financed expenditure Public corporations' own-financed capital expenditure Accounting adjustments (4) | 9,863 -5,242 -11,803 -6,570 7,300 15,287 4,060 | 12,029 -3,176 -4,316 5,266 7,005 18,895 -7,653 | 13,098 -11,765 -11,517 -9,625 9,067 15,175 11,949 | 14,264 -3,574 -8,196 3,233 9,185 16,967 -917 | 141 16,898 -942 4,730 21,253 10,996 15,486 -21,744 | 167 19,445 24 2,153 22,007 10,604 18,287 -32,226 | 165 22,089 (8,002 30,652 8,977 17,566 -38,326 |
| Student loans Financial sector interventions Other departmental expenditure Total capital departmental AME Capital other AME Locally financed expenditure Public corporations' own-financed capital expenditure Accounting adjustments (4) Total capital other AME | 9,863 -5,242 -11,803 -6,570 7,300 15,287 4,060 26,646 | 12,029 -3,176 -4,316 5,266 7,005 18,895 -7,653 18,247 | 13,098 -11,765 -11,517 -9,625 9,067 15,175 11,949 36,191 | 14,264 -3,574 -8,196 3,233 9,185 16,967 -917 25,235 | 141 16,898 -942 4,730 21,253 10,996 15,486 -21,744 4,738 | 167 19,445 24 2,153 22,007 10,604 18,287 -32,226 -3,334 | 22,089 (8,002 30,652 8,977 17,56 -38,326 -11,788 |
| Student loans Financial sector interventions Other departmental expenditure Total capital departmental AME Capital other AME Locally financed expenditure Public corporations' own-financed capital expenditure Accounting adjustments (4) Total capital other AME Total capital AME | 9,863 -5,242 -11,803 -6,570 7,300 15,287 4,060 26,646 20,076 | 12,029 -3,176 -4,316 5,266 7,005 18,895 -7,653 18,247 23,512 | 13,098 -11,765 -11,517 -9,625 9,067 15,175 11,949 36,191 26,566 | 14,264 -3,574 -8,196 3,233 9,185 16,967 -917 25,235 28,468 | 141 16,898 -942 4,730 21,253 10,996 15,486 -21,744 4,738 25,992 | 167 19,445 24 2,153 22,007 10,604 18,287 -32,226 -3,334 18,672 | 22,089 8,002 30,652 8,977 17,566 -38,326 -11,788 18,863 |
| Student loans Financial sector interventions Other departmental expenditure Total capital departmental AME Capital other AME Locally financed expenditure Public corporations' own-financed capital expenditure Accounting adjustments (4) Total capital other AME Total capital AME Public sector gross investment (5) | 9,863 -5,242 -11,803 -6,570 7,300 15,287 4,060 26,646 20,076 72,881 | 12,029 -3,176 -4,316 5,266 7,005 18,895 -7,653 18,247 23,512 79,266 | 13,098 -11,765 -11,517 -9,625 9,067 15,175 11,949 36,191 26,566 77,102 | 14,264 -3,574 -8,196 3,233 9,185 16,967 -917 25,235 28,468 80,611 | 141 16,898 -942 4,730 21,253 10,996 15,486 -21,744 4,738 25,992 81,703 | 167 19,445 24 2,153 22,007 10,604 18,287 -32,226 -3,334 18,672 78,700 | 22,089 (8,002 30,652 8,977 17,56 -38,326 -11,788 18,863 |
| Student loans Financial sector interventions Other departmental expenditure Total capital departmental AME Capital other AME Locally financed expenditure Public corporations' own-financed capital expenditure Accounting adjustments (4) Total capital other AME Total capital AME Public sector gross investment (5) less public sector depreciation | 9,863 -5,242 -11,803 -6,570 7,300 15,287 4,060 26,646 20,076 72,881 40,296 | 12,029 -3,176 -4,316 5,266 7,005 18,895 -7,653 18,247 23,512 79,266 40,891 | 13,098 -11,765 -11,517 -9,625 9,067 15,175 11,949 36,191 26,566 77,102 41,673 | 14,264 -3,574 -8,196 3,233 9,185 16,967 -917 25,235 28,468 80,611 41,477 | 141 16,898 -942 4,730 21,253 10,996 15,486 -21,744 4,738 25,992 81,703 41,049 | 167 19,445 24 2,153 22,007 10,604 18,287 -32,226 -3,334 18,672 78,700 40,272 | 22,089 8,000 30,652 8,977 17,566 -38,320 -11,788 18,863 86,100 40,900 |
| Student loans Financial sector interventions Other departmental expenditure Total capital departmental AME Capital other AME Locally financed expenditure Public corporations' own-financed capital expenditure Accounting adjustments (4) Total capital other AME Total capital AME Public sector gross investment (5) less public sector depreciation Public sector net investment | 9,863 -5,242 -11,803 -6,570 7,300 15,287 4,060 26,646 20,076 72,881 | 12,029 -3,176 -4,316 5,266 7,005 18,895 -7,653 18,247 23,512 79,266 | 13,098 -11,765 -11,517 -9,625 9,067 15,175 11,949 36,191 26,566 77,102 41,673 35,430 | 14,264 -3,574 -8,196 3,233 9,185 16,967 -917 25,235 28,468 80,611 | 141 16,898 -942 4,730 21,253 10,996 15,486 -21,744 4,738 25,992 81,703 | 167 19,445 24 2,153 22,007 10,604 18,287 -32,226 -3,334 18,672 78,700 | 22,089 (8,002 30,652 8,977 17,56 -38,326 -11,788 18,863 86,100 40,907 45,200 |
| Student loans Financial sector interventions Other departmental expenditure Total capital departmental AME Capital other AME Locally financed expenditure Public corporations' own-financed capital expenditure Accounting adjustments (4) Total capital other AME Total capital AME Public sector gross investment (5) less public sector depreciation Public sector net investment TOTAL MANAGED EXPENDITURE (5) | 9,863 -5,242 -11,803 -6,570 7,300 15,287 4,060 26,646 20,076 72,881 40,296 32,585 | 12,029 -3,176 -4,316 5,266 7,005 18,895 -7,653 18,247 23,512 79,266 40,891 38,375 | 13,098 -11,765 -11,517 -9,625 9,067 15,175 11,949 36,191 26,566 77,102 41,673 | 14,264 -3,574 -8,196 3,233 9,185 16,967 -917 25,235 28,468 80,611 41,477 39,134 | 141 16,898 -942 4,730 21,253 10,996 15,486 -21,744 4,738 25,992 81,703 41,049 40,654 | 167 19,445 24 2,153 22,007 10,604 18,287 -32,226 -3,334 18,672 78,700 40,272 38,400 | 22,089 (8,002 30,652 8,977 17,56 -38,326 -11,788 18,863 86,100 40,907 45,200 |
| Student loans Financial sector interventions Other departmental expenditure Total capital departmental AME Capital other AME Locally financed expenditure Public corporations' own-financed capital expenditure Accounting adjustments (4) Total capital other AME Total capital AME Public sector gross investment (5) less public sector depreciation Public sector net investment TOTAL MANAGED EXPENDITURE (5) of which: | 9,863 -5,242 -11,803 -6,570 7,300 15,287 4,060 26,646 20,076 72,881 40,296 32,585 778,991 | 12,029 -3,176 -4,316 5,266 7,005 18,895 -7,653 18,247 23,512 79,266 40,891 38,375 786,541 | 13,098 -11,765 -11,517 -9,625 9,067 15,175 11,949 36,191 26,566 77,102 41,673 35,430 786,878 | 14,264 -3,574 -8,196 3,233 9,185 16,967 -917 25,235 28,468 80,611 41,477 39,134 785,154 | 141 16,898 -942 4,730 21,253 10,996 15,486 -21,744 4,738 25,992 81,703 41,049 40,654 789,495 | 167 19,445 24 2,153 22,007 10,604 18,287 -32,226 -3,334 18,672 78,700 40,272 38,400 800,700 | 22,089 8,002 30,652 8,977 17,56° -38,320 -11,788 18,863 86,100 40,907 45,200 808,800 |
| Student loans Financial sector interventions Other departmental expenditure Total capital departmental AME Capital other AME Locally financed expenditure Public corporations' own-financed capital expenditure Accounting adjustments (4) Total capital other AME Total capital AME Public sector gross investment (5) less public sector depreciation Public sector net investment TOTAL MANAGED EXPENDITURE (5) | 9,863 -5,242 -11,803 -6,570 7,300 15,287 4,060 26,646 20,076 72,881 40,296 32,585 | 12,029 -3,176 -4,316 5,266 7,005 18,895 -7,653 18,247 23,512 79,266 40,891 38,375 | 13,098 -11,765 -11,517 -9,625 9,067 15,175 11,949 36,191 26,566 77,102 41,673 35,430 | 14,264 -3,574 -8,196 3,233 9,185 16,967 -917 25,235 28,468 80,611 41,477 39,134 | 141 16,898 -942 4,730 21,253 10,996 15,486 -21,744 4,738 25,992 81,703 41,049 40,654 | 167 19,445 24 2,153 22,007 10,604 18,287 -32,226 -3,334 18,672 78,700 40,272 38,400 | 22,089 (8,002 30,652 8,977 17,562 |

⁽¹⁾ Real terms figures are the cash figures adjusted to 2017-18 price levels using GDP deflators. The deflators are calculated from the data released by the Office for National statistics on 29 June 2018. The forecasts are consistent with the 2018 Spriong Statement.
(2) Tax credits include working tax credits, stakeholder pension credits and Child Tax Credits. Child allowances paid as part of Income Support and Jobseekers' Allowance are shown within social security

benefits. Tax credits include elements that are treated as negative tax in National Accounts.

⁽³⁾ The change from 2017-18 is due to the reduction in the "discount rate net of CPI" used to measure the costs of public service pensions accruing over the year on an accounting basis.

 $^{^{(4)}}$ Transactions from 2013-14 onwards have been affected by financial sector interventions, see Box 2.A in Chapter 2.

 $^{^{(5)}}$ This excludes the temporary effects of banks being classified to the public sector. See Box 2.A in Chapter 2.

 $^{^{\}rm (6)}\, \rm Total$ DEL is given by resource DEL excluding depreciation plus capital DEL.

Table 1.3 Resource budgets, 2013-14 to 2019-20

| | | | | _ | | | £ million |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | | ional Statis | | | | |
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans | plans |
| Resource DEL by departmental group | 25.526 | 24455 | 24.424 | 25 422 | 24.400 | 26.700 | 27.452 |
| Defence | 35,536 | 34,155 | 34,424 | 35,423 | 34,199 | 36,708 | 37,452 |
| Single Intelligence Account Home Office | 1,967 11,052 | 2,032 11,443 | 2,174 10,757 | 2,268 10,977 | 2,390 10,892 | 2,593 10,958 | 2,398 11,022 |
| Foreign and Commonwealth Office | 2,153 | 1,861 | 1,953 | 2,058 | 2,208 | 2,351 | 1,338 |
| International Development | 7,783 | 7,017 | 6,829 | 7,413 | 7,558 | 7,479 | 8,262 |
| Health and Social Care | 105,478 | 109,534 | 113,710 | 117,031 | 120,650 | 123,518 | 125,682 |
| Work and Pensions | 7,606 | 7,145 | 6,473 | 6,161 | 6,108 | 6,150 | 5,583 |
| Education | 65,611 | 62,222 | 63,978 | 69,854 | 74,879 | 68,388 | 69,839 |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | 2,417 | 2,450 | 2,499 | 1,968 | 1,720 | 1,938 | 2,011 |
| Transport | 4,702 | 3,460 | 3,029 | 2,927 | 3,616 | 3,761 | 3,327 |
| Exiting the European Union | 7 | 7 | 7 | 23 | 57 | 92 | 94 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | 1,386 | 1,512 | 1,389 | 1,550 | 1,584 | 1,680 | 1,671 |
| MHCLG - Housing and Communities | 1,985 | 2,043 | 2,174 | 2,488 | 2,372 | 2,818 | 2,268 |
| MHCLG - Local Government | 16,481 | 13,657 | 10,758 | 8,229 | 6,714 | 4,304 | 5,621 |
| Scotland (1) | 26,091 | 26,373 | 26,334 | 21,374 | 14,966 | 15,493 | 15,252 |
| Wales (2) | 14,466 | 14,202 | 13,328 | 13,325 | 13,998 | 13,926 | 13,993 |
| Northern Ireland | 10,161 | 10,189 | 10,161 | 10,480 | 10,631 | 10,818 | 10,613 |
| Justice | 8,110 | 7,728 | 7,348 | 7,406 | 7,630 | 6,923 | 6,573 |
| Law Officers' Departments | 581 | 554 | 553 | 530 | 567 | 587 | 581 |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | 1,883 | 1,856 | 1,737 | 1,744 | 1,848 | 1,809 | 1,723 |
| HM Revenue and Customs | 3,650 | 3,468 | 3,576 | 3,836 | 3,946 | 3,739 | 3,554 |
| HM Treasury | -249 | 129 | 130 | 159 | 226 | 173 | 154 |
| Cabinet Office | 255 | 421 | 407 | 450 | 671 | 407 | 301 |
| International Trade | 206 | 279 | 341 | 345 | 383 | 354 | 346 |
| Small and Independent Bodies | 1,342 | 1,276 | 1,350 | 1,490 | 1,394 | 1,574 | 1,448 |
| Reserves | _ | _ | _ | _ | = | 5,900 | 7,200 |
| OBR allowance for shortfall | = | = = | _ | _ | _ | -1,800 -600 | -1,800 |
| Adjustment for Budget Exchange (3) | | | 225 440 | 220 506 | 224 205 | | -400 |
| Total resource DEL Resource departmental AME by departmental group | 330,659 | 325,013 | 325,418 | 329,506 | 331,205 | 332,100 | 336,300 |
| Defence | 6,377 | 8,311 | 12,020 | 5,125 | 16,637 | 7,926 | 6,663 |
| Single Intelligence Account | 19 | 41 | 135 | 13 | 19 | 39 | 39 |
| Home Office | 1,872 | 2,457 | 1,551 | 2,396 | 2,510 | 2,747 | 2,912 |
| Foreign and Commonwealth Office | 66 | -70 | 39 | -53 | 142 | 100 | 100 |
| International Development | 109 | 151 | 206 | 188 | 326 | 58 | 181 |
| Health and Social Care ⁽⁴⁾ | 18,194 | 21,952 | 48,530 | 27,782 | 39,664 | 36,787 | 36,557 |
| Work and Pensions | 163,072 | 167,639 | 173,400 | 172,921 | 177,252 | 183,307 | 184,729 |
| Education | 10,563 | 12,908 | 5,296 | 11,448 | 15,034 | 13,090 | 11,752 |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy (4) | 5,347 | 8,949 | 102,217 | 3,781 | 75,396 | 4,454 | 2,292 |
| Transport (5) | -5,207 | -264 | 5,680 | 6,457 | 6,979 | 9,092 | 7,262 |
| Exiting the European Union | _ | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 3 | 1 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | 4,517 | 4,935 | 4,348 | 4,702 | 4,671 | 4,353 | 4,793 |
| MHCLG - Housing and Communities | -48 | 47 | 56 | 154 | 184 | 1,010 | 720 |
| MHCLG - Local Government | 11,123 | 11,662 | 12,174 | 12,413 | 15,752 | 21,573 | 13,722 |
| Scotland (1) | 2,669 | 3,858 | 3,951 | 9,203 | 17,282 | 17,189 | 17,011 |
| Wales (2) | 0 | 32 | -311 | 240 | 177 | 349 | 510 |
| Northern Ireland | 7,463 | 8,285 | 8,370 | 8,248 | 8,889 | 9,542 | 9,782 |
| Justice | -239 | -144 | 483 | 549 | 653 | 616 | 503 |
| Law Officers' Departments | 7 | 13 | -15 | 0.0 | 11 | 4 | 4 |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | -92 | 78 | 391 | 86 | -195 | 214 | 179 |
| HM Revenue and Customs | 42,574 | 42,931 | 43,194 | 42,329 | 41,845 | 39,759 | 42,529 |
| HM Treasury (6) | 6,210 | -49,912 | -13,781 | -25,458 | -681 | -383 | -196 |
| Cabinet Office | 8,641 | 10,573 | 10,366 | 9,140 | 10,545 | 10,257 | 9,663 |
| International Trade | -39 | -129 | -336 | -102 | _ 127 | 3 130 | 3 16 |
| Small and Independent Bodies Total resource departmental AME | | | | | | | |
| Total resource departmental AME | 283,199 | 254,303 | 417,963 | 291,563 | 433,221 | 362,219 | 351,726 |
| Total resource budget | 613,858 | 579,316 | 743,381 | 621,069 | 764,426 | 694,400 | 688,000 |

⁽¹⁾ The Scottish Government's resource DEL block grant has been adjusted from 2015-16 onwards as agreed in the Scottish Government's Fiscal Framework. From 2015-16 adjustments reflect the devolution of Stamp Duty Land Tax and Landfill Tax. In 2016-17 they reflect the creation of the Scottish Rate of Income Tax. From 2017-18 they reflect the devolution of further income tax powers and revenues from Scottish courts.

(2) The Welsh Government's resource DEL block grant has been adjusted from 2018-19 onwards as agreed in the Welsh Government's Fiscal Framework. From 2018-19 adjustments reflect the devolution of Stamp Duty Land Tax and Landfill Tax. Totals do not yet reflect the devolution of Welsh Rates of Income Tax.

⁽a) Departmental budgets include amounts carried forward through Budget Exchange. These increases will be offset by any deposits at Supplementary Estimates in future years so are excluded from spending totals.

⁽a) Figures reflect a change to the long-term discount rate used each year for provisions to maintain compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

(5) Following implementation of ESA10, Network Rail is now classified to Central Government. Consequently Total Managed Expenditure (TME) includes Network Rail spending in all years shown. However, the actual expenditure of Network Rail only appears in the Department for Transport budget from 2015-16. Figures in 2013-14 and 2014-15 reflect a change in accounting policy for recognising impairment on the roads network.

⁽⁶⁾ Transactions from 2013-14 onwards have been affected by financial sector interventions, see Box 2.A in Chapter 2.

Table 1.4 Resource budgets in real terms (1), 2013-14 to 2019-20

| | | | | | | | £ million |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | | | ional Statist | | | | |
| | 2013-14 outturn | 2014-15 outturn | 2015-16 outturn | 2016-17 outturn | 2017-18 outturn | 2018-19 plans | 2019-20 plans |
| Resource DEL by departmental group | Outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | piaiis | pialis |
| Defence | 37,724 | 35,798 | 35,794 | 36,027 | 34,199 | 36,159 | 36,322 |
| Single Intelligence Account | 2,088 | 2,129 | 2,260 | 2,307 | 2,390 | 2,554 | 2,326 |
| Home Office | 11,733 | 11,993 | 11,185 | 11,165 | 10,892 | 10,794 | 10,689 |
| Foreign and Commonwealth Office | 2,285 | 1,951 | 2,030 | 2,093 | 2,208 | 2,316 | 1,297 |
| International Development | 8,262 | 7,355 | 7,101 | 7,539 | 7,558 | 7,368 | 8,012 |
| Health and Social Care | 111,972 | 114,802 | 118,234 | 119,027 | 120,650 | 121,672 | 121,889 |
| Work and Pensions | 8,075 | 7,488 | 6,730 | 6,266 | 6,108 | 6,058 | 5,414 |
| Education | 69,650 | 65,215 | 66,524 | 71,045 | 74,879 | 67,366 | 67,731 |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | 2,566 | 2,568 | 2,599 | 2,001 | 1,720 | 1,909 | 1,950 |
| Transport | 4,991 | 3,626 | 3,149 | 2,977 | 3,616 | 3,705 | 3,227 |
| Exiting the European Union | 8 | 7 | 8 | 23 | 57 | 91 | 91 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | 1,471 | 1,585 | 1,444 | 1,576 | 1,584 | 1,655 | 1,620 |
| MHCLG - Housing and Communities | 2,107 | 2,142 | 2,260 | 2,531 | 2,372 | 2,775 | 2,199 |
| MHCLG - Local Government | 17,496 | 14,314 | 11,186 | 8,369 | 6,714 | 4,239 | 5,451 |
| Scotland (2) | 27,697 | 27,641 | 27,382 | 21,739 | 14,966 | 15,261 | 14,792 |
| Wales (3) | 15,357 | 14,885 | 13,858 | 13,552 | 13,998 | 13,718 | 13,571 |
| Northern Ireland | 10,786 | 10,679 | 10,565 | 10,659 | 10,631 | 10,656 | 10,293 |
| Justice | 8,609 | 8,100 | 7,640 | 7,532 | 7,630 | 6,819 | 6,375 |
| Law Officers' Departments | 617 | 580 | 575 | 539 | 567 | 578 | 564 |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | 1,999 | 1,945 | 1,806 | 1,773 | 1,848 | 1,782 | 1,671 |
| HM Revenue and Customs | 3,875 | 3,635 | 3,718 | 3,901 | 3,946 | 3,683 | 3,446 |
| HM Treasury | -264 | 135 | 135 | 162 | 226 | 170 | 150 |
| Cabinet Office | 271 | 442 | 423 | 458 | 671 | 401 | 292 |
| International Trade | 219 | 293 | 355 | 351 | 383 | 349 | 336 |
| Small and Independent Bodies | 1,425 | 1,338 | 1,403 | 1,515 | 1,394 | 1,550 | 1,404 |
| Reserves | | | | _ | | 5,800 | 7,000 |
| OBR allowance for shortfall | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | -1,700 | -1,700 |
| Adjustment for Budget Exchange (4) | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | -600 | -300 |
| Total resource DEL | 351,017 | 340,646 | 338,366 | 335,127 | 331,205 | 327,200 | 326,100 |
| Resource departmental AME by departmental group | · | , | , | , | • | • | |
| Defence | 6,770 | 8,710 | 12,499 | 5,213 | 16,637 | 7,807 | 6,462 |
| Single Intelligence Account | 20 | 43 | 140 | 14 | 19 | 38 | 38 |
| Home Office | 1,988 | 2,576 | 1,613 | 2,437 | 2,510 | 2,706 | 2,824 |
| Foreign and Commonwealth Office | 70 | -74 | 40 | -54 | 142 | 99 | 97 |
| International Development | 116 | 159 | 214 | 191 | 326 | 57 | 175 |
| Health and Social Care (5) | 19,314 | 23,008 | 50,461 | 28,256 | 39,664 | 36,238 | 35,454 |
| Work and Pensions | 173,112 | 175,702 | 180,299 | 175,870 | 177,252 | 180,567 | 179,155 |
| Education | 11,213 | 13,529 | 5,507 | 11,643 | 15,034 | 12,894 | 11,397 |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy (5) | 5,677 | 9,379 | 106,285 | 3,845 | 75,396 | 4,388 | 2,223 |
| Transport ⁽⁶⁾ | -5,528 | -276 | 5,906 | 6,567 | 6,979 | 8,956 | 7,043 |
| Exiting the European Union | -5,207 | -264 | 5,680 | 6,457 | 6,979 | 3 | 0 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | 4,795 | 5,172 | 4,521 | 4,782 | 4,671 | 4,288 | 4,649 |
| MHCLG - Housing and Communities | -51 | 50 | 58 | 156 | 184 | 995 | 699 |
| MHCLG - Local Government | 11,808 | 12,223 | 12,659 | 12,625 | 15,752 | 21,251 | 13,308 |
| Scotland (2) | 2,834 | 4,043 | 4,108 | 9,360 | 17,282 | 16,932 | 16,498 |
| Wales (3) | _ | 33 | -323 | 244 | 177 | 344 | 495 |
| Northern Ireland | 7,923 | 8,684 | 8,703 | 8,389 | 8,889 | 9,399 | 9,487 |
| Justice | -254 | -151 | 502 | 559 | 653 | 607 | 488 |
| Law Officers' Departments | 7 | 13 | -16 | *== | 11 | 4 | 4 |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | -98 | 81 | 406 | 88 | -195 | 211 | 173 |
| HM Revenue and Customs | 45,195 | 44,996 | 44,912 | 43,051 | 41,845 | 39,165 | 41,245 |
| | 6,592 | -52,313 | -14,329 | -25,892 | -681 | -378 | -190 |
| | 0.332 | , | | 9,296 | 10,545 | 10,104 | 9,372 |
| HM Treasury (7) | 9,173 | 11,081 | 10,778 | 3,230 | | | |
| | | 11,081 — | 10,778 0 | 9,290 | - | 3 | 3 |
| HM Treasury ⁽⁷⁾ Cabinet Office International Trade | 9,173 | | | | | | |
| HM Treasury (7) Cabinet Office | 9,173 0 | _ | 0 | _ | _ | 3 | 3 |

⁽¹⁾ Real terms figures are the cash figures adjusted to 2017-18 price levels using GDP deflators. The deflators are calculated from the data released by the Office for National statistics on 29 June 2018. The forecasts are consistent with the 2018 Spriong Statement.

(2) The Scottish Government's resource DEL block grant has been adjusted from 2015-16 onwards as agreed in the Scottish Government's Fiscal Framework. From 2015-16 adjustments reflect the devolution of Stamp Duty Land Tax and Landfill Tax. In 2016-17 they reflect the creation of the Scottish Rate of Income Tax. From 2017-18 they reflect the devolution of further income tax powers and revenues from Scottish courts.

(3) The Welsh Government's resource DEL block grant has been adjusted from 2018-19 onwards as agreed in the Welsh Government's Fiscal Framework. From 2018-19 adjustments reflect the devolution of Stamp Duty Land Tax and Landfill Tax. Totals do not yet reflect the devolution of Welsh Rates of Income Tax.

(4) Departmental budgets include amounts carried forward through Budget Exchange. These increases will be offset by any deposits at Supplementary Estimates in future years so are excluded from spending totals.

(5) Figures reflect a change to the long-term discount rate used each year for provisions to maintain compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

(6) Following implementation of ESA10, Network Rail is now classified to Central Government. Consequently Total Managed Expenditure (TME) includes Network Rail spending in all years shown. However, the actual expenditure of Network Rail only appears in the Department for Transport budget from 2015-16. Figures in 2013-14 and 2014-15 reflect a change in accounting policy for recognising impairment on the roads network.

(7) Transactions from 2013-14 onwards have been affected by financial sector interventions, see Box 2.A in Chapter 2.

Table 1.5 Resource DEL excluding depreciation, 2013-14 to 2019-20

| | | | | - | | | £ million |
|---|---------|---------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| | | Nat | ional Statis | tics | | | |
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans | plans |
| Resource DEL excluding depreciation by departmental group | | | | | | | |
| Defence | 26,055 | 25,632 | 26,696 | 26,592 | 26,901 | 28,208 | 28,952 |
| Single Intelligence Account | 1,564 | 1,606 | 1,768 | 1,920 | 2,020 | 2,227 | 2,021 |
| Home Office | 10,792 | 11,163 | 10,510 | 10,712 | 10,594 | 10,605 | 10,712 |
| Foreign and Commonwealth Office | 1,995 | 1,713 | 1,762 | 1,934 | 2,061 | 2,239 | 1,226 |
| International Development | 7,769 | 7,000 | 6,817 | 7,404 | 7,549 | 7,461 | 8,243 |
| Health and Social Care | 104,408 | 108,373 | 112,592 | 116,028 | 119,916 | 121,987 | 124,151 |
| Work and Pensions | 7,424 | 6,969 | 6,290 | 6,004 | 5,921 | 5,985 | 5,428 |
| Education | 59,182 | 59,860 | 59,180 | 59,894 | 60,372 | 62,540 | 63,450 |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | 2,112 | 2,157 | 2,230 | 1,612 | 1,453 | 1,658 | 1,727 |
| Transport | 3,695 | 2,468 | 1,913 | 1,585 | 2,019 | 2,062 | 1,630 |
| Exiting the European Union | 7 | 7 | 7 | 23 | 57 | 92 | 94 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | 1,227 | 1,407 | 1,262 | 1,407 | 1,435 | 1,494 | 1,472 |
| MHCLG - Housing and Communities | 1,957 | 2,050 | 2,173 | 2,471 | 2,391 | 2,588 | 2,243 |
| MHCLG - Local Government | 16,481 | 13,657 | 10,758 | 8,229 | 6,714 | 4,304 | 5,621 |
| Scotland (1) | 25,428 | 25,620 | 25,563 | 20,596 | 14,182 | 14,388 | 14,107 |
| Wales (2) | 13,709 | 13,754 | 12,814 | 13,071 | 13,290 | 13,262 | 13,303 |
| Northern Ireland | 9,710 | 9,686 | 9,906 | 9,890 | 10,084 | 10,244 | 10,026 |
| Justice | 7,661 | 7,293 | 6,894 | 6,915 | 7,162 | 6,333 | 5,970 |
| Law Officers' Departments | 575 | 547 | 546 | 524 | 559 | 572 | 566 |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | 1,687 | 1,666 | 1,568 | 1,556 | 1,671 | 1,568 | 1,484 |
| HM Revenue and Customs | 3,416 | 3,191 | 3,302 | 3,557 | 3,649 | 3,388 | 3,174 |
| HM Treasury | -255 | 123 | 122 | 152 | 218 | 167 | 148 |
| Cabinet Office | 241 | 409 | 388 | 428 | 637 | 357 | 286 |
| International Trade | 204 | 277 | 339 | 343 | 381 | 352 | 344 |
| Small and Independent Bodies | 1,319 | 1,217 | 1,276 | 1,412 | 1,307 | 1,487 | 1,333 |
| Reserves | _ | _ | _ | - | - | 5,900 | 7,200 |
| OBR allowance for shortfall | = | - | _ | _ | - | -1,800 | -1,800 |
| Adjustment for Budget Exchange (3) | = | _ | _ | - | _ | -600 | -400 |
| Total Resource DEL excluding depreciation | 308,361 | 307,844 | 306,676 | 304,259 | 302,544 | 309,200 | 312,900 |

⁽¹⁾ The Scottish Government's resource DEL block grant has been adjusted from 2015-16 onwards as agreed in the Scottish Government's Fiscal Framework. From 2015-16 adjustments reflect the devolution of Stamp Duty Land Tax and Landfill Tax. In 2016-17 they reflect the creation of the Scottish Rate of Income Tax. From 2017-18 they reflect the devolution of further income tax powers and revenues from Scottish courts.

(2) The Welsh Government's resource DEL block grant has been adjusted from 2018-19 onwards as agreed in the Welsh Government's Fiscal Framework. From 2018-19 adjustments reflect the devolution of Stamp Duty Land Tax and Landfill Tax. Totals do not yet reflect the devolution of Welsh Rates of Income Tax.

(3) Departmental budgets include amounts carried forward through Budget Exchange. These increases will be offset by any deposits at Supplementary Estimates in future years so are excluded from spending totals.

spending totals.

Table 1.6 Resource DEL excluding depreciation in real terms (1), 2013-14 to 2019-20

| | | | | | | | £ million |
|---|---------|---------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| | | Nat | ional Statis | tics | | | |
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans | plans |
| Resource DEL excluding depreciation by departmental group | | | | | | | |
| Defence | 27,659 | 26,865 | 27,758 | 27,045 | 26,901 | 27,786 | 28,078 |
| Single Intelligence Account | 1,660 | 1,684 | 1,838 | 1,953 | 2,020 | 2,194 | 1,960 |
| Home Office | 11,456 | 11,700 | 10,928 | 10,895 | 10,594 | 10,446 | 10,388 |
| Foreign and Commonwealth Office | 2,118 | 1,795 | 1,832 | 1,967 | 2,061 | 2,206 | 1,189 |
| International Development | 8,247 | 7,336 | 7,088 | 7,531 | 7,549 | 7,350 | 7,994 |
| Health and Social Care | 110,836 | 113,586 | 117,072 | 118,007 | 119,916 | 120,164 | 120,404 |
| Work and Pensions | 7,881 | 7,304 | 6,540 | 6,107 | 5,921 | 5,895 | 5,264 |
| Education | 62,825 | 62,739 | 61,534 | 60,915 | 60,372 | 61,605 | 61,535 |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | 2,242 | 2,260 | 2,319 | 1,640 | 1,453 | 1,633 | 1,675 |
| Transport | 3,922 | 2,587 | 1,989 | 1,612 | 2,019 | 2,031 | 1,580 |
| Exiting the European Union | 8 | 7 | 8 | 23 | 57 | 90 | 91 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | 1,303 | 1,474 | 1,312 | 1,431 | 1,435 | 1,471 | 1,428 |
| MHCLG - Housing and Communities | 2,078 | 2,149 | 2,259 | 2,513 | 2,391 | 2,549 | 2,175 |
| MHCLG - Local Government | 17,496 | 14,314 | 11,186 | 8,369 | 6,714 | 4,239 | 5,451 |
| Scotland (2) | 26,993 | 26,852 | 26,580 | 20,947 | 14,182 | 14,173 | 13,681 |
| Wales (3) | 14,553 | 14,415 | 13,324 | 13,294 | 13,290 | 13,064 | 12,902 |
| Northern Ireland | 10,308 | 10,152 | 10,300 | 10,059 | 10,084 | 10,091 | 9,723 |
| Justice | 8,132 | 7,644 | 7,169 | 7,033 | 7,162 | 6,238 | 5,790 |
| Law Officers' Departments | 610 | 574 | 567 | 533 | 559 | 563 | 549 |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | 1,790 | 1,746 | 1,631 | 1,583 | 1,671 | 1,545 | 1,439 |
| HM Revenue and Customs | 3,626 | 3,345 | 3,433 | 3,618 | 3,649 | 3,337 | 3,078 |
| HM Treasury | -271 | 129 | 126 | 154 | 218 | 165 | 144 |
| Cabinet Office | 256 | 428 | 403 | 435 | 637 | 351 | 278 |
| International Trade | 216 | 290 | 353 | 348 | 381 | 346 | 334 |
| Small and Independent Bodies | 1,400 | 1,275 | 1,327 | 1,436 | 1,307 | 1,464 | 1,292 |
| Reserves | _ | _ | _ | - | = | 5,800 | 7,000 |
| OBR allowance for shortfall | _ | - | _ | - | = | -1,700 | -1,700 |
| Adjustment for Budget Exchange (4) | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | -600 | -300 |
| Total Resource DEL excluding depreciation | 327,346 | 322,652 | 318,878 | 309,448 | 302,544 | 304,500 | 303,400 |

⁽¹⁾ Real terms figures are the cash figures adjusted to 2017-18 price levels using GDP deflators. The deflators are calculated from the data released by the Office for National statistics on 29 June 2018.

The forecasts are consistent with the 2018 Spriong Statement.

(2) The Scottish Government's resource DEL block grant has been adjusted from 2015-16 onwards as agreed in the Scottish Government's Fiscal Framework. From 2015-16 adjustments reflect the devolution of Stamp Duty Land Tax and Landfill Tax. In 2016-17 they reflect the creation of the Scottish Rate of Income Tax. From 2017-18 they reflect the devolution of further income tax powers and

revenues from Scottish courts.

(3) The Welsh Government's Fiscal Framework. From 2018-19 adjustments reflect the

devolution of Stamp Duty Land Tax and Landfill Tax. Totals do not yet reflect the devolution of Welsh Rates of Income Tax.

(4) Departmental budgets include amounts carried forward through Budget Exchange. These increases will be offset by any deposits at Supplementary Estimates in future years so are excluded from spending totals.

Table 1.7 Administration budgets , 2013-14 to 2019-20

| | | | | | | | £ million |
|---|---------|---------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| | | Nati | ional Statis | tics | | | |
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans | plans |
| Defence | 2,129 | 1,474 | 1,505 | 1,497 | 1,467 | 1,473 | 1,525 |
| Single Intelligence Account | 59 | 58 | 63 | 67 | 70 | 75 | 76 |
| Home Office | 501 | 525 | 384 | 375 | 352 | 350 | 309 |
| Foreign and Commonwealth Office | 167 | 178 | 111 | 116 | 176 | 184 | 183 |
| International Development | 116 | 110 | 104 | 97 | 100 | 116 | 117 |
| Health and Social Care | 3,122 | 2,873 | 2,554 | 2,400 | 2,319 | 2,846 | 2,767 |
| Work and Pensions | 1,084 | 888 | 835 | 880 | 799 | 828 | 796 |
| Education | 587 | 560 | 499 | 524 | 541 | 492 | 475 |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | 475 | 475 | 435 | 392 | 383 | 404 | 495 |
| Transport | 240 | 271 | 267 | 259 | 260 | 269 | 266 |
| Exiting the European Union | 7 | 7 | 7 | 23 | 57 | 92 | 94 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | 139 | 148 | 159 | 143 | 157 | 173 | 157 |
| MHCLG - Housing and Communities | 363 | 252 | 275 | 242 | 224 | 266 | 239 |
| Justice | 530 | 552 | 571 | 510 | 455 | 392 | 318 |
| Law Officers' Departments | 42 | 45 | 43 | 43 | 42 | 51 | 62 |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | 527 | 487 | 497 | 453 | 473 | 461 | 455 |
| HM Revenue and Customs | 869 | 801 | 792 | 757 | 842 | 903 | 911 |
| HM Treasury | 131 | 146 | 134 | 160 | 165 | 146 | 138 |
| Cabinet Office | 155 | 156 | 151 | 195 | 184 | 178 | 167 |
| International Trade | 42 | 20 | 27 | 30 | 76 | 68 | 67 |
| Small and Independent Bodies | 304 | 366 | 281 | 256 | 254 | 270 | 257 |
| Adjustment for Budget Exchange (1) | _ | - | _ | _ | _ | -4 | _ |
| Total administration budgets | 11,589 | 10,394 | 9,695 | 9,418 | 9,399 | 10,034 | 9,875 |
| of which: administration costs paybill | 7,497 | 6,680 | 6,604 | 6,499 | 6,631 | 5,930 | 5,714 |
| Administration budgets as a percentage of Total Managed Expenditure (2) | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 |

⁽¹⁾ Departmental budgets include amounts carried forward through Budget Exchange. These increases will be offset by any deposits at Supplementary Estimates in future years so are excluded from spending totals.

⁽²⁾ TME excludes the temporary effects of banks being classified to the public sector. See Box 2.A for details.

Table 1.8 Capital budgets, 2013-14 to 2019-20

| | | | | | | | £ million |
|--|---------|---------|----------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------|-----------|
| | | | ional Statis | | | | |
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| a stant to a st | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans | plans |
| Capital DEL by departmental group | 0.405 | 0.726 | 0.402 | 0.500 | 0.704 | 0.764 | 0.004 |
| Defence | 8,485 | 8,736 | 8,402 | 8,689 | 9,704 | 8,761 | 8,994 |
| Single Intelligence Account | 499 | 550 | 575 | 603 | 576 | 643 | 655 |
| Home Office | 519 | 520 | 476 | 510 | 624 | 491 | 482 |
| Foreign and Commonwealth Office | 120 | 158 | 131 | 60 | -252 | 102 | 98 |
| International Development | 2,251 | 2,650 | 2,433 | 2,588 | 2,713 | 2,652 | 3,527 |
| Health and Social Care | 5,367 | 4,971 | 4,652 | 4,556 | 5,238 | 6,364 | 6,741 |
| Work and Pensions | 237 | 251 | 188 | 292 | 432 | 255 | 227 |
| Education | 4,120 | 4,764 | 5,414 | 5,104 | 4,846 | 5,182 | 5,098 |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | 9,510 | 9,360 | 10,199 | 10,793 | 10,464 | 10,769 | 11,390 |
| Transport (1) | 8,537 | 9,389 | 6,001 | 5,419 | 6,218 | 8,070 | 10,519 |
| Exiting the European Union | - | _ | _ | _ | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | 33 | 264 | 349 | 275 | 351 | 585 | 604 |
| MHCLG - Housing and Communities | 3,729 | 4,332 | 3,849 | 5,114 | 6,634 | 9,417 | 10,761 |
| Scotland | 2,921 | 3,289 | 3,164 | 3,246 | 3,626 | 3,899 | 4,242 |
| Wales | 1,325 | 1,500 | 1,543 | 1,449 | 1,825 | 1,901 | 2,113 |
| Northern Ireland | 945 | 1,085 | 766 | 1,005 | 1,148 | 1,568 | 1,481 |
| Justice | 274 | 295 | 266 | 417 | 412 | 532 | 417 |
| Law Officers' Departments | 3 | 4 | 3 | 13 | 10 | 16 | 8 |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | 550 | 692 | 570 | 655 | 632 | 613 | 588 |
| HM Revenue and Customs | 218 | 234 | 228 | 326 | 281 | 250 | 229 |
| HM Treasury | -6 | 36 | -660 | -2 | -78 | 224 | 262 |
| Cabinet Office | 30 | 30 | -37 | 48 | 116 | 30 | 15 |
| International Trade | 3 | 2 | 2 | 6 | 15 | 4 | 4 |
| Small and Independent Bodies | 76 | 83 | 90 | 103 | 177 | 309 | 376 |
| Reserves | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 800 | 2,400 |
| Capital spending not yet in budgets | - | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 400 |
| OBR allowance for shortfall | - | - | _ | _ | - | -1,800 | -2,300 |
| Adjustment for Budget Exchange (2) | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | -800 | _ |
| Total capital DEL | 49,742 | 53,195 | 48,603 | 51,268 | 55,711 | 60,900 | 69,300 |
| Capital departmental AME by departmental group | | | | | | | |
| Defence | -129 | 51 | 29 | _ | 44 | 137 | _ |
| Home Office | _ | _ | 437 | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| International Development | = | _ | 450 | 285 | 395 | 683 | _ |
| Health and Social Care | -70 | -5 | 9 | 13 | _ | 15 | 15 |
| Work and Pensions | -134 | -124 | -148 | -87 | -37 | 246 | _ |
| Education | 8,483 | 10,563 | 11,642 | 13,072 | 15,801 | 18,635 | 21,538 |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | -4,305 | -1,616 | -1,630 | -15 | -1,197 | -149 | -83 |
| Transport (3) | 13 | 6,695 | 6,544 | 6,855 | 6,960 | 5,746 | 6,905 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | 646 | 743 | 497 | 804 | 773 | 565 | 618 |
| MHCLG - Housing and Communities | _ | 121 | 207 | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Scotland | 336 | 440 | 744 | 811 | 958 | 1,000 | 1,010 |
| Wales | 306 | 357 | 388 | 422 | 505 | 787 | 927 |
| Northern Ireland | 425 | 536 | 605 | 498 | 318 | 422 | 535 |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | 423 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 16 | 16 |
| HM Revenue and Customs | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 |
| HM Treasury (4) | -11,725 | -12,714 | -29,066 | -19,731 | -3,697 | -6,434 | 126 |
| - | -11,725 | | -29,066 34 | | | | 120 |
| Small and Independent Bodies | | -23 | - 9,257 | 251 3,179 | 429 21,253 | 671 | 31,605 |
| Total capital departmental AME | -6,189 | 5,024 | | | | 22,341 | |

⁽¹⁾ Following implementation of ESA10, Network rail is now classified to Central Government. Consequently from 2015-16 there is no longer a Central Government capital grant to Network Rail. The actual expenditure of Network rail appears in the Department for Transport departmental AME budget.
(2) Departmental budgets include amounts carried forward through Budget Exchange. These increases will be offset by any deposits at Supplementary Estimates in future years so are excluded from

spending totals.

3 In 2014-15 the Government put in place a loan arrangement in advance of Network Rail's formal reclassification to the Public Sector in September 2014. This is included in Capital departmental AME

⁽⁴⁾ Transactions from 2013-14 onwards have been affected by financial sector interventions, see Box 2.A in Chapter 2.

Table 1.9 Capital budgets in real terms (1), 2013-14 to 2019-20

| | | Nat | ional Statis | tics | | | £ million |
|--|---------|---------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans | plans |
| Capital DEL by departmental group | | | | | | | |
| Defence | 9,007 | 9,156 | 8,737 | 8,837 | 9,704 | 8,630 | 8,723 |
| Single Intelligence Account | 529 | 577 | 598 | 614 | 576 | 634 | 635 |
| Home Office | 551 | 545 | 494 | 519 | 624 | 484 | 468 |
| Foreign and Commonwealth Office | 127 | 165 | 137 | 61 | -252 | 101 | 95 |
| International Development | 2,389 | 2,778 | 2,530 | 2,632 | 2,713 | 2,612 | 3,420 |
| Health and Social Care | 5,697 | 5,210 | 4,837 | 4,634 | 5,238 | 6,269 | 6,538 |
| Work and Pensions | 251 | 263 | 195 | 297 | 432 | 251 | 220 |
| Education | 4,374 | 4,993 | 5,630 | 5,191 | 4,846 | 5,105 | 4,944 |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | 10,096 | 9,810 | 10,605 | 10,977 | 10,464 | 10,608 | 11,046 |
| Transport (2) | 9,062 | 9,841 | 6,240 | 5,512 | 6,218 | 7,949 | 10,20 |
| Exiting the European Union | - | _ | - | - | 1 | 1 | (0,20 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | 35 | 276 | 363 | 280 | 351 | 576 | 586 |
| MHCLG - Housing and Communities | 3,959 | 4,541 | 4,002 | 5,201 | 6,634 | 9,276 | 10,437 |
| Scotland | 3,101 | 3,447 | 3,289 | 3,302 | 3,626 | 3,841 | 4,114 |
| Wales | 1,406 | 1,572 | 1,604 | 1,473 | 1,825 | 1,872 | 2,050 |
| Northern Ireland | 1,003 | 1,137 | 796 | 1,023 | 1,148 | 1,544 | 1,436 |
| Justice | 291 | 310 | 277 | 424 | 412 | 524 | 405 |
| Law Officers' Departments | 3 | 4 | 3 | 14 | 10 | 16 | 40. |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | 583 | 725 | 593 | 666 | 632 | 604 | 571 |
| HM Revenue and Customs | 232 | 245 | 237 | 332 | 281 | 246 | 222 |
| | -6 | | | | | | |
| HM Treasury | | 37 | -686 | -2 | -78 | 221 | 254 |
| Cabinet Office | 32 | 31 | -39 | 48 | 116 | 29 | 15 |
| International Trade | 3 | 2 | 2 | 6 | 15 | 3 | 26 |
| Small and Independent Bodies | 81 | 87 | 94 | 104 | 177 | 304 | 364 |
| Reserves | = | _ | _ | _ | _ | 800 | 2,300 |
| Capital spending not yet in budgets | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | - 4.700 | 400 |
| OBR allowance for shortfall | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | -1,700 | -2,300 |
| Adjustment for Budget Exchange (3) | - | | _ | - | | -800 | - |
| Total capital DEL | 52,805 | 55,753 | 50,537 | 52,142 | 55,711 | 60,000 | 67,200 |
| Capital departmental AME by departmental group | | | | | | 405 | |
| Defence | -137 | 53 | 30 | _ | 44 | 135 | - |
| Home Office | = | _ | 454 | _ | _ | _ | - |
| International Development | - | _ | 468 | 290 | 395 | 673 | = |
| Health and Social Care | -74 | -5 | 9 | 14 | 0 | 15 | 15 |
| Work and Pensions | -143 | -130 | -154 | -89 | -37 | 243 | = |
| Education | 9,005 | 11,071 | 12,105 | 13,295 | 15,801 | 18,356 | 20,888 |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | -4,570 | -1,693 | -1,695 | -15 | -1,197 | -147 | -80 |
| Transport ⁽⁴⁾ | 13 | 7,017 | 6,805 | 6,972 | 6,960 | 5,660 | 6,697 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | 685 | 779 | 517 | 818 | 773 | 556 | 599 |
| MHCLG - Housing and Communities | = | 127 | 215 | _ | _ | _ | - |
| Scotland | 356 | 461 | 774 | 824 | 958 | 985 | 980 |
| Wales | 325 | 374 | 403 | 429 | 505 | 775 | 899 |
| Northern Ireland | 451 | 561 | 629 | 506 | 318 | 416 | 519 |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | | 2 | _ | 1 | _ | 16 | 16 |
| HM Revenue and Customs | 0 | 0 | - | _ | _ | 0 | (|
| HM Treasury (5) | -12,447 | -13,326 | -30,222 | -20,068 | -3,697 | -6,338 | 122 |
| Small and Independent Bodies | -36 | -24 | 35 | 255 | 429 | 661 | - |
| Total capital departmental AME | -6,570 | 5,266 | -9,625 | 3,233 | 21,253 | 22,007 | 30,652 |
| Total capital budget | 46,235 | 61,019 | 40,911 | 55,376 | 76,965 | 82,000 | 97,800 |

⁽¹⁾ Real terms figures are the cash figures adjusted to 2017-18 price levels using GDP deflators. The deflators are calculated from the data released by the Office for National statistics on 29 June 2018. The forecasts are consistent with the 2018 Spriong Statement.
(2) Following implementation of ESA10, Network rail is now classified to Central Government. Consequently from 2015-16 there is no longer a Central Government capital grant to Network Rail. The actual expenditure of Network rail appears in the Department for Transport departmental AME budget.
(3) Departmental budgets include amounts carried forward through Budget Exchange. These increases will be offset by any deposits at Supplementary Estimates in future years so are excluded from

spending totals.

spending totals. as lending to the private sector.

⁽⁵⁾ Transactions from 2013-14 onwards have been affected by financial sector interventions, see Box 2.A in Chapter 2.

Table 1.10 Total Departmental Expenditure Limits (1), 2013-14 to 2019-20

| | | | | | | | £ million |
|--|---------|---------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| | | Nat | ional Statis | tics | | | |
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans | plans |
| Total DEL by departmental group | | | | | | | |
| Defence | 34,540 | 34,368 | 35,099 | 35,280 | 36,605 | 36,969 | 37,946 |
| Single Intelligence Account | 2,062 | 2,156 | 2,343 | 2,524 | 2,596 | 2,870 | 2,676 |
| Home Office | 11,311 | 11,683 | 10,986 | 11,222 | 11,218 | 11,096 | 11,194 |
| Foreign and Commonwealth Office | 2,115 | 1,870 | 1,893 | 1,994 | 1,809 | 2,342 | 1,324 |
| International Development | 10,020 | 9,650 | 9,250 | 9,992 | 10,262 | 10,113 | 11,769 |
| Health and Social Care | 109,775 | 113,345 | 117,245 | 120,584 | 125,154 | 128,351 | 130,892 |
| Work and Pensions | 7,661 | 7,220 | 6,477 | 6,296 | 6,354 | 6,239 | 5,654 |
| Education | 63,302 | 64,624 | 64,594 | 64,997 | 65,217 | 67,722 | 68,548 |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | 11,623 | 11,517 | 12,429 | 12,405 | 11,918 | 12,427 | 13,117 |
| Transport (2) | 12,231 | 11,857 | 7,914 | 7,004 | 8,236 | 10,132 | 12,148 |
| Exiting the European Union | 7 | 7 | 7 | 23 | 57 | 93 | 94 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | 1,260 | 1,670 | 1,611 | 1,682 | 1,786 | 2,079 | 2,076 |
| MHCLG - Housing and Communities | 5,687 | 6,383 | 6,022 | 7,585 | 9,025 | 12,004 | 13,004 |
| MHCLG - Local Government | 16,481 | 13,657 | 10,758 | 8,229 | 6,714 | 4,304 | 5,621 |
| Scotland (3) | 28,349 | 28,909 | 28,726 | 23,842 | 17,808 | 18,287 | 18,349 |
| Wales (4) | 15,034 | 15,254 | 14,357 | 14,520 | 15,114 | 15,163 | 15,416 |
| Northern Ireland | 10,655 | 10,771 | 10,672 | 10,895 | 11,232 | 11,811 | 11,507 |
| Justice | 7,935 | 7,588 | 7,160 | 7,332 | 7,574 | 6,865 | 6,387 |
| Law Officers' Departments | 578 | 551 | 548 | 537 | 569 | 588 | 574 |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | 2,236 | 2,358 | 2,138 | 2,211 | 2,303 | 2,181 | 2,072 |
| HM Revenue and Customs | 3,634 | 3,425 | 3,530 | 3,884 | 3,930 | 3,638 | 3,403 |
| HM Treasury | -261 | 159 | -539 | 150 | 140 | 391 | 410 |
| Cabinet Office | 271 | 439 | 351 | 475 | 754 | 386 | 301 |
| International Trade | 206 | 279 | 341 | 349 | 396 | 355 | 349 |
| Small and Independent Bodies | 1,395 | 1,300 | 1,366 | 1,515 | 1,484 | 1,796 | 1,708 |
| Reserves | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 6,700 | 9,600 |
| Capital spending not yet in budgets | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 400 |
| OBR allowance for shortfall | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | -3,500 | -4,100 |
| Adjustment for Budget Exchange (5) | = | _ | _ | _ | _ | -1,400 | -400 |
| Total DEL by departmental group | 358,104 | 361,039 | 355,278 | 355,527 | 358,255 | 370,100 | 382,100 |

⁽¹⁾ Total DEL is given by Resource DEL excluding depreciation (Table 1.5) plus Capital DEL (Table 1.8).
(2) Following implementation of ESA10, Network rail is now classified to Central Government. Consequently from 2015-16 there is no longer a Central Government capital grant to Network Rail. The actual expenditure of Network rail appears in the Department for Transport departmental AME budget.
(3) The Scottish Government's resource DEL block grant has been adjusted from 2015-16 onwards as agreed in the Scottish Government's resource DEL block grant has been adjusted from 2015-16 onwards as agreed in the Scottish Government's resource DEL block grant has been adjusted from 2015-16 onwards as agreed in the Scottish Government's resource DEL block grant has been adjusted from 2015-16 onwards as agreed in the Scottish Government's resource DEL block grant has been adjusted from 2015-16 onwards as agreed in the Scottish Government's resource DEL block grant has been adjusted from 2015-16 onwards as agreed in the Scottish Government's resource DEL block grant has been adjusted from 2015-16 onwards as agreed in the Scottish Government's resource DEL block grant has been adjusted from 2015-16 onwards as agreed in the Scottish Government's resource DEL block grant has been adjusted from 2015-16 onwards as agreed in the Scottish Government's resource DEL block grant has been adjusted from 2015-16 onwards as agreed in the Scottish Government's resource DEL block grant has been adjusted from 2015-16 onwards as agreed in the Scottish Government's resource DEL block grant has been adjusted from 2015-16 onwards as agreed in the Scottish Government's resource DEL block grant has been adjusted from 2015-16 onwards and grant gr

devolution of Stamp Duty Land Tax and Landfill Tax. In 2016-17 they reflect the creation of the Scottish Rate of Income Tax. From 2017-18 they reflect the devolution of further income tax powers and

⁽a) Departmental budgets include amounts carried forward through Budget Exchange. These increases will be offset by any deposits at Supplementary Estimates in future years so are excluded from

spending totals.

Table 1.11 Total Departmental Expenditure Limits (1) in real terms, (2) 2013-14 to 2019-20

| | | | | - | | | £ million |
|--|---------|---------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| | | Nat | ional Statis | tics | | | |
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans | plans |
| Total DEL by departmental group | | | | | | | |
| Defence | 36,666 | 36,021 | 36,495 | 35,882 | 36,605 | 36,416 | 36,801 |
| Single Intelligence Account | 2,189 | 2,260 | 2,436 | 2,567 | 2,596 | 2,827 | 2,595 |
| Home Office | 12,007 | 12,245 | 11,423 | 11,414 | 11,218 | 10,930 | 10,856 |
| Foreign and Commonwealth Office | 2,245 | 1,960 | 1,969 | 2,028 | 1,809 | 2,307 | 1,284 |
| International Development | 10,637 | 10,114 | 9,618 | 10,163 | 10,262 | 9,962 | 11,414 |
| Health and Social Care | 116,533 | 118,796 | 121,910 | 122,641 | 125,154 | 126,433 | 126,942 |
| Work and Pensions | 8,132 | 7,567 | 6,735 | 6,403 | 6,354 | 6,146 | 5,484 |
| Education | 67,199 | 67,733 | 67,164 | 66,106 | 65,217 | 66,709 | 66,480 |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | 12,338 | 12,071 | 12,924 | 12,617 | 11,918 | 12,241 | 12,721 |
| Transport (3) | 12,984 | 12,427 | 8,229 | 7,123 | 8,236 | 9,980 | 11,781 |
| Exiting the European Union | 8 | 7 | 8 | 23 | 57 | 91 | 91 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | 1,338 | 1,751 | 1,675 | 1,710 | 1,786 | 2,048 | 2,013 |
| MHCLG - Housing and Communities | 6,037 | 6,690 | 6,262 | 7,714 | 9,025 | 11,825 | 12,612 |
| MHCLG - Local Government | 17,496 | 14,314 | 11,186 | 8,369 | 6,714 | 4,239 | 5,451 |
| Scotland (4) | 30,094 | 30,299 | 29,869 | 24,249 | 17,808 | 18,014 | 17,795 |
| Wales (5) | 15,960 | 15,987 | 14,928 | 14,768 | 15,114 | 14,936 | 14,951 |
| Northern Ireland | 11,311 | 11,289 | 11,097 | 11,081 | 11,232 | 11,635 | 11,160 |
| Justice | 8,423 | 7,953 | 7,445 | 7,457 | 7,574 | 6,763 | 6,194 |
| Law Officers' Departments | 613 | 578 | 570 | 546 | 569 | 579 | 557 |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | 2,374 | 2,471 | 2,223 | 2,249 | 2,303 | 2,149 | 2,009 |
| HM Revenue and Customs | 3,857 | 3,590 | 3,670 | 3,950 | 3,930 | 3,583 | 3,300 |
| HM Treasury | -277 | 167 | -560 | 152 | 140 | 385 | 398 |
| Cabinet Office | 288 | 460 | 365 | 483 | 754 | 381 | 292 |
| International Trade | 219 | 292 | 354 | 355 | 396 | 350 | 338 |
| Small and Independent Bodies | 1,480 | 1,362 | 1,421 | 1,540 | 1,484 | 1,769 | 1,657 |
| Reserves | _ | _ | _ | - | _ | 6,600 | 9,300 |
| Capital spending not yet in budgets | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 400 |
| OBR allowance for shortfall | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | -3,400 | -3,900 |
| Adjustment for Budget Exchange (6) | = | _ | _ | _ | _ | -1,400 | -300 |
| Total DEL by departmental group | 380,151 | 378,405 | 369,414 | 361,591 | 358,255 | 364,500 | 370,600 |

⁽¹⁾ Total DEL is given by Resource DEL excluding depreciation (Table 1.5) plus Capital DEL (Table 1.8).
(2) Real terms figures are the cash figures adjusted to 2017-18 price levels using GDP deflators. The deflators are calculated from the data released by the Office for National statistics on 29 June 2018. The forecasts are consistent with the 2018 Spriong Statement.
(3) Following implementation of ESA10, Network rail is now classified to Central Government. Consequently from 2015-16 there is no longer a Central Government capital grant to Network Rail. The actual expenditure of Network rail appears in the Department for Transport departmental AME budget.
(4) The Scottish Government's resource DEL block grant has been adjusted from 2015-16 onwards as agreed in the Scottish Government's Fiscal Framework. From 2015-16 adjustments reflect the devolution of Stamp Duty Land Tax and Landfill Tax. In 2016-17 they reflect the creation of the Scottish Rate of Income Tax. From 2017-18 they reflect the devolution of further income tax powers and revenues from Scottish Courts.

devolution of Stamp Duty Land lax and Landfill lax. In 2016-17 they reflect the creation of the Scottish Rate of Income lax. From 2017-18 they reflect the devolution of further income tax powers a revenues from Scottish courts.

(9) The Welsh Government's resource DEL block grant has been adjusted from 2018-19 onwards as agreed in the Welsh Government's Fiscal Framework. From 2018-19 adjustments reflect the devolution of Stamp Duty Land Tax and Landfill Tax. Totals do not yet reflect the devolution of Welsh Rates of Income Tax.

(6) Departmental budgets include amounts carried forward through Budget Exchange. These increases will be offset by any deposits at Supplementary Estimates in future years so are excluded from

spending totals.

Table 1.12 Total Managed Expenditure by departmental group and other expenditure, 2013-14 to 2019-20

| | | | 1 | | | | £ million |
|---|---------|---------|---------------|---------|----------|----------|-----------|
| | | Nat | ional Statist | tics | | | |
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans | plans |
| Total Managed Expenditure by departmental group | | | | | | | |
| Defence | 40,789 | 42,729 | 47,148 | 40,405 | 53,287 | 45,031 | 44,609 |
| Single Intelligence Account | 2,081 | 2,198 | 2,478 | 2,537 | 2,615 | 2,909 | 2,715 |
| Home Office | 13,183 | 14,141 | 12,973 | 13,619 | 13,728 | 13,843 | 14,106 |
| Foreign and Commonwealth Office | 2,181 | 1,800 | 1,932 | 1,941 | 1,952 | 2,442 | 1,424 |
| International Development | 10,129 | 9,801 | 9,906 | 10,465 | 10,983 | 10,854 | 11,950 |
| Health and Social Care (1) | 127,899 | 135,292 | 165,784 | 148,380 | 164,819 | 165,154 | 167,464 |
| Work and Pensions | 170,598 | 174,734 | 179,729 | 179,129 | 183,569 | 189,793 | 190,383 |
| Education | 82,347 | 88,095 | 81,532 | 89,518 | 96,052 | 99,446 | 101,837 |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy (1) | 12,665 | 18,850 | 113,017 | 16,171 | 86,117 | 16,732 | 15,327 |
| Transport (2) | 7,037 | 18,289 | 20,138 | 20,316 | 22,175 | 24,970 | 26,315 |
| Exiting the European Union | 7 | 7 | 7 | 23 | 57 | 96 | 95 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | 6,423 | 7,348 | 6,455 | 7,188 | 7,229 | 6,996 | 7,487 |
| MHCLG - Housing and Communities | 5,638 | 6,551 | 6,285 | 7,739 | 9,209 | 13,014 | 13,725 |
| MHCLG - Local Government | 27,605 | 25,319 | 22,932 | 20,642 | 22,466 | 25,877 | 19,343 |
| Scotland (3) | 31,354 | 33,206 | 33,421 | 33,855 | 36,047 | 36,476 | 36,370 |
| Wales (4) | 15,339 | 15,643 | 14,434 | 15,182 | 15,796 | 16,299 | 16,853 |
| Northern Ireland | 18,543 | 19,592 | 19,647 | 19,642 | 20,440 | 21,776 | 21,823 |
| Justice | 7,695 | 7,444 | 7,643 | 7,881 | 8,227 | 7,481 | 6,890 |
| Law Officers' Departments | 584 | 564 | 533 | 537 | 581 | 592 | 578 |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | 2,143 | 2,437 | 2,529 | 2,298 | 2,108 | 2,411 | 2,267 |
| HM Revenue and Customs | 46,208 | 46,357 | 46,723 | 46,213 | 45,775 | 43,397 | 45,931 |
| HM Treasury (5) | -5,776 | -62,468 | -43,385 | -45,040 | -4,238 | -6,426 | 340 |
| Cabinet Office | 8,912 | 11,011 | 10,717 | 9,616 | 11,299 | 10,644 | 9,964 |
| International Trade | 207 | 279 | 340 | 349 | 396 | 358 | 352 |
| Small and Independent Bodies | 1,322 | 1,148 | 1,064 | 1,663 | 2,040 | 2,597 | 1,725 |
| Total departmental expenditure (6) | 635,113 | 620,366 | 763,984 | 650,268 | 812,730 | 752,762 | 759,872 |
| Central government gross debt interest | 48,797 | 45,371 | 45,127 | 48,659 | 54,749 | 53,251 | 51,980 |
| Locally financed expenditure | 30,064 | 32,238 | 39,014 | 42,934 | 46,372 | 48,221 | 48,602 |
| Public sector depreciation | 37,959 | 39,014 | 40,078 | 40,781 | 41,049 | 40,883 | 42,180 |
| Net expenditure transfers to the EU | 11,879 | 11,658 | 11,253 | 9,160 | 10,188 | 13,154 | 15,112 |
| Public corporations' own-financed capital expenditure | 14,400 | 18,027 | 14,594 | 16,682 | 15,486 | 18,565 | 18,107 |
| Accounting adjustments | -44,399 | -16,230 | -157,283 | -36,498 | -191,078 | -115,823 | -107,457 |
| Reserves | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 6,700 | 9,600 |
| Caoital spending not yet in budgets | _ | _ | - | - | _ | - | 400 |
| OBR allowance for shortfall | _ | _ | - | - | _ | -3,500 | -4,100 |
| Adjustment for Budget Exchange (7) | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | -1,400 | -400 |
| Total other expenditure (8) | 98,700 | 130,079 | -7,217 | 121,718 | -23,235 | 60,108 | 74,127 |
| Total Managed Expenditure (9) | 733,813 | 750,445 | 756,767 | 771,986 | 789,495 | 812,900 | 834,000 |

⁽¹⁾ Figures reflect a change to the long-term discount rate used each year for provisions to maintain compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards.
(2) Following implementation of ESA10, Network Rail is now classified to Central Government. Consequently Total Managed Expenditure (TME) includes Network Rail spending in all years shown. Nowwer, the actual expenditure of Network Rail show classified to Centual Government, to the Public Sector in September 2014. This is included in Capital department for Transport budget from 2015-16. In 2014-15 the Government put in place a loan arrangement in advance of Network Rail's formal reclassification to the Public Sector in September 2014. This is included in Capital departmental AME as lending to the private sector. Figures in 2013-14 and 2014-15 reflect a change in accounting policy for recognising impairment on the roads network.

[3] The Scottish Government's resource DEL block grant has been adjusted from 2015-16 onwards as agreed in the Scottish Government's Fiscal Framework. From 2015-16 adjustments reflect the

devolution of Stamp Duty Land Tax and Landfill Tax. In 2016-17 they reflect the creation of the Scottish Rate of Income Tax. From 2017-18 they reflect the devolution of further income tax powers and

revenues from Scottish courts.

(4) The Welsh Government's resource DEL block grant has been adjusted from 2018-19 onwards as agreed in the Welsh Government's Fiscal Framework. From 2018-19 adjustments reflect the

devolution of Stamp Duty Land Tax and Landfill Tax. Totals do not yet reflect the devolution of Welsh Rates of Income Tax.

(5) Transactions from 2013-14 onwards have been affected by financial sector interventions, see Box 2.A in Chapter 2.

(6) Total departmental expenditure is given by Resource DEL excluding depreciation plus capital DEL plus resource and capital departmental AME.

(7) Departmental budgets include amounts carried forward through Budget Exchange. These increases will be offset by any deposits at Supplementary Estimates in future years so are excluded from

spending totals.

⁽⁸⁾ Total other expenditure is other AME spend within total managed expenditure.

⁽⁹⁾ This excludes the temporary effects of banks being classified to the public sector. See Box 2.A in Chapter 2.

Table 1.13 Total Managed Expenditure by departmental group and other expenditure in real terms, (1) 2013-14 to 2019-20

| | | | | | | | £ million |
|---|---------|---------|--------------|---------|----------|----------|-----------|
| | | Nat | ional Statis | tics | | | |
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans | plans |
| Total Managed Expenditure by departmental group | | | | | | | |
| Defence | 43,300 | 44,784 | 49,024 | 41,095 | 53,287 | 44,358 | 43,263 |
| Single Intelligence Account | 2,209 | 2,303 | 2,576 | 2,580 | 2,615 | 2,866 | 2,633 |
| Home Office | 13,995 | 14,821 | 13,489 | 13,851 | 13,728 | 13,636 | 13,680 |
| Foreign and Commonwealth Office | 2,315 | 1,887 | 2,009 | 1,974 | 1,952 | 2,405 | 1,381 |
| International Development | 10,753 | 10,273 | 10,300 | 10,643 | 10,983 | 10,692 | 11,589 |
| Health and Social Care (2) | 135,773 | 141,800 | 172,380 | 150,911 | 164,819 | 162,685 | 162,411 |
| Work and Pensions | 181,102 | 183,139 | 186,880 | 182,185 | 183,569 | 186,956 | 184,638 |
| Education | 87,417 | 92,332 | 84,776 | 91,044 | 96,052 | 97,960 | 98,764 |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy (2) | 13,445 | 19,757 | 117,513 | 16,447 | 86,117 | 16,482 | 14,864 |
| Transport (3) | 7,470 | 19,169 | 20,940 | 20,662 | 22,175 | 24,597 | 25,521 |
| Exiting the European Union | 8 | 7 | 8 | 23 | 57 | 94 | 92 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | 6,818 | 7,701 | 6,712 | 7,310 | 7,229 | 6,892 | 7,261 |
| MHCLG - Housing and Communities | 5,985 | 6,866 | 6,535 | 7,871 | 9,209 | 12,819 | 13,311 |
| MHCLG - Local Government | 29,304 | 26,537 | 23,844 | 20,994 | 22,466 | 25,490 | 18,759 |
| Scotland (4) | 33,284 | 34,803 | 34,751 | 34,433 | 36,047 | 35,931 | 35,272 |
| Wales (5) | 16,284 | 16,395 | 15,009 | 15,440 | 15,796 | 16,055 | 16,344 |
| Northern Ireland | 19,684 | 20,534 | 20,429 | 19,977 | 20,440 | 21,450 | 21,165 |
| Justice | 8,169 | 7,802 | 7,947 | 8,016 | 8,227 | 7,369 | 6,682 |
| Law Officers' Departments | 620 | 591 | 554 | 546 | 581 | 583 | 561 |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | 2,275 | 2,554 | 2,630 | 2,337 | 2,108 | 2,375 | 2,198 |
| HM Revenue and Customs | 49,053 | 48,586 | 48,582 | 47,001 | 45,775 | 42,748 | 44,545 |
| HM Treasury (6) | -6,131 | -65,472 | -45,111 | -45,808 | -4,238 | -6,330 | 330 |
| Cabinet Office | 9,460 | 11,541 | 11,143 | 9,780 | 11,299 | 10,484 | 9,664 |
| International Trade | 219 | 292 | 354 | 355 | 396 | 353 | 341 |
| Small and Independent Bodies | 1,404 | 1,204 | 1,106 | 1,692 | 2,040 | 2,558 | 1,673 |
| Total departmental expenditure (7) | 674,215 | 650,205 | 794,382 | 661,360 | 812,730 | 741,511 | 736,942 |
| Central government gross debt interest | 51,801 | 47,553 | 46,923 | 49,489 | 54,749 | 52,455 | 50,411 |
| Locally financed expenditure | 31,915 | 33,789 | 40,566 | 43,666 | 46,372 | 47,500 | 47,135 |
| Public sector depreciation | 40,296 | 40,891 | 41,673 | 41,477 | 41,049 | 40,272 | 40,907 |
| Net expenditure transfers to the EU | 12,610 | 12,219 | 11,700 | 9,316 | 10,188 | 12,957 | 14,656 |
| Public corporations' own-financed capital expenditure | 15,287 | 18,895 | 15,175 | 16,967 | 15,486 | 18,287 | 17,561 |
| Accounting adjustments | -47,132 | -17,010 | -163,541 | -37,121 | -191,078 | -114,091 | -104,214 |
| Reserves | = | _ | . – | . – | _ | 6,600 | 9,300 |
| Caoital spending not yet in budgets | = | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 400 |
| OBR allowance for shortfall | | _ | _ | _ | _ | -3,400 | -3,900 |
| Adjustment for Budget Exchange ⁽⁸⁾ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | -1,400 | -300 |
| Total other expenditure (9) | 104,776 | 136,336 | -7,504 | 123,794 | -23,235 | 59,200 | 71,900 |
| Total Managed Expenditure (10) | 778,991 | 786,541 | 786,878 | 785,154 | 789,495 | 800,700 | 808,800 |

⁽¹⁾ Real terms figures are the cash figures adjusted to 2017-18 price levels using GDP deflators. The deflators are calculated from the data released by the Office for National statistics on 29 June 2018.

The forecasts are consistent with the 2018 Spriong Statement.

(2) Figures reflect a change to the long-term discount rate used each year for provisions to maintain compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

(3) Following implementation of ESA10, Network Rail is now classified to Central Government. Consequently Total Managed Expenditure (TME) includes Network Rail spending in all years shown. However, the actual expenditure of Network Rail only appears in the Department for Transport budget from 2015-16. In 2014-15 the Government put in place a loan arrangement in advance of Network Rail's formal reclassification to the Public Sector in September 2014. This is included in Capital departmental AME as lending to the private sector. Figures in 2013-14 and 2014-15 reflect a

change in accounting policy for recognising impairment on the roads network.

(4) The Scottish Government's resource DEL block grant has been adjusted from 2015-16 onwards as agreed in the Scottish Government's Fiscal Framework. From 2015-16 adjustments reflect the devolution of Stamp Duty Land Tax and Landfill Tax. In 2016-17 they reflect the creation of the Scottish Rate of Income Tax. From 2017-18 they reflect the devolution of further income tax powers and

devolution of Stamp Duty Land Tax and Landfill Tax. In 2016-17 they reflect the creation of the Scottish Rate of Income Tax. From 2017-18 they reflect the devolution of further income tax powers a revenues from Scottish Courts.

(5) The Welsh Government's resource DEL block grant has been adjusted from 2018-19 onwards as agreed in the Welsh Government's Fiscal Framework. From 2018-19 adjustments reflect the devolution of Stamp Duty Land Tax and Landfill Tax. Totals do not yet reflect the devolution of Welsh Rates of Income Tax.

(6) Transactions from 2013-14 onwards have been affected by financial sector interventions, see Box 2.A in Chapter 2.

(7) Total departmental expenditure is given by Resource DEL excluding depreciation plus capital DEL plus resource and capital departmental AME.

(8) Departmental budgets include amounts carried forward through Budget Exchange. These increases will be offset by any deposits at Supplementary Estimates in future years so are excluded from spending totals.

spending totals.

(9) Total other expenditure is other AME spend within total managed expenditure.

(10) This excludes the temporary effects of banks being classified to the public sector. See Box 2.A in Chapter 2.

Table 1.14 Accounting adjustments, $^{(1)}$ 2013-14 to 2019-20

| | | | | | | | £ billion |
|---|-------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------|-----------|
| | | | ional Statis | | | | |
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| Remove data in budgets which form part of public sector current exp | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans | plan |
| Resource DEL | enaiture but wher | e a dilleren | t source is | usea for Na | tional Acco | unts | |
| | -17.7 | -15.0 | -14.6 | -15.3 | -14.0 | -18.6 | -18.6 |
| Capital consumption (excluding NHS) | -17.7 -2.1 | -13.0 | -14.6 | -15.3 -1.9 | -14.0 -2.2 | | |
| NHS capital consumption | | | | | | -1.8 | -1.8 |
| Interest | -0.3 | -0.2 | -0.1 | -0.2 | -1.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Public corporation subsidies | 0.0 | -0.7 | -0.6 | -0.5 | -0.4 | -0.5 | -0.4 |
| Other | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total resource DEL | -21.0 | -17.7 | -17.3 | -17.8 | -17.9 | -20.8 | -20.9 |
| Resource departmental AME | 4.7 | 1.2 | 6.2 | 6.7 | 6.4 | 7.4 | 6 |
| Capital consumption | 4.7 | -1.2 | -6.3 | -6.7 | -6.4 | -7.4 | -6. |
| Interest | 1.3 | 2.1 | 3.3 | 1.6 | 2.1 | 3.0 | 4.2 |
| Subsidy element of renewable obligation certificates | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Subsidy element of other environmental levies | -0.1 | -0.2 | -0.4 | -0.5 | -0.7 | -0.9 | |
| NNDR outturn adjustment | -0.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Public corporation subsidies | -0.1 | -0.1 | -0.2 | -0.2 | -0.2 | -0.2 | -0. |
| Other | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Total resource departmental AME | 5.7 | 0.7 | -3.5 | -5.5 | -5.0 | -5.4 | -3.0 |
| Adjustment for different data used by OBR in PSCE forecast | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 17.8 | 22. |
| of which DEL | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 12.5 | 12.7 |
| of which AME | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.3 | 9.4 |
| Total resource budget data replaced by different source data | -15.3 | -16.9 | -20.8 | -23.3 | -22.9 | -8.4 | -1.3 |
| Remove data in budgets which do not form part of public sector curr | ent expenditure | | | | | | |
| Resource DEL | | | | | | | |
| Impairments | 1.6 | -0.5 | -0.4 | -0.7 | | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Receipts treated as negative DEL but revenue in National Accounts | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Fees, levies and charges | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Grant equivalent element of student lending | -6.1 | -1.8 | -3.7 | -9.3 | -13.7 | -4.4 | -4.8 |
| Stock write-offs | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Change in pension scheme liabilities | 0.0 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Miscellaneous current transfers | 2.5 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 1.4 | 1.9 |
| Northern Ireland Executive transfers between DEL and AME ⁽²⁾ | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.9 | 0.9 |
| Profit or loss - sale of company securities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Profit or loss - sale of other assets (capital in National Accounts) | -0.8 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| EU funded expenditure | -0.3 | 0.2 | 0.0 | -0.4 | -0.3 | -0.1 | 0.5 |
| Other | -0.5 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.6 | -0.5 |
| Total resource DEL | -2.9 | 1.7 | -0.2 | -6.4 | -11.5 | -1.6 | -2. |
| Resource departmental AME | | | | | | | |
| Impairments | -14.3 | 44.0 | -5.0 | 22.4 | -5.9 | -4.6 | -3.6 |
| Bad debts | -0.5 | -0.4 | -0.4 | -0.2 | -0.4 | -0.4 | -0.4 |
| Grant equivalent element of student lending | -0.6 | -0.5 | 7.5 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0. |
| Provisions | -8.2 | -9.9 | -127.5 | -12.8 | -93.7 | -12.5 | -9. |
| Change in pension scheme liabilities | -29.1 | -34.8 | -37.6 | -36.2 | -53.6 | -54.4 | -50.9 |
| Unwinding of discount rate on pension scheme liabilities | -38.0 | -46.3 | -42.9 | -42.0 | -42.6 | -40.1 | -42.8 |
| Release of provisions covering payments of pension benefits | 32.2 | 34.2 | 35.3 | 35.5 | 36.5 | 38.7 | 40.4 |
| Fees, levies and charges | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Profit or loss - sale of other assets (capital in National Accounts) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Imputed tax element of renewable obligation certificates | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Imputed tax element of other environmental levies | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Tax credits | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Other | 6.6 | 2.0 | 5.8 | 2.5 | 2.1 | -0.1 | -0.7 |
| Total resource departmental AME | -51.8 | -11.7 | -164.6 | -30.6 | -157.6 | -73.4 | -67.2 |
| Total resource budget data not in public sector current expenditure | -54.7 | -10.0 | -164.8 | -37.0 | -169.1 | -75.0 | -69.3 |

Table 1.14 Accounting adjustments, (1) 2013-14 to 2019-20 (continued)

| | National Statistics | | | | | | £ billion |
|---|---------------------|--|---------|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|
| | 2013-14 | 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17 2017-1 | | | 2017-18 | 8 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans | plans |
| Central government adjustments in National Accounts | 25.2 | 26.2 | 22.2 | 25.7 | 20.0 | 22.6 | 24.5 |
| Expenditure on goods and services | 25.3 | 26.2 | 23.3 | 25.7 | 20.8 | 23.6 | 24.2 |
| of which: VAT refunds | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 5.4 | 5.5 |
| of which: Single use military expenditure | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| of which: payment from EU for tax collection costs | -0.7 | -0.8 | -0.8 | -0.8 | -0.7 | -0.7 | -0.7 |
| of which: capital consumption | 17.6 | 17.9 | 18.3 | 18.3 | 18.5 | 18.6 | 19.0 |
| of which: ONS R&D Adjustment | 0.0 | 0.0 | -2.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| of which: Network Rail | 0.4 | 1.1 | -1.9 | -2.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| of which: other | 2.7 | 2.5 | 5.3 | 5.1 | -2.3 | 0.3 | 0.4 |
| Net social benefits | 1.4 | 1.3 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.0 |
| of which: switch between benefits and other current grants | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| of which: other | 1.1 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.0 |
| Net current grants abroad | 0.8 | 0.7 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| of which: attributed aid | -0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| of which: EU receipts | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| of which: other | 0.9 | 0.7 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| Other current grants | 0.7 | 0.5 | 0.0 | -1.1 | 2.1 | -0.3 | -0.3 |
| of which: switch between other current grants and benefits | -0.3 | -0.3 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| of which: other | 1.0 | 0.7 | 0.1 | -1.1 | 2.1 | -0.3 | -0.3 |
| Subsidies | 3.1 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 5.8 | 7.2 | 11.6 | 12. |
| of which: Renewable Obligation Certificates | 2.5 | 3.1 | 3.9 | 4.7 | 6.1 | 7.4 | 8.3 |
| of which: other environmental levies | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2. |
| of which: company tax credits outside departmental AME | 1.0 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 |
| of which: other | -0.4 | -0.4 | -1.2 | -0.9 | -2.2 | 0.6 | 0.0 |
| VAT and GNI based EU contributions | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| of which: other | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total central government resource adjustments | 31.4 | 32.9 | 29.5 | 32.4 | 31.5 | 36.2 | 37.8 |
| Local government adjustments in National Accounts | | | | | | | |
| Remove data which do not form part of public sector current expenditure | -3.8 | -3.1 | -3.6 | -3.4 | -3.5 | -3.7 | -3.7 |
| of which: Northern Ireland regional rates | -0.6 | -0.7 | -0.7 | -0.6 | -0.6 | -0.6 | -0. |
| of which: retirement benefits | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| of which: debt interest payments to central government | -3.1 | -2.5 | -2.9 | -2.8 | -2.9 | -3.0 | -3. |
| of which: other | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Adjustments to reconcile use of different data sources | -0.6 | -1.1 | -0.9 | -1.6 | -1.8 | -3.7 | -3.9 |
| of which: central government support | -1.6 | -1.3 | -1.6 | -2.3 | -2.7 | -3.7 | -3.9 |
| of which: debt interest | 0.7 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| of which: police and fire top up grants | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| of which: other | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Expenditure on goods and services | 22.0 | 22.8 | 23.7 | 24.9 | 24.2 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| of which: VAT refunds | 6.6 | 6.6 | 6.9 | 7.1 | 7.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| of which: Local Authority Pension Scheme | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| of which: capital consumption | 10.1 | 10.6 | 11.1 | 11.6 | 12.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| of which: rates | | | | | | | |
| | -1.4 | -1.4 | -1.4 | -1.4 | -1.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| of which: other | 4.6 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 5.4 | 4.1 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| Subsidies | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| of which: equity injection into Housing Revenue Account | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| of which: other | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Net social benefits | -3.4 | -4.1 | -3.8 | -4.5 | -4.9 | -1.3 | -1.3 |
| of which: housing benefits and rent rebates | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -1.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| of which: other | -3.5 | -4.1 | -3.8 | -4.5 | -3.7 | -1.3 | -1.3 |
| Other current grants and current grants abroad | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total local government resource adjustments | 14.6 | 15.1 | 16.2 | 16.3 | 15.2 | -7.3 | -7.6 |
| Other resource adjustments | | | | | | | |
| Public corporations | 3.3 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 2.6 | 0.7 | 0.7 |
| Asset Purchase Facility and Special Liquidity Scheme | -12.6 | -12.4 | -11.7 | -13.2 | -13.5 | -11.6 | -9.8 |
| Other | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.7 |
| Total other resource adjustments | -8.5 | -8.1 | -7.4 | -8.5 | -10.9 | -10.6 | -8. |
| Total resource adjustments | -32.6 | 12.9 | -147.4 | -20.1 | -156.9 | -65.2 | -49.2 |
| of which: | | | | | | | |
| Timing adjustments (3) | | | | | | | |
| Central government | 5.7 | 4.8 | 1.5 | 2.3 | -3.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | | | 1.4 | | 0.5 | | |

Table 1.14 Accounting adjustments, (1) 2013-14 to 2019-20 (continued)

| | | | :! C: :: | . | | | £ billion |
|---|------------------|------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------|-----------|
| | 2042.44 | | ional Statis | | 2047.40 | 2040.40 | 2040.20 |
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| Remove data in budgets which form part of public sector gross investme | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans | plans |
| Capital DEL | iii but wiieie a | unierent s | ource is use | eu ioi ivalio | illai Accouii | 15 | |
| Change in inventories | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | -0.3 | -0.7 | -0.4 | -0.9 |
| Acquisitions less disposals of valuables | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total capital DEL | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | -0.3 | -0.7 | -0.4 | -0.9 |
| Adjustment for different data used by OBR in PSGI forecast | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.7 | 3.7 |
| of which DEL | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.8 |
| of which AME | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.3 | 2.9 |
| Total capital budget data replaced by different source data | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | -0.3 | -0.7 | 1.3 | 2.8 |
| Remove data in budgets which do not form part of public sector gross in | | | | | | | |
| Capital DEL | | | | | | | |
| Net lending to private sector | -2.8 | -2.8 | -1.9 | -3.9 | -4.9 | -5.8 | -7.7 |
| Capital support for public corporations | 0.4 | 1.0 | 0.1 | 0.3 | -0.1 | -0.1 | 0.1 |
| Local government supported capital expenditure | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.3 | -0.2 | -0.2 | -0.2 | 0.0 |
| Northern Ireland Executive transfers between DEL and AME | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| Other | -0.1 | 0.7 | -0.3 | -2.2 | -0.8 | -1.5 | -1.9 |
| Total Capital DEL | -2.3 | -0.8 | -2.2 | -5.7 | -6.0 | -7.6 | -9.4 |
| Capital departmental AME | | | | | | | |
| Net lending to private sector | 4.3 | 2.0 | 17.2 | 4.7 | -13.6 | -15.6 | -23.7 |
| Capital support for public corporations | 0.8 | -0.3 | -0.1 | -0.2 | -0.4 | -0.4 | -0.1 |
| Purchase of company securities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Sale of company securities | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Northern Ireland Executive transfers between DEL and AME (2) | -0.2 | -0.2 | -0.3 | -0.2 | 0.0 | -0.1 | -0.2 |
| Other | 0.6 | -6.5 | -0.4 | -0.4 | -0.5 | -0.1 | 0.2 |
| Total capital departmental AME | 5.5 | -5.1 | 16.4 | 4.0 | -14.5 | -16.2 | -23.8 |
| Total capital budget data not in public sector gross investment | 3.2 | -5.9 | 14.3 | -1.7 | -20.6 | -23.8 | -33.2 |
| Central government adjustments in National Accounts | | | | | | | |
| Gross fixed capital formation | 6.8 | 5.7 | -0.3 | -1.8 | -2.2 | -0.2 | -0.2 |
| of which: profit or loss - sale of other assets (from resource budgets) | 0.8 | -0.2 | -0.3 | -0.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| of which: Network Rail | 7.1 | 6.4 | 6.6 | 6.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| of which: Single use military expenditure | -0.3 | -0.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| of which: other | -0.7 | -0.1 | -6.6 | -8.0 | -2.2 | -0.2 | -0.2 |
| Capital grants to and from the private sector | -6.0 | -6.5 | -0.8 | 3.5 | 1.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| of which: VAT refunds | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| of which: Royal Mail assets transfer | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| of which: Network Rail | -4.0 | -3.7 | -4.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| of which: other | -2.1 | -2.9 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 1.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Total central government capital adjustments | 0.8 | -0.8 | -1.1 | 1.7 | | -0.1 | 0.0 |
| Local government adjustments in National Accounts | | | | | | | |
| Adjustments to reconcile use of different data sources | -2.8 | -3.7 | -4.6 | -3.5 | 5.5 | -10.8 | -9.3 |
| of which: overhanging debt | 0.0 | -0.1 | -0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| of which: central government support | 0.4 | 0.7 | 1.3 | 0.5 | 9.1 | -10.8 | -9.3 |
| of which: financial transactions | -2.1 | -2.7 | -4.3 | -2.6 | -2.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| of which: capital grants from private sector | -1.1 | -1.5 | -1.4 | -1.4 | -1.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Gross fixed capital formation | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.1 | -4.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| of which: VAT refunds | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| of which: roads de-trunking | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| of which: other | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.4 | -6.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Capital grants | -0.1 | -0.2 | -0.2 | -0.1 | -1.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| of which: grants to public corporations | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| of which: other | -0.1 | -0.2 | -0.2 | -0.1 | -1.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total local government capital adjustments | 0.7 | -0.4 | -1.2 | -0.5 | -0.4 | -10.8 | -9.3 |

Table 1.14 Accounting adjustments, (1) 2013-14 to 2019-20 (continued)

| | | | | | | | £ billion |
|---|---------|---------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| | | Nati | ional Statis | tics | | | |
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans | plans |
| Other capital adjustments | | | | | | | |
| Public corporations | -0.8 | 0.4 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 0.5 | 0.0 |
| Housing Revenue Account reform receipts | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Other | 0.0 | -0.3 | -0.6 | -1.2 | -0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Total other capital adjustments | -0.8 | 0.1 | -0.5 | -0.1 | 0.9 | 0.6 | 0.2 |
| Total capital adjustments | 3.8 | -7.3 | 11.5 | -0.9 | -21.7 | -32.7 | -39.5 |
| of which: | | | | | | | |
| Timing adjustments (3) | | | | | | | |
| Central government | -4.5 | -5.0 | 3.7 | 2.0 | -0.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Local government | -0.1 | -0.3 | -0.3 | -0.3 | -0.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

 $^{^{\}mbox{\scriptsize (1)}}$ The accounting adjustments are described in Annex D.

⁽²⁾ Offsets with Northern Ireland domestic rates (part of other AME and not in budgets) in local government adjustments in National Accounts.
(3) Reflects timing difference between the latest OSCAR and other source data and the data underlying the Public Sector Finances statistical bulletin. These mainly result from revisions policy and issues with late corrections to OSCAR data in the early years.

Table 1.15 Total Managed Expenditure by spending sector, 2013-14 to 2019-20

| | | | ' | | | | £ million |
|---|---------|---------|--------------|---------|----------|---------|-----------|
| | | Nati | ional Statis | tics | | | |
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans | plans |
| Central government own expenditure | | | | | | | |
| DEL (1) | 269,416 | 275,461 | 274,120 | 278,572 | 284,751 | 296,330 | 301,794 |
| Departmental AME (1) (2) | 241,317 | 221,536 | 371,084 | 257,431 | 414,923 | 340,729 | 345,675 |
| Locally financed support in Northern Ireland | 632 | 661 | 651 | 585 | 596 | 614 | 596 |
| Net expenditure transfers to the EU | 11,879 | 11,658 | 11,253 | 9,160 | 10,188 | 13,154 | 15,112 |
| Central government debt interest | 48,797 | 45,371 | 45,127 | 48,659 | 54,749 | 53,251 | 51,980 |
| Accounting and other adjustments | -12,745 | 16,354 | -123,934 | -2,938 | -153,960 | -71,359 | -64,474 |
| Total central government own expenditure | 559,296 | 571,041 | 578,301 | 591,469 | 611,247 | 632,719 | 650,683 |
| Local government expenditure | | | | | | | |
| Central government support in DEL | 80,725 | 78,279 | 72,968 | 69,382 | 65,332 | 63,079 | 65,727 |
| Central government support in departmental AME | 44,899 | 45,755 | 46,020 | 45,117 | 47,271 | 52,290 | 46,685 |
| Locally financed support in Scotland | 2,435 | 2,650 | 2,789 | 2,769 | 2,666 | 2,636 | 2,800 |
| Locally financed support in Wales | _ | - | 956 | 977 | 1,059 | 1,050 | 1,063 |
| Local authority self-financed expenditure | 26,996 | 28,928 | 33,699 | 38,604 | 42,051 | 43,921 | 44,143 |
| Accounting and other adjustments | 15,161 | 14,760 | 15,000 | 15,892 | 14,393 | 17,653 | 21,305 |
| Total local government expenditure | 170,216 | 170,372 | 171,432 | 172,741 | 172,772 | 180,629 | 181,723 |
| Public corporations' expenditure | | | | | | | |
| DEL | -216 | -818 | 60 | -171 | 211 | 133 | 57 |
| Departmental AME | -1,028 | 152 | -268 | -63 | 241 | 201 | -65 |
| Public corporations' own-financed capital expenditure | 14,400 | 18,027 | 14,594 | 16,682 | 15,486 | 18,565 | 18,107 |
| Accounting and other adjustments | 3,682 | 4,027 | 4,314 | 4,426 | 3,022 | -7,758 | -6,729 |
| Total public corporations' expenditure | 16,838 | 21,388 | 18,700 | 20,874 | 18,960 | 11,141 | 11,370 |
| Bank of England (3) | -12,537 | -12,356 | -11,666 | -13,098 | -13,484 | -11,619 | -9,777 |
| Total Managed Expenditure | 733,813 | 750,445 | 756,767 | 771,986 | 789,495 | 812,900 | 834,000 |

⁽¹⁾ Full resource budgeting basis, ie resource plus capital less depreciation. See Table 2.1 (2) Transactions have been affected by financial sector interventions. See Box 2A in Chapter 2. (3) Asset Purchase facility and Special Liquidity Scheme.

Economic analyses of budgets

2.1 This chapter provides an economic category analysis of the budgeting aggregates presented in Chapter 1. All outturn data in this chapter (to 2017-18) fall within the scope of National Statistics.

What's new

- **2.2** Following the implementation of the Scotland Act 2016 and the associated fiscal Framework, new budgeting arrangements have been agreed with the Scottish Government which see its spend scored as AME rather than DEL. The new arrangements began at the start of 2018-19. The changes only affect tables in **Chapter 2**. In **Table 2.1** the block grant paid by the UK Government to the Scottish Government is shown against the **Other** economic category in both Resource and Capital DEL, offset by a corresponding receipt in Resource and Capital departmental AME. Spending funded by the block grant and the Scottish Government itself, is then shown against economic categories within Resource and Capital departmental AME. As a result, since PESA 2017 most economic categories in DEL will have been revised down, with a corresponding increase in the same categories within departmental AME. Total spending by the Scottish Government is not affected.
- **2.3 Table 2.1** shows analyses of budgets by economic category of spending, consistent with the budgeting aggregates reported in **Chapter 1**. The breakdowns of resource DEL and resource departmental AME are consistent with **Table 1.3**; administration budgets in resource DEL with **Table 1.7**; and capital budgets with **Table 1.8**.
- **2.4** Brief descriptions of the largest economic categories are given below, including the main differences from the corresponding economic categories presented against the expenditure on services framework in **Tables 5.3 and 6.5**.
- **2.5 Staff costs** includes wages and salaries, employers' social contributions, payments of accruing superannuation liability charges for UK staff and locally engaged staff overseas, and amounts that finance employee contributions to pension schemes. It also includes income from the recovery of secondee costs and payments for contract and agency staff that were formerly treated as procurement expenditure.
- **2.6 Gross current procurement** shows expenditure on goods and services, including accommodation and building management, ICT outsourcing, maintenance and support, travel costs and payments for consultancy and audit services. It also includes the purchase of services from GPs.
- **2.7 Current grants** include all transfer payments other than subsidies (see 2.8 below) that are not used to fund capital formation. In **Table 2.1** these grants are analysed by recipient: local government; persons and non-profit bodies; and overseas recipients. **Current grants to local government** are intra-public sector payments that consolidate out of Total Managed Expenditure (TME), which is the government's preferred measure of total public spending. Further information on local government finance is given in **Chapter 7**. **Current grants to persons and non-profit bodies** largely comprise social security benefits included in resource departmental AME, as well as funding (usually in DEL) to further and higher education

institutions and other non-profit private sector bodies. In **Table 2.1** they include tax credits previously scored as negative tax. **Current grants abroad** are mainly foreign aid, such as programmes to reduce poverty.

- **2.8 Subsidies** are current transfer payments to trading businesses (both private sector companies and public corporations) to provide support for current costs, including payments to farmers under the EU's Common Agricultural Policy as well as subsidies to rail and bus operators. They are given with the objective of influencing their levels of production, their prices, or other factors. Unlike other intra-public sector transactions, subsidies to public corporations are included within TME as the receipt of this funding, and subsequent spending, is included within the calculation of the PC's gross operating surplus (which scores on the revenue side of the National Accounts).
- **2.9 Rentals** shows net expenditure on hire and rentals under PFI and non-PFI operating leases.
- **2.10 Depreciation**, also termed capital consumption, represents the amount of capital used up in respect of fixed assets measured on the basis of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). The depreciation lines in **Table 2.1** also include releases from the donated assets and government grant reserves, as well as impairments and downward revaluations of fixed assets. As mentioned above, depreciation now also includes the grant equivalent element of student lending. This is the subsidy implied in student loans being issued at the inflation rate rather than the market interest rate.
- **2.11 Take-up of provisions** are costs in resource budgets recognising that liabilities have been incurred that will more likely than not lead to a future payment, but where the amount and timing of these future payments are uncertain. Upon settling the liability the payment scores to the resource or capital budget according to the economic category of the transaction, whilst an equal and opposite (negative) **release of provisions** scores as a benefit to the resource budget. These lines do not include pension scheme provisions (see below).

Box 2.A: Treatment of financial sector interventions in budgets

In the pre-Budget report of December 2009 the use in fiscal policy of new aggregates excluding the temporary effects of financial interventions was introduced. In these aggregates, banks that are classified to the public sector in the National Accounts (Northern Rock, Bradford & Bingley, Dunfermline, Lloyds Banking Group and Royal Bank of Scotland) are treated as if they are outside the public sector, reflecting the Government's intention to return these banks or their assets to the private sector.

The financial sector interventions are treated as follows in **Table 2.1**:

Resource budget

- Income from sales of goods and services: -£0.2 billion in 2014-15, £0.0 billion in 2015-16, -£0.1 billion in 2016-17 and -£0.1 billion in 2017-18. This is mainly underwriting commission and guarantee fee income;
- Depreciation: In 2013-14 there an impairment of £13.0 billion. There was a gain of £48.0 billion in 2014-15, £10.5 billion in 2015-16 and £23.1 billion in 2016-17. In 2017-18 there was an impairment of £0.4 billion.
- Other: income of -£4.5 billion in 2013-14, -£0.5 billion in 2014-15, -£6.2 billion in 2015-16, -£1.7 billion in 2016-17 and -£0.5 billion in 2017-18. This is mainly interest paid to government and from the sale of shares.

Capital budget

• Net lending to the private sector: -£4.9 billion in 2013-14, -£3.0 billion in 2014-15, -£11.3 billion in 2015-16, -£3.5 billion in 2016-17 and -£0.9 billion in 2017-18. This is mainly lending to banks and the Financial Services Compensation Scheme and subsequent repayments, and income from the sale of shares in Lloyds Banking Group and the Royal Bank of Scotland.

These transactions score within the HM Treasury AME budget in tables in **Chapter 1**.

2.12 Net public service pensions shows the costs of pensions on a National Accounts basis; that is, payments to pensioners less receipts of contributions by employers and employees. It also includes cash payments and receipts associated with bulk and individual transfers into and out of the scheme. Change in pension scheme liabilities shows increases to the liability as measured on an IFRS basis. This includes changes to current service costs, the non-cash impact of bulk or individual transfers in or out, and purchases of added years. Release of provisions covering payments of pension benefits records a reduction equal and opposite to the pension benefits paid, where these are charged to the provision. The unwinding of the discount rate on pension scheme liabilities shows the increase in the liability as future payments move one year closer to being paid (so the effects of discounting reduce). More information on pensions is included in Annex D, and a reconciliation from IFRS pensions in departmental AME to the National Accounts measure is given in Table D1.

- **2.13 Capital grants** are transfer payments that are usually made on the condition that the recipient uses the funds for capital projects. Capital grants in **Table 2.1** are analysed by the nature of the recipient: persons and non-profit bodies; private sector companies; and overseas recipients. Capital grants to local government and public corporations are included as part of the respective capital support rows (see paragraphs 2.14 and 2.15).
- **2.14 Capital support for local government** shows central government support for local government capital expenditure, comprising capital grants and Supported Capital Expenditure (Revenue). More information is given in **Chapter 7**.
- **2.15 Capital support for public corporations** comprises capital grants, net lending (see paragraph 2.18) and public corporations' market and overseas borrowing where this scores in the parent department's budget.
- **2.16 Gross capital procurement** comprises the acquisition of fixed assets (such as land, buildings and machinery) as well as any net increases in stock (where included in budgets). It is measured gross of depreciation. It includes the pay of civil servants engaged in in-house capital formation that is recorded as capital expenditure, rather than as pay.
- **2.17 Income from sales of capital assets** records the sale value (book value plus profit/loss) of any assets disposed of, such as land, buildings or machinery.
- **2.18 Net lending to private sector** means lending by government net of any repayments of previous lending. It includes transactions in shares of private companies so for example privatisation receipts count as negative net lending.
- **2.19 Other** includes items that are too small or too uncommon to warrant an individual line. These include certain receipts that are usually treated as part of revenue in the National Accounts, write-offs of stock, loans written-off, and certain financial transactions. Write-offs of stock and loans are also recorded here. In **Chapters 5 and 6** they are recorded as capital grants in line with National Accounts.
- **2.20 Table 2.2** shows central government gross current procurement expenditure in budgets by departmental group.
- **2.21 Table 2.3** shows central government own capital procurement, gross of depreciation and before deduction of sales, broken down by departmental group.

Table 2.1 Budgets by economic category of spending, 2013-14 to 2019-20

| | | | | | | | £ million |
|--|---------|---------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| | | Nat | ional Statis | tics | | | |
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans | plans |
| Resource DEL | | | | | | | |
| Staff costs | 94,805 | 97,633 | 101,231 | 107,814 | 109,777 | 114,285 | 115,473 |
| Gross current procurement | 100,164 | 104,369 | 104,460 | 110,291 | 116,605 | 112,257 | 112,504 |
| Income from sales of goods and services | -16,983 | -17,296 | -15,495 | -22,329 | -22,808 | -19,425 | -20,312 |
| Current grants to local government | 72,146 | 68,860 | 63,346 | 60,077 | 57,204 | 54,651 | 55,730 |
| Current grants to persons and non-profit bodies | 18,239 | 17,798 | 17,218 | 17,653 | 14,137 | 16,930 | 17,694 |
| Current grants abroad | 3,279 | 2,419 | 2,997 | 3,638 | 3,745 | 3,123 | 2,402 |
| Subsidies to private sector companies | 4,346 | 3,929 | 3,888 | 4,528 | 4,625 | 4,865 | 4,674 |
| Subsidies to public corporations | 969 | 747 | 639 | 487 | 430 | 455 | 449 |
| Net public service pensions (1) | 134 | 540 | 88 | 78 | 88 | 68 | 63 |
| Rentals | 6,895 | 7,635 | 7,737 | 6,467 | 4,590 | 6,518 | 6,714 |
| Depreciation (2) | 22,298 | 17,169 | 18,742 | 25,248 | 28,661 | 23,000 | 23,400 |
| Take up of provisions | -22 | -147 | 44 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 11 |
| Release of provisions | -16 | -2 | -2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | _ |
| Change in pension scheme liabilities | 16 | 74 | 16 | 15 | 86 | 19 | 2 |
| Unwinding of the discount rate on pension scheme liabilities | 32 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | _ |
| Release of provisions covering payments of pensions benefits | 0 | -386 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | _ |
| Other | 24,357 | 21,669 | 20,506 | 15,537 | 14,065 | 11,780 | 12,103 |
| Plus unallocated funds | - | _ | _ | _ | _ | 3,639 | 5,352 |
| Total resource DEL | 330,659 | 325,013 | 325,418 | 329,506 | 331,205 | 332,100 | 336,300 |
| Of which: administration budgets in resource DEL | | | | | | | |
| Staff costs | 7,497 | 6,680 | 6,604 | 6,499 | 6,631 | 5,930 | 5,714 |
| Gross current procurement | 4,349 | 5,005 | 4,195 | 3,754 | 3,905 | 4,572 | 4,203 |
| Income from sales of goods and services (3) | -1,152 | -1,625 | -1,288 | -1,264 | -1,219 | -1,406 | -1,137 |
| Rentals | 473 | 299 | 309 | 407 | 368 | 224 | 311 |
| Depreciation | 637 | 504 | 479 | 429 | 393 | 956 | 949 |
| Other | -216 | -469 | -605 | -407 | -680 | -238 | -165 |
| Total administration budgets in resource DEL | 11,589 | 10,394 | 9,695 | 9,418 | 9,399 | 10,038 | 9,875 |
| Resource departmental AME | | | | | | | |
| Staff costs | 9,174 | 10,444 | 13,197 | 12,369 | 13,048 | 12,960 | 12,688 |
| Gross current procurement | 10,323 | 10,997 | 12,438 | 13,041 | 15,290 | 15,817 | 14,282 |
| Income from sales of goods and services (3) | -1,538 | -2,013 | -2,178 | -1,969 | -3,894 | -3,993 | -963 |
| Current grants to local government | 44,203 | 44,616 | 44,801 | 44,190 | 46,661 | 51,553 | 46,348 |
| Current grants to persons and non-profit bodies | 189,628 | 193,176 | 195,585 | 197,262 | 200,922 | 207,625 | 209,088 |
| Current grants abroad | -700 | -598 | -520 | -553 | -577 | -555 | -523 |
| Subsidies to private sector companies | 3,217 | 3,534 | 4,716 | 5,103 | 5,441 | 5,843 | 6,008 |
| Subsidies to public corporations | 54 | 74 | 175 | 170 | 167 | 170 | 145 |
| Net public service pensions (1) | 8,947 | 9,641 | 9,561 | 8,812 | 9,240 | 11,292 | 12,712 |
| Rentals | 377 | 390 | 81 | 204 | 53 | 134 | 97 |
| Depreciation (3) | 10,241 | -42,267 | 3,776 | -15,885 | 12,194 | 12,034 | 9,704 |
| Take up of provisions (3) | 12,966 | 14,317 | 132,966 | 19,258 | 99,233 | 16,937 | 13,622 |
| Release of provisions | -4,805 | -4,369 | -5,420 | -6,430 | -5,531 | -4,439 | -4,507 |
| Change in pension scheme liabilities | 29,087 | 34,769 | 37,596 | 36,245 | 53,592 | 54,437 | 50,869 |
| Unwinding of the discount rate on pension scheme liabilities | 37,991 | 46,255 | 42,882 | 42,002 | 42,648 | 40,114 | 42,849 |
| Release of provisions covering payments of pensions benefits (4) | -32,246 | -34,222 | -35,327 | -35,533 | -36,492 | -38,699 | -40,358 |
| Other | -33,717 | -30,440 | -36,367 | -26,726 | -18,775 | -19,012 | -20,334 |
| Total resource departmental AME | 283,199 | 254,303 | 417,963 | 291,563 | 433,221 | 362,219 | 351,726 |
| | | , | , | , | | | • |

Table 2.1 Budgets by economic category of spending, 2013-14 to 2019-20 (continued)

| | | | | •••• | | | £ million |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| | 2012.14 | | onal Statis 2015-16 | | 2017.10 | 2010 10 | 2010.2 |
| | 2013-14 outturn | 2014-15 outturn | 2015-16 outturn | 2016-17 outturn | 2017-18 outturn | 2018-19 plans | 2019-20 plan |
| Resource budgets | o accarri | | 0 | | o accarri | p.u | p.u |
| Staff costs | 103,979 | 108,077 | 114,428 | 120,183 | 122,825 | 127,245 | 128,16 |
| Gross current procurement | 110,487 | 115,366 | 116,899 | 123,332 | 131,895 | 128,074 | 126,78 |
| Income from sales of goods and services (3) | -18,521 | -19,309 | -17,673 | -24,298 | -26,702 | -23,418 | -21,27 |
| Current grants to local government | 116,348 | 113,476 | 108,147 | 104,267 | 103,865 | 106,205 | 102,07 |
| Current grants to persons and non-profit bodies | 207,866 | 210,974 | 212,804 | 214,915 | 215,059 | 224,555 | 226,78 |
| Current grants abroad | 2,579 | 1,820 | 2,477 | 3,085 | 3,168 | 2,568 | 1,88 |
| Subsidies to private sector companies | 7,562 | 7,463 | 8,604 | 9,631 | 10,066 | 10,708 | 10,68 |
| Subsidies to public corporations | 1,023 | 821 | 815 | 657 | 597 | 625 | 59 |
| Net public service pensions (1) | 9,081 | 10,182 | 9,649 | 8,891 | 9,327 | 11,359 | 12,77 |
| Rentals | 7,272 | 8,025 | 7,818 | 6,671 | 4,643 | 6,652 | 6,81 |
| Depreciation (2)(3) | 32,539 | -25,099 | 22,518 | 9,362 | 40,856 | 35,006 | 33,09 |
| Take up of provisions (3) | 12,943 | 14,171 | 133,010 | 19,261 | 99,234 | 16,937 | 13,63 |
| Release of provisions | -4,821 | -4,371 | -5,421 | -6,430 | -5,531 | -4,439 | -4,50 |
| Change in pension scheme liabilities | 29,102 | 34,843 | 37,612 | 36,259 | 53,678 | 54,456 | 50,87 |
| Unwinding of the discount rate on pension scheme liabilities | 38,023 | 46,256 | 42,883 | 42,003 | 42,649 | 40,114 | 42,84 |
| Release of provisions covering payments of pensions benefits (4) | -32,247 | -34,608 | -35,328 | -35,533 | -36,492 | -38,699 | -40,35 |
| Other | -9,360 | -8,771 | -15,860 | -11,189 | -4,710 | -7,232 | -8,23 |
| Plus unallocated funds | | | | , – | | 3,639 | 5,35 |
| Total resource budgets | 613,858 | 579,316 | 743,381 | 621,069 | 764,426 | 694,357 | 687,97 |
| Capital DEL | , | ,. | -, | , | , | ,,,,, | |
| Capital support for local government | 8,579 | 9,419 | 9,623 | 9,305 | 8,128 | 8,428 | 9,99 |
| Capital grants to persons and non-profit bodies | 5,806 | 6,189 | 6,507 | 3,727 | 6,859 | 8,213 | 8,48 |
| Capital grants to private sector companies | 5,493 | 5,742 | 1,822 | 1,912 | 2,336 | 3,915 | 3,45 |
| Capital grants abroad | 2,171 | 2,112 | 2,487 | 2,581 | 2,173 | 3,001 | 2,91 |
| Capital support for public corporations | -123 | -698 | 221 | 213 | 461 | 271 | 14 |
| Release of provisions | 4 | _ | | | _ | | |
| Gross capital procurement | 24,758 | 27,275 | 25,432 | 26,590 | 28,528 | 28,099 | 32,18 |
| Income from sales of assets | -1,406 | -1,982 | -2,278 | -1,624 | -1,501 | -967 | -1,61 |
| Net lending and investment to the private sector and abroad (3) | 1,717 | 2,752 | 1,965 | 4,550 | 4,810 | 5,782 | 7,67 |
| Other | 2,743 | 2,385 | 2,824 | 4,016 | 3,919 | 5,711 | 5,63 |
| Plus unallocated funds in capital DEL | | | | - | | -1,559 | 42 |
| Total capital DEL | 49,742 | 53,195 | 48,603 | 51,268 | 55,711 | 60,900 | 69,30 |
| Capital departmental AME | 15// 12 | 55,155 | 10,005 | 31,200 | 33,711 | 00,500 | 03/30 |
| Capital support for local government | 697 | 1,139 | 1,219 | 926 | 610 | 736 | 33 |
| Capital grants to persons and non-profit bodies | 666 | 731 | 853 | 459 | 658 | 493 | 65 |
| Capital grants to private sector companies | -144 | 271 | 427 | 674 | 819 | 1,216 | 82 |
| Capital grants abroad | -99 | -32 | -77 | -27 | -24 | -22 | -2 |
| Capital support for public corporations | -740 | 362 | 102 | 195 | 451 | 425 | 9 |
| Take up of Provisions | 73 | 149 | 83 | 8 | 276 | - | |
| Release of Provision | -73 | -80 | -99 | -72 | -113 | -273 | -78 |
| Gross capital procurement | 1,119 | 1,233 | 8,134 | 8,531 | 8,423 | 8,912 | 10,30 |
| Income from sales of assets | -167 | -346 | -243 | -126 | -136 | -1,322 | -6 |
| Net lending and investment to the private sector and abroad | -4,632 | -2,007 | -17,331 | -4,745 | 12,919 | 15,580 | 23,67 |
| Other | -2,889 | 3,604 | -2,323 | -2,643 | -2,628 | -3,403 | -3,41 |
| Plus unallocated funds | -2,009 | 3,004 | -2,525 | -2,043 | -2,020 | -2,403 | ا 14,4 |
| PILIC LINALINCATOR TLINGS | | | | | | | |

Table 2.1 Budgets by economic category of spending, 2013-14 to 2019-20 (continued)

| | | | | | | | £ million |
|---|---------|---------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| | | Nat | ional Statis | tics | | | |
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans | plans |
| Capital budgets | | | | | | | |
| Capital support for local government | 9,276 | 10,558 | 10,841 | 10,231 | 8,738 | 9,164 | 10,334 |
| Capital grants to persons and non-profit bodies | 6,472 | 6,920 | 7,360 | 4,186 | 7,517 | 8,705 | 9,136 |
| Capital grants to private sector companies | 5,348 | 6,013 | 2,249 | 2,585 | 3,154 | 5,131 | 4,272 |
| Capital grants abroad | 2,072 | 2,080 | 2,409 | 2,554 | 2,148 | 2,979 | 2,897 |
| Capital support for public corporations | -863 | -336 | 323 | 407 | 912 | 695 | 235 |
| Take up of Provisions | 73 | 149 | 83 | 8 | 276 | _ | _ |
| Release of Provision | -69 | -80 | -99 | -72 | -113 | -273 | -783 |
| Gross capital procurement | 25,878 | 28,508 | 33,566 | 35,120 | 36,951 | 37,011 | 42,484 |
| Income from sales of assets | -1,572 | -2,328 | -2,521 | -1,750 | -1,637 | -2,289 | -1,681 |
| Net lending and investment to the private sector and abroad | -2,916 | 746 | -15,366 | -195 | 17,728 | 21,362 | 31,356 |
| Other | -146 | 5,989 | 500 | 1,373 | 1,291 | 2,307 | 2,217 |
| Plus unallocated funds in capital DEL | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | -1,559 | 423 |
| Total capital budgets | 43,553 | 58,219 | 39,346 | 54,447 | 76,965 | 83,234 | 100,890 |

⁽¹⁾ Figures here are based on payments and receipts that score in TME and incorporate the net effect of bulk and individual transfers. The Resource Accounts based measure of net public service pensions is used in Table 1.1.

⁽²⁾ Excludes NHS Trusts' depreciation as exceptionally this is not removed in the calculation of TDEL.

 $^{^{}m (3)}$ Transactions have been affected by financial sector interventions. See Box 2.A for details.

⁽⁴⁾ Payments that release provision include bulk and individual transfers, including the transfer of liabilities within government.

Table 2.2 Gross current procurement in budgets, 2013-14 to 2019-20

| | | | | | | | £ million |
|--|---------|---------|-------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| | | Nat | onal Statis | tics | | | |
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans | plans |
| Gross current procurement in budgets | | | | | | | |
| Defence | 11,549 | 11,836 | 11,223 | 11,017 | 11,510 | 11,023 | 11,216 |
| Single Intelligence Account | 832 | 983 | 1,084 | 1,107 | 1,198 | 1,582 | 1,124 |
| Home Office | 2,208 | 2,254 | 2,445 | 2,508 | 2,607 | 2,835 | 2,702 |
| Foreign and Commonwealth Office | 727 | 487 | 542 | 592 | 680 | 650 | 527 |
| International Development | 1,057 | 1,218 | 1,193 | 1,170 | 1,117 | 1,075 | 1,718 |
| Health and Social Care | 55,247 | 59,341 | 60,359 | 65,911 | 70,767 | 65,233 | 66,113 |
| Work and Pensions | 2,228 | 2,409 | 2,264 | 2,063 | 1,857 | 1,953 | 1,921 |
| Education | 3,837 | 4,427 | 4,306 | 4,716 | 5,262 | 6,235 | 5,966 |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | 2,407 | 2,220 | 2,140 | 2,020 | 2,046 | 1,937 | 2,009 |
| Transport | 1,953 | 1,746 | 3,604 | 3,792 | 4,312 | 4,345 | 4,879 |
| Exiting the European Union | 4 | 4 | 4 | 11 | 23 | 42 | 52 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | 3,621 | 3,580 | 3,213 | 3,263 | 3,148 | 3,332 | 3,067 |
| MHCLG - Housing and Communities | 260 | 288 | 310 | 318 | 124 | 287 | 379 |
| MHCLG - Local Government | 0 | _ | - | - | _ | _ | - |
| Scotland | 7,406 | 7,902 | 7,502 | 8,071 | 10,158 | 10,115 | 8,608 |
| Wales | 3,421 | 3,471 | 3,566 | 3,854 | 3,856 | 3,918 | 4,074 |
| Northern Ireland | 4,296 | 4,212 | 4,275 | 4,154 | 4,204 | 4,247 | 4,293 |
| Justice | 5,382 | 4,825 | 4,466 | 4,873 | 5,031 | 4,955 | 4,631 |
| Law Officers' Departments | 278 | 300 | 313 | 292 | 323 | 366 | 365 |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | 1,141 | 1,161 | 1,032 | 895 | 915 | 689 | 654 |
| HM Revenue and Customs | 201 | 246 | 575 | 201 | 221 | 553 | 111 |
| HM Treasury | 1,220 | 1,160 | 1,245 | 1,365 | 1,238 | 1,083 | 1,086 |
| Cabinet Office | 241 | 323 | 317 | 286 | 395 | 494 | 348 |
| International Trade | 191 | 202 | 211 | 203 | 214 | 285 | 251 |
| Small and Independent Bodies | 780 | 770 | 709 | 650 | 689 | 840 | 692 |
| Total gross current procurement in budgets | 110,487 | 115,366 | 116,899 | 123,332 | 131,895 | 128,074 | 126,785 |

Table 2.3 Gross capital procurement in budgets, 2013-14 to 2019-20

| | | | | | | | £ million |
|--|---------|---------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| | | Nat | ional Statis | tics | | | |
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans | plans |
| Gross capital procurement in budgets | | | | | | | |
| Defence | 8,411 | 9,145 | 9,015 | 8,836 | 9,737 | 9,095 | 9,184 |
| Single Intelligence Account | 536 | 563 | 581 | 631 | 623 | 682 | 655 |
| Home Office | 250 | 265 | 271 | 347 | 437 | 367 | 301 |
| Foreign and Commonwealth Office | 137 | 123 | 134 | 104 | 142 | 104 | 96 |
| International Development | 79 | 79 | 77 | 64 | 252 | 77 | 104 |
| Health and Social Care | 5,008 | 5,523 | 5,089 | 4,850 | 4,709 | 6,014 | 6,870 |
| Work and Pensions | 130 | 120 | 102 | 181 | 341 | 92 | 93 |
| Education | 2,492 | 3,171 | 2,163 | 2,630 | 2,106 | 188 | 103 |
| Business, Innovation and Skills | 3,042 | 3,151 | 3,171 | 3,157 | 3,439 | 2,964 | 2,887 |
| Transport | 1,517 | 2,219 | 9,232 | 9,463 | 10,359 | 12,362 | 15,761 |
| Exiting the European Union | _ | _ | _ | _ | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | 697 | 425 | 383 | 591 | 331 | 325 | 260 |
| MHCLG - Housing and Communities | 131 | 168 | 139 | 231 | 395 | 533 | 900 |
| Scotland | 1,087 | 1,053 | 1,113 | 1,201 | 1,084 | 916 | 1,934 |
| Wales | 480 | 531 | 467 | 588 | 660 | 605 | 859 |
| Northern Ireland | 933 | 1,011 | 786 | 1,052 | 980 | 1,212 | 1,208 |
| Justice | 363 | 365 | 297 | 436 | 445 | 628 | 484 |
| Law Officers' Departments | 3 | 4 | 3 | 13 | 10 | 16 | 8 |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | 249 | 227 | 191 | 244 | 267 | 224 | 173 |
| HM Revenue and Customs | 3 | 13 | 3 | 3 | 8 | 9 | 5 |
| HM Treasury | 220 | 240 | 229 | 328 | 308 | 253 | 232 |
| Cabinet Office | 26 | 28 | 27 | 49 | 123 | 32 | 15 |
| International Trade | 3 | 2 | 2 | 6 | 15 | 2 | 3 |
| Small and Independent Bodies | 81 | 83 | 92 | 115 | 177 | 309 | 347 |
| Total gross capital procurement in budgets | 25,878 | 28,508 | 33,566 | 35,120 | 36,951 | 37,011 | 42,484 |

Changes in departmental budgets

- **3.1** This chapter compares the latest budgeting aggregates in **Chapter 1** with those previously published, and sets out the main reasons for the changes. Specifically:
- for 2016-17, estimated outturn published in PESA 2017 (Cm 9467) is compared with the final outturn in **Chapter 1**;
- for 2017-18, the plans published in PESA 2017 are reconciled to final plans and compared to the estimated outturn in **Chapter 1**; and
- For 2018-19 and 2019-20 latest plans are compared with the published figures in PESA 2017.
- **3.2** The tables in this chapter are consequently split into three sections –
- **Tables 3.1, 3.2, 3.3 and 3.4** show changes for 2016-17;
- **Tables 3.5, 3.6, 3.7 and 3.8** show changes for 2017-18.
- **Tables 3.9-3.11** show plans for 2018-19 and 2019-20.

Within the first two sections the four tables show, respectively, resource DEL by departmental group, resource DEL excluding depreciation by departmental group, capital DEL by departmental group, and Total Managed Expenditure (TME) by budgeting category.

Types of changes

- **3.3** The comparisons distinguish between the following types of change:
- Machinery of Government changes, which are implemented in the starting position of all tables so that other changes are not obscured by departmental restructuring;
- changes that result from spending being reclassified or where financing responsibility transfers between departments (i.e. changes in the way public expenditure is measured); and
- Changes that reflect policy decisions or are due to the availability of updated outturn or forecasts. This also takes account of any departmental under spends carried forward from 2017-18 to 2018-19 under the Budget Exchange system.

Machinery of Government and classification changes

3.4 There have been no significant Machinery of Government or classification changes since PESA 2017.

Policy changes

- **3.5** This section sets out the key spending policy decisions taken since PESA 2017. This mainly includes:
- measures announced in the Autumn Budget 2017;
- claims on the Reserve; and
- carry forward of estimated resource and capital DEL under spends (with the agreement of the Treasury) from 2017-18 under the Budget Exchange (BX) system.

Policy changes in 2017-18 Tables 3.5 to 3.7

3.6 The impact of policy decisions on resource DEL and capital DEL budgets in 2017-18 are set out in **Tables 3.5 and 3.7**, respectively. The main policy decisions are set out below.

The main claims on the resource DEL Reserve in 2017-18 were:

- Education received £14.7bn to provide budget cover for impairment of the student loan book;
- MOD received £1.1bn in respect of operations and peacekeeping, LIBOR and depreciation;
- DHSC received £0.7n to cover the impact of the change in the Personal Injury Discount Rate and to fund higher than anticipated expenditure relating to reciprocal healthcare arrangements with the European Economic Area;
- Transport received £0.5bn to provide support for rail passengers and for Highways England;
- Cabinet Office received £0.4bn to underwrite the Official Receiver appointed as liquidator of Carillion Plc, and various other programmes;
- MOJ received £0.3bn in relation to the delay to implementation of probate fee charging reform and in respect of the Court Reform programme;
- Digital, Culture, Media and Sport received £0.3bn to support the broadcasting and media sector and various other programmes;
- BEIS received £0.3bn to cover the ongoing costs of delivering the industrial strategy;
- Home Office received £0.2bn in respect of Asylum Support and preparations for EU exit;
- Foreign Office received £0.1bn in respect of various measures;
- DEFRA received £0.1bn in respect of work on preparing for EU exit and for floods recovery;
- HMRC received £0.1bn in respect of work on preparing for EU exit and various other programmes;
- HM Treasury received £0.1bn in respect of Oil and Gas Industry Decommissioning Relief Deeds and various other programmes.

The main claims on the capital DEL Reserve in 2017-18 were:

- MOD received £0.4bn in respect of operations and peacekeeping and a small adjustment to the capital budget;
- Welsh Government received £0.2bn in respect of IT and capital works expenditure and preparations for EU exit.

The other main policy decisions affecting 2017-18 DELs were:

- MOD switched £0.9bn from resource to single use military equipment (SUME) capital DEL to realign budgets;
- DHSC switched £1.0bn from CDEL to RDEL to meet spending pressures;
- MHCLG received £1.6bn additional CDEL funding for Help to Buy offset by £0.8bn budget underspends surrendered by the Department;
- DHSC received a £0.3bn increase in resource DEL funding and a £0.5bn increase in capital DEL funding for the NHS in the Autumn Budget 2017;
- MOJ switched £0.2bn from CDEL to RDEL;
- Scottish Government received £0.1bn to support implementation of the Fiscal Framework and £0.1bn to cover additional costs arising from the change in the Personal Injury Discount Rate;
- International Development switched £0.1bn from capital DEL to resource DEL and £0.1bn from capital DEL to capital AME;
- DWP switched £0.1bn from resource DEL to Capital DEL.
- **3.7** Under the Budget Exchange system departments carried forward from 2017-18 into 2018-19 £0.6bn resource DEL and £0.8bn capital DEL, and £0.3bn resource DEL from 2017-18 into 2019-20.

Policy changes in 2018-19 Tables 3.9 to 3.11

- **3.8** The impact of policy decisions on resource DEL and capital DEL budgets in 2018-19 are set out in **Tables 3.9 and 3.11** respectively. The main policy decisions are set out below:
- **3.9** A number of claims on the reserve have already fed into 2018-19 control totals at Main Estimates 2018-19:
- MOD received £0.3bn resource DEL and £0.1bn capital DEL from the Special Reserve for operations and peacekeeping;
- NIE received £0.2bn resource DEL and £0.2bn capital DEL;
- The Statistics Board received £0.1bn resource DEL funding for the Census.
- **3.10** The other main policy decisions affecting 2018-19 DEL budgets were:
- BEIS switched £0.1bn from resource to capital DEL;
- MHCLG Communities received £2.2bn CDEL in respect of Help to Buy Equity Loans, Home Building Fund for SMEs and various housing packages;
- MHCLG Local Government RDEL was reduced by £0.8bn in respect of the London 100% business rates retention pilot. MHCLG Local Government received £0.2bn RDEL due to bringing forward CPI uprating to 2018-19;

- Education received £0.1bn RDEL in respect of skills funding. Education switched £0.2bn from CDEL to RDEL. They also re=profiled £0.5bn CDEL funding from 2018-19 to 2019-20;
- DEFRA received £0.1bn RDEL funding for Air Quality Plan and Clean Air Fund;
- DHSC received additional funding of £1.6bn RDEL and £0.4bn CDEL;
- DFID's RDEL budget reduced by £0.4bn to meet ODA 0.7% GNI target. DFID also switched £0.6bn from CDEL to CAME in respect of the capitalisation of CDC Group plc;
- DfT moved £0.1bn CDEL from 2018-19 to 2019-20 in respect of local roads maintenance;
- DWP received £0.1bn RDEL in respect of various programmes;
- MOJ switched £0.2bn from CDEL to RDEL.

Policy changes in 2019-20 Tables 3.9 to 3.11

- **3.11** The impact of policy decisions on resource DEL and capital DEL budgets in 2019-20 are set out in **Tables 3.9 and 3.11 respectively.** The main policy decisions are set out below:
- BEIS received £0.1bn in respect of the Patient Capital Investment Fund.
- MHCLG Communities received £4.7bn CDEL in respect of Help to Buy Equity Loans, Home Building Fund for SMEs, Affordable Housing and various housing packages, and also £0.1bn RDEL in respect of a Right to Buy for Housing Association Tenants pilot;
- MHCLG Local Government received £0.3bn RDEL due to bringing forward CPI uprating to 2018-19;
- Education received £0.1bn RDEL in respect of skills funding.Education switched £0.4bn from CDEL to RDEL. They also switched £0.5bn CDEL funding from 2018-19 to 2019-20;
- DEFRA received £0.1bn RDEL funding for Clean Air Fund;
- DHSC received additional funding of £0.9bn RDEL and £0.7bn CDEL;
- HMRC received £0.1bn RDEL in respect of various programmes;
- HM Treasury received £0.1bn CDEL in respect of the Charging Infrastructure Investment Fund;
- DFID's RDEL budget reduced by £0.5bn to meet ODA 0.7% GNI target;
- DfT moved £0.1bn CDEL from 2018-19 to 2019-20 in respect of local roads maintenance.
 DfT received an additional £0.1bn in 2019-20 in respect of the Clean Air Fund and other measures;
- House of Commons Administration additional £0.3bn CDEL in respect of building infrastructure work.

Table 3.1 Resource DEL 2016-17; changes since PESA 2017

| | | | , | | £ million |
|--|-------------------------------------|---|---|-------------------------------------|-----------|
| | Final provision adjusted for MoG | Outturn in PESA 2017 adjusted for MoG | Transfers and classification changes since PESA 2017 | Other changes since PESA 2017 | Outturn |
| Resource DEL | | | | | |
| Defence | 35,669 | 35,237 | _ | 186 | 35,423 |
| Single Intelligence Account | 2,285 | 2,268 | _ | _ | 2,268 |
| Home Office | 11,039 | 10,931 | _ | 46 | 10,977 |
| Foreign and Commonwealth Office | 2,067 | 2,058 | _ | _ | 2,058 |
| International Development | 7,524 | 7,456 | _ | -43 | 7,413 |
| Health and Social Care | 117,594 | 116,909 | = | 123 | 117,031 |
| Work and Pensions | 6,260 | 6,161 | = | = | 6,161 |
| Education | 75,293 | 69,288 | = | 566 | 69,854 |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | 2,337 | 1,972 | _ | -5 | 1,968 |
| Transport | 3,081 | 2,931 | = | -4 | 2,927 |
| Exiting the European Union | 48 | 23 | = | = | 23 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | 1,633 | 1,567 | _ | -17 | 1,550 |
| MHCLG — Housing and Communities | 2,642 | 2,493 | _ | -5 | 2,488 |
| MHCLG — Local Government | 8,231 | 8,229 | = | = | 8,229 |
| Scotland | 21,598 | 21,391 | = | -17 | 21,374 |
| Wales | 13,908 | 13,288 | = | 37 | 13,325 |
| Northern Ireland | 10,626 | 10,484 | = | -4 | 10,480 |
| Justice | 7,470 | 7,339 | = | 67 | 7,406 |
| Law Officers' Departments | 554 | 530 | = | -1 | 530 |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | 1,898 | 1,764 | = | -20 | 1,744 |
| HM Revenue and Customs | 3,861 | 3,836 | = | = | 3,836 |
| HM Treasury | 183 | 159 | _ | - | 159 |
| Cabinet Office | 485 | 446 | = | 4 | 450 |
| International Trade | 351 | 345 | = | - | 345 |
| Small and Independent Bodies | 1,632 | 1,507 | = | -17 | 1,490 |
| Total resource DEL | 338,270 | 328,610 | - | 895 | 329,506 |

Table 3.2 Resource DEL excluding depreciation 2016-17; changes since PESA 2017

| | | , | , | | £ million |
|---|-------------------------------------|---|---|-------------------------------------|-----------|
| | Final provision adjusted for MoG | Outturn in PESA 2017 adjusted for MoG | Transfers and classification changes since PESA 2017 | Other changes since PESA 2017 | Outturn |
| Resource DEL excluding depreciation | | | | | |
| Defence | 26,759 | 26,563 | _ | 29 | 26,592 |
| Single Intelligence Account | 1,931 | 1,920 | _ | _ | 1,920 |
| Home Office | 10,741 | 10,666 | = | 46 | 10,712 |
| Foreign and Commonwealth Office | 1,961 | 1,934 | = | = | 1,934 |
| International Development | 7,506 | 7,448 | = | -43 | 7,404 |
| Health and Social Care | 116,083 | 115,908 | _ | 121 | 116,028 |
| Work and Pensions | 6,067 | 6,004 | _ | _ | 6,004 |
| Education | 59,864 | 59,328 | _ | 566 | 59,894 |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | 1,993 | 1,617 | _ | -5 | 1,612 |
| Transport | 1,693 | 1,589 | - | -4 | 1,585 |
| Exiting the European Union | 48 | 23 | - | - | 23 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | 1,472 | 1,419 | - | -12 | 1,407 |
| MHCLG — Housing and Communities | 2,592 | 2,481 | - | -10 | 2,471 |
| MHCLG — Local Government | 8,231 | 8,229 | - | - | 8,229 |
| Scotland | 20,706 | 20,608 | - | -12 | 20,596 |
| Wales | 13,151 | 13,035 | - | 36 | 13,071 |
| Northern Ireland | 9,938 | 9,891 | - | -1 | 9,890 |
| Justice | 6,888 | 6,893 | _ | 22 | 6,915 |
| Law Officers' Departments | 545 | 524 | - | - | 524 |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | 1,687 | 1,575 | - | -19 | 1,556 |
| HM Revenue and Customs | 3,570 | 3,557 | - | - | 3,557 |
| HM Treasury | 175 | 152 | _ | _ | 152 |
| Cabinet Office | 457 | 424 | _ | 4 | 428 |
| International Trade | 349 | 343 | _ | _ | 343 |
| Small and Independent Bodies | 1,551 | 1,430 | _ | -18 | 1,412 |
| Total resource DEL excluding depreciation | 305,959 | 303,559 | - | 700 | 304,259 |

Table 3.3 Capital DEL 2016-17; changes since PESA 2017

| | | | | | £ million |
|--|-------------------------------------|---|---|-------------------------------------|-----------|
| | Final provision adjusted for MoG | Outturn in PESA 2017 adjusted for MoG | Transfers and classification changes since PESA 2017 | Other changes since PESA 2017 | Outturn |
| Capital DEL | | | | | |
| Defence | 8,753 | 8,665 | _ | 23 | 8,689 |
| Single Intelligence Account | 608 | 603 | _ | _ | 603 |
| Home Office | 529 | 508 | _ | 2 | 510 |
| Foreign and Commonwealth Office | 62 | 60 | _ | _ | 60 |
| International Development | 2,607 | 2,590 | _ | -3 | 2,588 |
| Health and Social Care | 4,616 | 4,605 | _ | -49 | 4,556 |
| Work and Pensions | 307 | 292 | _ | _ | 292 |
| Education | 6,406 | 5,598 | _ | -494 | 5,104 |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | 11,277 | 10,835 | _ | -42 | 10,793 |
| Transport | 5,488 | 5,467 | _ | -47 | 5,419 |
| Exiting the European Union | 2 | 0 | _ | _ | 0 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | 354 | 288 | _ | -13 | 275 |
| MHCLG — Housing and Communities | 5,185 | 5,114 | _ | _ | 5,114 |
| Scotland | 3,335 | 3,240 | _ | 6 | 3,246 |
| Wales | 1,634 | 1,485 | _ | -36 | 1,449 |
| Northern Ireland | 1,048 | 1,005 | _ | _ | 1,005 |
| Justice | 459 | 364 | _ | 53 | 417 |
| Law Officers' Departments | 15 | 14 | _ | -1 | 13 |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | 671 | 648 | _ | 7 | 655 |
| HM Revenue and Customs | 341 | 326 | _ | _ | 326 |
| HM Treasury | 5 | -2 | _ | _ | -2 |
| Cabinet Office | 55 | 48 | _ | -1 | 48 |
| International Trade | 10 | 6 | _ | _ | 6 |
| Small and Independent Bodies | 162 | 105 | _ | -3 | 103 |
| Total capital DEL | 53,928 | 51,866 | _ | -598 | 51,268 |

Table 3.4 Total Managed Expenditure 2016-17; changes since PESA 2017

| | | | , | £ million |
|---|------------|--|-----------------|-----------|
| | Outturn in | Transfers and classification changes since | Other changes | |
| | PESA 2017 | PESA 2017 | since PESA 2017 | Outturn |
| CURRENT EXPENDITURE | | | | |
| Resource DEL | | | | |
| Total resource DEL | 328,610 | - | 896 | 329,506 |
| Resource departmental AME | | | | |
| Social security benefits | 189,297 | _ | 1 | 189,298 |
| Tax credits | 27,393 | _ | _ | 27,393 |
| Net public service pensions | 8,554 | = | 970 | 9,524 |
| National lottery | 1,274 | _ | -194 | 1,080 |
| BBC domestic services | 3,669 | _ | -102 | 3,567 |
| Student loans | -1,968 | = | -63 | -2,031 |
| Non-cash items | 63,820 | - | -2,059 | 61,761 |
| Financial sector interventions | -24,832 | _ | _ | -24,832 |
| Other departmental expenditure | 25,546 | _ | 257 | 25,804 |
| Total resource departmental AME | 292,753 | - | -1,190 | 291,563 |
| Resource other AME | | | | |
| Net expenditure transfers to the EU | 9,160 | _ | = | 9,160 |
| Locally financed expenditure | 34,249 | _ | -347 | 33,902 |
| Central government gross debt interest | 48,380 | _ | 279 | 48,659 |
| Accounting adjustments | -21,723 | = | 1,660 | -20,063 |
| Total resource other AME | 70,066 | _ | 1,592 | 71,658 |
| Total resource AME | 362,819 | _ | 402 | 363,221 |
| Public sector current expenditure | 691,429 | _ | 1,298 | 692,727 |
| CAPITAL EXPENDITURE | , | | ., | |
| Capital DEL | | | | |
| Total capital DEL | 51,866 | _ | -598 | 51,268 |
| Capital departmental AME | 31,000 | | 330 | 31,200 |
| National lottery | 434 | _ | 45 | 479 |
| BBC domestic services | 124 | _ | 124 | 248 |
| Student loans | 14,629 | _ | -604 | 14,025 |
| Financial sector interventions | -3,514 | _ | 0 | |
| | | - | | -3,514 |
| Other departmental expenditure | -8,307 | - | 248 | -8,059 |
| Total capital departmental AME | 3,365 | - | -186 | 3,179 |
| Capital other AME | 0.442 | | 000 | 0.024 |
| Locally financed expenditure | 8,142 | = | 889 | 9,031 |
| Public corporations' own-financed capital expenditure | 16,977 | | -294 | 16,682 |
| Accounting adjustments | -1,203 | - | 301 | -902 |
| Total capital other AME | 23,916 | | 896 | 24,812 |
| Total capital AME | 27,281 | | 710 | 27,991 |
| Public sector gross investment | 79,147 | - | 112 | 79,259 |
| less public sector depreciation | 41,001 | - | -220 | 40,781 |
| Public sector net investment | 38,146 | | 332 | 38,478 |
| Total Managed Expenditure | 770,576 | - | 1,410 | 771,986 |

Table 3.5 Resource DEL 2017-18; changes since PESA 2017

| | | | | | £ million |
|--|---|---|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|
| | Plans in PESA 2017 adjusted for MOG | Transfers and classification changes since PESA 2017 | Other changes since PESA 2017 | Final provision | Outturn |
| Resource DEL | | | | | |
| Defence | 36,035 | -39 | 224 | 36,220 | 34,199 |
| Single Intelligence Account | 2,401 | -39 | 53 | 2,414 | 2,390 |
| Home Office | 10,952 | -45 | 87 | 10,994 | 10,892 |
| Foreign and Commonwealth Office | 2,138 | -4 | 84 | 2,217 | 2,208 |
| International Development | 7,604 | -75 | 127 | 7,656 | 7,558 |
| Health and Social Care | 119,244 | 84 | 2,014 | 121,342 | 120,650 |
| Work and Pensions | 6,410 | -6 | -166 | 6,238 | 6,108 |
| Education | 66,568 | -1 | 14,234 | 80,801 | 74,879 |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | 1,983 | 24 | -5 | 2,002 | 1,720 |
| Transport | 3,589 | -3 | 311 | 3,897 | 3,616 |
| Exiting the European Union | 100 | -1 | -23 | 76 | 57 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | 1,578 | 30 | 289 | 1,898 | 1,584 |
| MHCLG — Housing and Communities | 2,910 | -20 | -451 | 2,440 | 2,372 |
| MHCLG — Local Government | 6,728 | _ | -10 | 6,718 | 6,714 |
| Scotland | 15,374 | 12 | 8 | 15,394 | 14,966 |
| Wales | 14,002 | 6 | 408 | 14,415 | 13,998 |
| Northern Ireland | 10,524 | 4 | 266 | 10,794 | 10,631 |
| Justice | 7,173 | -4 | 583 | 7,753 | 7,630 |
| Law Officers' Departments | 564 | _ | 13 | 577 | 567 |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | 1,873 | 30 | 72 | 1,975 | 1,848 |
| HM Revenue and Customs | 3,947 | 2 | 32 | 3,981 | 3,946 |
| HM Treasury | 169 | 12 | 57 | 237 | 226 |
| Cabinet Office | 502 | 41 | 137 | 680 | 671 |
| International Trade | 364 | -22 | 49 | 391 | 383 |
| Small and Independent Bodies | 1,495 | 15 | 54 | 1,564 | 1,394 |
| Reserves | 4,424 | _ | -4,424 | _ | _ |
| OBR allowance for shortfall | -750 | _ | 750 | _ | _ |
| Adjustment for Budget Exchange | -397 | _ | 397 | _ | _ |
| Total resource DEL | 327,506 | _ | 15,169 | 342,675 | 331,205 |

Table 3.6 Resource DEL excluding depreciation 2017-18; changes since PESA 2017

| | | | | | £ million |
|---|---|---|----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|
| | Plans in PESA 2017 adjusted for MOG | Transfers and classification changes since PESA 2017 | Other changes since PESA 2017 | Final provision | Outturn |
| Resource DEL excluding depreciation | | | | | |
| Defence | 27,535 | -39 | -370 | 27,126 | 26,901 |
| Single Intelligence Account | 2,047 | -39 | 41 | 2,049 | 2,020 |
| Home Office | 10,621 | -45 | 87 | 10,663 | 10,594 |
| Foreign and Commonwealth Office | 2,026 | -4 | 56 | 2,078 | 2,061 |
| International Development | 7,586 | -75 | 127 | 7,638 | 7,549 |
| Health and Social Care | 117,733 | 84 | 2,014 | 119,831 | 119,916 |
| Work and Pensions | 6,231 | -6 | -166 | 6,059 | 5,921 |
| Education | 61,340 | -1 | -531 | 60,808 | 60,372 |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | 1,703 | 24 | -87 | 1,640 | 1,453 |
| Transport | 1,968 | -3 | 136 | 2,101 | 2,019 |
| Exiting the European Union | 100 | -1 | -23 | 76 | 57 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | 1,406 | 30 | 289 | 1,726 | 1,435 |
| MHCLG — Housing and Communities | 2,793 | -20 | -379 | 2,395 | 2,391 |
| MHCLG — Local Government | 6,728 | _ | -10 | 6,718 | 6,714 |
| Scotland | 14,317 | 12 | 158 | 14,488 | 14,182 |
| Wales | 13,365 | 6 | 95 | 13,465 | 13,290 |
| Northern Ireland | 9,966 | 4 | 174 | 10,144 | 10,084 |
| Justice | 6,584 | -4 | 583 | 7,163 | 7,162 |
| Law Officers' Departments | 553 | _ | 13 | 566 | 559 |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | 1,629 | 30 | 72 | 1,731 | 1,671 |
| HM Revenue and Customs | 3,622 | 3 | 32 | 3,657 | 3,649 |
| HM Treasury | 162 | 12 | 57 | 230 | 218 |
| Cabinet Office | 467 | 40 | 137 | 644 | 637 |
| International Trade | 362 | -22 | 49 | 389 | 381 |
| Small and Independent Bodies | 1,412 | 15 | 47 | 1,474 | 1,307 |
| Reserves | 4,424 | = | -4,424 | = | = |
| OBR allowance for shortfall | -750 | = | 750 | = | = |
| Adjustment for Budget Exchange | -397 | = | 397 | = | = |
| Total resource DEL excluding depreciation | 305,536 | _ | -676 | 304,860 | 302,544 |

Table 3.7 Capital DEL 2017-18; changes since PESA 2017

| | | | | | £ million |
|--|---|---|----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|
| | Plans in PESA 2017 adjusted for MOG | Transfers and classification changes since PESA 2017 | Other changes since PESA 2017 | Final provision | Outturn |
| Capital DEL | | | | | |
| Defence | 8,530 | 5 | 1,259 | 9,793 | 9,704 |
| Single Intelligence Account | 610 | -12 | -19 | 578 | 576 |
| Home Office | 566 | -1 | 93 | 658 | 624 |
| Foreign and Commonwealth Office | 134 | 7 | -3 | 138 | -252 |
| International Development | 2,888 | 124 | -265 | 2,747 | 2,713 |
| Health and Social Care | 6,084 | -1 | -485 | 5,598 | 5,238 |
| Work and Pensions | 378 | - | 123 | 501 | 432 |
| Education | 5,182 | 6 | -195 | 4,993 | 4,846 |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | 10,896 | -18 | -22 | 10,856 | 10,464 |
| Transport | 6,410 | 1 | 22 | 6,432 | 6,218 |
| Exiting the European Union | _ | _ | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | 449 | -7 | -56 | 386 | 351 |
| MHCLG — Housing and Communities | 6,512 | -12 | 497 | 6,997 | 6,634 |
| Scotland | 3,389 | 6 | 239 | 3,634 | 3,626 |
| Wales | 1,604 | 6 | 356 | 1,966 | 1,825 |
| Northern Ireland | 1,210 | 6 | 55 | 1,270 | 1,148 |
| Justice | 742 | 11 | -328 | 425 | 412 |
| Law Officers' Departments | 15 | = | _ | 15 | 10 |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | 685 | -36 | -6 | 644 | 632 |
| HM Revenue and Customs | 247 | -9 | 44 | 282 | 281 |
| HM Treasury | 187 | -91 | -78 | 18 | -78 |
| Cabinet Office | 97 | 13 | 13 | 123 | 116 |
| International Trade | 7 | 4 | 8 | 19 | 15 |
| Small and Independent Bodies | 249 | = | 64 | 312 | 177 |
| Reserves | 980 | = | -980 | = | _ |
| OBR allowance for shortfall | -1,500 | = | 1,500 | = | = |
| Adjustment for Budget Exchange | -471 | = | 471 | = | = |
| Total capital DEL | 56,080 | 0.000 | 2,306 | 58,386 | 55,711 |

Table 3.8 Total Managed Expenditure 2017-18; changes since PESA 2017

| | | | | £ million |
|---|-----------|--|-----------------|-------------------|
| | Plans in | Transfers and classification changes since | Other changes | 0.11 |
| CURRENT EXPENDITURE | PESA 2017 | PESA 2017 | since PESA 2017 | Outturn |
| Resource DEL | | | | |
| Total resource DEL | 327,506 | | 3,699 | 331,205 |
| Resource departmental AME | 327,300 | - | 5,033 | 331,203 |
| Social security benefits | 193,828 | | -1,308 | 102 521 |
| Tax credits | 26,761 | _ | -1,306 -468 | 192,521 26,293 |
| | | _ | | |
| Net public service pensions | 24,363 | _ | 1,977 | 26,340 |
| National lottery | 1,145 | _ | 84 | 1,229 |
| BBC domestic services | 3,812 | = | -99 | 3,713 |
| Student loans | -3,055 | _ | 63 | -2,992 |
| Non-cash items | 71,071 | = | 76,242 | 147,313 |
| Financial sector interventions | -184 | = | -32 | -216 |
| Other departmental expenditure | 37,310 | - | 1,710 | 39,020 |
| Total resource departmental AME | 355,052 | - | 78,169 | 433,221 |
| Resource other AME | | | | |
| Net expenditure transfers to the EU | 12,226 | = | -2,038 | 10,188 |
| Locally financed expenditure | 35,743 | - | -368 | 35,376 |
| Central government gross debt interest | 55,779 | - | -1,030 | 54,749 |
| Accounting adjustments | -66,795 | _ | -90,152 | -156,947 |
| Total resource other AME | 36,953 | _ | -93,587 | -56,634 |
| Total resource AME | 392,005 | _ | -15,418 | 376,587 |
| Public sector current expenditure | 719,511 | _ | -11,719 | 707,792 |
| CAPITAL EXPENDITURE | | | | |
| Capital DEL | | | | |
| Total capital DEL | 56,080 | _ | -369 | 55,711 |
| Capital departmental AME | 23,222 | | | 20,111 |
| National lottery | 496 | _ | -70 | 427 |
| BBC domestic services | 153 | _ | -13 | 141 |
| Student loans | 16,761 | _ | 137 | 16,898 |
| Financial sector interventions | 30 | _ | -972 | -942 |
| Other departmental expenditure | -4,036 | | 8,766 | 4,730 |
| Total capital departmental AME | 13,404 | _ | 7,849 | 21,253 |
| Capital other AME | 15,404 | _ | 7,643 | 21,233 |
| Locally financed expenditure | 7,223 | | 3,773 | 10,996 |
| | | = | | |
| Public corporations' own-financed capital expenditure | 18,175 | _ | -2,689 | 15,486 |
| Accounting adjustments | -11,982 | _ | -9,762 | -21,744 |
| Total capital other AME | 13,415 | | -8,677 | 4,738 |
| Total capital AME | 26,820 | | -828 | 25,992 |
| Public sector gross investment | 82,900 | - | -1,197 | 81,703 |
| less public sector depreciation | 42,818 | - | -1,769 | 41,049 |
| Public sector net investment | 40,082 | | 572 | 40,654 |
| Total Managed Expenditure | 802,411 | _ | -12,916 | 789,495 |

Table 3.9 Resource DEL 2018-19 and 2019-20; changes since PESA 2017

| | | | | | | | | £ million |
|---|--|---|---|-----------|--|---|---|-----------|
| | | 2018 | | | | 2019- | | |
| | Plans in PESA 2017 adjusted for MOG | Transfers and classification changes | Reserve allocation and other policy changes | New Plans | Plans in PESA 2017 adjusted for MOG | Transfers and classification changes | Reserve allocation and other policy changes | New Plans |
| Resource DEL | | | | | | | | |
| Defence | 36,701 | -253 | 260 | 36,708 | 37,452 | _ | _ | 37,452 |
| Single Intelligence Account | 2,276 | 296 | 20 | 2,593 | 2,398 | _ | _ | 2,398 |
| Home Office | 11,109 | -112 | -39 | 10,958 | 11,023 | 33 | -35 | 11,022 |
| Foreign and Commonwealth Office | 1,344 | 1,007 | _ | 2,351 | 1,358 | -20 | _ | 1,338 |
| International Development | 9,138 | -1,156 | -503 | 7,479 | 9,145 | 11 | -895 | 8,262 |
| Health and Social Care | 121,788 | 130 | 1,601 | 123,518 | 124,781 | _ | 901 | 125,682 |
| Work and Pensions | 6,083 | -35 | 102 | 6,150 | 5,550 | _ | 33 | 5,583 |
| Education | 67,935 | -36 | 488 | 68,388 | 69,058 | -35 | 815 | 69,839 |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | 2,021 | -23 | -61 | 1,938 | 1,824 | 1 | 187 | 2,011 |
| Transport | 3,724 | 8 | 28 | 3,761 | 3,327 | _ | _ | 3,327 |
| Exiting the European Union | 99 | -4 | -3 | 92 | 94 | _ | _ | 94 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | 1,647 | 3 | 30 | 1,680 | 1,660 | _ | 11 | 1,671 |
| MHCLG — Housing and Communities | 2,433 | 16 | 368 | 2,818 | 2,178 | _ | 89 | 2,268 |
| MHCLG — Local Government | 5,454 | _ | -1,151 | 4,304 | 5,360 | _ | 261 | 5,621 |
| Scotland | 14,784 | 14 | 695 | 15,493 | 14,473 | _ | 779 | 15,252 |
| Wales | 14,067 | 7 | -148 | 13,926 | 14,163 | _ | -170 | 13,993 |
| Northern Ireland | 10,533 | 6 | 278 | 10,818 | 10,556 | _ | 57 | 10,613 |
| Justice | 6,754 | 8 | 160 | 6,923 | 6,573 | _ | _ | 6,573 |
| Law Officers' Departments | 563 | 6 | 18 | 587 | 563 | _ | 18 | 581 |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | 1,732 | 27 | 50 | 1,809 | 1,663 | _ | 60 | 1,723 |
| HM Revenue and Customs | 3,673 | 24 | 43 | 3,739 | 3,417 | 1 | 136 | 3,554 |
| HM Treasury | 160 | 10 | 2 | 173 | 154 | _ | _ | 154 |
| Cabinet Office | 279 | 38 | 90 | 407 | 257 | _ | 44 | 301 |
| International Trade | 338 | 16 | _ | 354 | 337 | 9 | _ | 346 |
| Small and Independent Bodies | 1,414 | 2 | 157 | 1,574 | 1,399 | _ | 49 | 1,448 |
| Reserves | 4,800 | _ | 1,100 | 5,900 | 7,100 | _ | 100 | 7,200 |
| OBR allowance for shortfall | -800 | _ | -1,000 | -1,800 | -800 | _ | -1,000 | -1,800 |
| Adjustment for Budget Exchange | = | _ | -600 | -600 | 0 | _ | -400 | -400 |
| Adjustment for planned efficiency savings | - | _ | _ | _ | -3,500 | _ | 3,500 | _ |
| Total resource DEL | 330,125 | _ | 2,012 | 332,100 | 331,655 | _ | 4,599 | 336,300 |

Table 3.10 Resource DEL excluding depreciation 2018-19 and 2019-20; changes since PESA 2017

| | | | | | | | | £ million |
|---|--|---|---|-----------|--|---|---|-----------|
| | | 2018 | -19 | | | 2019 | -20 | |
| | Plans in PESA 2017 adjusted for MOG | Transfers and classification changes | Reserve allocation and other policy changes | New Plans | Plans in PESA 2017 adjusted for MOG | Transfers and classification changes | Reserve allocation and other policy changes | New Plans |
| Resource DEL excluding depreciation | | | | | | | | |
| Defence | 28,201 | -253 | 259 | 28,208 | 28,952 | _ | _ | 28,952 |
| Single Intelligence Account | 1,911 | 296 | 20 | 2,227 | 2,021 | _ | _ | 2,021 |
| Home Office | 10,756 | -113 | -38 | 10,605 | 10,713 | 32 | -33 | 10,712 |
| Foreign and Commonwealth Office | 1,233 | 1,007 | _ | 2,239 | 1,246 | -20 | _ | 1,226 |
| International Development | 9,120 | -1,156 | -503 | 7,461 | 9,126 | 11 | -895 | 8,243 |
| Health and Social Care | 120,257 | 130 | 1,601 | 121,987 | 123,250 | _ | 901 | 124,151 |
| Work and Pensions | 5,918 | -35 | 102 | 5,985 | 5,395 | _ | 33 | 5,428 |
| Education | 62,087 | -35 | 488 | 62,540 | 62,670 | -34 | 815 | 63,450 |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | 1,742 | -23 | -61 | 1,658 | 1,540 | 1 | 187 | 1,727 |
| Transport | 2,090 | 8 | -36 | 2,062 | 1,693 | = | -63 | 1,630 |
| Exiting the European Union | 99 | -4 | -4 | 92 | 94 | _ | _ | 94 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | 1,461 | 3 | 30 | 1,494 | 1,461 | _ | 11 | 1,472 |
| MHCLG — Housing and Communities | 2,274 | 16 | 298 | 2,588 | 2,153 | _ | 89 | 2,243 |
| MHCLG — Local Government | 5,454 | = | -1,151 | 4,304 | 5,360 | _ | 261 | 5,621 |
| Scotland | 13,678 | 14 | 695 | 14,388 | 13,328 | _ | 779 | 14,107 |
| Wales | 13,404 | 7 | -149 | 13,262 | 13,476 | _ | -173 | 13,303 |
| Northern Ireland | 9,959 | 6 | 278 | 10,244 | 9,969 | _ | 57 | 10,026 |
| Justice | 6,164 | 8 | 160 | 6,333 | 5,969 | = | _ | 5,970 |
| Law Officers' Departments | 548 | 6 | 18 | 572 | 548 | _ | 18 | 566 |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | 1,491 | 27 | 50 | 1,568 | 1,424 | = | 60 | 1,484 |
| HM Revenue and Customs | 3,321 | 24 | 43 | 3,388 | 3,037 | 1 | 136 | 3,174 |
| HM Treasury | 155 | 10 | 2 | 167 | 148 | _ | _ | 148 |
| Cabinet Office | 264 | 38 | 55 | 357 | 242 | _ | 44 | 286 |
| International Trade | 335 | 16 | _ | 352 | 335 | 9 | _ | 344 |
| Small and Independent Bodies | 1,331 | 2 | 153 | 1,487 | 1,315 | _ | 18 | 1,333 |
| Reserves | 4,800 | _ | 1,100 | 5,900 | 7,100 | _ | 100 | 7,200 |
| OBR allowance for shortfall | -800 | _ | -1,000 | -1,800 | -800 | _ | -1,000 | -1,800 |
| Adjustment for Budget Exchange | - | _ | -600 | -600 | 0 | _ | -400 | -400 |
| Adjustment for planned efficiency savings | _ | _ | - | - | -3,500 | _ | 3,500 | _ |
| Total resource DEL | | | | | | | | |
| excluding depreciation | 307,329 | _ | 1,836 | 309,200 | 308,356 | | 4,502 | 312,900 |

Table 3.11 Capital DEL 2018-19 and 2019-20; changes since PESA 2017

| | | | | | | | | £ million |
|-------------------------------------|--|---|---|-----------|--|---|---|-----------|
| | | 2018- | ·19 | | | 2019 | -20 | |
| | Plans in PESA 2017 adjusted for MOG | Transfers and classification changes | Reserve allocation and other policy changes | New Plans | Plans in PESA 2017 adjusted for MOG | Transfers and classification changes | Reserve allocation and other policy changes | New Plans |
| Capital DEL | | | | | | | | |
| Defence | 8,745 | -58 | 75 | 8,761 | 8,994 | _ | _ | 8,994 |
| Single Intelligence Account | 585 | 58 | 0 | 643 | 655 | _ | _ | 655 |
| Home Office | 497 | -4 | -1 | 491 | 483 | 1 | -1 | 482 |
| Foreign and Commonwealth Office | 98 | 4 | _ | 102 | 98 | _ | _ | 98 |
| International Development | 3,207 | 29 | -584 | 2,652 | 3,527 | _ | _ | 3,527 |
| Health and Social Care | 6,012 | -2 | 354 | 6,364 | 6,027 | 6 | 708 | 6,741 |
| Work and Pensions | 255 | _ | _ | 255 | 227 | _ | _ | 227 |
| Education | 6,075 | -131 | -762 | 5,182 | 4,753 | -1 | 346 | 5,098 |
| Business, Energy and Industrial | | | | | | | | |
| Strategy | 10,595 | -20 | 194 | 10,769 | 11,245 | -16 | 160 | 11,390 |
| Transport | 8,042 | -27 | 54 | 8,070 | 11,345 | -38 | -788 | 10,519 |
| Exiting the European Union | _ | _ | 1 | 1 | 0 | - | _ | 0 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | 529 | _ | 56 | 585 | 581 | _ | 23 | 604 |
| MHCLG — Housing and Communities | 6,584 | 161 | 2,672 | 9,417 | 6,015 | 38 | 4,708 | 10,761 |
| Scotland | 3,537 | 5 | 358 | 3,899 | 3,720 | 5 | 518 | 4,242 |
| Wales | 1,688 | 3 | 210 | 1,901 | 1,798 | 3 | 312 | 2,113 |
| Northern Ireland | 1,252 | 2 | 314 | 1,568 | 1,311 | 2 | 168 | 1,481 |
| Justice | 692 | _ | -160 | 532 | 417 | _ | _ | 417 |
| Law Officers' Departments | 16 | _ | _ | 16 | 8 | _ | _ | 8 |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | 674 | -21 | -40 | 613 | 518 | _ | 70 | 588 |
| HM Revenue and Customs | 234 | _ | 16 | 250 | 216 | _ | 13 | 229 |
| HM Treasury | 184 | _ | 40 | 224 | 182 | _ | 80 | 262 |
| Cabinet Office | 25 | 2 | 3 | 30 | 15 | _ | _ | 15 |
| International Trade | 4 | _ | _ | 4 | 4 | 1 | _ | 4 |
| Small and Independent Bodies | 230 | _ | 79 | 309 | 101 | _ | 275 | 376 |
| Reserves | 600 | _ | 200 | 800 | 1,200 | _ | 1,100 | 2,400 |
| Capital spending not yet in budgets | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 400 | _ | _ | 400 |
| OBR allowance for shortfall | -1,800 | _ | - | -1,800 | -2,100 | _ | -300 | -2,300 |
| Adjustment for Budget Exchange | 0 | _ | -800 | -800 | 0 | _ | 0 | |
| Total capital DEL | 58,588 | | 2,306 | 60,900 | 61,774 | | 7,510 | 69,300 |

Trends in public sector expenditure

- **4.1** The analyses in this chapter show trends in government spending over a longer time span than presented elsewhere in PESA, adjusted as far as possible so that figures for historical outturn years are based on current definitions.
- **4.2** Data in this chapter are a combination of cash and accruals. Data for public sector expenditure on services are on a cash basis up until 1997-98, and on an accruals basis thereafter. All outturn data in this chapter are National Statistics.

What's new

4.3 There have been no significant changes to the presentation of data within this chapter since PESA 2017.

Public spending aggregates

- **4.4 Table 4.1** shows trends in public spending since 1976-77 in terms of three spending aggregates: public sector current expenditure; public sector net investment; and Total Managed Expenditure (TME). All aggregates are presented in both nominal and real terms, and as a percentage of Gross Domestic Product (GDP). Data for a fourth aggregate, public sector depreciation, are shown in nominal terms only.
- **4.5** Outturn data for these aggregates up to 2017-18 are taken from the public sector accounts compiled by the Office for National Statistics (ONS). The public sector accounts are a part of the National Accounts that are updated on a monthly basis.
- **4.6** Plans period data from 2018-19 onwards are taken from the Office for Budget Responsibility, and are consistent with their Economic and Fiscal Outlook forecasts published at the time of the March 2018 Spring Statement.

Public sector expenditure on services by function

- **4.7** The public spending by function series uses the Total Expenditure on Services spending aggregate (TES). Expenditure on services covers most expenditure by the public sector that is included in TME.
- **4.8** Public sector expenditure on services includes central government spending, but excludes the part that is finance to local government and capital finance to public corporations. This central government own expenditure is then combined with actual spending by local government and public corporations to give total public sector expenditure. Expenditure on services excludes non-cash items such as depreciation and provisions. Full details of the definition of expenditure on services and the relationship to departments' budgets are available in **Annex E**.

4.9 Table 4.2 shows public sector expenditure on services by United Nations Classification Of the Functions Of Government (COFOG) level 1 from 1994-95. **Tables 4.3 and 4.4** present this in real terms and as a percentage of GDP respectively. These tables cover outturn years up to 2017-18. They also show, in italics, additional Treasury-defined functional divisions that were used prior to the introduction of UN COFOG, but which don't correspond to COFOG level 1.

Methods and data quality for long run TES series

- **4.10** Our aim is for the functional breakdown of spending to be broadly consistent across all tables.
- **4.11** Data in **Tables 4.2, 4.3 and 4.4** for years before 2013-14 are not taken directly from the 'live' public expenditure database that is maintained by government departments (see **Annex A**). Data that precede the most recent five outturn years cease to be 'live' and are archived in a summarised form.
- **4.12** Historical outturn data are not usually subject to adjustment. However, reclassifications sometimes affect the long-run functional series. These include ONS decisions on the National Accounts, and decisions taken by the Treasury in conjunction with departments to improve the allocation of spending to functions.
- **4.13** Only substantial classification changes are reflected in the historical years, based on the change in spending relative to the size of the function or functions concerned. Reclassifications that are reflected in the historical series are based on archived data. The decision as to the procedure used to implement reclassifications for historical years is taken by Treasury officials after discussions with the relevant government departments, and can sometimes entail a simple percentage split based on the best information available.
- **4.14** It should be noted that the attribution of spending to functions for historical years is less accurate than for live years. In some cases, the presentation of functional numbers as accurate to within £100 million overstates the accuracy of the figures due to rounding. Minor differences in figures or rates of change should be disregarded.

Table 4.1 Public expenditure aggregates, 1976-77 to 2019-20

| Professor Examination Residence For continuo Lenimon For continuo Lenimon For continuo Lenimon For continuo Lenimon For continuo Professor | | |
|--|----------------------------------|----------|
| Entition Ephilion Fillion Fillion Fillion 64 billion 64 billion 64 billion 67 billion | ominal Real terms ⁽¹⁾ | Per cent |
| 512 2288.0 36.1 64 55.2 26.8 4.5 661 394.0 34.7 14.4 5.2 25.8 3.7 766 313.2 234.2 34.4 8.4 5.2 25.9 2.7 766 313.2 34.2 12.1 5.8 22.7 2.5 17.0 313.3 34.9 37.2 13.9 6.1 17.1 19 17.1 313.3 34.9 37.2 14.6 7.6 20.2 2.5< | billion £ billion | of GDP |
| 651 3942 347 74 5.2 268 3.2 796 3130 344 84 5.2 268 3.2 968 3132 342 10 5.8 22.7 2.2 968 3132 342 10 5.8 22.7 2.2 1108 3333 37.2 13.9 6.1 17.1 1.4 1118 3333 36.5 34.9 14.8 6.3 12.4 1.4 150. 350. 36.8 37.2 14.8 7.3 18.4 1.2 150. 350. 36.8 36.8 36.9 36.9 1.1 163. 36.8 36.9 36.4 4.4 6.3 1.1 163. 36.8 36.9 36.9 4.7 1.0 1.1 163. 36.8 36.9 36.9 37.2 1.1 1.1 164. 36.8 36.9 37.2 1.2 1.1 | | 45.1 |
| 796 310 344 84 52 223 22 110 319 342 10 58 22 22 110 319 362 12 58 22 22 110 319 37 132 41 124 14 1216 388 37 146 61 171 12 142,0 353 360 367 146 62 171 12 186 353 36 144 63 151 13 15 188 365 344 149 48 10 10 11 188 366 343 14 44 10 10 11 188 368 30 34 16 48 47 10 10 188 368 30 34 16 48 47 10 10 222 410 36 34 | | 42.3 |
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| 96.8 319.8 36.2 12.1 5.8 192. 2.2 110.8 331.8 37.2 12.1 5.8 192. 2.2 121.6 338.8 37.2 13.9 6.1 17.4 1.4 131.3 349.0 36.7 14.6 7.6 20.2 2.1 142.0 387.3 36.8 14.4 6.3 11.7 1.1 158.7 383.5 34.9 14.9 4.7 10.2 2.1 169.6 388.0 32.2 14.9 4.7 10.2 1.1 161.1 36.4 30.7 16.7 10.2 1.1 1.1 222.0 388.6 32.2 16.7 10.2 1.1 1.1 222.1 40.6 34.2 16.7 10.3 17.9 1.1 222.1 40.6 34.2 16.7 10.3 17.9 1.1 222.1 40.6 34.3 15.3 12.3 19.1 | | 41.0 |
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| 171 338.8 37.2 13.9 61 17.1 19 191 357.3 38.8 37.2 14.6 7.6 17.1 19 1420 357.3 38.8 37.2 14.6 7.5 18.4 19 150.5 38.9 35.6 14.4 6.8 11.0 11.1 158.7 38.8 37.2 14.9 4.8 10.2 10.1 158.7 36.4 30.5 16.9 4.7 10.2 10.1 169.6 36.8 37.2 14.9 4.7 10.2 10.1 208.1 36.4 30.5 16.8 10.2 10.7 10.1 208.2 41.0 36.3 37.5 12.3 17.0 17.0 208.2 41.0 36.3 37.5 12.3 14.0 15.7 10.2 208.2 41.0 36.3 37.5 12.3 14.0 15.2 208.2 42.2 12.3 | | 43.0 |
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| 142.0 397.3 36.8 14.4 6.3 18.4 19 148.0 395.1 35.8 14.4 6.3 15.1 1.5 150.5 392.1 35.6 14.9 4.8 11.0 1.5 176.3 392.2 33.2 14.9 4.8 11.0 1.1 176.3 392.2 31.0 15.8 3.8 10.0 10.1 208.1 368.2 33.2 16.8 10.3 17.0 1.1 208.1 368.8 32.5 16.8 10.3 17.0 11.1 208.1 368.8 32.5 15.7 10.3 17.9 11.5 208.2 419.0 34.3 15.7 11.3 18.8 15.7 208.2 419.0 34.0 15.7 11.3 18.8 15.2 208.2 466.4 31.1 18.7 11.1 0.8 308.2 466.4 31.1 18.7 11.1 0.8 | 153.4 407.8 | 42.9 |
| 150.5 359.1 356 144 63 15.1 15.2 1 | 164.1 412.8 | 42.5 |
| 158.7 368.5 34.9 14.9 4.8 11.0 1.1 169.6 368.0 36.2 31.0 15.8 38 17.0 0.9 176.3 358.4 30.2 31.0 15.8 38 7.7 0.7 208.1 36.4 30.5 16.8 39 17.0 0.7 218.1 36.8 30.7 16.7 10.3 17.9 1.4 222.0 383.6 32.5 15.4 14.0 22.3 1.9 222.1 496.6 34.3 15.3 14.0 18.9 1.7 266.2 499.0 17.9 18.8 1.6 1.9 1.5 277.6 431.8 34.0 15.7 1.2 1.9 1.5 277.6 431.8 34.0 15.7 1.2 1.1 0.7 300.2 446.4 32.1 18.7 1.2 1.1 0.7 300.2 446.4 32.1 18.8 | | 40.4 |
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| 191.1 361.4 30.5 16.8 9.0 17.0 1.4 232.0 383.8 30.7 16.7 10.3 17.0 1.4 232.0 383.8 32.7 15.4 13.5 22.3 1.9 252.1 406.6 34.3 15.4 13.5 22.3 1.9 262.2 419.0 34.2 15.7 12.3 191 1.5 201.2 431.8 32.8 15.7 12.8 190 1.5 201.2 431.8 32.8 15.7 12.6 190 1.5 300.3 447.4 32.1 15.7 12.6 19.0 1.5 301.2 45.6 31.6 45.6 11.1 0.8 1.5 302.2 46.4 31.1 18.8 7.6 11.1 0.8 302.2 46.4 31.3 12.9 1.6 11.1 0.8 302.2 46.4 31.3 22.8 22.8 11.1 <td>195.9 399.1</td> <td>34.4</td> | 195.9 399.1 | 34.4 |
| 2081 363.8 30.7 16.7 10.3 17.9 1.5 232.0 483.6 34.3 15.4 15.4 13.5 22.3 1.5 252.1 406.6 34.3 15.5 11.9 18.8 1.5 257.6 419.0 34.2 15.6 11.9 18.8 1.5 277.6 431.8 34.0 15.7 12.6 19.1 1.5 291.2 439.4 32.8 16.0 7.6 11.1 0.8 308.2 446.4 32.3 16.0 7.6 11.1 0.8 308.2 446.4 31.3 16.0 7.6 11.1 0.8 316.6 452.6 31.6 18.8 7.8 11.1 0.8 316.5 466.4 31.3 20.0 12.6 12.8 0.7 345.1 486.3 31.8 20.0 12.8 11.1 0.8 346.1 486.3 32.1 22.9 22 | 216.8 410.1 | 34.6 |
| 232.0 383.6 32.5 15.4 13.5 22.3 1.9 265.1 406 34.3 15.3 14.0 22.7 1.9 266.2 491.0 34.2 15.3 11.9 18.8 1.5 277.6 431.8 34.2 15.7 12.3 19.1 1.5 300.3 433.4 32.8 16.0 7.6 11.1 0.8 300.3 435.4 32.1 18.7 6.5 9.3 1.5 300.3 435.6 31.2 18.7 7.8 11.1 0.8 300.2 46.4 32.1 18.7 5.2 9.3 0.7 340.1 486.3 31.3 19.4 9.2 11.1 0.8 340.1 486.3 31.3 20.9 16.4 22.6 9.3 0.7 340.1 486.3 31.3 20.9 16.4 22.6 11.1 0.8 340.1 486.3 31.3 22.3 <td>235.1 411.0</td> <td>34.7</td> | 235.1 411.0 | 34.7 |
| 252.1 406.6 34.3 15.3 14.0 22.7 1.9 266.2 419.0 34.2 15.6 11.9 18.8 1.5 297.6 439.4 3.4 15.7 12.6 19.0 1.5 297.2 439.4 3.2 16.0 7.6 11.1 0.8 300.3 43.6 3.2 16.0 7.6 11.1 0.8 300.2 46.4 3.2 16.0 7.6 11.1 0.8 300.2 46.6 31.5 18.7 6.5 9.3 0.7 349.1 46.6 31.3 19.4 9.2 11.1 0.8 349.1 46.6 31.3 20.0 16.4 22.6 11.4 40.8 5.6 31.3 20.0 16.4 22.6 11.4 40.8 5.6 32.1 22.9 12.8 0.8 40.8 5.6 34.0 22.9 22.6 11.4 | 260.9 431.4 | 36.6 |
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| 291.2 439.4 33.9 15.7 12.6 19.0 15 300.3 446.4 32.1 18.7 7.6 11.1 0.8 300.2 446.4 32.1 18.7 6.5 9.3 0.7 316.5 446.4 32.1 18.7 6.5 11.1 0.8 316.5 466.4 31.3 19.4 9.2 11.1 0.8 327.5 466.4 31.3 19.4 9.2 13.1 0.9 386.9 566.1 32.1 20.0 9.2 13.1 0.8 386.9 566.1 32.1 20.9 16.4 22.6 1.4 463.5 586.0 34.0 22.8 27.9 1.7 1.4 463.5 595.1 34.9 24.5 28.9 37.0 2.1 463.5 595.1 34.9 24.5 28.9 37.0 2.1 513.7 66.1 36.9 33.9 40.2 2.1 <td></td> <td>37.4</td> | | 37.4 |
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| 349.1 486.3 31.8 20.0 9.2 12.8 0.8 36.9 506.1 32.1 20.9 16.4 22.6 1.4 334.2 506.1 32.1 20.9 16.4 22.6 1.4 430.8 568.0 34.0 22.9 27.9 1.7 1.9 430.8 568.0 34.9 22.9 27.0 1.7 1.9 463.5 595.1 34.9 22.9 27.0 1.3 1.3 463.6 614.0 34.7 25.9 29.7 37.6 2.1 544.4 645.4 34.9 28.2 33.9 40.2 2.1 577.1 666.1 36.9 31.1 53.5 61.7 3.4 610.0 694.3 39.4 32.5 52.7 60.0 3.4 645.9 712.5 39.7 35.9 40.2 2.2 645.9 702.1 36.4 35.9 42.5 2.1 < | 356.1 507.2 | 34.1 |
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| 430.8 568.0 34.0 22.9 23.8 31.4 1.9 463.5 595.1 34.9 24.5 28.9 37.0 22.2 490.8 614.0 34.7 25.9 29.7 37.2 2.1 513.7 624.1 34.5 27.2 31.0 37.6 2.1 544.4 645.4 34.9 28.2 33.9 40.2 2.1 577.1 666.1 36.9 31.1 53.5 61.7 3.4 610.0 694.3 39.4 32.5 60.0 3.4 637.7 712.5 39.7 33.9 45.7 51.1 2.8 645.9 712.3 39.1 35.9 36.6 39.6 2.2 655.9 709.1 38.3 36.6 39.3 42.5 2.3 665.2 706.1 37.3 36.6 38.4 2.0 674.8 707.3 36.4 39.0 36.1 1.7 | 437.8 589.2 | 36.5 |
| 463.5 595.1 34.9 24.5 28.9 37.0 2.2 490.8 614.0 34.7 25.9 29.7 37.2 2.1 513.7 624.1 34.5 27.2 31.0 37.6 2.1 513.7 665.1 34.9 28.2 33.9 40.2 2.2 577.1 666.1 36.9 31.1 53.5 61.7 3.4 610.0 694.3 39.4 32.5 52.7 60.0 3.4 637.7 712.5 39.7 33.9 45.7 51.1 2.8 645.9 712.3 39.1 35.4 35.9 39.6 2.2 655.9 709.1 38.3 36.6 39.3 42.5 2.3 665.2 706.1 37.3 36.6 36.6 38.4 2.0 692.7 704.8 35.7 40.1 34.1 35.1 1.9 692.7 704.5 34.8 36.0 38.5 < | 477.5 629.6 | 37.6 |
| 490.8 614.0 34.7 25.9 29.7 37.2 2.1 513.7 624.1 34.5 27.2 31.0 37.6 2.1 544.4 645.4 34.9 28.2 33.9 40.2 2.2 577.1 666.1 36.9 31.1 53.5 61.7 3.4 610.0 694.3 39.4 32.5 60.0 3.4 637.7 712.5 39.7 45.7 51.1 2.8 645.9 712.3 39.1 35.4 35.9 39.6 2.2 655.9 709.1 38.3 36.6 39.3 42.5 2.3 665.2 706.1 37.3 38.0 30.7 32.6 1.7 682.6 709.8 35.7 40.1 34.1 35.4 1.8 692.7 704.5 34.8 40.8 39.1 1.9 1.9 | 516.9 663.6 | 38.9 |
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| 577.1 666.1 36.9 31.1 53.5 61.7 3.4 610.0 694.3 39.4 32.5 52.7 60.0 3.4 610.0 694.3 39.4 32.5 52.7 60.0 3.4 637.7 712.5 39.7 35.9 45.7 51.1 2.8 645.9 712.3 39.1 35.4 39.6 2.2 655.9 709.1 38.3 36.6 39.3 42.5 2.3 665.2 706.1 37.3 38.0 30.7 32.6 1.7 674.8 707.3 36.4 39.0 36.6 38.4 2.0 692.7 704.5 34.8 40.1 34.1 35.4 1.8 | | 38.9 |
| 610.0 694.3 39.4 32.5 52.7 60.0 3.4 637.7 712.5 39.7 33.9 45.7 51.1 2.8 645.9 712.3 39.1 35.9 39.6 2.2 655.9 709.1 38.3 36.6 39.3 42.5 2.3 665.2 706.1 37.3 38.0 30.7 32.6 1.7 674.8 707.3 36.4 39.0 36.6 38.4 2.0 692.7 704.5 34.8 40.1 34.1 35.4 1.8 | | 42.3 |
| 637.7 712.5 39.7 33.9 45.7 51.1 2.8 645.9 712.3 39.1 35.4 35.9 39.6 2.2 655.9 709.1 38.3 36.6 39.3 42.5 2.3 665.2 706.1 37.3 38.0 30.7 32.6 1.7 674.8 707.3 36.4 39.0 36.6 38.4 2.0 682.6 709.8 35.7 40.1 34.1 35.4 1.8 692.7 704.5 34.8 40.8 38.5 39.1 1.9 | | 44.9 |
| 645.9 712.3 39.1 35.4 35.9 39.6 2.2 655.9 709.1 38.3 36.6 39.3 42.5 2.3 665.2 706.1 37.3 38.0 30.7 32.6 1.7 674.8 707.3 36.4 39.0 36.6 38.4 2.0 682.6 709.8 35.7 40.1 34.1 35.4 1.8 692.7 704.5 34.8 40.8 38.5 39.1 1.9 | | 44.7 |
| 655.9 709.1 38.3 36.6 39.3 42.5 2.3 665.2 706.1 37.3 38.0 30.7 32.6 1.7 674.8 707.3 36.4 39.0 36.6 38.4 2.0 682.6 709.8 35.7 40.1 34.1 35.4 1.8 692.7 704.5 34.8 40.8 38.5 39.1 1.9 | | 43.5 |
| 665.2 706.1 37.3 38.0 30.7 32.6 1.7 674.8 707.3 36.4 39.0 36.6 38.4 2.0 682.6 709.8 35.7 40.1 34.1 35.4 1.8 692.7 704.5 34.8 40.8 38.5 39.1 1.9 | | 42.8 |
| 674.8 707.3 36.4 39.0 36.6 38.4 2.0 682.6 709.8 35.7 40.1 34.1 35.4 1.8 692.7 704.5 34.8 40.8 38.5 39.1 1.9 | | 41.2 |
| 682.6 709.8 35.7 40.1 34.1 35.4 1.8 1.8 692.7 704.5 34.8 40.8 38.5 39.1 1.9 | | 40.5 |
| 692.7 704.5 34.8 40.8 38.5 39.1 1.9 | | 39.6 |
| | | 38.8 |
| 707.8 707.8 34.4 41.0 40.7 40.7 2.0 | | 38.4 |
| 733.0 722.1 34.6 40.9 39.0 38.4 1.8 | | 38.4 |
| 2019-20 745.3 722.8 34.2 42.2 46.6 45.2 2.1 834.0 | 834.0 808.8 | 38.3 |

Table 4.2 Public sector expenditure on services by function, 1994-95 to 2017-18

£ billion

| | | sizeh haci | | | _ | | | | | | | | , | aired aleuman | | | | | | | | | | : |
|---|---------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|-----------------|-------|
| | | Easi | Dasis | | | | | | | | | | 9 | Cinals D | dSIS | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | Nati | National Statistics | tistics | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1994-95 | 1995-96 | 1996-97 | 1997-98 | 1994-95 1995-96 1996-97 1997-98 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03 2003-04 2004-05 2005-06 2006-07 2007-08 2008-09 2009-10 2011-12 2011-13 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17 2017-18 | 1999-00 | 2000-01 2 | 001-02 | 002-03 2 | 003-04 20 | 004-05 20 | 05-06 20 | 06-07 200 | 77-08 200 | 8-09 200 | 9-10 201 | 0-11 201 | 11-12 201 | 12-13 201 | 3-14 201 | 14-15 201 | 5-16 201 | 6-17 201 | 7-18 |
| | outturn | outturn outturn outturn outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn outturn outturn | outturn | | outturn | outturn o | outturn o | outturn or | outturn or | outturn ou | outturn ou | outturn outturn | tturn out | outturn out | outturn ou | outturn ou | outturn ou | outturn ou | outturn out | outturn outturr | turn |
| 1. General public services | 32.7 | 36.3 | 37.4 | 39.0 | 39.8 | 37.2 | 38.7 | 36.1 | 35.5 | 38.7 | 43.0 | 46.1 | 48.4 | | 54.7 | | | 63.8 | 59.5 | 61.1 | 59.4 | _ | | 68.3 |
| of which: public and common services | 5.9 | 6.1 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 7.2 | 8.0 | 7.9 | 9.2 | 9.8 | 10.9 | 12.1 | 12.8 | 12.7 | | 14.0 | | | 11.5 | 11.2 | 11.2 | 11.5 | 11.2 | | 13.1 |
| of which: international services | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 3.1 | | 3.7 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 4.5 | 5.1 | 5.5 | 6.2 | 6.3 | 6.7 | 6.4 | | | 7.7 | 7.7 | 8.6 | 10.5 | | | 10.7 |
| of which: public sector debt interest | 23.5 | 26.8 | 28.1 | 29.7 | 29.4 | 25.5 | 26.6 | 22.6 | 21.2 | 22.7 | 25.4 | 27.1 | 29.4 | 32.1 | 34.3 | | | 44.6 | 40.6 | 40.1 | 37.4 | | | 44.5 |
| 2. Defence ⁽¹⁾ | 23.3 | 22.5 | 22.1 | | | 25.1 | 25.7 | 25.4 | 27.0 | 28.8 | 29.8 | 31.0 | 32.2 | 33.7 | 36.8 | | | 38.7 | 36.3 | 36.4 | 36.7 | 36.6 | 37.1 | 38.7 |
| Public order and safety | 15.6 | 16.0 | 16.4 | 17.1 | 18.0 | 18.4 | 20.4 | 23.1 | 24.4 | 26.4 | 28.5 | 29.3 | 30.4 | 31.7 | 33.7 | 34.1 | 33.1 | 32.1 | 31.3 | 29.6 | 30.5 | | | 31.6 |
| 4. Economic affairs | 23.9 | 23.6 | 23.4 | 21.6 | 19.6 | 21.5 | 23.8 | 27.7 | 30.7 | 33.1 | 33.6 | 35.3 | 37.5 | 37.4 | 49.7 | | | 37.8 | 36.7 | 40.9 | 40.6 | 46.5 | 48.5 | 52.5 |
| of which: enterprise and economic | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| development ⁽²⁾ | 4.7 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 3.1 | 4.4 | 4.9 | 5.1 | 5.9 | 0.9 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 6.3 | 7.1 | 16.2 | 12.2 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 2.0 | 6.7 | 6.3 | 7.1 | 8.0 | 8.4 |
| of which: science and technology | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.3 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 4.5 | 5.0 |
| of which: employment policies | 3.2 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 2.1 | 3.5 | 4.1 | 4.7 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 3.8 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.6 |
| of which: agriculture, fisheries and | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| forestry | 3.4 | 3.9 | 5.4 | 4.7 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.7 | 6.3 | 4.9 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 9.6 | 5.1 | | | | | | | 5.4 | 5.2 | | | 5.3 |
| of which: transport ^{(3), (4)} | 11.5 | 10.9 | 9.5 | 8.7 | 7.8 | 7.9 | 9.0 | 11.3 | 14.8 | 16.3 | 16.0 | 17.0 | 19.9 | 20.6 | 21.0 | | | | | 20.8 | 21.8 | | | 31.2 |
| 5. Environment protection | 3.8 | 4.1 | 3.7 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 4.9 | 5.1 | 5.4 | 0.9 | 6.2 | 7.0 | 8.5 | 9.4 | | | 10.4 | 10.9 | 10.5 | 10.7 | 11.2 | 11.6 | 11.6 | 11.0 | 11.4 |
| 6. Housing and community amenities | 6.2 | 0.9 | 5.7 | 4.9 | 5.5 | 4.7 | 5.5 | 6.2 | 5.4 | 6.7 | | 10.7 | 11.5 | 13.0 | 15.3 | | | | | | 10.3 | | | 12.1 |
| 7. Health | 39.4 | 41.4 | 42.8 | 44.5 | 46.9 | 49.4 | 54.2 | 59.8 | 66.2 | 74.9 | | 89.8 | 94.7 | _ | _ | _ | | | _ | _ | _ | | | 45.8 |
| 8. Recreation, culture and religion | 5.2 | 5.5 | 5.7 | 6.4 | 7.2 | 7.7 | 7.8 | 8.6 | 9.3 | 9.7 | 10.0 | 10.8 | 11.4 | | 12.4 | 13.2 | 13.0 | | | 11.6 | | | 11.6 | 11.8 |
| 9. Education ⁽⁵⁾ | 36.2 | 37.0 | 37.8 | 38.6 | 40.0 | 42.2 | 45.9 | 51.2 | 54.7 | 61.0 | | 8.69 | 73.0 | 78.7 | 83.0 | 88.5 | 91.5 | | | | | | | 87.8 |
| 10. Social protection | 102.0 | 107.6 | 112.8 | 114.5 | 115.2 | 123.0 | 128.5 | 137.4 | 145.3 | 155.6 | | • | _ | 7 | | | 230.4 2. | | | | , , | 264.8 20 | | 58.2 |
| EU transactions ⁽⁶⁾ | -4.3 | -4.1 | -5.2 | -3.7 | -2.6 | -2.7 | -2.6 | -4.8 | -1.9 | -2.1 | 6.0- | 9.0- | -1.8 | -1.5 | -2.9 | 6.0 | 5.9 | | | 7.2 | 6.2 | 7.7 | 4.7 | 5.4 |
| Public sector expenditure on services | 284.0 | 295.9 | 302.6 | 308.6 | 318.4 | 331.4 | 353.0 | 376.1 | 402.6 | 439.0 | 471.1 5 | 501.7 5 | 523.7 5 | 555.5 6 | 504.0 6 | 99.8 66 | 660.2 66 | 662.3 6 | 9 8.599 | 675.9 | 87.8 7 | 701.7 | 7.09.7 | 733.6 |
| Accounting adjustments | 21.5 | 23.5 | 21.3 | 24.8 | 24.7 | 24.7 | 25.3 | 28.1 | 35.2 | 38.5 | 45.7 | 44.7 | 48.2 | 51.1 | 57.7 | 55.4 | 57.2 | 54.9 | 0.99 | 57.9 | 62.6 | 55.1 | 62.3 | 55.9 |
| Total Managed Expenditure ⁽⁷⁾ | 305.5 | 319.4 | 323.9 | 333.4 | 343.1 | 356.1 | 378.3 | 404.2 | 437.8 | 477.5 | 516.9 5 | 546.4 5 | 571.9 6 | 9 2.909 | 661.7 6 | 695.2 77 | 717.4 7 | 717.3 7. | 731.8 7 | 733.8 7 | 750.4 7 | 756.8 77 | 772.0 78 | 789.5 |
| | | | . 0 | | | 1000 | | | | | | - | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | |

(1) The 2015 Spending Review continued the commitment to meet the NATO investment pledge to spend 2% of GDP on Defence for this rest of this decade. This is evaluated using the NATO definitions and are therefore not comparable. For example, the NATO Defence figures include pensions whereas in COFOG these are included in Social Protection. Details and figures on NATO Defence expenditures can be found at

the following link: http://www.nato.int/cps/on/natohq/topics_49198.htm

(2) Transactions in 2008-09 onwards have been affected by financial sector interventions. Details are provided in chapter 5 Box 5.A.

(3) Following implementation of ESA2010, Network Rail is now classified to Central Government. Consequently Total Managed Expenditure (TME) includes Network Rail spending in all years shown, however the actual expenditure of Network Rail spending from 2015-16 and is therefore only included within 'Total Expenditure on services' from that year.

(4) Includes Network Rail spending from 2015-16 and is therefore only included within 'Total Expenditure on services' from that year.

(4) Includes Rail spenditure relating from 2015-16 and is therefore only includes expenditure of bodies such as been obtained from the Office for National Statistics and currently includes expenditure of bodies such as

⁽¹⁵⁾ From 2011-12 onwards the 'grant-equivalent element of student loans' is no longer part of the TES framework and has therefore been removed from the Education function. Therefore figures are not directly comparable between 2010-11 and 2011-12. A full explanation of this decision can Crossrail and Rail for London from 2011-12 onwards.

be found in PESA 2016 Annex E. (6) From 2010-11 onwards VAT-based payments are no longer deducted from EU transactions thus bringing these totals in-line with ESA10.

 $^{^{(7)}}$ This exdudes the temporary effects of banks being classified to the public sector. See Box 5.A for details

Table 4.3 Public sector expenditure on services by function in real terms, (1) 1994-95 to 2017-18

| | | | | • | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | H | ± billion |
|---|---------|------------|---|---------|-------------------------|-----------|------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|---------------------|-----------|-----------|---------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| | | cash basis | asis | | | | | | | | | | accru | accruals basis | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | Nation | National Statistics | ics | | | | | | | | |
| | 1994-95 | 1995-96 1 | 1994-95 1995-96 1996-97 1997-98 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03 2003-04 2004-05 2005-05 2006-07 2007-08 2008-09 2009-10 2010-11 2011-12 2012-13 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17 2017-18 | 7-98 19 | 198-99 19 | 99-00 20 | 30-01 200 | 11-02 200. | 2-03 200. | 3-04 2004 | -05 2005 | 06 2006 | -07 2007-0 | 08 2008-0 | 9 2009-10 | 1 2010-11 | 2011-1 | 2 2012-13 | 3 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn outturn | | outturn outturn outturn | utturn or | | outturn out | outturn out | outturn outturn | turn outturn | urn outturn | urn outturn | rn outturn | n outturn | n outturn | outturn | n outturn | outturn o | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn |
| 1. General public services | 50.8 | 54.7 | 54.6 5 | 56.5 | 56.9 | 53.0 | | 49.8 4 | | | | | | | | | | _ | | | 62.0 | 64.6 | 68.3 |
| of which: public and common services | 9.2 | 9.2 | 0.6 | 9.0 | 10.3 | 11.4 | 11.0 | | 13.2 1 | 14.4 1 | 15.5 16.0 | | 15.4 14.8 | 8 16.2 | ? 15.7 | 14.3 | 12.6 | 5 12.1 | 11.9 | 12.0 | 11.7 | 12.7 | 13.1 |
| of which: international services | 5.1 | 5.1 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 5.3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 10.9 | 11.0 | 10.7 |
| of which: public sector debt interest | 36.5 | 40.4 | 41.0 4 | 43.0 | 42.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 39.5 | 40.8 | 44.5 |
| 2. Defence ⁽²⁾ | 36.2 | 34.0 | 32.2 | 31.4 | 35.0 | 35.8 | | 35.0 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 38.1 | 37.8 | 38.7 |
| Public order and safety | 24.3 | 24.1 | 23.9 2 | 24.8 | 25.7 | 797 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 31.4 | 30.6 | 31.6 |
| 4. Economic affairs | 37.2 | 35.6 | 34.1 3 | 31.3 | 28.0 | 9.08 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 48.3 | 49.3 | 52.5 |
| of which: enterprise and economic | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| development ⁽³⁾ | 7.3 | 8.9 | 6.3 | 6.2 | 4.4 | 6.3 | 8.9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 9.9 | 7.4 | 8.1 | 8.4 |
| of which: science and technology | 1.7 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 3.2 3 | 3.8 3 | 3.5 3.9 | 9 3.7 | 7 4.1 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 3.6 | 4.5 | 4.7 | 5.0 | 4.6 | 5.0 |
| of which: employment policies | 5.0 | 4.7 | 4.1 | 3.6 | 4.1 | 5.0 | 5.3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.6 |
| of which: agriculture, fisheries and | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| forestry | 5.3 | 5.9 | 7.9 | 9.9 | 6.3 | 6.1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5.3 | 5.3 |
| of which: transport ^{(4), (5)} | 17.9 | 16.5 | 13.8 | 12.6 | 11.2 | 11.3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 28.9 | 31.2 |
| 5. Environment protection | 5.9 | 6.2 | 5.4 | 9.9 | 6.1 | 7.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 11.2 | 11.4 |
| 6. Housing and community amenities | 9.6 | 9.1 | 8.3 | 7.1 | 7.9 | 2.9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 10.5 | 12.1 |
| 7. Health | 61.3 | 62.5 | 62.4 6 | 64.4 | 67.1 | 70.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 145.0 | 145.8 |
| 8. Recreation, culture and religion | 8.1 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 9.3 | 10.3 | 11.0 | | 11.9 | 12.5 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 11.8 | 11.8 |
| 9. Education ⁽⁶⁾ | 56.3 | 55.8 | 55.1 5 | 55.9 | 57.2 | 1.09 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 86.4 | 87.8 |
| 10. Social protection | 158.7 | 162.4 | 164.4 16 | 165.8 | 164.7 1 | 175.2 | • | 189.5 19 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 269.9 | 268.2 |
| EU transactions ⁽⁷⁾ | -6.7 | -6.2 | - 9.7- | -5.4 | -3.7 | -3.8 | -3.6 | | | -2.8 -1 | -1.2 -0.8 | .8 -2.2 | 2 -1.8 | 8 -3.3 | 1.0 | 9.9 | 4.8 | 7.2 | 7.7 | 6.5 | 8.0 | 4.8 | 5.4 |
| Public sector expenditure on services | 441.8 | 446.5 | 441.2 44 | 446.9 4 | 455.2 4 | 472.0 49 | 2 | | 541.8 57 | | | | _ | | | | | | | | | 721.8 | 733.6 |
| Accounting adjustments | 33.4 | 35.5 | 31.0 3 | 35.9 | 35.4 | 35.2 | | 38.8 4 | 47.4 5 | | | | 9.09 5.8 | 9.99 9 | 63.1 | 63.9 | | 71.4 | 61.5 | 65.6 | 57.3 | 63.4 | 55.9 |
| Total Managed Expenditure® | 475.2 | 482.0 | 472.2 48 | 482.8 4 | 490.6 5 | 507.2 5 | 526.9 55 | 557.5 58 | 589.2 62 | 629.6 663.6 | 3.6 683.5 | .5 694.8 | .8 719.1 | 1 763.8 | 3 791.2 | 801.5 | 791.0 | 791.1 | 779.0 | 786.5 | 786.9 | 785.2 | 789.5 |

¹⁾Real terms figures are the nominal figures adjusted to 2017-18 price levels using GDP deflators from the Office for National Statistics (released 29 June 2018).

(2) The 2015 Spanding Review continued the commitment to meet the NATO investment pledge to spend 2% of GDP on Defence for the rest of this decade. This is evaluated using the NATO definitions that are used in this table. The NATO Defence spenditures can be found at the NATO Defence expenditures can be found at the following link: http://www.nato.int/cps/on/natohq/topics_49198.htm

(3) Tansactions from 2008-09 onwards have been affected by financial sector interventions. Details are provided in chapter 5 Box 5.A.

⁽⁴⁾ Following implementation of EA2010, Network Rail is now classified to Central Government. Consequently Total Managed Expenditure (TME) includes Network Rail spending in all years shown, however the actual expenditure of Network Rail is now classified to Central Government. Consequently Total Managed Expenditure (TME) includes Network Rail is prease shown, however the actual expenditure of Network Rail is now classified to Central Government. budget from 2015-16. The functional analysis shown includes Network Rail spending from 2015-16 and is therefore only included within "Total Expenditure on services' from that year.
(5) In order to align with ONS data, the transport function now includes expenditure relating to the local government part of the Tfl. subsidiary, "Transport Trading Limited". This data has been obtained from the Office for National Statistics and currently includes expenditure of bodies such as Crossrail and Rail for London from 2011-12 onwards.

Form 201-12 onwards the 'grant-equivalent element of student lears' is no longer part of the TES framework and has therefore been removed from the Education function. Therefore figures are not directly comparable between 2010-11 and 2011-12. A full explanation of this decision can

be found in PESA 2016 Annex E.
⁽²⁾ From 2010-11 onwards VAT-based payments are no longer deducted from EU transactions thus bringing these totals in-line with ESA10.
⁽³⁾ This excludes the temporary effects of banks being classified to the public sector. See Box 5.A for details.

Table 4.4 Public sector expenditure on services by function as a per cent of GDP,(1) 1994-95 to 2017-18

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | per cent | ent |
|---|---------|------------|---|--------|----------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|------------|-------------|---------------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------|
| | | cash basis | asis | | | | | | | | | | acı | accruals basis | sis | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | Natio | National Statistics | istics | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1994-95 | 1995-96 1 | 1994-95 1995-96 1996-97 1997-98 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03 2003-04 2004-05 2005-06 2006-07 2007-08 2008-09 2009-10 2010-11 2011-12 2012-13 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17 2017-18 | 197-98 | 1998-99 1 | 999-00 2 | 000-01 20 | 101-02 | 302-03 20 | 103-04 ₂ C | 04-05 20 | 15-06 200 | 16-07 200 | 7-08 2008 | 3-09 2005 | 1-10 2010 | 111 2011 | 1-12 2012 | -13 2013 | -14 201 | 4-15 201 | 5-16 2016 | 5-17 201 | 7-18 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn outturn outturn | | outturn outturn outt | outturn c | Ę | outturn o | outturn o | outturn o | outturn ou | outturn ou | outturn out | outturn out | outturn outt | outturn out | outturn out | outturn outl | outturn out | outturn |
| 1. General public services | 4.0 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.3 | | | | | | | | | | | 3.3 |
| of which: public and common services | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 9.0 | 0.7 | 8.0 | 0.7 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 9.0 |
| of which: international services | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | | | | | | | | | | | 0.5 |
| of which: public sector debt interest | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.0 | | | | | | | | | | | 2.2 |
| 2. Defence ⁽²⁾ | 2.9 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | | | | | | | | | | | 1.9 |
| Public order and safety | 1.9 | 1.9 | <u>.</u> 8. | 1.8 | <u>-</u> 8. | 2.8 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.0 | | | | | | | | | | | 1.5 |
| 4. Economic affairs | 2.9 | 2.7 | 5.6 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | | | | | | | | | | | 5.6 |
| of which: enterprise and economic | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| development ⁽³⁾ | 9.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.4 | | | | | | | | 0.3 | | | 0.4 |
| of which: science and technology | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | | | | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| of which: employment policies | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | | | | | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | | | 0.1 |
| of which: agriculture, fisheries and | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| forestry | 0.4 | 0.5 | 9.0 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 9.0 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.4 (| | | 0.4 | 0.3 | | 0.3 | | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| of which: transport ^{(4), (5)} | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.3 | | 1.2 | | | | | | | | | | | | 1.5 |
| 5. Environment protection | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | | 9.0 | 9.0 | | | | | | | | | | | 9.0 |
| 6. Housing and community amenities | 0.8 | 0.7 | 9.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.5 | | 8.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | 9.0 |
| 7. Health | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.9 | 5.2 | 5.5 | 5.9 | | 6.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | 7.1 |
| 8. Recreation, culture and religion | 9.0 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 8.0 | | 8.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | 9.0 |
| 9. Education ⁽⁶⁾ | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 4.8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4.3 |
| 10. Social protection | 12.5 | 12.5 | 12.3 | 11.9 | 11.5 | 11.8 | 11.7 | 12.0 | 12.1 | 12.3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 3.0 |
| EU transactions ⁽⁷⁾ | -0.5 | -0.5 | 9.0- | -0.4 | -0.3 | -0.3 | -0.2 | -0.4 | -0.2 | -0.2 | -0.1 | 0.0 | -0.1 | -0.1 | -0.2 (| 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.3 |
| Public sector expenditure on services | 34.8 | 34.4 | 33.0 | 32.2 | 31.7 | 31.7 | 32.1 | 33.0 | 33.5 | 34.6 | | | | | • | Ī | • | | | | | | • • • | 2.7 |
| Accounting adjustments | 5.6 | 2.7 | 2.3 | 5.6 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 3.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2.7 |
| Total Managed Expenditure ⁽⁸⁾ | 37.4 | 37.1 | 35.3 | 34.8 | 34.2 | 34.1 | 34.4 | 35.4 | 36.5 | 37.6 | 38.9 | | 38.4 3 | 38.9 42 | 42.3 44 | 44.9 47 | 44.7 43 | 43.5 42 | 42.8 4 | 41.2 4 | | | 38.8 | 38.4 |

(1) GDP until 2017-18 is consistent with the latest figures from the Office for National Statistics (published 29 June 2018).

⁽²⁾ The 2015 Spending Review continued the commitment to meet the NATO investment pledge to spend 2% of GDP on Defence for the rest of this decade. This is evaluated using the NATO definitions that are used in this table. The NATO Defence and are therefore not comparable. For example, the NATO Defence figures include pensions whereas in COFOG and NATO measures of Defence use different definitions and are therefore not comparable. For example, the NATO Defence figures include pensions whereas in COFOG and NATO measures of Defence use different definitions and are therefore not comparable. For example, the NATO Defence figures include pensions whereas in COFOG and NATO measures of Defence use different definitions and are therefore not comparable. For example, the NATO Defence include pensions whereas in COFOG and NATO measures of Defence use different definitions and are therefore not comparable. For example, the NATO Defence is figures include the pensions whereas in COFOG and NATO measures of Defence use different definitions and are therefore not comparable. For example, the NATO Defence is figures included the pensions whereas in COFOG and NATO measures of Defence use different definitions and are therefore not comparable. For example, the NATO Defence is figures in the NATO measures of Defence and the NATO measures of Defence and the NATO measures of Defence are defined to the NATO measures of Defence and the NATO measures of Defence and Defence are defined to the NATO measures of Defence and Defence are defined to the NATO measures of Defence and Defence are defined to the NATO measures of Defence and Defence are defined to the NATO measures of Defence and Defence are defined to the NATO measures of Defence and Defence are defined to the NATO measures of Defence and Defence are defined to the NATO measures of Defence and Defence are defined to the NATO measures of Defence and Defence are defined to the NATO measures of Defence and Defence are defined to the NATO measures of Defence and Defence are defined following link: http://www.nato.int/cps/on/natohg/topics 49198.htm

⁽³⁾ Transactions from 2008-09 onwards have been affected by financial sector interventions. Details are provided in chapter 5 Box 5.A.

Flow 2011-12 onwards the 'grant-equivalent element of student leans' is no longer part of the TES framework and has therefore been removed from the Education function. Therefore figures are not directly comparable between 2010-11 and 2011-12. A full explanation of this decision can (a) Following implementation of ESA2010, Network Rail is now classified to Central Government. Consequently Total Managed Expenditure (TME) includes Network Rail spending in all years shown, however the actual expenditure of Network Rail is now classified to Central Government. Consequently Total Managed Expenditure (TME) includes Network Rail spending in all years shown, however the actual expenditure of Network Rail is now classified to Central Government. budget from 2015-16. The functional analysis shown includes Network Rail spending from 2015-16 and is therefore only included within 'Total Expenditure on services' from that year.
(5) In order to align with ONS data, the transport function now includes expenditure relating to the local government part of the TfL subsidiary, 'Transport Trading Limited'. This data has been obtained from the Office for National Statistics and currently includes expenditure of bodies such as Crossrail and Rail for London from 2011-12 onwards.

be found in PESA 2016 Annex E. The payments are no longer deducted from EU transactions thus bringing these totals in-line with ESA10.

⁽⁷⁾ From 2010-11 onwards VAT-based payments are no longer deducted from EU transactions thus bringing these (8) This excludes the temporary effects of banks being classified to the public sector. See Box 5.A for details.

Public sector expenditure by function, sub-function and economic category

5.1 The analyses in this chapter present public sector expenditure for the years 2013-14 onwards, adjusted so that figures for all years are based on current definitions. All data are National Statistics and are based on the expenditure on services framework (explained in **Annex E**).

What's new

5.2 Since PESA 2017 the layout of table 5.1 has changed and in addition to this, current and capital versions of this table; 5.1a and 5.1b respectively are included within PESA for the first time. In past editions of PESA, table 5.1 would show local government spending allocated to the most relevant departmental group. For PESA 2018 local government is no longer allocated in this way. Instead there is a single line for 'Local Government' towards the bottom of the table showing expenditure split by function. The current and capital tables 5.1a and 5.1b are laid out in the same way as table 5.1.

Relationship between functional series and departments

5.3 Table 5.1 shows public sector expenditure on services by function split across the different government departmental groups for 2017-18. Departmental spending can be spread across a variety of functions, particularly in the case of the devolved administrations. As explained under 'What's new' there is now a single line for Local Government which covers spending for all UK local authorities.

Public sector expenditure on services by sub-function

- **5.4 Table 5.2** provides the most detailed functional analysis of public sector expenditure on services. The tables are presented in a format generally consistent with the level 2 breakdown of the United Nations' Classification Of the Functions Of Government (UN COFOG). The table also shows, in italics, additional Treasury-defined sub-functional divisions that were used prior to the introduction of UN COFOG, but which do not map directly to COFOG level 2. Further information on UN COFOG is available from the United Nations website¹.
- **5.5** The sub-function analysis of health is presented against HM Treasury's own sub-functional classification. This is because the NHS in England and Wales (not applicable to Scotland or Northern Ireland) is neither financed nor organised along the lines of COFOG level 2, so capturing the required additional information is not currently possible.

¹ https://unstats.un.org/unsd/cr/registry/regcst.asp?Cl=4

Public sector expenditure on services by economic category

- **5.6** The economic significance of public spending, such as its impact on GDP, depends on its nature; firstly whether it is current or capital, but also whether it is, for example, a transfer payment or expenditure on goods and services. **Table 5.3** breaks down expenditure on services into its component economic categories.
- **5.7** The presentation of economic categories in **Table 5.3** is broadly consistent with the economic categories used by the Office for National Statistics for the National Accounts. Brief descriptions of each category within expenditure on services are given below. Except where specifically stated, these categories are consistent with the definitions of the corresponding economic categories presented against the budgeting framework in **Table 2.1**:
- **pay** includes wages and salaries, employers' social contributions, payments of accruing superannuation liability charges for UK staff and locally engaged staff overseas, and amounts that finance employee contributions to pension schemes. It also includes income from the recovery of secondee costs. Unlike **Chapter 2**, it does not include payments for contract and agency staff which are treated as procurement instead;
- **gross current procurement** includes expenditure on goods and services, including payments for contract and agency staff, and payments for consultancy and audit services. Expenditure on hire and rentals under PFI and non-PFI operating leases, shown as **Rentals** in **Chapter 2**, are included here. **Income from the sales of goods and services** is now shown separately;
- **current grants to persons and non-profit bodies** are payments to these recipients that do not fund capital formation. They are mainly social security payments but also comprise grants to further and higher education institutions and other non-profit private sector bodies;
- **current grants abroad** are mainly foreign aid, such as programmes to reduce poverty. They also include the EU transactions set out in **Table 5.2**;
- **subsidies** are payments by government to trading businesses (both private sector and public corporations) to provide support for current costs, including payments to farmers under the EU's Common Agricultural Policy as well as subsidies to rail and bus operators. They are given with the objective of influencing their levels of production, their prices, or other factors;
- **net public service pensions** are the costs of pensions on a National Accounts basis; that is, payments to pensioners less receipts of contributions by employers and employees. More information on pensions is included in **Annex D**;
- **public sector debt interest** reflects the debt interest payments to the private sector, so it excludes intra-public sector payments. These payments do not form part of departmental budgets so are not included within **Table 2.1**;
- **capital grants** are transfer payments to the private sector that are usually made on the condition that the recipient uses the funds for capital projects;
- gross capital procurement comprises the acquisition of fixed assets (such as land, buildings and machinery) as well as any increases in stock. It is measured gross of depreciation; and
- **income from sales of capital assets** is the sale value of any assets, such as land, buildings and machinery, disposed of.

Public sector expenditure on services split by current and capital spending

5.8 Table 5.4 gives a functional (COFOG level 1) breakdown of the current and capital expenditure of the public sector for the years from 2013-14. A functional split by sector is available in **Chapter 6** (central government), **Chapter 7** (local government) and **Chapter 8** (public corporations). The split between capital and current follows the National Accounts definition.

Public sector gross procurement by function

- **5.9 Table 5.5** shows public sector gross current procurement by COFOG level 1 function. This is a breakdown of the figure shown in **Table 5.3** and is defined on a National Accounts basis, as described above. Procurement of goods and services by one public sector body from another are included in this table.
- **5.10 Table 5.6** shows public sector gross capital procurement by COFOG level 1 function, and receipts from sales of fixed assets. These are defined on a National Accounts basis, as described above. Figures for asset sales are shown separately for central government, local government and public corporations, as well as for general government, which comprises central government and local government. Receipts, which are at sales value (i.e. book value plus profit or loss), are split between fixed and intangible asset classes, and exclude receipts from sales of financial assets, which are not included within expenditure on services. Sales of assets between public sector bodies are included in this table.

Box 5.A: Treatment of financial sector interventions in expenditure on services

In December 2009 the ONS created an alternative measure of Public Sector Net Borrowing (PSNBex). This treated the classification of banks to the public sector (Northern Rock, Bradford & Bingley, Dunfermline, Lloyds Banking Group and Royal Bank of Scotland) as temporary, reflecting the Government's intention to return these banks to the private sector. As a result, these institutions are treated as if they are outside the public sector.

The financial sector interventions are treated as follows in **Table 5.3**:

Current expenditure on services

• income from sales of goods and services: £0.03 billion in 2013-14, £0.2 billion in 2014-15, Nil in 2015-16, £0.06 billion in 2016-17 and £0.05 billion in 2017-18.

The other transactions shown in **Box 2.A** do not have an impact on the expenditure on services framework because they either take the form of financial transactions which do not constitute spending (as one asset is exchanged for another), or they are offset by imputed recoveries in the National Accounts (such as the liabilities borne by the Financial Services Compensation Scheme).

Table 5.1 Public sector expenditure on services by departmental group and function, 2017-18

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | £ million |
|---|-------------------------|---|---|--|----------|-------------------------|-----------------|--|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------|----------------|---|--------------|--|
| | | | | | | | | | National | National Statistics | | | | | | | | | | |
| Function | General public services | bne əilduq :həidw fo səsiviəs nommos | lenoitenretri international sesvises | of which: public sector debt interest | Defence | Public order and safety | eriette simonos | or which: enterprise and economic development | bne əsnəiss :dəidw fo technology | ınəmyolqmə :dɔidw to səiɔiloq | owhich: agriculture, fisheries and forestry | hoqeneri: ליansport | Environment protection | Ans gaizine Seitineme ytinumm | Неаlth | Recreation, culture and igion | noitsoub3 | noitoetorial protection . | transactions | Public sector expenditure on services for each department |
| / | ٦. | | | | ۲. | .ε | 'ቱ | | | | | | .۶ | | ۲. | | ·6 | 01 | ΕN | |
| | 1 | ı | 1 | | 35,996 | ı | ı | ı | ı | ı | ı | ı | ı | ı | ı | 56 | ı | 2,330 | T | 38,352 |
| Single Intelligence Account | 1 | I | I | I | 2,613 | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | 1 | ı | 2,613 |
| | ı | I | I | I | I | 2,933 | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | Ι | Ι | I | ı | 2,933 |
| Foreign and Commonwealth Office | 1,994 | I | 1,994 | I | ı | ı | ı | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | ı | I | ı | ı | 1,994 |
| nternational Development | 8,949 | 347 | 8,602 | 1 | ı | ı | 1 | I | I | ı | I | I | I | | I | ı | ı | 19 | ı | 600'6 |
| Health and Social Care | ı | I | I | I | ı | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | _ | 17,517 | I | I | -305 | ı | 117,213 |
| | 70 | 20 | ı | ı | ı | I | 2,481 | 15 | 2 | 2,465 | I | I | I | | I | I | - | 56,693 | ı | 159,194 |
| | 19 | 19 | I | I | I | I | | I | I | 11 | I | I | I | I | I | 1 | 36,127 | 3,614 | ı | 39,771 |
| Business, Energy and Industrial | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 175 | 142 | 33 | Ι | I | 114 | 6,342 | 1,261 | 4,991 | 28 | | 32 | 3,384 | Ι | 879 | 162 | Ι | 475 | ı | 11,329 |
| | ı | I | I | I | I | 293 1 | 19,615 | I | 13 | I | _ 1 | 709'6 | _ | I | I | I | I | 14 | ı | 19,922 |
| Exiting the European Union | 27 | I | 57 | I | 1 | I | 1 | I | I | I | | I | I | I | I | 1 | I | 1 | I | 57 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | ı | I | I | I | I | I | 19 | 19 | I | I | | I | 39 | 224 | 6 | 698'9 | \sim | 537 | I | 7,742 |
| Housing, Communities and Local | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 180 | 179 | 1 | I | 4- | 0 | -10 | -10 | I | I | I | I | I | | I | 7 | I | ======================================= | I | 3,880 |
| | 390 | 389 | 1 | I | I | 2,618 | 2,955 | 330 | \mathcal{C} | I | 698 | 1,694 | 213 | 1,676 1 | 12,677 | 249 | 2,563 | 403 | ı | 23,744 |
| | 247 | 247 | I | I | I | - | 1,274 | 221 | 29 | 0 | 443 | 280 | 09 | | 7,204 | 29 | 1,185 | 84 | I | 10,690 |
| | 318 | 318 | I | I | I | 1,208 | 1,349 | 238 | 9 | 80 | 490 | 534 | 43 | | 4,257 | 150 | 2,700 | 7,758 | Ι | 18,327 |
| | 1 | I | I | Ι | I | 8,687 | I | Ι | Ι | I | I | I | Ι | Ι | Ι | Ι | Ι | 44 | 1 | 8,731 |
| Law Officers' Departments | ı | I | I | I | I | 631 | I | I | I | | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | 631 |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | ı | I | I | ı | ı | ı | 3,072 | I | I | | 3,072 | I | 1,211 | 9 | I | ı | I | ı | ı | 4,289 |
| HM Revenue and Customs | 3,713 | 3,713 | 1 | 1 | 1 | ı | 3,743 | 3,743 | I | | 1 | I | 27 | 142 | ı | 1 | I | 38,094 | ı | 45,718 |
| | 44,102 | 997 | 6 | 43,828 | I | I | 112 | 112 | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | 4 | 5,364 | 49,582 |
| | 843 | 843 | I | ı | ı | ı | ı | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | ı | I | 3,496 | ı | 4,340 |
| | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | I | 417 | 417 | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | 1 | I | 1 | ı | 417 |
| Small and Independent Bodies | 1,188 | 1,188 | I | I | I | 4 | 273 | 191 | \mathcal{E} | I | 79 | 30 | I | I | I | I | 155 | I | I | 1,620 |
| | 6,144 | 5,444 | 1 | 200 | 48 1 | 15,076 1 | 10,843 | 1,825 | 1 | ı | | 8,714 | 6,461 | 5,218 | 3,470 | 4,265 | 45,082 | 54,928 | ı | 151,535 |
| Public sector expenditure on services for each function | 68,340 | 13,115 | 10,697 | 44,528 3 | 38,653 3 | 31,564 5 | 52,538 | 8,434 | 5,047 | 2,614 | 5,257 3 | 31,187 11,439 | 1,439 1 | 12,077 145,811 11,791 | 5,811 1 | | 87,814 268,241 | | 5,364 | 733,632 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | _ | |

Table 5.1a Public sector current expenditure on services by departmental group and function, 2017-18

| £ million | Public sector current expenditure on services for each department | 28,722 | 1,991 | 2,445 | 2,246 | 7,174 | 112,679 | 158,872 | 34,575 | | 3,638 | 6,478 | 57 | 6,902 | | 356 | 20,439 | 9,260 | 17,103 | 8,379 | 621 | 3,710 | 45,431 | 49,470 | 4,225 | 402 | 1,460 | 132,042 | 658,675 |
|---------------------|--|---------|-----------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|-----------|---------------------------------|----------|--------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------|---------------|----------|------------------|---------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------------|------------------------------|------------------|---|
| _ | EU transactions | Ι | I | I | ı | ı | ı | ı | ı | | Ι | ı | ı | ı | | I | ı | Ι | ı | ı | ı | ı | ı | 5,364 | ı | ı | I | ı | 5,364 |
| | 10. Social protection | 2,330 | I | I | I | 19 | -305 | 56,475 | 3,614 | | 475 | 14 | I | 537 | | = | 403 | 84 | 7,753 | 44 | I | I | 38,083 | | 3,496 | I | I | 54,669 | |
| | 9. Education | I | I | I | I | I | I | _ | 30,932 | | I | Ι | I | 3 | | I | 2,454 | 1,153 | 2,499 | I | I | I | 1 | I | I | I | 148 | 40,979 | 78,167 267,748 |
| | 8. Recreation, culture and religion | 56 | I | I | I | ı | I | I | I | | Ι | Ι | I | 6,034 | | 2 | 230 | 54 | 133 | Ι | I | I | 1 | I | ı | I | I | 2,921 | 668'6 |
| | 7. Неаlth | ı | I | I | I | I | 12,984 | I | I | | I | Ι | ı | 6 | | ı | 12,269 | 6,855 | 4,048 | Ι | I | I | 1 | I | ı | I | I | 3,455 | 9,619 |
| | 6. Housing and community amenities | I | | | | | | | | | Ι | Ι | I | 220 | | 182 | 89 | 42 | 234 | Ι | I | 9 | 134 | I | I | I | I | 2,128 | 3,013 139,619 |
| | 5. Environment protection | I | I | I | I | 1 | I | I | I | | 481 | - | I | 39 | | ı | 178 | 34 | 40 | I | I | 711 | 27 | I | I | ı | I | 5,880 | 7,391 |
| | hoqeneri :thidw fo | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | | 1 | 6,181 | I | I | | I | 884 | 288 | 252 | I | I | I | ı | I | I | I | 29 | 3,093 | 0,728 |
| | entilusinge: Aphiculture, by the seites of t | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | | Ι | I | I | I | | I | 789 | 375 | 446 | I | I | 2,993 | I | I | I | I | 75 | 16 | 4,770 10,728 |
| National Statistics | or which: employment selicies | I | I | I | I | I | I | 2,362 | 11 | | 99 | Ι | I | I | | I | I | 0 | 80 | I | I | I | 1 | I | I | I | I | I | 2,509 |
| National | bne əorəise: solence and techoology | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | | 1,119 | 0 | I | I | | I | \mathcal{C} | 5 | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | 1,127 |
| | bne əsinqrəinə: həidw to economic dəvəlopment | I | I | I | I | I | I | 15 | I | | 1,329 | I | I | 29 | | 7- | 268 | 136 | 206 | I | I | I | 3,729 | 7 | I | 402 | 154 | 524 | 6,827 |
| | 4. Economic affairs | I | I | I | I | I | I | 2,376 | 1 | | 2,506 | 6,181 | I | 59 | | -5 | 1,943 | 804 | 983 | Ι | I | 2,993 | 3,729 | 7 | I | 402 | 259 | 3,708 | 25,959 |
| | 3. Public order and safety | I | I | 2,445 | I | I | I | I | I | | 111 | 283 | I | I | | 0 | 2,517 | — | 1,136 | 8,335 | 621 | I | I | I | I | I | 4 | 14,078 | 29,530 2 |
| | 2. Defence | 36,366 | 1,991 | I | I | I | I | I | I | | Ι | Ι | I | I | | 4 | I | I | I | Ι | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | 48 | |
| | of which: public sector | 1 | I | I | I | 1 | I | I | I | | I | Ι | ı | I | | I | ı | I | I | I | I | I | 1 | 43,828 | ı | I | I | 200 | 9,452 44,528 28,401 |
| | lenoitemətri: intemator səsiviəs | 1 | I | I | 2,246 | 7,114 | I | I | I | | 25 | Ι | 57 | I | | 1 | 1 | I | I | Ι | I | I | 1 | 6 | 1 | 1 | I | I | 9,452 |
| | bne silduq :hsidw ło sesivies nommos | ı | I | I | I | 1 | I | 20 | 18 | | 40 | Ι | I | I | | 168 | 376 | 235 | 277 | Ι | I | I | 3,458 | 258 | 729 | 1 | 1,050 | 3,476 | 10,104 |
| | to General public services | ı | I | I | 2,246 | 7,114 | I | 20 | 18 | | 92 | Ι | 27 | Ι | | 169 | 377 | 235 | 277 | I | I | I | 3,458 | 44,095 | 729 | I | 1,050 | 4,176 | 64,084 10,104 |
| | Function Departmental Grouping | Defence | Single Intelligence Account | Home Office | Foreign and Commonwealth Office | nternational Development | Health and Social Care | Work and Pensions | Education | Business, Energy and Industrial | Strategy | Fransport | Exiting the European Union | Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | Housing, Communities and Local | Government | Scotland | Wales | Northern Ireland | Justice | Law Officers' Departments | Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | HM Revenue and Customs | HM Treasury | Cabinet Office | International Trade | Small and Independent Bodies | Local Government | Public sector current expenditure on services for each function |

Table 5.1b Public sector capital expenditure on services by departmental group and function, 2017-18

| 1. General public services of which: public and common services of which: international services of which: public sector debt interest |
|---|
| 9'6 – – – |
| 623 |
| 1 1 |
| -252252 |
| 1,835 347 1,488 |
| |
| I I I I I I |
| 1 - 1 |
| 110 102 8 |
| 1 1 |
| 1 - 1 |
| I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I |
| 11 11 |
| 14 14 |
| 12 12 |
| 41 41 |
| I |
| I |
| |
| 254 254 |
| |
| 114 114 |
| |
| 138 – – |
| 1,968 1,968 – – – |
| 4,256 3,011 1,245 - 10,252 2,033 |
| |

Table 5.2 Public sector expenditure on services by sub-function, 2013-14 to 2017-18

| | | Mat | ional Statistics | | £ million |
|--|---------|---------|------------------|---------|-----------|
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturr |
| 1. General public services | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outtur |
| 1.1 Executive and legislative organs, financial and fiscal affairs, external affairs | 10,142 | 9,913 | 10,002 | 10,348 | 10,59 |
| 1.2 Foreign economic aid ⁽¹⁾ | 7,586 | 8,542 | 8,173 | 8,729 | 8,61 |
| 1.3 General services | 7,566 | 932 | 948 | 1,140 | 85 |
| 1.4 Basic research | - | - | J-10 | - | |
| 1.5 R&D general public services | 402 | 407 | 415 | 308 | 35 |
| 1.6 General public services n.e.c. | 2,079 | 2,156 | 2,111 | 2,804 | 3,39 |
| 1.7 Public debt transactions ^{(2), (3)} | 40,108 | 37,418 | 38,006 | 40,153 | 44,52 |
| of which: central government debt interest | 48,797 | 45,371 | 45,127 | 48,659 | 54,74 |
| of which: local government debt interest | 547 | 706 | 762 | 807 | 70 |
| of which: public corporation debt interest | 3,329 | 3,739 | 3,821 | 3,842 | 2,62 |
| of which:Bank of England | -12,565 | -12,398 | -11,704 | -13,155 | -13,54 |
| Total general public services | 61,084 | 59,368 | 59,656 | 63,481 | 68,34 |
| 2. Defence ⁽⁴⁾ | 01,001 | 33,300 | 33,030 | 03,101 | 00/3 1 |
| 2.1 Military defence | 33,021 | 33,749 | 34,012 | 34,995 | 36,409 |
| 2.2 Civil defence | 104 | 104 | 99 | 141 | 140 |
| 2.3 Foreign military aid | 1,362 | 632 | 329 | 515 | 70! |
| 2.4 R&D defence | 1,732 | 2,009 | 1,981 | 1,296 | 1,23 |
| 2.5 Defence n.e.c. | 186 | 202 | 207 | 194 | 169 |
| Total defence | 36,406 | 36,697 | 36,627 | 37,140 | 38,653 |
| 3. Public order and safety | 30,400 | 30,037 | 30,027 | 37,140 | 30,03. |
| 3.1 Police services | 16,351 | 16,662 | 16,569 | 16,371 | 17,52 |
| of which: immigration and citizenship | 976 | 1,196 | 1,063 | 868 | 79 |
| of which: other police services | 15,375 | 15,466 | 15,506 | 15,504 | 16,73 |
| 3.2 Fire-protection services | 2,802 | 2,807 | 2,720 | 2,714 | 2,80 |
| 3.3 Law courts | 5,548 | 6,331 | 5,745 | 5,810 | 6,098 |
| 3.4 Prisons | 4,116 | 3,828 | 4,158 | 4,249 | 4,339 |
| 3.5 R&D public order and safety | 38 | 38 | 35 | 38 | 3 |
| 3.6 Public order and safety n.e.c. | 748 | 820 | 980 | 880 | 76! |
| Total public order and safety | 29,603 | 30,487 | 30,207 | 30,061 | 31,564 |
| 4. Economic affairs | 25,005 | 30,107 | 30,207 | 30,001 | 3.750 |
| 4.1 General economic, commercial and labour affairs ⁽⁵⁾ | 8,402 | 7,421 | 7,719 | 8,102 | 8,346 |
| 4.2 Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting | 5,378 | 5,213 | 4,489 | 5,213 | 5,25 |
| of which: market support under CAP | 2,959 | 2,773 | 2,278 | 2,973 | 2,89 |
| of which: other agriculture, food and fisheries policy | 2,301 | 2,312 | 2,056 | 2,073 | 2,22 |
| of which: forestry | 118 | 129 | 155 | 167 | 13 |
| 4.3 Fuel and energy | 464 | 450 | 463 | 480 | 76 |
| 4.4 Mining, manufacturing and construction | 273 | 39 | 168 | 858 | 1,07 |
| 4.5 Transport | 20,795 | 21,790 | 27,688 | 28,368 | 31,18 |
| of which: national roads | 3,151 | 3,713 | 3,987 | 4,160 | 4,66 |
| of which: local roads | 5,025 | 5,302 | 5,159 | 5,224 | 5,24 |
| of which: local public transport | 2,398 | 2,519 | 2,438 | 2,495 | 2,63 |
| of which: railway ^{(6), (7)} | 9,020 | 9,147 | 14,616 | 15,080 | 17,05. |
| of which: other transport | 1,201 | 1,109 | 1,489 | 1,409 | 1,59 |
| 4.6 Communication | 645 | 436 | 438 | 271 | 198 |
| 4.7 Other industries | 274 | 282 | 277 | 253 | 254 |
| 4.8 R&D economic affairs | 4,194 | 4,472 | 4,819 | 4,488 | 5,04 |
| 4.9 Economic affairs n.e.c. | 459 | 480 | 427 | 432 | 41. |
| Total economic affairs | 40,884 | 40,583 | 46,488 | 48,465 | 52,538 |
| 5. Environment protection | | | | | |
| 5.1 Waste management | 7,828 | 7,896 | 7,938 | 7,909 | 8,34 |
| 5.2 Waste water management | . – | · — | . – | - | - |
| 5.3 Pollution abatement | 142 | 501 | 470 | 78 | 84 |
| 5.4 Protection of biodiversity and landscape | 435 | 475 | 598 | 418 | 36. |
| 5.5 R&D environment protection | 496 | 466 | 456 | 424 | 50 |
| 5.6 Environment protection n.e.c. | 2,308 | 2,250 | 2,148 | 2,215 | 2,14 |
| Total environment protection | 11,209 | 11,589 | 11,609 | 11,043 | 11,439 |

Table 5.2 Public sector expenditure on services by sub-function, 2013-14 to 2017-18 (continued)

| 6. Housing and community amenities 6.1 Housing development | 2013-14 outturn | Nati 2014-15 | onal Statistics | | |
|---|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | 2014-15 | | | |
| | | outturn | 2015-16 outturn | 2016-17 outturn | 2017-18 outturn |
| 6.1 Housing development | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | Outturn |
| | 5,174 | 5,692 | 5,493 | 5,234 | 6,893 |
| of which: local authority housing | 4,074 | 4,738 | 4,685 | 4,358 | 5,558 |
| of which: other social housing | 1,100 | 954 | 808 | 876 | 1,336 |
| 6.2 Community development | 3,062 | 2,950 | 2,642 | 3,165 | 3,211 |
| 6.3 Water supply | 628 | 582 | 581 | 745 | 785 |
| 6.4 Street lighting | 750 | 790 | 814 | 847 | 892 |
| 6.5 R&D housing and community amenities | _ | _ | 2 | 0 | 1 |
| 6.6 Housing and community amenities n.e.c. | 242 | 263 | 299 | 303 | 294 |
| Total housing and community amenities | 9,856 | 10,277 | 9,830 | 10,295 | 12,077 |
| 7. Health ⁽⁸⁾ | | | | | |
| Medical services | 122,815 | 128,596 | 132,766 | 137,337 | 141,216 |
| Medical research | 1,970 | 1,876 | 2,179 | 1,872 | 1,941 |
| Central and other health services | 4,604 | 3,581 | 3,554 | 3,380 | 2,654 |
| Total health | 129,389 | 134,053 | 138,499 | 142,589 | 145,811 |
| 8. Recreation, culture and religion | | | | | |
| 8.1 Recreational and sporting services | 3,472 | 3,997 | 3,268 | 3,230 | 3,013 |
| 8.2 Cultural services | 3,952 | 4,056 | 3,777 | 3,860 | 4,119 |
| 8.3 Broadcasting and publishing services | 3,903 | 4,088 | 4,005 | 4,232 | 4,316 |
| 8.4 Religious and other community services | 95 | 76 | 85 | 58 | 86 |
| 8.5 R&D recreation, culture and religion | 141 | 174 | 168 | 157 | 170 |
| 8.6 Recreation, culture and religion n.e.c. | 46 | 59 | 65 | 69 | 87 |
| Total recreation, culture and religion | 11,607 | 12,449 | 11,367 | 11,606 | 11,791 |
| 9. Education | • | • | | | |
| 9.1 Pre-primary and primary education | 30,474 | 30,749 | 31,203 | 31,045 | 30,996 |
| of which: under fives | 3,396 | 2,932 | 3,102 | 3,125 | 3,891 |
| of which: primary education | 27,078 | 27,817 | 28,101 | 27,920 | 27,106 |
| 9.2 Secondary education ⁽⁹⁾ | 37,488 | 39,138 | 38,972 | 38,928 | 41,655 |
| 9.3 Post-secondary non-tertiary education | 537 | 581 | 508 | 594 | 634 |
| 9.4 Tertiary education | 7,534 | 6,680 | 6,164 | 6,066 | 6,307 |
| 9.5 Education not definable by level | 598 | 735 | 632 | 808 | 891 |
| 9.6 Subsidiary services to education | 4,231 | 3,727 | 3,504 | 3,393 | 3,396 |
| 9.7 R&D education | 1,573 | 1,573 | 1,573 | 1,703 | 1,815 |
| 9.8 Education n.e.c. | 2,246 | 1,872 | 2,358 | 2,369 | 2,120 |
| Total education | 84,681 | 85,055 | 84,914 | 84,905 | 87,814 |
| 10. Social protection | - 1,000 | 22,222 | - 1,- 1 | 2.,222 | 0.70 |
| of which: personal social services | 28,657 | 30,268 | 30,437 | 31,142 | 31,651 |
| 10.1 Sickness and disability | 46,887 | 50,155 | 53,260 | 53,465 | 55,192 |
| of which: personal social services | 9,349 | 9,422 | 9,815 | 9,919 | 10,533 |
| of which: incapacity, disability and injury benefits | 37,538 | 40,733 | 43,445 | 43,546 | 44,659 |
| 10.2 Old age | 114,301 | 118,569 | 120,094 | 121,856 | 124,327 |
| of which: personal social services | 10,273 | 10,552 | 10,037 | 10,442 | 10,716 |
| of which: pensions | 104,028 | 108,016 | 110,057 | 111,413 | 113,610 |
| 10.3 Survivors | 1,135 | 1,153 | 1,167 | 1,157 | 1,019 |
| 10.4 Family and children | 24,631 | 25,250 | 25,340 | 24,934 | 24,334 |
| of which: personal social services | 8,497 | 9,759 | 10,023 | 10,149 | 9,839 |
| of which: family benefits, income support and tax credits | 16,134 | 15,491 | 15,317 | 14,785 | 14,495 |
| 10.5 Unemployment | 4,945 | 3,473 | 2,698 | 2,227 | 2,022 |
| of which: personal social services | - | - | | | |
| of which: other unemployment benefits | 4,945 | 3,473 | 2,698 | 2,227 | 2,022 |
| 10.6 Housing | 26,424 | 26,421 | 26,211 | 25,153 | 24,138 |
| 10.7 Social exclusion n.e.c. ⁽¹⁰⁾ | 32,026 | 32,086 | 32,097 | 32,286 | 33,033 |
| of which: personal social services | 539 | 534 | 563 | 632 | 562 |
| family benefits, income support, Universal Credit and tax credits | 31,487 | 31,552 | 31,535 | 31,654 | 32,470 |
| 10.8 R&D social protection | J1,707 | J 1,JJ2 | <i></i> | J1,0J4 — | J2,770 _ |
| 10.9 Social protection n.e.c. | 3,597 | 3,932 | 3,955 | 4,266 | 4,177 |
| Total social protection | 253,945 | 261,038 | 264,821 | 265,341 | 268,241 |

Table 5.2 Public sector expenditure on services by sub-function, 2013-14 to 2017-18 (continued)

| | | | | | £ million |
|---|---------|---------|------------------|---------|-----------|
| | | Nat | ional Statistics | | |
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn |
| EU transactions(11) | | | | | |
| VAT-based and GNI-based contributions (net of abatement and collection costs) | 11,146 | 10,915 | 10,482 | 8,803 | 9,490 |
| derived as: | | | | | |
| EU gross contribution pre-abatement and after deduction of collection costs | 18,209 | 18,732 | 17,635 | 16,926 | 17,450 |
| Traditional Own Resources (without deduction of collection costs) | -2,933 | -3,006 | -3,085 | -3,366 | -3,413 |
| UK abatement | -4,130 | -4,811 | -4,068 | -4,757 | -4,547 |
| EU receipts | -3,856 | -4,690 | -2,811 | -4,081 | -4,126 |
| Attributed aid and Common Foreign and Security Policy | -79 | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Total EU transactions | 7,211 | 6,225 | 7,671 | 4,722 | 5,364 |
| Public sector expenditure on services | 675,874 | 687,821 | 701,689 | 709,650 | 733,632 |
| Accounting adjustments | 57,939 | 62,624 | 55,078 | 62,336 | 55,863 |
| Total Managed Expenditure ⁽¹²⁾ | 733,813 | 750,445 | 756,767 | 771,986 | 789,495 |

⁽¹⁾ Official Development Assistance (ODA) is the internationally-agreed classification of foreign aid financing and is measured in accordance with international standards agreed by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD). The UN COFOG measure of Foreign economic aid presented in this table is quite different from the UK ODA measure and therefore not comparable. For example the UK ODA measure include financial transactions such a loans, whereas the UN COFOG measure does not. Also, the UK ODA analysis is on a calendar year rather than financial year basis. A link to the latest ODA release is provided here: https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/provisional-uk-official-development-assistance-as-a-proportion-of-gross-national-income-2016

(8) The level of detail required for COFOG level 2 is not yet available in England and Wales. Health spending is therefore presented using HM Treasury's own sub-functional classification.

⁽²⁾ Debt interest figures show gross payments to the private sector and overseas.

⁽a) Bank of England public debt transactions shows data in respect of the Asset Purchase Facility and Special Liquidity Scheme.

(b) The 2015 Spending Review continued the commitment to meet the NATO investment pledge to spend 2% of GDP on Defence for the rest of this decade. This is evaluated using the NATO definitions of Defence spending rather than the UN COFOG definitions that are used in this table. The UN COFOG and NATO measures of Defence use different definitions and are therefore not comparable. For example, the NATO Defence figures include pensions whereas in COFOG these are included in Social Protection. Details and figures on NATO Defence expenditures can be found at the following link: http://www.nato.int/cps/on/natohg/topics 49198.htm

⁽⁵⁾ Transactions from 2013-14 onwards have been affected by financial sector interventions. Details are provided in chapter 5 Box 5.A.

⁽⁶⁾ Following implementation of ESA2010, Network Rail is now classified to Central Government. Consequently Total Managed Expenditure (TME) includes Network Rail spending in all years shown, however the actual expenditure of Network Rail only appears in the Department for Transport budget from 2015-16. The sub-functional analysis shown includes Network Rail spending from 2015-16 and is therefore only included within 'Total Expenditure on services' from that year.

⁽⁷⁾ In order to align with ONS data, the transport function now includes expenditure relating to the local government part of the TfL subsidiary, 'Transport Trading Limited'. This data has been obtained from the Office for National Statistics and currently includes expenditure of bodies such as Crossrail and Rail for London from 2011-12 onwards.

⁽⁹⁾ The Department for Education is currently recording all central government academy expenditure as 'Secondary Education', across all years presented. While secondary schools currently account for the largest population in the academy sector, it is recognised that this will also cover some schools in primary and other functional categories. In future editions of PESA the Department for Education

will look to improve apportionment of spending across the education categories.

(10) Social exclusion n.e.c. includes Child and Working Tax Credits. Also included here are Universal Credit additional costs that were previously scored in 10.9 Social protection n.e.c.

⁽¹¹⁾ An explanation of why the EU transactions are defined in TES in this way is given in Annex E. Complete transactions with the institutions of the EU are shown in Table C.1. (12) This excludes the temporary effects of banks being classified to the public sector. See Box 5.A for details.

Table 5.3 Public sector expenditure on services by economic category, 2013-14 to 2017-18

| | | | | | £ million |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn |
| Public sector current expenditure on services | | | | | |
| Pay | 163,273 | 166,606 | 171,588 | 177,759 | 183,961 |
| Gross current procurement | 198,964 | 205,657 | 208,424 | 213,833 | 219,130 |
| Income from sales of goods and services | -51,066 | -53,035 | -51,883 | -58,725 | -60,874 |
| Current grants to persons and non-profit bodies | 231,739 | 234,881 | 236,657 | 237,951 | 237,138 |
| Current grants abroad | 14,067 | 12,402 | 13,694 | 11,382 | 12,320 |
| Subsidies to private sector companies | 9,039 | 8,820 | 9,972 | 10,904 | 11,428 |
| Subsidies to public corporations | 1,136 | 928 | 924 | 766 | 704 |
| Net public service pensions | 9,081 | 10,182 | 9,649 | 8,891 | 9,327 |
| Public sector debt interest | 40,108 | 37,418 | 38,006 | 40,153 | 44,528 |
| Other | 278 | 289 | 215 | 478 | 1,013 |
| Total public sector current expenditure on services | 616,619 | 624,148 | 637,246 | 643,392 | 658,675 |
| Accounting adjustments | 48,540 | 50,669 | 45,369 | 49,335 | 49,117 |
| Total public sector current expenditure | 665,159 | 674,817 | 682,615 | 692,727 | 707,792 |
| Public sector capital expenditure on services | | | | | |
| Capital grants | 15,654 | 18,314 | 14,545 | 10,503 | 14,071 |
| Gross capital procurement | 47,470 | 51,126 | 57,033 | 61,942 | 65,192 |
| Income from sales of capital assets | -3,870 | -5,765 | -7,134 | -6,185 | -4,307 |
| Total public sector capital expenditure on services | 59,254 | 63,675 | 64,444 | 66,260 | 74,956 |
| Accounting adjustments | 9,400 | 11,953 | 9,708 | 12,999 | 6,747 |
| Total public sector capital expenditure | 68,654 | 75,628 | 74,152 | 79,259 | 81,703 |
| Total public sector expenditure on services | 675,873 | 687,823 | 701,690 | 709,652 | 733,631 |
| Accounting adjustments | 57,940 | 62,622 | 55,077 | 62,334 | 55,864 |
| Total Managed Expenditure | 733,813 | 750,445 | 756,767 | 771,986 | 789,495 |

Table 5.4 Public sector current and capital expenditure on services by function, (1) 2013-14 to 2017-18

| | | | | | £ million |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|
| | | | ional Statistics | | |
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 |
| Dublic sector correct companditions on couriese | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn |
| Public sector current expenditure on services | E0 6E1 | EE 100 | E6 21/ | E0 000 | 64,084 |
| 1. General public services | 58,654 <i>9,372</i> | 55,483 <i>9,703</i> | 56,314 <i>9,851</i> | 58,808 <i>9,709</i> | 10,104 |
| of which: public and common services | | | | | |
| of which: international services of which: public sector debt interest ⁽²⁾ | 9,174 40,108 | 8,362 37,418 | 8,457 38,006 | 8,947 40,153 | 9,452 44,528 |
| 2. Defence ⁽³⁾ | | | 27,796 | | 28,401 |
| 3. Public order and safety | 27,572 | 27,448 | 28,928 | 27,890 | 29,530 |
| 4. Economic affairs | 28,345 22,256 | 29,235 20,021 | 23,522 | 28,945 24,251 | 25,959 |
| | | 5,409 | 6,428 | | 6,827 |
| of which: enterprise and economic development ⁽⁴⁾ | 5,544 | | 0,426 875 | 6,297 | |
| of which: science and technology | 363 | 496 2.806 | | 978 | 1,127 |
| of which: employment policies | 3,718 | 2,806 | 2,363 | 2,340 | 2,509 |
| of which: agriculture, fisheries and forestry | 4,966 | 4,692 | 4,090 | 4,769 | 4,770 |
| of which: transport ⁽⁵⁾ | 7,666 | 6,618 | 9,765 | 9,868 | 10,728 |
| 5. Environment protection | 7,637 | 7,839 | 7,938 | 7,264 | 7,391 |
| 6. Housing and community amenities | 3,137 | 3,062 | 2,986 | 2,943 | 3,013 |
| 7. Health | 121,968 | 127,651 | 132,663 | 136,978 | 139,619 |
| 8. Recreation, culture and religion | 9,754 | 10,427 | 9,327 | 9,381 | 9,399 |
| 9. Education | 75,859 | 75,604 | 75,595 | 77,319 | 78,167 |
| 10. Social protection | 254,228 | 261,150 | 264,506 | 264,890 | 267,748 |
| EU transactions | 7,211 | 6,225 | 7,671 | 4,722 | 5,364 |
| Total public sector current expenditure on services | 616,621 | 624,147 | 637,245 | 643,392 | 658,675 |
| Accounting adjustments | 48,538 | 50,670 | 45,370 | 49,336 | 49,117 |
| Public sector current expenditure | 665,159 | 674,817 | 682,615 | 692,727 | 707,792 |
| Public sector capital expenditure on services | | | | | |
| 1. General public services | 2,430 | 3,885 | 3,342 | 4,673 | 4,256 |
| of which: public and common services | 1,809 | 1,752 | 1,358 | 2,755 | 3,011 |
| of which: international services | 621 | 2,133 | 1,984 | 1,918 | 1,245 |
| 2. Defence ⁽³⁾ | 8,834 | 9,249 | 8,832 | 9,250 | 10,252 |
| 3. Public order and safety | 1,258 | 1,252 | 1,279 | 1,116 | 2,033 |
| 4. Economic affairs | 18,628 | 20,562 | 22,967 | 24,214 | 26,579 |
| of which: enterprise and economic development(4) | 1,178 | 862 | 679 | 1,700 | 1,607 |
| of which: science and technology | 3,831 | 3,976 | 3,944 | 3,510 | 3,920 |
| of which: employment policies | 77 | 32 | 22 | 60 | 105 |
| of which: agriculture, fisheries and forestry | 413 | 520 | 399 | 444 | 488 |
| of which: transport ^{(5), (6)} | 13,129 | 15,172 | 17,924 | 18,501 | 20,459 |
| 5. Environment protection | 3,572 | 3,750 | 3,672 | 3,779 | 4,048 |
| 6. Housing and community amenities | 6,719 | 7,215 | 6,844 | 7,352 | 9,065 |
| 7. Health | 7,421 | 6,402 | 5,836 | 5,611 | 6,192 |
| 8. Recreation, culture and religion | 1,854 | 2,022 | 2,040 | 2,225 | 2,392 |
| 9. Education | 8,821 | 9,450 | 9,319 | 7,587 | 9,648 |
| 10. Social protection | -283 | -112 | 315 | 451 | 493 |
| Total public sector capital expenditure on services | 59,253 | 63,673 | 64,444 | 66,259 | 74,957 |
| Accounting adjustments | 9,401 | 11,955 | 9,708 | 13,000 | 6,746 |
| Public sector capital expenditure | 68,654 | 75,628 | 74,152 | 79,259 | 81,703 |
| Total public sector expenditure on services | 675,874 | 687,821 | 701,689 | 709,650 | 733,632 |
| Accounting adjustments | 57,939 | 62,624 | 55,078 | 62,336 | 55,863 |
| Total Managed Expenditure ⁽⁷⁾ | 733,813 | 750,445 | 756,767 | 771,986 | 789,495 |

⁽¹⁾ Expenditure on services by function and sector is available in the appropriate sectoral chapter: for central government see Table 6.6; for local government see Table 7.4; for public corporations see

⁽a) The 2015 Spending Review continued the commitment to meet the NATO investment pledge to spend 2% of GDP on Defence for the rest of this decade. This is evaluated using the NATO definitions of Defence spending rather than the UN COFOG definitions that are used in this table. The UN COFOG and NATO measures of Defence use different definitions and are therefore not comparable. For example, the NATO Defence figures include pensions whereas in COFOG these are included in Social Protection. Details and figures on NATO Defence expenditures can be found at the following link:

http://www.nato.int/cps/on/natohq/topics_49198.htm

(4) Transactions from 2013-14 onwards have been affected by financial sector interventions. See chapter 5 Box 5.A for details.

⁽a) Following implementation of ESA2010, Network Rail is now classified to Central Government. Consequently Total Managed Expenditure (TME) includes Network Rail spending in all years shown, however the actual expenditure of Network Rail only appears in the Department for Transport budget from 2015-16. The functional analysis shown includes Network Rail spending from 2015-16 and is therefore only included within 'Total Expenditure on services' from that year.

⁽⁶⁾ In order to align with ONS data, the transport function now includes expenditure relating to the local government part of the TfL subsidiary, 'Transport Trading Limited'. This data has been obtained from the Office for National Statistics and currently includes expenditure of bodies such as Crossrail and Rail for London from 2011-12 onwards.

⁽⁷⁾ This excludes the temporary effects of banks being classified to the public sector. See Box 5.A for details.

Table 5.5 Public sector gross current procurement expenditure on services by function, 2013-14 to 2017-18

| | | | ' | | £ million |
|---|---------|---------|------------------|---------|-----------|
| | | Nati | ional Statistics | | |
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn |
| Public sector gross current procurement expenditure on services | | | | | |
| 1. General public services | 12,542 | 12,031 | 12,160 | 11,583 | 11,722 |
| of which: public and common services | 9,591 | 9,063 | 9,083 | 8,594 | 8,692 |
| of which: international services | 2,951 | 2,968 | 3,076 | 2,989 | 3,030 |
| 2. Defence | 16,374 | 16,838 | 16,453 | 15,957 | 16,472 |
| 3. Public order and safety | 12,358 | 12,589 | 12,832 | 12,867 | 13,221 |
| 4. Economic affairs | 11,593 | 10,624 | 12,111 | 12,144 | 12,334 |
| of which: enterprise and economic development | 2,486 | 2,571 | 2,489 | 2,265 | 2,101 |
| of which: science and technology | 219 | 152 | 92 | 35 | 23 |
| of which: employment policies | 2,193 | 1,498 | 1,270 | 1,269 | 1,095 |
| of which: agriculture, fisheries and forestry | 815 | 828 | 833 | 827 | 783 |
| of which: transport ⁽¹⁾ | 5,882 | 5,576 | 7,427 | 7,748 | 8,331 |
| 5. Environment protection | 7,596 | 7,710 | 7,688 | 7,623 | 7,758 |
| 6. Housing and community amenities | 2,821 | 2,802 | 2,701 | 2,645 | 2,552 |
| 7. Health | 74,523 | 78,588 | 80,511 | 86,631 | 89,927 |
| 8. Recreation, culture and religion | 7,485 | 7,554 | 6,857 | 6,744 | 6,438 |
| 9. Education | 23,821 | 24,975 | 24,189 | 23,804 | 24,723 |
| 10. Social protection | 29,850 | 31,946 | 32,922 | 33,835 | 33,984 |
| Total public sector gross current procurement expenditure on services | 198,964 | 205,657 | 208,424 | 213,833 | 219,130 |

⁽¹⁾ Following implementation of ESA2010, Network Rail is now classified to Central Government. Consequently Total Managed Expenditure (TME) includes Network Rail spending in all years shown, however the actual expenditure of Network Rail only appears in the Department for Transport budget from 2015-16. The functional analysis shown includes Network Rail spending from 2015-16 and is therefore only included within 'Gross Current Procurement' from that year.

Table 5.6 Public sector capital procurement expenditure on services by function, 2013-14 to 2017-18

| | | - | | ' | £ million |
|---|---------|---------|------------------|---------|-----------|
| | | Nat | ional Statistics | | |
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn |
| Public sector gross capital procurement expenditure on services | | | | | |
| 1. General public services | 2,671 | 2,403 | 2,391 | 3,462 | 3,802 |
| of which: public and common services | 2,503 | 2,256 | 2,247 | 3,321 | 3,469 |
| of which: international services | 168 | 147 | 144 | 141 | 333 |
| 2. Defence | 9,011 | 9,783 | 9,661 | 9,504 | 10,360 |
| 3. Public order and safety | 1,535 | 1,607 | 1,561 | 1,790 | 2,237 |
| 4. Economic affairs | 10,511 | 11,869 | 19,228 | 20,262 | 21,564 |
| of which: enterprise and economic development | 715 | 493 | 612 | 1,308 | 1,637 |
| of which: science and technology | 712 | 667 | 672 | 591 | 659 |
| of which: employment policies | 76 | 32 | 25 | 62 | 112 |
| of which: agriculture, fisheries and forestry | 292 | 385 | 362 | 353 | 396 |
| of which: transport ⁽¹⁾ | 8,716 | 10,292 | 17,557 | 17,948 | 18,760 |
| 5. Environment protection | 2,830 | 2,906 | 2,901 | 3,053 | 3,290 |
| 6. Housing and community amenities | 5,859 | 6,381 | 6,718 | 7,326 | 8,371 |
| 7. Health | 6,292 | 6,749 | 6,174 | 6,124 | 5,980 |
| 8. Recreation, culture and religion | 1,527 | 1,517 | 1,695 | 1,813 | 1,729 |
| 9. Education | 6,891 | 7,525 | 6,384 | 8,214 | 7,350 |
| 10. Social protection | 345 | 386 | 321 | 395 | 508 |
| Total public sector gross capital procurement expenditure on services | 47,470 | 51,126 | 57,032 | 61,942 | 65,192 |
| Plus public sector receipts from sales of assets | | | | | |
| Central government | | | | | |
| Fixed assets | -665 | -2,195 | -2,777 | -2,137 | -921 |
| Intangible assets | -27 | -107 | -37 | -12 | 42 |
| Total central government receipts | -692 | -2,303 | -2,814 | -2,148 | -879 |
| Local government | | | | | |
| Fixed assets | -1,454 | -1,759 | -2,358 | -1,960 | -1,555 |
| Intangible assets | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Total local government receipts | -1,454 | -1,759 | -2,358 | -1,960 | -1,555 |
| Total general government receipts | -2,146 | -4,062 | -5,172 | -4,108 | -2,433 |
| Public corporations | | | | | |
| Fixed assets | -1,724 | -1,703 | -1,962 | -2,077 | -1,873 |
| Intangible assets | _ | _ | _ | _ | = |
| Total public corporations receipts | -1,724 | -1,703 | -1,962 | -2,077 | -1,873 |
| Total public sector income from sales of capital assets | -3,870 | -5,765 | -7,134 | -6,186 | -4,306 |

⁽¹⁾ Following implementation of ESA2010, Network Rail is now classified to Central Government. Consequently Total Managed Expenditure (TME) includes Network Rail spending in all years shown, however the actual expenditure of Network Rail only appears in the Department for Transport budget from 2015-16. The functional analysis shown includes Network Rail spending from 2015-16 and is therefore only included within 'Capital Procurement' from that year.

6

Central government own expenditure

- **6.1** This section provides summary analyses of central government own expenditure, which comprises the expenditure of government departments and other central government bodies on their own activities. Central government, as defined by the Office for National Statistics (ONS) for the National Accounts, includes the devolved administrations, executive agencies and Arms Length Bodies (ALBs), health trusts and academies.
- **6.2** In addition to staff pay and procurement, central government own expenditure includes grants and subsidies paid to individuals and enterprises in the private sector and subsidies to public corporations. It excludes central government support for local government and support for the capital expenditure of public corporations. These data are shown in **Chapters 7 and 8** respectively.
- **6.3** Central government own expenditure accounts for about 78 per cent of Departmental Expenditure Limits (DEL) and about 89 per cent of departmental Annually Managed Expenditure (AME).
- **6.4 Tables 6.1to 6.3** are presented against the budgeting framework, whereas **Tables 6.4 to 6.6** are presented against the expenditure on services framework.

What's new

6.5 There have been no significant changes since PESA 2017 affecting tables in this chapter.

Central government own expenditure by department

6.6 Table 6.1 gives a departmental breakdown of central government own expenditure. Expenditure in DEL is shown separately from expenditure in departmental AME. DEL expenditure in this table is shown on a full resource budgeting basis, which is given by resource DEL plus capital DEL less depreciation (including impairments) in DEL. In a number of areas, for example education, transport, and law and order, a relatively large proportion of expenditure is by local government, with only a relatively small proportion spent directly by central government – some of which will be recorded by Scotland, Wales or Northern Ireland. Other AME includes locally financed expenditure in Northern Ireland that by convention is classified as central government spending.

Central government own resource and capital expenditure by department

6.7 Tables 6.2 and 6.3 show the resource and capital elements of **Table 6.1**, respectively. Expenditure for each departmental group is therefore shown on a budgeting basis, while the final line in each table shows total central government own expenditure on a National Accounts basis. The lower section of each table shows the adjustments required to move from the budgeting framework to the National Accounts framework.

Central government own expenditure on services by sub-function

6.8 Table 6.4 shows central government own expenditure by sub-function, within the expenditure on services framework. Expenditure on services is an overall measure of public spending that is close to TME, and so broadly represents total current and capital expenditure as in the National Accounts. Full details are available in **Annex E**.

Central government own expenditure on services by economic category

6.9 Table 6.5 shows central government own expenditure by economic category, set within the framework of expenditure on services. An explanation of the different economic categories is available in **Chapter 5**.

Central government own current and capital expenditure on services by function

6.10 Table 6.6 shows central government own current and capital expenditure on services by function. This shows the capital and current split on a National Accounts basis.

Table 6.1 Central government own expenditure in budgets by departmental group,(1) 2013-14 to 2019-20

| | | Nat | ional Statistics | | | | £ million |
|--|-----------------|----------------|------------------|---------------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|
| _ | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| Within DEL | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans | plans |
| Defence | 34,597 | 34,509 | 35,169 | 35,413 | 36,627 | 36,953 | 37,949 |
| Single Intelligence Account | 2,062 | 2,156 | 2,343 | 2,524 | 2,596 | 2,870 | 2,676 |
| Home Office | 2,327 | 2,475 | 2,236 | 2,332 | 2,344 | 2,126 | 2,077 |
| Foreign and Commonwealth Office | 2,110 | 1,866 | 1,889 | 1,997 | 1,808 | 2,342 | 1,324 |
| International Development | 10,020 | 9,650 | 9,250 | 9,992 | 10,262 | 10,113 | 11,769 |
| Health and Social Care | 107,128 | 110,921 | 114,022 | 116,821 | 121,939 | 125,181 | 127,595 |
| Work and Pensions | 6,752 | 6,495 | 5,951 | 5,788 | 5,830 | 5,665 | 5,200 |
| Education | 27,968 | 29,367 | 30,183 | 31,361 | 32,597 | 35,320 | 34,975 |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | 11,449 | 11,415 | 12,203 | 12,212 | 11,811 | 12,363 | 13,021 |
| Transport | 6,033 | 6,595 | 3,015 | 3,628 | 5,485 | 7,821 | 9,123 |
| Exiting the European Union | 7 | 7 | 7 | 23 | 57 | 93 | 94 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | 1,217 | 1,343 | 1,363 | 1,531 | 1,649 | 2,079 | 2,076 |
| MHCLG — Housing and Communities | 2,549 | 2,482 | 1,521 | 2,460 | 3,896 | 5,831 | 7,378 |
| MHCLG – Local Government | 0 | | - | | _ | _ | |
| Scotland | 20,170 | 20,793 | 20,596 | 16,098 | 9,847 | 9,627 | 9,385 |
| Wales | 8,775 | 9,106 | 9,390 | 9,845 | 10,339 | 10,630 | 10,996 |
| Northern Ireland | 10,522 | 10,634 | 10,480 | 10,689 | 11,018 | 11,617 | 11,359 |
| Justice | 7,843 | 7,495 | 7,084 | 7,133 | 7,393 | 6,697 | 6,317 |
| Law Officers' Departments | 578 | 551 | 548 | 537 | 569 | 588 | 574 |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | 2,074 | 2,036 | 1,850 | 1,970 | 2,019 | 1,831 | 1,730 |
| HM Revenue and Customs | 3,634 | 3,425 | 3,530 | 3,884 | 3,930 | 3,638 | 3,403 |
| HM Treasury | -261 | 159 | -539 | 150 | 140 | 391 | 410 |
| Cabinet Office | 261 | 403 | 323 | 443 | 715 | 405 | 303 |
| Department for International Trade | 206 | 279 | 341 | 349 | 396 | 355 | 349 |
| Small and Independent Bodies | 1,395 | 1,300 | 1,366 | 1,395 | 1,484 | 1,796 | 1,708 |
| Total CG own expenditure within DEL | 269,416 | 275,461 | 274,120 | 278,572 | 284,751 | 296,330 | 301,794 |
| Within departmental AME | 203,410 | 275,401 | 274,120 | 210,312 | 204,731 | 250,550 | 301,734 |
| Defence | 6,249 | 8,361 | 12,049 | 5,125 | 16,682 | 8,063 | 6,663 |
| Single Intelligence Account | 19 | 41 | 135 | 13 | 19 | 39 | 39 |
| Home Office | 199 | 582 | -521 | 48 | 27 | 50 | 50 |
| Foreign and Commonwealth Office | 66 | -70 | 39 | -53 | 142 | 100 | 100 |
| International Development | 109 | 151 | 656 | 473 | 721 | 741 | 181 |
| Health and Social Care | 18,124 | 21,948 | 48,539 | 27,796 | 39,664 | 36,802 | 36,572 |
| Work and Pensions | 139,235 | 143,775 | 149,652 | 149,954 | 155,528 | 163,100 | 161,277 |
| Education | 19,046 | 23,471 | 16,938 | 24,520 | 30,835 | 31,725 | 33,289 |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | 1,853 | 7,042 | 100,537 | 3,637 | 74,168 | 4,306 | 2,211 |
| Transport ⁽²⁾ | -5,195 | 6,432 | 12,920 | 13,821 | 14,673 | 15,482 | 15,226 |
| Exiting the European Union | -5,155 | 0,432 | 12,320 | 15,021 | 0 | 3 | 13,220 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | 5,051 | 5,465 | 4,956 | 5,380 | 5,256 | 4,789 | 5,375 |
| MHCLG — Housing and Communities | -48 | 48 | 56 | 154 | 184 | 1,010 | 720 |
| Scotland | 3,005 | 4,298 | 4,694 | 9,996 | 18,057 | 18,457 | 19,322 |
| Wales | 287 | 367 | 51 | 629 | 654 | 1,136 | 1,437 |
| Northern Ireland | 7,888 | 8,821 | 8,976 | 8,746 | 9,207 | 9,964 | 10,317 |
| Justice | -239 | -144 | 483 | 549 | 653 | 616 | 503 |
| Law Officers' Departments | 7 | 13 | -15 | 343 | 11 | 4 | 4 |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | -93 | 79 | 391 | 87 | -195 | 230 | 195 |
| HM Revenue and Customs | 42,575 | 42,931 | 43,194 | 42,329 | 41,845 | 39,759 | 42,529 |
| | | -62,530 | -42,737 | -45,083 | | | -17 |
| HM Treasury ⁽³⁾ Cabinet Office | -5,431 8,641 | 10,573 | 10,366 | 9,140 | -4,311 10,545 | -6,763 10,257 | 9,663 |
| Department for International Trade | 0,041 | 10,373 | 10,500 | 9,140 | 10,343 | 10,237 | 3,003 |
| Small and Independent Bodies | -30 | -116 | -274 | 170 | 556 | 856 | 16 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Total CG own expenditure within dept AME | 241,317 | 221,536 | 371,084 | 257,431 | 414,923 | 340,729 | 345,675 |
| Locally financed expenditure in Northern Ireland | 632 | 661 | 651 | 585 | 596 | 614 | 596 |
| Net expenditure transfers to the EU | 11,879 | 11,658 | 11,253 | 9,160 | 10,188 | 13,154 | 15,112 |
| Central government debt interest | 48,797 | 45,371 | 45,127 | 48,659 | 54,749 | 53,251 | 51,980 |
| Accounting and other adjustments | -12,745 | 16,354 | -123,934 | -2,938 F01 ,460 | -153,960 | -71,359 | -64,474 |
| Total CG own expenditure(4) | 559,296 | 571,041 | 578,301 | 591,469 | 611,247 | 632,719 | 650,683 |

⁽¹⁾ Shown on a full resource budgeting basis, i.e. resource DEL less depreciation plus Capital DEL.
(2) Following implementation of ESA10, Network Rail is now classified to Central Government. Consequently from 2015-16 there is no longer a Central Government capital grant to Network Rail within DEL. The actual expenditure of Network Rail appears in the Department for Transport Resource departmental AME budget. In 2014-15 the Government put in place a loan arrangement in advance of Network Rail's formal reclassification to the Public Sector in September 2014. This is included in Capital departmental AME as lending to the private sector.
(3) Transactions have been affected by financial sector interventions. See Box 2.A for details.
(4) This excludes the temporary effects of banks being classified to the public sector. See Box 5.A for details.

Table 6.2 Central government own resource expenditure in budgets by departmental group, 2013-14 to 2019-20

| | | Nati | ional Statistics | | | | £ million |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| - | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans | plans |
| Within resource DEL | 05.405 | | 0.5.7.5 | 25.554 | | | |
| Defence | 26,106 | 25,716 | 26,763 | 26,661 | 26,923 | 28,208 | 28,952 |
| Single Intelligence Account | 1,564 | 1,606 | 1,768 | 1,920 | 2,020 | 2,227 | 2,021 |
| Home Office | 2,047 | 2,199 | 1,963 | 1,952 | 1,851 | 1,766 | 1,706 |
| Foreign and Commonwealth Office | 1,995 | 1,713 | 1,762 | 1,937 | 2,059 | 2,239 | 1,226 |
| International Development | 7,769 | 7,000 | 6,817 | 7,404 | 7,549 | 7,461 | 8,243 |
| Health and Social Care Work and Pensions | 101,695 6,515 | 105,707 6,245 | 109,474 5,830 | 112,640 5,576 | 116,767 5,482 | 118,976 5,535 | 121,017 5,048 |
| Education | 26,084 | 27,128 | 26,805 | 28,740 | 30,095 | 31,955 | 32,726 |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | 2,135 | 2,166 | 2,228 | 1,608 | 1,470 | 1,674 | 1,740 |
| Transport | 853 | 15 | 598 | 601 | 1,236 | 1,570 | 1,031 |
| Exiting the European Union | 7 | 7 | 7 | 23 | 57 | 92 | 94 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | 1,235 | 1,380 | 1,217 | 1,338 | 1,390 | 1,494 | 1,472 |
| MHCLG — Housing and Communities | 549 | 448 | 271 | 300 | 209 | 387 | 453 |
| MHCLG — Local Government | 0 | _ | _ | _ | = | = | = |
| Scotland | 17,871 | 18,432 | 18,395 | 13,753 | 7,532 | 6,911 | 6,529 |
| Wales | 8,017 | 8,148 | 8,469 | 8,879 | 9,083 | 9,129 | 9,343 |
| Northern Ireland | 9,653 | 9,548 | 9,761 | 9,740 | 9,938 | 10,103 | 9,886 |
| Justice | 7,569 | 7,200 | 6,818 | 6,730 | 6,986 | 6,164 | 5,900 |
| Law Officers' Departments | 575 | 547 | 546 | 524 | 559 | 572 | 566 |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | 1,595 | 1,527 | 1,436 | 1,423 | 1,466 | 1,344 | 1,247 |
| HM Revenue and Customs | 3,416 | 3,191 | 3,302 | 3,557 | 3,649 | 3,388 | 3,174 |
| HM Treasury | -255 | 123 | 122 | 152 | 218 | 167 | 148 |
| Cabinet Office | 236 | 376 | 360 | 396 | 601 | 375 | 288 |
| Department for International Trade | 204 | 277 | 339 | 342 | 380 | 352 | 344 |
| Small and Independent Bodies | 1,319 | 1,217 | 1,276 | 1,292 | 1,307 | 1,487 | 1,333 |
| Total within resource DEL | 228,752 | 231,917 | 236,326 | 237,491 | 238,828 | 243,575 | 244,487 |
| Within resource departmental AME | | | | | | | |
| Defence | 6,377 | 8,311 | 12,020 | 5,125 | 16,637 | 7,926 | 6,663 |
| Single Intelligence Account | 19 | 41 | 135 | 13 | 19 | 39 | 39 |
| Home Office | 199 | 582 | -612 | 48 | 27 | 50 | 50 |
| Foreign and Commonwealth Office | 66 | -70 | 39 | -53 | 142 | 100 | 100 |
| International Development Health and Social Care | 109 | 151 | 206 | 188 | 326 39,664 | 58 36 797 | 181 |
| Work and Pensions | 18,194 139,370 | 21,952 | 48,530 | 27,782 150,041 | | 36,787 162,853 | 36,557 161,277 |
| Education | 10,563 | 143,899 12,908 | 149,800 5,296 | 11,448 | 155,565 15,034 | 13,090 | 11,752 |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | 5,394 | 8,950 | 102,220 | 3,785 | 75,401 | 4,455 | 2,293 |
| Transport ⁽¹⁾ | -5,207 | -264 | 6,125 | 6,921 | 7,405 | 9,424 | 7,886 |
| Exiting the European Union | -5,207 | -204 | 0,125 | 0,921 | 7,405 | 3,424 | 7,000 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | 4,538 | 4,912 | 4,481 | 4,725 | 4,673 | 4,383 | 4,758 |
| MHCLG — Housing and Communities | -48 | 48 | 56 | 154 | 184 | 1,010 | 720 |
| Scotland | 2,669 | 3,858 | 3,951 | 9,186 | 16,933 | 17,642 | 17,790 |
| Wales | -19 | 10 | -331 | 207 | 149 | 349 | 510 |
| Northern Ireland | 7,463 | 8,285 | 8,370 | 8,248 | 8,889 | 9,542 | 9,782 |
| Justice | -239 | -144 | 483 | 549 | 653 | 616 | 503 |
| Law Officers' Departments | 7 | 13 | -15 | | 11 | 4 | 4 |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | -92 | 78 | 391 | 86 | -195 | 214 | 179 |
| HM Revenue and Customs | 42,574 | 42,931 | 43,194 | 42,329 | 41,845 | 39,759 | 42,529 |
| HM Treasury ⁽²⁾ | 6,294 | -49,816 | -13,672 | -25,351 | -615 | -329 | -142 |
| Cabinet Office | 8,641 | 10,573 | 10,366 | 9,140 | 10,545 | 10,257 | 9,663 |
| Department for International Trade | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | _ | 3 | 3 |
| Small and Independent Bodies | -30 | -123 | -332 | -99 | 127 | 130 | 16 |
| Total within resource departmental AME | 246,841 | 217,085 | 380,700 | 254,473 | 393,420 | 318,367 | 313,113 |
| Within resource other AME | | | | | | | |
| Locally financed expenditure in Northern Ireland | 632 | 661 | 651 | 585 | 596 | 614 | 596 |
| Net expenditure transfers to the EU | 11,879 | 11,658 | 11,253 | 9,160 | 10,188 | 13,154 | 15,112 |
| Central government debt interest | 48,797 | 45,371 | 45,127 | 48,659 | 54,749 | 53,251 | 51,980 |
| Accounting and other adjustments | -16,184 | 22,880 | -138,043 | -2,732 | -132,768 | -45,493 | -32,310 |
| Total CG own current expenditure | 520,717 | 529,572 | 536,014 | 547,636 | 565,013 | 583,468 | 592,978 |

⁽¹⁾ Following implementation of ESA10, Network Rail is now classified to Central Government. Consequently Central Government own current expenditure includes Network Rail spending in all years shown. However, the actual expenditure of Network Rail appears in the Department for Transport Resource departmental AME budget from 2015-16.
(2) Transactions have been affected by financial sector interventions. See Box 2.A for details.

Table 6.3 Central government own capital expenditure by departmental group, 2013-14 to 2019-20

| | | Na | tional Statistic | | | | £ million |
|---|---------|--------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------------|
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans | plans |
| Within capital DEL | | | | | | • | |
| Defence | 8,490 | 8,792 | 8,406 | 8,752 | 9,704 | 8,745 | 8,997 |
| Single Intelligence Account | 499 | 550 | 575 | 603 | 576 | 643 | 655 |
| Home Office | 280 | 276 | 273 | 380 | 493 | 360 | 371 |
| Foreign and Commonwealth Office | 115 | 153 | 126 | 60 | -252 | 102 | 98 |
| International Development | 2,251 | 2,650 | 2,433 | 2,588 | 2,713 | 2,652 | 3,527 |
| Health and Social Care | 5,433 | 5,213 | 4,548 | 4,180 | 5,172 | 6,205 | 6,578 |
| Work and Pensions | 237 | 251 | 121 | 212 | 349 | 131 | 152 |
| Education | 1,885 | 2,239 | 3,378 | 2,621 | 2,501 | 3,365 | 2,248 |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | 9,314 | 9,248 | 9,974 | 10,603 | 10,341 | 10,689 | 11,282 |
| Transport | 5,180 | 6,580 | 2,417 | 3,026 | 4,249 | 6,251 | 8,092 |
| Exiting the European Union | · – | | | · | . 1 | 1 | . 0 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | -18 | -36 | 146 | 192 | 258 | 585 | 604 |
| MHCLG — Housing and Communities | 2,000 | 2,034 | 1,250 | 2,159 | 3,688 | 5,445 | 6,925 |
| Scotland | 2,299 | 2,361 | 2,201 | 2,345 | 2,316 | 2,716 | 2,856 |
| Wales | 759 | 958 | 921 | 966 | 1,255 | 1,501 | 1,653 |
| Northern Ireland | 869 | 1,086 | 719 | 949 | 1,080 | 1,514 | 1,474 |
| Justice | 274 | 295 | 266 | 403 | 407 | 532 | 417 |
| Law Officers' Departments | 3 | 4 | 3 | 13 | 10 | 16 | 8 |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | 479 | 508 | 414 | 546 | 553 | 487 | 483 |
| HM Revenue and Customs | 218 | 234 | 228 | 326 | 281 | 250 | 229 |
| HM Treasury | -6 | 36 | -660 | -2 | -78 | 224 | 262 |
| Cabinet Office | 25 | 26 | -37 | 48 | 114 | 30 | 15 |
| Department for International Trade | 3 | 2 | 2 | 6 | 15 | 4 | 4 |
| Small and Independent Bodies | 76 | 83 | 90 | 103 | 177 | 309 | 376 |
| Total within capital DEL | 40,664 | 43,544 | 37,793 | 41,081 | 45,924 | 52,755 | 57,306 |
| Within capital departmental AME | .0,00 | ,. | 0.,.00 | , | .5,52. | 52,755 | 21,000 |
| Defence | -129 | 51 | 29 | | 44 | 137 | _ |
| Home Office | _ | _ | 91 | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| International Development | _ | _ | 450 | 285 | 395 | 683 | _ |
| Health and Social Care | -70 | -5 | 9 | 13 | _ | 15 | 15 |
| Work and Pensions | -134 | -124 | -148 | -87 | -37 | 246 | _ |
| Education | 8,483 | 10,563 | 11,642 | 13,072 | 15,801 | 18,635 | 21,538 |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | -3,541 | -1,908 | -1,683 | -149 | -1,233 | -149 | -83 |
| Transport ⁽¹⁾ | 13 | 6,695 | 6,795 | 6,900 | 7,269 | 6,057 | 7,340 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | 513 | 554 | 475 | 655 | 583 | 406 | 618 |
| MHCLG — Housing and Communities | - | _ | - | _ | _ | - | _ |
| Scotland | 336 | 440 | 744 | 810 | 1,123 | 816 | 1,532 |
| Wales | 306 | 357 | 382 | 422 | 505 | 787 | 927 |
| Northern Ireland | 425 | 536 | 605 | 498 | 318 | 422 | 535 |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | 723 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 16 | 16 |
| HM Revenue and Customs | 0 | 0 | - - | - | - - | 0 | 0 |
| HM Treasury ⁽²⁾ | -11,725 | -12,714 | -29,066 | -19,731 | -3,697 | -6,434 | 126 |
| Small and Independent Bodies | -11,723 | -12,714 7 | -29,000 | 269 | 429 | 726 | 120 |
| Total within capital departmental AME | -5,524 | 4,452 | -9,615 | 2,959 | 21,502 | 22,363 | 32,562 |
| Within capital other AME | -5,524 | 7,732 | -5,015 | 2,333 | 21,302 | 22,303 | 32,302 |
| Accounting and other adjustments | 3,439 | -6,527 | 14,109 | -207 | -21,192 | -25,867 | -32,163 |
| Total CG own capital expenditure ⁽³⁾ | 38,579 | 41,469 | 42,287 | 43,833 | 46,234 | 49,251 | 57,705 |
| Total Cd Own capital expellulture | 30,313 | 71,403 | 72,207 | 45,055 | 40,234 | 73,431 | 31,103 |

¹⁾ In 2014-15 the Government put in place a loan arrangement in advance of Network Rail's formal reclassification to the Public Sector in September 2014. This is included in Capital departmental AME

as lending to the private sector.

(2) Transactions have been affected by financial sector interventions. See Box 2.A for details.

(3) This excludes the temporary effects of banks being classified to the public sector. See Box 5.A for details.

Table 6.4 Central government own expenditure on services by sub-function, 2013-14 to 2019-20

| | | Nat | ional Statistics | ; | | | £ million |
|---|-----------|-----------|------------------|------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| 1. General public services | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | Plans | Plan |
| 1.1 Executive and legislative organs, financial and fiscal affairs, | | | | | | | |
| external affairs | 7,942 | 7,937 | 8,269 | 8,257 | 8,494 | 8,751 | 7,27 |
| 1.2 Foreign economic aid ⁽¹⁾ | 7,586 | 8,542 | 8,173 | 8,729 | 8,613 | 9,197 | 9,93 |
| 1.3 General services | 467 | 492 | 453 | 577 | 575 | 640 | 47 |
| 1.4 Basic research | = | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | |
| 1.5 R&D general public services | 402 | 407 | 415 | 308 | 358 | 437 | 43 |
| 1.6 General public services n.e.c. | 162 | 320 | 298 | 176 | 348 | 241 | 27 |
| 1.7 Public sector debt interest | 48,797 | 45,371 | 45,127 | 48,659 | 54,749 | 53,251 | 51,98 |
| of which: central government debt interest(2) | 48,797 | 45,371 | 45,127 | 48,659 | 54,749 | 53,251 | 51,98 |
| Total general public services | 65,355 | 63,068 | 62,735 | 66,705 | 73,137 | 72,517 | 70,35 |
| 2. Defence ⁽³⁾ | | | | | | | |
| 2.1 Military defence | 33,021 | 33,749 | 34,012 | 34,995 | 36,409 | 36,495 | 37,76 |
| 2.2 Civil defence | 50 | 56 | 53 | 96 | 91 | 78 | = |
| 2.3 Foreign military aid | 1,362 | 632 | 329 | 515 | 705 | 330 | - |
| 2.4 R&D defence | 1,673 | 1,950 | 1,922 | 1,268 | 1,231 | 1,940 | 1,91 |
| 2.5 Defence n.e.c | 186 | 202 | 207 | 194 | 169 | 160 | |
| Total defence | 36,293 | 36,589 | 36,523 | 37,068 | 38,605 | 39,003 | 39,68 |
| 3. Public order and safety | | | | | | | |
| 3.1 Police services | 4,474 | 4,778 | 4,656 | 4,642 | 4,877 | 4,858 | 4,62 |
| of which: immigration and citizenship | 976 | 1,196 | 1,063 | 868 | 791 | 839 | 78 |
| of which: other police services | 3,498 | 3,582 | 3,593 | 3,774 | 4,087 | 4,019 | 3,83 |
| 3.2 Fire-protection services | 395 | 444 | 470 | 452 | 474 | 470 | 44 |
| 3.3 Law courts | 5,465 | 6,244 | 5,654 | 5,713 | 6,000 | 5,815 | 5,46 |
| 3.4 Prisons | 4,116 | 3,828 | 4,158 | 4,249 | 4,339 | 4,518 | 4,16 |
| 3.5 R&D public order and safety | 38 748 | 38 820 | 35 980 | 38 880 | 31 765 | 40 498 | 4 51 |
| 3.6 Public order and safety n.e.c. | 15,236 | 16,152 | 15,952 | 15,974 | 16,487 | 16,199 | 15,25 |
| Total public order and safety 4. Economic affairs | 15,230 | 10,152 | 15,952 | 15,974 | 10,407 | 10,199 | 13,23 |
| 4.1 General economic, commercial and labour affairs ⁽⁴⁾ | 7,567 | 6,528 | 7,230 | 7,316 | 7,656 | 8,347 | 7,85 |
| 4.2 Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting | 5,161 | 4,904 | 4,185 | 4,918 | 4,948 | 5,295 | 5,06 |
| of which: market support under CAP | 2,959 | 2,773 | 2,278 | 2,973 | 2,899 | 2,875 | 2,81 |
| of which: other agriculture, food and fisheries policy | 2,088 | 2,005 | 1,754 | 1,780 | 1,917 | 2,278 | 2,10 |
| of which: forestry | 114 | 127 | 154 | 165 | 132 | 142 | 14. |
| 4.3 Fuel and energy | 464 | 450 | 463 | 480 | 761 | 491 | 39 |
| 4.4 Mining, manufacturing and construction | 2 | 6 | 8 | 14 | 35 | 13 | 1 |
| 4.5 Transport | 10,163 | 10,688 | 16,829 | 17,836 | 20,442 | 21,545 | 25,74 |
| of which: national roads | 3,151 | 3,713 | 3,987 | 4,158 | 4,656 | 4,868 | 5,25 |
| of which: local roads | 370 | 349 | 246 | 315 | 310 | 378 | 26. |
| of which: local public transport | 588 | 511 | 533 | 498 | 530 | 554 | 57. |
| of which: railway ⁽⁵⁾ | 5,227 | 5,331 | 10,880 | 11,709 | 13,660 | 14,452 | 18,38 |
| of which: other transport | 829 | 785 | 1,183 | 1,156 | 1,287 | 1,293 | 1,26 |
| 4.6 Communication | 645 | 436 | 438 | 271 | 198 | 138 | 19 |
| 4.7 Other industries | 156 | 175 | 179 | 155 | 161 | 154 | 13: |
| 4.8 R&D economic affairs | 4,194 | 4,472 | 4,819 | 4,488 | 5,047 | 5,696 | 6,49 |
| 4.9 Economic affairs n.e.c | 459 | 480 | 427 | 432 | 412 | 562 | 44! |
| Total economic affairs | 28,811 | 28,138 | 34,578 | 35,910 | 39,659 | 42,240 | 46,333 |
| 5. Environment protection | | | | | | | |
| 5.1 Waste management | 2,259 | 2,344 | 2,277 | 2,314 | 2,483 | 2,325 | 2,33 |
| 5.2 Waste water management | = | - | = | = | = | = | = |
| 5.3 Pollution abatement | 142 | 501 | 470 | 78 | 84 | 183 | 22 |
| 5.4 Protection of biodiversity and landscape | 432 | 473 | 596 | 416 | 360 | 332 | 320 |
| 5.5 R&D environment protection | 496 | 466 | 456 | 424 | 509 | 478 | 413 |
| 5.6 Environment protection n.e.c | 1,608 | 1,603 | 1,537 | 1,632 | 1,542 | 1,381 | 1,39 |
| Total environment protection | 4,937 | 5,388 | 5,335 | 4,864 | 4,977 | 4,699 | 4,693 |
| 6. Housing and community amenities | 4.070 | 4 000 | 0.00 | 4.046 | 4 570 | 3.000 | 2.00 |
| 6.1 Housing development | 1,078 | 1,000 | 966 | 1,046 | 1,570 | 2,069 | 2,86 |
| of which: local authority housing | 89 | 66 | 152 | 166 | 231 | 297 1 772 | 21. |
| of which: other social housing | 990 | 934 | 814 | 880 E40 | 1,339 | 1,772 | 2,64 |
| 6.2 Community development | 587 | 639 | 455 | 540 | 522 | 644 | 68 |
| 6.3 Water supply | 274 | 265 | 256 | 261 | 292 | 278 | 28 |
| 6.4 Street lighting | 24 | 25 | 26 | 20 | 23 | 23 | 1. |
| 6.5 R&D housing and community amenities | 163 | 100 | 2 | 101 | 1 | 0 | 4 = 4 |
| 6.6 Housing and community amenities n.e.c | 162 | 186 | 213 | 181 | 131 | 215 | 15 |
| Total housing and community amenities | 2,124 | 2,115 | 1,917 | 2,048 | 2,538 | 3,229 | 4,007 |
| | | | | | | | |

Table 6.4 Central government own expenditure on services by sub-function, 2013-14 to 2019-20 (continued)

| | | Not | ianal Ctatistiss | - | | | £ million |
|---|---------|---------|-----------------------------|---------|-------------|-------------|-----------|
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | ional Statistics 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | Plans | Plans |
| 7. Health ⁽⁶⁾ | | | | | | | |
| Medical services | 120,303 | 125,853 | 129,604 | 133,839 | 137,797 | 140,124 | 141,839 |
| Medical research | 1,970 | 1,876 | 2,179 | 1,872 | 1,941 | 1,899 | 1,900 |
| Central and other health services | 4,550 | 3,526 | 3,499 | 3,325 | 2,603 | 6,411 | 6,835 |
| Total health | 126,823 | 131,255 | 135,281 | 139,036 | 142,342 | 148,433 | 150,574 |
| 8. Recreation, culture and religion | | | | | | | |
| 8.1 Recreational and sporting services | 721 | 1,196 | 553 | 629 | 477 | 338 | 499 |
| 8.2 Cultural services | 2,013 | 2,142 | 1,891 | 2,037 | 2,347 | 2,058 | 2,029 |
| 8.3 Broadcasting and publishing services | 3,903 | 4,088 | 4,005 | 4,232 | 4,316 | 4,394 | 4,454 |
| 8.4 Religious and other community services | 64 | 74 | 102 | 97 | 129 | 82 | 63 |
| 8.5 R&D recreation, culture and religion | 141 | 174 | 168 | 157 | 170 | 170 | 173 |
| 8.6 Recreation, culture and religion n.e.c | 46 | 58 | 65 | 69 | 87 | 78 | 78 |
| Total recreation, culture and religion | 6,888 | 7,732 | 6,784 | 7,221 | 7,526 | 7,120 | 7,295 |
| 9. Education | 0,000 | 1,132 | 0,704 | 1,221 | 1,520 | 7,120 | 1,233 |
| 9.1 Pre-primary and primary education | 788 | 835 | 814 | 821 | 796 | 806 | 756 |
| of which: under fives | 97 | 99 | 85 | 86 | 85 | 86 | 85 |
| of which: primary education | 691 | 736 | 729 | 735 | 711 | 721 | 671 |
| 9.2 Secondary education ⁽⁷⁾ | 23,948 | 26,978 | 27,371 | 27,653 | 30,474 | 30,300 | 30,041 |
| 9.3 Post-secondary non-tertiary education | 23,340 | 20,370 | 27,371 | 27,033 | 30,474 — | 30,300 — | 30,041 |
| | | | | | | | 2.015 |
| 9.4 Tertiary education | 7,534 | 6,680 | 6,164 | 6,066 | 6,307 | 4,382 | 3,815 |
| 9.5 Education not definable by level | 408 | 560 | 473 | 655 | 746 | 972 | 1,390 |
| 9.6 Subsidiary services to education | 528 | 573 | 507 | 475 | 508 | 548 | 563 |
| 9.7 R&D education | 1,573 | 1,573 | 1,573 | 1,703 | 1,815 | 2,115 | 2,155 |
| 9.8 Education n.e.c | 2,204 | 1,837 | 2,328 | 2,342 | 2,086 | 3,369 | 3,215 |
| Total education | 36,983 | 39,035 | 39,230 | 39,715 | 42,732 | 42,493 | 41,935 |
| 10. Social protection | 1.064 | 1 112 | 1 202 | 1 202 | 1 207 | 1 255 | 1 27/ |
| of which: personal social services | 1,064 | 1,113 | 1,202 | 1,203 | 1,287 | 1,355 | 1,279 |
| 10.1 Sickness and disability | 37,803 | 41,011 | 43,742 | 43,869 | 45,007 | 46,878 | 50,223 |
| of which: personal social services | 265 | 278 | 297 | 323 | 348 | 372 | 313 |
| of which: incapacity, disability and injury benefits | 37,538 | 40,733 | 43,445 | 43,546 | 44,659 | 46,506 | 49,909 |
| 10.2 Old age | 103,878 | 107,679 | 109,813 | 111,049 | 113,318 | 117,819 | 121,413 |
| of which: personal social services | 449 | 467 | 489 | 495 | 514 | 522 | 507 |
| of which: pensions | 103,429 | 107,212 | 109,324 | 110,554 | 112,804 | 117,297 | 120,906 |
| 10.3 Survivors | 1,135 | 1,153 | 1,167 | 1,157 | 1,019 | 1,136 | 1,110 |
| 10.4 Family and children | 16,434 | 15,814 | 15,688 | 15,131 | 14,881 | 15,064 | 15,864 |
| of which: personal social services | 300 | 323 | 371 | 346 | 386 | 395 | 391 |
| of which: family benefits, income support and tax credits | 16,134 | 15,491 | 15,317 | 14,785 | 14,495 | 14,670 | 15,473 |
| 10.5 Unemployment | 4,945 | 3,473 | 2,698 | 2,227 | 2,022 | 1,952 | 2,978 |
| of which: personal social services | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| of which: other unemployment benefits | 4,945 | 3,473 | 2,698 | 2,227 | 2,022 | 1,952 | 2,978 |
| 10.6 Housing | 620 | 619 | 590 | 583 | 556 | 612 | 641 |
| 10.7 Social exclusion n.e.c. ⁽⁸⁾ | 31,537 | 31,596 | 31,581 | 31,692 | 32,509 | 34,948 | 29,289 |
| of which: personal social services | 50 | 44 | 46 | 39 | 39 | 67 | 68 |
| of which: family benefits, income support, Universal Credit | | | | | | | |
| and tax credits | 31,487 | 31,552 | 31,535 | 31,654 | 32,470 | 34,881 | 29,221 |
| 10.8 R&D Social protection | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 10.9 Social protection n.e.c. | 3,124 | 3,800 | 3,791 | 4,054 | 4,001 | 4,108 | 3,569 |
| Total social protection | 199,477 | 205,146 | 209,069 | 209,762 | 213,313 | 222,517 | 225,085 |

Table 6.4 Central government own expenditure on services by sub-function, 2013-14 to 2019-20 (continued)

| | | | | | | | £ million |
|---|---------|---------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| | | Nati | ional Statistics | ; | | | |
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | Plans | Plans |
| EU transactions ⁽⁹⁾ | | | | | | | |
| VAT-based and GNI-based contributions (net of abatement and | | | | | | | |
| collection costs) | 11,146 | 10,915 | 10,482 | 8,803 | 9,490 | 12,465 | 14,434 |
| derived as: | | | | | | | |
| EU gross contribution pre-abatement and after deduction of | | | | | | | |
| collection costs | 18,209 | 18,732 | 17,635 | 16,926 | 17,450 | 20,323 | 22,458 |
| Traditional Own Resources (without deduction of collection | | | | | | | |
| costs) | -2,933 | -3,006 | -3,085 | -3,366 | -3,413 | -3,447 | -3,391 |
| UK abatement | -4,130 | -4,811 | -4,068 | -4,757 | -4,547 | -4,411 | -4,634 |
| EU receipts | -3,856 | -4,690 | -2,811 | -4,081 | -4,126 | -5,107 | -5,604 |
| Attributed aid and Common Foreign and Security Policy | -79 | = | = | = | = | _ | _ |
| Total EU transactions | 7,211 | 6,225 | 7,671 | 4,722 | 5,364 | 7,358 | 8,829 |
| Total central government own expenditure on services | 530,138 | 540,843 | 555,075 | 563,025 | 586,680 | 605,808 | 614,039 |
| Accounting adjustments | 29,158 | 30,198 | 23,226 | 28,444 | 24,567 | 26,911 | 36,644 |
| Total central government own expenditure(10) | 559,296 | 571,041 | 578,301 | 591,469 | 611,247 | 632,719 | 650,683 |

⁽¹⁾ Official Development Assistance (ODA) is the internationally-agreed classification of foreign aid financing and is measured in accordance with international standards agreed by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD). The UN CÓFOG measure of Foreign economic aid presented in this table is quite different from the UK ODA measure and therefore not comparable. For example the UK ODA measure include financial transactions such a loans, whereas the UN COFOG measure does not. Also, the UK ODA analysis is on a calendar year rather than financial year

basis. A link to the latest ODA release is provided here: https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/provisional-uk-official-development-assistance-as-a-proportion-of-gross-national-income-2016

(2) Central government debt interest figures show gross payments to the private sector and overseas.

(3) The 2015 Spending Review continued the commitment to meet the NATO investment pledge to spend 2% of GDP on Defence for the rest of this decade. This is evaluated using the NATO definitions of Defence spending rather than the UN COFOG definitions that are used in this table. The UN COFOG and NATO measures of Defence use different definitions and are therefore not comparable. For example, the NATO Defence figures include pensions whereas in COFOG these are included in Social Protection. Details and figures on NATO Defence expenditures can be found at the following link: http://www.nato.int/cps/on/natohq/topics_49198.htm

⁽⁴⁾ Transactions from 2013-14 onwards have been affected by financial sector interventions. Details are provided in Box 5.A.

⁽a) Following implementation of ESA2010, Network Rail is now classified to Central Government. Consequently Total Managed Expenditure (TME) includes Network Rail spending in all years shown however the actual expenditure of Network Rail only appears in the Department for Transport budget from 2015-16. The sub-functional analysis only includes Network Rail spending from 2015-16 and is therefore only included within 'Total Expenditure on services' from that year onwards.

(a) The level of detail required for COFOG level 2 is not yet available in England and Wales. Health spending is therefore presented using HM Treasury's own sub-functional classification.

The Department for Education is currently recording all central government academy expenditure as 'Secondary Education', across all years presented. While secondary schools currently account for the largest population in the academy sector, it is recognised that this will also cover some schools in primary and other functional categories. In future editions of PESA the Department for Education will look to improve apportionment of spending across the education categories.

⁽a) Social exclusion n.e.c. includes Child and Working Tax Credits. Also included here are Universal Credit additional costs that were previously scored in 10.9 Social protection n.e.c. (a) An explanation of why the EU transactions are defined in TES in this way is given in Annex E. Complete transactions with the institutions of the EU are shown in Table C.1. (10) This excludes the temporary effects of banks being classified to the public sector. See Box 5.A for details.

Table 6.5 Central government own expenditure on services by economic category, 2013-14 to 2019-20

| | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | £ million |
|--|---------|---------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| | | Nati | ional Statistics | 5 | | | |
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans | plans |
| Central government current expenditure on services | | | | | | | |
| Pay | 99,015 | 103,412 | 109,578 | 115,549 | 121,934 | 127,245 | 128,161 |
| Gross current procurement | 123,186 | 128,440 | 130,207 | 136,000 | 140,493 | 136,587 | 133,797 |
| Income from sales of goods and services | -18,867 | -20,034 | -18,389 | -25,414 | -27,780 | -24,378 | -21,963 |
| Current grants to persons and non-profit bodies | 207,569 | 210,564 | 212,413 | 214,510 | 214,835 | 224,460 | 226,681 |
| Current grants abroad | 14,067 | 12,402 | 13,694 | 11,382 | 12,320 | 14,464 | 15,248 |
| Subsidies to private sector companies | 7,562 | 7,463 | 8,604 | 9,631 | 10,066 | 10,708 | 10,682 |
| Subsidies to public corporations | 1,023 | 821 | 815 | 657 | 597 | 625 | 594 |
| Net public service pensions | 9,081 | 10,182 | 9,649 | 8,891 | 9,327 | 11,359 | 12,775 |
| Central government debt interest | 48,797 | 45,371 | 45,127 | 48,659 | 54,749 | 53,251 | 51,980 |
| Other | 278 | 289 | 215 | 478 | 1,013 | 117 | 108 |
| Total central government own current expenditure on | | | | | | | |
| services | 491,711 | 498,910 | 511,913 | 520,343 | 537,554 | 554,438 | 558,063 |
| Accounting adjustments | 29,006 | 30,662 | 24,101 | 27,293 | 27,459 | 29,030 | 34,915 |
| Total central government own current expenditure | 520,717 | 529,572 | 536,014 | 547,636 | 565,013 | 583,468 | 592,978 |
| Central government capital expenditure on services | | | | | | | |
| Capital grants to persons and non-profit bodies | 6,499 | 6,923 | 7,369 | 4,417 | 7,474 | 8,702 | 9,133 |
| Capital grants to private sector companies(1) (2) | 5,355 | 6,135 | 2,297 | 1,577 | 2,281 | 5,162 | 4,303 |
| Capital grants abroad | 1,405 | 2,754 | 2,753 | 2,686 | 2,245 | 3,105 | 2,968 |
| Gross capital procurement ⁽²⁾ | 25,859 | 28,424 | 33,558 | 36,150 | 38,004 | 37,107 | 41,315 |
| Income from sales of capital assets | -692 | -2,303 | -2,814 | -2,148 | -879 | -2,707 | -1,742 |
| Total central government own capital expenditure on | | | | | | | |
| services | 38,426 | 41,933 | 43,163 | 42,682 | 49,125 | 51,369 | 55,977 |
| Accounting adjustments | 153 | -464 | -876 | 1,151 | -2,891 | -2,118 | 1,728 |
| Total central government own capital expenditure | 38,579 | 41,469 | 42,287 | 43,833 | 46,234 | 49,251 | 57,705 |
| Total central government own expenditure on services | 530,137 | 540,843 | 555,076 | 563,025 | 586,679 | 605,807 | 614,040 |
| Accounting adjustments | 29,159 | 30,198 | 23,225 | 28,444 | 24,568 | 26,912 | 36,643 |
| Total central government own expenditure(3) | 559,296 | 571,041 | 578,301 | 591,469 | 611,247 | 632,719 | 650,683 |

⁽¹⁾ Transactions have been affected by financial sector interventions. See Box 5.A for details.
(2) Following implementation of ESA10, Network Rail is now classified to Central Government. Consequently from 2015-16 there is no longer a Central Government capital grant to Network Rail within DEL. The actual expenditure of Network Rail appears in the Department for Transport Resource departmental AME budget. In 2014-15 the Government put in place a loan arrangement in advance of Network Rail's formal reclassification to the Public Sector in September 2014.
(3) This excludes the temporary effects of banks being classified to the publ; ic sector. See Box 5.A for details.

Table 6.6 Central government own current and capital expenditure on services by function, 2013-14 to 2019-20

| | | Nati | ional Statistics | | | | £ million |
|---|---------|--------------|-----------------------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | ional Statistics 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | Plans | Plans |
| Central government own current expenditure on | | | | | | | |
| services | (2,000 | CO 110 | 60.022 | 62.010 | 70.020 | CO 020 | CC 057 |
| 1. General public services | 63,968 | 60,118 | 60,032 | 63,910 | 70,830 | 69,038 | 66,957 |
| of which: public and common services | 5,997 | 6,386 | 6,447 | 6,304 | 6,629 | 6,457 | 5,802 |
| of which: international services | 9,174 | <i>8,362</i> | <i>8,457</i> | 8,947 | 9,452 | 9,330 | 9,175 |
| of which: public sector debt interest | 48,797 | 45,371 | 45,127 | 48,659 | 54,749 | 53,251 | 51,980 |
| 2. Defence ⁽¹⁾ | 27,518 | 27,400 | 27,750 | 27,845 | 28,353 | 29,519 | 30,029 |
| 3. Public order and safety | 14,490 | 15,420 | 15,172 | 15,080 | 15,452 | 15,029 | 14,349 |
| 4. Economic affairs | 17,511 | 15,577 | 19,586 | 20,519 | 22,251 | 23,116 | 23,179 |
| of which: enterprise and economic development ⁽²⁾ | 4,642 | 4,498 | 5,815 | 5,595 | 6,302 | 6,260 | 5,871 |
| of which: science and technology | 363 | 496 | 875 | 978 | 1,127 | 1,153 | 1,427 |
| of which: employment policies | 3,718 | 2,806 | 2,363 | 2,340 | 2,509 | 2,757 | 2,556 |
| of which: agriculture, fisheries and forestry | 4,880 | 4,604 | 3,988 | 4,668 | 4,679 | 4,944 | 4,803 |
| of which: transport ⁽³⁾ | 3,909 | 3,172 | 6,545 | 6,939 | 7,635 | 8,002 | 8,521 |
| 5. Environment protection | 1,988 | 2,211 | 2,252 | 1,581 | 1,510 | 1,455 | 1,564 |
| 6. Housing and community amenities | 797 | 843 | 867 | 925 | 885 | 1,030 | 1,122 |
| 7. Health | 119,408 | 124,863 | 129,458 | 133,444 | 136,165 | 141,093 | 142,650 |
| 8. Recreation, culture and religion | 6,017 | 6,856 | 5,989 | 6,230 | 6,478 | 5,919 | 5,878 |
| 9. Education | 32,766 | 33,887 | 34,139 | 36,446 | 37,188 | 38,429 | 38,478 |
| 10. Social protection | 200,040 | 205,511 | 208,997 | 209,641 | 213,079 | 222,451 | 225,027 |
| EU transactions | 7,211 | 6,225 | 7,671 | 4,722 | 5,364 | 7,358 | 8,830 |
| Total central government own current expenditure on | | | | | | | |
| services | 491,712 | 498,910 | 511,912 | 520,343 | 537,555 | 554,438 | 558,062 |
| Accounting adjustments | 29,005 | 30,662 | 24,102 | 27,293 | 27,458 | 29,030 | 34,916 |
| Total central government own current expenditure | 520,717 | 529,572 | 536,014 | 547,636 | 565,013 | 583,468 | 592,978 |
| Central government own capital expenditure on services | | | | | | | |
| 1. General public services | 1,388 | 2,950 | 2,703 | 2,796 | 2,307 | 3,479 | 3,400 |
| of which: public and common services | 783 | 833 | 724 | 909 | 1,062 | 1,191 | 1,231 |
| of which: international services | 604 | 2,117 | 1,979 | 1,887 | 1,245 | 2,288 | 2,169 |
| 2. Defence ⁽¹⁾ | 8,775 | 9,190 | 8,773 | 9,223 | 10,252 | 9,484 | 9,652 |
| 3. Public order and safety | 746 | 733 | 780 | 894 | 1,036 | 1,170 | 901 |
| 4. Economic affairs | 11,301 | 12,562 | 14,991 | 15,391 | 17,408 | 19,124 | 23,155 |
| of which: enterprise and economic development(2) | 856 | 739 | 545 | 674 | 307 | 657 | 581 |
| of which: science and technology | 3,831 | 3,976 | 3,944 | 3,510 | 3,920 | 4,543 | 5,069 |
| of which: employment policies | 77 | 32 | 22 | 60 | 105 | 30 | 24 |
| of which: agriculture, fisheries and forestry | 281 | 300 | 197 | 250 | 270 | 351 | 259 |
| of which: transport ⁽³⁾ | 6,255 | 7,515 | 10,284 | 10,897 | 12,807 | 13,543 | 17,222 |
| 5. Environment protection | 2,948 | 3,177 | 3,083 | 3,283 | 3,467 | 3,243 | 3,129 |
| Housing and community amenities | 1,328 | 1,272 | 1,051 | 1,123 | 1,653 | 2,199 | 2,884 |
| 7. Health | 7,415 | 6,392 | 5,823 | 5,592 | 6,177 | 7,340 | 7,924 |
| 8. Recreation, culture and religion | 871 | 875 | 796 | 991 | 1,047 | 1,201 | 1,418 |
| 9. Education | 4,217 | 5,148 | 5,091 | 3,269 | 5,545 | 4,063 | 3,457 |
| 10. Social protection | -563 | -365 | 73 | 121 | 234 | 4,003 | 58 |
| | -202 | -303 | /3 | 141 | 234 | 07 | 30 |
| Total central government own capital expenditure on services | 38,426 | 41,933 | 43,163 | 42,682 | 49,126 | 51,370 | 55,978 |
| Accounting adjustments | 153 | -464 | -876 | 1,151 | -2,892 | -2,119 | 1,727 |
| Total central government own capital expenditure ⁽⁴⁾ | 38,579 | 41,469 | 42,287 | 43,833 | 46,234 | 49,251 | 57,705 |

⁽¹⁾ The 2015 Spending Review continued the commitment to meet the NATO investment pledge to spend 2% of GDP on Defence for the rest of this decade. This is evaluated using the NATO definitions of Defence spending rather than the UN COFOG definitions that are used in this table. The UN COFOG and NATO measures of Defence use different definitions and are therefore not comparable. For example, the NATO Defence figures include pensions whereas in COFOG these are included in Social Protection. Details and figures on NATO Defence expenditures can be found at the following link: http://www.nato.int/cps/on/natohd/topics_49198.htm

[2] Transactions from 2013-14 onwards have been affected by financial sector interventions. See Box 5.A for details.

[3] Following implementation of ESA2010, Network Rail is now classified to Central Government. Consequently Total Managed Expenditure (TME) includes Network Rail spending in all years shown

however the actual expenditure of Network Rail only appears in the Department for Transport budget from 2015-16. The functional analysis only includes Network Rail spending from 2015-16 and is therefore only included within 'Total Expenditure on services' from that year onwards.

⁽⁴⁾ This excludes the temporary effects of banks being classified to the public sector. See Box 5.A for details.

7

Local government financing and expenditure

- **7.1** This chapter describes central government support for local government within budgets (**Tables 7.1 to 7.3**) and local government expenditure on services (**Tables 7.4 to 7.8**). It deals primarily with Great Britain most equivalent spending in Northern Ireland is central government spending carried out by Northern Ireland departments. Where relevant, district council spending in Northern Ireland is included in this chapter.
- **7.2** Data for outturn years (to 2017-18) are covered by National Statistics protocols.
- **7.3** Central government support data (**Tables 7.1 to 7.3**) for all years up to 2017-18 are final outturn figures and data from 2018-19 onwards are latest plans.
- **7.4** Local government spending data (**Tables 7.4 to 7.8**) for all years up to 2016-17 are final outturn, while data for 2017-18 are based on budget plans and provisional outturns, where the latter are available.

What's new

7.5 Since PESA 2017, financing of the Scottish Government has been largely moved from DEL to AME, causing large changes to those totals in table 7.1. The net effect of this on total levels is zero.

The financing of local government expenditure

- **7.6** Central government support for local government expenditure is provided in two main forms: capital and current grants and the redistribution of non-domestic rate payments. Grant support may be non-specific (e.g. Revenue Support Grant), or related to specific services (e.g. Dedicated Schools Grant). A non-domestic rates retention scheme was introduced in England from April 2013, which allows local authorities to keep a proportion of the rates they collect, along with growth in the revenue that is generated in their area. Local government expenditure can also be financed by Supported Capital Expenditure (Revenue), equivalent to supported borrowing in Scotland. However, this was discontinued in England as of 31 March 2011.
- **7.7** Local authorities also raise finance locally, largely through council tax; receipts from sales of assets; contributions from developers; sales, fees and charges; and borrowing. By convention, Scottish Non-Domestic Rates Income (NDRI) is shown in PESA as locally financed central government support in other AME, as it is raised in Scotland rather than funded by Whitehall.
- **7.8** Funding provided to local government by the EU is channelled through departmental budgets but is not treated as central government support in PESA. This is because the receipts from the EU offset in budgets against the subsequent payment to local government, so this funding forms part of the accounting and other adjustments that are required to reconcile the departmental budgeting data to an aggregate drawn from the National Accounts.

7.9 Table 7.1 shows current and capital support provided to local government within each country in the UK, according to whether support is in DEL or AME. As noted above, further adjustments are made to these budgeting aggregates to reconcile with total local government expenditure in the National Accounts.

Support for local government current spending

7.10 Central government support for current expenditure on local services is largely provided through:

- Revenue Support Grant (RSG) a non-ring-fenced grant paid to local government in England, Scotland and Wales;
- non-domestic (business) rate payments the proceeds of National Non-Domestic Rates (NNDR) were originally pooled separately in England and Wales, and then redistributed. As noted above, equivalent payments in Scotland are considered to be locally financed rather than central government support. From 1 April 2013 local authorities in England retain a proportion of this income. Also, from 2015-16 Welsh non-domestic rates move from central government DEL support to locally raised finance, and;
- other specific and special grants such as the schools grant and police grant, which fund part of the current expenditure on a specific service or activity.
- 7.11 Table 7.2 shows the above support by country, departmental group and grant.

Support for local government capital programmes

7.12 Central government support for local government capital expenditure comprises capital grants and Supported Capital Expenditure (Revenue) in Wales, equivalent to supported borrowing in Scotland. The latter enables local authorities to borrow or use other forms of credit to finance capital expenditure, with central government providing a revenue stream to support repayment of principal and interest. This is distinct from prudential borrowing where local authorities finance any additional borrowing from their own available resources. **Table 7.3** shows the components of central government capital support within the United Kingdom by country and department.

Data sources and data quality

7.13 The central government support for local government shown in **Tables 7.1 to 7.3** is taken from finance data loaded onto the Treasury spending database by departments, consistent with their resource accounts.

Local government expenditure

7.14 Total local government expenditure is defined as the contribution of local government to Total Managed Expenditure (TME). TME is a consolidated measure in the sense that most transactions between parts of the public sector are excluded. For example, total local government expenditure defined here excludes capital grants paid to public corporations and interest paid to central government. Local government expenditure accounts for around one quarter of TME.

7.15 Local government have considerable discretion to determine the level, pattern, and standard of the main services - subject to the financial resources available, including the implications for local taxation, and in some cases subject also to central government regulation and inspection of the service provided.

Local government expenditure on services

- **7.16** The measure of local government spending that is analysed by function and economic category in PESA is local government expenditure on services. It is largely equivalent to the National Accounts measure of local government expenditure, which is also shown in the tables. **Annex E** gives more information on expenditure on services.
- **7.17** The functional categories in **Tables 7.4 to 7.7** are based on the UN Classification Of the Functions Of Government (COFOG) and are consistent with the functional categories used in other PESA chapters:
- **Table 7.4** presents total local government expenditure by function;
- **Table 7.5** shows local government current expenditure by country and function;
- **Table 7.6** shows gross capital expenditure, split by country and function. Gross indicates that it is before sales of capital assets and depreciation; and
- **Table 7.7** shows local government capital receipts within the United Kingdom, again by country and function.
- **7.18 Table 7.8** shows local government expenditure by country and economic category. The economic categories are broadly consistent with those used by the ONS for the National Accounts. These are described in **Chapter 5**.

Data sources and data quality

- **7.19** The local government expenditure shown in **Tables 7.4 to 7.8** is based on revenue (current) and capital data collections completed by local authorities and sent to the Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government (MHCLG) and the devolved administrations (Scottish Government, Welsh Government and Northern Ireland Executive). These departments carry out quality assurance on the data received, produce aggregate results for publication, and supply this information to the Treasury.
- **7.20** Information is sought from all local authorities, who derive the material from the accounting records used to produce audited accounts. However, detailed expenditure breakdowns may be of lower quality because of inconsistencies of classification by respondents and resource constraints on quality assurance.
- **7.21** Spending information received from local government is described in terms of local authority services (e.g. education, roads, etc.). The Treasury assign spending to the COFOG functional categories used in PESA. In general the link from service categories to COFOG categories is relatively clear, but in some cases it is less straightforward and assumptions are applied.
- **7.22** Although the quality of the local government expenditure data in PESA is good enough to provide a broad picture of local government spending, the quality is likely to be lower than the quality of the central government data in PESA. Figures are shown to the nearest £1m so that users performing calculations on the numbers do not introduce errors due to working on rounded numbers.
- **7.23** The Treasury are working with MHCLG and the ONS to improve the quality and timeliness of local government spending data.

7.24 More information on local government finance and spending is available from the following sources:

England – Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government

- [https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/ local-authority-revenue-expenditure-and-financing]
- [https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/ local-authority-capital-expenditure-receipts-and-financing]

Scotland – Scottish Government

• [http://www.gov.scot/Topics/Statistics/Browse/Local-Government-Finance]

Wales – Welsh Government

• [https://statswales.gov.wales/Catalogue/Local-Government/Finance]

Table 7.1 Financing of local government in the United Kingdom by country, 2013-14 to 2019-20

| | | | | | | | £ million |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | | Nat | ional Statistic | 5 | | | |
| | 2013-14 outturn | 2014-15 outturn | 2015-16 outturn | 2016-17 outturn | 2017-18 outturn | 2018-19 plans | 2019-20 plans |
| Current finance in DEL | | | | | | | |
| England | 66,330 | 63,070 | 58,811 | 55,695 | 52,816 | 50,358 | 51,659 |
| Scotland | 41 | 30 | 28 | 25 | 22 | 24 | 0 |
| Wales | 5,717 | 5,621 | 4,361 | 4,205 | 4,218 | 4,128 | 3,930 |
| Northern Ireland | 58 | 138 | 147 | 152 | 148 | 142 | 141 |
| Total current finance in DEL | 72,146 | 68,859 | 63,347 | 60,077 | 57,204 | 54,652 | 55,730 |
| Capital support in DEL | | | | | | | |
| England | 8,009 | 8,878 | 9,022 | 8,819 | 7,616 | 8,017 | 9,533 |
| Scotland | _ | - | _ | = | _ | = | _ |
| Wales | 569 | 535 | 555 | 481 | 509 | 400 | 460 |
| Northern Ireland | 2 | 6 | 46 | 5 | 3 | 11 | 4 |
| Total capital support in DEL | 8,580 | 9,419 | 9,623 | 9,305 | 8,128 | 8,428 | 9,997 |
| Total central government support in DEL (1) | 80,726 | 78,278 | 72,970 | 69,382 | 65,332 | 63,080 | 65,727 |
| Current finance in departmental AME | | | | | | | |
| England | 33,826 | 34,556 | 35,227 | 34,978 | 37,356 | 42,121 | 37,156 |
| Scotland | 9,374 | 9,035 | 8,551 | 8,187 | 8,299 | 8,450 | 8,129 |
| Wales | 1,003 | 1,025 | 1,023 | 1,026 | 1,006 | 982 | 1,063 |
| Northern Ireland | _ | _ | _ | - | - | - | _ |
| Total current finance in departmental AME | 44,203 | 44,616 | 44,801 | 44,191 | 46,661 | 51,553 | 46,348 |
| Capital support in departmental AME | | | | | | | |
| England | 132 | 310 | 333 | 110 | -302 | -302 | -369 |
| Scotland | 565 | 829 | 880 | 817 | 912 | 1,039 | 706 |
| Wales | _ | _ | 5 | = | _ | = | = |
| Northern Ireland | _ | _ | _ | = | _ | _ | = |
| Total capital support in departmental AME | 697 | 1,139 | 1,218 | 927 | 610 | 737 | 337 |
| Total central government support in departmental AME (2) | 44,900 | 45,755 | 46,019 | 45,118 | 47,271 | 52,290 | 46,685 |
| Locally financed expenditure | | | | | | | |
| Local authority self-financed expenditure | 26,996 | 28,928 | 33,699 | 38,604 | 42,051 | 43,921 | 44,143 |
| Locally financed support in Scotland (3) | 2,435 | 2,650 | 2,789 | 2,769 | 2,666 | 2,636 | 2,800 |
| Locally financed support in Wales (4) | _ | _ | 1,875 | 977 | 1,059 | 1,050 | 1,063 |
| Total locally financed expenditure | 29,431 | 31,578 | 38,363 | 42,350 | 45,776 | 47,607 | 48,006 |
| Total financing of local government expenditure | 155,057 | 155,611 | 157,352 | 156,850 | 158,379 | 162,977 | 160,418 |
| Accounting and other adjustments | 15,159 | 14,761 | 14,080 | 15,891 | 14,393 | 17,652 | 21,305 |
| Total local government expenditure | 170,216 | 170,372 | 171,432 | 172,741 | 172,772 | 180,629 | 181,723 |

 $^{^{(1)}}$ Receipts from the EU offset in budgets against the subsequent payment to local government.

⁽²⁾ Includes lottery grants.

⁽³⁾ By convention, non-domestic rates income (NDRI) in Scotland (equivalent to non-domestic rate payments in England and Wales) is shown in PESA as locally raised central government support, as it is finance raised in Scotland rather than funding from Whitehall.

⁽⁴⁾ From 2015-16 national non-domestic rates in Wales became classified as locally raised, prior to that they formed part of departmental DEL. 2015-16 includes borrowing to reform the HRA.

Table 7.2 Central government current grants for local government in the United Kingdom by departmental group, 2013-14 to 2019-20

| | ' | | | | | | £ million |
|---|---------|---------|-----------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| | | Nat | ional Statistic | S | | | |
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| England | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans | plans |
| Home Office | | | | | | | |
| Police | 9,943 | 10,300 | 9,952 | 10,267 | 10,399 | 10,979 | 11,284 |
| Other | 475 | 540 | 758 | 842 | 827 | 575 | 613 |
| Total Home Office | 10,418 | 10,840 | 10,710 | 11,109 | 11,226 | 11,554 | 11,897 |
| Health and Social Care | 10,110 | 10,010 | 10,710 | 11,103 | 11/220 | 11,551 | 11,037 |
| Social Care | 42 | 80 | 56 | _ | _ | _ | - |
| Public Health | 2,662 | 2,565 | 3,036 | 3,388 | 3,091 | 3,011 | 3,134 |
| Other | 9 | 21 | 26 | _ | 59 | _ | - |
| Total Health and Social Care | 2,713 | 2,666 | 3,118 | 3,388 | 3,150 | 3,011 | 3,134 |
| Work and Pensions | _, | _, | -, | 2,222 | -, | -, | -, |
| Housing benefits ⁽¹⁾ | 20,992 | 20,989 | 20,866 | 20,194 | 19,085 | 17,815 | 20,537 |
| Other | 847 | 676 | 443 | 419 | 439 | 445 | 408 |
| Total Work and Pensions | 21,839 | 21,665 | 21,309 | 20,613 | 19,524 | 18,260 | 20,945 |
| Education ⁽²⁾ | , | , | , | ., | | ., | .,. |
| Schools Grant | 29,167 | 28,254 | 27,551 | 25,168 | 24,128 | 24,147 | 24,400 |
| Pupil Premium | 1,365 | 1,768 | 1,668 | 1,563 | 1,432 | 1,386 | 1,305 |
| Private finance initiative grant | 715 | 744 | 749 | 751 | 751 | 751 | 752 |
| Other | 1,851 | 1,966 | 2,407 | 3,672 | 3,965 | 4,301 | 4,267 |
| Total Education | 33,098 | 32,732 | 32,375 | 31,154 | 30,276 | 30,585 | 30,724 |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | • | , | · | | | , | |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | 7 | 18 | 26 | 12 | 10 | 8 | 12 |
| Total Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | 7 | 18 | 26 | 12 | 10 | 8 | 12 |
| Transport | | | | | | | |
| GLA transport | 1,988 | 1,777 | 591 | 474 | 255 | -25 | 29 |
| Strategic rail authority | 182 | 52 | 126 | 5 | 86 | 86 | 86 |
| Other | 677 | 627 | 639 | 541 | 495 | 494 | 511 |
| Total Transport | 2,847 | 2,456 | 1,356 | 1,020 | 836 | 555 | 626 |
| MHCLG Housing and Communities | | | | | | | |
| New Homes Bonus | 668 | 917 | 1,168 | 1,462 | 1,227 | 948 | 900 |
| PFI special grant (Housing) | 154 | 183 | 184 | 192 | 192 | 192 | 192 |
| Troubled Families | 161 | 153 | 141 | 171 | 214 | 221 | 180 |
| City Deals | _ | _ | 1 | 102 | 91 | 168 | 162 |
| Other | 427 | 351 | 409 | 245 | 460 | 672 | 358 |
| Total MHCLG Housing and Communities | 1,410 | 1,604 | 1,903 | 2,172 | 2,184 | 2,201 | 1,792 |
| MHCLG Local Government | | | | | | | |
| Non-domestic rate payments/Revenue Support Grant ⁽³⁾ | 26,669 | 24,994 | 22,241 | 20,071 | 19,598 | 23,699 | 17,068 |
| Independent Living Fund | _ | _ | 140 | 177 | 171 | 166 | 161 |
| PFI special grant | 26 | 27 | 27 | 27 | 26 | 28 | 28 |
| Other | 909 | 298 | 524 | 367 | 2,671 | 1,984 | 2,086 |
| Total MHCLG Local Government | 27,604 | 25,319 | 22,932 | 20,642 | 22,466 | 25,877 | 19,343 |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | | | | | | | |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | 92 | 139 | 132 | 133 | 205 | 224 | 237 |
| Total Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | 92 | 139 | 132 | 133 | 205 | 224 | 237 |
| Other government departments | 128 | 188 | 176 | 430 | 295 | 203 | 105 |
| Total England | 100,156 | 97,627 | 94,037 | 90,673 | 90,172 | 92,478 | 88,815 |

Table 7.2 Central government current grants for local government in the United Kingdom by departmental group, 2013-14 to 2019-20 (continued)

| | | | | | | | £ million |
|--|---------|---------|-----------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| | | Nat | ional Statistic | :S | | | |
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans | plans |
| Scotland | | | | | | | |
| Work and Pensions | | | | | | | |
| Housing benefits ⁽¹⁾ | 1,724 | 1,750 | 1,732 | 1,693 | 1,625 | 1,656 | 1,852 |
| Other | 41 | 30 | 27 | 25 | 22 | 25 | 0 |
| Total Work and Pensions | 1,765 | 1,780 | 1,759 | 1,718 | 1,647 | 1,681 | 1,852 |
| Scottish Government | | | | | | | |
| Revenue Support Grant | 7,529 | 7,165 | 7,151 | 6,839 | 6,799 | 6,734 | 6,809 |
| Non-domestic rate income ⁽⁴⁾ | 2,435 | 2,650 | 2,789 | 2,769 | 2,666 | 2,636 | 2,800 |
| Other | 1,886 | 1,900 | 1,428 | 1,373 | 1,522 | 1,741 | 1,320 |
| Total Scottish Government | 11,850 | 11,715 | 11,368 | 10,981 | 10,987 | 11,111 | 10,929 |
| Other government departments | - | - | -445 | -464 | -425 | -332 | -624 |
| Total Scotland | 13,615 | 13,495 | 12,682 | 12,235 | 12,209 | 12,460 | 12,157 |
| Wales | | | | | | | |
| Home Office | | | | | | | |
| Police | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | -18 | -30 |
| Other | - | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | - |
| Total Home Office | - | - | _ | _ | _ | -18 | -30 |
| Work and Pensions | | | | | | | |
| Housing benefits ⁽¹⁾ | 984 | 1,003 | 1,002 | 992 | 977 | 982 | 1,063 |
| Other | 23 | 16 | 15 | 13 | 13 | 14 | _ |
| Total Work and Pensions | 1,007 | 1,019 | 1,017 | 1,005 | 990 | 996 | 1,063 |
| Welsh Assembly Government | | | | | | | |
| Non-domestic rate payments/Revenue Support Grant | 4,681 | 4,439 | 4,293 | 4,263 | 4,309 | 4,396 | 4,360 |
| Other | 1,031 | 1,189 | 1,030 | 939 | 984 | 787 | 663 |
| Total Welsh Assembly Government | 5,712 | 5,628 | 5,323 | 5,202 | 5,293 | 5,183 | 5,023 |
| Other government departments | 0 | -1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -1 | - |
| Total Wales | 6,719 | 6,646 | 6,340 | 6,207 | 6,283 | 6,160 | 6,056 |
| Northern Ireland | | | | | | | |
| Northern Ireland Executive | 58 | 138 | 147 | 152 | 148 | 142 | 141 |
| Total Northern Ireland | 58 | 138 | 147 | 152 | 148 | 142 | 141 |
| Total current finance | 120,548 | 117,906 | 113,206 | 109,267 | 108,812 | 111,240 | 107,169 |

⁽¹⁾ Housing Benefit figures to 2018-19 reflect the switch of payments from Housing Benefit to Universal Credit, which is funded directly from central government. Figures for 2019-20 have not yet been updated on HM Treasury's central database and so show Housing Benefit without this effect, consistent with the treatment of UC in OBR's fiscal forecast. Future publications will be updated as information becomes available.

⁽a) The level of business rates retained by local authorities has been affected by a number of pilots for 100% rates retention in 2017-18 and 2018-19. Government policy on pilots for 2019-20 has not

yet been confirmed, so the level in that year reflects the base level of business rates retention and RSG.

(4) By convention, non-domestic rates income (NDRI) in Scotland (equivalent to non-domestic rate payments in England and Wales) is shown in PESA as locally raised central government support, i.e. It is finance raised in Scotland rather than funding from Whitehall.

Table 7.3 Central government capital support for local government in the United Kingdom by country and departmental group, 2013-14 to 2019-20

| | | - | | - | | | £ million |
|---|---------|---------|-----------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| | | Nat | ional Statistic | :S | | | |
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans | plans |
| England | | | | | | | |
| Capital grants | | | | | | | |
| Home Office | 238 | 244 | 548 | 130 | 131 | 132 | 112 |
| Health and Social Care | 247 | 227 | 221 | 621 | 69 | 129 | 129 |
| Education | 2,235 | 2,525 | 2,036 | 2,482 | 2,345 | 1,817 | 2,850 |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | 77 | 22 | 55 | 42 | 41 | 42 | 58 |
| Transport | 3,373 | 3,188 | 3,342 | 2,351 | 1,633 | 1,550 | 2,144 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | 183 | 409 | 225 | 232 | 94 | _ | - |
| MHCLG Housing and Communities | 1,729 | 2,406 | 2,792 | 2,947 | 2,914 | 3,919 | 3,766 |
| Justice | _ | _ | _ | 14 | 5 | _ | - |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | 54 | 164 | 137 | 109 | 79 | 126 | 105 |
| Cabinet Office | 5 | 3 | _ | _ | 2 | _ | - |
| Total capital grants | 8,141 | 9,188 | 9,355 | 8,928 | 7,314 | 7,715 | 9,164 |
| Total England | 8,141 | 9,188 | 9,355 | 8,928 | 7,314 | 7,715 | 9,164 |
| Scotland | | | | | | | |
| Supported borrowing | | | | | | | |
| Scottish Government | = | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Total supported borrowing | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | - | - |
| Capital grants | | | | | | | |
| Scottish Government | 565 | 829 | 880 | 817 | 912 | 1,039 | 706 |
| Total capital grants | 565 | 829 | 880 | 817 | 912 | 1,039 | 706 |
| Total Scotland | 565 | 829 | 880 | 817 | 912 | 1,039 | 706 |
| Wales | | | | | | | |
| Supported Capital Expenditure (Revenue) (1) | | | | | | | |
| Welsh Assembly Government | 89 | 89 | 89 | 89 | 89 | 89 | 89 |
| Total Supported Capital Expenditure (Revenue) | 89 | 89 | 89 | 89 | 89 | 89 | 89 |
| Capital grants | | | | | | | |
| Welsh Assembly Government | 480 | 446 | 471 | 392 | 421 | 311 | 371 |
| Total capital grants | 480 | 446 | 471 | 392 | 421 | 311 | 371 |
| Total Wales | 569 | 535 | 560 | 481 | 510 | 400 | 460 |
| Northern Ireland capital grants | | | | | | | |
| Northern Ireland Executive | 2 | 6 | 46 | 5 | 3 | 11 | 4 |
| Total Northern Ireland | 2 | 6 | 46 | 5 | 3 | 11 | 4 |
| Total United Kingdom | 9,277 | 10,558 | 10,841 | 10,231 | 8,739 | 9,165 | 10,334 |

⁽¹⁾ A full definition of Supported Capital expenditure (SCR) is given in Annex G. This is equivalent to supported borrowing in Scotland.

Table 7.4 Local government current and capital expenditure on services in the United Kingdom by function, 2013-14 to 2017-18

| | | | | | £ million |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans |
| Current | | | | | |
| 1. General public services | 3,922 | 4,024 | 4,165 | 4,212 | 4,176 |
| of which: public and common services | 3,375 | 3,318 | 3,403 | 3,405 | 3,476 |
| of which: public sector debt interest ⁽¹⁾ | 547 | 706 | 762 | 807 | 700 |
| 2. Defence | 54 | 49 | 46 | 45 | 48 |
| 3. Public order and safety | 13,855 | 13,815 | 13,756 | 13,865 | 14,078 |
| 4. Economic affairs | 4,746 | 4,445 | 3,935 | 3,731 | 3,708 |
| of which: enterprise and economic development | 903 | 911 | 613 | 702 | 524 |
| of which: agriculture, fisheries and forestry | 86 | 88 | 102 | 101 | 91 |
| of which: transport | 3,757 | 3,446 | 3,220 | 2,928 | 3,093 |
| 5. Environment protection | 5,649 | 5,629 | 5,686 | 5,683 | 5,880 |
| 6. Housing and community amenities | 2,340 | 2,219 | 2,119 | 2,018 | 2,128 |
| 7. Health | 2,560 | 2,788 | 3,205 | 3,534 | 3,455 |
| 8. Recreation, culture and religion | 3,737 | 3,571 | 3,338 | 3,151 | 2,921 |
| 9. Education | 43,094 | 41,717 | 41,455 | 40,873 | 40,979 |
| 10. Social protection | 54,188 | 55,639 | 55,510 | 55,250 | 54,669 |
| Total local government current expenditure on services | 134,145 | 133,896 | 133,216 | 132,362 | 132,042 |
| Accounting adjustments | 19,533 | 20,008 | 21,268 | 22,042 | 21,658 |
| Total local government current expenditure | 153,678 | 153,904 | 154,484 | 154,404 | 153,700 |
| Capital | | | | | |
| 1. General public services | 954 | 878 | 947 | 1,732 | 1,968 |
| of which: public and common services | 954 | 878 | 947 | 1,732 | 1,968 |
| 3. Public order and safety | 512 | 519 | 499 | 223 | 998 |
| 4. Economic affairs | 6,032 | 6,451 | 6,492 | 7,362 | 7,136 |
| of which: enterprise and economic development | 300 | 84 | 128 | 1,019 | 1,301 |
| of which: employment policies | _ | _ | _ | | |
| of which: agriculture, fisheries and forestry | 127 | 219 | 200 | 191 | 213 |
| of which: transport | 5,605 | 6,148 | 6,164 | 6,152 | 5,622 |
| 5. Environment protection | 624 | 573 | 589 | 496 | 581 |
| 6. Housing and community amenities | 2,300 | 2,543 | 2,098 | 2,503 | 3,090 |
| 7. Health | 6 | 10 | 13 | 19 | 15 |
| 8. Recreation, culture and religion | 983 | 1,146 | 1,244 | 1,235 | 1,344 |
| 9. Education | 4,604 | 4,302 | 4,228 | 4,318 | 4,103 |
| 10. Social protection | 271 | 256 | 241 | 327 | 259 |
| Total local government capital expenditure on services | 16,286 | 16,679 | 16,351 | 18,214 | 19,493 |
| Accounting adjustments | 252 | -211 | 597 | 123 | -421 |
| Total local government capital expenditure | 16,538 | 16,468 | 16,948 | 18,337 | 19,072 |
| | 10,550 | 10,700 | 10,570 | 10,557 | 13,012 |

 $^{^{\}mbox{\tiny (1)}}$ This excludes all intra-public sector payments of debt interest.

Table 7.5 Local government current expenditure on services in the United Kingdom by country and function, 2013-14 to 2017-18

| | | | | | £ million |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| | 2013-14 outturn | 2014-15 outturn | 2015-16 outturn | 2016-17 outturn | 2017-18 plans |
| England | 2 2002 | | | | position |
| 1. General public services | 2,690 | 2,682 | 2,744 | 2,789 | 2,901 |
| of which: public and common services | 2,690 | 2,682 | 2,744 | 2,789 | 2,901 |
| 2. Defence | 47 | 43 | 39 | 39 | 42 |
| 3. Public order and safety | 13,085 | 13,014 | 12,999 | 13,101 | 13,290 |
| 4. Economic affairs | 3,714 | 3,458 | 3,012 | 2,850 | 2,805 |
| of which: enterprise and economic development | 544 | 559 | 312 | 411 | 226 |
| of which: agriculture, fisheries and forestry | 69 | 72 | 80 | 83 | 73 |
| of which: transport | 3,101 | 2,827 | 2,620 | 2,356 | 2,506 |
| 5. Environment protection | 4,477 | 4,467 | 4,523 | 4,498 | 4,663 |
| 6. Housing and community amenities | 2,003 | 1,892 | 1,799 | 1,729 | 1,71 |
| 7. Health | 2,508 | 2,737 | 3,152 | 3,480 | 3,41 |
| 8. Recreation, culture and religion | 2,670 | 2,505 | 2,322 | 2,149 | 2,006 |
| | | | | | |
| 9. Education | 35,881 | 34,477 | 34,133 | 33,382 | 33,343 |
| 10. Social protection | 46,301 | 47,623 | 47,402 | 47,362 | 46,53 |
| Total England Scotland | 113,376 | 112,898 | 112,127 | 111,379 | 110,701 |
| General public services | 503 | 455 | 468 | 428 | 347 |
| of which: public and common services | 503 | 455 | 468 | 428 | 347 |
| 2. Defence | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 3 |
| 3. Public order and safety | - - | _ | _ | _ | - |
| 4. Economic affairs | 711 | 701 | 673 | 630 | 653 |
| | | | | | |
| of which: enterprise and economic development | 241 | 247 | 226 | 216 | 231 |
| of which: agriculture, fisheries and forestry | 10 | 10 | 15 | 10 | 1(|
| of which: transport | 460 | 444 | 432 | 404 | 412 |
| 5. Environment protection | 632 | 633 | 644 | 647 | 676 |
| 6. Housing and community amenities | 72 | 74 | 97 | 43 | 130 |
| 8. Recreation, culture and religion | 584 | 609 | 566 | 539 | 523 |
| 9. Education | 4,590 | 4,624 | 4,745 | 4,875 | 5,037 |
| 10. Social protection | 4,991 | 5,065 | 5,163 | 4,909 | 5,164 |
| Total Scotland | 12,086 | 12,164 | 12,359 | 12,076 | 12,534 |
| Wales | 402 | 404 | 404 | 400 | 227 |
| 1. General public services | 182 | 181 | 191 | 188 | 227 |
| of which: public and common services | 182 | 181 | 191 | 188 | 227 |
| 2. Defence | 4 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| 3. Public order and safety | 770 | 801 | 756 | 764 | 789 |
| 4. Economic affairs | 300 | 257 | 228 | 222 | 224 |
| of which: enterprise and economic development | 97 | 77 | 52 | 46 | 42 |
| of which: agriculture, fisheries and forestry | 7 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| of which: transport | 196 | 174 | 168 | 168 | 174 |
| 5. Environment protection | 360 | 343 | 329 | 336 | 358 |
| 6. Housing and community amenities | 168 | 155 | 124 | 121 | 119 |
| 8. Recreation, culture and religion | 262 | 245 | 220 | 210 | 199 |
| 9. Education | 2,623 | 2,616 | 2,577 | 2,616 | 2,599 |
| 10. Social protection | 2,896 | 2,951 | 2,945 | 2,979 | 2,974 |
| Total Wales | 7,564 | 7,553 | 7,373 | 7,438 | 7,491 |
| Total Great Britain | 133,026 | 132,615 | 131,859 | 130,893 | 130,726 |
| Northern Ireland | · | , | | , | • |
| 4. Economic affairs | 21 | 27 | 23 | 29 | 25 |
| of which: enterprise and economic development | 21 | 27 | 23 | 29 | 25 |
| 5. Environment protection | 180 | 186 | 190 | 203 | 18! |
| 6. Housing and community amenities | 98 | 99 | 100 | 124 | 169 |
| 7. Health | 52 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 44 |
| 7. nearri 8. Recreation, culture and religion | 221 | 211 | 230 | 252 | 192 |
| - | 571 | 575 | | | |
| Total Northern Ireland | | | 596 | 662 | 61! |
| Debt interest (1) | 547 | 706 | 762 | 807 | 700 |
| Total local government current expenditure on services | 134,144 | 133,896 | 133,217 | 132,362 | 132,04 |
| Accounting adjustments | 19,534 153,678 | 20,008 153,904 | 21,267 154,484 | 22,042 154,404 | 21,659 153,70 |
| Total local government current expenditure | | | | | |

⁽¹⁾ Debt interest is not allocated to individual countries, so is only included in the total UK figures. It excludes all intra-public sector debt interest payments.

Table 7.6 Local government $gross^{(1)}$ capital expenditure on services in the United Kingdom by country and function, 2013-14 to 2017-18

| | | | | £ million | |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| | 2013-14 outturn | 2014-15 outturn | 2015-16 outturn | 2016-17 outturn | 2017-18 plans |
| England | | | | | • |
| . General public services | 1,246 | 1,280 | 1,311 | 2,020 | 2,25 |
| of which: public and common services | 1,246 | 1,280 | 1,311 | 2,020 | 2,25 |
| B. Public order and safety | 660 | 740 | 785 | 813 | 1,06 |
| F. Economic affairs | 5,561 | 6,077 | 6,346 | 6,869 | 6,46 |
| of which: enterprise and economic development | 447 | 296 | 472 | 1,017 | 1,15 |
| of which: employment policies | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (|
| of which: agriculture, fisheries and forestry | 87 | 147 | 184 | 170 | 20 |
| of which: transport | 5,027 | 5,634 | 5,690 | 5,682 | 5,09 |
| 5. Environment protection | 474 | 491 | 492 | 378 | 46 |
| 5. Housing and community amenities | 2,030 | 2,330 | 2,208 | 2,335 | 2,98 |
| 7. Health | 4 | 7 | 10 | 18 | |
| 8. Recreation, culture and religion | 817 | 931 | 1,034 | 982 | 1,03 |
| 9. Education | 3,913 | 3,647 | 3,367 | 3,216 | 2,98 |
| 10. Social protection | 229 | 239 | 248 | 311 | 28 |
| Total England | 14,935 | 15,742 | 15,802 | 16,942 | 17,53 |
| Scotland | 14,555 | 13,742 | 15,002 | 10,542 | 17,55 |
| 1. General public services | 175 | 174 | 196 | 178 | 25 |
| of which: public and common services | 175 | 174 | 196 | 178 | 25 |
| | - | - | 190 | | |
| 3. Public order and safety | | | | - 607 | 75 |
| 4. Economic affairs | 616 | 570 | 574 | 697 | |
| of which: enterprise and economic development | 74 | 50 | 73 | 175 | 25 |
| of which: agriculture, fisheries and forestry | 69 | 85 | 65 | 47 | 3 |
| of which: transport | 473 | 435 | 436 | 475 | 47 |
| 5. Environment protection | 130 | 56 | 64 | 87 | 7 |
| 5. Housing and community amenities | 161 | 173 | 174 | 175 | 17 |
| B. Recreation, culture and religion | 155 | 128 | 171 | 229 | 19 |
| 9. Education | 524 | 559 | 653 | 854 | 78 |
| 10. Social protection | 81 | 74 | 63 | 65 | 4 |
| Total Scotland | 1,841 | 1,735 | 1,893 | 2,285 | 2,27 |
| Wales | | | | | |
| I. General public services | 50 | 44 | 39 | 40 | 7 |
| of which: public and common services | 50 | 44 | 39 | 40 | 7 |
| 3. Public order and safety | 54 | 48 | 57 | 43 | 7 |
| 4. Economic affairs | 198 | 189 | 133 | 145 | 13 |
| of which: enterprise and economic development | 22 | 25 | 18 | 22 | 2 |
| of which: agriculture, fisheries and forestry | 14 | 14 | 7 | 8 | 1 |
| of which: transport | 162 | 150 | 108 | 115 | 9 |
| 5. Environment protection | 24 | 26 | 32 | 32 | 3 |
| 5. Housing and community amenities | 201 | 194 | 195 | 155 | 14 |
| 8. Recreation, culture and religion | 53 | 47 | 54 | 44 | 5 |
| B. Education | 274 | 246 | 335 | 374 | 48 |
| 10. Social protection | 18 | 23 | 13 | 15 | 2 |
| Total Wales | 872 | 816 | 859 | 848 | 1,02 |
| Total Great Britain | 17,648 | 18,293 | 18,554 | 20,075 | 20,83 |
| Northern Ireland | 17,040 | 10,233 | 10,554 | 20,013 | 20,03 |
| 4. Economic affairs | 1 | 4 | 15 | 5 | 1 |
| of which: enterprise and economic development | 1 | 4 | 15 | 5 | . 1 |
| | | | | | |
| 5. Environment protection | 9 | 12 | 8 | 6 | 1 |
| 5. Housing and community amenities | 21 | 25 | 37 | 34 | 2 |
| 7. Health | 3 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1.4 |
| 3. Recreation, culture and religion | 57 | 100 | 93 | 52 | 14 |
| Total Northern Ireland | 91 | 145 | 155 | 100 | 21 |
| Total United Kingdom | 17,739 | 18,438 | 18,709 | 20,174 | 21,04 |
| Memorandum | | | | | |
| | 17,739 | 18,438 | 18,709 | 20,174 | 21,04 |
| | | | 2.250 | 1.000 | 1 00 |
| | -1,454 | -1,759 | -2,358 | -1,960 | -1,55 |
| United Kingdom gross capital expenditure, from above United Kingdom capital receipts (see table 7.7) Total local government net capital expenditure on services | -1,454 16,285 | -1,759 16,679 | -2,358 16,351 | -1,960 18,214 | |
| United Kingdom capital receipts (see table 7.7) | | | | | -1,55 19,49 -42 |

 $^{^{\}mbox{\scriptsize (1)}}\mbox{'Gross'}$ - before sales of capital assets and depreciation.

Table 7.7 Local government capital receipts within expenditure on services in the United Kingdom by country and function, 2013-14 to 2017-18

| | | | £ million | | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| | 2013-14 outturn | 2014-15 outturn | 2015-16 outturn | 2016-17 outturn | 2017-18 plans |
| England | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | piulis |
| 1. General public services | 477 | 574 | 562 | 463 | 594 |
| of which: public and common services | 477 | 574 | 562 | 463 | 594 |
| 3. Public order and safety | 199 | 267 | 340 | 631 | 133 |
| 4. Economic affairs | 277 | 337 | 433 | 309 | 184 |
| of which: enterprise and economic development | 179 | 262 | 317 | 159 | 104 |
| of which: employment policies | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| of which: agriculture, fisheries and forestry | 44 | 27 | 56 | 34 | 38 |
| of which: transport | 54 | 48 | 60 | 116 | 42 |
| 5. Environment protection | 12 | 8 | 4 | 3 | 4 |
| 6. Housing and community amenities | 97 | 147 | 495 | 177 | 216 |
| 8. Recreation, culture and religion | 70 | 22 | 54 | 42 | 39 |
| 9. Education | 89 | 120 | 107 | 108 | 118 |
| 10. Social protection | 53 | 69 | 78 | 57 | 85 |
| Total England | 1,273 | 1,544 | 2,073 | 1,790 | 1,374 |
| Scotland | 1,275 | 1,344 | 2,013 | 1,730 | 1,374 |
| | 20 | 26 | 10 | 21 | 11 |
| 1. General public services | 28 | 26 | 19 | 21 | 11 |
| of which: public and common services | 28 | 26 | 19 | 21 | 11 |
| 3. Public order and safety | _ | _ | - 420 | - | - |
| 4. Economic affairs | 59 | 39 | 128 | 16 | 21 |
| of which: enterprise and economic development | 57 | 18 | 118 | 13 | 18 |
| of which: agriculture, fisheries and forestry | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| of which: transport | 2 | 21 | 10 | 3 | 3 |
| 5. Environment protection | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| 6. Housing and community amenities | 1 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 8. Recreation, culture and religion | 4 | 2 | 3 | 14 | 16 |
| 9. Education | 14 | 15 | 16 | 13 | 14 |
| 10. Social protection | 3 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 6 |
| Total Scotland | 110 | 94 | 168 | 69 | 70 |
| Wales | | | | | |
| 1. General public services | 12 | 20 | 18 | 23 | 22 |
| of which: public and common services | 12 | 20 | 18 | 23 | 22 |
| 3. Public order and safety | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 7 |
| 4. Economic affairs | 8 | 11 | 8 | 27 | 26 |
| of which: enterprise and economic development | 7 | 10 | 7 | 27 | 26 |
| of which: agriculture, fisheries and forestry | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| of which: transport | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 5. Environment protection | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6. Housing and community amenities | 12 | 15 | 13 | 15 | 15 |
| 8. Recreation, culture and religion | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 9. Education | 5 | 15 | 4 | 6 | 14 |
| 10. Social protection | 0 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 0 |
| Total Wales | 40 | 68 | 51 | 78 | 84 |
| Total Great Britain | 1,423 | 1,706 | 2,292 | 1,937 | 1,528 |
| Northern Ireland | 1,423 | 1,700 | 2,232 | 1,551 | 1,520 |
| 4. Economic affairs | 1 | 1 | 8 | 1 | 2 |
| of which: enterprise and economic development | 1 | 1 | 8 | 1 | 2 |
| | 1 | 3 | o 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 5. Environment protection | 1 | | | • | |
| 6. Housing and community amenities | 3 | 13 | 7 | 3 | 3 |
| 7. Health | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| O. Description, subtract and subtract | 2.5 | 2.5 | 40 | 4.0 | ~ . |
| 8. Recreation, culture and religion Total Northern Ireland | 25 30 | 35 53 | 49 66 | 16 23 | 21 27 |

Table 7.8 Local government expenditure on services in the United Kingdom by country and economic category, 2013-14 to 2017-18

| | 2013-14 outturn | 2014-15 outturn | 2015-16 outturn | 2016-17 outturn | 2017-18 plans | | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|--|--|
| England | | | | | | | |
| Pay | 53,607 | 52,876 | 51,424 | 51,198 | 50,839 | | |
| Gross current procurement | 65,594 | 66,558 | 67,893 | 67,723 | 68,318 | | |
| Income from sales of goods and services | -28,713 | -29,436 | -30,019 | -29,526 | -29,470 | | |
| Subsidies to private sector companies | 1,477 | 1,357 | 1,368 | 1,273 | 1,362 | | |
| Subsidies to public corporations | 15 | 14 | 14 | 12 | 13 | | |
| Current grants to persons and non-profit bodies | 21,396 | 21,529 | 21,447 | 20,699 | 19,640 | | |
| Gross capital procurement | 12,924 | 13,529 | 13,964 | 15,368 | 15,69 | | |
| Income from sales of capital assets | -1,273 | -1,544 | -2,073 | -1,790 | -1,37 | | |
| Capital grants | 2,011 | 2,213 | 1,838 | 1,574 | 1,83 | | |
| Total England | 127,038 | 127,096 | 125,855 | 126,531 | 126,85 | | |
| Scotland | | | | | | | |
| Pay | 5,994 | 6,045 | 6,129 | 6,467 | 6,604 | | |
| Gross current procurement | 6,162 | 6,250 | 6,340 | 6,088 | 6,33 | | |
| Income from sales of goods and services | -1,938 | -2,001 | -1,978 | -2,309 | -2,16 | | |
| Subsidies to public corporations | 98 | 93 | 95 | 97 | 9. | | |
| Current grants to persons and non-profit bodies | 1,770 | 1,776 | 1,772 | 1,733 | 1,67 | | |
| Gross capital procurement | 1,642 | 1,536 | 1,705 | 2,120 | 2,12 | | |
| Income from sales of capital assets | -110 | -94 | -168 | -69 | -70 | | |
| Capital grants | 200 | 198 | 188 | 165 | 159 | | |
| Total Scotland | 13,818 | 13,804 | 14,083 | 14,291 | 14,743 | | |
| Wales | | | | | | | |
| Pay | 4,355 | 3,951 | 4,110 | 4,199 | 4,21 | | |
| Gross current procurement | 3,555 | 3,946 | 3,515 | 3,532 | 3,580 | | |
| Income from sales of goods and services | -1,350 | -1,355 | -1,276 | -1,302 | -1,29 | | |
| Current grants to persons and non-profit bodies | 1,004 | 1,011 | 1,024 | 1,009 | 99: | | |
| Gross capital procurement | 778 | 728 | 765 | 766 | 95 | | |
| Income from sales of capital assets | -40 | -68 | -51 | -78 | -84 | | |
| Capital grants | 94 | 88 | 94 | 82 | 76 | | |
| Total Wales | 8,396 | 8,301 | 8,181 | 8,208 | 8,433 | | |
| Great Britain | | | | | | | |
| Pay | 63,956 | 62,873 | 61,662 | 61,864 | 61,660 | | |
| Gross current procurement | 75,312 | 76,754 | 77,748 | 77,342 | 78,23 | | |
| Income from sales of goods and services | -32,001 | -32,793 | -33,274 | -33,136 | -32,93 | | |
| Subsidies to private sector companies | 1,477 | 1,357 | 1,368 | 1,273 | 1,36 | | |
| Subsidies to public corporations | 113 | 107 | 109 | 109 | 10 | | |
| Current grants to persons and non-profit bodies | 24,170 | 24,317 | 24,244 | 23,441 | 22,30 | | |
| Gross capital procurement | 15,344 | 15,793 | 16,433 | 18,254 | 18,76 | | |
| Income from sales of capital assets | -1,423 | -1,707 | -2,292 | -1,937 | -1,528 | | |
| Capital grants | 2,305 | 2,500 | 2,120 | 1,820 | 2,068 | | |
| Total Great Britian | 149,252 | 149,201 | 148,119 | 149,030 | 150,03 | | |
| Northern Ireland | ,=== | , | | , | , | | |
| Pay | 302 | 321 | 348 | 346 | 367 | | |
| Gross current procurement | 466 | 463 | 469 | 491 | 40 | | |
| Income from sales of goods and services | -197 | -209 | -220 | -174 | -15 | | |
| Gross capital procurement | 91 | 145 | 155 | 100 | 21: | | |
| Income from sales of capital assets | -30 | -53 | -66 | -23 | -2 | | |
| Total Northern Ireland | 632 | 668 | 686 | 739 | 80 | | |
| United Kingdom | 032 | 000 | 000 | 733 | 00 | | |
| Pay | 64,258 | 63,194 | 62,010 | 62,210 | 62,02 | | |
| Gross current procurement | 75,778 | 77,217 | 78,217 | 77,833 | 78,63 | | |
| Income from sales of goods and services | -32,199 | -33,001 | -33,494 | -33,311 | -33,09 | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Subsidies to private sector companies | 1,477 | 1,357 | 1,368 | 1,273 | 1,36 | | |
| Subsidies to public corporations | 113 | 107 | 109 | 109 | 10 | | |
| Current grants to persons and non-profit bodies | 24,170 | 24,317 | 24,244 | 23,441 | 22,30 | | |
| Local government debt interest (1) | 547 | 706 | 762 | 807 | 70 | | |
| Gross capital procurement | 15,435 | 15,938 | 16,589 | 18,354 | 18,98 | | |
| Income from sales of capital assets | -1,454 | -1,759 | -2,358 | -1,960 | -1,55! | | |
| Capital grants | 2,305 | 2,500 | 2,120 | 1,820 | 2,068 | | |
| Total local government expenditure on services | 150,430 | 150,576 | 149,567 | 150,576 | 151,53 | | |
| Accounting adjustments | 19,786 | 19,796 | 21,865 | 22,165 | 21,23 | | |
| Total local government expenditure | 170,216 | 170,372 | 171,432 | 172,741 | 172,77 | | |

⁽¹⁾ Debt interest is not allocated to individual countries, so is only included in the total UK figures. It excludes all intra-public sector debt interest payments.

8

Public Corporations

- **8.1** This chapter sets out what public corporations are, recent developments affecting them, how they are controlled, and how they are scored in public expenditure.
- **8.2** Outturn data in this chapter up to 2017-18 are National Statistics.

What's new

8.3 The Office for National Statistics has concluded that registered providers of social housing in England are private, market producers and as such were re-classified to the private non-financial corporations sector. This classification took effect from 16 November 2017. Prior to that date they were classified as public corporations. **Table 8.3** includes data for all Housing Associations before and after this classification change.

Definition of public corporations

- **8.4** Public corporations is a term from National Accounts, which are based on the European System of Accounts (ESA10). The Office for National Statistics (ONS) determines which bodies are public corporations. ONS will classify a body as a public corporation where:
- it is classified as a *market body* a body that derives more than 50% of its production cost from the sale of goods or services at economically significant prices. Some charge for regulatory activities, where these provide a significant benefit to the person paying the fee, for example through quality testing;
- it is controlled by central government, local government or other public corporations; and
- it has substantial day to day operating independence so that it should be seen as an institutional unit separate from its parent departments.

Self financing public corporations (SFPCs)

- **8.5** The Treasury has designated some public corporations SFPCs. To be classified as an SFPC, the public corporation must normally trade mainly with non-government customers and not perform regulatory functions. In other words, its income must be from selling goods and services into a competitive market rather than from regulatory fees. It must trade profitably and not require subsidies or other financial support from its parent department.
- **8.6** SFPCs normally score in departmental AME rather than in DEL though any subsidies and grants exceptionally paid to them would score in DEL. They also have greater and more individually tailored financial flexibilities. Some SFPCs are also trading funds.

Trading funds

- **8.7** Where activities of a government department generate income from the supply of goods and services, those parts of the department may be designated trading funds by Parliament on the application of the Government. Trading funds may keep unspent funds from one year to the next without having to surrender surpluses to the Exchequer at the end of each year.
- **8.8** Most trading funds are classified by ONS as public corporations in the National Accounts. DVLA is the only trading fund that is treated as a central government body in the National Accounts, and therefore in PESA.
- **8.9** Trading funds are not directly subject to central government administration costs controls. The budgeting treatment of trading funds that are public corporations is normally the same as that of other public corporations.

The budgeting control framework

- **8.10** The following transactions with and in respect of public corporations accountable to Ministers are normally included in departmental budgets:
- subsidies paid to the public corporation by the department (in resource DEL);
- capital grants paid to the public corporation by the department (in capital DEL);
- interest and dividends received from the public corporation (resource DEL, or resource AME if a self financing public corporation (SFPC));
- equity purchase in and withdrawals from public corporations (capital DEL, or capital AME if an SFPC) included with net lending in **Table 8.1**;
- loans and public dividend capital (PDC) invested in the public corporation (capital DEL, or capital AME if an SFPC) also included with net lending in **Table 8.1**; and
- public corporations' market and overseas borrowing (PCMOB) where, exceptionally, it is permitted (capital DEL, or capital AME if an SFPC).
- **8.11** The **Crown Estate** is an SFPC. Uniquely the routine subsidy that is paid to it to cover administration costs is in AME rather than DEL, and the dividends that the Treasury receives from it are recorded outside budgets.
- **8.12** When PCs are government departments in their own right, as is the case for some trading funds, they will normally be assigned a parent department for budgeting purposes, and the budgetary scoring described above will apply.
- **8.13 Public corporations controlled by local government** include the businesses reporting to Transport for London and local authority airports such as Manchester. DEL and departmental AME include central government support to local government (in **Chapter 7**), some of which may be used by them to support public corporations. However, this is not identified in PESA as relating to public corporations. Therefore the whole of their capital expenditure is included in the public corporations' own-financed capital expenditure line in other AME. They are also included in the bottom line of **Tables 8.1**, **8.3**, **8.4** and **8.5**, which show the total contribution of all public corporations' own expenditure to Total Managed Expenditure (TME).

- **8.14 Table 8.1** shows the impact on departmental budgets (DEL and departmental AME) of public corporations accountable to Ministers. It also shows a reconciliation to the impact of all public corporations, including those accountable to local government, on TME. In this presentation PC gross investment in TME is shown to be the sum of:
- government capital support in budgets (investment grants and net lending to PCs);
- PCMOB in budgets; and
- public corporations' own-financed capital expenditure (PCOFCE).

Grants and subsidies in budgets also include those paid to public corporations under schemes that are generally available to the private sector. Any loans between departments and their PCs that are written off by mutual consent will also be shown here.

8.15 Table 8.2 shows the budgetary information in **Table 8.1** split by department group.

The National Accounts

- **8.16** TME measures the current and capital expenditure of the public sector as a whole. It is taken from National Accounts compiled by the ONS. In relation to public corporations, TME includes:
- subsidies paid to public corporations;
- the capital expenditure of public corporations, net of sales of assets;
- changes in public corporations' stocks; and
- interest and dividends paid by public corporations to the private sector and abroad.
- **8.17** TME is a consolidated measure of public expenditure and so most transfers between different sectors are excluded. This applies to capital grants and net lending paid by central government to public corporations, and interest and dividend flows between general government and public corporations. However, payments of subsidies to, and purchases of goods and services from, public corporations form part of TME as the use of this funding feeds into the calculation of public corporations' gross trading surplus, which scores as an income (or revenue) item in the public sector accounts.
- **8.18** Grants and subsidies given by public corporations to the private sector and overseas, including debt write-offs by mutual consent, are imputed to general government expenditure in National Accounts, as grant-giving is not held to be a normal function of a commercial body.
- **8.19** Note that the impact of public corporations on departmental budgets differs from their impact on TME. Accounting adjustments are used to move from DEL *plus* departmental AME *plus* own-financed capital expenditure (other AME) to TME (see **Annex D** for a full explanation of the accounting adjustments).
- **8.20 Table 8.3** shows the capital expenditure of each major public corporation sponsored by a central government department, and of the biggest public corporations accountable to local government. It also identifies those that are self-financing public corporations or trading funds. The table does not identify separately small public corporations controlled by central government departments nor most public corporations under local authority control their capital expenditure is included in the accounting adjustments. The figures include the purchase of assets, less sales, plus any capital grants paid by a public corporation net of any received from the private sector or abroad.

8.21 Tables 8.4 and 8.5 show the capital expenditure from **Table 8.3** broken down by function and economic category respectively. They also include the debt interest payments to the private sector, which is the only public corporation current spending that forms part of TME.

Sources of data and data quality

- **8.22** Information in **Tables 8.1** and **8.2** forms part of departments' budgets and so should be of good quality. **Annex A** has more information.
- **8.23** Information on public corporations' capital expenditure is largely sourced from public corporations by departments who in turn supply the data to the Treasury. Our aim is to publish capital spending data for all public corporations accountable to Ministers. However, information is provided by departments primarily for PESA and does not form part of a control total. Information in **Tables 8.3 to 8.5** may therefore not be as up to date or accurate as the information in the other tables in this chapter.

Further Information

8.24 More information is available in the departmental reports of government departments and in the annual reports and accounts of individual public corporations. A fuller list of public corporations is available on the ONS website1 in *Public Sector Classification Guide* ¹

 $^{^1\} https://www.ons.gov.uk/economy/national accounts/uksector accounts/datasets/public sector classification guide and the properties of the properties of$

Table 8.1 Public corporations' contribution to budgets and Total Managed Expenditure, (1) 2013-14 to 2019-20

| - | | | | - | | | £ million |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans | plans |
| Resource DEL | | | | | | | |
| CG dividends from PCs (-) | -84 | -115 | -135 | -121 | -99 | -106 | -58 |
| CG interest from PCs (-) | -9 | -6 | -29 | -31 | -39 | -32 | -28 |
| Subsidies to PCs | 969 | 747 | 639 | 487 | 430 | 455 | 449 |
| Loans written off — mutual consent | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Total resource DEL | 876 | 626 | 475 | 335 | 291 | 317 | 363 |
| Resource departmental AME | | | | | | | |
| CG dividends from PCs (-) | -132 | -101 | -262 | -194 | -104 | -120 | -54 |
| CG interest from PCs (-) | -157 | -109 | -109 | -64 | -106 | -104 | -103 |
| Subsidies to PCs | 54 | 74 | 175 | 170 | 167 | 170 | 145 |
| Loans written off — mutual consent | - | - | - | - | - | - | _ |
| Total resource departmental AME | -234 | -136 | -195 | -87 | -43 | -53 | -13 |
| Total public corporations' contribution to resource | | | | | | | |
| budget | 642 | 489 | 280 | 248 | 249 | 264 | 350 |
| Capital DEL | | | | | | | |
| CG investment grants to PCs | 295 | 320 | 277 | 252 | 208 | 181 | 193 |
| Net lending to PCs | -412 | -1,008 | -49 | -259 | 105 | 89 | -51 |
| Market and overseas borrowing | -5 | -9 | -4 | -12 | 36 | _ | _ |
| Total capital DEL | -123 | -697 | 224 | -19 | 350 | 271 | 143 |
| Capital departmental AME | | | | | | | |
| CG investment grants to PCs | 22 | 28 | 12 | 20 | 13 | 18 | 19 |
| Net lending to PCs | -762 | 335 | 90 | 175 | 439 | 407 | 73 |
| Total capital departmental AME | -740 | 362 | 102 | 195 | 451 | 425 | 92 |
| Total public corporations' contribution to capital budget | -863 | -335 | 326 | 175 | 801 | 695 | 235 |
| Other AME | | | | | | | |
| PC own-financed capital expenditure ⁽²⁾ | 14,400 | 18,027 | 14,594 | 16,682 | 15,486 | 18,565 | 18,107 |
| Accounting adjustments | 2,659 | 3,207 | 3,500 | 3,769 | 2,424 | -8,383 | -7,322 |
| Public corporations' expenditure in TME ⁽³⁾ | 16,838 | 21,388 | 18,700 | 20,874 | 18,960 | 11,141 | 11,370 |
| of which: | | | | | | | |
| PC current expenditure in TME | 3,329 | 3,739 | 3,821 | 3,842 | 2,620 | 684 | 715 |
| PC gross investment in TME | 13,509 | 17,649 | 14,879 | 17,032 | 16,340 | 10,457 | 10,655 |

⁽¹⁾ Data in this table differ from those shown for public corporations in Table 1.15. Central government subsidies to public corporations are classified as central government own spending in National Accounts, and are shown as such in Table 1.15. In Table 8.1 subsidies are shown as part of public corporations' contribution to the resource budget. Subsidies are removed in the accounting adjustments and do not form part of public corporations' expenditure in TME.

(2) Includes capital expenditure by local authority public corporations.

(3) This excludes the temporary effects of banks being classified to the public sector. See Box 5.A for details.

Table 8.2 Public corporations' contribution to budgets by departmental group,(1) 2013-14 to 2019-20

| | | | | | | | £ million |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans | plans |
| Resource DEL | | | | | | | |
| Defence | -51 | -84 | -67 | -70 | -22 | _ | _ |
| Home Office | _ | -1 | _ | _ | _ | _ | - |
| Foreign and Commonwealth Office | 157 | 150 | 157 | 159 | 173 | 178 | 181 |
| Health and Social Care | 92 | 82 | 94 | _ | _ | 67 | 65 |
| Work and Pensions | 120 | 111 | 16 | 17 | 8 | 14 | 11 |
| Education | 0 | 3 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | 320 | 202 | 159 | 137 | 69 | 36 | 26 |
| Transport | 6 | 25 | -42 | -37 | -53 | -46 | -10 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | 9 | 50 | 44 | 29 | 14 | _ | - |
| MHCLG — Housing and Communities and MHCLG — Local | _ | _ | _ | | | | _ |
| Government | -2 | -2 | -2 | -1 | -1 | _ | -3 |
| Wales | -1 | 0 | -1 | 0 | _ | _ | _ |
| Northern Ireland | 210 | 81 | 100 | 73 | 84 | 67 | 75 |
| International Trade | _ | _ | 0 | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | 19 | 8 | 20 | 30 | 21 | 19 | 19 |
| Cabinet Office | -3 | -2 | -2 | -2 | -2 | -18 | -2 |
| Small and Independent Bodies | 0 | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Total resource DEL | 876 | 626 | 475 | 335 | 291 | 317 | 363 |
| Resource departmental AME | | | | | | | |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | -46 | -1 | -2 | -5 | -5 | -1 | -1 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | -55 | -5 | -150 | -44 | -38 | -66 | _ |
| Scotland | 31 | 42 | 68 | 69 | 64 | 66 | 42 |
| Wales | -73 | -73 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| HM Treasury | -84 | -97 | -109 | -107 | -66 | -54 | -54 |
| Small and Independent Bodies | -7 | -4 | -2 | -1 | 2 | 2 | _ |
| Total resource departmental AME | -234 | -136 | -195 | -87 | -43 | -53 | -13 |
| Total public corporations' contribution to resource | | | | | | | |
| budget | 642 | 489 | 280 | 248 | 249 | 264 | 350 |
| Capital DEL | | | _ | | | | |
| Defence | -6 | -57 | -3 | -63 | _ | 16 | -3 |
| Foreign and Commonwealth Office | 5 | 5 | 5 | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Health and Social Care | -313 | -469 | -117 | -245 | -4 | 30 | 34 |
| Work and Pensions | _ | _ | 67 | 80 | 84 | 124 | 75 |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | 119 | 90 | 170 | 147 | 82 | 38 | 50 |
| Transport | -16 | -378 | 1 | 3 | 33 | -33 | -87 |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | _ | 80 | _ | _ | -1 | _ | _ |
| MHCLG — Housing and Communities and MHCLG — Local | | 4.4 | 4.4 | 0 | 22 | | 7.4 |
| Government | _ | 14 | 14 | 8 | 32 | 53 | 71 |
| Wales | -3 | 7 | 67 | 2 | 60 | _ | _ |
| Northern Ireland | 74 | -7 | 0 | 51 | 64 | 42 | 4 |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | 17 | 19 | 19 | _ | | | _ |
| Total capital DEL | -123 | -697 | 224 | –19 | 350 | 271 | 143 |
| Capital departmental AME | | | | | | | |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | -764 | 292 | 53 | 134 | 36 | _ | _ |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | 189 | 159 | _ |
| Scotland | 57 | 99 | 73 | 79 | 226 | 320 | 92 |
| Small and Independent Bodies | -34 | -29 | -24 | -19 | _ | -54 | - |
| Total capital departmental AME | -740 | 362 | 102 | 195 | 451 | 425 | 92 |
| Total public corporations' contribution to capital budget | -863 | -335 | 326 | 175 | 801 | 695 | 235 |
| Total public corporations' contribution to budgets | -221 | 155 | 606 | 423 | 1,050 | 959 | 586 |

⁽¹⁾ Data in this table differ from those shown for public corporations in Table 1.15. Central government subsidies to public corporations are classified as central government own spending in National Accounts, and are shown as such in Table 1.15. In Table 8.1 subsidies are shown as part of public corporations' contribution to the resource budget. Subsidies are removed in the accounting adjustments and do not form part of public corporations' expenditure in TME.

Table 8.3 Public corporations' capital expenditure on services, 2013-14 to 2019-20

| | | | | | | | £ million |
|--|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans | plans |
| Defence | | | | | | | |
| Defence Support Group | 7 | 7 | 7 | # | # | # | # |
| Defence Aviation Repair Agency ⁽¹⁾ | _ | _ | _ | # | # | # | # |
| Defence Science and Technology Laboratory ^(T) | 41 | 41 | 41 | 33 | # | # | # |
| Hydrographic Office ^(T) | 8 | 8 | 8 | -6 " | # | # | # |
| Navy, Army and Air Force Institute | 3 | 3 | 3 | # | # | # | # |
| Total Defence | 59 | 59 | 59 | 27 | # | # | # |
| Foreign and Commonwealth Office | 17 | 1.6 | - | 2.1 | // | " | " |
| British Council | 17 | 16 | 5 | 31 | # | # | # |
| Total Foreign and Commonwealth Office | 17 | 16 | 5 | 31 | # | # | # |
| International Development CDC Group ^(S) | # | # | # | # | # | # | # |
| Actis ^(s) | # | # | # | # | # | # | # |
| Total International Development | # | # | # | # | # | # | # |
| Health and Social Care | π | # | π | π- | # | π- | # |
| Medicines and Healthcare Products Regulatory Agency ^(T) | # | # | # | # | # | # | # |
| NHS Estates ⁽¹⁾ | # | # | # | # | # | # | # |
| NHS Blood and Transplant | # | # | # | # | # | # | # |
| Total Health and Social Care | # | # | # | # | # | # | # |
| Work and Pensions | | | | | | | |
| Remploy | # | # | # | # | # | # | # |
| Pension Protection Fund | 9 | -3 | 1 | 3 | # | # | # |
| National Employment Savings Trust | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 | # | # | # |
| Office for Nuclear Regulation | = | 0 | 0 | _ | # | # | # |
| Total Work and Pensions | 10 | 1 | 5 | 4 | # | # | # |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | | | | | | | |
| UK Intellectual Property Office | 2 | 1 | # | # | # | # | # |
| British Nuclear Fuels Limited ^(S) | - | - | # | # | # | # | # |
| Companies House ^(T) | -2 | _ | 5 | 7 | # | # | # |
| Royal Mail Holdings ^(S) | _ | _ | # | # | # | # | # |
| Land Registry ^(T) | 0 | 2 | # | # | # | # | # |
| Ordnance Survey ^(T) | 20 | _ | # | # | # | # | # |
| Meteorological Office ^(T) | 21 | 38 | # | # | # | # | # |
| Total Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | 41 | 41 | 5 | 7 | # | # | # |
| Transport | // | // | // | ″ | // | // | // |
| Civil Aviation Authority Driving Standards Agency ⁽¹⁾ | # | # | # | # | # | # | # |
| Vehicle and Operator Services Agency ⁽¹⁾ | # | # | # | # | # | # | # |
| Total Transport | # | # | # | # | # | # | # |
| Digital, Culture Media and Sport | ,,, | ,, | " | " | ,, | ,, | И |
| Channel Four Television Corporation ⁽⁵⁾ | # | # | # | # | # | # | # |
| Historic Royal Palaces Trust | # | # | # | # | # | # | # |
| Tote ^(S) | # | # | # | # | # | # | # |
| Total Digital, Culture Media and Sport | # | # | # | # | # | # | # |
| MHCLG – Housing and Communities and | | | | | | | |
| MHCLG – Local Government | | | | | | | |
| Fire Service College ⁽¹⁾ | _ | _ | _ | # | # | # | # |
| QEII Conference Centre ^(T) | 1 | 3 | 4 | # | # | # | # |
| Total MHCLG – Housing and Communities and | | | | | | | |
| MHCLG – Local Government | 1 | 3 | 4 | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Scotland | | | | | | | |
| Caledonian MacBrayne | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | # | # |
| Forest Enterprise | 5 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | # | # |
| Scottish Water | 355 | 318 | 325 | 485 | 494 | # | # |
| Total Scotland | 365 | 325 | 333 | 492 | 501 | # | # |
| Northern Ireland | 1 | ^ | ^ | ז | А | 1 1 | าา |
| Northern Ireland Driver and Vehicle Testing Agency ^(T) | 110 | 0 21 | 0 6 | 2 4 | 4 -3 | 11 29 | 32 39 |
| Northern Ireland Housing Executive Northern Ireland Public Trust Port Authority | 10 | 21 | _o 23 | -4 54 | -3 46 | 50 | 39 77 |
| Northern Ireland Transport Holding Company | 29 | 37 | 23 37 | 75 | 71 | 162 | 226 |
| Northern Ireland Water | _ | - - | - - | / 5 _ | / I _ | 102 | |
| Total Northern Ireland | 151 | _ 79 | 55 | 126 | 118 | 252 | 375 |
| Environment Food and Rural Affairs | 131 | 13 | | 120 | 110 | 232 | 313 |
| Covent Garden Market Authority | _ | _ | _ | 1 | 3 | 4 | 2 |
| Total Environment Food and Rural Affairs | _ | _ | _ | 1 | 3 | 4 | 2 |
| | | | | | | | |

Table 8.3 Public corporations' capital expenditure on services, 2013-14 to 2019-20 (continued)

| | | | | | | | £ million |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans | plans |
| HM Treasury | | | | | | | |
| Crown Estate ^(S) | 47 | 33 | -321 | 113 | -20 | _ | _ |
| Royal Mint ^{(S)(T)} | = | _ | _ | = | = | = | _ |
| Total HM Treasury | 47 | 33 | -321 | 113 | -20 | - | _ |
| Local Government | | | | | | | |
| Transport Trading Limited | 1,223 | 1,444 | 1,410 | 1,316 | 1,904 | * | * |
| England Housing Revenue Account | 1,914 | 2,297 | 2,607 | 2,465 | 2,825 | 2,617 | 2,745 |
| Scotland Housing Revenue Account | 565 | 595 | 561 | 538 | 694 | 563 | 591 |
| Wales Housing Revenue Account | 147 | 169 | 207 | 242 | 313 | 208 | 218 |
| Total Local Government | 3,850 | 4,506 | 4,786 | 4,561 | 5,736 | * | * |
| Housing Associations ⁽¹⁾ | 5,934 | 9,316 | 6,392 | 8,427 | 7,009 | 1,278 | 1,250 |
| Total public corporations' capital expenditure on | | | | | | | |
| services | 10,476 | 14,378 | 12,241 | 13,790 | 13,347 | 6,706 | 6,978 |
| Accounting Adjustments | 3,033 | 3,271 | 2,638 | 3,242 | 2,993 | 3,751 | 3,677 |
| Total public corporations' capital expenditure(2) | 13,509 | 17,649 | 14,879 | 17,032 | 16,340 | 10,457 | 10,655 |

^{*} Data unavailable. Capital expenditure by public corporations in years where data are unavailable form part of the accounting adjustments.

(1) Denotes public corporation with trading fund status.

(S) Denotes self-financing public corporation (SFPC). The estimated outturn and plans for capital expenditure by SFPCs are not shown individually in this table but are represented by *. The figures are

⁽¹⁾ The Office for National Statistics has concluded that registered providers of social housing in England are private, market producers and as such were re-classified to the private non-financial corporations sector. This classification took effect from 16 November 2017.

(2) This excludes the temporary effects of banks being classified to the public sector. See Box 5.A for details.

Table 8.4 Public corporations' current and capital expenditure on services by function, 2013-14 to 2019-20

| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | | | £ million |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | | | | Nation | al Statistics | | |
| | 2013-14 outturn | 2014-15 outturn | 2015-16 outturn | 2016-17 outturn | 2017-18 outturn | 2018-19 plans | 2019-20 plans |
| Public corporations' current expenditure on services | | | | | | | |
| 1. General public services | 3,329 | 3,739 | 3,821 | 3,842 | 2,620 | 684 | 715 |
| of which: public sector debt interest | 3,329 | 3,739 | 3,821 | 3,842 | 2,620 | 684 | 715 |
| Total public corporations' current expenditure on | | | | | | | |
| services | 3,329 | 3,739 | 3,821 | 3,842 | 2,620 | 684 | 715 |
| Accounting adjustments | _ | _ | - | _ | - | _ | - |
| Total public corporations' current expenditure | 3,308 | 3,232 | 3,301 | 3,428 | 3,930 | 4,050 | 4,180 |
| Public corporations' capital expenditure on services | | | | | | | |
| 1. General public services | 88 | 57 | -308 | 146 | -20 | _ | - |
| of which: public and common services | 71 | 41 | -313 | 115 | -20 | _ | - |
| of which: international services | 17 | 16 | 5 | 31 | _ | _ | - |
| 2. Defence | 59 | 59 | 59 | 27 | _ | _ | - |
| 3. Public order and safety | = | _ | = | = | _ | = | - |
| 4. Economic affairs | 1,295 | 1,549 | 1,483 | 1,461 | 2,035 | 2,009 | 2,134 |
| of which: enterprise and economic development | 22 | 39 | 6 | 7 | _ | _ | - |
| of which: employment policies | _ | - | - | = | = | = | - |
| of which: agriculture, fisheries and forestry | 5 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 2 |
| of which: transport | 1,269 | 1,508 | 1,476 | 1,452 | 2,031 | 2,005 | 2,132 |
| 5. Environment protection | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | = |
| 6. Housing and community amenities | 3,092 | 3,400 | 3,695 | 3,726 | 4,322 | 3,418 | 3,594 |
| 7. Health | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | - |
| 8. Recreation, culture and religion | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | = |
| 10. Social protection | 9 | -3 | 1 | 3 | _ | _ | = |
| Total public corporations' capital expenditure on | | | | | | | |
| services | 4,542 | 5,062 | 4,930 | 5,363 | 6,338 | 5,428 | 5,728 |
| Accounting adjustments | 8,967 | 12,587 | 9,949 | 11,669 | 10,002 | 5,030 | 4,927 |
| Total public corporations' capital expenditure | 13,509 | 17,649 | 14,879 | 17,032 | 16,340 | 10,457 | 10,655 |

Table 8.5 Public corporations' current and capital expenditure by economic category, 2013-14 to 2019-20

| | | | | | | | £ million |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans | plans |
| Public corporations' current expenditure on services | | | | | | | |
| Public corporations' debt interest | 3,329 | 3,739 | 3,821 | 3,842 | 2,620 | 684 | 715 |
| Total public corporations' current expenditure on | | | | | | | |
| services | 3,329 | 3,739 | 3,821 | 3,842 | 2,620 | 684 | 715 |
| Accounting adjustments | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total public corporations' current expenditure | 3,329 | 3,739 | 3,821 | 3,842 | 2,620 | 684 | 715 |
| Public corporations' capital expenditure on services | | | | | | | |
| Gross capital procurement | 6,176 | 6,764 | 6,886 | 7,438 | 8,208 | 5,450 | 5,749 |
| Income from sales of assets | -1,724 | -1,703 | -1,962 | -2,077 | -1,873 | -23 | -22 |
| Capital grants | 90 | 2 | 6 | 3 | 3 | _ | _ |
| Total public corporations' capital expenditure on | | | | | | | |
| services | 4,542 | 5,062 | 4,930 | 5,363 | 6,338 | 5,427 | 5,728 |
| Accounting adjustments | 8,967 | 12,587 | 9,949 | 11,669 | 10,002 | 5,030 | 4,927 |
| Total public corporations' capital expenditure | 13,509 | 17,649 | 14,879 | 17,032 | 16,340 | 10,457 | 10,655 |
| Total public corporations' expenditure on services | 7,871 | 8,801 | 8,751 | 9,205 | 8,958 | 6,111 | 6,443 |
| Accounting adjustments | 8,967 | 12,587 | 9,949 | 11,669 | 10,002 | 5,030 | 4,927 |
| Total public corporations' expenditure(1) | 16,838 | 21,388 | 18,700 | 20,874 | 18,960 | 11,141 | 11,370 |

⁽¹⁾ This excludes the temporary effects of banks being classified to the public sector. See Box 5.A for details.

9

Public expenditure by country, region and function

- **9.1** This chapter presents analyses of public expenditure by country, region and function. Data in this Chapter for all years are National Statistics. Readers need to bear in mind the following two points about this chapter.
- **9.2** The first is that the information in **Chapters 9 and 10** was gathered in a separate data collection exercise during the summer of 2017. Therefore, the figures in these chapters are not entirely consistent with the figures in other PESA chapters. Following the practice instituted in PESA 2017, data presented in these chapters are *identical* to that published on GOV.UK in the CRA National Statistics release from November 2017¹. Therefore:
- TME, debt interest and EU transaction totals that feed into these tables are from data sourced in November 2017.
- Similarly, mid-year population estimates and GDP deflators used to produce 'per head' and 'real terms' tables respectively are also from the most up-to-date available sources as at November 2017. For clarification, the GDP deflators presented in Annex F of PESA are as of 29 June 2018 and are the source for 'real terms' tables seen elsewhere in this publication.
- **9.3** The second point is that most public spending is planned to benefit categories of individuals and enterprises irrespective of location, or where locations are prioritised using national criteria. The regional analyses presented in this chapter show where the individuals and enterprises that benefited from public spending were located. It does not mean that all such spending was planned to benefit a particular region because only a minority of public spending is planned on a regional basis.

How public expenditure is planned and controlled

- **9.4** Public expenditure is planned and controlled on a departmental basis, except where devolved responsibility lies with the Scottish Government, Welsh Government, Northern Ireland Executive, or with local government. This means that in several areas expenditure is planned on a UK-wide or GB-wide basis rather than by reference to a single country. For example, the Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) is responsible for the operation of the social security benefit system throughout Great Britain, but not Northern Ireland.
- **9.5** The Country and Regional Analysis (CRA) exercise is a statistical analysis. It plays no direct part in resource allocation.

The tables

- **9.6** Most of the tables in this chapter provide an analysis of spending for the period 2012-13 to 2016-17. Information on methods and data quality is provided in the sections below.
- **9.7 Table 9.1** shows identifiable public sector expenditure on services by country and region. **Table 9.2** shows this spending on a per-head basis. **Table 9.3** is in real terms and **Table 9.4** shows this real-terms spending on a per-head basis.

¹ https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/country-and-regional-analysis-2017

- **9.8 Tables 9.5 to 9.14** each focus on a particular function, showing current, capital and total public sector expenditure by country and region.
- **9.9 Table 9.15** shows identifiable public sector spending by function, country and region on a per-head basis. **Table 9.16** shows these per-head figures as percentages of the average UK level.
- **9.10 Tables 9.17 to 9.20** provide a sectoral breakdown of **Tables 9.1 and 9.2**. **Table 9.17** shows the country and regional allocations of local government expenditure, and **Table 9.18** shows this on a per-head basis. **Tables 9.19 and 9.20** show the equivalent presentations for combined central government and public corporation spending.
- **9.11** For Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland, **Table 9.21** shows the relative contributions of the devolved administrations, Whitehall departments and local government under each functional heading. This table covers 2016-17 only.
- **9.12** A supplementary database and tables are available on GOV.UK alongside the November 2017 CRA release. This will include the information in **Table 9.21** for earlier years, while the interactive tables allow users to choose how they view the data.

Methods

The process of apportioning expenditure by country and region

- **9.13** In order to provide information on the allocation of expenditure by country and region, the Treasury asks the UK government departments and devolved administrations to undertake an annual statistical exercise.
- The exercise is based on devolved administration spending and the subset of departmental spending that can be identified as benefiting the population of individual regions. It asks departments and devolved administrations to apportion that spending between countries and regions following guidance issued by the Treasury.
- The Treasury then collates departments' returns and combines these with the known spending of local government to produce the analyses of public expenditure by country and region that are published in this release.
- **9.14** The figures in this chapter include a wider coverage of expenditure for Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland than that for which the devolved administrations and the Secretaries of State for Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland are directly responsible.

Identifiable expenditure on services

- **9.15** The country and regional analyses are set within the overall framework of expenditure on services (TES), which broadly represents total current and capital spending of the public sector. See **Annex E** for further information on this framework. For the country and regional analyses, expenditure on services is divided into identifiable and non-identifiable expenditure:
- Around 88 per cent of total expenditure on services is **identifiable** expenditure, which has been incurred for the benefit of individuals, enterprises or communities within particular regions. Examples are health, education, and social protection spending; and
- non-identifiable expenditure, constituting the remaining 12 per cent of total expenditure
 on services, is deemed to be incurred on behalf of the United Kingdom as a whole.
 Examples include the majority of expenditure on defence, overseas representation, and tax
 collection.

- **9.16** Where precise accounting data on the recipients' locations are not available, allocation is based on other available information, following rules set down in the Treasury's guidance for departments. For example, administration costs incurred centrally in support of regional spending are attributed to regions in the same proportions as the spending that they support. In other cases, departments approximate regional benefits where the immediate beneficiaries' head office locations mask the final recipients' location.
- **9.17** Expenditure financed by EU receipts can be classified as identifiable or non-identifiable depending upon the characteristics of the expenditure itself. Receipts from the EU are treated as non-identifiable within TES. Consequently, regional expenditure includes the expenditure financed by EU receipts. Payments to the EU are attributed to 'outside UK' as these are transfer payments that the EU then spends.

How identifiable expenditure is attributed to countries and regions

- **9.18** Identifiable expenditure is attributed to a specific country or region using the 'for' basis wherever possible, which records the regions that benefited from the spending, or whom the spending was for, rather than simply the location where the spending took place (the 'in' basis). Where it is not possible to allocate spending to regions on a 'for' basis, the 'in' basis is used instead. For most spending the 'for' and the 'in' bases would in practice offer similar results.
- **9.19** A number of issues can be identified limiting the ability to offer a complete picture of 'who benefits':
- **practical difficulties:** for example, schools are not used solely by the residents of the region in which the facility is located. Definitional and border problems become increasingly significant the smaller the geographical unit considered;
- **conceptual problems:** for example, agricultural support is treated as benefiting the farmers who receive subsidies rather than the final consumers of food; and
- data collection issues: departments are encouraged but not required to allocate spending on the basis of 'who benefits'. If spending is not significant (less than £20m annually on capital or current) and/or relevant data for allocating this to regions are not available, departments may use some statistical proxy instead. This might include using straight population shares, or using the same regional allocation proportions as other related spending. It is not considered practical or cost effective to collect local government spending data on the basis of 'who benefits'. Instead, local government spending is assumed to benefit the area where the expenditure is incurred.

Data on public expenditure by country and region

- **9.20** The tables present the spending attributed to the English regions alongside the spending attributed to Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland. Although the figures are comparable, care is still needed when making comparisons because of the different scope of public sector activities in different countries. For example, water supply is a public sector function in Scotland and Northern Ireland, but is in the private sector in England and Wales.
- **9.21** The data cover central government, local government and public corporations.
- **9.22** Subsequent inconsistencies between the CRA and earlier chapters in PESA reflect updates that have been made by departments and local authorities since the summer of 2017.
- **9.23** Information on local government spending in the CRA is based on data supplied by the Ministry for Housing, Communities and Local Government (MHCLG), and Department for Work and Pensions (DWP), as well as the devolved administrations. English local government spending is attributed to regions by the Treasury using information supplied by MHCLG.

Data quality

- **9.24** The CRA is intended to give a broad picture of relative spending for the benefit of different regions and countries. Small differences in regional spending should not be treated as significant.
- **9.25** In order not to overstate the accuracy of the numbers provided, CRA data is rounded to the nearest £1 million. The CRA will be subject to imprecision because:
- the concept of who benefits is open to interpretation;
- simplifying assumptions are made in order to reduce the reporting burden for government bodies;
- the robustness of allocation methods varies according to the availability of data. Public service pension spending can be allocated on the basis of the postcodes of recipients, giving a very accurate regional allocation. Other apportionments require a higher degree of estimation; and
- the Treasury asks the largest departments to allocate their spending by country and region, whereas spending for the remaining departments (de minimis) are pro-rated using the total expenditure of the larger departments.
- **9.26** Some of the steps that departments and the Treasury undertake to ensure that data is of sufficient quality to be used in the CRA include:
- the issuance of clear guidance by the Treasury to departments in order to obtain consistency where possible;
- meetings between departments and the Treasury to discuss methods of allocation;
- considerable resources devoted by departments to the work, including the involvement of statisticians in preparing their returns to the Treasury. The return is signed off by a statistician, finance director, or senior accountant in the department as being produced in accordance with the CRA guidance, and where applicable accompanied by a statement on data quality (see below).
- **9.27** In their accompanying statements on data quality some departments have identified areas of their CRA return where methods have been used that are either provisional or do not fully meet the methodology set out in the CRA guidance. Specific comments made by departments on data quality are:
- **Department for Digital, Culture, Media and Sport (DCMS)** while some of the Arm's length Bodies (ALBs) DCMS is responsible for could allocate spending to the region where it took place, others used visitor survey data or other proxies to estimate regional allocations. Inconsistencies occurred in the treatment of survey data for visitors from 'outside UK'. This mostly affects the recreation, culture and religion function.
- **Department for Transport (DfT)** DfT have produced regional allocations of transport expenditure by country and region. However, DFT have explained that the disaggregation of expenditure to this geographic level is particularly difficult with the available information and users should be aware of the methodologies used and the limitations of the data. This is particularly relevant concerning the rail network (including High Speed 2 expenditure) and Highways regional allocations. These methodologies are outlined below;

- Highways England's spend on motorways and major A roads is difficult to allocate on a 'who benefits' basis due to the nature of the network. Spend has therefore been assigned using actual regional data, with central expenditure apportioned across the regions;
- allocating rail expenditure is also difficult due to the railway network crossing regional boundaries, however, a sound methodology has been applied to allocate rail expenditure on a 'who benefits?' basis. Following reclassification of Network Rail (NR) as a public body, changes to associated rail expenditure allocations were made and as a result, rail expenditure from 2015-16 is not directly comparable with previous years;
 - from 2015-16 all NR expenditure is reported, where in previous years only Government grants to NR were included. This means that the total public expenditure for NR increased substantially;
 - the method used to allocate many areas of rail expenditure changed in 2016-17 to more accurately align with spending profiles across regions of Great Britain. This is done by matching NR route accounts to patterns of rail passenger demand. Allocations for 2015-16 have also been harmonised with the improved methodology.
- the methodology for allocating HS2 expenditure has two elements. Where circumstance allows, expenditure is allocated to specific regions, for example property purchase costs have been allocated according to where the property being purchased is located. The remaining balance of expenditure has been allocated in line with the most relevant regional benefit split for the Full Network. This is either the;
 - Phase 1 regional split from 2013 in section 5.3 here: https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/365065/S_A_1_Economic_case_0.pdf
 - or the 2016 economic case found on table 10 of HS2 Phase Two, West Midlands to Crewe, Economic Case; https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/ uploads/attachment_data/file/490312/Economic_Case_report_2016.pdf
- Local Government for England: Transport Trading Limited the main component of this expenditure relates to Crossrail. Estimated regional allocations are therefore based on analysis of Crossrail's economic benefits that was conducted by Crossrail Ltd prior to 2009. Therefore this illustrative data does not represent the final Crossrail scheme (e.g. Reading extension) and does not represent current expectations about Crossrail services and other national rail and tube services. In addition it excludes benefits from wider economic impacts. Please see link to analysis below:
 - http://74f85f59f39b887b696f-ab656259048fb93837ecc0ecbcf0c557.r23.cf3.rackcdn. com/assets/library/document/c/original/crossrail distribution of benefits feb 2009.pdf
- International Trade All expenditure for this department changed from ID to non-ID as it benefits the UK as a whole;
- Armed Forces Pensions Schemes & Ministry of Defence There are significant changes to the allocation methodology of the pensions schemes for these two departments:
 - **Armed Forces Pensions Schemes:** The allocation methodology has been improved this year. Expenditure is split by country and region using the Health Statistics publication on pension recipient's location. These revisions to the methodology have been back dated to 2014-15.

- **MoD Armed Forces War Pensions:** This year the Health Statistics publication on pension recipient's location was used to split by country and region. This makes the data consistent with the approach used for the Armed Forces Pensions Schemes. These revisions to the methodology have been back dated to 2014-15.
- **Ministry of Defence (MoD)** MoD include expenditure on several segments that relate to 'Operations and Peace Keeping'. These are classified to sub-function: 'Foreign military aid'. In previous years these segments were deemed to be non-ID expenditure. For this year's CRA these have now been moved to ID expenditure benefitting 'OUTSIDE UK';
- **Environment, Food & Rural Affairs** Defra have improved the allocation methodology for Rural Payment Agency (RPA) segments. In previous years RPA apportionments were based on rural population. For this year, data has been derived from the Rural Payments accounting system, which maps each business to a regional identifier.

Table 9.1 Total identifiable expenditure on services by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17

| | | | | | to illim 5 | | | 00 400 0 50 | cantibuous oldefitable to tass you e se | omitipuouso |
|---|---------|---------|-----------------|---------|------------|---------|----------|---------------------|--|-------------|
| | | Natio | onal Statistics | | | | Nati | National Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outtum | outturn | outturn |
| North East | 24,159 | 24,480 | 24,749 | 25,157 | 25,525 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| North West | 64,480 | 64,448 | 66,156 | 64,569 | 68,077 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 |
| Yorkshire and The Humber | 45,139 | 45,496 | 46,636 | 47,461 | 47,801 | 8 | ∞ | ∞ | ∞ | 8 |
| East Midlands | 36,283 | 36,802 | 38,038 | 38,496 | 39,129 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| West Midlands | 47,826 | 48,264 | 50,012 | 50,045 | 51,313 | 8 | ∞ | ∞ | ∞ | ∞ |
| East | 45,194 | 46,236 | 48,147 | 49,380 | 49,995 | 8 | ∞ | ∞ | ∞ | ∞ |
| London | 82,529 | 699'88 | 85,083 | 87,377 | 89,569 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 |
| South East | 65,712 | 67,499 | 69,001 | 70,801 | 73,211 | 1 | | 11 | 12 | 12 |
| South West | 42,738 | 43,854 | 45,318 | 45,976 | 47,158 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 8 |
| Total England | 454,061 | 460,749 | 473,141 | 482,262 | 491,779 | 78 | 78 | 78 | 78 | 79 |
| Scotland | 53,959 | 54,177 | 55,121 | 56,297 | 57,563 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Wales | 29,553 | 30,114 | 30'636 | 30,974 | 31,367 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Northern Ireland | 19,645 | 19,981 | 20,333 | 20,222 | 20,562 | c | ĸ | c | c | M |
| UK identifiable expenditure | 557,219 | 565,020 | 579,231 | 589,755 | 601,271 | 96 | 95 | 96 | 96 | 96 |
| Outside UK | 25,089 | 26,659 | 26,895 | 25,647 | 24,232 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Total identifiable expenditure | 582,308 | 591,679 | 606,126 | 615,402 | 625,503 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | £ million | | | as a per cent o | as a per cent of Total Managed Expenditure | Expenditure |
| | | Natio | onal Statistics | | | | Nati | National Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Identifiable expenditure | 582,308 | 591,679 | 606,126 | 615,402 | 625,503 | 80 | 81 | 81 | 81 | 81 |
| Non-identifiable expenditure ⁽¹⁾ | 83,448 | 83,388 | 81,078 | 84,912 | 85,613 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 |
| Public sector expenditure on services | 95,756 | 675,067 | 687,204 | 700,314 | 711,116 | 91 | 92 | 91 | 93 | 92 |
| Accounting adjustments | 65,845 | 58,684 | 64,112 | 56,533 | 61,274 | 6 | ∞ | 6 | 7 | ∞ |
| Total Managed Expenditure ⁽²⁾ | 731,601 | 733,751 | 751,316 | 756,847 | 772,390 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |

731,601 Total Managed Expenditure⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ Includes the effect of financial sector interventions. See PESA Box 5.A for details.
⁽²⁾ This excludes the temporary effects of banks being classified to the public sector. See PESA Box 5.A for details.

Table 9.2 Total identifiable expenditure on services by country and region, per head 2012-13 to 2016-17⁽¹⁾

| | | | | | t per nead | | | Index (UK Id | $\log x$ (UK identifiable expenditure = 100) | line = 100 |
|-----------------------------|---------|---------|-----------------|---------|------------|---------|---------|---------------------|--|------------|
| | | Natio | onal Statistics | | | | Nati | National Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn |
| North East | 9,284 | 9,377 | 9,451 | 9,585 | 089'6 | 106 | 106 | 105 | 106 | 106 |
| North West | 9,102 | 9,073 | 9,275 | 9,419 | 9,429 | 104 | 103 | 103 | 104 | 103 |
| Yorkshire and The Humber | 8,490 | 8,523 | 8,701 | 8,804 | 8,810 | 76 | 76 | 76 | 76 | 96 |
| East Midlands | 7,943 | 8,003 | 8,202 | 8,231 | 8,282 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 06 |
| West Midlands | 8,476 | 8,505 | 8,754 | 8,702 | 8,846 | 76 | 96 | 86 | 96 | 16 |
| East | 7,651 | 7,765 | 8,000 | 8,126 | 8,155 | 87 | 88 | 68 | 06 | 88 |
| London | 6,933 | 9,941 | 9,964 | 10,074 | 10,192 | 114 | 113 | 111 | 111 | 111 |
| South East | 7,532 | 7,677 | 7,776 | 7,913 | 8,111 | 98 | 87 | 87 | 87 | 89 |
| South West | 8,004 | 8,155 | 8,356 | 8,403 | 8,549 | 92 | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 |
| England | 8,488 | 8,554 | 8,711 | 8,803 | 868'8 | 76 | 16 | 16 | 97 | 16 |
| Scotland | 10,155 | 10,169 | 10,308 | 10,478 | 10,651 | 116 | 115 | 115 | 116 | 116 |
| Wales | 9,614 | 9,770 | 806'6 | 9,994 | 10,076 | 110 | 111 | 110 | 110 | 110 |
| Northern Ireland | 10,773 | 10,920 | 11,048 | 10,921 | 11,042 | 123 | 124 | 123 | 121 | 121 |
| UK identifiable expenditure | 8,747 | 8,814 | 8,967 | 9,058 | 9,159 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |

Table 9.3 Total identifiable expenditure on services by country and region in real terms,(1) 2012-13 to 2016-17

| | | | | | £ million |
|---|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|-----------|
| | | Nat | tional Statistics | | |
| _ | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn |
| North East | 25,662 | 25,566 | 25,478 | 25,724 | 25,525 |
| North West | 68,491 | 67,308 | 68,104 | 69,093 | 68,077 |
| Yorkshire and The Humber | 47,946 | 47,514 | 48,010 | 48,531 | 47,801 |
| East Midlands | 38,540 | 38,435 | 39,158 | 39,364 | 39,129 |
| West Midlands | 50,801 | 50,406 | 51,485 | 51,174 | 51,313 |
| East | 48,006 | 48,288 | 49,565 | 50,494 | 49,995 |
| London | 87,662 | 87,382 | 87,588 | 89,348 | 89,569 |
| South East | 69,800 | 70,494 | 71,033 | 72,398 | 73,211 |
| South West | 45,396 | 45,800 | 46,653 | 47,013 | 47,158 |
| England | 482,306 | 481,191 | 487,073 | 493,140 | 491,779 |
| Scotland | 57,316 | 56,580 | 56,744 | 57,566 | 57,563 |
| Wales | 31,392 | 31,450 | 31,538 | 31,672 | 31,367 |
| Northern Ireland | 20,867 | 20,867 | 20,932 | 20,679 | 20,562 |
| UK identifiable expenditure | 591,880 | 590,089 | 596,286 | 603,058 | 601,271 |
| Outside UK | 26,650 | 27,842 | 27,687 | 26,226 | 24,232 |
| Total identifiable expenditure | 618,530 | 617,931 | 623,973 | 629,283 | 625,503 |
| Non-identifiable expenditure ⁽²⁾ | 88,639 | 87,087 | 83,465 | 86,827 | 85,613 |
| Total Expenditure on Services | 707,169 | 705,018 | 707,439 | 716,110 | 711,116 |
| Accounting adjustments | 69,941 | 61,288 | 66,000 | 57,809 | 61,274 |
| Total Managed Expenditure ⁽³⁾ | 777,110 | 766,306 | 773,439 | 773,919 | 772,390 |

⁽¹⁾ Real terms figures are the nominal figures adjusted to 2016-17 price levels using GDP deflators from the Office for National Statistics (released 29 September 2017). (2) Includes the effect of financial sector interventions. See PESA Box 5.A for details. (3) This excludes the temporary effects of banks being classified to the public sector. See PESA Box 5.A for details.

Table 9.4 Total identifiable expenditure on services by country and region per head(1) in real terms,(2) 2012-13 to 2016-17

£ per head **National Statistics** 2013-14 2015-16 2016-17 2012-13 2014-15 outturn outturn outturn outturn outturn North East 9,861 9,793 9,729 9,801 9,680 North West 9,668 9,476 9,548 9,631 9,429 Yorkshire and The Humber 9,018 8,902 8,957 9,003 8,810 East Midlands 8,438 8,358 8,444 8,417 8,282 West Midlands 9,003 9,011 8,846 8,883 8,898 East 8,236 8,310 8,126 8,110 8,155 London 10,551 10,382 10,258 10,301 10,192 South East 8,000 8,017 8,005 8,091 8,111 South West 8,549 8,502 8,517 8,602 8,593 England 9,016 8,933 8,967 9,001 8,898 Scotland 10,787 10,620 10,611 10,714 10,651 Wales 10,212 10,203 10,200 10,220 10,076 Northern Ireland 11,443 11,405 11,373 11,168 11,042 UK identifiable expenditure 9,291 9,205 9,231 9,262 9,159

⁽¹⁾ Per head figures calculated using the latest mid-year population estimates from the ONS. See Annex within the CRA 2017 release for details.

⁽²⁾ Real terms figures are the nominal figures adjusted to 2016-17 price levels using GDP deflators from the Office for National Statistics (released 29 September 2017).

Table 9.5 Identifiable expenditure on general public services by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | £ million |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|---------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|-----------|
| | General public services | : services | | | | of which: current | ent | | | | of which: capital | tal | | | |
| | | Nati | National Statistics | | | | Natio | National Statistics | | | | Natic | National Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn |
| North East | 276 | 224 | 227 | 214 | 240 | 233 | 174 | 192 | 185 | 201 | 43 | 20 | 35 | 29 | 39 |
| North West | 629 | 572 | 295 | 545 | 263 | 494 | 468 | 469 | 477 | 475 | 144 | 105 | 93 | 89 | 88 |
| Yorkshire and The Humber | 402 | 405 | 356 | 354 | 418 | 331 | 292 | 275 | 272 | 308 | 71 | 113 | 81 | 82 | 110 |
| East Midlands | 472 | 432 | 397 | 377 | 441 | 392 | 327 | 314 | 297 | 334 | 80 | 105 | 82 | 80 | 107 |
| West Midlands | 431 | 437 | 498 | 420 | 492 | 398 | 377 | 425 | 426 | 412 | 33 | 09 | 73 | -5 | 80 |
| East | 542 | 517 | 959 | 575 | 672 | 460 | 438 | 475 | 465 | 534 | 82 | 79 | 181 | 110 | 138 |
| London | 852 | 799 | 714 | 704 | 1,051 | 541 | 593 | 651 | 646 | 989 | 311 | 202 | 62 | 28 | 415 |
| South East | 191 | 96/ | 841 | 723 | 1,393 | 623 | 909 | 699 | 298 | 669 | 144 | 190 | 172 | 125 | 694 |
| South West | 470 | 430 | 554 | 451 | 579 | 408 | 345 | 419 | 362 | 408 | 62 | 85 | 134 | 89 | 171 |
| England | 4,851 | 4,612 | 4,804 | 4,363 | 5,849 | 3,880 | 3,620 | 3,891 | 3,727 | 4,007 | 971 | 992 | 914 | 989 | 1,842 |
| Scotland | 936 | 1,112 | 1,137 | 1,131 | 1,085 | 793 | 921 | 949 | 946 | 871 | 142 | 191 | 188 | 184 | 213 |
| Wales | 208 | 208 | 528 | 493 | 510 | 430 | 443 | 478 | 467 | 466 | 78 | 64 | 20 | 79 | 44 |
| Northern Ireland | 381 | 419 | 458 | 393 | 348 | 353 | 374 | 381 | 358 | 309 | 28 | 45 | 78 | 35 | 40 |
| UK identifiable expenditure | 6,675 | 0'920 | 6,928 | 6,379 | 7,792 | 5,455 | 5,359 | 2,698 | 5,499 | 5,653 | 1,220 | 1,291 | 1,230 | 881 | 2,139 |
| Outside the UK | 6,483 | 8,498 | 9,481 | 9,232 | 8,770 | 5,749 | 7,695 | 7,199 | 7,063 | 7,656 | 734 | 803 | 2,282 | 2,169 | 1,114 |
| Total identifiable expenditure | 13,158 | 15,147 | 16,409 | 15,612 | 16,562 | 11,204 | 13,053 | 12,897 | 12,562 | 13,309 | 1,953 | 2,094 | 3,512 | 3,050 | 3,254 |
| Non-identifiable expenditure | 46,313 | 45,863 | 42,881 | 43,977 | 46,159 | 46,145 | 45,520 | 42,499 | 43,665 | 45,743 | 168 | 343 | 382 | 312 | 416 |
| Total Expenditure on Services | 59,471 | 61,011 | 59,290 | 59,589 | 62,722 | 57,350 | 58,574 | 55,396 | 56,227 | 59,052 | 2,121 | 2,437 | 3,894 | 3,362 | 3,670 |

Table 9.5a Identifiable expenditure on general public services (of which: public and common services) by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | £ million |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------|---------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|-----------|
| | Total public and common services | od common s | ervices | | | of which: current | ent | | | | of which: capital | tal | | | |
| | | Nati | National Statistics | 10 | | | Natio | National Statistics | | | | Natic | National Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn |
| North East | 269 | 218 | 224 | 210 | 237 | 226 | 168 | 189 | 181 | 197 | 43 | 20 | 35 | 29 | 39 |
| North West | 621 | 222 | 552 | 534 | 552 | 477 | 452 | 460 | 467 | 465 | 143 | 104 | 92 | 29 | 88 |
| Yorkshire and The Humber | 388 | 392 | 349 | 345 | 410 | 318 | 280 | 7 2 68 | 264 | 300 | 70 | 113 | 81 | 81 | 109 |
| East Midlands | 460 | 421 | 390 | 370 | 434 | 381 | 317 | 308 | 290 | 327 | 79 | 104 | 82 | 80 | 107 |
| West Midlands | 417 | 424 | 489 | 411 | 483 | 384 | 365 | 417 | 418 | 404 | 32 | 29 | 72 | 9- | 79 |
| East | 527 | 503 | 647 | 995 | 693 | 446 | 425 | 467 | 457 | 526 | 81 | 78 | 180 | 109 | 137 |
| London | 830 | 779 | 701 | 169 | 1,038 | 521 | 574 | 640 | 634 | 624 | 310 | 204 | 19 | 27 | 414 |
| South East | 745 | 176 | 828 | 710 | 1,379 | 602 | 287 | 657 | 286 | 989 | 143 | 189 | 171 | 124 | 693 |
| South West | 456 | 417 | 546 | 443 | 571 | 395 | 333 | 412 | 354 | 400 | 19 | 84 | 134 | 88 | 171 |
| England | 4,712 | 4,484 | 4,726 | 4,281 | 2,767 | 3,751 | 3,500 | 3,818 | 3,652 | 3,929 | 961 | 984 | 206 | 629 | 1,837 |
| Scotland | 922 | 1,099 | 1,129 | 1,122 | 1,077 | 780 | 606 | 941 | 939 | 864 | 141 | 190 | 188 | 184 | 213 |
| Wales | 200 | 200 | 524 | 488 | 202 | 422 | 437 | 474 | 463 | 462 | 77 | 64 | 20 | 78 | 44 |
| Northern Ireland | 376 | 414 | 456 | 390 | 346 | 348 | 370 | 378 | 326 | 306 | 28 | 44 | 78 | 34 | 40 |
| UK identifiable expenditure | 6,510 | 6,498 | 6,834 | 6,282 | 7,695 | 5,302 | 5,215 | 5,612 | 5,410 | 5,561 | 1,208 | 1,283 | 1,222 | 872 | 2,134 |
| Outside the UK | 230 | 305 | 300 | 308 | 295 | I | I | I | Ī | I | 230 | 305 | 300 | 308 | 295 |
| Total identifiable expenditure | 6,740 | 6,803 | 7,134 | 6,590 | 7,989 | 5,302 | 5,215 | 5,612 | 5,410 | 5,561 | 1,438 | 1,588 | 1,522 | 1,180 | 2,429 |
| Non-identifiable expenditure | 4,386 | 4,312 | 4,249 | 4,549 | 4,759 | 4,249 | 4,083 | 4,010 | 4,363 | 4,400 | 137 | 228 | 239 | 186 | 329 |
| Total Expenditure on Services | 11,126 | 11,115 | 11,384 | 11,138 | 12,748 | 9,551 | 9,299 | 9,623 | 9,773 | 9,961 | 1,575 | 1,816 | 1,761 | 1,366 | 2,788 |

Table 9.5b Identifiable expenditure on general public services (of which: international services) by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | £ million |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|---|---------------------|---|---|-------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|-----------|
| | International services | services | | | | of which: current | ent | | | | of which: capital | tal | | | |
| | | Nati | National Statistics | | | | Natio | National Statistics | | | | Natic | National Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn |
| North East | 7 | 9 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 9 | 9 | m | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| North West | 18 | 17 | 10 | ======================================= | ======================================= | 17 | 16 | 6 | 10 | 10 | _ | _ | <u></u> | _ | — |
| Yorkshire and The Humber | 14 | 13 | 8 | 8 | ∞ | 13 | 12 | 7 | 7 | ∞ | _ | - | - | _ | 0 |
| East Midlands | 12 | ======================================= | 7 | 7 | 7 | | 10 | 9 | 9 | 7 | _ | - | - | _ | 0 |
| West Midlands | 15 | 13 | ∞ | 6 | 6 | 14 | 13 | ∞ | ∞ | ∞ | _ | _ | - | _ | 0 |
| East | 15 | 14 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 14 | 13 | ∞ | ∞ | 6 | _ | _ | <u></u> | <u></u> | — |
| London | 21 | 20 | 12 | 13 | 13 | 20 | 19 | = | 12 | 12 | 2 | - | _ | _ | — |
| South East | 23 | 21 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 21 | 20 | 12 | 12 | 13 | 2 | - | _ | - | — |
| South West | 14 | 13 | ∞ | ∞ | ∞ | 13 | 12 | 7 | 7 | ∞ | _ | _ | - | _ | 0 |
| England | 138 | 127 | 79 | 82 | 82 | 129 | 120 | 72 | 75 | 77 | 10 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 5 |
| Scotland | 14 | 13 | 8 | 8 | ∞ | 13 | 12 | 7 | 7 | ∞ | _ | - | - | _ | 0 |
| Wales | ∞ | 7 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 7 | 7 | 4 | 4 | 4 | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Northern Ireland | 2 | 4 | æ | æ | æ | 4 | 4 | 2 | 3 | m | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| UK identifiable expenditure | 165 | 152 | 94 | 6 | 97 | 153 | 143 | 98 | 88 | 92 | 12 | ∞ | ∞ | 6 | 9 |
| Outside the UK | 6,253 | 8,193 | 9,181 | 8,924 | 8,475 | 5,749 | 7,695 | 7,199 | 7,063 | 7,656 | 504 | 498 | 1,982 | 1,861 | 819 |
| Total identifiable expenditure | 6,418 | 8,344 | 9,275 | 9,022 | 8,573 | 5,902 | 7,838 | 7,285 | 7,152 | 7,748 | 515 | 206 | 1,990 | 1,869 | 825 |
| Non-identifiable expenditure | 1,303 | 1,444 | 1,212 | 1,424 | 1,251 | 1,272 | 1,329 | 1,069 | 1,297 | 1,194 | 31 | 115 | 143 | 126 | 57 |
| Total Expenditure on Services | 7,720 | 9,788 | 10,487 | 10,446 | 9,823 | 7,174 | 9,167 | 8,355 | 8,450 | 8,941 | 546 | 621 | 2,133 | 1,996 | 882 |

Table 9.5c Identifiable expenditure on general public services (of which: public sector debt interest) by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | £ million |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| | Public sector debt interest | lebt interest | | | | of which: current | ent | | | | of which: capital | ital | | | |
| | | Nati | National Statistics | 10 | | | Nati | National Statistics | | | | Natio | National Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 outturn | 2013-14 Outflin | 2014-15 outflin | 2015-16 Ouffurn | 2016-17 | 2012-13 ouffurn | 2013-14 outfurn | 2014-15 outturn | 2015-16 outflirn | 2016-17 | 2012-13 ouffurn | 2013-14 Outflin | 2014-15 ouffurn | 2015-16 Outflire | 2016-17 |
| North East | I | | I | I | I | | I | I | I | | | | | ı | |
| North West | I | I | I | I | ı | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I |
| Yorkshire and The Humber | I | I | I | I | ı | I | I | I | I | ı | ı | I | I | I | I |
| East Midlands | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I |
| West Midlands | I | I | I | I | ı | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | ı | I |
| East | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | ı | I |
| London | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | ı | I | ı | I |
| South East | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | ı | I | ı | I |
| South West | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I |
| England | 1 | I | I | ı | I | I | I | ı | ı | I | ı | ı | ı | ı | I |
| Scotland | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | ı | I | ı | I |
| Wales | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | ı | I | ı | I |
| Northern Ireland | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I |
| UK identifiable expenditure | I | I | I | ı | I | I | I | I | I | I | ı | I | ı | ı | I |
| Outside the UK | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I |
| Total identifiable expenditure | 1 | 1 | 1 | ı | I | 1 | ı | ı | ı | I | 1 | ı | ı | ı | I |
| Non-identifiable expenditure | 40,624 | 40,108 | 37,419 | 38,005 | 40,150 | 40,624 | 40,108 | 37,419 | 38,005 | 40,150 | I | I | I | I | I |
| Total Expenditure on Services | 40,624 | 40,108 | 37,419 | 38,005 | 40,150 | 40,624 | 40,108 | 37,419 | 38,005 | 40,150 | 1 | ı | 1 | 1 | 1 |

Table 9.6 Identifiable expenditure on defence by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | £ million |
|--------------------------------|---------|---------|---------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|-----------|
| | Defence | | | | | of which: current | ent | | | | of which: capital | tal | | | |
| | | Nati | National Statistics | 10 | | | Nati | National Statistics | | | | Natio | National Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn |
| North East | 2 | 2 | 2 | - | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | - | 2 | ı | ı | I | I | I |
| North West | 2 | 2 | 4 | 9 | 7 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 9 | 7 | I | I | I | I | I |
| Yorkshire and The Humber | ĸ | 4 | ~ | e | 4 | ĸ | 4 | c | c | 4 | I | ı | I | I | I |
| East Midlands | 4 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 2 | ı | ı | I | I | I |
| West Midlands | 4 | 4 | 33 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | cc | æ | 4 | ı | ı | I | I | I |
| East | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | I | ı | I | I | I |
| London | ∞ | 7 | 7 | 9 | 7 | ∞ | 7 | 7 | 9 | 7 | I | I | I | I | I |
| South East | 8 | 6 | 6 | 7 | ∞ | 8 | 6 | 6 | 7 | ∞ | I | I | I | I | I |
| South West | 4 | 2 | 2 | ĸ | 4 | 4 | 2 | 2 | m | 4 | I | I | I | I | I |
| England | 45 | 47 | 43 | 39 | 47 | 45 | 47 | 43 | 39 | 47 | ı | ı | ı | I | I |
| Scotland | m | m | c | 4 | 4 | c | c | \sim | 4 | 4 | I | ı | I | I | I |
| Wales | 4 | 4 | 4 | e | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | c | 2 | I | ı | I | I | I |
| Northern Ireland | l | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | ı | I | ı | I | I | I |
| UK identifiable expenditure | 52 | 24 | 49 | 46 | 23 | 25 | 24 | 49 | 46 | 23 | 1 | ı | ı | 1 | ı |
| Outside the UK | 2,235 | 1,361 | 633 | 329 | 515 | 1,730 | 1,236 | 624 | 276 | 400 | 206 | 126 | 6 | 23 | 115 |
| Total identifiable expenditure | 2,287 | 1,415 | 682 | 375 | 268 | 1,782 | 1,290 | 673 | 322 | 453 | 206 | 126 | 6 | 23 | 115 |
| Non-identifiable expenditure | 34,053 | 34,989 | 36,016 | 36,252 | 36,431 | 25,321 | 26,281 | 26,787 | 27,474 | 27,346 | 8,732 | 8,708 | 9,229 | 8,779 | 9,085 |
| Total Expenditure on Services | 36,340 | 36,405 | 36,698 | 36,627 | 36,999 | 27,102 | 27,571 | 27,460 | 27,796 | 27,799 | 9,238 | 8,834 | 9,238 | 8,831 | 9,200 |

Table 9.7 Identifiable expenditure on public order and safety by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | £ million |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|---------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|-----------|
| | Public order and safety | nd safety | | | _ | of which: current | ent | | | _ | of which: capital | ital | | | |
| | | Nati | National Statistics | 10 | | | Nati | National Statistics | | | | Nati | National Statistics | 10 | |
| | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn |
| North East | 1,243 | 1,197 | 1,205 | 1,241 | 1,283 | 1,182 | 1,127 | 1,142 | 1,210 | 1,233 | 61 | 70 | 62 | 31 | 49 |
| North West | 3,395 | 3,264 | 3,232 | 3,140 | 3,235 | 3,280 | 3,137 | 3,121 | 2,999 | 3,027 | 115 | 127 | 110 | 141 | 208 |
| Yorkshire and The Humber | 2,303 | 2,215 | 2,228 | 2,191 | 2,226 | 2,184 | 2,101 | 2,114 | 2,056 | 2,095 | 119 | 114 | 114 | 136 | 131 |
| East Midlands | 1,689 | 1,610 | 1,658 | 1,803 | 1,823 | 1,601 | 1,526 | 1,581 | 1,709 | 1,717 | 87 | 83 | 77 | 94 | 106 |
| West Midlands | 2,330 | 2,191 | 2,264 | 2,289 | 2,326 | 2,258 | 2,113 | 2,163 | 2,161 | 2,204 | 72 | 77 | 100 | 128 | 123 |
| East | 1,918 | 1,898 | 1,979 | 2,106 | 2,147 | 1,868 | 1,820 | 1,893 | 2,015 | 2,049 | 49 | 78 | 98 | 92 | 86 |
| London | 5,961 | 5,441 | 5,674 | 5,476 | 5,313 | 5,743 | 5,310 | 2,556 | 5,390 | 5,495 | 218 | 131 | 118 | 85 | -182 |
| South East | 3,051 | 2,976 | 2,943 | 2,936 | 2,988 | 2,949 | 2,885 | 2,842 | 2,807 | 2,868 | 102 | 91 | 101 | 129 | 120 |
| South West | 1,920 | 1,849 | 1,889 | 1,856 | 1,877 | 1,856 | 1,780 | 1,807 | 1,757 | 1,793 | 63 | 69 | 81 | 100 | 84 |
| England | 23,809 | 22,640 | 23,071 | 23,039 | 23,217 | 22,922 | 21,801 | 22,220 | 22,104 | 22,481 | 887 | 839 | 851 | 935 | 736 |
| Scotland | 2,691 | 2,388 | 2,649 | 2,650 | 2,581 | 2,506 | 2,265 | 2,543 | 2,588 | 2,520 | 185 | 123 | 107 | 19 | 61 |
| Wales | 1,360 | 1,328 | 1,348 | 1,230 | 1,258 | 1,308 | 1,256 | 1,283 | 1,158 | 1,193 | 52 | 72 | 64 | 72 | 92 |
| Northern Ireland | 1,382 | 1,357 | 1,271 | 1,244 | 1,219 | 1,310 | 1,293 | 1,206 | 1,162 | 1,155 | 72 | 64 | 9 | 82 | 64 |
| UK identifiable expenditure | 29,243 | 27,713 | 28,340 | 28,162 | 28,275 | 28,047 | 26,614 | 27,252 | 27,012 | 27,349 | 1,196 | 1,099 | 1,087 | 1,151 | 927 |
| Outside the UK | ı | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I |
| Total identifiable expenditure | 29,243 | 27,713 | 28,340 | 28,162 | 28,275 | 28,047 | 26,614 | 27,252 | 27,012 | 27,349 | 1,196 | 1,099 | 1,087 | 1,151 | 927 |
| Non-identifiable expenditure | 2,063 | 1,890 | 2,147 | 2,043 | 1,798 | 1,849 | 1,730 | 1,983 | 1,915 | 1,631 | 214 | 159 | 164 | 128 | 167 |
| Total Expenditure on Services | 31,307 | 29,603 | 30,487 | 30,205 | 30,073 | 29,896 | 28,345 | 29,235 | 28,926 | 28,979 | 1,410 | 1,258 | 1,252 | 1,279 | 1,094 |

Table 9.8 Identifiable expenditure on economic affairs by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | £ million |
|---|------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|-----------|
| | Economic affairs | iirs | | | | of which: current | ent | | | | of which: capital | ital | | | |
| | | Nati | National Statistics | 10 | | | Natio | National Statistics | | | | Nati | National Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn |
| North East | 1,206 | 1,430 | 1,310 | 1,423 | 1,471 | 758 | 828 | 069 | 786 | 757 | 448 | 602 | 620 | 637 | 714 |
| North West | 3,161 | 3,529 | 3,390 | 4,234 | 4,147 | 1,705 | 1,881 | 1,596 | 1,912 | 1,956 | 1,455 | 1,648 | 1,795 | 2,322 | 2,191 |
| Yorkshire and The Humber | 2,641 | 2,973 | 2,904 | 3,300 | 3,064 | 1,560 | 1,716 | 1,450 | 1,697 | 1,665 | 1,081 | 1,257 | 1,454 | 1,603 | 1,399 |
| East Midlands | 1,831 | 2,094 | 2,171 | 2,247 | 2,213 | 1,137 | 1,191 | 1,096 | 1,186 | 1,176 | 694 | 903 | 1,075 | 1,060 | 1,037 |
| West Midlands | 2,356 | 2,575 | 2,711 | 2,822 | 3,071 | 1,285 | 1,426 | 1,299 | 1,428 | 1,462 | 1,070 | 1,149 | 1,412 | 1,394 | 1,610 |
| East | 2,692 | 2,871 | 2,975 | 3,382 | 3,399 | 1,322 | 1,383 | 1,285 | 1,430 | 1,476 | 1,370 | 1,489 | 1,691 | 1,951 | 1,922 |
| London | 6,744 | 7,276 | 7,350 | 9,343 | 10,010 | 2,404 | 2,552 | 2,279 | 3,403 | 3,388 | 4,339 | 4,724 | 5,071 | 5,940 | 6,621 |
| South East | 3,495 | 4,006 | 3,982 | 4,817 | 5,601 | 1,768 | 1,883 | 1,749 | 1,988 | 2,263 | 1,727 | 2,123 | 2,233 | 2,830 | 3,338 |
| South West | 2,237 | 2,375 | 2,520 | 2,714 | 3,132 | 1,391 | 1,375 | 1,329 | 1,402 | 1,577 | 846 | 1,000 | 1,192 | 1,312 | 1,554 |
| England | 796,362 | 29,129 | 29,315 | 34,282 | 36,106 | 13,332 | 14,235 | 12,772 | 15,232 | 15,721 | 13,030 | 14,894 | 16,543 | 19,050 | 20,386 |
| Scotland | 5,312 | 5,527 | 5,322 | 5,529 | 5,926 | 3,224 | 3,466 | 3,137 | 3,423 | 3,453 | 2,088 | 2,061 | 2,185 | 2,106 | 2,474 |
| Wales | 2,210 | 2,379 | 2,348 | 2,429 | 2,308 | 1,405 | 1,491 | 1,403 | 1,506 | 1,424 | 802 | 888 | 945 | 923 | 884 |
| Northern Ireland | 1,587 | 1,639 | 1,676 | 1,548 | 1,581 | 1,212 | 1,249 | 1,221 | 1,227 | 1,113 | 375 | 390 | 455 | 321 | 469 |
| UK identifiable expenditure | 35,471 | 38,674 | 38,661 | 43,788 | 45,922 | 19,173 | 20,441 | 18,533 | 21,388 | 21,710 | 16,298 | 18,233 | 20,128 | 22,400 | 24,212 |
| Outside the UK | 313 | 402 | 488 | 441 | 436 | 14 | 47 | 106 | 96 | 38 | 298 | 355 | 382 | 344 | 398 |
| Total identifiable expenditure | 35,784 | 39,076 | 39,150 | 44,228 | 46,358 | 19,187 | 20,488 | 18,639 | 21,484 | 21,748 | 16,597 | 18,588 | 20,510 | 22,744 | 24,610 |
| Non-identifiable expenditure ⁽¹⁾ | 926 | 1,072 | 169 | 1,398 | 1,022 | 265 | 1,035 | 721 | 1,271 | 948 | 334 | 36 | 49 | 127 | 74 |
| Total Expenditure on Services | 36,710 | 40,148 | 39,919 | 45,626 | 47,381 | 19,780 | 21,523 | 19,360 | 22,755 | 22,696 | 16,930 | 18,624 | 20,559 | 22,871 | 24,684 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

(1) Includes the effect of financial sector interventions. See PESA Box 5.A for details.

Table 9.8a Identifiable expenditure on economic affairs (of which: enterprise and economic development) by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | £ million |
|---|------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|-----------|
| | Enterprise and economic develoment | d economic d | eveloment | | | of which: current | ent | | | - | of which: capital | ital | | | |
| | | Nati | National Statistics | S | | | Nati | National Statistics | S | | | Natic | National Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn |
| North East | 193 | 296 | 165 | 165 | 192 | 158 | 194 | 129 | 148 | 143 | 34 | 102 | 36 | 18 | 49 |
| North West | 393 | 579 | 437 | 514 | 487 | 338 | 406 | 364 | 446 | 415 | 55 | 173 | 73 | 89 | 72 |
| Yorkshire and The Humber | 319 | 398 | 415 | 372 | 320 | 266 | 297 | 339 | 353 | 288 | 53 | 101 | 75 | 19 | 33 |
| East Midlands | 226 | 502 | 271 | 329 | 369 | 187 | 198 | 500 | 280 | 249 | 39 | 71 | 62 | 48 | 120 |
| West Midlands | 336 | 395 | 389 | 157 | 388 | 282 | 305 | 320 | 314 | 298 | 54 | 06 | 70 | -157 | 06 |
| East | 222 | 246 | 304 | 291 | 347 | 202 | 228 | 237 | 242 | 265 | 20 | 18 | 89 | 20 | 82 |
| London | 388 | 613 | 494 | 758 | 749 | 392 | 514 | 582 | 748 | 725 | 4- | 66 | 88- | 10 | 25 |
| South East | 362 | 440 | 424 | 642 | 1,059 | 317 | 352 | 359 | 457 | 485 | 45 | 88 | 9 | 185 | 574 |
| South West | 231 | 287 | 304 | 340 | 366 | 229 | 248 | 268 | 306 | 298 | æ | 38 | 36 | 34 | 29 |
| England | 2,669 | 3,523 | 3,203 | 3,566 | 4,278 | 2,371 | 2,742 | 2,807 | 3,293 | 3,165 | 298 | 781 | 396 | 273 | 1,112 |
| Scotland | 884 | 086 | 945 | 912 | 943 | 629 | 784 | 762 | 781 | 753 | 225 | 196 | 183 | 131 | 190 |
| Wales | 419 | 531 | 535 | 444 | 388 | 342 | 373 | 350 | 355 | 299 | 78 | 159 | 185 | 89 | 88 |
| Northern Ireland | 288 | 306 | 341 | 393 | 335 | 258 | 263 | 288 | 322 | 293 | 30 | 43 | 53 | 70 | 42 |
| UK identifiable expenditure | 4,261 | 5,340 | 5,024 | 5,315 | 5,944 | 3,630 | 4,161 | 4,207 | 4,751 | 4,510 | 631 | 1,179 | 817 | 264 | 1,434 |
| Outside the UK | I | I | 0 | _ | _ | I | I | 0 | _ | <u></u> | I | I | I | I | 0 |
| Total identifiable expenditure | 4,261 | 5,340 | 5,024 | 5,316 | 5,945 | 3,630 | 4,161 | 4,207 | 4,752 | 4,510 | 631 | 1,179 | 817 | 264 | 1,434 |
| Non-identifiable expenditure ⁽¹⁾ | 738 | 784 | 537 | 1,020 | 574 | 427 | 785 | 492 | 911 | 521 | 311 | - | 45 | 109 | 53 |
| Total Expenditure on Services | 4,999 | 6,124 | 5,561 | 6,336 | 6,518 | 4,057 | 4,947 | 4,699 | 5,663 | 5,031 | 942 | 1,178 | 862 | 673 | 1,487 |
| | 7 | L 1 & 7 | at its | | | | | | | | | | | | |

(1) Includes the effect of financial sector interventions. See PESA Box 5.A for details.

Table 9.8b Identifiable expenditure on economic affairs (of which: science and technology) by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | £ million |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|----------|---------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|-----------|
| | Science and technology | chnology | | | | of which: current | ent | | | | of which: capital | ital | | | |
| | | Natio | National Statistics | | | | Natic | National Statistics | | | | Natio | National Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn |
| North East | 118 | 160 | 174 | 196 | 142 | 10 | 16 | 24 | 89 | 16 | 108 | 144 | 150 | 128 | 126 |
| North West | 290 | 387 | 409 | 421 | 351 | 27 | 45 | 29 | 06 | 49 | 263 | 342 | 350 | 331 | 302 |
| Yorkshire and The Humber | 227 | 301 | 326 | 343 | 255 | 20 | 33 | 48 | 88 | 31 | 207 | 267 | 277 | 256 | 224 |
| East Midlands | 194 | 257 | 297 | 569 | 257 | 17 | 25 | 37 | 9 | 27 | 177 | 232 | 261 | 203 | 231 |
| West Midlands | 199 | 273 | 304 | 293 | 275 | 21 | 33 | 43 | 74 | 33 | 178 | 240 | 261 | 218 | 242 |
| East | 393 | 458 | 470 | 529 | 407 | 76 | 31 | 39 | 63 | 35 | 368 | 428 | 431 | 466 | 372 |
| London | 489 | 909 | 613 | 708 | 539 | 35 | 37 | 32 | 43 | 21 | 454 | 269 | 280 | 999 | 487 |
| South East | 202 | 603 | 622 | 709 | 268 | 36 | 43 | 47 | 9/ | 21 | 469 | 260 | 575 | 632 | 517 |
| South West | 229 | 305 | 359 | 337 | 327 | 20 | 32 | 47 | 9/ | 32 | 208 | 273 | 311 | 261 | 295 |
| England | 2,644 | 3,350 | 3,573 | 3,804 | 3,123 | 214 | 295 | 376 | 644 | 326 | 2,430 | 3,055 | 3,197 | 3,160 | 2,797 |
| Scotland | 309 | 375 | 400 | 472 | 374 | 23 | 76 | 20 | 102 | 32 | 286 | 349 | 350 | 370 | 342 |
| Wales | 109 | 152 | 188 | 500 | 147 | 23 | 34 | 64 | 82 | 22 | 98 | 119 | 124 | 124 | 124 |
| Northern Ireland | 44 | 99 | 28 | 88 | 69 | 9 | 4 | 2 | 42 | 10 | 38 | 52 | 53 | 46 | 59 |
| UK identifiable expenditure | 3,106 | 3,933 | 4,219 | 4,573 | 3,712 | 792 | 329 | 495 | 873 | 390 | 2,841 | 3,574 | 3,725 | 3,700 | 3,323 |
| Outside the UK | 209 | 253 | 252 | 244 | 258 | 5 | C | _ | _ | - | 203 | 249 | 251 | 243 | 259 |
| Total identifiable expenditure | 3,315 | 4,185 | 4,472 | 4,817 | 3,970 | 271 | 362 | 495 | 874 | 389 | 3,044 | 3,823 | 3,976 | 3,943 | 3,581 |
| Non-identifiable expenditure | 10 | ∞ | 0 | 2 | _ | _ | _ | _ | <u></u> | I | 10 | ∞ | 0 | <u></u> | _ |
| Total Expenditure on Services | 3,325 | 4,194 | 4,472 | 4,819 | 3,971 | 272 | 363 | 496 | 875 | 389 | 3,054 | 3,831 | 3,976 | 3,944 | 3,582 |

Table 9.8c Identifiable expenditure on economic affairs (of which: employment policies) by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | £ million |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|---|---------------------|---------|-----------|
| | Employment policies | olicies | | | | of which: current | ent | | | | of which: capital | tal | | | |
| | | Nati | National Statistics | | | | Natio | National Statistics | | | | Natio | National Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn |
| North East | 162 | 211 | 167 | 152 | 166 | 157 | 206 | 165 | 151 | 162 | 5 | 5 | 2 | <u></u> | 4 |
| North West | 389 | 483 | 352 | 265 | 276 | 377 | 472 | 347 | 261 | 267 | 12 | ======================================= | 2 | m | ∞ |
| Yorkshire and The Humber | 302 | 394 | 315 | 797 | 264 | 293 | 385 | 311 | 264 | 257 | 6 | 6 | 4 | m | 7 |
| East Midlands | 210 | 257 | 200 | 169 | 166 | 204 | 251 | 198 | 167 | 191 | 9 | 9 | æ | 2 | 2 |
| West Midlands | 284 | 378 | 293 | 243 | 272 | 276 | 369 | 290 | 241 | 799 | 8 | ∞ | m | 2 | 9 |
| East | 202 | 253 | 183 | 153 | 153 | 196 | 247 | 181 | 152 | 150 | 9 | 9 | 2 | <u></u> | 4 |
| London | 388 | 501 | 399 | 351 | 354 | 377 | 490 | 395 | 348 | 346 | 11 | | 4 | c | 8 |
| South East | 243 | 298 | 222 | 189 | 204 | 236 | 291 | 219 | 188 | 199 | 7 | 7 | m | 2 | 2 |
| South West | 153 | 191 | 138 | 116 | 125 | 149 | 187 | 137 | 115 | 122 | 4 | 4 | 2 | - | m |
| England | 2,332 | 2,965 | 2,269 | 1,905 | 1,979 | 2,265 | 2,899 | 2,243 | 1,887 | 1,929 | 29 | 99 | 27 | 18 | 20 |
| Scotland | 251 | 327 | 271 | 233 | 243 | 244 | 319 | 268 | 231 | 237 | 7 | 7 | æ | 2 | 9 |
| Wales | 143 | 189 | 160 | 138 | 136 | 139 | 185 | 159 | 137 | 133 | 4 | 4 | 2 | - | 3 |
| Northern Ireland | 151 | 176 | 183 | 151 | 100 | 151 | 176 | 182 | 150 | 66 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | _ |
| UK identifiable expenditure | 2,878 | 3,657 | 2,884 | 2,427 | 2,458 | 2,799 | 3,579 | 2,852 | 2,406 | 2,399 | 79 | 7.1 | 32 | 22 | 09 |
| Outside the UK | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I |
| Total identifiable expenditure | 2,878 | 3,657 | 2,884 | 2,427 | 2,458 | 2,799 | 3,579 | 2,852 | 2,406 | 2,399 | 79 | 7.1 | 32 | 22 | 09 |
| Non-identifiable expenditure | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | ı | I | I | I | I | I | 1 | I |
| Total Expenditure on Services | 2,878 | 3,657 | 2,884 | 2,427 | 2,458 | 2,799 | 3,579 | 2,852 | 2,406 | 2,399 | 79 | 77 | 32 | 22 | 09 |

Table 9.8d Identifiable expenditure on economic affairs (of which: agriculture, fisheries and forestry) by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | £ million |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|---|
| | Agriculture, fisheries and forestry | sheries and t | orestry | | | of which: current | ent | | | - | of which: capital | tal | | | |
| | | Nati | National Statistics | S | | | Nati | National Statistics | 10 | | | Natio | National Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn |
| North East | 200 | 205 | 186 | 175 | 203 | 193 | 183 | 171 | 158 | 188 | 9 | 22 | 15 | 16 | 15 |
| North West | 338 | 332 | 313 | 296 | 362 | 329 | 324 | 304 | 797 | 329 | 6 | ∞ | 6 | 29 | 34 |
| Yorkshire and The Humber | 375 | 366 | 355 | 318 | 406 | 369 | 361 | 343 | 290 | 362 | 7 | 4 | 13 | 29 | 44 |
| East Midlands | 407 | 390 | 372 | 290 | 381 | 405 | 393 | 371 | 282 | 365 | ĸ | e- | 2 | ∞ | 16 |
| West Midlands | 326 | 322 | 290 | 240 | 312 | 321 | 315 | 292 | 241 | 301 | 5 | 7 | -2 | -2 | ======================================= |
| East | 526 | 200 | 479 | 385 | 448 | 523 | 496 | 464 | 355 | 434 | ĸ | 2 | 15 | 30 | 14 |
| London | 61 | 70 | 99 | 9/ | 75 | 57 | 52 | 42 | 19 | 22 | 4 | 18 | 24 | 16 | 20 |
| South East | 483 | 469 | 451 | 334 | 429 | 471 | 448 | 432 | 324 | 399 | 12 | 20 | 19 | 10 | 30 |
| South West | 634 | 639 | 618 | 481 | 631 | 627 | 615 | 577 | 473 | 209 | 7 | 24 | 41 | 6 | 23 |
| England | 3,350 | 3,292 | 3,130 | 2,595 | 3,247 | 3,294 | 3,187 | 2,995 | 2,451 | 3,040 | 55 | 105 | 135 | 144 | 207 |
| Scotland | 917 | 953 | 923 | 817 | 1,015 | 167 | 789 | 731 | 685 | 808 | 150 | 164 | 192 | 132 | 207 |
| Wales | 457 | 485 | 444 | 430 | 464 | 412 | 432 | 386 | 377 | 408 | 45 | 53 | 28 | 54 | 22 |
| Northern Ireland | 535 | 577 | 572 | 487 | 202 | 499 | 523 | 486 | 446 | 465 | 36 | 54 | 98 | 42 | 40 |
| UK identifiable expenditure | 5,260 | 2,306 | 2,068 | 4,330 | 5,231 | 4,973 | 4,931 | 4,597 | 3,959 | 4,722 | 287 | 375 | 471 | 371 | 200 |
| Outside the UK | 25 | 72 | 145 | 111 | 29 | 4 | 38 | 66 | 87 | 31 | 20 | 34 | 46 | 24 | 36 |
| Total identifiable expenditure | 5,284 | 5,378 | 5,213 | 4,441 | 5,298 | 4,977 | 4,969 | 4,696 | 4,046 | 4,753 | 307 | 409 | 217 | 395 | 545 |
| Non-identifiable expenditure | ı | I | ı | ı | ı | I | ı | ı | ı | ı | ı | ı | I | I | I |
| Total Expenditure on Services | 5,284 | 5,378 | 5,213 | 4,441 | 5,298 | 4,977 | 4,969 | 4,696 | 4,046 | 4,753 | 307 | 409 | 517 | 395 | 545 |

Table 9.8e Identifiable expenditure on economic affairs (of which: transport⁽¹⁾) by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17

| Transport Intension Internation Intension Inte | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ± million |
|---|--------------------------------------|-----------|---------|----------------|---------|---------|----------------|---------|-----------------|---------|---------|-----------------|---------|----------------|---------|-----------|
| National Statistics National Statistics | | Transport | | | | | of which: curr | ent | | | | of which: capit | tal | | | |
| 2012-13 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17 2018-14 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17 2018-14 2014-15 2016-17 2018-14 2014-15 2016-17 2018-14 2014-16 2016-17 2018-14 2014-18 <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th>Nati</th><th>onal Statistic</th><th>S</th><th></th><th></th><th>Nati</th><th>onal Statistics</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>Nati</th><th>onal Statistic</th><th></th><th></th></t<> | | | Nati | onal Statistic | S | | | Nati | onal Statistics | | | | Nati | onal Statistic | | |
| outfurm outfurm <t< th=""><th></th><th>2012-13</th><th>2013-14</th><th>2014-15</th><th>2015-16</th><th>2016-17</th><th>2012-13</th><th>2013-14</th><th>2014-15</th><th>2015-16</th><th>2016-17</th><th>2012-13</th><th>2013-14</th><th>2014-15</th><th>2015-16</th><th>2016-17</th></t<> | | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 |
| 533 557 618 735 768 238 228 201 261 248 295 329 417 474 474 1,752 1,748 1,880 2,738 2,670 634 634 522 847 895 1,114 1,388 1,891 1,418 1,515 1,494 1,891 1,818 643 640 409 702 727 885 1,114 1,338 1,891 1,211 1,001 1,494 1,891 1,824 385 404 354 557 564 826 803 1,089 1,399 1,404 1,399 1,399 1,404 <th></th> <th>outturn</th> | | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn |
| 1,75 1,748 1,880 2,738 2,670 634 634 522 847 895 1,114 1,114 1,138 1,891 1,892 324 525 564 805 875 1,993 1,190 1,993 1,190 1,993 1,190 < | North East | 533 | 557 | 618 | 735 | 768 | 238 | 228 | 201 | 261 | 248 | 295 | 329 | 417 | 474 | 520 |
| 1,418 1,515 1,494 1,999 1,818 613 640 409 702 727 805 875 1,097 1,197 1,991 1,041 324 324 328 392 375 469 597 749 799 1,21 1,207 1,434 1,831 1,824 324 324 557 469 597 749 799 1,249 1,444 1,630 1,632 3,64 356 469 597 1,038 1,176 1,404 5,417 5,46 5,79 7,450 8,293 1,543 1,460 1,229 2,202 2,212 3,875 4,027 4,550 5,404 1,903 2,146 3,240 7,48 699 422 5,12 4,027 4,550 5,042 1,903 1,031 1,441 1,683 3,64 4,352 6,956 7,20 1,19 1,04 1,404 1,229 2,202 2,212 4,027 | North West | 1,752 | 1,748 | 1,880 | 2,738 | 2,670 | 634 | 634 | 522 | 847 | 895 | 1,117 | 1,114 | 1,358 | 1,891 | 1,775 |
| 794 921 1,030 1,191 1,041 324 324 282 392 375 469 597 749 799 1,211 1,207 1,434 1,891 1,824 385 404 354 557 564 826 803 1,080 1,333 1,211 1,207 1,434 1,891 1,891 1,824 376 384 557 564 829 1,033 1,176 1,404 1,349 1,414 1,540 2,023 2,043 376 381 364 619 593 973 1,176 1,404 1,333 1,349 1,414 1,623 1,460 1,229 2,202 2,212 3,875 4,620 5,247 9,247 1,903 2,416 2,432 1,424 1,483 1,486 1,234 1,429 1,510 1,449 1,548 1,416 1,229 2,202 2,212 3,875 4,027 4,550 5,447 1,489 <td>Yorkshire and The Humber</td> <td>1,418</td> <td>1,515</td> <td>1,494</td> <td>1,999</td> <td>1,818</td> <td>613</td> <td>640</td> <td>409</td> <td>702</td> <td>727</td> <td>805</td> <td>875</td> <td>1,085</td> <td>1,297</td> <td>1,092</td> | Yorkshire and The Humber | 1,418 | 1,515 | 1,494 | 1,999 | 1,818 | 613 | 640 | 409 | 702 | 727 | 805 | 875 | 1,085 | 1,297 | 1,092 |
| 1,211 1,207 1,434 1,891 1,824 385 404 354 557 564 826 826 826 1,33 1,108 1,333 1,349 1,414 1,540 2,023 2,043 381 364 619 593 973 1,108 1,104 1,404 5,417 5,487 5,779 7,450 8,293 1,543 1,460 1,229 2,202 2,212 3,875 4,027 4,550 5,247 1,903 2,196 2,263 2,944 3,340 708 748 692 942 1,129 1,499 1,571 2,002 1,903 2,196 2,264 3,340 708 748 299 432 5,12 6,24 6,95 7,20 1,199 1,571 1,008 1,903 2,242 3,94 3,94 3,148 5,118 4,132 6,95 7,20 1,129 1,149 1,571 1,471 1,031 1,021 | East Midlands | 794 | 921 | 1,030 | 1,191 | 1,041 | 324 | 324 | 282 | 392 | 375 | 469 | 265 | 749 | 799 | 999 |
| 1,349 1,414 1,540 2,023 2,043 376 381 364 619 593 973 1,033 1,176 1,404 5,417 5,487 5,779 7,450 8,293 1,543 1,460 1,229 2,202 2,212 3,875 4,027 4,550 5,247 1,903 2,196 2,263 2,944 3,340 708 748 692 942 1,195 1,449 1,571 2,002 990 954 1,101 1,441 1,683 5,112 4,352 6,956 7,260 10,179 1,449 1,571 2,002 1,534 1,601 1,141 1,641 1,688 5,112 4,352 6,956 7,260 10,179 1,088 1,088 1,088 1,088 1,088 1,088 1,088 1,088 1,088 1,088 1,088 1,088 1,088 1,088 1,088 1,088 1,441 1,088 1,449 1,458 1,471 1,488 | West Midlands | 1,211 | 1,207 | 1,434 | 1,891 | 1,824 | 385 | 404 | 354 | 257 | 564 | 826 | 803 | 1,080 | 1,333 | 1,260 |
| 5,417 5,487 5,779 7,450 8,293 1,543 1,460 1,229 2,202 2,202 2,202 2,202 4,027 4,027 4,550 5,247 1,903 2,196 2,263 2,944 3,340 708 748 692 942 1,129 1,195 1,499 1,571 2,002 990 954 1,101 1,441 1,683 3,66 294 296 432 518 6,956 7,20 10,179 10,49 1,501 1,008 1,536 1,536 1,518 5,112 4,352 6,956 7,260 10,179 10,88 1,545 1,008 2,951 2,892 2,742 3,348 1,531 1,548 1,326 1,623 1,624 1,420 1,478 1,471 1,081 1,021 1,027 1,113 4,89 4,67 4,45 552 562 562 524 506 1,471 1,081 1,021 1,274 | East | 1,349 | 1,414 | 1,540 | 2,023 | 2,043 | 376 | 381 | 364 | 619 | 593 | 973 | 1,033 | 1,176 | 1,404 | 1,450 |
| 1,903 2,196 2,263 2,944 3,340 708 748 692 942 1,129 1,195 1,449 1,571 2,002 990 954 1,101 1,441 1,683 366 294 299 432 518 6,956 6,956 7,260 10,179 10,888 1,5787 1,008 15,366 1,600 17,139 22,412 23,481 5,112 4,352 6,956 7,260 10,179 10,888 12,787 1,545 1,008 2,951 2,892 2,784 3,094 3,352 1,531 1,326 1,623 1,624 1,420 1,344 1,438 1,417 1,081 1,021 1,173 489 467 445 552 562 552 554 576 576 575 576 576 576 576 576 576 576 577 576 576 576 577 576 576 576 576 576 | London | 5,417 | 5,487 | 5,779 | 7,450 | 8,293 | 1,543 | 1,460 | 1,229 | 2,202 | 2,212 | 3,875 | 4,027 | 4,550 | 5,247 | 6,082 |
| 990 954 1,101 1,441 1,683 366 294 432 432 518 624 660 802 1,008 15,366 16,000 17,139 22,412 23,481 5,188 5,112 4,352 6,956 7,260 10,179 10,888 12,787 15,455 1,471 2,951 2,892 2,784 3,094 3,352 1,531 1,548 1,326 1,623 1,624 1,420 1,344 1,438 1,471 1,081 1,021 1,274 489 467 445 552 562 554 576 1,471 1,081 1,021 1,173 2,88 467 445 552 562 554 576 1,471 1,084 1,021 1,174 2,88 7,410 6,383 9,398 9,691 12,461 13,027 15,083 17,143 1,094 20,466 20,515 21,526 28,688 7,510 7,416 6,389 <td>South East</td> <td>1,903</td> <td>2,196</td> <td>2,263</td> <td>2,944</td> <td>3,340</td> <td>708</td> <td>748</td> <td>692</td> <td>942</td> <td>1,129</td> <td>1,195</td> <td>1,449</td> <td>1,571</td> <td>2,002</td> <td>2,211</td> | South East | 1,903 | 2,196 | 2,263 | 2,944 | 3,340 | 708 | 748 | 692 | 942 | 1,129 | 1,195 | 1,449 | 1,571 | 2,002 | 2,211 |
| 15,366 16,000 17,139 22,412 23,481 5,118 5,112 4,352 6,956 7,260 10,179 10,888 12,787 15,458 1,471 2,951 2,892 2,784 3,094 3,352 1,531 1,548 1,326 1,623 1,624 1,420 1,344 1,458 1,471 1,081 1,021 1,021 1,021 1,021 1,173 489 467 445 552 562 592 554 576 655 1471 1,081 1,021 1,021 1,173 489 467 445 552 562 554 576 655 162 1742 1,478 1,471 1,081 2,24 2,27 2,49 2,49 2,40 6,383 9,398 9,691 12,461 13,027 15,083 17,43 1,094 2,046 2,046 2,046 9,698 12,461 13,027 15,083 17,43 1,18 2,152< | South West | 066 | 954 | 1,101 | 1,441 | 1,683 | 366 | 294 | 299 | 432 | 518 | 624 | 099 | 802 | 1,008 | 1,165 |
| 2,951 2,892 2,784 3,094 3,352 1,531 1,548 1,326 1,623 1,624 1,420 1,344 1,458 1,471 1,081 1,021 1,021 1,207 1,173 489 467 445 552 562 592 554 576 655 569 524 522 429 283 260 267 245 526 162 162 19,967 20,437 21,466 27,141 28,577 7,410 6,383 9,398 9,691 12,461 13,027 15,083 17,43 20,046 20,515 21,557 27,226 28,688 7,510 7,416 6,389 9,406 9,698 12,536 15,168 17,821 178 20,515 21,557 27,226 28,688 7,510 7,416 6,389 9,406 9,698 12,536 15,168 17,821 178 20,24 21,536 21,536 24,27 24,27 | England | 15,366 | 16,000 | 17,139 | 22,412 | 23,481 | 5,188 | 5,112 | 4,352 | 956'9 | 7,260 | 10,179 | 10,888 | 12,787 | 15,455 | 16,221 |
| 1,081 1,021 1,021 1,202 1,173 489 467 445 552 562 552 552 554 576 655 569 524 524 52 56 267 267 267 262 56 57 56 55 56 57 56 56 56 57 56 56 56 57 56 56 57 57 57 56 57 57 56 57 57 57 57 57 57 58 57 58 57 58 57 58 57 58 57 58 57 58 57 58 57 58 58 57 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 59 48 17,30 17,83 58 48 17,83 17,83 48 | Scotland | 2,951 | 2,892 | 2,784 | 3,094 | 3,352 | 1,531 | 1,548 | 1,326 | 1,623 | 1,624 | 1,420 | 1,344 | 1,458 | 1,471 | 1,728 |
| 569 524 522 429 571 288 283 260 267 264 271 242 262 162 19,967 20,437 21,466 27,141 28,573 7,505 7,410 6,383 9,398 9,691 12,461 13,027 15,083 17,743 79 78 9 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 85 78 | Wales | 1,081 | 1,021 | 1,021 | 1,207 | 1,173 | 489 | 467 | 445 | 552 | 295 | 592 | 554 | 216 | 655 | 611 |
| 19,967 20,437 21,466 27,141 28,577 7,505 7,410 6,383 9,398 9,691 12,461 13,027 15,083 17,743 79 78 92 85 111 5 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 85 78 | Northern Ireland | 269 | 524 | 522 | 429 | 571 | 298 | 283 | 260 | 267 | 245 | 271 | 242 | 797 | 162 | 326 |
| 79 78 92 85 111 5 6 7 7 7 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 74 6,389 9,406 9,698 12,536 13,099 15,168 17,821 178 20,24 20,24 20,74 249 228 359 427 13 30 4 17 20,224 20,794 21,790 27,602 29,136 7,675 7,666 6,617 9,765 10,125 13,129 15,172 17,838 | UK identifiable expenditure | 19,967 | 20,437 | 21,466 | 27,141 | 28,577 | 7,505 | 7,410 | 6,383 | 9,398 | 9,691 | 12,461 | 13,027 | 15,083 | 17,743 | 18,886 |
| 20,046 20,515 21,557 27,226 28,688 7,510 7,416 6,389 9,406 9,698 12,536 13,099 15,168 17,821 178 279 232 376 448 165 249 228 359 427 13 30 4 17 20,224 20,794 21,790 27,602 29,136 7,675 7,666 6,617 9,765 10,125 13,129 15,172 17,838 | Outside the UK | 79 | 78 | 92 | 85 | 111 | 5 | 9 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 75 | 72 | 85 | 78 | 104 |
| 178 279 232 376 448 165 249 228 359 427 13 30 4 17 20,224 20,734 21,790 27,602 29,136 7,675 7,666 6,617 9,765 10,125 12,549 13,129 15,172 17,838 | Total identifiable expenditure | 20,046 | 20,515 | 21,557 | 27,226 | 28,688 | 7,510 | 7,416 | 6,389 | 9,406 | 869'6 | 12,536 | 13,099 | 15,168 | 17,821 | 18,990 |
| 20,224 20,794 21,790 27,602 29,136 7,675 7,666 6,617 9,765 10,125 12,549 13,129 15,172 17,838 | Non-identifiable expenditure | 178 | 279 | 232 | 376 | 448 | 165 | 249 | 228 | 329 | 427 | 13 | 30 | 4 | 17 | 21 |
| | Total Expenditure on Services | 20,224 | 20,794 | 21,790 | 27,602 | 29,136 | 7,675 | 2,666 | 6,617 | 9,765 | 10,125 | 12,549 | 13,129 | 15,172 | 17,838 | 19,011 |

⁽¹⁾ Following implementation of EA2010, Network Rail is now classified to Central Government. Consequently Total Managed Expenditure (TME) includes Network Rail spending in all years shown, however the actual expenditure of Network Rail spending from 2015-16 and is therefore only included within 'Total Expenditure on services' from that year.

Table 9.9 Identifiable expenditure on environment protection by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | £ million |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------|---------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|-----------|
| | Environment protection | protection | | | | of which: current | ent | | | | of which: capital | ital | | | |
| | | Nati | National Statistics | 10 | | | Natio | National Statistics | | | | Natio | National Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn |
| North East | 299 | 333 | 361 | 323 | 322 | 254 | 279 | 274 | 275 | 275 | 44 | 54 | 87 | 48 | 46 |
| North West | 2,238 | 2,192 | 2,274 | 2,296 | 2,287 | 1,086 | 1,087 | 1,059 | 1,123 | 988 | 1,152 | 1,105 | 1,215 | 1,173 | 1,299 |
| Yorkshire and The Humber | 009 | 625 | 642 | 723 | 648 | 490 | 504 | 524 | 539 | 206 | 110 | 121 | 118 | 184 | 142 |
| East Midlands | 525 | 532 | 522 | 517 | 490 | 385 | 413 | 431 | 435 | 417 | 140 | 118 | 91 | 82 | 73 |
| West Midlands | 292 | 277 | 631 | 673 | 644 | 473 | 480 | 511 | 516 | 496 | 92 | 86 | 121 | 157 | 149 |
| East | 794 | 895 | 944 | 991 | 861 | 592 | 679 | 662 | 723 | 625 | 202 | 592 | 282 | 268 | 236 |
| London | 1,051 | 1,082 | 1,156 | 1,125 | 1,106 | 922 | 933 | 086 | 922 | 976 | 129 | 149 | 175 | 169 | 180 |
| South East | 1,180 | 1,279 | 1,391 | 1,357 | 1,227 | 853 | 884 | 926 | 266 | 887 | 328 | 395 | 435 | 360 | 341 |
| South West | 942 | 946 | 1,075 | 866 | 978 | 619 | 631 | 029 | 663 | 604 | 323 | 315 | 406 | 335 | 374 |
| England | 8,193 | 8,459 | 8,997 | 9,002 | 8,563 | 5,674 | 5,839 | 6,068 | 6,227 | 5,724 | 2,519 | 2,620 | 2,929 | 2,775 | 2,839 |
| Scotland | 1,328 | 1,418 | 1,397 | 1,382 | 1,347 | 919 | 953 | 970 | 962 | 902 | 409 | 465 | 426 | 417 | 442 |
| Wales | 653 | 683 | 682 | 989 | 623 | 206 | 542 | 517 | 494 | 484 | 147 | 141 | 165 | 142 | 139 |
| Northern Ireland | 255 | 592 | 268 | 265 | 257 | 232 | 242 | 240 | 243 | 230 | 23 | 24 | 28 | 22 | 27 |
| UK identifiable expenditure | 10,430 | 10,826 | 11,344 | 11,285 | 10,790 | 7,332 | 7,577 | 1,796 | 7,930 | 7,343 | 3,098 | 3,250 | 3,548 | 3,356 | 3,447 |
| Outside the UK | 9 | 6 | 2 | 2 | _ | 9 | 7 | 2 | _ | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total identifiable expenditure | 10,436 | 10,835 | 11,346 | 11,287 | 10,791 | 7,338 | 7,584 | 1,798 | 7,931 | 7,344 | 3,099 | 3,251 | 3,548 | 3,356 | 3,447 |
| Non-identifiable expenditure | 228 | 348 | 221 | 348 | 320 | 38 | 24 | 15 | 28 | 45 | 189 | 325 | 206 | 320 | 306 |
| Total Expenditure on Services | 10,664 | 11,183 | 11,567 | 11,635 | 11,142 | 7,376 | 2,608 | 7,813 | 7,959 | 7,389 | 3,288 | 3,575 | 3,753 | 3,676 | 3,753 |

Table 9.10 Identifiable expenditure on housing and community amenities by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | £ million |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|---------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|-----------|
| | Housing and community amenities | ommunity an | nenities | | | of which: current | ent | | | _ | of which: capital | tal | | | |
| | | Natio | National Statistics | | | | Natio | National Statistics | | | | Natic | National Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn |
| North East | 487 | 501 | 533 | 511 | 484 | 143 | 120 | 119 | 113 | 116 | 343 | 382 | 414 | 398 | 367 |
| North West | 870 | 615 | 787 | 269 | 790 | 312 | 282 | 274 | 238 | 250 | 258 | 334 | 513 | 459 | 540 |
| Yorkshire and The Humber | 646 | 618 | 681 | 718 | 753 | 240 | 234 | 222 | 204 | 208 | 406 | 385 | 458 | 514 | 546 |
| East Midlands | 464 | 295 | 616 | 584 | 601 | 206 | 207 | 204 | 180 | 181 | 258 | 356 | 412 | 403 | 420 |
| West Midlands | 634 | 229 | 746 | 428 | 811 | 227 | 242 | 227 | 506 | 212 | 406 | 436 | 519 | 222 | 298 |
| East | 446 | 522 | 009 | 639 | 678 | 244 | 243 | 241 | 239 | 244 | 202 | 278 | 359 | 400 | 434 |
| London | 2,331 | 2,240 | 1,951 | 1,842 | 1,793 | 522 | 510 | 516 | 482 | 488 | 1,810 | 1,730 | 1,435 | 1,360 | 1,305 |
| South East | 707 | 700 | 870 | 850 | 898 | 410 | 389 | 400 | 384 | 398 | 297 | 311 | 470 | 466 | 469 |
| South West | 424 | 485 | 526 | 530 | 430 | 235 | 249 | 230 | 217 | 219 | 189 | 236 | 296 | 313 | 211 |
| England | 7,010 | 6,921 | 7,310 | 6,799 | 7,206 | 2,540 | 2,474 | 2,433 | 2,263 | 2,316 | 4,470 | 4,447 | 4,877 | 4,536 | 4,890 |
| Scotland | 1,523 | 1,544 | 1,568 | 1,580 | 1,767 | 98 | 136 | 143 | 173 | 220 | 1,437 | 1,407 | 1,424 | 1,407 | 1,547 |
| Wales | 638 | 919 | 612 | 702 | 715 | 146 | 140 | 134 | 169 | 169 | 492 | 476 | 477 | 533 | 545 |
| Northern Ireland | 824 | 781 | 794 | 716 | 992 | 449 | 400 | 367 | 372 | 396 | 375 | 381 | 427 | 344 | 370 |
| UK identifiable expenditure | 9,995 | 9,862 | 10,283 | 9,797 | 10,454 | 3,221 | 3,150 | 3,077 | 2,977 | 3,101 | 6,774 | 6,711 | 7,206 | 6,820 | 7,353 |
| Outside the UK | I | 0 | 0 | 0 | I | I | 0 | 0 | 0 | I | I | I | I | I | I |
| Total identifiable expenditure | 9,995 | 9,862 | 10,283 | 6,797 | 10,454 | 3,221 | 3,150 | 3,077 | 2,977 | 3,101 | 6,774 | 6,711 | 7,206 | 6,820 | 7,353 |
| Non-identifiable expenditure | I | I | I | 1 | ı | I | I | I | 1 | I | I | I | I | 1 | I |
| Total Expenditure on Services | 9,995 | 9,862 | 10,283 | 9,797 | 10,454 | 3,221 | 3,150 | 3,077 | 2,977 | 3,101 | 6,774 | 6,711 | 7,206 | 6,820 | 7,353 |

Table 9.11 Identifiable expenditure on health by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | £ million |
|--------------------------------|---------|---------|---------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|-----------|
| | Health | | | | | of which: current | ent | | | | of which: capital | tal | | | |
| | | Nati | National Statistics | | | | Nati | National Statistics | | | | Natic | National Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn |
| North East | 5,547 | 2,676 | 5,770 | 6,039 | 6,226 | 5,283 | 5,355 | 5,504 | 5,803 | 900'9 | 264 | 322 | 592 | 236 | 220 |
| North West | 14,672 | 14,660 | 15,394 | 16,047 | 16,753 | 13,974 | 13,832 | 14,685 | 15,417 | 16,166 | 869 | 827 | 709 | 630 | 287 |
| Yorkshire and The Humber | 10,026 | 10,264 | 10,820 | 11,110 | 11,478 | 9,542 | 989'6 | 10,330 | 10,682 | 11,083 | 484 | 578 | 490 | 428 | 394 |
| East Midlands | 7,842 | 8,119 | 8,535 | 8,779 | 9,156 | 7,450 | 7,654 | 8,144 | 8,431 | 8,839 | 392 | 465 | 391 | 348 | 317 |
| West Midlands | 11,023 | 11,304 | 12,023 | 12,253 | 12,767 | 10,493 | 10,678 | 11,480 | 11,779 | 12,328 | 530 | 979 | 543 | 474 | 439 |
| East | 9,507 | 10,321 | 10,906 | 11,304 | 11,490 | 9,005 | 9,700 | 10,385 | 10,832 | 11,072 | 205 | 621 | 522 | 472 | 419 |
| London | 20,156 | 21,455 | 21,640 | 22,518 | 23,494 | 19,002 | 20,061 | 20,406 | 21,348 | 22,467 | 1,154 | 1,394 | 1,234 | 1,170 | 1,027 |
| South East | 14,611 | 15,696 | 16,292 | 16,828 | 17,434 | 13,822 | 14,734 | 15,488 | 16,094 | 16,776 | 788 | 396 | 802 | 735 | 657 |
| South West | 60'6 | 9,864 | 10,243 | 10,578 | 11,059 | 8,641 | 9,298 | 9,773 | 10,162 | 10,672 | 454 | 292 | 470 | 416 | 387 |
| England | 102,479 | 107,359 | 111,624 | 115,457 | 119,856 | 97,213 | 100,998 | 106,193 | 110,548 | 115,410 | 5,266 | 6,361 | 5,431 | 4,909 | 4,447 |
| Scotland | 11,286 | 11,460 | 11,592 | 12,131 | 12,603 | 10,604 | 10,826 | 11,106 | 11,566 | 11,995 | 683 | 634 | 486 | 266 | 209 |
| Wales | 6,020 | 6,162 | 6,441 | 6,593 | 6,952 | 2,796 | 5,930 | 6,136 | 086'9 | 089'9 | 223 | 233 | 305 | 213 | 273 |
| Northern Ireland | 3,844 | 3,873 | 3,910 | 4,036 | 4,171 | 3,514 | 3,618 | 3,678 | 3,830 | 3,927 | 329 | 255 | 232 | 205 | 244 |
| UK identifiable expenditure | 123,629 | 128,854 | 133,566 | 138,217 | 143,582 | 117,127 | 121,371 | 127,113 | 132,324 | 138,011 | 6,502 | 7,483 | 6,454 | 5,893 | 5,571 |
| Outside the UK | 673 | 535 | 492 | 282 | 763 | 649 | 202 | 461 | 245 | 737 | 25 | 30 | 31 | 37 | 79 |
| Total identifiable expenditure | 124,302 | 129,389 | 134,059 | 138,499 | 144,345 | 117,776 | 121,876 | 127,574 | 132,569 | 138,748 | 6,527 | 7,513 | 6,484 | 5,930 | 5,597 |
| Non-identifiable expenditure | I | I | I | 1 | ı | I | 1 | I | I | ı | I | I | I | 1 | I |
| Total Expenditure on Services | 124,302 | 129,389 | 134,059 | 138,499 | 144,345 | 117,776 | 121,876 | 127,574 | 132,569 | 138,748 | 6,527 | 7,513 | 6,484 | 5,930 | 5,597 |

Table 9.12 Identifiable expenditure on recreation, culture and religion by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17

| | | | Ì | | | | | | | | Ì | | | | £ million |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|-----------|
| | Recreation, culture and religion | Iture and reli | gion | | | of which: current | ent | | | | of which: capital | ital | | | |
| | | Nati | National Statistics | S | | | Natio | National Statistics | | | | Nati | National Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn |
| North East | 313 | 302 | 318 | 262 | 299 | 257 | 238 | 226 | 197 | 202 | 99 | 64 | 92 | 99 | 98 |
| North West | 9/9 | 674 | 762 | 701 | 725 | 544 | 532 | 546 | 517 | 523 | 132 | 142 | 216 | 184 | 202 |
| Yorkshire and The Humber | 587 | 572 | 610 | 528 | 572 | 453 | 465 | 486 | 395 | 403 | 134 | 107 | 125 | 133 | 169 |
| East Midlands | 419 | 409 | 424 | 390 | 417 | 322 | 304 | 300 | 286 | 298 | 76 | 105 | 124 | 104 | 119 |
| West Midlands | 599 | 263 | 517 | 467 | 499 | 427 | 414 | 406 | 368 | 372 | 172 | 150 | 111 | 66 | 127 |
| East | 206 | 499 | 487 | 442 | 470 | 374 | 368 | 361 | 343 | 348 | 132 | 131 | 126 | 66 | 123 |
| London | 1,889 | 1,282 | 1,398 | 1,119 | 1,277 | 1,602 | 1,041 | 1,109 | 948 | 978 | 287 | 241 | 289 | 171 | 299 |
| South East | 795 | 731 | 793 | 732 | 802 | 285 | 280 | 583 | 526 | 516 | 210 | 151 | 210 | 205 | 290 |
| South West | 469 | 439 | 479 | 402 | 452 | 344 | 334 | 377 | 314 | 319 | 124 | 105 | 102 | 88 | 133 |
| England | 6,253 | 5,471 | 2,788 | 5,043 | 5,517 | 4,908 | 4,275 | 4,393 | 3,894 | 3,957 | 1,345 | 1,196 | 1,396 | 1,149 | 1,560 |
| Scotland | 1,305 | 1,127 | 1,208 | 1,038 | 1,052 | 716 | 901 | 1,039 | 813 | 767 | 328 | 227 | 169 | 224 | 285 |
| Wales | 582 | 528 | 524 | 468 | 478 | 469 | 447 | 446 | 404 | 400 | 114 | 81 | 77 | 64 | 78 |
| Northern Ireland | 463 | 459 | 470 | 444 | 470 | 371 | 384 | 356 | 371 | 333 | 92 | 9/ | 114 | 73 | 137 |
| UK identifiable expenditure | 8,603 | 7,585 | 7,990 | 6,993 | 7,518 | 6,725 | 900'9 | 6,234 | 5,482 | 5,457 | 1,878 | 1,580 | 1,756 | 1,510 | 2,061 |
| Outside the UK | 220 | 241 | 225 | 194 | 198 | 178 | 210 | 205 | 191 | 159 | 42 | 31 | 20 | e | 39 |
| Total identifiable expenditure | 8,823 | 7,826 | 8,215 | 7,187 | 7,716 | 6,903 | 6,216 | 6,439 | 5,674 | 5,616 | 1,920 | 1,610 | 1,776 | 1,513 | 2,100 |
| Non-identifiable expenditure | 3,887 | 3,781 | 4,235 | 3,709 | 3,932 | 3,763 | 3,537 | 3,989 | 3,552 | 3,678 | 124 | 244 | 246 | 156 | 254 |
| Total Expenditure on Services | 12,711 | 11,607 | 12,449 | 10,896 | 11,649 | 10,666 | 9,754 | 10,427 | 9,226 | 9,295 | 2,044 | 1,854 | 2,022 | 1,670 | 2,354 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Table 9.13 Identifiable expenditure on education by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | £ million |
|--------------------------------|-----------|---------|---------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|-----------|
| | Education | | | | | of which: current | ent | | | | of which: capital | ital | | | |
| | | Nati | National Statistics | | | | Nati | National Statistics | | | | Natic | National Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn |
| North East | 3,434 | 3,414 | 3,367 | 3,296 | 3,355 | 3,126 | 3,163 | 3,095 | 3,041 | 3,016 | 308 | 251 | 272 | 255 | 339 |
| North West | 9,362 | 9,461 | 9,391 | 9,254 | 9,215 | 8,522 | 8,557 | 8,446 | 8,380 | 8,332 | 840 | 904 | 945 | 873 | 883 |
| Yorkshire and The Humber | 7,259 | 7,082 | 6,963 | 6,799 | 6,943 | 6,419 | 6,437 | 6,276 | 6,132 | 6,181 | 840 | 645 | 289 | 299 | 762 |
| East Midlands | 5,824 | 5,744 | 2,700 | 5,645 | 5,879 | 5,304 | 5,135 | 5,105 | 2,095 | 5,274 | 520 | 609 | 262 | 549 | 909 |
| West Midlands | 7,498 | 7,522 | 7,527 | 7,406 | 7,462 | 6,774 | 6,872 | 6,820 | 6,707 | 98/9 | 725 | 029 | 707 | 669 | 9/9 |
| East | 7,250 | 7,137 | 7,445 | 7,426 | 7,761 | 6,465 | 6,367 | 6,524 | 6,476 | 6,757 | 786 | 770 | 921 | 950 | 1,004 |
| London | 12,669 | 13,277 | 13,662 | 13,490 | 14,104 | 11,099 | 11,216 | 11,443 | 11,607 | 11,951 | 1,570 | 2,061 | 2,219 | 1,883 | 2,153 |
| South East | 10,395 | 10,392 | 10,347 | 10,483 | 10,879 | 9,382 | 9,134 | 600'6 | 9,005 | 9,400 | 1,013 | 1,257 | 1,337 | 1,478 | 1,478 |
| South West | 6,241 | 6,310 | 6,310 | 6,348 | 6,564 | 5,718 | 5,703 | 5,653 | 2,636 | 5,871 | 523 | 209 | 959 | 712 | 693 |
| England | 69,932 | 70,339 | 70,712 | 70,147 | 72,162 | 62,807 | 62,583 | 62,372 | 62,079 | 63,569 | 7,125 | 7,755 | 8,340 | 8,068 | 8,593 |
| Scotland | 7,522 | 7,559 | 7,614 | 7,839 | 8,173 | 998'9 | 6,923 | 086'9 | 7,108 | 7,306 | 959 | 989 | 634 | 731 | 998 |
| Wales | 4,053 | 4,161 | 3,987 | 4,086 | 4,186 | 3,745 | 3,863 | 3,741 | 3,728 | 3,780 | 308 | 298 | 245 | 358 | 406 |
| Northern Ireland | 2,595 | 2,621 | 2,741 | 2,709 | 2,717 | 2,466 | 2,489 | 2,510 | 2,546 | 2,486 | 130 | 132 | 231 | 162 | 232 |
| UK identifiable expenditure | 84,103 | 84,680 | 85,054 | 84,780 | 87,238 | 75,885 | 75,859 | 75,604 | 75,461 | 77,141 | 8,219 | 8,821 | 9,450 | 9,319 | 10,096 |
| Outside the UK | - | _ | <u></u> | <u></u> | _ | ~ | _ | 0 | _ | _ | I | 0 | 0 | I | 0 |
| Total identifiable expenditure | 84,104 | 84,680 | 85,054 | 84,781 | 87,239 | 75,885 | 75,859 | 75,604 | 75,462 | 77,142 | 8,219 | 8,821 | 9,450 | 9,319 | 10,096 |
| Non-identifiable expenditure | I | I | 1 | I | I | 1 | I | I | I | ı | I | I | I | 1 | I |
| Total Expenditure on Services | 84,104 | 84,680 | 85,054 | 84,781 | 87,239 | 75,885 | 75,859 | 75,604 | 75,462 | 77,142 | 8,219 | 8,821 | 9,450 | 9,319 | 10,096 |

Table 9.14 Identifiable expenditure on social protection by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | £ million |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|-----------|
| | Social protection | ion | | | | of which: current | ent | | | | of which: capital | ital | | | |
| | | Nati | National Statistics | S | | | Nati | National Statistics | | | | Nati | National Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn |
| North East | 11,354 | 11,400 | 11,655 | 11,844 | 11,844 | 11,328 | 11,314 | 11,618 | 11,821 | 11,823 | 26 | 98 | 37 | 23 | 20 |
| North West | 29,462 | 29,476 | 30,359 | 30,649 | 30,354 | 29,413 | 29,451 | 30,313 | 30,606 | 30,294 | 49 | 25 | 47 | 43 | 19 |
| Yorkshire and The Humber | 20,671 | 20,738 | 21,429 | 21,735 | 21,697 | 20,629 | 20,720 | 21,391 | 21,714 | 21,673 | 42 | 18 | 38 | 22 | 24 |
| East Midlands | 17,215 | 17,296 | 18,011 | 18,151 | 18,104 | 17,185 | 17,286 | 17,978 | 18,126 | 18,070 | 29 | 10 | 34 | 25 | 34 |
| West Midlands | 22,385 | 22,414 | 23,091 | 23,284 | 23,237 | 22,346 | 22,410 | 23,072 | 23,260 | 23,191 | 39 | 4 | 19 | 24 | 46 |
| East | 21,534 | 21,572 | 22,149 | 22,510 | 22,512 | 21,498 | 21,557 | 22,118 | 22,479 | 22,461 | 36 | 15 | 30 | 31 | 51 |
| London | 30,867 | 30,810 | 31,531 | 31,755 | 31,415 | 30,835 | 30,804 | 31,497 | 31,743 | 31,377 | 32 | 9 | 34 | 12 | 38 |
| South East | 30,702 | 30,915 | 31,532 | 32,067 | 32,009 | 30,648 | 30,884 | 31,496 | 32,035 | 31,947 | 54 | 31 | 36 | 32 | 62 |
| South West | 20,937 | 21,150 | 21,717 | 22,095 | 22,084 | 20,917 | 21,140 | 21,706 | 22,075 | 22,065 | 19 | = | 12 | 20 | 19 |
| England | 205,126 | 205,772 | 211,476 | 214,091 | 213,255 | 204,799 | 205,566 | 211,189 | 213,858 | 212,900 | 327 | 206 | 287 | 233 | 355 |
| Scotland | 22,052 | 22,039 | 22,631 | 23,014 | 23,024 | 21,963 | 21,962 | 22,554 | 22,945 | 22,947 | 88 | 77 | 77 | 69 | 78 |
| Wales | 13,525 | 13,745 | 14,165 | 14,334 | 14,335 | 13,495 | 13,728 | 14,141 | 14,318 | 14,316 | 30 | 17 | 24 | 16 | 20 |
| Northern Ireland | 8,314 | 8,566 | 8,745 | 8,868 | 9,033 | 8,310 | 8,560 | 8,745 | 8,865 | 9,027 | 3 | 9 | - | e | 9 |
| UK identifiable expenditure | 249,017 | 250,123 | 257,017 | 260,307 | 259,647 | 248,567 | 249,816 | 256,628 | 259,987 | 259,190 | 450 | 307 | 389 | 321 | 458 |
| Outside the UK | 4,431 | 4,546 | 4,657 | 4,685 | 4,744 | 4,431 | 4,546 | 4,657 | 4,685 | 4,744 | I | ı | I | I | I |
| Total identifiable expenditure | 253,449 | 254,669 | 261,673 | 264,992 | 264,391 | 252,999 | 254,363 | 261,285 | 264,671 | 263,934 | 450 | 307 | 389 | 321 | 458 |
| Non-identifiable expenditure | I | -700 | -200 | 4 | ı | I | I | I | I | ı | 1 | -700 | -200 | 4- | I |
| Total Expenditure on Services | 253,449 | 253,969 | 261,173 | 264,988 | 264,391 | 252,999 | 254,363 | 261,285 | 264,671 | 263,934 | 450 | -393 | -111 | 316 | 458 |

Table 9.15 UK identifiable expenditure on services by function, country and region, per head⁽¹⁾, 2012-13 to 2016-17

| £ per head | Total Expenditure on Services | | 9,284 | 9,102 | 8,490 | 7,943 | 8,476 | 7,651 | 9,933 | 7,532 | 8,004 | 8,488 | 10,155 | 9,614 | 10,773 | 8,747 | | 9,377 | 9,073 | 8,523 | 8,003 | 8,505 | 7,765 | 9,941 | 7,677 | 8,155 | 8,554 | 10,169 | 9,770 | 10,920 | 8,814 |
|--|---------------------------------------|---------|------------|------------|--------------------------|---------------|---------------|----------|----------|------------|------------|---------|----------|---------|------------------|-----------------------------|---------|-------------|------------|--------------------------|---------------|---------------|-------|----------|------------|------------|---------|----------|-------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| | 10. Social protection | | 4,363 | 4,159 | 3,888 | 3,769 | 3,967 | 3,645 | 3,715 | 3,519 | 3,921 | 3,835 | 4,150 | 4,400 | 4,559 | 3,909 | | 4,367 | 4,150 | 3,885 | 3,761 | 3,950 | 3,623 | 3,661 | 3,516 | 3,933 | 3,820 | 4,137 | 4,459 | 4,682 | 3,902 |
| | 9. Education | | 1,320 | 1,322 | 1,365 | 1,275 | 1,329 | 1,227 | 1,525 | 1,191 | 1,169 | 1,307 | 1,416 | 1,319 | 1,423 | 1,320 | | 1,308 | 1,332 | 1,327 | 1,249 | 1,326 | 1,199 | 1,577 | 1,182 | 1,173 | 1,306 | 1,419 | 1,350 | 1,433 | 1,321 |
| | 8. Recreation, culture and religion | | 120 | 95 | 110 | 95 | 106 | 98 | 227 | 91 | 88 | 117 | 246 | 189 | 254 | 135 | | 116 | 92 | 107 | 88 | 66 | 84 | 152 | 83 | 82 | 102 | 212 | 171 | 251 | 118 |
| | 7. Health | | 2,131 | 2,071 | 1,886 | 1,717 | 1,954 | 1,609 | 2,426 | 1,675 | 1,703 | 1,916 | 2,124 | 1,958 | 2,108 | 1,941 | | 2,174 | 2,064 | 1,923 | 1,765 | 1,992 | 1,733 | 2,549 | 1,785 | 1,834 | 1,993 | 2,151 | 1,999 | 2,117 | 2,010 |
| | 6. Housing and community amenities | ! | 187 | 123 | 177 | 102 | 112 | 75 | 281 | 81 | 79 | 131 | 287 | 207 | 452 | 157 | | 192 | 87 | 116 | 122 | 119 | 88 | 566 | 80 | 06 | 128 | 290 | 200 | 427 | 154 |
| | 5. Environment protection | : | 115 | 316 | 113 | 115 | 100 | 134 | 126 | 135 | 176 | 153 | 250 | 213 | 140 | 164 | | 127 | 309 | 117 | 116 | 102 | 150 | 129 | 145 | 176 | 157 | 592 | 222 | 145 | 169 |
| | тoqzneт: transport | | 205 | 247 | 797 | 174 | 215 | 228 | 652 | 218 | 185 | 287 | 552 | 352 | 312 | 313 | | 213 | 246 | 284 | 200 | 213 | 237 | 652 | 250 | 177 | 297 | 543 | 331 | 287 | 319 |
| | of which: agriculture, fisheries and | 1 | 77 | 48 | // | 89 | 28 | 89 | 7 | 25 | 119 | 63 | 173 | 149 | 293 | 83 | | 29 | 47 | 89 | 85 | 57 | 84 | 8 | 23 | 119 | 19 | 179 | 157 | 315 | 83 |
| | of which: employment policies | ; | 62 | 55 | 2/ | 46 | 20 | 34 | 47 | 28 | 29 | 44 | 47 | 47 | 83 | 45 | | 81 | 89 | 74 | 99 | 29 | 42 | 29 | 34 | 36 | 22 | 19 | 19 | 96 | 57 |
| | уроюпать: science эла тесногору | ! | 45 | 41 | 43 | 42 | 35 | 29 | 29 | 28 | 43 | 49 | 28 | 35 | 24 | 49 | | 19 | 54 | 99 | 99 | 48 | 77 | 72 | 69 | 22 | 9 | 20 | 49 | 31 | 19 |
|) | of which: enterprise and economic | i | 74 | 55 | 09 | 49 | 09 | 38 | 47 | 42 | 43 | 20 | 166 | 136 | 158 | 29 | | 114 | 82 | 75 | 28 | 20 | 41 | 73 | 20 | 23 | 92 | 184 | 172 | 191 | 83 |
| ` | 4. Economic affairs | | 463 | 446 | 49/ | 401 | 418 | 456 | 812 | 401 | 419 | 493 | 1,000 | 719 | 870 | 257 | | 548 | 497 | 557 | 455 | 454 | 482 | 864 | 456 | 442 | 541 | 1,037 | 772 | 968 | 603 |
| • | 3. Public order and safety | | 478 | 479 | 433 | 370 | 413 | 325 | 718 | 320 | 359 | 445 | 207 | 443 | 758 | 459 | | 458 | 459 | 415 | 350 | 386 | 319 | 647 | 338 | 344 | 450 | 448 | 431 | 742 | 432 |
| S | 2. Defence | | ← , | | _ | — | | — | — | _ | _ | 1 | — | <u></u> | I | 1 | | | _ | — | — | _ | _ | — | _ | _ | - | — | - | ı | 1 |
| nal Statisti | of which: international services | | m (| .υ | ۍ | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 7 | 2 | 7 | 2 | 2 |
| are Natio | of which: public and common | | 104 | 88 | /3 | 101 | 74 | 89 | 100 | 85 | 85 | 88 | 173 | 163 | 206 | 102 | | 83 | 78 | 74 | 92 | 75 | 84 | 93 | 88 | 78 | 83 | 206 | 162 | 226 | 101 |
| to 2016-17 | 1. General public services | | 106 | 06 | 9/ | 103 | 9/ | 95 | 103 | 88 | 88 | 91 | 176 | 165 | 209 | 105 | | 98 | 81 | 9/ | 94 | 77 | 87 | 92 | 91 | 80 | 98 | 209 | 165 | 229 | 104 |
| Data in this table from 2012-13 to 2016-17 are National Statistics | | 2012-13 | North East | North West | Yorkshire and The Humber | East Midlands | West Midlands | East | London | South East | South West | England | Scotland | Wales | Northern Ireland | UK identifiable expenditure | 2013-14 | North East | North West | Yorkshire and The Humber | East Midlands | West Midlands | East | London | South East | South West | England | Scotland | Wales | Northern Ireland | UK identifiable expenditure |

Table 9.15 UK identifiable expenditure on services by function, country and region, per head⁽¹⁾, 2012-13 to 2016-17 (continued)

| 6. Housing and community amenities amenities 204 2,204 110 2,158 133 1,841 2.104 | | | 8 8 8 8 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 8. Recreation, culture and 1 8. Recreation, culture and 1 8. Recreation, culture and 1 24 25 26 69 98 | | | 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 | 9. Education 1,286 1,237 1,286 1,239 1,318 1,424 1,289 1,489 1,489 1,290 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,201 1,201 1,201 1,201 1,202 1,201 1,202 1,202 1,203 1,100 | 9. Education 1,286 1,316 1,239 1,316 1,160 1,163 1,489 1,489 1,289 1,289 1,289 1,289 1,289 1,289 1,289 1,289 1,289 1,288 1,222 1,255 1,172 1,160 1,172 1,160 1,172 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,280 1,160 1,160 1,280 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,280 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,160 1,280 1,160 | 9. Education 1,286 4,451 1,316 4,256 1,299 3,998 1,229 3,884 1,318 4,042 1,163 4,004 1,163 3,553 1,163 4,004 1,289 4,581 1,290 4,752 1,290 4,752 1,207 3,881 1,207 3,881 1,207 3,881 1,207 3,883 1,207 3,881 1,107 3,584 1,107 3,584 1,160 4,032 1,172 3,705 1,288 4,049 1,172 3,584 1,160 4,038 1,459 4,283 |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 6. Hou 20 6. Hou 133 133 133 133 133 133 133 133 133 13 | 2 2 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 7. Hei | 7. Hea 2,204 2,158 2,019 1,841 2,104 1,836 1,889 2,128 2,128 2,068 2,068 | | | | 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 | 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 | 8.8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 | 8. Red 121 1,286 107 1,316 114 1,299 91 1,229 90 1,316 107 1,302 226 1,489 1,163 107 1,889 1,169 1,289 255 1,489 1,290 98 1,290 98 1,261 83 1,207 81 1,288 73 1,222 129 1,555 83 1,272 129 1,555 84 1,160 97 1,489 1,207 88 1,207 89 1,261 89 1,261 98 1,261 98 1,261 98 1,261 98 1,261 98 1,261 98 1,261 99 1,288 73 1,222 73 1,222 74 1,160 |
| | | 204 110 127 133 131 100 228 98 97 135 293 | 138 204 2,2 319 110 2,11 120 127 2,0 113 133 1,8 111 131 2,1 157 100 1,8 135 228 2,55 157 98 1,8 198 97 1,8 261 293 2,11 220 198 2,01 146 431 2,11 176 159 2,00 176 159 2,00 | 204 110 127 133 131 100 228 98 97 135 293 198 431 159 | 204 110 127 133 131 100 228 97 198 431 159 97 125 | 204 110 127 133 131 100 228 98 97 135 198 431 159 175 175 | 204 110 127 133 131 100 228 98 97 97 135 195 97 175 175 175 175 175 | 204 110 127 133 131 100 228 97 138 431 198 431 195 97 105 97 | 204 110 127 133 131 100 228 98 97 135 198 431 198 431 159 74 1133 125 97 125 97 124 124 | 204 110 127 133 131 100 228 98 97 135 293 198 431 159 74 105 212 297 105 212 294 |
| | | | 264 319 279 120 222 113 251 111 256 157 677 135 255 157 203 198 316 166 521 261 330 220 284 146 | | | | | | | |
| | | | 43 80 51 51 30 80 47 8 25 51 26 114 42 58 51 173 52 144 99 311 45 78 | | | | | | | |
| | | | 568 53 571 78 58 72 48 70 56 66 177 75 173 61 185 32 78 65 | | | | | | | |
| 2 | 475 494 861 449 465 | 475 494 861 449 465 540 995 759 | 475 494 861 449 465 540 995 759 910 | 475 494 861 449 465 540 995 759 910 599 | 475 494 861 449 465 540 995 759 910 599 612 612 | 475 494 861 449 465 465 540 995 759 910 599 612 480 491 | 475 494 861 449 465 540 995 759 910 599 612 480 612 480 491 557 | 475 494 861 449 465 540 995 759 910 599 612 480 491 557 1,077 538 | 475 494 861 449 465 465 540 995 759 910 599 612 480 491 557 1,077 538 496 | 475 494 861 449 465 540 995 759 910 599 612 480 491 557 1,077 538 496 626 |
| | 1 329 1 665 1 332 1 348 | 1 329 1 665 1 332 1 348 1 425 0 495 | 1 329 1 665 1 332 1 425 0 495 0 495 1 436 1 436 | 1 329 1 665 1 332 1 348 1 425 0 495 0 495 1 436 1 439 | 1 329 1 332 1 332 1 425 0 495 0 495 1 436 1 439 1 438 1 438 | 1 329 1 332 1 332 1 425 0 495 0 495 1 436 1 439 1 438 1 438 1 438 1 438 | 1 329 1 332 1 332 1 425 0 495 1 436 - 691 1 439 1 438 1 438 1 438 1 386 1 398 1 347 | 1 329 1 332 1 425 0 495 1 436 - 691 1 439 1 438 1 438 1 386 1 386 1 386 1 387 1 339 | 1 329 1 332 1 348 1 425 0 495 1 436 - 691 1 439 1 438 1 438 1 398 1 398 1 339 1 339 | 1 329 1 332 1 333 1 425 0 495 0 495 0 495 1 436 1 438 1 438 1 838 1 338 1 328 1 328 1 347 1 631 |
| | 82 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 93 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 82 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 82 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 82 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 82 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 82 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 82 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 82 | 82 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 |
| , , | 97. | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | 109 84 95 102 | 27. 88 9 9 9 7. 17. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 2 | | | | | | ē. | iture | East London South West South West England Scotland Wales Northern Ireland UK identifiable expenditure 2015-16 North East North West North West Seat Midlands East Midlands East London South East South West South West |

Table 9.15 UK identifiable expenditure on services by function, country and region, per head⁽¹⁾, 2012-13 to 2016-17 (continued)

| t per head | Total Expenditure on Services | | 089'6 | 9,429 | 8,810 | 8,282 | 8,846 | 8,155 | 10,192 | 8,111 | 8,549 | 868'8 | 10,651 | 10,076 | 11,042 | 9,159 |
|--|--|---------|------------|--------------|--------------------------|---------------|---------------|----------|--------------|------------|--------------|---------|--------------|----------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| | 10. Social protection | | 4,492 | 4,204 | 3,999 | 3,832 | 4,006 | 3,672 | 3,575 | 3,546 | 4,004 | 3,859 | 4,260 | 4,605 | 4,851 | 3,955 |
| | 9. Education | | 1,272 | 1,276 | 1,280 | 1,244 | 1,286 | 1,266 | 1,605 | 1,205 | 1,190 | 1,306 | 1,512 | 1,345 | 1,459 | 1,329 |
| | 8. Recreation, culture and religion | | 114 | 100 | 106 | 88 | 98 | 77 | 145 | 88 | 82 | 100 | 195 | 154 | 252 | 115 |
| | Т. Неаlth | | 2,361 | 2,320 | 2,115 | 1,938 | 2,201 | 1,874 | 2,673 | 1,931 | 2,005 | 2,169 | 2,332 | 2,233 | 2,240 | 2,187 |
| | 6. Housing and community amenities | | 183 | 109 | 139 | 127 | 140 | 111 | 204 | 96 | 78 | 130 | 327 | 230 | 411 | 159 |
| | 5. Environment protection | | 122 | 317 | 119 | 104 | 111 | 140 | 126 | 136 | 177 | 155 | 249 | 200 | 138 | 164 |
| | of which: transport | | 291 | 370 | 335 | 220 | 314 | 333 | 944 | 370 | 305 | 425 | 079 | 377 | 307 | 435 |
| | of which: agriculture, fisheries and of which: | | 77 | 20 | 75 | 81 | 54 | 73 | 6 | 48 | 114 | 29 | 188 | 149 | 271 | 80 |
| | of which: employment policies | | 63 | 38 | 49 | 35 | 47 | 25 | 40 | 23 | 23 | 36 | 45 | 44 | 54 | 37 |
| | уроюпतंว ет в эле ээлеігь: займ уо | | 54 | 49 | 47 | 54 | 47 | 99 | 19 | 63 | 29 | 99 | 69 | 47 | 37 | 27 |
| | of which: enterprise and economic | | 73 | 29 | 29 | 2/8 | 29 | 27 | 85 | 117 | 99 | 77 | 174 | 125 | 180 | 91 |
| | 4. Economic affairs | | 558 | 574 | 292 | 468 | 529 | 554 | 1,139 | 620 | 298 | 653 | 1,097 | 741 | 849 | 200 |
| | 3. Public order and safety | | 486 | 448 | 410 | 386 | 401 | 350 | 909 | 331 | 340 | 420 | 478 | 404 | 655 | 431 |
| | 2. Defence | | — | - | — | - | - | — | - | — | - | - | - | — | I | - |
| Statistics | sezivres lenotiemetri :hzińw ło | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| re Nation <i>a</i> | nommos bne sildug :hishves services | | 90 | 77 | 9/ | 35 | 83 | 108 | 118 | 153 | 104 | 104 | 199 | 162 | 186 | 117 |
| 7016-1/a | 1. General public services | | 91 | 78 | 77 | 93 | 82 | 110 | 120 | 154 | 105 | 106 | 201 | 164 | 187 | 119 |
| Data in this table from 2012-13 to 2016-17 are National Statistics | | 2016-17 | North East | North West | Yorkshire and The Humber | East Midlands | West Midlands | East | London | South East | South West | England | Scotland | Wales | Northern Ireland | UK identifiable expenditure |

Table 9.16 UK identifiable expenditure on services by function, country and region, per head indexed, 2012-13 to 2016-17

| nditure = 100) | Total Expenditure on Services | | 106 | 104 | 97 | 91 | 76 | 87 | 114 | 98 | 92 | 76 | 116 | 110 | 123 | 100 | | 106 | 103 | 97 | 91 | 96 | 88 | 113 | 87 | 93 | 97 | 115 | 111 | 124 | 100 |
|--|--|---------|------------|------------|--------------------------|---------------|---------------|------|--------|------------|------------|---------|----------|-------|------------------|-----------------------------|---------|------------|------------|--------------------------|---------------|---------------|------|--------|------------|------------|---------|----------|-------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Index (UK Identifiable expenditure | 10. Social protection | | 112 | 106 | 66 | 96 | 101 | 93 | 92 | 06 | 100 | 86 | 106 | 113 | 117 | 100 | | 112 | 106 | 100 | 96 | 101 | 93 | 94 | 06 | 101 | 86 | 106 | 114 | 120 | 100 |
| UK Identif | 9. Education | | 100 | 100 | 103 | 6 | 101 | 93 | 116 | 06 | 89 | 66 | 107 | 100 | 108 | 100 | | 66 | 101 | 100 | 92 | 100 | 91 | 119 | 89 | 88 | 66 | 107 | 102 | 108 | 100 |
|) xəpul | 8. Recreation, culture and religion | | 89 | 71 | 82 | 89 | 79 | 63 | 168 | 29 | 9 | 87 | 182 | 140 | 188 | 100 | | 86 | 80 | 91 | 75 | 84 | 71 | 129 | 70 | 69 | 98 | 179 | 145 | 212 | 100 |
| | Т. Неаlth | | 110 | 107 | 6 | 88 | 101 | 83 | 125 | 98 | 88 | 66 | 109 | 101 | 109 | 100 | | 108 | 103 | 96 | 88 | 66 | 98 | 127 | 89 | 91 | 66 | 107 | 66 | 105 | 100 |
| | 6. Housing and community amenities | | 119 | 78 | 77 | 99 | 72 | 48 | 179 | 52 | 51 | 84 | 183 | 132 | 288 | 100 | | 125 | 99 | 75 | 79 | 78 | 27 | 173 | 52 | 59 | 84 | 188 | 130 | 277 | 100 |
| | 5. Environment protection | | 70 | 193 | 69 | 70 | 19 | 82 | 77 | 83 | 108 | 94 | 153 | 130 | 85 | 100 | | 75 | 183 | 69 | 89 | 09 | 88 | 9/ | 98 | 104 | 93 | 158 | 131 | 98 | 100 |
| | hoqeneti :həidw fo | | 92 | 79 | 85 | 25 | 89 | 73 | 208 | 20 | 29 | 92 | 177 | 112 | 100 | 100 | | 29 | 77 | 89 | 63 | 29 | 74 | 204 | 28 | 99 | 93 | 170 | 104 | 06 | 100 |
| | of which: agriculture, fisheries | | 93 | 28 | 98 | 108 | 20 | 108 | 6 | 29 | 144 | 9/ | 209 | 180 | 355 | 100 | | 92 | 99 | 83 | 102 | 69 | 102 | 10 | 64 | 144 | 74 | 216 | 190 | 381 | 100 |
| | səiziloq İnəmyolqmə :həidə və İ | | 138 | 121 | 126 | 102 | 111 | 9/ | 103 | 29 | 63 | 26 | 105 | 103 | 184 | 100 | | 142 | 119 | 129 | 86 | 117 | 75 | 104 | 29 | 29 | 96 | 107 | 108 | 169 | 100 |
| | of which: science and technology | | 93 | 84 | 88 | 87 | 72 | 137 | 121 | 119 | 88 | 101 | 119 | 73 | 20 | 100 | | 100 | 68 | 92 | 16 | 28 | 125 | 117 | 112 | 35 | 101 | 115 | 81 | 20 | 100 |
| | of which: enterpaise and transported and simple and transported and transporte | | 111 | 83 | 06 | 74 | 89 | 99 | 20 | 62 | 92 | 75 | 249 | 204 | 236 | 100 | | 136 | 86 | 06 | 20 | 84 | 20 | 87 | 09 | 64 | 79 | 221 | 207 | 200 | 100 |
| | 4. Economic affairs | | 83 | 80 | 88 | 72 | 75 | 82 | 146 | 72 | 75 | 89 | 180 | 129 | 156 | 100 | | 91 | 82 | 92 | 75 | 75 | 80 | 143 | 9/ | 73 | 06 | 172 | 128 | 148 | 100 |
| | 3. Public order and safety | | 104 | 104 | 94 | 81 | 06 | 71 | 156 | 9/ | 78 | 97 | 110 | 96 | 165 | 100 | | 106 | 106 | 96 | 81 | 89 | 74 | 150 | 78 | 80 | 97 | 104 | 100 | 172 | 100 |
| | 2. Defence | | 66 | 89 | 70 | 66 | 92 | 131 | 122 | 117 | 92 | 104 | 69 | 142 | ı | 100 | | 83 | 91 | 95 | 140 | 78 | 115 | 66 | 116 | 112 | 104 | 73 | 144 | 1 | 100 |
| Statistics | səsivrəs lenoitemətri :nsidw fo | | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| re Nationa | of which: public and common | | 101 | 98 | 71 | 66 | 72 | 87 | 86 | 84 | 84 | 98 | 170 | 159 | 202 | 100 | | 82 | 77 | 73 | 06 | 74 | 83 | 16 | 87 | 77 | 82 | 204 | 160 | 223 | 100 |
| 2016-17 a | 1. General public services | | 101 | 98 | 72 | 66 | 73 | 88 | 86 | 84 | 84 | 87 | 168 | 158 | 199 | 100 | | 83 | 78 | 73 | 91 | 74 | 84 | 91 | 87 | 77 | 83 | 201 | 159 | 221 | 100 |
| Data in this table from 2012-13 to 2016-17 are National Statistics | | 2012-13 | North East | North West | Yorkshire and The Humber | East Midlands | West Midlands | East | London | South East | South West | England | Scotland | Wales | Northern Ireland | UK identifiable expenditure | 2013-14 | North East | North West | Yorkshire and The Humber | East Midlands | West Midlands | East | London | South East | South West | England | Scotland | Wales | Northern Ireland | UK identifiable expenditure |

Table 9.16 UK identifiable expenditure on services by function, country and region, per head indexed, 2012-13 to 2016-17 (continued)

| nditure = 100) | Total Expenditure on Services | | 103 | 97 | 91 | 98 | 89 | 111 | 87 | 93 | 97 | 115 | 110 | 123 | 100 | | 106 | 104 | 97 | 91 | 96 | 06 | 111 | 87 | 93 | 97 | 116 | 110 | 121 | 100 |
|--|--|---------|------------|--------------------------|---------------|---------------|------|--------|------------|------------|---------|----------|-------|------------------|-----------------------------|---------|------------|------------|--------------------------|---------------|---------------|------|--------|------------|------------|---------|----------|-------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Index (UK Identifiable expenditure | 10. Social protection | | 107 | 100 | 86 | 102 | 92 | 93 | 89 | 101 | 86 | 106 | 115 | 119 | 100 | | 113 | 107 | 101 | 26 | 101 | 93 | 92 | 06 | 101 | 86 | 107 | 116 | 120 | 100 |
| JK Identif | 9. Education | C | 100 | 66 | 93 | 100 | 94 | 122 | 89 | 88 | 66 | 108 | 86 | 113 | 100 | | 96 | 66 | 6 | 93 | 66 | 94 | 119 | 06 | 88 | 86 | 112 | 101 | 112 | 100 |
|) xəpul | 8. Recreation, culture and religion | Ċ | 90 86 | 92 | 74 | 73 | 9 | 132 | 72 | 71 | 98 | 183 | 137 | 206 | 100 | | 93 | 91 | 91 | 78 | 9/ | 89 | 120 | 9/ | 89 | 98 | 180 | 141 | 223 | 100 |
| | 7. Health | , | 107 | 86 | 89 | 102 | 88 | 123 | 89 | 91 | 66 | 105 | 101 | 103 | 100 | | 108 | 105 | 6 | 88 | 100 | 88 | 122 | 89 | 91 | 66 | 106 | 100 | 103 | 100 |
| | 6. Housing and community amenities | , | 69 | 80 | 83 | 82 | 63 | 144 | 62 | 61 | 85 | 184 | 124 | 271 | 100 | | 129 | 65 | 89 | 83 | 49 | 70 | 141 | 63 | 64 | 82 | 195 | 150 | 257 | 100 |
| | 5. Environment protection | C | 187 | 89 | 64 | 63 | 88 | 77 | 88 | 113 | 94 | 149 | 126 | 83 | 100 | | 71 | 185 | 77 | 64 | 29 | 94 | 75 | 88 | 105 | 95 | 148 | 118 | 83 | 100 |
| | hoqenett :hidhw fo | , | 1/ | 84 | 29 | 9/ | 77 | 204 | 77 | 19 | 95 | 157 | 66 | 85 | 100 | | 29 | 35 | 89 | 19 | 29 | 80 | 506 | 79 | 63 | 86 | 138 | 93 | 99 | 100 |
| | esinərləti, agrirculture, fisheries səinərləti | C | 90 | 84 | 102 | 9 | 101 | 10 | 92 | 145 | 73 | 220 | 183 | 396 | 100 | | 100 | 29 | 89 | 93 | 63 | 92 | 13 | 99 | 132 | 7.1 | 229 | 509 | 396 | 100 |
| | of which: employment policies | , | 110 | 132 | 26 | 115 | 89 | 105 | 99 | 57 | 94 | 114 | 116 | 222 | 100 | | 156 | 66 | 133 | 26 | 113 | 89 | 109 | 57 | 27 | 93 | 117 | 120 | 218 | 100 |
| | of which: science and technology | , | 70/ | 93 | 86 | 81 | 119 | 110 | 107 | 101 | 101 | 114 | 93 | 49 | 100 | | 106 | 84 | 91 | 82 | 72 | 124 | 116 | 113 | 88 | 66 | 125 | 96 | 89 | 100 |
| | of which: enterprise and economic development | ç | 18 | 66 | 75 | 88 | 92 | 74 | 19 | 72 | 9/ | 227 | 222 | 238 | 100 | | 77 | 88 | 85 | 98 | 33 | 29 | 107 | 88 | 9/ | 80 | 208 | 176 | 760 | 100 |
| | 4. Economic affairs | 2 | 79 | 91 | 78 | 79 | 83 | 144 | 75 | 78 | 06 | 166 | 127 | 152 | 100 | | 81 | 88 | 91 | 71 | 73 | 83 | 160 | 80 | 74 | 93 | 153 | 117 | 124 | 100 |
| | 3. Public order and safety | Ç | 103 | 95 | 82 | 90 | 75 | 151 | 9/ | 79 | 97 | 113 | 66 | 157 | 100 | | 109 | 101 | 94 | 88 | 95 | 80 | 146 | 9/ | 78 | 97 | 114 | 92 | 155 | 100 |
| | 2. Defence | L | 62 | 74 | 108 | 73 | 128 | 104 | 132 | 131 | 104 | 64 | 155 | I | 100 | | 72 | 123 | 78 | 134 | 83 | 128 | 94 | 105 | 79 | 102 | 86 | 136 | I | 100 |
| Statistics | of which: international services | 0 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| re Nationa | of which: public and common services | ç | 73 | 61 | 79 | 81 | 102 | 28 | 88 | 95 | 82 | 200 | 160 | 234 | 100 | | 83 | 77 | 99 | 82 | 74 | 26 | 83 | 82 | 84 | 81 | 217 | 163 | 218 | 100 |
| 2016-17 a | 2. General public services | ç | 74 | 62 | 80 | 81 | 102 | 78 | 88 | 92 | 82 | 198 | 159 | 232 | 100 | | 83 | 78 | 29 | 82 | 75 | 6 | 83 | 82 | 84 | 81 | 215 | 162 | 216 | 100 |
| Data in this table from 2012-13 to 2016-17 are National Statistics | | 2014-15 | North West | Yorkshire and The Humber | East Midlands | West Midlands | East | London | South East | South West | England | Scotland | Wales | Northern Ireland | UK identifiable expenditure | 2015-16 | North East | North West | Yorkshire and The Humber | East Midlands | West Midlands | East | London | South East | South West | England | Scotland | Wales | Northern Ireland | UK identifiable expenditure |

Table 9.16 UK identifiable expenditure on services by function, country and region, per head indexed, 2012-13 to 2016-17 (continued)

| | Index (UK Identifiable expenditure = 100) | Total Expenditure on Services | | 106 | 103 | 96 | 06 | 97 | 88 | 111 | 88 | 93 | 97 | 116 | 110 | 121 | 100 |
|---|--|---|---------|------------|------------|--------------------------|---------------|---------------|------|--------|------------|------------|---------|----------|-------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| | iable expe | 10. Social protection | | 114 | 106 | 101 | 26 | 101 | 93 | 06 | 06 | 101 | 86 | 108 | 116 | 123 | 100 |
| | UK Identif | 9. Education | | 96 | 96 | 96 | 94 | 6 | 92 | 121 | 91 | 90 | 86 | 114 | 101 | 110 | 100 |
| | Index (| 8. Recreation, culture and religion | | 66 | 88 | 92 | 77 | 75 | 29 | 127 | 78 | 72 | 87 | 170 | 134 | 220 | 100 |
| | | 7. Health | | 108 | 106 | 6 | 89 | 101 | 98 | 122 | 88 | 95 | 66 | 107 | 102 | 102 | 100 |
| | | 6. Housing and community amenities | | 115 | 69 | 87 | 80 | 88 | 69 | 128 | 09 | 49 | 82 | 202 | 144 | 258 | 100 |
| | | 5. Environment protection | | 74 | 193 | 73 | 63 | 89 | 85 | 77 | 83 | 108 | 94 | 152 | 122 | 84 | 100 |
| | | тоqгпьт: transport | | 29 | 85 | 77 | 51 | 72 | 77 | 217 | 85 | 20 | 86 | 142 | 87 | 20 | 100 |
| | | e which: agriculture, fisheries sing hore | | 96 | 63 | 94 | 101 | 29 | 92 | 11 | 09 | 144 | 74 | 236 | 187 | 341 | 100 |
| | | esibiloq ənəmyolqmə :həidə və i | | 168 | 102 | 130 | 94 | 125 | 29 | 108 | 09 | 09 | 96 | 120 | 117 | 144 | 100 |
| - | | от which: science and тесhnology | | 96 | 98 | 83 | 96 | 84 | 117 | 108 | 111 | 105 | 100 | 122 | 83 | 99 | 100 |
| | | bne əsinqrəinə :hich və o ətanənə ələrəti ətanənə ələrəti | | 80 | 75 | 92 | 98 | 74 | 29 | 94 | 130 | 73 | 85 | 193 | 138 | 199 | 100 |
| , | | 4. Economic affairs | | 80 | 82 | 81 | 29 | 9/ | 79 | 163 | 88 | 81 | 93 | 157 | 106 | 121 | 100 |
| . | | 3. Public order and safety | | 113 | 104 | 92 | 06 | 93 | 81 | 140 | 77 | 79 | 86 | 111 | 94 | 152 | 100 |
| • | | 2. Defence | | 80 | 123 | 85 | 132 | 89 | 127 | 86 | 108 | 98 | 105 | 89 | 96 | I | 100 |
| | Statistics | səsivrəs lenoütemətri :rhsirw to | | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| | re Nationa | nommos bne silduq:hichiv Po sesivises | | 77 | 92 | 64 | 28 | 71 | 35 | 101 | 130 | 88 | 89 | 170 | 138 | 158 | 100 |
| | 2016-17 a | 1. General public services | | 77 | 99 | 9 | 79 | 71 | 92 | 101 | 130 | 88 | 88 | 169 | 138 | 158 | 100 |
| | Data in this table from 2012-13 to 2016-17 are National Statistics | | 2016-17 | North East | North West | Yorkshire and The Humber | East Midlands | West Midlands | East | London | South East | South West | England | Scotland | Wales | Northern Ireland | UK identifiable expenditure |

Table 9.17 Total local government identifiable expenditure on services by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17

| | | | | | £ million | as a | per cent of tota | as a per cent of total spending in that region (from Table 9.1) | nat region (fron | 1 Table 9.1) |
|--|---------|---------|---------------------|---------|-----------|---------|------------------|---|------------------|--------------|
| | | Nati | National Statistics | | | | Natio | National Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn |
| North East | 6,454 | 6,512 | 6,374 | 6,287 | 6,374 | 27 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 25 |
| North West | 17,147 | 17,324 | 17,257 | 17,268 | 17,153 | 27 | 27 | 26 | 26 | 25 |
| Yorkshire and The Humber | 12,030 | 11,888 | 11,721 | 11,763 | 11,823 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 25 | 25 |
| East Midlands | 9,151 | 8,935 | 8,832 | 8,882 | 8,843 | 25 | 24 | 23 | 23 | 23 |
| West Midlands | 12,681 | 12,545 | 12,632 | 11,849 | 12,200 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 | 24 |
| East | 11,837 | 11,732 | 12,191 | 11,980 | 12,141 | 26 | 25 | 25 | 24 | 24 |
| London | 28,648 | 29,432 | 29,161 | 28,931 | 28,890 | 35 | 35 | 34 | 33 | 32 |
| South East | 17,479 | 18,053 | 18,094 | 18,112 | 18,889 | 27 | 27 | 26 | 26 | 78 |
| South West | 10,519 | 10,618 | 10,834 | 10,784 | 10,804 | 25 | 24 | 24 | 23 | 23 |
| Total England | 125,946 | 127,038 | 127,096 | 125,855 | 127,117 | 28 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 79 |
| Scotland | 15,245 | 13,818 | 13,804 | 14,083 | 14,437 | 28 | 56 | 25 | 25 | 25 |
| Wales | 8,355 | 968'8 | 8,301 | 8,181 | 8,208 | 28 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 79 |
| Northern Ireland (1) | 624 | 632 | 899 | 989 | 787 | æ | 3 | æ | æ | 4 |
| UK local government identifiable expenditure | 150,170 | 149,883 | 149,869 | 148,805 | 150,549 | 27 | 27 | 56 | 25 | 25 |
| Non-identifiable expenditure | 515 | 547 | 707 | 761 | 804 | <u></u> | - | — | — | _ |
| Total local government expenditure on services | 150,685 | 150,430 | 150,576 | 149,566 | 151,353 | 23 | 22 | 22 | 21 | 21 |
| Accounting adjustments | 19,757 | 19,848 | 19,979 | 22,157 | 21,858 | 30 | 34 | 31 | 39 | 36 |
| Total local government expenditure | 170,442 | 170,278 | 170,555 | 171,723 | 173,211 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 22 |

(1) The relative weighting of Northern Ireland is lower in these tables because spending that is undertaken by local government in Great Britain is mostly undertaken by Northern Ireland departments.

Table 9.18 Total local government identifiable expenditure on services by country and region, per head⁽¹⁾ 2012-13 to 2016-17

| | | | | - | £ per head | | | Index (UK ide | Index (UK identifiable expenditure = 100) | ure = 100) |
|--|---------|---------|---------------------|---------|------------|---------|---------|---------------------|---|------------|
| | | Natio | National Statistics | | | | Nati | National Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn |
| North East | 2,480 | 2,495 | 2,434 | 2,395 | 2,417 | 105 | 107 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| North West | 2,420 | 2,439 | 2,419 | 2,407 | 2,376 | 103 | 104 | 104 | 105 | 104 |
| Yorkshire and The Humber | 2,263 | 2,227 | 2,187 | 2,182 | 2,179 | 96 | 95 | 94 | 95 | 95 |
| East Midlands | 2,003 | 1,943 | 1,904 | 1,899 | 1,872 | 85 | 83 | 82 | 83 | 82 |
| West Midlands | 2,247 | 2,211 | 2,211 | 2,060 | 2,103 | 92 | 95 | 92 | 06 | 92 |
| East | 2,004 | 1,970 | 2,026 | 1,971 | 1,980 | 85 | 84 | 87 | 98 | 98 |
| London | 3,448 | 3,497 | 3,415 | 3,335 | 3,287 | 146 | 150 | 147 | 146 | 143 |
| South East | 2,003 | 2,053 | 2,039 | 2,024 | 2,093 | 85 | 88 | 88 | 88 | 91 |
| South West | 1,970 | 1,974 | 1,998 | 1,971 | 1,959 | 84 | 84 | 98 | 98 | 85 |
| Total England | 2,354 | 2,358 | 2,340 | 2,297 | 2,300 | 100 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 100 |
| Scotland | 2,869 | 2,594 | 2,581 | 2,621 | 2,671 | 122 | 111 | 111 | 115 | 116 |
| Wales | 2,718 | 2,724 | 2,685 | 2,640 | 2,636 | 115 | 116 | 116 | 116 | 115 |
| Northern Ireland (2) | 342 | 345 | 363 | 370 | 423 | 15 | 15 | 16 | 16 | 18 |
| UK local government identifiable expenditure | 2,357 | 2,338 | 2,320 | 2,285 | 2,293 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |

(1) Per head figures calculated using the latest mid-year population estimates from the ONS. See Annex within the CRA 2017 release for details.

(2) The relative weighting of Northern Ireland is lower in these tables because spending that is undertaken by local government in Great Britain is mostly undertaken by Northern Ireland departments.

Table 9.19 Total central government and public corporations' identifiable expenditure on services by country and region, 2012-13 to 2016-17

| | | | | | £ million | | as a per cen | as a per cent of total spending in that region from A.1 | ing in that regi | on from A.1 |
|---|---------|---------|---------------------|---------|-----------|---------|--------------|---|------------------|-------------|
| | | Natio | National Statistics | | | | Natio | National Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn |
| North East | 17,705 | 17,968 | 18,375 | 18,870 | 19,150 | 73 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 75 |
| North West | 47,333 | 47,124 | 48,899 | 50,301 | 50,923 | 73 | 73 | 74 | 74 | 75 |
| Yorkshire and The Humber | 33,109 | 33,608 | 34,915 | 35,697 | 35,979 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 75 | 75 |
| East Midlands | 27,133 | 27,867 | 29,206 | 29,614 | 30,287 | 75 | 9/ | 77 | 77 | 77 |
| West Midlands | 35,145 | 35,720 | 37,380 | 38,196 | 39,113 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 9/ | 9/ |
| East | 33,357 | 34,504 | 35,956 | 37,400 | 37,855 | 74 | 75 | 75 | 9/ | 9/ |
| London | 53,880 | 54,238 | 55,922 | 58,446 | 089'09 | 65 | 9 | 99 | 29 | 89 |
| South East | 48,233 | 49,446 | 50,907 | 52,689 | 54,322 | 73 | 73 | 74 | 74 | 74 |
| South West | 32,219 | 33,236 | 34,484 | 35,192 | 36,354 | 75 | 9/ | 9/ | 77 | 77 |
| Total England | 328,114 | 333,711 | 346,045 | 356,407 | 364,661 | 72 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 74 |
| Scotland | 38,714 | 40,359 | 41,317 | 42,214 | 43,126 | 72 | 74 | 75 | 75 | 75 |
| Wales | 21,198 | 21,719 | 22,335 | 22,792 | 23,160 | 72 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 74 |
| Northern Ireland (1) | 19,021 | 19,349 | 19,665 | 19,537 | 19,775 | 76 | 76 | 76 | 97 | 96 |
| UK central government and public corporations identifiable expenditure | 407,048 | 415,137 | 429,362 | 440,949 | 450,722 | 73 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 75 |
| Outside UK | 25,089 | 26,659 | 26,895 | 25,647 | 24,232 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| Total central government and public corporations identifiable expenditure | 432,137 | 441,796 | 456,257 | 466,597 | 474,954 | 74 | 75 | 75 | 92 | 9/ |
| Non-identifiable expenditure (2) | 94,991 | 95,406 | 92,769 | 95,855 | 97,964 | 114 | 114 | 114 | 113 | 114 |
| Total central government and public corporations' expenditure on services | 527,129 | 537,201 | 549,026 | 562,451 | 572,918 | 79 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 8 |
| Accounting adjustments | 46,048 | 38,809 | 44,091 | 34,339 | 39,359 | 70 | 99 | 69 | 61 | 64 |
| Total central government and public corporations' expenditure (3) | 573,177 | 576,010 | 593,117 | 596,790 | 612,277 | 78 | 79 | 79 | 79 | 79 |

⁽¹⁾ The relative weighting of Northern Ireland is higher in these tables because spending that is undertaken by local government in Great Britain is mostly undertaken by Northern Ireland departments.

153

⁽²⁾ Includes the effect of financial sector interventions. See Box 5.A of PESA for details.

⁽³⁾ This excludes the temporary effects of banks being classified to the public sector. See Box 5.A of PESA for details.

Table 9.20 Total central government and public corporations' identifiable expenditure on services by country and region per head(1), 2012-13 to 2016-17

| | | | | | £ per head |
|---|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|------------|
| | | Nat | tional Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn |
| North East | 6,804 | 6,883 | 7,017 | 7,190 | 7,263 |
| North West | 6,681 | 6,634 | 6,855 | 7,012 | 7,053 |
| Yorkshire and The Humber | 6,227 | 6,296 | 6,514 | 6,622 | 6,631 |
| East Midlands | 5,940 | 6,060 | 6,298 | 6,332 | 6,411 |
| West Midlands | 6,229 | 6,295 | 6,543 | 6,642 | 6,743 |
| East | 5,647 | 5,795 | 5,974 | 6,155 | 6,175 |
| London | 6,485 | 6,444 | 6,549 | 6,738 | 6,905 |
| South East | 5,528 | 5,624 | 5,737 | 5,888 | 6,018 |
| South West | 6,034 | 6,180 | 6,358 | 6,432 | 6,591 |
| Total England | 6,134 | 6,195 | 6,371 | 6,505 | 6,598 |
| Scotland | 7,286 | 7,575 | 7,726 | 7,857 | 7,979 |
| Wales | 6,896 | 7,046 | 7,223 | 7,355 | 7,439 |
| Northern Ireland (2) | 10,431 | 10,575 | 10,685 | 10,551 | 10,620 |
| UK central government and public corporations' identifiable expenditure | 6,390 | 6,476 | 6,647 | 6,772 | 6,866 |

Index (UK identifiable expenditure = 100)

| | | Nat | ional Statistics | ok identinable ex | , |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | 2012-13 outturn | 2013-14 outturn | 2014-15 outturn | 2015-16 outturn | 2016-17 outturn |
| North East | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 |
| North West | 105 | 102 | 103 | 104 | 103 |
| Yorkshire and The Humber | 97 | 97 | 98 | 98 | 97 |
| East Midlands | 93 | 94 | 95 | 93 | 93 |
| West Midlands | 97 | 97 | 98 | 98 | 98 |
| East | 88 | 89 | 90 | 91 | 90 |
| London | 101 | 100 | 99 | 99 | 101 |
| South East | 87 | 87 | 86 | 87 | 88 |
| South West | 94 | 95 | 96 | 95 | 96 |
| Total England | 96 | 96 | 96 | 96 | 96 |
| Scotland | 114 | 117 | 116 | 116 | 116 |
| Wales | 108 | 109 | 109 | 109 | 108 |
| Northern Ireland (2) | 163 | 163 | 161 | 156 | 155 |
| UK central government and public corporations' identifiable expenditure | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |

⁽¹⁾ Per head figures calculated using the latest mid-year population estimates from the ONS. See Annex within the CRA 2017 release for details.

⁽²⁾ The relative weighting of Northern Ireland is higher in these tables because spending that is undertaken by local government in Great Britain is mostly undertaken by Northern Ireland departments.

Table 9.21 Identifiable expenditure on services for Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland in 2016-17

| £ million | | Total Expenditure on Services | | 22,514 | 10 | 15,043 | 2 | 19,990 | 57,563 | | 10,135 | 4 | 8,449 | 4 | 12,775 | 31,367 | | 17,971 | 23 | 787 | 1,780 | 20,562 |
|--|---------------------|--|----------|-------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-------|-------------------------------|--------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|---|------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | 10. Social protection | | 447 | I | 5,217 | ı | 17,360 | 23,024 | | 95 | I | 2,991 | ı | 11,252 | 14,335 | | 7,497 | ı | ı | 1,535 | 9.033 |
| | | 9. Education | | 2,533 | I | 5,615 | I | 24 | 8,173 | | 1,187 | I | 2,984 | I | 15 | 4,186 | | 2,714 | I | Ι | 3 | 2.717 |
| | | 8. Recreation, culture and religion | | 217 | I | 743 | I | 95 | 1,052 | | 106 | I | 253 | I | 120 | 478 | | 147 | I | 293 | 30 | 470 |
| | | 7. Неаlth | | 12,508 | ı | I | I | 92 | 12,603 | | 6,935 | I | I | 1 | 17 | 6,952 | | 4,115 | I | 48 | 7 | 4.171 |
| | | 6. Housing and community amenities | | 816 | I | 931 | I | 20 | 1,767 | | 197 | I | 503 | I | 15 | 715 | | 551 | I | 208 | 7 | 992 |
| | | 5. Environment protection | | 210 | I | 732 | I | 404 | 1,347 | | 149 | I | 367 | I | 107 | 623 | | 38 | I | 201 | 18 | 257 |
| | | hoqenen: transport | | 1,474 | I | 902 | 5 | 296 | 3,352 | | 544 | I | 283 | 4 | 343 | 1,173 | | 256 | I | I | 15 | 571 |
| | ics | e inshich: agriculture, fisheries sand forestry | | 636 | I | 70 | I | 9 | 1,015 | | 433 | I | 91 | I | 14 | 464 | | 493 | I | I | 12 | 505 |
| | National Statistics | səiziloq İnəmyolqmə :dɔidw fo | | I | ı | I | I | 243 | 243 | | 0 | I | I | 1 | 137 | 136 | | 66 | I | I | 2 | 100 |
| | Natio | bns əsriəns: saiencə ənd уроlondsət | | \mathcal{C} | I | I | I | 371 | 374 | | 21 | I | I | I | 125 | 147 | | 5 | I | I | 94 | 69 |
| | | of which: enterprise and economic development | | 427 | I | 257 | I | 259 | 943 | | 224 | I | 41 | I | 123 | 388 | | 243 | I | 37 | 99 | 335 |
| | | 4. Economic affairs | | 2,843 | ı | 1,232 | 2 | 1,846 | 5,926 | | 1,222 | ı | 339 | 4 | 743 | 2,308 | | 1,396 | I | 37 | 149 | 1.581 |
| | | 3. Public order and safety | | 2,515 | ı | ı | ı | 99 | 2,581 | | — | ı | 802 | 1 | 452 | 1,258 | | 1,216 | I | ı | m | 1.219 |
| | | 2. Defence | | ı | ı | 4 | ı | ı | 4 | | ı | ı | 2 | 1 | ı | 7 | | I | I | I | I | ı |
| | | səsivrəs lenoitemətini :həihw to | | I | I | I | I | 8 | 80 | | I | I | I | I | 5 | 5 | | ı | I | I | 3 | (C) |
| | | of which: public and common services | | 424 | 10 | 268 | ı | 74 | 1,077 | | 246 | 4 | 205 | ı | 20 | 505 | | 297 | 23 | I | 25 | 346 |
| stics | | 1. General public services | | 424 | 10 | 268 | ı | 82 | 1,085 | | 246 | 4 | 205 | 1 | 55 | 510 | | 297 | 23 | ı | 28 | 348 |
| All the data in this table are National Statistics | | Function Function ental | | Scottish Government (1) | Office | Scottish local government | -ocal government public corporations | UK government departments | ntifiable expenditure in | | Welsh Assembly Government (1) | fice | Welsh local government | Local government public corporations | UK government departments | Total identifiable expenditure in Wales | ו reland | Northern Ireland Executive | Northern Ireland Office | Northern Irish local government | UK government departments | Total identifiable expenditure in |
| All the da | / | Departmental | Scotland | Scottish Go | Scotland Office | Scottish lo | Local gove | UK govern | Total ider Scotland | Wales | Welsh Ass | Wales Office | Welsh loca | Local gove | UK govern | Total ider | Northern Ireland | Northern I | Northern I | Northern I | UK govern | Total ider |

(1) This includes public corporations sponsored by central government departments.

Public expenditure by country and sub-function

10.1 This chapter (with the exception of two tables) presents public expenditure by country and sub-function. The figures in this chapter are consistent with **Chapter 9**.

10.2 Readers need to bear in mind two points about this chapter:

- as with **Chapter 9**, the information in **Chapter 10** was gathered in a separate data collection exercise during the summer of 2017. The **Chapter 10** tables are identical to those published in the CRA National Statistics release from November 2017¹. Therefore mid-year population estimates used to produce the 'per head' tables in this chapter are from the most up-to-date available source as at November 2017.
- most public spending is planned to benefit categories of individuals and enterprises
 irrespective of location. The regional analyses presented in this chapter show where the
 individuals and enterprises that benefited from public spending were located. It does not
 mean that all such spending was planned to benefit a particular region because only a
 minority of public spending is planned on a regional basis.
- **10.3 Tables 10.5** to **10.8** in this chapter present the total identifiable expenditure on services for each country per head. While this makes figures more easily comparable, it draws attention to any inconsistencies in the sub-functional classification of spending across countries.
- **10.4** The interactive tables and database available on GOV.UK alongside the November 2017 CRA release will include information in **Table 10.9** for earlier years.
- **10.5** Below is a summary of the tables presented in this chapter. Unless otherwise stated, these tables show outturn between 2012-13 and 2016-17:
- **Table 10.1** shows total identifiable expenditure on services for England by sub-function;
- Table 10.2 shows total identifiable expenditure on services for Scotland by sub-function;
- **Table 10.3** shows total identifiable expenditure on services for Wales by sub-function;
- **Table 10.4** shows total identifiable expenditure on services for Northern Ireland by sub-function:
- Table 10.5 shows total identifiable expenditure on services for England by sub-function per head;
- **Table 10.6** shows total identifiable expenditure on services for Scotland by sub-function per head;
- **Table 10.7** shows total identifiable expenditure on services for Wales by sub-function per head:
- Table 10.8 shows total identifiable expenditure on services for Northern Ireland by sub-function per head;

¹ https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/country-and-regional-analysis-2017

- **Table 10.9** shows total identifiable expenditure on services for each English region by sub-function for outturn period 2016-17 only and;
- **Table 10.10** shows total identifiable expenditure on services for each English region by sub-function per head for outturn period 2016-17 only.

Table 10.1 Total identifiable expenditure on services in England by sub-function, 2012-13 to 2016-17

| | | | | | £ million |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | Natio | nal Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 outturn | 2013-14 outturn | 2014-15 outturn | 2015-16 outturn | 2016-17 outturn |
| 1. General public services | | | | | |
| 1.1 Executive and legislative organs, financial and fiscal affairs, external affairs | 2,457 | 2,508 | 2,504 | 1,941 | 2,412 |
| 1.2 Foreign economic aid | = | = | = | = | - |
| 1.3 General services | 681 | 476 | 607 | 671 | 508 |
| 1.4 Basic research | _ | _ | _ | _ | - |
| 1.5 R&D general public services | 70 | 76 | 85 | 86 | 86 |
| 1.6 General public services n.e.c. | 1,643 | 1,551 | 1,609 | 1,666 | 2,843 |
| Total general public services | 4,851 | 4,612 | 4,804 | 4,363 | 5,849 |
| 2. Defence | | | | | |
| 2.1 Military defence | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2.2 Civil defence | 45 | 47 | 43 | 39 | 47 |
| 2.3 Foreign miltary aid | | | _ | _ | - |
| 2.4 R&D defence | | | _ | _ | - |
| 2.5 Defence n.e.c. | | | - | - | - |
| Total defence | 45 | 47 | 43 | 39 | 47 |
| 3. Public order and safety | | | | | |
| 3.1 Police services | 12,516 | 11,897 | 11,844 | 11,889 | 11,928 |
| of which: immigration and citizenship | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| of which: other police services | 12,516 | 11,897 | 11,844 | 11,889 | 11,928 |
| 3.2 Fire-protection services | 2,285 | 2,253 | 2,215 | 2,097 | 2,205 |
| 3.3 Law courts | 4,990 | 4,570 | 5,337 | 4,821 | 4,786 |
| 3.4 Prisons | 3,627 | 3,450 | 3,168 | 3,561 | 3,649 |
| 3.5 R&D public order and safety | 30 | 29 | 30 | 28 | 27 |
| 3.6 Public order and safety n.e.c. | 361 | 441 | 477 | 642 | 621 |
| Total public order and safety | 23,809 | 22,640 | 23,071 | 23,039 | 23,217 |
| 4. Economic affairs | | | | | |
| 4.1 General economic, commercial and labour affairs | 4,102 | 5,395 | 4,620 | 4,522 | 4,581 |
| 4.2 Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting | 3,350 | 3,292 | 3,130 | 2,595 | 3,247 |
| of which: market support under CAP | 1,864 | 1,845 | 1,721 | 1,329 | 2,003 |
| of which: other agriculture, food and fisheries policy | 1,484 | 1,444 | 1,407 | 1,266 | 1,244 |
| of which: forestry | 1 | 2 | 2 | _ | - |
| 4.3 Fuel and energy | 384 | 352 | 332 | 312 | 339 |
| 4.4 Mining, manufacturing and construction | -12 | 269 | 36 | 161 | 863 |
| 4.5 Transport | 15,366 | 16,000 | 17,139 | 22,412 | 23,481 |
| of which: national roads | 2,001 | 2,320 | 2,830 | 2,967 | 3,048 |
| of which: local roads | 3,425 | 3,675 | 4,020 | 4,013 | 4,320 |
| of which: local public transport | 2,210 | 2,018 | 2,140 | 2,077 | 1,926 |
| of which: railway (1) | 7,382 | 7,507 | 7,713 | 12,714 | 13,744 |
| of which: other transport | 348 | 479 | 437 | 641 | 443 |
| 4.6 Communication | _ | - | - | 7 | _ |
| 4.7 Other industries | 137 | 120 | 119 | 123 | 119 |
| 4.8 R&D economic affairs | 2,644 | 3,350 | 3,573 | 3,804 | 3,123 |
| 4.9 Economic affairs n.e.c. | 390 | 352 | 366 | 346 | 355 |
| Total economic affairs | 26,362 | 29,129 | 29,315 | 34,282 | 36,106 |

Table 10.1 Total identifiable expenditure on services in England by sub-function, 2012-13 to 2016-17 (continued)

| | | | | | £ million |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | Natio | nal Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 outturn | 2013-14 outturn | 2014-15 outturn | 2015-16 outturn | 2016-17 outturn |
| 5. Environment protection | | | | | |
| 5.1 Waste management | 6,133 | 6,234 | 6,356 | 6,387 | 6,381 |
| 5.2 Waste water management | = | _ | _ | _ | = |
| 5.3 Pollution abatement | 111 | 122 | 431 | 403 | 57 |
| 5.4 Protection of biodiversity and landscape | 238 | 280 | 326 | 507 | 332 |
| 5.5 R&D environment protection | 381 | 426 | 400 | 388 | 335 |
| 5.6 Environment protection n.e.c. | 1,331 | 1,397 | 1,484 | 1,316 | 1,458 |
| Total environment protection | 8,193 | 8,459 | 8,997 | 9,002 | 8,563 |
| 6. Housing and community amenities | | | | | |
| 6.1 Housing development | 3,907 | 3,558 | 3,971 | 3,656 | 3,492 |
| of which: local authority housing | 3,251 | 3,036 | 3,623 | 3,440 | 3,228 |
| of which: other social housing | 657 | 522 | 348 | 216 | 264 |
| 6.2 Community development | 2,309 | 2,531 | 2,449 | 2,205 | 2,693 |
| 6.3 Water supply | 8 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 6 |
| 6.4 Street lighting | 634 | 671 | 707 | 735 | 834 |
| 6.5 R&D housing and community amenities | = | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 6.6 Housing and community amenities n.e.c. | 151 | 155 | 177 | 197 | 180 |
| Total housing and community amenities | 7,010 | 6,921 | 7,310 | 6,799 | 7,206 |
| 7. Health ⁽²⁾ | | | | | |
| Medical services | 97,533 | 101,574 | 106,966 | 110,467 | 114,530 |
| Health research | 1,487 | 1,749 | 1,650 | 1,896 | 1,568 |
| Central and other health services | 3,459 | 4,035 | 3,008 | 3,094 | 3,758 |
| Total health | 102,479 | 107,359 | 111,624 | 115,457 | 119,856 |
| 8. Recreation, culture and religion | | | | | |
| 8.1 Recreational and sporting services | 2,919 | 2,326 | 2,466 | 2,310 | 2,175 |
| 8.2 Cultural services | 3,047 | 2,913 | 3,055 | 2,422 | 3,069 |
| 8.3 Broadcasting and publishing services | 159 | 154 | 176 | 202 | 191 |
| 8.4 Religious and other community services | 48 | 38 | 22 | 29 | 15 |
| 8.5 R&D recreation, culture and religion | 35 | 14 | 37 | 38 | 27 |
| 8.6 Recreation, culture and religion n.e.c. | 45 | 27 | 32 | 42 | 40 |
| Total recreation, culture and religion | 6,253 | 5,471 | 5,788 | 5,043 | 5,517 |
| 9. Education | | | | | |
| 9.1 Pre-primary and primary education | 24,660 | 25,261 | 25,452 | 25,706 | 25,261 |
| of which: under fives | 2,558 | 2,969 | 2,471 | 2,553 | 2,826 |
| of which: primary education | 22,102 | 22,292 | 22,981 | 23,153 | 22,435 |
| 9.2 Secondary education (3) | 31,813 | 32,033 | 33,730 | 33,240 | 34,498 |
| 9.3 Post-secondary non-tertiary education | 104 | 126 | 105 | 77 | 116 |
| 9.4 Tertiary education | 5,970 | 5,313 | 4,488 | 4,045 | 4,210 |
| 9.5 Education not definable by level | 238 | 202 | 324 | 304 | 580 |
| 9.6 Subsidiary services to education | 4,046 | 4,111 | 3,678 | 3,400 | 3,543 |
| 9.7 R&D education | 1,583 | 1,573 | 1,573 | 1,573 | 1,991 |
| 9.8 Education n.e.c. | 1,519 | 1,720 | 1,362 | 1,801 | 1,963 |
| Total education | 69,932 | 70,339 | 70,712 | 70,147 | 72,162 |

Table 10.1 Total identifiable expenditure on services in England by sub-function, 2012-13 to 2016-17 (continued)

| | | | | | £ million |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | Natio | nal Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 outturn | 2013-14 outturn | 2014-15 outturn | 2015-16 outturn | 2016-17 outturn |
| 10. Social protection | | | | | |
| of which: personal social services | 22,972 | 22,887 | 24,374 | 24,510 | 24,077 |
| 10.1 Sickness and disability | 36,414 | 37,398 | 39,854 | 42,058 | 41,865 |
| of which: personal social services | 8,142 | 7,663 | 7,708 | 8,086 | 7,958 |
| of which: incapacity, disability and injury benefits | 28,272 | 29,735 | 32,146 | 33,973 | 33,907 |
| 10.2 Old age | 88,080 | 90,675 | 93,930 | 95,206 | 96,458 |
| of which: personal social services | 7,714 | 7,804 | 8,037 | 7,542 | 7,757 |
| of which: pensions | 80,366 | 82,871 | 85,893 | 87,663 | 88,702 |
| 10.3 Survivors | 754 | 795 | 791 | 804 | 796 |
| 10.4 Family and children | 22,152 | 20,465 | 21,136 | 21,205 | 20,516 |
| of which: personal social services | 6,644 | 6,919 | 8,133 | 8,354 | 7,900 |
| of which: family benefits, income support and tax credits | 15,508 | 13,545 | 13,002 | 12,851 | 12,616 |
| 10.5 Unemployment | 4,884 | 4,033 | 2,770 | 2,139 | 1,769 |
| of which: personal social services | - | _ | _ | _ | - |
| of which: other unemployment benefits | 4,884 | 4,033 | 2,770 | 2,139 | 1,769 |
| 10.6 Housing | 22,529 | 22,746 | 22,692 | 22,418 | 21,632 |
| 10.7 Social exclusion n.e.c. | 27,164 | 26,828 | 27,022 | 27,046 | 26,933 |
| of which: personal social services | 471 | 500 | 495 | 528 | 463 |
| of which: family benefits, income support and tax credits | 26,693 | 26,329 | 26,527 | 26,518 | 26,470 |
| 10.8 R&D social protection | - | - | _ | _ | _ |
| 10.9 Social protection n.e.c. | 3,149 | 2,832 | 3,281 | 3,216 | 3,286 |
| Total social protection | 205,126 | 205,772 | 211,476 | 214,091 | 213,255 |
| Total Expenditure on Services in England | 454,061 | 460,749 | 473,141 | 482,262 | 491,779 |

⁽¹⁾ Following implementation of ESA2010, Network Rail is now classified to Central Government. Consequently Total Managed Expenditure (TME) includes Network Rail spending in all years shown, however the actual expenditure of Network Rail only appears in the Department for Transport budget from 2015-16. The sub-functional analysis shown includes Network Rail spending from 2015-16 and is therefore only included within 'Total Expenditure on services' from that year.

Education will look to improve apportionment of spending across the education categories.

⁽²⁾ The level of detail required for COFOG level 2 is not yet available in England and Wales. Health spending is therefore presented using HM Treasury's own sub-functional classification.

(3) The Department for Education is currently recording all central government academy expenditure as 'Secondary Education', across all years presented. While secondary schools currently account for the largest population in the academy sector, it is recognised that this will also cover some schools in primary and other functional categories. In future editions of PESA and the CRA the Department for

Table 10.2 Total identifiable expenditure on services in Scotland by sub-function, 2012-13 to 2016-17

| | , | | | , | £ million |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | Natio | nal Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 outturn | 2013-14 outturn | 2014-15 outturn | 2015-16 outturn | 2016-17 outturn |
| 1. General public services | | | | | |
| 1.1 Executive and legislative organs, financial and fiscal affairs, external affairs | 642 | 703 | 739 | 821 | 832 |
| 1.2 Foreign economic aid | _ | _ | _ | _ | - |
| 1.3 General services | 37 | 38 | 52 | 43 | 56 |
| 1.4 Basic research | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1.5 R&D general public services | 13 | 13 | 15 | 14 | 17 |
| 1.6 General public services n.e.c. | 244 | 357 | 331 | 253 | 180 |
| Total general public services | 936 | 1,112 | 1,137 | 1,131 | 1,085 |
| 2. Defence | | | | | |
| 2.1 Military defence | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 2.2 Civil defence | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 |
| 2.3 Foreign miltary aid | - | - | - | - | _ |
| 2.4 R&D defence | - | - | - | - | _ |
| 2.5 Defence n.e.c | | _ | _ | _ | - |
| Total defence | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 |
| 3. Public order and safety | | | | | |
| 3.1 Police services | 1,467 | 1,262 | 1,464 | 1,475 | 1,424 |
| of which: immigration and citizenship | _ | _ | _ | _ | - |
| of which: other police services | 1,467 | 1,262 | 1,464 | 1,475 | 1,424 |
| 3.2 Fire-protection services | 377 | 306 | 363 | 388 | 369 |
| 3.3 Law courts | 462 | 478 | 470 | 457 | 459 |
| 3.4 Prisons | 345 | 317 | 325 | 305 | 309 |
| 3.5 R&D public order and safety | 1 | - | - | - | _ |
| 3.6 Public order and safety n.e.c. | 39 | 24 | 26 | 25 | 20 |
| Total public order and safety | 2,691 | 2,388 | 2,649 | 2,650 | 2,581 |
| 4. Economic affairs | | | | | |
| 4.1 General economic, commercial and labour affairs | 1,007 | 1,110 | 942 | 899 | 947 |
| 4.2 Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting | 917 | 953 | 923 | 817 | 1,015 |
| of which: market support under CAP | 471 | 486 | 418 | <i>392</i> | 462 |
| of which: other agriculture, food and fisheries policy | 347 | 361 | 390 | 327 | 450 |
| of which: forestry | 99 | 106 | 114 | 98 | 103 |
| 4.3 Fuel and energy | 41 | 50 | 54 | 63 | 59 |
| 4.4 Mining, manufacturing and construction | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 4.5 Transport | 2,951 | 2,892 | 2,784 | 3,094 | 3,352 |
| of which: national roads | 611 | 569 | 620 | 708 | 753 |
| of which: local roads | 691 | 691 | 678 | 691 | 694 |
| of which: local public transport | 275 | 260 | 266 | 273 | 271 |
| of which: railway ⁽¹⁾ | 915 | 965 | 849 | 1,045 | 1,223 |
| of which: other transport | 458 | 406 | 371 | 377 | 412 |
| 4.6 Communication | 9 | 16 | 79 | 65 | 82 |
| 4.7 Other industries | 73 | 75 | 80 | 74 | 73 |
| 4.8 R&D economic affairs | 309 | 375 | 400 | 472 | 374 |
| 4.9 Economic affairs n.e.c. | 5 | 56 | 61 | 44 | 24 |
| Total economic affairs | 5,312 | 5,527 | 5,322 | 5,529 | 5,926 |

Table 10.2 Total identifiable expenditure on services in Scotland by sub-function, 2012-13 to 2016-17 (continued)

| | | | | | £ million |
|--|---------|---------|----------------|---------|------------|
| | | Natio | nal Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn |
| 5. Environment protection | | | | | |
| 5.1 Waste management | 931 | 1,014 | 956 | 966 | 981 |
| 5.2 Waste water management | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 5.3 Pollution abatement | 27 | 9 | 37 | 36 | 7 |
| 5.4 Protection of biodiversity and landscape | 142 | 137 | 138 | 129 | 117 |
| 5.5 R&D environment protection | 31 | 36 | 34 | 35 | 32 |
| 5.6 Environment protection n.e.c. | 197 | 222 | 231 | 216 | 210 |
| Total environment protection | 1,328 | 1,418 | 1,397 | 1,382 | 1,347 |
| 6. Housing and community amenities | | | | | |
| 6.1 Housing development | 994 | 1,030 | 1,104 | 1,119 | 1,165 |
| of which: local authority housing | 672 | 734 | 780 | 772 | <i>852</i> |
| of which: other social housing | 322 | 296 | 324 | 347 | 313 |
| 6.2 Community development | 129 | 138 | 123 | 106 | 103 |
| 6.3 Water supply | 387 | 356 | 321 | 327 | 487 |
| 6.4 Street lighting | 3 | 6 | 5 | 8 | 8 |
| 6.5 R&D housing and community amenities | = | = | _ | 2 | 0 |
| 6.6 Housing and community amenities n.e.c. | 11 | 13 | 15 | 19 | 3 |
| Total housing and community amenities | 1,523 | 1,544 | 1,568 | 1,580 | 1,767 |
| 7. Health (2) | · | | · | • | , |
| Medical services | 10,912 | 11,061 | 11,192 | 11,736 | 12,075 |
| Health research | 132 | 131 | 134 | 192 | 209 |
| Central and other health services | 243 | 268 | 266 | 203 | 319 |
| Total health | 11,286 | 11,460 | 11,592 | 12,131 | 12,603 |
| 8. Recreation, culture and religion | · | | | • | |
| 8.1 Recreational and sporting services | 804 | 653 | 733 | 520 | 495 |
| 8.2 Cultural services | 448 | 435 | 435 | 475 | 523 |
| 8.3 Broadcasting and publishing services | 22 | 24 | 26 | 27 | 21 |
| 8.4 Religious and other community services | 27 | 14 | 12 | 13 | 11 |
| 8.5 R&D recreation, culture and religion | 2 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 8.6 Recreation, culture and religion n.e.c. | 1 | 1 | 1 | _ | 0 |
| Total recreation, culture and religion | 1,305 | 1,127 | 1,208 | 1,038 | 1,052 |
| 9. Education | 1,505 | 1,127 | 1,200 | 1,050 | .,032 |
| 9.1 Pre-primary and primary education | 2,809 | 2,916 | 2,955 | 3,134 | 3,292 |
| of which: under fives | 301 | 308 | 348 | 445 | 492 |
| of which: primary education | 2,508 | 2,608 | 2,607 | 2,689 | 2,801 |
| 9.2 Secondary education | 2,685 | 2,575 | 2,638 | 2,693 | 2,800 |
| 9.3 Post-secondary non-tertiary education | 2,003 | 2,373 | 2,030 | 2,095 | 2,000 |
| 9.4 Tertiary education | 1,454 | 1,488 | 1,458 | 1,413 | 1,484 |
| 9.5 Education not definable by level | 163 | 140 | 144 | 1,413 | 1,464 |
| 9.6 Subsidiary services to education | 207 | 228 | 225 | 242 | 217 |
| 9.7 R&D education | 207 | 220 | 223 | 0 | 0 |
| 9.8 Education n.e.c. | 205 | 211 | 196 | 222 | 258 |
| | | | | | |
| Total education | 7,522 | 7,559 | 7,614 | 7,839 | 8,173 |

Table 10.2 Total identifiable expenditure on services in Scotland by sub-function, 2012-13 to 2016-17 (continued)

| | | | | , | £ million |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | Natio | nal Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 outturn | 2013-14 outturn | 2014-15 outturn | 2015-16 outturn | 2016-17 outturn |
| 10. Social protection | | | | | |
| of which: personal social services | 3,028 | 3,115 | 3,170 | 3,202 | 3,203 |
| 10.1 Sickness and disability | 4,417 | 4,580 | 4,867 | 5,080 | 5,107 |
| of which: personal social services | 903 | 872 | 891 | 903 | 899 |
| of which: incapacity, disability and injury benefits | 3,514 | 3,708 | 3,976 | 4,177 | 4,208 |
| 10.2 Old age | 9,849 | 10,120 | 10,475 | 10,599 | 10,627 |
| of which: personal social services | 1,346 | 1,391 | 1,405 | 1,388 | 1,369 |
| of which: pensions | 8,503 | 8,729 | 9,071 | 9,210 | 9,258 |
| 10.3 Survivors | 158 | 160 | 168 | 171 | 172 |
| 10.4 Family and children | 2,291 | 2,110 | 2,068 | 2,082 | 2,067 |
| of which: personal social services | 779 | 852 | 874 | 911 | 935 |
| of which: family benefits, income support and tax credits | 1,512 | 1,257 | 1,194 | 1,171 | 1,132 |
| 10.5 Unemployment | 520 | 443 | 330 | 261 | 215 |
| of which: personal social services | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| of which: other unemployment benefits | 520 | 443 | 330 | 261 | 215 |
| 10.6 Housing | 2,028 | 1,933 | 1,945 | 2,001 | 1,997 |
| 10.7 Social exclusion n.e.c. | 2,395 | 2,306 | 2,293 | 2,309 | 2,326 |
| of which: personal social services | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| of which: family benefits, income support and tax credits | 2,395 | 2,306 | 2,293 | 2,309 | 2,326 |
| 10.8 R&D social protection | - | - | - | - | - |
| 10.9 Social protection n.e.c. | 394 | 386 | 485 | 511 | 513 |
| Total social protection | 22,052 | 22,039 | 22,631 | 23,014 | 23,024 |
| Total Expenditure on Services in Scotland | 53,959 | 54,177 | 55,121 | 56,297 | 57,563 |

⁽¹⁾ Following implementation of ESA2010, Network Rail is now classified to Central Government. Consequently Total Managed Expenditure (TME) includes Network Rail spending in all years shown, however the actual expenditure of Network Rail only appears in the Department for Transport budget from 2015-16. The sub-functional analysis shown includes Network Rail spending from 2015-16 and is therefore only included within 'Total Expenditure on services' from that year.

⁽²⁾ The level of detail required for COFOG level 2 is not yet available in England and Wales. Health spending is therefore presented using HM Treasury's own sub-functional classification.

Table 10.3 Total identifiable expenditure on services in Wales by sub-function, 2012-13 to 2016-17

| | | | | | £ million |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | Natio | nal Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 outturn | 2013-14 outturn | 2014-15 outturn | 2015-16 outturn | 2016-17 outturn |
| 1. General public services | | | | | |
| 1.1 Executive and legislative organs, financial and fiscal affairs, external affairs | 399 | 415 | 438 | 397 | 412 |
| 1.2 Foreign economic aid | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 1.3 General services | 16 | 16 | 14 | 14 | 16 |
| 1.4 Basic research | _ | - | - | _ | _ |
| 1.5 R&D general public services | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| 1.6 General public services n.e.c. | 88 | 73 | 72 | 77 | 77 |
| Total general public services | 508 | 508 | 528 | 493 | 510 |
| 2. Defence | | | | | |
| 2.1 Military defence | - | - | _ | _ | - |
| 2.2 Civil defence | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 2 |
| 2.3 Foreign miltary aid | _ | _ | - | _ | - |
| 2.4 R&D defence | - | | _ | _ | - |
| 2.5 Defence n.e.c. | _ | _ | _ | _ | - |
| Total defence | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 2 |
| 3. Public order and safety | | | | | |
| 3.1 Police services | 694 | 691 | 718 | 677 | 685 |
| of which: immigration and citizenship | _ | _ | _ | _ | - |
| of which: other police services | 694 | 691 | 718 | 677 | 685 |
| 3.2 Fire-protection services | 146 | 155 | 150 | 153 | 147 |
| 3.3 Law courts | 274 | 249 | 262 | 237 | 233 |
| 3.4 Prisons | 230 | 218 | 203 | 151 | 176 |
| 3.5 R&D public order and safety | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 3.6 Public order and safety n.e.c. | 15 | 14 | 14 | 11 | 16 |
| Total public order and safety | 1,360 | 1,328 | 1,348 | 1,230 | 1,258 |
| 4. Economic affairs | | | | | |
| 4.1 General economic, commercial and labour affairs | 425 | 535 | 474 | 401 | 396 |
| 4.2 Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting | 457 | 485 | 444 | 430 | 464 |
| of which: market support under CAP | 267 | 264 | 230 | 209 | 242 |
| of which: other agriculture, food and fisheries policy | 188 | 218 | 211 | 220 | 221 |
| of which: forestry | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 4.3 Fuel and energy | 33 | 37 | 37 | 40 | 30 |
| 4.4 Mining, manufacturing and construction | | 3 | 1 | 5 | -13 |
| 4.5 Transport | 1,081 | 1,021 | 1,021 | 1,207 | 1,173 |
| of which: national roads | 217 | 247 | 246 | 294 | 348 |
| of which: local roads | 362 | 289 | 256 | 209 | 216 |
| of which: local public transport | 70 | 52 | 47 | 45 | 45 |
| of which: railway ⁽¹⁾ | 395 | 392 | 427 | 610 | 517 |
| of which: other transport | 37 | 42 | 44 | 50 | 47 |
| 4.6 Communication | 43 | 65 | 103 | 78 | 38 |
| 4.7 Other industries | 37 | 37 | 36 | 29 | 28 |
| 4.8 R&D economic affairs | 109 | 152 | 188 | 209 | 147 |
| 4.9 Economic affairs n.e.c. | 25 | 43 | 44 | 29 | 46 |
| Total economic affairs | 2,210 | 2,379 | 2,348 | 2,429 | 2,308 |

Table 10.3 Total identifiable expenditure on services in Wales by sub-function, 2012-13 to 2016-17 (continued)

| | | | | | £ million |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | Natio | nal Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 outturn | 2013-14 outturn | 2014-15 outturn | 2015-16 outturn | 2016-17 outturn |
| 5. Environment protection | | | | | |
| 5.1 Waste management | 409 | 393 | 389 | 388 | 399 |
| 5.2 Waste water management | _ | _ | | _ | - |
| 5.3 Pollution abatement | 1 | 2 | 17 | 16 | 0 |
| 5.4 Protection of biodiversity and landscape | 5 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 10 |
| 5.5 R&D environment protection | 18 | 21 | 20 | 20 | 18 |
| 5.6 Environment protection n.e.c. | 220 | 261 | 250 | 206 | 195 |
| Total environment protection | 653 | 683 | 682 | 636 | 623 |
| 6. Housing and community amenities | | | | | |
| 6.1 Housing development | 339 | 304 | 335 | 473 | 498 |
| of which: local authority housing | 339 | 304 | 335 | 473 | 498 |
| of which: other social housing | _ | _ | _ | _ | 0 |
| 6.2 Community development | 253 | 262 | 223 | 184 | 171 |
| 6.3 Water supply | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.4 Street lighting | 46 | 49 | 53 | 44 | 45 |
| 6.5 R&D housing and community amenities | _ | _ | _ | _ | - |
| 6.6 Housing and community amenities n.e.c. | _ | _ | _ | 0 | - |
| Total housing and community amenities | 638 | 616 | 612 | 702 | 715 |
| 7. Health (2) | | | | | |
| Medical services | 5,873 | 6,006 | 6,296 | 6,443 | 6,799 |
| Health research | 45 | 44 | 45 | 48 | 48 |
| Central and other health services | 102 | 113 | 99 | 103 | 105 |
| Total health | 6,020 | 6,162 | 6,441 | 6,593 | 6,952 |
| 8. Recreation, culture and religion | | | | | |
| 8.1 Recreational and sporting services | 255 | 233 | 224 | 204 | 188 |
| 8.2 Cultural services | 212 | 197 | 189 | 161 | 187 |
| 8.3 Broadcasting and publishing services | 65 | 80 | 87 | 79 | 78 |
| 8.4 Religious and other community services | 3 | 2 | 0 | | -2 |
| 8.5 R&D recreation, culture and religion | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 8.6 Recreation, culture and religion n.e.c. | 46 | 15 | 22 | 23 | 26 |
| Total recreation, culture and religion | 582 | 528 | 524 | 468 | 478 |
| 9. Education | | | | | |
| 9.1 Pre-primary and primary education | 1,531 | 1,560 | 1,555 | 1,588 | 1,618 |
| of which: under fives | 78 | 52 | 46 | 44 | 39 |
| of which: primary education | 1,453 | 1,508 | 1,508 | 1,545 | 1,579 |
| 9.2 Secondary education | 1,656 | 1,906 | 1,749 | 1,868 | 1,910 |
| 9.3 Post-secondary non-tertiary education | - | _ | - | - | - |
| 9.4 Tertiary education | 379 | 381 | 363 | 370 | 384 |
| 9.5 Education not definable by level | 168 | 160 | 180 | 113 | 98 |
| 9.6 Subsidiary services to education | 241 | 90 | 89 | 92 | 106 |
| 9.7 R&D education | | _ | _ | _ | - |
| 9.8 Education n.e.c. | 78 | 63 | 51 | 54 | 71 |
| 5.0 Education H.C.C. | 70 | 0.5 | J 1 | J-T | / 1 |

Table 10.3 Total identifiable expenditure on services in Wales by sub-function, 2012-13 to 2016-17 (continued)

| | | | | | £ million |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | Natio | nal Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 outturn | 2013-14 outturn | 2014-15 outturn | 2015-16 outturn | 2016-17 outturn |
| 10. Social protection | | | | | |
| of which: personal social services | 1,658 | 1,754 | 1,787 | 1,741 | 1,801 |
| 10.1 Sickness and disability | 2,965 | 3,056 | 3,264 | 3,332 | 3,358 |
| of which: personal social services | 535 | 548 | 545 | 528 | 559 |
| of which: incapacity, disability and injury benefits | 2,430 | 2,508 | 2,719 | 2,803 | 2,799 |
| 10.2 Old age | 5,736 | 5,917 | 6,164 | 6,249 | 6,298 |
| of which: personal social services | 605 | 629 | 643 | 617 | 623 |
| of which: pensions | 5,131 | 5,289 | 5,521 | 5,632 | 5,675 |
| 10.3 Survivors | 60 | 67 | 73 | 72 | 71 |
| 10.4 Family and children | 1,409 | 1,351 | 1,331 | 1,320 | 1,324 |
| of which: personal social services | 490 | 539 | 560 | 560 | 584 |
| of which: family benefits, income support and tax credits | 918 | 813 | 772 | 760 | 740 |
| 10.5 Unemployment | 303 | 256 | 194 | 156 | 122 |
| of which: personal social services | _ | _ | _ | _ | - |
| of which: other unemployment benefits | 303 | 256 | 194 | 156 | 122 |
| 10.6 Housing | 1,142 | 1,181 | 1,207 | 1,208 | 1,180 |
| 10.7 Social exclusion n.e.c. | 1,683 | 1,659 | 1,660 | 1,656 | 1,643 |
| of which: personal social services | 28 | 39 | 39 | 35 | 35 |
| of which: family benefits, income support and tax credits | 1,655 | 1,620 | 1,621 | 1,622 | 1,608 |
| 10.8 R&D social protection | - | - | - | - | _ |
| 10.9 Social protection n.e.c. | 228 | 257 | 271 | 340 | 340 |
| Total social protection | 13,525 | 13,745 | 14,165 | 14,334 | 14,335 |
| Total Expenditure on Services in Wales | 29,553 | 30,114 | 30,636 | 30,974 | 31,367 |

⁽¹⁾ Following implementation of ESA2010, Network Rail is now classified to Central Government. Consequently Total Managed Expenditure (TME) includes Network Rail spending in all years shown, however the actual expenditure of Network Rail only appears in the Department for Transport budget from 2015-16. The sub-functional analysis shown includes Network Rail spending from 2015-16 and is therefore only included within 'Total Expenditure on services' from that year.

⁽²⁾ The level of detail required for COFOG level 2 is not yet available in England and Wales. Health spending is therefore presented using HM Treasury's own sub-functional classification.

Table 10.4 Total identifiable expenditure on services in Northern Ireland by sub-function, 2012-13 to 2016-17

| | | | | | £ million |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| _ | | Natio | nal Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 outturn | 2013-14 outturn | 2014-15 outturn | 2015-16 outturn | 2016-17 outturn |
| 1. General public services | | | | | |
| 1.1 Executive and legislative organs, financial and fiscal affairs, external affairs | 154 | 175 | 171 | 143 | 170 |
| 1.2 Foreign economic aid | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 1.3 General services | 157 | 171 | 205 | 181 | 158 |
| 1.4 Basic research | _ | _ | _ | _ | - |
| 1.5 R&D general public services | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 1.6 General public services n.e.c. | 69 | 70 | 80 | 66 | 17 |
| Total general public services | 381 | 419 | 458 | 393 | 348 |
| 2. Defence | | | | | |
| 2.1 Military defence | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 2.2 Civil defence | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 2.3 Foreign miltary aid | _ | _ | _ | _ | = |
| 2.4 R&D defence | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 2.5 Defence n.e.c. | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Total defence | _ | - | _ | _ | _ |
| 3. Public order and safety | | | | | |
| 3.1 Police services | 885 | 893 | 802 | 797 | 783 |
| of which: immigration and citizenship | _ | _ | _ | _ | - |
| of which: other police services | 885 | 893 | 802 | 797 | 783 |
| 3.2 Fire-protection services | 76 | 87 | 81 | 82 | 83 |
| 3.3 Law courts | 253 | 246 | 257 | 226 | 222 |
| 3.4 Prisons | 163 | 131 | 132 | 139 | 131 |
| 3.5 R&D public order and safety | 0 | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3.6 Public order and safety n.e.c. | 5 | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Total public order and safety | 1,382 | 1,357 | 1,271 | 1,244 | 1,219 |
| 4. Economic affairs | | | | | |
| 4.1 General economic, commercial and labour affairs | 368 | 419 | 445 | 432 | 343 |
| 4.2 Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting | 535 | 577 | 572 | 487 | 505 |
| of which: market support under CAP | 289 | 326 | 316 | 276 | 304 |
| of which: other agriculture, food and fisheries policy | 240 | 243 | 246 | 203 | 194 |
| of which: forestry | 6 | 8 | 10 | 8 | 7 |
| 4.3 Fuel and energy | 5 | 6 | 13 | 39 | 52 |
| 4.4 Mining, manufacturing and construction | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 4.5 Transport | 569 | 524 | 522 | 429 | 571 |
| of which: national roads | 23 | 15 | 16 | 18 | 9 |
| of which: local roads | 335 | 369 | 349 | 246 | 332 |
| of which: local public transport | 79 | 68 | 65 | 44 | 64 |
| of which: railway | 82 | 55 | 61 | 82 | 94 |
| of which: other transport | 50 | 18 | 31 | 39 | 73 |
| 4.6 Communication | 1 | 6 | 8 | 14 | 3 |
| 4.7 Other industries | 64 | 41 | 48 | 50 | 35 |
| 4.8 R&D economic affairs | 44 | 56 | 58 | 88 | 69 |
| 4.9 Economic affairs n.e.c. | _ | 8 | 9 | 7 | 1 |
| Total economic affairs | 1,587 | 1,639 | 1,676 | 1,548 | 1,581 |

Table 10.4 Total identifiable expenditure on services in Northern Ireland by sub-function, 2012-13 to 2016-17 (continued)

| | | | | | £ million |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | Natio | nal Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 outturn | 2013-14 outturn | 2014-15 outturn | 2015-16 outturn | 2016-17 outturn |
| 5. Environment protection | | | | | |
| 5.1 Waste management | 188 | 188 | 195 | 197 | 203 |
| 5.2 Waste water management | _ | _ | _ | _ | - |
| 5.3 Pollution abatement | 0 | 0 | 9 | 9 | 0 |
| 5.4 Protection of biodiversity and landscape | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.5 R&D environment protection | 11 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 11 |
| 5.6 Environment protection n.e.c. | 56 | 66 | 52 | 48 | 44 |
| Total environment protection | 255 | 266 | 268 | 265 | 257 |
| 6. Housing and community amenities | | | | | |
| 6.1 Housing development | 330 | 281 | 282 | 229 | 205 |
| of which: local authority housing | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| of which: other social housing | 330 | 281 | 282 | 229 | 205 |
| 6.2 Community development | 125 | 130 | 155 | 127 | 117 |
| 6.3 Water supply | 270 | 265 | 255 | 248 | 252 |
| 6.4 Street lighting | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 20 |
| 6.5 R&D housing and community amenities | | | _ | | _ |
| 6.6 Housing and community amenities n.e.c. | 76 | 80 | 77 | 86 | 171 |
| Total housing and community amenities | 824 | 781 | 794 | 716 | 766 |
| 7. Health (1) | 52 . | 701 | ,,, | 7.10 | 700 |
| Medical services | 3,595 | 3,608 | 3,635 | 3,812 | 3,954 |
| Health research | 14 | 15 | 15 | 5,012 | 19 |
| Central and other health services | 235 | 250 | 260 | 218 | 197 |
| Total health | 3,844 | 3,873 | 3,910 | 4,036 | 4,171 |
| 8. Recreation, culture and religion | 3,044 | 3,073 | 3,310 | 4,030 | 4,171 |
| 8.1 Recreational and sporting services | 240 | 234 | 258 | 232 | 250 |
| 8.2 Cultural services | 180 | 174 | 160 | 156 | 169 |
| 8.3 Broadcasting and publishing services | 7 | 11 | 9 | 11 | 9 |
| | 35 | | | 44 | |
| 8.4 Religious and other community services | | 40 | 42 | | 42 |
| 8.5 R&D recreation, culture and religion | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 8.6 Recreation, culture and religion n.e.c. | | | 0 | - | 0 |
| Total recreation, culture and religion | 463 | 459 | 470 | 444 | 470 |
| 9. Education | 74.5 | 727 | 707 | 774 | 707 |
| 9.1 Pre-primary and primary education | 715 | 737 | 787 | 774 | 797 |
| of which: under fives | 63 | 66 | 67 | 60 | 67 |
| of which: primary education | 652 | 671 | 721 | 714 | 730 |
| 9.2 Secondary education | 984 | 974 | 1,021 | 1,039 | 1,045 |
| 9.3 Post-secondary non-tertiary education | - | _ | | _ | _ |
| 9.4 Tertiary education | 345 | 352 | 371 | 336 | 343 |
| 9.5 Education not definable by level | 98 | 96 | 87 | 79 | 69 |
| 9.6 Subsidiary services to education | 197 | 212 | 210 | 200 | 194 |
| 9.7 R&D education | = | _ | _ | _ | - |
| 9.8 Education n.e.c. | 257 | 251 | 263 | 280 | 268 |
| Total education | 2,595 | 2,621 | 2,741 | 2,709 | 2,717 |

Table 10.4 Total identifiable expenditure on services in Northern Ireland by sub-function, 2012-13 to 2016-17 (continued)

| | | | | ' | £ million |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | Natio | nal Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 outturn | 2013-14 outturn | 2014-15 outturn | 2015-16 outturn | 2016-17 outturn |
| 10. Social protection | | | | | |
| of which: personal social services | 854 | 901 | 931 | 984 | 1,017 |
| 10.1 Sickness and disability | 2,341 | 2,426 | 2,523 | 2,650 | 2,815 |
| of which: personal social services | 255 | 265 | 273 | 297 | 324 |
| of which: incapacity, disability and injury benefits | 2,086 | 2,161 | 2,250 | 2,353 | 2,491 |
| 10.2 Old age | 3,297 | 3,518 | 3,669 | 3,679 | 3,746 |
| of which: personal social services | 431 | 449 | 467 | 489 | 495 |
| of which: pensions | 2,866 | 3,069 | 3,202 | 3,190 | 3,251 |
| 10.3 Survivors | 71 | 73 | 76 | 78 | 80 |
| 10.4 Family and children | 660 | 658 | 672 | 693 | 675 |
| of which: personal social services | 168 | 186 | 191 | 198 | 198 |
| of which: family benefits, income support and tax credits | 491 | 472 | 481 | 496 | 477 |
| 10.5 Unemployment | 231 | 211 | 178 | 141 | 119 |
| of which: personal social services | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| of which: other unemployment benefits | 231 | 211 | 178 | 141 | 119 |
| 10.6 Housing | 662 | 564 | 577 | 584 | 581 |
| 10.7 Social exclusion n.e.c. | 1,050 | 1,044 | 1,041 | 1,017 | 986 |
| of which: personal social services | - | _ | - | _ | - |
| of which: family benefits, income support and tax credits | 1,050 | 1,044 | 1,041 | 1,017 | 986 |
| 10.8 R&D social protection | _ | _ | _ | _ | = |
| 10.9 Social protection n.e.c. | 2 | 73 | 9 | 25 | 30 |
| Total social protection | 8,314 | 8,566 | 8,745 | 8,868 | 9,033 |
| Total Expenditure on Services in Northern Ireland | 19,645 | 19,981 | 20,333 | 20,222 | 20,562 |

⁽¹⁾ The level of detail required for COFOG level 2 is not yet available in England and Wales. Health spending is therefore presented using HM Treasury's own sub-functional classification.

Table 10.5 Total identifiable expenditure on services in England by sub-function, per head, 2012-13 to 2016-17

| | £ per he | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|
| | | Natio | nal Statistics | | | |
| | 2012-13 outturn | 2013-14 outturn | 2014-15 outturn | 2015-16 outturn | 2016-17 outturn | |
| 1. General public services | | | | | | |
| 1.1 Executive and legislative organs, financial and fiscal affairs, external affairs | 46 | 47 | 46 | 35 | 44 | |
| 1.2 Foreign economic aid | = | = | = | = | - | |
| 1.3 General services | 13 | 9 | 11 | 12 | 9 | |
| 1.4 Basic research | _ | _ | _ | _ | = | |
| 1.5 R&D general public services | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | |
| 1.6 General public services n.e.c. | 31 | 29 | 30 | 30 | 51 | |
| Total general public services | 91 | 86 | 88 | 80 | 106 | |
| 2. Defence | | | | | | |
| 2.1 Military defence | _ | _ | _ | _ | - | |
| 2.2 Civil defence | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 2.3 Foreign miltary aid | _ | _ | _ | _ | - | |
| 2.4 R&D defence | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | |
| 2.5 Defence n.e.c. | _ | _ | _ | _ | - | |
| Total defence | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 3. Public order and safety | | | | | | |
| 3.1 Police services | 234 | 221 | 218 | 217 | 216 | |
| of which: immigration and citizenship | _ | - | - | _ | - | |
| of which: other police services | 234 | 221 | 218 | 217 | 216 | |
| 3.2 Fire-protection services | 43 | 42 | 41 | 38 | 40 | |
| 3.3 Law courts | 93 | 85 | 98 | 88 | 87 | |
| 3.4 Prisons | 68 | 64 | 58 | 65 | 66 | |
| 3.5 R&D public order and safety | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | |
| 3.6 Public order and safety n.e.c. | 7 | 8 | 9 | 12 | 11 | |
| Total public order and safety | 445 | 420 | 425 | 421 | 420 | |
| 4. Economic affairs | | | | | | |
| 4.1 General economic, commercial and labour affairs | 77 | 100 | 85 | 83 | 83 | |
| 4.2 Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting | 63 | 61 | 58 | 47 | 59 | |
| of which: market support under CAP | 35 | 34 | 32 | 24 | 36 | |
| of which: other agriculture, food and fisheries policy | 28 | 27 | 26 | 23 | 23 | |
| of which: forestry | 0 | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | |
| 4.3 Fuel and energy | 7 | 7 | 6 | 6 | 6 | |
| 4.4 Mining, manufacturing and construction | 0 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 16 | |
| 4.5 Transport | 287 | 297 | 316 | 409 | 425 | |
| of which: national roads | 37 | 43 | 52 | 54 | 55 | |
| of which: local roads | 64 | 68 | 74 | 73 | 78 | |
| of which: local public transport | 41 | 37 | 39 | 38 | 35 | |
| of which: railway ⁽¹⁾ | 138 | 139 | 142 | 232 | 249 | |
| of which: other transport | 7 | 9 | 8 | 12 | 8 | |
| 4.6 Communication | _ | _ | _ | 0 | _ | |
| 4.7 Other industries | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | |
| 4.8 R&D economic affairs | 49 | 62 | 66 | 69 | 56 | |
| 4.9 Economic affairs n.e.c. | 7 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 6 | |
| Total economic affairs | 493 | 541 | 540 | 626 | 653 | |

Table 10.5 Total identifiable expenditure on services in England by sub-function, per head, 2012-13 to 2016-17 (continued)

| | | | | | £ per head |
|---|---------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|------------|
| | | Natio | nal Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 |
| 5. Environment protection | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn |
| 5.1 Waste management | 115 | 116 | 117 | 117 | 115 |
| 5.2 Waste water management | - | - | - | - | - |
| 5.3 Pollution abatement | 2 | 2 | 8 | 7 | 1 |
| 5.4 Protection of biodiversity and landscape | 4 | 5 | 6 | 9 | 6 |
| 5.5 R&D environment protection | 7 | 8 | 7 | 7 | 6 |
| 5.6 Environment protection n.e.c. | 25 | 26 | 27 | 24 | 26 |
| Total environment protection | 153 | 157 | 166 | 164 | 155 |
| 6. Housing and community amenities | 133 | 137 | 100 | 104 | 133 |
| 6.1 Housing development | 73 | 66 | 73 | 67 | 63 |
| of which: local authority housing | 61 | 56 | 67 | 63 | 58 |
| of which: other social housing | 12 | 10 | 6 | 4 | 5 |
| 6.2 Community development | 43 | 47 | 45 | 40 | 49 |
| 6.3 Water supply | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.4 Street lighting | 12 | 12 | 13 | 13 | 15 |
| 6.5 R&D housing and community amenities | _ | 12 | - | 15 | 13 |
| 6.6 Housing and community amenities n.e.c. | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 |
| Total housing and community amenities | 131 | 128 | 135 | 124 | 130 |
| 7. Health (2) | 131 | 120 | 133 | 124 | 130 |
| Medical services | 1,823 | 1,886 | 1,969 | 2,016 | 2,072 |
| Health research | 28 | 32 | 30 | 35 | 2,072 |
| Central and other health services | 65 | 75 | 55 | 56 | 68 |
| Total health | 1, 916 | 1,993 | 2,055 | 2,107 | 2,169 |
| 8. Recreation, culture and religion | 1,510 | 1,333 | 2,033 | 2,107 | 2,103 |
| 8.1 Recreational and sporting services | 55 | 43 | 45 | 42 | 39 |
| 8.2 Cultural services | 57 | 54 | 56 | 44 | 56 |
| 8.3 Broadcasting and publishing services | 3 | 3 | 3 | 44 | 30 |
| 8.4 Religious and other community services | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 8.5 R&D recreation, culture and religion | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 8.6 Recreation, culture and religion n.e.c. | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| - | 117 | 102 | 107 | 92 | 100 |
| Total recreation, culture and religion 9. Education | 117 | 102 | 107 | 92 | 100 |
| | 461 | 460 | 460 | 460 | 457 |
| 9.1 Pre-primary and primary education of which: under fives | 461 | 469 | 469 | 469 | 457 |
| | 48 413 | 55 414 | 45 423 | 47 423 | 51 |
| of which: primary education | | | | | 406 |
| 9.2 Secondary education (3) | 595 | 595 | 621 | 607 | 624 |
| 9.3 Post-secondary non-tertiary education 9.4 Tertiary education | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 74 | 2 |
| · · | 112 | 99 | 83 | | 76 10 |
| 9.5 Education not definable by level | 4 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 10 |
| 9.6 Subsidiary services to education | 76 | 76 | 68 | 62 | 64 |
| 9.7 R&D education | 30 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 36 |
| 9.8 Education n.e.c. | 28 | 32 | 25 | 33 | 36 |
| Total education | 1,307 | 1,306 | 1,302 | 1,280 | 1,306 |

Table 10.5 Total identifiable expenditure on services in England by sub-function, per head, 2012-13 to 2016-17 (continued)

| | | | | | £ per head |
|---|---------|------------|----------------|---------|------------|
| | | Natio | nal Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn |
| 10. Social protection | | | | | |
| of which: personal social services | 429 | 425 | 449 | 447 | 436 |
| 10.1 Sickness and disability | 681 | 694 | 734 | 768 | 757 |
| of which: personal social services | 152 | 142 | 142 | 148 | 144 |
| of which: incapacity, disability and injury benefits | 529 | <i>552</i> | 592 | 620 | 613 |
| 10.2 Old age | 1,647 | 1,683 | 1,729 | 1,738 | 1,745 |
| of which: personal social services | 144 | 145 | 148 | 138 | 140 |
| of which: pensions | 1,502 | 1,538 | 1,581 | 1,600 | 1,605 |
| 10.3 Survivors | 14 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 14 |
| 10.4 Family and children | 414 | 380 | 389 | 387 | 371 |
| of which: personal social services | 124 | 128 | 150 | 152 | 143 |
| of which: family benefits, income support and tax credits | 290 | 251 | 239 | 235 | 228 |
| 10.5 Unemployment | 91 | 75 | 51 | 39 | 32 |
| of which: personal social services | = | - | - | _ | _ |
| of which: other unemployment benefits | 91 | 75 | 51 | 39 | 32 |
| 10.6 Housing | 421 | 422 | 418 | 409 | 391 |
| 10.7 Social exclusion n.e.c. | 508 | 498 | 497 | 494 | 487 |
| of which: personal social services | 9 | 9 | 9 | 10 | 8 |
| of which: family benefits, income support and tax credits | 499 | 489 | 488 | 484 | 479 |
| 10.8 R&D social protection | - | - | - | - | _ |
| 10.9 Social protection n.e.c. | 59 | 53 | 60 | 59 | 59 |
| Total social protection | 3,835 | 3,820 | 3,893 | 3,908 | 3,859 |
| Total Expenditure on Services in England | 8,488 | 8,554 | 8,711 | 8,803 | 8,898 |

⁽¹⁾ Following implementation of ESA2010, Network Rail is now classified to Central Government. Consequently Total Managed Expenditure (TME) includes Network Rail spending in all years shown, however the actual expenditure of Network Rail only appears in the Department for Transport budget from 2015-16. The sub-functional analysis shown includes Network Rail spending from 2015-16 and is therefore only included within 'Total Expenditure on services' from that year.

(2) The level of detail required for COFOG level 2 is not yet available in England and Wales. Health spending is therefore presented using HM Treasury's own sub-functional classification.

The Department for Education is currently recording all central government academy expenditure as 'Secondary Education', across all years presented. While secondary schools currently account for the largest population in the academy sector, it is recognised that this will also cover some schools in primary and other functional categories. In future editions of PESA and the CRA the Department for Education will look to improve apportionment of spending across the education categories.

Table 10.6 Total identifiable expenditure on services in Scotland by sub-function, per head, 2012-13 to 2016-17

| | | | | | £ per head |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | Natio | nal Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 outturn | 2013-14 outturn | 2014-15 outturn | 2015-16 outturn | 2016-17 outturn |
| 1. General public services | | | | | |
| 1.1 Executive and legislative organs, financial and fiscal affairs, external affairs | 121 | 132 | 138 | 153 | 154 |
| 1.2 Foreign economic aid | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 1.3 General services | 7 | 7 | 10 | 8 | 10 |
| 1.4 Basic research | - | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 1.5 R&D general public services | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 1.6 General public services n.e.c. | 46 | 67 | 62 | 47 | 33 |
| Total general public services | 176 | 209 | 213 | 210 | 201 |
| 2. Defence | | | | | |
| 2.1 Military defence | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 2.2 Civil defence | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 2.3 Foreign miltary aid | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 2.4 R&D defence | _ | _ | _ | | _ |
| 2.5 Defence n.e.c. | - | _ | - | _ | - |
| Total defence | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 3. Public order and safety | | | | | |
| 3.1 Police services | 276 | 237 | 274 | 275 | 263 |
| of which: immigration and citizenship | _ | _ | _ | _ | - |
| of which: other police services | 276 | 237 | 274 | 275 | 263 |
| 3.2 Fire-protection services | 71 | 57 | 68 | 72 | 68 |
| 3.3 Law courts | 87 | 90 | 88 | 85 | 85 |
| 3.4 Prisons | 65 | 59 | 61 | 57 | 57 |
| 3.5 R&D public order and safety | 0 | _ | _ | _ | - |
| 3.6 Public order and safety n.e.c. | 7 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 4 |
| Total public order and safety | 507 | 448 | 495 | 493 | 478 |
| 4. Economic affairs | | | | | |
| 4.1 General economic, commercial and labour affairs | 189 | 208 | 176 | 167 | 175 |
| 4.2 Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting | 173 | 179 | 173 | 152 | 188 |
| of which: market support under CAP | 89 | 91 | 78 | 73 | 85 |
| of which: other agriculture, food and fisheries policy | 65 | 68 | 73 | 61 | 83 |
| of which: forestry | 19 | 20 | 21 | 18 | 19 |
| 4.3 Fuel and energy | 8 | 9 | 10 | 12 | 11 |
| 4.4 Mining, manufacturing and construction | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4.5 Transport | 555 | 543 | 521 | 576 | 620 |
| of which: national roads | 115 | 107 | 116 | 132 | 139 |
| of which: local roads | 130 | 130 | 127 | 129 | 128 |
| of which: local public transport | 52 | 49 | 50 | 51 | 50 |
| of which: railway(1) | 172 | 181 | 159 | 195 | 226 |
| of which: other transport | 86 | 76 | 69 | 70 | 76 |
| 4.6 Communication | 2 | 3 | 15 | 12 | 15 |
| 4.7 Other industries | 14 | 14 | 15 | 14 | 14 |
| 4.8 R&D economic affairs | 58 | 70 | 75 | 88 | 69 |
| 4.9 Economic affairs n.e.c. | 1 | 11 | 11 | 8 | 4 |
| Total economic affairs | 1,000 | 1,037 | 995 | 1,029 | 1,097 |

Table 10.6 Total identifiable expenditure on services in Scotland by sub-function, per head, 2012-13 to 2016-17 (continued)

| | £į | | | | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | | nal Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 outturn | 2013-14 outturn | 2014-15 outturn | 2015-16 outturn | 2016-17 outturn |
| 5. Environment protection | | | | | |
| 5.1 Waste management | 175 | 190 | 179 | 180 | 182 |
| 5.2 Waste water management | | - | | _ | - |
| 5.3 Pollution abatement | 5 | 2 | 7 | 7 | 1 |
| 5.4 Protection of biodiversity and landscape | 27 | 26 | 26 | 24 | 22 |
| 5.5 R&D environment protection | 6 | 7 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| 5.6 Environment protection n.e.c. | 37 | 42 | 43 | 40 | 39 |
| Total environment protection | 250 | 266 | 261 | 257 | 249 |
| 6. Housing and community amenities | | | | | |
| 6.1 Housing development | 187 | 193 | 206 | 208 | 215 |
| of which: local authority housing | 127 | 138 | 146 | 144 | 158 |
| of which: other social housing | 61 | 56 | 61 | 65 | 58 |
| 6.2 Community development | 24 | 26 | 23 | 20 | 19 |
| 6.3 Water supply | 73 | 67 | 60 | 61 | 90 |
| 6.4 Street lighting | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| 6.5 R&D housing and community amenities | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 |
| 6.6 Housing and community amenities n.e.c. | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 |
| Total housing and community amenities | 287 | 290 | 293 | 294 | 327 |
| 7. Health (2) | | | | | |
| Medical services | 2,054 | 2,076 | 2,093 | 2,184 | 2,234 |
| Health research | 25 | 25 | 25 | 36 | 39 |
| Central and other health services | 46 | 50 | 50 | 38 | 59 |
| Total health | 2,124 | 2,151 | 2,168 | 2,258 | 2,332 |
| 8. Recreation, culture and religion | | | | | |
| 8.1 Recreational and sporting services | 151 | 123 | 137 | 97 | 92 |
| 8.2 Cultural services | 84 | 82 | 81 | 88 | 97 |
| 8.3 Broadcasting and publishing services | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 4 |
| 8.4 Religious and other community services | 5 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 8.5 R&D recreation, culture and religion | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8.6 Recreation, culture and religion n.e.c. | 0 | 0 | 0 | _ | 0 |
| Total recreation, culture and religion | 246 | 212 | 226 | 193 | 195 |
| 9. Education | | | | | |
| 9.1 Pre-primary and primary education | 529 | 547 | 553 | 583 | 609 |
| of which: under fives | 57 | 58 | 65 | 83 | 91 |
| of which: primary education | 472 | 490 | 488 | 500 | 518 |
| 9.2 Secondary education | 505 | 483 | 493 | 501 | 518 |
| 9.3 Post-secondary non-tertiary education | = | _ | _ | = | - |
| 9.4 Tertiary education | 274 | 279 | 273 | 263 | 275 |
| 9.5 Education not definable by level | 31 | 26 | 27 | 25 | 23 |
| 9.6 Subsidiary services to education | 39 | 43 | 42 | 45 | 40 |
| 9.7 R&D education | = | _ | —- | 0 | 0 |
| 9.8 Education n.e.c. | 39 | 40 | 37 | 41 | 48 |
| Total education | 1,416 | 1,419 | 1,424 | 1,459 | 1,512 |

Table 10.6 Total identifiable expenditure on services in Scotland by sub-function, per head, 2012-13 to 2016-17 (continued)

| | | | | | £ per head |
|---|---|--------|--------|--------|--------------------|
| | National Statistics 2012-13 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 outturn outturn outturn outturn outturn | | | | |
| | | | | | 2016-17 outturn |
| 10. Social protection | | | | | |
| of which: personal social services | 570 | 585 | 593 | 596 | 593 |
| 10.1 Sickness and disability | 831 | 860 | 910 | 945 | 945 |
| of which: personal social services | 170 | 164 | 167 | 168 | 166 |
| of which: incapacity, disability and injury benefits | 661 | 696 | 743 | 777 | 779 |
| 10.2 Old age | 1,853 | 1,900 | 1,959 | 1,973 | 1,966 |
| of which: personal social services | 253 | 261 | 263 | 258 | 253 |
| of which: pensions | 1,600 | 1,639 | 1,696 | 1,714 | 1,713 |
| 10.3 Survivors | 30 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 32 |
| 10.4 Family and children | 431 | 396 | 387 | 387 | 382 |
| of which: personal social services | 147 | 160 | 163 | 170 | 173 |
| of which: family benefits, income support and tax credits | 285 | 236 | 223 | 218 | 209 |
| 10.5 Unemployment | 98 | 83 | 62 | 49 | 40 |
| of which: personal social services | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| of which: other unemployment benefits | 98 | 83 | 62 | 49 | 40 |
| 10.6 Housing | 382 | 363 | 364 | 372 | 369 |
| 10.7 Social exclusion n.e.c. | 451 | 433 | 429 | 430 | 430 |
| of which: personal social services | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| of which: family benefits, income support and tax credits | 451 | 433 | 429 | 430 | 430 |
| 10.8 R&D social protection | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 10.9 Social protection n.e.c. | 74 | 72 | 91 | 95 | 95 |
| Total social protection | 4,150 | 4,137 | 4,232 | 4,283 | 4,260 |
| Total Expenditure on Services in Scotland | 10,155 | 10,169 | 10,308 | 10,478 | 10,651 |

⁽¹⁾ Following implementation of ESA2010, Network Rail is now classified to Central Government. Consequently Total Managed Expenditure (TME) includes Network Rail spending in all years shown, however the actual expenditure of Network Rail only appears in the Department for Transport budget from 2015-16. The sub-functional analysis shown includes Network Rail spending from 2015-16 and is therefore only included within 'Total Expenditure on services' from that year.

⁽²⁾ The level of detail required for COFOG level 2 is not yet available in England and Wales. Health spending is therefore presented using HM Treasury's own sub-functional classification.

Table 10.7 Total identifiable expenditure on services in Wales by sub-function, per head, 2012-13 to 2016-17

| | | | | | £ per head |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| _ | | | nal Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 outturn | 2013-14 outturn | 2014-15 outturn | 2015-16 outturn | 2016-17 outturn |
| 1. General public services | | | | | |
| 1.1 Executive and legislative organs, financial and fiscal affairs, external affairs | 130 | 135 | 142 | 128 | 132 |
| 1.2 Foreign economic aid | _ | _ | | _ | _ |
| 1.3 General services | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| 1.4 Basic research | _ | _ | | _ | _ |
| 1.5 R&D general public services | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 1.6 General public services n.e.c. | 29 | 24 | 23 | 25 | 25 |
| Total general public services | 165 | 165 | 171 | 159 | 164 |
| 2. Defence | | | | | |
| 2.1 Military defence | _ | - | - | - | - |
| 2.2 Civil defence | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2.3 Foreign miltary aid | _ | _ | _ | _ | - |
| 2.4 R&D defence | _ | _ | _ | _ | - |
| 2.5 Defence n.e.c. | - | _ | - | _ | - |
| Total defence | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 3. Public order and safety | | | | | |
| 3.1 Police services | 226 | 224 | 232 | 219 | 220 |
| of which: immigration and citizenship | _ | _ | _ | _ | - |
| of which: other police services | 226 | 224 | 232 | 219 | 220 |
| 3.2 Fire-protection services | 48 | 50 | 48 | 49 | 47 |
| 3.3 Law courts | 89 | 81 | 85 | 76 | 75 |
| 3.4 Prisons | 75 | 71 | 66 | 49 | 57 |
| 3.5 R&D public order and safety | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.6 Public order and safety n.e.c. | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 |
| Total public order and safety | 443 | 431 | 436 | 397 | 404 |
| 4. Economic affairs | | | | | |
| 4.1 General economic, commercial and labour affairs | 138 | 174 | 153 | 130 | 127 |
| 4.2 Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting | 149 | 157 | 144 | 139 | 149 |
| of which: market support under CAP | 87 | 86 | 75 | 68 | 78 |
| of which: other agriculture, food and fisheries policy | 61 | 71 | 68 | 71 | 71 |
| of which: forestry | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 4.3 Fuel and energy | 11 | 12 | 12 | 13 | 10 |
| 4.4 Mining, manufacturing and construction | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | -4 |
| 4.5 Transport | 352 | 331 | 330 | 389 | 377 |
| of which: national roads | 70 | 80 | 80 | 95 | 112 |
| of which: local roads | 118 | 94 | 83 | 67 | 69 |
| of which: local public transport | 23 | 17 | 15 | 14 | 15 |
| of which: railway ⁽¹⁾ | 129 | 127 | 138 | 197 | 166 |
| of which: other transport | 12 | 14 | 14 | 16 | 15 |
| 4.6 Communication | 14 | 21 | 33 | 25 | 12 |
| 4.7 Other industries | 12 | 12 | 12 | 9 | 9 |
| 4.8 R&D economic affairs | 35 | 49 | 61 | 68 | 47 |
| 4.9 Economic affairs n.e.c. | 8 | 14 | 14 | 9 | 15 |
| Total economic affairs | 719 | 772 | 759 | 784 | 741 |

Table 10.7 Total identifiable expenditure on services in Wales by sub-function, per head, 2012-13 to 2016-17 (continued)

| | | | ' | 1 | £ per head |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | Natio | nal Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 outturn | 2013-14 outturn | 2014-15 outturn | 2015-16 outturn | 2016-17 outturn |
| 5. Environment protection | | | | | |
| 5.1 Waste management | 133 | 127 | 126 | 125 | 128 |
| 5.2 Waste water management | - | = | = | = | = |
| 5.3 Pollution abatement | 0 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| 5.4 Protection of biodiversity and landscape | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| 5.5 R&D environment protection | 6 | 7 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| 5.6 Environment protection n.e.c. | 71 | 85 | 81 | 66 | 63 |
| Total environment protection | 213 | 222 | 220 | 205 | 200 |
| 6. Housing and community amenities | | | | | |
| 6.1 Housing development | 110 | 99 | 108 | 153 | 160 |
| of which: local authority housing | 110 | 99 | 108 | 153 | 160 |
| of which: other social housing | _ | _ | _ | _ | 0 |
| 6.2 Community development | 82 | 85 | 72 | 59 | 55 |
| 6.3 Water supply | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.4 Street lighting | 15 | 16 | 17 | 14 | 15 |
| 6.5 R&D housing and community amenities | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 6.6 Housing and community amenities n.e.c. | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Total housing and community amenities | 207 | 200 | 198 | 226 | 230 |
| 7. Health (2) | | | | | |
| Medical services | 1,911 | 1,948 | 2,036 | 2,079 | 2,184 |
| Health research | 15 | 14 | 15 | 15 | 15 |
| Central and other health services | 33 | 37 | 32 | 33 | 34 |
| Total health | 1,958 | 1,999 | 2,083 | 2,127 | 2,233 |
| 8. Recreation, culture and religion | | | | | |
| 8.1 Recreational and sporting services | 83 | 76 | 72 | 66 | 60 |
| 8.2 Cultural services | 69 | 64 | 61 | 52 | 60 |
| 8.3 Broadcasting and publishing services | 21 | 26 | 28 | 26 | 25 |
| 8.4 Religious and other community services | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | |
| 8.5 R&D recreation, culture and religion | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8.6 Recreation, culture and religion n.e.c. | 15 | 5 | 7 | 7 | 8 |
| Total recreation, culture and religion | 189 | 171 | 169 | 151 | 154 |
| 9. Education | | | | | |
| 9.1 Pre-primary and primary education | 498 | 506 | 503 | 513 | 520 |
| of which: under fives | 25 | 17 | 15 | 14 | 12 |
| of which: primary education | 473 | 489 | 488 | 498 | 507 |
| 9.2 Secondary education | 539 | 618 | 566 | 603 | 613 |
| 9.3 Post-secondary non-tertiary education | = | _ | _ | _ | |
| 9.4 Tertiary education | 123 | 124 | 117 | 119 | 123 |
| 9.5 Education not definable by level | 55 | 52 | 58 | 37 | 31 |
| 9.6 Subsidiary services to education | 78 | 29 | 29 | 30 | 34 |
| 9.7 R&D education | - | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 9.8 Education n.e.c. | 25 | 21 | 16 | 17 | 23 |
| Total education | 1,319 | 1,350 | 1,289 | 1,318 | 1,345 |
| Iotal Caacation | בו כ,ו | 1,000 | 1,203 | טוכקו | 1,545 |

Table 10.7 Total identifiable expenditure on services in Wales by sub-function, per head, 2012-13 to 2016-17 (continued)

| | | | | ' | £ per head |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | Natio | nal Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 outturn | 2013-14 outturn | 2014-15 outturn | 2015-16 outturn | 2016-17 outturn |
| 10. Social protection | | | | | |
| of which: personal social services | 539 | 569 | 578 | 562 | 578 |
| 10.1 Sickness and disability | 965 | 992 | 1,056 | 1,075 | 1,079 |
| of which: personal social services | 174 | 178 | 176 | 171 | 180 |
| of which: incapacity, disability and injury benefits | 791 | 814 | 879 | 905 | 899 |
| 10.2 Old age | 1,866 | 1,920 | 1,993 | 2,017 | 2,023 |
| of which: personal social services | 197 | 204 | 208 | 199 | 200 |
| of which: pensions | 1,669 | 1,716 | 1,785 | 1,817 | 1,823 |
| 10.3 Survivors | 19 | 22 | 24 | 23 | 23 |
| 10.4 Family and children | 458 | 438 | 431 | 426 | 425 |
| of which: personal social services | 159 | 175 | 181 | 181 | 187 |
| of which: family benefits, income support and tax credits | 299 | 264 | 250 | 245 | 238 |
| 10.5 Unemployment | 98 | 83 | 63 | 50 | 39 |
| of which: personal social services | - | _ | _ | _ | - |
| of which: other unemployment benefits | 98 | 83 | 63 | 50 | 39 |
| 10.6 Housing | 372 | 383 | 390 | 390 | 379 |
| 10.7 Social exclusion n.e.c. | 547 | 538 | 537 | 535 | 528 |
| of which: personal social services | 9 | 13 | 13 | 11 | 11 |
| of which: family benefits, income support and tax credits | 538 | 526 | 524 | 523 | 517 |
| 10.8 R&D social protection | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 10.9 Social protection n.e.c. | 74 | 83 | 88 | 110 | 109 |
| Total social protection | 4,400 | 4,459 | 4,581 | 4,625 | 4,605 |
| Total Expenditure on Services in Wales | 9,614 | 9,770 | 9,908 | 9,994 | 10,076 |

⁽¹⁾ Following implementation of ESA2010, Network Rail is now classified to Central Government. Consequently Total Managed Expenditure (TME) includes Network Rail spending in all years shown, however the actual expenditure of Network Rail only appears in the Department for Transport budget from 2015-16. The sub-functional analysis shown includes Network Rail spending from 2015-16 and is therefore only included within 'Total Expenditure on services' from that year.

⁽²⁾ The level of detail required for COFOG level 2 is not yet available in England and Wales. Health spending is therefore presented using HM Treasury's own sub-functional classification.

Table 10.8 Total identifiable expenditure on services in Northern Ireland by sub-function, per head, 2012-13 to 2016-17

| | | | | | £ per head |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| <u> </u> | | Natio | nal Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 outturn | 2013-14 outturn | 2014-15 outturn | 2015-16 outturn | 2016-17 outturr |
| 1. General public services | | | | | |
| 1.1 Executive and legislative organs, financial and fiscal affairs, external affairs | 84 | 96 | 93 | 77 | 91 |
| 1.2 Foreign economic aid | _ | _ | _ | _ | = |
| 1.3 General services | 86 | 94 | 112 | 98 | 85 |
| 1.4 Basic research | _ | _ | _ | _ | = |
| 1.5 R&D general public services | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 1.6 General public services n.e.c. | 38 | 38 | 43 | 36 | 9 |
| Total general public services | 209 | 229 | 249 | 212 | 187 |
| 2. Defence | | | | | |
| 2.1 Military defence | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2.2 Civil defence | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2.3 Foreign miltary aid | _ | _ | _ | _ | = |
| 2.4 R&D defence | _ | _ | _ | _ | = |
| 2.5 Defence n.e.c. | _ | _ | _ | _ | = |
| Total defence | - | _ | _ | - | - |
| 3. Public order and safety | | | | | |
| 3.1 Police services | 485 | 488 | 436 | 430 | 420 |
| of which: immigration and citizenship | _ | _ | _ | _ | = |
| of which: other police services | 485 | 488 | 436 | 430 | 42 |
| 3.2 Fire-protection services | 42 | 48 | 44 | 44 | 45 |
| 3.3 Law courts | 139 | 134 | 140 | 122 | 119 |
| 3.4 Prisons | 89 | 72 | 72 | 75 | 71 |
| 3.5 R&D public order and safety | 0 | _ | _ | _ | = |
| 3.6 Public order and safety n.e.c. | 3 | _ | _ | _ | = |
| Total public order and safety | 758 | 742 | 691 | 672 | 655 |
| 4. Economic affairs | | | | | |
| 4.1 General economic, commercial and labour affairs | 202 | 229 | 242 | 233 | 184 |
| 4.2 Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting | 293 | 315 | 311 | 263 | 271 |
| of which: market support under CAP | 159 | 178 | 172 | 149 | 16. |
| of which: other agriculture, food and fisheries policy | 132 | 133 | 133 | 110 | 104 |
| of which: forestry | 3 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 4 |
| 4.3 Fuel and energy | 3 | 3 | 7 | 21 | 28 |
| 4.4 Mining, manufacturing and construction | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 4.5 Transport | 312 | 287 | 284 | 232 | 30 |
| of which: national roads | 12 | 8 | 9 | 10 | |
| of which: local roads | 184 | 202 | 189 | 133 | 17 |
| of which: local public transport | 43 | 37 | 35 | 24 | 3. |
| of which: railway | 45 | 30 | 33 | 44 | 5 |
| of which: other transport | 27 | 10 | 17 | 21 | 39 |
| 4.6 Communication | 1 | 3 | 4 | 8 | |
| 4.7 Other industries | 35 | 23 | 26 | 27 | 19 |
| 4.8 R&D economic affairs | 24 | 31 | 32 | 48 | 37 |
| 4.9 Economic affairs n.e.c. | _ | 4 | 5 | 4 | (|
| Total economic affairs | 870 | 896 | 910 | 836 | 849 |

Table 10.8 Total identifiable expenditure on services in Northern Ireland by sub-function, per head, 2012-13 to 2016-17 (continued)

| | | | ' | 1 | £ per head |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | Natio | nal Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 outturn | 2013-14 outturn | 2014-15 outturn | 2015-16 outturn | 2016-17 outturn |
| 5. Environment protection | | | | | |
| 5.1 Waste management | 103 | 103 | 106 | 106 | 109 |
| 5.2 Waste water management | = | _ | _ | _ | = |
| 5.3 Pollution abatement | 0 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| 5.4 Protection of biodiversity and landscape | _ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.5 R&D environment protection | 6 | 7 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| 5.6 Environment protection n.e.c. | 31 | 36 | 28 | 26 | 23 |
| Total environment protection | 140 | 145 | 146 | 143 | 138 |
| 6. Housing and community amenities | | | | | |
| 6.1 Housing development | 181 | 154 | 153 | 124 | 110 |
| of which: local authority housing | _ | _ | _ | _ | = |
| of which: other social housing | 181 | 154 | 153 | 124 | 110 |
| 6.2 Community development | 69 | 71 | 84 | 69 | 63 |
| 6.3 Water supply | 148 | 145 | 138 | 134 | 135 |
| 6.4 Street lighting | 13 | 13 | 14 | 14 | 11 |
| 6.5 R&D housing and community amenities | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 6.6 Housing and community amenities n.e.c. | 41 | 44 | 42 | 46 | 92 |
| Total housing and community amenities | 452 | 427 | 431 | 387 | 411 |
| 7. Health (1) | | | | | |
| Medical services | 1,971 | 1,972 | 1,975 | 2,058 | 2,124 |
| Health research | 8 | . 8 | . 8 | . 3 | 10 |
| Central and other health services | 129 | 137 | 141 | 118 | 106 |
| Total health | 2,108 | 2,117 | 2,124 | 2,180 | 2,240 |
| 8. Recreation, culture and religion | · | · | · | • | , |
| 8.1 Recreational and sporting services | 131 | 128 | 140 | 125 | 134 |
| 8.2 Cultural services | 98 | 95 | 87 | 84 | 91 |
| 8.3 Broadcasting and publishing services | 4 | 6 | 5 | 6 | 5 |
| 8.4 Religious and other community services | 19 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 22 |
| 8.5 R&D recreation, culture and religion | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8.6 Recreation, culture and religion n.e.c. | 0 | 0 | 0 | _ | 0 |
| Total recreation, culture and religion | 254 | 251 | 255 | 240 | 252 |
| 9. Education | | | | | |
| 9.1 Pre-primary and primary education | 392 | 403 | 428 | 418 | 428 |
| of which: under fives | 35 | 36 | 36 | 32 | 36 |
| of which: primary education | 358 | 367 | 392 | 386 | 392 |
| 9.2 Secondary education | 539 | 532 | 555 | 561 | 561 |
| 9.3 Post-secondary non-tertiary education | | - | | _ | |
| 9.4 Tertiary education | 189 | 192 | 202 | 182 | 184 |
| 9.5 Education not definable by level | 54 | 53 | 48 | 43 | 37 |
| 9.6 Subsidiary services to education | 108 | 116 | 114 | 108 | 104 |
| 9.7 R&D education | | - | | 100 | 104 |
| 9.8 Education n.e.c. | _ 141 | 137 | 143 | _ 151 | 144 |
| Total education | 1,423 | 1,433 | 1,489 | 1,463 | 1,459 |
| iotal cuucation | 1,423 | 1,433 | 1,403 | 1,403 | 1,439 |

Table 10.8 Total identifiable expenditure on services in Northern Ireland by sub-function, per head, 2012-13 to 2016-17 (continued)

| | | | | ' | £ per head |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | Natio | nal Statistics | | |
| | 2012-13 outturn | 2013-14 outturn | 2014-15 outturn | 2015-16 outturn | 2016-17 outturn |
| 10. Social protection | | | | | |
| of which: personal social services | 468 | 492 | 506 | 531 | 546 |
| 10.1 Sickness and disability | 1,284 | 1,326 | 1,371 | 1,431 | 1,512 |
| of which: personal social services | 140 | 145 | 148 | 160 | 174 |
| of which: incapacity, disability and injury benefits | 1,144 | 1,181 | 1,223 | 1,271 | 1,337 |
| 10.2 Old age | 1,808 | 1,923 | 1,993 | 1,987 | 2,012 |
| of which: personal social services | 236 | 246 | 254 | 264 | 266 |
| of which: pensions | 1,572 | 1,677 | 1,740 | 1,723 | 1,746 |
| 10.3 Survivors | 39 | 40 | 41 | 42 | 43 |
| 10.4 Family and children | 362 | 359 | 365 | 374 | 362 |
| of which: personal social services | 92 | 102 | 104 | 107 | 106 |
| of which: family benefits, income support and tax credits | 269 | 258 | 261 | 268 | 256 |
| 10.5 Unemployment | 126 | 115 | 97 | 76 | 64 |
| of which: personal social services | = | - | _ | _ | - |
| of which: other unemployment benefits | 126 | 115 | 97 | 76 | 64 |
| 10.6 Housing | 363 | 308 | 313 | 316 | 312 |
| 10.7 Social exclusion n.e.c. | 576 | 571 | 566 | 549 | 530 |
| of which: personal social services | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| of which: family benefits, income support and tax credits | 576 | 571 | 566 | 549 | 530 |
| 10.8 R&D social protection | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 10.9 Social protection n.e.c. | 1 | 40 | 5 | 14 | 16 |
| Total social protection | 4,559 | 4,682 | 4,752 | 4,790 | 4,851 |
| Total Expenditure on Services in Northern Ireland | 10,773 | 10,920 | 11,048 | 10,921 | 11,042 |

⁽¹⁾ The level of detail required for COFOG level 2 is not yet available in England and Wales. Health spending is therefore presented using HM Treasury's own sub-functional classification.

Table 10.9 Total identifiable expenditure on services in the English Regions by sub-function for 2016-17

| | | | | | | | | | | £ million |
|---|------------|------------|-----------------------------|---------------|---------------------|-------|--------|------------|------------|---------------|
| | | | | | National Statistics | stics | | | | |
| | North East | North West | Yorkshire and The Humber | East Midlands | West Midlands | East | London | South East | South West | Total England |
| 1. General public services | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1.1 Executive and legislative organs, financial and fiscal affairs, | | | | | | | | | | |
| external affairs | 126 | 288 | 210 | 199 | 239 | 303 | 438 | 410 | 199 | 2,412 |
| 1.2 Foreign economic aid | I | I | I | I | I | ı | I | I | I | I |
| 1.3 General services | 23 | 93 | 19 | 31 | 96 | 42 | 118 | 41 | 45 | 208 |
| 1.4 Basic research | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I |
| 1.5 R&D general public services | 4 | | 8 | 7 | 6 | 10 | 14 | 14 | 6 | 98 |
| 1.6 General public services n.e.c. | 88 | 171 | 181 | 204 | 147 | 318 | 481 | 928 | 326 | 2,843 |
| Total general public services | 240 | 563 | 418 | 441 | 492 | 672 | 1,051 | 1,393 | 579 | 5,849 |
| 2. Defence | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2.1 Military defence | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I |
| 2.2 Civil defence | 2 | 7 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 9 | 7 | 8 | 4 | 47 |
| 2.3 Foreign miltary aid | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I |
| 2.4 R&D defence | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I |
| 2.5 Defence n.e.c. | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I |
| Total defence | 2 | 7 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 9 | 7 | ∞ | 4 | 47 |
| 3. Public order and safety | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3.1 Police services | 554 | 1,685 | 1,115 | 863 | 1,118 | 1,072 | 2,906 | 1,615 | 1,001 | 11,928 |
| of which: immigration and citizenship | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I |
| of which: other police services | 554 | 1,685 | 1,115 | 893 | 1,118 | 1,072 | 2,906 | 1,615 | 1,001 | 11,928 |
| 3.2 Fire-protection services | 139 | 311 | 209 | 160 | 206 | 221 | 391 | 348 | 221 | 2,205 |
| 3.3 Law courts | 313 | 611 | 407 | 324 | 515 | 384 | 1,390 | 471 | 372 | 4,786 |
| 3.4 Prisons | 239 | 533 | 433 | 429 | 421 | 415 | 473 | 473 | 233 | 3,649 |
| 3.5 R&D public order and safety | 2 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 8 | 2 | 7 | 8 | 2 | 27 |
| 3.6 Public order and safety n.e.c. | 36 | 91 | 09 | 45 | 64 | 52 | 148 | 77 | 49 | 621 |
| Total public order and safety | 1,283 | 3,235 | 2,226 | 1,823 | 2,326 | 2,147 | 5,313 | 2,988 | 1,877 | 23,217 |
| 4. Economic affairs | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4.1 General economic, commercial and labour affairs | 299 | 614 | 483 | 364 | 999 | 351 | 922 | 573 | 376 | 4,581 |
| 4.2 Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting | 203 | 362 | 406 | 381 | 312 | 448 | 75 | 429 | 631 | 3,247 |
| of which: market support under CAP | 119 | 205 | 241 | 258 | 204 | 305 | 10 | 253 | 408 | 2,003 |
| of which: other agriculture, food and fisheries policy | 84 | 157 | 165 | 123 | 108 | 143 | 99 | 176 | 223 | 1,244 |
| of which: forestry | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I |
| 4.3 Fuel and energy | 27 | 61 | 40 | 40 | 30 | 24 | 37 | 49 | 30 | 339 |
| 4.4 Mining, manufacturing and construction | 6 | 34 | 20 | 76 | 20 | 75 | 2 | 564 | 39 | 863 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

Table 10.9 Total identifiable expenditure on services in the English Regions by sub-function for 2016-17 (continued)

| | | | | | | | | | | £ million |
|--|------------|------------|-----------------------------|---------------|---------------------|-------|--------|------------|------------|---------------|
| | | | | | National Statistics | stics | | | | |
| | North East | North West | Yorkshire and The Humber | East Midlands | West Midlands | East | London | South East | South West | Total England |
| 4. Economic affairs continued | | | | | | | | | | 'n |
| 4.5 Transport | 768 | 2,670 | 1,818 | 1,041 | 1,824 | 2,043 | 8,293 | 3,340 | 1,683 | 23,481 |
| of which: national roads | 131 | 445 | 383 | 245 | 354 | 395 | 76 | 837 | 233 | 3,048 |
| of which: local roads | 275 | 639 | 523 | 331 | 444 | 633 | 371 | 573 | 531 | 4,320 |
| of which: local public transport | 51 | 257 | 117 | 88 | 85 | 74 | 1,013 | 109 | 129 | 1,926 |
| of which: railway | 291 | 1,262 | 741 | 332 | 872 | 883 | 961'9 | 1,816 | 750 | 13,744 |
| of which: other transport | 20 | 29 | 54 | 44 | 69 | 26 | 87 | 9 | 40 | 443 |
| 4.6 Communication | I | I | I | I | ı | I | ı | I | I | 1 |
| 4.7 Other industries | 5 | 13 | 12 | 9 | 1 | 6 | 32 | 19 | 12 | 119 |
| 4.8 R&D economic affairs | 142 | 351 | 255 | 257 | 275 | 407 | 539 | 268 | 327 | 3,123 |
| 4.9 Economic affairs n.e.c. | 17 | 41 | 29 | 27 | 33 | 41 | 75 | 59 | 33 | 355 |
| Total economic affairs | 1,471 | 4,147 | 3,064 | 2,213 | 3,071 | 3,399 | 10,010 | 5,601 | 3,132 | 36,106 |
| 5. Environment protection | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5.1 Waste management | 211 | 2,035 | 388 | 323 | 452 | 532 | 804 | 918 | 718 | 6,381 |
| 5.2 Waste water management | ı | I | I | ı | I | ı | I | I | I | I |
| 5.3 Pollution abatement | 2 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 10 | 10 | 13 | 5 | 57 |
| 5.4 Protection of biodiversity and landscape | 23 | 37 | 51 | 52 | 33 | 31 | 11 | 49 | 44 | 332 |
| 5.5 R&D environment protection | 17 | 44 | 33 | 29 | 35 | 37 | 53 | 54 | 33 | 335 |
| 5.6 Environment protection n.e.c. | 69 | 165 | 171 | 83 | 121 | 250 | 228 | 193 | 177 | 1,458 |
| Total environment protection | 322 | 2,287 | 648 | 490 | 644 | 861 | 1,106 | 1,227 | 978 | 8,563 |
| 6. Housing and community amenities | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6.1 Housing development | 255 | 224 | 335 | 332 | 375 | 333 | 1,107 | 388 | 143 | 3,492 |
| of which: local authority housing | 249 | 204 | 323 | 320 | 358 | 311 | 968 | 348 | 121 | 3,228 |
| of which: other social housing | 9 | 20 | 13 | 12 | 17 | 22 | 112 | 41 | 22 | 264 |
| 6.2 Community development | 141 | 423 | 316 | 196 | 330 | 226 | 535 | 326 | 200 | 2,693 |
| 6.3 Water supply | 0 | _ | <u></u> | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 9 |
| 6.4 Street lighting | 80 | 116 | 85 | 28 | 88 | 95 | 124 | 119 | 69 | 834 |
| 6.5 R&D housing and community amenities | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | ı | I | I |
| 6.6 Housing and community amenities n.e.c. | 8 | 26 | 16 | 14 | 17 | 22 | 26 | 33 | 16 | 180 |
| Total housing and community amenities | 484 | 790 | 753 | 601 | 811 | 678 | 1,793 | 898 | 430 | 7,206 |

Table 10.9 Total identifiable expenditure on services in the English Regions by sub-function for 2016-17 (continued)

| - | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-----------------------------|---------------|---------------------|--------|--------|------------|------------|---------------|
| | | | | | National Statistics | stics | | | | 1 |
| | North East | North West | Yorkshire and The Humber | East Midlands | West Midlands | East | London | South East | South West | Total England |
| 7. Health (1) | | | | | | | | | | 'n |
| Medical services | 5,982 | 16,088 | 10,985 | 8,722 | 12,242 | 10,913 | 22,481 | 16,561 | 10,556 | 114,530 |
| Health research | 64 | 173 | 123 | 113 | 130 | 162 | 414 | 261 | 128 | 1,568 |
| Central and other health services | 180 | 492 | 370 | 321 | 394 | 416 | 599 | 612 | 375 | 3,758 |
| Total health | 6,226 | 16,753 | 11,478 | 9,156 | 12,767 | 11,490 | 23,494 | 17,434 | 11,059 | 119,856 |
| 8. Recreation, culture and religion | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8.1 Recreational and sporting services | 111 | 299 | 256 | 164 | 221 | 188 | 419 | 344 | 174 | 2,175 |
| 8.2 Cultural services | 183 | 393 | 300 | 227 | 260 | 246 | 798 | 403 | 258 | 3,069 |
| 8.3 Broadcasting and publishing services | 8 | 24 | 16 | 14 | 18 | 25 | 35 | 34 | 17 | 191 |
| 8.4 Religious and other community services | ō- | 0 | 9- | 9 | _φ | 4 | 16 | 13 | 4- | 15 |
| 8.5 R&D recreation, culture and religion | _ | 4 | m | 2 | С | С | 4 | 4 | 8 | 27 |
| 8.6 Recreation, culture and religion n.e.c. | 2 | 9 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 4 | 9 | 9 | 4 | 40 |
| Total recreation, culture and religion | 299 | 725 | 572 | 417 | 499 | 470 | 1,277 | 802 | 452 | 5,517 |
| 9. Education | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9.1 Pre-primary and primary education | 1,144 | 3,547 | 2,432 | 1,818 | 2,655 | 2,601 | 5,193 | 3,886 | 1,985 | 25,261 |
| of which: under fives | 133 | 413 | 273 | 204 | 305 | 286 | 995 | 424 | 221 | 2,826 |
| of which: primary education | 1,011 | 3,134 | 2,158 | 1,614 | 2,350 | 2,315 | 4,627 | 3,462 | 1,764 | 22,435 |
| 9.2 Secondary education | 1,632 | 4,165 | 3,352 | 3,093 | 3,605 | 3,946 | 6,132 | 5,079 | 3,494 | 34,498 |
| 9.3 Post-secondary non-tertiary education | 2 | 8 | 17 | 4 | 24 | 15 | 42 | 5 | 4 | 116 |
| 9.4 Tertiary education | 200 | 574 | 414 | 343 | 423 | 357 | 927 | 587 | 386 | 4,210 |
| 9.5 Education not definable by level | 28 | 77 | 57 | 48 | 63 | 63 | 93 | 94 | 57 | 280 |
| 9.6 Subsidiary services to education | 171 | 400 | 298 | 281 | 355 | 351 | 807 | 561 | 319 | 3,543 |
| 9.7 R&D education | 98 | 193 | 175 | 128 | 123 | 211 | 588 | 354 | 135 | 1,991 |
| 9.8 Education n.e.c. | 92 | 257 | 197 | 164 | 215 | 217 | 324 | 313 | 184 | 1,963 |
| Total education | 3,355 | 9,215 | 6,943 | 5,879 | 7,462 | 7,761 | 14,104 | 10,879 | 6,564 | 72,162 |
| 10. Social protection | | | | | | | | | | |
| of which: personal social services | 1,294 | 3,186 | 2,334 | 1,842 | 2,419 | 2,522 | 4,408 | 3,652 | 2,420 | 24,077 |
| 10.1 Sickness and disability | 2,589 | 6,934 | 4,368 | 3,628 | 4,575 | 4,248 | 5,673 | 5,749 | 4,101 | 41,865 |
| of which: personal social services | 370 | 1,090 | 959 | 298 | 756 | 1,012 | 1,322 | 1,327 | 826 | 7,958 |
| of which: incapacity, disability and injury benefits | 2,218 | 5,844 | 3,711 | 3,029 | 3,820 | 3,237 | 4,351 | 4,421 | 3,275 | 33,907 |
| 10.2 Old age | 5,172 | 12,951 | 9,702 | 8,677 | 10,316 | 11,264 | 10,181 | 16,521 | 11,675 | 96,458 |
| of which: personal social services | 203 | 1,014 | 829 | 575 | 280 | 216 | 1,357 | 1,139 | 844 | 7,757 |
| of which: pensions | 4,669 | 11,937 | 8,873 | 8,102 | 9,536 | 10,547 | 8,824 | 15,382 | 10,831 | 88,702 |

Table 10.9 Total identifiable expenditure on services in the English Regions by sub-function for 2016-17 (continued)

| | | , | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------|--------|--------|------------|------------|---------------|
| | | | | | | | | | | £ million |
| | | | | | National Statistics | tics | | | | |
| | | | Yorkshire and | | West | | | | | |
| | North East | North West | The Humber | East Midlands | Midlands | East | London | South East | South West | Total England |
| 10. Social protection continued | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10.3 Survivors | 52 | 122 | 94 | 98 | 93 | 82 | 37 | 127 | 102 | 962 |
| 10.4 Family and children | 1,061 | 2,805 | 2,151 | 1,733 | 2,313 | 2,082 | 3,530 | 2,959 | 1,882 | 20,516 |
| of which: personal social services | 410 | 1,055 | 833 | 648 | 859 | 752 | 1,500 | 1,119 | 723 | 2,900 |
| of which: family benefits, income support and tax credits | 651 | 1,750 | 1,318 | 1,085 | 1,454 | 1,330 | 2,030 | 1,840 | 1,159 | 12,616 |
| 10.5 Unemployment | 147 | 220 | 229 | 137 | 248 | 145 | 326 | 198 | 120 | 1,769 |
| of which: personal social services | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I |
| of which: other unemployment benefits | 147 | 220 | 229 | 137 | 248 | 145 | 326 | 198 | 120 | 1,769 |
| 10.6 Housing | 1,097 | 2,633 | 1,762 | 1,315 | 2,011 | 1,906 | 6,339 | 2,846 | 1,722 | 21,632 |
| 10.7 Social exclusion n.e.c. | 1,462 | 4,245 | 2,973 | 2,270 | 3,234 | 2,503 | 4,752 | 3,247 | 2,247 | 26,933 |
| of which: personal social services | 11 | 27 | 15 | 21 | 24 | 42 | 229 | 99 | 27 | 463 |
| of which: family benefits, income support and tax credits | 1,451 | 4,218 | 2,958 | 2,249 | 3,210 | 2,460 | 4,523 | 3,181 | 2,220 | 26,470 |
| 10.8 R&D social protection | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I |
| 10.9 Social protection n.e.c. | 263 | 445 | 418 | 258 | 447 | 282 | 577 | 362 | 234 | 3,286 |
| Total social protection | 11,844 | 30,354 | 21,697 | 18,104 | 23,237 | 22,512 | 31,415 | 32,009 | 22,084 | 213,255 |
| Total Expenditure on Services in the English Regions | 25,525 | 68,077 | 47,801 | 39,129 | 51,313 | 49,995 | 89,569 | 73,211 | 47,158 | 491,779 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

(1) The level of detail required for COFOG level 2 is not yet available in England Health spending is therefore presented using HM Treasury's own sub-functional classification.

Table 10.10 Total identifiable expenditure on services in the English Regions by sub-function, per head for 2016-17

| | | 0 | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|-----------------------------|---------------|---------------------|------|--------|------------|------------|---------------|
| | | | | | | | | | | £ per head |
| | | | | | National Statistics | tics | | | | |
| | North East | North West | Yorkshire and The Humber | East Midlands | West Midlands | East | London | South East | South West | Total England |
| 1. General public services | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1.1 Executive and legislative organs, financial and fiscal affairs, | | | | | | | | | | |
| external affairs | 48 | 40 | 39 | 42 | 41 | 49 | 20 | 45 | 36 | 44 |
| 1.2 Foreign economic aid | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I |
| 1.3 General services | 6 | 13 | 4 | 9 | 17 | 7 | 13 | 5 | 8 | 6 |
| 1.4 Basic research | I | I | I | I | ı | ı | I | I | I | I |
| 1.5 R&D general public services | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 1.6 General public services n.e.c. | 33 | 24 | 33 | 43 | 25 | 52 | 55 | 103 | 59 | 51 |
| Total general public services | 91 | 78 | 77 | 93 | 85 | 110 | 120 | 154 | 105 | 106 |
| 2. Defence | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2.1 Military defence | I | I | I | I | ı | ı | I | I | I | I |
| 2.2 Civil defence | _ | — | _ | _ | - | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 2.3 Foreign miltary aid | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I |
| 2.4 R&D defence | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I |
| 2.5 Defence n.e.c. | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I |
| Total defence | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3. Public order and safety | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3.1 Police services | 210 | 233 | 205 | 183 | 193 | 175 | 331 | 179 | 181 | 216 |
| of which: immigration and citizenship | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I |
| of which: other police services | 210 | 233 | 205 | 183 | 193 | 175 | 331 | 179 | 181 | 216 |
| 3.2 Fire-protection services | 53 | 43 | 38 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 44 | 39 | 40 | 40 |
| 3.3 Law courts | 119 | 85 | 75 | 69 | 88 | 63 | 158 | 52 | 29 | 87 |
| 3.4 Prisons | 91 | 74 | 80 | 91 | 73 | 89 | 54 | 52 | 42 | 99 |
| 3.5 R&D public order and safety | _ | — | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | _ | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3.6 Public order and safety n.e.c. | 14 | 13 | 11 | 10 | 11 | 6 | 17 | 6 | 6 | 11 |
| Total public order and safety | 486 | 448 | 410 | 386 | 401 | 350 | 909 | 331 | 340 | 420 |
| 4. Economic affairs | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4.1 General economic, commercial and labour affairs | 113 | 85 | 88 | 77 | 86 | 57 | 109 | 64 | 89 | 83 |
| 4.2 Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting | 77 | 20 | 75 | 81 | 54 | 73 | 6 | 48 | 114 | 29 |
| of which: market support under CAP | 45 | 28 | 44 | 25 | 35 | 20 | 1 | 28 | 74 | 38 |
| of which: other agriculture, food and fisheries policy | 32 | 22 | 30 | 76 | 19 | 23 | 7 | 19 | 40 | 23 |
| of which: forestry | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I |
| 4.3 Fuel and energy | 10 | 8 | 7 | ∞ | 5 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 9 |
| 4.4 Mining, manufacturing and construction | æ | 2 | 4 | 21 | Э | 12 | - | 62 | 7 | 16 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

Table 10.10 Total identifiable expenditure on services in the English Regions by sub-function, per head for 2016-17 (continued)

| | | | | | | | | | | £ per head |
|--|------------|------------|-----------------------------|---------------|---------------------|------|-------------|------------|------------|---------------|
| | | | | | National Statistics | tics | | | | |
| | North East | North West | Yorkshire and The Humber | East Midlands | West Midlands | East | London | South East | South West | Total England |
| 4. Economic affairs continued | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4.5 Transport | 291 | 370 | 335 | | 314 | 333 | 944 | 370 | 305 | 425 |
| of which: national roads | 50 | 92 | 7.1 | 52 | 19 | 64 | €. | 93 | 42 | 55 |
| of which: local roads | 104 | 88 | 96 | | 77 | 103 | 42 | 63 | 96 | 78 |
| of which: local public transport | 19 | 36 | 22 | | 15 | 12 | 115 | 12 | 23 | 35 |
| of which: railway | 110 | 175 | 137 | | 150 | 144 | 773 | 201 | 136 | 249 |
| of which: other transport | 8 | 6 | 10 | | 12 | 6 | 10 | 1 | 7 | 8 |
| 4.6 Communication | I | I | ı | | I | I | ı | I | ı | |
| 4.7 Other industries | 2 | 2 | 2 | | 2 | _ | 4 | 2 | 2 | |
| 4.8 R&D economic affairs | 54 | 49 | 47 | | 47 | 99 | 61 | 63 | 59 | 26 |
| 4.9 Economic affairs n.e.c. | 7 | 9 | 2 | 9 | 9 | 7 | 6 | 7 | 9 | |
| Total economic affairs | 258 | 574 | 292 | | 529 | 554 | 1,139 | 620 | 268 | 653 |
| 5. Environment protection | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5.1 Waste management | 80 | 282 | 72 | 89 | 78 | 87 | 92 | 102 | 130 | 115 |
| 5.2 Waste water management | I | I | ı | I | I | I | I | I | I | I |
| 5.3 Pollution abatement | <u></u> | ← | | - | _ | 2 | | — | _ | _ |
| 5.4 Protection of biodiversity and landscape | 6 | 5 | 6 | | 9 | 2 | _ | 5 | 8 | 9 |
| 5.5 R&D environment protection | 9 | 9 | 9 | | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| 5.6 Environment protection n.e.c. | 26 | 23 | 32 | 18 | 21 | 41 | 26 | 21 | 32 | 26 |
| Total environment protection | 122 | 317 | 119 | 104 | 111 | 140 | 126 | 136 | 177 | 155 |
| 6. Housing and community amenities | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6.1 Housing development | 76 | 31 | 62 | | 99 | 54 | 126 | 43 | 26 | 63 |
| of which: local authority housing | 94 | 28 | 55 | | 29 | 51 | 113 | 39 | 22 | 58 |
| of which: other social housing | 2 | C | 7 | | S | 4 | 13 | 5 | 4 | 5 |
| 6.2 Community development | 53 | 59 | 58 | 42 | 57 | 37 | 61 | 36 | 36 | 49 |
| 6.3 Water supply | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6.4 Street lighting | 30 | 16 | 16 | | 15 | 15 | 14 | 13 | 13 | 15 |
| 6.5 R&D housing and community amenities | I | I | I | | I | I | I | I | I | I |
| 6.6 Housing and community amenities n.e.c. | 3 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 3 |
| Total housing and community amenities | 183 | 109 | 139 | | 140 | 111 | 204 | 96 | 78 | 130 |

Table 10.10 Total identifiable expenditure on services in the English Regions by sub-function, per head for 2016-17 (continued)

| - | | , | | • | | | | | | f ner head |
|--|------------|------------|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------------|----------|--------|------------|------------|---------------|
| | | | | | National Statistics | tics | | | | |
| | North East | North West | Yorkshire and The Humber Ea | East Midlands | West Midlands | East | London | South East | South West | Total England |
| 7. Health (1) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Medical services | 2,269 | 2,228 | 2,025 | 1,846 | 2,111 | 1,780 | 2,558 | 1,835 | 1,914 | 2,072 |
| Health research | 24 | 24 | 23 | 24 | 22 | 26 | 47 | 29 | 23 | 28 |
| Central and other health services | 89 | 89 | 89 | 89 | 89 | 89 | 89 | 89 | 89 | 89 |
| Total health | 2,361 | 2,320 | 2,115 | 1,938 | 2,201 | 1,874 | 2,673 | 1,931 | 2,005 | 2,169 |
| 8. Recreation, culture and religion | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8.1 Recreational and sporting services | 42 | 41 | 47 | 35 | 38 | 31 | 48 | 38 | 32 | 39 |
| 8.2 Cultural services | 69 | 54 | 55 | 48 | 45 | 40 | 91 | 45 | 47 | 99 |
| 8.3 Broadcasting and publishing services | 8 | 8 | ĸ | ε | m | 4 | 4 | 4 | c | C |
| 8.4 Religious and other community services | -2 | 0 | | _ | | _ | 2 | _ | | 0 |
| 8.5 R&D recreation, culture and religion | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8.6 Recreation, culture and religion n.e.c. | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | — | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Total recreation, culture and religion | 114 | 100 | 106 | 88 | 98 | 7.7 | 145 | 88 | 82 | 100 |
| 9. Education | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9.1 Pre-primary and primary education | 434 | 491 | 448 | 385 | 458 | 424 | 591 | 430 | 360 | 457 |
| of which: under fives | 20 | 57 | 20 | 43 | 53 | 47 | 64 | 47 | 40 | 51 |
| of which: primary education | 383 | 434 | 398 | 342 | 405 | 378 | 527 | 384 | 320 | 406 |
| 9.2 Secondary education | 619 | 577 | 618 | 655 | 621 | 644 | 869 | 563 | 633 | 624 |
| 9.3 Post-secondary non-tertiary education | _ | 0 | m | _ | 4 | 2 | 2 | _ | _ | 2 |
| 9.4 Tertiary education | 9/ | 79 | 9/ | 73 | 73 | 58 | 105 | 92 | 70 | 9/ |
| 9.5 Education not definable by level | | | 11 | 10 | 11 | 10 | 11 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| 9.6 Subsidiary services to education | 9 | 55 | 55 | 59 | 61 | 57 | 92 | 62 | 58 | 64 |
| 9.7 R&D education | 33 | 27 | 32 | 27 | 21 | 34 | 29 | 39 | 24 | 36 |
| 9.8 Education n.e.c. | 35 | 36 | 36 | 35 | 37 | 35 | 37 | 35 | 33 | 36 |
| Total education | 1,272 | 1,276 | 1,280 | 1,244 | 1,286 | 1,266 | 1,605 | 1,205 | 1,190 | 1,306 |
| 10. Social protection | | | | | | | | | | |
| of which: personal social services | 491 | 441 | 430 | 390 | 417 | 411 | 205 | 405 | 439 | 436 |
| 10.1 Sickness and disability | 985 | 096 | 805 | 768 | 789 | 693 | 646 | 637 | 744 | 757 |
| of which: personal social services | 140 | 151 | 121 | 127 | 130 | 165 | 150 | 147 | 150 | 144 |
| of which: incapacity, disability and injury benefits | 841 | 808 | 684 | 641 | 959 | 528 | 495 | 490 | 594 | 613 |
| 10.2 Old age | 1,961 | 1,794 | 1,788 | 1,837 | 1,778 | 1,837 | 1,159 | 1,830 | 2,117 | 1,745 |
| of which: personal social services | 191 | 140 | 153 | 122 | 134 | 117 | 154 | 126 | 153 | 140 |
| of which: pensions | 1,771 | 1,653 | 1,635 | 1,715 | 1,644 | 1,720 | 1,004 | 1,704 | 1,964 | 1,605 |

Table 10.10 Total identifiable expenditure on services in the English Regions by sub-function, per head for 2016-17 (continued)

| | | | | | | | | | | £ per head |
|---|------------|------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------|-------|--------|------------|------------|----------------------|
| | | | | | National Statistics | tics | | | | |
| | | | Yorkshire and | | West | | | | | |
| | North East | North West | The Humber Ea | East Midlands | Midlands | East | London | South East | South West | Total England |
| 10. Social protection continued | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10.3 Survivors | 20 | 17 | 17 | 18 | 16 | 13 | 4 | 14 | 18 | 14 |
| 10.4 Family and children | 403 | 388 | 396 | 367 | 399 | 340 | 402 | 328 | 341 | 371 |
| of which: personal social services | 156 | 146 | 154 | 137 | 148 | 123 | 171 | 124 | 131 | 143 |
| of which: family benefits, income support and tax credits | 247 | 242 | 243 | 230 | 251 | 217 | 231 | 204 | 210 | 228 |
| 10.5 Unemployment | 26 | 30 | 42 | 29 | 43 | 24 | 37 | 22 | 22 | 32 |
| of which: personal social services | I | I | I | 1 | ı | I | I | I | I | I |
| of which: other unemployment benefits | 29 | 30 | 42 | 29 | 43 | 24 | 37 | 22 | 22 | 32 |
| 10.6 Housing | 416 | 365 | 325 | 278 | 347 | 311 | 721 | 315 | 312 | 391 |
| 10.7 Social exclusion n.e.c. | 554 | 588 | 548 | 480 | 558 | 408 | 541 | 360 | 407 | 487 |
| of which: personal social services | 4 | 4 | CC | 4 | 4 | 7 | 26 | 7 | 5 | 8 |
| of which: family benefits, income support and tax credits | 250 | 584 | 545 | 476 | 553 | 401 | 515 | 352 | 403 | 479 |
| 10.8 R&D social protection | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I |
| 10.9 Social protection n.e.c. | 100 | 62 | 77 | 55 | 77 | 46 | 99 | 40 | 42 | 59 |
| Total social protection | 4,492 | 4,204 | 3,999 | 3,832 | 4,006 | 3,672 | 3,575 | 3,546 | 4,004 | 3,859 |
| Total Expenditure on Services in the English Regions | 9,680 | 9,429 | 8,810 | 8,282 | 8,846 | 8,155 | 10,192 | 8,111 | 8,549 | 8,898 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

(1) The level of detail required for COFOG level 2 is not yet available in England. Health spending is therefore presented using HM Treasury's own sub-functional classification.



Sources, data quality and conventions

A.1 This annex outlines the main sources used in producing PESA and provides information on:

- data quality;
- our revisions policy;
- coverage of public bodies;
- the treatment of certain transactions;
- consistency with other publications; and
- the main conventions used throughout the publication.

The information in this annex applies to all in-year updates as well as to this publication.

Sources of data

Central government and public corporations data

A.2 Most expenditure data in PESA are taken directly from the Treasury's public expenditure database, known as the Online System for Central Accounting and Reporting (OSCAR). This system collects public spending data from central government departments and the devolved administrations. OSCAR is a reporting system rather than an accounting system and so contains aggregate spending information rather than any transactional detail.

A.3 Data entered onto OSCAR by departments and devolved administrations cover:

- their own expenditure;
- the expenditure of agencies and Arms Length Bodies (ALBs);
- support for local government and public corporations; and
- capital expenditure of the public corporations that they sponsor¹.

A.4 Departments and devolved administrations can maintain up to ten years of live data depending on the year of the latest Spending Review. For PESA 2018 departments maintained the years 2013-14 to 2019-20. This involves:

- updating values in the light of better or new information, ensuring final outturns are consistent with information in published audited accounts (normally available in the summer after the end of the financial year); and
- implementing classification changes across all live years to ensure data are consistent.

¹The departmental reporting requirements in relation to public corporations result from the fact that only PC capital expenditure is treated as spending in the National Accounts. The current spending (except debt interest paid to the private sector) is included in the calculation of the gross operating surplus, which scores on the revenue side of the account.

A.5 Data are extracted from OSCAR approximately one week prior to publication, with the following exception:

• the historical information that extends back beyond the live outturn years is maintained off-database.

Local government data

A.6 The Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) supplies data on local government housing benefit payments in all countries except Northern Ireland. All other data on local government spending in England are supplied by the Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government (MHCLG). The devolved administrations provide local government spending data for Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland.

National Accounts aggregates

A.7 The Office for National Statistics (ONS) supplies outturn numbers for the following National Accounts aggregates used in PESA:

- Total Managed Expenditure (TME);
- public sector current expenditure, gross investment and net investment;
- public sector, central and local government, and public corporations' depreciation;
- public sector, central and local government, and public corporations' debt interest;
- central government own expenditure (total, current and capital);
- local government expenditure (total, current, capital); and
- public corporations' expenditure (total, current and capital).

Two points worth noting are:

- the public sector or total expenditure on services (TES) aggregate used in PESA is a Treasury aggregate that broadly follows the National Accounts framework and so is mostly consistent with TME. **Annex E** provides a detailed definition of TES; and
- depreciation in budgets is a number sourced from departments consistent with their resource accounts. The depreciation numbers used in the National Accounts are derived by the ONS.

Classification of the Functions of Government (COFOG)

A.8 The Treasury assigns level 2 United Nations COFOG categories to departmental and local government data in consultation with departments and the devolved administrations. Where data streams cover more than one sub-functional category, departments are asked to change their reporting (if at all possible) so that spending on each sub-function is recorded separately. We do not ask departments to make changes where the amounts involved would be less than £10m.

A.9 All departments and the devolved administrations are reporting data against COFOG level 2, with two notable exceptions. Both the Department of Health and Social Care and the Welsh Government are currently unable to report the health function on this basis as the NHS for these bodies is neither financed nor organised along the lines of COFOG level 2. The health sub-functional analysis is therefore presented against Treasury defined sub-functions.

Data quality

A.10 Departments (including agencies and ALBs) and devolved administrations aim to produce good quality data for internal management and control, as well as for external reporting via audited accounts. They also seek to ensure that the data they feed into OSCAR are of high quality. Several outputs directly relevant to Whitehall departments' operations and reporting are derived from OSCAR, including Supply Estimates and tables published in Departmental Reports.

A.11 While Whitehall departments have clear incentives to ensure accurate data is reported on OSCAR, a number of factors can adversely affect data quality:

- complexity of the public expenditure system: data needs to be coded so that a wide range
 of outputs can be produced against a number of frameworks. Some data will be miscoded;
- although comprehensive guidance is made available, those recording data sometimes need to apply judgement to determine the right coding. Views on the right judgement to make may differ;
- while the budget-based numbers in PESA (for example in **Chapter 1**) are key control totals
 for departments and devolved administrations that are closely monitored, some of the
 economic category and sub-functional analyses do not appear in departmental outputs so
 may be less robust. The devolved administrations do not draw outputs directly from the
 Treasury's database; and
- the need to keep compliance costs down means that some data disaggregation is not justifiable.

A.12 The Department for Education (DfE) continue to make efforts to improve the data underlying their budgetary aggregates. This includes expenditure listed by function (chapters 4 and 5) and on local government grants (chapter 7). While DfE and HMT have engaged in quality assurance on these data, due to the number of academies continuing to move between the local government and central government sectors further work is needed to provide consistent information across outturn and plans years. A programme of work at DfE and with academies is in place to further develop this data and improvements will be made in future editions of PESA.

A.13 The aim of PESA is to provide a broad picture of where public expenditure goes. As a general rule, the more detailed the presentation, the less accurate the attribution to lower level categories. Small differences in numbers should not be taken as significant. We present many figures to the nearest £1m to prevent users from introducing rounding errors.

Revisions policy

A.14 The data in all PESA tables are open for revision to ensure that the latest data are published. Long-run data are published on a consistent classification basis, as far back as possible. The main data updates that will be included through the year are as follows:

- May updated outturn for central government departments;
- July Public Spending Statistics (PSS) comprising provisional outturn for central government (Whitehall) departments and PESA including revised spending plans consistent with the Budget;
- November final outturn for central government (Whitehall) departments and provisional outturn for local government updated Country and Regional Analysis (CRA); and
- February final outturn for local government and Devolved Administrations.

A.15 Further information on significant revisions since PESA 2017 is provided in chapter text.

A.16 Where we discover errors after the production of PESA 2018 we will take the following action:

- minor errors will be corrected at the next National Statistics update or the next edition of PESA; and
- larger errors will lead to the publication of revised tables on the Treasury's website together with an explanatory note.

Coverage of public bodies

A.17 PESA generally aims to include the expenditure of all bodies classified to the public sector by the Office for National Statistics (ONS). However, when new public bodies are set up, or when bodies are reclassified to, or within, the public sector, there may be a delay before data are recorded in a way that allows their inclusion in PESA. The following explains where the PESA 2018 treatment differs from the ONS classification:

- The **Financial Services Compensation Scheme (FSCS)** and the **Financial Conduct Authority (FCA)** are classified by the ONS to the public sector but are not currently incorporated within the budgeting framework. While the spending of these bodies is not included within PESA, the Treasury loans to the FSCS are shown as payments to the private sector to reflect their ultimate destination:
- Banks classified to the public sector by the ONS (Northern Rock, Bradford & Bingley,
 Dunfermline, Royal Bank of Scotland and Lloyds Banking Group) are treated in PESA
 as part of the private sector. More detail on the treatment of this support in the budgeting
 and expenditure on services frameworks is set out in Chapters 2 and 5 respectively.

Treatment of certain transactions in PESA

The Private Finance Initiative

A.18 The private finance initiative (PFI) is a means of procuring capital-intensive services. Instead of the public sector being responsible, for example, for building and maintaining a school building, the public sector contracts with the private sector for the provision of serviced school premises. The government entity that is purchasing services pays a single unitary charge to the PFI provider for as long as the services are provided to the required standard.

A.19 PFI deals may be on or off the Government's balance sheet depending upon where the balance of risks in the project lies. For the period that this publication covers, independent public sector auditors take the balance sheet decision based on GAAP principles, and this decision is also normally used by the ONS for the National Accounts. If the project is on the Government's balance sheet, the capital expenditure is treated as part of public sector capital expenditure. If the project is off the Government's balance sheet, then the capital expenditure is considered to be undertaken by the private sector, with the unitary charge adding to public sector current expenditure.

A.20 For on-balance sheet projects, PESA includes:

- the capital expenditure imputed to the public sector;
- the service and debt interest elements of the unitary charge; and
- the depreciation on the imputed asset.

A.21 For off-balance sheet projects, where the asset economically as well as legally belongs to the private sector, PESA includes the whole general government payment of unitary charges as payments for services.

Financial sector interventions

A.22 In December 2009 the ONS created an alternative measure of Public Sector Net Borrowing (PSNBex). This treated the classification of banks to the public sector (Northern Rock, Bradford & Bingley, Dunfermline, Lloyds Banking Group and Royal Bank of Scotland) as temporary, reflecting the Government's intention to return these banks to the private sector. As a result, these institutions are treated as if they are outside the public sector.

A.23 In the budgeting tables, the support still scores within the HM Treasury Annually Managed Expenditure (AME) budget. All support to financial sector institutions is central government own spending.

A.24 The expenditure on services tables reflects the impact of this support on public spending in the National Accounts, i.e. on Total Managed Expenditure within PSNBex. The only transactions that are treated as spending within this measure are:

- the element of the share purchase that the ONS have classified as a capital grant;
- the element of depositor compensation over and above their statutory entitlements; and
- fees received from underwriting commission and credit guarantee scheme income.

A.25 Other transactions do not generally have an impact on Total Managed Expenditure, nor therefore on the expenditure on services tables, because:

- they take the form of financial transactions, such as loans or share purchases, which do not constitute spending (as one asset is exchanged for another); or
- they are offset by recoveries imputed in the National Accounts, such as for liabilities borne by the FSCS.

Consistency with other publications

Previous editions of PESA

A.26 Data in previous editions of PESA may not be directly consistent with PESA 2018 due to changes in data coverage and classification changes. Details of the main budgetary classification changes are shown in **Annex C**. Readers are therefore strongly advised against simply splicing together data in different editions of PESA. The summary analysis in **Chapter 4** incorporates historical data adjusted to current definitions in order to show trends over a longer period.

Public Sector Finance Statistics

A.27 Total Managed Expenditure (TME) and its sectoral components are consistent with the joint ONS/Treasury Public Sector Finance Statistics monthly release published on 21 June 2018.

Conventions

Rounding

A.28 The figures in this publication are generally shown to the nearest £1 million.

A.29 In all chapters dashes in the tables show that there are no data, while zeros show that there are data that round to 0.

A.30 Figures in tables may not sum due to rounding.

Real terms figures

A.31 A number of the tables in this publication give figures in real terms or as a percentage of GDP. Real terms figures are the current price outturns or plans adjusted to a constant price level by excluding the effect of general inflation as measured by the GDP deflator at market prices. The real terms figures in this publication are given in 2017-18 prices. The GDP data used in this publication are those given in **Annex F.**

Use of accruals data in tables

A.32 All data are presented on an accruals basis except in the long run tables covering years before 1998-99 (which contain some cash data).

B

Departmental Groups

- **B.1** A number of tables in this publication present analyses by department. Rather than showing figures for all individual government departments separately, departments are grouped together. These groupings are set out below.
- **B.2** This presentation is consistent with Spending Review 2015 and Autumn Budget 2017 documents.

| Title | Departments included |
|--|--|
| Defence | Ministry of Defence |
| Single Intelligence Account | Single Intelligence Account |
| Home Office | Home Office |
| Foreign and Commonwealth Office | Foreign and Commonwealth Office |
| International Development | Department for International Development |
| Health and Social Care | Department of Health and Social Care (inc NHS) |
| Work and Pensions | Department for Work and Pensions |
| Education | Department for Education Office of Qualifications and Examinations Regulation (Ofqual) |
| Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | Department for Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy |
| Transport | Department for Transport |
| Exiting the European Union | Department for Exiting the European Union |
| Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | Department for Digital, Culture, Media and Sport |
| MHCLG - Housing and Communities | Housing and Communities part of Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government |
| MHCLG - Local Government | Local Government part of Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government (mainly grants to English local authorities and the Greater London Authority) |
| Scotland | Scottish Government |
| Wales | Welsh Assembly Government |
| Northern Ireland | Northern Ireland Executive |
| Justice | Ministry of Justice |
| Law Officers' Departments | The Crown Prosecution Service Serious Fraud Office HM Procurator General and Treasury Solicitor |
| Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs |
| HM Revenue and Customs | HM Revenue and Customs |
| HM Treasury | HM Treasury |
| Cabinet Office | Cabinet Office |
| International Trade | Department for International Trade |

| Departments included |
|--|
| Charity Commission |
| Competition and Markets Authority |
| Electoral Commission |
| Export Credits Guarantee Department |
| Food Standards Agency |
| Government Actuary's Department |
| House of Commons |
| House of Lords |
| Independent Parliamentary Standards Authority |
| Local Government Boundary Commission for England |
| National Audit Office |
| National Savings and Investment |
| Northern Ireland Office |
| Office for Standards in Education, Children's Services and Skills. |
| Office of Gas and Electricity Markets |
| Office of Rail and Road |
| Office of the Parliamentary Commissioner for Administration and Health |
| Service Commissioners for England |
| Scotland Office and Office of the Advocate General |
| Statistics Board |
| The National Archives |
| United Kingdom Supreme Court |
| Wales Office |
| Water Services Regulatory Authority |
| |

Public expenditure budgeting and control aggregates

- **C.1** This annex describes the budgeting and control regime under the current resource budgeting framework that was first introduced for the 2002 Spending Review (full resource budgeting) and that has been modified since then.
- **C.2** Departments have separate resource and capital budgets. These are split into Departmental Expenditure Limits (DEL) and departmental Annually Managed Expenditure (AME). Within DEL there are separate control totals for capital and resource DEL budgets; and within resource DEL there is a further control total for administration budgets and a ring-fence for depreciation. In addition to departmental AME, other AME covers spending that is not tied to a departmental budget. DEL plus AME, including accounting adjustments, sum to Total Managed Expenditure (TME), an aggregate that is drawn from National Accounts.

Resource budgeting

- **C.3** In 2003-04 the Government completed its staged move to a full resource basis for financial reporting and control. Since this point, budgets have been set and monitored in resource terms, as described below.
- **C.4** There are separate departmental budgets for resource (i.e. current) and capital expenditure. These are also laid out in more detail below.

Resource budget

- **C.5** The **resource budget** controls the current expenditure of a department and largely follows the contents of resource accounts. Resource accounts are prepared in accordance with the Government Financial Reporting Manual, which follows International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) with such adaptations as are necessary for the public sector.
- **C.6 Resource budgets** measure expenditure when it accrues rather than when the cash is spent. They do not include, as an in-year cost, prepayments for goods and services not consumed in that year but they will include resources consumed but paid for in later years or where pre-financed in earlier periods. Stock consumption scores in the resource budget while spending on adding to stocks does not. They include non-cash costs such as movements in provisions and charges for bad debts. Resource budgets record the cost of lending to students on the basis of an assessment of the subsidy implied in the low interest rate charged and the bad debt provision that is required. The annual resource cost to departments of the assets they use to deliver services is also included in resource budgets. This cost is in the form of charges for capital consumed in that year (depreciation).
- **C.7** The resource (DEL) budget includes all administration costs of central government departments such as pay and employer pension contributions or superannuation charges paid to unfunded public service pensions schemes. It also includes most of departments' other purchases of services. It includes current grants and subsidies paid to the private sector.

- **C.8** The resource budgets for the Department for International Development (DfID) and the Foreign and Commonwealth Office (FCO) include an attributed share of the EU's expenditure on overseas aid and the Common Foreign and Security Policy.
- **C.9 Arms Length Bodies** resource and capital budgets include the expenditure of most arms length bodies (ALBs) classified to the central government sector.
- **C.10 Public Corporations** are budgeted for on an external finance basis. Resource budgets include subsidies paid to, and dividends and interest received from, all public corporations sponsored by a department. Capital grants, lending to public corporations, and private sector borrowing by public corporations are in the capital budget.
- **C.11 Central government support for local government** the resource budget scores current grants to local government. Capital support scores in capital budgets. More information on local government is in **Chapter 7**.

Capital budget

- **C.12 Capital budgets** include expenditure on fixed capital assets, capital grants and the acquisition of certain financial assets acquired or sold for policy reasons. Capital budgets include capital expenditure financed by finance leases and on balance sheet Private Finance Initiative transactions. Capital budgets are set net of the sale value of receipts from the sale of capital assets.
- **C.13** In resource accounts proceeds from sales of assets are split between the book value and any profit/loss on disposal. Receipts relating to the book value are recorded in capital budgets. The profit/loss on disposal is recorded in the resource budget.
- **C.14** Capital budgets generally include loans on a net basis, i.e. new loans issued *less* repayments of loan principal. Large (over £20m) prepayments and debtors score in capital budgets if they last more than 12 months.
- **C.15 Central government support for local government** current grants score in resource budgets. Capital grants (also called Supported Capital Expenditure (Capital) in England and Wales) score in capital budgets. Capital budgets also include amounts for local authority borrowing where central government has agreed to fund the resultant loan charges. These credit approvals are known as Supported Capital Expenditure (Revenue) in England and Wales, and supported borrowing in Scotland. More information on local government is in **Chapter 7**.

Resource and capital budgets – summary table

C.16 This table summarises the main standard contents of resource and capital budgets:

| | Resource budget | Capital budget | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Department's own transactions | Pay, current purchases, grants to individuals, subsidies Depreciation and impairments on the department's assets | Expenditure on new fixed assets Less book value sale proceeds of fixed | | | |
| | Take-up of provisions, movement in value of provisions and utilisation of provisions | assets Net lending to the private sector | | | |
| | Bad debts | Investment grants to the private sector | | | |
| | Loss on sale of fixed assets | | | | |
| | Less income from sales of goods and services | | | | |
| | Less release of provisions | | | | |
| | Less profit on sale of fixed assets | | | | |
| ALB transactions | As the department | As the department | | | |
| Local government | Current grants to local government | Capital grants to local government Credit approvals | | | |
| Public corporations on an | Subsidies paid to public corporations | Investment grants paid to public | | | |
| external finance basis | Less interest and dividends received from public corporations | corporations | | | |
| | | Net lending to public corporations (including equity withdrawals from public corporations) | | | |
| | | Public corporations' market and overseas borrowing | | | |

Departmental Expenditure Limits

- **C.17** Around half of public expenditure (TME) by value is in DEL. But because AME includes a small number of large programmes, by far the majority of public expenditure programmes are in DEL. The main programmes in AME are set out later in this section.
- **C.18** DELs are set for three or four years in a Spending Review. They represent firm plans for departmental spending that may only be increased in exceptional circumstances with the Treasury's agreement through a claim on the DEL Reserve. Departments may carry forward some unspent DEL from one year to the next with the agreement of Treasury under the system of Budget Exchange.
- **C.19** DEL is net of certain receipts, mainly from sales of goods and services, asset sales, dividends, interest, rent of land and income from the European Union. It is also net of certain taxes, levies and fines where exceptionally the Chief Secretary to the Treasury has given specific agreement for a department to retain them in their DEL.
- **C.20** DEL includes a Reserve to meet unexpected needs. When sums are allocated from the Reserve, individual departments' DELs are increased and the Reserve line reduced by the same amount.
- **C.21 Public corporations** most transactions in respect of public corporations score in DEL but those in respect of self-financing public corporations score in departmental AME (except where they receive grants and subsidies, which would score in DEL).
- **C.22 Total DEL** is not a control total but a standard way of presenting the sum of current and capital spending in DEL. Total DEL is defined as resource DEL excluding depreciation *plus* capital DEL. Depreciation here includes impairments (including Student Loan provisions) and the release of the donated assets and government grant reserves.

Annually Managed Expenditure

C.23 The following text describes the components of AME, which for the purposes of PESA is divided into departmental AME and other AME. The items in bold correspond to the row names of **Table 1.1**.

Departmental Annually Managed Expenditure

C.24 Departmental AME programmes are set out in departmental reports. A programme is included in AME if it cannot reasonably be subject to firm three-year limits as for DEL. Typically this is where the programme expenditure is demand-led, volatile, and large in relation to the size of the department. But those are neither necessary nor sufficient conditions for inclusion in AME. Discretionary new spending programmes are always in DEL except where a special case can be made to demonstrate that treatment as AME is likely to deliver better control of expenditure.

C.25 The main programmes in departmental AME are:

- social security benefits;
- tax credits for individuals;
- net lending to students;
- BBC domestic services;
- net public service pensions; and
- expenditure financed by the proceeds of the national lottery.

C.26 Social security benefits – includes payments of social security and National Insurance benefits by the Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) and the DSS (Northern Ireland). It includes central government support for certain social security benefits paid by local government, such as Housing Benefit. It includes payments by DWP to the BBC in respect of free television licences for the over-75s.

C.27 Tax credits – Until PESA 2011 tax credits in HMRC's AME did not include negative tax (i.e. where the amount paid is less than or equal to the tax liability of the household). In this PESA all tax credits are included in departmental AME, increasing departmental AME by approximately £5bn to £6bn per year. This aligns to the way tax credits appear in resource accounts.

C.28 Student loans – the transactions of loan principal score in capital departmental AME while resource departmental AME contains interest receivable and certain non-cash transactions. Resource DEL scores the changes in the impairment recognised by the issuing departments in their resource accounts.

C.29 BBC domestic services – the expenditure of the BBC on domestic broadcasting scores in departmental AME. Certain trading operations of the BBC are treated as self-financing public corporations in AME.

C.30 Net public service pensions – this line scores the majority of the operating costs, net of income, for the main public service unfunded pension schemes. Operating costs are measured under International Accounting Standard 19 (IAS 19) as amended for the public sector. The main schemes are those for NHS staff, the civil service, teachers and the armed forces. This line comprises an assessment of the increase in the liability relating to current employees *less* relevant receipts. It does not include an amount for the unwinding of the discount rate, which is shown as part of the non-cash items in AME.

- **C.31** All the major unfunded pension schemes follow IAS 19 to report any increase (or decrease) in liabilities accrued in the period. In broad terms, there is a charge (or benefit) shown in this row equal to the gross increase in the provision that impacts on the operating statement of the scheme (excluding the unwinding of the discount rate) *less* pension contributions receivable from employers and employees, and less other income.
- **C.32** Note that there may be several reasons for a difference in the level of contributions and the IAS 19 charge. In particular, calculations of contributions and of the IAS 19 charge use different discount rates and different actuarial methodologies. In addition, contribution rates are revised only every three or four years, after full actuarial valuations, so the contribution rate is set to reflect previous over- and under-assessment of contributions due to scheme-specific experience on issues such as pay and demography.
- **C.33** Cash payments of members' continuing pensions, lump sums, spouses' benefits and similar payments, and bulk and individual transfers out, are all normally charged directly to the pension provision shown on the balance sheet. This means that they do not impact on the cost of the scheme as measured in this line, because the obligation to pay the pension had been recognised as adding to liabilities by an increase in the pension provision when the right to the pension accrued. However, if any cash payment is made that is not covered by a previously recognised liability then that payment would score in this AME line.
- **C.34** Relevant receipts include employers' contributions (including accruing superannuation liability charges such as those paid by departments to the Principal Civil Service Pension Scheme), employees' contributions for ordinary pensions (including widows'/widowers' pensions) and for added years, and receipts of bulk and individual transfers in.
- **C.35** This line does not reflect changes to the pension provision on the balance sheet resulting from changes in the actuarial assumptions made about the future (for example life expectancy, pay growth, inflation etc). Such changes result in the cost of providing already accrued pensions being higher (or lower) than previously thought. So if, for example, pensioners are living longer than previously thought then the overall liability of a scheme will rise. The effects of these changes are shown in a separate statement (Statement of Recognised Gains and Losses) in the pension schemes' resource accounts and do not score in budgets.
- **C.36** For simplicity, and because of the immateriality of the amounts, some small unfunded schemes may report the difference between the cash paid out during the year and any contributions received.
- **C.37** Note that this line does not cover:
- pension schemes with a real pensions fund, such as local government and most public corporations' pension schemes;
- the schemes for police officers and fire-fighters, which although unfunded are run by local government, and whose costs are therefore in local government expenditure; and
- pensions of some ALBs and other offices in the central government sector which operate their own pay-as-you-go pensions schemes and which are in DEL, generally on an IAS 19 basis.
- **C.38** Future payments of pensions are discounted in order to obtain the value of the liability in today's terms. Each year, future payments come a year closer and so the effects of discounting are reduced. That unwinding of the discount rate is a cost that is recognised in the accounts. In budgets, the amount for the unwinding of the discount rate on the liability is part of the **non-cash items** row.

C.39 The amount for the unwinding of the discount rate can be seen as loosely equivalent to the amount of interest the government would have had to pay if the schemes had been funded, and is sometimes referred to as interest on scheme liabilities (note that the discount rate is set in accordance with IFRS principles as endorsed by the Financial Reporting Advisory Board and is not automatically a gilt rate). So this item reflects the fact that the schemes are unfunded. Showing this item in the non-cash items row separates out the costs that the government bears as employer from guaranteeing the schemes (which are the costs in the net public service pensions row) from the notional costs that result because the schemes are unfunded.

C.40 The cost of pension schemes as measured on an IFRS basis does not impact directly on TME or the other fiscal aggregates. **Annex D** explains how the IFRS measures for the main public service pension schemes in departmental AME can be reconciled to their impact on TME, and this is shown in detail in **Table D.1**.

C.41 The overall change over the year in the schemes' balance sheet pensions liability measured on an IFRS basis is normally given by:

- current service cost and other pension costs (e.g. liabilities transferred in);
- plus unwinding of the discount rate;
- less pensions paid out;
- plus or less changes in actuarial assumptions and other balance sheet adjustments.

C.42 With the exception of the last item, which is not an expenditure or budget item, figures for the components listed above are shown in **Table D.1**.

C.43 Expenditure on services includes the cost of public service pensions on a TME basis in the social protection function.

C.44 National Lottery – expenditure on good causes funded from the proceeds of the National Lottery is in this line. The Big Lottery Fund was officially established by Parliament on 1 December 2006 and at the same time assumed the residual responsibilities of the dissolved National Lottery Charities Board (Community Fund), the New Opportunities Fund and the Millennium Commission. The Big Lottery Fund rolls out grants to health, education, environment and charitable causes across the UK.

C.45 Non-cash items include:

- large, demand-led non-cash items that could not reasonably be included in DEL budgets, such as provisions for nuclear decommissioning liabilities and the increase in the liability of public service pensions schemes due to the unwinding of the discount rate; and
- non-cash items in respect of departmental AME programmes.

C.46 Financial sector interventions – includes all transactions that relate to the support provided by the Treasury to financial institutions since 2008-09. The underlying components are set out in **Box 2.A** in **Chapter 2**.

C.47 Other departmental expenditure includes:

- transactions in respect of Self-Financing Public Corporations;
- Export Credits Guarantee Department (part);
- expenditure on tax credits for companies (research and development for Small and Medium Enterprises, contaminated land clearance) and charities calculated on an OECD basis, which reflects payments in excess of tax liability;

- HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC) payments in respect of Child Trust Funds;
- rates paid on behalf of embassies, net of beneficial portion receipts;
- Housing Subsidy in England and Wales, and Housing Support Grant in Scotland;
- Redundancy Payments Scheme;
- coal health liabilities;
- adjustments to prior years' National Non-Domestic Rates (NNDR) collection;
- support to local government in respect of police officers' and fire-fighters' pension schemes;
- debt repayment grants to local authorities;
- · expenditure of certain levy-funded bodies; and
- acceptances of artworks in lieu of Inheritance Tax.

Other Annually Managed Expenditure

C.48 Locally Financed Expenditure (LFE) – this line comprises the following items:

- Local Authority Self-Financed Expenditure (LASFE) in the UK;
- expenditure financed from the product of the Scottish Non-Domestic Rates;
- expenditure financed from the product of the Welsh Non-Domestic Rates and
- central government expenditure financed from the product of Northern Ireland Regional Rates (NIRR) and from borrowing from the National Loans Fund under the Re-investment & Reform Initiative (RRI).
- **C.49** LASFE is that part of total local authority expenditure not met by central government support. Its largest single financing component is the product of the Council Tax. Other components include the surpluses of trading activities, interest receipts, unsupported borrowing and the use of reserves.
- **C.50** Northern Ireland Regional Rates (NIRR) are set by the central government in Northern Ireland and can be used to finance any public sector expenditure within Northern Ireland. By convention it is treated in PESA as locally financed central government expenditure. The product of NIRR is treated as a transfer from AME into DEL, so this means that DEL is set net of the product of the NIRR.
- **C.51** Expenditure financed by borrowing from the National Loans Fund under the RRI is shown under LFE because the loans will be serviced and repaid out of the product of the NIRR.
- **C.52 Net expenditure transfers to the European Union** Plans data from 2018-19 onwards are taken directly from the OBR's March 2018 Forecast. The OBR will revise their forecast in Autumn Budget 2018. Transactions with the institutions of the European Union are shown in **Table C.1** and comprise the following concepts:
- net expenditure transfers to the European Union;
- net payments to EU institutions; and
- the net contribution to the EU budget.

C.53 The TME effect of EU membership is therefore given by:

- GNI-based contributions
- Plus VAT-based payments to the EU
- less the UK's abatement and
- less an amount in respect of the cost of collecting Traditional Own Resources.

Table C.1 Transactions with the institutions of the European Union, 2013-14 to 2019-20

| | | | | | | | £ million |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans (1) | plans (1) |
| GNI based contribution | 13,845 | 14,154 | 12,570 | 11,440 | 11,761 | 14,453 | 16,570 |
| UK abatement | -4,130 | -4,811 | -4,068 | -4,757 | -4,547 | -4,411 | -4,634 |
| VAT-based payments to the EU (2) | 2,163 | 2,316 | 2,751 | 2,477 | 2,974 | 3,112 | 3,176 |
| Net expenditure transfers to the EU | 11,879 | 11,658 | 11,253 | 9,160 | 10,188 | 13,154 | 15,112 |
| Receipts to cover collection costs in respect of collecting | | | | | | | |
| Traditional Own Resources (TOR ⁾⁽³⁾ | -733 | -743 | -771 | -357 | -698 | -689 | -678 |
| to give contribution to TME (2) | 11,146 | 10,915 | 10,482 | 8,803 | 9,490 | 12,465 | 14,434 |
| TOR ⁽³⁾ | 2,933 | 3,006 | 3,085 | 3,366 | 3,413 | 3,447 | 3,391 |
| Gross contribution to the EU budget | 14,079 | 13,921 | 13,567 | 12,169 | 12,903 | 15,912 | 17,824 |
| Public sector EU receipts (4) | -3,856 | -4,690 | -2,811 | -4,081 | -4,126 | -5,107 | -5,604 |
| Net contributions to the EU budget | 10,223 | 9,231 | 10,756 | 8,088 | 8,777 | 10,805 | 12,221 |
| less Other attributed costs ⁽⁵⁾ | 79 | - | = | - | - | _ | - |
| Net payments to EU institutions | 10,143 | 9,231 | 10,756 | 8,088 | 8,777 | 10,805 | 12,221 |

⁽¹⁾ In their forecast of the UK's contributions to the EU budget, the OBR have made no assumptions about the UK's exit from the EU, any future relationship the UK might have with the EU nor any financial implications of the UK leaving the EU. The OBR forecast has been run on a fiscally neutral basis and assumes that any EU contributions would be recycled into domestic spending from 2019-20. The assumptions underlying their forecasts for these years can be found in the OBR's March 2018 Economic and Fiscal Outlook.

C.54 Public Corporations' Own-Financed Capital Expenditure – this line comprises the capital expenditure of public corporations net of any capital grants or loans given by its parent department and net of public corporations' market and overseas borrowing where that scores to departmental budgets.

C.55 This line also includes the whole amount of capital expenditure of public corporations accountable to local government, whether own-financed or supported by local government: an accounting adjustment removes local government support to public corporations to avoid this spending being double counted.

C.56 Central government debt interest – this line includes interest paid to the private sector and overseas, but not interest paid to other parts of the public sector. The capital uplift on index-linked gilts is scored as interest at the time it accrues. This line includes the amortisation of discounts/premia on gilts at issue.

C.57 Accounting adjustments are described in **Annex D**.

Total Managed Expenditure

C.58 Total Managed Expenditure (TME) is an aggregate drawn from National Accounts. It covers the current and capital expenditure of the public sector, net of some receipts. It therefore includes expenditure of central and local government and also the capital expenditure of public corporations. TME excludes grants and interest payments between parts of the public sector (as it is a consolidated measure) as well as all financial transactions (such as lending). So TME is the expenditure side of the equation that gives public sector net borrowing, a measure of the fiscal stance.

⁽²⁾ VAT-based payments to the EU are included in the TME subtotal, reflecting changes in the European System of Accounts 2010.

⁽³⁾ TOR comprises customs duties (including those on agricultural products) and sugar levies.

⁽⁴⁾ Receipts are shown here on a cash basis. EU receipts in budgets are on an accruals basis.
(5) The UK's contribution to the cost of EU aid to states outside the EU is attributed to departmental budgets.

C.59 As in **Table 1.1**, TME can be shown to equal Total DEL + AME (including accounting adjustments).

C.60 In addition, TME may be expressed as the sum of:

- public sector current expenditure;
- public sector net investment; and
- public sector depreciation.

C.61 In this presentation, depreciation represents the amount of capital expenditure required to make good the depreciation of assets, and net investment represents the amount of capital expenditure that adds to the overall stock of assets.

Accounting adjustments in the budgeting presentation of TME

The need for accounting adjustments

- **D.1** The National Accounts, produced by the Office for National Statistics (ONS), follow international guidelines and provide a widely accepted framework for analysing the economic activity of the country. Total Managed Expenditure (TME) is an aggregate drawn from National Accounts that measures the sum of public sector current and capital spending.
- **D.2** Government departments budget and account for their spending in resource terms. From 2009-10 onwards this was based on International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and prior to that was based on UK's Generally Accepted Accounting Practice. Both accounting frameworks differ in a numbers of ways from National Accounts, which are based on the European System of Accounts 2010 (ESA10). The main difference is that ESA10, in the main, recognises liabilities and assets only when they crystallise.
- **D.3** As a consequence of this, a number of adjustments are needed to reconcile budgets to the component parts of TME these are known as accounting adjustments. **Table 1.1** shows resource DEL plus resource AME equalling public sector current expenditure, and capital DEL plus capital AME equalling public sector gross investment. Public sector current expenditure (PSCE) plus public sector gross investment (PSGI) then equals TME. In this presentation the AME totals include the accounting adjustments.
- **D.4** The accounting adjustments are shown separately for resource and capital in **Table 1.14**, the former shows the breakdown of those adjustments necessary to reconcile to PSCE and the latter those adjustments necessary to reconcile to PSGI. In each table the accounting adjustments are broken down into three categories;
 - a. data that are removed from budgets because the National Accounts uses a different data source;
 - b. data that are removed from budgets because they are not part of spending as defined by the National Accounts; and
 - c. accounting adjustments that are made to budgets to move them to a basis and economic categorisation consistent with spending as defined by the National Accounts.
- **D.5** The accounting adjustments in the first two categories above are shown separately according to whether they are in DEL or AME. The main accounting adjustments within the third category are shown separately for the Central Government and Local Government sectors arranged by the economic categories within TME. The section below goes through the main adjustments giving a description of the nature of the adjustment and the reason that it needs to be made. For each economic category there are a large number of smaller adjustments that are not shown separately the total for these is in the 'other' category. These adjustments include the part of the timing adjustments published at the bottom of **Table 1.14** that is applicable to each economic category and a number of less significant accounting adjustments, including those that switch misreported data on OSCAR between economic categories.

List of the accounting adjustments in Table 1.14

Resource Accounting Adjustments

Remove data in budgets which form part of public sector current expenditure but where a different source is used for National Accounts

Capital consumption and NHS capital consumption

D.6 These items are removed from both DEL and AME because, as is common international practice, estimates of capital consumption in the National Accounts are produced using a Perpetual Inventory Model (PIM) rather than the data reported by departments as part of their budgets.

Interest

D.7 This item is removed from both DEL and AME as the ONS sources its Central Government interest transaction from a variety of sources with none being the data in budgets reported by departments. In **Table 1.1** Gross Debt Interest is shown separately from accounting adjustments under other AME. This is far larger than the interest items deducted from budgets as it includes the interest the Debt Management Office pays on its Gilts as well as interest paid by departments.

Subsidy element of renewable obligation certificates and other environmental levies

D.8 Where there is a compulsory and unrequited payment imposed by Government, even if the payment is not to a public sector body, National Accounts sometimes require the payment to be imputed in the public finances as offsetting taxation and subsidy spending. This is the case with renewable obligation certificates (ROCs), where companies not meeting their renewable obligations have to purchase ROCs from companies who have exceeded their obligations. The Department for Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy (BEIS) have already included estimates in their AME forecast for the subsidy elements, however ONS and the Office for Budget Responsibility (OBR) are currently using a different source for their estimates of the value of this subsidy so the BEIS estimates are removed from AME. This also applies for other environmental levies such as Feed-in Tariffs and the Renewable Heat Initiative so these are also removed.

Other

D.9 The items deducted from both DEL and AME under this category include dividends and rent. In both cases ONS use sources other than the data reported by departments as part of their budgets.

Adjustment for different data used by OBR in PSCE forecast

D.10 The forecast data for departments' DEL and AME budgets for 2018-19 and 2019-20 used in this publication are taken from the data submitted by departments on OSCAR. The OBR used OSCAR data consistent with PESA 2017 as a starting point for their forecast in the March 2018 Economic and Fiscal Outlook (EFO). These adjustments are to reconcile the data used by the OBR in their forecast with that in PESA. For AME, the OBR used the forecasts provided to them by departments, which should also have been reflected on OSCAR. For DEL the OBR used plans from PESA 2017 adjusted to reflect policy announcements made during the year. For 2018-19 and 2019-20, the OBR also included an estimate of the expected level of underspending by departments.

Remove data in budgets which do not form part of public sector current expenditure Impairments

D.11 Impairments as defined in budgets, in both DEL and AME, can result from a number of factors which do not affect PSCE as defined in the National Accounts. Examples of these are impairments resulting from the revaluation of assets or from unexpected losses which are treated as balance sheet movements only in National Accounts. Impairments from wear and tear in the course of normal business are treated as part of PSCE capital consumption in the National Accounts and are accounted for as part of the PIM discussed in D.6 above. As a result all impairments as reported in budgets by departments are removed from both DEL and AME as they do not form part of public expenditure.

Fees, levies and charges, receipts treated as negative DEL but revenue in National Accounts, and miscellaneous current transfers

D.12 Some receipts included under these categories benefit resource budgets, in both DEL and AME, even where they are included on the revenue side of the National Accounts. The deduction of such receipts in budgets needs to be reversed in the calculation of TME.

D.13 The central government receipts that are removed in the adjustment are:

- certain taxes collected, including licences issued by the utility regulators;
- certain fines;
- current donations;
- current compensation;
- rent of land; and
- dividends and interest from the private sector and overseas.

Change in pension scheme liabilities, unwinding of discount rate on pension scheme liabilities and release of provisions covering payments of pension benefits.

D.14 Pension costs are measured differently in resource accounts (and predominantly AME budgets) and National Accounts due to the different way these frameworks deal with provision liabilities.

D.15 In the National Accounts, the following transactions are included within TME:

- payments to pensioners, surviving spouses etc and transfers out to other schemes;
- less receipts of contributions by employees and employers, and transfers in from other schemes.

D.16 In resource accounts a provision liability is recognised on the balance sheet equal to the net present value of the expected future cash benefits to be paid. Broadly speaking, changes in this liability impact on the operating cost statement. The net public service pensions line in departmental AME presents expenditure on this basis. The line consists of the following:

- the gross change in the liability that scores in the operating statement of the schemes;
- plus payments of pensions or transfers out that are not covered by a previously recognised liability;
- less receipts of contributions by employees and employers, and transfers in from other schemes.

D.17 The unwinding of the discount rate that is applied to the future cash flows is also a cost in the operating statement in accounts. This cost is recorded separately in the non-cash items in departmental AME. **See Annex C** for further details.

D.18 Table D.1 reconciles pensions expenditure as presented in **Table 1.1**, in resource accounts and in TME. So the table presents:

- the three main contributions to the net public service pensions line in **Table 1.1** (as in D.17 above);
- the pensions element of the non-cash items line in **Table 1.1** (i.e. the unwinding of the discount on the liability);
- the sum of these elements, which is the contribution of pension schemes to departmental AME;
- the accounting adjustments required to reach the contribution to TME (see D.20 below);
 and
- the contribution of the main public service pensions schemes to TME.

D.19 The adjustments are as follows:

- remove changes in liabilities scored in the net public service pensions line;
- remove changes in liabilities arising from the unwinding of the discount rate that are scored in the non-cash items line in AME; and
- add cash payments to pensioners, surviving spouses etc and transfers out to other schemes.

Table D.1 Pay as you go public service pensions schemes in AME and in TME, 2013-14 to 2019-20

| and the say as you go painted | | | | | • | | £ million |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 |
| | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | outturn | plans | plans |
| Departmental AME (GAAP basis) | | | | | | | |
| Change in liability | 29,087 | 34,769 | 37,596 | 36,245 | 53,592 | 54,437 | 50,869 |
| Contributions received* | -23,313 | -24,676 | -25,934 | -26,802 | -27,417 | -27,596 | -27,814 |
| Cash payments in OCS not covered by release of | | | | | | | |
| provision* | 13 | 95 | 168 | 81 | 164 | 188 | 168 |
| Net public service pensions (GAAP basis) (1) | 5,787 | 10,188 | 11,830 | 9,524 | 26,340 | 27,030 | 23,223 |
| Unwinding of discount rate | | | | | | | |
| (= contribution to non-cash items) | 37,991 | 46,255 | 42,882 | 42,002 | 42,648 | 40,114 | 42,849 |
| Total Departmental AME (GAAP basis) | 43,778 | 56,443 | 54,712 | 51,526 | 68,988 | 67,143 | 66,071 |
| Accounting adjustments | | | | | | | |
| Remove change in liability | -29,087 | -34,769 | -37,596 | -36,245 | -53,592 | -54,437 | -50,869 |
| Remove increased liability due to unwinding of | | | | | | | |
| discount rate | -37,991 | -46,255 | -42,882 | -42,002 | -42,648 | -40,114 | -42,849 |
| Add pensions in payment covered by release of | | | | | | | |
| provision*+ | 32,246 | 34,222 | 35,327 | 35,533 | 36,492 | 38,699 | 40,358 |
| Accounting adjustments (Pensions) | -34,831 | -46,802 | -45,150 | -42,714 | -59,748 | -55,852 | -53,359 |
| Contribution to TME (National Accounts | | | | | | | |
| basis) | 8,947 | 9,641 | 9,561 | 8,812 | 9,240 | 11,292 | 12,712 |
| of which: | | | | | | | |
| Pensions in payment* | 32,260 | 34,318 | 35,496 | 35,614 | 36,656 | 38,887 | 40,526 |
| Contributions received* | -23,313 | -24,676 | -25,934 | -26,802 | -27,417 | -27,596 | -27,814 |

 $[\]ensuremath{^*}$ Includes bulk and individual transfers, including transfers of liabilities within government.

 $^{^{\}scriptscriptstyle +}$ offsets change in gross liability.

⁽¹⁾ The change from 2017-18 is due to the reduction in the "discount rate net of CPI" used to measure the costs of public service pensions accruing over the year on an accounting basis.

Grant equivalent element of student lending

D.20 In budgets this is the provision that represents the net present value of the interest support element of student loans that scores in DEL and AME as the loans are issued. In the National Accounts the impact on the current balance is determined by the difference between interest payments made on government debt and interest income receivable from students. These values therefore need to be removed from DEL and AME as an accounting adjustment.

Stock write-offs

D.21 In budgets the write-off of stocks covers items such as military expenditure and medical stocks that are treated as being consumed at the point of purchase in National Accounts. This adjustment therefore removes the value of these stocks from DEL.

Northern Ireland Executive transfers between DEL and AME

D.22 As explained in Annex C, expenditure financed by Northern Ireland Rates is treated as a transfer from AME into DEL and by convention treated as part of locally financed expenditure in **Table 1.1**. This is removed from DEL and added back in the section which removes data from Local Government expenditure.

Profit or loss – sale of company securities

D.23 Departmental resource DEL and AME budgets include the profit or loss on the sale of company securities. These are removed as an adjustment as they are scored as financial transactions in the National Accounts.

Profit or loss - sale of other assets

D.24 Departmental resource DEL and AME budgets include the profit or loss on sales of tangible and intangible fixed assets. In the National Accounts, these are treated as capital transactions rather than resource transactions and so this adjustment is necessary to remove them from PSCF.

Fee income treated as capital in National Accounts

D.25 The Government announced the intention to instigate the Asset Protection Scheme for Lloyds Banking Group (LBG) and RBS in February 2009. In December 2009, RBS signed the contract to participate in the scheme and LBG announced it would not take part in the scheme. The Government received an exit fee from LBG and a fee from RBS for the implicit guarantee provided between February and December 2009. These fees were treated as capital receipts in the National Accounts but as negative resource AME (receipts) in HM Treasury's budget. This adjustment removes the receipts from PSCE.

Imputed tax element of renewable obligation certificates and other environmental levies

D.26 As explained above, National Accounts requires payments of ROCs and other environmental levies to be imputed in the public finances as offsetting taxation and subsidy spending. BEIS have already included estimates in their AME forecast for the tax elements, however these are treated as part of receipts rather than spending in the National Accounts and so are removed in this adjustment.

Other

D.27 There are a number of other items that are removed from DEL and AME because they do not score as part of TME in the National Accounts. These include:

- notional audit fees, which are not scored in TME as no money flows;
- some other miscellaneous transactions that are scored in budgets but treated as financial transactions in the National Accounts; and
- some transfers between different parts of central government that are excluded from the National Accounts as they are within the same sector in the National Accounts.

Central Government Adjustments in the National Accounts

Expenditure on Goods and Services

VAT refunds

D.28 VAT is a tax that is paid by final consumers, i.e. government and households. Producers pay VAT on materials that they use in the course of production, but are able to claim those VAT payments back from HMRC. Producers then charge VAT on sales and pass these monies to HMRC. Where a public sector body is engaged in production and receives such a VAT refund, this refund would not add to TME, nor would it be included in their spending data, which is measured net of recoverable VAT. Therefore, in these cases no adjustment is needed to reconcile to TME.

D.29 However, some public sector bodies additionally receive refunds of VAT that they have paid in respect of contracted out services for non-business purposes, including the free-to-enter public museums. These VAT payments by general government bodies form part of the prices paid as a final consumer, and therefore form part of final government consumption within TME (as well as part of current receipts). However, departmental budgets, and other spending data, are net of all recoverable VAT. This adjustment therefore adds back VAT refunded to central government departments in respect of contracted out services for non-business purposes and VAT refunds to free public museums in respect of non-business activities.

EU tax collection costs

D.30 The UK receives a payment from the EU for collecting Traditional Own Resources (customs duties, agricultural and sugar levies) on behalf of the EU. This receipt (which is actually netted off the payment made to the EU) is treated as a government receipt and reduces TME. This income is recorded here.

Capital consumption

D.31 As explained above, departmental estimates for capital consumption are removed from both DEL and AME because, as is common international practice, estimates of capital consumption in the National Accounts are produced using a Perpetual Inventory Model (PIM). This adjustment adds in the PIM estimates.

Net Social Benefits

Switch between net social benefits and other current grants

D.32 When COINS, the predecessor of OSCAR, was first set up, departments misclassified net social payments as other current grants due to issues with the mapping of codes to the previous reporting systems. These misclassifications continue on a smaller scale today and this adjustment corrects this misclassification.

Public service pensions contribution up-rate

D.33 This adjustment accounts for the additional receipts from the increase in contribution rates from 2012-13 announced in the 2010 Spending Review. The receipts were included in the OBR forecast in the 2012 March EFO at a global level since details about how it will impact across pension schemes had not yet been announced.

Net Current Grants Abroad

DfID funding for capital projects scored in resource DEL

D.34 A proportion of the Department for International Development's (DFID) bilateral aid budget is deemed to be a capital grant to the rest of the world in the National Accounts, although all bilateral aid grants are shown in resource DEL budgets. This adjustment removes the part that is deemed to be capital spending so that it is not included in PSCE. This is not reflected in the forecast years as the composition of the DFID aid budget has changed.

EU receipts and EU funded expenditure

D.35 EU grant expenditure routed through government departments is treated in the National Accounts as a transaction between the EU and the end-recipient of the grant. Both the receipt from the EU and the spending funded by the EU are included in departments' DEL budgets. This adjustment therefore removes the receipt of the EU finance by departments, which is scored as part of their DEL budget. There are adjustments within the "other" category in Other Current Grants and in Subsidies that remove the spending.

Subsidies

Renewable obligation certificates and other environmental levies

D.36 As mentioned above, ROCs and some other environmental levies are treated as imputed subsidies (and tax) in the National Accounts. This adjustment adds in ONS's and OBR's valuation of the imputed subsidy (BEIS's OSCAR data having been removed in the first section of the table).

Company tax credits outside departmental AME

D.37 Currently ONS treat all company tax credits payments as part of TME. These include research and development tax credits, transitional relief to charities formerly entitled to receive tax credits on dividends, film tax credits and tax relief on clearing contaminated land. This adjustment adds the part of the payments of these tax credits that are not in HMRC's AME budget.

Local Government Adjustments in the National Accounts

D.38 As explained in Annex C, the contribution to AME from the Local Government sector is locally financed expenditure. This comprises the parts of local authority expenditure not met by central government support in the UK (known as LASFE), expenditure financed by Scottish NNDR, expenditure financed by Welsh NNDR and expenditure financed by Northern Ireland Regional Rates. LASFE is calculated as total Local Government expenditure, sourced from Local Government data (as outlined in Annex A), adjusted to a National Accounts basis, less CG support, based on data in Central Government departments' budgets. The accounting adjustments listed below are therefore the main adjustments to Local Government source data needed to transform it to a National Accounts basis and to reconcile Central and Local Government sources for PSCE.

Remove data which do not form part of public sector current expenditure

Retirement benefits

D.39 An adjustment is required here to remove items in the local government source data which do not reflect actual payments.

Debt interest payments to central government

D.40 Interest payments to central government are removed as they represent flows between two parts of the public sector and so do not score towards TME.

Adjustments to reconcile use of different data sources

Central government support

D.41 As mentioned above, the data for Central Government support used in the calculation of LASFE is based on data in Central Government departments' budgets and the total spending is from the Local Government sources. This adjustment is therefore necessary to reconcile Central Government and Local Government sources of information for current Central Government support. The data based on Central Government departments' budgets are the data deducted in the calculation of LASFE as these are felt to be more reliable and are available at a more detailed level for quality assurance.

Debt interest

D.42 This adjustment reconciles differences between the data source used for the calculation of debt interest payments to the private sector by Local Authorities in the National Accounts and that used in Local Government sources.

Expenditure on Goods and Services

VAT refunds

D.43 As mentioned in the section on Central Government adjustments to expenditure on goods and services above, public sector bodies, including Local Authorities, receive refunds of VAT that they have paid in respect of contracted out services for non-business purposes. Central government support in resource DEL (and AME) and current LASFE are measured net of these VAT refunds, but in TME the expenditure is recorded including the VAT paid and therefore an adjustment is made to add back these refunds.

Capital consumption

D.44 As also mentioned above, in the section on Central Government adjustments to expenditure on goods and services, estimates of capital consumption in the National Accounts are sourced from the ONS's PIM model. This adjustment adds in these estimates for the Local Government sector.

Rates

D.45 This deducts payments of National Non-domestic Rates (NNDR) paid by local government which are in locally financed expenditure but do not form part of TME.

Subsidies

Equity injection into Housing Revenue Account

D.46 The HRA is treated as a Public Corporation in National Accounts. This means that the regular deficit resulting from its operations is treated in National Accounts as an imputed subsidy (if a regular profit were made it would be treated as an imputed dividend). The deficit (or profit) is calculated as the gross operating surplus less gross capital expenditure. Gross, rather than net, capital expenditure is used as sales of housing stock are treated as financial transactions which reduce LG equity in the HRA. Since 2004-05 the HRA have had a regular deficit so a subsidy is imputed from Local Government to the PC sector. This adjustment adds in the subsidy to Local Government spending. (Unlike grants subsidies from one part of the public sector to another are included in TME).

Net Social Benefits

Housing benefits and rent rebates

D.47 ONS use data from DWP in respect of housing benefits and rent rebates. An adjustment is necessary to bring data from Local Government sources into line with that from DWP.

Public Corporations

D.48 The main adjustment in relation to Public Corporations data is their payment of debt interest to the private sector. This is the only part of Public Corporation own expenditure other than Public Corporations' Own Financed Capital Expenditure (see Annex C) that scores in TME. This adjustment adds in the data used in the National Accounts for their debt interest payments to the private sector.

Capital Accounting Adjustments

Remove data in budgets which form part of public sector gross investment but where a different source is used for National Accounts

Change in inventories and acquisitions less disposals of valuables

D.49 The data in the National Accounts for both of these are sourced from ONS surveys and administrative sources other than OSCAR.

Adjustment for different data used by OBR in PSGI forecast

D.50 As explained above for resource spending, the forecast data for departments' DEL and AME budgets for 2018-19 and 2019-20 used in this PESA publication differ from those used by the OBR in their March 2018 EFO. These adjustments are to reconcile the data used by the OBR with those on OSCAR used in PESA.

Remove data in budgets which do not form part of public sector gross investment

Net lending to private sector and the purchase and sale of company securities

D.51 These types of transactions are treated as financial transactions which do not score as spending in the National Accounts, because they involve a swap of financial assets and so are excluded from PSGI and TME. However, they are included in DEL and AME in order to have control over departments' impact on Public Sector Net Debt (PSND) so this adjustment is necessary to exclude them from TME.

Capital support for public corporations and local government supported capital expenditure

D.52 These transactions are excluded from TME as they are lending from central government to support capital expenditure by other parts of the public sector.

Northern Ireland Executive transfers between DEL and AME

D.53 This is the capital equivalent of the transfers described in D.22 above.

Other

D.54 There are a number of other items that are removed from DEL and AME because they do not score as part of PSGI in the National Accounts. These include:

- some capital provisions;
- some other miscellaneous transactions that are scored in budgets but treated as financial transactions in the National Accounts; and
- some transfers between different parts of central government that are excluded from the National Accounts as they are within the same sector in the National Accounts.

Central Government adjustments in National Accounts

Gross Fixed Capital Formation

Profit or loss – sale of other assets (from resource budgets)

D.55 As mentioned in the section on resource accounting adjustments, in National Accounts the profit or loss on sales of tangible and intangible fixed assets are treated as capital expenditure and therefore as part of PSGI. However, they are treated as part of resource DEL and AME. This adjustment is necessary to add them to PSGI.

Capital grants to and from the private sector

VAT refunds

D.56 Refunds of VAT are also available on certain items to householders who are building their own home or converting a non-residential building into a home for them to live in. As mentioned above, spending in National Accounts is recorded inclusive of refunded VAT and therefore the value of these refunds is included in PSGI as a capital grant to the household sector (and also included in total VAT receipts) but not in Budgets. This adjustment adds the value of these refunds to PSGI.

Fee income treated as capital in National Accounts

D.57 As outlined in the section on resource accounting adjustments, certain fees received from RBS and LBG in respect of the Asset Protection Scheme were treated as capital receipts in the National Accounts and resource receipts in HM Treasury's AME. This adjustment ensures that these receipts are included in PSGI.

DfID funding for capital projects scored in resource DEL

D.58 As also stated above, in the section on resource accounting adjustments a proportion of DFID's bilateral aid budget is deemed to be a capital grant to the rest of the world in the National Accounts, although all bilateral aid grants are shown in their resource DEL budgets. This adjustment adds the part deemed to be capital so that it scores in PSGI.

Local Government Adjustments in National Accounts

D.59 The overall rationale behind the accounting adjustments for Local Government is explained in the section on resource accounting adjustments. The accounting adjustments listed below are the main adjustments to Local Government source data needed to transform it to a National Accounts basis and to reconcile Central and Local Government sources for PSGI.

Adjustments to reconcile use of different data sources

Central government support

D.60 As mentioned above, the data for Central Government support used in the calculation of LASFE is based on data in Central Government departments' budgets and the total spending is from the Local Government sources. This adjustment is therefore necessary to reconcile Central Government and Local Government sources of information for Central Government support via capital grants. The data based on Central Government departments' budgets are the data deducted in the calculation of LASFE as these are felt to more reliable and are available at a detailed level for quality assurance.

Financial transactions

D.61 Financial transactions, which do not score as spending in the National Accounts because they involve a swap of financial assets, are excluded from PSGI and TME. This adjustment removes the parts of capital LASFE that need to be excluded as they are financial transactions.

Capital grants from private sector

D.62 In some cases receipts are treated as financing expenditure in AME when National Accounts treat them as reducing expenditure. The value of the receipts needs to be included in TME. An adjustment is therefore made to add to public sector net investment the local authority receipts of investment grants from private sector developers.

Gross Fixed Capital Formation

VAT refunds

D.63 As mentioned above, Local Authorities receive refunds of VAT that they have paid in respect of contracted-out services for non-business purposes, including on capital expenditure. Central government capital grants to Local Authorities in resource DEL (and AME) and capital LASFE are measured net of these VAT refunds, but in TME the expenditure is recorded including the VAT paid. This adjustment therefore adds the value of the refunds to PSGI.

Roads de-trunking

D.64 De-trunking of roads involves transferring the ownership and control of roads from the Highways Agency (part of central government) to Local Authorities. In National Accounts this involves recording the payment for the receipts of an asset by Local Authorities. As this is not recorded in LASFE an adjustment is necessary to add this in to PSGI.

Capital Grants to Public Corporations

D.65 Local government capital expenditure includes grants paid to public corporations. The capital expenditure that this finances is included as part of Public Corporations' Own-Financed Capital Expenditure (PCOFCE), as this contains capital spending other than that financed by central government. An adjustment is therefore required to avoid double counting this spending in TME. This mainly concerns payments by Transport for London to London Underground.

Other capital adjustments

Public Corporations

D.66 The Public Corporation element of TME is effectively composed of PCOFCE plus central government support for public corporations. This adjustment adds back an element of the net lending subtracted above, to ensure that the level of PC spending is properly reflected.

Housing Revenue Account reform receipts

D.67 This represents a receipt by central government of net capital grants from local authorities that implement the reform of council house financing announced in the Spending Review. This net receipt is completely offset by a net payment included within capital LASFE, so this has no impact on the overall public finances.

E

Expenditure on services framework

- **E.1** Tables in **Chapters 4 to 8**, showing public expenditure by function and/or economic category are all based on the public sector expenditure on services framework.
- **E.2** Public sector or total expenditure on services (TES) broadly represents the current and capital expenditure of the public sector, and so is similar to the National Accounts measure of Total Managed Expenditure (TME). For the avoidance of doubt, expenditure on services is the spending required to deliver services, not just the purchasing of services.
- **E.3** The introduction of the Online System for Central Accounting and Reporting (OSCAR) was accompanied by changes to the chart of accounts, against which departments record their expenditure. Most of the changes to the expenditure on services framework have been minor. The most significant has been the removal of the attributed share of the EU's aid. Departmental budgets include this attributed expenditure, but it doesn't increase TME as it is actually part of EU spending financed by the UK's budgetary contributions. This change brings TES closer into line with the National Accounts.
- **E.4** Expenditure on services is a more stable measure of public spending than departments' budgets, as it is not affected by the creation or amalgamation of departments or by programmes of work moving between departments.

Expenditure on services and TME

E.5 TME is the current and capital expenditure of the public sector on a National Accounts basis. Public sector expenditure on services is similar, but with minor divergences. The divergences mainly reflect the difficulty of attributing certain types of spending to the correct functions in all cases, which, if attempted, would result in a lack of consistency between functions. The main difference from TME is that expenditure on services does not include general government capital consumption (depreciation) and does not reverse the deduction of certain VAT refunds in the budget-based expenditure data. It also includes a small number of items that are in budgets but not in TME. Public sector expenditure on services is worth about 93% of TME.

EU transactions in expenditure on services

E.6 EU transactions score in their entirety within public sector expenditure on services in the same way as in TME. However, expenditure on services scores EU funded payments, for instance on agriculture, as UK government spending within the appropriate function, whereas the National Accounts score these as direct payments from the EU to enterprises and households.

Expenditure on services and budgets

E.7 Expenditure on services can be built up from departmental budgets (resource DEL, capital DEL and departmental AME). Essentially, (most) transfers to other parts of the public sector are removed, as are transactions that do not score as spending in the National Accounts. Spending by local government and public corporations is then added.

Departmental budgets (resource Departmental Expenditure Limits + capital Departmental Expenditure Limits + departmental Annually Managed Expenditure)

Less grants to local government;

capital grants to public corporations;

depreciation (includes the impairment costs of Student Loans);

provisions;

spending classified as financial transactions in the National Accounts;

interest and dividends;

items classified as revenue in the National Accounts which are netted off spending in budgets;

FU receipts:

other items that are not classified as spending in National Accounts (e.g. transfers between central government departments); and

most intra-public sector transfers, the main exceptions being subsidies to public corporations and trading bodies.

Plus

local government current and capital expenditure;

Northern Ireland locally financed expenditure;

public corporations' capital expenditure;

public sector debt interest; and

EU transactions.

E.8 Table E.1 shows the derivation of expenditure on services from departmental groups' budgets.

Classification changes

E.9 Classification changes since PESA 2017 are detailed in **Chapter 4**, where they affect expenditure on services or the functional split, and **Chapter 5**, where they affect expenditure on services, the sub-functional split or the economic breakdown.

Table E.1 Derivation of public sector expenditure on services from departmental groups' budgets, 2017-18

| million | Total for all departments | | 331,205 | 55,711 | 433,221 | 21,253 | | -98,015 | -221 | -40,856 | -153,538 | -18,345 | 899 | 7,808 | 4,096 | -17,253 | | 131,342 | 19,493 | 296 | 6,338 | 44,528 | 5,364 | 1 | 733,632 |
|---------|--|----------------------|---------------|-------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|------------|------------------------|---|--|-------------|------------------------|-----|-------------|---|-------------|---|-----------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| ¥ | Local Government Expenditure | | ı | I | I | I | | I | I | ı | I | I | ı | I | I | I | | 131,342 | 19,493 | I | I | 700 | I | I | 1,535 |
| | saibo8 Independent Bodies | | 1,394 | 177 | 127 | 429 | | ı | ı | -82 | -72 | -429 | 76 | 88 | — | -39 | | - 13 | | I | I | I | I | ı | 1,620151,535 |
| | lnternational Trade | | 383 | 15 | I | I | | | 1 | -2 | I | ı | I | 22 | I | 0 | | Ι | I | I | I | I | I | I | 417 |
| | Oabinet Office | | 671 | 116 | 10,545 | I | | -40 | I | -33 | -7,049 | I | ======================================= | 269 | I | -150 | | I | I | I | I | Ι | I | 1 | 4,340 |
| | HM Treasury | | 226 | -78 | -681 | -3,697 | | I | I | -377 | -104 | 3,887 | 768 | 447 | I | 19 | | Ι | I | I | -20 | 43,828 | 5,364 | I | 49,582 |
| | HM Revenue and Customs | | 3,946 | 281 | 41,845 | i | | I | ı | -299 | -12 | I | I | ∞ | ı | -51 | | I | I | I | I | - 4 | I | I | 45,718 4 |
| | Environment, Food and Rural Affairs | | 1,848 | 632 | -195 | I | | -283 | I | -180 | 36 | -5 | I | 293 | 2,110 | 27 | | I | I | I | m | I | 1 | I | 4,289 4 |
| | Law Officers' Departments | | . 295 | 10 | 1 | ı | | I | I | 8 | -15 | I | I | 65 | 1 | - | | I | I | ı | I | I | ı | ı | 631 4 |
| | eziice | | 7,630 | 412 | 653 | ı | | -181 | Ι | -577 | -458 | Ι | -49 | 1,304 | 1 | <u>ڊ</u> - | | I | I | I | I | I | I | 1 | 8,731 |
| | Northern Ireland | | 10,631 | 1,148 | 8,889 | 318 | | -151 | -126 | -799 | -2,379 | -270 | -34 | I | 384 | 2 | | I | I | 969 | 118 | I | I | 1 | 18,327 |
| | səleW | | 13,998 | 1,825 | 177 | 202 | | -4,744 | I | -683 | -265 | -775 | 92 | 26 | 555 | -334 | | I | I | I | 313 | I | I | 1 | 10,690 |
| | Scotland | | 14,966 | 3,626 | 17,282 | 928 | | -8,018 | -13 | -731 | -4,560 | -1,122 | -16 | 19 | 601 | -444 | | Ι | I | I | 1,195 | Ι | I | 1 | 23,743 |
| | bne seitinummo Dna gnisuoH Local Government | | 9,085 | 6,634 | 15,936 | I | | -12,977 | -32 | -188 | 9- | -3,528 | 39 | 107 | 145 | -14,160 | | I | I | I | 2,825 | I | I | I | 3,880 |
| | Digital, Culture, Media and Sport | | 1,584 | 351 | 4,671 | 773 | | -174 | Ι | -346 | -12 | -192 | -23 | 331 | I | 779 | | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | 7,742 |
| | noinU nesqoru3 edt gnitix3 | | 57 | - | I | I | | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | <u></u> | | I | I | I | I | Ι | I | I | 27 |
| | Transport | | 3,616 | 6,218 | 6/6/9 | 096′9 | | -2,037 | I | -6,202 | -245 | 224 | -1,628 | 4,366 | 55 | -288 | | I | I | I | 1,904 | I | 1 | I | 19,922 |
| | Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy | | 1,720 | 10,464 | 75,396 | -1,197 | | -51 | -50 | -4,664 | -71,056 | 1,327 | 220 | 2,061 | 24 | -2,865 | | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | 11,329 |
| | Education | | 74,879 | 4,846 | 15,034 | 15,801 | | -32,621 | I | -14,784 | -12,873 | -15,925 | 2,839 | 552 | 202 | 1,821 | | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | 39,771 |
| | Work and Pensions | | 6,108 | 432 | 77,252 | -37 | | 22,161 | I | 14 | -1,284 | -128 | 19 | -216 | 19 | -824 | | I | I | I | I | I | I | ı | 59,194 |
| | Health and Social care | | 7,558 120,650 | 5,238 | 39,664 177,252 | I | | -3,219 -22,161 | I | -1,446 | -39,176 | -139 | -1,189 | -2,416 | | -754 | | I | I | I | I | Ι | I | I | 9,009117,213159,194 |
| - | International Development | | 7,558 | 2,713 | 326 | 395 | | I | I | -10 | -273 | -1,273 | 4 | -431 | - | <u></u> | | I | I | I | I | I | I | 1 | 9,0091 |
| | Foreign and Commonwealth Office | | 2,208 | -252 | 142 | I | | I | I | -139 | -Ç- | I | I | 40 | <u>-</u> | - | | I | I | I | I | I | I | 1 | 1,994 |
| | 9oiffice | | 10,892 | 624 | 2,510 | I | | -11,357 | I | -298 | -27 | I | -36 | 788 | <u></u> | -163 | | I | I | I | I | Ι | I | 1 | 2,933 |
| | truossA əsnəpillətril əlpriič | | 2,390 | 576 | 19 | I | | - | I | -381 | φ | I | -29 | I | 0- | 46 | | I | I | ı | I | I | I | 1 | 2,613 |
| | Defence | | 34,199 | 9,704 | 16,637 | 44 | | I | 1 | -8,639 | -13,693 | ı | -112 | 82 | I | 127 | | I | 1 | I | I | I | I | 1 | 38,352 |
| - | | Departmental Budgets | Resource DEL | Capital DEL | Resource Departmental AME | Capital Departmental AME | Remove | Grants to local government | Capital grants to public corporations | Depreciation | Provisions | Financial transactions | Interest and dividends | items dassilled as revenue in National Accounts | EU receipts | Other items not in TME | Add | expenditure | Local government capital expenditure Northern Ireland locally financed | expenditure | Public corporations' capital expenditure | Public sector debt interest | EU transactions | Loans written off by mutual consent | Public sector expenditure on services |

F

GDP deflators

F.1 This annex presents the GDP deflators used in this release.

GDP deflators

F.2 A number of the tables in this publication give figures in real terms. Real terms figures are the current price outturns or plans adjusted to a constant price level by excluding the effect of general inflation as measured by the GDP deflator at market prices. The real terms figures in this publication are given in 2017-18 prices. The GDP deflators used in this publication are those given below. The most up to date deflators can be found on the GOV.UK website¹. Please note that these deflators do not apply to the real terms tables presented in chapter 9 of this publication.

Table F.1 GDP deflators and money GDP

Outturn data are based on the June 2018 National Accounts figures from ONS Forecast data are consistent with the 2018 Spring Statement

| Financial year | GDP deflator at market prices | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|-------------------------------|---------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Per cent change on | | | | | | | | |
| | 2017-18 = 100 | previous year | £ million | | | | | | |
| 1976-77 | 17.190 | 13.92 | 142,000 | | | | | | |
| 1977-78 | 19.556 | 13.77 | 165,996 | | | | | | |
| 1978-79 | 21.746 | 11.20 | 192,181 | | | | | | |
| 1979-80 | 25.416 | 16.88 | 232,495 | | | | | | |
| 1980-81 | 30.287 | 19.16 | 267,471 | | | | | | |
| 1981-82 | 33.469 | 10.51 | 297,954 | | | | | | |
| 1982-83 | 35.908 | 7.29 | 327,120 | | | | | | |
| 1983-84 | 37.615 | 4.75 | 357,828 | | | | | | |
| 1984-85 | 39.736 | 5.64 | 385,681 | | | | | | |
| 1985-86 | 41.919 | 5.49 | 423,462 | | | | | | |
| 1986-87 | 43.653 | 4.14 | 455,085 | | | | | | |
| 1987-88 | 46.094 | 5.59 | 510,371 | | | | | | |
| 1988-89 | 49.082 | 6.48 | 569,310 | | | | | | |
| 1989-90 | 52.863 | 7.70 | 627,117 | | | | | | |
| 1990-91 | 57.195 | 8.20 | 676,943 | | | | | | |
| 1991-92 | 60.480 | 5.74 | 712,877 | | | | | | |
| 1992-93 | 62.010 | 2.53 | 734,387 | | | | | | |
| 1993-94 | 63.518 | 2.43 | 778,018 | | | | | | |
| 1994-95 | 64.286 | 1.21 | 815,769 | | | | | | |
| 1995-96 | 66.261 | 3.07 | 859,841 | | | | | | |
| 1996-97 | 68.594 | 3.52 | 916,578 | | | | | | |
| 1997-98 | 69.048 | 0.66 | 959,331 | | | | | | |
| 1998-99 | 69.939 | 1.29 | 1,003,372 | | | | | | |
| 1999-00 | 70.206 | 0.38 | 1,045,091 | | | | | | |
| 2000-01 | 71.789 | 2.25 | 1,099,246 | | | | | | |
| 2001-02 | 72.508 | 1.00 | 1,141,377 | | | | | | |
| 2002-03 | 74.306 | 2.48 | 1,200,616 | | | | | | |
| 2003-04 | 75.849 | 2.08 | 1,268,445 | | | | | | |
| 2004-05 | 77.892 | 2.69 | 1,327,919 | | | | | | |
| 2005-06 | 79.934 | 2.62 | 1,412,939 | | | | | | |
| 2006-07 | 82.310 | 2.97 | 1,487,530 | | | | | | |

 $^{^1\} https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/gdp-deflators-at-market-prices-and-money-gdp$

Table F.1 GDP deflators and money GDP (continued)

Outturn data are based on the June 2018 National Accounts figures from ONS Forecast data are consistent with the 2018 Spring Statement

| Financial year | GDP deflator at market | Money GDP | |
|----------------|------------------------|---------------|-----------|
| | | | |
| | 2017-18 = 100 | previous year | £ million |
| 2007-08 | 84.349 | 2.48 | 1,558,747 |
| 2008-09 | 86.639 | 2.71 | 1,563,555 |
| 2009-10 | 87.866 | 1.42 | 1,547,137 |
| 2010-11 | 89.501 | 1.86 | 1,606,602 |
| 2011-12 | 90.678 | 1.31 | 1,650,370 |
| 2012-13 | 92.503 | 2.01 | 1,710,685 |
| 2013-14 | 94.200 | 1.83 | 1,781,350 |
| 2014-15 | 95.411 | 1.28 | 1,855,049 |
| 2015-16 | 96.173 | 0.80 | 1,912,472 |
| 2016-17 | 98.323 | 2.24 | 1,989,162 |
| 2017-18 | 100.000 | 1.71 | 2,056,207 |
| 2018-19 | _ | 1.52 | 2,116,053 |
| 2019-20 | _ | 1.57 | 2,176,921 |

GDP Deflator: Financial years 1976-77 to 2017-18 taken from ONS series L8GG.

For 2018-19 to 2019-20: derived from Office for Budget Responsibility (OBR) forecasts for GDP deflator increases as at the Spring Statement 2018

Money GDP: For years 1976-77 to 2017-18: ONS data for money GDP (not seasonally adjusted, BKTL)

For 2018-19 to 2019-20: OBR forecasts for money GDP as of the 2018 Spring Statement

Population numbers and GDP deflators used for country and regional tables

F.3 Following the practice instituted at PESA 2017, the tables in chapters 9 and 10 are identical to those published in the November 2017 Country and Regional Analysis (CRA) release. Therefore mid-year population estimates used for the November 2017 CRA publication can be found within the annex of that release. Similarly, GDP deflators used to produce 'real terms' tables in chapter 9 can also be found within this annex. A link to the November 2017 CRA is provided below:

 $https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/657987/Country_and_Regional_Analysis_November_2017.pdf$

Glossary

Within an explanation of a term, words in bold are themselves explained elsewhere in the glossary.

Acronyms

ALBs Arms Length Bodies

AME Annually Managed Expenditure

ASLCs Accruing Superannuation Liability Charges

CAP Common Agricultural Policy

CRA Country and Regional Analysis

DEL Departmental Expenditure Limit

EFO Economic and Fiscal Outlook

GAAP Generally Accepted Accounting Practice

GDP Gross Domestic Product

IFRS International Financial Reporting Standards

LASFE Local Authority Self-Financed Expenditure

OSCAR Online System for Central Accounting and Reporting

PCOFCE Public Corporations' Own-Financed Capital Expenditure

PSCE Public sector current expenditure

PSNB **Public sector net borrowing**

PSND **Public sector net debt**

PSNI **Public sector net investment**

RAB Resource Accounting and Budgeting

SUME Single Use Military Equipment

TES **Total Expenditure on Services**

TME Total Managed Expenditure

Terms

Accounting adjustments shown in, for example, Table 1.1 are certain items of expenditure that account for the difference between the National Accounts aggregate TME and the sum of the resource budgeting items DEL, departmental AME and other AME. Accounting adjustments are required because there are certain components in TME that are not included in the resource and capital budgets that form the basis of planning and control of departmental spending under resource budgeting, and there are some items in resource budgeting aggregates that are not part of TME. Annex D has full details.

Accruals – apart from some of the older data in the historical tables in Chapter 4, all the data in PESA are based on accruals. Accruals accounting recognises when costs occur rather than when the payment is made, i.e. having the heating on is a cost that accrues each day whereas the bill might be paid quarterly.

Accruing Superannuation Liability Charges (ASLCs) are employer pension contributions paid to the bodies responsible for paying and accounting for unfunded public service occupational pensions. For example, government departments pay ASLCs in respect of serving civil servants. The payments represent an actuarial assessment of the accruing discounted future cost of public expenditure on pensions arising from the current employment of staff. ASLCs are included within **DEL**.

Administration budget – the costs of running a central government department (including their ALBs) that do not relate to the delivery of frontline services; it includes the pay of most of the civil servants who work in the department, and associated expenditure such as **ASLCs**, accommodation, travel and training. Administration budgets are a subset of resource **DEL** that are set net of income arising from departments' administrative activities.

Alignment (or 'Clear Line of Sight') project – in order to simplify public spending reporting, this project aims to align more closely the treatment of spending in departmental budgets, **Estimates** and **Resource Accounts**. More information is available on the Treasury's website¹.

Annually Managed Expenditure (AME) is spending included in **TME** that does not fall within **DELs**. Expenditure in AME is generally less predictable and more difficult to control than expenditure in DEL. AME is split into **departmental AME** and other **AME**.

Arms Length Bodies – refers to a department's executive NDPBs and Trading Funds where these bodies have been classified as being within Central Government by the Office for National Statistics.

Assets can be either financial or non-financial:

- financial assets include monetary gold, bank deposits, IMF Special Drawing Rights, loans granted, bonds, shares, accounts receivable, and the value of the government's stake in public corporations; and
- non-financial assets consist of fixed capital (such as buildings and vehicles); stocks; land and valuables.

Billion – a thousand million.

Budget Exchange – a mechanism that allows departments to surrender an underspend in advance of the end of the financial year in return for a corresponding increase in the following year, subject to Treasury agreement.

¹ http://webarchive.nationalarchives.gov.uk/20130405170223/http://www.hm-treasury.gov.uk/psr_clear_line_of_sight_intro.htm

Capital budget – a department's capital budget covers **capital expenditure**. The capital budget is divided into **DEL** and **departmental AME**. The capital budget is not a control total; capital DEL is a control total and capital AME is a planning total. The capital budget includes:

- **capital formation** and the acquisition of assets (including under finance leases) such as land, buildings, machinery and vehicles. In both capital budgets and **National Accounts**, acquisition of assets is recorded net of the sale value of any assets disposed of (where sale value is the aggregate of the net book value and any profit or loss on disposal);
- **net lending** undertaken for policy purposes; net means after the repayment of debt principal;
- **in-house development of assets** such as computer software and databases. This can be capitalised in government accounts provided certain conditions are met. It is sometimes called "own account capital formation";
- large (over £20m) **debtors** or **prepayments** that are long term (over 12 months). These are included in capital budgets on the same basis as **net lending**, i.e. on an additions less reductions basis; and
- capital grants.

Capital consumption – see **depreciation**.

Capital expenditure can be understood in several ways:

- in **National Accounts**, capital expenditure is usually understood to mean **capital formation**, net acquisition of land, and expenditure on **capital grants**. Certain types of significant computer software development are treated as capital expenditure. The **pay** of civil servants engaged in in-house capital formation is also recorded as capital expenditure, not as pay. **Public sector net investment** is given by capital expenditure as defined above (also known as public sector gross investment) less **depreciation**;
- under **resource accounting**, capital expenditure also includes loans that are given and the net acquisition of shares. In other words, it includes the net acquisition of financial assets that are acquired for policy reasons rather than for managing the government's funds. Such policy lending also generally scores in **DEL**, in the **capital budget**, but is removed by the **accounting adjustments**, as it does not score in **TME**; and
- some presentations of central government capital expenditure include **Supported Capital Expenditure** (Revenue) allocations given to local authorities in England and Wales (the equivalent in Scotland is supported borrowing). Northern Ireland does not have an equivalent concept as their local government sector is much smaller.

Capital formation is expenditure, net of sales, on fixed assets (such as buildings, vehicles and machinery) and net stock building, and can be measured gross or net of **depreciation**. Fixed assets are assets that can be used repeatedly to produce goods and services and generally last more than one year. Sometimes a minimum cost threshold (say £1,000) is applied to further define capital assets.

Capital grants (also called investment grants) are payments made by government on the condition that the recipient uses the funds for **capital formation** (for example building a school or factory or buying a machine). Capital grants are also used in **National Accounts** to record debt write-offs made by government for policy reasons, and some other transfers of accumulated wealth. In the case of debt write-offs, two transactions are recorded: a capital grant from government to the debtor; and the repayment of debt by the debtor. Capital grants are treated as resource expenditure in resource accounts and **Estimates** but are included in the **capital budget**.

Central government is a sector in **National Accounts**. It comprises Parliament; government departments and their executive agencies; the devolved assemblies of Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland; government funds such as the **National Loans Fund**; the foreign exchange official reserves; most **ALBs**; and various other non-market public bodies that are controlled by central government. Central government does not include **public corporations**, nor those non-profit institutions that receive significant government funding but are not controlled by government and so belong in the private sector (for example universities, further education colleges, and housing associations).

Central government own expenditure is expenditure that central government makes to the private sector plus subsidies to **public corporations**. It excludes central government support to **local government** and capital support to public corporations.

Classification changes are changes in the way public expenditure is recorded, rather than an actual change in the amount of cash spent or resources consumed. Classification changes can increase or decrease the recorded level of public expenditure. When there is a classification change the data are normally restated for all years in order to provide a consistent series.

Classification Of the Functions Of Government (COFOG) – a UN-defined system for functional analysis of government spending. The PESA analysis is consistent with UN COFOG at level 2, with the exception of the health function, which continues to be presented against the HM Treasury's own sub-functional classification. Further information on COFOG is available on the UN website².

Common Foreign and Security Policy (CFSP) is an EU programme. Its costs are attributed to the Foreign and Commonwealth Office's DEL.

Control total – **resource budget DEL, depreciation** in DEL, **administration budget** in DEL and **capital budget** DEL are control totals. This means that departments have to manage spending within set limits.

Cost of capital charge used to be a notional charge that was applied to each department's budget in order to make departments aware of the full cost of holding assets. As part of the **alignment project** this charge has been removed from budgets.

Country and Regional Analysis (CRA) – the CRA presents statistical estimates for the allocation of **identifiable expenditure** between the UK countries and nine English regions. See **Chapters 9 and 10** in PESA for more information.

Current expenditure – this is spending on items that are consumed in the process of providing public services or, in other words, is recurring spending. This includes, for example, wages and salaries, benefits, and purchasing goods and services.

Current grants are unrequited payments to individuals or bodies, which means that no specific goods or services are received in return. In **National Accounts** current grants to persons are called **social benefits** and those to trading businesses are called **subsidies**.

Debtors are **assets** on the balance sheet. They are recognised where a transaction has accrued, but cash is yet to be received. For example where a public sector body sells an asset but defers cash receipts - the fact that cash is yet to be received means that **PSND** has not benefited from the accrued transaction. Where a department or its **ALB** has a large (over £20m), long term (over 12 months) debtor, this is included in their **capital budget** on the same basis as net lending.

 $^{^2}$ http://unstats.un.org/unsd/cr/registry/regcst.asp?Cl=4

Dedicated Schools Grants (DSG) is a hypothecated (ring-fenced) **current grant** from central government to local authorities, paid by the Department for Education and allocated to schools on a formula basis. This was introduced from 2006-07 replacing part of the **Revenue Support Grant** (RSG) paid by Communities and Local Government (CLG).

Departmental AME is spending that is outside **DEL** but included in departmental budgets. Main categories include social security benefits and tax credits for individuals.

Departmental Expenditure Limits (DELs) are firm plans for three years for a specific part of a department's expenditure. DEL covers all administration costs and programme expenditure except where:

- some programme spending cannot reasonably be subject to close control over a three-year period; or
- spending relates to non-cash costs other than depreciation and impairments.

Departmental spending not in DEL is included in **departmental AME**. Both **resource** and **capital budgets** are divided into DEL and departmental AME.

Departmental Unallocated Provision (DUP) is an amount that a department keeps within its budget to meet unplanned increases in spending, and which is not allocated to any particular programme at the start of a year.

Depreciation is also termed capital consumption. It is a measure of the reduction in value of an asset due to the effects of wear and tear. **TME** includes depreciation as an item of **current expenditure**. **Public sector net investment** is given by deducting depreciation from gross **capital expenditure**. The depreciation ring fence includes depreciation, **impairments** and student loans **provisions** recently classified as **impairments**.

Economic categories – these represent broad classifications of the economic impact of transactions. Examples of economic categories are **pay**, **social benefits** and **subsidies**. The main categories in expenditure on services, based on **National Accounts** definitions, are set out in Table 5.3 and described in Chapter 5. The equivalent budgeting presentation, based on resource accounting, is shown in Table 2.1 and described in Chapter 2.

Economic and Fiscal Outlook – is a bi-annual publication. It sets out the OBR forecasts for the economy and the public finances, and an assessment of whether the Government is likely to achieve its fiscal mandate and supplementary target

Estimated outturn is a forecast of spending incurred on the basis of actual expenditure to date.

Estimates – see **Supply Expenditure**.

European System of Accounts 2010 (ESA10) – This is the system used by the **Office for National Statistics** for measuring and presenting UK **National Accounts**. The system is compulsory for EU member states reporting economic statistics to the EU Commission. ESA10 is consistent with the earlier System of National Accounts 2008 (SNA08), which was developed by a number of international organisations.

Expenditure on services (known as TES) is an aggregate used in PESA to analyse the capital and current spending of the public sector. The current and capital elements of expenditure on services are sometimes shown separately as current expenditure on services and capital expenditure on services. Note that TES and its components represent the overall cost of providing services, rather than just the cost of purchasing services from third parties, and includes expenditure on **assets**. See Annex E for a full definition.

Financial Reporting Standard 17 (FRS17) sets out the **GAAP** basis for recording pensions.

Financial Statement and Budget Report (FSBR) – the FSBR is published each year by the Treasury on Budget day. It has been known as the Red Book. Since 1999 it has been published alongside the Economic and Fiscal Strategy Report in a single Budget document.

Financial transactions are payments and receipts relating to changes in holdings of financial assets or liabilities. Financial assets entitle their owners to unconditional financial claims on the units that have the liability (except for gold where there is no liability on another unit). Government departments' financial assets include bank deposits; foreign currency held; bonds and shares owned; loans given; accounts receivable in respect of, for example, income accrued but not yet paid; and **public dividend capital** and the value of government's other stakes in **public corporations**. Physical assets such as buildings and land are not financial assets. Transactions in some financial assets are undertaken to manage cash flows, for example movements in bank deposits, but some are undertaken to further a policy such as lending to students. These types of financial transactions are sometimes called policy lending and are normally included in a department's **DEL capital budget**.

General Government is the consolidated combination of the **central government** and **local government** sectors in **National Accounts**.

Generally accepted accounting practice (GAAP) – there is no statutory definition of GAAP, but it is taken to be the accounting and disclosure requirements of the Companies Act, pronouncements by the Accounting Standards Board (e.g. financial reporting standards), and the body of accounting knowledge built up over time. **Public sector** bodies have recently moved from GAAP to **International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)**.

Grants – see current grants and capital grants.

Gross Domestic Product (GDP) (at market prices) is the value of goods and services produced in the UK. "Gross" means there is no deduction for **depreciation**. Economic data are often quoted as a per cent of GDP to give an indication of trends through time and to make international comparisons easier.

Housing Revenue Account (HRA) – the HRA represents the current income and expenditure of local authority social housing provision. The HRA is treated as a quasi-corporation in National Accounts. The surplus of income (which includes rent rebates and subsidies paid by other parts of government) over expenditure is treated as being paid over to local authorities as a notional dividend. This net amount is then included as revenue rather than spending in the National Accounts, which means that the current expenditure of local authority housing departments is not included in TME. The cost of rent rebates and subsidies is included in TME; these items are within the AME lines for social security benefits and other departmental expenditure in AME. Local authority capital expenditure on housing associated with the HRA scores as capital spending in the public corporation sector, following the implementation of ONS's reclassification decision in June 2006. PESA had previously shown this spending in the local government sector. Payments of interest on housing related debt will continue to be treated as part of local government expenditure.

Identifiable expenditure is expenditure that can be recognised as having been incurred for the benefit of individuals, enterprises or communities within a particular country or region. Examples are most health and education services, and spending on social security and pensions. See Chapter 9 of PESA for further details.

Impairments are recorded where there is the permanent loss or write-off of the recoverable value of a fixed or current asset below the value recorded on the balance sheet in accounts. Impairments are a non-cash charge in the **resource budget** alongside the **depreciation** charge, but are separately identified. In order to provide support for departments' management decisions, impairments are split into six different categories, some of which are scored in **AME** and others in **DEL**. See Annex C for further details. In the Public Spending Statistics budgeting-based presentations impairments are included in the depreciation line, and it is the combined total that is used in the calculation of **Total DEL**. In the **National Accounts**, impairments resulting from accidental damage are included alongside depreciation; other sorts of impairment are not counted in the main expenditure measures.

International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) have been implemented by **public sector** bodies to replace GAAP-based **resource accounting**. Departments have reported 2009-10 resource accounts against IFRS, whilst local authorities moved onto this basis in 2010-11.

Local Authority Self-Financed Expenditure (LASFE) is aggregate **local government** expenditure less its receipts of **central government** current and capital support including distribution of **National Non-Domestic Rates** in England and Wales. It represents local government expenditure financed from local resources such as council tax, trading surpluses, investment income, capital receipts, self-financed borrowing, and use of reserves. LASFE does not include **depreciation**.

Locally Financed Expenditure (LFE) is LASFE plus expenditure financed by non-domestic rates in Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland Regional Rates (NIRR).

Local government is a sector in **National Accounts**. It comprises all local authorities in the UK including county councils, metropolitan districts, parish councils, police and fire authorities, residuary bodies, passenger transport authorities, Transport for London, London boroughs, and the Greater London Assembly.

National Accounts – this is a statistical system that represents the UK's economic transactions. The system provides a number of key economic statistics including **Gross Domestic Product (GDP)**, consumers' expenditure, the balance of payments with the rest of the world, and the public sector balances. The National Accounts is presented by the ONS in the Blue Book.

National Loans Fund (NLF) – the NLF is a government account with the Bank of England set up under the National Loans Fund Act 1968. All government borrowing transactions are handled through this fund.

National Lottery Distribution Fund (NLDF) – the NLDF is a central government fund, administered by the Department for Culture, Media and Sport (DCMS). The Fund receives a proportion of the proceeds from national lottery ticket sales (receipt of that proportion is treated as a tax in **National Accounts**). The Fund passes it to the Lottery Distributors, independent public sector bodies responsible for awarding national lottery grants to good causes. Payments by the Distributors are treated in the National Accounts as **central government** expenditure in **AME**.

National Non-Domestic Rates (NNDR) in England is a tax paid by the occupiers of non-domestic property, principally businesses. Most NNDR is collected from businesses by local authorities and then paid into a **central government** pool. Some large businesses with national activity (such as utility companies) pay directly into the pool (the Central List). The pool is distributed back to local authorities in the form of central government grants. Similar systems apply in Wales and Scotland. The grant is in **DEL** for England and Wales, but in the **AME** line for **Locally Financed Expenditure** in Scotland. NNDR payments by **central government** or local government in respect of the occupation of property are consolidated out through the accounting adjustments to arrive at **TME**.

Net lending has two meanings:

- in **National Accounts** it is the balance of the current and capital accounts and is often quoted with sign reversed as "net borrowing", which is sometimes called the government deficit; and
- in this publication net lending is more likely to mean lending by government net of any repayments of previous lending. It includes transactions in shares so, for example, privatisation receipts count as negative net lending. Government lends to students, some industries, **public corporations**, **local government**, some overseas governments and some international bodies that supply foreign aid.

Non-budget income and expenditure normally refers to income and expenditure that pass through a government department's books and that are not included in **DEL** or departmental **AME**. For example, the grant-in-aid paid to **ALBs** is normally a non-budget transfer – it is the ALB's income and expenditure that scores in budgets.

Non-cash refers to various transactions that appear in the **operating cost statement** under **resource accounting**, but are not directly included in the **National Accounts** measure of Surplus on the Current Budget. The major non-cash transactions are **depreciation**, **impairments** and the taking and release of **provisions**. Most depreciation and impairments are in **DEL** but following changes to the budgeting framework as part of the **alignment project**, most other non-cash items are in **AME**.

Non-identifiable expenditure is expenditure that cannot be recognised as benefiting a particular country or region, so is deemed to be incurred on behalf of the United Kingdom as a whole, e.g. most defence expenditure, overseas representation and tax collection.

Non-voted expenditure is expenditure that is not voted by Parliament through the Supply procedure. It includes spending funded from various funds, such as the National Insurance Fund.

Office for National Statistics (ONS) – the ONS is an independent public sector body that produces many official statistics such as the **National Accounts**. ONS decisions about the classification of bodies are the basis for determining which bodies are included within Public Spending Statistics and PESA and as part of which sector.

Online System for Central Accounting and Reporting (OSCAR) – the Treasury's database that holds public expenditure data.

Other AME is public spending that is outside both **DEL** and **departmental AME**. It includes net transfers to the EU, **locally financed expenditure**, debt interest, **public corporations**' own-financed capital expenditure and **accounting adjustments**.

Outturn describes expenditure actually incurred and will generally have been included in the resource accounts of the relevant body.

Pay includes salaries, employers' National Insurance Contributions, and accruing pension costs, such as **ASLCs**. The pay of staff engaged in own-account **capital formation** is treated as **capital expenditure**.

Prepayments are assets on the balance sheet. They are recognised where cash payments are made to suppliers of services in advance of those services being delivered. In resource accounts these are cash movements on the balance sheet and do not score as expenditure in **TME**. The reduction in cash held by the public sector increases **PSND**. Where a department or its **ALB** makes a large (over £20m) prepayment that is long term (over 12 months) this is included in the **capital budget** on the same basis as **net lending**. When the service is delivered this is scored as appropriate, e.g. as the consumption of goods and services in **resource DEL** within **TME**.

Private Finance Initiative (PFI) is a system for purchasing capital intensive services for the public sector. Typically, the private sector designs, finances, builds, and maintains infrastructure, and other fixed capital **assets**, and then operates those assets to sell services to the **public sector**. In a proportion of cases the capital assets are accounted for on the balance sheet of the private sector operator; in other cases they are on the public sector's books. Annex A has more information on the treatment of PFI in Public Spending Statistics.

Privatisation receipts are the receipts from the sale of shares, other securities and debt in **public corporations** that were sold as part of the privatisation programme. The proceeds are recorded as negative **net lending**. A corporation is said to be privatised when it is no longer controlled by government.

Procurement spending is now shown gross throughout Public Spending Statistics, rather than net of sales as was previously the case within certain tables. It is shown as current or capital procurement as follows:

- current procurement is expenditure on goods and services, including hire and rentals under PFI and non-PFI operating leases, payments for contract and agency staff and payments for consultancy and audit services. It also includes the purchase of services from GPs. Purchase of minor maintenance and minor pieces of equipment and IT systems that are not treated as capital would be counted as current procurement;
- capital procurement is expenditure on the purchase of fixed assets such as buildings, machinery and large-scale IT projects.

Provider Trusts sell health services in England and Wales. In England they can either be classified as NHS or Foundation Trusts, the latter having more financial and operational independence. In Wales they are known as Health Trusts. In Scotland trusts have been re-absorbed back into Health Boards. All Provider Trusts throughout the UK are in the **central government** sector.

Provisions – departments take provisions in accounts and budgets when a past event means that they should recognise a future liability of uncertain amount or timing. Budgets also score the release of the provision and the expenditure that the release finances. Provisions score as part of the resource budget, usually in **AME** unless they relate to pensions or are scored by independent bodies exceptionally allowed to score provisions in **DEL**.

Public corporations are publicly controlled **trading bodies** with substantial financial and operational independence from **central** and **local government** - they are legally separate institutional units responsible for their own day-to-day operations and producing their own accounts. To be classed as trading they must receive the majority of their income from sales into a market, rather than grant funding from government. They include Royal Mail Holdings, and most **trading funds** such as the Meteorological Office and Companies House.

Public Corporations' Own-Financed Capital Expenditure (PCOFCE) is aggregate **public corporation** capital expenditure less its receipts of **central government** capital support in budgets.

Public Dividend Capital (PDC) is a form of long-term government finance for some **public corporations**. The government receives a return in the form of dividends rather than fixed interest payments.

Public expenditure is spending by public bodies. The definition of aggregate public expenditure most frequently used in this publication is **Total Managed Expenditure (TME)**.

Public sector – the public sector comprises **central government**, **local government** and **public corporations**.

Public sector current expenditure (PSCE):

- is the sum of the current expenditure of central government and local government, plus certain transactions (interest and rent) paid by public corporations to the private sector and abroad;
- does not include expenditure incurred in producing goods and services for sale where
 undertaken by public corporations rather the surplus of sale receipts over operating
 costs for public corporations is scored as a public sector receipt and does not affect
 expenditure measures;
- is net of certain receipts such as: receipts of contributions to public sector occupational pension schemes; receipts of grants from abroad including the EU abatement; sales of goods and services; and income from rent of buildings; and
- includes non-trading capital consumption. This is the **depreciation** of the fixed **assets** held by **central government** and **local government**. It excludes depreciation on assets used to produce goods and services for sale including the assets of **public corporations** and local authority housing.

Within Public Spending Statistics, PSCE is presented consistent with a measure of **public sector net borrowing** excluding the temporary effects of the financial sector interventions (PSNBex).

Public sector net borrowing (PSNB) is the difference between **public sector** receipts and expenditure as measured by **National Accounts**. It also equals the net balance of the public sector's net acquisition of financial liabilities less its acquisition of financial assets. Data imprecision means that the different ways of measuring net borrowing never give exactly the same answer - the difference is called the statistical discrepancy in **ESA10**. In December 2009 the ONS defined an alternative measure of PSNB excluding the temporary effects of the financial sector interventions (PSNBex). Spending aggregates consistent with PSNBex are used throughout this release.

Public sector net debt (PSND) is the sum of the public sector's financial liabilities at nominal value, less its liquid financial assets.

Public sector net investment (PSNI) is all **capital expenditure** by the **public sector** *less* an amount representing public sector **depreciation**. Broadly, the amount of capital expenditure that equals the depreciation charge could be seen as keeping the stock of assets stable. Net investment therefore represents the increase in the asset base after allowing for depreciation. For this release, PSNI is presented consistent with a measure of **public sector net borrowing** excluding the temporary effects of the financial sector interventions (PSNBex).

Public sector gross investment (PSGI) – see capital expenditure

Quasi-corporations are entities that meet the economic definition of a public corporation (i.e. trading income covers at least half their costs) but that do not take a separate legal form. Examples are Export Credits Guarantee Department and local authority housing. They score in the **National Accounts** like public corporations (although interest on housing related debt is treated as local authority expenditure).

RAB – see resource accounting and **resource budgeting**.

Real terms figures are amounts adjusted for the effect of general price inflation as measured by the **GDP** market price deflator.

Reserve – an amount within **DEL** not allocated to departmental programmes, which provides a margin to cover emergencies and genuinely unforeseen contingencies.

Resource accounting is the accounting system used to record expenditure in departmental accounts. It applies **International Financial Reporting Standards** (IFRS) to departmental transactions.

Resource budget is the budget for **current expenditure** on an accruals basis. It is divided into resource **DEL** (which is a **control total**) and resource **departmental AME** (a planning total).

Resource budgeting is the budgeting regime based on resource accounting introduced for the spending plans set in the 2000 Spending Review and which has been used for inyear spending control from 2001-02. Under RAB Stage I (2001-02 to 2002-03) resource DEL included near-cash transactions measured on an accruals basis while non-cash transactions were in Departmental AME. Under RAB Stage II (from 2003-04) most non-cash transactions were included in resource DEL. Near-cash controls were introduced in 2003-04 and clarified in 2005-06 such that near-cash in resource DEL was a control total. However, under the 2011-12 framework on which this release is based, the near-cash control within resource DEL has been removed as part of the alignment project. Resource budgeting is largely derived from resource accounting rules, but there are a number of differences in treatment between resource accounts and resource budgets. For example, capital grants are capital in budgets (and in the National Accounts), but current in departmental resource accounts. See Annex C for further information.

Revenue Support Grant is an unhypothecated (i.e. non ring-fenced) current grant from **central government** to local authorities, paid by Communities and Local Government (CLG).

Social benefits include social security, tax credits and similar payments to individuals. They also include unrequited grants to not-for-profit non-market bodies such as charities (although purchases of services from charities count as **procurement**). Public service pension payments are included in social benefits.

Special reserve is **reserve** specifically set aside to cover military operations.

Spending Reviews set **DELs** for the following three or four years. The first was the Comprehensive Spending Review in 1998 with further SRs held every two years until 2004. A second Comprehensive Spending Review reported in autumn 2007 and set budgets for 2008-09 to 2010-11. A further Spending Review in autumn 2010 set budgets for 2011-12 to 2014-15. A Spending Round in June 2013 set budgets for 2015-16. In November 2015 a further spending review set capital budgets for all departments for 2016-17 to 2020-21. Resource budgets were set for all departments up to 2019-20, and for protected departments up to 2020-21 (Health, Defence and International Development).

Spending sectors are the part of the **public sector** that are making the expenditure, either **central government**, **local government** or **public corporations**.

Statement of Comprehensive Net Expenditure (SoCNE) – this is the statement in departmental resource accounts that shows the current income and expenditure of the department on an accruals basis. It is similar to the profit and loss statement in commercial accounts

Stock building (also known as the net acquisition of inventories) is the value of the physical increase in stocks. In government accounts it relates mainly to buildings within urban regeneration areas.

Subsidies are payments by government and the EU to trading businesses to help pay for current costs. These include payments to farmers under the EU's Common Agricultural Policy. Subsidies may be paid to **public corporations** as well as to private sector firms.

Supply expenditure is expenditure that is voted by Parliament either in the annual Main Estimates (at the start of the year) or in Supplementary Estimates in-year.

Supported borrowing – this is the equivalent of **Supported Capital Expenditure** (Revenue) in Scotland.

Supported Capital Expenditure (SCE) – Supported Capital Expenditure (Revenue) (SCE(R)) is the amount of borrowing by a local authority in England and Wales (to fund capital expenditure) towards which central government is prepared to provide revenue grant. This support is provided either through **Revenue Support Grant** (RSG) or **Housing Revenue Account** (HRA) subsidy. It is known as **supported borrowing** in Scotland but there is no equivalent in Northern Ireland as their local government sector is much smaller. Supported Capital Expenditure (Capital) (SCE(C)) is sometimes used to refer to central government **capital grants** paid to local authorities, although capital grants remains the more commonly used terminology.

Tax credits are the Working Tax Credit and Child Tax Credit. They replaced former personal tax credits in 2003-04. In budgets tax credits score in departmental AME including negative tax, this is aligned with resource accounts. Tax credits score in **TME** (within departmental **AME**) when the amount paid exceeds the tax liability of the household but as negative tax when the amount paid is less than or equal to the tax liability of the household.

Total DEL is the sum of the **resource budget DEL** and the **capital budget** DEL, less **depreciation**. Depreciation is excluded from Total DEL as scoring both **capital expenditure** and depreciation may be seen as double counting. In the calculation of Total DEL, depreciation includes **impairments**, release from donated asset reserve and release from government grant reserve. Total DEL is not a **control total**: it is purely used for presentation.

Total Expenditure on Services (TES) – see Expenditure on services.

Total Managed Expenditure (TME) is a definition of aggregate public spending derived from **National Accounts**. It is the consolidated sum of **current** and **capital expenditure** of **central** and **local government**, and **public corporations**. TME can also be presented as the sum of **DEL** and **AME**. For Public Spending Statistics, TME and its components are presented consistent with **public sector net borrowing** excluding the temporary effects of the financial sector interventions (PSNBex).

Trading bodies are publicly owned or controlled trading businesses. **Public corporations** and **quasi-corporations** are trading bodies. There may also be some trading activities that are closely integrated within **central government** or **local government** and do not have enough independence to be classified as a public corporation or quasi-corporation. **Capital expenditure** of trading bodies is included in public expenditure measures, but the surplus of current income over **current expenditure** is included as a revenue item called gross trading surplus. There are examples in the **local government** sector such as some theatres and sports facilities.

Trading Funds are government departments or parts of government departments. They have financing frameworks that allow them to meet outgoings without the cash flows passing through **Supply Estimates**. Generally they cover their costs from trading receipts. In **National Accounts** they are normally treated as **public corporations**.

Traditional Own Resources (TOR) – the European Union's Traditional Own Resources are customs duties, including those on agricultural products and sugar levies.

VAT refunds are given to departments in relation to payments for contracted-out services to remove a disincentive to contracting out services that might otherwise have been performed inhouse.

HM Treasury contacts

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